

Cagnes Mara









Abel Boyer, 1667-1729

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BOYER'S FRENCH DICTIONARY;

COMPRISING

ALL THE ADDITIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS

OF THE

LATEST PARIS AND LONDON EDITIONS,

WITH A VERY LARGE NUMBER OF

Useful Mords and Phrases,

NOW FIRST SELECTED FROM THE MODERN DICTIONARIES

OF

BOISTE, WAILLY, CATINEAU,

AND OTHERS:

WITH THE PRONUNCIATION OF EACH WORD,

ACCORDING TO THE DICTIONARY

OF THE

ABBÉ TARDY:

TO WHICH ARE PREFIXED,

RULES FOR THE PRONUNCIATION OF FRENCH VOWELS DIPHTHONGS, AND FINAL CONSONANTS,

CHIEFLY COLLECTED FROM THE PROSODY

OF THE

ABBÉ D'OLIVET.

WITH

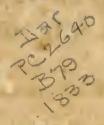
A TABLE OF FRENCH VERBS, &c.

BOSTON:

PUBLISHED BY HILLIARD, GRAY AND CO.

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1833.



DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS, to wit:

District Clerk's Office.

BE IT REMEMBERED, that on the sixth day of February, A. D. 1822, and in the forty-sixth year of the independence of the United States of America, WILLIAM B. Fowle, of the said District, has deposited in this office the title of a book, the right whereof he claims as proprietor, in the words following, to wit:

"Boyer's French Dictionary; comprising all the additions and improvements of the latest Paris and London editions, with a very large number of useful words and phrases, now first selected from the modern dictionaries of Boiste, Wailly, Catineau, and others: with the pronunciation of each word, according to the dictionary of the Abbé Tardy; to which are prefixed, rules for the pronunciation of French vowels, diphthongs, and final consonants, chiefly collected from

eiation of French vowels, diphthongs, and final consonants, chiefly collected from the prosody of the Abbé d'Olivet, with a table of French verbs, &c."

In conformity to the Act of the Congress of the United States, entitled, An Act for the encouragement of learning, by securing the copies of maps, charts, and books, to the authors and proprietors of such copies, during the times therein mentioned:" and also to an Act, entitled, "An Act, supplementary to an Act, entitled An Act for the encouragement of learning, by securing the copies of maps, charts, and books, to the authors and proprietors of such copies, during the times therein mentioned; and extending the benefits thereof to the arts of designing, engraving, and etching, historical and other prints."

JNO. W. DAVIS, { Clerk of the District of Massachusetts

PREFACE TO THE FIRST AMERICAN EDITION.

THE twenty-fifth French edition, which is the basis of ours, contains above two thousand more words than the best English editions. It has been our care to enrich this vocabulary with as many more words, and idiomatical phrases, selected from the most esteemed French Dictionaries, and in performing the laborious task of examining every word and definition, and comparing them with other dictionaries, we have been enabled to correct many thousand errors which had crept into former editions. In our vocabulary will be found every word contained in that of the Academy, with a great many others not received by them, although used by very respectable modern writers. There is also a very large number of mercantile and naturical words and phrases, and many professional and scientifick terms, which often occurrin works not precede rejections. cur in works not properly scientifick.

The editor is aware that all rules for teaching the pronunciation of a language must be im-

perfect; but much assistance may undoubtedly be obtained in this way, and he trusts that the system of the Abbé Tardy, so justly celebrated, with the introductory remarks of the Abbé D'Olivet, will be found extremely useful. The rapid sale of the pocket dictionary to which the pronunciation of Tardy is annexed, encourages the editor to hope that, connected with a mere complete vocabulary, it will be far more acceptable to the student. It may also be reserved, that although the course of Parceirs attacked to the full of this distinguisty, we if the marked, that although the name of Boyer is attached to the title of this dictionary, yet if the latest editions be compared with those which preceded them, it will appear that very little

more than the title remains.

more than the title remains.

The plan we have adopted in regard to adjectives is more convenient than that hitherto followed. The adjectives which in the masculine end in e mute are of both genders. For example; Aride will be found in our dictionary AVIDE, adj. which signifies that the word is both masculine and feminine. Most adjectives, however, require the addition of an e mute to form their feminine, and fins is indicated by an e placed after them. Turn to Grand, and you will find, Grand, E, adj. which signifies that the adjective Grand for the masculine becomes Grande in the feminine. So Esting, E, adj. means that the adjective Esting becomes Estinge in the feminine, and so with all others of this class. There are some adjectives which, terminating in a consonant, require that consonant to be doubled before the e is added. Thus Net, Te, adj. signifies that the adjective Met, masculine, becomes Nette in the feminine. So Gros, se, adj. etc. Some adjectives change their final consonant in the feminine, and in this case we have placed a hyphen before the final consonant, and then added what should supply its place. Thus Dangereux, se, adj. implies that the adjectives Dangereuse in the feminine. So Flatteu-R, se, Rou-R, see, etc. Certain adjectives or nouns of quality, ending in ear for the masculine, change this termina-Certain adjectives or nouns of quality, ending in eur for the masculine, change this termina-tion into rice in the feminine; we have marked this change by placing a hyphen before eur, and adding rice whenever the English word expresses both the masculine and feminine. Thus DISPENSATEUR, RICE, S. IN. & f. But although the word Protective becomes Protectrice by the same rule, yet each of these words will be found in its place, because Protecteur is Protector in English, whilst Protectrice is Protectress. Other similar terminations are also marked, but they will be understood without any further explanation here.

In preceding editions certain verbs are marked *Inspersonal*, for this the student is referred to the observations at the word *Impersonal*. At the end of each irregular verb, also, the participles and the first person singular of each simple tense were formerly added, but as the table we give contains all the irregular verbs, as well as a regular verb for each of the four conjugations, it is unnecessary to repeat what may be found in the table. As we admit but conjugations, it is tuniccessary to repeat what may be found in the table. As we admit but four conjugations, the first in er, the second in ir, the third in oir, and the fourth in re, these terminations are so distinct, that we need not add to each word a figure, to denote to which conjugation it belongs. The table of Chambaud, which was prefixed to former editions, rendered these figures indispensable, for, instead of four conjugations, he recognises ten.

As I and J, U and V, are considered distinct letters by our best philologers, and as no one who ever used a dictionary needs to be thus apprised of the inconvenience of confounding them, as is done by most lexicographers, the editor has consulted the convenience of the student, and kept each letter perfectly distinct.

On the whole, this edition is offered to the American publick in the humble beneathet it will

On the whole, this edition is offered to the American publick, in the humble hope that it will assist the cause of education in our country, and lessen in some measure its dependence upon foreign presses.

Boston, Feb. 1, 1822.

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PREFACE TO THIS STEREOTYPED EDITION.

The six cess of the first edition of this Dictionary, evidenced in the sale of a large edition in less these of the lines contain the almost entire exclusion of foreign editions from our market, has induced the proprietors to risk the expense of stereotyping it. In doing this they have endeavoured to make it more correct if possible, than the former edition; and as it contains as much, is better printed, and at a less price, it is hoped the publick will have new inducements to continue their patronage.

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· Boston . 1325.

RULES FOR THE PRONUNCIATION

OF THE

FRENCH VOWELS, DIPHTHONGS, AND FINAL CONSONANTS;

CHIEFLY COLLECTED FROM

The Prosody of l'Abbé D'Olivet, and from the best Writers on this Subject.



A has two sounds. It is long in bas and short in bal. The English have the first sound in bar and the second in bot.

It is long in the alphabet, but short when it is a verb or preposition: il a, he has; \dot{a} , to. It is short in the beginning of a word, except in acre, age, affres, agnus, ame, ane, apre,

arrhes, as: and in their derivatives, acreté, agé, etc.

It is short at the end of words, except those that are taken from foreign languages, wherein

it is rather long, as in sofa, agenda, etc.

* Abe is long only in astrolabe and crabe.

Able is long in most verbs and substantives, except table and érable, wherein it is short, as in all adjectives, according to M. D'Olivet; and doubtful according to M. Féraud. Custom

seems to be in favour of the latter.

Abre is long, even before a masculine; termination: sabre, sabrer, etc.

Ac. General rules.—All final syllables are short, when the vowel is followed by a consonant other than s, z, or x: sac, nectar, sel, pot, uf, etc.

- All masculine syllables, long or short in the singular number, are always long in the plu-

ral: des sacs, des sels, des pots, etc.

- All masculine nouns that end their singular number with s, z, or x, are long: le temps, le nez, la roix, etc.

Ace is long only in grace, espace, je délace, lace, entrelace.

Ache is long only in luche, tache, (a task,) guche, relache, mache, fache, and in the verbs derived from them, even before a masculine syllable, lacher, relachous, etc.

Acle is long only in il racle, il débacle; doubtful in all others.

Acre is long only in acre (sharp, sour.)

Ade is always short: aubade, fade, etc.

Adre is short only in ladre; long in all other words, even before a masculine syllable: cadre, cadrer, etc.

Afe, aphe, are always short : carafe, epitaphe, etc.

Affres, afre, are long only in affres and bafre.

Afle is long even before a masculine syllable: rafle, rafler, etc.

Age is long only in age.

Agne is long only in gagne, and all the tenses of the verb gagner.
Ague is always short: bague, dague, etc.

Ai, a false diphthong which admits of the three sounds of the masculine e, has the sounds At, a talse diplinding which admiss of the three solution of the close é only in j'ai, je sais, tu sais, bai, of the open acute é in the middle, and at the end of words, except in essai, délai, vrai, wherein it is doubtful, according to M. D'Olivet, long and open according to M. Féraud; and of the open grave é, when followed by e, s, rs, re, and when it has the circumflex accent: plaie, jumais, pairs, portraits, faire, fuite, etc.

Aie is always long. General rules: All vowels immediately fellowed by an e mune are long: plaie, pensée, joie, etc. Except when there is a liquid articulation as in paque. But

many authors change the y into i, and write paie, in which case there is no occasion for this

exception.

When a vowel meets any other vowel but the mute e, it becomes short, as i is long in je lie, and short in nous lions.

Aigne is always short : châtaigne, dédaigne, etc.

Aigre is always short: aigre, maigre, etc.
Ail is r ways short. General rule: All final syllables are short that end with a liquid l: érentail, soleil, seuil, etc.

another word comes after it. A syllable is termed feminine when it ends with an e mute, like sobre, aimes, parlent. All other terminations are musculine.

^{*} These rules chiefly relate to final syllables, the sound of which is more easily distinguished. † A doubtful rowel is long when its word ends a sentence, and generally short when

Aille is short in médaille, je travaille, détaille, émaille, baille, (I give.) and in all the tenses of these verbs. It is long in all other words, even before a masculine syllable, raille, raillons, etc. Aille, aillir, are always short: paillet, jaillir, etc.

Aille aillen is short only in médaillon and bataillon, and in these verbs nous détaillons, émail-

lons, travaillons, baillons, (we give;) but long in nous baillons, (we yawn,) and in all other

Aim, ain, im, in. General rule: All nasal vowels, followed by a consonant which begins another syllable, are long: jambe, mentor, bombe, craindre, etc.

But when the m or n is doubled, there is no nasal sound; and the vowel is short: épigram-

me, personne, etc.

An exact standard for this nasal sound is not to be found in the English pronunciation. However something like it is heard in the word hang. But it must be seized immediately preceding the articulation of the g. With regard to this and other nasal sounds, as on, un, I must observe what Mr. Walker very properly remarks with regard to the sound of en in encore. "If, in pronouncing these sounds, the tongue should once touch the roof of the mouth (as it happens in pronouncing man, men, sin, son, sun,) the French nasal sound would be ruined.

The French standard for this is in in vin.

Aime, the only word that has this termination is short.

Aine is long only in haine, chaine, gaine, traine, and in their derivatives. Air is doubtful in the singular, and long in the plural: éclair, éclairs, etc. Aire, ais, aix, aise, aise, are always long: paire, palais, etc. Ait, aite, are long only in plait, nait, repuit, faite, (top.)

Attre, is always long: mattre, etc.
Ale is long only in hale, pale, un male, rale, and in their derivatives: haler, paleur, etc.

Alle is always short: malle, etc.

Am, an, em, en. This nasal vowel has four sounds: it is always long when spelt with an a, except in comptant (ready money.)
When it is spelt with e, it is 1st. long in the beginning and in the middle of words, and at

the end of adjectives, as in prudent, ensemble, exempt, etc.

2dly. Generally short at the end of substantives and adverbs, as in vent, sagement, etc.

3dly.

Short and slender in mien, tien, sien, bien, lien, rien, etc.

Long and slender in the plural of these words, in mentor, and some other words, 4thly. wherein it has the sound of in in vin.

The first sound is heard in the two syllables of enfant, and in the first of encore, which the

English have adopted with its nasal sound.

The second has for standard en in vent. Those who can pronounce en in encore, may easily obtain its short sound by dwelling less upon it. Something like it is heard in the word sand.

The third, heard in the last syllable of lien, has something like it in the word send.

The fourth, heard in mentor, has the sound of in in vin. See under Aim what is said of the nasal sounds. In the following Dictionary the three first sounds of that nasal vowel are always spelt en,

except after the hard g and k, where the a is better calculated to preserve the hard articula-

tion of these two consonants. Ame is long only in ame, infame, blame, il se pame, un brame; in the preterits, as aimames, etc. and in flamme although the m be doubled.

Ane, Anne, are long only in crâne, ane, manes, la manne, une manne, damne, and condamne.

Ape, Appe, are long only in rape, and in the verb raper.

Apre is a ways long.

Apple is always sing. Jucques.

Apple is long only in Pâques, Jucques.

Ar is always short. N.B. Many except char and proper names, as César, Gibraltar, etc., which are pronounced long, at least, at the end of a sentence.

Arbe. General rule: In all syllables ending with an r, and followed by another consonant which begins another syllable, the vowel is short: barbe, berceau, etc.

Ard, Art, are doubtful. But when an e mute follows the d or t, the a is short. See Arbe, cafard, cafarde.

Are is always long, but becomes short before a masculine syllable: il pare, il para, etc.

General rule: All vowels before rr, which form a single articulation, are long as arret, barre, etc.

Exceptions to this rule will be found in their respective places.

Ari is long only in hourvari.

As is generally long, as in tas, bas, as, Pallas, etc.

Ase. General rule: s or z, between two vowels, the last of which is an e mute, lengthens and opens the penultima: base, pese, etc. but this penultima often becomes short before a masculine syllable, as in peser, appaiser, etc.

Aspe. General rule: An s articulated after a vowel, and followed by another consonant,

always renders the vowel short: juspe, masque, lustre, etc.

Asse is long in the substantives basse, chasse, (strine,) classe, échasse, passe, masse, (stake) and tasse; in the adjectives basse, grasse, lasse; in the verbs casse, amasse, enchasse, compasse, scase; and in their masculine terminations, casser, etc. in words derived from, or composed of these verbs; also in these terminations of the subjunctive mood, aimasse, parlasses, chantas: mt, etc. it is short in all other words.

At is only long in bat, mat, degat, and in the third person singular of the preterit of the subjunctive: qu'il, aimat, etc.

Ate, Ates, are long only in pâte, hâte, il appate, gate, mate, démate; and in the preterit

tenses, chântates, etc.

Atre, Attre, is only short in quatre; battre, and its derivatives.

 $\mathcal{A}u$, (a false diphthong) has the three sounds of the French o, (See O.) It is generally long and open before a feminine termination; or a consonant at the end of a word; in the plural number, and under the circumflex accent; as in augo, chaud, maux, etc.

It is short in Paul, and before two consonants, as in augmenter, etc.

It is long and broad before re, as in restaure, etc. in all other cases it is generally doubtful; as in audace, épauler, joyau, etc.

Are is short in rave, cave, etc. oftener long, as in grave, entrave, etc. and doubtful in brave and Batave.

Avre is always long; cadavre, etc.

Ax, axe, are always short; thorax, parallaxe, etc.

The French Academy distinguishes three sounds of this letter: the close, the open, and the

But the open may be more or less so. It is a little open in ferme, and entirely so in process. When it is a little open, the Academy calls it open acute, and assigns for its standard the first e in trompette. Dumarsais, and others, call it the common or middle e: when it is entirely open, it is called open grave. Therefore we must distinguish three masculine és, viz. the close, the open acute, and the open grave.*

These are termed masculine, in opposition to the mute e, which is the sign of the feminine

gender in most adjectives, and all past participles.

The close é is so called from its being pronounced with the mouth almost closed, and from

its slender sound.

It may be deemed short, if compared with its feminine termination, wherein the e, mute, obliges us to dwell somewhat more upon it, as is obvious in aise, aisee; but it is long, if compared with the open acute, which is shorter, though it frequently bears the same accent. This is observable in cree, wherein the first e is somewhat more open than the last, and cyidently shorter, according to the general rule which is to be found after the termination ££.

The natural standard for this ℓ is the primitive sound by which it is known in the French alphabet, as in bonté, and answers to the first letter in the English alphabet, as in fate.

The open acute ℓ is so named from being somewhat more open than the close ℓ , and from the acute accent which it frequently bears. It is found in the first ℓ of $cr\ell\ell$, or trompette, and is the same as in the English words, met, ebb; it is always short.

The open grave ℓ is so called from requiring a greater opening of the mouth, and from the grave or circumflex accent which generally attends it, as in après and $t\ell t$. It is similar in

sound to the English e in there.

"The mute e is a mere emission of the voice, which is hardly heard; it is so imperceptible, that a man born blind could not find the least difference in hearing froc, or froque, crep, or D'Clivet.

Dumarsais thinks that the articulation of the consonant by which it is preceded, is sufficient to express it, as in mner, and dmender, the explanatory spelling of mener and demander. However, in monosyllables, and in the first syllables of other words, the imperfect sound of this letter is more perceptible, and may be termed guttural.

At the end of polysyllables, where it is entirely mute, it is like the second e in there, and

generally serves to lengthen or open the preceding vowel: when it is more perceptible it is like the embattery, or over; and even then the French suppress it as often as they can,

especially when the preceding or following syllable has a full sound.

P. Catineau, the last grammarian who has written on this subject, gives the following example, which is very correct: "Quand yous serez le même, yous me trouverez le même. This sentence contains thirteen syllables in prose, quand-vous-se-rez-le-même-vous-me-trou-ve-rez-le-même. In poetry même would have two syllables. However, in familiar reading and conversation, it is pronounced in eight syllables only, quand-vous-rel-même-voum-trouv-rel-nême." The suppression of that e is precisely the reason why foreigners suppose the French speak so very quick.

This imperfect sound is never suffered in two syllables together at the end of a word. avoid this dissonance, it is changed into an open e, in the penultima of verbs, when their last syllable becomes mute, as mener, mone; some words double their consonant, (which produces the same effect,) as tenir, que tu tiennes; others change that e into the diphthong oi, as devoir,

doivent.

When the pronoun je comes after its verb, it produces the same effect, so that je.chante, je mers, become chante-je? mene-je? And in this case the guttural e of mener that had become open acute in mène, becomes again guttural in mené-je?

^{*} We confine the sounds of the masculine & to the three noticed by the Academy, because those who have distinguished more have rather perplexed than perfected the pronunciation of this letter. Besides, as Mr. D'Olivet observes. "it is useless to anotomise sounds so much."

E, when under the acute accent, is generally close at the end of words, as bonte, aise : 2dly. in adverbs derived from adjectives ending in e, as aisement: 3dly. before the feminine termination of adjectives where it is somewhat longer, as in aisée; in any other place it is almost always open acute.* It is close likewise in the termination ez and er, when the r is silent; and open acute in any other place where it is not open grave, or doubtful.

It is generally open grave under the circumflex, and grave accent, sometimes doubtful, as

will be seen hereafter.

N. B. The following rules relate to the open acute b, and to the open grave, when the word close is not mentioned.

Ecle, Ebre, Ee, Ece, are always short; bec, niece, etc.

Eche, is long only in becke, lecke, grieche, pecke, (fishing, or peach) rereche, il pecke, (fishiss) dépecke, empecke, precke, and in all the tenses and persons of these verbs.

Ecle, Ect, Ede, Eder, are always short: siecle, insecte, ceder, etc.

Ee is always long and close, as in aimée, etc. Sec Aie.

General rule: All vowels before another vowel which is not the mute e, are short;

refe, feat, har, etc.

Ef is always short; Effe, Efle, are long only in greffe, and nefte.

Ege is always long; college, etc. M. Feraud makes it short. The prevailing custom seems to be for pronouncing it long at the end of a sentence, and short in any other place.

Egle is always short; regle, seigle, etc.

Egne is doubtful; regne, douegne, etc. Eille is long in vieille, vieillard, vieillesse, which have the sound of the close é.

Ein, Eint, Einte, are always long. See Aim. Eine is long only in reine.

Eître is long only in Reître.

Ete is long only in zêle, poêle, frêle, pêle-mêle, grêle, il se fêle, il bêle.

Em, En. See Aim and An. But there is no nasal sound in Bethléem, item, amen, hymen,

e. And whenever the m or n is articulated, the e is open acute.

Eme is short only in seme. It is doubtful in crème; and long in any other word. However, the terminations in ieme are frequently heard short before another word.

Ene is long only in cêne, chêne, scene, gene, alène, rêne, frêne, arène, pêne, and in all proper Enne is always short, étrenne, etc.

Epe is always long; crêpe, etc. Epre is short only in lépre, etc.

Epte, Eptre, are always short; precepte, scentre. etc.

Eque is long only in évêque, archevêque.

Er is long and open in fer, enfer, mer, amer, hiver: long and close in liger, altier; and in all nouns and verbs, as aimer, berger, etc. when the r is silent: but when the r is articulated, as it must be, especially in verbs, before a word beginning with a vowel, the e is open acute, and short

Erbe, Erce, Erse, Erche, Ercle, Erde, Erdre, are all short. See Arbe.

Erd, Ert, are doubtful; il perd, désert, etc.

Ere is doubtful, frère, chimère, etc. but it is uniformly long in the third person plural of

verbs; ils espèrent, parlèrent, etc. but it is uniformly long in the third person plural of Erge, Ergue, Erle, Erme, Erne, Erpe, Erle, Ertre, Esque, Este, Estre, are all short. See Arbe.

Erre is always long, even before a masculine syllable; guerre, verrons, etc.; but it is short when the two rr are heard separately, as in erreur, etc.

Esse is long only in abesse, professe, confesse, presse, compresse, cesse, lesse, expresse, il s'empresse, il professe.

Et is long only in arrêt, bénêt, forêt, genêt, prêt, aprêt, acquêt, intérêt, têt, protêt, il est.

Ete is long only in hête, fête, arbalète, boête, tempête, quête, conquête, enquête, requête, arrête, crête, tête: it is doubtful in êtes, and honnête, and short in all the rest.

Etre is long only in être, salpêtre, ancêtre, fenêtre, prêtre, champêtre, hêtre, chevêtre, guêtre. je me dépêtre

Eu; this diphthong has three different sounds: it is long and close in jeune, (fasting;) short in jeune, (young;) long and open in beurre.

The first has no standard in English; but it may be obtained by pressing the lips a little forward, in such a manner as to leave the breath a narrower passage than for the e of over, and by dwelling longer upon it.

The second is somewhat more open than the e of over, and can hardly be distinguished from it.

The third may be obtained by opening the lips somewhat wider, and in a more circular form, than for the e of over, and by protracting the sound.

t No gram-varian, I believe, has ever distinguished this third sound, so different from

^{*} It has been thought proper to adhere to the ancient custom of writing this second e with the acute accent, to avoid the double mistake frequently occasioned by those who of late have written it with the grave accent, in some terminations, as ecc, ede, etc. Those who are unacquainted with Mr. D'Olivet's rules, being misled by the grave accent, give to that e the sound of the open grave e, whilst, on the other hand, they are induced to confound with the control of the open grave e, whilst, on the other hand, they are induced to confound with the sound of the open grave e, whilst, on the other hand, they are induced to confound with the control of the open grave e, whilst, on the other hand, they are induced to confound with the control of the open grave e, whilst, on the other hand, they are induced to confound with the control of the open grave e, whilst, on the other hand, they are induced to confound with the control of the open grave e, whilst, on the other hand, they are induced to confound with the control of the open grave e, whilst of the open grave e, close & all the open acute ones, which have not been subjected to this partial reform. A little attention to the above rule will be sufficient to prevent the mistaking of the close & for the open acute. As to the exceptions to this or any of these rules, the similar spelling of every word will remore all doubts.

Eu, unless accented, is short in the beginning and in the middle of words; heureux, amaster, etc.; it is doubtful at the end; feu, jeu, etc.; and when it is long it has the close sound of eu in jeune, unless it be followed by an r.

Euf is always short : neuf, veuf, etc.

Eule is long only in meule.

Eune is long only in jehne, (fasting.) Eur is generally short, leur, peur, etc.; it is doubtful in cour, choeur, sour; and long open in all plural nouns.

Eure is doubtful, but always open, heure, inférieure, etc.
Evre is doubtful, levre, sevre, etc.
Eux, Euse, are always long and close; feux, jeux, heureuse, etc.

Eve is long only in trève, grêve, rêve, rêver : it is doubtful in fève, brève, il achève, crève, se lève, although mute in crever, achever, s'elever. Ex, Exe, arc always short, perplex, sexe, etc.

N. B. All the terminations of the three vowels, which are not noticed in the other following Rules, are always short.

This letter has two sounds. It is long in gite, and short in ami. The standard for the first in English is ie in field, and of the second i in fig.

Idre is long only in hidre and cidre.

Ie is always long. See Aic.

Ien when it is dissyllabic, both syllables are short, as in li-en; but it is doubtful when it is monosyllabic, as in mien, tien, etc.; when it is long it has the sound of in in vin. See Ain.

Ige is doubtful, as in tige, prodige, lities, il oblige, etc.

Ile is long only in ile, huile, style, tuile, presqu'ile.

Im, In. See Ain.

Imes is long only in abime, dixme, and in the preterit tenses, vimes, primes, etc.

Ire is doubtful: empire, soupire, etc.; but always long in the preterit tenses, prirent, punirent, etc.

Ise is always long; surprise, etc.

Isse is long only in these terminations of the subjunctive; fisse, prisses, punissent, etc. It is long only in the preterit of the subjunctive; qu'il prit, qu'il fit, etc. It is long in bénite, gite, vite, and in the preterit tenses; vites, finites, etc. Itre is long in épitre, huitre, litre, regitre; but short in registre, and all the rest.

Ive is long only in adjectives; vive, craintive, etc. Ivre is long only in vivre (substantive.)

This letter has three sounds. It is long and open in trône, short in noble, long and broad

in aurore.

N. B. This third sound has not, I believe, been noticed by any grammarian. However the pronunciation of o in aurore, corps, alors, etc. as o in trone or noble, would be highly improper.

This sound is regularly found before an r supported by other consonants, or an e mute; and before an r alone when its word ends a sentence.

The standard in English is, for the first, o in robe; for the second, o in rob, for the third

O in the beginning of a word, is long only in os, osier, ôter, hôte.

Obe is long only in globe and lobe.

Ode, Oge, are long only in rode, doge.

Oi a diphthong that sometimes has the sound of wa in war or wart; sometimes those of e in there or ebb. It is doubtful at the end of words where it has always the sounds of wa or wă, moi, toi, Roi, etc.

Oie is always long : joie, etc.

Oient a false diphthong that has always the sound of the open grave è, its aimoiént, etc. Oin a diphthong which has the sound of in in rin, preceded by the English w. See Aim. Oir is doubtful: savoir, espoir, etc.

Oire is always long : boire, mémoire, etc.

Ois, oise, oisse, oitre, oitre, are always long, whether they have the sound of wa, or of an

Oit is long only in il paroit, connoit, and croit (he increases.)

Ole is long only in drole, pole, geole, mole, role, controle, it enjote, carole, vote, (he steads.).

Om, on. This nasal vowel has no exact standard in English; but something like it is heard in some. See Aim. In French its standard is on in mon, and it is always long.

Ome is short only in Rome. Omme is always short.

One is always long when the n is not doubled: trône, etc.

the two first. Hence some pronounce bearre, learne, etc. with the sound of en in jeuine, which is a very vicious pronunciation; for in French, as in English, the r generally opens the sound of the preceding vowel. By others, and especially by foreigners, four, areax, generally, jeuine, etc. are pronounced with the sound of eu in bearre, which is no less exceptions. tionable.

Or is always short, according to M. D'Olivet. M. Féraud makes it short only in castor, intor, encor; but longer in all other words, when r is followed by a d or t. The opinion of the latter seems to prevail, especially when the word ends a sentence. Therefore o in or, essor, port, bord, etc. should be placed in the class of the doubtful vowels.

Ore is always long and broad: encore, évapore, etc. But it becomes short before a feminine syllable: évaporer, etc. unless followed by two rr, which form a single articulation, as

in eclorrai, etc.

Os, ose, are always long: repos, oppose, etc.
Ossoc is long only in grosse, fosse, endosse, engrosse, and in their derivatives, which preserve the o long even before a masculine syllable: grosseur, etc.
Ot is long only in hôte, côte, maltôte, the, threpôt, suppôt, prévôt, rôt.
Ote is long only in hôte, côte, maltôte, the. The three last preserve the o long before a masculine syllable: côte, ôter; maltôter, etc.
Otre is long in apôtre, and doubtful in nôtre and rôtre.
Ou a false diphthong, which is long in route and short in house.

Ou a false diphthong, which is long in route, and short in boute.

The first has for its standard, in English, the two oo in mood; the second, the two oo in

Oudre, one, are always long: moudre, je lone, etc.'
Ouille is long only in rouille, il dérouille, embrouille, débrouille; but becomes short before

a masculine syllable: routiler, broutilon, etc.

Oule is long only in moule (muscle,) la foule, soule, il foule, écroule, route.

Oure is doubtful: bravoure, etc.

Ourre is always long; but ourr becomes short before a masculine syllable, contrary to the rule after Arre; courrier, hourrade.

Ousse is long only in moule.

Ousse is long only in pousse. Out is long only in août, cout, goût, mout.

Oute is long in absoute, joute, croude, route; il coute, broute, goute, ajoute, but mostly short before a masculine syllable: jouter, etc.

Outre is long only in poutre and coutre.

U.

This letter has two sounds; it is long in buse, and short in but.

There is no standard for these sounds in English. To form the first, observe the situation of the tongue when you pronounce the English letter a. It widens itself into the checks, so that it touches the first grinders. When the tongue is in this situation, advance both lips a little forwards, shutting them at the same time in such a manner as to leave a narrow ovat passage for the breath. This movement will lightly press the tongue between the grinders, and its tip against the fore-teeth of the inferior jaw, and thus let the breath pass which is necessary to emit the sound of the French u. Its short sound is formed by dwelling less upon it.

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Ue is always long: vue, tortue, etc.

Uge is doubtful: dlhge, juge, etc.

Ule is long only in brûle, and in all the tenses of brûler.

Um, un. See Aim. This nasal vowel has no standard in English. Its sound is formed by lowering the inferior part of the mouth somewhat more than for the pronunciation of u, making at the same time the opening of the lips more circular, and throwing the breath against the interior part of the roof, whilst the tongue touches lightly the grinders in removing a little from the fore-teeth of the inferior jaw.

Lines is long only in preterit tenses: parûmes, reçûmes, etc.

Use is always long: injure, parjure, etc.

Use, usses, ussent, are always long, except in la Prusse, les Russes.

Ut is long only in fât (hogshead) affât; and in the preterit of the subjunctive, qu'il fât, etc.

Ut is long only in fâte, and in preterit tenses, lûtes, parûtes, etc.

N. B. Few of these rules are without some exceptions. These exceptions, together with the pronunciation of the proper and improper diphthongs that are not noticed in these rules, and likewise the various articulations of consonants, are shown in the similar spelling of their respective words.

But as words are spelt as they are pronounced when alone, or before a consonant, we shall particularly notice here the final consonants which cease to be silent when they meet a word

beginning with a vowel.

Directions for the articulation of the final consonants before a vowel or h mute.

1st. General Rule.—Final consonants are to be articulated before a word beginning with a vowel or H mute.

Excepting the above mentioned case the connexion should take place, even in conversa

^{*} No rule is more frequently cited, nor has so many exceptions, even in a publick speech wherein it is more strictly adhered to. On this point, harmony must be first attended to. Whenever the convexion of a final consonant produces a discordant sound, it must be avoided; for as Mr. D'Olivet has very properly remarked, "the French prefer an irregularity to a discordant." cordance."

2d. General Rule.—All final consonants that are articulate a when a word stands alone, or before the consonant of another word, preserve the same articulation before a vowel, un-

tess otherwise mentioned in the following observations.

B is articulated only in redoub, and proper names, even before a consonant.

C. When the final c is articulated, it has the articulation of k.

It is always silent in accroc, arsenic, broc, cotignac, marc, (weight or grounds,) estomac, lacs, (love knots;) in the last syllable of succinct, and of pore-épic, and after the nasal sounds, as have consume the bane, convaine, etc.

However, it is articulated in done at the beginning of a sentence and before a vowel; also

in franc-encens, franc-alleu, du blanc au noir.

1). When the final d is heard before a vowel or h mute, it has the articulation of a t. It is always silent in sourd, nid, in the terminations in ona, rond, etc. and after an r, as in fmyard, accord, etc.

In other words it is frequently suppressed in conversation.

It should never be suppressed, 1st. in de fond en comble; 2d. after quand, before il, ils, eux, elles, on, en, a, au, aux; 3d. after adjectives followed by their substantives: grand homme,

grand arbe, etc. 4th. after the third person of verbs, when they are followed by their pronoun personal, or the preposition à; répond-il? il entend à demi, etc.

F. The final f is generally articulated even before a consonant.
It is silent, even before a vowel; 1st. in baillif, clef, earf; but is always heard in corne de cerf; 2d. in chef and nerf when used in the following expressions, chef-d'œuvre, nerf de bœufs, although it must be articulated in any other place; 3d. in plural nouns, as bœufs, aul's, &c. except chefs, wherein it is always articulated.

G. The final g, when it is not silent, has the articulation of a k.

It is articulated, 1st, in sang and rang before an adjective, sang échauffé, rang élevé, &c

2d, in these or similar sentences, suer sang et ean, de rung en rung, &c. 3d, always in bourg According to M. Féraud it is also heard in long before a substantive: long été, &c. which he spells lon-kété. The word long before a vowel is generally avoided, or the g suppressed in the pronunciation.

In joug some pronounce it as g in bag, even before a consonant; others suppress it even

before a vowel.

H. His seldom, and ought never to be final in French. It has no articulation.

When it is deemed aspirate, "it only communicates to the vowel the properties of a consonant; that is to say: if the preceding word end with a vowel, that vowel is never suppressed; if it end with a consonant, that consonant is never connected with the vowel which follows. To this is confined all the effect of the aspirated H." D'Olivet.

This pretended aspiration, so different from that of the English, is nothing else than the

hiatus occasioned by the meeting of two vowels, as in *go on*, *go again*.

N. B. The h is preserved in the similar spelling only in words before which no vowel is suppressed, and with which no consonant is connected.

It is proper to notice here some irregularities of this letter.

In conversation or prose h is mute in *Henri*; it may be aspirated in poetry.

According to the Academy it is better to aspirate it in hideux. The contrary custom still prevails.

It is aspirated in Hollande and Hongrie, but mute in toile or fromage d'Hollande, Reine or point d'Hengrie.

It is mute in huit and its derivatives; however, we spell and pronounce le huit, le huitième, la huitaine, as if it were aspirated.

Onze and its derivatives, and our used substantively, produce the effects of the aspirated h. No vowel is suppressed before these words, nor any consonant connected with them, les onze. the source with the problem these words, not any consonant connected with their test office, less outsideness, &c. le out et le non, tous vos out, &c. although we spell and pronounce je crois que out.

1. The final l is never pronounced in barril, chenil, fusil, gentil, gril, outil, nombril, persil, soul, sourcil, pouls, fils, cul. But gentil in gentil-homme, and gril in verse, take the liquid articulation of gl in servegio.

In conversation, some people, whom Richelet calls refiners, suppress it in quelque, quelque, fois, quelqu'un, though they pronounce it in quel and quelconque. They suppress it likewise after the pronouns il, ils: and instead of pronouncing il dit, ils ont dit, parlet-il encore? as if

spelt if di, il-zon-di, parl-ti-len-kor? pronounce i-di, i-zon-di, parl-ti-en-kor?

M. Chambaud observes, with regard to this last point, that the l cannot be silent in reading; and that it would be better to pronounce it always, to avoid double meanings. Since

this suppression of the *l* may occasion ambiguity, it cannot be too carefully avoided.

M. The final *m* is never articulated when it makes a nasal sound. It is always articulated in hem! item, and in foreign names, Amsterdam, &c. However *m* is silent in Adam and Absalom, which have a nasal sound.

N. The final n, when it makes a nasal sound, is articulated before a vowel only in the

following cases:

Adjectives before their substantives, and mon, ton, son, rien, un, and bien (adverb,) lose their nasal sound in connecting their n with a following vowel; certain auteur, divin

tion, when the first word determines, qualifies, or modifies the sound; as the article before its noun; the adjective or pronoun before its substantive; the substantive before its adjective; the noun or pronoun before its verb; the verb before its pronoun, adverb, object, or cud; the adverb before un adjective or participle.

amour, bon ami, rien au monde, un homme, bien-aimé, &c. pronounce cer-té-no-teur, di-vi-na

whour, rie-no-monde, bo-na-mi, u-nom, biè-né-mé.

2d. Benin and malin ought not to be placed before a substantive, except matin esprut, wherein malin preserves its nasal sound, and a second n is articulated before esprit: malin-

nespri.

3d. En and en preserve their nasal sound, but a second en is articulated before a vowel enen entrant, on assure, &c. pronounce en-nen-tran, on-nu-sure. But the first after an imperative and the second after its verb, are never connected; par-lez-en à votre vm, a-t-on appris, &c.
P. 'The final p of coup, beaucoup, and trop, and of the words that have it articulated before a consonant, are the only ones heard before a vowel.

Q. When the final q is not silent, it has the articulation of a k. It is always heard in cinq, when alone, and before a vowel; also in coq, but never in coq-d'Inde.

R. The final r is generally articulated before vowels, at least in reading.

Except, 1st, Monsieur and Messieurs, though it be always hard in le sieur, les sieurs.

2d. The plural of nouns ending in er, wherein the s alone is articulated like a z.

3d. It is often suppressed in conversation before consonants in notre, votre, quatre, pronounced not, vot, qual; but never in Notre pere qui êtes aux cieux, Notre-Dame, quatre-vingts. nor at the end of a sentence.

4th. Sometimes also it is suppressed in conversation in the verbs and nouns ending in er; but never in proper names; words derived from foreign languages, nor when the è is open

grave, as in Jupiter, pater, mer, etc.

5th. Some suppress it in words ending in ir; but it is not the prevailing custom.

5th. Some suppress it in words ending in tr; but it is not use pre-tained as in yes, even S. The final s, in reading, is always heard before a vowel. It is articulated as in yes, even S. The final s, in reading, is always heard before a vowel. It is articulated as in yes, even before a consonant, in the words vis and cens; and in the Latin, and proper names, Pallas, bolus, &c.

In any other word, before a vowel, it has the articulation of a z, in which case it is often suppressed in conversation, but this would be a fault in reading.

T. The t final is generally articulated before a vowel; except

1st. When it is preceded by another consonant; respect lumain, effort etonnant, etc. 2d. In quatre-vingt-nn, quatre-vingt-onze, though it be articulated in vingt et un, and even before consonants in the following numbers, up to vingt-neuf inclusively.

3d. In all plural nouns, and in et, teint, contrat, most, tet, protet, puits.
4th. It is silent in fort, (adjective) fort et grand, but articulated in fort, (adverb) fort

aimable.

X. The final x is always articulated, 1st, as ks in Greek and Latin words: stix, préfix &c.; 2d. as the s of yes in Aix, Cadix; and like a z in all other words, but only before a vowel.

Z. Is silent before a vowel only in the word nez: it is frequently suppressed at the end of other words in conversation; but these and similar licenses, though tolerated, can never be enforced as rules.

Explanations of the Abbreviations used in this Dictionary.

V. Vide, see. Mar. marine term. Ex. example. adj. adjective. adv. adverb.

conj. conjunction. interj. interjection. prep. preposition. pron. pronoun. m. masculine. f. feminine.

pl. plural. v. a. verb active. v. n. verb neuter. v. r. reciprocal verb. * obsolete or seldom used

A Table of the simple sounds to which all the French vowels and diphthongs are referred, by the figures over the letters in the Dictionary.

F	RENCH SOUNDS.	ENGLISH	sounds.		FRENCH	SOUNDS.
A,	\ Long in bas, \ Short in bal,	bår. båt. båse.	p. 4	U, {Long in Short in	bůse. bůt.	p. 9
Ε,	Close in côte, Open grave in après Open acute in trom- pette,	, thère.	р. 6	EU, Short in Long-broad in	jeune. 'nëute. bëurre. enfant.	
I,	Guttural in refus, Long in gite, Short in ami,	ěbb. ověr. fleld. fîg.	p. 6 p. 3	AN Short in Short in Short-slender in IN, Long in	c∂nt.	
Ο,	Short in noble, Long-broad in auror	rôb. e lỗrd.	р. 3	ON, Long in UN, Long in	mon. brun.	p. 8 p. 3 p. 9
OU,	Short in boule	mood good.				

A Table of the consonants which, in the similar spelling, must be constantly articulated as follows.

b, as in	bag, rob.	n, as in	not, can.
d, as in	done, nod.	n, (italick) denotes a	
f, as in	fig, of.	p, as in	put, up.
g, as in g, (ita.ick) as in	go, bag.	r, as in	robe, or.
	guard.	s, as in	safe, yes.
g-n, as in	magnificent.	sh, as in	shore, ash.
gn, as in	poignant.	t, as in	table, bit.
h, see page 10.		v, as in	vine, love
k, as c in	corn, musick.	w, as in	wag.
*k, (italick) as in	eard.	y, as in	yes.
i, as in	ad, eel.	z, as in	zone, size.
l, (italick) as gl in	seraglio.	z, (italick) as in	azure.
tii ac in	man am		

Directions for using the similar sounds and articulations.

1. The figures over the vowels mark their respective sounds. To have them perfect, they must be stripped of their attending consonants, without losing any part of their peculiar sounds.

2. Two vowels in the same syllable are to be pronounced together, and the first shorter than the second. Thus in più-tà, the similar sounds for piùté, the I must be united with à, precisely as in the word hosier, the i is united with er.

3. I marked with the figure 1, is equivalent to ic in field.

4. oo in the same syllable have a single figure, to show that they express a single sound as in

mood or good.

5. In nouns of the singular number, the final vowel marked 2, undergoes some change in the plural; thus a-ml, tra-zor, fleur, &c. similar sounds of a-mi, tresor, fleur, become in the plurat å-ml, trå-zör, fleur.

6. The standards that have an u, or an n in Italick type, are peculiar to the French language.

Look for them as directed in the foregoing table.

7. When u has no figure, it makes with the vowel c, one of the sounds of the diphthong eu in jeune, meute, beurre.
8. The three nasal sounds that have no figure never vary.

9. An adjective or participle, whose feminine is not noticed in the similar spelling, is pronounced in the same manner for both genders, except the sound of a, which is somewhat longer for the feminine.
10. The syllables are divided as they are heard in conversation, and not as they are counted in

poetry.

EXAMPLES:

Veiller, ve-la; the 2 marks & in &bb; the 3 & in base; and the l in Italick; the articulation of gl, in seraglio. But when it is followed by a vowel, its similar sound must be ve-ler.

Courtisan, e, kôor-tî-zèn, zân. The first 2 denotes ôo in gôod; the second î in fig; the figure 1 and the n Italick, èn in èn-fant; the next syllable separated by a comma, which is the feminine termination of that substantive, has the sound of à in bât, and n articulated as in

Poignard, pwa-gnar. The 2 marks a in bat; the 1 a in bar; gn in the same syllable, the articulation of gn in poignant.

Baguenaude, bag-nod. The 2 denotes à in bat; the 1 ò in robe; and g, being separated

from n, must be articulated as in magnificent. Guerre, ger. The 1 marks è in thère; and the g in Italick, the softened articulation of the

hard g commented on in the note below. Jour, zoor. The 2 denotes do in good; and the z in Italick the articulation of z in azure.

* The g and k in Italick type denote that, between them and the following vowel, a sound like c or y is interposed, the better to unite the letters, and soften a little their hard articulation. This softened articulation of the hard c and k, and g, is noticed in Stele's Grammar, page 49: reproved in Nare's Orth. page 28, as "a monster of pronunciation only heard on the English stage." It is given as polite pronunciation by Walker, who in his pronouncing Dictionary, directs us to pronounce card, guard, kind, &c. as if spell, ke-hard, ghe-ard, or given being the second production of the second pronouncial production of the second production gyard, kyind, &c. This intermediate sound is very obvious in cue and argue, which are not pronounced kou and

argou, but as if a k or g were articulated before the pronoun you, so that kyou and argyou, of-

For the same sounds as vue and argue.

The sound of this y between the k or g and the diphthong ou, is precisely that which the French interpose between them, and their u, as in cure, legume; and which they frequently express by an u after g or g before their e and ., as in manque, quete, vainqueur, guette, guide, rigueur, &c. wherein these letters are less hard than in corps, garde, though harder than in cet cité, gêne, gite.

TABLE FOR CONJUGATING FRENCH VERBS

EXPLANATION.—As there are in French Verbs only four terminations, viz. er., And among the irregulars of the fourth conjugation, andre shows how craimire,

ir, air, end re, there are buffour conjugations.

The Verb whose termination is in capitals, with a hyphen (-) prefixed, is a regular Verb whole is to guide the pupil in regard to all the regular verbs of the same conjugation; the hyphen in each row pointing out the variation which that termination re-

reives for every simple tense.

The Verbs which follow each regular Verb are primitive irregular Verbs, whose deserved rivatives are to be conjugated in the same manner; for instance, consentr, pressentir, serive, irresentir, being derived from sentir, undergo the same inflexions. Again, the Verbs in crite we courrir are to be conjugated like ourrir; the Verbs conquérir, s'enquérir, requérir, &c. as well are to be varied like querir; in the second conjugation. Where in is prefixed, it means struire, that other Verbs of the same fermination are to be conjugated in the same manner.

Infinitive.

And among the irregulars of the lourth conjugation, aindre shows how crainite, plaindre, contentide, are to vary; eindre shows how feindre, and the Verbs in ceindre, prindre, teindre, reindre, preindre, preindre, preindre, preindre, preindre, preindre, provider, on the conjugated; onthe shows how joindre and its derivatives, swell as proindre, are to cleange; ofte shows how paredre, comofive, and their derivatives, should vary, but observe, that in the third person singular the i must have the circumflex over it; and the same should be observed with native and patter; or solver how circumflex, and all those in service, as a inservice, preservice, preserver, preserver, solverive, transcrive, are to have their final orite varied; unie shows how to conjugate produire, and all other Verbs in duire, a shorice, etc.

| Preterit Indic. | Future Indic. | Present Subjunctive,

	je Parl-e, j'aille,—nous allions, etc. j'em-ploie,—nous-employions, etc. j'envoie,—nous envoyious, etc.	je Dât-isse, Jassaille, je bouille,	je couelle. je dorme. je dorme.	je fuie. je fuie. je mente.	je meure,—nous mourions, etc.	Jouvre. Je parte. Jae-quière, nous ae-quérions, etc.
-	je Parl <i>-erai,</i> j'irai, j'em- <i>plotrai,</i> j'enverrai,	je Bât- <i>irai</i> , jassaillirai, je bouillirai,	e cucillerai, je dormirai,	Je fuirai, Je fuirai, Je haĭrai,	e mourrai, j'ofirirai, j'oirai,*	j'ouvrirai, je partirai, j'ac-querrai,
T I COCI ED TIMESO	je Parl-ai, j'allai or je fus, j'em-ployui, j'envoyai,	je Bât-is, j'assaillis, je bouillis,	e cueillis, je dormis,	fe fuis, je hars, je hars, je mentis.	je mourus, j'offris, j'ouïs,	j'ouvris, je partis, j'ac-quis,
rescue Anatomice.	ils Parl-ent, ils vont, ils em-ploient, ils envoient,	ils Bà-tissent, ils assaillent, ils bouillent,	ils coeillent, ils dorment,	ils futent, ils futent, ils havsent,, ils mentent.	ils meurent, ils offrent, ils oient,*	ils ouvrent, ils partent, ils ac-quièrent,
T Leading	Je Parl-e, je vais or vas, jem-ploie, jenvoie,	je Bâtis, j'assaille, je bous,	je cours, je dors, je dors, j	je fuis, je hais, e mens	je meurs, j'offre, j'ois,*	j'ouvre, je pars, j'ac-quiers,
ד מו וווי ד מייי	Parl-é, allé or été,‡ em-ployé, envoyé,	Bât-i, assailli, bouilli,	curu, cueillí, dormi,	fuil, fui, hax, menti	mort, offert, our,	ouvert, parti, ac-quis,
a with it is	Parl-ant, allant, em-ployant, envoyant,	Bàt-issant, assaillant, bouillant,	cucillant, dormant,	fuyant, haïssant,	mourant, offrant, oyant,*	ouvrant, partant, ac-quérant,
	to speak, to go, to employ, to send,	to build, to assault, to boil,		Ay,		to open, to set out, to acquire,
Tie/cleace co	Parl-ER,† Aller,† 'n ployer (Em-,) in Euvoyer,	Bât-IR, Assaillir, in Bouillir,	ta Cueillir,	in Foir, Harr, in Mentr.	Mourir, in Offrir, in Oufr,	in Ouvrir, in Partir, 6 in quérir (Ae-,)

+ Vorhs in ger, because the g is to remain soft throughout their tenses, retain e before the terbecause the c'is also to remain soft throughout their tenses, change c into g in the same circum- S Partir, repartir, and mit partir, in the seuse of to skare or divide, are regular minations beginning with a and o; honce manger, mangeaut, je mangeois, oto. Those in cry ve say, je rais or res, we must say, turns, it ra. Where this (*) mark occurs, it means that the expression is seldom used.

CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE

14	Present Subjunctive.	e me repente. e tres-sciille. e serve. e serve. e serve. e sorfte. e souffre. e tienne,—nous tenions, etc. e vienne,—nous venions, etc. e vienne,—nous asceyions, etc. doive,—nous devions, etc. raic, nies, ait,—ayons, ayez, aient, etf-choiz,—nous devions, etc. raic, nies, ait,—ayons, ayez, aient, etf-choiz,—nous pourvois, etc. I paleuve. e meuve,—nous pourvoyions, etc. privade. provio,—nous pussions, etc. privade.—nous pussions, etc. privade.—nous surseoyions, etc. e sife. e sache,—nous surseoyions, etc. e sife. e sife. e voie,—nous valions, etc. e voie,—nous voulions, etc. e voie,—nous voulions, etc. e voie,—nous buvious, etc. e batte. e braite. e braite. e irroncise.	
CH VERBS.	Future Indic. Pre	le me repentirai, je me repessuile esutirai, je sente. le servirai, je sente. le soritirai, je serve. le soritirai, je serve. le soritirai, je serve. le soritirai, je souffre. le tiendrai, je veine. le veirai, je veine. le devrai, je veine. le devrai, je delve. le devrai, je delve. le devrai, je delve. le devrai, je del-choir je pourvai, je meuve, je pourvai, je meuve, je pourvai, je pourvoi, je pourvai, je prevaile pervoirai, je prevaile je prevaile, je prevaile, je prevaile, je sierai, je siece. le sierai, je siece, je surseoirai, je siece, je vorrai, je voie. le sierai, je siece, je voudrai, je voie. le sierai, je voie. le cr-dindrai, je batte. le battrai, je brate. le braten. le circoncirai, je brate. le braten.	pa sount sie
CONTINUATION OF THE TABLE FOR CONJUGATING FRENCH VERBS.	Preterit Indic.	ie me repentis, jo le tres-satilits, jo le sentis, jo le souliris, jo le tins, le	fit has for its narticini
BLE FOR CON.	Present Indicative.	lls se repenient, ils tres-scullent, ils sentent, ils servent, ils sortent, ils sortent, ils sortent, ils tiement, ils viennent, ils viennent, ils doivent, ils doivent, ils declorient, ils declorient, ils meavent, ils declorient, ils meavent, ils pervent, ils prevent, ils prevent, ils prevent, ils prevent, ils prevent, ils prevent, ils sieent, ils sieent, ils ventent, ils reachent, ils battent, ils battent, ils battent, ils brevent, ils bettent, ils brevent, ils breven	senir (to
OF THE TA		e me repens, e sons, e sons, e sons, e sors, e sors, e sourifie e tiens, e viens, e viens, e viens, e dois, i assides, i and that as il a, e de-chois, i faut, i faut, i faut, e peneus, i faut, e pourvois, e prevaux, e pr	
NTINUATION	Particip. Pr. Partic. Past.	repenti, reseatili, senti, servi, sorti, sorti, sorti, com, venu, venu, venu, venu, con-cu, di, assi, assi, assi, pe-chu, fallu, pu, pu, pu, pu, pu, pu, pu, valu, valu, valu, vu, volu, re-caint, battu, battu, battu, vu, volu, vu, volu, vu, volu, vu, vu, vu, volu, vu, vu, vu, vu, vu, vu, vu, vu, vu, v	
CO	Particip. Pr.	se repentant, res-seillant, sentant, servant, sortant, sortant, sortant, vetant, vetant, devant, asseyant, devant, asseyant, pleuvant, prevalant, preval	
			nect) is recular.
	Infinitive.	Se repentir, in Saillir (Tres-,) in Saillir (Tres-,) in Servir, the Southir, in Southir, in Year, in Year, in Year, in Assonir, in Assonir, in Assonir, in Assonir, in Assonir, in Menvoir, Pourvoir, in Savoir, Scoir, in Savoir, Scoir, in Voir, in Voir, in Boire, in Boire, Girconcire, in Boire, Girconcire,	t . A scernir (to ambiect) is reonla

Asservir (to subject) is regular.

Asservir (to subject) is regular.

Sortir and ressortir, (when lass assortir (to match) and des-assortir, are regular.

Assortir may also become assorgant, assis, j'assoris, ils assorism, j'assis, j'assoris, ils assorism, j'etherrois, qu'il echect, qu'ils einent, qu'il echecut, j'ethus, j'etherrois, qu'il echect, qu'ils einent, qu'ils einent, qu'ils einent, qu'ils einent, qu'ils eine assorism, qu'il pout.

J'assoric, nous assorgions, etc. The future of assorism ay also be j'asservarai. The old vorb il Though we say, je puis or peux, we must say, tu pour, il peut.

CONTINUATION OF THE TABLE FOR CONJUGATING FRENCH VERRS.

2		i							ent																				I
	Present Subjunctive.		Je confee.	je couse.	Te-crure.	je croisse.	je dise.	je f-eigne.	Je Sols, Sols, Solt,—Soyons, Soyez, so ent	je fasse frire, etc.	je lise.	je luise.	je maudisse.	je mette.	le moure.	ie nuise.	le j-oigne.	je par-oisse.	je paisse.	je plaise.	je prenne,-nous prenions, etc.	Je rie,—nous rions, etc.	ie suffise.	e suive.	je taise.	je traie, nous trayions, etc.	je vainque.	je vive. je prod- <i>uzse.</i>	Jo produces
NCH VERBS.	Future Indic.	je clorrai,	je confrai,	je coudrai,	e-critai,	je croitrai,	je dirai,	Je f-eindrai,	le ferai,	je frirai,	je lirai,	je luirai,	je maudirai,	je mettrai,	je molitrai	ie nuirai.	je j-oindrai,	je par-oútrai,	je paitrai,	je plairai,	je prendrai,	e rirai,	ie suffirai.	le suivrai,	je tairai,	je trairai,	je vaincrai,	je vivrai,	the man pord of
GATING FRE	Preterit Indic. Future Indic.	je closis,*	je confis,	je cousis,	ie crus.	Je crůs,	je dis,	je f-eignis,	je rus,	je fis frire,	je lus,	je luisis,	je maudis,	je mis,	ie naonis	ie nuisis.	je j-oignis,	je par-us,	Je pus,	je plus,	je pris,	je ré-solue	ie suffis.	je suivis,	je tus,	je travis,	je vainquis,	je vecus, je prod-nisis.	tanana punta af
CONTINUATION OF THE TABLE FOR CONJUGATING FRENCH VERBS.	Present Indicative.	ils closent,	ils confisent,	ils cousent,	ils croient,	ils croissent,	ils disent,	ils i-eignent,		ils font frire,	ils lisent,	ils luisent,	ils mandissent,	ils mettent,	ils naissent.	ils nuisent,	ils j-oignent	ils par-oissent,	ils paissent,	ils plaisent,	ils prennent,	ils ré-solvent	ils suffisent,	ils suivent,	ils taisent,	ils traient,	ils vaindnent,	ils vivent,	, , ,
or the in	Present	je clos,	je confis,	je couds,	je crois,	je crois,	je dis,‡	je i-eins,	je suis, es, est, le fais, tvous	je fris,	je lis,	je luis,	le mandıs,	je mers,	ie nais.	e nuis,	je j-oins,	je par-ois,	je pais,	je plais,	je prends,	le ré-sous.	je suffis,	je suis,	je tais,			je vis, je prod- <i>uis</i> .	
MINORITON	Particip. Pr. Partic. Past.	clos, .	confit,	cousu,	cru,	crů,	dit,	I-emt,	fait,	frit,	lu,	Jui,	mandit,	month	né,	nui,	j-oint,	par-u,	pu,	plu,		re-solu.6			tu,			nit,	-
00	Particip. Pr.	closant,	confisant,	cousant,	croyant,	croissant,	disant,	i-engnam,	faisant,	faisant frire,	lisant,	lusant,	mandussam,	monlant,	naissant,	nuisant,	J-oignant,	par-oissant,	paissant,	plaisant,	prenant,	ré-solvant,	suffisant,	suivant,	taisant,	trayant,	vincent,	prod-uisant,	inoline (m.) incl
		to shut up,	to pickle,	to sew,	to believe,	to grow,	to tell or say,	to he	to do,	to fry,	to read,	to shine,	to curse,	to wrind.	to be born,	to hurt,	to join,	to appear,	to graze,	to prease,		to resolve,		,	>	to mun,	to live	to produce,	Dantining man
	Infinitive	in Clorre or clore,	in Confire, to pickle,	in crire (E.)	in Croire,	in Croitre,	in Dire (v. maddire)	Eire.	in Faire,	Frire,	ra Lire,	in Luire,	_				();	ar-,)	in Faire,		_	e (Ré .,)	Suffire,		raire,			rod-,	+ Inclure has founts Dans

Fluence ass, restrictive pass, notuse (f.)—Exclure has either exclus (m.) mandire, which is conjugated differently. Verbs in faire have it faires.

*Colum Charles (m.) Scolule (f.) We write either it conclut, or it conclud. (Academic.) * Absorder (in absorbe) and dissoude (f.) Me write ither Participle past in absora (m.) † Dire and redie have their second person plural of the present indicative and of the impera, absorder (f.) and dissous (m.) dissoude (f.) nay, resoude, in the sense of to dissolve, has it true in dites in the other Verbs in dite take the regular termination disse in each resoure (f.)

he might have, etc. we might have, etc.

you might have, etc.

they might have, etc.

he may have, etc.

we may have, etc.

you may have, etc.

they may have, etc.

Comp of the Pret. (Imp. or Con.) Sub.

I'might have, should have, I had, etc.

yous ayez,

j'eusse,

j'eusse,

the might have and have, I had, etc.

you was ayez,

to work a proper to the pret.

TERMINATIONS OF T	IE I	PERSONS II	N	THE SIMPLI	2 7	TENSES.
Singular.	- 1	Plural.				
Indic. Pres. e es e		on ez		ent. Ir.oir.rea	re	regul. only in the pl
Imperf. ois ois oi		ions iez		oient. For the	fo	ur conjugations. As
$Pret.$ $\begin{cases} 1\\2&4\\3\\tion. \end{cases}$ $\begin{cases} Con- \text{ ai as a a is is is it us us ut} \end{cases}$		aines ates				no exception to this .
Pret. 2&4 \ juga-\ is is it		îmes îtes	- 1	irent. rule,	the	tense is not in the
3) tion. (us us ut	;	umes ûtes		arent. table	of ·	verbs.
menir ins ins in	1;	înmes întes	-	inrent.		
Fut. $\left\{ \begin{array}{lll} 1\&2\\ 3\&4 \end{array} \right\}$ Conj. $\left\{ \begin{array}{lll} \text{ai} & \text{as a}\\ \text{rai} & \text{ras ra} \end{array} \right.$.	ons ez			th	e infinitive in er.
3&4 Cong. (rai ras ra		rons rez		ront.		
Condit. rois rois ro		rions riez		roient.		
Subjunc. Pres. e es e;		ions iez		ent.		
$Pret.$ $\begin{cases} 1 \\ 2\&4 \\ jnga \\ tion. \end{cases}$ asse asses at isse isses at usse usses at	; [assions assie:				
Pret. 2004 Singa- Sisse isses it;	. i	issions issiez				
in enir insse insses in	· .	ussions ussie	٠ :	nccont		
The Importing log no let norg an	die	like the mose	in	die in 1st oon		voont its having no
The Imperative has no 1st pers. an s in 2d pers. sing.; in the other co	เกรเเด	r the od nove	- 111	ing and the 3	l ne	ersound are like the
pres. indic. The 3d pers. sing. is l	ike t	he 3d pres su	. J	unc The Par	tic	inles will be found in
the table.	inc t	ne od pres. se)	unc. Inc I ar		pas was be jound in
			_		_	
The Compound Tenses, formed by	anne	xing the Past	ľ	articiple to the	y:	arious tenses of the
verbs aroir and fire, may be foun	d m	the following	la	bie.		
Compound of the Present Judic.	8	voir, or	e,	être, or		
To have,	3 a	voir, or	ž	ëtre, or		s'être, m'être, etc.
having,	2 "	yant,	2	étant, été,		s'étant, m'étant, etc.
had,	1 8	231 02	7	Je suis, or		Wanting. Je me suis,
I have,	201	ai, or	Š.	Je suis, or tu es,		in t'es,
he has or he hath,	continuos fo age	ia,	a/	il est,		il s'est,
re have,		ous avons,		nous sommes,		nons nous sommes,
you have or ye have,		ous avez,	2	vous êtes.		vous vous êtes,
they have	- 11	ls ont.	100	ils sont.		ils se sont.
Compound of the Preterit Indic.			200	vous êtes,"	\sim	
I had,	condition	'eus, or	2	je fus, or	Ę.	je me fus, tu te fus, il se fut, nous nous fàmes,
thou hadst,	dil	u eus,	oc	tu fus,	0.11	tu te fus,
ne had,	[ã ii	i eut,	8	il fut,	cij	il se fut,
we had,	1 cc (10	ious cûmes,	×,	nous fumes,	ž	nous nous filmes,
you had,		ous eûtes,		vous fûtes,	or.	vous vous fiites, ils se furent.
they had	[-E]1	ls eurent.	3	ils furent.		
Compound of the Imperfect Indie.	expressing		con		ijə.	je m'étois, tu t'étois, il s'étoit, nous nous étions,
I had,	j≞ J			j'étois, oi	ti)	je in etois,
thon hadst,	S !	u avois,	О	tu étois,	4	lu t'etois,
he had,	101.	l avoit,	50	il étoit,	66	il s'etoit,
	(= "	ious avious,		nous étions,		neus nous etions,
you had,	12 1.	ls avoient.	2	vous étiez,	he	ile clétoient
Compound of the Future Indie.	Keriprocal,	is avoient.	ē	ils étoient.	ei	vous vous étiez, ils s'étoient.
I shall or will have,	in	'aurai, or	OR	je serai, cr		
thou shalt or will have,	3 1	u auras,		tu seras,	180	je me serai, tu te seras,
he shall or will have,	2	laura	. ≋	il sera.	ے	il se sera.
we shall or will have,	1 S 1	l aura, lous aurons,	con	nous serons,	i i	il se sera, nous nous serons,
you shall or will have,	0 1	lous aurons, cous aurons, ls auront.	æ	vous serez,	_	vous vous serez,
they shall or will have	12 11	ls auront.	ying	ils seront.	B	ils se seron
Compound of the Conditional Indie.	12		Ξ,		5	
I should or would have,	21	'aurois, or	du	lje serois, or	is:	je me serois,
thou should'st or would'st have, -	1 2 1	u aurois,	=	je serois, or tu serois,	di	je me serois, tu te serois,
he should or would have,	neither	i auroit,	7	n seron,	70	il se seroit,
we should or would have,	i je	nous aurions,	Ve	nous serions, vous seriez, lils seroient.	ici	nous nous serions, yous yous seriez, ils se seroient
you should or would have,	5	ous auriez,	.13	vous seriez,	IL	vous vous seriez,
they should or would have	1 22 12	ls auroient.	m	ils seroient.	2	iis se seroient
Compound of the Present Subjunct	2	`	ne		ē	
I may have, shall have, etc	10	j'aie, or u. aies	r	je sois, or	=	je me sois,
thou may'st hare, etc	101	u. ates	0 7	ru sois,	=	tu te sois,
he may have, etc	nas	l ait, ious ayons,	as	il soit, nous soyons,	100	11 19C 3011,
ree may have, etc	e j	yous ayez,	6 7	vous soyez,		nous nous soyons,
you may have, etc	121	ous ayez,	~	wous soyez,	1	vous vous soyez,

ils se soient

je me fusse,

tu te fusses, il se fût,

nous nous fussions

vous vous fussiez, lils se fussent.

ils soient.

je fusse, or tu fusses, il fût, nous fussions,

lu eusses, il eût, nous eussions, vous eussiez, vous fussiez, ils fussiers, ils fussiers, ils fussiers, ils fussiers,

FRENCH

PRONOUNCING DICTIONARY.

bar, bat, base: thère; ébb, over: field, fig: robe, rôb, lôrd: mòod, gôod. base, bat: jeune. mêute, beurre: enfant, cênt, liên: vin: mon: brun.

the vowels.

A, s. m. A. Un bon A, a good A. Il ne sait mi A ni B, he knows not A from B, he is a

mere ignoramus.

A, is sometimes the third person singular of the present in the indicative mood of the verb avoir. Il a, he has; elle a, she has; on a, one has, people have. Il y a, there is (speaking

of one,) there are (speaking of several.)

A, with the grave accent over it, when not a capital, is a preposition, for which the English chiefly but not indiscriminately use, at, to, in, into, by and with, within, at the distance of, on, for, after, according to, etc. Now instead of à le or à la, before a vowel not aspirate, or before h mute, the French use $\partial l'$; instead of le before a consonant they use au; and instead of à les they use aux: A ce prixlà, at that rate; à raison de cinq pour cent, at the rate of five per cent; il sera ici à dix heures, he will be here at ten o'clock; elle est assise à la porte, she is sitting at the door; assise à la porte, she is sitting at the door; nous jouons souvent aux cartes; we often play at eards; il vise à cet emploi, he aims at that place; cela est arrive à Paris, that happened at Paris. Allez à Paris, go to Paris, venez à Londres, come to London; à l'ami; to the friend, à l'homme, to the nan; à l'ame, to the soul; au roi, to the king; à la reine, to the queen; aux officiers, to the officers. Il deneure à Douvres, he lives in Dover; votre charque est à la mode, vour hat is in the the desired very state of the fashion. J'irai à la campagne, I shall go into the country. A la faveur de la nuit, by the help of the night; à force de, by strongth of, the desired country of the fashion. by dint of; au moyen de, by means of. Bâtir à chaux et à sable, to build with lime and sand; travailler à l'aiguille, to work with the needle; à grand'peine, with much trouble; Je n'ai pas encore vu l'homme au nez rouge, I have not yet seen the man with a red nose; or whose nose is red. A deux doigts de terre, within two inches of the ground, or at the distance of two inches from the ground. droite, or à main droite, on the right hand; an contraire, on the contrary. Faites un habit à mon domestique, make a coat for my servant. Voulez-vous que cet habit soit à la française? Will you have that coat after the French fashion? A ce qu'on dit, according to what people say, by what people say, as people say; a mon aris, according to my opinion, in my opinion.

This preposition à is also used in reckoning

games: Quatre à rien, four love; cinq à cinq, five all; trois à quartre, three to four; etc. à is also used to express a progressive succes-

A, a, First letter in the alphabet, and first of || sion in an ordinal march, when the word is repeated, and then à is equal to by or and. Its marchoient trois à trois, they were walking

three by three, or three and three; pas a pas, step by step. See En.

The following observations will, the Editor hopes, be of service to the student. French Ed.

I. When a verb is found to govern an accusative in regard to the thing, whether this be expressed by a noun or by a phrase, the person (or what is used instead of the person,) governed by the same verb, is generally to be considered as if affected by to (a, said to be the sign of the dative case,) let the manner in which it is presented be with or without any preposition: Elle dit la même chose à mon frère, she tells the same thing to my brother, or (by transposing the person governed be-fore the thing governed, which transposition allows the suppression of the preposition in English.) she tells my brother the same thing; elle promit à mon frère qu'elle viendrait demain, she promised my brother that she would come to-morrow; nous primes à l'ennemi une quantité immense de provisions, we took from the enemy an immense quantity of provisions.

It is from the same cause that an infinitive affected by any part of faire, laisser, voir, our, or entendre (considered each as an auxiliary verb,) if that infinitive govern an accusalire in regard to the thing, the person) son (or what is used instead of the person,) considered as governed by the ouxiliary verb, is often rendered as if affected by to (à) though the English preposition commonly used in these circumstances be by, when the second verb is introduced passively: Cesar fit promettre à Augustia de venir le voir au château, Casar made Augustine promise to come and see him at the castle; c'est un grand talent que de savoir faire aimer la vertu aux mechans, to know how to make the wicked love virtue (or virtue loved by the wicked) is a great talent.

The French preposition \hat{a} is prefixed to an infinitive when the expression which governs it would require a (to) before the name of the thing for which the infinitive then stands, on account of a tendency towards the object, etc. hence, Il sera condamné à rendre l'argent, he will be condemned to return the money (because we say condamner une personne à une chose, to condemn a per-son to a thing.) Or, when this infinitive has a passive meaning, though presented in its active form, in which circumstance it might govern in the accusative a preceding noun

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

(or pronoun) which is already in one case: La question est difficile a résoudre, the question is difficult to solve or to be solved (here, la question might be made the accusative of resoudre; for, we might say, it est difficile de resoudre la question.) J'ai deux ou trois lettres à écrire. I have two or three letters to write (to be written, which must be written, which I must write,) or, I am to write, (I

must write) two or three letters.

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III. As the French preposition a, prefixed to a noun, is often found to announce how far a qualification or modification extends, extended or may extend, so, when prefixed to an infinitive, it may be found to announce the same: Une reste à manches, a waistcoat with sleeves to it, or that has sleeves; il aime à la folie, he loves to distraction; elle s'ufflige à la mort, she grieves herself to death; c'est un homme à tout faire, he is a man who will do any thing or fit for any thing; voilà un proces à vous ruiner, that is a law-suit which is likely to ruin you: hence also, un maître à danser, a dancing-master, or a master who teaches dancing.

IV. The French preposition à is often

found to denote duty, part, or business, and even turn: C'est à moi à vous prouver, it is my duty (part or business) to prove to you, or I am to prove to you (with an emphasis upon my or I:) c'est à rous à parler, it is your turn to speak, or now you are to speak (with an emphasis upon your or you.)

The same preposition à serves to denote that possession or appertenance which, after a tense of to be in the sense of to belong to, causes the English possessor to be presented with 's (as if a termination) and the English of whom to become whose, when transposed: A qui est cette maison-ci? whose house is this? Elle est à Monsieur Bernard, it is Monsieur Bernard's. This 's being erroneously said to be the sign of the possessive case, see Salmon's first Principles of the English Grammar, where the nature of 's is traced to its origin.

VI. As de, when used instead of depuis and rendered in English by from, serves to announce the principle of action, or point from which one starts, has started, or is to start, so à (to) serves to announce the end of

start, so a (to) serves to announce the end of action, or point whereat an action ceases, has ceased, or is to cease; hence, nous irons de Rochester à Dourres, we shall go from Rochester to Dover, V. En.

There it is proper to add, that if, for the principle of action, we use depuis instead of de, we should, for the end of action, use jusqu'a (as fur us) instead of à hence, depuis le matin jusqu'au soir, or du matin au soir, from morning to night; de Londres à Paris, or dequis Londres inson'à Paris, from Londres in sou'à paris from Londres in sou l'action de la contra la or depuis Londres jusqu'à Paris, from Lon-

don to Puris.

VII. The French preposition à often disappears in making the French phrases Engappears in making the French phrases Eng-lish; for instance, when the principle of action happens to be placed after the end of action: A trois jours de là, three days after; à vingt lieues d'ici, twenty leagues off (hence or from this spot.) Besides, the English lan-guage abounds with compound words, the initial of which particularizes the next; and, to form these, a transposition takes place, whereby the preposition which would be used !

before the particularizing noun, if to be expressed after the noun particularized, becomes suppressed: hence un pot à l'eau, a water-pot; un moulin à vent, a wind-mill; une chaise à bras, an arm-chair; une boîte à fusil, a tinderbox: de la sauce aux ognons, orion-sauce; une bouteille à l'huile, an oil-bottle; le marché au foin, the hay-market; une femme aux huitres, an oyster-woman, etc. See, however, de, Observ. I. as also the examples of Obserration I. here. Again, an, à la, aux, used to alarm or call assistance, disappear in English: au feu, fire! au voleur, thief!

VIII. The preposition for principle of ac-

tion (de) is often left understood; and in thiseircumstance instead of from and to (according to Obs. VI, (the English may use about, then or; or between, then and: Ils étaient neuf à dix mille, they were about nine or ten thousand, or, they were between nine and ten thousand; for, they were from nine to ten

IX.Sometimes the French preposition à is found rendered by a in English, where it presents a sort of compound word: A bord, aboard for on board; au lit, a-bed for on bed

or in bed.

"I" This English particle a is sometimes found before a participle present: he is gone a fishing, il est allé pêcher, or il est allé à la pêche; she is a writing, elle est à écrire or elle

ABAJOUR, V. Abat-jour.

ABAISSÉ, E, adj. pulled down, brought down or low, depressed, humbled, cast down debased.

ABAISSE, a-bes, s. f. under-crust of pastry, or paste that serves to make it.

ABAISSEMENT, å-bes-men, s. m. a fall, falling, humbling or pressing down, diminution, humiliation, abasement, fall, disgrace. L'abaissement de la matrice, the fall of the ma-

ABAISSER, å-bê-så, v. a. to pull, bring or let down, let fall, lower; to humble, all ase, cast down, depress, debase; une branche, to cut or lop off a branch. S'abaisser, v. n. to fall, sink, decrease, be laid, humble one's self, stoop, cringe, submit.

ABAISSEUR, å-be-seur, s. m. abductor, depressor.

ABALOURDIR, v. a. to stupify.

ABANDON, å-bên-don, s. m. an abandoning, a forsaking, quitting, renouncing or resigning. L'abandon des biens du monde, the quitting or renouncing the goods of this world. Desolate condition, condition of one forsaken or abandoned. Que peut-on fuire dans un tel abandon? what can a man do in such a deso-late condition or forlorn state? Abandon, the leaving things at random. Abandon foit larron, opportunity makes a thief; fast bind, fast find; (débauche) lewdness, excess, debauch-

A l'abandon, ady. at random. Laisser tout à Pabandon, to leave all at random or in confusion, abandon or forsake all, leave all at sixes and sevens. Metre tout à Pahandon, to put all things in disorder, leave all things to be pillaged. Laisser ses enfuns à l'abandon, not to look after one's children, to leave them to the wide world or to shift for themselves.

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin, mon : brun.

ABANDONNÉ, E. å-bèn-dô-nå, adj. abandoned, forsaken, cast off, given over, left at random; arrant; profligate. Terres abandonnées, derelict lands. Champ qui est abandonné, field untilled or unmanured. Malade abandonné, sick person given over by his physicians.

Un abandonné, s. m. a lewd, wicked, de-

bauched fellow; a rake.

Une abandonnée, s. f. a lewd, loose woman;

a prostitute.

ABANDONNEMENT, å-ben-don-men, s. m. an abandoning, a forsaking, leaving, quitting, casting off, giving over, desertion. Abandon-nement d'une terre, dereliction of an estate. Abandonnement, lewdness, excess, debauch-ery. Etre dans le dernier abandonnement, to

be extremely lewd.

ABANDONNER, å-ben-dô-nå, v. a. to give over, forsake, cast off, quit, leave, desert, shake off, forego. Mes forces m'abandonnent, my strength fails me. Il n'a jamais abandonné son épée, he never let his sword go. Abandonner les armes, to lay down arms. Abandonner sa maîtresse à tout le monde, to prostitute one's mistress to all the world. Nous l'abandonnons à votre coiere, we leave him to your anger, we deliver him to your resentment. S'abandonner, v. r. to give one's self over, give up or addict one's self. S'abandonner à la colère, to give way to one's anger, indulge one's passion, gratify one's passion. Dans cette extrémité, il ne s'abandonna point, in that extremity he did not despond, he was not dichestaged or sette deur he was not disheartened or cast down, he was not wanting to himself. S'abandonner au hasard, to commit one's self to fortune.

Аваque, å-båk, s. m. abacus or plynth,

in architecture.

Abasourdir, å-bå-zðor-dir, v. a. to stun, fill with consternation.

ABATAGE, å-bå-tåz, s.m. expense for clearing a forest.

Аватант, â-bâ-tèn, s. m. shutter of a sky-

light, flap of a counter. ABATARDI, E, adj. degenerate, marred,

spoiled, grown worse, adulterate.

ABATARDIR, å-bå-tår-dir, v. a. to corrupt, spoil, mar, adulterate. S'abatardir, v. r. to de-

generate, grow worse, be spoiled, be marred.
ABATARDISSEMENT, å-bå-tår-dås-men, s.
m. corruption, spoiling, depravation, degene-

ABAT-JOUR, a-ba-zoor, s. m. sky-light, opening under the top of the fruit of some

ABATIS, a-ba-ti. s. m. the fall or pulling down of houses, or felling of trees, rubbish, stones hewed down in a quarry, offal, gar-bage, giblets, lamb's head and pluck, slaughter of game or other animals, track made by

young wolves on grass.

ABATTEE, s. f. a casting or falling off of a ship. Attention, a Pubative pour native labure au rent, watch her falling off, to put the helm up. Faire son abattée, to east (in getting under way,) to fall off (when lying to.)

AFATTEMENT, a-bat-men, s. m. weakness, faint ess; sadness, trouble, heaviness, dejec-Abattement de courage, abjection of mir.t. discouragement, nicekness of spirit, faintheartedness

ABATTEUR, å-bå-teur, s. m. one that pulls, beats or cuts down; feller. Un grand abat-

teur de bois or de quilles, a great despatcher of business, a great man at nine-pins, a great boaster, as well as a great feller of wood.

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ABATTRE, å-båtr, v. a. (like battre,) to pull, break, beat, batter, bring or bear down, overthrow, demolish, destroy; to humble; to cast down, grieve, afflict, bring low, daun, damp. Abattre les rideaux, to untie, draw or let down the curtains. Abattre des arbres, to fell or cut down trees. Abattre bien du bois, to be a man of great despatch, to despatch a great deal of business. Qu'il abattra de tèles! how many heads will he cut off! Ahd-tre les vapeurs, to abate, suppress, keep down or lay the vapours. Abattre les vents, to abate, appease or lay the winds. laisser abattre à la tristesse, to suffer one's self to be cast down with grief, to be overwhelmed with sorrow. Abattre la poudre, to comb the powder off. Elle abattit sa robe, she let her gown down or hang down. Abattre le cuir d'un boeuf, to skin or flay an ox. Abattre, Mar. Il faut que cette corvette abatte sur tribord, that sloop must cast to starboard. Laisse abattre, Let her fall off. Nous avons abattu notre bâtiment en carene à la Jamaique, had our ship down (or we carcened our ship) at Jamaica. Abattre un vaisseau de trois virures, to heel a ship three streaks out. L'avez-vous abattu en quille? did you heave her keel out? S'abattre, v. r. to fall, tumble down. La chaleur s'abat, the heat abates. To despond, be cast down, dejected or discouraged. ABATTU, E, adj. pulled out, broken, let down, overthrown, destroyed, dejected, griev-

ed, afflicted, cast down, discouraged, broken, overwhelmed, etc. V. Abattre.

ABATTURES, å-ba-tår, s. f. pl. sprigs or grass beat down by a deer as he rushes on.

ABAVENT, å-bå-ven, or, abat-vent, s. m. penthouse of a steeple, fence against wind.

ABEATIAL, E, a-ba-si-al, adj. of or belonging to an abbot. Eglise abbatiale, abbeychurch. Droits abbatiaux, rights and privileges of an abbot.

ABBAYE, å-bê-vi, s. f. abbey. ABBÉ, å-bå. s. m. abbot. ABBESSE, å-bês, s. f. abbess.

A B c, a-ba-sa, s. m. a b c or criss-cross-row, the alphabet. Un a b c, a primer. A bc, grounds or principles of an art or science, introduction.

Abcéder, ab-sé-da, v. n. to turn into an abscess or tumour.

ABCES, ab-se, s. m. abscess, imposthume. ABDALA, s. m. Persian monk.

ABDICATION, ab-di-ca-sion, s. f. abdication.

Авріqué, є, adj. abdicated. Авріquen, ab-di-ka, v. a. to abdicate. Авромен, ab-do-men, s. m. abdomen.

ABDOMINAL, adj. abdominal, relating to the abdomen.

ABDUCTEUR, åb-důk-têur, s. m. abductor. ABDUCTION, åb-důk-sîon, s. f. abduction. ABÉCÉ, V. A b c.

ABECEDAIRE, a-ba-sa-der, adj. & s. m. alphabetical, abecedarian, a beginner, a spelling book.

ABECQUER, å-bê-kå, v. a. to feed (a bird.)

ABELLE, å-bå, s. f. dam (for water.)
ABELLE, å-bå, s. f. bee, honey-bee.
ABERRATION, å-bår-rå-slon, s. f. sinall apparent motion of the fixed stars, error.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

ABETIR, å-be-tir, v. a. et n. to stupify, || plenty of all, live plentifully. grow stupid. S'abétir, v. r. to grow stupid.

AB HOC ET AB HAC, adv. at random.

ABHORRER, â-bôr-râ, v. a. to abhor, to detest, loathe, abominate.

ABHCEAT, â-bî-zâ, s. m.-cattle robbery.

ABJECT, E, âb-zêkt, adj. abject, vile, controlled by the controlled above. temptible, base, mean.

ABJECTION, ab-zek-sion, s. f. abjection. ABIME, a-blim, s. f. abyss, bottomless gulph,

or pit, unfathomable depth, hell.

ABÎMER, à-bl-ma, v. a. to cast or throw into an abyss, swallow up; to destroy, ruin,

undo, bring to nothing. Abimer, v. n. to fall into an abyss, sink or be swallowed up in a bottomless pit; to perish, be undone or come to a fatal end.

S'abîmer, v. r. to run into an abyss, ruin one's self, lose or sink or bury one's self (in

study, etc.)

AB-INTESTAT, ab-in-tes-ta, adj. intestate. ABJURATION, ab-zu-ra-sion, s. f. abjuration.

ABJURER, åb-zå-rå, v. a. to abjure.
ABLAIS, å-ble, s. m. corn cut down but not
yet carried out of the field.
ABLAIF, å-blä-tif, s. m. ablative.
ABLE, åbl, ou ABLETTE, s. f. blay or bleak

(sort of fish.)

ABLUER, ablad, v. a. to wash; to revive old writing by washing it with nut-gall, etc.

ABLUTION, s. f. ablution, washing

ABNÉGATION, s. f. abnegation, denial.

ABOI, a-bwa, s. m. barking, baying. L'aboi des chiens, the opening of the dogs. V. Abois. ABOIEMENT, å-bwa-men, s. m. barking, baying.

ABOIS, a-bwa, s. m. pl. despairing condition, last shift, extremity, distress. La religion est aux abois, religion is upon its last legs. It est aux abois (il expire) he is at his last gasp or breathing his last. Le cerf est aux

abois, the stag is at bay.

ABOLIR, a-bo-lir, v. a. to abolish, annul, repeal, abrogate, vacate, antiquate, extinguish, annihilate, rase out. Abolir un impôt, to take off or away a tax. Abolir un crime, to pardon a crime. S'abolir, v. r. to be abolished, etc.

ABOLISSEMENT, à-bô-lis-mên, s. m. abolishment, disannulling, abrogation, annihila-

tion, rasing out, extirpation.

ABOLITION, &-bô-li-slon, s. f. abolition, pardon or full discharge (of a crime,) abolishment etc. as in abolissement.

Abominable, å-bô-mî-nabl, adj. abominable, detestable.

ABOMINABLEMENT, a-bo-mî-nabl-mên, adv. abominably.

Abomination, a-bô-m?-na-slon, s. f. abomination, detestation, execration. Avoir en abomination, to abominate, detest, abhor, loath. Etre en abomination, to be abominated, detested, abhorred or loathed.

* A 30 MINER, v. a. to abominate, abhor or detes.

ALONDAMMENT, à-bon-dà-mên, adv. abundantly, plentifully, in abundance, fully, copi-

ABONDANCE, à-bon-dens, s. f. abundance,

plenty of all, live plentifully. Aroir quelque chose en abondance, to abound in or with a thing. Boire de l'abondance, to drink wine mixed with a great deal of water.

ABONDANT, E, å-bon-den, dent, adj. a-bounding, plentiful, plenteous, copious.

* D'abondant, adv. moreover, over and above, besides.

ABONDER, å-bon-då, v. a. to abound in or with, have an abundance or great deal of, to abound, overflow, be in abundance. Abonder en son sens, to be self-conceited.

ABONNEMENT, 3-bôn-mên, s. m. contract, or agreement, subscription (for a book.)
ABONNER, 3-bô-nà, v. a. to compound with.

Les fermicrs des aides ont abonné ce cabaretier, the excisemen have compounded with that alchouse-keeper. S'abonner, v. r. to compound for, agree with one for a thing at a certain rate. Je me suis abonné avec mon cordonnier pour me fournir des souliers toutes les semaines, I have agreed or made a bargain with my shoe-maker that he should find me new shoes once a week.

ABONNIR, å-bô-nîr, v. a. to make good or ABONNIR, a better, improve. S'abonnir, v. r. or Abonnir, v. n. to grow better, mend. ABORD, a bor, s. m. landing, arrival; re-

sort, confluence, store, (of people or things;) onset, attack, access, admittance. Aron 'l'alor'd donx, gracieux, to receive people kindly, courteously, obligingly. Rest de difficulty. cile abord, he is hard to be spoken with, he keeps people at a distance, there is no coming at him. D'abord, tout d'abord, adv. at first, at the first, at first blush, at first sight; presently, forthwith, straightway. D'abord que, as soon as.

ABORDABLE, å-bör-dåbl, adj. accostable, Côte qui n'est accessible, of an easy access. pas abordable, an unsafe coast.

ABORDAGE, à-bôr-dâz, s. m. boarding (of a ship,) running or falling foul (of ships one upon another.) Aller à l'abordage, to board Filets d'abordage, boarding-netting.
ABORDER, à-bor-da, v. n. to land or arrive

at; to resort.

Aborder, v. a. to come or draw near, accost. Aborder le rivage, to come to the coast or shore, to land. Aborder un raisseau, to board a ship, also to fall aboard or run foul of a ship.

AEORIGENES, a-bo-ri-zen, s. m. pl. abo-

rigines.

ABORNEMENT, å-born-man, s. m. fixing of bounds, boundary

ABORNER, å-bor-nå, v. a. to set limits, to fix the bounds of.

ABORTI-F, VE, à-bôr-tif, tiv, adj. abortive. ABOUCHEMENT, a-boosh-men, s. m. inter-

view, conference, parley.
ABOUCHER, å-bôo-shå, v. a. (quelqu'un) to confer or speak with (one.) Aboucher deax personnes, to bring two persons together. S'aboucher, v. r. (avec quelqu'un) to have an interview or conference (with one,) parley or confer (with him.)

ABOUGEI, E, adj. stunted, knotty.

ABOUQUER, v. a. to add fresh salt to old. ABOUT, s. m. end, butt-end (of a plank.)

ABOUTE, adj. placed end to end. ABOUTER, a-boo-dr, v. n. to meet at the plenty, store, copiousness, great quantity. end, be bounded, horder upon. Aboutir en Vivre ou être dans l'abondance, to have pointe, to grow sharp at the top, end sharp or

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

pointed. To tend, drive at some end, aim at; discharge, (as an abscess.)

ABOUTISSANT, E, adj. bordering upon. ABOUTISANT, å-bôo-tî-sen, s. m. Les tenans et aboutissans d'un champ, the abutinents of a piece of ground. Les tenans et aboutissans d'une affaire, the circumstances,

particulars, or sum of a business.

ABOUTISSEMENT, a-bootis-men, s.m. the drawing to a head (of an imposthume;) cking

piece of cloth.
ABOYER, å-bwå-yå, v. n. et a. to bark. Ses créanciers aboient après lui, his creditors are at his heels, he is dunned by his creditors.

Aboyer après quelque charge, to gape after

a place or preferment.

ABOYEUR, å-bwå-yeur, s. m. barker, dun. ABRAQUER, v. a. Mar. to haul taught. Abraque les boulines de perroquet, steady forward the top-gallant bowlines.

ABRÉGÉ, E, adj. abridged, shortened, cut short, contracted, epitomized, compendious.

See abréger.

ABRÉCÉ, à-brå-zå, s. m. abridgment, abstract, epitome, summary, compendium. En abrege, in short, compendiously, summa-rily, briefly, in few words. Reduire en rily, briefly, in few words. abrégé, mettre en ou par abrégé, to abridge, contract, epitomize.

* ABRÉGEMENT, s. m. abridgment. ABRÉGER, à-brà-zà, v. a. to abridge, shorten, epitomize, abbreviate, contract. Pour abréger, in short, to be short, to sum up all.

ABRÉVIATEUR, à-brà-vî-à-teur,

abridger, abbreviator.

ABRÉVIATION, à-brà-vlà-slon, s. f. abbreviation.

ABREUVÉ, E, adj.watered, soaked, drench-Notre Seigneur fut abreuvé de vinaigre, our Saviour had vinegar given him to drink. Abreuvé, informed, that has been told over and over, imbrued.

ABREUVER, å-brêu-vå, v. a. to water, drench, give to drink, to soak, steep. Abreuver de quelque nouvelle, to inform of some news. S'abreuver, v. r. to drink plentifully.

Abreuvoir, å-breu-vwar, s. m. watering-

place.

ABRI, å-brì, s. m. shelter, cover, sanctuary. Mettre à l'abri, to shelter. Un abri pour les vaisseaux, a lee-shore, corner or creek where ships ride safely. Etre à l'abri de la terre, Mar. to be under the lee of the land.

ABRICOT, å-brî-kô, s. m. apricot. ABRICOTÉ, à-brî-kô-tà, adj. candied apricot. ABRICOTIER, å-brl-ko-tiå, s. m. apricottree.

ABRIER, v. a. Mar. to becalm. ABRITER, å-brî-tå, v. a. to shelter, shade. ABRI-VENT, s. m. shelter from wind.

ABROGATION, à-brô-gà-sion, s. f. abrogation, repealing.
ABROGER, 2-brd-zů, v. a. to abrogate, re-

peal, disannul.

ABROTONE, s. f. southernwood.

ABROUTI, E, adj. said of trees the buds of which have been destroyed by cattle. ABRUPTO, s. m. off hand, unexpectedly.

å-brå-tir, v. a. to besot, render ABRUTIR, orutish, stupid, dull, or heavy. S'abrutir, v. r. to be besotted, become brutish, etc.

APRUTISSEMENT, a-bru-tis-men, s. m.

brutishness, stupidity.

ABSENCE, ab-sens, s. f. absence or being away; distraction or wandering of the mind, want of attention.

ABSENT, E, ab-sen, sent, adj. absent, out

of the way.

S'ABSENTER, v. r. to absent one's self, go away, keep out of the way, be absent.

ABSIDE, s. f. arch, vault.

ABSINTHE, ab-slnt, s. f. wormwood. Bi-

ere d'absinthe, purl; also grief, chagrin.

ABSOLU, E, ab-sô-lû, lû, adj. absolute, arbitrary, unlimited, imperious, magisterial, peremptory.

ABSOLUMENT, åb-sô-lû-mên, adv. absolutely, arbitrarily, with an absolute power, wholly, entirely, imperiously, magisterially,

by all means, in general, simply.

ABSOLUTION, ab-so-lå-såon, s. f. discharge, acquittal. Les jurés ont conclu à l'absolution, the jury have acquitted him or brought him in not guilty. Absolution des péchés, the absolution or forgiveness of sins.

ABSOLUTOIRE, åb-sô-lû-twar, adj. absol-

ABSORBANT, åb-sor-ben, adj. and s. m. absorbent.

Absonber, ab-s3r-ba, v. a. to swallow up, S'absorber, v. r. to be absorbed, or absorb. swallowed up, to be soaked.

ABSORPTION, ab-sorp-sion, s. f. absorp-

ABSOUDRE, ab-soodr, v. a. irr. absolvant, absous, j'absous, to absolve, acquit, discharge, bring in not guilty. Absoudre un pénitent, to give a penitent sinner absolution.

ABSOU-S, TE, adj. absolved, acquitted. discharged, brought in not guilty, who has re-

ceived absolution.

ABSOUTE, ab-soot, s. f. general absolution upon Maundy-Thursday in the Romish church. ABSTÈME, abs-tèm, adj. and s. absternious,

one who has an aversion to wine

ABSTENIR, (s') åbs-te-nir, (like tenir) v. r. to abstain, forbear, refrain.

ABSTERGENT, E, adj. abstergent. ABSTERGER, abs-ter-za, v. a. to absterse or absterge, cleanse.
ABSTERSI-F, vE, abster-sif, siv, adj. ab-

stersive, cleansing.

Abstersion, abstersion, s. f. abstersion. ABSTINENCE, ab-sti-nens, s. f. abstinence, temperance, sobriety, forbearance.

ABSTINENT, E, abs-ti-nen, nent, adj. abstinent, sober, temperate.

ABSTRACTION, abs-trak-sion, s. f. abstrac-Par abstraction, adv. abstractedly.

ABSTRACTIVEMENT, abs-trak-tiv-men, adv. abstractedly.

ABSTRAIRE, abs-trer, v. a. (having only the infinitive, and the present and future, in use, and those only in the singular: j'abstrais, tu abstrais, il abstrait, j'abstrairai; part. ab-

tu abstrais, il abstrait, j'abstraira; part. abstrait) to abstract.

Abstrait, E, âbs-trê, trêt, adj. abstracted.

Abstrait, E, âbs-trê, trêt, adj. abstracted.

Abstrais, E, âbs-trê, trêz, adj. abstracted.

Abstrais, âbs-sûrd, adj. absurd, foolish, noisensical, unreasonable, silly, impertinent, Abstraight, abstraid, adv. absurdly, noisensically.

Abstrait, âbs-sûrd-fa, s. f. abstrait pages, impertinents, abstrait pages, impersionally.

foolishness, unreasonableness, impertinence.

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

ARUS, \(^a\)-bu, s. m. abuse or misusing of a thing; error, mistake; fraud, cheat, deceit.

ABUSER, \(^a\)-bu-\(^a\)-de, v. n. to abuse, misuse, or use ill. Abuser d'un mot, to use a word improperly. Abuser, v. a. to gull, deceive, cheat, cozen. Abuser une fille, to seduce a virgin. S'abuser, v. r. to err, mistake, be mistaken.

ABUSEUR, à-bû-zeur, s. m. deceiver, im-

postor, cheat.

ABUSI-F, VE, à-bû-zîf, İv, adj. abusive. ABUSIVEMENT, å-bů-zlv-mên, adv. abu-

sively, improperly.

ABUTER, å-bå-tå, v. a. (at ninepins,) to throw who shall play first.

ABUTILON, s. m. sort of marsh-mallow.

ABYSSINIE, s. m. Abyssinia. ACABIT, a-kā-bī, s. m. toste (of fruit.) ACACIA, ā-kā-sīa, s. m. acacia. Acacia

ACADÉMICIEN, à-kâ-dâ-mî-siên, s. m. aca-

demist or platonic philosopher.

ACADÉMICIEN, NE. fellow of an academy or learned society.

ACADÉMIE, å-kå-då-mi, s. f. academy;

riding-school; gaming-house.
ACADÉMIQUE, å-kå-då-mik, adj. academical, academic.

ACADÉMIQUEMENT, à-kâ-dâ-mîk-mên,

adv. academically.
Académiste, å-kå-då-mist, s. m. acade-

ACADIE, s. f. Acadia. Nova Scotia.

Acagnarder, (s',) v. r. to grow lazy, slothful or idle, be besotted, sit sotting. S'acagnarder auprès d'une femme, be always at a woman's tail.

Acajou, å-kå-zôo, s. m. mahogany. Acanacé, e, å-kå-nå-så, adj. thorny.

ACANTHABOLE, s. m. acanthabolus. ACANTHE, a-kant, s. f. acanthus.

ACARIATRE, å-kå-ri-atr, adj. humoursome, peevish, scolding, cross grained.

ACARNE, s. m. sort of thistle; a sea fish. ACATALEPSIE, s. f. inability to comprehend.

ACCABLANT, E, å-kå-blèn, blènt, adj. burdensome, troublesome, grievous, unsuffera-

Accablé, r., adj. over-burdened. Accablé d'années, d'affaires, full of years or business. Accablé de dettes, in debt over head and ears. Je suis accablé de sommeil, I am very heavy, drowsy or sleepy. Accablé sous les ruines d'une maison, buried in the ruins of a house.

ACCABLEMENT, å-kabl-men, s. m. burden, oppression, grief, trouble, heaviness, discouragement. Accablement de pouls, irregular beating of the pulse, upon coming out of an

ague fit.

ACCABLER, å-kå-blå, v. a. to crush or make sink under the weight, over-burden, over-do, over-charge, over-load; to oppress, grieve, bear down, plague, weary, tire, trouble, overwhelm.

ACCALMIE, s. f. Mar. lull. Vire à l'accal-

mie, heave and a lull

ACCAFAREMENT, å-kå-pår-mên, s. m. monopoly.

ACCAI ARER, å-kå-på-rå, v. a. to forestall,

engross.
ACCAPAREU-R, SE, adj. engrosser. ACCAREMENT S. m. V. Confrontation. ACCARER, V. Confronter.

ACCASTILLAGE, å-kås-ti-låz, s. m. Mar. the castles, upper works, all that part of the hull which is above water

Accastillé, E, å-kås-tî-lå, adj. Mar. Bâtiment haut accastillé, deep-waisted ship. Acceden, åk-så-då, v. n. to accede.

Accél ERANT, E, adj. accelerating. Accelérat-eur, Rice, ak-sê-lê-râ-têur,

trls, adj. accelerator, accelerating. Acceleration, åk-sê-lê-râ-sîon, s. f. ac-

celeration.

Accélerer, ak-sê-lê-ra, v. n. to accele-

ACCENT, åk-sen, s. m. accent. Pousser de funebres accens, to cry mournfully. note, voice.

ACCENTUATION, s. f. accentuation. ACCENTUER, åk-sèn-tů-å, v. a. to accent,

mark with an accent.

ACCEPTABLE, åk-sep-tabl, adj. reasonable, not to be rejected.

Acceptant, e, adj. accepting, accepter. Acceptation, ak-sep-ta-sion, s. f. accept-

ACCEPTER, ak-sep-ta, v. a. to accept, receive.

Accepteur, ak-sep-teur, s. m. accepter

(of bill of exchange.) ACCEPTILATION, ak-sep-ti-la-sion, s. f. (in

law) acceptilation. ACCEPTION, ak-sep-sion, s. f. acception, acceptation, particular respect, regard, pre-

ference Accès, åk-se, s. m. access, admittance, a

fit. Second trial to elect a pope.

Accessible, ak-sê-sîbl, adj. accessible, approachable, of an easy access, easy to be come at.

Accession, ak-se-slon, s. f. accession, in-

crease, access, entry.
Accessit, ak-se-sit, s. m. second best pre-

Accessoire, åk-sê-swar, s. m. accessary, addition, accession or appendix; bad condition or circumstance, pinch, strait. A nerve.

Accessoire, adj. accessory, additional

Accessoirement, adv. accessorily.
Accident, ak-si-den, s. m. accident, chance, fortune, casualty. Facheux accident, mischance, ill fortune. Les accidens, the acci-

dents (in opposition to substance.) Les accidens de la grammaire, the accidence or accidents in grammar: Par accident, adv. casually, by chance, accidentally. ACCIDENTEL, LE, åk-sî-dên-têl, adj. acci-

dental, casual, adventitious.
ACCIDENTELLEMENT, ak-si-den-têl-mên,

adv. accidentally.

Accise, åk-siz, s. f. excise.

ACCLAMATEUR, s. m. shouter. ACCLAMATION, a-kla-ma-slon, s. f. acclamation, shouting, shout, huzza.

ACCLAMPÉ, adj. Mar. Mat acclampé, a mast

strengthened with clamps.
ACCLAMPER, å-klen-på, v. a. Mar. to strengthen with clamps

ACCLIMATÉ, E, å-klî-må-tå, adj. used to the climate.

ACCLIMATER, (s',) v. r. to use one's self to the climate.

*Accointance, å-kwin-tens, s. f. acquaint. ance.

buse, bût : jenne, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ACCOINTER (s'), to be familiar with, to be

ACCOISEMENT, s. m. subsiding or calming (of the humours.)

Accoiser, v. a. to quiet, quell. S'accoiser, v. r. to grow calm or still.

ACCOLADE, å-kô-låd, s. f. embracing or hugging, (a ceremony at the dubbing of a knight,) crotchet. Accolade de lapereaux, couple of rabbits roasted or served together.

Accolé, E, adj. joined, etc. Accolér, å-kô-lå, v. a. to hug or embrace. Accoler plusieurs articles dans un compte, to join several articles together in an account by a crotchet. Accoler deux lapereaux, to put two rabbits together. Accoler la vigne, to tie the vine to its prop. S'accoler, v.r. to hug one another.

Accolune, s. f. straw-band.

Accommonable, å-kô-mô-dabl, adj. that

may be settled or accommodated.
Accommodage, å-kô-mô-dåz, s. m. dressing, or cooking, (of meat.) Accommodage d'une maison, fitting up of a house.

ACCOMMODANT, E, å-kô-mô-dèn, dènt, adj. Accommodage

complying, complaisant, easy, courtcous, agreeable.

ACCOMMODATION, s. f. accommodation,

conciliation, affinity.

Accommoné, E, adj. fitted, furnished, drest, etc. easy in his circumstances.

Ассомморемент, å-kô-mod-men, s. m. accommodation, agreement, composition, reconciliation, adjusting of a quarrel; temper;

fitting up (of a house.)
ACCOMMODER, a-kô-mô-dâ, v. a. to fit or make fit, fit up, dress, trim, furnish. Accommoder sa maison ou ses affaires, to settle or mend one's concerns, clear one's estate, improve it. Accommoder à manger, to dress, or make ready victuals. To prepare, make or get ready, make fit; to suit with, be convenient for, fit, serve one's turn; to adjust, accommodate, compose, make up, settle, reconcile; adapt, conform, frame; to use.

Accommoder quelqu'un or L'accommoder de

toutes pièces, to pay one off, thrash him, beat him. Accommoder quelqu'un de quelque chose, to accommodate one with a thing, furnish him with it. S'accommoder, v. r. to put up with a thing, make a shift. S'accommoder de quelque chose, to make bold or free with a thing; (prendre ses aises) to consult one's own ease or convenience, take care of one's

Accompagnateur, å-kon-på-gnå-téur, s. m. one who accompanies the voice with an

instrument.

Accompagnement, a-kon-pagn-men, s. m. accompanying, waiting on, attendance, followers, retinue; appendix, accessary, mu-

sic played to one who sings

Accompagner, å-kon-på-gnà, v. a. to accompany, wait on, come or go along with, escort, attend or follow, be of one's retinue, play to one who sings; to match, suit. Accompagner quelque chose d'une autre, to add one thing to another. S'accompagner, v. r. to take along with one, be accompanied,

Accompli, E, a-kon-pli-pli, adj. accomshed, complete, perfect, excellent, finished. fulfilled, performed.

ACCOMPLIR, å-kon-plir, v. a. to finish, ac mplish, perform, fulfil. S'accomptir, v. r. complish, perform, fulfil. to be accomplished or fulfilled, etc.

ACCOMPLISSEMENT, a-kon-plis-men, s. m. accomplishing, fulfilling, or finishing;

performance.

Accon, s. m. flat bottomed boat, lighter. Accoquinant, E, a-kô-kl-nen, nent, adj.

alluring, engaging.

Accoquiner, å-kô-kî-nå, v. a. to besot,

allure; to contract a habit.

S'accoquiner, v. r. to grow idle or lazy, sit

sotting, trifling one's time away, be besotted.

Accord, a-kor, s. m. agreement, articles of agreement, treaty; concord, good under-standing, agreement, reconciliation; accord, consent; unity or conformity of sentiments; agreement, proportion; concert, harmony. Tout d'un accord, with one accord, unani-mously. Etre, tomber ou demeurer d'accord, mously. to agree, be agreed, consent. D'accord, je le veux bien, done, I will, I consent or agree to it, I grant it. Etre de tous bons accords; to be for any thing proposed, of an easy disposi-Un instrument qui est ou qui n'est pas d'accord, an instrument in or out of tune.

ACCORDABLE, å-kor-dabl, adj. reconcila-

ble, conciliating, grantable.

Accordatlles, å-kor-dål, s.f. pl. espousals. ACCORDANT, E, adj. tunable, agreeing in sound.

ACCORDE, s. m. keep stroke, order for rowers to strike together.

ACCORDÉ, s., å-kör-då, adj. reconciled, etc
ACCORDÉ, s. m. adj. bridegroom.
ACCORDÉE, s. f. adj. bride.
ACCORDER, å-kôr-då, v.a. to reconcile, make friends; compound, compose, adjust, make up, de difference); to tupe. make up (a difference); to tune. Accorder sa voix arec un instrument, to sing in tune with an instrument. Accorder l'adjectif avec le substantif, to make the adjective and substantive agree. To grant, allow. Accorder so, fille en mariage, to betroth one's daughter to a man. S'accorder, v. r. to agree, suit.

ACCORDEUR, s. m. one who tunes (musi-

cal instruments.)

Accordorn, å-kor-dwar, s. m. tuning key.

Accorné, E, adj. horned. Accort, E, å-kor, kort, adj. courteous, civil, complaisant, affable. Subtle, cunning, crafty. * Accortise, s. f. civility, complaisance,

affability, subtility, cunning.

Accostable, å-kos-tabl, adj. accostable,

of an easy access, affable, civil, courteous.

Accoster, a. kôs-tâ, v. a. to accost, make
or come up to. Accoster, Mar. to near, come
along side of, stand directly towards. Accoste or accoste a-bord, come along side. Accoster la terre de près, to make free with the land. S'accoster de quelqu'un, v. r. to keep company with one, accost one.
Accorer, a-kô-ta, v. a. to prop up, sup-

port, bear up. S'accoter contre, v. r. to lean

against.

Ассотоік, å-kô-twar, s. m. prop, leaning .

Accouchée, à-kôo-shà, s. f. woman newly brought to bed, woman that lies in, woman in the straw.

ACCOUCHEMENT, a-koosh-men, s.m child bed, woman's delivery.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

ACCOUCHER, a-koo-sha, v. n. to bring forth a child, be delivered, be brought to bed. Accoucher avant le terme, to miscarry. Accoucher d'un ouvrage d'esprit, to produce a work of

Accoucher, v. a. to lay or deliver a woman,

do the office of a midwife.

Accoucheur, û-kôo-shêur, s. m. manmidwife.

ACCOUCHEUSE, å-kôo-sheuz, s. f. midwife. ACCOUDER, (s') så-kôo-då, v. r. to lean on one's elbow.

Accoudorn, å-kôo-dwar, s. m. a leaning or elbow-place. Chaise à accoudoir, elbowchair.

Accourse, v. a. to strike (a flag.) Accourse, s. f. leash.

Accouplement, å-kôopl-mên, s.m. coupling or yoking together; copulation of aniinals.

Accourler, a-kdo-pla, v. a. to couple, join, or yoke together. S'accoupler, v. r. to

couple.

Accouncin, a-kôor-sir, v. a. to shorten, make shorter, abridge, cut off, clip. Accour-cir la vue, to make short-sighted, dim the sight. S'accourcir, v. r. to shorten, grow shorter, decrease.

ACCOURCISSEMENT, s. m. shortening, abridging. Accourcissement de chemin, short-

Accourir, å-kôo-rîr, v. n. (like courir) to run to. Accourir en foule, to flock together.

Accourd, E, adj. run to. *Accousiner, v. a. to treat as a cousin,

call (one) cousin.

* Accourrement, å-kôotr-mên, s. m. ac-

coutrement, garb, dress.

*ACCOUTRER, v. a. (parer) to accoutre, dress. To bang, thrash, beat.
*ACCOUTUMANCE, å-kôo-tå-mèns, s. f. usc, habit, custom.

Accoutumé, E, å-kôo-tů-må, adj. accustomed, used, inured, usual, wonted, ordinary. A l'accoutumée, adv. as usual, according to

ACCOUTUMER, å-kôo-tu-må, v. a. to accustom, use, inure. Accoutumer, v. n. to use, be wort. S'accoutumer, v. r. to accustom, use or inure one's self.

ACCRAYANTER, etc. V. Accabler or Ecraser.
ACCREDITER, å-krê-dî-tâ, v. a. to give outhority, reputation, credit or sanction to; to

put in esteem. S'accréditer, v. r. to get into credit, get a name, ingratiate one's self.
Accrétion, s. f. accretion.
Accroc, â-krô, s. m. rent (in any thing that is caught by a hook.) Hook, thorn, or

what may tear, an impediment. Асскосне, å-krôsh, s. f. hindrance, obstacle.

ACCROCHEMENT, s. m. the act of catching with a hook.

Accrocher, å-krô-shå, v. a. to hang upon a hook; to hook in; to catch; to stay, stop. Accrocher un raisseau. to grapple a ship. S'accrocher, v. r. to hang on, be caught, S'accrocher arec un raisseau, to grapcatch.

ple with a ship.

Accroire, a-krwar, v. n. (only used in Europe accroire, to make believe, create a belief of a thing untrue. En faire accroire à quelqu'un, to impose upon !!

one, put upon him. S'en faire accroire, to be self-conceited, think well of one's self.

ACCROISSEMENT, å-krwås-men, s. m. in-crease, improvement, accretion, advancement, addition.

Accroître, å-krwatr, v. a. (like croître,) to increase, add, augment, improve, advance; to accrue. S'accroître, v. r. ou accroître, v. n. to increase, grow, be augmented or advanced.

Accroupir, E, adj. squat upon the ground. Accroupir, (s') så-krôo-pîr, v. r. to sit

squat upon the ground.

ACCROUPISSEMENT, a-kroo-pis-men, s.m. sitting squat.

ACRUELL, a.-keul, s. m. reception, enter-tainment. Accueil fuvorable, kind reception. Faire accueil à quelqu'un, to make one wel-

Accueillin, a-keu-fir, v. a. to receive, entertain, make welcome; to surprise, over-

Accul, a-kul, s. m. place that has no outlet, a corner; a small cove.

ACCULEMENT, s. m. Mar. rising (of the timbers.) Acculement de la maîtresse varangue,

rising of the midship floor timber.

Acculer, å-kû-lå, v. a. to throw one on his tail, drive him to a place whence he cannot escape. Acculer quelqu'un, to put one to a nonplus. S'acculer, v. r. to sit on one's tail, throw one's self into a place where there is no danger of being attacked behind.

Accumulateur, s. m. accumulator. Accumulation, å-kû-mû-la-sîon, s. f. ac-

cumulation, heaping up.

Accumuler, å-kû-mû-lå, v. a. to accumulate, heap up. S'accumuler, v. r. to be accumulated, increase.

Accusable, a-kû-zabl, adj. accusable, blameable.

Accusat-eur, Rice, à-ků-zà-tèur, tris, s. m. et f. accuser, informer.
Accusatir, å-ků-zå-ůf, s. m. accusative

Accusation, a-ku-sa-sion, s. f. accusation, information, charge, impeachment, indict

Accusatorre, adj. accusatory.

Accusé, r., adj. accused, informed against, etc. hence l'accusé, s. m. l'accusée, s. f. the party accused, the prisoner or criminal.

Accuser, å-kå-zå, v. a. to accuse, inform against, charge with a crime, indict, impeach, reproach, dispute the validity of. To mention or give advice of (the receipt of a letter, etc.) To call (one's game.) S'accuser, v. r. to accuse one's self.

ACENS, s. m. or Acensement, a-sens-men, s. m. leased farm or the letting out for a

yearly rent.

ACENSER, å-sen-så, v. a. to lease or let out. ACEPHALE, å-se-fal, adj. without a head. ACERBE, å-serb, adj. sour, sharp.

ACERBITÉ, s. f. acerbity, sourness. Acéré, e, a-sè-rà, adj. steeled, steely, of sel. Sharp, sharp-edgod, keen, acute. Acérer, a-sè-rà, v. a. to steel, temper steel.

(iron with steel.)

ACESCENCE, s. f. tendency to sourness.
ACESCENT, E, adj. acescent, that has a tendency to sourness.

busc, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Ackteu-x, se, å-se-teu, teuz. adj. acetose acetous. Aceteuse, s. f. sorrel.

ACETUM, Alcalisé, distilled vinegar.

ACHALANDE, E, adj. accustomed or that nas customers.

ACHALANDER, å-shå-len-då, v. n. to get S'achalander, v. custom, bring customers to. r. to get or draw customers.

Acharné, E, adj. provoked, etc. Sec Acharner. Acharné an combat, eager in fight.

ACHARNEMENT, å-shårn-men, s. m. fury, rage (of animals towards their prey;) animo-

sity, strong inclination, violent propensity. ACHARNER, å-shår-nå, v. a. to provoke, incense, exasperate; to excite (animals) with the taste of flesh. S'acharner, v. r. sur ou contre, to be eager after or eagerly bent upon, fall furiously upon, be enraged or have a spite against.

Асилт, å-shå, s. m. purchase, bargain,

buying, purchasing.

ACHE, åsh, s. f. smallage, (an herb.) ACHEES, s. f. pl. worms used as baits for fish.

Achiemens, s. f. pl. (in heraldry) mantles carved.

ACHEMINEMENT, ash-min-men, s. m. a

way, a means of coming to, an introduction.
ACHEMINER, ash-mi-na, v. a. to forward. Acheminer un cheval, to teach a horse to keep the road. S'acheminer, v. r. to start, to take one's way, begin one's journey, set forward. L'affaire s'achemine, the business goes forward.

Асне́кох, å-kè-ron, s. m. Acheron, a river of hell.

Acheter, åsh-tå, v. a. to buy, purchase. Acheter bien cher une grace, to pay dear for a

Acheteur, åsh-téur, s. m. buyer, chap-

man, purchaser. ACHEVÉ, E, adj. finished, ended, concluded; accomplished, complete, perfect, absolute, rare, excellent; arrant. Un cheval achevé,

a horse thoroughly managed.
ACHEVEMENT, a-shev-men, s. m. finishing, bringing to perfection, perfecting, accom-plishing.

ACHEVER, åsh-vå, v. a, to finish, end, close, conclude, make an end of, accomplish, bring to perfection, perfect, put the last or finishing hand, polish. A peine acherait-il de parler, he had searce done speaking, the words were scarce out of his mouth. Achever de boire, to

drink up. Acherer d'emplir, to fill up.
Achit, s. m. a sort of vine that grows wild in the Island of Madagascar.

ACHOPPEMENT, a-shop-men, s. m. ou pierre d'achoppement, s. f. stumblingblock or stone.

ACHORES, s. m. pl. the thrush (a disorder.)
ACIDE, a.sid, adj. acid, sharp, sour. Acide,
s. m. a primitive salt (chymistry.)

Acidity, a-sl-dl-ta, s. f. acidity, sharpness,

ACIDULE, a-si-dal, adj. of the nature of acids. Eaux minérales acidules, acidules.

ACIDULER, ä-sî-dû-là, v. a. to temper with

acids, make sour.

ACIER, à-sî-à, s. m. steel.

Aciénie, s. f. building where steel receives its first shape after being melted.

ACOLYTE, å-kô-lît, s. m. acolyte, priest's

ACONIT, a-kô-nit, s. in. the plant aconite.

Acores d'un banc, edges of a bank. Etre à l'acore d'un banc, to be at the edge of a bank.

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V. Ecore. Les Açores, the Western islands.
ACORER, v. a. Mar. to shoar up. Acorer
une pièce d'arrimage, to wedge a cask in the

hold.

Acorus, s. m. (plent) acorus. Acotars, s. m. pl. Mar. filling pieces. Acousmate, a-koos-mat, s. m. noise of human voices or instruments thought to be heard in the air.

Acoustique, adj. relating or belonging to acousticks or to the hearing. Acquéreur, å-kê-rêur, s. m. purchaser,

bnyer.

Acquerir, a-ke-rir, v. a. (See Querir, in the table,) to acquire, get, gain, purchase, buy, procure, obtain. S'acquerir, v.r. to get, gain, be acquired, etc.

Acquer, à-ke, s. m. purchase, acquest, acquisition. Il n'est pas si bel acquet que le don,

no purchase is equal to a gift.

Acquiescement, å-kî-ês-mên, s. m. acquiescence, consent, compliance, assent.
Acquiescen, å-kl-ë-så, v. n. to acquiesce,

yield, submit, consent, condescend, comply.

Acquis, E, (from acquirir) acquired, etc. Acquis, s. in. acquirement. Ex. Avoir de Pacquis, to have acquired knowledge.

Acquisition, &-kl-zl-slon, s. f. acquisition, purchase.

Acquit, a-k1, s. m. acquittante, discharge; (at billiards) the lead. Acquit de douane, cocket. Par manière d'acquit, carelessly, neg-ligently, for fashion's sake. Jouer à l'acquit, to play to see who shall pay the whole.

Acquitter, å-ki-tå, v. a. to clear, acquit; discharge, pay off. S'acquitter, v. r. to clear or discharge or pay off one's debts. S'ucquitter de son devoir, to discharge or perform one's duty. S'acquitter d'une obligation, to discharge or requite an obligation. S'acquitter de sa promesse, to perform or make good one's promise. S'acquitter d'un vœu, to fulfil, accomplish, or perform a vow.

ACRE, akr, adj. sharp, biting, tart, sour.

Acre, s. m. acre of land.

ACRETÉ, akr-ta, s. f. sharpness, tartness, acrimony.

ACRIDOPHAGE, adj. living on locusts. Acridophages, acridophagi, or eaters of locusts.

Acrimonie, å-krl-mo-nl, s. f. acrimony.

ACRIMONIEU-X, SE, adj. acrimonious.

ACROBATE, s. m. rope-dancer.

ACROCHORDON, s. m. acrochordon, wart.

ACROCOME, s. m. & f. who has long hair. ACROMION, s. m. acromion.

ACRONIQUE, adj. acronical.

Acrostiche, å-krös-tish, s. m. & f. acrostick.

Acroteres, s. m. pl. pinnacles, pedestals in balustrades.

ACTE, akt, s. m. act, action, deed; thesis; act of a play; deed, act or instrument in law. Actes, records, public registers, rolls.

ACT-EUR, RICE, fik-teur, tris, s actor, actress, player, a manager or promoter

(of a business.) Acri-r, vr., ak-tif, tlv, adj. active Effets actife ou dettes actives, debts owing or due to us.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Action, ak-sion, s. f. action; operation, working; act, deed, feat. Action de grâces, thanks, thanksgiving. Gesture. A suit at law, speech, harangue; sermon; anger, passion; movement, motion; fight, battle; posture; stocks (of bunks, etc.)

ACTIONNAIRE, ak-sid-ner, s. m. stockholder. Actionner, åk-siô-nà, v. a. to sue, bring

an action.

ACTIVEMENT, åk-tlv-men, adv. actively,

in an active sense.

ACTIVITÉ, åk-ti-vi-tå, s. f. activity, briskness, quickness, nimbleness. Activité d'esprit, readiness or quickness of wit.

Actuel, i.e., åk-tå-el, adj. actual, real,

present. Actuellement, åk-tå-el-men, adv. ac-

tually, now.

Acutancle, a-ku-tengl, acute. *ADAGE, à-daz, s. m. adage, proverb, old

saying. ADAGIO, adv. adagio, slowly.

ADAPTATION, å-dap-ta-sion, s. f. adapta-

ADAPTER, å-dåp-tå, v. a. to adapt, apply.

ADATIS, s. m. East-India muslin. ADDITION, åd-df-sion, s. f. addition.

ADDITIONNEL, LE, adj. additional. ADDITIONNER, ad-df-sid-na, v. a. to make

an addition, cast up, add. ADEMPTION, s.f. revocation of a legacy, etc. ADÉNOGRAPHIE'S f. a treatise of the

glands.

ADEPTE, a-dept, s. m. adept. ADEQUAT, TE, adj. complete. total. ADEXTRÉ, E, adj. (in heraldry) on the

right hand.

ADHÉRENCE, à-dê-rèns, s. f. adherence,

adhesion, attachment.

ADHÉRENT, E, å-dê-rèn, rent, adj. sticking, cleaving, attached to.
ADHERENT, s. m. adherent, follower, par-

ADHÉRER, à-dè-rà, v. 14 to cleave, adhere, stick, cling; to adhere to, follow, side with,

cleave to, stick to. ADHÉSION, à-dê-zion, s. f. adhesion. ADIANTE, s. m. the plant maidenhair.

ADIAPHORE, adj. indifferent, neutral. ADIAPHORISTE, s. m. & f. a moderate Lu-

ADIEU, ît-dîêu, adv. adieu, farewell, God be with you. Adieu, mon argent, farewell my money, or farewell to my money. Dire adieu à quelque chose, to bid a thing adieu or farewell, renounce it, give it over. Adieu, s. m. farewell, leave. Suns adieu, I don't take my farewell, leave. Sans adien, I don't take my leave of you. Faire ses adienx, to take one's leave. Adieu va, Mar. helm's a lee.

ADIPEU-X, SE, adj. adipous. fat.

ADIRER, v. a. to lose, put out of the way. ADITION, s. f. Adition d'hérédité, acceptation or taking possession of an estate by hereditary right.

ADJACENT, E, ad-za-sen, sent, adj. adja-

cent, neighbouring.

ADJECTION, ad-zek-sion, s. f. adjection, addition.

ADJECTI-F, VE, ad-zek-tif, tiv, adj. & s. m.

adjective.

ADJECTIVEMENT, åd-zêk-tîv-mên, adv. adjectively

ADJOINDRE, ad-zwindr, v. a. (like joindre) to adjoin, associate, give as an assistant.

ADJOINT, E, ad-2 wint, adj. adjoined, associated, given as an assistant.

ADJOINT, s. in. assistant, colleague, joint commissioner.

ADJONETION, ad-zonk-sion, s. f. adjunction. Adjudant, åd-zå-dèn, s. m. adjutant. Adjudicataire, åd-zå-di-kå-tèr, s. m. &

f. highest bidder; party to whom a thing is adjudged.

ADJUDICATI-F, VE, adj. that adjudges or awards.

ADJUDICATION, ad-zů-dl-ka-slon, s. f. ad-

judication. ADJUGER, åd-zů-zå, v. a. to adjudge, award. ADJURATION, åd-zů-rå-sion, s. f. adjura-

tion, form of exorcism.

ADJURER, åd-zå-rå, v. a. to adjure, exorcise Admetter, åd-metr, v. a. (like metre) to admit, receive, let in; to admit of, approve of, allow, grant, acknowledge, entertain.

Adminicular, åd-mi-ni-kål, s. m. admini-

ele, help, additional proof.

ADMINISTRATEUR, åd-mi-nis-tra-teur, s. m. administrator, trustee, governor (of an hos-

ADMINISTRATION, ad-mi-nis-tra-sion, s. f. administration, government, management.

ADMINISTRATRICE, ad-mi-nis-tra-tris, s. f. administratrix; she who is entrusted with the management of affairs in a nunnery.

ADMINISTRER, åd-mi-nis-trå, v. a. to administer, manage, govern. Administrer des témoins, to procure evidence, bring proofs.

ADMIRABLE, ad-mi-rabl, adj. admirable, wonderful, marvellous, rare, good, excellent.

ADMIRABLEMENT, ad-mi-rabl-men, adv. admirably, marvellously, wonderfully, rarely,

mighty well.

Admirateur, åd-mî-râ-têur, trîs, s. m. Admiratrice, s. f. an admirer

ADMIRATI-F, VE, ad-mi-ra-tif, tlv, adj. expressive of admiration. Point admiratif, note of admiration.

ADMIRATION, ad-mi-ra-sion, s. f. admiration, wonder.

ADMIRER, ad-mi-ra, v. a. to admire, wonder at.

ADMIS, F, adj. admitted, etc. V. Admettre. ADMISSIBLE, ad-mi-sibl, adj. allowable. ADMISSION, ad-mi-sion, s. f. admission, admittance.

ADMONÉTÉ, E, adj. admonished.

Admonété, s. m. admonition, reprimand. Admonéter, ad-mô-nê-tâ, v. a. to admonish, warn, reprimand. ADMONITEUR, åd-mo-ni-teur, s. m. moni-

tor, admonisher.

Admonition, ad-mo-nl-slon, s. f. admonition, warning.

ADOLESCENCE, à-dô-lê-sens, s. f. adoles-

cence, youth. ADOLESCENT, E, à-dô-lê-sen, sent, s. m. &

f. a young man or woman.
*ADONC, adv. then. ADONIEN ou ADONIQUE, adj. Adonie,

ADONIS, à-dò-nìs, s. m. Adonis, beau. A

ADONISER, a-do-ni-za, v. a. to dress finely.

S'adoniser, v. r. to deck one's self out to appear young.

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ADONNÉ, E, adj. addicted, inclined, bent. ADONNER, (s') sà-dô-na, v. r. to addiet, or apply one's self to, give one's mind to, follow. Stadonner à un lieu, to frequent a place, be often at a place. Adonner, v. n. Mar. to draw aft, (said of the wind when it becomes favourable.) Les vents adonnent, the wind draws aft, Le vent adonne et refuse, the wind veers and hauls.

ADOPTER, å-dop-tå, v. a. to adopt, prefer. ADOPTI-F, y E, a-dôp-tif, thy, adj. adoptive. ADOPTION, à-dôp-slon, s. f. adoption. ADORABLE, à-dô-rabl, adj. adorable.

ADORATEUR, å-dô-rå-teur, s. m. adorer.

great admirer. ADORATION, å-dô-rå-sîou, s. f. adoration,

worship, reverence ADORER, å-do-rå, v. a. to adore, worship,

reverence. A oos, a-do, s. m. shelving-bed, border in a

garden. ADOSSEMENT, s. m. sitting back to back, leaning against with the back, backing,

strengthening backward.

Adosser, a-do-sa, v. a. to set the back

against a thing, set back to back, strengthen backward. S'adosser, v. r. to lean one's back.
ADOUBER, a-doo-ba, v. a. Mar. to stop holes,

repair. Adouber, v. n. (at chess, draughts, etc.) to tor. h a piece only to set it right.

ADOUCIR, å-doo-sir, v. a. to sweeten, make sweet; to soften, make soft, smooth, make smooth; allay, mitigate, assuage, ease, alleviate, to appease, pacify. Adoucir le son de la trompette, to make a trumpet sound softer. La pluie a adouci le temps, the weather is grown mild after the rain. S'adoucir, v. r. to sweeten, grow sweet; soften, grow soft, grow mild, or gentle; be tamed, assuaged, lenified, tempered, etc.

ADOUCISSANT, E, adj. softening, lenitive, emollient.

ADOUCISSANT s. m. emollient medicine, softener.

ADOUCISSEMENT, a-doo-sis-men, s. sweetening, softening, or smoothing; allay, ease, mitigation, assuaging, lenifying, appeasing, alleviation; temper. Il faut apporter quelque adoucissement aux mots qui ne sont pas bien établis, some lenitive must be used for words that are not current.

Aboué, E, à-dôo-à, adj. coupled, paired, (said of partridges, etc.)

ADRAGANT, s. m. adraganth, or gum dra-

gon.

Adressant, E, adj. directed, addressed. Adresse. a-dres, s.f. direction; address; industry, dexterity, cunning, knack; subtlety, cunning, craftiness, slyness, shrewdness. L'adresse d'une lettre, the direction of a letter. Bureau d'adresse. office of intelligence.

Adressen, a-dre-sa, v. a. to address, direct, send. Adresser un livre à quelqu'un, to dedicate a book to one. S'adresser, v. r. to be directed. S'adresser à quelqu'un, to apply, make application. Ce discours s'adresse à vous seul, this discourse regards, or is directed to you alone. Adresser, v. n. to hit the mark.

ADROIT, E, à-drwà, drwat, adj. dexterous, handy, iugenious, industrious, cunning, neat,

skilful; subtle, sly, wise.

ADROIT 3. m. cunning or subtle fellow. ADROI. EMENT, å-drawt-men, adv. dexterously, neatly, industriously, wisely; cun ningly, subtilely.

ADULAT-EUR, RICE, a-du-la-teur, tris, s. m & f. flatterer.

ADULATION, å-då-lå-slon, s. f. flattery.

ADULER, v. a. to flatter.

ADULTE, å-dålt, adj. adult. ADULTERATION, s. f. adulteration. ADULTÈRE, å-dål-tèr, adj. adulterous; adulterate.

ADULTÈRE, s. m. adulterer, adultery, avowtry. Adultère, s. f. adulteress.

ADULTÈRER, v. a. to adulterate, (in phar

macy.) Adultérer, v. n. to commit adulte-

ry.
ADULTERIN, E. å-důl-tê-rin, rîn, adj.
adulterine, bastardly, begotten in adultery.

ADUSTE, adj. adust, over-heated. ADUSTION, s. f. adustion, burning.

ADVENTI-F, VE, ad-ven-uf, the, adj. adventitious, casual.

ADVERBE, åd-verb, s. m. adverb.

ADVERBIAL, E, åd-vêr-biāl, adj. adverbial, belonging to the adverb.

ADVERBIALEMENT, åd-vêr-biâl-mên, adv.

adverbially.

ADVERBIALITÉ, s. f. quality of a word looked upon as an adverb.

ADVERSAIRE, ad-ver-ser, s. m. & f. adversary, adverse party, opposer.

ADVERSATI-F, ve, åd-ver-så-tif, tlv, adj. adversative.

Adverse, åd-vers, adj. adverse. Adversité, åd-ver-sl-tå, s. f. adversity,

calamity, misery, trouble.

Afolipyle, s. m. aeolipile. Afre, e, a-e-ra, adj. in an airy situation. Afrer, a-e-ra, v. a. to air, give the enjoyment of air, expose to the air.

AÉRIEN, NE, à-ê-rlên, riên, adj. aerial, airy. AÉRIER, à-ê-rlà. V Aérer.

AÉRIFORME, adj. said of a fluid that has the physical properties of air.

AÉROGRAPHIE, s. f. aerography. AÉROLOGIE, s. f. aerology.

AÉROMANCIE, s. f. aeromaney. AÉROMETRE, s. m. aerometer, (instrument

to measure the density of air.)
AÉROMÈTRIE, s. f. aerometry.

AFRONAUTE, a-ê-rô-not, s. m. aeronaut. aerial navigator.

AEROPHOBE, s. m. one who dreads the air А́Екорновіє, s. m. aerophobia, dread of the air.

AÉROSTAT, à-e-ros-tà, s. m. aerostatick machine, air balloon.

Afrostatique, adj. aerostatiek. Afrugineux, V. Engineux. Affabilité, å-få-bî-lî-tå, s. f. affability, courtesy.

AFFABLE, a-fabl, adj. affable, civil, courte-

AFFABLEMENT, adv. affably, courteously, lovingly, kindly.

AFFABULATION, s. f. moral of a fable. AFFADIR, å-få-dir, v. 2. to render insipid, to eloy, disgust.

AFFADISSEMENT, a-fa-dis-men, s. m. cloyment, nauseousness.

AFFAIRE, a-fer, s. f. affair, business, thing, matter; case, cause or suit in law; concern, bargain; trouble, scrape, pain; quarrel; oc-casion, want, need. Se tirer d'offaire, to rebar, bat, base: thère, čbb, over: field, flg: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Etre mal dans ses affaires, faire mal ses affaires, not to thrive, to go down the wind. Faire bien ses affaires, to thrive, do well, prosper. Faire ses affaires, to answer the calls of nature. Avoir affaire à des forces supérieures, to have to contend with an enemy of superiour

APFAIRÉ, E, å-få-re, adj. busy, full of business.

AFFAISSEMENT, å-fes-men, s. m. sinking, weighing down, pressing down.

AFFAISSER, a-fe-sa, v. a. to press, weigh down. S'affaisser, v. r. to sink (with too much weight.)

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AFFAITER, v. a. to train (a hawk,) to tame. AFFALÉ, E, a-fa-la, adj. wind-bound. Etre affale, to be over-hauled, embayed. Affale

sur la côte, embayed.

Affaler, a-fa-fa, v. a. Marto lower, over-Affaler un palan, to shift a tackle. haul.

S'affaler, v. r. to get embayed or becalmed.

Affame, E, adj. famished, starved; greedy.

Un habit affamé, a scanty coat.

AFFAMER, å-fa-må, v. a. to famish, starve. Affamer son écriture, to make one's strokes in writing too fine.

AFFÉAGEMENT, à-fê-az-mên, s. m. the

granting on fee farm.

AFFEAGER, å-fe-å-≈å, v. a. to grant on fee farm.

AFFECTATION, a-fek-ta-sion, s. f. affectation.

Affecté, E, adj. affected; studied, overcuriously done; assigned, attributed proper or. properly belonging to some thing; afflicted.
AFFECTER, a-fek-ta, v. a. to destine, appropriate; to mortgage; to affect, do with too

much study, to study, desire. S'affecter, v. r. to be affected.

AFFECTI-F, VE, å-fêk-tîf, tiv, adj. Ex. Théologie affective, that part of theology which moves the affections.

AFFECTION, å-fek-sion, s. f. affection; love, benevolenee, good-will, kindness, inclination, passion; mind, study, desire; zeal, earnest-

ness: attachment. Affectionné, E, å-fék-síð-nå, adj. affectionate, well-affected. Mal affectionné, ill-affected. Affectionné à une chose, addicted to

a thing.

AFFECTIONNER, å-fêk-slô-nå, v. a. to love, have a love or an affection for, affect, fancy like, favour. Affectionner une affaire, to espouse a cause. S'affectionner, v.r. (à quelque chose,) to attach or apply one's self to a thing.

AFFECTUEUSEMENT, å-fek-tå-euz-men,

adv. affectionately, heartily

AFFECTUEUX, SE, à fêk-tâ-èu, euz, adj. affectionate, kind, obliging, hearty, affecting. AFFERMER, à fêr-ma, v. a. to farm, let,

lease out; to hire, rent, take on a lease. AFFERMIR, å-fêr-mîr, v. a. to strengthen, fasten, make fast or firm. Affermir son pied, to set one's foot upon sure ground. To harden, consolidate, make hard, firm or tough; to establish, eonform, settle, secure, eorroborate, fortify. Affermir son esprit contre les dangers, to inure or harden one's self against dangers. S'affermir, v. r. to be confirmed or established. S'affermir dans son dessein, to persist in one's design.

AFFERMISSEMENT, å-fer-mis-men, s. m. stay, support, prov; strengthening, fastening, etc. Establishment, confirmation, settlement. AFFETE, E, å-fè-lå, adj. affected, full of affectation, precise, nice.

AFFÉTERIE, å-fêt-rl, s. f. affectation, pre-

eiseness, niceness.

AFFETTO or AFFETTUOSO, adv. to be played with a tender expression (in musick.) AFFETHAGE, Affener, V. Afforage, afforage. AFFICHE, a-fish, s. f. bill or paper posted

up in publick places, placard.

AFFICHER, a-fl-sha, v. a. to post up.

AFFICHEUR, &-fl-sheur, s. m. one that

posts up bills, papers or plaeards.

AFFIDE, r., å-fl-då, adj. trusty. Affidé, s. m. trusty friend, confidant.

AFFIER, v. a. to plant, graft.

AFFILÉ, E, adj. sharpened, whetted, set, keen. Aroir la langue bien affilée, to have a umble or glib tongue.

AFFILER, å-fl-lå, v. n. to set, set on edge,

sharpen, whet.

AFFILIATION, a-fi-li-a-sion, s. f. affiliation. adoption.

AFFILIER, a-fl-ll-a, v. a. to adopt, also to initiate in all the mysteries of a religious order. S'affilier, to join or unite onc's self to a church or society

Affinage, a-fi-naz, s. m. affinage, refining.

Affine, F., adj. fined, refined. Affinement, s. m. V. Affinage. Affiner, a-fl-na, v. a. to make finer, refine (metals, etc.) Affiner quelqu'un, to cheat one. Affiner, v. n. to clear up, (said of the weather.) S'affiner, v. r. to grow refined.

Affinerie, a-fin-ri, s. f. a little forge

where iron is made into wire; iron refined

and prepared for sale; finary.

Affineur, å-fl-neur, s. m. refiner.

Affinité, å-fl-nl-tå, s. f. affinity; rela-

tion, agreement, acquaintance, familiarity.
Affinoir, a-fi-nwar, s. m. hatchel to make hemp finer.

AFFIQUET, a-f1-ke, s. m. case for knitting needles. Affiquets, s. m. pl. trinkets or little ornaments (of a woman's dress.)

AFFIRMANT, E, adj. affirmant, affirming. AFFIRMATI-F, VE, &-fir-ma-tif, tlv, adj. affirmative, peremptory, positive.

AFFIRMATION, a-fir-ma-sion, s. f. affirma tion, assertion; oath, affidavit.

AFFIRMATIVE, s. f. affirmative

AFFIRMATIVEMENT. a-flr-ma-tlv-men, adv. affirmatively, by way of affirmation, positively.

Affirmer, a-f ir-ma, v. n. to affirm, assert, ascertain, assure, maintain; to swear, take one's oath, confirm with an oath.

AFFLEURER, v. a. to level. Affleurer, Mar. to fay.

AFFLICTION, a-flik-slon, s. f. affliction, trouble, sorrow, anguish, vexation, grief; ad versity, misfortune, calamity, misery, dis-

AFFLICTI-F, VE, a-flik-tif, the, adj. Ex. Peine afflictive, corporeal punishment.

Afflicé, E, adj. afflicted, grieved, troubled, sorrowinl; cast down, vexed, disquieted; distressed, in affliction or distress.

Afflick, E., s. m. & f. a person afflicted, etc. Afflicentr, F., å-fli-zen, zent, adj. afflict-ing, afflicitee, sad, grievons. Afflicen, å-fli-zå, v. a. to afflict, grieve,

trouble, cast down; to vex, disquiet, torment;

buse, but : joune, monte, bourre : enfant, cont, lien : vin : mon : brun.

mortify, macerate. S'affliger, v. n. to grieve; | be afflicted, troubled or east down.

AFFLOUER, v. a. Mar. to come affoat. AFFLUENCE, a-fluens, s. f. plenty, great store, abundance. Affluence de monde, concourse or great resort of people. Affluent, E, å-flå-en, ent, adj. running

AFFLUER, å-flå-å, v. n. to flow, run (into the same place;) to abound, to resort or come

together, flock.

Affoiblie, å-fê-blîr, v. a. to weaken, make weak or faint, debilitate, enervate, enfeeble. Affoiblir la monnoie, to clip coin, diminish the weight of it. S'affoiblir, v. r. to grow weak, feeble or infirm, to lose one's strength, decay.

AFFOIBLISSANT, E, a-fe-bli-sen, sent, adj.

weakening.

AFFOIBLISSEMENT, å-fé-blîs-mên, s. m. weakening, ensecbling. Affoiblissement de courage, discouragement. Affoiblissement de monnoies, clipping, reducing the weight of coin.

Affolé, E, å-fô-lå, adj. extremely fond, desperately in love, doting. Boussole on Aiguille affolée, bad compass, compass not true.

AFFOLER, v. a. to make extremely fond, to

make one dote upon.

AFFOLIR, v. n. to grow foolish.

AFFORAGE, s. m. assize or price set by the Magistrates; duty paid to the lord of the manor for selling wine, etc.

Afforer, v. a. to assize, set the price.
*Affouguer, v. a. to give fire.
Affouragement, å-fôo-råz-mên, s. m.

foddering, feeding.
Affourager, a-foo-ra-za, v. a. to fodder, feed.

Affourcher, å-fðor-shå, v. a. Mar. to moor or moor across, cast one anchor and eable across another. Affourcher avec un cable sur chaque ancre, to moor with a cable each way.

Affourer, v. a. V. Affourager. Affranchi, E, a-fren-shi, shi, adj. free, freed, set at liberty, etc. Affranchi, e, s. m.

& f. one made free

AFFRANCHIR, å-frèn-shîr, v. n. to free one from a thing; to set free, make free, give one lis liberty, enfranchise. Affranchir une lettre, to frank a letter. To free, deliver, exempt, discharge. Affranchir un bâtiment, Mar. to free a ship of water, pump her out dry. S'affranchir, v. r. to free or to rid one's self, get free.

AFFRANCHISSEMENT, å-frèn-shìs-mën, s. m. setting free, delivery, discharge, exemp-

tion, enfranchisement.

Affres, s. f. pl. great fright. Affretement, å-frêt-mên, s. m. Mar.

freight or hire (of a ship.)

AFFRÉTER, å-frê-tå, v. a. Mar. to freight. AFFRÉTEUR, å-frê-têur, s. m. freighter.

A FFREUSEMENT, å-freuz-mên, adv. horri-bly terribly, dreadfully, frightfully.

AFFREU-x, se, å-freu, freuz, adj. hideous, dreadful, grisly, ghastly, frightful, tetrible.

Affriander, å-fri-en-då, v. a. to make

dainty, to allure with dainties.

Affriolen, à-frì-ò-là, v. a. to allure, cutice, decoy.

AFFRITER, v. a. Affriter une poêle neuve, to prepare and try a new frying-pan, so as to make it fit for frying with.

AFFRONT, a-fron, s. m. affront, abuse, contumely; reproach, disgrace, dishonour. shame. AFFRONTAILLES, s. f. pl. bounds of several

pieces of ground. AFFRONTÉ, E, adj. facing each other, (in

heraldry;) dared

AFFRONTER, å-fron-tå, v. a. to encounter, attack with great resolution, dare; to cheat, gull, cozen.

AFFRONTERIE, a-front-ri, s. f. eheat, eo-

zening; effrontery.

AFFRONTEU-R, SE, å-fron-teur, teuz, s. m. & f. eheat, impostor.

Affublement, a-fubl-men, s. m. cover-

ing, any thing that serves to muffle or wrap up one's head or body.

Affubler, å-fû-blå, v. a. to muffle, cover

S'affubler de quelqu'un, v. r. to be wrapped up in any one.

Affût, å-fû, s. m. carriage for a gun or mortar; place where the hunter waits for game. Etre à l'affût, to be upon the watch.

AFFÛTAGE, å-fû-tåz, s. m. mounting of a

piece of ordnance; a set of tools, implements; dressing of an old hat; grinding of tools.

AFFÛTÉ, E, adj. mounted (cannon;) that

has his tools ready, furnished with tools, set sharp.

AFFÛTER, å-fû-tå, v. a. un canon, to mount a eannon. Affûter un outil, to set a tool, make

AFILAGER, s. m. officer presiding over publick sales at Amsterdam.

AFIN de, a-fin, (with infinitive,) in order to. Afin que, (with subjunctive,) that, to the end or in order that. As afin de and afin que are often equivalent to pour and pour que .- See

AGA, a-ga, s. m. aga, (Turkish officer.) AGAÇANT, E, å-gå-sen, sent, adj. enticing, alluring.

AGACE, s. f. a magpic.

AGACEMENT, à-gas-mên, s. m. setting on edge.

AGACER, å-gå-så, (les dents,) v. a. to set (the teeth) on edge; to provoke, urge, egg, anger, exasperate, entice.

AGACERIE, å-gås-rl, s. f. enticement, en-couragement. Faire des agaceries à quelqu'un, to make advances to one (in love affairs.)

AGALLOCHIUM, s. m. aloes. AGAPES, å-gåp, s. f. pl. love feasts, (among primitive christians.)

AGAPÈTES, s. f. pl. virgins in the primitive church.

AGARIC, å-gå-rik, s. m. agarie, (a plant.) AGASILLIS, s. m. shrub that produces the

ammoniacal gum. AGATE, å-gåt, s. f. agate.

AGE, az, s. m. age, one's days, years, life. Bas age, jeune age, age tendre, tender age, infancy, childhood, youth. Il ne peut pas ven-dre son bien, il n'est pas d'âge, he cannot sell his estate, he is not of age or he is under age. La merveille de notre âge, the wonder of our age, days or time. Several centuries, an age, tract of time. L'âge ou le siècle d'or, the golden age.

Ac É, E, adj. aged ; être âgé de ringt ans, to be twenty years old; aged, old, elderly, bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, tig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

well stricken in years. It est agé, he is in [

AGENCE, a-zens, s. f. agency.

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AGENCEMENT, a-zens-men, s. m. order,

arrangement; grouping (in painting.)
AGENGER, a-zew-sa, v. a. to set in order, arrange, dispose, fit up. S'agencer, v. r. to rig or trim one's self.

AGENDA, å-zin-da, s. m. memorandum, book of memorandums, table-book, pocketbook.

AGENOUILLER, åz-noo-lå, v. a. to kneel down. S'agenouiller, v. a. to kneel, kneel down, fall upon one's knees.

AGENOUILLOIR, s. m. hassock, bench to

kneel upon at prayers. AGENT, à-zên, s. m. agent. Agent de

change, exchange broker. AGEOMETRIE, s. f. deviation from the rules

of geometry.

AGGLOMERATION, s. f. agglomeration. AGGLOMÉRER, v. n. to agglomerate, gather up in a ball.

AGGLUTINANT, E, adj. & s. agglutinant;

des agglutinans, agglutinants.

AGGLUTINATI-F, VE, adj. agglutinative. AGGLUTINATION, s. f. agglutination. AGGLUTINEMENT, s. m. agglutination, co-

AGGLUTINER, v. a. to agglutinate.

AGGRAVANT, E, a-gra-ven, vent, adj. aggravating.

AGGRAVATION, s. f. aggravation.

AGGRAVE, s. m. threatening, monitory. AGGRAVÉ, F., adj. aggravated; (de sommeil,) heavy with sleep.

AGGRAVER, â-grâ-và, v. a. to aggravate. AGILE, â-zll, adj. agiie, quick, nimble, ac-

Aoilement, a-2îl-mên, adv. nimbly, rea-

dily, quickly AGILITÉ, å-zî-lî-tå, s. f. nimbleness, agi-

lity, quickness, swiftness, activity. AG10, a-zi-ò, s. m. course of exchange.

AGIOS, s. m. pl. trinkets. AGIOTAGE, a-zî-ô-taz, s. m. stock-jobbing. AGIOTER, a-zî-ô-tâ, v. n. to be a stockjobber.

A GIOTEUR, å-≈1-д-teur,s. m. a stock-jobber. AGIR, a-zir, v. n. to act, to deal with, onerate; influence, work; to negociate, manage; (manière d'agrir) way of proceeding, course. Agir contre quelqu'un, to sue, prosecute any one at law. Il s'agrit, the matter or point is. Ex. De quoi s'agit-il? what's the matter? Il ne s'agit pas de cela, that is not the business Il s'agit de votre vie, your life is at in hand. stake or in danger.

AGISSANT, E, a-zî-sen, sent, adj. efficacious, active, busy, stirring.

AGITATEUR, s. m. agitator. AGITATION, a.zl-ta-slon, s. f. agitation, toss, violent motion, jolting, tumbling, per-

turbation, trouble.

AGITER, å-zl-ta, v. a. to shake, toss, tumble, jolt; to agitate, hurry, trouble, disquiet, torture; to agitate or debate (a question.) S'agiter, to put one's self into a violent motion, throw one's self about, be agitated, etc. AGNAT, ag-na, s. m. male issue, descend-

ing from a collateral male line.

AGNATIQUE, og-nå-tik, adj. relating to male issue.

AGNATION, ag-na-sion, s. f. agnation. AGNEAU, å-gnò, s. m. lamb. De l'ou chair d'agneau, lamb or lamb flesh. De l'agneau

AGNELER, agn-la, v. a. to yean, bring

forth lambs. *AGNELET, ågn-lê, s. m. lambkin.

Agnus, å-gnås, s. m. Aguns Dei, Lamb of God.

AGNUS-CASTUS, å-gnus-kas-tus, s. m. ag-

nus-castus. AGONIE, a-go-nl, s. f. agony, pangs of

death, last gasp; extreme anguish, grief, trouble. Etre à l'agonie, to be at the point of death.

AGONISANT, E, adj. dying, in a dying condition.

AGONISER, a-go-nî-za, v. n. to be at the point of death, be dying, be in agony

AGONISTIQUE, adj. agonistic, relating to prize fighting. Agonistique, s. f. agonism.
AGONOTHÈTE, s. m. officer who presided

at ancient games,

AGONYCLYTES, s. m. pl. christians who never kneeled in prayer.

AGRAFE, å-graf, s. f. clasp. Agrafe d'une

hotte, brace of a dorser or pannier. AGRAFER, à-grà-fà, v. a. to clasp.

AGRAIRE, à-grèr, adj. agrarian. AGRANDIR, à-grèn-dir, v. a. to enlarge, make greater or bigger, increase, augment, improve; to raise, advance, prefer; to amplify, exaggerate, aggravate. S'agrandir, v. r. to raise or advance one's self, advance

or make one's fortune, enlarge one's estate, grow, increase. AGRANDISSEMENT, à-grèn-dis-mên. s. m. improvement, enlarging, increase. Advance-

ment, preferment, promotion, growth, rise. AGRÉABLE, à-grè-abl, adj. agreeable, pleasant, pleasing, acceptable, welcome, grateful, charming. Agréable, s. m. Ex. Jointer l'utile à l'agréable, to join profit with pleasure. Avoir pour agréable, to like, accept, be pleased with.

AGRÉABLEMENT, a-grê-abl-mên, adv. agreeably, pleasantly, merrily, gladly, com-

fortably

AGRÉER, à-grê-à, v. a. to accept, receive kindly; to allow, approve of, like; v. n. to piease, be pleasing or acceptable to. Agréez que je vous dise, give me leave to tell you.

Agréer un vaisseur, to rig a ship.
AGRÉEUR, à-grè-êur, s. m. rigger of ships.
AGRÉGATION, à-grè-gà-siôn, s. f. admission (into a society;) aggregation; adherence.

par agregation, aggregate body

AGRÉGÉ, E, å-grê-zà, adj. aggregated, admitted (into a society;) agrégé au collège royal, fellow of the royal college. Agrégé, s. m.

aggregate, aggregate body.
AGREGER, a-gre-za, v. a. to aggregate, admit (into a society.)

AGRÉMENT, a-grè-men, s. m. liking, approbation, consent, agreeableness, charm, allurement, agreeable quality, comfort, plea-sure, delight. Ornament, what helps to set off (in dress.) Variation (in musick.) AGRES, a-gre, s. m. pl. Mar. rigging.

AGRESSER, a-grê-sa, v. a. to aggress. AGRESSEUR, a-grê-seur, s. m. aggressor. ACRESSION, a-gra-sion, s. f. aggression.

base, but: jeune, meute, beurre: enfant, eent, lien: vin: mon: brun.

AGRESTE, å-grest, adj. wild, agrestie, ill bred, rustie, clownish, unmannerly, savage. Fruit agreste, wild fruit.

AGRICOLE, adj. addicted to agriculture. AGRICULTEUR, s. m. one who cultivates

the earth. AGRICULTURE, å-gri-kål-tur, s. f. agriculture, husbandry

AGRIE, s. f. kind of tetter which corrodes the skin and causes the hair to fall off.

AGRIFFER, (s') v. r. to catch with the claws, lay hold of, scize, cling fast.
AGRIMOINE, s. f. V. Aigremoine.
AGRIOPHAGE, adj. that lives upon wild

beasts. AGRIOTE, a-grì-ôt, s. f. sour cherry.

AGRIPAUME, s. f. mother-wort. AGRIPPER, å-gri-på, v. a. to gripe, seize

catch at. S'agripper, v. r. to lay hold of, cling to.

AGRONOMIE, s. f. theory of agriculture. AGRONOME, s. m. a theoretical farmer. AGROUPER, V. Grouper.

Aguerri, E, adj. disciplined, exercised in martial discipline, inured to the hardships of war, experienced in war. Soldats mal aguerris, undisciplined, unexperienced or raw soldiers.

AGUERRIR, å-ge-rir, v. a. to train up in war, discipline, inure to the hardships of war. S'aguerrir, v. r. to grow warlike, use or inure one's self to the hardships of war; (à une chose,) to use one's self to a thing.

AGUETS, å-ge, s. m. pl. watch, watching. Etre or se tenir aux aguets, to lie in wait, be

upon the watch.

AH, a! interj. oh! alas! A! ah, hah! ho! *AHAN, s. m. trouble, labour, fatigue; faire une chose avec ahan, to do a thing with great effort.

*AHANER, v. n. to toil, to be in pain. AHEURTÉ, E, adj. obstinate, stiff, peremp-

AHEURTEMENT, à-éurt-mên, s. m. obsti-

nacy, stiffness of opinion. AHEURTER, (s') å-eur-tå, v. r. to maintain a thing obstinately or to stick to it, be stiff or obstinate in a thing, persist firm in a purpose, be fully resolved.

Ані, å-ì, interj. of pain. Oh!

*Ahurir, å-å-rir, v. a. to amaze, confuse, perplex.

AIDANT, adj. helping. Ex. Dieu aidant, aby God's help.

AIDE, ed, s. m. helper, assistant, mate. Aide à maçon, mason's man. Aide de cuisine, under eook. Aide de cérémonies, under mas-

ter of the ceremonies. Aide major, adjutant. AIDES, Mar. Aides-charpentiers, carpenter's crew. Aides-chirurgiens, surgeon's mates. Aide-pilote, pilot's mate or rather quarter-master. Aides-voiliers, sail-maker's

crew. AIDE, s. f. aid, assistance, help, relief, support, helper, help, (a serving woman;) chapel

of ease. A l'aide, help!
AIDES, cd, s. f. pl. excise, taxes, customs, subsidies. La cour des aides, the court of ex-

AIDER, e-da, v. a. to aid, assist, help, succour, favour, relieve, support. Aider à la lettre, to supply what is not expressed, to embellish, S'aider, v. r. to help one's self.

S'aider ou s'entr'aider, to help one another. S'aider de quelque chose, to use a thing, make use of it

AIE, ay, interj. oh! oh dear.

AIEUL, E, a-yeul, s. m. and f. grandfather, grandmother; in the plural, Areuls, m. & Areules, f. Areux, forefathers, ancestors, predecessors.

AIGAIL, s. m. dew.

AIGAYER, v. a. to wash, soak, rinse.

AIGLE, egl, s. f. & m. eagle; an eagle of copper with extended wings used as a desk in the middle of a choir; sort of ray. Des yeux d'aigle, eagle's eyes, piercing eyes. d'aigle, bold flight (of the mind.)

AIGLETTES, ê-glêt, s. f. pl. eaglets (in

heraldry.)

AIGLON, e-glon, s. m. eaglet, young eagle. AIGRE, egr, adj. sour, sharp of taste, strong, ill, unpleasant, harsh, rough, fragile, brittle, sour, sharp, bitter, erabbed, rough, ill-natured, churlish, severe (person.)

AIGRE, s. m. sourness. Aigre de limon, lemonade; aigre doux, between sweet and

AIGREFIN, egr-fin, s. m. one who lives by his wits, sharper.

AIGRELET, TE, egr-le, let, adj. sourish, a little sour.

AIGREMENT, egr-men, adv. sourly, sharp-

ly, bitterly, severely, roughly.

AIGREMOINE, s. f. agrimony (an herb.)

AIGREMORE, s. m. pulverized charcoal. AIGRET, TE, ê-grê, grêt, adj. sourish, a little sour.

AIGRETTE, s. f. egret, sort of white heron; plume made of its feathers. Aigrette d'eau, water-work in form of a heron's tuft.

AIGREUR, è-greur, s. f. sourness, sharpness, bitterness, roughness, tartness, ill-nature, heat, grudge, spite, spleen, ill-will, malice, animosity, odium. Aigreurs, s. f. pl. heartburning; engraving where the aqua-fortis has eaten too deep.

AIGRIR, ê-grîr, v. a. to make sour or sharp, to example rate, incense, provoke, increase, to make ill-humoured, cross or peevish, give the spleen. S'aigrir, v. r. to sour, turn sour, grow sour or sharp, to fall into a passion, be

angry. Atou, F., ê-gû, gû, adj. pointed, sharp, keen, acute, prickly; (of the mind) acute, sharp, ingenious, subtle, witty, quick; (of sight) piercing, quick, keen; (of voice) shrill, loud, clear; (of pain) sharp, acute, violent. Accent aigu, acute accent. Angle aigu, acute angle. Mente aigue, spear-mint.

angle. Mente aigue, spear-mint.
AIGUADE, e-gad, s. f. Mar. watering place. Faire aiguade, to take in fresh water, to

water.

AIGUAIL, s. m. dew.

AIGUAYER, v. a. to bathe, wash in water. AIGUE marine, eg-ma-rin, s. f. sort of precious stone.

Alguiere, ê-ger, s. f. ewer.

Alguieree, ê-gê-râ, s. f. ewer-full. Alguillade, s. f. an ox-goad. Alguille, ê-gû-ll, s. f. needle; (de têle,) bodkin for the hair; hand of a watch, cock or . needle of a balance, spire of a church, thornback, (fish.) Aiguille, Mar. out-rigger, topmast, spar employed to support a lower mast in heaving down a ship. Aiguille de fanul.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

AIGUILLET, ê-gûl-là, s. f. needle-full.

AIGUILLET, ê-gûl-là, v. a. to couch the eye.

AIGUILLETTE, ê-gûl-lêt, s. f. point, tagged
point, also slice. Courir l'aiguillette, to play the common whore. Lâcher l'aiguillette, to ease one's self. Aiguillette de porques, Mar. upper futtock riders; V. Eguillettes. Aiguillette on ligne d'amarrage, lashing.
AIGUILLETTÉ, E, adj. whose breeches are tied with points, also stiff, starched, V. Eguillettes.

AIGUILLETTER, ê-gâl-lê-tâ, v. a. to tie

with points. Mar. to clash.

AIGUILLETTIER, ê-gůî-lê-tlà, s. m. one who tags or points laces or cords.

AIGUILLIER, ê-gûî-flà, s. m. needle-casc,

also needle-maker.

Alguillon, ê-gůi-lon, s. m. sting, goad, spur, motive, incentive, incitement, inducement, encouragement.

AIGUILLONNER, e-gul-lo-na, v. a. to in-

cite, goad, spur on, stir up, egg on.
Alguisé, E, é-gl-za, adj. whetted, made sharp, etc. AIGUISEMENT, e-giz-men, s. m. whetting,

sharpening.

Alguiser, ê-gî-zå, v. a. to whet, sharpen, make sharp, set an edge on.

AIL, al, s. m. aux in the plural, garlick,

clove of garlick.

Alle, el, s. f. wing. Bout d'aile. V. Boudelle. Ailes d'un moulin à vent, sweeps of a wind-mill. Ailes d'une armée, wings of an army. Ailes d'un bâtiment, wings of a building. Aile de la nef d'une église, aisle or ile of a church. Ailes de lardoire, broad end of a larding pin. Aile, lead wherein are set the panes of glass windows. Jen ai dans l'aile, I am caught, I am at a loss, I am undone. En tirer pied ou aile, to get a snack or snip of it. Il ne but plus que d'une cile, he is gone, he is undone, he is put to his last shifts. Aile, s. f. ale. Ailes d'arrimage, Mar. wings of the hold. Ailes de derive, leo boards; ailes de la cale, run. Bouts-d'aile, quills (for pens.)

AILÉ, E, č-lå, adj. winged, that has wings. AILERON, el-ron, s. m. extremity of a wing; fin. Ailerons, wings or ladles (of a watermill;) gristly part (of the nose on both sides

of the tip.)

AILLADE, ê-lêt, s. f. side-lining (of a shoe.)
AILLADE, ê-lâd, s. f. garlick ragout or

AILLEURS, å-leur, adv. elsewhere, somewhere else, in another place. Par ailleurs, through another place. D'ailleurs, from, another place; besides, moreover; otherwise, in other things, in other respects.

AIMABLE, É-mabl, adj. amiable, lovely. AIMANT, é-mên, s. m. loadstone, magnet. AIMANTÉ, E, adj. rubbed or touched with a

loadstone; aiguille aimantée, magnetic needle. AIMANTER, e-men-ta, v. a. to rub or touch

with a loadstone. Almantin, E, &-men-tin, tin, adj. of or be-

longing to a loadstone, magnetick. AIMÉ, E, adj. loved, beloved. Bicnaimé,

well-beloved, darling.

AIMER, e-ma, v. a. to love, have an affec-tion or inclination for, like, be in love with, be taken with, fancy, be fond of. Se faire !!

lantern beam, iron brace or crank of a poop aimer, to gain people's love, favour or good or top lantern. Aimer mieux une chose qu'une autre, to pre fer one thing to another.

S'aimer, v. r. to love one's self. S'aimer en quelque lieu, to like a place, like or love being there, delight in it. S'entr'uimer, to

love one another.

AINE, èn, s. f. groin.

AINE, E, è-nà, adj. eldest, first born: elder, older, senior. L'ainé de deux frères, the elder

brother.
AINE, s. m. eldest son, first-born.

AINÉE, s. f. eldest daughter. AINESSE, è-nes, s. f. eldership.

d'aînesse, birthright. *Ains, ins, adv. Ex. Ains au contraire, but on the contrary.

Ainsi, in-si, adv. so, thus, after this manner; so, just so, likewise; therefore. Ainsi que ou tout ainsi que, as, even as, so as. Est-ce ainsi que vous étudiez? Do you study no better? Il est ainsi fuit, that is his temper, way, or humour. On est ainsi fuit, such is the genius of this age. Ainsi-soit-il, amen, so be it. *Ainsi n'avienne, God forbid.

*Comme ainsi soit que, whereas.

AIR, er, s. m. air, wind. En l'air, in vain, vainly, sillily, extravagantly. Prendre l'air du feu ou d'un fagot, to warm one's self by the fire or with a fagot. Déchausser les arbres par le pied pour leur donner de l'air, to bare the roots of trees or dig the earth about them, to refresh them. Donner de l'air à un tonneau, to give vent to a vessel. Avoir tou-jours le pied en l'air, to be always in motion, futter about. Air, air, manner, way, course, carriage, rate, form, fashion, demeanour, look, countenance, aspect, presence, fashion, cut side, appearance, harmony of features, (in a picture,) etc. Avoir l'air de quelqu'un, to look like one, be like him. Je vois tous les traits, etc. de votre visage dans ce portrait, mais l'air n'y est pas, I see all your features in this picture, but yet it wants your air. Air de Vent. V. Aire. Air, air, tune, song. Air à boire, jovial drinking song. Air, Mar. way of a ship. Le bâtiment n'a pas assez d'air pour virer de bord, the ship has not way enough to put about; prendre de l'air, to gather way. V. Aire et Donner.

AIRAIN, e-rin, s. m. brass.

AIRE, er, s. f. smooth and even floor. Aire d'une grunge, a barn floor ; cyrie ; area, space betwixt the walls, superficies, area or inside (of any geometrical figure;) circle about the moon and some stars. Aire de rent, s. f. Mar, point, quarter, point of the compass. Dans quelle aire de vent a-t-on aperçu cette terre? in what quarter was that land seen?

AIRÉE, è-rà, s. f. barn floor full of sheaves

ready to be thrashed.

AIRER, ĉ-ra, v. n. to make a nest or cyrie. AIRIE et AIRIER. V. Aéré et Aérer.

Ais, è, s. m. board, plank. Ais de carton, paste-board.

Alsance, e-zens, s. f. case, facility, freedom. Aisances, a privy, house of office.

AISCEAU, s. m. cooper's adze.

AISE, ez, adj. glad, well-pleased, joyful. Vous ne serez pas bien aise que je vous dise la vérité, you will not like to hear the truth from

buse, but : jèune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

AISE, s. f. contentment, joy, gladness; ease, [conveniency, comfort, pleasure. Tressaillir d'aise, to leap for joy. Etre à son aise, to be d'aise, to leap for joy. Etre à son aise, to be at ease; be in easy circumstances. Aimer ses aises, to love one's ease or convenience. Vivre à son aise, to live in plenty or at ease,

live comfortably. Leisure, spare time.

A l'aise, adv. easily, with case, without much ado. On est assis à l'aise à son sermon, there is room enough in the church when he preaches. Il vit chez lui en paix et aise, he

lives easy and quiet at home.

Als £, E, adj. easy, ready; easy, free; easy, convenient; rich, wealthy, in easy circumstances. Homme aisé à fâcher, passionate man.

Assement, ê-zâ-mên, adv. easily, with ease, readily, freely, willingly.

*AISEMENT, s. m. easement, privy. AISSELLE, é-sél, s. m. arm-pit, arm-hole.

Aissi, s. m. shingle. Aitiologie, s. f. etiology. Ajouré, e, å-200-rå, adj. pierced (in her-

aldry.) AJOURNEMENT, à-zôorn-mên, s. m. sum-

mons, citation, assignation.
AJOURNER, å-zoor-na, v. a. to summon, cite, to adjourn, put off. S'ojourner, v. r. to adjourn. AJOUTAGE, å-200-taz, s. m. mixture of one

thing with another.

AJOUTER, å-zôo-tå, v. a. to add, join. Ajouter foj, to give credit, believe.
AJUSTÉ, E, adj, fitted, set in order, set together, ordered, contrived, composed, dis-

posed, joined, clad or dressed.

AJUSTEMENT, å-zůst-mên, s. m. framing, fitting, squaring, adjusting; agreement, re-conciliation, dress, garb, attire, apparel, ha-bit, furniture, embellishment; improvement.

AJUSTER, å-zůs-tå, v. a. to make a weight or measure true or just; size; to adjust, ht, set in order, join, frame, dispose, put together, put in order; to adjust, compound, compose, reconcile, accord, agree; to trim, adorn, embellish. Ajuster un cheval, to make a horse carry himself right. Ajuster un cheval au galop, to put a horse upon the gallop. S'ajus-ter, v. r. to prepare, get or make one's self ready; to agree, suit; quadrate; trim or trick up one's self, make one's self fine.

AJUSTOIR, A-zus-twar, s. m. pair of scales

used in the mint.

AJUTAGE, å-zå-tåz, s. m. tube or pipe for water-works.

ALAMBIC, å-len-bik, s. m. an alembick or still. ALAMBIQUER, å-len-bl-kå, v. a. to refine too much upon.

S'alambiquer l'esprit de, v. r. to puzzle or

worry out one's brains.

ALAN, à-lèn, s. m. (espèce de dogue) kind of large, strong, thick-headed, and short-snouted dog.

ALARGUER, å-lår-gå, v. n. Mar. to take

sea-room, bear off, shear off.

ALARME, å-lårm, s. f. alarm, fear, fright.

ALARMER, å-lår-må, v. a. to alarm, fright. S'alarmer, v. r. to be alarmed or frighted.

ALBATER, å-lå-tern, s. m. privet.
ALBATER, å-lå-tern, s. m. alabaster. Albatre, al-batr, s. m. alabaster. Alberge, al-berz, on Auberge, s. f. a

sort of early peach ALBERGIER, al-ber-zia, ou Aubergier,

s. m. alberge-tree. ALBIGEOIS, s. m. pl. Albigenses.

ALBIQUE, al-bik, s. f. sort of white chalk. Albran, âl-brèn, V. Halbran. Albrené, E. adj. V. Halbrené. Albrener, âl-brè-nà, v. n. V. Halbrener.

Albuginé, E, adj. white (membrane.) Albugineu-x, se, al-bû-al-neu, neuz, adj.

albugineous, white.

ALEADE, s. m. albugo, white spot on the eye. ALCADE, s. m. a Spanish judge, alcade. ALCATQUE, al-ka-ik, adj. alcaic, (in verse.) Alcali, ål-kå-lî, s. m. alkali. Alcalin, e, adj. alkaline. Alcalisation, ål-kå-lî-zå-sîon, s. f. alka-

lization. ALCALISER, âl-kâ-lî-zâ, v. a. to alkalizate.

ALCÉE, s. f. alcea. ALCHIMIE, al-shi-ml, s. f. alchymy.

ALCHIMIQUE, adj. alchymical. ALCHIMISTE, al-shl-mist, s. m. alchymist.

ALCOHOL, s. m. alcohol, spirits of wine. ALCOHOLISATION, s. f. alcoholization.

ALCOHOLISER, v. a. to alcoholize. ALCORAN, âl-kô-rèn, s. m. alcoran. ALCOVE, âl-kôv, s. f. alcove. ALCYON, âl-sî-on, s. m. halcyon.

ALCYONIEN, E, adj. jours alcyoniens, halcyon days, time wherein the king-fisher makes her nest, quiet and calm times.

ALDERMAN, s. m. alderman. Les aldermans, the aldermen.

*ALDÉRERAM, s. m. little star in the tail of the great bear.

ALE, s. f. ale.

ALECTOROMANCIE, s. f. divination by a cock. ALEGRE, a-legr, adj. cheerful, merry, brisk, lively.

ALEGREMENT, &-legr-men, adv. cheerfully, merrily, briskly, readily.

ALEGRESSE, à-lê-grês, s. f. joy, gladness,

cheerfulness, alacrity. ALÊNE, a-len, s. f. awl.

ALÊNIER, å-lê-nîà, s. m. awl-maker or seller.

ALENTIR, v. a. to make slow, slacken.

S'alentir, v. r. to grow slow, slacken. ALENTOUR or à l'entour, adv. about, round

ALERION, å-lê-rîon, s. m. eaglet. ALERTE, å-lêrt, adj. careful, diligent, vigilant, watchful, stirring, sprightly, brisk, pert. ALERTE, adv. soyez alerte, be on your guard.

ALEVIN, al-vin, ou ALEVINAGE, s. m. young fry, small fish in a pond.

ALEVINER, al-vi-na, v. a. to stock with

ALEVINIERE, ål-vî-nièr, s. m. small pond wherein fish are kept for breed.

ALEUROMANCIE, s. f. aleuromancy. ALEXANDRIN, a-lek-sen-drin, adj. alexandrine, verse of twelve syllables.

ALEXIPHARMAQUE ON ALEXITÈRE, adj. alexipharmick, alexiterick, counteracting poison.

ALEZAN, al-zen, adj. of a sorrel colour. Un cheval alezan, ou un alezan, s. m. a sorrel horse. Un cheval roux alexan, a red bay horse.

ALÈZE, å-lêz, s. f. child-bed linen, clout.

ALGANON, s. m. a chain for galley-slaves. ALGARADE, âl-ga-râd, s. f. a blunt attack ALGÉBRATOUE, On ALGÉBRIQUE, âl-sê-brîk, adj. algebraick. ALGÉBRISER, al-zê-brl-za, v. n. to speak

or write on algebra

ALGÈBRE, al-zebr, s. f. algebra.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

ALGÉBRISTE, ål-zê-brîst, s. m. algebraist. ALGORITHME, s. m. algorithm, science of numbers.

ALGUASIL, ou ALGUAZIL, ål-gwå-zil, s.

III. alguazil.

Algue, alg., s. m. sea-weed.

Alibi, a-li-bi, s. m. alibi (in law.)

ALIBIFORAINS, a-lî-bî-fô-rin, s. m. pl. vain excuses, evasions

ALIBORON, å-lî-bô-ron, s. m. Maître alibo-ron, cunning old fox or fellow.

ALICA, s. m. kind of wheat.

ALIDADE, å-ll-dåd, s. f. alidada, kind of ruler that moves on the back of an astrolabe or any other geometrical instrument to measure angles or distances

ALIENABLE, å-lië-nabl, adj. alienable. ALIÉNATION, à l'ilèna-sion, s. f. alienation or transfer; averseness, dislike, aversion, strangeness, estrangement, alienation (of mind.)

ALIENÉ, E, adj. alienated, estranged, etc. out of his wits, crack-brained, distracted.
ALIENER, å-lle-nå, v. a. to alienate, trans-

fer, make over, to alienate, estrange, or draw away one's affections. Aliener l'esprit a quelqu'un, to make one mad, distemper his brain. S'aliéner de quelqu'un, v. r. to estrange one's self from one.

ALIGNÉ, E, adj. squared or laid out by a line, that stands in a right line or in a bow. *Colonne alignée ou haute, taper pillar.

ALIGNEMENT, å-lign-men, s. m. squaring or laying out by a line; level; row (of build-

ALIGNER, å-lî-gnå, v. n. to square or lay

out by a line; level; dress (soldiers.)

ALIMENT, a-ll-men, s. m. aliment, food, nourishment. L'aliment du feu, fuel. Alimens, alimony, maintenance

ALIMENTAIRE, å-lî-mèn-têr, adj. alimentary. Provision ou pension alimentaire, ali-

ALIMENTER, å-lî-mên-tå, v. a. to provide food for.

ALIMENTEU-x, se, a-lî-mên-têu, têuz, adj. nutritive, alimentary

ALINEA, å-li-ne-a, s. m. fresh paragraph,

ALINCER, v. a. to supply with linen. S'alinger, v. r. to buy or bespeak linen.
ALIQUANTE, å-li-kant, adj. Ex. Partie

aliquante, aliquant part.
ALIQUOTE, å-lî-kôt, adj. f. Ex. Partie ali-

quote, aliquot part.

ALITÉ, E, adj. bed rid, that keeps his bed. ALITER, å-lf-tå, v. a. to make one keep his bed. S'aliter, v. r. to keep one's bed, be bed rid.

ALIVRER, v. a. to put together a number of wax candles sufficient to make up one pound weight.

ALIZE, å-llz, s. f. fruit of the lote-tree. ALIZE, å-ll-zå, adj. Mar. Ex. Vents alizés, trade winds. Prendre les vents alizés, to get into the trade winds.

ALIZIER, å-lî-zîà, s. m. lote-tree.

ALKEKENGI, s. m. alkekengi or winter cherry.

ALKERMÈS, ål-ker-mes, s. m. alkermes. ALLAITEMENT, s. m. suckling, giving suck. ALLAITER, å-lê-tå, v. a. to suckle, nurse. ALLANT, E, å-lèn, lènt, s. & adj. Ex. Allans et venans, goers and comers.

ALLECHÉ E, adj. allured, drawn, incited, tempted, seduced.

ALLÉCHEMENT, å-lêsh-mên, s. m. allure-

ment, enticement, seducement.
ALLECHER, à-le-shà, v. a. to allure, draw

in, entice, seduce. ALLEE, å-lå, s. f. going, walking; passage,

entry; alley, walk. Allee converte, shady walk.
Allegateur, a-le-ga-teur, s. m. alleger.
Allegation, a-le-ga-sien,s. f. allegation, quotation, instance, affirmation.

Allegeance, å-lêz, s. f. lighter, tender. *Allegeance, å-lê-zens, s. f. allaying, alleviation, ease, comfort, refreshment; allegiance.

Allegement, s. m. ease, alleviation. Alleger, a-le-2a, v. n. to ease, disburden. lighten; to allay, alleviate, ease, refresh, mitigate. Mar. to lighten. Allege l'amure de revers de misatine, clear away the lee fore tack, Allege le câble, light up the cable. Alleger un câble, means also, to buoy up a cable with empty casks, etc. in order to keep it clear of

foul ground. ALLÉGERIR, ou ALLÉGIR, v. a. to make

(a horse) lighter before than behind.

Allegorie, ål-lê-gô-rl, s. f. allegory.

Allegorique, ål-lê-gô-rîk, adj. allego-

ALLÉGORIQUEMENT, ål-lê-gô-rîk-mên, adv. allegorically.

ALLÉGORISER, ål-lê gô-rl-zå, v. a. to allegorize.

Allégoriseur, ål-lê-gô-rî-zêur, s. m. one who delights in allegories.

ALLEGORISTE, s. m. allegorist.

ALLEGRESSE, s. f. lively expression of joy

ALLEGRETTO, adv. with a motion a little sprightly.

ALLEGRO, adv. with a sprightly motion. ALLEGRO, s. m. sprightly piece of music. ALLEGUER, al-le-ga, v. n. to allege, cite,

quote, produce, instance.
ALLELUIA, al-la-la-ya, s. m. allelujah, also, a plant good for sallad.

ALLEMAGNE, ål-mågn, s. f. Germany. ALLEMAND, E, al-men, mend, adj. & s German.

ALLEMANDE, s. f. allemande (in music.) ALLER, å-lå, v. n. to go. Aller à pied, to go on foot, foot it. Aller à grands pas, to go very fast, walk very fast. Aller letrot, to trot. Aller l'amble, to amble. Aller à tatons, to grope along. Aller au contraire, aller à l'encontre, to go against, run counter, oppose. Aller à la rencontre, to go to meet. to obviate, prevent. Allez en paix, depart in peace. Ne faire qu'aller et venir, to be ever running up and down. Jene ferai qu'aller et venir, I will not stay, I will be back again presently. Aller à l'ercels, torun out into excess.
Aller, to go, run. Toutes les eaux des rivières
vont à la mer, all the waters of rivers run or go
into the sea. Aller, to go, run, come, amount,
creaching of time aversion makes. (speaking of time, extension, number.) Rien ne va plus vite que le temps, nothing goes faster than time. La forêt va depuis le village jusqu'à 'a rivière, the forest goes or runs from the village to the river. Ce calcul va à taut, that reclaosing amounts or coppes to so much. reckoning amounts or comes to so much. rasoir qui va bien, a razor that cuts well. Aller, to end, lead, come. Cette pièce de terre va en pointe, that piece of ground ends in a point. Ce chemin va à l'église, this way goes or

buse, but: jèune, mêute, beurre: enfant, cent, lien: vin: mon: brun.

leads to the church. Son entreprise est allée à rien, his undertaking is come to nothing. Aller, to go, go forward, go on. Ces ouvriers vont bien lentement, these workmen got on very slowly. Le commerce ne re plus, there is no trade stirring, trading is dead. Cette affaire va de bien en mieux, that business goes on better and better. Aller, to concern. Je n'ai rien dit qui aille à vous, I said nothing that concerns you; what I said was not meant for you. Aller, to tend to, drive at, aspire to, aim at, be bent. Aller, to go about, to act, proceed. Est ce ainsi que vous y allez? Is this your way of proceeding? Is this your way? Aller rondement, to act candidly or roundly. Aller, to go, do, or be well or ill. Comment va rotre santé? Comment vous en va? How rat your state? Comment vota to a real Allow goes your health? how goes it with you? how do you do? Comment vont vos affaires? how do you so your business go on? tout va bien, all is well, or goes on well. Aller bien ou mal, to become or suit well or ill. Aller, to fit. Allow you have to be come of all the to be going to the comment. her de pair, to be equal. Aller, to be going, be ready, go near, chance. Il va sortir, he is just going out. Il va rendre l'dine, he is ready to give up the ghost. Il s'est allé embarrasser dans cette affaire, he has entangled himself in that business. Cela s'en va fait, that is almost done. Le carême va finir, Lent draws to an end. Aller aux opinions, to put to vote. Aller, lay, stake. Aller par haut et par bas, to void upwards and downwards. Faire aller, to make go, set a-going, move, give motion to, etc. Laisser aller son corps, se laisser aller, to let one's body swag or hang. Se laisser aller à quelque chose, to abandon, or give over one's self to a thing, yield, or give way to it. Faire en aller, to drive out, drive away. Faire en aller les boutons du visage, to take away the pimples of one's face. Il en va de cette affaire comme de l'autre, it is with this business as with the other. S'en aller, to go away, go one's way; get one's self gone, depart, set out. S'en aller a'lune carte, to throw away a card. It s'en va pleuroir, it is going to rain. S'en aller par terre, to be falling. Cela s'en va sans dire, terre; to be falling. Cela s'en va sans aire, that is without question, that is to be supposed or understood. It y va de votre vie, your life lies or is at stake, your life is concerned in it. Allons, va, allez, (interjections.) Ex. Allons, finissons. come, or come on, let us make an end. Va, tu ne sais pas empauner les gens, away or go. you know not how to wheedle people. **Un las d'aller, a lazy fellow or lazy bones.

Aller, Mar. to go, be bound, run, sail, etc. On allez-vous? where are you bound to? Nous allons à Bordeaux, we are bound to Bordeaux. Ce vaisseau vient de Cadix et va à Londres, that ship is bound from Cadiz to London. Aller à bord, to go aboard. Aller à la bouline, to stand close hauled. Aller à la côte, to run ashore. Aller à la découverte, to go upon the look out. Aller à la sonde, to run by the lead. Aller à la touée, to warp. Aller à terre, to go ashore. Aller à la voile, to sail. Aller à voiles et à rames, to sail and row. Al-ler au mouillage, to stand in for anchorage. Aller au roulis, to roll, fetch away. Aller de con-bout à la lame, to bow the sea. Aller de conserve, to keep company with a ship. Aller de l'avant, to go fast through the water. Aller en course, to go privateering. Aller en croisière

to go upon a cruise. Aller en dérive, to go adrift. Aller en lest, to go in ballast. Aller en rade, to go out of harbour into a neighbouring road-stead. Aller à fond, to sink, go to the bottom.

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ALLER, s. m. Ex. Il a eu l'aller pour le ve-nir, he has had his labour for his pains.

Pis aller, V. Pis.

ALLESER, å-lê-zå, v. a. to enlarge the ca-

liber of a gun.
ALLESOIR, à-lê-zwar, s. m. bore or borer. ALLESURE, s. f. parts of metal which fall

down in the boring of a gun.

Alleu, â-lèu, s. m. Franc alleu, freehold, free tenure. Terres en franc alleu, allodial

lands, freehold.

ALLIAGE, à-ll-åz, s. m. allaying, mixture or mixing of metals; alloy or allay; alligation.
ALLIANCE, å-ll-ens, s. f. alliance or affinity by marriage, match; union, uniting, blending; alliance, confederacy, league, covenant; a gimmal, wedding ring.

ALLIÉ, E, å-li-å, adj. allied, matched; al-

layed, mixed.

ALLIÉ, s. m. ALLIÉE, s. f. kinsman, or kinswoman, relation; ally, confederate.

Allier, å-liå, v. a. to allay, mix. On peut

allier ces choses ensemble, those things may be reconciled together.

S'allier, v. r. to match. To enter into an alliance, or confederacy, make an alliance. To be alloyed or mixed.

ALLIER, s. m. sort of net to catch partridges. ALLIGATION, s. f. alligation.

ALLIGATOR, s. m. alligator.
ALLIOTH, s. f. star in the tail of the great bear

ALLITERATION, s. f. alliteration. ALLOBROGE, al-lô-brôz, s. m. clownish or

unmannerly fellow.

Allocation, al-lô-ka-slon, s. f. allowance

or putting into an account.
Allocution, ål-lô-kñ-sîon, s. f. allocution.
Allodial, £, ål-lô-dî-âl, adj. allodial, free.

Terres allodiales, allodial or free lands.

ALLODIALITÉ, ål-lð-dl-å-li-tå, s. f. allodiality, free tenure, freehold.

ALLONGE, å-lonz, s. f. eking-piece. longes de perruque, drops of a wig. Allonge, Mar. futtock, futtock-timber. Allonge de revers, top-timber. Allonges de porque, futtock riders. Allonge des écubiers, hawse-pieces. Allonges de cornière, top-timbers of the fashion Allonges de poupe, stern-timber. Al-

longes de tableau, taffarel-timbers. Allongement, å-lonz-men, s. m. lengthening or stretching out, drawing out in length, extension; prolonging, delay; delaying, pro-

ALLONGER, a-lon-za, v. a. to lengthen, stretch out, draw out in length, eke out; to prolong, defer, delay, protract. Allonger un coup, to strike a blow. Allonger une botte, to make a thrust or pass. Allonger la courroie, to make a penny go a great way. S'allonger, v. r. to stretch, grow longer. Mar. Allonge les écoutes des lumiers, stretch along the topsail shects. Allonge une biture du maitre ca-ble, get up a range of the sheet cable. ALLOUABLE, à-lôo-abl, adj. allowable.

ALLOUÉ, s. m. journeyman.

ALLOUER, a-130-a, v. a. to allow, account for, grant.

bar, bat, base: thère; êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mòod, good.

*ALLOUVI, E, a-loo-vi, vi, adj. famished, || hungry as a wolf.

ALLUCHON, å-lå-shon, s. m. catch or tooth of a wheel that goes into the notch of another.

ALLUMER, å-lå-må, v. a. to light, kindle, set in flames or on fire. S'allumer, v. r. to

light, kindle, catch fire, break out.

ALLUMETTE, à-là-mêt, s. f. match.
ALLUMEUR, s. m. he that lights the candles at the play house.

dles at the play nouse.

ALLURE, å-lůr, s. m. gait, going, pace.

Allures, behaviour, conduct, way of proceeding. Mar. trim of a ship, point of sailing.

ALLUSION, å-lå-zlon, s. f. allusion. Faire

allusion à, to make an allusion or allude to.

ALLUVION, å-lu-vion, s. f. alluvial land. Almageste, s. f. almagest, collection of astronomical observations.

Almanach, or Almanac, al-ma-na, s. m. almanack, calendar. Faiseur d'almanacs, almanack-maker, astrologer.

ALMADIE, s. f. African cane.

ALMANDINE, s. f. almandine, sort of ruby. ALOES, a-lo-es, s. m. aloes (tree and plant.)

ALOGNE, s. f. a kind of rope (used in the construction of bridges.) V. Aloigne.

ALOI, å-lwa, s. m. alloy, the goodness of any metal that is to be coined into money. Monnoie de bas, de faux, or de maurais aloi, bad money, mixed metal, counterfeit money. Un homme de bas aloi, a man of mean birth or education.

ALOIGNE, s. f. buoy, canbuoy, nunbuoy.

Alorecie, s. f. alopecy, fox's evil. Alores, a-lor, adv. then, at that time, in those times. La mode d'alors, the fashion of those times. Alors que, when.
Alose, å-lòz, s. f. shad.
Alouette, å-lòo-ĉt, s. f. lark.
Alourdtr, å-lòor-dir, v. a. to make dull

ALOYAGE, s. m. alloying, mixture. ALOYAU, a-lwa-yo de bauf, s. m. short rib

of beef. ALOYER, å-lwå-yå, v. a. to alloy (gold or

silver.) ALPAGNE, s. m. Alpagna (a Peruvian ani-

mal somewhat like a vigon.) Alpes, alp, s. f. pl. Alps. Alpha, al-fa, s. m. alpha, first Greek letter.

Alphabet, al-fa-be, s. m. alphabet, primer. Alphabetique, al-fa-be-ük, adj. alphabetieal.

ALPHABÉTIQUEMENT, ou par alphabet, adv. alphabetically.

ALPHANET, s. m. Tunisian falcon.
ALPISTE, s. m. a sort of dog-grass.

ALSACE, s. f. Alsatia. ALTE, alt. V. Halte.

ALTÉRABLE, âl-tê-rabl, adj. alterable, changeable.

ALTÉRANT, E, ål-tê-rên, rênt, adj. that causes thirst. Des altérans, alterative medi-

ALTÉRATI-F, VE, ål-tê-rå-tlf, tiv. adj. (in Medicine,) alterative.

ALTERATION, al-te-ra-sion, s. f. alteration, change. Corruption, spoiling, adulteration. Thirst or drought.

*ALTERCAS, s. f. Altercation, al-ter-kasion, s. f. altercation, dispute, contest.

ALTERÉ, E, al-te-ra, adj. altered, changed;

adulterated, spoiled, impaired, disordered:

dry, thirsty. Altéré de sang, blood-thirsty.
ALTÉRÉ, s. m. griping or covetous man.
ALTÉRER, ål-tê-rå, v. a. to alter, change, To adulterate, spoil, falsify, sophisticate, counterfeit; to disorder, impair, trouble; to make dry, cause drought.

ALTERNATI-F, VE, âl-têr-nâ-tîf, tlv, adj. alternative, alternate, done by turns, inter-

changeable.

ALTERNATION, s. f. alternation (in algebra and geometry.)

ALTERNATIVE, s. f. choice, option; je rous donne l'alternative, I leave it to your choice.

ål-ter-na-tly-men, ALTERNATIVEMENT, adv. alternatively, alternately, by turns, one after another, interchangeably.

Alterné, adj. alternate (in botany and

geometry.)

ALTERNÉ, E, ål-ter-nå, adj. alternate (in

heraldry.) ALTERNER, v. n. to alternate, perform alternately.

ALTESSE, ål-tes, s. f. highness. ALTIER, E, ål-tiå, tier, adj. proud, lofty, arrogant, presumptuous, haughty.

ALTIEREMENT, adv. proudly, haughtily,

loftily, arrogantly, etc.
ALTIMETRIE, s. f. art of measuring heights.
ALUDE, s. f. sheep skin coloured for binding books.

ALUINE, s. f. wormwood.

ALUM, or rather Alun, à-lun, s. m. alum. *ALUMELLE, à-lû-mêl, s. f. blade of a knife, cassock without sleeves.

ALUMIÈRE, s. f. place where alum is wrought. *ALUMINEUX, SE, &-ld-mi-neu, neuz, adj.

of the nature of alum.

ALUNER, å-lå-nå, v. a. to steep in alum

ALVEOLAIRE, adj. of or belonging to the cells (in a honey-comb.)

ALVÉOLE, al-vê-ol, s. m. cell (in a honeycomb;) socket, hole (wherein a tooth is fastened.)

ALVIN, etc. V. Alevin.

ALZAN, V. Alezan.
AMABILITÉ, â-mâ-bî-lî-tâ, s. f. amiableness, loveliness, amiability.

AMADIS, &-ma-dis, s. m. kind of close sleeves that button on the wrist.

'AMADOTE, å-må-dåt, s. f. amadetto or ama-Amadete, s. m. amadot-tree.

AMADOU, å-må-dôo, s. m. sort of tinder. AMADOUER, a na-doo-a, v. a. to flatter,

ссах, wheedle, cajole. Амліскік, å-mê-grlr, v. a. to make lean

or thin. S'amaigrir, v. r. ou Amaigrir, v. n. to grow lean, thin, or meagre; fall away.

Amaigrissement, a-me-grismen, s. m. growing lcan, falling away

Analgamation, a-mål-gå-må-sion, or Analgame, a-mål-gåm, s. f. amalgama-

AMALGAME, s. m. amalgama.

AMALGAMER, å-mål-gå-må, v. a. to amalgamate. S'amalgamer, v. r. to be calcined with quicksilver, be capable of amalgamation.

AMANDE, å-mend, s. f. almond; kernel; a

piece of crystal in a chandelier shaped like an almond, V. Amende, AMANDÉ, a-mèn-da, s. m. almond posset

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

AMANDIER, å-men-diå, s. m. almond tree AMANT, å-men, s. m. lover, suitor, gallant, spark, sweet-heart.

Amante, a-ment, s. f. mistress, love, sweetheart.

AMARANTE, å-må-rent, s. f. amaranth. AMARANTE, adj. of the colour of amaranth.

AMARANTINE, a-ma-ren-tin, s. f. kind of anemone.

AMARINER, å-må-rl-nå, v. a. Mar. to man (a prize.)

AMARQUE, s. f. Mar. buoy. Prendre des amarques, ou des amers, to make marks on

AMARRAGE, å-må-råz, s. m. Mar. anchoring, casting anchor, mooring (of a ship) lashing, seizing, knot, etc. Amarrage en étrive, throat seizing, of a dead eye. Amarrage à plat, end seizing, of a dead eye. Amarrage à plat, end seizing, the eye seizing of a pair of shrouds. Amarrage en fouct, a tail block clapped on with a rolling catch, and the end stopped. Amarrage coulant, slip knot. Faire un amarrage, to clap on a seizing, to seize.

AMARRE, à-mar, s. f. Mar. mooring, fast, rope or cable to make any thing fast. Amarre de bout, head-fast. Amarre de travers, brake-fast. Amarre de poupe, stern-fast. Prendre une amarre, to take in a mooring

AMARRER, å-ma-rå, v. a. Mar. to belay, make fast, moor secure. Amarre, take a turn there or make fast. Amarre partout, make all fast.

AMARRES, s. f. pl. checks or side post of a wind-beam or crane.

AMAS, â-ma, s. m. heap, pile, mass, col-

lection. AMASSER, å-må-så, v a. to heap up, ga-ther, gather up, hoard up, treasure up, lay up, get together. Amosser de l'argent avec bien de la peine, to scrape up money. S'amas-

ser, v. r. to gather or get together.

Amassette, å-må-set, s. f. stick or horn, (or any thing else) wherewith painters scrape

up their ground colours.

AMATELOTER, å-måt-lô-tå, v. a. Mar. to divide the company, give each man his mate or comrade (in a ship.)

AMATEUR, å-må-teur, s. m. lover, virtuoso. AMATIR, a-ına-tir, v. a. to unpolish (gold

or silver.)

AMAUROSE, s. f. amaurosis, disease of the

AMAYE, s. f. Mar. V. Amarque. AMAZONE, å-må-zon, s. f. amazon, war-

like woman. *Ambages, en-ba-zes, s. f. pl. ambages,

circumlocution. Ambassade, en-ba-såd, s. f. embassy, love

message. Ambassadeur, en-ba-sa-deur, s. m. ambassader.

AMBASSADRICE, en-bå-så-drís, s. f. ambassadress, ambassador's lady.

Ambesas, enb-zas, s. f. ambs-ace, (at tricktrack.)

Ambiant, en-bî-en, adj. ambient. Ambidextre, en-bî-dêkstr, adj. ambidexter. AMBIGÈNE, adj. ambigenal.

AMBIGU, E, en-bl-gu, gu, adj. ambiguous,

Ambigu, s. m. medley, odd mixture, banquet of meat and fruit together.

Ambiguité, èn-bî-gå-î-tà, s. f. ambiguity, double meaning.

AMBIGUMENT, en-bl-gå-men, adv. ambiguously.

AMBITIEUSEMENT, en-bî-sîeuz-men, adv. ambitiously.

Ambitieu-x, se, en-bî-sîeu, sîeuz, adj.

ambitious, full of ambition. Ambitieux, s. m. Ambitieuse, s. f. ambitious person.

Ambition, en-bl-slon, s. f. ambition.

Ambitionner, en-bî-slô-na, v. a. to be ambitious of, ambitiously to seek after.

AMBLE, enbl, s. m. amble. Aller l'amble, to amble or pace.

AMBLER, en-bla, v. n. to amble, pace.

AMBLEUR, s. m. an officer of the king's stables. Amblygonal, amblygonal.

Amblyopie, s. f. amblyopia or amblyopy, dimness of sight.

AMBOUTIR, v. a. to incurvate, bend a piece of metal so as to make it concavo-convex.

AMBOUTISSOIR, s. m. tool used for making metal concavo-convex.

AMBREADE, s. f. factitious amber.

AMBRE-GRÍS, s. m. amber-gris. Ambrer, èn-brå, v. a. to perfume with

ambergris.

AMBRETTE, èn-brêt, s. f. a sort of flower, also sort of musky pear.

Ambrosise, ėn-bro-z!, s. f. ambrosia.

AMBULANCE, s. f. office of a travelling ex-

cise officer. Ambulant, E, en-bû-lent, lent, adj. travelling or that goes from one place to another. Troupe de comédiens ambulans, company of strolling players. Juges ambulans, judges who go the circuit. Commis ambulant, travelling excise-officer, also rider (for a mer-

cantile-house.) Ambulatoire, en-bå-lå-twar, adj. travelling. Cour ambulatoire, the judges circuit,

that removes from one place to another. AME, am, s. f. soul, spirit. Rendre l'ame, to give up the ghost. Mind, heart, conscience; ghost, spirit; person; bonne âme, good honest soul, good man or woman. La charité est l'âme des vertus chrétiennes, charity is tho soul of the christian virtues. L'âme d'une devise, the motto of a device. L'âme d'un fagot, brush-wood, the little sticks that are in a fagot. Sound post (of a musical instrument,) rough figure of clay to be covered with stucco, etc. Ame d'un canon, mouth of a gun or cannon. Ame dannée, tool, under-strapper, underling (that will do any dirty work for another.)

AMÉ, E, å-må, adj. (in chancery) well-beloved. A nos amés et féaux conseillers, to our well-beloved and trusty counsellors.

Amélioration, å-må-ll-d-rå-sion, s. f.

improvement, bettering, mending.

AMÉLIORER, å-må-lî-ò-rå, v. a. to improve, mend, better.

AMÉLIORISSEMENT, s. m. V. Améliora-

AMEN, s. m. & adv. Amen, so be it.

AMENAGE, am-naz, s. m. the bringing of any thing, carriage, money paid for carriage. AMENAGEMENT, s. m. the cutting out of

wood for sale.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

AMENAGER, v. a. to cut out wood for sale. AMENDABLE, å-men-dabl, adj. finable, al-

so, mendable, that may be mended.

AMENDE, a-mend, s. f. fine, mulct, penalty, forseit, amercement. Condamner, mettre à Pumende, to fine, set a fine upon, amerce.

Amende honorable, publick acknowledgment of an offence or crime.

AMENDE, E, adj. fined; amended, mend-

AMENDEMENT, å-mend-men, s.m. amendment, bettering, mending, improvement, re-

formation. AMENDER, a-men-da, v. a. to fine, mulct, amerce, to mend, amend, improve, better. To improve, manure (land,) to reform.

Amender, v. n. to be fined, pay a fine or penalty. To mend, improve, grow better; to mend improve, and the new diverse of the mend in a point of benthal here of the new diverse. mend in point of health, be on the mending hand. To profit, be the better. To fall in price. S'amender, v. r. to amend, grow better, be reformed.

AMENDIER, s. m. receiver of fines.

AMENER, îm-na, v. a. to bring, draw, lead. Amener une affaire jusqu' à un certain point, to carry a business to a certain point. Amener une mode, un usage, to introduce or bring up a fashion or custom. Amener, (at dice,) to throw, fling. Amener, Mar. to bring, lower, strike. Il nous faut amener le moulin par Péglise, we must bring the wind-mill to bear with the church. Voile amenée, sail lowered. AMÉNITÉ, â-mâ-ni-da, s. f., pleasantness, agreeableness, amenity, delightfulness.

AMENUISER, âm-nûî-zâ, v. a. to make small or smaller, lessen, make thin or slender, extenuate.

AMER, E, å-mer, adj. bitter. Bitter, hard,

grievous, sad, troublesome.

Amer, s. m. bitterness; gall of animals. Amer, Mar. V. Amarque. AMEREMENT, å-mer-men, adv. bitterly,

grievously.

AMÉRICAIN, E, à-mê-rî-kin, kèn, adj. & s. American.

AMÉRIQUE, à-mê-rîk, s. f. America.

AMERTUME, å-mer-tum, s. f. bitterness, bitter taste; grief, affliction, hatred, gall. AMESUREMENT, s. m. admeasurement.

AMESURER, v. a. to appraise, proportion. AMETHYSTE, a-ma-tist, s. f. amethyst. AMEUBLEMENT, à-méubl-mên, s.m. house-

hold-stuff, furniture, moveables. Avoir un fort joli ameublement, to have a house or room neatly furnished.

AMEUBLER, V. Meubler. AMEUBLIR, å-meå-blir, v. a. to make moveable.

AMEUELISSEMENT, å-meå-blis-men, s. m. the making moveable, thing made moveable.

AMEUTEMENT, s. m. the forming of dogs

into a pack. AMEUTER, à-mêu-tà, v. a. to form dogs into a pack, to stir up. Ameuter le peuple, to raise a mob. S'ameuter, v. r. to assemble riotously.

AMFIGOURI or AMPHIGOURI, s. m. burlesque poem or speech full of puns.

AMFIGOURIQUE or AMPHICOURIQUE, adj. affected, bombastic, unintelligible, pun-

AMI, s. m. AMIE, a-mi, ml, s. f. friend, acquaintance, fellow, crony, companion, gallant

(of a married woman,) friend, lover. de la vérité ou de la vertu, lover of truth or virtue.

AMI, E, adj. friendly, kind, courtcous. Ami lecteur, courteous reader.

AMIABLE, â-mî-abl, adj. friendly, kind, courteous. A l'amiable, adv. amicably, friendly, lovingly, in an amicable manner.

AMIABLEMENT, å-mî-åbl-niên, adv. amicably, friendly, kindly, lovingly.

AMIANTE, å-mî-ent, s. m. a mineral substance which is made into incombustible cloth.

AMICAL, E, å-mî-kål, adj. amicable, friendly. AMICALEMENT, å-mî-kål-mên, adv. amicably, friendly.

AMICT, å-mì, s. m. amice, a priest's robe.

AMIDON, a-mi-don, s. m. starch.

AMIDONIER, å-mî-do-nîa, s. m. starchmaker.

AMIGNARDER or AMIGNOTER, a-mi-gnota, v. a. to fondle, cocker.

Amincin, å-min-sir, v. a. to make small or smaller, make thin, AMIRAL, å-mî-rål, s. m. admiral. L'ami-

ral, the admiral's ship

AMIRAL, E, adj. belonging to the admiral. AMIRALE, s. f. admiral's wife or lady.

Admiral's galley. AMIRANTE, s. m. high admiral (in Spain.) AMIRAUTÉ, a-mi-rò-tà, s. m. admiralship, admiralty.

AMISSIBILITÉ, s. f. possibility of being lost (in theology.)

AMISSIBLE, adj.amissible, that may be lost. AMITIÉ, å-mî-tîå, s.f. friendship, love, unity, affection; favor, kindness, courtesy. Il a fait une nouvelle amitié, he has got a new love or amour. La musique est son amitié, musick is his delight. Sympathy. L'amitie des couleurs, the suitableness or agreement of colours.

Amitiés, kindness, fair or kind words, com-

Ammi, s. m. bishop's weed (a plant.) Ammonia-c, que, å-mô-nî-ak, adj. ammoniac.

Ammoniae, s. m. ammoniae.

Amnios, âm-nl-òs, s. m. amnion or amnios. Amnistir, âm-nls-tl, s. f. amnesty. Amodiateur, â-mò-dlâ-têur, s. m. farmer, tenant of land, lessee.

AMODIATION, a-mô-dia-sion, s. f. leasing, letting out to farm.

AMODIER, å-mô-diå, v. a. to lease, farm, let out; to take to farm upon a yearly rent.

AMOINDRIR, å-mwin-drir, v. a. to diminish, lessen, make less, abate. S'amoindrir, v. r. ou amoindrir, v. n. to lessen, grow less, decrease, sink.

Amoindrissement, å-mwin-dris-men, s

m. lessening, decrease, abating, diminution.
AMOLLIR, a-mo-llr, v. a. to mollify, soften; S'amollir, v. r. to grow soft, to enervate. tender or pliant; to grow soft or effeminate, lose one's vigour.

Amollissement, å-mô-lis-mên, s. m. sof tening, effeminacy, softness.

AMOME, å-mom, s. m. amomum. AMOMI, å-mo-mi, s. m. Jamaica pepper. AMONCELER, å-mons-lå, v. a. to heap up.

lay on a heap.

AMONT, a-mon, adv. up the river. D'a mont, down the river. Bateau qui vient d'a buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

mont or du pays d'amont, a boat that goes Vent d'amont, easterly down the river. wind.

AMORCE, à-môrs, s. f. bait, allurement, attraction, charm, decoy; priming (of fire

AMORCER, à-môr-sà, v. a. to bait ; to prime ;

to allure, inveigle, decoy, entice, draw in.

Amorçoir, s. m. kind of auger.

Amortir, à-môr-tîr, v. a. to quench, extinguish, put out; to dead or deaden (a bullet;) to deaden or fade (colours;) to allay or cool (the passions;) to amortize, redeem, buy out, extinguish (rents or pensions;) to grant or pass away (an estate in mortmain.) S'amortir, v. r. to be quenched, etc. Amortir, Mar. to deaden, sew. Amortissez l'air du bâtiment, deaden the ship's way. Ce bâtiment est amortistic le constitute a constitute of the latest the constitute of the latest three constitutes and the latest three constitutes are constituted to the latest three constitutes are constitut ti, that ship has sewed.

Amortissable, a-mor-ti-sabl, adj. re-

deemable.

AMORTISSEMENT, å-mor-tis-men, s. m. deadening, weakening, abating: redeeming or buying out or extinguishing (of a rent, etc.) ulso, mortmain or a license of mortmain; the finishing of a piece of architecture.

Amovibilité, s. f. possibility of being

amoved or revoked.

Amoviele, a-mo-vibl, adj. that may be

amoved.

AMOUR, å-moor, s. m. love, affection, passion, desire. Love, Cupid, god of love. Amour-propre, s. m. self-love. Chienne en amour, proud bitch. Pour l'amour de, prep. for the love or sake of.

Amours, s. f. pl. love, party beloved; also,

amour, intrigue.

Amouraché, e, adj. in love, fallen in love. AMOURACHER, (s') så-moo-rå-shå, v. r. to fall in love, be smitten

AMOURETTE, å-moo-ret, s. f. a foolish passion, love, amour. Se marier par amourette, to marry for love; s. f. pl. sort of grass.

AMOUREUSEMENT, a-moo-reuz-men, adv.

amorously, lovingly.

AMOUREU-x, sE, a-moo-reu, reuz, adj. in love, smitten (speaking of persons;) amorous, of love (speaking of things.)

AMOUREUX, s. m. lover, wooer, gallant, spark; anoureux transi, whining or languishing lover.

AMPHIBIE, en-fi-bl, adj. amphibious.

amphibie, an amphibious animal

Амрніво Logie, en-fl-bo-lo-al, s. f. amphibology, ambiguity.

AMPHIBOLOGIQUE, adj. amphibological, ambiguous.

Amphibologiquement, en-fî-bô-lô-zîk-

men, adv. amphibologically, ambiguously.

Amphibraque, s. m. foot of a long syllable between two short ones.

AMPHICTYON, en-fik-slon, s. m. representative of a town (among the Grecks.)

AMPHIMACRE, s. m. foot of a short syllable between two long.

AMPHIPROSTYLE, s. m. amphiprostyle, er edifice with four columns in the front, and as many on the back part.

AMPHIPTERE, s. m. serpent with two wings. Amphisbène, s. m. amphisbæna, or serpent with two heads.

AMPHISCIENS, en-fi-si-in, s. m. pl. amphiscii, those who live in the torrid zone

AMPHITHÉATRE, èn-si-tê-atre, s. m. amphitheatre.

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AMPHORE, en-for, s. f. amphora, ancient vase.

AMPLE, enpl, adj. large, wide, spacious, of great compass, ample, great, full. ample, diffuse, or copious discourse. Ample diner, plentiful dinner, a great dinner.

AMPLEMENT, enpl-men, adv. amply, fully,

largely, at large, pleutifully.

AMPLEUR, en-pleur, s. f. amplitude, fulness (in clothes or furniture.)

AMPLIATI-F, VE, en-pli-à-tif, tiv, adj. ampliating, that adds to the former (said of the pope's bulls or mandates.)

AMPLIATION, en-pli-a-sion, s. f. duplicate,

ampliation.

AMPLIER, v. a. to put off. Amplier un criminel, to defer passing sentence on a criminal. Amplier un prisonnier, to give a prisoner more liberty.

AMPLIFICATEUR, en-pli-fi-kå-teur, s. m.

amplifier, romancer.

Amplification, en-pli-fi-ka-sion, s. f. amplification.

AMPLIFIER, en-pli-fi-à, v. n. to amplify, enlarge.

AMPLISSIME, adj. very large, wide.

AMPLITUDE, en-pfi-tud, s. f. largeness, amplitude; horizontal line drawn from a mortar to the point where the bomb falls; arch of the horizon between the points where a star and where the sun rises and sets.

Ampoule, en-pool, s. f. bubble, blister or rising of the skin. Vial or glass vessel, in which the oil for anointing the kings of France

is contained.

AMPOULE, en-poo-la, adj. tumid, high, or high-flown, swelling, swollen, bombastick. AMPOULETTE, en-poo-let, s. f. Mar. watch-

glass, sand-glass, glass.
AMPUTATION, en-pd-ta-sion, s. f. amputa-

tion. Амритев, èn-på-tà, v. a. to amputate, cut

off.

AMULETTE, å-må-let, s. m. amulet. Amure, s. f. Mar. tack (of a sail.) frégate a les amures à tribord, that frigate is on the starboard tack. Prendre les amures à tribord or à bâbord, to haul upon the starboard or the larboard tack.

AMURER, a-mu-ra, v. a. to haul aboard. La misaine est-elle amurée tout bas? is the foretack close down? Voile amurée, sail the tack

of which is hauled on board.

AMUSANT, E, å-må-zen, zent, adj. amus-

ing, diverting.

Amusement, å-mdz-men, s. m. stop, delay, hindrance, amusement. Toy, trifling business to pass away the time. Amusemens d'enfans, children's toys or playthings.

Anuser, A-mark, other is to be proportioned and the stay, stay, make stay, stop, play the fool with, drive off; to amuse, divert. Amuser lennem, to amuse the enemy, hold him in play, keep him at bay.

Amuser le tapis, to trifle, talk to

S'amuser, v. r. to stand trifling, loiter, tarry or stay, fool one's time away; to bestow one's pains and time about something, to mind or be taken up with any thing. S'amuser a raisonner de, to stand arguing. S'amuser à la mou-

sonner de, to stand arguing. S'amuser à la mou-tarde or à la bagatelle, to trifle, stand on trifles.

bar, bat, base: there, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

fling, toy.

Amuseur, å-må-zeur, s. m. amuser, trifler.

AMUSOIR, s. m. or AMUSOIRE, s. f. toy.

AMYGDALES, å-mîg-dål, s. f. pl. tonsils,
little kernels in the neck.

AMYGDALOYDE, adj. amygdaline, resembling almonds.

An, en, s. m. year, a twelvemonth.

ANABAPTISME, å-nå-bå-tism, s. m. anabaptistry.

ANABAPTISTE, å-nå-bå-tist, s. m. & f. an anabaptist.

ANACALYPTERIE, s. f. Anacalypteria, feast on the day when the bride was allowed to unveil.

ANACARDE, s. m. fruit resembling the Molucca beans.

ANACATHARTIQUE, adj. & s. anacathartick.

Anacéphaléose, s. f. anacephalæosis. Anachorette, a-na-ko-rét, s. m. anacho-

rite, anchoret or anchorite, hermit. Anachronisme, å-nå-krô-nism, s. m. ana-

chronism.

ANACLASTIQUE, s. f. anaclaticks.

ANACREONTIQUE, å-nå-krë-on-tik, adj. anacreontick.

ANADIPLOSE, s. f. anadiplosis, reduplication.
ANAGOGIE, s. f. anagogy, religious rapture, the raising of the soul to heavenly things.

ANAGOGIQUE, a-na-go-zlk, adj. mystical, clevated.

ANAGRAMMATISEE, v. a. to anagrammatize. ANAGRAMMATISTE, s. in. maker of ana-

grams, anagrammatist. Anagramme, å-nå-gråm, s. f. anagram. Analectes, å-nå-lekt, s. m. pl. fragments

selected from authors.

Analème, s. m. analemma. Analepsie, s. f. recovery of vigour. ANALEPTIQUE, adj. analeptick, strength-

ening. Analogie, å-nå-lå-21, s. f. analogy, raa-

tion, agreement, conformity, proportion.
ANALOGIQUE, a-na-lo-zik, adj. analogical, analogous.

Analogiquement, å-nå-lô-zîk-mên, adv. analogically.

Analogisme, a-na-lô-zism, s. m. analogism. Analogue, å-nå-log, adj. analogous, analogical.

Analyse, å-nå-llz, s. f. analysis. Analyser, å-nå-ll-zå, v. a. to analyze.

Analyseur, s. m. analyser. Analyste, a-na-lst, s. m. analyzer. Analytique, a-na-l-dk, adi, analytical. Analytiquement, a-na-la-dk-men, adv.

analytically, by way of analysis.

ANAMORPHOSE, s. f. anamorphosis.

ANAMAS, â-nâ-na, s. m. ananas, pine-apple.

ANAPESTE, â-nâ-pêst, s. m. anapæst.

ANAPESTIQUE, adj. anapæstick.
ANAPHORE, s. f. anaphora, repetition. ANAPLÉROTIQUE, adj. anaplerotick.

Anarchie, å-når-shl, s. f. anarchy. Anarchique, å-når-shlk, adj. anarchical.

ANARCHISTE, s. m. a partisan of anarchy.
ANASARQUE, s. f. anasarca, dropsical swelling.

ANASTASE, s. f. anastasis.

ANASTOMOSE, s. f. anastomosis

ANASTOMOSER, v. n. S'anastomoser v. r. to | by springs.

AMUSETTE, a-ma-zet, s. f. amusement, tri- || join at the extremities (said of veins and arteries.)

Anastomotique, adj. anastomotick, that has the quality of opening the vessels or removing obstructions.

ANATHÉMATISER, å-nå-tå-må-ti-zå, v. a. to anathematize, excommunicate, condemn, to abjure (an error.)

ANATHÈME, å-nå-tem, s. m. anathema, excommunication, the person accursed or cx Etre l'anathème de tout le communicated. monde, to be abhorred by all the world.

Anatifeke, adj. anatiferous, producing

ANATOCISME, å-nå-tô-sīsm, s. m. anatocism, accumulation of interest upon interest. ANATOMIE, å-nå-tô-mi, s. f. anatomy.

Anatomique, å-nå-tô-mik, adj. anatomical. Anatomiser, å-nå-tô-mî-zå, v. a. to ana-

tomize, dissect; examine thoronghly.

Anatomiste, å-nå-tö-mist, s. m. anatomist.

Ancêtres, èn-sètr, s. m. pl. ancestors, forefathers, predecessors.

ANCETTE, s. f. Mar. cringle.
ANCHE, ensh, s. f. reed of a hautboy or other wind instrument; miller's scuttle; stop (of an organ pipe.)

Anché, E, adj. crooked (in heraldry.) Anchois, en-shwa, s. m. anchovy. Ancien, NE, en-sien, sien, adj. old, ancient, of old time, late, former (officer.)

Ancien, s. m. old or aged man, elder, senior; elder, lay elder (of a church.) Les anciens, the ancients.

Anciennement, cn-sicn-men, adv. anciently, in former times, of old, in old times. Anciennes, s. f. seniors in a monastery

of nuns. Ancienneté, en-sien-ta, s. f. ancientness,

antiquity, (priorité) seniority.

Ancile, s. m. little shield (said by the Romans to have fallen from heaven.)

Ancolie, s. f. columbine (a flower.)
Ancrage, èn-kråz, s. m. Mar. anchorage.

Prendre ancrage, to anchor or cast anchor.

ANGRE, enkr, s. f. Mar. anchor. Brace or iron bar like an S used to strengthen a wall. Derniere ancre, last refuge or shift.

ANCRER, en-krå, v. n. Mar. to anchor, cast anchor.

S'ancrer, v. r. to settle one's self (get footing in a place.)

ANCRURE, s. f. little plait or fold (in cloth.) ANDABATE, s. m. gladiator who fought hood-winked.

ANDAILLOT, s. m. Mar. ring to lash a sail. Andin, en-din, s. m. grass a mower can cut down at one stroke.

ANDALOUSIE, s. f. Andalusia.

ANDANTE, adv. & s. m. andante, moderately.

ANDANTINO, adv. a little more lively than andante.

ANDOUILLE, en-dool, s. f. chitterling. Annouiller, en-doo-la, s. m. antier of decr. Premiers or maîtres andouillers, brow-

antlers. Sur andouillers, sur-antlers. ANDOUILLETTE, en-doo-let, s. f. hashed veal pressed into a small ball or pellet.

Androgyne, en-dro-zin, s. m. androgy-

nous, hermaphrodite.

ANDROYDE, s. m. figure of a man moved

bûse, bût : jèune, meute, bourre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ANDROTOMIE, s. f. practice of dissecting | human bodies.

ANE, an, s. m. ass; ignorant fool, sot, idiot. Des contes de peau d'âne, tales of a tub. Pont aux ânes, difficulty that puts ignorant people to a stand. Also pitiful evasion or shift, come call. Coq à l'âne, nonsense, unconnected, exavagant discourse. En dos d'ane, sharp, pointed.

ANÉANTIR, å-nå-en-tir, v. a. to annihilate, destroy, bring to nothing, undo, ruin. S'anéantir, v. r. to fall or to come to nothing, to be annihilated or destroyed; (devant Dieu,) to humble one's self before God.

ANÉANTISSEMENT, å-nå-en-tis-men, s. m. annihilation or annihilating, bringing to nothing. Destroying, destruction, overthrow, ruin. Humiliation, abjection.

ANECDOTE, å-nek-det, s. f. anecdote, pri-

vate memoir, secret history. ANECDOTIER, s. m. one who relates anec-

ANÉE, s. f. load of an ass.

Anémomètre, s. f. instrument to measure wind.

Anémone, å-nå-mon, s. f. anemone, windflower

ANÉMOSCOPE, s. m. anemoscope.

Anépigraphe, adj. that has no inscription (said of medals.)

ANERIE, an-rl, s. f. ignorance, stupidity. ANESSE, a-nes, s. f. she-ass. Lait d'anesse, ass' milk.

ANET, å-ne, s. m. anise or dill.

ANÉVRISME, s. m. aneurism.

ANFRACTUEU-, se, adj. anfractuous. ANFRACTUOSITÉ, s. f. anfractuosity. ANGE, énz, s. m. angel. D'ange, angeli-cal. divine, extraordinary, good. Lit d'ange angel-bed. Eau d'ange, sweet water, orange-water; ange, angel-shot, chain-shot; skate, (a fish.), Angelique, en-zā-līk, adj. angelical, di-

vine, extraordinary, excellent.

ANGELIQUE, s. f. angelot; angelica; kind of wind-flower. Angéliquement, en-2å-lik-men, adv. an-

gelically, like an angel.

ANGELOT, s. m. sort of Norman cheese;

angel, (coin once current in France.)
Angelus en-zå-lûs, s. m. prayer among the Roman Catholicks beginning with the word Angelus.

Angine, s. f. angina, disease of the throat. Angiographie, s. f. angiography. Angiologie, s. f. angiology.

Angiomonosperme, adj. angiomonospermous.

Angiosperme, adj. angiospermous. ANGIOTOMIE, s. f. angiotomy.

Angle, engl, s. m. angle, corner. Angleterre, engl-ter, s. f. Englande

ANGLEU-x, SE, en-gleu, gleuz, adj. thickshelled, (said of nuts.)

Anglican, E, en-gli-kan, kan, adj. Anglican, of England.

ANGLICISME, èn-glì-sîsm, s. m. Anglicism. ANGLAIS, E, èn-glè, glèz, adj. English. Un Anglais, s. m. ən Englishman; a dun. Une Anglaise, s. f an English woman. L'anglais, English or the English tongue.

Assoisse, en-gwas, s. f. anguish, great pain, trouble, distress. affliction. Les angoisses de la mort, the pangs of death. d'angoisse, choke-pear, also a gag.

Angon, en-gon, s. m. sort of dart anciently used by the Franks.

ANGUICHURE, s. f. leathern belt by which

the huntsman hangs his horn.

Anguillade, en-gl-lad, s. f. lash or lashing with an eel-skin whip.

Anguille, en-gil, s. f. an ecl. Il y a quelque anguille sous roche, there is some mystery Anguilles, Mar. ways or bilge-ways on în it. which a vessel's cradle is supported at her being launched

Anguillées, s. f. or Anguillers, s. m. Mar. limbers, limber-holes.

ANGUILLIÈRE, s. f. eel-pond.

Angulaire, en-gû-ler, adj. angular, hav g angles, cornered. Pierre angulaire, ing angles, cornered. corner stone.

Anguleu-x, se, en-gå-leu, leuz, adj. angulous.

ANGUSTIÉ, E, adj. angust, narrow, (said only of roads.) ANHELER, v. n. to keep up a proper heat

in the furnace (of a glass-house.) ANICROCHE, å-nî-krôsh, s. f. demur, rub,

difficulty. ANIER, s. m. ANIÈRE, à-nià, nièr, s. f. ass-

driver.

Anil, s. m. anil, indigo plant. Animadversion, å-nî-måd-ver-sion, s. f. reprimand, check, censure, animadversion, remark, observation

Animal, à-nî-mâl, s. m. animal, creature or living creature, beast, brute; ass, sot, blockhead.

Animal, E, adj. animal, sensible; natural, sensual, carnal. Esprits vitaux et animaux, vital and animal spirits. Facultés animales, sensitive faculties.

Animalcule, a-ni-mal-kal, s. m. animal-

*Animalité, s. f. animality.

Animation, a-ni-ma-sion, s. f. animation.

ANIMÉ, E, à-nî-mã, adj. animated, living, having life; animated, heartened, stirred up, egged on, incited, encouraged. Incensed, exasperated, provoked. Beauté animée, beauty brisk and lively. Beauté qui n'est point Beauté qui n'est point animée, dull beauty.

Animer, à-nî-nă, v. a. to animate, quick-

en, give life, to enliven (a picture,) to hearten, encourage, embolden, animate, spirit. To urge, provoke, exasperate, incense. S'animer, v. r. to grow brisk, cheer up, be encouraged; to chafe, take fire, be angree.

Animosite, å-nl-mô-zl-tå, s. f. animosity, hatred, ill will, spite, grudge, malice.
Anis, å-nl, s. m. (plant) anise; seed of

anise.

Aniser, a-ni-za, v. a. to lay over with aniseed.

ANISETTE, s. f. liquor made of aniseed.

ANKYLOBLÉPHARON, s. m. disease of the eyes, in which the eye-lids close and stick together.

ANKYLOGLOSSE, s. m quality of being tongue-tied.

ANKYLOSE, s. f. ankylosis, state of being tongue-tied, swelling.
ANNAL, E, ån-nål, adj. of a year, that lasts

but one year.

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

ANNALES, ån-nål, s. f. pl. annals, annual chronicles.

Annaliste, an-na-list, s. m. annalist.

Annatz, an-nat, s. f. annats, first fruits paid to the Pope.
Annatz, an-nat, s. m. ring; bow or ring (of a key;) ringlet. Mar. ring, grommet. Anneaux de corde, grommets, anneaux de bois,

Année, à-nà, s. f. a year, a twelvemonth. Anneler, an-là, v. a. to curl (hair) in locks or ringlets. Anneler une cavale, to ring a

ANNELET s. m. little ring, annulet.

ANNELURE, an-lar, s. f. ringlets, curling of hair in ringlets.

Annexe, a-neks, s. f. annex, thing annexed,

chapel of ease.

Annexer, a-nck-sa, v. a. to annex, unite.

Annexion, å-nek-sion, s. f. annexion.

Annihilation, s. f. annihilation.
Annihiler, v. a. to annihilate, reduce to

nothing. Anniversaire, å-ni-ver-ser, adj. anni-

versary, yearly, annual.

Anniversaire, s. m. anniversary, yearly obit.

Annonce, a-nons, s. f. bans of matrimony; the giving out of a play. Nous mimes sous voile à l'annonce du coup de vent, we got under

weigh at the first appearance of the gale.

Annoners, å-non-så, v. a. to tell, declare, to pronounce, foretel, forebode, promise, preach, proclaim, publish; to give out (a play.)

Annonceur, a-non-scur, s. m. player who announces the next play.

Annonciation, a-non-sia-sion, s. f. annunciation.

Annotateur, a-no-ta-teur, s. m. annota-

Annotation, an-no-ta-slon, s. f. annotation, note, remark, observation. Inventory of goods attached or distrained.

Annoter, an-no-ta, v. a. to make a list or inventory of goods attached or distrained.

Annuel, Le, å-nů-čl, adj. annual, of a year, that lasts a year. Annual, yearly. Pension annuelle, yearly pension, annuity.

Annuel, s. m. mass said every day throughout the year for a deceased person. Annuellement, å-nå-el-men, adv. annu-

ally, yearly, every year, from year to year.

Annuit, à-nå-l-là, s. f. annuity.

Annulaire, à-nå-lèr, adj. le doigt annulaire, the ring finger or fourth finger; (of eclipses) annular.

Annulation, s. f. the act of annulling ANNULER, å-nå-lå, v. a. to annul, disan-nul, abrogate, repeal, make void, vacate.

ANOBLIR, a-no-blir, v. a. to make noble, ennoble.

Anoblissement, å-nô-blis-mên, s. m. the making noble. Lettres d'anoblissement, patent or grant of nobility.

Anodin, E, å-nô-din, din, adj. anodyne.

Remèdes anodins, anodynes.

ANOLIS, s. m. anolis, kind of lizard. Anomal, E, å-no-mål, adj. anomalous, ir-

regular. ANOMALIE, à-nô-mà-ll. s. f. irregularity. ANONIME, a-no-nim, adj. anonymous, nameless. Un anonime, s. m. an anonymous author. ANONIMEMENT, adv. anonymously.

Anon, a-non, s. m. young ass, ass-colt. ANONNEMENT, s. m. faltering, stammering, drawling.

Anonner, å-nô-nå, v. n. to stutter, read poorly, falter, stammer. Anonner, to foal,

bring forth a young ass.

Anse, èns, s. f. ear or handle (of a pot, bas-ket, etc.) *Faire le pot à deux anses, to set one's arms à-kimbo, strut. Voûte à anse de panier, flat arched vault. Creek, cove.

Anskatique, èn-så-å-tik, adj.

séatiques, hansetowns.

ANSETTE, s. f. small handle.

Anspec, s. m. handspike, lever. Anspessade, ens-pe-sed, s. m. officer of

infantry below a corporal.

Antagoniste, en-tâ-gô-nist, s. m.* anta-

gonist, adversary.

*Antan, s. m. the year past.

Antanaclase, s. f. antanaclasis. Antanctique, èn-târk-tîk, adj. antarctick,

southern.

Antécédemment, èn-tà-sà-dà-mên, adv. antecedently, before, previously.

ANTECEDENT, E, én-la-sâ-den, dent, adj. foregoing, going before (in time.)
ANTECEDENT, s. m. antecedent, (in grammar and logick.)

ANTÉCESSEUR, s. m. a professor of law (in some universities.)

Antechrist, ent-kri, s. m. antichrist. Anteciens, s. m. pl. antoeci.

Antédiluvien, ne, adj. antediluvian. Antenne, en-ten, s. f. yard (of a ship.) Antérénultième en ta-pa-nul-tiem, adj.

last but two.

Antépénultième, s. f. antepenult. Antérieur, e, ên-tà-rî-cûr, êur, adj. foregoing, former; anterior, set before, foremost. La partie antérieure de la tête, the fore part of the head.

Antérieurement, èn-tå-rî-êur-mên, adv. before, anteriorily.

Anteriorité, èn-tâ-rî-ô-rî-tâ, s. f. prior-

ity of time, anteriority.
ANTES, ent, s. f. pl. antes, large pillars. ANTESTATURE, s. f. traverse or intrench-

ment. Anthelmentique, adj. that kills worms. Anthologie, s. f. anthology.

Anthrax, en-traks, s. m. anthrax. Anthropologie, s. f. anthropology ANTHROPOMORPHITE, èn-trô-pô-môr-fîte,

s. m. anthropomorphite. Anтнкорорнась, en-tro-po-faz, adj. that eats man's flesh.

Un anthropophage, s. m. a cannibal, a man-

ANTHROPOPHAGIE, s. f. anthropophagy. ANTICHAMBRE, en-ti-shenbr, s. f. antichamber, antechamber.

ANTICHRETIEN, NE, adj. antichristian.

ANTICHRISTIANISME, s. f. opposition to christianity.

ANTICIPATION, en-ti-sl-pa-sion, s. f. anticipation, prevention, forestalling. anticipation, anticipated appeal.

ANTICIPÉ, E, adj. anticipated. Connoissance anticipée, foreknowledge; vieillesse anticipée, premature old age.

ANTICIPER, en-ti-si-pa, v. a. to auticipate, prevent, forestall, take up before-hand or bo

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

fore the time. Anticiper sur, to encroach upon, || usurp, invade.

ANTI-COUR, V. Avant-cour.
ANTIDATE, en-ti-dat, s. f. antedate.
ANTIDATER, en-ti-da-ta, v. a. to antedate.

ANTIDOTE, en-ti-dot, s. m. antidote, counterpoison, preservative.

Antienne, èn-tiên, s. f. anthem. Antilles, èn-til, s. f. Windward Islands. ANTILOGIE, s. f. antilogy, contradiction. ANTIMOINE, en-ti-mwan, s. m. antimony.

Antimonarchique, adj. antimonarchical. Antimonial, e, adj. antimonial.

ANTI-NATIONAL, E, adj. in opposition to

the national taste, etc.

Antinomie, s. f. contradictory laws. Antipape, en-tî-pap, s. m. antipope. Antipathie, en-tî-pa-ti, s. f. antipathy, natural aversion, repugnancy or averseness.

ANTIPATHIQUE, en-tî-pâ-tîk, adj. averse,

ANTIPÉRISTASE, s. f. antiperistasis. ANTIPESTILENTIEL, LE, adj. antipestilential.

ANTIPHRASE, en-tl-fraz, s. f. antiphrasis. ANTIPODES, en-ti-pod, s. m. pl. antipodes.

Autipode, contrary, directly opposite. est l'antipode du bon sens, he is a contradiction

to good sense.
Antiqualle, en-ti-kal, s. f. antique, ruinous piece of antiquity. Antiquailles, old

rubbish or stuff.

Antiquaire, èn-ti-kèr, s. m. antiquary. ANTIQUE, en-tik, adj. antique, old, ancient.

ANTIQUE, s. f. antique, piece or monument of antiquity. A l'antique, adv. after the ancient or old way, fashion or manner.
Antiquité, en-tl-kl-tå, s. f. antiquity, an-

cientness, the ancients, ancient times, former ages; antique, piece of antiquity.

ANTISCIENS, Antisciens, en-th-siin, s. m. pl. people who live on each side of the equator, equidistant from it.

Antiscorbutique, adj. antiscorbutick. Antistrophe, s. f. antistrophe. Antithèse, èn-ti-tèz, s. f. antithesis.

ANTITHÉTIQUE, en-ti-tà-tik, adj. opposite, contrary, full of antitheses.

ANTITRINITAIRE, s. m. antitrinitarian.

ANTITYPE, s. m. antitype.

ANTIVÉNÉRIEN, NE, adj. antivenereal.

ANTONINS, s. m. pl. Antonian, (sort of monk.) Antonomase, s. f. antonomasia.

Antre, entr. s. m. den, cave.

Anvers, s. m. Antwerp

Anuité, E, adj. benighted.

S'ANUITER, så-nůl-tå, v. r. to be benighted, stay till it is night.

Anus, a-nus, s. m. anus, fundament.

Anxiété, énk-sî-â-tà, s. f. anxiety, perplexity, sorrow, anguish, great trouble.

Adriste, ő-rîst, s. m. aorist, indefinite as

AORTE, s. m. aorta, artery of the heart.

Aoûr, do, s. m. August. L'août, the harvest. Aduté, E, a-co-ta, adj. ripened in August.

AOÛTER, v. a. to ripen in August. AOUTERON, oot-ron, s. m. reaper in August.

APAGOGIE, s. f. apagogy. APAISER, â-pê-zâ. v. a. to appease, mitigate, pacify, quiet, still, allay, soften, assuage, APLATISSEMENT, acalm, qualify, co pose, suppress, to quench tening or making flat.

(thirst,) to compose, compound, adjust, make up (a difference.) S'apaiser, v. r. to allay one's passion, be allayed, be or grow quiet, etc. Le vent s'est apaisé, the wind is gone down L'orage s'est apaisé, the storm is over.

APANAGE, å-på-nåz, s. m. portion of a sovereign prince's younger children. Donner une terre en apanage, to assign an estate in lieu of a future right of succession to the whole.

Apanage, appendix, appurtenance, appendage. APANAGER, å-på-nå-zå, v. a. to settle an

estate on a younger son for his maintenance.

APANAGISTE, s. m. young prince on whom an estate has been settled for his maintenance.

APARTÉ, å-pår-tå, s. m. that which an ac tor speaks aside, (it takes no s in the plural.)
APATHIE, å-på-tl, s. f. apathy, composedness of mind, insensibility, freedom from pas

sions. APATHIQUE, à-pa-tîk, adj. insensible, void

of passions. APEDEUTE, s. m. apœdeutes, ignorant from

want of instruction.

APEDEUTISME,s. m. apœdeusia, ignorance from want of instruction

APENNIN, s. f. Apennine. APENS, V. Guet.

APEPSIE, s. f. apepsy, loss of concoction. APERCEVABLE, å-pers-vabl, adj. perceivable.

APERCEVANCE, s. f. faculty of perceiving. APERCEVOIR, å-pers-vwar, v. a. to perceive, descry, ken, discover. S'apercevoir, v. r. to perceive or see, etc. S'apercevoir de, to perceive, understand, remark, take notice of, find out, discover.

APERCU, s. m. attentive observation. V Apercevoir, the participle past or passive of which is, aperçu.

APÉRITI-F, ve, à-pà-rl-tif, tlv, adj. aperi tive, opening (said of medicines.) "APERTEMENT, adv. manifestly, plainly

openly, clearly.

APÉTALE, adj. that has no petal.

APETISSEMENT, ap-tîs-mên, s. m. diminu

tion, lessening.
APETISSER, åp-ti-så, v. a. to lessen. tisser, v. n. or S'apetisser, v. r. to grow less or short, decrease, lessen or shrink.

APHÉLIE, s. m. aphelion. APHÉRÈSE, s. f. aphæresis.

APHONIE, s. f. aphony, loss of voice.

APHORISME, å-fô-rism, s. m. aphorism. APHTHE, s. m. small white swelling in the

mouth. API, å-pì, s. m. sort of red apple.

APIQUER, v. a. Mar. Ex. Apiquer une ver-

gue, to peak a yard, top a yard up and down.
APLANER, v. a. to raise the wool or nap of a blanket.

APLANEUR, s. m. he that raises the wool or nap of a blanket.

APLANIR, å-plå-nir, v. a. to level, smooth, make even or smooth, lay flat, to take away, clear, remove (difficulties.) S'aplanir, v. r to grow smooth or easy, etc.

PLANISSEMENT, a-pla-nis-men, s. m. lc-

velling, making smootli or even

APLANISSEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. polisher. APLATIR, å-plå-tir, v. a. to flatten, make S'aplatir, v. r. to become flat.

APLATISSEMENT, å-plå-tis-men, s. m. flat-

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

APLOMP, s. m. perpendicular line or posi-Prendre l'aplomb d'une muraille, to level tion. a wall.

APLOMB, adv. perpendicularly, uprightly.

APNÉE, s. f. want of respiration.

APOCALYPSE, å-pd-kå-lips,s. f. apocalypse, the Revelation of St. John.

APOCALYPTIQUE, adj. apocalyptical. APOCO, s. m. one who has little or no wit.

APOCOPE, s. f. apocope.

APOCROUSTIQUE, adj. apocrustick.
APOCRYPHE, a-pô-krif, adj. apocryphal.
Les Apocryphes, s. m. pl. the Apocrypha.
APOCYN,s. m. dog's-bane, fly-trap,(a plant.)

APODICTIQUE, adj. apodictical.

Apogée, å-pô-zà, s. m. apogee.

APOLOGÉTIQUE, å-pô-lô-2ê-tîk, adj. apologetick.

Apologétique, s. m. apologetic oration, apology.

APOLOGIE, å-pô-lô-21, s. f. apology, de-

fence, excuse. APOLOGISTE, å-pô-lô-zlst, s. m. apologist,

he that apologizes.

APOLOGUE, å-p3-l3g, s. m. apologue, mo-

ral fable.

APOMÉCOMÉTRIE, s. m. apomecometry. APONÉVROSE, s. f. aponeurosis.

APOPHLEGMATIQUE, adj. apophlegmatick. APOPHLEGMATISME, s. m. apophlegma-

APOPHTHEGME, å-pôf-têgm, s. m. apothegm, short, and pithy sentence, maxim, saying.

APOPHYGE, s. f. apoplyge.

APOPHYSE, s. f. apophysis

APOPLECTIQUE, å-pô-plêk-tîk, adj. apoplectick.

APOPLEXIE, a-po-plek-sl,'s. f. apoplexy. APOSTASIE, å-pôs-tà-si, s. f. apostacy. APOSTASIER, a-pos-ta-zl-a, v. n. to apos-

tatize. Apostat, å-pôs-tå, s. m. apostate, backslider, renegado.

APOSTATE, s. f. apostate woman.

APOSTÈME, s. m. aposteme or apostume. APOSTER, å-pos-ta, v. a. to suborn, appoint. APOSTILLE, à-pos-til, s. f. postscript; mar-

ginal note or reference.

APOSTILLER, à-pôs-ti-là, v. a. to write a postscript, make notes or references in the margin.

APOSTOLAT, å-pôs-tô-là, s. m. apostleship. APOSTOLIQUE, a-pos-tô-lik, adj. aposto-

lick; good, holy.

APOSTOLIQUEMENT, å-pås-tå-lik-mën, adv.

apostolically, holily.
Ароктворне, å-роз-trof, s. f. apostrophe. å-pos-tro-få, v. a. to APOSTROPHER, upostrophize, address one's speech to.

APOSTUME, å-pos-tům, V. Apostème. APOSTUMER, å-pos-tů-må, v. n. to suppu-

rate, gather matter, draw to a head. APOTHEOSE, à-pô-tà-oz, s. f. apotheosis. APOTHICAIRE, a pô-tl-ker, s. m. apothecary.
APOTHICAIRE, a pô-tl-ker-rl, s. f. apothecary's shop. (L'art d'apothicaire,) apothecary's shop.

cary's trade. APOTHICAIRESSE, s. . nun that propares remedies is a nunnery. Apothecary's wife. APOTRE a-potr, s. . . . apostle; un hon

apotre, a pretender to honesty.

APOZÈME, å-pô-zèm, s. m. apozem, decoction.

APPARAT, a-pa-ra, s. m. preparation, study; discours d'apparet, discourse made with great preparation, studied or set speech; a compendious dictionary.

APPARAUX, å-på-ro, s. m. pl. Mar. the whole furniture of a ship, as sails, rigging,

tackle, yards, guns, etc.

APPAREIL, å-på-rêl, s. m. preparation, provision, furniture; train, retinuc, equipage attendance; dressing; thickness or height (of a stone.) Mettre un appareil à une plaie, to dress a wound. Appareil, Mar. Ex. Faire un appareil, to raise a purchase. Appareil des ancres, ground-tackle.

APPAREILLAGE, s. m. Mar. act of getting under way or under sail. L'escadre est en appareillage, the fleet is getting under way.

APPAREILLÉ, E, adj. dressed, fitted, etc. Pierre appareillée, stone ready marked to be cut. Voile appareillée, Mar. sail made cut. ready.

APPAREILLER, à-pà-rè-là, v. a. to match. Appareiller des bas, to dress or fit stockings. Appareiller, v. n. Mar. to set sail, get under way. S'appareiller, v. r. to couple or match.
APPAREILLEUR, à-pà-rè-lèur, s. m. he that

prepares or marks stones that are to be cut. APPAREILLEUSE, å-på-rê-lèuz, s. f. bawd,

procuress.

APPAREMMENT, å-på-rå-men, adv. likely,

apparently, in all appearance.

APPARENCE, å-på-rens, s. f. appearance, outside show. Il n'y a en elle aucune apparent rence de vie, there is not in her any sign of Apparence, appearance, likelihood, probability. A phenomenon, an appearance

APPARENT, E, à-pà-ren, rent, adj. apparent, plain, manifest, evident; likely, proba-ble. Eminent, chief, topping, considerable. Apparent, seeming.

APPARENTÉ, E, adj. Ex. Bien apparenté, that has good relations, of a good family. Mal apparenté, related to persons of low degree, who has very mean relations.
S'APPARENTER, så-på-ren-tå, v. r. to make

an alliance (with a family."

APPARESSER, v. a. to dull, make heavy and dull. S'apparesser, v. r. to grow lazy or dull or heavy.

APPARIEMENT, å-på-rl-men, s. m. pairing, matching.

APPARIER, à-pà-rl-à, v. a. to pair, sort, match. Apparier le mâle avec la femelle, to match the male and female. S'apparier, v.r. to couple.

APPARITEUR, à-pa-rl-teur, s. m. apparitor, beadle.

APPARITION, à-pà-rl-slon, s. f. appearance, apparition, vision.

APPAROIR, å-på-rwar, v. n. defect only used in the infin. and third person sing. il appert, it appears, it is apparent or evident.

pert, it appears, it is apparent or evicent.

Apparolite, a-ba-retir, v. n. (like paroitre) to appear. Les ambassadeurs ont fait apparoitre de leurs pouvoirs, the ambassadous have produced or exhibited their powers or credentials. *Il apparoit, it appears. S'il rous apparoît que, if you find, if you are satisfied that.

APPARTEMENT, å-pårt-men, s. m. apartment, drawing-room.

buse, bût : jêûne, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

APPARTENANCE, à-part-nens, s. f. appurtenance, appendage.

APPARTENANT, E, adj. belonging, apper-

APPARTENIR, å-pårt-nir, v. n. (like tenir) to appertain, belong, to belong to, relate to, concern; to be related.

Il appartient, v. imp. it becomes, it is the duty, it is meet or just or reasonable, it is fit.

A tous ceux à qui il appartiendra, to all those whom it may concern. Ainsi qu'il apparti-

endra, as they shall see cause. APPARU, E. adj. appeared.

APPAS, å-på, allurements, charms, attractions. APPAT, a-pa, s. m. bait; allurement, at-

traction, enticement.

APPATELER, å-pat-là, v. a. to feed. APPATER, å-på-tå, v. a. to bait, allure, en-

tice, also to feed.

APPAUVRIR, å-pò-vrîr, v. a. to impoverish, Appauvrir, v. n. or make poor, beggar. s'appauvrir, v. r. to grow poor.

APPAUVRISSEMENT, å-po-vris-men, s. m.

impoverishment, decay, poverty.

APPEAU, â-pô, s. m. bird-call.

APPEL, â-pôl, s. m. appeal, appealing, call, roll call, calling over; call of a drum; a clallenge. Fuire l'appel du quart, Mar. to muster the watch!

APPELANT, E, ap-len, lent, adj. appealing,

that appeals. APPELANT, s. m. APPELANTE, s. f. appealer or appellant. Decoy-bird.

Appeler, ap-la, v. a. to call, name, to call over; call for, call to, give a call; (envoyer chercher) to call, send for, summon to appear, to challenge, send a challenge to fight. Appeler, v. n. to appeal, Mar. to grow. Comment appelle le câble? How does the cable grow? Appeler le monde au quart, to spell the watch.

S'appeler, v. r. to be called or named.

APPELLATIF, å-pël-lå-tif, adj. appellative. Non appellatif, appellative, noun or name belonging to a whole species.

APPELLATION, å-pel-la-slon, s. f. appeal. APPENDICE, å-pen-dis, s. m. appendix.

APPENDRE, å-pendr, v. a. to append, hang

APPENDU, E, adj. hung up.
APPENTIS, a-pen-tl, s. m. shed, out-house.
APPERT, V. Apparoir.

APPESANTIR, ap-zen-tir, v. a. to make heavy, dull, make dull. S'appesantir, v. r. to grow heavy or dull.

APPESANTISSEMENT, ap-zen-ils-men, s. m.

heaviness, dulness.

APPÉTENCE, à-pà-tens, s. f. appetence, appetency

APPÉTER, à-på-tå, v. a. to desire, covet, be desirous of, tend to.

APPÉTIBILITÉ, s. f. appetibility.

APPETIBLE, adj. appetible, desirable.
APPETISSANT, E, å-på-ti-sen, sent, adj.
that provokes the appetite, that whets the sto-

mach, relishing.

APPÉTIT, à-pà-tî, s. m. appetite, desire, affection, inclination; appetite, stomach. Homme or femme de grand appétit, high feeder. Chercher son appétit, to please one's Un cadr: de bon ampétit, a sharp set palate. lad; à l'appétit de, for want of, for the sake of saving.

APPÉTITI-F, VE, adj. concupiscible, appetitive.

APPETITION, ap-pa-ti-sion, s. f. appetition. APPIÉTRIR, (s') v. r. to fade, lose its lus-

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tre, grow rusty.

APPLAUDIR, å-plo-dir, v. n. to applaud, clap hands. Applaudir à une comédie, to clap a play. Applaudir à, to applaud, approve, praise, commend. S'applaudir, v. r. to applaud or praise or admire one's self, hug one's

APPLAUDISSEMENT, å-plò-dis-men, s. m. applause, clap or clapping of hands, publick praise.

APPLAUDISSEUR, s. m. applauder.
APPLICABLE, a-pli-kabl, adj. applicable.
APPLICATION, a-pli-ka-sion, s. f. application, applying: care, attention, diligence, study.

APPLIQUE, å-plik, s. f. laying upon.

APPLIQUÉ, E, adj. applied, etc. also who applies very close.

APPLIQUER, å-pli-kå, v. a. to apply, put, set, lay. Appliquer un soufflet, to give a box on the ear.

Appliquer, v. n. to apply. Appliquer une somme d'argent à bâtir, to bestow a sum of money upon building. To apply, engage. S'appliquer, v. r. to apply, to addict one's self, to be applied. S'appliquer quelque chose, to apply a thing to one's self, to take it upon one's self, arrogate or appropriate a thing to one's self.

ff. Appoint, å-pwin, s. m. odd money. Appointé, s., adj. ex. Requête appointée, sition that has been answered. Cause appetition that has been answered. pointée, cause referred to farther delibera-

APPOINTÉ, s. m. officer or soldier that re-

ceives better pay than the rest.

APPOINTEMENT, â-pwint-mên, s. m. decree, order, rule, etc. (given by a judge upon a cause before a final sentence.) Allowance, stipend, salary, maintenance. Fournir à l'appointement, to help maintain one.

APPOINTER, a-pwin-th, v. a. to refer (a use.) To give an allowance or a salary.

APPOINTEUR, s. m. judge who puts off the hearing of a cause; reconciler.

Apport, å-por, s. m. market, wake.

APPORTAGE, s. m. carriage. APPORTER, a-por-ta, v. a. to bring, convey, cause, breed, procure, occasion; to allege bring, cite, produce; to use; to raise, start (objections, etc.)

APPOSER, å-pô-zå, v. a. to set up, put in or

to; to affix.

Apposition, ap-po-zi-sion, s. f. apposition, setting or putting to, affixing; addition, adding or putting to.

APPRÉBENDER, v. a. to give to a person

of one's own choice one's prebend.

APPRÉCIATEUR, à-prà-si-à-teur, s. m. appraiser,

APPRÉCIATION, à-prà-sì-à-sìon, s. f. appraising, rating, valuation, estimation.

APPRÉCIER, à-prà-si-à, v. a. to appraise,

value, rate, prize, set a value upon.

APPRÉHENDE, E, adj. apprehended, etc. feared, etc.

APPRÉHENDER, à-prà-en-dà, v. a. to apprehend, take, lay hold on, seize; to apprehend, fear, stand in fear, dread, stand in awe of

bar, båt, båse: thère, èbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

APPRÉHENSI-F, VE, adj. apprehensive, || fearful, timorous.

APPRÉHENSION, à-prà-èn-slon, s. f. apprehension, perception; apprehension, fear.

APPRENDRE, å-prendr, v. a. (like prendre) to learn, get knowledge of; to learn or hear, understand, be told or informed; to learn, teach; to inform, advise. Apprenez qu'il ne fait pas bon se jouer arec lui, remember or take notice that it is not safe meddling with him.

APPRENTI, E, å-pren-tl, s. m. & f. appren-

tice; novice, new beginner.

APPRENTISSAGE, å-prèn-tl-såz, s. m. ap-Faire son apprentissage, to serve one's apprenticeship, serve one's time.

Mettre en apprentissage, to bind apprentice.

Etre en apprentissage, to be an apprentice. Il fait l'apprentissage du bel art de la guerre, he is learning the noble art of war. Brevet d'apprentissage, apprentice's indenture. Apprentissage, trial of one's skill.

APPRET, å-pre, s. m. preparation, dressing,

stiffening, putting a gloss upon. Peindre en apprêt, to paint upon glass. Apprêt (des viandes,) dressing or seasoning (of meat.)

APPRÊTE, à pret, s. f. slice of bread to

eat a boiled egg with:

APPRÉTER, å-prè-lå, v. a. to prepare, dress, make or get rendy, to stiffen or put a gloss upon.

Appréter à manger, appréter des viandes, to dress victuals. Apprêter à rire, to afford matter of laughter, make one's self a laughing stock. Apprêter un brûlot, Mar. to prime a fireship. S'apprêter, v. r. to prepare one's self, go about get ready.

APPRÉTEUR, å-prè-teur, s. m. painter

upon glass.

APPRIS, E, adj. taught, learni, etc. V. pprendre. Un jeune homme bien appris, a Apprendre. well-bred young man, a youth well educated.

APPRIVOISER, å-pri-vwå-zå, v. a. to tame, make tame or gentle or tractable. S'apprivoiser, v. r. to grow tame or familiar. La perfidie s'apprivoise par les bienfaits, perfidious-

ness may be overcome by kindness.

APPROBATEUR, å-prô-bå-têur, s. m. APPROBATRICE, s. f. approver, one that ap-

proves or likes.

APPROBATI-F, VE, adj. approving. APPROBATION, å-prô-bå-sion, s. f. appro-

bation, liking, consent,

APPROCHANT, E, a-pro-shen, shent, something like, not unlike, near allied, near akin.

Approchant de, near, about.
APPROCHE, å-prosh, s. f. approach, approaching, coming nigh, drawing near. Lunette d'approche, prospective or perspective

glass.

APPROCHER, å-pro-sha, v. a. to draw or bring near, approach. Approchez la table du feu, draw the table near the fire. Les lunettes approchent les choses, perspective glasses bring objects nearer to our sight, Tâcher d'approcher deux personnes l'une de l'autre, to endeavour to reconcile two persons. procher quelqu'un, to approach one, have free access to him. Approcher, Mar. to near. Approach, v. n. to draw nigh or near, approach, come near. S'approcher, v. r. to draw near or nigh, appre 1ch, come near. Approchezvous du feu, draw near or come near the fire.
APPROFONDIR, å-prô-fon-dir, v. a. to dig

or make deeper, to search into, examine tho-

roughly, penetrate to the bottom of (a subject.) APPROFONDISSEMENT, s. m. act of digging deeper, act of examining thoroughly.

APPROPRIANCE, s. f. act of taking posses-

APPROPRIATION, å-prô-prì-à-sion, s. f. appropriation.

APPROPRIER, à-prò-prì-à, v. a. to appropriate, adopt, fit, apply. S'approprier, v. r. to appropriate to one's self, usurp; to lay claim to, appropriate to one's self.

APPROVISIONNEMENT, à-prô-vî-21ôn-mên, s. in. the supplying with necessaries. L'approvisionnement d'un vaisseau, the victualling

of a ship.

APPROVISIONNER, a-pro-vl-slo-na, v. a. to provide, victual, supply with provisions.

APPROVISIONNEUR, å-pro-vil-siô-neur,

s. m. provider, victualler. Bâtiment approvisionneur, victualling ship.

APPROUVER, a-prôo-va, v. a. to approve, approve of, allow of, like, consent to.

APPROXIMATION, a-prok-si-ma-sion, s. f.

approximation.

APPROXIMER, v. a. to approximate.
APPUI, à-pui, s. m. prop, stay. Hauteur d'appui, breast-height. Mur à hauteur d'appui, wall breast high; support, strength, defence, countenance, interest, credit, help, protection. Cheval de bon appair, horse of all easy rest upon the hand. Aller à l'appui de la boule, to hit the bowl of another player.

Aller à l'appui de la boule, to second, back.

Point d'appui, support, basis, foundation.

APPUI-MAIN, s. m. painter's mostick, stick.

Appuyé, E, adj. borne up, propped, etc. Appuyer, å-půl-yå, v. a. to bear up, support, prop, stay, keep up; to support, bear up, uphold, countenance, back, favour, protect, defend; strengthen, ground, make good. Appuyer, v. n. to lean, bear. Appuyez davantuge sur le cachet, lean harder upon the seal. Appuyer, to dwell, lay a stress, insist. Appuyer un signal, Mar. to enforce a signal. Appuie les bras du vent, haul taught the weather braces. S'appuyer, v. r. to lean, rest. S'appuyer de la protection de quelqu'un, to rely or build or depend upon a man's protection. S'appuyer sur quelque passage de l'Ecriture, to ground what one says upon some passage of the Scripture.

APRE, apr, adj. rough, harsh, sharp, tart; hard, severe, biting, nipping; rough, rugged; violent, fierce, cruel, grievous; austere, crabbed, sullen; eager, greedy, fierce.

apr-men, APREMENT, adv. harshly, sharply, rigorously, cuttingly, fiercely, severely, greedily, eagerly, etc.

Apres, a-pre, prep. after, next to.

Après, next to, except: after, against, upon. Tout le monde crie après lui, every body cries out upon him. R est toujours après moi, he is always at my elbow. Se mettre après quelqu'un, to fall upon one, go about to beat him. Après quoi, after that, then, Je suis après à écrire, I am writ ing. C'après, hereaster. D'après, next. Le jour d'après, the next day. D'après is also used as a preposition in suis also used as a preposition in suit and a preposition in suit also used as a suit also used as a preposition in suit also used as a is also used as a preposition in summing up what has been said, seen, read, etc. to lead to a conclusive inference or decision; Ex. D'après ce que vous avez dit, le buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

mérite n'est pas toujours récompensé, it follows from what you have said, that merit is not al-ways rewarded. *D'après*, by, upon, accord-ing to, in consequence of, in imitation of, upon the authority of, from the original of.

APRÈS COUP, adj. too late, when the time

or opportunity is over.

APRÈS QUE, conj. after, after that, when,

by that time.

APRÈS-DEMAIN, adv. after to-morrow. APRÈS-DINÉ, adv. after dinner, in the af-

APRÈS-DINÉE, s. f. the afternoon.

APRÈS-MIDI, adv. afternoon. APRÈS-SOUPÉ, adv. after supper, at night. APRÈS-SOUPÉE, s. f. the time after supper,

APRETÉ, apr-ta, s. f. asperity, roughness, sharpness, harshness, tartness, ruggedness, un-evenness; asperity, harshness, sharpness, severity, violence, rigour, sullenness; eagerness, greediness, fierceness.

APSIDES, s. m. pl. absides (the plural of

Absis.)

APTE, apt, adj. proper, apt, fit.
APTITUDE, aptil-tidd, s. f. aptness, aptitude.
APUREMENT, apti-men, s. m. cleansing.
Apurement d'un compte, the scitling or balancing of an account.

APURER, å-på-rå, v. a. to cleanse. Apurer un compte, to settle or balance an account. APYRE, a-plr, adj. incombustible (said of sorts of earth and stones which fire cannot

change into glass, lime or plaster.)

APPREXIE, s. f. apyrexy, intermission or

cessation of a fever.

AQUARIUS, s. m. Aquarius (in the zodiac.) AQUATILE, adj. pron. acouatile, aquatile,

aquatick.

AQUATIQUE, å-kwå-tik, adj. pron. Acouatique, watery, full of water, marshy, growing or living or breeding in or about the water, aquatick, aquatile. Plantes aquatiques, plants growing in or near the water. Oiseaux aquatiques, water-fowls.

AQUEDUC, åk-dåk, s. m. aqueduct, water-

AQUEU-x, se, å-keu, keuz, adj. aqueous, waterish, watery, resembling water.

AQUILIN, E, å-kl-lin, lin, adj. hawked,

hooked, aquiline.

AQUILON, &-kl-lon, s. m. north-wind. Les aquilons, the cold and boisterous winds. AQUILONAIRE, adj. northerly.

AQUITAINE, s. f. Aquitania.

ARABE, å-råb, adj. & s. m. & f. Arabian. Arabe, s. m. covetous, base, sordid, griping fellow, miser; c'est un Arabe, he is a Jew. Arabe, Arabic language.
ARABESQUE, å-rå-besk, or ARABIQUE;

adj. Arabian, Arabic. Arabie, a-ra-bl, s. f. Arabia.

ARABISME,s. m. Arabism or Arabian idiom.

ARABLE, adj. arable, fit for tillage.
ARACK, åråk, s n. arrack, rack.
ARACHNOIDE, s i. arachnoides.
ARACKÉE, å rå-gnå, s. spider; toile d'araignée, cobweo; also, superfine thin lawn. Doigts d'araignée, long lean fingers. gnée, Mar. crow-foot.

ARAMBER, å-rèn-bå, v. a. Mar. to grapple. ARASEMENT, å-raz-men, s. m. levelling. ARASER, a-ra-za, v. a. to build up or raise | brass-wire.

part of a wall or building even with another part which is higher; to level the top of a wall. ARABALESTRILE, s. f. Jacob's staff, cross

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ARATOIRE, adj. of or belonging to tillage, aratory.

ARBALÈTE, år-bå-lêt, s. f. cross-bow. Arbalète à julet, bow to throw stones. Arbalète, Jacob's staff

ARBALÉTER, år-ba-lê-ta, v. a, to stay or

bear up with pieces of timber.

ARBALÉTRIER, år-bå-lê-trî-à, s. m. crossbow-man. Il n'est pas grand arbalétrier, he is no conjuror, he is not very vigorous.

Arbaletriers, s. m. pl. pieces of timber that

bear up the rafters of a roof.

ARBITRAGE, år-bi-tråz, s. m. arbitration, arbitrement, impire's decree or sentence.

Arbitraire, år-bi-trer, adj. arbitrary, voluntary, absolute, despotick.

ARBITRAIREMENT, år-bi-trer-men, adv.

arbitrarily.

ARBITRAL, E, år-bî-trål, adj. Ex. Sentence arbitrale, arbitrement, sentence or judgment

of the arbitrators, umpire's award.

ARBITRALEMENT, år-bl-trål-men, adv. by

way of arbitration, by arbitrators.
Arbitrateur, år-bi-trå-teur, s. m. arbitrator.

ARBITRATION, s. f. arbitration. ARBITRE, år-bitr, s. m. will, franc arbitre, or libre arbitre, free-will; arbiter, arbitrator; umpire, sovereign disposer, master.

ARBITRER, v. a. to arbitrate, regulate, or-

der, adjudge.

ARBORER, ar-bo-ra, v. a. to set up, hang out, or hoist. Arborer une plume à son chapeau, to set off one's hat with a plume of feathers. Arborer un mât, to set up a mast; arbore la flamme, hoist the pendant.

ARBOUSE, ar-booz, s. f. fruit of the arbute.

Arbousier, år-boo-ziå, s. m. arbute,

strawberry-tree.

ARBOUTANT, V. Arc-boutant.
ARBRE, arbr, s.m. tree; axle-tree, beam. Arbre de navire, mast of a ship. V. Mat.

Arbrisseau, år-bri-so, s. m. dwarf tree. ARBUSTE, år-båst, s. m. arbuscle, shrub,

bush.

Arc, ark, s. m. bow, hand-bow, long bow; arch. Arc de eercle, arch, segment, or section of a circle. Arc de triomphe or Arc triomphal, triumphal arch. Arc-en-ciel, rain-bow. Arc, Mar. L'arc d'un bâtiment, the cambering of a vessel's deck or keel. Arc d'une pièce de construction, compass of a piece of timber. Arc de constructeur, instrument employed by shipwrights for drawing on paper the sheer of the wales, etc.

ARCADE, år-kåd, s. f. arcade, arch, vault.

ARCANE, s. m. arcanum, secret. ARCASSE, s. f. Mar. stern-frame. V. Barre. ARC-BOUTANT, ar-boo-ten, s. m. pillar that supports an arch, buttress. Arc-boutant, Mar. boom. Les arcs-boutans des bittes, the spurs of the bits. Arc-boutant, ring-leader, supporter.

ARC-BOUTER, v. a. to prop or support an arch, or wall.

ARCEAU, s. m. arch of a vault.

ARCHAISME, s. m. antiquated word or expression.

ARCHAL, ar-shal, or fild'archal, s. m. wire.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

ARCHANGE, år-kanz, s. m. archangel. ARCHE, arsh, s. f. arch (of a bridge.)
L'arche de Noé, Noah's ark.
L'arche d'alliance, the ark of the covenant.

ARCHÉE, år-shå, s. f. archeus, principle

of life.

ARCHELET, s. m. little bow.

ARCHER, ar-sha, s. m. archer, bowman. Frunc archer, archer free from taxes. Cette femme est un franc archer, that woman is a termagant. Sort of officer, or attendant or Archer du prévôt, one of the provost marshal's attendants or guard. Les archers du guet, the patrole (at Paris.) Archer des pauvres, archer de l'écuelle, foot soldier that has orders to seize upon street beggars, and carry them to the work-house.

*ARCHEROT, s. m. little archer (said of

Cupid.)

ARCHET, ar-she, s. m. bow to play on a violin, etc.; upper part of a cradle; sweating cradle. A little bow used with the hand for ARCHETYPE, år-kå-tîp, s. m. archetype, original, model, standard of weights, etc.
ARCHEYECHE, årsh-vè-shå, s. m. archetybenes nalace.

bishoprie; archbishop's palace.

ARCHEVÊQUE, årsh-vek, s. m. archbishop. ARCHI, år-shi, arrant, most egregious. Un archi-menteur, a most egregious liar. Un archi-fripon, an arrant knave. Archi, chief, great. Archi-échanson, chief cupbearer; archi-trésorier, great-treasurer.

ARCHICAMÉRIER or ARCHICHAMBEL-

LAN, s. m. great chamberlain. ARCHIDIACONAT, s. m. archdeaconship.

ARCHIDIACONE, s. m. archdeaconry.
ARCHIDIACRE, år-shî-dîâkr, s. m. archdeacon.

Archiduc, s. m. archduke. Archiduché, s. m. archdukedom. ARCHIDUCHESSE, s. f. archduchess

ARCHIÉPISCOPAL, E, år-kî-à-pîs-kô-pål, adj. (pron. arki.) archiepiscopal, of or belonging to the archbishop.

ARCHIMANDRITAT, s. m. revenue annexed

to the office of the superior of a convent. ARCHIMANDRITE, s. m. abbot or superior

of some convents.

Archimaréchal, s. m. high-marshal. Archipel, ar-shì-pel, s. m. archipelago. ARCHIPOMPE, år-slif-ponp, s. f. well in a

ship, pump-well. ARCHIPRÊTRE, år-shi-pretr, s. m. arch-

priest.

ARCHIPRÊTRÉ, år-shî-prè-trå, s. m. archpriest-hood; dignity, office and jurisdiction of an archpriest.

ARCHIPRIEURÉ, s. m. arch-priory. ARCHITECTE, år-shî-têkt, s. m. architect,

master-builder.

Architectonique, adj. architectural.
Architecture, år-shî-têk-tur, s. f. architecture, art of building.

ARCHITRAVE, år-shi-trav, s. f. architrave. Archives, år-shiv, s. f. pl. archives, records. ARCHIVISTE, år-shi-vist, s. m. keeper of

ARCHIVOLTE, s. f. archivault.

ARCHONTAT, år-kon-tå, s. m. dignity of the Archon.

ARCHONTE, ar-kont, s. m. Archon, one of the chief magistrates at Athens.

Arçon, år-son, s. m. saddle-bow. or perdre les arçons, to be thrown out of the saddle, to fall off one's horse. Etre ferme dans les arçons, to sit firm on a horse.

ARCTIQUE, ark-tik, adj. arctick, north.

ARDELION, s. m. busy-body.

ARDEMMENT, år-då-men, adv. ardently,

vehemently, eagerly, fervently.

ARDENT, E, ar-den, dent, adj. hot, burning, burning hot, glowing, fiery; ardent, violent, vehement, mettlesome; eager, carnest, zeal-ous. Poil ardent, red or sandy hair. Ardent, Mar. griping, carrying a weather helm. Vaisseau ardent, griping ship. Le vaisseau est ardent, the ship gripes. Le vaisseau est il ardent? Does the ship carry a weather helm? ARDENT, s. m. kind of fiery meteor.

*ARDER, v. a. to burn. La gorge m'arde,

my throat is on fire.

ARDEUR, år-deur, s. f. heat, burning heat, ardour, eagerness, fervency, passion, zeal; fire, mettle.

ARDILLON, år-dî-lon, s. m. tongue (of a

buckle.)

ARDOISE, år-dwaz, s. f. slate. ARDOISIÈRE, år-dwå-zier, s. f. quarry of

*ARDRE, v. a. & n. used only in the inf. and in the 3d person sing of the pres. indicative, and of the subj. il arde, qu'il arde, it burns.

V. Arder.
*ARDU, E, adj. hard, arduous, tough, diffi-

cult of access.

ARÈNE, à-rèn, s. f. sand, gravel; that place in the amphitheatre where gladiators and wild beasts used to fight.

ARÉNER, v. n. to sink. ARÉNET-x, se, å-rå-neu, neuz, adj. sandy. ARÉOLE, s. f. small area; coloured circle round the nipple.

AREOMÉTRE, s. m. areometer, instrument

for weighing liquids.

ARÉOPAGE, à-rã-ô-pâz, s. m. Areopagus. ARÉOPAGITE, à-rà-ô-pà-zît, s. m. areopague. ARER, å-ra, v. a. Mar. to drive, bring the anchor home, drag the anchor.

ARÊTE, å-ret, s. f. fish-bone; angle or

edge (of timber or stone.) Arête de cuiller, ridge of a spoon. Arête de lame d'épée, ridge of a sword-blade. Arête d'assiette or de plat, edge of a plate or dish next the bottom

Areas, s. f. pl. mangy humour (in horses.) Arganeau, ar-ga-no, s. m. V. Organeau. Argent, ar-zen, s. m. silver. Vif-argent,

quick-silver, mercury. Argent trait or file, silver wire. Silver coin, money, coin. Bourreau d'argent, prodigal fool, spendthrift. Point d'argent point de Suisse, no penny, no pater-noster. Jeter l'argent à poignées, to throw one's money away. Argent, (in heraldry,) argent (the white colour.)

ARGENTE, E, adj. silvered over, done over with silver, plated with silver, silver-coloured. Les flots argentés, the silver waves.

argenté, whitish grey.
ARGENTER, ar-zen-ta, v. a. to silver over, do over with silver.

ARGENTERIE, år-zènt-ri, s. f. plate, silver-

plate. *ARGENTEU-X, SE, år-zen-teu, teuz, adj monied, full of money

ARGENTIER, ar-zen-tla, s. m. silver-smith steward, purser.

buse, but: jeunc, meute, beurre: enfant, cent, lien: vin: mon: brun.

ARGENTIN, E, ar-zen-tin, tin, argentine, of clear sound. Voix argentine, clear voice. Silver-coloured, bright or white or clear as

ARGENTINE, s. f. silver-weed.

ARGENTURE, s. f. thin sheets of silver for

ARGILE, år-zîl, s. f. clay, potter's clay. ARGILEU-X, SE, år-zî-leu, lenz, adj. clayey, full of clay.

ARGOT, år-go, s. m. stub above the bud,

dead bough; cant, cant words.

Argoter, v. a. to cut the stub of a tree above the bud.

*Argoulet, s. m. argoulet, sort of trooper, scoundrel, paltry fellow, scrub.

Argousin, ar-goo-zin, s.m. galley-serjeant.

Argue, arg, s.t. machine to wire-ckaw gold. ARGUER, år-gå-å, v. a. to reprove, contradict.

Argument, år-gå-mên, s. m. argument, reasoning, proof, evidence; subject, or subject matter; conjecture.

ARGUMENTANT, år-gå-men-ten, s. m. dis-

ARGUMENTATEUR, år-gå-men-tå-teur, s. m. arguer, disputer, lover of disputes, wrangler. ARGUMENTATION, år-gå-men-tå-slon, s. f.

argumentation, arguing, reasoning.
ARGUMENTER, ar-ga-men-la, v. n. to ar-

gue, reason, discourse, infer, conclude. ARGUS, s. m. one suspiciously vigilant. ARGUTIE, år-gå-sl, s. f. cavil, quirk. ARIANISME, å-ri-å-nism, s. m. Arianism.

Aride, å-rid, adj. arid, dry, sterile.
Arideté, å-ri-di-tå, s. f. aridity, dryness.
Arien, ne, å-ri-èn, èn, adj. & s. m. & f.

ARIES, s. m. Aries, the Ram. ARIETTE, à-riet, s. f. arietta.

ARISTARQUE, å-ris-tårk, s. m. Aristarchus, severe critic.

ARISTOCRATE, å-rîs-tô-kråt, s. m. aristo-

ARISTOCRATIE, å-ris-tô-krà-si, s. f. aris-

ARISTOCRATIQUE, å-rîs-tô-krå-tîk, adj. aristocratical.

ARISTOCRATIQUEMENT, å-rls-tô-krå-tikmen, adv. aristocratically.

ARISTODÉMOCRATIE, s.f. aristodemocracy. ARISTODÉMOCRATIQUE, adj. aristodemo-

cratical.

ARISTOLOCHE, s. f. hart-wort, birth-wort. ARITHMÉTICIEN, å-rît-må-tî-slên, s. m. arithmetician, accountant.

ARITHMÉTIQUE, à-rît-mâ-tik, s. f. arith-

ARITHMÉTIQUE, adj. arithmetical. ARITHMÉTIQUEMENT, å-rit-må-tik-men.

adv. arithmetically

ARLEQUIN, årl-kin, V. Harlequin. ARMADILLE, år-må-dil, s. f. light frigate; small fleet of Spanish vessels to protect their colonial trade.

olonial trade. An animal, armadillo. Armand, s. f. drench (for a sick horse.) Armateur, år-må-teur, s. m. owner of a privateer, fitter out of privateers, ship-owner.

ARNE, årin, s. f. arm or weapon. Arme à len, fire-arm, gun. Armes, (pl. is more used,) arms. Prendre les armes, to take up Porter les armes, to bear arms. Aux armes! to arms! Passer par les armes, to | spicy, adoriferous, fragrant, sweet smelling,

shoot or to be shot to death. Armes, armour, wars, fighting, martial affairs. Les armes sont journalières, the fortune of war is uncer tain. Armes, military exploits; coat of arms, achievements. Fencing. Maûtre d'armes, maître en fait d'armes, fencing-master. Faire des armes, to fence. Salle d'armes, fencing-school. Armes, arms, weapons, reasons, arguments, defence, aid. Faire profession des armes, to profess arms, be a soldier or in the arms. dier or in the army.

ARMÉ, E, adj. armed, etc. V. Armer. Vais-seau armé en course, vaisseau armé en guerre, privateer, cruiser. Arme de toutes pièces,

armed cap-a-pie.

ARMEE, s. f. army. Armée de terre, land-my. Armée navale, flect, flect of men of ar. Dien des armées, Lord of Hosts. army.

ARMELINE, s. f. crmine.

ARMEMENT, s.m. armament, arming, warlike preparations, raising of forces. Armement, Mar. armament, equipment, out-fit. Etre en armement, to be fitting out. Mettre un bâtiment en armement, to put a ship into commission.

ARMÉNIENNE, s. f. bluish kind of stone. ARMER, år-må, v. a. to arm, furnish with arms; make preparation for war, raise forces; cause to take up arms; to bind, strengthen (a beam with iron bars.) Armer, Mar. to fit out, (said of ships.) Armer les avirons, to ship the oars. Arme les avirons, get your oars to pass. Armer le cabestan, to rig the

capstern. Armer la pompe, to man the pump. S'armer, v. r. to arm one's self, take up arms; to fortify or arm or fence or strengthen or secure one's self. S'armer de quelque chose, to seize any thing to defend, or protect one's self.

ARMET, år-me, s. m. helmet, head-piece *Il en a dans l'armet, his brains are out of order, he is brain-sick.

ARMILLAIRE, ar-mil-ler, adj. Ex. Sphere armillaire, armillary or hollow sphere.

ARMINIANISME, a-mi-nia-nism, s. m. Arminianism. ARMINIEN, NE, år-mi-niin, nien, s. m. &

f. Arminian. ARMISTICE, år-mîs-tîs, s. m. armistice,

truce, suspension of arms.

Anmoine, ar-mwar, s. f press, chest of drawers. Armoire à raisselle, cup-hoard. ARMOIRIES, år-mwa-ri, s. f. pl. arms, coat

of arms, achievements. ARMOISE, s. f. mothwort, St. John's wort.

Armoisin, s. m. sarcenet.

Armon, s. m. furchel.

ARMONIAC, V. Ammoniac.

ARMONIAC, V. Ammoniac.

ARMORIAL, E. ar-mo-ri-al, adj. armorial.

Armorial, s. m. book of armorial ensigns.

ARMORIER, ar-mo-ri-a, v. a. to put cr
paint a coat of arms on any thing.

Armorique, ar-mo-rik, adj. armorick, maritime.

Armoriste, år-mo-rist, s. m. a painter, writer, or teacher of heraldry.

ARMURE, ar-mur, s. f. armour; the arming of a loadstone, the casing of it with iron.

ARMURIER, ar-må-rlå, s.m. armourer, gunsmith.

AROMATE, a-rô-mat, s. m. aromatick drug. AROMATIQUE, a-ro-ma-tik, adj. aromatick. bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

AROMATISATION, s. f. mixing with aromaticks.

AROMATISER, å-rô-må-tl-zå, v. a. to mix aromaticks with other drugs.

*ARONDE, a-rond, s. f. swallow. d'aronde, swallow's tail, dove-tail.

ARONDELLE DE MER, s. f. Mar. light or

small vessel.

ARPEGEMENT, s. m. rapid, distinct and successive striking of all the notes.

ARPEGER, v. a. to strike all the notes ra-

pidly, distinctly, and successively.

ARPENT, år-pèn, s. m. acre (of land.)
ARPENTAGE, år-pèn-laz, s. m. measurement, surveying, (of land.)
ARPENTER, år-pèn-lå, v. a. to survey or
measure land. To run, walk a great pace, run over.

ARPENTEUR, ar-pen-teur, s. m. surveyor,

measurer of land.

ARQUÉ, E, adj. bent, crooked. Des jam-

bes arquées, bow-legs.

ARQUEBUSADE, årk-bå-zåd, s. f. arquebusade, shot of an arquebuse.

ARQUEBUSE, ark-buz, s. f. arquebuse, sort of hand-gun.

ARQUEBUSER, årk-bå-zå, v. a. to shoot,

kill with an arquebuse. ARQUEBUSERIE, årk-bůz-ri, s. f. trade or

business of a gun-smith.
ARQUEBUSIER, årk-bû-zîå, s. m. arquebu-

sier, gun-smith. ARQUER, ar-ka, v.n. to bend, turn crooked. Arquer, v. n. to be bowed. S'arquer, v. r. Mar. to eumber, become hogged or brokenbacked.

ARRACHE, Ex. D'arrache-pied, without in-

termission or discontinuance.

Arraché, E, adj. pulled, plucked out, etc. *ARRACHEMENT, s. m. pulling or plucking out, drawing or getting out by force, snatching. Arrachement signifies now the places where a vault begins to form itself into an arch.

ARRACHER, à-ra-sha, v. a. to pull, draw, get, pick, pluck out or away by force, grub, pull up, root up, snatch, tear off, wring, wrest, force out. Arracher les yeux à quelqu'un, to pull one's eyes out. Arracher un cor, to pick out a corn. Arracher wa arbre, to grub up a tree, pull it up by the roots. Jelui ai arraché ce livre de la main, I have snatched this book out of his hands. Arracher la pean, to tear the skin off. Arracher wie épée des mains de quelqu'un, to wrest or wring a sword out of one's hands. Arracher, to get from or out, force out from, take away, lug away, tear off. Arracher le cocur, l'âme, les entrailles, to tear one's soul, break one's heart. Arracher sa rie, to have much ado to keep life and soul together.

ARRACHEUR, à-rà-shèur, s. m. Arracheur

de dents, tooth-drawer. Arracheur de cors, corn-cutter.

*ARRAISONNER, Ex. S'arraisonner, v. r. to argue.

ARRANGEMENT, à-renz-mên, s. m. arrangement, ordering or setting in order, disposing, right-placing, scheme, project, plan. Prendre des wrangemens pour payer ses dettes, to take measures for paying one's debts.

ARRANGER, a-ren-za, v. a. to arrange, set in order, dispose, place in order, rank. ranger ses affaires, to settle one's affairs. S'arranger, v. r. to settle one's affairs. S'arranger chez soi, to set one's house or lodging in order.

ARRAS, s. m. sort of parrot. ARRE, V. Arrhe. ARRENTEMENT, å-rènt-mên, s. m. rent-ing or taking upon lease, place let or taken upon lease.

ARRENTER, à-rên-tà, v. a. to rent or lease out, to rent or take by lease.

ARRÉRAGER, v. n. to be in arrears or be-

hind hand. ARRÉRAGES, à-rà-ràz, s. m. pl. arrears.

ARRESTATION, s. f. the act of stopping,

seizing, arrest.
ARRÊT, a-rè, s. m. act, judgment, decree, sentence; arrest, distraining or at achment, rest for a lance. Mettre la lance en arrêt, to rest or couch the lance. Arrêt, stay; setting (of a clock, dog, etc.) Chien d'arrêt or chien couchant, setting dog, pointer. Arrêt de cheval, stop or stopping of a horse. Un esprit qui n'a point d'arrêt, un esprit sans ar-rêt, an unsteady mind, a giddy-head, a gid-dy-brain. Arrêt, Mar. embargo; mettre un officier aux arrêts, to put an officer under an arrest.

ARRÊTÉ, E, adj. stopped, stayed, etc. V. Arrêter. Il n'à pas la vue arrêtée (or assurée,) he has not a steady look. Il n'a pas l'esprit arrêté, he is giddy-brained or crack-

ARRETÉ, à-rè-tà, s. m. resolution, agreement. Un arrêté de compte, an account agreed upon.

ARRÊTE-BOEUF, à-rèt-beuf, s. ni. rest-har-

row, (an herb.) Arrêter, å-re-tå,v.a. to stop, detain,stay, make fast, tic hard, keep up, stay: suppress, hinder; to hire; to allay, alleviate, assuage (pain,) to conclude, make an end of, determine, adjust; resolve, determine, design, decree, propose. Arrêter un compte, to settle or balance an account. Arrêter un valet, to hire a servant. Arrêter, to rest, to appoint, pitch upon (a day,) to fix (the eyes.) to set (partridges.)

Arrêter, v. n. to stop, halt.

Africary, v. r. to stop, stay, pause, rest, stand still. To stand trifling, be idle, loiter, tarry, stay. To settle (somewhere.) To forbear, refrain; give over. To stand, keep to, pitch upon; (à quelque chose,) to mind a thing, stand upon it, stick to it, insist upon it. Il s'arrête, he is out or at a stand, his me-mory fails him, he hesitates.

ARRÉTISTE, s. m. compiler of decrees.

ARRHEMENT, s.m. the giving earnest moncy. ARRHER, a-ra, v. a. to give earnest money, to secure a purchase.

ARRHES, ar, s. f. pl. earnest or earnest

ARRHES, ar, s. r., money. Earnest, pledge.
ARRIÈRE, å-rière, adv. away, avaunt. Arrière de moi, be gone from me. Arrière la illusta let us have no joking. En arrière, backward. Etre en arrière, to be behind hand, to be in arrears. En arrière de quelqu'un, behind one's back, unknown to one. Une porte toute arrière, a door wide open.

base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ARRIÈRE, s. m. Mar. stern, after part, aft. En arrière, de l'arrière, sur l'arrière, abaft, aft. De l'avant à l'arrière, fore and aft. En arrière du vaisseau, astern of the ship. est droit de l'arrière, the wind is right aft. mût de misaine est incliné en arrière, the fore-mast hangs aft. En arrière du grund mât, abaft the main mast. De l'arrière des bittes jusqu'à la Sainte-Barbe, from abaft the bitts to the gun-room. Avoir vent arrière, to go before the wind. Faire vent arrière, to put before the wind. Arriver vent arrière, to bear up, bear away, bear away right before the wind. cutter n'est pas assez sur l'arrière, the cutter is not enough by the stern. Il nous faut passer de l'arrière de ce brûlot, we must go under that fire-ship's stern. Le navire est il de l'arrière de votre point? is the ship a-stern of your reekoning? Ces bâtimens sont restés de l'arrière, those ships have dropped a-stern.

ARRIÉRÉ, E, adj. in arrears, behind hand.

ARRIÉRE-BAN, s. m. assembly of freeholders. ARRIÈRE-BOUTIQUE, s. f. back-shop.

ARRIÈRE-CHANGE, s. m. interest upon in-

ARRIÈRE-CORPS, s. m. that part of a building which projects the least.

ARRIÈRE-COUR, s. f. back-yard.

ARRIÈRE-FAIX, s. m. after-birth.

ARRIÈRE-FERMIER, s. m. under-farmer, under-tenant.

ARRIÈRE-FIEF, s. m. mesne fee or mesne

ARRIÈRE-GARDE, s. f. rear of an army or of a squadron of men of war. Conduire, mener, commander, l'arrière-garde, to bring up the rear.
ARRIÈRE-GOUT, s. m. after-taste.

ARRIÈRE-MAIN, s. m. back of the hand; back stroke.

ARRIÈRE-NEVEU, s. m. son or descendant of a nephew.

ARRIÈRE-PENSÉE, s. f. after-thought, se-

cret end or view. ARRIÈRE-PETIT-FILS, s. m. great grandson.

ARRIÈRE-PETIT-FILLE, s. f. great grand-

daughter. ARRIÈRE-POINT, s. m. stitching upon the

wristband of shirt sleeves, back stitch ARRIÈRE-POINTEUSE, s. f. woman that

stitches wrist-bands. ARRIÈRE-SAISON, s. f. autumn, latter end

of autumn. Old age. ARRIÈRE-VASSAL, s. m. under-tenant.

ARRIÉRER, à-rie-rà, v. a. to throw behind hand. Ce procès m'a fort arriéré, this law-suit has thrown me greatly behind hand. S'arriérer, to be in arrears, to stay behind.

ARRIMAGE, a-ri-maz, s. m. Mar. stowage, the stowage of a vessel's eargo, or whatever is contained in her hold. Nous arons uchere notre arrimage, we have completed our hold.

Faire l'arrimage, to trim the hold. V. Pièce. Arrimer, à-ri-mà, v. a. Mar. to stow. Arrimer la cale, to stow in the hold.

ARRIMEUR, s. m. stower (of cargoes,) stevedore.

Arriser, v. a. Mar. to lower, bring down (speaking of the yard.)

ARRIVAGE, s. m. Mar. arrival.

ARRIVÉE, å-rl-vå, s. f. arrival. Arrivée, Mar. movement of bearing away, also, of falling off when lying to: fair une arrivée, to fall off. Ce raisseau fait son arrivée. That

ship is falling off.
ARRIVER, å-ri-vå, v. n. to arrive, come to, get into; to arrive at, compass; to come unlooked for, come upon; to happen, befall, come to pass, fall out. S'il arrive que vous ayez besoin de moi, if you chance to want me. Arriver, Mar. to bear away, bear up, bear down, arrive, etc. Le général a arrive de trois quarts, the Admiral has bore up three points. Arrive, keep her away. Laisse arriver d'un quart, keep her away a point. Nous arrivâmes sur l'avant garde ennemie, we bore down upon the enemy's van. Arriver tout pad, to bear round up. Arrive tout, hard a-weather. Sans arriver, nothing off. La flotte des Grandes Indes est arrivée, the East-India fleet is arrived. V. Arrière.

ARROCHE, s. f. orache, a pot herb.

ARROGAMMENT, år-ro-gå-men, adv. arrogantly, presumptuously, proudly, haughtily. ARROGANCE, ar-ro-gans, s. f. arrogance,

pride, haughtiness, presumption. ARROGANT, E, ar-ro-gan, gant, adj. arro-

gant, proud, haughty, presumptuous.

ARROGER, (s') sar-ro-2a, v. r. to arrogate, claim, challenge or attribute to one's self, take upon one's self.

*ARROI, s. m. retinue, train, equipage. ARRONDI, E, adj. rounded, made round;

période arrondie, period well turned.

ARRONDIR, å-ron-dir, v. a. to round, make round.

Arrondir une période or une stunce, to give a period or stanza a good turn. Ar-rondir un cheval, to break a horse, ride him round a ring. Arrondir (in painting.) to re-lieve, give a relief to. Arrondir, Mar. Ex. Arrondir un cap, to weather a cape, sail round a cape.

ARRONDISSEMENT, à-ron-dis-men, s. m. rounding or making round, roundness.

ARROSE, E, adj. watered, wet, bathed,

sprinkled. ARROSEMENT, à-roz-mên, s. m. watering,

soaking, sprinkling

ARROSER, a-rô-za, v. a. to water, sprinkle. Arroser du rôti, to baste meat soak, bathe.

that is roasting.
ARROSOIR, a-ro-zwar, s. m. watering-pot. ARRUGIE, s. f. canal (in mines) to convey off the water.

ARS or ARTS, s. m. veins of a horse where they are usually blooded.

ARSENAL, års-nål, s. m. arsenal; dock-yard. ARSENIC, års-nå, s. m. arsenick, orpiment or orpine.

ARSENICAL, E, års-nî-kâl, adj. arsenical.
ART, år, s. m. art, science, skill, address, craft, cunning. Maître des Arts, Master of Arts.

ARTÈRE. ar-ter, s. f. an artery.

ARTÉRIEL, LE, ar-tê-rîêl, adj. arterial. ARTÉRIOLOGIE, s. f. arteriology, treatise or discourse on the arteries.

ARTÉRIOTOMIE, s. f. arteriotomy. ARTHRITIQUE, adj. arthritick, gouty.

ARTICHAUT, ar-ti-sho, s. m. artichoke. ARTICLE, år-tikl, s. m. articulation, knuckle, joint; article, head, clause. Les articles de la foi Chrétienne, the articles of the bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field. fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Christian faith. L'article de la mort, the point | of death; article (a term of grammar.)
ARTICULAIRE, ar-ti-ku-ler, adj. articular.

Maladie articulaire, articular disease, gont, arthritis.

ARTICULATION, år-til-ku-la-sion, s. f. articulation or joining of bones. Articulation de la voix, articulate or distinct pronunciation.

Articulation de faits, enumeration, deduc-

ARTICULÉ, E. adj. articulated; set down

in articles or heads; articulate, distinct.

ARTICULER, ar-ti-hu-la, v. a. set down article by article: to articulate; prononnee, cir-cumstantiate. S'articuler, v. r. to joint. ARTIFICE, arti-fis, s. m. art, industry, cumstantiate.

skill, workmanship; artifice, cunning, craft, deceit, device.

ARTIFICIEL, LE, år-ti-fi-ciel, adj. artificial, artful, done by art. Sphère artificielle, armillary sphere.

ARTIFICIELLEMENT. år-ti-fi-siel-men, artfully, by art.

adv. artificially, artfully, by art.
ARTIFICIER, ar-ti-fi-sia, s. m. maker of fire-works.

ARTIFICIEUSEMENT, år-tî-fî-sîcuz-mên, adv. cunningly, crafiily, artfully. ARTIFICIEU-X, SE, år-tî-fî-sîcu, sîcuz, adj.

cunning, subtle, crafty, artful, inveighing.

ARTILLÉ, E, adj. furnished. ARTILLERIE, år-til-ri, s. f. artillery, ordnance, guns, train of artillery. Bureau de l'artillerie, ordnance-office. L'artillerie de notre bâtiment est trop foible, our ship should have heavier metal.

ARTILLEUR, ar-ti-leur, or *ARTILLIER,

s. m. matross.

ARTISAN, ar-ti-mon, s. m. mizen mast. ARTISAN, ar-ti-zen, s. m. artisan, tradesman, handierafts-man, work-man; artificer, Artisane, s. f. female artiauthor, contriver. ficer, contriver, etc.

ARTISON, ar-ti-zon, s. m. a small worm in

wood.

ARTISONÉ, E, adj. worm-caten.

ARTISTE, ar-tist, s. m. artist, artificer, ingenious workman.

ARTISTE, adj. skilful, done in a curious and workman-like manner.

ARTISTEMENT, år-tst-men, adv. work-man-like, curiously, ingeniously, cunningly.
ARUSPICE, å-rås-pis, s. m. soothsayer, di-

ARYTHME, s. m. weakness of the pulse.

ARZE adj. Cheval arzel, herse that has a white spot on the hind foot of the right side.

As, as, s. m. ace at dice or cards. ASARUM, s. m. (plant) assarabacca. ASBESTE, s. m. asbestos, amianthus.

ASCARIDES, s. m. pl. ascarides, little worm. ASCENDANT, s. m. (in astrology,) ascendant, influence, strong natural inclination, ascendency, power, influence.
Ascendant, a-sen-den, adj. ascending,

ascendant.

Ascension, å-sen-sion, s. f. ascension; ascending or rising. Ascension or jour de l'Ascension, ascension-day. L'ascension des liquenrs, the rising of liquors.

ASCENSIONEL, LE, 2-sen-sid-nel, adj. Dif-erence ascensionelle, difference between right and oblique ascension (in astronomy)

ASCETE, s. m. & f. ascetick, anachorite, anchoret, recluse, hermit.
Asceter, s. m. monastery.
Ascetique, a-sa-lik, adj. ascetick.

Asciens, a-siin, s. m. pl. having no shadow.

ASCITE, s. f. ascites, sort of dropsy. ASIATIQUE, a-zl-a-tlk, adj. Asiatick, castern; as also verbose, diffuse, loose.

Asile, å-zîl, s. m. asylum, sanctuary, refuge, place of refuge, privileged place, shelter. ASINE, a-zîn, adj. Bête asine, he or she-ass.

ASPALATHE, s. m. Aspalathus, sort of wood.

ASPECT, as-pek, s. m. aspect, sight; looks, countenance; vista, prospect, aspect (of pla-

Asperce, as-pere, s. f. asparagus. Aspenden, ås-pêr-zå, v. a. to sprinkle with holy water or blood.

Aspercès, as-per-cès, s. m. holy water stick or sprinkler.

ASPERITÉ, ås-på-rl-tå, s. f. asperity ASPERSION, as-per-sion, s. f. sprinkling.

ASPERSOIR, s. m. holy water-sprinkler or stick.

ASPHALTE, s. m. asphaltos. ASPHALTIQUE, as-fal-tik, adj. asphaltick, bituminous.

Asphodèle, s. m. daffodil.

ASPHYXIE, s. f. asphyxy, sudden suspension of the pulse, respiration and motion

Aspic, as-pik, s. m. asp or aspick; langue d'aspic, ill-tongued, foul mouthed, backbiting, slandering man or woman. Aspic, sort of lavender, spikenard.

ASPIRAL, s. m. pendulum.

ASPIRANT, E, as-pi-ren, rent, adj. aspiring. Unc H aspirante, an aspirate H. Pompe aspirante, suction pump.

ASPIRANT, E, s. m. & f. candidate, probationer, one that stands fer an office or place.

Aspiration, as-pi-ra-sion, s. f. respiration, breathing; fervent desire, longing after; pious ejaculation; aspiration.

ASPIRER, as-pi-ra, v. a. to fetch or to draw breath. Aspirer UH, to aspirate the H, to pronounce it with an aspiration. Aspirer à. to aspire at, covet, desire, ambitiously seek, aim at.
Assa, s.f. sort of gum or resin. Assa-dulcis,

benzoin. Assa-fatida, asa feetida.

Assabler, a-sa-bla, v. a. to fill or choke up with sand. S'assabler, v. r. Mar. to run aground, stick in the sand. V. Ensabler. Assaillant, å-så-len, s. m. assailant, ag-

gresser; also challenger at tilting.

Assaillir, à-sà-lir, v. a. to assault, assail, attack, set upon. Nous fûmes assaillis d'un coup de rent à l'entrée de la Manche, we were caught in a gale of wind in the chops of the Channel.

Assanir, v. a. to make wholesome. Assaisonné, e, adj. seasoned. Assaisonnement, å-sé-zôn-mên, s. m. seasoning.

Assaisonner, v. a. to scason.

Assaisonneur, à-sè-zò-neur, s. in. seascner. Assassin, s. m. assassin.

Assassin, E, a.sa-sin, sin, adj. killing, mur dering; des yeux assassins, killing eyes.

Assassination. Assassiner, å-så-så-nå, v. a. to essassinate, murder; to kill, tire, trouble, plague.

ASSATION, S. f. assation, roasting.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : emiant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Assaut, å-sò, s. m. assault, attack, onset, storm. Emporter une ville d'assaut, to carry a town by storm. Donner l'assaut à une place, to storm a place. Faire assaut contre quelqu'un, to fence with one. Assaut, brunt, effort, shock. Faire assaut d'esprit, to make a trial of wit.

Ass £cher, v. a. to dry up. Assécher, v. n. Mar. to appear to be dry. Cerocher assèche à la basse mer, that rock is dry at low water. Assemblage, å-sen-blaz, s. m. joining, setting together, union, conjunction, collec-

tion, heap. Assemblage, Mar. rabbit, scarf, score, tenanting, etc. Assemblage à queue score, tenanting, etc. Ass d'aronde, swallow tail scarf.

ASSEMBLÉE, s. f. assembly, congregation, meeting; company; ball, assembly; rendez-vous, meeting of hunters; the tattoo. Bat-tre l'assemblée, to beat the tattoo.

Assembler, a-sen-bla, v. a. to assemble, get up, bring, draw, join together; gather, lay, or heap up; (un parlement) to call or assemble a parliament. To set in or fit in or together (wood work.)

S'assembler, v. r. to assemble, meet, gather, come or get together. Le parlement s'est assemblé, parliament is met.

Assener, as-na, bien son coup, v. a. to hit the mark, take one's aim right, strike home. Il lui assena un grand coup de poing sur la têle, he gave him a smart blew on the head with his fist.

ASSENTIMENT, s. 'm. assent.

ASSENTIR, (à) y. n. to assent to.

Asseoir, a-swar, v. a. to sit, sit down, set-tle, place, put, lay; (les tailles) to assess the land taxes; (son camp) to pitch a eamp, pitch

tents, encamp; (son jugement) to fix, settle or ground (one's judgment.) S'asseoir, v.r. to sit down. Asseyez-vous, sit down, sit you down. S'asseoir sur une branche, to settle or perch on a branch.

ASSERMENTER, v. a. to tender an oath. Asserteur, s. m. assertor, defender, main-

tainer, protector, rescuer.

Assertion, a-sertion, s. f. assertion, pro-

Asservi, E. adj. subjected, etc.

Asservir, à-ser-vir, v. a. (regularly conjugated) to subject, enslave, bring under subjection, or into hondage, to overcome, master or conquer (one's passions.)

Assesseur, a-se-seur, s. m. an assessor,

judge lateral.

Assez, a-sa, adv. enough, enow, sufficientiy, abundantly. Assez bien, well enough, pretty well, indifferently. On ne peut avoir assez de soin de son salut, a man cannot be too careful about his salvation.

Assinu, E, å-sl-dů, dů, assiduous, diligent, close at business, constant; continual, fre-

Assiduity, diligence, continual care or attendance, constant applica-

Assidument, a-si-dû-mên. adv. assidu-

ously, constantly, diligently, continually.
Assiegé, E, à-sià-zà, adj. besieged; hence

les assigés, the besieged.

Ass EGEANT, E, à-sià-zén, zént, adj. that besieges, besieger. L'armée assiégeante, the army of the besiegers. Les assiégeans, s mi pl. the besiegers.

Assıéger, à-sîà-zà, v. a. to besiege, lay siege to; encompass, compass about, surround, beset, stand or be about.

Assiente, à sient, or Assiento, s. m. As-

siento, contract to furnish slaves.

Assientiste, s. m. one who has a share in the Assiento.

Assiette, å-siet, s. f. seat, site, situation; sitting posture; state of the mind, temper or condition one's mind is in, assessment (of a tax;) fund, assignment; a plate. Assiette à mouchettes, snutier-pan. Assiette d'u ment, Mar. trim of a ship. Assiettée, à-siê-tà, s. f. plate-full. Assiette d'un bâti-

Assignable, adj. that can be assigned. Assignat, s. m. assignment; assignat.

Assignation, å-si-gnå-sion, s. f. assignment; summons, subpoena, citation. Assignation, rendezvous, appointment.

Assigner, a-sl-gna, v. a. to assign, appoint, settle, ascertain; to summon, subpecna, warn, cite (to appear.)
Assimilation, a-si-mi-la-sion, s. f. assi-

milation.

Assis, E, adj. sitting, seated.

Assise, a-slz, s. f. course or lay of stones or bricks in building.

Assises, a-slz, s. f. pl. assizes. Les juges

qui tiennent les assises, the judges of the cir-Assistance, à-sis-tèns, s. f. presence, being in a place; assistance, aid, help, succour;

assembly, audience, company, congregation, by-standers; council of Assistants.

Assisтant, à-sis-tèn, s. m. by-stander, auditor, assistant, helper.

Assistante, å-sis-tent, s. f. a nun that assists the abbess in a nunnery.

Assister, a-sis-ta, v. n. to be present, stand by.

Assister, v. a. to assist, help, succour, re-lieve, take care, attend.

Association, a.so.sia.sion, s. f. association, society, fellowship, partnership.

Associate, F., adj. associated, etc.

Associé, e, å-sô-cià, s. m. & f. partner, associate.

Associer, a-so-si-a, v. a. to associate, bring into a partnership, make a partner, admit or join to a company. S'associer avec, v. r. to associate one's self or enter into partnership with, join with, keep company with.
Assommer, a-sd-ma, v. a. to knock down,

kill; to maul; beat soundly; to over-whelm,

grieve, oppress or bear down.

Assommore, s. m. a small stick baited and placed under a stone to kill rats, etc.

Assomption, a-sonp-sion, s. f. minor of a syllogism. 'Assumption (of the Virgin Ma-

Assonance, å-så-nens, s. f. assonance.

ASSONANT, E, adj. assonant, chiming. Assorti, E. adj. furnished, stocked; sorted, matched. Ils ont des cusuistes assortis à toutes sortes de personnes, they have casuists

for all sorts of persons. Assortiment, å-sor-ti-men, s. m. assortment, suit, set; sorting or matching things to-

gether. Assortment, stock.

Assortir, å-sôr-tîr, v. a. (regularly conjugated,) to furnish, stock, store; to sort or match. Assortir, v. n. to suit or sort with match.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: fleid, fig: robe, rob, lord: inood, good.

Assortissant, E, adj. that matches or suits. Assort, E, adj. extremely fond, doting.

ASSOTER, v. a. to assot, infatuate.
ASSOUPI, E, adj. dull, heavy, drowsy, sleepy, suppressed, stifled, over, at an end;

mitigated, etc. Assoupir, à-sôo-pîr, v. a. to lull asleep, make dull, heavy, drowsy or sleepy; to suppress, stille; quict; mitigate (pain.) S'assoupir, v. r. to fall asleep, grow dull, heavy, drowsy or sleepy.

ASSOUPISSANT, E, adj. soporiferous, that

causes sleep.

Assourissement, å-sôo-pls-mên, s. m. heaviness, drowsiness, sleepiness, dead sleep; supineness, carelessness, negligence, sloth.

Assouplin, à-soo-plir, un cheval, v. a. to

make a borse supple or tame.

Assourdir, a-soor-dir, v. a. to deafen.
make deaf. S'assourdir, v. r. to grow deaf.

Assouvir, a-soo-vir, v. a. to satisfy, glut, satiate (appetite or passion.) S'assourur, to glut one's self, etc. to be glutted or satisfied.

ASSOUVISSEMENT, a-soo-vis-men, s. m. a

satisfying, glutting or satiating.

Assujettir, å-så-zê-tîr, v. a. to subdue, overcome, bring under, subject, make subject, bring into subjection, make liable; to master, conquer, keep under; to restrict, tie down, oblige; to make fast and steady. S'assujettir, v. r. to captivate, confine, subject, submit or tie one's self; yield.

Assujettissant, E, å-så-zê-ti-sen, sent,

adj. slavish.

Assujettissement, å-så-ze-tis-men, s.

m. subjection, slavery, constraint.
Assurance, a-sa-rens, s. f. assurance, certainty; trust, confidence; surety, security, pledge; assurance, boldness, confidence; insurance; security, safety, quietness. Lieu d'assurance, safe place, place out of danger or out of harm's way. Vivre en assurance, to live securely.

Assuré, F, adj. sure, certain, infallible; trusty; safe, secure; bold, confident; assured. V. Assurer.

Assurément, å-så-rå-mên, adv. surely, assuredly, certainly, sure enough.
Assuren, å-så-rå, v. a. to assure, affirm, assert, aver. Assurez-le de mes respects, present my respects to him. Assurer quelqu'un d'une chose, to warrant, assure, promise (a thing.) Assurer, to secure, make sure; to insure. Assurer un mid (avec des padaras or faux haubans) to swift a mast; to embolden, encourage, inspire with confidence or courage; to prop, bear up. Assurer un vase, to set up a vessel carefully.

S'assurer, v. r. to assure one's self, hope, be sure, confident or persuaded. S'assurer en, to trust in, to rely or depend upon. S'assurer de quelqu'un, to make sure of one, se-cure or bespeak him. To secure one by ar-

resting o imprisoning him.

Assureur, à-sû-rêur, s. m. insurer, underwriter.

Assyrien, NE, adj. & s. m. & f. Assyrian. ASTÉRISME, s. m. asterism, constellation. ASTÉRISQUE, ås-tå-risk, s. m. asterisk.

ASTHMATIQUE, ås-må-tik, adj. asthmatick, troubled with a short breath, short-winded.

ASTHME, asm, s. m. asthma, shortness of

breath.

ASTICOTER, v. a. to contradict, torment, tease.

ASTRAGALE, ås-trå-gål, s. m. astragal.

ASTRAL, E, ås-trål, astral.

ASTRE, åstr, s. m. star. Astre de la mit, planet of the night, moon. Astre du jour, sun, planet of the day.

Astree, as-tra, s. f. Astrea (the goddess

of justice.)

ASTREINDRE, as-trindr, v. a. (like feindre, atteindre;) to tie up, subject; to bind (the body;) restrict.

ASTREINT, E, adj. tied up, subjected, etc.
ASTRINGENT, E, ås-trin-zen, zent, adj. astringent, astrictive, binding, costive.

ASTRINGENS, s. m. pl. astringents, bind-

ing or costive medicines.

ASTROLABE, ås-tro-lab, s. m. astrolabe, cross-staff.

ASTROLOGIE, ås-tro-lo-el, s. f. astrology. ASTROLOGIQUE, ås-tro-lo-zik, adj. astrological.

Astrologiquement, as-tro-lo-zik-men,

adv. astrologically.

ASTROLOGUE, as-tro-log, s. m. astrologer. ASTRONOME, as-tro-nom, s.m. astromomer. ASTRONOMIE, as-tro-no-ml, s. f. astronomy. ASTRONOMIQUE, adj. astronomical

Astronomiquement, as-tro-no-mik-men,

adv. astronomically.

ASTUCE, as-tus, s. f. craft, cunning, wile. Par astuce, adv. craftily, by craft.

ASTUCIEU-x, SE, adj. cunning, artful, subtle.

Asymptote, adj. asymptote. Aтаваць, й-tå-bål, s. m. atabal, moorish drum, kettle drum.

ATARAXIE, s. f. ataraxy.

ATAXIE, s. f. ataxy. ATELIER, at-lia, s. m. shop or workshop, men, workmen, people (any number of men employed by the same master in one workshop.) L'atelier des charpentiers, the carpenter's shop; l'atelier des forgerons, the smith's shop; l'atelier de gréement, the rigging loft; l'utelier des menuisiers, the joiner's shop; l'atelier de la peinture or des peintres, the painter's snop; l'atelier des poulies, the blockmaker's shop.

ATELLANES, s. f. pl. kind of satirical en-

tertainment among the Romans.

ATERMOIEMENT, s. m. agreement or composition between the debtor and the creditor for the payment of a sum at certain times; delay.

ATERMOYER, v. a. to put off, delay the pay-S'atermoyer arec ses créanciers, v. r. to compound or agree with one's creditors for the payment of a debt at certain times.

ATHANOR, s. m. athanor. ATHÉE, a-ta, adj. atheistical. Sentiment

athée, atheistical opinion. ATHÉE, s. m. & f. atheist.

ATHÉISME, a-tê-îsm, s. m. atheism.

Атнекоме, s. m. atheroma, sort of wen. ATHLANTE, s. m. Atlas. Des athlantes et des cariatides, statues of men and women, put instead of pillars.

ATHLÈTE, at-let, s. m. champion, wrestler, strong lusty-fellow. D'athlète, athletick, ath-

letical.

ATHLÉTIQUE, à-tlê-tîk, adj. athletick, athletical; s. f. wrestling.

ATHLOTHÈTE, s. m. president over the athletick exercises.

ATINTER, v. a. to trim or dress, set off

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ATLANTE, V. Athlante.

ATLANTIQUE, adj. Atlantick. La mer Atlantique, the Western Ocean, the Atlantick.

ATLAS, s. m. collection of maps, Atlas; Atlas, first vertebre of the back.

ATMOSPHERE, åt-mos-fer, s.m. atmosphere. ATOME, å-tom, s. m. atom.

ATONISTE, s. m. atomist.
ATONIS, s. f. atony, debility.
ATOUR, å-dor, s. m. (of women) attire,
dress, rigging.
Dame d'atour, tire-woman (to a queen or princess.)

ATOURNER, v. a. to attire, dress, rig out,

ATOUT, à-tôo, s. m. trump (at cards) faire atout, to play trumps, trump about.

ATRIBILAIRE, à-trà-bi-lèr, adj. s. m. & f. atrabilarian, atrabilarious, splenetick. ATRABILE, à-trà-bil, s. f. black choler.

ATRE, atr, s. m. fireplace, hearth.

ATROCE, a-tros, adj. heinous, grievous,

odious, outrageous, atrocious.
ATROCEMENT, adv. heinously, grievously. ATROCITÉ, à-trò-sì-tà, s. f. atrocity, heinousness, grievousness, odiousness, enormity.

ATROPHIE, s. f. atrophy, consumption.
ATTABLER, (s') så-tå-blå, v. r. to sit down

at table, to take one's place at table.
ATTACHANT, E, å-tå-shen, shent, adj. en-

dearing, engaging, affecting.

ATTACHE, a-fash, s. f. string, band, tie, affection, inclination. Fuire quelque chose avec attache, to do a thing eagerly or with eagerness. Il a plus d'attache au ciel qu'à la terre, his mind is more bent upon heaven than upon earth. Lévrier d'attache, great grey hound, Irish grey hound.

ATTACHÉ, E, adj. tied, bound, fastened, etc. V. Attacher. Attaché à une opinion, wedded to an opinion. Attaché à son sens, obstinate, stiff in his opinion. Attaché à ses intérêts or à son profit, selfish, minding nothing but his

own interest.

ATTACHEMENT, å-tåsh-men, s. m. attachment, tie, affection, inclination, love, passion; constant attendance or application, adhesion; amour, intrigue, inclination.

ATTACHER, à-tà-sha, v. a. to tie, bind, fasten or make fast; (avec un clou) to nail; (encroix) to nail or hang (on a cross;) (avec un boutou) to button; (avec une épingle) to pin.

Mon bonheur est attaché au vôtre, my happiness depends upon yours. Le ciel a attaché mon bonheur est attache men. bonheur à votre vie, Heaven has wrapped up my happiness in your life. C'est un vice attaché à cet âge, it is a vice inseparable from that age. Attacher le mineur (le mettre en état de travailler à couvert,) to set on the miner. Attacher, to tie, oblige, engage or endear. Attacher son esprit à quelque chose, to apply one's mind to a thing, to mind it.

S'attacher, v. r. to take hold, cling, keep close, cleave, stick or stick fast; (à quelqu'un, auprès de quelqu'un) to stick or adhere or devote one's self (to one;) (à quelque chose) to give or apply one's mind to a thing, mind it, be intent upon it. S'attacher à ses opinions, to stick to or be wedded to one's own opinion.

ATTAQUABLE, adj. that may be attacked. ATTAQUANT, E, å-tå-kan, adj. & s. ag-

gressor, assailant.

ATTAQUE. å-tåk, s. f. attack, assault, onset,

sulting words, reproach, abuse; (d'une maladie) fit of a discase.

ATTAQUÉ, E, adj. attacked, etc. V. Atta-

quer.

ATTAQUER, å-tå-kå, v. a. to attack, charge or assault, to fall or set upon, encounter; to urge, provoke or challenge, quarrel with. Attaquer la terre, Mar. to stand right in for the

S'attaquer à, v. r. to set upon, encounter, stand up against, challenge; also, to meddle with, to try mastery with, blame, find fault

ATTEINDRE, å-tindr, v. n. like feindre at eindre; to reach, come to. Atteindre à (parvenir à,) to attain to or attain, compass, obtain, reach, come at. Atteindre, v. n. to reach,

hit, strike, touch; to overtake.

ATTEINT, E, å-tin, tint, adj. hit, struck, etc. V. Atteindre (d'une maladie,) afflicted or troubled or infected with a disease, (de crime) charged with or arraigned for a crime.

ATTEINTE, s. f. blow, stroke. Il recut une rude atteinte au bras, he received a violent blow on the arm. Atteinte d'une maladie, fit of a disease. Courir à une atteinte, donner une atteinte à la bague, to hit the ring. Il a eu deux atteintes et un dedans, he has hit the ring twice and got it once. Atteinte, blow a horse gives himself by striking his fore feet with his hind feet. Donner atteinte or des atteintes à une chose qu'on poursuit, to go near getting what one pursues. Donner atteinte à quelque chose, to strike at or prejudice a thing. Donner des atteintes, to set upon, tease. Je lui donnerai quelques atteintes pour lui tirer les vers du nez, I shall endeavour, by some means or other, to pump it out of him. Je suis hors de ses atteintes, I am out of his reach, he can do me no harm. Les atteintes du froid et du chaud, the approaches of cold and heat.

ATTELAGE, at-laz, s. m. set of horses or

other beasts (to draw a coach, cart, etc.)

ATTELÉ, E, adj. put to or into a coach or cart (speaking of beasts.) Le carrosse est-il attelé? is the coach ready? Un carrosse attelé? de six chevaux, a coach drawn by horses.

ATTELER, at-la, v. a. to put horses, oxen, etc. to a coach or cart, etc. Atteler le carrosse, to put horses to the coach. Atteler le chariot, to put the horses or oxen to the cart.

ATTELLER, V. Atclier.
ATTELLE, a-tel, s. f. splint; also hawm of

a draught horse; a potter's tool.
ATTELOIRE, at-lwar, s. f. peg or pin to fasten the draught of horses.

ATTENANT, E, at-nen, nent, adj. adjoining,

next, contiguous, near.

ATTENDANT, E, å-ten-den, adj. that waits

or stays for, expecting.

En attendant, adv. in the mean time, in the interim. Promenez-vous en attendant, walk in the mean time. En attendant qu'il vienne, till

he comes, against he comes.

ATTENDRE, å-tèndr, v. a. to expect, be in expectation of, wait, stay or look for; to expect, hope. Attendre, v. n. to stay, tarry, wait or be in expectation. Attendre à fuire une chose jusqu'à ce que, to put off doing a thing till. Attendez, hold, stay. Attendre après, to stay or wait for. Se faire attendre, to make attempt, encounter, charge, brunt insult, in- !! people stay for one's coming. S'attendre. bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

v. r. (l'un l'autre) to tarry or wait for (one another.) S'attendre à, to rely, depend upon. S'attendre à, to expect, wait or hope

ATTENDRIR, å-ten-drir, v. a. to make tender (meat, etc.) also to soften, move to pity

or compassion, melt down, affect. S'attendrir v. r. to grow tender; also to be moved to pity or compassion, melt, relent.

ATTENDRISSANT, E, adj. moving to pity or leve, softening, melting.
ATTENDRISSEMENT, a-ten-dris-men, s. m.

relenting, compassion, pity, commiseration. ATTENDU, E, adj. expected, waited for, elc. V. Attendre. Attendu que, seeing or

since, forasmuch as, whereas. ATTENTAT, å-ten-tå, s. m. illegal enter-

prise or attempt, outrage, encroachment. ATTENTATOIRE, å-ten-tå-twar, adj. ille-

gal, done in contempt of a jurisdiction.

ATTENTE, 4:ebn, s. f. expectation, waiting; hope, trust, confidence. Pierre d'attente, a toothing stone that sticks out of a wall for the contemp. new buildings to be joined to it. Table d'attente, cloth on the strainer (for a painting.)

ATTENTER, å-ten-tå, v. n. & a. to attempt,

make an illegal attempt.

ATTENTI-F, VE, å-ten-tif, tlv, adj. attentive, heedful, mindful, intent or bent upon,

diligent.

ATTENTION, a-tèn-sion, s. f. attention, application, diligenee, heedfulness, mindfulness, care, carefulness. Faire attention, to mind, care, carefulness. heed, consider, reflect upon, be intent upon. Regarder avec attention, to look fixedly, gaze upon. Attention, égard (both generally in the plural) regard, respect. Attention à la barre, Mar. mind your helm.
ATTENTIVEMENT, a-ten-tiv-men, adv. at-

tentively, heedfully, carefully, diligently.
ATTÉNUANT, E, à ta-nû-èn, or ATTÉNUA-

TI-F, VE, adj. attenuating, weakening, wasting, that makes thin.

ATTÉNUANT, s. m. attenuating medicine. ATTÉNUATION, à tà nu - à - sion, s. f. attenuation, weakening, lessening of strength, extenuation.

ATTÉNUER, å-tå-nů-å, v. a. to attenuate, make thin or lean, weaken, impair or waste the strength. Atténuer un crime, to extenuate a crime.

Atterage, å-tê-råz, s. m. Mar. place a vessel may touch at

ATTERRER, å-tê-rå, v. a. to throw or strike

down; to overthrow, cast down, destroy. ATTERRIR, å-te-rir, v. n. Mar. to make the land. A la route que tient le Commandant, il va atterrir sur Ouessant, by the course the commodore is steering, he intends to make

Ushant. ATTERRISSEMENT, å-te-ris-men, s. m. al-

luvial land, alluvion. ATTESTATION, a-tes-ta-slon, s. f. certificate. Attestation sous serment, affidavit.

ATTESTER, å-tes-tå, v. a. to attest, assure certify, aver, witness, avouch, affirm; to call or take to witness.

ATTICISME, å-tl-sism, s. m. atticism, concise and elegant style, wit.

ATTIÉDIR, å-tiå-dir, v. a. to cool. S'attiédir, v. r. to cool, grow cool.

ATTIÉDISSEMENT, å-tîå-dîs-mên, s. m. cooling, lukewarmness.

ATTIFER, å-tl-få, v. a. to dress a woman's

ATTIFER, a-11-13, v. a. to thess a woman's head. Settifjer, v. r. to dress one's head. *ATTIFET, â-tl-fê, s. m. a woman's head gear, dress or a utire. ATTIQUE, â-tlk, adj. attick, after the Athenian way. Colonne attique, attick pillar. Leady attick pillar. Leady attick pillar. sel attique, polite and genteel raillery, attick wit.

ATTIQUE, s. m. attick, an upper story (in

architecture.)

ATTIQUEMENT, adv. after the attick manner. ATTIRAIL, å-ti-rål, s. m. train, implements, equipage, furniture, luggage, baggage.
ATTIRANT, E, adj. attracting, enticing, al-

luring, engaging.
ATTIRER, å-ti-rå, v. a. to draw, attract; to draw or bring; to draw in, allure, whee-dle. Attirer le cour, to win the heart, gain the affections. Attirer quelqu'un à son sentiment, to bring one over to one's opinion. malheur en attire un autre, one mischief draws in another or treads upon the heels of ano-

S'attirer, v. r. to draw or bring upon one's self, incur, run into; to gain, win, get. S'attirerune maladie, to eaten a disease, to make

one's self sick.

ATTISER, å-tl-zå, v. a. to stir up (properly, to lay a brand near another, to make them burn the better.) Attiser le feu, to add fuel to the fire, help a quarrel forward.

ATTISEUR, s. m. one who stirs up, excites. ATTITEER, a-ti-tra, v. a. to suborn, procure by bribery; to authorize, commission

ATTITUDE, à-ti-tud, s. f. attitude, posture. ATTOLLON, s. m. knot or cluster of small islands.

ATTOUCHEMENT, å-toosh-men, s. m. touch, touching, feeling. ATTOUCHER, v. n. Ex. Attoucher de pa-

renté à quelqu'un, to be related to one, be his relation or kinsman. ATTRACTI-F, VE, å-tråk-tif, tlv, adj. at-

tractive, that draws to or attracts. ATTRACTION, å-tråk-sion, s. f. attraction,

drawing to.

ATTRACTIONNAIRE, s. m. stickler for the

system of attraction.

*Attraire, v. a. like traire, but seldom used except in the infin. and part to entice, draw in, allure.

*ATTRAIT, E, adj. enticed, drawn in, allured. ATTRAIT, å-trè, s. m. allurement, entice-

ment, charm, attraction.

ATTRAPE, a-trap, s. f. gin, snare. Attrapemouche, s. m. gnat-snapper. Attrapes, s. f. pl. Mar. relieving tackle (used in heaving down a ship.)

ATTRAPER, a-tra-pa, v. a. to entrap, ensnare; to catch, overtake; to hit, reach, strike; to catch, take, surprise; to catch, compass or get eunningly; to get; cheat, over-reach, trick; to apprehend; to hit, express well. Altraper, Mar. to catch. Altraper la brice, to catch the breeze. Altrape au garant de candelette, clap on the fish. Attrape au

ATTRAPEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. one who is

upon the catch, deceiver.

ATTRAPETTE. s. f. little trick

buse, but : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ATTRAPOIRE, å-trå-pwår, s. f. trap, snare, [

ATTRAYORE, a tra-pwar, s. 1. trap, share, pitall; also wile, counning, rick, bite.

ATTRAYANT, E, å-trè-yèn, yèni, adj. attractive, alluring, charming, engaging.

ATTREMPER, v. a. to temper (said of iron;) oiseau attrempé, bird neither too fat nor too lean (said of havks.)

ATTRIBUER, å-tri-bå-å, v. a. to attribute, ascribe, impute, father upon grant.

ascribe, impute, father upon, grant.

S'attribuer, v. r. to assume, take upon one's self, arrogate to one's self, challenge.

ATTRIBUT, a-tri-bū, s. m. attribute.
ATTRIBUTI-F, VE, a-tri-bū-tif, tlv, adj.
that attributes (in law.)

ATTRIBUTION, a-tri-bu-sion, s. f. grant, patent, charter. Lettres d'attribution, power granted by a sovereign to give a final judgment without further appeal.

ATTRISTANT-E, å-tris-ten, tent, adj. sor-

rowful, sad, grievous.

ATTRISTER, å-trîs-tå, v. a. to grieve, make sad or sorrowful, afflict, trouble. trister, v. r. to grieve, be sad or afflicted, etc. ATTRITION, à-trì-sìon, s. f. contrition, at-

trition.

ATTROUPEMENT, a-troop-men, s. m. riot,

riotous assembly, mob.

ATTROUPER, a-troo-pa, v. a. to assemble, gather or get together. S'attrouper, v. r. to troop, flock or get together.

Vide A. Au, o, masculine article.

AUBADE, ò-bad, s. f. morning music, such as is played at the dawn of day before one's door or under one's window; check, reprimand, reproof, lecture. Il en a eu l'aubade, he was checked or reprimanded for it; vouz aurez tantôt l'aubade, you will have a lecture anon. Aubain, ò-bin, s. m. alien, foreigner set-

tled in a country and not naturalized.

AUBAINAGE, s. m. escheatage.
AUBAINE, ò-ben, s. f. or droit d'aubaine,
escheat, escheatage; windfall.
AUBE, òb, s. f. break of day, day-break, day-peep, dawn, dawning of the day; a sur-plice, alb. Aubes de moulin, ladles of the wheel of a water-mill.

AUBÉPINE, ob-à-pin, s. f. white thorn,

hawthorn.

Aubère, ô-bèr, adj. Cheral aubère, flea-bitten, grey, or dapple grey horse, white horse spotted with sorrel and bay spots.

AUBERGE, 8-berz, s. f. kind of inn, eatinghouse, ordinary, chop-house. Sort of peach.

V. Alberge.

AUBERGISTE, ô-bêr-zîst, s. m. & f. inn-keeper, one that keeps an eating-house or ordinary.

AUBIER, o-bla, s. m. white hazel-tree. AUBIER or AUBOUR, soft and whitish sub-

stance which lies between the bark and the solid wood of a tree, sap in timber. AUBIFOIN, o-bi-fwin, s. m. the weed blue-bottle, blue-blow, corn-flower or hurt-sickle.

AUBIN, o-bin, s. m. canter, (the going of a horse betwixt the amble and the gallop;)

white of an egg.
Aubier. August, v. Ander.
August, v. Ander.
August, v. Ander.
not any. Il n'y a augun moyen de faire cela,
there is no way of doing it. Vous ne trouvethere is no way of doing it. Vous ne tronve-rez aucun homme qui veuille vous caution-ner, you will find no man that will bail you. Je n'aime aucune de ces femmes, I love none

of these women. Aucun, s. some, some one,

AUCUNEMENT, ò-kûn-mên adv. not at all.

in no wise, not in the least.

AUDACE, o-das, s. f. audacity, audaciousness, boldness, confidence, daringness, assurance, presumption; loop for a hat.

AUDACIEUSEMENT, ò-då-sî-euz-mên, adv. boldly, confidently, daringly, andaciously,

presumptuously.

AUDACIEUX-SE, ò-då-sî-eu, euz, adj. audacious, bold, confident, daring, presumptuous,

AUDIENCE, O-diens, s. f. audience, hearing, hearing of a cause; court or judges who hear causes; court or hall where causes are tried;

audience, auditory.
AUDIENCIER, ô-dièn-siâ, s.m. Ex. Huissier audiencier, usher or crier, that attends the court when causes are hearing. Grand audiencier, one of the chief officers in the chan-cery of France, that examines all letterspatent, etc. before they pass the seal.

AUDITEUR, ò-dî-têur, s. m. auditor, or hearer; disciple or scholar (that comes to a lecture.) Auditeur des comptes, auditor of acthat exceed not the value of 25 french livres. Auditeur (at Geneva,) sheriff. Auditeur, secretary (to the nuncio.) Auditeur de rote. V. Rote.

AUDITI-F, VE, adj. auditory. AUDITION, s. f. hearing, auditing.

AUDITOIRE, d-di-twar, s. m. court or hall of audience, sessions-house. Auditory, audience, company of hearers. (Lieu où les professeurs font leurs leçons.) School, lectureroom.

Auge, de, s. f. trough.

Auger, ó-zå, s. f. trough-full. Auger, ó-zé, s. m. drawer of a bird-cage; spout of a mill-hopper.

AUGMENT, Ög-mên, s. m. Augment de dot, (in law) jointure or settlement; augment (in the Greek grammar.)

AUGMENTATI-F, ve, Ög-mên-tâ-tîf, tlv, add augmentative increasing

adj. augmentative, increasing.

Augmentation, og men-ta-sion, s. f. augmentation, increase, improvement, enlargement, addition.

AUGMENTÉ, E, adj. augmented, etc. Un livre augmenté, a book with additions.

AUGMENTER, og-men-tå, v. a. to augment, increase, improve, enlarge, amplify, add to, aggravate. Augmenter, v. n. or S'augmenter, v. r. to increase, grow,

Augural, E, &-gh-ral, adj. of or belonging to an augur. Baton augural, augur's staff

or wand.

Augure, ô-gûr, s. m. augury, omen, presage. De mauvais augure, ominous, illhoding. Augure, augur, soothsayer, divi-

Augurer, ö-gü-ra, v. a. to augurate, con-

jecture, surmisc.

August, ö-güst, adj. august, sacred, venerable, majestick, royal, imperial. AUGUSTEMENT, adv. stately, venerably,

majestically. Augustin, ô-gus-tin, s. m. Austin friar, black friar of the order of St. Austin.

Augustine, ô-gus-tin, s. f. Austin nun.

bar, bat, base: thère, ébb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

AUJOURD'HUI, 0-20or-dul, adv. to-day, this day; at present, now, now a days, in this age. AULIQUE, adj. Ex. Le conseil Aulique, the

Aulic council (in Germany.)
AULIQUE, S. f. publick thesis or disputation for a doctor's degree (in theology.)
AULNAIE, AULNE, & AULNEE, V. Aunaie, etc.

AULOFÉE, s. f. Mar. act of luffing or springing the luff. Faire une aulofée, to luff, spring the luff.

AUMAILLES, f. pl. bêtes aumailles horned cattle.

Aumône, ô-môn, s. f. alms, charity. Faire l'aumône, to give alms, bestow a charity, give something to the poor. Demander l'aumone, to ask alms, beg. Aumônes fiessées, frank almoin, lands, etc. given to the church for alms, their tenure of the donor being recognised.

Aumôner, ô-mô-nã, v. a. to bestow alms, pay a fine to charitable uses.

Aumônerie, ô-mon rl, s. f. almoner's office; almonry.

Aumônier, E, ô-mô-nia, nièr, adj. alms-

giving, charitable.

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Aumônier, ô-mò-nià, s. m. almoner, chap-

AUMUSSE, o-mas, s. f. amice.

Aunage, o-naz, s. m. alnage, measurement by the ell.

AUNAIE, o-ne, s. f. grove of alders, alderplot.

Aune, on, s. f. an ell. Tout du long de l'aune, soundly. Mesurer les autres à son aune, to judge another by one's self.

Aune, s. m. alder-tree.

AUNEE, s. f. elecampane. AUNER, ò-nà, v. a. to measure by the ell. AUNEUR, d-neur, s. m. alnager.

AUPARAVANT, ô-ph-rà-vê-n, adv. before. AUPRÈS, ô-prè, (with de) prep. near, by, about. Sa maison est auprès de la mienne, his house is near mine; with, near, by, to. Etre bien auprès d'un grand seigneur, to be in the good graces of a nobleman. Il réside the good graces of a nobleman. Il réside auprès du prince, he resides near the prince. S'attacher auprès de quelqu'un, to enter into one's service. To, in comparison with. Votre mal n'est rien auprès du mien, your distemper is nothing to mine. AUPRES or Tout auprès, adv. hard by, close. Par auprès, hard by, near, a little aside,

Auquel, (or à lequel.) V. Lequel. Aurelie, s. f. Aurelia, chrysalis. Auréole, ō-rê-ôl, s. f. círcle of light around the head of saints; degree of glory

of saints in heaven.
AURICULAIRE, 8-19-18-ler, adj. nuricular. La confession auriculaire, auricular confes-Un témoin auriculaire, ear-witness;

doigt auriculaire, little finger.

AURIQUE, adj. Mar. Ex. Voiles auriques,

shoulder of mutton sails.

AURONE, &-ron, s. f. southern-wood.

Aurore, ô-rôr, s. f. Aurora, morning, break of day, day-break, dawn; yellow, of a yellow colour; cast; fair and young virgin. Aurore boréale, Aurora borealis.

Auspice, ôs-pls, s. m. auspice, presage, omen. Sous d'heureux auspices, auspiciously, Sour les auspices de quelqu'un, under one's auspices, eonduct, guidance, protection.

Aussi, ò-sì, conj. also, too, likewise; also, too, over and above; so, therefore, but then, accordingly; Il est plus avisé que vous, aussi est-il plus agé, he is wiser than you, and in-deed or but, or but indeed or but then, he is older. J'ai brûlé ce papier, aussi ne servoitil de rien, I have burnt that paper, and indeed or and truly it was good for nothing. It a été volé, aussi pourquoi va-t-il la nuit? he has been robbed; but then why does he go about in the night?

Aussi, as, as much. Il est aussi sage que vaillant, he is as prudent as valiant. Il cst aussi embarrassé que moi, he is as much puzzled as I nm. Elle écrit aussi bien que sa saur, she writes as well as her sister. Je parțirai aussitôt que je pourrai, I shall set out as

soon as I can.

Aussi-hien, for, and indeed. Je n'irai point, aussi-bien il est trop tard, I will not go, for it is too late.

Aussitôt, forthwith, presently, out of nd. Aussitôt dit, aussitôt fait, no sooner hand. said than done

AUSTÈRE, ös-tèr, adj. austere, severe, ri-gorous; rigid, strict; harsh, rough, sour, sharp; grave, reserved; mine austère, stern, crabbed or sour look.

Austèrement, ôs-ter-men, adv. austere-

ly, rigorously, strictly, severely.
Austerité, ôs-tâ-rî-tâ, s. f. austerity,

mortification; severity, strictness, rigour.
AUSTRAL, E, 63-tral, adl; southern, austral, austrine. Les parties australes du Zodianue, the southern or austral parts of the Zodiack. Terre Australe, Terra Australis.

AUTAN, O-ten, s. m. south-wind. AUTANT, ô-tên, adv. as much, so much, as many, so many, as. Autant que jamais, as much as ever. J'ai autant de guinées que de pistoles, I have as many guineas as pistoles. Vous avez eu du bonheur, j'en aurai autant, you have had good luck, I shall have as much. Vous avez trois frères, dites-veus ; j'en ai autant, you have three brothers, you say; I have as many. Autant de têtes, autant d'opinions, so many men, so many minds. Je l'ai vendu tout autant, I sold it for so much. Je suis autant que vous, I am as good as you. Autant de fois qu'on le commande, as often as he is bidden. Autant en emporte le vent, that signifies nothing or that does not signify a pin. Autant que j'en puis juger, as far as I can conjecture. Pen ai autant que lui or can conjecture. J'en ai autant que lui or qu'il en a, I have as many or as much as he, or as he has. Je l'ai rendu autant, I have sold it for so much; c'ent été autant d'argent d'épargne, it would have been so much money saved; ce seront autant d'amis que vous acquerrez they will be so many friends whom you will get; quelquesuns out cru que les étoiles fixes etoient autant de soleils, some have believed that the fixed stars were so many suns. When autant que precedes autant in a sentence, the former is rendered by inasmuch as and the latter by so much. Ex. Autant que Minerce est audessus de Mars, autant une valeur discrète et prévoyante surpasse or (surpasse-t-elle) un courage bouillant et faronche, in as much as Minerva is superiour to Mars, in so much does discreet and provident valour surpass petulant and fierce courage D'autant joined to the verb boire is rendered

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

in English by a great deal or very hard. D'autant que, in law language, is rendered by ohereas, for as much as, in as much as. But when d'autant is found at the beginning of the comparatives plus, mieux, meilleur, moins, arights in spiritus is produced by so much moindre, pis, pire, it is rendered by so much the or simply by the, with an English com-parative; and if que be then employed in French to introduce the cause or reason of what precedes, que is rendered by as or because. Ex. Je l'aime d'autant plus qu'il est trèsmodéré, I love him the more (or so much the more) as (or because) he is a very sober man. On meurt d'autant plus volontiers que l'on est homme de bien, the better a man lives the more willingly he dies. D'autant mieux que, especially as.

AUTANT, (law term) duplicate of a writing. AUTEL, 0-tel, s. m. altar. Le grand or le maître autel, the high or great altar. Le saint sacrement de l'autel (l'Eucharistie) the holy

sacrament, the Eucharist.

AUTEUR, ô-teur, s. m. author, cause; inventor, maker, contriver; author, writer, composer; reporter; (in jurisprudence) he from whom any thing is held, original possessor. Les auteurs de sa race, those from whom he descends by birth. It may be said of a woman, c'est elle qui est l'auteur de ce livre, it is she who is the author of that book.

AUTHENTICITÉ, ô-tên-tî-sî-tà, s. f. au-

thenticity.

AUTHENTIQUE, ô-tên-tîk, adj. authentick, authentical, allowed, of good authority, original, solemn, credible, approved.

AUTHENTIQUE, s. ni. authentick

writing, or copy

Authentique, s. f. certain of the Roman laws. AUTHENTIQUEMENT, 8-ten-tik-men, adv. authentically, in an authentick manner.

AUTHENTIQUER, 8-ten-ti-kå, v. a. to make authentick.

AUTOCÉPHALE, s. m. bishop (among the Greeks) not under the jurisdiction of the pa-

AUTOCRATIE, s. f. autocrasy.

AUTOCRATOR, s. m. absolute sovereign. AUTOCRATRICE, s. f. female autocrat.

Auto-стноме, s. m. Aborigines. Auto-стаба da fa, s. m. Auto-da-fé. Autographe, d-td-graf, s. m. autograph, original writing.
Autographe, adj. of one's own hand

writing, autographical

AUTOMATE, ò-tò-mat, s. m. automaton. AUTOMNAL, E, ô-tôm-nål, adj. autumnal. AUTOMNE,ô-tôn, s. f. or m. autumn, fall of the leaf.

AUTONOME, adj. autonomous, enjoying the

privilege of autonomy.

AUTONOMIE, s. f. autonomy, the being governed by one's own laws.

Autorisation, 3-t3-r1-za-sion, s. f. autho-

rization, impowering. Autoriser, δ-tδ-ri-zā, v. a. to authorize, impower, give authority or power, allow by authority. S'autoriser, v. r. to get credit or authority.

AUTORITÉ, 8-18-17-tà, s. f. authority, power; imperiousness; credit, interest, consideration, weight; passage or testimony quoted as a proof.

AUTOUR, ô-tổor, s. m. goshawk.
AUTOUR, (with de) prep. about, round.
Autour de sa personne, about his person. Autour de l'église, about or round the church. Autour, adv. about, round; ici autour, hereabouts.

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AUTOURSERIE, s. f. training up of goshawks.

AUTOURSIER, s. m. goshawker, one that

trains up goshawks, falconer. En voilà un, voilà AUTRE, otr, adj. other. l'autre, there is one, there is the other. L'autre jour, the other day. Une autre fois, another C'est un autre Alexandre, he is another Alexander. Il est tout autre (for, un tout autre homme) he is quite another man, he is quite a different man. Il ne sera jamais autre qu'il a été, he will never be différent from what he has been, he will ever be the same man. We say, il y en a d'uns et d'autres, there are good and bad; comme dit l'autre, as the saying is, as somebody says; en voici d'un autre or en voici bien d'un autre, this is still more surprising; il en fait bien d'autres, he does things still more surprising or this is nothing to what he commonly does; à d'autres, this may do for other people but not for me, you may talk so to other people but not to me. L'un ou l'autre, either, the one or the other. L'un et l'autre, all of them, both; l'un l'autre or les uns les autres, one another. Les uns et les autres, both, the one and the other. Ni l'un ni l'autre, neither. Autres is not expressed in English after nous, vous, eux, elles, ex. vous autres, jeunes gens, vous n'êtes jamais satisfaits ; you, young

people, are never satisfied. Autre, after quelque, aucun, nul et tout, is sometimes rendered by else. If que follow antre it is suppressed in English as in the following pronoun. Ex. Donnez-moi quelqu'autre chose or donnez-moi autre chose, give me something else. Tout autre que lui eût persomething else. Tout autre que lui eût per-du courage, any body else would have been disheartened. Il aime tout autre que moi, he loves any body but me, or he loves me not, he loves any body else. Sometimes even the else may be omitted. Il ne fait autre chose que jouer, he does nothing but play, that is, nothing else but play. Les uns se plaisent à une chose, les autres à une autre, some delight in one thing, some (or others) in another, or others

in something else.

AUTREFOIS, otr-fwa, adv. formerly, here-tofore, in former times, in times past.

AUTREMENT, otr-men, adv. otherwise, after another manner or fashion, contrariwise, another way; otherwise, else. Pas autrement, not otherwise; also not much, indifferently.

AUTRE PART, elsewhere, somewhere else:

d'autre part, moreover.

AUTRICHE, s. f. Austria.

AUTRICHIEN, NE, o-trî-shiên, shiên, adj. & s. m. & f. Austrian.

AUTRUCHE, ò-trush, s. f. ostrich. un estomac d'autruche, to have a stomach which

will digest any thing.

AUTRUI, ô-trůî, s. m. others, other people.

Rine faut pas désirer le bien d'autrui, we must
not covet what belongs to others. S'affliger du mal d'autrui, to be sorry for other people or other men's troubles.

AUVENT, o-ven, s. m. pent-house.

AUVERNAT, s. m. sort of coarse red heady wine, made in or about Orleans.

bar, bat, base: thère; ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Aux, V. A et Ail.

AUXILIAIRE, Ök-sî-lî-er, adj. auxiliary.
Armée auxiliaire, troupes auxiliaires, auxiliary
forces, auxiliaries. Verbe auxiliaire, auxiliaforces, auxiliaries. ry or helping verb.

AUXQUELS, AUXQUELLES, (for à lesquels, à lesquelles.) V. Lesquels.

AVACHIR, (s') 5%-Vå-shir, v. r. to grow faint or heartless, hang down the head (speeking of persons;) to flat or flag (speaking of ribands, stuffs, etc.)

AVAGE, s. m. Droit d'avage, a duty which the hangman, in some places in France, receives every market-day for some sort of

commodities

*Aval, å-vål, s. m endorsement on a bill of exchange or note of hand, as a surety in case of its not being paid by the proper party. Aval, down, downward, down the river.

Vent d'aval, westerly wind or north west wind. AVALAGE, s. m. the letting down of wine

into a cellar, or the hire of porters for doing it. AVALAISON, å-vå-le-zon, s. f. flood, torrent. AVALANGE, å-vå-lenz, s. f. fall of snow from the mountains.

AVALANT, E, adj. & s. that goes down the

river.

Avalé, E, å-vå-lå, adj. swallowed, etc. Avalé, flagging, hanging down, fallen in. Oreilles avalées, flagging ears. Joues avalées,

cheeks fallen in.

AVALER, å-vå-lå, v. a. to swallow down, sip up. Avaler le calice, avaler le morceau, to submit to what is repugnant. Avaler des couleuwres (recevoir des chagrins) to pocket an affront. Avaler du vin dans la cave, to let wine down into the cellar. Avaler un bras à quelqu'un, to cut off one's arm. Avaler une lettre de change or un billet, to become a surety to the payment of a bill of exchange or note of hand. V. Aval, s. m. Avaler, v. n. of boats to go down the river, fall down. S'avaler, v. r. to flag, hang down, fall in.
AVALEUR, å-vå-leur, s. m. one that swal-

lows. Un avaleur de pois gris, a greedy-gut, a glutton. Un avaleur de charrettes ferrées, a

bully, a hector, a braggadocio.

AVALOIRE, å-vå-lwar, s. f. great throat or

swallow; a crupper.

AVANCE, å-vens, s. f. start, way one has got before another; advance, state of forwardness; out-jutting or leaning-place; advance money, advancing of money, paying before-hand; advance, first step. D'avance, par avance, before-hand.

AVANCÉ, E, adj. stretched or stretching, out-jutting or leaning out, advanced, proposed, asserted; advanced forward, in good forwardness. Dans un êge avance, avance en age, stricken in years, elderly. Fruits avancés. forward fruit, hastings, fruit early ripe. Un esprit avancé (or hâtif) a forward wit. L'an-née est bien avancée, le jour est bien avancé, the year or the day is far advanced, gone or spent.

La nuit est bien avancée, it is late in the night. Avancé aux honneurs, advanced or preferred to honours.

AVANCEMENT, å-vens-men, s. m. progress, proficiency; (d'un ouvrage) forwardness or forwarding; advancement, preferment.

AVANCER, å-ven-så, v. a. to put or stretch forth or forward; to hasten, set forward, forward; to advance, give or pay before-hand; to advance, promote, prefer; to advance or bring forth, assert.

Avancer, v. n. to advance, go or pass on, over or get forward, proceed. L'horlege move or get forward, proceed. avance, the clock goes too fast. Vous avez aruncé sur ma terre, you have encroached upon my ground. La sève avance dans une année sèche, the sap comes carly in a dry year. Avancer, to avail; to jut or stand out, shoot forth; to make some progress, be forward, go on or forward, profit or thrive. Je n'avance rien par mes plaintes, I get nething by my complaints. S'avancer, v. r. to advance one's self, advance or go or move forward; to go on; to advance one's self, get preferment; to go far; Je me suis avancé de lui offirir telle chose de votre part, I went so far as to make him such offers from you.

AVANIE, a-va-nl, s. f. oppression used by the Turks against the Christians to extort money from them; injury, wrong, insult, of-

fence, outrage.

Avant, a-ven, s. m. & adv. Mar. prow, head or forepart of a ship, bow; a-head, afore, forward. Le navire est trop sur l'avant, the ship is too much by the head. Le hatiment est en avant de mon point, the ship is a-head of my reckoning. Nous passerons de l'avant de cette frégate, we will go a-head of that frigate. Le convoi est en avant de nous, the convoy is a-head of us. Le vent vient de l'avant, the a-nead of us. Le vera vient ar vacaus, me wind is in our teeth or is quite contrary. V. Holer. Avant élancé, fiaring bow. Avant maigre, lean bow. Avant jouffu or reufé, bluff bow. Avant, avant, pull away. Avant partout, give way fore and aft. Avant babord et scie tribord, pull the larboard and hold water with the starboard oars. De l'avant à l'avant le free and aft. l'arrière, fore and aft.

AVANT, prep. before. Apprenez votre le-con avant d'aller jouer, avant que d'aller jouer, learn your lesson before you go to play. Je savais ma leçon avant que vous fussiez venu, I knew my lesson before you were come.

AVANT, adv. forward. Il ne saurait aller ni avant ni arrière, he can go neither back-ward nor forward. Plus avant, further, farther, deeper. Si avant, so far, so deep. Bien avant, fort avant, very deep or deeply, very far or great way, much. Trop avant, too far. En avant, adv. forward. Aller en avant, to go forward. De ce jour-là en avant, from that day forward. Mettre en avant, to propose,

AVANTAGE, å-vèn-tåz, s. m. advantage. handle and the superiority, interest, profit, honour, praise, superiority, victory, convenience, gift, prerogative, excellence, good quality, endowments, accomplishments. C'est votre arantage, that is your advantage or interest. Quel arantage tirez-rous de là t what benefit do you reap from that? Chacun cherche ses arantages, work body midd bis our interest. On get every body minds his own interest. On peut dire ceci à son avantage, this may be said in his praise, this may be said for him. Parler à l'avantage de quelqu'un, to speak to ene's advantage, to give a good character of him. Les Anglais out ou Varantage, the English have got the better or victory. Tire avantage de quelque close, to take advantage of a thing, turn it to one's advantage. L'âme a de grands avantages sur le corps, the soul has great prerogatives over the body. Possé

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

der tous les avantages naturels, to have all natural excellencies, good qualities, endowments or accomplishments, to be endowed with all natural gifts. Avoir de grands avan-tages sur quelqu'un, to be much beyond ano-ther. It n'a aucun avantage sur moi, he is no better man than I, I am as good a man as he. Donner à quelqu'un l'avantage de l'éloquence, to yield to one in point of eloquence. Prendre de l'avantage pour monter à cheval, to take advantage of some elevation or horse-block to get on horse-back. Avantage, advantage, gratification. Avantage (at play) odds or advantage. D'avantage, adv. V. Davantage. Mar. Gagner l'avantage du vent sur un vaisseau, to weather a ship, get the weather gage of a ship, get to the windward of a ship. Avantage, Mar. beak-head, cut-water (of a

AVANTAGER, å-vèn-tå-zå, v. a. to gratify, bestow, give or allow by way of advantage or

over and above.

AVANTAGEUSEMENT, å-ven-tå-zeuz-men, adv. advantageously, profitably, to the best advantage; conveniently. Etre monté avantageusement, to be well inounted, ride a good horse. Vétu avantageusement, well clad. Parler avantageusement de quelqu'un, to speak

well of one.

Avantaceu-x, se, å-ven-tå-zeu, zeuz, adj. advantageous, profitable, useful, good honourable; convenient; excellent, good. Also disposed to take advantage of others. Porter un jugement avantageux de quelqu'un, to judge Taille avantageuse, tall, proper well of one. Mine avantageuse, noble mien or look. Succès avantageux, happy or prosperous suc-

AVANT-BEC, å-ven-bek, s. m. name of the corners of the piles of a stone-bridge.

AVANT-BRAS, a-ven-bra, s. m. the part of

the arm betwixt the elbow and the wrist. AVANT-CHEMIN-COUVERT, s. m. first co-

vered way (in fortification.) AVANT-CEUR, a-ven-keur, s. m. pit of the

AVANT-CORPS, å-ven-kor, s. m. fore or

projecting part (of a building.)

AVANT-COUR, s. f. outward court, fore-

AVANT-COUREUR, s. m. forerunner, harbinger.

AVANT-COURRIÈRE, s. f. harbinger or forerunner.

AVANT-DERNIER, E, adj. last but onc. AVANT-FOSSÉ, s. m. foreditch, ditch of the countersearp.

AVANT-GARDE, å-ven-gård, s. f. van, vanguard.

AVANT-GOUT, s. m. foretaste, prelibation, antepast.

AVANT-HIER, å-ven-tier, adv. the day be-

fore yesterday, two days ago. AVANTIN, V. Crossette.

AVANT-LOGIS, s. m. fore-house. AVANT-MAIN, a-ven-min, s. m. fore-hand-

stroke, also forepart of a horse. AVANT-MUL, s. m. outward wall.

AVANT-PÈCHE, à-ven-pesh, s. f. forward or hasty peach.

AVANT-PIED, s. m. forepart of the foot; also upper leather of the shoe, of a boot, and the fore-stake.

AVANT-PROPOS, å-ven-pro-po, s. m. preface, preamble.

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AVANT-QUART, s. m. warning (stroke in some clocks before the quarter, half hour, and hour.)

AVANT-TOIT, s. m. fore-roof, house-cave. AVANT-TRAIN, s. m. forc-wheels of a coach or of the carriage of a great gun. AVANT-VEILLE, a-ven-vel, s. f. forc-vigil,

L'avant veille, may stand day before the eve. for two days before.

AVANTURINE, or AVENTURINE, s. f. a sort

of precious stone.

AVARE, å-vår, adj. avaricious, covetous, stingy, griping, sordid, closefisted, niggardly. Etre avare de ses faveurs, to be sparing of one's

AVARE, s. m. & f. covetous person, mi-

AVAREMENT, adv. covetously, niggardly, sordidly.

AVARICE, à-và-ris, s. f. avarice, covetous-

ness, greediness.

AVARICIEU-X, SE, à-và-rl-sièu, siènz, ava-AVARIE, å-vå-rl, s. f. Mar. average, hurt

or damage a ship receives, waste, decay of wares or merchandise, extraordinary charges and expenses during a voyage; also anchorages, duty paid for the maintenance of a haven by every ship that casts anchor in it.

AVARIÉ, adj. averaged, damaged.
AVAU, adv. ex. Arau-l'eau (in boating)
down the river. Toutes ses entreprises sont allées avau-l'eau, all his undertakings are come to nothing.

Ave, Ave or Ave Maria (latin) first words

of the angel's salutation to Mary.

Avec, a-vek, (anciently arecque) prep. with, together with, along with. Ex. Il a pris mon manteau et s'en est allé avec, he took my cloak and went away with it. On l'a bien traité, et il a eu de l'argent avec, he was well entertained and got money to boot or besides that. In general avec is the contrary of sans: but the English preposition with is not always rendered by avec. V. A, De, Coup, etc. Avec cela, avec tout cela, for all that, nevertheless. Avec le temps, at length, in time, in process of time.

D'arec, from. Discerner le bien d'avec le mal, to discern good from evil.

*Aveindre, å-vindr, v. a. like feindre at

eindre, to take or fetch out.

AVEINE, å-ven, V. Acoine. *AVEINT, E, adj. taken or fetched out.

AVELINE, åv-lin, s. f. filbert.

AVELINIER, av-li-nia, s. m. filbert-tree.

AVENAGE, s. m. avenage.

AVENANT, E, av-nen, nent, adj. handsome, neat, genteel; suitable. Avenant le décès d'un tel, or le cas avenant qu'un tel meure, in case such a one should die. A l'avenant, proportionably, answerably.

AVÉNEMENT, à-vêu-mên, s. m. arrival, coming, accession, advancement, advent.

AVENIR, av-nir, v. n. (like venir,) to happen, chance, fall out, come to pass. Sil avient que sa femme meure, if his wife happens to die. *Ainsi n'avienne, God forbid.

AVENIR, s. m. future, time to come, things to come. Avenir (in law) summons. A l'avenir, for the future, henceforth.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

AVENT, a-ven, s. m. advent. Advent sermons.

AVENTIN, s. m. twig of a vine, &c.

AVENTURE, å-ven-tur, s. f. adventure, accident, event; amour, intrigue; adventure, hazardous enterprise, adventure or venture, chance, hazard, random. Bonne or heureuse aventure, lucky adventure or accident, happy turn. Triste aventure, sad mischance. la bonne aventure, to tell one's fortune. Diseur de bonne aventure, fortune-teller. Mettre à la grosse aventure, to venture all in one bottom. Prendre de l'argent à grosse aventure, to take money upon bottomry, borrow money upon the keel of one's ship. A l'aventure, adv. at a venture, at random. D'aventure, par aventure, adv. peradventure, perchance, by chance.

AVENTURER, v. a. to adventure or venture, put to the venture, hazard. S'aventurer, s' a-ven-tu-ra. v. r. to adventure or venture,

run a hazard.

AVENTUREU-X, SE, adj. venturesome. AVENTURIER, E, å-ven-tů-rià, rier, s. m. & f. adventurer, fortune-hunter.

AVENTURINE, s. f. V. Avanturine.

AVENU, E. adj. come to pass, happened. AVENUE, av-nu, s. f. avenue, passage, entrance, way to a place; walk or alley of trees before a house.

Avérer, à-vê-rà, v. a. to aver, evince,

prove.

AVERNE, a-vern, s. m. the poetick hell. AVERSE, s. f. sudden and heavy shower of rain.

AVERSION, a-ver-slon, s. f. aversion, abhorrence, hatred, antipathy.

AVERTE, s. f. a little bee.

AVERTI, E, adj. warned, advertised.

Avertir. AVERTIN, s. m. moroseness, craziness,

madness; distemper in beasts occasioning a swimming in the head.

AVERTIR, å-ver-tir, v. a. to warn, advertise, inform, tell of, give notice or intelligence of, make known. Avertir par avance, to forewarn, give a caution beforehand.

AVERTISSEMENT, å-ver-tis-men, s. m. advertisement, advice, caution, putting in mind, warning, information, intelligence. Arertissement (in law,) bill and answer of plaintiff and defendant.

AVERTISSEUR, a-ver-u-seur, s. m. one of the king's officers, whose office was to give notice when the king was coming to dinner.

*Aveu, å-veu, s. m. confession, acknow-ledgment; approbation, consent. Un homme sans aveu, one that nobody will own, a vagabond.

AVEUER, V. Avuer.

AVEUGLE, å-vengl, adj. blind. Rendre aveugle, to blind. Obeissance aveugle, passive Rendre obedience, blind submission. Il agit à l'aveugle, he acts blindly.

Aveugle. s. m. & f. blind man or woman. AVEUGLEMENT, à-vêugl-mên, s. m. blind-

AVEUGLÉMENT, à-vêu-glà-mên, adv. blindly, blindfold, inconsiderately, rashly, head-long, unadvised y, at all ventures. Croire long, unadvised y, at all ventures. avenglement, to believe implicitly, have an implicit faith

AVEUGLER, à-vêu-glà, v. a. to blind, take away the sight, dazzle; cloud, darken. Aveu-gler une voie d'eau, Mar. to fother a leak, to stop a leak by fothering a ship, or by any other temporary method. S'aveugler, v. r. to blind one's self, be blinded, be guilty of

*Aveuglette, à-vêu-glêt, s. f. the act of groping. The word is not used now singly; but they said formerly à aveuglette; and now they say à l'avenglette, to express à tâtons, groping, groping along. Aller à l'aveuglette, to go groping along. Che-cher quelque chose à l'aveuglette, to grope about for a thing.

AVIDE, à-vld, adj. greedy, covetous, de-

sirous, eager, earnest.

AVIDEMENT, a-vid-men, adv. greedily, eagerly.

AVIDITÉ, å-vî-dî-tå, s. f. avidity, greediness, eagerness, eager desire or appende.

AVILIR, å-vl-lir, v. a. to abase, disgrace, disparage, undervalue, make contemptible. S'avilir, v. r. to undervalue one's self, grow contemptible.

AVILISSEMENT, å-vî-lîs-mên, s. m. abasement, abjection, contempt, disparagement,

disgrace, undervaluing.

AVINÉ, E, adj. seasoned with wine. Un homme or un corps aviné, staunch toper or hard drinker.

AVINER, å-vî-nà, v. a. to season with wine. AVIRON, å-vî-ron, s. m. oar (to row with.) Tirer à l'aviron, to tug at the oar. Aviron de vaisseau, sweep or ship-oar.

AVIRONNIER, oar-maker.

Avis, a-vi, s. m. opinion, sentiment, mind, judgment, thought. A mon avis, in my opinion, mind or judgment. *Il m'est avis, me-thinks. Il m'étoit avis, methought. Je suis d'avis qu'on préfère la paix à la guerre, 1 am for peace rather than war. Je ne suis pas d'avis de lui résister, I would not have him resisted. Avis, advice, advertisement, notice, intimation, account, news, information, intelligence. Lettres d'avis, letters of advice. On donne avis de Paris que, we have an account from Paris that. Avis, advice, counsel. Prendre avis de quelqu'un, to ask advice of one, advise with him. (in an assemtly,) motion. Ouvrir un avis, to make a motion. Il y a jour d'avis, there is time enough to consider of it. Avis, project. Donneur d'avis, projector. Avis, vote. Prendre les avis, aller aux avis, to put to the

Avisé, E, adj. warned, etc. V. Aviser. Wise, well-advised, prudent, discreet, considerate, wary, circumspect. Mal-avisé, ill-advised, unwise, inconsiderate, unwary, imprudent.

AVISEAU, V. Ariso. AVISER, a-vl-za, v. a. to warn, caution, to spy out. Ariser, v. n. to advise with one's self, think, consider, to think adviseable, resolve. S'aviser, v. r. to think of, take notice of. ne m'en suis pas avisé, I did not think of it, it never came into my mind. S'aviser, to bethink one's self.

Aviso, s. m. advice-boat.

AVITAILLEMENT, å-vl-tal-men, s. m. provision or providing of victuals (for a place.) Aritaillement d'un vaisseau, the victualling of a ship.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

AVITAILLER, å-vî-ta-la, v. a. to furnish or | store with victuals or provisions, convey provisions into. Avitailler un vaisseau, to vietual a ship, provide her with victuals.

AVITAILLEUR, a-vî-ta-leur, s. in: commis-

sioner of the victualling office.

AVIVER, à-vi-và, v. a. to brisk up. Aviver des figures de métal, to furbish or polish or brighten metal figures. Aviver le bois de charpeule, to hew timber. Aviver un diamant, to brighten a diamond.

AVIVES, a-viv, s. f. pl. the vives, a disease

in horses.

*Avocasser, a-vô-kâ-sa, v. u. to follow

the law, be a pettifogger.

Avocat, a-vo-ka, s. m. lawyer, counsellor, advocate, counsel at law: advocate, intercessor, mediator. Avocat-général, attorney-Avocat de causes perdues, scurvy or general. ignorant lawyer, pettifogger.

Avocate, s. f. female advocate, mediatrix.

AVOCATOIRE, à-vô-kà-twar, adj. Ex.

Lettres avocatoires, avocatoria.

Avoine, å-vwan, s. f. oats. Pain d'avoine,

oaten-bread.

Avoir, a-vwar, v. a. to have. Avoir du bien, to have an estate, to be rich. Avoir mal à la tête, aux dents, etc. to have the headacne, tooth-ache, etc. Avoir faim, soif, froid et chand, to be hungry, dry, cold and hot. Avoir soin de quelque chose, to take care of a thing. Il y a, there is, there are. Il y a ici, here is, here are. Il y a près de 20 miles, d'ici là, it is near twenty miles thither. Il y a un an, a

year ago. Il y a tong temps, long since, long ago.
Avoir, Mar. Ex. Avoir à la traine, to tow, nave in tow. Avoir le bord or le cap au large, to stand for the offing, stand off. Avoir le cap sur la terre, to stand in shore. Avoir les mouvemens dur's, to labour. Avoir tous ses ris pris, to be close reefed. Avoir le vent largue, to sail large. Avoir toutes ses ancres sur nez, to have all the anchors down. Aroir toutes ses voiles sur les cargues, to have all the sails clued up. Avoir sa batteriz encombrée, to have the gun deck lumbered. Avoir sa mâture sur l'arrière or sur l'avant, to have the masts raking aft or forward. Avoir ses ancres en monillage, to have the anchors clear for running. Avoir ses huniers en coche, to have the top-sails close up to the mast-head. Avoir ses huniers sur le ton, to have the top-sails on the cap. Avoir ses mâts de hune culés et ses basses vergues amenées, to have the yards and top-masts struck. Avoir ses mâts de perroquet passées sur l'arrière, to have the top-gallantmasts abast the top-masts. Avoir ses perro-quets dégréés or en croix, to have the top-gallant yards down or across. Avoir ses couleurs, to show the colours. Avoir son arrimage dérange, to shift the baliast or cargo by rolling. Avoir son branle-bas fait, to have the ham-mocks up and stowed and the ship clear. A-voir son port franc sur un batiment, to have a certain number of tons permission in a ship. Avoir beaucoup de ban, to have a great breadth of beam. Avoir beaucoup de creux, to have a deep and roomy hold. Avoir de l'eau à courir, to have good sea-room. Avoir de l'eau sous la quille, to be in deep water. Avoir de l'empâture, to have a great spread for the rig-ging. Avoir de l'entre-deux de mâts, to have a great distance between the masts. Avoir du

largue dans les voiles, to be going lashing or free. Avoir du mou dans ses câbles, to be slackmoored. Avoir la marée, or le courant pour soi, to have the tide or the current in one's fa vour. Avoir le fond or la sonde, to be in sonndings. Avoir le beaupré à terre, to have the land close aboard. Avoir le vent sous vergue, to have the wind right aft. Avoir le vent sur un bitiment, to have the weather-gage of a ship. Avoir le feu à bord, to be on tire. Avoir la latitude, to ascertain the latitude by ol servation. Avoir le passage de la lune au méridien. to know the moon's southings. Avoir connaissance de terre, to be in sight of the land. Avoir de l'avantage pour la marche, to have the advantage in sailing. Avoir des hommes en subsistence to have men victualled on board not belonging to the ship.

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Avoir, s. m. substance, what one has. C'est tout mon avoir, this is all my substance

or all I have.

Avoisiner, å-vwå-zl-nå, v. a. to border upon. Un arbre qui avoisine les cieux, a tree that reaches to the skies, a lofty tree.

AVORTEMENT, a-vort-men, s. m. abortion,

miscarriage.

AVORTER, a-vor-ta, v. n. to miscarry, bring forth before the time. Faire avorter. to cause a miscarriage; also to baffle, render abortive, prove abortive.

Avorton, a-vor-ton, s. m. abortive or untimely child or birth, one born out of due time. Quel petit avorton est-cela? what little shrimp or dwarf is that ? Avorton (speaking of fruits) untimely fruit. Avorton, unfinished production (of the intellect.)

Avoué, E, adj. owned, etc. Avoué, a-vôo-a, s. m. avowee, patron or

protector of a church; lawyer.

AVOUER. a-voo-a, v. a. to own, confess, acknowledge, grant, avow; to father; approve, allow of. S'arouer de quelqu'un, v. r. to make use of onc's name. S'avouer de quelque reli-gion, to profess one's self of a religion.

AVOUERIE, s. f. advowson.
*AVOUTRE, or AVOUETRE, s. m. offspring

of adultery. Avové, s. m. magistrate of some Swiss cities, avoyer or avoyec.

AVRIL, s. m. April. En l'Avril de ses ans, in his prime; un poisson d'Avril, an April fool.

AVUER, v. a. to eye, have an eye upon (game.)

AxE, aks, s. m. Axis, axle, axle-tree. L'axe du monde, the axis of the earth. L'axe du cy-lindre, the axis or axle-tree of a cylinder. AXILLAIRE, ak-sil-ler, adj. axillary, be-

longing to the arm-pits.

AXINOMANCIE, s. f. axinomancy, divination by an axe.

Axiome, ak-si-om, s. m. axiom, maxim established principle.

AXIOMÈTRE, s. m. Mar. tell-tale. AXONGE, s. f. sostest fat or grease of animals.

AY, ay, inter. ah! oh!

AYANT, (participle of avoir) having. AYE, AYE, interj. (of pain) oh! ah! AYEUL, V. Ateul.

AZEROLE, az-rol, s. f. sort of small medlar AZEROLIER, az-ro-lia, s. m. small medlartree, the three grained medlar or Neapolitan medlar-tree. · bar, bat, base : thèro, ebb, over; field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

AZIME, adj. du pain azime, unleavened []

AZIMES, s. m. pl. feast of unleavened bread among the Jews.
AZIMUT, a-zi-mut, s. m. azimuth, vertical

circle. AZIMUTAL, E, adj. azimuthal, belonging to the azimuth.

Azorh, s. m. azoth, mercury.
Azor, å-zår, s. m. azure, sky-colour, blue.
Azork, e, å-zå-rå, adj. coloured with
azure or blue, sky-coloured.

B. s. m. second letter of the alphabet, V. A. B-MOL, V. Bémol.
B-QUARRE, V. Béquarre.

BABEL, (tour de) s. f. confused place or affair.

BABEURRE, bå-bëur, s. m. butter-milk Babiehe & Babichon, bå-bish, bå-bi-on, lap-dog. V. Barbiche.

BABILIA. V. Barbiche.
BABIL, bā-bil, s. m. prating, prattling, chat, chatting, chattering, talk or talkativeness.
BABILLARD, E. bā-bil-lār, lārd, adj. talkativeness.
Gill of talk or prattle. Chien ba-

billard, liar, dog that opens false. BABILLARD, s. m. prattler, prattling or talkative man, babbler, blab, tattler.

Bobillarde, s. f. prattler, prattling woman,

gossip, talkative woman, tattler. BABILLER, bå-bî-lå, v. n. to talk, prattle, chat or chatter, tattle.

*BABILLOIRE, V. Caquetoire.

BABINE, bå-bin, s. f. lip of some beasts. BABIOLE, bå-biôl, s. f. bauble, toy, gew-

BABORD, bå-bör, s. m. larboard; port. Le côté de bâbord d'um bâtiment, the larboard side of a ship. Feu bâbord, fire the larboard guns. Bâbord tout, hard a port. Bâbord um peu, port a little. Sans venir sur bâbord, mind your port helm.

BABORDAIS, s. m. pl. larboard watch. BABOUCHE, ba-boosh, s. f. shoe worn in BABOUCHE, ba-boosh, s. f. shoe Turkey and other eastern countries.

Babouin, bâ-bwin, s. m. monkey, baboon; a ridiculous figure daubed upon the wall of a guard-house, which soldiers are made to kiss for some misdemeanors. Faire baiser le balouin à quelqu'un, to make one truckle. Babouin, young, little fool, simpleton.

Babouine, s. f. foolish girl, simpleton.
BAC, bak, s. m. ferry-boat. Passer le hac, to cross the river in a ferry-boat, ferry it over.

BACCALAURÉAT, bå-kå-lo-rê-å, s. m. bachelor's degree.

BACCHANALE, bå-kå-nål, s. f. bacchanal, basso-relievo or picture representing the figure of Bacchus, also noisy drinking-bout.

Bacchanales, s. f. pl. bacchanals, Bacchus'

feasts.

BACCHANALISER, v. n. to riot, revel. BACCHANTE, ba-kant, s. f. bacchante, priestess of Bacchus; also froward mad woman, termagant.

BACCIFERE, adj. bacciferous, bearing ber-

BACHA, bå-shå, s. m. bashaw.

*Bachelette, s.f. young virgin, lass, dam-

BACUELIER, bash-lia, s. m. bachelor. Sell busy one's self about trifles.

faire passer bachclier, to take a bachelor's degree. Bachelier, young unmarried man, lad; also young nobleman serving under the ban-

ner of another.

Bachique, bå-shik, adj. of or belonging to Bacchus, drunken. Une chanson bachique,

a drinking song. Васнот, ba-shô, s. m. (from Bac) wherry, small ferry-boat.

BACHOTAGE, s. m. wherry-man's busi-

BACHOTEUR, s. m. wherry-man. BACLÉ, F. adj. barred. Bac Baclé, done, agreed on concluded.

BACLER, bâ-klà, v. a. to bar (a door or window) inwards, chain, fasten, make fast. To conclude, bring to a close.

BACULER, v. a. V. Bâtonner.

BACULOMÉTRIE, s. f. baculometry. BADAUD, ba-do, s. m. silly man, booby;

simpleton, cockney.

Badoude, ba-ded, s. f. silly woman, simpleton, cockney.

BADAUDAGE, s. m. V. Badauderie. BADAUDER, bå-dò-då, v. a. to stand gaping

or gazing about, loiter, trifle away one's time.
BADAUDERIE, ba-dod-ri, s. f. simplicity, foolery, silliness.

BADERNE, S. f. Mar. mat, panch. Baderne des mâts majeurs, dolphin of the masts.

BADIGEON, s. m. plaster of Paris. Yellowish colour for walls.

ish colour for walls.

BADIGEONER, v. a. to plaster with plaster of Paris. To colour walls yellow.

BADIN, E, bā-dir, din, adj. & s. wanton, waggish, apish, merry, sportful, idle, silly, ridiculous, playful.

BADINAGE, bā-dî-nāz, s. m. play, sport, wantonness, toying, joke; wit, smartness, agreeable trifling; folly, nonsense.

BADINANT, s. m. supernumerary horse.

BADINANT, s. m. supernumerary horse.

BADINEMENT, adv. wantonly, waggishly, foolishly. BADINER, bå-dì-nå, v. n. to play, play the fool or the wag, be full of mad or wanton tricks, toy; to play, trifle, be smart or witty;

to jeer, rally; to play, wave (in the air.)
BADINERIE, ba-din-il, s. f. silly or foolish
thing, silly stuff, foolery, idle story, imperti-

BADINES, ba-din, s. f. small tongs.

BADOULAGE, s. m. slander. BADOULIER, s. m. slanderer.

BAFFETAS, s. m. sort of coarse cotton. BAFOUER, ba-foo-a, v. a. to abuse, mock.

affront, laugh at.

BAFRE, bafr, s. f. eating, catables, guttling, rand dinner. Faire bafre, to feast, guttle. BAFRER, ba-frè, v. n. to eat greedily, guttle. BAFREU-R, sE, ba-frèur, frèuz, s. m. & f. a glutton.

BAGACE, s. f. sugar-cane bruised and the sugar extracted.

Bagage, bå-gåz, carriage, baggage, lug-gage, goods. Plier or trousser lagage, to pack away, march bag and baggage, go away. Bagarre, bå-går, s. f. brawl, strife, quar-

rel, squabble.

BAGASSE, s. f. quean, slut, baggage, drab.
BAGATELLE, ba-ga-têl, s. f. trifle, toy, idle thing, thing of small value, small business.
Donner dans la bagatelle, to mind trifles, but trifles

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : en-lan, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

BAGATELLE, interj. pshaw, stuff; no such [thing.

BAGATELLIER, s. m. trifler, trifling fellow. BAGATELLISTE, s. m. toy-man.

BAGNE, s. m. place of confinement for

BAGNOLETTE, s. f. a sort of head-dress for women.

BAGUE, bag, s. f. ring. Bagues d'oreille, rrings. Bagues sauves, clear, safe, unhurt. x. Il s'en est tiré bagues sauves, he is come Ex. off clear.

Bague, Mar. hank, grommet.

BAGUENAUDE, bag-nod, s. f. bladder-nut. BAGUENAUDER, bag-no-da, v. n. to stand trifling, mind nothing but trifles, fool the time

BAGUENAUDIER, båg-no-dfå, s. m. tree

that bears bladder-nuts.

Baguenaudier, s. m. trifler, trifling idle fel-

BAGUER, ba-ga, v. a. to baste (as a tailor.) BAGUETTE, ba-gêt, s. f. little stick, rod, switch, wand; gun-stick, rammer, ramrod; drum-stick. Commander à la baguette, to command magisterially, or imperiously. A small moulding. Baguette divinatoire, forked hazel twig used by pretenders to find mines, springs, &c. Faire passer par les baguettes, to run the gauntlet.

BAGUIER, bå-giå, s. m. case or box for

rings.

Bahut, bå-å, s. m. trunk.
Bahutier, bå-å-liå, s. m. trunk-maker.
Bal, bå, adj. bay, of a chestnut colour.
Cheval bal, bayerd, bay horse. Bal brun, brown bay. Bai châtain, of a chestnut colour. Bai doré, yellow dun. Bai miroité or à miroir, bright dapple bay.

BAIE, be, s. f. berry; bay, road at sea; ap (in a wall for a door or window;) sham,

flam, trick, bite.

BAIGNER, bê-gna, v. a. to bathe, water, soak, wash.

Baigner, v. n. to bathe, soak; to welter. Se baigner, v. r. to wash, bathe, bathe one's self. Les gens cruels se baignent dans le sang de leurs ennemis, crue! men bathe in the blood of their enemies.

BAIGNEUR, SE, bê-gnêur, gneuz, s. m. & f. master or mistress of a bagnio, bath-keeper;

also one that bathes.

BAIGNOIR, s. m. bathing-place (in a river.)
Baignoire, be-gnwar, s. f. bathing-tub.

BAIL, bal, s. m. lease. pl. Baux, BAILLE, s. f. Mar. half tub. Ba Baille à des-

saler le bœuf, freshening tub.
BAILLEMENT, bal-mên, s. m. gaping,

yawning, hiatus

BAILLER, bå-lå, v. a. to give, reach, de-Bailler à terme, to lease, farm, let out. Bâiller, v. n. to gape, yawn; to gape open,

chap, erack.

BAILLERESSE, V. Bailleur.

Baillet, s. m. light red-coloured horse.

BAILLEUL, s. m. bonc-seiter.

BAILLEUR, S. m. BAILLERESSE, ba-lour. bal-res, s. f. lessor, or one that lets or farms out. Un builleur de cassades or de bourdes, a shammer or cheat.

Bailleu, s. m. yawner. Un bon båilleur en fait bailler deur, yawning is catching.

BAILLI or BAILLIF, ba-fi, s. m. bailiff.

BAILLIAGE, s. m. bailiwick. BAILLIVE, bå-llv, s. f. bailiff's wife.

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BAILLON, ba-lon, s. m. gag. BAILLONNER, ba-lo-na, v. a. to gag

BAIN, bin, s. m. bath; bathing, bathing house, bagnio; bathing-vessel, bathing-tub;

balneum, (in chymistry.) Bain marie, balneum mariæ, boiling water in which a vessel is placed, containing some meat or liquors that require a milder heat than the naked fire. Ordre du bain, Order of the Bath.

Bains, s. m. pl. baths, or waters naturally hot.

BAIONNETTE, bå-yð-nêt, s. f. bayonet. BAIOQUE, s. f. baico, (a small piece of coin in Italy.)

BAIRAM, s. m. Bairam (a solemn feast among the Turks.)

BAISEMAIN, bez-min, s. m. kissing the lord's hand in token of vassalage; (at Paris.) offerings, Easter-offerings; audience (of the Grand Seignior.)

Baisemains, s. m. pl. service, respects, mpliments. Ex. Faites-lui, je vous prie, compliments. mes baisemains, present my service or respects, to him, pray remember me to him. A belles baisemains, adv. submissively.

BAISEMENT, bez-men, s. m. kissing. BAISER, be-za, v. a. to kiss, buss. Se baiser, v. v. to kiss each other, exchange kisses; to he close, touch each other.

BAISER, bê-zâ, s. m. kiss, buss. BAISEU-R, se. bê-zêur, zèuz, s. m. & f. kisser, that loves kissing. BAISOTTER, bê-zô-tâ, v. n. to be always

BAISSE, S. f. diminution, waste, decay.

BAISSE, E., adj. down, let down, bowed down. Se retirer la tête baissée, to sneak away, go away hanging one's head. Aller tête baissée contre l'ennemi, to encounter the enemy without fear, run headlong upon the

Baisser, bê-så, v. a. to let down, lower, bring lower. Baisser les bords d'un chapeau, to flap a hat. Baisser les yeux, to look downwards; cast one's eyes down or downwards. Baisser la voix, to let fall or depress one's voice. Baisser la têle, to stoop or bow one's head, to nod. Baisser le pavillon, to strike the

Baisser, v. n. to fall (in value), decrease, sink, decay, flag, lower or shorten; to fall or

go down a river. Se baisser, v. r. to stoop. Baissières, bê-sier, s. f. pl. wine when it

approaches the lees.

BAISURE, bê-zur, s. f. kissing crust.

BAJOIRE, s. f. double-faced coin. BAJOUE, ba-zoo, s. f. hog's cheek. BAL, bal, s. m. ball, danging.

BALADIN, E, ba-la-din, din, s. m. & f. stage

dancer, vaulter, fop, buffoon.

BALADINAGE, s. m. gross joke, jest. BALAFRE, bå-lafr, s. f. long gash or scar

(on the face.)

BALATTER, bā-lā-frā, v. a. to cut, gash. BALAI, bā-lē, s. m. broom, besom, Rôtir le bulai, to live in obscurity or penuriously; also to sow one's wild oats, to play one's pranks. (in sporting,) the tail of birds, the end of a dog's

BALAIS, ba-le, adj. Ex. Rubis balais, balass

BALANCE, bå-lens, s. f. balance; pair of

bar. oat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Emporter la balance, to outweigh. | Faire pencher la balance, to turn the scale. Etre en balance, to waver, be irresolute or in suspense. Mettre une chose en balance, to take a thing into consideration, weigh or examine a thing. Faire entrer une chose en balance avec une autre, to put a thing in the scale against or with another. La Balance, Libra.

Balance, s. m. sort of dancing step whereby the body is poised alternately on each foot.

BALANCEMENT, ba-lens-men, s. m. ba-

lancing, poising or counterpoising.

BALANCER, ba-len-sa, v. a. to balance, counterbalance, seesaw, poise or counterpoise. Weigh, examine, ponder or consider.

Balancer, v. n. to be poised or balanced; to boggle, waver, be floating or uncertain what

to do; to beat up and down.

Se balancer, v. r. (in walking) to swing. Se balancer en l'air, to hover in the air. BALANCIER, bà-lên-sià, s. m. balancemaker. (Rone or verge d'une horloge or d'une montre.) balance wheel (of a clock,) die, stamp. Balancier d'un tournebroche, the flyer of a kitchen jack. Balanciers, Mar. Balanciers de boussole, gimbals of a compass. Balanciers de lampe, rings of a lamp. Balanciers de pirogue, out-riggers of a canoe.

BALANCINES, bå-lèn-sîn, s. f. pl. Mar. lifts. Balancines de misaine, fore-lifts. Balancines Balancines du petit hunier, fore top-sail lifts. du grand hunier, main-top-sail lifts. Balaneines du petit perroquet, fore top-gallant lifts. Balancines du grand perroquet, main top-gallant lifts. Balancines du perroquet de fougue, mizen top-sail lifts. Balancines de grande vergue, main-lifts. Balancines de la vergue sèche, cross-jack lifts. Balancines de la perruche, mizen top-gallant lifts. Balancines de la civadière, sprit-sail lifts or running lifts of the sprit-sail yard. Balancines de gui, topping lifts.

BALANÇOIRE, ba-len-swar, s. f. a see-saw. BALANDRAN or Balandras, s. m. great

cloak for foul weather.

BALANT, s. m. Mar. bight or slack of a rope. Abraque le bulant des boulines d'avant, steady forward the head bowlines.

BALAUSTE, bå-lôst, s. f. wild pomegranate. BALAUSTIER, bå-lôs-tlå, s. m. wild pome-

granate tree. BALAYER, bå-le-ya, v. a. to sweep, clean

with a broom. BALAYEU-R-SE, ba-lê-yeur, yeuz, s. m. & f.

sweeper. BALAYURES, ba-le-yur, s. f. pl. sweepings,

what the sea throws on shore. BALAZÉES, s. f. pl. sort of cotton.

BALBUTIEMENT, bål-bå-sl-men, s. m. stut-

tering, stammering.

Balbutier, bål-bå-såå, v. n. to stutter, stammer, hesitate.

BALCON, bal-kon, s. m. balcony.

BALDAQUIN, bål-då-kin, s. m. canopy. BALE, Basle (city.) BALEINE, bå-len, s. f. whale; also a constel-

lation in the southern hemisphere; whale-bone.

BALEINEAU, ba-le-no, or BALEINON, s. m. young whale. BALENAS, ba-le-na, s. m. pizzle of a whale.

BALESTON, s. m. Mar. sprit (of a shoulder of mutton sail.)

BALEVRE, bå-levr, s. f. stone which juts out in a wall; also under lip.

Balise, bå-liz, s. f. Mar. beacon, buoy. BALISER, v. a. Mar. to lay down buoys

BALISTAIRE, bå-lis-ter, s. m. manager of the balista among the ancients.
BALISTE, ba-list, s. f. balista (warlike en-

gine used by the ancients.)

BALIVAGE, s. m. choice of young trees to be left for growth.

BALIVEAU, ba-li-vo, s. m. standard, young tree left for growth.

Baliverne, bå-lî-vêrn, s. f. idle stuff, idle tale or story, old woman's tale.

BALLYERNER, bå-li-vêr-nå, v. n. to play the fool, trifle, tell idle stories.

BALLADE, bå-läd, s. f. ballad; refrain de la bullade, burden of the song.

BALLARIN, s. m. a sort of hawk.

BALLE, bål, s. f. ball, bullet, shot. Balle

ramée, cross-bar shot, cross-bar. Canon de 20 livres de balle, twenty-pounder, gun that carries a ball of 20 pounds. Enfant de la balle, child of a tennis-court keeper; also one of the same business with his father and brothers, one of the clan or of the same gang. Balle, bale or pack; chaff or hull (that holds the grain.)

*Baller, v. n. to dance, skip.
Baller, bå-lê, s. m. ballet, interlude.
Ballon, bå-lon, s. m. foot-ball; balloon or air balloon; oar-vessel (in the country of Siam.) BALLONNIER, bå-lö-niå, s. m. foot-ball-

maker. BALLOT, bå-lå, s. m. bale, pack. Ballote, V. *Marrube*.

BALLOTTAGE, s. f. bounding of a horse. BALLOTTAGE, bå-lð-tåz, s. m. balloting, ballot.

BALLOTTE, bå-lot, s. f. ballot or voting ball; wooden vessel for vintage.

BALLOTTER, ba-lô-ta, v. a. & n. to toss, a term used at tennis; (quelqu'un) to toss from post to pillar, play the fool with keep at bay, (une affaire) to bandy, examine or debate.

Ballotter, v. n. to ballot, vote by ballot.

Ballourd, E, ba-loor, loord, s. m. & f.

fool, tony, simpleton, loggerhead.
BALOURDISE, bå-loor-diz, s. f. dull, stupid

thing, absurdity.

Balsamine, bal-za-mîn, s. f. sort of plant,

crane's bill. BALSAMIQUE, bål-zå-mík, adj. balsamick. BALUSTRADE, bå-lås-tråd, s. f. balustrade,

rails. BALUSTRE, ba-lüstr, s. m. rail, baluster, little pillar; small twisted column.

BALUSTRER, v. a. to rail in.

BALZAN, bål-zèn, s. m. bay-horse with a white spot on one, two, or three of his legs.

BALZANE, s. f. white spot on a horse's

BAMBIN, ben-bin, s. m. babe. BAMBOCHADE, ben-bo-shad, s. f. grotesque picture; composition upon mean and low subjects.

BAMBOCHE, ben-bosh, s. f. large puppet; also shrimp, dwarf; a bamboo.

BAMBOU, bên-boo, s. m. bamboo.

BAN, ben, s. m. ban, proclamation; banishment, exile; proscription, outlawry. Ban et arrière-ban, ban and arriere-ban, proclamation whereby all those that hold lands of the crown are summoned to serve the king of France in his wars. Bon de four et de moulin, privilege buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

of the lord of the manor, whereby his tenants and vassals are to grind and bake in his mills

and ovens, paying him a fee for the use of them. Banal, E, bå-nål, adj. belonging to a manor, common. Taureau banul, common or town-bull; expression banale, vulgar expression; témoin banal, knight of the post.

BANALITÉ, bå-nå-li-tå, s. f. privilege of the

lord of the manor, whereby he obliges his vassals to make use of his mill, oven, etc.

BANANE, bå-nån, s. f. the fruit of the banana-tree.

BANANIER, bå-nå-nl-å, s. m. banana-tree. Bane, ben, s. m. bench, form, seat. Banc fermé dans une église, pew or seat in a church. Bancs, s. pl. public disputations, public exercises. Etre sur les bancs, to stand out a

dispute, hold out a dispute.

Banc, Mar. bank, shelf, etc. Banc de sable, sand-bank; banc de rochers, reef; banc de glace, field of ice or island of ice; banc de brume, fogbank; banc de poissons, shoal of fish; banc de rameurs, thwart of a boat. Donner à trarers quelque banc, to run aground, strike the sands.

Bancal-E, bên-kâl, s. m. & f. little bandy-

legged man or woman.

BANCELLE, s. f. long narrow form or bench. BANCROCHE, ben-krosh, s. m. little bandy-

legged man.
BANDAGE, ben-dåz, s. m. binding up of any thing; bandage or ligature; truss; iron band, tire of wheels.

BANDAGISTE, ben-då-zist, s. m. truss-maker. BANDE, bènd, s.f. band, fillet; link; thong; strip, side-bar (of a saddle;) eushion of a billiard table; bend (in heraldry.) Band, crew, set, company, gang. Bandes, bands, forces. Bande, Mar. La bande du sud, the southern shore; donner à la bande, to heel, lie along, have a list. V. Côté. Bande de fer, plate or iron plate; bandes de ris, reef bands. bande, amain.

BANDEAU, ben-do, s. m. head-band, bandage, fillet. Le bandean d'une veuve, a widow's Aroir un bandeau devant les yeux, to be blindfolded, have a veil or mist before one's eyes. Bandeau royal, royal wreath or diadem.

BANDELETTE, bend-let, s. f. little fillet,

band or string.

BANDER, ben-dà, v. a. to bind, tie; to bend, spread; to streteh; to cock (fre-arms;) to bandy (at tennis;) to raise; (les yeux à quelqu'un) to blindfold or hoodwink. Bender son esprit, avoir l'esprit bande, to bend one's mind or one's self to a thing. Bander une roile, Mar. to line a sail round the bolt-rope, in order to strengthen it. Bander, v. n. to be tight, stretched.

Se bunder, v. r. to league; to rise. quoi vous bandez-vous contre la vérité? why

do you withstand truth?

BANDEREAU, bend-ro, s. m. string for a BANDEROLE, bend-rol, s. f. streamer, band-

rol; ulso fringed bandrol of a trumpet.
Bandiare, s. f. Mar. V. Front et Ordre.
Bandir, ben-di, s. m. bandit, banditto,
robber, cut-throat, vagabond, highwayman.

BANDOULIER, ben-doo-lia, s. m. a highwayman, a vagabond.

BANDOULIÈRE, bèn-dôo-lièr, s. f. large shoulder-belt, bandoleer.

BANDURE, s. f. kind of gentian.

Banlans, s. m. pl. East-Indian idolaters. Banlieur, ben-lieu, s. f. jurisdiction, precinct or liberties (of a town.)

BANNE, ban, s. f. tilt or covering for a boat, sort of basket made with boughs, kind of pan niers. Some say Banneau.

BANNER, bå-nå, v. a. to cover with a tilt. BANNERET, bån-re, adj. m. banneret. Chevalier banneret, knight-banneret.

Banneton, ban-ton, s. m. cauf. BANNI, E, adj. banished, etc.

BANNI, s. m. outlaw, banished man.

BANNIÈRE, bå-nièr, s. f. banner, standard,

flag.

BANNIR, bå-nîr, v. a. to exile, banish, ex-pel, drive away, exclude.

BANNISSABLE, adj. banishable. BANNISSEMENT, ba-nis-men, s. m. banishment, exile.

BANQUE, benk, s. f. bank.

BANQUEROUTE, benk-root, s. f. bank-ruptey, breaking, failure.

Faire banqueroute, to break, turn bankrupt.

BANQUEROUTIER, E, benk-roo-tia, tier, s. m. & f. bankrupt.

BANQUET, ben-ke, s. m. banquet, feast; also part of the cheeks of a bit.

BANQUETER, benk-tå, v. n. to banquet,

feast, junket.

*Banqueteur, s. m. feaster. Banquette, ben-ket, s. f. raised way, little bank; causey or causeway; long seat

stuffed and covered.

BANQUIER, ben-kia, s. m. banker. BANQUIZE, s. f. Mar. heap of floating ice frozen together in close masses

Banvin, s. m. exclusive right of a lord of a manor to sell his own wine before any other.

BAPTÊME, bå-tein, s. m. baptism, christening. Recevoir le Baptême, to be christened or baptised. Tenir un enfant sur les fonts de baptême, to stand god-father or god-mother to a child. Nom de haptême, Christian name. Baptême, Mar. ducking (as practised in crossing the line or tropies.)

BAPTISER, bå-tl-zå, v. a. to baptize, christen; also give a nick name. Baptiser son

BAPTISMAL, E, bap-tis-mal, adj. baptismal. Les fonts buptismaux, the font (in a church.)
BAPTISTE, s. m. (St. John) the Baptist.
BAPTISTAIRE, bà-fis-tèr, adj. of or belong-

ing to baptism. Registre baptistaire, register of christenings.

Baptistère or Baptistaire, s. m. baptistery; baptistaire or extrait baptistaire, certificate of

baptism.

BAQUET, bå-kë, s. m. tub, bueket, trough. BAQUETER, båk-tå, v. a. to secop out. BAQUETURES, båk-tur, s. f. pl. droppings

of wine or beer into the tap tub. BAR, bar. V. Bard. BARACAN. V. Bouracan.

BARACHOIS, s. m. Mar. snng anchorage

(formed by land on one side, and a ledge that breaks off the sea on the other.)

BARAGOUIN, bå-rå-gwin, s. m. gibberish. BARAGOUINAGE, s. m. cant, gibberish. BARAGOUINER, bå-rå-gwl-nå, v. n. to speak gibberish or broken language; to pronounce oddly.

bà-rà-gwl-nêur. BARAGOUINEU-R, SE, neuz, s. m. & f one that talks gibberish

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

BARAQUE, bå-råk, s. f. barrack, soldier's hnt

BARAQUER, bå-rå-kå, v. n. Se baraquer, v. r. to make huts or barracks.

BARATTE, ba-rat, s. f. churn. BARATTER, ba-ra-ta, v. a. to churn. BARATTERIE, s. f. Mar. the producing of

a false bill of lading or making of a false entry or declaration.

BARBACANE, bar-ba-kan, s. f. hole made in a wall to let in or drain out the water; loophole in a wall to shoot through; barbacan.

BARBACOLE, S. f. (a gume) faro. Barbacole, s. m. pedagogue, school-master.
BARBADE, S. f. Barbadoes.
BARBADE, barbardoes, Barbarous, rude, unpolished, savage, cruel, inhuman.
BARBARE, S. m. barbarian.

BARBAREMENT, bar-bar-men, adv. barharously. BARBARESQUE, adj. of or belonging to the

people of Barbary

BARBARIE, bar-ba-ri, s. f. barbarity, barbarousness, cruelty, inhumanity; incivility, rudeness, rusticity, gross ignorance; also Bar-

BARBARISME, bar-ba-rism, s. m. barbarism. BAREE, barh, s. f. beard; tail (of a comet;) gills (of a cock;) lappet, pinner (of a head dress;) barbles (disease in a horse's month;) fins (of flat fish;) whiskers (of a cat or whale.) Faire la barbe, to trim, shave or beard. Faire tous les matins dix ou douze barbes, to trim every morning ten or twelve people. Faire la barbe à quelqu'un, to affront or insult or abuse onc. Fuire la barbe à une étoffe, to barbe or beard a stuff. Rire sous burbe or dans sa barbe, to laugh in one's sleeve. Je le dirai à sa harhe, I shall tell it to his face. Il l'a fait à sa harbe, he has done it under his nose. Sainte Barbe, Mar. gun-room. Burbe d'un bordage, whood ends or whoodings of a plank.

Barbe, s. m. barbe, Barbary horse.

BARBÉ, E, adj. bearded.

BARNEAU, bar-bo, s. m. barbel; blue bottle

(a plant.) BARBELÉ, E, bårb-lå, adj. barbed, beard-

ed; Flèche barbelée, bearded-arrow.

BARBERIE, barb-ri, s. f. art or profession of shaving.

Barberot, s. m. paltry barber, shaver. Barbet, bår-bå, s. m. shagged dog. Barbette, bår-båt. s. f. shagged bitch;

also kind of stomacher for nuns. BARBEYER, v.n. Mar. Ex. La voile barbeye,

the sail shivers in the wind.

BARBICHE, s. f. Barbichen, bår-bå-shon, s. m. a lap-dog, little spaniel. BARBIER, bår-båå, s. m. barber.

BARBIÈRE, s. f. barber's wife, female sha-

BARBIFIER, v. a. to shave.
BARBILLON, bar-bî-lon, s. m. little barbel; also the barbles. V. Barbe.

BARBON, bar-bon, s. m. old dotard, grey beard.

BARBON, NE, adj. morose, peevish, slovenly.

BARBONNAGE, s. m. old age, peevishness, moroseness.

BARBOTE, bar-bot, s. f. cel-pout.

BARBOTER, bar-bo-ta, v. n. to gobble (like a duck;) to mumble, mutter, grumble.

BARBOTEUR, bår-bå-teur, s. m. tame duck. BARBOTEUSE, S. f. harlot; termagant. BARBOTINE, s. f. worm-seed.

BARBOUILLAGE, bar-boo-laz, s. m. dau

bing; scribbling; nonsense.

BARBOUILLER, bar-boo-la, v. a. to daub. To daub or foul; to perplex, confound; to scribble, waste paper. Feuille que barbonille (in printing.) sheet full of monks or blots. Se harbouiller, v. r. to daub one's self; (l'esprit,) to puzzle one's self, confound one's brains.

BARBOUILLEU-R, SE, bår-bôo-lêur. lèuz, s. m. & f. dauber; scribbler, paltry writer.

BARBU, E, bår-bå, bå, adj. bearded, fall of beard, that has a great beard.

BARBUE, s. f. dab (kind of fish) also quickset wine.

BARBUQUET, s. m. chap or scab on the lips.

BARCAROLLE, s. f. a Venitian ballad.

BARD, s. m. hand-barrow; also barbel.

BARDACHE, s. m. catamite, pathick, ingle. BARDACHE, s. m. catamite, pathick, ingle. BARDANE, bardan, s. f. burdock. BARDE, bard, s. f. barb, horse-armour; sort of great saddle, horse-cloth stuffed; thin broad slice of bacon (wherewith pullets, capons, etc. are sometimes covered instead of

basting them.)

Burde, s. m. bard, ancient poet.

BARDÉ, E, adj. barbed; also covered with a slice of bacon.

BARDEAU, bår-dó, s. m. shingle. BARDELLE, bår-dél, s. f. mean saddle (made of cloth and straw.)

BARDER, bar-da, v. a. to barb (a horse) also to cover with a slice of bacon.

BARDEUR, s. m. a day-labourer who carries the hand-barrow.

BARDIS, s. f. Mar. water-boards, weatherboards.

BARDOT, bar-do, s. m. small mule; also drudge, and among booksellers, hack.

BARET, s. m. cry of an elephant. BARGE, barz, s. f. bird not unlike a cur-

lew; barge; hay-cock; bundle of faggots. BARGUIGNAGE, bar-gl-guaz, s. m. hawing, haggling.

BARGUIGNER, bar-gi-gna, v. n. to haw, haggle.

BARGUIGNEU-R', SE, bar-gi-gneur, gneuz, s. m. & f. one that stands having, laggler.

Baril, ba-ri, s. m. barrel, rundlet, small cask. Baril de galère, Mar. breaker.

BARILLAR, s. m. officer in a galley who

takes care of the wine and water.

BARILLET, ba-ri-lc, s. m. barrel (of o watch;) also small rundlet, cask or barrel. BARIOLAGE, ba-rio-laz, s. m. medley or

confused mixture of colours

Barioles, E. adj. speckled, variegated. Fères bariolées, French beans, kidney-beans. Barioler, bariô-là, v. a. to speckle, streak or daub with several colours.

Barlong, s. m. parallelogram. Barlong, ue, adj. disprop<mark>ortion</mark>ately.long. BARNABITE, s. m. Barnabite (sort of monk.) BARNACHE OF BARNACI.E, OF BARNAQUE,

f. barnacle, (sort of goose.) Baromètre, ha-rô-mêir, s. m. barometer.

Baron, ba-ron, s. m. baron. BARONNAGE, s. m. baronage; a comic

ll style.

buse, but, : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

BARONNE, bå-rön, s. f. baroness.

BARONNE, 02-701, S. 1. baronet. BARONNIE, bå-rö-nl, s. f. barony. BAROQUE, bå-rök, adj. rough; irregular,

uneven, odd.

BARQUE, bark, s. f. bark, great boat, light-Savoir bien conduire sa barque, to know how to carry one's self. Conduire la barque, to be the ringleader in a business. Barque d'avis, advice boat. Barque de pêcheur, fishing-boat ; barque de charge, lighter.

BARQUEE, s. f. boat-load of goods or stores, etc. Barquée de lest, ten tons of ballast.

BARQUEROLLE, s. f. little bark or boat.

BARQUETTE, s. f. kind of pastry-work like a boat.

BARRABAS, (this word is used in this provervial expression, viz.) Cela est commun or connu comme Barrabas à la passion, that is as common as the highway.

BARRAGE, ba-raz, s. m. kind of toll, to

keep roads in repair.

BARRAGER, bå-rå-zå, s. m. he that gathers

the toll, turn-pike man.

BARRE, bar, s. f. bar; cross-bar; bank of sand. Barre de liaison, division, hyphen. Barres, barriers, prison-bars. Joner à barres sires, to play a sure game, go upon sure ground. Burres, that part of a horse's jaw ground.

where the bit rests.

Barre, Mar. bar, transom, tiller, helm, tree, etc. Barre d'arcasse, transom. du gowernail, tiller, helm. Barre franche, tiller that works upon deck without a wheel. Barre de rechange, spare tiller. Barre de cabestan, capstan bar. Barre du premier pont, deck transom. Barre de la soute du maître canomier or barre première au-dessus du premier pont, first transom. Barre d'écusson, counter transom. Barre maîtresse de hune, trestletree. Barre traversière de hune, crosstree. Barre de perroquet, top mast crosstree. Barre d'écoutille, hatch-bar. Barre de vindus, hand spike, bar of the windlass. Barre au bout de l'étambort, helmwindlass. Barre au bout de vetambort, heimpost transom. Barre de remplissage; filling
transom. Båbord la barre, port the helm.
Change la barre, shift the helm. Dresse la
barre, right the helm. Droit la barre, put
the helm a midships. La barre au vent, up
with the helm. La barre dessous, down
with the helm. Mollis la barre, ease the
helm. Stribord la barre, starboard the helm.
Line attention de la barre, to mind the Faire attention à la barre; to mind the

BARRÉ, E, adj. barred, etc. V. Barrer.

BARREAU, ba-ro, s. m. little wooden or iron bar, rail; court, bar. Gens de barreau, law-yers, counsellors, etc. Frequenter le barreau, to follow the law, to be often hearing or

pleading causes.

BARRER, ba-ra, v. a. to bar, shut with a bar; to stop; to bar or scratch out; une veine, to sear a vein (of a horse.) Barrer un bâ-timent, Mar. to give a ship too much helm so as to yay her about. Attention à ne pas barrer le bâtiment, don't give her so much helm.

BARRETCE, ba-rêt, s. f. cap or bonnet. J'ai bien perlé à sa barrette, I have rattled him to some une.

BARRICA : E, ba-ri-kad, s. f.

BARRICADER, ba-ri-ka-da, v. a. to barricade. Se barricader, v. r. to barricade one's

BARRIERE, ba-rier, s. f. rail, field-gate, turn-pike; bar, let, hindrance, obstacle; barrier; list, place to fight in; barrier, starting place; combot à la barrière, tilt, tilting. Barrière de sergens, publick place where bailiffs are to be found.

BARRIQUE, ba-rik, s. f. French hogshead.

large-barrel.

BARROT, s. m. Mar. beam (of the quarter deck, poop and fore castle,) small beam (placed between larger ones.) BARROTER, v. a. Mar. to load chock up to

the beams.

BARROTIN, s. m. Mar. ledge, (put across the beams in French ships of war in order to strengthen the decks;) barrotins de caillebotis, ledges of the gratings.

BARSES, s. f. pl. canister or pewter chest

wherein tea is brought from China.

BARTARVELLE, s. f. sort of red partridge. Bas, sr, adj. low, shallow; lower; low, mean, pitiful, base, vile, sordid, poor; inferior, subaltern. Les eaux sont basses chez lui, things are at a low ebb with him. Avoir la vue basse, to be purblind or short-sighted. Faire main basse, to put all to the sword. Basse or basse-contre (in musick) base or bass. V. Haut. Basse continue, thorough base. Easse de viole, base viol. Basse-taille, counter tenor. Basse-cour, lower court, inner yard, poultry yard. Basse-fosse, dungeon. Les Pays-Bes, the Low Countries, the Ne-therlands. Basse Alsace, Lower Alsatia. Bas Breton; language of Lower Britany. Cest du bas Breton pour moi, that is Hebrew to me, I don't understand that gibberish. Le carême est bas, Lent is forward or early.

Bas-relief, basso relievo. Le bas peuple, he Bas-realey, passo renew. Le was peape, no common people, the vulgar, the mob. Les busses cartes, the small eards. Sorti de bas lieu, meanly extracted or born. A basses notes, in a low lone of voice. Bas, Mar. Pas foul shoot shallow flat. Bas mits. Bas-fond, shoal, shallow, flat. Bas mâts, lower masts, standing masts. Bas-bord, V. Bâbord. Vaisseau de bas-bord, low built ship, small ship. Basse, shallow, shoal, flat. Basse mer or mer basse, low-water. Rivière basse, shallow river. Basses voiles, courses. Temps bas, cloudy weather.

Bas, ba, s. m. stocking; barricade with netting; hose. Vendeur de bas, hosier. Bas, s. m. (partie inférieure) bottom, low-cr part or foot (of a thing.) Le bas d'une montagne, the foot or bottom of a hill. Le vin est au bas, the wine runs low or draws

towards the lees or dregs.

BAS, adv. down, low. Mettre bas les armes, to ground arms. Parler bas, to speak low or softly. Jouer argent bus, to play for ready money. It est has percé or il est has, it is low with him, he is low of purse. Methes, below; also yonder. En-bas, down, below. A has, upon the ground. Son regne est is the test that the statement of the soft of the sof bas, there is an end of his reign. A bas, down or come down. Mettre le pavillon bas, to strike the flag. Ici-bas, here below. Les choses d' ici-bas sont périssables, the things of this world are frail.

BASALTE, s. m. tasalt.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

BASANE, s. f. sheep-skin leather.

BASANÉ, E, ba-za-na, adj. tawny, sun-

burnt, of a swarthy complexion.

Bascule, bas-kul, s. f. swipe or sweep (of

a well,) seesaw; swing-gate.

BASE, baz, s.f. base, basis, foundation, bot-

BASER, v. a. to base or found upon.

Basilic, bå-zl-lik, s. m. basilisk, cockatrice. (Herb,) sweet-basil.

BASILICON, s. m. basilicon, (ointment.)
BASILIQUE, ba-zî-lîk, adj. basilick. Ex. La veine basilique, the basilick vein.

BASILIQUE, s. f. court of justice, great hall. A great church or temple.

Basın, bå-zin, s. m. dimity.

Basioglosse, s. m. basiogloss (muscle which is the abductor of the tongue.)

BASOCHE, bå-zosh, s. f. company and jurisdiction of lawyers' clerks in the parliament of Paris, having among them a king, a chancellor, and their peculiar laws. Le roi de la basoche, the master of misrule.

BASQUE, bask, s. f. skirt of a doublet.

BASQUE, s. m. that is of Biscay. Basque. Tour de Basque, clever trick, legerdemain. Aller du pied comme un Basque, or courir comme un Basque, to be swiftfooted. Le Basque, language of the Biscayans or of the people of Biscay.

BASSA. V. Bacha.

BASSE, bas, feminine of Bas. V. Bas. adj.

BASSEMENT, bas-men, advameanly, poor-

ly, pitifully.

BASSESSE, ba-ses, s. f. meanness, lowness, base or mean or unworthy action, low expression.

BASSET, ba-se, s. m. terrier, terrier-dog. BASSET, TE, adj. of low stature. BASSETTE, ba-set, s. f. a game at cards.

BASSILE, S. f. a sort of plant.
BASSILE, S. f. a sort of plant.
BASSIN, bà-sin, s. m. basin; (close stool)
pan; scale; wet dock, basin, dock, basin of a
dock. Bassin de radoub, dry dock. Etre
dans le bassin, to be in dock. Mettre un
bâtiment dans le bassin, to put a ship into

BASSINE, ba-sin, s. f. deep wide pan.

Bassiner, ba-si-na, v. a. to warm with a warming-pan; (fomenter) to bathe, foment.

BASSINET, ba-si-ne, s. m. crow-foot, butter-flower; pan, touch-pan (of fire arms.)

BASSINGIRE, ba-sl-nwar,s.f. warming-pan.

Basson, ba-son, s. m. bassoon. *BASTANT, E, adj. sufficient.
BASTE, bast, s. m. the acc of clubs.

BASTE, adv. & interj. granted, well, well enough, let it be so.

*Baster, v. n. to be sufficient or enough, suffice. L'affaire baste mal, the business does not go well.

BASTERNE, s. f. itter used by the Roman

BASTIDE, s. f. country house in the south

BASTILLE, bas-ull, s. f. Bastile.

BASTINGAGE, S. m. Mer. net. Filets de bastingage, netting.

BASTINGUE, s. f. Mar netting. BASTINGUER, un vaisseau, v. a. Mar. to

barricade a ship or sheiter her crew by means |

of netting. Se bastinguer, v. r. Mar. to secure one's self by means of netting.

Bastion, bas-id-on, s. m. bastion, bulwerk.

Bastonnable, adj. that deserves to be

bastinadoed. Bastonnade, bås-tô-nåd, s. f. bastinado,

cudgelling,

BAT, ba, s. m. pack-saddle, pannel; tail
(of a fish.) Cheval de bât, pack-horse, dull

heavy fellow. BATAIL, s. m. clapper of a bell. BATAILLE, ba-tal, s. f. battle, fight.

Bataille rangée, field or pitched battle. heval de bataille, war-horse. Mettre or Cheval de bataille, war-horse. Mettre or ranger une armée en bataille, to draw up an army in battle array

BATAILLER, bå-ta-lå, v. n. Ex. Il m'a bien fallu batailler pour l'obtenir, I was fain to

struggle hard for it.

BATAILLON, ba-ta-lon, s. m. battalion. Bataillon carré, hollow square.

BATARD, E, ba-tar, tard, s. m. & f. bas-

tard, illegitimate; mongrel. Une pièce de canon hâtarde, a demi-cannon or demi-culve-rin. Bâtard de racage, Mar. parrel, parrelrope, truss.

BATARDEAU, ba-tar-do, s. m. dam, dike.

BATARDIERE, s. f. nursery for young trees. BATARDIERE, ba-tar-dlz, s. f. bastardy. Droit de bâtardise, right of inheriting the effects of a bastard dying intestate.

BATATE, V. Patate. BATAYOLE, s. f. Mar. Batayole de la pou laine, iron-horse. Batayoles, stanchions and rails of the netting. Batayoles des hunes, stanchions and rails of the tops. Batayoles

pour le bastingage, barricade.

BATÉ, E, adj. (from bâter) saddled with a pack-saddle. C'est un âne bâté, he is a block-

head or a dunce.

BATEAU, ba-to, s.m. boat; body (of a carriage.) · Bateau couvert d'un tendelet on d'une radge, l' Dateau toutert u un tentect un uniteration de la toile, tilt boat. Bateau de provision, bumboat. Bateau lesteur, ballast lighter. Bateau de loch, log. Bateau de plaisance, pleasure boat. Bateau Bermudien, sloop. teau d'office, boat employed by ships of war for bringing off fresh provisions, etc. when in

BATELAGE, båt-låz, s. m. Juggling, juggler's trick legerdemain; also waterman's lare.

BATELEE, båt-lå, s. f. boat-load, boat-full,

fare; also crowd, pack, flock of people.

BATELET, bat-lê, s. m. little boat.

BATELEU-R, sE, bat-lêur, lêuz, s. m. & f.

juggler, puppet-player, buffoon, mountebank. BATELIER, båt-llå, s. m. waterman.

BATER, ba-ta, v. a. to saddle with a packsaddle.

BATI, E, adj. built, etc. V. Bâtir: Maison mal bâtic, ill-built or ill-contrived house. Homme mal bâti, ill-shaped man.

BATIER, bå-tlå, s. m. saddler, maker or seller of pack-saddles. Un sot båtier, silly fellow, booby, clown.

BATIFOLER, bå-tl-fô-là, v. n. to play like

children, romp.

BATIMENT, ba-ul-men, s. m. building, edifice, structure, fabric.

Bâtiment, Mar. vessel, ship, sail, man. Bâtiment à pompe étroite, pink-sterned ship. Bâtiment à poupe carrée, square-sterned ship. Bâtiment naubuse, but: jeune, meute, beurre: enfant, cent, lien: vin: mon: brun.

fragé, wreck; bâtiment armé en course, privateer, letter of marque. Bâtiment armé en flide, store-ship. Bâtiment armé en guerre, vessel equipped for fighting. Bâtiment armé en guerre et marchandises, armed merchant-man. Bâtiment Barbaresque, vessel of the coast of Barbary. Bâtiment bien assis sur l'eau, vessel that sits well on the water. Bâtiment bien soutenu de l'avant, ship with a full bow. Bâtiment bien taillé de l'avant, vessel very sharp forward. Bâtiment bien evidé de l'arrière, ship with a clean run aft. Bâtiment hien suivi dans ses proportions, vessel of good proportions. Bâtiment taillé pour la marche, vessel built for sailing fast. Bâtiment très-fin dans ses fonds, sharp-bottomed vessel. Bâtiment servant de magasin, ship used as a repository for stores. Bâtiment servant à transporter des vivres, victualler. Bâtiment acheté pour le service de la marine, vessel purchased into the service. Bâtiment servant de prison, prison-ship. Bâtiment servant d'hôpital, hospital-ship. Bâtiment terre-neuvier, banker, Newfoundland fishing vessel. Bâtiment de transport, transport. Bâtiment de transport, transport. Bâtiment de la commerce, trading-vessel. Bâtiment de la compagnie des Indes, India-man, East India-man, etc. Bâtiment de charge, vessel of burden. Bâtiment ennemi, enemy. Bâtiment neutre, neutral vessel. Bâtiment vessel. Bâtiment servant de magasin, ship timent neutre, neutral vessel. Bâtiment étranger. Foreign vessel. Bâtiment char-bonnier, collier. Bâtiment contrebandier, smuggler. Bâtiment croiseur, cruiser. Bâ-timent flibustier, freebooter. Bâtiment pi-rate or forban, pirate. Bâtiment marchand, merchant-man. Båtiment nègrier, Guinea-man. Båtiment mal lié, vessel badly put together. Beau båtiment, fine vessel. Joli båtiment, handsome vessel. Bon båtiment, batment, nancsome vessel. Don vatement, good vessel. Mauvais bâtiment, bad vessel. Bâtiment condamné, condemned vessel. Bâtiment larguant de partout, crazy vessel. Bâtiment trompeur or de peu d'apparence, deceiful looking vessel. Bâtiment très maniwessel. Bâtiment fort or ayant un fort echantillon, strong craquelin or foible, weak vessel. Bâtiment vieux or vieux bâtiment, old vessel. Bâtiment vieux or vieux bâtiment, old vessel. Bâtiment canard, vessels thet vielves down sel that pitches deep.

BATIR, ba-tir, v. a. to build; to baste, make long stitches. Bâtir sa fortune, to build

or raise one's fortune.

BATISSE, ba-tis, s. f. building.

BATISSEUR, bà-ti-scur, s. m. builder, one that builds much, one fond of building.

BATISTE, bå-list, s. f. cambrick.
BATON, bå-ton, s. m. stick, staff, cudgel.
Donner des cours de bâton à, to cudgel.
Bâton de Jacob, Jacob's staff.
Bâton à deux
bouts, quarter-staff.
Bâton de commundement, staff or truncheon of command. Tour du bâton, by-profits, by-gains, perquisites. Tirer au court bâton avec quelqu'un, to try masteries, or strive or contend with one. Bâton de vieillesse, support of one's old age. Faire quelque chose à bâtons rompus, to do a thin; by snatches, or by fits and starts. Je suis sur cette matière très-assuré de mon béton, I am sure of the thing. Béton Mar. staff, boom, stick, spindle. Béton de com-

mandement, ensign-staff, flag-staff at the mast head. Bâton d'enseigne or de pavillon, flagnead. Baton d'enseigne or de paritton, flag-staff. Bâton de foc, jib-boom. Bâton de clin-foc, flying jib-boom. Bâton de flamme, stick of a pendant. Bâton de gaffe, boat-hook staff. Bâton de girouette, vane spindle.

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BATONNÉE, s. f. as much water as comes

out of a pump every time it plays.

BATONNER, ba-to-na, v. a. to strike out efface, cancel; also to draw lines under those

BATONNET, s.m. cat, tipcat, (plaything.)
BATONNET, s.m. cat, tipcat, (plaything.)
BATONNER, ba-tô-nla, s.m. chief of the counsellors of the parliament of Paris. Bâtonnier d'une confrérie, staffman of a company.
BATRACHITE, s. f. a sort of green and holem three d'une confrérie.

low stone.

BATTAGE, bå-tåz, s. m. threshing.

BATTANT, adj. beating. Sortir tarabour battant, to come out drum beating. Ce tisserund en soie a trente métiers battans; that silkweaver has thirty looms going.

*Battant-neuf, brand-new, fire-new.
BATTANT, ba-ten, s.m. clapper (of a bell,) fold of a door. Porte à deux battans, folding door, two leaved door. Battant, Mar. fly. Battant d'un pavillon, etc. fly of an ensign,

BATTANT-L'OEIL, s. m. French night headdress or dishabille.

BATTE, bât, s. f. rammer, paving-beetle, commander. Batte de cimentier, dauber's beetle. Batte de blancleisseuse, small sloping bench whereon the washer-women beat and soap their linen. Batte dc selle, bolster of a saddle. Batte à beurre, churn-staff.

BATTEMENT, båt-mên, s. m. beating. Battement de mains, clapping of hands. Bat-tement de pieds, stamping of the feet. Batte-

ment du gosier, shake (in musick.)
BATTERIE, båt-rl, s. f. battery, fighting, scuffle, squabble; particular way of playing upon the guitar, or of beating the drum; (de canon) a battery of ordnance; (de cuisine, furniture; cover (of the pan of a gun.) Batterie, Mar. battery, etc. Les pièces en bat-terie, run out your guns. Batteries flottan-tes, floating battery. Batterie qui s'adapte à la culasse d'un canon, lock applied to the breech of a cannon. Votre vaisseau a une belle batterie, your ship carries her guns a good height out of the water. Ce vaisseau a 5 pieds 9 pouces de batterie, that ship's lowest gun-deck port is 5 feet 9 inches above the surface of the water.

BATTEUR, bå-leur, s. m. beater. Batteur d'or, gold-beater. Batteur de blé or batteur en grange, thresher. Un batteur de pavé or de chemin, a rambler, a man that is always rambling up and down the streets; also a padder or vagabond. Batteurs d'estrade,

seouts.

Batteuse d'or, s. f. woman gold-beater. Battoir, bå-twar, s. m. beetle, battledore. Battologie, bå-tð-lð-zl, s. f. tautology. ncedless repetition.

BATTRE, batr, v. a. to beat, strike. Battre les ennemis, to beat the enemy, get the better of them. Battre de quelque raison, to beat down with an argument. Battre une ville en ruine, to batter down a town. Battre quelqu'un en ruine, to run one down, to put him to a nonplus. Battre le fer, to fence

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Il faut battre le fer tandis qu'il est chaud, | we must strike the iron while it is hot. tre la campagne or l'estrade, to scour the country for intelligence. Battre la semelle, to beat the hoof, foot it, travel a foot. Battre bien du pays, to travel a great way. Battre monnoie, to coin, mint money. Battre di biel, to thresh grain. Battre le beurre, to churn mik. Battre les cartes, to shuffle the cards. La rivière bat les murailles de la ville, the river beats against (or runs close by) the wall of the town. Battre le pavé, to ramble about, run up and down the streets.

Battre la diane, Mar. to beat the reveille;

battre la retraite, to beat the retreat.

Battre, v. n. to beat. Le cœur me bat, my heart beats, pants, or goes pit-a-pat. Battre des mains, to clap, applaud. Battre de l'aile or des ailes, to flap or flutter.

Se battre, v. r. to fight. Se battre en ducl, to fight a duel, on se bat pour avoir du pain,

people struggle hard to get bread.

Battu, E, adj. beaten, beat, etc. V. Battre.

Vous avez les yeux battus, your eyes look black and blue. Battu de l'orage or de la tempéte, tossed by the wind, weather-beat-

Autant vaut-il être-bien battu que mal battu,

over shoes, over boots.

BATTUE, bâ-tů, s. f. beating. Faire la battue, to beat the bushes, etc. in order to

spring or start the grme.
BATTURE, s. f. Mai. shallow, shoal.

BAU, s. m. Mar. beam. Demi-bau, half-beam. Maître-bau, mid ship beam. Bau de ecltis, cellar beam. Faux baux, orlop teams.

BAUBI, s. m. sort of hunting dog (for nares, foxes, and boars.)

BAUD, s. m. sort of stag-hound.

*BAUDEMENT, adv. joyfully, merrily.
BAUDET, bo-de, s. m. ass; also stupid fellow; horse, block, trestle; hammock.

BAUDIR, v. a. to set dogs or hawks on with the horn and voice.

BAUDRIER, bo-dri-a, s. m. belt, long belt, shoulder-belt, baldrick.

BAUDRUCHE, bò-drush, s. m. gold-beater's

BAUGE, bôz, s. f. soil of a wild boar; a kind of mortar made of clay and straw.

bange, adv. plentifully, in plenty.

BAUME, bom, s. m. balsam; balm, balm
mint. Baume, s. f. Mar. spanker; ex. Gui de baums or de brigantine, spanker boom.

BAUMIER, s. m. balm-tree.

BAUQUÈRES, S. f. pl. Mar. clamps.
BAUX, bò, s. m. (the plural of bail) leases;
also (the plural of bail) beams, etc.

BAVARD, s. m. BAVARDE, bå-vår, vård, s. f. babbler, blab, idle prater, prattling silly fellow or woman; also boaster, cracker, bouncing or boasting fellow, romancer.

BAVARDAGE, s. m. the act of prating, blab-

BAVARDER, bå-vår-då, v. n. to boast, crack or bounce, romance.

BAVARDERIE, bå-vård-rl, s. f. bouncing, cracking, boasting, idle prattling.
BAVAROISE, bå-vå-rwaz, s. f. tea sweet-

ened with syrup of capillaire.

BAVE, bav, s. f. foam, slaver, slabbering, drivel.

BAVER, bå-vå, v. n. to foam, slaver, slabber, drivel; to be salivated. BAVETTE, bå-vet, s. f. bib, slabbering bib.

Tailler des bavettes, io chat, gossip.

BAVEU-X, SE, ba-veu, veuz, adj. & s. m. & f. slabbering, slabberer, slabber-chaps.

Bareuse, sort of sea-fish. Chair baveuse, proud-flesh.

BAVIÈRE, s. f. Bavaria; de bavière, of or

from Bavaria, Bavarian.

BAVOCHÉ, É, adj. (in engraving) not cleanly cut or stamped or printed. Epreuve bavochée, proof that wants neatness, foul proof. BAVOCHURE, s. f. print not clearly cut or

stamped.

BAVOLET, bå-vô-lê, s. m. kind of head-dress worn by country-women. BAVOLETTE, s. f. (celle qui porte un ba-

volet) country-lass.

BAYER, be-ya, v. n. to gape, to look for a long time at a thing with one's mouth open. Bayer aux corneilles, to stand gaping or looking sillily at every trifling thing. Bayer après une chose, to gape or hanker after a thing.

BAYEU-R, SE, bå-yeur, yeuz, s. m. & f.

gaper.

BAZAR, s. m. publick market (in the East). or place where slaves are shut up.

BDELLIUM, s. m. Bdellium (sort of tree or

its aromatick gum.)
BE, ba, the bleating of sheep.
BÉANT, E, bå-èn, ènt, adj. open, wide
open, gaping; bouche béante, open mouth.
BÉAT, E, bà-à, ât, s. devout or holy per-

son, saint, bigot or hypocrite.

BEATIFICATION, bå-å-tl-fl-kå-slon, s. f. beatification. BÉATIFIER, v. a. to beatify or pronounce

blessed. BÉATIFIQUE, bå-å-ti-fik, adj. beatifical,

beatifick. BÉATILLES, bà-à-tîl, s. f. pl. tit-bits, dain-

ty-bits (such as cocks combs, sweet-breads, etc.)
BEATITUDE, ba-a-ti-tud, s. f. beatitude, bliss, blessedness.

Beau, bo, adj. Formerly several words ended in el, whose termination is now eau. In adjectives, however, the masculine Formerly several words termination el is preserved before substantives beginning with a vowel or h mute, and as an affix to certain names. The feminine of these adjectives is formed from the primitive termination el by doubling the l and adding an e Thus beau in becomes bel m. before a vowel or h mute, belle in the feminine, and in the plural beaux for the masc, and belles for the fem. Ex. Un beau garçon, a fine boy; un hel homme, a handsome man; un bel air, a fine air; une belle femme, a hand-some woman, etc. de beaux garçons, fine boys; de beaux hommes, handsome men; de beaux airs, fine airs; de belles femmes, hand-some women; Philippe-le-Bel, Philip the fair. Ce que vous dites là est bel et bon, what you are saying is pretty good or well mough.

Beau, belle, etc. fine, handsome, comely, pretty, beautiful, neat, fair; delicate; eurious. pleasant, excellent; lucky, happy, favourable; decent, seemly. Cela west pas duleau style, that is not elegant. Faire beau semblant à quelqu'un, to keep or earry it fair with one. Il l'a trahi, sous un beau semblant d'amitié

buse. but: jeune, meute, beurre: enfant, cent, lien: vin: mon: brun.

he has betrayed him under the pretence of | friendship. Le beau monde, the beau monde, fine people, gentlemen and ladies. Le beau sexe, the fair sex, ladies, women, the fair. Jouer beau or grand jeu, to play deep or likely. Ly heavy manuscrapt a great early a high. Un beau mangeur, a great eater, a high feeder. Beau joueur, one that plays fair and never frets at play. Avoir les armes belles, to fence well. Donner heau jeu à, to give fair play to. Payer à beaux deniers comptans, to pay ready money. Bean (ironically.) Voili qui est bean, rous lever à midi! you are a fine man indeed, to rise at twelve voi are a fine man indeed, to rise at twelve o'clock! Voilà une belle équipée! that is a fine plot indeed. Il lui arracha l'oreille à helles dents, he bit his ear off cleverly! Il l'a chappé belle, he escaped it very narrowly. Recommencer de plus belle, to begin a-fresh or more earnestly than before. La builler or donner belle à quelqu'un, to bamboozle or banter one. La manquer belle, to have a narrow escape. Beau-père, father-in-law. Belle-mère, mother-in-law. Beau-fiès, son-intaw. Belle-fille, daughter-in-law. Beau-frère, bruther-in-law. Belle-sur, sister-in-law. BeAU, s. m. excellence, beauty, etc. Joindre

Brau, s. m. excellence, beauty, etc. Joinulre ensemble le beau et l'effroyable, to join to-gether the fair and the foul. Le beau des images est de représenter la chose comme elle s'est passée, the excellency of images is to make true representations of things. Il fait hean, (il fait beau temps,) it is fine weather. Il fait beau se promener, it is fine walking or agreeable to walk. Il fuit beau voir ce général à la tête de ses troupes, it gives one pleasure to see that general at the head of his troops. C'est une cérémonie qu'il fera beau roir, it is a ceremony which it will be agrecaroir, it is a ceremony which it will be agreeable to see. See the obs. on falloir. Tout beau! interj. hold, hold there, fair and softly, not so fast! Tout beau! ne parlez pas si haut, softly! do not speak so loud. Tout beau! ne rous fichez-pas, peace, peace! he not angry.

Mettre une close dans un beau jour, to explain clearly. Il y a beau temps or beeu jour que je ne l'ai vu, it is a long time since I saw him. Il refusa bien et beau or bel et beau, he utterly refused. Peindre quelqu'un en beau, to paint or set one off to the best ad-vantage. Vous arez beau chasser le chagrin, il revient toujours; drive away sorrow ever so much, it will return; you may drive away sorrow as much as it is in your power, still it will return; in vain you repeatedly drive away sorrow, it will return, etc. Jai beau l'attendies, il ue vieudra pes; it is useless for me to wait for him, he will not come. Elle a heau faire, elle n'en vieudra pas à bout, let her do what she can, she will not succeed or bring it chout. Vieu me here d'in tendent par l'attendies par l'indicateur. Vous avez beau dire et beau faire, il it about. reussira dans son entreprise, whatever you may say and do he will succeed in his enterprise; you may (let you) say and do whatever you please, he will succeed in his enterprise. Mes affaires auroient ou beau être pressantes (quelque pressantes qu'eussent été mes affaires) je n'aureis pas laissé de rous écrire, how presshave written to you.

Besucoup, bo-kão, adv. much, many or creat many, nany a. Besucoup d'arcent,

great many, nany a. Beaucoup a article great many, nany a woman. Its en fait beau-

coup que votre affaire soit achevée, your business is far from being ended. It n'est pas à beaucoup près si beau que son frère, he is nothing near so handsome as his brother or he comes far short of being as handsome as his brother.

BEAUPRÉ, bo-prå, s. m. Mar. bowsprit. Notre beaupré fut rompu par ce bâtiment, that ship carried away our bowsprit. L'escadre ennemie est en ligne beaupré sur poupe, tho enemy's figet is in a close line of battle ahead.

BEAUTE, bo-ta, s. f. Beauty, fineness, hand-

someness, prettiness, comeliness. Cela est de la dernière beauté, that is extremely fine or beautiful; beauty, pleasantness, fineness, en-riousness, delicacy, excellency; beauty, beautiful or charming woman.

BEAUTURE, Mar. Etre en beauture de temps, to have a continuance of fine weather.

to have a continuance of line weather.

Bec, bek, s. m. bill, beak (of birds,) nose, snout (of certain fish,) gullet (of an ever) nili (of a pen,) socket (of a lamp,) mouth (of a man,) point (of land.) Coup de bec, wipe, nipping jest, taunt. Tour de bec, kiss, buss. Elle fuil le petit bec, she minces. Bec de lièrre, harelip. Qu'il est heureux de baiser ce bec amoureux! how happy is he to kiss those amorous lips! Avoir du bec, avoir le bec bien affile, to be talkative, have one's tongue oiled or well hung. It n'a rien que le bec, he is all tongue, he deen nothing but prate. Faire le bec à quelqu'un, to teach one before-hand what he shall say. Passer à quelqu'un la plume par le bec, to make a fool of one, baffie or abuse him. On lui tient. le bee dans or à l'eau, he is amused or played the fool withal; he is kept at bay. Bee de corbin, kind of halbert. Gentilhonme à bee de corbin, gentleman-pensioner. Une canne à bec de corbin, a cane with a head in the form of a raven's bill. Bec cornu, hornified or cornuted puppy. Bec, Mar. bill, beak, prow. Bec d'une tartane, etc. beak, or prow of a tartan. Bec d'une ancre, bill of an anchor. Bec de corbin, ripping-iron.

BÉCARRE, bà-kar, s. m. B sharp (in musick,) also an adj. sharped (note.)

BÉCASSE, bà-kas, s. f. woodcock. Bécasse

de mer, sca-pic. Brider la bécasse, to cozen or catch one, trap a bubble.

BÉCASSEAU, s. m. a young woodcock. BÉCASSINE, bà-kà-sin, s. f. snipe. Beccard, s. m. female salmon.

BEC-FIGUE, bek-fig, s. m. becafico, figpecker.

pecker.

BÉCHE, bèsh, s. f. spade.

BÉCHE, V. Becquée.

BÉCHE, V. Ben.

BÉCHER, bè-shå, v. a. to dig with a spade.

BÉCHIQUE, bè-shåk, adj. & s. m. for a cough, good for a cough, good to cure a cough, lozenge for a cough.

BECQUÉE, E, adj. beaked (in heraldry.)

BECQUÉE, bè-kå, s. f. bill-full.

BECQUEEO. S. f. prattle-basket.

Becqueno, s. f. pratile-basket. Becquerff, bêk-tâ, v. a. to peck. Bedanie, bê-dô, s. f. pauch, guts. Bedeau, bê-dô, s. m. verger, mace-bearer,

beadle.

*Benon, s. m. (tambour) a tabret or drum; (un gros bedon) fat thick man.

P.E. adj. f. (only found in this sense with gueule.) Un tonnean à gueule bée, a cask with one end knocked out.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob lord: mood, good.

*BEFLER, v. a. to baffle, mock, play the fool with, make a fool of, laugh at, banter.

BÉGAIEMENT, bà-gê-mên, s. m. stuttering, stammering.

BEGAVER, bå-ge-ya, v. n. to stutter, stammer, lisp.

BEGU, E, s. m. & f. horse or mare that has the mark in the mouth, not only till seven years old but for life. «

Bégue, beg, adj. or s. m. & f. that stutters or stammers, stammerer or stutterer.

BÉGUEULE, bà-geul, s. f. conceited woman. BÉGUEULERIE, s. f. the airs of a conceited woman.

BÉGUIN, ba-gin, s. m. biggin, cap. BEGUINAGE, ba-gi-naz, s. m. kind of nun-

BÉGUINE, bå-gîn, s. f. sort of nun; bigoted

old maid.

BEGUM, s. f. Begum, princess of Indostan.

BEIGE, s. f. sort of serge.

BEIGNET, bê-gnê, s. m. fritter. BÉJAUNE, bê-zôn, s. m. nias hawk; also foolish young man; blunder, ignorance, silli-

ness, mistake.

REL, V. Beau.
BÉLANDRE, bå-lèndr, s. f. bilander.
BÉLANT, E, adj. bleating.
BÉLEMENT, bèl-mên, s. m. bleating.

BÉLEMNITE, s. f. belemnites (sort of f ssil.)
BÊLER, be-la, v. n. to bleat.
BELETTE, be-let, s. f. weasel.

BÉLIER, ba-lia, s. m. ram; battering ram;

Aries. BÉLIÈRE, bå-lî-er, s. f. ring upon which the

bell-clapper hangs.

BELITRAILLE, s. f. gang of scoundrels BÉLÎTRE, s. m. rascal, rogue, scoundrel. BELLE, V. Beau.

Belle-De-Nutr, s. f. great night shade, jalap. Belle-de-jour, s. f. day-lily.
Belle-Ment, adv. softly, gingerly. Il vabellement en tout ce qu'il fait, he goes on fair and softly, he acts with deliberation.

BELLIGÉRANT, E, bêl-lî-zâ-rên, rent, adi. belligerent, at war.

Belliqueu-x, se, bêl-lî-kêu, keuz, adj. warlike, martial, valiant.

*Bellissime, adj. very fine, superfine. Bellone, s. f. Bellona.

BELLOOF, TE, adj. pretty.
BÉLOÉDER, S. m. fine green plant without flowers, called by some the toad-flax.
BELOUSE, V. Bonse,
BELVEDER, bČl-vå-der, or Belvédère, s. m.

belvedere, a plant. Belveder, sort of terrace; also, belvidere, turret, pavilion on the top of a house; and the plant described at Béloéder.

BÉ-MOL, bå-mol, s. m. B flat (in musick.) Bémolise, e, adj. marked with a flat.

BEN or BECHEN or BEHEN, s. m. behen or n. A tree of Arabia, the nut of whose fruit yields an oil much used by perfumers.

album, s. m. sort of luchnis.

BENEDICITÉ, bå-nå-dî-sî-tå, s. m. grace before dinner or supper.

BÉNÉDICTE, s. m. benedict, electary. BÉNÉDICTIN, s. m. monk of the order of

St. Benedict.

Bénédictine, s. f. benedictine nun.

BÉNEDICTION, ba-na-dik-sion, s. f. bless- brass-cannon.

BEFFRO1, bà-frwa, s. m. belfry, watch- ing, benediction; favour, grace; consecra-tower, steeple; also alarm-bell. tion. Ce nom est en bénédiction à tont le monde, that name is blessed by every body.

BÉNEFICE, bà-nà-fis, s. m. benefice, living. Bénéfice simple, sinecure. Bénéfice, benefit, privilege; benefit, profit, advantage, emolument. Bénéfice de ventre, looseness, moderate looseness. Attendre le bénéfice du temps, to wait for an opportunity.

BENEFICENCE, s. m. beneficence, bounty,

BENÉFICIAIRE, bà-nà-fî-sièr, adj. Ex. héritier bénéficiaire, one who inherits without being obliged to pay the debts of the deceased. BENEFICIAL, E, ba-na-fi-sial, adj. belong-

ing or relating to a benefice.
BÉNÉFICIER, ba-na-fi-sia, s. m. beneficed man, one that has a benefice, an incumbent.

BENÊT, be-ne, adj. & s. m. sottish, silly, dottish; sot, booby, simpleton, blockhead.
BÉNÉVOLE, bå-na-vol, adj. kind, friendly.

BENGALE, s. m. Bengal. BENI, E, adj. blessed, praised. V. Bénit. BENIGNE, V. Benin.

BÉNIGNEMENT, ba-nign-mên, adv. kindly,

courteously.

BÉNIGNITÉ, bå-nî-gnî-tà, s. f. benignity, goodness, bounty, humanity, kindness.

BÉN-IN, IGNE, adj. gentle, benign, kind,

favourable, courteous, humane, good-natured.
BENJOIN, s. m. benzoin, Benjamin (a gum.)
BENIR, ba-nîr, v. a. to bless or praise, give solemn thanks; to consecrate; to wish good; to prosper. Bénir la table, to say grace, bless the table.

BÉNIT, E, adj. blessed, praised; consecrated, holy. Eau bénite de cour, court holywater, fair empty words, mere promises.

BÉNITIER, ba-ni-tia, s. m. pot or vessel for holy water.

*BENOIT, E, adj. blessed, holy, sanctified. BENOITE, s. f. bennet, sort of plant.

BÉNOITEMENT, adv. with a sanctified look. BÉQUILLARD, s. m. one that walks on crutches, or with a stick.

BÉQUILLE, bå-kil, s. f. walking-stick made crutch-like, a crutch

Béquilles, s. f. pl. Mar. legs or shoars (used to support sharp built vessels when laid aground.)

BEQUILLER, v. n. to walk with a crutch or crutches.

Béquiller, v. a. to dig weeds up with a trowel. BEQUILLON, s. m. little leaf ending in a point.

Bercail, bêr-kâl, s. m. sneep-fold. bercail de l'église, the pale of the church.

Berce, s. m. a little bird that lives in

woods; a sort of plant.

BERCÉ, E, adj. rocked, etc. V. Bercer.

BERCEAU, ber-so, s. m. cradle; arbour, bower; vanh. Dès le berceau, from the cradle, from one's infancy or tender age, from a child. Etouffer l'hérésie dans son berceau, to stifle heresy in its birth.

BERCER, ber-sa, v. a. to rock a cradle, to lull or amuse. J'ai été bercé de cela, I have heard it over and over.

Se bercer, v. r. to feed or flatter, or lull one's Il se herce de ses propres chimères, he self. feeds himself with his own chuneras.

BERCHE, s. f. Mar. A small newly cast

buse, but : jeune, meute. beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

BERGAME, ber-gam, s. f. ordinary sort of !

BERGAMOTE, bêr-gå-môt, s. f. bergamot. BERGE, s. f. high or steep beach, strand or

bank of a river; harge.

BERGER, ber-za, s. m. shepherd; lover, swain; the happy or critical moment, the yielding moment

Bergère, bêr-zer, s. f. shepherdess; nymph,

lass, a sort of arm chair.

BERGERETTE, s. f. liquor made of wine and honey, œnomeli.

BERGERIE, berz-ri, s. f. sheep-fold. Bergeries, pastorals.

BERGERONNETTE, berz-ro-net, s. f. wagtail. Little shepherdess, country-lass.

BERIL, s. m. beryl, a precious stone.

BERLINE, ber-in, s. f. berlin (sort of coach.)

BERLINGOT, s. m. chariot after the berlin

fashion. BERLU-BERLU, s. m. blunder-buss or

hair-brained fellow.

BERLUE, ber-lu, s. f. dimness of sight, dazzling. Avoir la berlue, to be dim-sighted, see double. Donner la berlue, to dazzle.

BERME, s. f. berm, covered way or way four feet wide between the foot of the ram-

part and the ditch,

BERNABLE, adj. that deserves to be tossed in a blanket or laughed at.

BERNACLE, s. f. a barnacle, shell-fish.

BERNARDIN, s. m. Bernardine monk. Bernardine, s. f. Bernardine nun.

Berne, bern, s. f. toss or tossing in a blan-ket. Berne, Mar. wast or west. Hisse le pavillon en berne, hoist the ensign in a weft. Mettre le pavillon en berne, to hoist the ensign in a west (a signal of distress, or for absent boats or men to come on board.)

BERNEMENT, bern-men, s. m. tossing in a

blanket.

BERNER, bêr-na, v. a. to toss in a blanket; also, to laugh at, ridicule, make a fool of.

BERNEUR, ber-neur, s. m. one that tosses another in a blanket.

Berniesque, adj. & s. m. Bernt, poëte Italien, fut l'inventeur du Berniesque. Berni, an Italian poet, invented a style which ap-proaches the burlesque, but is rather more elaborate.

Berniquet, s. m. beggary. Envoyer quelqu'un au herniquet, to beggar one. Aller au berniquet, to be at an ill pass.

BERT, s. m. Mar. cradle.

BERTHELOT, s. m. Mar. prow (of lateen

vessels.)

BESACE, be-zas, s. f. wallet, bag with two pouches to it. Mettre quelqu'un à la hesace, to beggar one ring or reduce him to beggary. Etre à la vesace, to be extremely poor.

BESACIER, be-za-sia, s. m. one who car-

ries a wallet, beggar.

BESAIGRE, be-zegr, adj. sourish (said of wine which runs low or draws towards the dregs.)

BESAIGUE, be-ze-gu, s. f. twy-bill.

BESANT, s. m. besant, sort of ancient mo-(In heraldry) a round piece of gold or ney. silver.

BESAS or BESET, s. m. ambs-ace (at dice.) BES1, s. m. Celtick and generical name of several kinds of pears, to which the name of il the country is added from which they have Hence Besi d'Heri, Besi de La been taken. motte, Besi Chacemontel, etc.

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Besicles, bê-zîkl, s. f. pl. barnacles, spec

Besogne, be-zogn, s. f. piece of work, business, labour. Donner de la besogne à quelqu'un, lui tailler de la besogne, to cut out work for one, create him trouble.

*Besogner, v. n. to work.

BESOIN, be-zwin, s. m. need, want, lack, indigence, necessity. Avoir besoin de, to want, need, lack, stand in need of. Qu'est-il besoin d'en parler davantage? to what purpose so many words? Autant qu'il est besoin, as much as is needful. Il n'est pas besoin que vous veniez, you need not come, it is not necessary for you to come. Faire ses besoins, to do one's needs.

*Besson, NE, adj. twin. Bestiage or Bestiasse, s. f. ninny, simpleton.

BESTIARE, bes-tier, s. m. one that was (at

Rome) exposed to wild beasts or that fought with them. Bestial, E, bestial, adj. bestial, beastly,

brutish. BESTIALEMENT, bês-tîâl-mên, adv. beast-

ly, like a beast, brutishly.

Bestialite, bes-da-ll-ta, s. f. bestiality,

beastliness.

BESTIAUX, bes-tio, s. m. pl. cattle. V. Be-

tail. BESTIOLE, bes-tiol, s. f. little beast, living creature, insect: also little simpleton.

Bestions, bestion, s. m. pl. wild-heasts. Tapisserie de bestions, tapestry of wild beasts. Bestion, Mar. beak (because it generally bears the figure of some animal.)

BÊTA, s. m. fool, simpleton, ninny.

gros béta, a great fool.

BÉTAIL, ba-tal, s. m. cattle. V. Bestiaux. Bre, bet, s. f. beast, brute: a game like loo; silly fellow, silly woman, blockhead; (bête fauve) deer; (bête noire) wild boar. Bête épaulée, disabled man or beast; also whore, work. Cott was mêtewate bête vice to constitute of the same of the sa crack. C'est une méchante bête, c'est une bonne bête, he is a cunning fellow or a notable blade, or she is a cunning gipsy. bête, to be looed or beasted.

BÉTEL, s. m. betel, a plant.

BÊTEMENT, bet-mên, adv. like a beast, foolishly, stupidly.

BÊTISE, be-tiz, s. f. folly, foolishness, dul-

ness, stupidity, blockishness.

BÉTOINE, ba-twan, s. f. betony (a plant.) BÉTON, s. m. kind of mortar, which petri

fies in the earth.

BETTE, bêt, s. f. beet. BETTERAVE, bêt-rav, s. f. red beet.

nez de betterave, a great red nose.

BETYLE, s. m. kind of stone of which the most ancient idols were made.

BEUGLEMENT, beugl-men, s. m. bellowing, lowing.

BEUGLER, beu-gla, v. n. to bellow, low. BEURRE, beur, s. m. butter. Fy snis pour mon beurre, it cost me sauce, I paid dear

for it. BEURRÉ, E, bêu-râ, adj. buttered. BEURRÉ, beu-râ, s. m. butter-pear. BEURRÉE, s. f. slice of bread and butter BEURRER, beu-ra, v. a. to butter

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

BEURRIER, beu-ria, s. m. butter-man.

Beurrière, beu-rier, s. f. butter-woman. Des outeurs à beurrières, Grub-street writers. Bévur, bå-vu, s. f. oversight, mistake, er-

10r, blunder.

Bry, bå, s. m. Bey (Turkish governor.) BÉZESTAN, s. m. public market (in Turkey.)

BEZOARD, s. m. bezoar. BIAIS, ble, s. m. slope, hias; way, manner, course. Il s'y prend du bon biais, he goes the right way to work. Je ne me soucie pas de quel buis rous le prenez, take it how you will, I do not care. Jai bien de la joie de vous voir prendre si bon biais à votre dessein, I am very glad to see your design go on so successfully. De bicis (de travers) adv. slanting, sloping, aslope, aeross.

BIAISEMENT, s. m. the moving in an oblique or sloping direction; also, shift, fetch,

evasion.

BIAISER, ble-za, v. n. to go slanting or sloping, lean; to use shifts or evasions, shift, play fast and loose. C'est un homme qui biuise,

he is a shuffler or shifting fellow.

BIAISEUR, bie-zeur, s. m. shuffler BIASSE, blas, s. f. a sort of raw silk.

BIBERON, NE, bib-ron, ron, s. m. & f. to-per, wine-bibber, tippler, guzzler; also lip or spout (of a cruet or any drinking ressel.)

BIBLE, bibl, s. f. bible, holy writ, scripture. BIBLIOGRAPHE, bî-bîtô-graf, s. m. bibliographer; connoisseur in books and ancient manuscripts.

BIBLIOGRAPHIE, bî-blîð-grå-fl, s. f. bibliography; knowledge of books and ancient

manuscripts. BIBLIOMANE, s. m. & f. one that is mad

after books.

BIBLIOMANIE, s. f. bookishness; extravagant fondness for books.

BIELIOTAPHE, s. m. he that shows his books to nobody.

BIBLIOTHÉCAIRE, bî-blîð-tê-ker, s. m. librarian.

Вівлотне que, bî-bliò-tek, s. f. library. book-ease, selection of pieces from various

*Bibus, s. m. thing of no value, of no consequence. Un poste de bibus, a paltry or sorry poet, a poetaster. C'est une affaire de bibus, it is an affair of no consequence.

BICEPS, s. m. bicipital muscle.

BICÊTRE, s. m. roguish or unlucky boy; also, a house of correction in France

BICHE, bish, s.f. hind, (female of the stag.)
BICHET, bi-she, s. m. measure holding about two Parisian bushels.

BICHO, s. m. a sort of worm which is bred

under the skin and causes great pain.
BICHON, NE,hî-shon,shôn, s.m. & f. lapdog.
BICIOS, V. Bicho.

Bicoque, bl-kok, s. f. little paltry town. BIDET, bl-de, s. m. tit, little nag, pony, galloway, post-horse; (meuble de garderobe) biddy.

Binon, bi-don, s. m. ean, tin-pot:

BIDOT, s. m. Mar. Ex. A bidot, aback or to windward of the mast, speaking of a lateen sail, etc.

BIEN, bien, s. m. good, benefit, advantage, interest; pleasure, happiness, satisfaction, fell py, blessed. Les heity blessing: benefit kindness, favour, good blessed in heaven.

turn or office; estate, means, substance. riches; virtue, goodness, probity. Les biens de la terre, the goods or fruits of the earth. Profaner le bien de Dieu, to abuse God's crea-tures. Un homme de bien, a good or honest man. Une femme de bien, a good or virtuous woman. Les gens de bien, good people. Qui bien fera bien trouvera, do well and have well. Dire du bien de quelqu'un, to speak well of one. Vouloir du bien à quelqu'un, to wish one well. Expliquer en bien une chose, to put a favourable construction upon a thing, give it a favourable sense. Cela ne me touche ni en bien ni en mal, it does not concern me either one way or another. Il sent son bien, he looks like a gentleman.

BIEN, adv. well, right, very, very much; fain, willingly; quite, full; indeed. Parler bien Français, to speak good French. Je se-rois bien sot de le croire, I should be a great fool to believe it. Il a été bien examiné, he was strictly examined. Je vois bien que je perdrai ma prine, I clearly see I shall lose my labour. Voilà bien de quoi faire tunt le brave! a great matter indeed to be so proud of! On hien, or else, otherwise. Oni hien, well and good. Bien loin, a great way off. Bien loin de me louer, il me blâme, he is so far from praising that he blames me. Si hien que, so that. Bien que, though, although.

Bien, with du, de la, de l', des, before a substantive, and de before an adjective, is rendered by much or many, a great deal, etc. Ex. Bien du monde, many people; bien de la peine, much or a great deal of trouble; bien de l'argent, much money; bien des livres, many books; bien des femmes, many women or many a woman.

Bien with the verb Vouloir expresses consent. Allez, je le veux bien, Go, I consent. Veuillez bien nous envoyer, be good enough or so good as to send us; etc.

Bien is often also redundant, and although it gives some additional force to the French expression, it is not rendered in English. Ex.

Je puis bien vous assurer, I can assure you. BIEN-AIMÉ, E, ble-nê-mã, adj. beloved, well beloved.

BIEN-DIRE, blên-dlr, s. m. affected display of cloquence or language.

BIEN-DISANT, E, blên-dl-zên, zênt, adj.

well spoken, eloquent; that speaks well of. BIEN-ÊTRE, bie-netr, s. m. well being. Tout le monde cherche son bien-être, every one

endeavours to be in easy circumstances BIENFAICTEUR, BIENFAICTRICE, V. Bienfaiteur.

BIENFAISANCE, blen-fe-zens, s. f. benevolence, readiness or disposition to oblige

BIENFAISANT, E, bien-fe-zen, zent, adj. beneficent, obliging, gracious, kind, good, bountiful, benevolent

BIENFAIT, bien-fe, s. m. benefit, favour, kindness, good turn or office, pleasure, courtesy.

BIEN-FAIT, E, adj. well made, handsome, beautiful.

BIENFAITEUR, bien-fe-teur, s.f.benefactor. BIENFAITRICE, blen-fe-tris, s. f. benefac-

BIENHEUREU-X, SE, bie-neu-reu, adj. hapy, blessed. Les bienheureux, s. m. pl. the buse, bût : jêune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Bienséance, bien-sà-ens, s. f. deceney, decorum, seemliness, propriety; conveniency La Flandre est à la bienséor convenience. ance du roi de France, Flanders stands very convenient for the king of France.
BIENSÉANT, E, bîên-sâ-en, ent, adj. decent,

comely, fitting, convenient, seemly, becoming

BIEN-TENANT, E, adj. & s. possessor, landholder.

BIEN-TOT, bien-to, adv. shortly, soon.
BIENVEILLANCE, bien-ve-lens, s. f. goodwill, love, kindness, benevolence, favour; free gift, gratuity.

BIENVEILLANT, E, bien-ve-len, lent, adj. well-wishing, benevolent.

Bienvenu, e, bien-ve-na, nu, adj. welcome.

BIENVENUE, s. f. welcome. Payer sa bien-venue, to pay one's entrance or initiation. Bienvenue, garnish, garnish-money (required by prisoners of new-comers.)

*Blenvoulu, E, adj. well beloved, beloved.

Bière, bièr, s. f. beer; coffin.

Brèvne, bièvr. s. m. beaver.

BIEZ, s. m. pipe or canal out of which the

waters fall upon the wheel of a mill.

BIFFER, bi-fà, v. a. to cancel, seratch or blot out.

BIFURCATION, s. f. bifurcation, forking.

BIGAME, bl-gam, adj. and s. m. & f. twice married, who has had two husbands or wives successively; oftener who is married to two at one time.

BIGAMIE, bl-ga-ml, s. f. bigamy or second marriage; oftener the being married to two at

BIGARADE, bl-gå-råd, s. f. Seville orange

or kind of sour orange.

BIGARRÉ, E, adj. variegated, etc. BIGARREAU, bl-ga-ro, s. m. red or white hard cherry.

BIGARREAUTIER, bl-ga-ro-tia, s. m. red

or white hard cherry-tree.

BIGARRER, bl-ga-ra, v. a. to variegate,

speckle, checker. BIGARRURE, bl-ga-rur, s. f. variety or di-

versity of colours, medley, motley piece. BIGE, s. f. chariot drawn by two horses.

Bigir, blgle, s. m. beagle.

BIGLE, adj. squint-eyed, that has a east with his eyes.

BIGLER, bl-gla, v. n. to squint.
*BIGNE, s. f. bump in the fore head.
BIGNET, V. Beignet.

BIGORNE, bi-gorn, s. f. bickern.

BIGORNEAU, s. m. little sort of anvil.

BIGORNER, v. a. to round upon a sort of anvil, called a bickern.

BIGOT, E, bl-gô, gôt, adj. & s. m. & f. bigot er bigoted person, hypocrite. Bigot de racage, Mar. parrel-rib.

BIGOTERIE, bl-got-rl, s. f. bigotry. superstition, hypocrisy. Donner dans la bigoterie,

to turn bigot or devotee.

BIGOTISME, bl-go-tism, s. m. character of a bigot.

BIGUER, v. a. to ehop, make an exchange, barter, swap, truck.

BIGUES, s. f. pl. Mar. sheers. BIHOUAC, V. Pivouc.

Bijou, bi-zoo, s n jewel, trinket, a little leandle on a save-all.

BIENNAL, E, adj. biennial, continuing two || pretty house or box. Bijou, jewel, any thing that is beautiful or excellent in its kind.

BIJOUTERIE, bî-zôot-rl, s. f. toys, jewels, jewelry, trinkets, trade or business of those who deal in jewels.

BIJOUTIER, bî-zôo-tla, s. m. jeweller; one fond of trinkets or toys

BILAN, bi-len, s. m. balance account.

BILBOQUET, bil-bô-kê, s. m. cup and ball, stick hollowed at both ends, with a line in the middle, on which hangs a ball for children to play with.

BILE, bil, s. f. bile, choler; passion, anger, wrath; gall. Bile noire, choler, adust me-lancholy. Faire bien de la bile, to void much

BILIAIRE, bi-le-er, adj. biliary, bilious. BILIEU-X, SE, bl-lê-èu, èuz, adj. bilious, choleriek, full of choler, hippish, passionate.

BILL, s. m. bill (in the English Parliament.) BILLARD, bi-l'ar, s. m. billiards; also billiard-stick, and billiard-table. Billard, Mar. billiard.

BILLARDER, bî-lâr-dâ, v. n. to strike a ball twice, or to strike two balls together. BILLE, bll, s. f. billiard-ball, also marble,

taw, and rolling pin. Faire une bille, to hazard a ball. Bille d'emballeur, packer's stick.

BILLEBARRER, V. Bigarrer.
BILLEBAUDE, s. f. confusion, harlyburly.

A la billebaude, confusedly.
BILLER, bl-la, v. a. to pack up close with a stick; also to prepare paste with a rolling-pin. Biller les cheraux pour tirer un bateau, to set horses to tow a boat

BILLET, bi-le, s. m. bill, note, tieket : note, billet or letter. Billet doux, short love-letter,

billet-doux.

BILLETER, v. a. to ticket or label (goods.) BILLETTE. s. f. sign made barrel-like, and set up at, a toll-gate

BILLEVESÉE, bîl-vê-za, s. f. idle story, trash, stuff.

BILLION, s. m. a thousand million.
BILLON, bi-lon, s. m. gold or silver below
the standard; also base coin, and place where

base coin is melted down.

BILLONNAGE, bî-lô-naz, s.m. trade of circulating or putting off bad money.

BILLONNEMENT, s. m. the act of putting off bad money.

BILLONNER, bl-lo-na, v. a. to circulate or

put off bad money.
BILLONNEUR, bl-lo-neur, s. m. he that circulates or puts off bad money

BILLOT, bl-lo, s. m. block, log; wedge; stick tied aeross a dog's neck.

BIMBELOT, s. m. play-thing, toy. BIMBELOTIER, s. m. toy-man, one that

keeps a toy-shop.

BINAGE, s. m. saying mass twice in one day; second ploughing

BINAIRE, bi-ner, adj. binary.

BINARD,'s. m. a sort of great cart for tim-

BINEMENT, bin-men, s. m. the digging or delving or ploughing the ground over again.

Biner, bi-na, v. a. to dig again, to turn up
the ground a second time. To say mass twice

in one day

BINET, bi-ne, s. m. a save-all. Faire binet, to make use of a save-all, stick the end of a bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord. mood, good.

Bini, s. m. a monk companion.

BINOCLE, bî-nôkl, s. m. kind of double pro-

spective glass, i. e. for both eyes at once.

BIOGRAPHE, bl-ò-gràf, s m biographer.

BIOGRAPHIE, bl-ò-grà-fl, s. f. biography.

BIPEDAL, E, adj. bipedal, that measures

two feet. BIPÈDE, bî-pêd, adj. & s. biped, that has

two feet. BIQUE, bik, s. f. she-goat.

BIQUET, bî kë, s. m. kid, also sort of money scale.

BIQUETER, bîk-tå, v. n. to kid, bring forth

kids.

BIRAMBROT, s. m. beverage made with beer, sugar, and nutmeg. BIREME, bi-rem, s. f. ancient vessel with

two banks of oars on each side. BIRETTE, s. f. kind of cap worn by Jesuits

during their probation. BIRIBI, s. m. sort of game of hazard.

BIRLOIR, s. m. sort of screw to keep up the

sash of a window.

Bis, F, bl, blz, adj. brown (speaking of bread and dough.) Une femme bise, a brown woman, a wainscot face.

Bis, bis, (latin) encore, again, repeat. Bisage, s. m. second dying of cloth.

BISATEUL, bî-zâ-yêul, s. m. great grandfather.

Bisateule, s. f. great grand-mother.

BISANNUEL, LE, adj. biennial (said of plants.)

BISBILLE, s. f. quarrel, dissension (for trifles.)

BISCAYE, s. f. Biscay.

BISCAYEN, NE, adj. Biscayan, of Biscay. BISCAYENNE, s. f. Mar. Biscayan or a Bis-

cay barcalonga. Biscornu, E, bîs-kôr-nû, nh, adj. erooked, odd, crabbed.

Biscotin, bîs-kô-tin, s. m. sort of sweet

biscuit.

Biscuit, bis-kai, s. m. biscuit.
Bise, s. f. or vent de bise, s. m. north wind.
Bise, penny or half-penny loaf. See also Bis, adj.

BISEAU, bl-zo, s. m. kissing-crust; slopingeut; stop (of an organ.) Bezel (of a ring.) Biseaux (in printing.) the wedges which fasten the pages of a form.

BISER, v. a. & n. to dye a second time; to

grow brown, (as grain.)
BISET, bi-ze, s. m. stock-dove, wood-pigeon. BISETTE, bi-zet, s. f. footing, narrow lace of

small value, edging.
BISETTIÈRE, s. f. woman that makes footing or narrow lace.

Biseur, s. m. dyer.

BISMUTH, s. m. bismuth, (mineral.)
BISON, s. m. buffalo, wild ox.

BISQUAIN, s. m. sheep's-skin with the wool

BISQUE, bisk, sort of rich soup; odds at

tennis. BISSAC, bi-sak, s. m. little wallet. 'Réduire

au bissac, to beggar, bring to poverty.

BISSE, s. f. (in heraldry,) sort of serpent. BISSEXTE, bî-sêkst, s. m. additional day in

BISSETTIL, E, bi-seks-tit, adj. Ex. l'an bissextil or l'année bissextile, leap-year, bissextile

Bistoquer, bîs-tô-kê, s. m. large billiardstick to prevent striking the ball twice. BISTORTE, s. f. bistort, snake-weed. BISTOURI, bis-too-ri, s. m. bistoury.

Bistourné, E, adj. ex. Un cheval bistourné, a horse whose genitals have been twisted.

BISTOURNER, bîs-toor-na, v. a. to twist the genitals, so as to make them unfit for generation.

BISTRE, s. f. bistre.

BITORD, s. m. spun-yarn, small kind of cord. Faire die bitord; to spin spun-yarn.
BITTER le cable, v. a. Mar. to bit or bitt the

cable.

BITTES, s. f. pl. Mar. bits or bitts. Bittes lattérales du vindas, carrick bits.

BITTONS, s. m. pl. Mar. top-sail sheet bits, knight-heads, kevel-heads.

BITTURE, s. f. Mar. bitter or range (of the cables, etc.) Prendre une bitture or faire bitture, to get up a range of the cable.

Вітиме, bi-tům, s. m. bitumen. Вітимікеи-х, se, bi-tů-mi-neu, ncuz, adj.

bituminous.

BIVALVE, s. f. bivalve. BIVIAIRE, s. m. meeting of two roads. BIVOIE, s. f. place where two roads meet,

parting of a road

BIVOUAC, bi-vak, s. m. extraordinary night-

guard for the security of a camp.

BIZARRE, bi-zar, adj. odd, fantastical, humorsome, extravagant, whimsical; strange, extraordinary.

BIZARRE, s. m. & f. whimsical or fantastical person.

BIZARREMENT, bi-zar-men, adv. odd'y. fantastically.

BIZARRERIE, bl-zar-rl, s. f. fantasticalness, fantastical humour, caprice, extravagance. oddness, variety.

BIZERT, s. m. sort of bird of passage. BLAFARD, E, blå-far, fård, adj. pale, wan, bleak.

BLAICHE, adj. slothful.

BLAIREAU, ble-ro, s. m. badger.

BLAMABLE, blå-måbl, adj. blameable, reprehensible.

BLAME, blam, s. m. blame, imputation, re-coach. Jeter la blâme sur un autre, to lay proach. the fault upon another.

BLAMER, bla-må, v. a. to blame, find fault

with; to reprimand. BLAN-c, CHE, blen, blensh, adj. white; ean. Un écu blanc, a crown, a crown-piece. Argent blanc, monnoie blanche, silver; chereux blancs, grey hairs. Les fleurs blanches (de femmes) the whites (in women.) Cartes blanches, blank, any card except the court cards. Avoir cartes blanches, to have none but small cards. V. Carte. Blanc-manger, white and dainty dish made of almonds. jelly, etc. Fer blanc, tin. Billet blanc (of lottery,) blank. Gelée blanche, white hoar frost. Epée blanche, naked sword. Faire me chose à his et à blanc, to do a thing by hook or by erook. Avoir les pieds blancs, to be privileged, be much in favour; armes blanches, swords, halberds, etc. (in opposition to fire-arms.)

BLANC, s. m. white, white colour; blank, mark to shoot at; old coin worth five deniers Blanc or Blanc-signé or Blanc-seing, blank or blank-paper, a blank; break, blank, whitbuse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ing. Chapeau en blanc, hat not dyed. Livre en blanc, book in sheets. Blanc à l'huile, white lead.

BLANC-BEE, s. m. a novice, an inexperienced youth.

BLANCHAILLE, blen-shal, s. f. small white fish, young fry.

BLANCHÂTRE, blên-shatr, adj. whitish, somewhat white, inclining to white.

BLANCHE, blensh, s. f. minim in music. V.

BLANCHEMENT, blènsh-mên, adv. cleanly. BLANCHERIE, V. Blanchisserie. BLANCHET, s. m. blanket of a printing

press. BLANCHEUR, blèn-sheur, s. f. whiteness.

BLANCHI, E, adj. whitened, whited, washed, made white or clean.

BLANCHIMENT, blèn-shì-mên, s. whitening of linen cloth; also wash (to whiten silver.)

BLANCHIR, blen-shir, v. a. to whiten, make white; to white-wash; to bleach; to blanch; to wash, make clean; to plane, to polish. Blanchir une personne, to clear the reputation of one. Blanchir, v. n. to whiten, to grow white; to grow grey headed, old or hoary; to foam; to graze, touch lightly, make no impression, be ineffectual.

BLANCHISSAGE, blen-shi-saz, s. m. washing. BLANCHISSANT, E, adj. growing white or grey. Jaune blanchissant, whitish yellow.

BLANCHISSERIE, blen-shis-ri, s. f. whiten-

ing yard or field.

Blanchisseur, blen-shi-seur, s.m. whitster. Blanchisseuse, blen-shi-seuz, s. f. laundress, washer-woman.

*BLANDICES, s. f. pl. flattery.

BLANQUE, blenk, s. f. sort of game with blanks and prizes; blank, nothing.
BLANQUETTE, blen-ket, s. f. delicate sort

of white wine; also sort of small beer, white

fricassee, and a sort of pear called Blanket.

BLASER, v. a. (speaking of the effects of ardent spirits) to impair, consume, burn up; it is also found used in the sense of to surfeit, hence, blase sur, surfeited with. Se blaser, blazà, v. r. to ruin one's constitution or impair one's health by hard drinking.

BLASON, bla-zon, s. m. blazon, heraldry; blazon arms, coat of arms, achievement;

blazon, praise.

BLASONNEMENT, s. m. blazonry.

BLASONNER, bla-zô-na, v. a. to blazon a coat of arms. To blacken, defame, traduce.

*BLASONNEUR, s. m. one who writes on heraldry; blazoner. Blasphémateur, blås-få-må-teur, 5. m.

blasphemer BLASPHÉMATOIRE, blas-få-må-twar, adj.

blasphemous. BLASPHÊME, blås-fèm, s. f. blasphemy.

BLASPHÉMER, blas-fa-ma, v. a. & n. to blaspheme, revile God or sacred things. BLATIER, blå-tlå, s. m. grain-merchant.

Blé or Bled, blå, s. m. grain, wheat. Blé-froment, corn, wheat. Blé-seigle, rye. Grands-blés, wheat and rye. Petits-blés, oats Grands-blés, wheat and rye. Petits-blés, oats and barley. Blé-méteil, mixed grain, (half whe u and half rye.) Blé de Turquie or d'Le le, Maize, Indian corn. Ble noir or sarrazin, buck wheat. Manger son blé en herbe, to spend one's rents before they are due.

BLECHE, adj. & s. weak, irresolute man.

BLEIME, s. f. Bleyme, (a bruise in the foot.) Вьёме, blem, adj. pale, wan, bleak.

BLÉMIR, ble-mîr, v. n. to grow pale. BLÉMISSEMENT, s. m. paleness, turning

BLESSÉ, E, adj. hurt, wounded, etc. Blessé du cerveau, crack-brained. Blessé d'amour, smitten in love.

BLESSER, ble-så, v. a. to hurt or wound; to damage; to offend; to wound or blemish; to hurt. Mes souliers me blessent, my shoes pinch me. Blesser le respect que l'on doit à quelqu'un, to break in upon the respect due to one. Ceci blesse la charité, this is repugnant to charity.

Se blesser, v. r. to hurt one's self, wound one's self, etc. S'entre-blesser, to wound one another, to miscarry, to be offended, take ill.

BLESSURE, ble-sur, s. f. hurt, wound, bruise, offence, injury.

BLETTE, adj. half rotten.
BLETTE, s. f. blit or blits (a pot-herb.) BLEU, E, bleu, adj. blue.

BLEU, s. m. blue, sky-colour.
BLEUATRE, bleu-atr, adj. bluish.
BLEUET, V. Bluet.
BLEUIR, bleu-ir, v. a. to make blue.

BLIN, s. m. Mar. sort of rammer.

BLINDE, s. f. blind (to cover trenches.) BLINDER, v. a. to cover trenches with

blinds or faggots.

Bloc,blok,s.m. block,unwrought piece of marble or stone; whole lump. Faire un marché en bloc et en tâche, to take by the lump.

BLOCAGE, blo-kåz, s. m. BLOCAILLE, s. f. rubbish, shards, rough, ragged stones, pieces of stones to fill up walls with. Muraille de blocage, rough wall; (with printers) one letter put for another

Blocus, blo-kûs, s. m. blockade. Mettre le blocus devant une place, or faire le blocus d'une place, to blockade a place. BLOND, E, blond, adj. fair, light, flaxen.

BLOND, s. m. fair or light colour. Un beau blond, lively fair colour. Blond doré, flaxen, light yellowish colour.

BLONDE, s. f. fair woman; blond-lace.

BLONDIN, s. m. flaxen haired young man; also gallant, beau, spark.
BLONDINE, s. f. flaxen haired young wo-

man or girl.

BLONDIR,blon-dir, v. n. to grow light or fair. BLOQUER, blo-ka, v. a. to block up; to fill with rubbish and mortar; (at billiards) to drive hard into the hazard; (in printing) to use an inverted letter, when the letter required is not in the case

BLOT, s. m. Mar. instrument serving to measure the way a ship makes, log-line; (in falconry) stick on which the bird rests.

BLOTTIR, (SE) se-blo-tir, v. r. to squat, lie squat, lie close to the ground.

BLOUSE, blooz, s. f. hazard in a billiard table. BLOUSER, blóo-zå, v. a. to throw into the hazard. Se blouser, v. r. to mistake, be in the wrong box.

BLOUSSE, s. f. short wool which can only

be carded.

BLUETTE, blû-ê, s. m. blue-bottle. BLUETTE, blû-êt, s. f. little spark (of fire.) BLUTEAU, s. m. bolter or bolting-cloth, (for

BLUTER, blu-ta, v a. to bolt, sift.

bar, sat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

BLUTERIE, blut-ri, s. f. bolting-room.

BLUTOIR, s. m. V. Bluteau. Bobèche, bô-bêsh, s. f. socket (of a candlestick.)

Boeine, b3-bin, s. f. bobbin, quill (to wind silk, etc.)

Bobiner, bô-bî-na, v. a. to wind upon a bobbin.

*Вово, bo-bo, s. m. a small ailment or

BOCAGER, bô-kâz, s. m. grove. BOCAGER, E, bô-kâ-zâ, zêr, adj. frequenting or living in woods or groves, rural.

Nymphes bocageres, wood-nymphs.

*Bocal, bo-kal, s. m. sort of jug or bottle with a short neck and large mouth; a sort of round crystal or white glass bottle which some artists fill with water and use as a help to the

sight; mouth-piece (of a musical instrument.)

BOETE, V. Boite.

BOEUF, beuf, s. m. ox. Bouf sawage, wild ox. Beuf or chair de bouf, beef. Langue de bouf, neat's tongue. Bouf, blockhead, booby, dull fellow.

Вонёме, bwem, s. f. Bohemia.

Bohème, Bohémien, Bohémienne, bwe-mien, mien, s. m. & f. Bohemian; also

BOIRE, bwar, v. a. to drink; to drink spirits intemperately, love drinking; to suck in or imbibe; to put up with. Tu as fait la or imbibe; to put up with. Tu as fait la folie, c'est à toi à la boire, as you have brewed, so you must drink; thou hast played the fool, it is fit thou shouldst suffer for it. Faire boire une peau dans la rivière, to soak a skin in the river.

BOIRE, s. m. drink, drinking.

Bois, bwa, s. m. a wood, forest; wood; shoot, young branch; (of deer) head or horns. Le sucré bois de la croix, le bois de la vraie croix, the tree or cross on which our Saviour suffered. Bois de charpente, timber. Bois taillis, copse or underwood. Bois de lit, bedstead. Bois de tourne-broche, wood-work of a turn-spit. Je sais de quel hois il se chauffe, I know his way, I know his kidney. Il ne sait plus de quel bois faire flèche, he does not know which way to turn himself. Trouver risage de beis, to find the door shut. Bois, Mar. (in general) wood or timber. Bois de cedre, cedar; bois de chêne, oak; bois de chêne vert, live-oak; bois de gayac, lignum vitæ; bois de hêtre, beech; bois d'ormeau, elm; bois de sapin, fir; bois de construction, or bois de charpente, timber; bois droit or bois de haute futaie, straight timber; bois courbans, compass timber; bois d'arri-mage, fathom-timber or fathom wood; bois de chauffage, fuel or fire-wood, furze, faggots; bois de remplissage, dead wood; bois de membrure, crooked timber; (fit for the floors or fut-tocks of a ship's frame;) hois de recette, wood or timber fit for service; hois de rebut, timber unfit for service; bois de démolition, timber of an old ship broken up; faire du bois, to take in wood.

Boisage, bwa-zaz, s.m. timber, wainscot.

Boisé, E, bwa-za, adj. wainscotted; also

woody, that has great woods.
Boiser, bwa-za, v. a. to wainscot.

scotting.

or bushel-full; also as much ground as will take up a bushel of seed to sow it

Boisselier, bwas-lia, s. ni. maker of bushels and other wooden utensils.

BOISSELERIE, s. f. the act of making bushels and wooden utensils.

Boisson, bwå-son, s. f. drink. Boîte, bwat, s. f. box. Boîte de montre, watch-case. Boîte de presse, hose of a printer's press.

Boite, s. f. (said of wine,) ripeness, maturity. Cerin est en sa boite, that wine is fit to drink.

Boiter, bwå-tå, v. n. to go lame, limp, BOITEU-X, SE, adj. & s. m. & f. lame,

halt, cripple. BOITIER, bwa-tia, s. m. surgeon's case (for

salves or cintments.)
Boll or Bollus, bol, bollus, s. m. bolus.

Bol d'Arménie, Armenian bole. Bombance, bon-bens, s. f. vain or extrava-

gant expense, riot, luxury, feasting or banquetting.

BOMBARDE, bon-bard, s. f. bombard, a great gun.

BOMBARDEMENT, bon-bard-men, s. m. bombardment, bombarding

BOMBARDER, bon-bår-då, v.a. to bombard or bomb.

Bombardier, bon-bår-dfå, s. m. bombardier. BOMBASIN, bon-ba-zin, s. m. bombasin.

BOMBE, bonb, s. f. bomb, shell. BOMBEMENT, bonb-men, s. m. swelling,

bunching out, protuberance, convexity. BOMBER, v. a. to swell; make convex.

BONERIE, bon-ri, s. f. Mar. bottomry. Bon, ne, bon, bon, adj. good; useful, fit or proper; great, large, long; beneficent; favourable; advantageous, indulgent, humane, good-natured, easy. C'est un bon cœur or c'est un bon cœur d'homme, he is a true heart, he is a true-hearted man. C'est une bonne tête d'homme, he has a good head-piece. Le bon Dieu, God Almighty. Bonhomme, good man. Bonhomme, simple, innocent man or fellow. Un.bon (or grand) verre de vin, a good or great glass of wine. Bonjour et bon an, I wish you a happy new year. Un bonjour, a holyday. Faire son bon jour, to receive the sacrament. Bon an, mal an, one year with another. Je vous le dis une bonne fois, I tell you once for all. De bonne heure, betimes, early. A la bonne heure, in good time, in the nick of time. A la tonne heure, well and good, let it be so, with all my heart. Il y va à la bonne foi, he means no harm. Bon mot, jest, quibble. Dix mille bons hommes, ten thousand good or choice men. Les bons comptes font les bons amis, short accounts make long friends. A bon jour bonne œuvre, the better day the better deed. Bon temps, play-time, diversion, pleasure. Se donner du bon temps, to divert one's self, take one's pleasure or diversion. Trouver bon, to like, approve, allow of. Trouvez bon que je Boiser, b. wa-za, adj. walnscotted; also oody, that has great woods.
Boiser, bwa-za, v. a. to wainscot.
Boisere, bwa-za, v. a. to wainscot.
Cand bor vous semblera, when you shall think fit. Tenir bon, to hold out, persist, continue steadfast. Il fait bon vire ici, it is good living here, it is pleasant to live here. Etre homme à bonne fortune, to be the darling of the fair sex. V. Fortune. La garbuse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

der bonne ù quelqu'nn, to owe one a grudge, watch an opportunity for doing one a mis-chief. Bon vent, Mar. fair wind; bon mouillage, anchoring ground; bon voilier, good sailer.

Bon, s. m. good, goodness, profit, advan-tage; guaranty. Se former une idée du beau et du bon, to frame to one's self an idea of that which is fair and good. Il y a cent écus de bon, there are a hundred crowns clear. Si l'on a du bon, if we get the better. Le bon du conte, the cream of the jest. C'est le bon de la médecine, it is the happiness of physick.

Bon, bonne, s. dear, honey. Ex. Venez ici, ma bonne, come hither, my dear; also a woman whose employment it is to amuse children.

Bon, adv. well, right, pshaw. Bon! nous sommes hors de drager, well, we are out of danger. Bon! roild qui ra bien, that is very well. Bon! je ne vous crains pas, pshaw, I don't fear you. A quoi bon? to what purpose? Tout de bon, seriously, in earnest, indeed. Bonace, bô-nas, s. f. calm, tranquillity,

ealmness, stillness, quietness.

Bonasse, bô-nas,adj. good, good-natured,

BONBANC, s. m. a sort of white stone.

Bonbon, s. m. pies and similar dainties. BONBONNIÈRE, s. f. a box to put dainties in. Bon-chrétien, s. m. bon-chretien (pear.)

Bond, bon, s. m. rebound; also eaper or capering, gambol. Faire un bond, to rebound. Aller par bond, to skip about. Tunt de bond que de volée, by hook or by crook.

Bonde, bond, s. f. dam, wear, sluice, flood

gate, bung, or bung-hole.

BONDIR, bon-dir, v. n. to rebound; to bound, caper, frisk, skip, jump about. Cette viande me fait bondir le cœur or le cœur me bondit quand j'en mange, this meat rises in my stomach.

Bondissement, bon-dis-men, s. m. skipping, frisking; (decour) rising of the stomach.

Bondon, bon-don, s. m. bung, stopple; also the bung-hole.

Bondonner, bon-dð-nå, v. a. to stop with

a bung or stopple. BONDONNIÈRE, s. f. a cooper's anger.

BONDRÉE, s. f. species of the buzzard; a bird of prey. BONNEUR, bo-neur, s. m. good luck, good

förtune, prosperity, happiness, felicity, good blessing. Par bonheur, adv. luckily, happily. BONHOMIE, bö-nå-nå, s. f. good nature. BONIFIER, bö-nå-fi-å, v. a. to make bet-

ter, improve. BONIFICATION, s.f. making better, improv-

BONITE, s. f. sort of fish. BONJOUR, s. m. good morrow, good morning. Donner or souhaiter le bonjour à quel-

qu'nn, to wish one good morrow.

Bonnement, bon-men, adv. plainly, homestly, downright, ingenuously, innocently. Je ne saurois bonnement vous le dire, I cannot

exactly tell you.

BONNET, bo-nê, s. m. cap, bonnet. Prendre le bonnet de docteur, to take a doctor's degree. Ce sont deux têtes dans un bonnet, they pass through one quill. Rire sous le bonnet, to laugh in one's sleeve. Opiner du bonnet, to vote blindly or without reasoning. La question passa du bonnet, il a question was earried unanimously. Avoir lu tête près du bonnet, to be hasty, have a hot head of one's own, take sire presently. Triste comme un bonnet de nuit sans coiffe, very sad or melancholy; in the dumps. Prendre le bonnet vert, to step aside, break or turn bankrupt. Porter le bonnet vert, to wear a green cap, to be a bankrupt.

*Bonnetade, s. f. capping, cringing. Bonneter, v. a. to cap, to cringe, pull

off one's hat.

Bonneterie, bo-net-rl. s. f. cap-makers, hosiers; also hosier's business.

Bonnetier, s. m. sharper. Bonnetier, bon-da, s. m. eap-maker; also hosier.

BONNETTE, s. f. Mar. studding-sail. Bonnette de brigantine or de baune, ring-tail. Grande bonnette, or bonnette de grande voile, main sudding-sail. Bonnette de hune or hunier, top-mast studding-sail. Bonnette busse. lower studding-sail. Bonnette maillée or lacée, bonnet, drabler. Mettre les bonnettes, to set the studding-sails. Bonnette, bonnet, a piece of fortification.

Bons-Hommes, (Minimes.) V. Minime.

Boxsoir, s. m. good evening, good night. BONTÉ, bon-tà, s. f. goodness, excellence; merits, justness, kindness, good-nature, gentleness, favour, indulgence. La bonté d'une place, the strength of a place.
Bonzes, s. m. & f. pl. Bonzes (Chinese

priests.)

*Boquillon, s. m. feller of wood. Borax, s. m. borax. Bord, bor, s. m. edge, side, shore, brink or brim; riband, galloon, for edging; border, liem, skirt, lace. Il est sur le bord de lu fosse, il a la mort sur le bord des lèvres, he has already one foot in the grave. Vai son nom sur le bord des lèvres, I have his name at my temprole and le bord des lèvres, I have his name at my temprole de le levres. tongue's end. Bord, Mar. side; board, tack, stretch; shore; (in astronomy) limb. Bords des voiles, lecches. Prendre une embarcation du bord, to take a boat belonging to the ship. Passe du monde sur le bord, man the side. Nous avons fait un bon bord, we have made a good board or tack. Se tenir bord sur bord, to make short boards or tacks. Venir bord à quai, to come along side the wharf. Aroir al-ternativement le bord à terre et le bord au large, to keep standing on and off. A bord, aboard, on board. Jallai à son bord or à bord de son raisseau, I went on board his ship. V. Monde and Prendre. La rivière est bord à bord du quai, the river is even (level) with the quay. Bord à bord, along side. Etre bord à bord, to lie along side of a ship. Accoste à bord, come along side. Faire feu des deux bords, to fire on both sides.

BORDAGE, s. m. Mar. plank, side plank. Bordages des anguillères, limber-boards. Bordage à clin, elincher-work. Bordages du

vaisseau, skin of the ship.

BORDAYER, v. n. Mar. to traverse sail, make boards or tacks, stand off and on, stand alternately upon the starboard and larboard

BORDÉ, bor-da, s. m. galloon for edging ;

hem, edge, lace.

BORDÉE, bor-da, s. f. Mar. board or tack or stretch; also broad-side (of cannons.) BORDEL, bor-del, s. m. brothel, bawdy

house, stew.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

*BORDELAGE, s. m. whoring.

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*Bordelier, s. m. whore-master.

Border, bor-dà, v. a. to edge, bind, bor-der, lace. Border un lit, to tuck in the bed-clothes. Les soldats bordent la côte, the soldiers line the coast or stand along the coast.

Border, Mar. Border un vaisseau, to plank ship. Border à clin, to plank with clincher ork. Border en louvelle, to la j on the planks Border les basses voiles or les écoutes des basses voiles, to tally the sheets or to tally aft Border une voile or une écoute, to haul a sheet home or haul aft the sheet (of any sail.) Borde la misaine, haul aft the fore-sheet. Borde le perroquet de fougue, sheet home the mizen top-sail. Borde à joindre, sheet home. BORDEREAU, bord-ro, s. m. account, note.

BORDIER, adj. Mar. lapsided.

BORDIGUE, s. f. crawl (for taking fish.)

BORDURE, bor-dur, s. f. edge, border, (picture) frame; (in heraldry) bordure. Bordure, Mar. breadth of the foot of a sail (measured from clue to clue in square sails, and from tack

to the clue in other sails.)
BORÉAL, E, bô-rà-âl, adj. northern, northerly. Aurore boréale, aurora borealis.

BORÉE, bô-ra, s. m. north-wind, boreas. BORGNE, borgn, adj. one-eyed, blind of one eye, that has but one eye; dark, obscure.

BORGNE, s. m. man that has but one eye, one-eyed man.

Borgnesse, bor-gnes, s. f. one-eyed woman. Bornage, bor-naz, s. m. settling of boun-

daries. BORNE, born, s. f. boundary, limit; stone stud or post (to keep off carriages, etc.

BORNE, E, adj. bounded, limited. Maison qui a une vue bornée, house that has a narrow prospect. Un homme qui a des vues bornées, a man of narrow views or unaspiring. Un esprit fort borné, a shallow brain, a mean or narrow wit. Une fortune bornée, a mean or small or moderate fortune.

BORNER, bor-ua, v. a. to bound, set bounds to, limit; to end, put an end to. To confine, limit, stint, set bounds to; moderate.

Se borner, v. r. to keep within bounds or measure.

BORNOYER, bor-nwa-ya, v. a. to look with one eye (to see if a line be straight, etc.)

Bosan, s. m. a sort of drink made of millet boiled in water.

BOSPHORE, bos-for, s. m. bosphorus, straits, channel. Le bosphore Cimmérien, the Cim-

merian Bosphorus Bosquet, bos-ke, s. m. grove or thicket.

Bossage, s. m. (in architecture) bossage. Bosse, bos, s. f. bunch, hump, lump or swelling; bruise, dint; roughness, unevenness, ruggedness; knob, knot. Ouvrage relevé en bosse, relievo, embossed piece of work. Ou-rrage de bosse ronde or de plein relief, figure Ouvrage relevé en in relievo. Ouvrage de demi-bosse or demirelief, figure in bass relief. Bosse, Mar. stop-per (pieces of ropes knotted at the end.) Bosses de bout, stoppers of the auchor. Bosses Bosses de Bout, suppers of the difference of the free cable, stopper-bolts. Bosses des cables, stoppers of the cables.

Bosselage, bos-laz, s. m. embossing (of plate.)

Bosseler, bos-là, v. a. to emboss (plate;)

Bosselure, bos-lur, s.f. crimpling (of leaves.) Bosseman,s.m. inferiour boatswain's mate, quarter-master's mate.

Bosser, v. a. Mar. to stopper. Les écontes des huniers sont-elles bossées part nut? are the top-sail sheets stoppered fore and aft?

Bossette, bô-sêt, s. f. (of a horse's bit,) stud. (Of a buckler,) boss.

Bossoin, s. m. Mar. cat-head.

Bossu, E, bô-sû, si, adj. & s. crooked, humped. Cimetière bossu, fat church-yard. Chemin-bossu, rugged or uneven way Bossuer, bô-sû-â,v. a. to bruise, dint, batter. Bot, adj. m. ex. Pied bot, pîâ-bô, stump or

club foot.

Bot, s. m. sort of Dutch boat. BOTANIQUE, bổ-tả-ník, s. f. botany.

BOTANIQUE, adj. botanical. BOTANISTE, bo-ta-nist, s. m. botanist.

BOTHNIE, s. f. Bothnia.

BOTTE, bôt, s. f. both.

BOTTE, bôt, s. f. both.

Grosses bottes, jackbottes.

Botte, bunch, bundle; (of hay) truss, bottle; (of wine) butt; (of silk) hank; (of a carriage) step; (of mud or snow) clod; coup de fleuret, (in fencing) pass or thrust. Il lui a porté une vilaine or une terrible botte, he served him a very scurvy or slippery trick. Porter une botte à quelqu'un, to strike one, make a pass at one, also borrow money of one.

Botte (en.) Mar. in frame. Bâtiment en botte, the frame of a vessel in pieces numbered for putting together. Futuille en botte, cask in frame. BOTTE, E, adj. booted.

BOTTELAGE, bot-laz, s. m. bottling of hay,

making of hay into bottles.
BOTTELER, bőt-lå, v. a. Botteler du foin, to make bottles of hay, bottle hay.
BOTTELEUR, bőt-leur, s. m. maker of hay

into bottles.

BOTTER, bô-tå, v. a. to make boots; also to put or help one's boots on. Se botter, v. r. to put one's boots on; also to clog one's shoes with mud, etc.

BOTTINE, bô-tin, s. f. buskin, small boot.

BOUC, book, s. m. he-goat; also goat skin for wine or oil. Bouc émissaire, scape-goat.

Boucan, boo-kan, s. m. bawdy-house or stew, brothel; also utensil on which the wild Indians smoke and dry their meat.

Boucaner, bỏo-kắ-nắ, v. a. to cook fish or flesh as the Indians do; also to hunt oxen for their skins; to go a whoring.

BOUCANIER, bổo-kả-nia, s. m. hunter of oxen in the West-Indies, buccaneer.

BOUCASSIN, S. m. kind of fustian. BOUCASSINE, E, adj. ex. Toile boucassinee, linen cloth made fustian-like.

BOUCAUT, s. m. hogshead. Bouch E, boosh, s. f. mouth. Fermer la bouche à quelqu'un, to stop one's mouth, put him to si-lence, silence him. Il dit tout ce qui lui vient à la bouche, he speaks what comes next or what lies uppermost. Avoir bonne bouche or bouche cousue, to keep counsel, be secret. Traiter à bouché que reux-tu, to treat nobly, provide good cheer. Nous étions là à bouche que veux-tu, we livest there in clover. Faire la petite bouche de quelque chose, to mince the matter. Elle n'en fait

buse, bût : jèune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

point la netite bouche, she does not mince it, she speaks openly or freely. Cheval qui n'a point de bouche or qui a la bouche mauvaise, un cheval fort en bouche, hard mouthed horse. Cheval qui a une bonne bouche, hard feeding horse. Cheval qui n'a ni bouche ni éperon, horse that obeys neither the bridle nor the spur. Assurer la bouche à un cheval, to bring a horse to a certainty of rein. Il n'a ni bouche ni éperon, he is a man of no discourse or wit. Bouche à bouche, face to face. Selon ta bourse gouverne tu bouche, you must cut your coat ac-cording to your cloth. Pai trente bouches à nourrir. I have thirty mouths or people or beasts to feed. Bouche, (with princes) kitch-cn; also officers of the king's kitchen. Cela rous fera bonne bouche, that will leave a pleasant taste in your mouth. Laisser ses convives sur la bonne bouche, to serve the best things at the latter end of the entertainment. Je garde ces fruits pour la bonne bouche, I keep these fruits for the last bit. Cela me fuit venir l'eau à la bouche, that makes my mouth water. L'eau lui en vient à la bouche, his mouth waters

BOUCHÉ, E, adj. stopped, etc. Port bouché par les sables, harbour choked up with sand. Homme qui a l'esprit bouché, heavy, dull wit,

man of slow apprehension. BOUCHÉE, boo-shà, s. f. mouthful, morsel,

BOUCHER, boo-sha, v. a. (fermer) to stop or shut or dam up. Boucher une voie d'eau, to stop a leak.

Boucher, boo-sha, s. m. butcher.

Bouchère, boo-sher, s. f. butcher's wife or widow; also woman who keeps a butcher's

op.
BOUCHERIE, boosh-rl, s. f. shambles. Aller
to the butcher's. Viande à la boucherie, to go to the butcher's. de boucherie, butcher's meat. Boucherie, butch-

ery, slaughter, carnage, discomfiture, massacre.
BOUCHETURE, boosh-tur, s. f. fence, enclosure.

Bouche-trou, s. m. pin-basket.

BOUCHOIR, s. m. lid or door of an oven.

BOUCHON, boo-shon, s. m. stopple, cork; (sign of a wine-seller) bush; (of straw) wisp; any thing rumpled. Mon petit bouchon, my little punch, my little honey

Bouchonner, boo-sho-na, v.a. to rub with a

wisp (a horse;) to rumple; to fondle (children.)
BOUCLE, böokl, s. f. a buckle; car-ring;
knocker (of a door;) curl (of hair.)
Boucle, Mar. (of a rope or block) eye. Boucle in other cases may generally be ring. Le capitaine l'a fait mettre sous boucle, the cap-tain clapped him in irons. Tenir sous boucle, to keep in irons.

Boucké, E, adj. curled, etc. boucké, a haven blocked up. Un port

BOUCLEMENT, bookl-men, s. m. ringing (of

BOUCLER, boo-kla, v. a. to buckle; to curl or put in ringlets; to ring; to make an end of; (un marché) to bind, clench (a bargain;) to

block up, lay an embargo on the ships in port.
BOUCLIER, boo-kli-a, s. m. buckler, shield,
defence, protection. Levée de boucliers, much

ade about nothing.

Boucon, s. m. poison, poisoned bit. On lui a do né le boucon, he was poisoned. Avaler le bouco o be poisoned; also to swallow a gudgeon.

BOUDELLE, s. f. first quill of a goose's

BOUDER, boo-da, v. n. to pout, look gruff.

Bouder, v. a. to glout at, pout at.

Bouderle, bood-rl, s. f. pouting, angry look.

Boudeu-r, se, bood-deur, deuz, s. m. & f. one that pouts or looks gruff.

BOUDIN, boo-din, s. m. pudding.

Boudin, Mar. middle rail of the head (in French ships of war.)

BOUDINIÈRE, bôo-dî-nîèr, s. f. little fun-nel used in making puddings. BOUDOIR, bòo-dwar, s. m. private room,

Boue, boo, s. f. dirt, mire, mud, low state or condition; matter, corruption. de boue, a dirty, base, pitiful, sneaking, ungenerous soul.

Bou ÉE, s. f. buoy. V. Buoy.

Boueu-x, se, boo-euz, euz, adj. dirty,

miry, muddy.

BOUFFANT, E, adj. puffing.

*BOUFFE, s. f. chaps. Je te donnerai sur

la bouffe, I will give thee a slap on the chaps.

BOUFFEE, boo-fa, s. f. puff, whiff, blast; little fit. S'adonner à une chose par bouffées, to do a thing by fits and starts. Bouffée de vent, puff of wind, gust of wind.

Bouffer, boo-fa, v. a. to puff or blow up.

Bouffer, v. n. to puff, swell.

Bouffette, boo-fet, s. f. ear-knot (of

Bouffi, E, adj, puffed up, swoln. Visage bouffi, bloated face. Style bouff, turgid style. Bouffir, boo-fir, v. a. to puff up, bloat, swell. Bouffir, v. n. Se bouffir, v. r. to puff,

swell. BOUFFISSURE, boo-fi-sur, s. f. puffing, swelling up, turgescency, being bloated

Bouffon, NE, boo-fon, fon, adj. full of jests, pleasant, jocose, merry, jovial, droll, facetious. Bouffon, s. m. buffoon, jester, droll, mer-

Andrew. Bouffonner, bỏo-fỏ-nå, v. n. to play the buffoon or droll, be merry or full of jests.

BOUFFONNERIE, boo-fon-rl. s. f. buffoone-

ry, scurrility, jesting, drollery.

Bouge, booz, s. m. lodge; little room or closet. Bouge (de la futaille,) middle of a cask.

Bouge, Mar. rounding.

Bougeoir, s. m. candlestick for the hand
(i. e. without a foot.)

Bouger, boo-za, v. n. to budge, stir.

BOUGETTE, s. f. leather travelling bag. BOUGIE, boo-zl, s. f. wax-candle.

BOUGIER, v. a. to grease the edge of cloth with a wax candle (to prevent its unravelling.)

BOUGRAN, boo-gren, s. m. buckram.
BOUGRE, s. m. formerly Bulgare; it then signified heretick; it now signifies sodomite,

dog, etc.
BOUGRESSE, s. f. jadc, bitch, etc.
BOUILLANT, E, adj. boiling hot, scalding hot; hot, hot-headed, petulant, hasty, fiery, fierce, eager.

BOUILLI, bổo-lì, s. m. boiled meat. Now avons bouilli et rôti, we have roast and boiled

Bouilli, E, boo-ll, adj. boiled.

Bouillir des pieds de bænf jusqu'à ce qu'ils

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

soient réduits en bouillie, to boil neat's feet to a |

BOUILLIR, boo-str, v. n. to boil, bubble up; to work, ferment. Faire bouillir de la viande, to boil meat. La marmite bout, the pot boils. Le sang bouilloit dans mes veines, my blood boiled in my veins. La tête me bout, my head burns like fire.

BOJ LLOIRE, boo-lwar, s. f. boiler, kettle. Boutlion, boo-lon, s. m. broth; boiling or bubbling up; gust or transport; puff, flounce. Lean sort de la roche à gros bouillons, the water spouts or comes gushing out of the rock. Bouillon blanc, pretty mullein, wood-blade, torch-weed, high taper, long-wort.

BOUILLONNEMENT, boo-lon-men, s. m. water boiling or bubbling up, spouting or gush-

BOUILLONNER, boo-lo-na, v. n. to boil, bubble up, spont or gush out.
Bours, V. Buis.

BOULAIE, s. f. field planted with birch-trees. Boulanger, boo-len-zh, v. n. to knead

and bake bread.

Boulangere, boo-len-zer, s. f. baker's wife or widow; also a woman that bakes.

or widow; also a woman that bakes.
BOULANGERIE, bốo-lênz-rl, s. f. baking, art of baking; also bake-house.
BOULE, bốol, s. f. bowl, ball. Jeu de boule, bowling-green. Jouer à la boule, to play at bowls. Jouer à la boulecue, to play sure play, play upon sure ground. Faire une chose à boulecue, to do a thing rashly, without consideration, at random. Tenir pied à boule, to ctard feet or close to engle work. Stand fast or close to one's work.

Bouler, boo-lo, s. m. birch-tree.

Bouler, boo-la, v. n. to pout or swell the

throat (as pigeons do.) BOULET, boo-le, s. m. bullet, ball. Coup de boulet, bullet-shot. Boulet, (of a horse) fetlock, pastern-joint. Boulet à deux têtes, chain-shot. BOULETTE, boo-let, s. f. little ball (of dough

or hashed meat.) BOULEVARD, bool-var, s. m. bulwark; also

rampart, fortress.

BOULEVERSEMENT, bool-vers-men, s. m. overthrowing, overturning, turning topsy-turvy; also great confusion, disorder.

BOULEVERSEE, bool-ver-sa, v. a. to overturn, overthrow, turn upside-down or topsy-

turvy.

BOULEUX, s. m. short thick horse fit only for hard work. Un bon bouleux, a plain plodding man, a drudge.

BOULICHE, s. f. Mar. great earthen vase

used in ships.

BOLLIMIE, s. f. bulimy; great appetite.

BOULIN, boo-lin, s. m. pigeon's cove, pigeon-hole; (in building) scaffolding-hole; also put-lock. BOULINE, boo-lin, s. f. Mar. bowline. Bou-

line de misaine, fore bowline. Bouline de petit hunier, fore top bowline. Bouline du petit perroquet, fore top-gallant bowline. Bouline du petit persoquet volant, fore top-gallant royal bowline. Bouline de la grande voile or grande bouline, r ain bowline. Bouline du grande hunier, main top bowline. Bouline du grande per-roquet, main top-gallant bowline. Bouline du grande perroquet volant, main top-gallant royal

bowline. Bouline du perroquet de fougue, mizen top bowline. Bouline de la perruche, mizen!

top-gallant bowline. Bouline du kakatoës de perruche, mizen top-gallant royal bowline. Choquer la bouline du grand hunier, to check the main top bowline. Vent de bouline, seant wind, tack-wind.

BOULINER, v. a. to rob or thieve in a camp; to dodge, shift, play fast and loose.

Bouliner, v. a. Mar. Ex. Bouliner le vent,

to haul the wind. Bouliner une voile, to haul the bowline of a sail. Bouliner, v. n. to go near the wind, go with the side-wind.

BOULINETTE, s. f. Mar. fore-top bowline. BOULINEUR, boo-li-neur, s. m. camp thief,

thieving soldier.

BOULINGRIN, boo-lin-grin, s. m. grass plot, green-plot, bowling green.

BOULINIER, s. m. Mar, plier, ship that goes

with a side-wind. Bon boulinier, good plier, weatherly vessel. Mauvais boulinier, bad weatherly vessel. plier, leewardly ship.

Boulon,boo-lon,s. m. iron bolt,also weight. Boulon, s. m. Mar. bolt, square bolt. BOULONNER, bổo-lồ-nå, v. a. to fasten with

Bouque, s. f. Mar. narrow passage. BOUQUER, boo-ka, v. a. to kiss unwillingly. Bouquer, to truckle, submit, buckle to.

BOUQUET, boo-ke, s. m. nosegay; plume or bunch of feathers; (of cherries) bunch or cluster; (of trees) clump, cluster; (bookbinder's) tool; (of straw) wisp; (of scions) knot; (of hares) buck; (of goats) kid. Fleur qui vient en houquets, flower that grows in bunches.

BOUQUETIER, booksta, s. m. flower-pot.

Bouquetière, book-tier, s. f. nosegay-woman. Bouquetin, book-tin, s. m. wild goat.

Bouquin, boo-kin, s. m. old he-goat. Un vieux bouquin, an old lecher. An old worm-eaten book. Sentir le bouquin, to smell rammish. Bouquiner, bôo-ki-na, v. n. to read old

books, be a book-worm, go a book-hunting; to couple (hares.)

BOUQUINERIE, s. f. heap of old, wormcaten books.

BOUQUINEUR, s. m. one fond of cld books, book-worm.

Bouquiniste, boo-ki-nist, s. m. secondhand bookseller.

Bouracan, bôo-râ-kan, s. m. barracan. Bourage, bôorb, s. f. mud, mire, dirt. Bourbeu-x, se, bôor-bèu, bèuz, adj. mud-

dy, miry, full of mud.

BOURBIER, boor-bia, s. m. mire, slough, ouddle, danger, lurch, scrape. Il est dans le bourbier, he is in a hole.

Boureillon, boor-bi-lon, s. m. matter

from a sore, corruption.

BOURCER, v. a. Mar. to contract the sails.
BOURCETS, s. m. pl. Mar. lugger's largest

BOURCETTE, s. f. corn-salad. V. Mache. BOURDALOU, boor-da-loo, s. m. hatband with a buckle.

BOURDE, boord, s. f. fib, lie, sham.

BOURDER, boor-da, v. n. to fib, sham, bamboozle, fun, sell a bargain.

BOURDEU-R.SE, boor-deur, deuz, s. m. & f. fibber, shammer.

BOURDILLON, s. m. cleft wood to make casks, staves.

ROURDIN, s. m. sort of peach.

POURDON, boor-don, s. m. drone; (in printing) out, omission; (of a pilgrim) staff

buse, bût : jêûne, mêute, beurre : ensant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Planter le bourdon, to pitch one's camp, settle, set up one's staff. Faux bourdon, a sert of church musick.

BOURDONNEMENT, boor-don-men, s. m. buzzing, humming; tinkling, buzz, murmur. Bourdonner, boor-do-ua, v. n. to buzz,

hum; to mumble, mutter.

BOURDONNET, s. m. dozel.

Bourg, boork, s. m. borough, markettown, country-house.

Bourgade, bôor-gåd, s. f. small borough. Bourgage, s. m. burgage.

Bourgeots, boor-zwa, s. m. citize:, burgher or burgess; commoner; cit. Le bourgeois, may mean all the citizens; as well as the master, the master tradesman.

Bourgeois, E, adj. of or belonging to a citizen, citizen-like. Caution-bourgeoise, city-

Bourgeoise, boor-zwaz, s. f. citizen's

wife; citess.

Bourgeoisement, boor-zwaz-men, adv.

citizen-like, like a cit.

Bourgeoiste, boor-zwa-zl, s. f. freedom, freedom of citizens. Donner à quelqu'un le droit de bourgeoisie, to make onc a freeman. Avoir le droit de bourgeoisie, to be free (of a city;) the citizens or burghers (collectively.)

Bourgeon, boor-zon, s. m. bud, eye, button (of plants;) pimple (on the face.)

Bourgeonne, e, adj. full of pimples. Bourgeonner, boor-20-na, v. n. to bud,

bourgeon, shoot, put forth. Son visage commence à bourgeonner, his face comes out in Bourgmestre, boorg-mestre, s. m. bur-

gomaster.

Bourgogne, boor-gogn, s. f. Burgundy;

Burgundy-wine. BOURGUÉPINE, s. f. buck-thorn.

Bourguignon, NE, adj. Burgundian, of Burgundy, born in Burgundy.

BOURGUIGNOTE,boor-gl-gnot, s. f. burgan-

nct, a Spanish murrion. BOURIQUET, s. m. pulley (used in mines.)
BOURJASSOTE, s. f. kind of fig.

Bourlet, V. Bourrelet. Bourrache, boo-rash, s. f. borage. Bourrade, boo-rad, s. f. beating, thrashing, blow; home-thrust; snapping or biting (of a grey-bound without catching the hare.)

BOURRASQUE, s. f. Mar. sudden and vio-

lent squall, storm.

BOURRE, boor, s. f. (of saddles, mortar, etc.) cow's hair, etc. Bourre lanice, flocks of wool. Bourre tontice, shear-wool. Lit de bourre, flock-bed. Bourre (of a gun) wadding, wad. Livre où il y a beaucaip de bourre, book full of trash.

BOURRÉ, E, adj. thrashed, mauled, beaten. BOURREAU, boo-ro, s. m. hangman, executioner, Jack-catch. Tormentor, cruel man,

butcher. Bourreau d'argent, spend-thrift.
BOURRÉE, boo-ra, s. f. fagot of chatwood or brush wood; (in dancing) boree.

BOURRELER, v. a. to torment, torture, rack. BOURRELET, boor-le, Mar. puddening or

BOURRELET or BOURELET, s. m. pad, roll stuffed with flocks of wool or hair, etc. also pad or padding for a young child's head; and hood worn by graduales; (of horses) collar; (in dropsy) swelling 1 the back; euff,

sham or false sleeve. Bourrelet de cordage, tissu, m. Mar. puddening.
BOURRELIER, boor-lia, s. m. harness-

maker, collar-maker.

BOURRELLE, boor-rel, s. f. cruel woman; also hangman's wife.

*Bourrellement, s. m. sting or remorse. *BOURRELLERIE,s. f. torment,racking-pain. BOURRER, boo-ra, v. a. to ram, ram home

a charge or wad; to pad, stuff, wad; to beat, thrash, belabour; to pay off, run down; (of a hound) to be so near as to bite the hair of a

BOURRICHE, s. f. basket for or full of game or poultry.

BOURRIQUE, boo-rik, s. f. he or she-ass. Bourriquet, boo-ri-ke, s. m. ass's colt;

hand-barrow, sort of turn-stile.

BOURROCHE, s. f. borage, pot-herb.
BOURRU, F. bö-orf, rů, adj. humorsome,
capricious, tantastical, peevish, cross, morose. Vin bourru, new and sweet white wine that has not worked. Moine bourru, bug-bear.

BOURSAUT, s. m. sort of willow.

BOURSE, boors, s. f. purse; (in the Levant) sum of 500 crowns; fellowship, pension or maintenance for poor students; vesicle; hull, peel, pod, skin, coat; the exchange; pursenet; bag (of the hair.) Bourse de secretaire du roi, fees of a king's secretary. Coupeur de bourse, eut-purse, pick-pocket. Faire part, to keep one's own money. C'est une boune bourse, he is a monied man. Bourse en réseau, net purse. Perruque à bourse, bagwig. Bourse à berger (plant) shepherd's purse, toy wort. Bourses, the scrotum. BOURSETTE, s. f. small purse.

Boursier, e, boor-sia, sier, s. m. & f. purse-maker or seller. Purser, bursar, treasurer; fellow or scholar that has a pension or maintenance in a college

Boursiller, boor-si-la, v. n. to contribute

towards an expense.
Bourson, boor-son, s. m. fob, little leather pocket. Boursouflé, E, adj. bloated, blown up ;

puffed up. Un gros boursouflé, big bloated body. Style boursouflé, turgid style.

Boursoufler, boor-soo-fia, v. a. to bloat

or blow up, puff up.
Bousculer, v. a. to overthrow, overturn,

turn upside-down.

Bouse, booz, s. f. cow-dung.

Bousillage, boo-zî-laz, s. m. mud-wall or mud-walling bungling piece of work.
Bousiller, boo-zi-la, v. n. to make v. n. to make a

mud-wall; also to bungle. Bousilleur, boo-zî-lêur, s. m. mud-wall-

er; also bungler.

Bousin, s. m. soft crust, (of stones when taken out of the quarry.)
Boussole, boo-sol, s. f. compass, sea or

mariner's compass; also guide, conductor.

BOUSTROPHEDON, s. m. manner of writing alternately from right to left and from left to

right. Bour, boo, s. m. end, extremity; (end of a scabbard) chape; (of a foil) button; (of the nose) tip: nipple; ferrule; patch (of a shoe;) morsel, hit, piece; (of silver to be made into vive) stick. Un petit bout d'homme, a little

Un bout de plreme,

man, a dwarf, a shrimp.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

stump of a-pen. Le bas bout, the lower end. Rire du bout des levres, to make a forced laugh. Etre assis au haut bout, to sit at the upper end. Tenir le haut bout, to get the upper end. Venir à bout de, to bring about, compass or attain to, accomplish, manage. On ne peut venir à bout de cet enfant, this child cannot be managed. Pousser à bout, or mettre à bout, to tire ; also to put to a nonplus, strike home. Pousser une chose à hout, to bring a business to an issue. Cela lui est de-meuré au bout de la plume, he has forgot to write it, he left it in the inkhorn. Avoir un nom sur le bout de la langue, to have a name at one's tongue's end. Savoir quelque close sur le bout du doigt, to have a thing at one's fingers' ends. Se tenir sur le bout des pieds, to stand on tip-toe. Tirer quelqu'un à bout to stand on tip-toe. Tirer quelqu'un à bout portant or à bout touchaut, to shoot one with a gun clapped to his breast. D'un bout à l'autre, from the beginning to the end, all over. Au bout du connute when all is donne for. bout du compte, when all is done, after all. A tout bout de champ, ever, ever and anon, at every turn

Bout, Mar. end, butt, etc. Bout d'un cordage, rope's end. Bout de beaupré, bumpkin. Bout de bordage, butt of a plank. Bout de lof, out-rigger. Bout de vergue, yard-arm. Bout de goraut d'un palan, fall of a tackle. Bouts de câbles, junks. Avoir vent de bout, to have the wind in one's teeth or right ahead. Au bout de, at the end of. Attraperous-nous le mouillage à bout de bordée? shall we fetch the anchoring-place this stretch? Bout-pourbout, end for end. Changeous bout-pour-bout une partie de nos manœuvres courantes, let us shift some of our running rigging end for

BOUTADE, boo-tad, s. f. spirit, start, fit, maggot, w iim. Boutade de vers, poetic rap-

*Boutadeux, se, adj. maggoty, full of whims.

BOUTANT, adj. m. Ex. Arc-boutant, pillar that supports an arch; Pilier boutant, pillar that supports or strengthens a building.

BOUTARGUE, s. f. botargo.

BOUTE, boot, s. f. Mar. large cask for fresh water; also tub or bucket to put the drink in which is distributed to the crew.

BOUTÉ, E, adj. the legs lame from the knee

to the cornet (said of a horse.)
BOUTE-EN-TRAIN, s. m. bird that teaches others to sing; also person that leads in a diversion.

BOUTE-FEU, s. m. lint-stock; gunner; incendiary, firebrand.

BOUTE-HORS, s. m. beat the knave out of doors, (kind of play.) Jouer an houte-hors, to endeavour to supplant one another. Boutehors, good utterance or delivery. Boute-hors, Mar. boom.

BOUTEILLAGE, s. m. butlerage.

BOUTEILLE, boo-tel, s. f. bottle; bubble. Coup de pied de bouteille, red pimple. Bouteille, Mar. gallery, quarter-gallery. Fausse bouteille, quarter-badge.
BOUTEILLIER, V. Boutillier.
BOUTELOT, S. f. Mar. bumpkin, outlicker.

*BOUTER, v. a. (mettre) to put.
BOUTEROILE, boot-rôl, s. f. chape of a scabbard, tool of a lapic ry, a steel punch, ward of a key.

BOUTE-SELLE, s. m. signal for mounting. Sonner le boute-selle, to sound to horse.

BOUTE-TOUT-CUIRE, s. m. glutton, spend all, spend-thrift.

BOUTILLIER, boo-ti-fia, s. m. butler.

BOUTIQUE, bổo-űk, s. f. shop; stall; ped-lar's box; work-shop; tools, implements, trade; trunk (place in which fish are kept in a fishing-boat.)

BOUTIQUIER, s. m. shop-keeper.

Bourss, boo-tl, s. m. rooting place of a wild boar.

Boutisse, bôo-tis, s. f. Ex. Pierre en boutisse et en parement, stones laid crosswise and lengthwise alternately.

BOUTOIR, boo-twar, s. m. snout of a wild boar ; farrier's buttress.

Bouton, boo-ton, s. m. button; bud; pimple; knob; (of a musket) sight. Serrer le bouton à quelqu'un, to keep a strict hand over one, be pressing or urgent with him. Bouton, Mar. knot. Bouton d'un canon,

button or cascabel or pomiglion of a cannon.

BOUTONNÉ, E, adj. buttoned. Nez boutonné, nose full of red pimples.

BOUTONNER, bổo-tổ-nã, v. a. to button. Boutonner, v. n. to bud; to break out with

pimples.

Se boutonner, v. r. to button one's self. BOUTONNERIE, boo-ton-ri, s. f. buttons,

button-ware. Boutonnier, boo-to-nia, s. m. button-

maker. BOUTONNIÈRE, boo-to-nièr, s. f. button-

Bouts-Rimés, boo-ri-ma, s. m. pl. rhymes given in order to be filled up and made into verses.

BOUT-RIMEUR, s. m. one that fills up given rhymes.

BOUTURE, boo-tur, s. f. slip of a tree or plant, sucker.

BOUVARD, s. m. young bull; also hammer used in coining before the invention of dies or

BOUVEAU, V. Bouvillon.

Bouverie, boo-vri, s. f. stable for oxen, place where oxen are kept in public markets,

Bouvier, s. m. Bouvière, bôo-viå, vièr, s. f. neat-herd, cow-herd; clown, churl; Bootes,

Bouvillon, boo-vi-lon, s. m. bullock. Bouvreuil, s. m. bullfinch. Bouze, Bouzin, V. Bouse, Bousin.

Boyau, bwa-yo, s. m. gut, bowel, intestine; hose (to convey water.) Corde à boyau, catgut. Descente de boyaux, rupture, burst. Boyau, branch of a trench in fortification.

BOYAUDIER, bwå-yò-diå, s. m. one that makes strings for musical instruments, gut spinner.

BOYER, s. m. kind of Flemish or Dutch sloop.

BRABANT, s. m. Brabant.

Bracelet, brås-lê, s. m. bracelet.

Brachial, adj. m. (pron. Brakial) brachial. Ex. Musole brachial, brachial muscle. It is also used substantively.

Braconner, bra-kô-nã, v. n. to poach Braconner, bra-kô-nã, s. m. poacher. Brague, s. f. Mar. span. Brague d canon, breeching of a gun. Bragues d Brague de buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ing unshipped.)
BRA1, brê, s. m. Mar. pitch. Brai sec, pitch. V. Braye.

BRAIE, bre, s. f. clout (of an infant.) Fausse bruie, s. f. fausse-braie, or false bray.

V. Braye.

*Braies, breeches, slops, trowsers.

*Braies, breeches, slops, to save one' Sortir d'une affaire braies nettes, to save one's bacon, get off clear.

Braillard, brå-lår, lård, V. Brailleur. Bruillarde, V. Brailleuse. Brailler, brå-lå, v. n. to brawl, be

noisy or obstreperous

BRAILLEUR, bra-leur, lèuz, s. m. brawler, noisy or obstreperous fellow.

Brailleuse, s. f. brawling woman, brawler, scold.

BRAIMENT, s. m. braying.

BRAIRE, brer, v. n. to bray as an ass.

Braise, brez, s. f. live coal, burning coal; also baker's small coal.

BRAMER, bra-må, v. n. to bray (as a stag.) BRAN or BREN, bren, s. m. turd, sirrever-ence; bran; (de Judas) freckle; saw-dust. Bran, interj. a fart. Bran de vous et de vos

services, a fart for you and your services.

Branc, s. m. long sword, rapier. Brancard, bren-kar, s. m. kind of litter; also shaft (of a coach or choise.) .

BRANCHAGE, bren-shaz, s. m. branches, boughs.

Branche, brensh, s. f. branch, bough; branch; (of a sword hilt) bow. Chandelier à branches, branch-candlestick.

BRANCHE-URSINE, s. f. Acanthus.

BRANCHER, bren-sha, v. a. to hang on a tree. Brancher, v. n. to perch, roost.

BRANCHIER, s. m. brancher, young hawk. BRANCHIES, s. f. pl. the gills of a fish.

BRANCHU, E, bren-shu, shu, adj. full of branches.

BRANDE, brend, s. f. heath; brandes, (in hunting) boughs of trees.

BRANDEBOURG, brend-boor, s. m. Bran-

denburg; also kind of button hole. Brandetourg, s. f. campaign-coat, surtout. BRANDEVIN, brend-vin, s. m. brandy.

BRANDEVINIER, E, brend-vî-nîa, s m. & f. sutler.

BRANDI, E, adj. (from Brandir) brandished. Enlever un furdeau tout brandi, to take up a burden all at once or in the condition it is in.

BRANDILLEMENT, bren-dil-men, s. m.

swinging, tossing.
BRANDILLER, bren-di-la, v. n. to swing, toss, shake to and fro. Se brandiller, v. r. to swing, see-saw.

BRANDILLOIRE, bren-di-lwar, s. f. swing. *BRANDIR, brèn-dir, v. a. to brandish. Brandir un chevron sur la panne, to fasten a rafter on a beam.

BRANDON, bren-don. s. m. wisp of straw lighted; flake of fire. Le brandon de cupidon, the torch of love.

BRANLANT, TE, adj. shaking, wagging. BRANLE, breel, s. m. motion, agitation, tossing, jogging brawl (sort of dance;) balance, suspense doubt. Mener le brunle, to

lead the dance. Sonner les cloches en branle, wenter braces. Bras de l'ancre, arms of the 10 ring out the bells. Mettre une cloche en anchor. Bras d'un aviron, loom of an oar. branle, to raise a bell. Donner le branle à une Bras du vent, weather-braces. Bras de des-

gouvernail, rudder stoppers (to prevent its be- | affaire, to influence or encourage a thing, to set it a going. Faire danser un branle de sortie à quelqu'un, to turn one out, show one the door. C'est lui qui a donné le branle aux autres, it is he that stirred up the rest or that set the rest to work.

Brunle, Mar. hammock. Branle-bas, up all hammocks. Faire branle-bas, to lash up and take down all the hammocks from between deck. Faire branle-bas général, to clear for Fuire branle bas de propreté, to clear away for washing below. Etre en branle-bus, to be clearing ship. V. Passer. Branlement, brenl-men, s. m. motion,

agitation, tossing, jogging, shaking.

Branler, bren-la, v. a. to shake, jog, stir.

Branler, v. n. to shake, jog, stir, move, wag. Les dents lui branlent, his teeth are loose: to stagger totter: to give ground: to loose; to stagger, totter; to give ground; to be unsteady or wavering, stagger, waver, be in doubt, vacillate.

BRANLEU-R, SE, s. m. & f. shaker. BRANLOIRE, brên-lwar, s. f. see-saw. BRAQUE, brak, s. m. kind of short tailed

setting-dog.

BRAQUEMART, s. m. short and broad sword, whinyard. BRAQUEMENT, bråk-men, s. m. levelling

of a piece of orduance.

BRAQUER, brå-kå, v. a. to turn, set or bend. Braquer un canon, to level or point a cannon. BRAS, bra, s. m. arm; elbow or arm (of a chair;) claws (of a lobster;) fore-leg (of a horse;) handle, sconce; arm or power; conrage. Demeurer les brus croisés, to stand with one's arms across, be idle. Se jeter entre les brus de quelqu'un, to cast one's self upon another for protection. Vivre de ses bras, to live by one's labour. A force de bras, by main strength. Il avait le bras retroussé jusqu'au coude, he had his sleeve turned up to the elbow. Il a une grande famille sur les bras, he has a great family to maintain. Avoir de grandes affaires sur les bras, to have great concerns in hand. Avoir beaucoup de créanciers sur les bras, to have many duns at one's heels. S'attirer un puissant ennemi sur les bras, to draw a powerful enemy upon one's back. Jai sur les bras un puissant ennemi, I have to do with a powerful enemy. Il me jette toutes ses forces sur les bras, he turns all his forces against me. Tendre les bras à quelqu'un, to be ready to help, relieve, assist or protect one; to offer one aid or protection. Préter son bras à quelqu'un, to lend one as-sistance or help. C'est mon bras droit, he is my right hand or the greatest help I have. Je veux avoir les bras cassés, si, I will be burned or hanged, if. Bras dessus, bras dessous, arm in arm.

Bras, Mar. brace. Grands bras or bras de la grande vergue, main braces. Bras de la vergue seche, cross-jack braces. Bras de misaine, fore braces. Bras du petit perroquet, fore top-gallant braces. Bras du grand perroquel, main top-gallant braces. petit perroquet volunt, fore top-gallant royal braces. Bras du grand perroquet volunt, main top-gallant royal braces. Brus de la perruche, mizen top-gallant braces. Faux bras, prebar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

sous le vent, lee-braces. Bras de mer or de [rivière, arm of the sea or of a river. Petit bras de mer, inlet of the sea. Faire bon bras, to round in the weather-braces (when the wind draws aft.) V. Brasser.

BRASER, v. a. to braze, solder.

BRASIER, brå-zlå, s. m. brisk clear fire of coals or wood; pan for coals, brasier; fire,

burning flame, great heat.

Brasiller, brå-zi-lå, v. a. to broil upon charcoal. Faire brasiller des pêches, to broil

reaches. BRASQUE, s. f. mixture of clay and pounded charcoal for the inside of furnaces.

BRASSAGE, s. m. coining or minting of mo-y. Droit de brassage, coinage.

BRASSARD, brå-sår, s. m. piece of armour for the arm; leather-euff or bracer.

Brasse, brås, s. f. fathom, six feet. Brassée, brå-så, s. f. arm-full. Brasser, brå-så, v. a. to brew; to mix together (metals;) to brew, plot, hatch, contrive, imagine or devise. Brasser, v. a. Mar. to brace. Brasser les voiles à culer, to back the sails. Brusse tout à culer, lay all flat aback. Brasser carre, to square the yards. Brasse carré derrière, square the after yards. Brasse à contre devant, brace about the head yards. Brasse au vent, brace to, also haul in the weather braces. Brasse sous le vent le grand lunier, haul in the lee main and main top sail braces. Brasse en pointe les vergues de perroquet, point the top-gallant yards to the wind. Brasse bâbord, haul in the larboard braces. Brasse tribord, haul in the starboard braces.

BRASSERIE, bras-rl, s. f. brew-house. Brasseu-R, se, brå-seur, seuz, s. m. & f.

Brasseyage, s. m. Mar. inner quarters of a yard (between the shrouds.)

BRASSIAGE, s. m. Mar. depth of water. BRASSIÈRES, brå-sier, s. f. pl. tight waist for a child or a woman.

BRAYACHE, brå-våsh, s. m. brewer's copper. BRAYACHE, brå-våsh, s. m. bully, hector,

braggadoeio,swaggerer. BRAVADE, bra-vad, s.f. bravado, hectoring.

BRAVE, brav, adj. brave, stout, valiant, courageous; fine, spruce, gallant.

BRAVE, s. m. brave man, stout man, gallant man, man of courage, bully, bravo. Faire le brare, to carry it high.
BRAVEMENT, brav-mên, adv. valiantly,
bravely, stoutly; finely, adroitly.
BRAVER, bra-vå, v. a. to brave, dare,

bully. BRAVERIE, brav-rl, s. f. fineness, fine

clothes. BRAVOURE, brå-voor, s. f. bravery, valour, courage; achievement.

Braye, s. f. Mar. coat of stuff, tarred can-vass, coat of a mast, etc. Braye du gouvernail, rudder coat.

BRAYE, E, adj. pitched, done over with pitch and tar, etc.
BRAYEMENT, V. Braiment.
BRAYEM, orc-ya, v. a. Mar. to pay or pitch,

to pay with hot melted pitch (speaking of seams, planks,) etc. BRAYER, bra-ya, s. m. truss; brail or pan-

nel (of a hawk.)

Brayers, s. m. pl. tackle-ropes.

BRAYETTE, brå-yet, s. f. fore-flap of a pair

of breeches. Cod-pieces.

BREANT, bre-en, s. m. green finch or kind of little bird with a big short beak.

*BRÉBIAGE, s. m. tax on sheep. Brebis, bre-bl, s. f. sheep, ewe. Brebis galeuse, a person of corrupted manners, scabby sheep.

BRÈCHE, brêsh, s. f. breach; notch, gap;

breach, prejudice, damage, diminution.

Breche-Dent, adj. that has lost one or

more of the fore teeth, toothless.
BRECHET, s. m. brisket, breast.

Breein, s. m. iron-hook.

BREDINDIN, s. m. Mar. garnet, (small tackle affixed to the main stay in French ships.)

Bredouille, bre-dool, s. f. lurch (at backgammon.) Etre en bredouille, to be put to a nonplus, be beside one's self. Sortir bredouille d'un lieu, to leave a place without having been able to do what one had intended.

Bredouillement, bre-dool-men, s. m. stuttering, mumbling.

Bredouiller, brê-dôo-lå, v. n. to stam

mer, stutter, mumble. Bredouilleu-R, se, bre-doo-leur, leuz,

s. m. & f. stammerer, stutterer.

BREF, BRÈVE, brêf, brèv, adj. brief, short.

En bref, adv. in a short time, shortly,
briefly. Bref, adv. in short, to cut or be short.

BREE S. m. brief or none's letter: also

BREF, s. m. brief or pope's letter; also church-calendar for the order of divine ser-

BREGIN, s. m. Mar. kind of net with nar-

row meshes.

Brehaigne, brê-êgu, adj. f. Ex. Biche brehaigne, barren hind. Brehaigne, barren BRELAN or BRELAND, bre-len, s. m. kind

of game at cards; gaming house or ordinary; pair-royal (three cards of the same suit.)

Brelander, bre-len-da, v. n. to game, be gamester (at cards.) .

BRELANDIER, E, brê-lèn-dlâ, dièr, s. m. & f. gamester, gambler (at cards.)
BRELANDINIER, E, s. m. & f. dealer who

sells in stalls.

BRELIC-BRELOQUE or BRELIQUE-BRE-LOQUE, adv. hecdlessly, carelessly.

BRELLE, s. f. raft.

Breloque, brê-lôk, s. f. toy, gewgaw. BRELUCHE, s. f. threaden and worsted

BRÈME, brèm, s. f. bream, a fresh-water

BREN, V. Bran. BRENEU-X, SE, brê-neu, neuz, adj. beshitten, beshit, befouled.

BRÉSIL, bre-zil, s. m. Brazil; also Brazilwood

BRÉSILLER, brê-zî-là, v. a. to dye with Brazil; also to cut into small pieces.

BRÉSILLET, s. m. inferior sort of Brazilwood.

Bresse, s. f. Bresse, now the department of Ain (in France;) also Brescia (a city of

Italy.) BRETAGNE, s. f. Britanny (in France.) Grande-Bretagne, Great Britain. Neveu à la

mode de Bretagne, cousin once removed. Bretalller, brê-ta-lâ, v. n. to be quar-

relsome.

buse, bût : jenne, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

BRETAILLEUR, bre-ta-leur, s. m. quarrel- | point brider, that horse will not be bridled, some fellow.

BRETAUDER, brê-tô-dâ, v. a. to crop a

horse's ears, cut one's hair too short.

Bretelle, brê-têl, s. f. strap, handle of a dorser or pannier. Bretelles, gallowses (of

pantaloons, etc.) BRETTE, brêt, s. f. rapier, long sword.
BRETTÉ, r., adj. notched, indented, jagged or toothed like a saw.

Bretteler, v. a. to cut stones" with a tooth-tool.

BRETTER, v. n. to be always quarrelling and fighting.

BRETTEUR, brê-têur, s. m. bully, hector, quarrelsome fellow.

BRETTURE, bre-tur, s. f. teeth or dents of some tools.

BREUILLER, v. a. Mar. to clue up the sails. BREVE, s. f. (or syllabe brève) short syl-

BRÈVEMENT, V. Brièvement.

BREVET, brë-ve, s. m. writ, brief of the crown, commission or warrant of an officer; indenture; bill of lading; charm or spell. BRÉVETÉ, V. Briéveté.

BRÉVETAIRE, s. m. bearer of the king's warrant for a church preferment.

BREVETER, v. a. to grant a warrant. BREVIAIRE, brê-vîer, s. m. breviary.

au bout de son bréviaire, to be at one's wit's end; brevier (type.)

BREUVAGE, brên-våz, s. m. drink, beverage, also mixture of equal parts of wine and water for the crew on board French ships to drink during an action; potion; drench.

BRIBE, brib, s. f. piece or lunch of bread;

scrap; scraps or broken victuals.

Bricole, bri-köl, s. f. bricole, rebound of a ball at tennis, back stroke at billiards; kind of net; strap or thong of leather. Donner des bricoles à quelqu'un, to impose upon one, sell him a bargain. De bricole, adv. (indirectement) indirectly. Bricole, Mar. uneasy roll-

ing of a ship.

BRICOLER, bril-kô-lā. v. n. to pass a ball, toss sideways; also to play fast and loose.

BRIDE, brild, s. f. bridle; string (of a cap, etc.) stay; loop; bar. La main de la bride, the left hand. A bride abattue or à toute bride, full speed. Aller bride en main dans une affaire, to carry on a business prudently, act with deliberation. Travailler bride en main, with deliberation. to work with deliberation, make no more haste Tenir la bride haute à than good speed. than good speeu. Tent in trace and quelqu'un, to keep one short or under, keep a strict hand over one. Tentr en bride, to bridle or curb, keep in or under. Tourner bride, dle or curb, keep in or under. Tourn to turn back or short, wheel about. la bride à quelqu'un or Mettre à quelqu'un la bride sur le cou, to leave one to himself, let one take his own course. Lâcher la bride à ses passions, to indulge or gratify one's passions. Un cheval fort en bride, a hard-mouthed horse. Bride à veau, sham, foolish or silly reason.

BRIDÉ, E, adj. bridled. La bécasse est bridée, he is caught, the bibble is trapped. Oison bridé, silly creature.

Otson orner, siny creature.

BRIBER, brl-da, v. a. to bridle, put on a bridle; to rein in, curb, keep under, keep in; to tie fast. Brider le nez à quelqu'un, to hit or strike over the face. Ce cheval ne se laisse.

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will not endure a bridle.

Brider, v. a. Mar. to snap, seize, swift in, span in. Brider les haubans, to swift in the rigging. Brider les haubans pour en frapper le trélingage, to span in the rigging for seizing

on the cat harping legs.

Bridoir, bri-dwar, s. m. bridle, chincloth.

Bridon, bri-don, s. m. snaffle or break.

Brief, Brieve, bri-ef, ev, adj brief, short. Une bonne et brives justice, a good and quick despatch of justice. Ajournement à trois briefs jours, three days adjournment.

BRIÈVEMENT, bri-ev-men, adv. briefly, in

a few words, in short, compendiously.

BRIÈVETÉ, bri-êv-tå,s. f. brevity, shortness.

BRIFE, s. f. a large piece of bread.

BRIFER, v. a. to eat greedily, devour, claw off the victuals.

BRIFEU-R, SE, S. M. & f. greedy eater, ravenous feeder.

BRIG, V. Brigantin.

BRIGADE, bri-gad, s. f. brigade; company

or troop; gang (of robbers.)

BRIGADIER, bri-ga-dia, s. m. brigadier.

Brigadier, Mar. bow-man (of a boat.) BRIGAND, bri-gan, s. m. brigand, robber,

highwayman.

BRIGANDAGE, bri-gan-daz, s. m. robbery, highway-robbery, depredation.

BRIGANDER, bri-gan-da, v. n. to rob, go on the highway. ,

BRIGANDIN, s. m. brigandine. BRIGANTIN, bri-gan-tin, s. in. brigantine, brig. V. Baume.

BRIGITTIN, E, s. m. & f. monk or nun of St. Bridget.

BRIGNOLE, bri-gnoi, s. f. sort of plums. BRIGNON, V. Brugnon.

BRIGUE, brig, s. f. canvassing, soliciting, making interest; brigue, party, cabal, faction.
BRIGUER, briga, v. a. to put up or canvass or stand or make interest for. Briguer

une charge, to stand for an office, to sue, make interest for a place.

BRIGUEUR, bri-geur, s. m. candidate. BRILLAMMENT, bri-la-men, adv. in a brilliant manner.

BRILLANT, E, adj. brilliant, shining, spark ling, glittering, bright. Cheval brillant, fine or stately horse. Esprit brillant, sparkling wit. Humeur brillante et enjouée, brisk and lively humour.

BRILLANT, bri-len, s. m. brightness, spiendour; a brilliant. Il n'a point de brillant, he is not smart, he is duli. Elle a un brillant d'esprit qui enchante tout le monde, she has sparkling wit that charms every body.

BRILLANTER, brî-lên-tâ, v. a. to cut into angles (a diamond.)
BRILLER, brî-lâ, v. n. to shine, sparkle, glitter or glister, be bright or sparkling, etc.
BRIMBALE, brin-bâl, s. f. Mar. brake or

handle of a pump.

BRIMBALER, brin-bå-lå, v. a. to swing. Brimbaler les cloches, to ring, set the bells a ringing.

BRIMBORION, brin-bo-rion, s. f. bauble, gewgaw, toy.

BRIN, brin, s. m. bit, piece; sprig, shoot; slip or blade; twist. Bois de brin, round wood. Cordon de trois brins de soie, hat-band of three silken twists Un brin de paille, a

BRO

bar, bat, base : thère, ébb, oven: fleld, fig: robe, rôb, lord: mood, good.

Brin d'estoc, quarter staff, long stick. Brin à brin, by little and little, piece-meal, bit by bit.

Brin, Mar. sample. Le premier brin, the inne of the hemp. Le second brin, the prime of the hemp.

combings of the hemp.

*BRINDE, brind, s. f. health, toast.

BRINDILLE, s. f. a little bough.
BRINGUEEALE, s. f. Mar. V. Brimbale.
BRIOCHE, brī-osh, s. f. sort of cake.

BRIOINE, s. f. Bryony, white-vine. Brion, bri-on, s. m. moss on trees. Brion, Mar. fore-foot.

BRIQUE, brîk, s. f. brick. BRIQUET, brî-kê, s. m. steel (for a tinderbox.)

BRIQUETAGE, brik-taz, s. m. brick work; also imitation of brick work.

BRIQUETER, brîk-tå, v. a. to imitate, make

brick work.

BRIQUETERIE, brîk-të-ri, s. f. brick-kiln,

also brick-making.

BRIQUETIER, brik-tiå, s. m. brick-maker. Bris, bris, s. m. breaking open. Bris de prison, breaking out of prison. Bris, Mar. wreck. Droit de bris, the admiralty of a seacoast.

BRISANT, bri-zen, s. m. rock, shelf, bri-

sans, breakers.

BRISCAMBILLE, s. f. a sort of game at

cards.

BRISE, briz, s. f. Mar. breeze, gale of wind. Nous eumes la brise des premiers, we had the first of the breeze. Brise du large, sea-breeze, sea-turn. Brise de terre, land-breeze, land-turn. Brise carabinée, stiff breeze or stiff gale. Brises folles, baffling winds. Brise molle, light breeze. Brise réglée, steady broeze. Brisé, E. adj. broken, bruised, beaten in pieces, etc. V. Briser. Armes brisées, coat

pieces, etc. V. Briser. Armes brisées, coat of arms rebated or diminished. Lit brisé, folding-bed. folding-bed. Chaise brisée, folding-chair. Porte brisée, folding-door. Carrosse brisé, Vaisseau brisé, a ship wrecked. landau.

BRISE-cou, briz-koo, s. m. steep stair-case,

- break-neck stair-case.

Briskes, bri-za, s. f. pl. boughs cast in the deer's way. Revenir sur les brisées or reprendre les brisées, to resume one's former discourse. Suivre les brisées or marcher sur les brisées de quelqu'un, to follow one's steps, imitate one. Aller or marcher sur les brisées de quelqu'un, to interfere with one.

BRISE-GLACE, briz-glas, s. m. starlings (to break the ice at the piers of bridges.)

BRISE-IMAGE, s. m. & f. image breaker, iconoclast.

Brisement, briz-mên, s. m. breaking or dashing of the waves. Brisement de cœur,

rending of the heart, repentance, contrition. BRISER, bri-za, v. a. to break, bruise or beat in pieces. Briser, v. n. to break or spht. Ils sont brises ensemble, they are fallen out. Brisons-là, let us break off there, no more of

Se briser, v. r. to break, be very brittle; also to fold up. Table qui se brise, folding-table. Se briser (parlant d'un raisseau) to suffer wreck.

BRISE-VENT, briz-ven, s. m. shelter (from the wind.)

BRISEUR, bri-zeur, s. m. breaker. Briseur d'images, image-breaker. Briseur de sel, kin f salt-offrer. Brisoir, bri-zwar, s. m. brake for flax.

BRISQUE, s. f. a sort of game (at cards.) BRISURE, bri-zdr, s. f. fracture, separation

rebatement (in heraldry.)
BRITANNIQUE, bri-tan-nik, adj. British,

Britannick.

BROC, bro, s. m. great leathern jack, large tin or wooden pitcher iron-hooped; great jug. *Broc, spit. De broc en bouche, hot from the

BROCANTER, brô-kan-ta, v. n. to deal in

pictures, medals, curiosities, etc.
BROCANTEU-R, SE, brô-kan-têur, tèuz.s m. & f. seller of curiosities, etc.

BROCARD, bro-kar, s. m. mipping jest, taunt, scoff; a brocket.

BROCARDER, brô-kår-då, v. a. to jest upon, jeer, nip or taunt, scoff. BROCARDEU-R, SE, bro-kar-deur, deuz, s. m. & f. one that gives dry rubs or wipes,

BROCART, s. m. brocade.

BROCATELLE, bro-kå-tel, s. f. kind of stuff like brocade, also kind of variegated marble,

kind of linsey-woolsey, made in Flauders.

BROCCLI, V. Brocoli.

BROCHANT, adj. m. (in heraldry) across the escutcheon, over-all. Brochant sur letout, more than all the rest. V. atso Brocher.

BROCHE, brosh, s. f. spit; faueet, tap; (to

hang candles on) stick; peg; needle to knit with; tusk or tush. Mettre la viande à la broche, to spit the meat. Mettre une futaille en broche, to broach a vessel. Drap à double broche, drab.

Вкосне́Е, bro-sha, s. f. spit-full.

BROCHER, brô-shå, v. a., to work with gold, silk, etc.; to knit; to stilch (a book,) to peg, to fasten (shoes.) Brocher un clou, to strike a nail into a horse's foot. Brocher, to do in a hurry or in a trice.

Brochet, brô-shê, s. m. pike, jack.

Brocheter, v. n. Mar. to extend over a

plank a small line to which a number of small sticks are fastened at equal distances, in order to work it to a proper shape, so as to fay to the next plank, the necessary measures being marked on each of the sticks.

BROCHETON, brosh-ton, s. m. small pike,

pickerel.

BROCHETTE, bro-shet, s. f. wooden skewer. BROCHEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. stitcher (of books.)

BROCHOIR, brd-shwar, s. m. smith's shoeing hammer.

BROCHURE, bro-shur, s. f. pamphlet, stitched book.

Brocoli, brô-kô-lî, s. m. brocoli; young cabbage-sprouts.

BRODE, adj. f. black, swarthy, sun-burnt, tawny.

BRODÉ, E, adj. embroidered, etc. Melon brodé, streaked melon.

BRODEQUIN, brod-kin, s. m. buskin.

Brodequin, (sort of torture,) boots.
Broder, bro-da, v. a. to embroider; to spot (ganze) to embellish, set off. Vous broder comme it faut, you romance, you flourish.
Broderie, brod-rl, s. f. embroidery, em-

bellishment (of a story.) Parterreen broderie or de broderie, parterre with knots or figures. Brodev-R, se, brô-deur, deuz, s. m. & f.

embroiderer; (of gauze) spotter; romancer.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Bromos, s. f. a sort of plant. Bronchade, bron-shad, s. f. or Bronche-

MENT, s. m. stumbling, tripping, failure.
BRONCHER, bron-shå, v. a. to stumble, trip: (manquer, hésider en prêchant, etc.) to hesitate, be put out. Cheval qui bronche, a stumbling-horse.

BRONCHES, s. f. pl. those vessels of the

lungs which receive the air.

BRONCHIAL, E, adj. bronchial. BRONCHOCELE, s. m. bronchocele.

BRONCHOTOMIE, s. f. bronchotomy.

BRONZE, bronz, s. m. bronze; figure de onze, brazen-figure, bronze. Cheval de bronze, brazen-figure, bronze. bronze, brazen-horse.

BRONZER, bron-zå, v. a. to paint the colour of bronze, paint dark brown; to colour or dye

black (leather.) BROQUARD, V. Brocard.

BROQUART, s. m. brocket.

BROQUETTE, brô-kêt, s. f. tack, small

BROSSAILLES, V. Broussailles.

BROSSE, bros, s. f. brush, pencil. Brosse

à goudron, tar-brush.
BROSSER, brô-så, v. a. to brush, rub with

a brush.

Brosser, v. n. to run through woods or bushes, brush along.
BROSSIER, s. m. brush-maker.

Brou, s. m. green shell or burr of nuts.

BROUEE, broo-a, s. f. fog, mist, rime. BROUET, broo-e, s. m. milk-porridge, gruel, thin broth. Brouet d'andouille, broth of chitterlings. La chose s'est en allée en brouet d'andouille, it is all come to nothing.

BROUETTE, brôo-êt, s. f. wheel-barrow, paltuyezesh, aleast of a troy wheeled chair.

paltry coach; also sort of a two wheeled chair

drawn by one man.

BROUETTER, brôo-ê-tà, v. a. to carry in a

wheel-barrow or paltry coach.

BROUETTEUR, broo-ê-têur, s. m. one that draws a two-wheeled chair.

BROUETTIER, brôo-ê-tîa, s. m. wheel-barrow-man.

Brouhaha, bro-a-a, s. m. noise of clap-

*BROUILLAMINI, brôo-là-mî-nî, s. m. disorder, confusion, that has neither head nor tail. BROUILLARD, broo-lar, s. m. mist, fog; day-book, waste-book.

BROUILLARD, adj. m. Ex. Papier brouillard, blotting or sinking paper.

BROUILLE, s. f. quarrel, falling out.
BROUILLEMENT, brood-men, s. m. mixing together or confounding. Brouillement de

couleurs, mixing or confounding of colours.

BROUILLER, broo-la, v. a. to jumble, shuffle, blend, mix together; to put out, perplex, confound, puzzle; to embroil, confuse, disorder; to set at variance, cause a division, set together by the ears; to disturb or embroil, make a stir or cause an insurrection in (the state;) to turn, derange (the brain;) to blot (paper,) waste by scribbling. Browiller les cartes, to create confusion, cause a misunderstanding.

Brouiller, v. n. to shuffle. Se brouiller, v. r. to confound or perplex one's self, be put out Se brouiller arec quelqu'un, to fall out with one. Le temps se brouille, the sky begins to be overcast.

BROUILLERIE, brool-rl, s. f. broil, troubles,

disturbance, discontent; also falling out, quar rel; and small trinket.

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BROUILLON, s. m. foul copy; day-book, waste-book; busy-body, intermeddler, shuf-

fling or pragmatical fellow.

BROUILLON, NE, broo-lon, lon, adj. shuf-fling, busy-body. Humeur brouillonne, shuffling-humour. Broure, broo-ir, v. a. to blast.

*Brouissement, s. m. rattling. Brouissure, broo-1-sur, s. f. blast, mildew.

BROUSSAILLES, S. f. pl. briars, thorns, brambles, bushes, thicket; also little loose sticks.

BROUSSIN, s. m. exerescence on a maple tree.

BROUT, broo, s. m. browse-wood; (of nuts)

reen shell. Aller au brout, to go a browsing. . Cordage. BROUTER, broo-ta, v. a. to browse, bite or

nibble off the sprigs, grass or leaves; also to

BROUTILLES, broo-til, s. f. pl. sprigs, browsewood, brush-wood; also things of no value.

BROYE or BROIE, s. f. brake (for hemp.) BROYEMENT, brway-men, s. m. grinding, beating small, etc.

BROYER, brwå-yå, v. a. to grind, bray, beat small, pound, bruise. Broyer l'encre (in

printing) to bray the ink.
BROYEUR, brwa-yeur, s. m. grinder, pounder, one who mixes colours for painting.

Broyeur d'ocre, post dauber.

BROYON, brwa-yon, s. m. mullar. Bru, brû, s. f. son's wife, daughter-in-law. Bruant, brû-ên, s. m. yellow-hammer, ring. BRUGNOLE, V. Brignolle.

Brugnon, brå-gnon, s. m. nectarine.

BRUINE, brûîn, s. f. rime, drizzling rain. BRUINE, E, adj. blasted by frost. BRUINER, brûî-na, v. a. to drizzle. BRUINE, brû-lr, v. n. to make a noise,

rustle, rattle, roar.

Bruissement, brû-îs-mên, s. m. rustling

noise, roaring, rattling.
BRUIT, brůî, s. m. noise; rattling; clashing; chattering or gnashing; jerk or snapping; screaking (of a file;) bouncing or bounce; cracking or crack; stamping; creaking (of shoes or a door;) roaring or raging; sound, resounding; noise, buzz, din; noise, name, eclat, fame, repute, reputation; bruit, rumour, news-report, common fame, common talk; uproar, sedition, insurrection; quarrel, dispute, variance. Avoir bruit ensemble, to fall out, be atvariance. A grand bruit, adv. with great bustle. A petit bruit, adv. without ostentation, silently, softly. Le bruit court, it is said.

BRULANT, TE, adj. burning, scorching;

also hot, burning hot; (de désir or d'envie, etc.)

eager, earnest, ardent.
BRULE, E, adj. burnt, burnt up, burnt down, etc. Avoir le teint brûlé, to be tanned or sun-burnt. Cerveau brûlé, cervelle brûlée,

or sun-burnt.
enthusiast, fanatick.
BRULE, s. m. burning. Je sens le brûlé, 1
Chose qui sent le brûlé, thing that smells as if it were burnt.

BRULEMENT, brul-men, s. m. burning or

setting on fire.

BRULER, bru-là, v. a. to burn, consume by fire; to scald; to blast; to burn, scorch, parch; to set on fire. A brûle-pourpoint, adv. very close. Il l'a tiré à brûle-pourpoint, he shot bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over; fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

him with a gun close to his breast. C'est un raisonnement à brûle-pourpoint, it is a home argument, an invincible argument. Brûler des amorces, Mar. to let off powder in small quantities, as night-signals, in lieu of false-fires.

Brûler, v. n. to burn, be on fire or all in flames; be inflamed; to be impatient, to long with great impatience; to consume away by degrees, pine away. Se brûler, v. r. to burn one's self, be on fire or burning. Se brûler à la chandelle, to throw one's self into danger, burn one's fingers

BRULEUR, bru-lêur, s. m. incendiary,

BRULE-GUEULE, s. m. short pipe.
BRULOT, bru-lo, s. m. fire-ship, also food exceeding hot with salt or pepper, high seasoned dish, incendiary letter, incendiary fellow or firebrand, and the ancient machine, pyrobolus.

BRULURE, bru-lur, s. f. burn or burning,

scald or scalding; also blast (of plants.)
BRUMAL, E, bru-mal, adj. winterly, wintry, that comes in the winter.

BRUME, brum, s. f. thick fog or mist.

BRUMEU-X, SE, adj. V. Embrumé. BRUN, E, brun, brûn, adj. brown, dark, dun, dusky. Bai-brun, V. Bai.

Brun, s. m. brown man; brown colour.

Brune, s. f. brown maid or woman. S
la brune, in the dusk of the evening.

BRUNELLE, s. f. self-heal (plant.)

BRUNET, brů-ne, s. m. brown or dark youth. Brunette, brû-nêt, s. f. brown girl or wo-man; kind of dark brown stuff; love ballad.

BRUNIR, brů-nîr, v. a. to burnish, polish or brighten; to make brown or dark. Brunir,

v. n. se brunir, v. r. to grow brown or dark.
BRUNISSAGE, bru-ni-saz, s. m. burnishing,

polishing. BRUNISSEU-R, SE, brů-nî-sêur, seuz, s. m.

& f. burnisher. BRUNISSOIR, bru-ni-swar, s. m. burnisher,

burnishing-stick. BRUNISSURE, s. f. polish of the horns of

stags, etc.
BRUSC, s. m. butcher's broom. BRUSE, bruz, s. m. knee holly, a butcher's broom.

BRUSQUE, brůsk, adj. blunt, harsh, rough,

hare-brained, over-hasty, sudden.
BRUSQUEMENT, brûsk-mên, adv. bluntly,
harshly, roughly, hastily, suddenly.
BRUSQUER, brûs-kâ, y. a. to be short or blunt or sharp with, attack with violence, take

by storm; also to do in haste or unexpectedly, affront. BRUSQUERIE, brusk-rl, s. f. bluntness, blunt

action, roughness, rough way of proceeding. BRUT, E, brût, adj. (the t is pronounced in the masculine,) rough, unpolished, unhewed; brute, void of reason. Bois brut, timber in he rough. Du sucre brut, brown sugar.

BRUTAL, E, brů-tál, adj. brutish, beastly; ulso fierce, passionate, rude. Un brutal, une brutale, s. m. & f. a brutish person, a brute, person given over to brutish pleasures, a churl, a clown, a clownish woman, passionate person, rash or blunt or hair-brained or inconsiderate person.

BRUTALEMENT, brů-tål-mên, adv. brutishly, beastly, clownishly, passionately, rashly, inconsiderately, hand over head, bluntly.

BRUTALISER, brū-tā-lī-zā, v. a. to treat

brutally, ase roughly, abuse (by words only.)

*Brutaliser, v. n. to enjoy or take brutish pleasures.

BRUTALITÉ, brů-tà-lî-tà, s. f. brutality, brutishness, beastliness, clownishness, rashness, inconsideration, also abusive or outrageous language.
BRUTE, s. f. brute, brute beast.

BRUTIER, s. m. bird of prey that cannot be

tamed.

BRUXELLES, (pronounced Brusselles) Brus-

BRUYANT, E, brůl-yen, yent, adj. (from Bruire) blustering, roaring, thundering, obstreperous, noisy.

BRUYERE, bru-yer, s. f. sweet broom or heath. Campagne couverte de bruyère, heath. BEYOINE, s. f. bryony.

Bu, E, adj. drunk, drunk out. V. Boire. BUANDERIE, bå-end-ri, s. f. place for wash-

ing (with lie.)
BUANDIER, E, bå-en-diå, dier, s. m. & f.

washer-man or washer-woman. Bube, bub, s. f. pimple, pustule.

BUBERON, s. m. sucking-bottle; (of a cruet) spout.

Bubon, bå-bon, s. m. bubo, blotch, pestilential sore.

BUCCAL, E, adj. of or belonging to the mouth. BUCCHANTE, s. f. sort of plant.

Buccin, s. m. kind of shell like a horn or

paper roll in form of a cone.

BUCCINATEUR, s. m. trumpeter; also muscle which laterally occupies the space between the two jaws.

BUCCINE, s. f. kind of trumpet.

BUCENTAURE, s. m. bucentaur (great ship used by the Venetians in the ceremony of marrying the sea.)

BUCHE, bush, s. f. billet, log; sot, block-head, dull-pated fellow. Il ne se remue non plus qu'une bûche, he moves no more than a post.

Bûche, Mar. buss, herring buss.

Bucher, bů-shå, s. m. wood-pile, funeral pile; also wood-house

BUCHER, v. n. to fell wood, cut downtrees. Bucheron, bush-ron, s. m. wood cleaver, feller of wood.

Buchette, bå-shåt, s. f. small stick. Bucolique,bå-kå-lik,adj.bucolick,pastoral.

BUCOLIQUE, s. f. bucolick, pastoral poem. BUÉE, s. f. lie for washing

BUFFET, bu-fe, s. m. buffet, cupboard; also service of plate. Buffet d'orgues, organ-case, also little organ.

BUFFLE, buff, s. m. buffle, buffalo; also buff-skin and buff-coat. Un gros buffle, un vrai buffle, a great fool or blockhead.

BUFFLETIN, s. m. a young buffalo.

BUGALETIN, s. m. a young buffalo.
BUGALET, s. m. sort of small vessel or bark.
BUGLE, s. f. (sort of plant) bugle.
BUGLOSE, s. f. bugloss (kitchen herb.)
BUIRE, bûlt, s. f. flagon or great pot.
BUIS, bûl, s. m. bux-tree, box; we say
menton de buis, prominent elevated chin.
Donner le buis à quelque chose, to burnish or
polish or finish a thing.
BUISSON bûlesme s. m. bush, tree they

Buisson, bûl-son, s. m. bush, tree that grows with a bush head, bushy dwarf-tree,

bush, thicket or covert, and thicket or grove.
BUISSONNEU-x, SE, adj. full of thickets groves.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Buissonnier, E, bul-so-nla, nler, adj. Ex. | Layin buissonnier, rabbit that lives in a thicket. Faire l'école buissonnière, to play the truant. BULBE, bulb, s. f. bulb, bulbous root, seal-

BULBEU-X, SE, bål-bèu, bèuz, adj. bulbous. BULLAIRE, bål-lèr, s. m. collection of the Pope's bulls.

BULLE, bål, s. f. bull, letter from the Pope; bubble (of air or water.)
BULLE, E, adj. in due form, authentic.
BULLETIN, bål-lln, s. m. vote, ballot; (to lodge soldiers) billet; bulletin, daily report; certificate (given to a French sailor.)
BULTEAU, bûl-tô, s. m. tree, the top of which is cut in the form of a bowl.

BUPRESTE, s. f. winged insect that has a

sting like the bee. BURALISTE, bû-rå-list, s. m. receiver of

BURAT, bū-rā, s. m. coarse sort of woollen-

stuff.

BURATÉ, E, bů-rå-tå, adj. of a coarse kind. BURE, bur, s. f. coarse woollen-cloth;

shaft of a mine

BUREAU, bů-rô, s. m. coarse woollen-stuff; board, table; (table sur laquelle on compte de l'argent, sur laquelle on met des papiers) counter, desk; office; factory; court, jurisdiction; audience, hearing of causes; court, bench, judges; committee; bureau, serutoire. Bureau d'addresses, office of intelligence; also prating gossip. Paris est le grand bureau des merceilles, Paris is the place of wonders. Connoître or savoir l'uir du bureau, to know how a cause is likely to be determined, to know how matters stand. L'air du bureau n'est pas pour vous, the cause is likely to go against you. Prendre l'air du bureau, to inquire how matters stand.

BURETTE, bû-rêt, s. f. little flagon to put the wine and water in for the celebration of

mass; also little cruet for oil.

BURGAU, s. m. the finest sort of mother of

Burin, bû-riu, s. m. burine, graver. Burin, Mar. sort of a large toggei. Buriner, bû-rî-nâ, v. a. to engrave.

Burlesque, bûr-lêsk, adj. burlesque, mer-

BURLESQUE, s. m. burlesque.
BURLESQUE, s. m. burlesque.
BURLESQUEMENT, bûr-lêsk-mên, adv. coinically, in a jocose manner.

BURSAL, E, bûr-sâl, adj. pecuniary. Edits

bursaux, money edicts. Busart, s. m. a sort of bird of prey.

Busc, bůsk, s. m. busk.

BUSE, buz, s. f. buzzard; ninny, goose, simpleton, ignoramus. On ne sauroit faire d'une truse un épervier; one cannot make a dunce an able man.

Busquer, bûs-kå, fortune, to seek one's rtune. Busquer, to put a busk in. Se fortune. Busquer, to put a busk in. Se busquer, to wear a busk. Elle ne sort jamais qu'elle ne soit busquée, she never goes out without a busk in her stays

Busquière, bus-kier,s. f. hole in the stays to receive a busk; also stay-hook, and sto-

macher.

Buste, bust, s. m. bust (head and shoul-

Bur, bu, s. m. butt, a mark to shoot at; aim, scope, end or design. Frapper ou but, toucher au but, to hit the nail on the head. But à but, even hands, without any odds Etre but à but, to be even. De but en blanc, point blank; also roundly, plainly, openly, without any preamble, and blundly, abruptly. BUTE, s. m. farrier's buttress. BUTÉ, E, adj. hit, aimed at, etc. also fixed,

resolved.

BUTER, v. a. to hit the mark; to aim. Se buter, v. r. to clash with one another. Se bu ter à, to be resolved or fixed upon.

BUTIN, bů-tin, s. m. booty; spoil, plunder,

prize.

BUTINER, bů-tî-na, v. a. to get a booty, pillage, plunder.

BUTIREU-X, SE, adj. buttery, like butter BUTOR, bå-tor, s. m. bittern or bittour.

BUTOR, DE, s. m. & f. great booby, lob, dull person.

BUTTE, but, s. f. butt, bank, small rising ground, shooting at a but; mound of earth (at the foot of a tree.) Etre en butte à, to be exposed to.

BUTTER, bû-tå, v. a. to raise a heap of carth round; also to prop with a buttress.

BUTTIÈRE, s. f. kind of gun to shoot for BUVABLE, bû-vabl, adj. fit to drink, drink-

able.

Buveau, s. m. bevel. Buvetier, buv-tlå, s. m. master of a tavern or ale-house, publican.

BUVETTE, bu-vêt, s. f. tavern or ale-house; also a sort of tavern or victualling house in the court of judicature at Paris; drinking.

Buveu-R, se, bû-veur, veuz, s. m. & f.

drinker, toper, tippler.
BUVOTTER, bå-vô-tå, v. n. to sip, drink a little at a time and often, tipple.
BUYE. V. Buire.
BUZE. V. Buse.

C, så, s. m. 3d letter of the French alphahet

CA, så, adv. hither, here. Cà et là, this way and that way, up and down. Qui çà, way and that way, up and down. De-çà, qui là, some one way, some another. De-çà, this side of these parts. En-de-çà, an-de-çà, du-de-çà side, of these parts. En-de-çà, au-de-çà, pur-de-çà, this side, on this side. Au-de-çà du Rhin, on this side the Rhine. En çà, (style de palais) to this time. Depuis deux ans en ça, this time two years, two years

ago. CA, interj. come on, come. CABALE, ka-bal, s. f. (tradition among the Jews) cabal. Cabal, party, combination. confederacy, faction; set, gang; club, company, society.

Cabale, e, adj. got by caballing. Cabaler, ka-ba-la, v. n. to cabal, combine, conspire together.

CABALEUR, kå-bå-leur, s. m. caballer. CABALISTE, kå-bå-list, s. m. Jewish cabalist; also (but only in Languedoc) partner in trade.

CABALISTIQUE, kå-bå-lls-tik, adj. cabalis-

*CABAN, s. m. sort of cloak. CABANE, ka-ban, s. f. cot, cottage, hut, thatched house; also cage for birds to brood in bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

and flat bottomed covered boat and hoops of a tilt; cabin (of a ressel.)

CABANER, ka-ba-na, v. a. Mar. to turn

upside down (applied to a boat.)

CABANON, s. m. a little hut. CABARET, kå-bå-rè, s. m. tavern, publickhouse; tea-table; (plant) asarabacca. Ca-baret à bière, ale-house. Cabaret à cidre, cider-house.

CABARETIER, E, kå-bår-tíå, tier, s. m. & f. tavern-keeper, alehouse-keeper, publican. CABAS, ka-ba, s. m. frail, basket made of

rushes.

*CABASSET, s. m. slight kind of helmet. CABESTAN, ka-bes-ten, s. m. Mar. capstan Grand cabestan, cabestan de or capstern. l'arrière, main capstern, after capstern. $P\epsilon$ tit cabestan or cabestan d'arant, jeer cap-stern. Cabestan volant, crab. Mettre du monde an cabestan, to man the capstern.

CABILLAUD, ka-bi-lò, s. m. a chub, had-

dock.

CABILLE, s. f. hord, clan, tribe.

CABILLOT, s. m. Mar. toggel; also wood-en-pin (for belaying ropes.)

CABINET, kã-bî-nê, s. m. closet, study; cabinet, cabinet council. Etre du cabinet, to be of the cabinet council; cabinet, chest of drawers; arbour, bower; summer-house; wardrobe; house of office. Un homme de cabinet, a studious or bookish-man.

CABLE, kabl, s.m. Mar. cab.e. Câbles de retenue, two thick cables fastened to the forepart of a ship on the stocks when about to be launched, and which are cut at the moment she is to go off. V. Tour.

CABLEAU, kå-blo, s. m. little cable. V.

Cablot.

Cabler, kå-blå, v. a. to twist several threads into a cord, make cables. Câbler de la ficelle, to twist thread.

Савьот, s. m. Mar. cablet, painter, warp. Савосне, kå-bosh, s. f. head; sort of hob-

nail; old useless nail.

Cabochon, ka-bo-shon, s. m. precious stone polished but not cut.

CABOTAGE, kå-bð-táz, s. m. Mar. coast-ing art of coasting, coasting-trade. CABOTER, kå-bð-tá, v. n. Mar. to sail

along the coast and trade from port to port.

CABOTIER, kå-bô-tlå, s. m. coasting vessel.

CABRER, kå-brå, v. n. se cabrer, v. r. to prance, irritate, rise upon the two hind feet, rear up; to start, fall or fly into a passion, be transported with anger, take head. Ne lui dites pas cela, vous le ferez cabrer, do not say that to him, you will make him fly into a passion. Faire cabrer un cheval, to make a horse rear up

CABRI, ka-bri, s.m. young kid. CABRIOLE, ka-bri-ol, s. f. capriole, caper;

goat-leap. CABRIOLER, kå-bri-d-lå, v. n. to caper,

cut capers. Faire la cabriole, to be hanged. CABRIOLET, kå-brì-ò-lè, s. m. one horsedaise.

CABRIOLEUR, kå-brî-ô-lêur, s. m. caperer; one that cuts capers

CABRIONS, S. m. pl. Mar. quoins or wedges to secure guns in bad weather. Mettre les cabrions à la batterie, to quoin the guns.

CABRON, ka-bron, s. m. kid, kid skin.

Cabus, kå-bů, adj. m. headed. Ex. Chour cabus, headed cabbage.

CACA, ka-ka, s. m. nursery word for ex

crement of infants.

CACADE, kå-kåd, s. f. evacuation; also sad balk, baffle. Ex. Faire une cacade, to be balked.

CACALIA, s. f. a sort of plant. CACAO, ka-ka-ò, s. m. cocoa-nut. CACAOYER, ka-ka-ò-ya, s. m. cocoa-tree.

CACAOVERE, kå-kå-d-yer, s. f. place planted with cocoa-trees.

CACATOU, CACATOUA. V. Kakatoës.
CACHE, kash, s. f. lurking-hole, secret
place, hidden corner.

Caché, E, adj. hid or hidden. V. Cacher. Se tenir caché, to lie hid, to lurk or skulk. Cachectique, adj. & s. cachectick, of a

bad constitution.

CACHEMENT, s. m. hiding. Cachemens de visage, hidings of the face.
CACHER, kå-shå, v. a. to hide, conceal, secrete, cover; keep close, private or secret, dissemble. Se cacher, v.r. to conceal or hide dissemble. Se cacher, v. r. to concear or muce one's self, lurk, or skulk, abscond. If ne s'en cache point, he does it openly or barefaced.
Cachet, kâ-shé, s. m. seal. Le cachet du roi, the king's signet.
Cacheter, kâ-shét, s. f. lurking-hole, seal up.
Cachetere, kâ-shét, s. f. lurking-hole, seat open de luity palace. En cachete adv. in seat

cret or hiding-place. En cachette, adv. in secret, secretly, underhand.

CACHEXIE, kå-kek-sl, s. f. cachexy, bad

habit of body.

Сленот, kā-shō, s. m. dungeon.

Сленоттекіе, kā-shōt-ri, s. f. affected mysterious way of speaking or acting in order to conceal trifles.

Cachou, s. m. cashew or cashoo (nut.) CACIQUE, s. m. Mexican prince

CACIS, s. m. black current, jelly made of its fruit, cordial made of its fruit and leaves.

CACOCHYME, kå-kå-shîm, adj. cacochymick, ill-complexioned, full of ill humours.

Esprit cacochyme, ill-humoured, cross, peevish person.

CACOCHYMIE, kå-kå-shì-mi, s.f. cacochymy. CACOPHONIE, kå-kð-fð-nl, s. f. cacophony, dissonance.

CACOTROPHIE, s. f. cacotrophy, depraved nutrition.

*CACOZELE, s. m. ill-affection, misguided

CADASTRE, kå-dåstr, s. m. register of lands, dooms-day book; terrier.
CADAVEREU-X, se, kå-då-vê-rèu, rèuz,

adj. cadaverous. CADAVRE, kå-dåvr, s. m. corpse, carcass.

dead body.
CADEAU, ka-do, s. m. flourish in writing;

flourish, mere flourish; feast, banquet, treat (giren to women;) gift, present.

CADENAS, kåd-na, s. m. padlock.

CADENASSER, kåd-na-sa, v. a. to padlock.

CADENCE, kå-dens, s. f. cadence; close; time; shake.

CADENCÉ, E, adj. well turned, harmonious. CADENCER, ka-den-sa, v. a. to give a verse or period an agreeable cadence, to cadence, quaver.

*CADÈNE, kå-den, s. f. chain (for galley-slaves.) Etre à la cadène, to be tied by the leg like a galley-slave.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

CADENETTES, kåd-nčt, s. f. pl. a cue. Che-

CADENTTES, RAUBELS, Pair dressed with a cue. CADET, kå-dê, s. m. younger son or brother; cadet or volunteer in the regiment of guards: junior; young fellow. Un cadet de guards; junior; young fellow. Un cadet de hant appetit, a sharp set young fellow.

Cadette, ka-dêt, s. f. younger daughter; olso younger sister, and sort of free-stone

good for paving.

CADI, s. m. justice of the peace among the Turks. Capis, kå-di, s. m. kind of serge.

CADIX, pronounced Cadisse.

CADMIE, s. f. composition that adheres to the sides of a furnace where metals are melt-

ed; cadmia. CADOLE, ka-dol, s. m. latch.

CADRAN, kå-drèn, s. m. dial, sundial. CADRE, kådr, s. m. frame (of pictures,

Mar. cradle, bedframe. avons 30 hommes sur les cadres, we have 30 men in the sick birth.

CADRER, ka-dra, v. n. to quadrate, to agree, agree or answer, suit, tally; v. a. to square. CADUC, CADUQUE, kå-důk, adj. decaying

or decayed, crazy; frail, brittle, perishable. Legs caduc, succession caduque, escheat. Mal caduc, falling sickness

CADUCÉE, kå-dů-så, s. m. caduceus, Mercury's wand, also the tipstaff of the king at

arms and heralds.

CADUCITÉ, kå-då-sî-tå, s. f. weakness, decrepitude, craziness; also decay or falling to

ruin of a house.

CAFARD, E, kå-får, fård, adj. & s. hypocritical, hypocrite or bigot, puritan. Dumas cafard, sort of damask mixed with silk and ferret.

ret. CAFARDERIE, s. f. hypocrisy. 1.2 62 s. m. coffee. Feves de café, CAFÉ, ka-fé, s. m. coffee. Fèves de café, coffee-berries. Coffee-house.

CAFETAN, s. m. caftan, vest among the

Turks.

CAFETIÈRE, kaf-tier, s. f. coffee-pot.

Cafier, kå-fiå, s. m. coffee-tree.

CAFRERIE, s. f.Caffraria.

CAGE, kaz, s. f. cage, bird-cage; jail; four walls of a house.

Cage, Mar. cage à poule, hen-coop. à drisse, sort of tub open on the sides, in which the main-topsail haliards are coiled on board French ships of war.

CAGEE, s. f. cage-full. CAGIER, s. m. bird-sellcr. CAGNARD, E, kå-gnår, gnård, adj. & s. m. & f. lazy, slothful, idle person. Mar. weather cloth.

CAGNARDER, kå-gnår-då, v. n. to live an

idle, lazy life. CAGNARDISE, ka-gnar-dlz, s. f. laziness, slothfulness, idleness.

CAGNE, s. f. bitch, whore, strumpet. CAGNEU-X, s.E., ka-gneu, gneuz, adj. ba-ker-legged, the knees bending inward. CAGOT, E, ka-go, got, adj. & s. hypocriti-

cal, hypocrite.

CAGOTERIE, ka-got-rl, s. f. hypocrisy. CAGOTISME, s. m. hypocrisy, affected de-

Cagou, ka-goo, s. m. one who, owl-like, lives retired and flies from company. CAGUE, s. f. kind of Dutch sloop.

Cahier, kå-ye, s. m. loose sheet of a book, stitched book, copy-book: also bill or account. Cahin-caha, ka-in-ka-a, adv. against the

grain, untowardly, with much ado.

CAHOT, kå-ð, s. m. jolt; shock. CAHOTAGE, kå-ð-tåz, s. m. jolting. CAHOTER, kå-ð-tå, v. a. to jolt. CAHUTTE, kå-ðt, s. f. cottage, hut.

CAIEU, ka-yeu, s. m. sucker, offset. CAILLE, kal, s. f. quail. CAILLÉ, E, adj. curdled, etc. Sang caillé, blood coagulated, clotted blood.

CAILLE, ka-la, s. m. milk turned to curds. CAILLEBOTTE, kal-bot, s. f. curds of milk. CAILLEBOTTE, adj. curdled. CAILLEBOTTIS, s. m. pl. Mar. gratings.

Ote les caillebottis, unlay the gratings.

CAILLEMENT, kal-men, s. m. curdling of women's milk in child-bed, also of liquors.

CAILLER, ka-la, v.a. to curdle, coagulate. La morsure des serpens caille le sang, the bite of serpents curdles the blood. Cailler, v. n. Se cailler, v. r. to curd, curdle or turn into curds, coagulate.

CAILLETEAU, kal-to, s. m. young quail.

CAILLETTE, ka-let, s.f. rennet bag of a calf, etc. also silly gossipping person.

CAILLETTE, ka-let, s.f. rennet bag of a calf, etc. also silly gossipping person.

CAILLOT, ka-let, s. m. little clot of blood,

lump of clotted blood.

CAILLOT-ROSAT, s. m. rose-water pear. CAILLOU, ka-loo, s. m. flint, flint-stone. CAILLOUTAGE, ka-loo-taz, s. m. flints.

CAIMACAN, s. m. officer among the Turks, CAIMAND, E, kê-mèn, mènd, s. m. & f. beggar, lazy beggar, mumper. CAIMANDER, kê-mèn-dà, v. n. to beg or

mump.

CAIMANDEU-R, SE, kê-men-deur, deuz, s.

m. & f. beggar, mumper. CAYQUE, ka-lk, s. m. galley-boat.

CAIRE, ker. s. m. what wraps up the co-

coa-nut. Le Caire, le grand Caire, Cairo.

CAISSE, kès, s. f. box, chest, trunk; cash; ready money; drum. Caisse, s. f. Mar. Caisse d'une poulie, shell of a block. Caisse flottante, mooring-buoy. Caisse d'appui, two large empty chests in the shape of floating

stages. Caissier, kè-siå, s. m. cash-keeper *or* cashier.

Caisson, kė-son, s. m. covered wagon or carriage. Caisson, s. m. Mar. locker. CAjoler, kå-zö-lå, v. a. to cajole, flatter, coax, court, fawn upon, wheedle. Cajoler la marée, Mar. to drive with the tide against the

CAJOLERIE, kå-zôl-rl, s. f. eajoling, coax ing, courting, fawning upon: or flattery, praise. CAJOLEU-R, SE, kå-zô-lêur, leuz, s. m. &

f. cajoler, coaxer.

CAJUTE, s. f. bed (in a ship.)

Cal, kål, s. m. callosity; callous. Calabre, s. f. Calabria. Calaison, s. f. Mar. depth of a ship.

CALAMBOUR, s. m. a sort of India-wood.

CALAMENT, s. m. CALAMENTE, s. f. calamint.

CALAMINE, s. f. calamine. CALAMISTRER, kå-lå-mis-trå, v. a. to dress

and powder the hair. CALAMITE, s. f. magnet, load-stone, mag-

netick needle.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

CALAMITÉ, kå-lå-mî-tå, s. f. calamity, misery, adversity, trouble, misfortune, distress.
CALAMITEU-X, SE, ka-la-mi-teu, teuz, adj.
calamitons, miserable, wretched, hard.

CALANDRE, kå-lendr, s. f. weevil; calender; kind of lark.

CALANDRER, kå-len-drå, v. a. to calender

cloth. CALANDREUR, kå-len-dreur, s. m. one who

calenders cloth. CALCAIRE, kål-ker, adj. that may be re-

duced to chalk. CALCÉDOINE. s. f. calcedonious, clouded

CALCEDOINEU-X, SE, adj. precious stones

that have some white spots. CALCINATION, kål-sî-na-sîon, s. f. calcina-

tion, carcining.
CALCINER, kål-sl-nå, v. a. to calcine or

calcinate. Se calciner, v. r. to calcine, be calcined.

CALCUL, kål-kůl, s. m. calculation, computation, reckoning, account; the stone in the kidneys or bladder.

CALCULABLE, kål-kå-låbl, adj. that may be calculated.

Calculateur, kål-kå-lå-tëur, s. m. cal-

culator, accountant CALCULER, kål-ků-lå, v. a. to calculate, compute, cast up, reckon. Mar. to find. Calculer l'heure de la pleine mer, to find the time of high water. Calculer la longitude,

to find the longitude, etc.
CALE, kal, s. f. sort of woollen cap. Por-

ter la cale, to wear a livery.

Cale, s. f. Mar. wedge, chock, hold; (in the Mediterranean) lee-shore, small creek between two rocks or cliffs; ducking. Cale ordinaire, common ducking. Grande cale, brachate, common ducting. Grade cate, keel-hauling. Cale à l'eau, main-hold. Cale au vin, etc. spirit-room. Cale de construction, stocks or slip for ship-building. Cale (de magasin, de quai, de mâture) slip. Avont-cale, that part of the slip which is a-stern of a ship while building. Gens de la cale, holders. Calebas, s. m. Mar. V. Hulebas.

CALEBASSE, kål-bås, s. f. great gourd; so gourd bottle. Tromper or frauder la also gourd bottle.

culebasse, to cheat, gull. CALEBASSIER, s. m. a tree of America that is very much like the apple-tree.

CALEBOTIN, s. m. crown of an old hat used

by shoemakers to put their thread and awls in.
CALÈCHE, kå-lesh, s. f. calash.
CALECON, kål-son, s. m. drawers, pair of

CALÉFACTION, kå-lå-fåc-sion, s. f. calefaetion.

CALEMBOUR, CALEMBOURG, kå-len-höor,

s. m. pun, quibble.
CALENDES, kå-lend, s. f. pl. calends. Aux calendes, Greeques, when two Sundays come together, at latter lammas, never.

Calendes, convocation of country-parsons.

CALENDRIER, kå-len-driå, s. m. calendar,

almanack.

CALENTURE, kå-len-tur, s. f. calenture.

CALEPIN, s. m. book of extracts or notes. CALER, kå-la, v. a. & n. Mar. to chock, wedge up. Cale davantage le hâtiment, bring the ship more down in the water, Caler les voiles, to strike sail. Caler la voile, to submit, yield, buckle to. Caler les pieds

d'une table, to make a table stand level or

firm by means of a sort of wedge.
CALFAT, kål-få, s.m. calking; calker.
CALFATAGE, kål-få-tä, s.m. calking.
CALFATER, kål-få-tå, v. a. to calk.

CALFATEUR, s. m. calker

CALFATIN, s. m. calker's boy, oakum boy. CALFEUTRAGE, kål-fen-tråz, s. m. stopping of chinks.

CALFEUTRER, kål-feu-trå, v. a. to stop

the chinks (of a door,) etc. to keep out wind. CALIBRE, ka-libr, s. m. bore (of a gun,) size (of a ball;) sort, kind, stamp, merit, rate, worth, parts (of a person;) size, bigness, bulk.

CALIBRER, kå-lf-brå, v. a. to dispart (a piece of ordnance, etc.) to size (a ball.

CALICE, kå-lis, s. m. chalice, communion cup; chalice or cup (of a flower,) cup of affliction.

CALIFAT, s. m. dignity of a Califf.

CALIFE, or CALIPHE, s. m. Califf.
CALIFOURCHON, s. m. Ex. à cali fourchon, Aller à cheval à califouradv. a-straddle. chon, to ride a-straddle.

Caligineu-x, se, adj. gloomy. Calin, e, ka-lin, lin, s. m. & f. silly lazy person.

CALINER, ka-lî-na, se câliner, v. r. to be indolent or inactive

CALIORNE, s. f. Mar. winding tackle, large two or three fold tackle. Caliorne de misaine, fore tackle. Grande caliorne, main-tackle. CALLEU-X, SE, kål-leu, leuz, adj. callous,

hard. CALLOSITÉ, kål-lô-zî-tà, s. f. callosity:

hardness or thickness of the skin. Callot, kål-lå, s. m. block of unhewn slate. Calmande, kål-mend, s. f. calimanco.

CALMANT, s. m. calmer, anodyne. CALMAR, kål-mår, s. m. cuttle-fish, pen-

case.

CALME, kalm, adj. calm, still, quiet. La mer est bien coime, the water is very smooth. CALME, s. m. calmness, tranquillity, quietness, stillness. Mar. calm. Calme plat, flat or dead calm. Etre en calme, to be becalmed.

Calmer, kål-må, v. a. to calm, appease, quiet, pacify, still. Calmer, v. n. Mar. to fall calm. Se calmer, v. r. to grow calm. Il

calme, the wind abates.

Calmie, s. f. Mar. lull. Nage à la calmie,

give way in the lull.

CALOMNIAT-EUR, RICE, ka-lom-nî-a-tênr, tris, s. m. &. f. calumniator, slanderer, false accuser.

CALOMNIE, ka-lom-nl, s. f. calumny, scan-dal, slander, false imputation, malicious aspersion.

CALOMNIER, kå-lôm-nî-å, v. a. to calumniate, slander, asperse or detract, accuse falsely

CALOMNIEUSEMENT, kå-lom-nî-euz-mên. adv. falsely, slanderously, by false accusa-

CALOMNIEU-X, SE, kā-lôm-ni-èn, adj. calumnious, false, slanderous.

CALONIÈRE, s. f. pop-gun. V. Canonnière. *CALOT, s. m. shelled nut, walnut.

CALOTIN, s. m. coxcomb, priest.

CALOTINE, s. f. grotesque work or figure. CALOTTE, kå-låt, s. f. calotte, skull-cap. CALOTTIER, s. m. a maker or seller of ca-

lottes or skull-caps; also walnut-tree. CALOYER, s. m. caloyer, (sort of monk.) buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

CALQUE, kålk, s. m. outlines of a design or print which has been chalked. CALQUER, kål-kå, v.a. to chalk or mark

the outlines of.

CALUMET, kå-lů-mê, s. m. calumet. CALUS, kå-lůs, s. m. callous; hardness, cal-

losity.

CALVAIRE, kål-vėr, s. m. Calvary. CALVILLE, kål-vil, s. m. kind of apple. CALVINISME, kål-vi-nism, s. m. Calvinism.

CALVINISTE, s. m. Calvinist.
CALVITIE, kāl-vi-si, s. f. baldness.
CAMAĬEU, kā-mā-yeu, s. m. camaieu; also
picture painted all with one colour, brooch.

CAMAIL, kå-mål, s. m. camail (a bishop's purple ornament,) a capuchin (worn in winter by other ecclesiasticks.)

Camarade, kå-må-råd, s. m. comrade, companion, fellow, friend. Camarade d'école, school-fellow. Camarade de voyage, fellowtraveller, etc.

CAMARD, E, kå-mår. mard, adj. & s. m.

& f. flat-nosed person.

CAMBISTE, kån-bist, s. m. one who buys and sells bills of exchange.

CAMBOUIS, kån-bwl, s. m. gome, black and oily grease of a cart-wheel, etc.

CAMBRAI, s. m. (city of Flanders) Cambrai, c. m. (city of Flanders) bray. Du Cambrai or de la toile de Cambrai, cambrick.

CAMBRÉ, E, adj. vaulted, arched, camerated, that lies cambering; warped; hollow. CAMBRER, kan-bra, v. a. to vault or arch, crook or bend. Se cambrer, v. r. to warp.
CAMBRURE, kan-brur, s. f. bending or

crooking.

CAME, V. Chame.

CAMÉE. s. m. cameo (sort of stone.) CAMÉLÉON, kã-mê-lê-on, s. m. chameleon; also a constellation in the soothern hemisphere.

CAMÉLÉOPARD, s. m. cameleopard. CAMELOT, kâm-lô, s. m. camelot, camlet.

CAMELOTÉ, E, adj. woven like camelot. CAMELOTINE, s. f. sort of camelot. CAMÉRIER, kã-mg-ria, s. m. chamberlain

of a Pope or cardinal

CAMERLINGAT, kå-mer-lin-gå, s. m. office

of the Pope's great chamberlain.

CAMERLINGUE, kå-mer-ling, s. m. the
Pope's great chamberlain.

CAMION, kå-mi-on, s. m. kind of little cart drawn by two men, cat's claw, small pin, minikin.

CAMISADE, kå-mì-zad, s. f. camisado, as-

sault by night. CAMISARD, E, s. m. & f. camisard (fana-

tic in the Cevennes.) CAMISOLE, kå-mi-zol, s. f. under waistcoat. CAMOMILLE, kå-mô-mîl, s. f. camomile.

CAMOUFLET, kå-mõo-flě, s. m. smoke of burning paper blown up the nose of one asleep; also affront.

CAMP, kan, s. m. camp; the lists. Camp volant, fiying camp. Mestre de camp, colonel of horse. Maréchal de camp, major general. Aide de camp, aid de camp. Lever le camp, to decamp, break up.
CAMPAGNARD, E, kan-på-gnur, gnård,

adj. & s. m. & f. of the country, rustic, countryman, country-woman. Air campagnard, clownish look. Noblesse campagnarde, country gentry

Campagne, kan-pagn, s. f. country; cham-paign; campaign of an army.) Pièce de campagne, field-piece. Se mettre en campagne, tenir la campagne, to have the field, keep the field. Commencer or ouvrir la campagne, to begin the campaign, open the field. Mar. voyage or cruise during a season or limited space of time. Campagne de croisière, cruise. Campagne de côte, cruise along shore (from port to port.) Campagne de long cours, long voyage. Campagne de rade, time which ships of war, ready for sea, remain in a road-stead, and then return into harbour without sailing.

CAMPANE, kan-pan, s. f. tuft, fringe.

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CAMPANELLE, s. f. bell flower. CAMPANETTE, s. f. blue bell flower, Canterbury bell. CAMPANILLE, s. m. steeple, cupola, s. f. a

small dome.

CAMPÉ, E, adj. encamped, etc. Bien campé, in a good posture or position (speaking of a person or figure.)

CAMPÉCHE, kan-pèsh, s. m. logwood.

CAMPEMENT, kanp-men, s. m. encamping,

encampment.

CAMPER, kan-på, v. n. Se camper, v. r. to encamp, pitch a camp; to place one's self, pitch one's camp. Camper, v. a. to encamp; to place, give a position to (the body.)

CAMPHRE, kanfr, s. m. camphire. CAMPHRÉ, E, adj. camphorated. CAMPINE, s. f. fine pullet. CAMPO, s. m. Spanish wool.

Campos, kan-po, s. m. play-day, holy-day. CAMUS, E, ka-mu, muz, adj. & s. m. & f. flat-nosed, flat-nosed person. Hest bien camus, le voilà bien camus, he has been sadly balked.

CAMUSON, s. f. flat-nosed girl.

CANAILLE, kå-nal, s. f. mob, rabble. CANAL, kå-nal, s. m. channel, bed; channel, strait, narrows; canal; aqueduct, pipe, water-conduit; gutter; groove for the rammer of a gun; passage, canal (of the body;) way, means. Canal de l'épine du dos, cavity or hole of the back-bone. Faire canal, to put off to sea, keep the sea, cross a channel from one shore to the opposite shore.

Canal d'une poulie, Mar. sheave-hole of a

block.

CANAPÉ, kå-nå-på, s. m. couch, sofa.

CANAPSA, s. m. knapsack. CANARD, kå-nar, s. m. duck or drake, male duck, mallard; also water-dog. Canard prine, decoy-duck; also (speaking of people,) decoy. one that takes another in. Donner des canards à quelqu'un, to put upon one. CANARDER, kå-når-då, v. a. to shoot from

a place of safety, to pelt.

CANARDIÈRE, kå-når-dlèr, s. f. decoy to catch ducks; also loop-hole to shoot through.

CANARI, kå-nå-rå, s. m. canary-bird.

Canarie, s. f. sort of dance.

CANARIN, s. m. canary-sparrow. CANASTRE, kå-nåstr, s. m. canister.

CANCEL, kan-sel, s. m. chancel.

CANCELLATION, s. f. rescission.

Cancelle, s. m. small crab-fish.

CANCELLER, kan-sêl-lâ, v. a. to cancel. CANCER, kan-sêr, s. m. a cancer; Cancer.

CANCRE, kankr, s. m. crab fish; wretch; sordid fellow.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

CANDELABRE, kan-de-labr, s. m. great branched candlestick, chandelier.
CANDELETTE, s. f. Mar. fish (tackle employed for fishing the anchor.)

CANDEUR, kan-deur, s. f. candour, frank-

ness, openness, sincerity, integrity.

Candi, E, adj. (from Candir) candy or candied. Du sucre candied, sugar-candy.

Candidate, Kan-di, då, s. m. candidate.

Candidate, då, då, candid, sincere, frank open inconvente. frank, open, ingenuous.

CANDIDEMENT, kan-did-men, adv. candidly, sincerely, frankly, ingenuously.

CANDIR, kan-dir, se candir, v. r. to can-

r. Faire candir, to candy. CANE, kan, s. f. (female of canard) duck;

Faire la cane, to betray cowardice.

CANEPETIÈRE, s. f. bird the size of a pheasant.

CANEPIN, kan-pin, s. m. fine sheep-skin. CANETER, kan-ta, v. n. to waddle like a

duck. CANETON, kan-ton, s. m. CANETTE, s. f.

young duck, duckling. CANEVAS, kan-va, s. m. canvass; rough

draught, sketch, ground work.
CANGRÉNE, V. Gangréne.
CANICHE, s. f. spaniel bitch.
CANICULAIRE, kå-nl-kå-ler, adj. canicu-

lar. Les jours caniculaires, the canicular or CANICULE, kå-nî-kûl, s. f. dog-star; also

the canicular or dog-days.

CANIF, ka-nif, s. m. pen-knife. CANIN, E, kå-min, nin, adj. canine. Faim canine, canine appetite, greedy worm. Dents canines, eye-teeth or fangs. Ris canin, grin. CANNAGE, s. m. measuring by a stick of

an ell and two thirds in length.

CANNAIE, s. f. field planted with rushes and reeds.

Canne, kan, s. f. cane or reed; cane, walking-stick; stick or measure of an ell and two thirds (of Paris.) Donner des coups de canne à quelqu'un, to canc one. Jeu des cannes, cane-play, kind of tournament. Canne de sucre, sugar cane.

CANNEBERGE, s. f. plant which grows in marshes, and the berries of which are good

CANNELAS, kan-la, s. m. cinnamon sugar-

CANNELER, kån-lå, v. a. to flute (a column,) zhannel, chamfer.

CANNELIER, s. m. cinnamon-tree. CANNELLE, kå-nel, s. f. cinnamon.

Cannelle sauvage, kind of gray cinnamon. nelle, tap, brass-cock.

CANNELURE, kân-lùr, s. f. fluting, cham-fering, channelling (of a column.) CANNETILLE, kân-tîl, s. f. purl, gold or

silver purl.

CANNETILLER, v. a. to tie with purl, the with gold or silver twist.

CANNIBALE, kå-nî-bal, s. m. cannibal,

man-eater. CANON, kå-non, s. m. cannon, piece of ord-nance; barrel (of fire-arms;) pipe; gutter; (in musick) sort of fuge; pad, roller; (in printing) a large sized type; canon, churchlaw. Le droit canon, the canon-law. Le canon des écritures, the canonical books of *xipture. Coup de canon, cannon-shot, re- l to have a private conversation.

port of a cannon when fired. A la portée du canon, within cannon-shot.

Canon, s. m. Mar. gun, etc. Un canon de dix huit, an eighteen pounder. Canons de chasse, bow-chases. Canons de retraite, stern-chases. Les canons de cette frégate sont rentrés, this frigate's guns are run in. bâtiment a ses canons aux sabords, that ship has her guns run out.

CANONIAL, E, kå-nô-niål, adj. canonical,

prebendal.

CANONICAT, kå-nô-nî-kå, s. m. canonry, prebend.

CANONICITÉ, s. f. canonicalness.

CANONIQUE, kå-nô-nîk, adj. canonical. CANONIQUEMENT, kå-no-nik-men,adv.ca-

CANONISATION, kå-nô-nî-zå-slon, s. f. canonization.

Canoniser, kå-nô-nî-zå, v. a. to canonize

CANONISTE, ka-no-nist, s. m. canonist, doctor of canon-law.

CANONNADE, kå-no-nåd, s. f. cannonade, cannonading.

CANONNAGE, s. m. Mar. gunnery. CANONNER, kā-nō-nā, v. a. to cannonade, batter with eannon. Canonner un bâtiment dans son bois, to hull a ship, strike a ship

with shot in the hull.

CANONNIER, kå-nô-nîå, s. m. gunner. Canonnier, Mar. Maître canonnier; gun-er. Second eanonnier, gunner's mate.

Aide-caronnier, quarter gunner.
Canonnière, kā-nō-nièr, s. f. loop-hole
in a wall to shoot through, casemate, embrasure: also draining hole in a wall, and popgun, tent the sides of which are open.

CANOT, kå-no, s. m. canoe, boai. Grand canot, barge. Petit canot, jolly boat. Canot de l'état-major, pinnace.

CANOTIER, s. m. Mar. rower.

CANTAL, s. m. sort of cheese. CANTATE, kan-tat, s. f. (piece of musick)

CANTATILLE, kan-ta-til, s. f. little cantata.
CANTATRICE, kan-ta-tris, s. f. woman singer (generally Italian.)

CANTHARIDE, kan-ta-rid, s.f. cantharides.

CANTHUS, s. m. canthus, sort of sea-fish.

CANTINE, kan-tin, s. f. case for bottles;
place where drink is sold to soldiers. CANTINIER, kan-ti-ni-a, s. m. cantine-

keeper in an army. CANTIQUE, kan-tik, s. m. canticle, spirit-

ual song. CANTON, kan-ton, s. m. canton; district or

part of a country; corner or part of a town.

CANTONADE, kan-tô-nad, s. f. corner of the stage. Parler à la cantonade, to speak to a person behind the scenes.

CANTONNÉ, E, adj. stationed, etc. CANTONNEMENT, s. m. cantoning.

CANTONNER, kan-to-na, v. n. to get into stations or quarters. Se contonner, v. r. to withdraw to or station one's self in some secure place.

CANTONNIÈRE, kan-tô-nièr, s. f. sort of additional curtain to a bed.

CANULE, s. f. pipe (for a sore.)

CAP, kap, s. m. head. De pied en cap, cap-a-pie, from top to toe. Parler cap à cap, buse, but : jeane, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Cup, Mar. head of a ship; head-land, cape, | promontory, point. Cap d'ouvriers, quarter man or foreman among artificers in an arsenal. Le commandant a le cap au lurge, the commodore is standing off shore. On est le cap! How is her head? Le cap en route, steer the course. Cap de mouton, dead eye. Cap de mouton ferré, iron-bound dead eye. Cap de mouton à croc, iron-bound dead eye with a hook. Cap de remorque d'un canot, guest rope of a boat in town.

CAPABLE, kå-pabl, adj. capable, able, apt, fit; able, learned, skilful. Capable de tenir or de contenir, capacious enough to hold or re-ceive. Faire le capable, to pretend to great matters, take upon onc's self, set up for a man of skill. Un homme capable de tout, a daring, resolute, or bold man; one that will do any

CAPABLEMENT, adv. learnedly, skilfully. CAPACITÉ, ka-pa-si-ta, s. f. capaciousness or capacity, spaciousness, extent, size; ability, skill, skilfulness, sufficiency; capability. A-voir une profonde capacité, to be deeply tearned. Selon lu capacité de mon esprit, according to my apprehension. Capacité or Capacités, Mar. bulk, burden, tonnage, space contained within the hold of a ship. Votre bâtiment manque de capacités, your ship has too

narrow a floor. Ce brig a de grandes capacites, that brig is very full built. CAPARAÇON, ka-pa-ra-son, s. m. caparison,

accontrement (of a horse.)

CAPARAÇONNER, ka-pa-ra-so-na, v. a. to

caparison, accoutre.

CAPE, kap, s. f. Spanish cape, a riding-hood. Rire sous cape, to laugh in one's sleeve. N'avoir que l'épée et la cape, to have nothing but one's sword to trust to, to have little or nothing.

Cape, s. f. Mar. Etre à la cape, to be trying or lying to (in a storm) to try or lie to. Ce bâtiment est à la cape à la pouilleuse, that ship is trying under her main stay-sail. La cape à la grande voile est très dangereuse dans les sauts de vent, it is very dangerous to be ly-ing to under a main sail in sudden shifts of wind.

CAPELAGE, s. m. Mar. the shrouds, rigging, etc. which go over the mast-head.

CAPELAN. kap-len, s. m. tattered crape, poor priest; also sort of sea-fish.

CAPELER, v. a. Mar. to fix on the masthead. Capeler une hime, to get a top over. CAPELET, s. m. swelling in a horse's

CAPELINE, kap-lin, s. f. woman's cap set off with feathers; also Mercury's cap; and a

sort of bandage. CAPENDU, or COURTPENDU, s. m. short

start apple.

CAPÉVER, or CAPER, v. n. Mar. to try, to

he to.
CAPILLAIRE, ka-pl-ler, s. m. capillaire,

CAPILLAIRE, adj. of maiden-hair; also of capillaire; and capillary. Fracture capillaire,

fracture not rigger than a hair.

CAPILOTADE, kå-pl-lå-tåd, s. f. sort of hash.

poupe, upper part of the stern post. De capion à capion, from stem to stern.

CAPITAINE, ka-pî-tên, s. m. captain; also commander, general; and governor of a castle.) Lorsqu'il est question de fuir, il est toujours le capitaine, in time of flight he is al-ways foremost. Capitaine de vaisseau, postcaptain. Capitaine de pavillon, captain of a flag ship. Capitaine d'armes, master at arms. Capitaine de port, harbour-master; also sort of master attendant (in a dock-yard.)

CAPITAINERIE, kå-pî-tên-rl, s. f. captainry or government of a castle; also office of ran-ger; and house of the governour or ranger. CAPITAL, E, kå-pl-tål, adj. capital, chief, main, principal; (letters) large, capital; capi-

tal, worthy of death, mortal.

CAPITAL, kå-pî-tål, s. m. main point, chief stress; principal, capital; stock. Il fait un grand capital de votre amitié, he depends much upon your friendship.

Capitale, s. f. chief or capital city. Capitales, capitals, capital letters.

CAPITALEMENT, adv. capitally. CAPITALISTE, kå-pl-ta-list; s. m. possessor of a large property either in money or in bills, monied man.

CAPITAN, ka-pl-ten, s. m. braggadocio, vaggerer, huff, hector. Capitan-Bacha, swaggerer, Turkish admiral.

CAPITANE, kå-pî-tan, s. f. admiral-gal-

ley.

CAPITANIE, s. f. capitanry. CAPITATION, ka-pi-ta-sion, s. f. capitation,

poll-tax, or poll-money.

CAPITOLIN, E. adj. capitoline.

CAPITOLIN, S. B., ka-pl-teu, teuz, adj. heady.
CAPITOLIN, E. pl-teu, teuz, adj. heady.
CAPITOLIN, E. adj. capitoline.

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CAPITON, kå-pl-ton, s. in. coarsest part of

silk, the welt.

Capitoul, ka-pl-tool, s. m. capitoul, sor of sheriff or alderman at Toulouse.

CAPITULAIRE, ka-pi-tu-ler, adj. of or be-

longing to a chapter. Acte capitulaire, act or decree of a chapter (of priests.)

CAPITULAIRE, s. m. capitular, body of the

statutes of a chapter.

CAPITULAIREMENT, ka-pi-ta-ler-men, adv. chapterly, by the whole chapter.

CAPITULANT, ka-pî-tû-lên, s. m. member of a chapter, one who has a vote in a chapter. CAPITULATION, ka-pi-tu-la-sion, capitu-

lation, articles, agreement.
CAPITULER, ka-pi-tu-la, v.n. to capitulate,

parley, or treat. CAPNOMANCIE, s. f. capnomancy, divination

by smoke. CAPIVERT, s. m. amphibious animal of

Brazil.

CAPON, ka-pôn, s. m. trickish fellow or sharper (at play.) Capon, s. m. Mar. cat. CAPONNER, ka-pô-na, v. a. to trick or cheat

at play. Caponner, v. a. Mar. to cat.
CAPONNIERE, s. f. caponniere, sort of trench
or lodgement with loop-holes to fire through.

Mettre quelqu'un en capilotade, to berate or stander unmercifully.

CAPORAL, kâ-pô-ral, s. m. corporal.

CAPOR, kâ-pô-ral, s. m. capot.

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CAPORAL, kâ-pô-ral, s. m. capot.

CAPORAL, kâ-pô-ral, s. m. corporal.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, l'ig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Demeurer capot, to be balked, look very silly. Capot, a great coat. . Capot d'é-

chelle, Mar. companion, hood.

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CAPOTE, ka-pôt, s. f. riding-hood, sort of long cloak to cover a woman's dress from head to foot. Capote or capot, is also a little cape or cloak worn by the knights of the Holy Ghost.

CAPRE, kåpr, s. f. (fruit) caper. Capre, s. m. Mar. privateer. CAPRICE, kå-pris, s. m. caprice, freak, frolick, whim, maggot, fancy, piece of mere

CAPRICIER, (SE) v. r. to take pet.

CAPRICIEUSEMENT, kå-pri-sieuz-men, adv. capriciously, fantastically, whimsically, CAPRICIEU-X, SE, kå-pri-sicu, sicuz, adj. capricious, humorsome, fantastical, whimsi-

CAPRICORNE, kå-pri-kôrn, s. m. Capricorn. CAPRIER, kå-pri-å, s. m. caper-tree. CAPRIOLE, V. Cabriole.

cal; inconstant, fickle.

CAPRIPEDE, s. m. satyr. CAPRISANT, kå-pri-zèn, adj. (said of a CAPRISANT, kå-pri-ze pulse hard and irregular.)

CAPRON, kå-pron, s. m. large strawberry,

hautboy.

CAPSE, kaps, s. f. vote box. CAPSULE, kap-sul, s. f. case, capsule.

CAPTAL, s. m. chief. CAPTATEUR, kåp-tå-teur, s. m. inveigler, be that flatters a man in hopes to be his heir.

CAPTATION, s. f. inveigling. CAPTER, kap-ta, v. a. Ex. Capter la bienreillance, to curry favour. Capter les suffrages, to use cunning and deceit to obtain suffrages.

*CAPTEUR, s. m. captor. CAPTIEUSEMENT, kap-sieuz-men, adv.

captiously.

Captieu-x, se, kap-sièu, sièuz, adj. cap-

tious, deceitful, subtle. CAPTI-F, VE, kap-tif, tiv, adj. & s. m. & f. captive, confined prisoner, slave.

CAPTIVER, kap-ti-va, v. a. to captivate, or custave, submit or bring under, master or confine, to gain, ruin. Se captiver, v. r. to captivate or confine one's self, endure confinement.

CAPTIVITÉ, kap-tî-vî-ta. s. f. captivity,

slavery, thraldom, bondage, confinement. CAPTURE, kap-tur, s. f. seizure; arresting; capture, prize, booty, prey, catching.
CAPTURER, v. a. to seize, arrest, catch.

CAPUCE, ka-pas, s. m. cowl.
CAPUCHON, ka-pa-shon, s. m. cowl, riding-cloak. Mar. hood, companion.

CAPUCIN, ka-pů-sin, s. m. capuchin friar. CAPUCINADE, kå-på-sl-nåd, s. f. capuchin's

discourse, paltry sermon. CAPUCINE, ka-pu-sin, s. f. capuchin nun;

nasturtium. CAQUAGE, kå-kåz, s. m. the preparing of

herrings for salting. CAQUE, kak; s. f. cask, keg, barrel. Laca-

que sent toujours le haren's, what's bred in the bone will never be out of the flesh. Caquedenier, pinch-farthing.
CAQUER, ka-ka, v. a. Caquer le hareng, to

get herrings in order to barrel them up.

CAQUEROLE, or CAQUEROLIÈRE, s. f.

stewing-nan. CAQUET, kå-ke, s. m. talk, talkativeness,

prattling, babbling, tittle-tattle.

CAQUETAGE, s. m. the act of chatting, or twattling.

CAQUETE, kå-kêt, s. f. fish-tub. CAQUETER, kåk-tå, v. n. to prattle, talk, chat, twattle; also to cluck (as a hen.)

CAQUETERIE, kåk-te-ri, s. f. babbling,

prattling, tittle-tattling.

CAQUETEU-R, SE, kåk-teur, teuz, s. m. & f. prattler, a great talker, gossip, prattle-basket,

CAQUETOIRE, s. f. very low chair with a high back; also that part of the plough on which the plough-man sits when he talks to any one.

CAQUEUR, kā-kēur, s. m. he that guts her-rings in order to barrel them up. CAR, kār, conj. for, forasmuch as, be-

cause.

CARABÉ, s. m. yellow amber. CARABIN, ka-ra-bin, s. m. carbinier; one who breaks off a game or conversation suddenly. Carabin de St. Côme, surgeon's prentice or mate.

CARABINADE, kå-rå-bl-nåd, s. f. the trick of breaking off a game, etc. suddenly. CARABINE, kå-rå-bin, s. f. carabine.

CARABINE, E, adj. Mar. V. Brise.
CARABINER, v. n. to fire a gun and then retreat; also to take part now and then in a

game. CARABINIER, kå-rå-bl-nl-å, s. m. carbi-

nier. Caracol, kå-rå-köl, s. m. spiral. Escalier en caracol, spiral or winding stair-case.

CARACOLE, kå-rå-köl, s. f. caracole or

wheeling about (as a herse.)
CARACOLER, kå-rå-kő-lå, v. n. to caracule

or wheel about (as a horse.)

CARACOULER, v. n. to coo. CARACTÈRE, ka-rak-tèr, s. m. character, mark; letter, form of letters, type, hand, hand writing; style; charm or spell; character, dignity; distinguishing trait, character, way, humour, nature, genius.

CARACTÉRISER, kå-råk-te-rì-zå, v. a. to characterise, describe. CARACTÉRISTIQUE, kå-råk-te-ris-tik, adj.

& s. f. characteristick. CARAFE, kå-råf, s. f. flagon or glass-bottle, decanter.

CARAFON, kå-rå-fon, s. m. bottle (to put in an ice-pail,) ice-pail.

CARAGNE, s. f. aromatick gum.
CARATTES, s. m. pl. Carattes; (Sect among the Jews who adhered to the letter of scripture, and rejected the traditions, Talmud,

etc.) CARAMBOLE, kå-ren-bôl, s. f. carambol,

CARAMBOLER, kå-ren-bo-lå, v. n. to carambol (at billiards.)

CARAMEL, kå-rå-mel, s. m. kind of lozenge for a cold.

CARAMOUSSAL, or CARAMOUSSAT, S. m.

cormosil [Turkish merchant-man.]

CARAQUAN, s. m. small carack.
CARAQUE, ka-rak, s. f. carack; (a Portuguese Indiaman.) Porcelaine caraque, finest

CARAT, kå-rå, s. m. caract or carat. fou à vingt-quatre carats, an arch fool, a great fool.

CARAVANE, kå-rå-vån, s. f. caravan

buse, but : jeunc, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

CARAVANIER, s. m. leader of a caravan. CARAVANISTE, s. m. one belonging to a caravan.

CARAVANSERA OF CARAVANSERAL OF CARAVANSERAIL, s. m. caravansary

CARAVELLE, ka-ra-vel, s. f. caravel or car-

vel (sort of Portuguese vessel.)

CARBATINE, kar-ka-tin, s. f. skin of a beast newly flayed.

CARBONGLE, kår-bonk!, s. m. carbuncle, ruby; carbuncle, large pimple.
CARBONNADE, kår-bå-nåd, s. f. carbonado,

rasher on the coals.

CARCAN, kar-kan, s. m. iron-collar, wherewith a malefactor is tied to a post; also car-

CARCASSE, kår-kås, s. f. carcass; lean body, mere skeleton; (sort of bomb) carcass. Mar. carcass (ribs of a ship before the planks are laid on, or after they are ripped off.)

CARCINOME, s. m. carcinoma, cancer. CARCINOMATEU-X, SE, adj. carcinomatous,

cancerous.

CARDAMOME, s. m. cardamom.

CARDASSE, s. f. Indian fig. CARDE, kard, s. f. chard (of an articholic, etc.) also card for wool, cotton, etc.

CARDÉE, kår-då, s. f. as much wool, etc. as is carded at once with both the cards. CARDER, kar-da, v. a. to card.

CARDEU-R, SE, kår-deur, deuz, s. m. & f. carder.

CARDIALGIE, s. f. cardialgy, heart-burn. CARDIALOGIE, s. f. cardialogy, what treats of the different parts of the heart.

CARDIAQUE, adj. cardiack, cordial; s. m. cordial.

CARDIER, kår-diå, s. m. maker of cards for

combing wool, etc. CARDINAL, E. adj. cardinal, principal. CARDINAL, kar-dî-nal, s. m. cardinal. CARDINALAT, kar-dî-na-la, s. m. cardinal-

ate, cardinalship. CARDINALE, kar-dî-nal, s. f. sort of plant,

cardinal. CARDINALISER, v. a. to make cardinal, to

paint red. CARDON, kår-don, s. m. cardoon or carduus.

thistle. CARDONNETTE, V. Chardonnette.

CARÊME, kå-rem, s. m. lent; also series of lent sermons. Faire câreme, faire le carême, observer le carême, to keep lent. Carême-prenant, carnival; also shrove-tuesday; and mask or masker in shrove-tide.

CARÉNAGE, kå-re-nåz, s. m. Mar. wharf or place for careening ships, act of careening

CARÈNE, kå-ren, s. f. Mar. careen; also ship's oottom, outside of a vessel's bottom. Carène entière, thorough careen. Demi-carène, parliament heel or boot topping. Donner carène à un vaisseau, le mettre en carène, or à la carène, to careen a ship. La carène de ce bâtiment est nette, mais la nôtre est très-sale, that ship's bottom is clean, but ours is very foul. CARÈNER, ka-rà-nà, v 3. to careen, grave,

boot-top. Notre senau est : réné de frais, our

snow is just off the ground CARESSANT, E, ka-re-sen, sent, adj. caress-

ing, of a caressing temper, fawning.

CARESSE, ka-res, s. f. caress, caressing, making much of, wheedling. Il m'a fuit mille caresses, he caressed me very much, he made very much of me

CARESSER, kå-rå-så, v. a. to caress or make much of, use kindly, sooth, wheedle, tawn upon. Caresser un checal, to stroke a horse.

CARET, kå-re, s. m. kind of tortoise, tortoise, tell. V. Carret. Fil de caret, Mar. rope shell.

yarn.

CARGAISON, kar-ge-zon, s. f. Mar. cargo, lading of a ship. Quelle est votre cargaison?

what are you loaded with?

CARGUE, kårg, s. f. Mar. brail. Ce vaisseau a sa misaine sur les cargues, that ship has her fore sail in the brails. When connected with another word cargue becomes masculine. Cargue à vue, slab line. Cargue boulines or cargue à boulines, leech lines. Cargue points (des huniers) clue lines. Cargue points (des basses voiles) clue garnets. Cargue-fonds, bunt lines. Cargue d'artimon, mizen brails, etc. Cargue-bas, down-haul tackle of a top sail yard.

CARGUEHAUT, s. m. Mar. parrel haliards

to the main and fore yards.

CARGUER, kår-gå, v. a. Mar. to clue up, brail up. Carque les perroquets, clue up the top-gallant sails. Carque l'artimon, brail up the mizen. Cargue la misaine, up fore sail.

*CARIAGE, s. m. stock or crew. Tout le carriage, all the family, all the stock or crew. CARIATIDE, s. f. figure of a person support-

ing an entablature.

CARIBOU, s. m. wild heast of Canada. CARICATURE, kå-rl-kå-tur, s. f. caricature.

caricatura. CARIE, ka-rl, s. f. caries, rottenness. Il y

a carie en cette dent, this tooth Is rotten. Carier, ka-ri-a, v. n. to rot. Se carier,

v. r. to rot, grow rotten. CARILLON, ka-ri-lon, s. m. chime; jingling;

noise, bawling, scolding; racket, clatter, riot. Battre à double carillon, to beat soundly. CARILLONNEMENT, s. m. chiming. CARILLONNER, ka-ri-lo na, v. n. to chime.

CARILLONNEUR, ka-ri-lô-neur, s. m. chi-

CARISEL, s. m. sort of canvass.

CARISET, s. m. kersey, a sort of stuff. CARISTADE, ka-ris-tad, s. f. alms, charity. Demander la caristade, to beg, ask charity. Carline, s. f. carline, carline thistle.

CARLINGUE, kar-ling, s. f. Mar. (of a mast)

step; keelson or kelson. CARME, karm, s. m. Carmelite, white friar.

Carmes, two-fours CARMELITE, kårm-lit, s. f. Carmelite nun,

carmelite pear. CARMIN, kår-min, s. m. carmine.

CARMINATI-F, VE, kar-mi-na-tif, tiv. adj. carminative, that expels wind.

CARNAGE, kår-nåz, s. m. slaughter, massa-

cre. carnage. Carcass or carrion. CARNASSIER, E, kår-nå-slå, slèr, adj. devouring flesh, that lives upon flesh; also voracious, greedy, that cats much flesh; Carnas-

sière, bag or pouch (to put game in.) CARNATION, kar-na-sion, s. f. carnation,

flesh-colour.

CARNAVAL, kår-nå-vål, s. m. shrove-tide, carnival.

CARNE, karn, s. f. corner (of a stone, table,

CARNÉ. E, adj. carnation, of a flesh colour.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Ex. Une anémone carnée, a carnation ane-

CARNET, kår-ne, s. m. debt-book.

CARNIVORE, adj. that lives upon flesh, carnivorous.

CARNOSITÉ, kår-nô-zì-tå, s. f. carnosity, fleshy excreseence.

CAROBE, s. f. carob, (weight 24th of a

grain.) CAROGNE, kå-rogn, s. f. jade, baggage,

impudent slut. CAROLINE, s. f. Carolina (in America.)

Carolina (a plant.) CAROLUS, S. m. Carolus (old French coin worth ten deniers.) It a des carolus, he is well lined, he is rich, he is a monied man.

CARON, kå-ron, s. m. slice of fat bacon

without lean. CARONCULE, s. f. caruncle.

CAROTIDES, s. f. pl. the two carotid arteries.

CAROTIQUE, s. m. hole which gives pas-

Sage to the carotid artery.

CAROTTE, ka-rot, s. f. carrot. CAROTTER, kå-rð-tå, v. n. to play low, to

venture but little at play.

CAROTTIER, E, kå-rô-tlå, tlèr, s. m. & f.

one who plays low or ventures but little. CAROUBE, ka-roob, or CAROUGE, s. f. carob-bean.

CAROUBIER, kå-rôo-bià, s. m. carob-tree.

CARPE, kårp, s. m. wrist. Carpe, s. f. carp (a fish.)

CARPEAU, kar-po, s. m. young carp. CARPETTES, s. f. pl. pack cloth. CARPILLON, kar-pi-lon, s. m. very small carp. Carquois, kar-kwa, s. m. quiver.

CARRE, kar, s. f. Ex. La carre d'un cha-peau, the crown of a hat. La carre d'un habit, that part of the coat from the waist upwards. Les carres d'un soulier, the toe of a shoe. Homme d'une bonne carre, or qui a une bonne carre, square man, broad-shouldered man. Cette femme a la carre belle, that woman is

well made about the shoulders.

CARRÉ, E, ka-rà, adj. square. Période carrée, full, well turned period. Homme carré, well-set man. Homme carré des épaules, broad-shouldered Bataillonman. carré square battalion. Partie carrée, party of two men and two women.

Carré or quarré, Mar. square. Bâtiment

carré or quarré, square-rigged vessel. CARRÉ, s. m. square, square figure. de jardin, a square bed in a garden. Carré de toilette, dressing-box. Carré de mouton,

breast of mutton.

CARREAU, ka-ro, s. m. square, any thing that has four sides; goose or pressing-iron; cushion; (at cards) diamond; bolt, dart, arrow, thunder-bolt; ground or spot, floor, street; square, lozenge, etc. of a floor; obstruction; piece of metal prepared for coining. Carreau de vitre, pane or square of glass. Carrean de pierre, free-stone made ready for building. Brochet carreau, great pike. Carreau de pierre crite. Supre vite or prich. reau de terre cuite, square tile or brick. Curreau de farence, Dutch tile. Coucher sur le carreau, to lie in the street. Coucher or jeter quelqu'un sur le carrean, to kill one upon the Demeurer sor le carreau, to be killed upon the spot.

CARREFOUR, kar-foor, s. m. cross-way, place where streets cross.

CARRÉGER, v. n. Mar. to beat about, ply or turn to windward.

CARRELAGE, kar-laz, s. m. paving with square tiles, bricks, etc.

CARRELER, kar-la, v. a. to pave with square tiles, bricks, marbles, etc. to cobble

CARRELET, kar-le, s. m. a flounder; also sort of fishing-net; shoemaker's angular needle.

CARRELEUR, s. f. sort of file. CARRELEUR, kar-leur, s. m. one that paves with square tiles, bricks, etc. also cobbler.

CARRELURE, kar-lur, s. f. cobbling or mending of shoes or boots.

Une bonne carre-

lure de ventre, a full paunch, a belly-full.

CARRÉMENT, ka-ra-men, adv. squarely. Une chose coupée carrément, a thing cut square.

CARRER, ka-ra, v. a. to square. Se carrer, v. r. to strut, set one's arms a-kimbo. CARRET, s. m. rope-yarn, caburn. V. Fil.

CARRIER, ka-ria, s. m. quarry-man. CARRIÈRE, ka-rier, s. f. quarry: career, list; course, race; term or space of life. Passer carrière, to do a thing against the grain. Donner carrière à un cheval, to run full speed. Donner carrière à son espril, to give one's wit its full scope, let one's fancy take its full latitude. Se donner carrière, to take a great deal of liberty; gratify one's fancy. Ce sujet est une belle carrière où l'on peut exercer son génie, that subject is a fine field to exercise one's genius.

CARRIOLE, ka-riol, s. f. kind of kalash or

tilted cart.

CARRONNADE, s. f. Mar. carronade.

CARROSSE, ka-ros, s. m. eoach. Carrosse coupé, chariot. Cheval de carrosse, coachhorse; also stopid clownish fellow. coach or poop royal.

Carrossier, ka-rô-sĩa, s. m. coach-maker. Cheval de carrosse, coach-horse. Carrousel, ka-roo-zel, s. m. sort of tilt or

military game.

CARROUSE, s. f. carousal. CARRURE, ka-rur, s. f. shape of a coat from the waste upwards, or breadth of the shoulders.

Сактанеи, s. m. Mar. girtline, whip. Сактачек, kar-ta-ya, v. n. to quarter, (to put the scheels and horses on each side of a rut.)

CARTE, kart, s. f. paper, map, chart; table; card; pasteboard; bill. Carte blanche, blank paper. Donner carte blanche à quelqu'un, to give one full liberty or power to act as he pleases. Avoir carte blanche, to have full power to do as one pleases. Savoir la carte de la cour, to know now mande.

Donner or faire les cartes, to deal. Battre

chuffle the cards. Etre le les cartes, to shuffle the cards. Etre le premier ca cartes, to be the eldest or elder hand, to lave the leading hand. Savoir le dessous des cartes, to be in the secret. Brouiller les cartes, to sow dissension. Carte ma rine, chart, sea chart, nautical chart, draught. Carte plate or plane, plane chart. Carte ré-duite, Mercator's chart.

CARTEL, kar-tel, s. m. challenge. Cartel (exchange of prisoners.)

CARTÉSIANISME, kår-tê-zîà-nîsm, s. m. |

Cartesian philosophy. Cartesian, ne, kar-tê-zîên, zîên, adj. & s. m. and f. Cartesian.

CARTIER, kår-tiå, s. m. card-maker. CARTILAGE, kår-ti-låz, s. m. cartilage, gristle.

CARTILAGINEU-X, SE, kar-ti-la-zi-neu,

neuz, adj. cartilaginous, gristly.
Cartisant, kar-dr-zan, s. f. ex. Dentelle
à cartisane, vellum-lace.
Carton, kar-ton, s. m. paste-board; thick

paper, carroon; leaf reprinted in the room of one to be cancelled; bandbox. CARTONNIER, s. m. pasteboard maker or

CARTOUCHE, kar-toosh, s. f. cartridge;

charge for a gun.

Cartouche, s. m. (in sculpture or painting) cartouse, also escutcheon on which a ship's name is written.

CARTULAIRE, kår-tů-ler, s. m. cartulary; also keeper of the records (of a church.)

CARVI, s. m. caraway; caraway-seed. Cas, ka, s. m. case, exigency, exigence; chance, accident; thing, matter, business; fact, deed, crime; case of grammar, conscience, etc. account, value, esteem. En cas de, in case of, in point of, in matters of. Au cas que, en cas que, conj. in case that, if. En tout cas, however, whatever happens. Posez le cas, prenez le cas, put the case, suppose. Par cas fortuit, by chance, accidentally.

CAS, SE, adj. broken, sounding as if broken. Cela sonne cas, that sounds as if broken. Voix

casse, hoarse voice.

CASANIER, E, kå-zå-niå, nier, adj. & s. m. & f. close or retired, idle, constant and idle keeper in one's house.

CASAQUE, kå-zåk, s. f. campaign coat, Tourner casaque, to turn cat in pan, surtout.

be a turn-coat.

CASAQUIN, kå-zà-kin, s. m. short great
coat. Donner à quelqu'un sur le casaquin, to
line one's jacket, thrash one.

CASCADE, kås-kåd, s. f. cascade, water-fall. Il a fait une rude cascade, he had a heavy fall,

he got an unlucky tumble.

CASE, kaz, s. f. (maison) house; le patron de la case, the good man or master of the house; (at back-gammon) point or two men together; square (of a checker-board.) V. Casse.

CASEMATE, kaz-måt, s. f. casemate. CASEMATÉ, E, kaz-må-tå, adj. defended by a casemate.

CASEMATER, v. a. to fortify.

CASER, kå-zå, v. n. to make a point (at

back-gammon.) CASERNE, kå-zern, s. f. barrack (for sol-

diers.)

CASERNER, kå zer-nå, v. n. to be lodged in barracks.

CASERNET, s. m. Mar. kind of log-book kept by the pilots on board French ships of war. CASEU-X. SE, kå-zeu, zeuz, adj. cheesy. CASILLEUX, kå-zi-leu, adj. brittle (glass.)

CASSADE, kå-såd, s. f. sham, flam, lie, cheat, cheating trick. Un donneur de cassades,

a cheat. CASSANT, E, ka-sen, sent, adj. brittle, soon broken.

Cassation, ka-sa sion, s. f. annulling, ab- | offices which escheat to the king.

rogating, repealing; also dissolving (of the English Parliament.)

CASSE, kas, s. f. cassia, case for letters in a printing-house; pen-case or penner; coppel; dismission; being broken or cashiered. Lettres de casse, the king's order for cashiering an officer. V. Cas.

Cassé, E, adj. broken, etc. Voix cassée,

hoarse, broken voice.

Casse-cou, s. m. break-neck place.

CASSE-CUL, s. m. falling upon one's breech. Se donner un casse-cul, to fall upon one's breech. CASSE-MUSEAU, s. m. knock on the nose.

slap on the chaps, cuff or blow; also sort of puffed cake.

CASSE-NOIX or CASSE-NOISETTE, S. m.

nut-cracker. CASSER, ka-sa, v. a. to break; to cashier; to disband, discharge; to turn out of; to dissolve:

to annul; make void; to weaken, debilitate.

Casser un mât, Mar. to spend a mast. Casser, v. n. to break. Se casser, v. r. to break; grow weak, faint, feeble, crazy, decrepit. Ce bûtiment s'est cassé par le poids de son artillerie, that ship's back is broken by the weight of her metal.

CASSEROLE, kåş-ről, s. f. copper-pan.

Casseron, s. m. sleeve (a fish.) Casse-tête, s. m. heady-wine; difficult

science. Mar, overhead netting.

Cassetin, kas-tin, s. m. printer's case for

CASSETTE, kå-set, s. f. casket, box, strong

box; (du roi) privy purse.

Casseur, ka-seur, s. m. Ex. C'est un grand casseur de raquettes, he is a great cracker or bouncer; also a stout vigorous man.

Cassidoine, s. f. a sort of precious stone. Cassier, kå-så, s. m. cassia-tree. Cassine, kå-sån, s. f. little country-house

or box.

Cassionée, s. f. a constellation of the northern hemisphere.

Cassolette, kå-så-let, s. f. perfuming-pan, or pot; also pleasant and fragrant smell or perfume. CASSONADE, kå-so-nåd, s. f. unrefined sugar.

CASSURE, ka-sur, s. f. broken place (of any thing.) CASTAGNETTES, kas-ta-gnet, s. f. pl. casta-

nets.

CASTELOGNE, s. f. sort of blanket of fine wool.

CASTE, kast, s. f. tribe.

CASTILLAN, E, adj. & s. m. & f. of Cas

tile, Castilian. CASTILLE, kås-til, s. f. Castile in Spain; strife, altercation, contention.

CASTINE, s. f. a sort of whitish stone.

CASTOR, kås-tôr, s. m. castor, beaver. CASTRAMÉTATION, kås-trå-mê-tå-sion, s

f. castrametation.

CASTRAT, kås-trå, s. m. man who has been castrated that his voice may remain like that of boys and women

CASTRATION, kas-tra-slon, s. f. castration. CASUALITÉ, ka-zu-a-ll-ta, s. f. perquisite;

casualty, accident.

CASULL, LE, kå-zå-ël, adj. casual, accidental, fortuitous. Chose casuelle, casualty, accidental, dent. Parties casuelles, escheats, places and

CAV

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

CASUEL, s. m. profits, perquisites.
CASUELLENENT, kå-zå-ål-mån, adv. casualy, cacidentally, by chance.
CASUISTE, kå-zå-lst, s. m. casuist.
CATACHRÈSE, kå-tå-krèz, s. f. catachre-

sis. CATACLYSME, s. m. great overflowing, de-

luge, cataclysm. CATACOMBES, kå-tå-konb, s. f. pl. cata-

combs.

CATACOUA, V. Kakatoës. CATADOUPE or CATADUPE, s. f. cataract,

water-fall.

CATAFALQUE, kå-tå-fålk, s. m. funeral decoration on which the coffin is placed in a

church. CATAGMATIQUE, adj. & s. m. catagma-

tick, catagmatick medicine. CATAKOI, V. Kakatoës.

CATALECTE or CATALECTIQUE, adj. catalectick.

CATALEPSIE, s. f. catalepsis.

CATALEPTIQUE, adj. struck with the catalepsis, cataleptick.

CATALOGNE, s. f. Catalonia in Spain. CATALOGUE, kå-tå-log, s. m. catalogue,

list, roll. CATAPLASME, kå-tå-plåsm, s. m. cata-

plasm, poultice.

CATAPULTE, kå-tå-půlt, s. f. catapult. CATARACTE, kå-tå-råkt, s. f. cataract.

CATARRHAL, E, adj. catarrhal. CATARRHE, ka-tar, s. m. catarrh. CATARRHEU-X, SE, kå-ta-reu, reuz, adj.

catarrhal, catarrhous

CATASTROPHE, kå-tås-trôf, s. f. catastrophe. CATÉCHISER, kå-tå-shì-zå, v. a. to catechise, instruct in the christiau faith. To instruct beforehand, endeavour to persuade.
CATÉCHISME, kå-të-shism, s. m. catechism.

CATÉCHISTE, kå-tê-shîst, s. m. catechist. CATÉCHUMÈNE, kå-tê-ků-mên, s. m. or f. catechumen.

CATÉGORIE, kå-té-gô-rl, s. f. category. CATEGORIQUE, kå-te-go-rik, gorical, formal, to the purpose. adj. cate-

CATÉGORIQUEMENT, kå-te-gadv. categorically, to the purpose. kå-te-go-rik-men,

CATHARTIQUE, adj. & s. m. cathartick,

purging medicine.
CATHEDRALE, kå-tê-drål, adj. f. & s. f. cathedral, cathedral church.

CATHÉDRANT, kà-tê-drèn, s. m. lecturer,

professor in an university.

CATHÉTER, s. m. catheter. CATHOLICISME, kå-tô-ll-sism, s. m. catho-

licism.

CATHOLICITÉ, kà-tô-lì-sì-tà, s. f. catholicism, catholick religion; also catholick countries. Catholicon, ka-to-li-kon, s. m. catholicon.

CATHOLIQUE, kå-tô-lîk, adj. & s. m. & f. catholick, universal, catholick person, papist.

CATHOLIQUEMENT, kå-tð-lík-mên, adv. like a catholick.

CATI, E, adj. pressed, mangled. CATI, ka-ti, s. m. preparation to give a lustre and stiffness to stuffs, etc.

CATIMINI, kå-ti-mi-ni, Ex. En catimini,

secretly, in hugger-mugger.

CATIMORAN, s. m. Mar. catamaran. CATIN, kå-tin, s. f. doll; lady of pleasure, whore; basin to receive melted metal.

CATIR, ka-tir, v. a. to dress, or put a gloss upon cloth.

CATOPTRIQUE, s. f. catoptricks. CAUCHEMAR, or COCHEMAR, s. m. night-

mare or hag.

CAUCHOIS, E, ko-shwa, shwaz, adj. of or from Caux in Normandy. Pigeons cauchois,

sort of pigeons larger than others.
CAUDATAIRE, ko-da-ter, s. m. the trainbearer (to the pope or a cardinal.)
CAUDEBEC, kod-bek, s. m. sort of French hat. CAURIS, s. m. little shell used as money in

several parts of Africa, cowry.

Causati-f, ve, kô-zâ-tîf, tlv, adj. causa-

tive (in grammar.)

CAUSE, kos, s. f. cause, principle; reason, occasion, motive; interest; side, party; cause, case, suit at law. Etre en cause, to sue one at Cause d'appel, an action upon appeal. Ses héritiers ou ayans cause, his heirs or assigns. A cause de, because of, for the sake of, on account of, for. A cause de quoi, where-fore. A cause de que, conj. because.

CAUSER, ko-zà, v. a. to cause, occasion. Causer, v. n. to talk, converse, chat. babble or blab.

CAUSERIE, koz-ri, s. f. chatting, gossipping. CAUSEU-R, SE, kô-zeur, zeuz, s. m. & f. prattler, great talker; babbler or blab.

CAUSTICITÉ, kôs-tí-sî-tà, s. f. censorious-

ness, malignity; cutting satire.
CAUSTIQUE, kôs-tîk, adj. caustick, burn-

ing; censorious, snappish, waspish, satirical. CAUSTIQUE, s. m. caustick. CAUTÈLE, kò-tel, s. f. cautel; artfulness, cunning.

CAUTELEUSEMENT, kôt-leuz-mên, adv.

slily, warily, craftily. CAUTELEU-x, SE, kôt-lêu, lêuz, adj. cautelous, sly, cunning, wily

CAUTELEUX, s. m. sly fellow. Franc cau teleux, mere sophister.

CAUTÈRE, kô-ter, s. m. cautery, issue. CAUTÉRITIQUE, adj. that burns, sears the

CAUTÉRISÉ, E, adj. cauterized, seared, arnt. Conscience cautérisée, seared or hardened conscience.

CAUTÉRISER, kô-tå-rî-zå, v. a. to cauterize, sear or burn.

CAUTION, kò-sìon, s. f. bail, security, surety. Etre caution or se rendre caution d'une chose, to warrant a thing, pass one's word for it. Homme sujet à caution, man not to be trusted Histoire sujette à caution, uncertain or doubtful story. Caution bourgeoise, city security

CAUTIONNEMENT, ko-síon-men, s. m. bail-

ing, giving security. CAUTIONNER, ko-sio-na, v. a. to bail, be bound for; to warrant, promise, pass one's

CAVAGNOLE, s. m. a sort of game. CAVALCADE, ka-val-kad, s. f. cavalcade, a solemn riding; short journey, tour. CAVALCADOUR, ka-val-ka-door, s. m. gen-

tleman of the horse, cquerry.

CAVALE, kå-vål, s. f. mare.

CAVALERIE, kå-vål-rl, s. f. horse, cavalry.

Cavalerie légère, light horse. CAVALIER, kå-vå-liå, s. m. trooper; horse-

man; cavalier, gentleman; cavalier, spark; (at chess) knight; kind of platform to plant great guns upon.

CAVALIER, E, kå-vå-liå, lier, adj. gentlemanlike, gentcel, gallant, free, noble; blunt, imperious

CAVALIÈREMENT, kå-vå-ller-men, adv. gallantly, gentlemanly, genteely; bluntly, ca-

CAVE, kav, s. f. cellar; case of bottles; (of a church) vault; (at eards,) pool, stock, bank. Cave de toilette, set of smelling bottles. Mettre la cave au grenier et le grenier à la cave, CAVEAU, kavo, s. m. little cellar; vault.

CAVEÇON, kây-son, V. Cavesson.
CAVEÇON, kây-son, V. Cavesson.
CAVEE, kâ-vâ, s. f. hollow way or cave.
CAVER, kâ-vâ, v. a. to hollow or make
hollow, dig under; (at cards) to stock, put to the pool or bank.

CAVERNE, kå-vern, s. f. cavern, den, cave. CAVERNEU-x, se, kå-ver-neu, neuz, adj. cavernous, full of holes or dens, hollow.

CAVESSON, or CAVECON, s. m. cavesson. Donner un coup de cavesson à un cheval, to check a horse.

CAVET, s. m. sort of moulding.

CAVILLATION, kå-vîl-lå-sîon, s. f. cavil or sophistical reason; derision, mockery.

CAVIN, s. m. hollow way.

CAVITÉ, kå-vî-tå, s. f. cavity, hollow, hollowness.

CAYENNE, s. f. Mar, hulk or receiving

CAYES, s. f. pl. keys or chains of rocks nearly even with the water's edge.

CAVEU, s. m. sucker, off-set.

CE, CET, sé, sét, before a vowel or h mute, CETTE, f. CES, sé, pl. pron. this or that; these or those, V. Ci. Ce qui, Ce quie, what, which. C'est, it is; also, he is, she is. Ce sont, they are, also it is. C'est que, it is that, it is because, the reason is that. Ce u'est pas que, not that, it is not that. C'est pourquoi, wherefore. C'est àsavoir, to wit. Ce me semble, methinks. Cette muit, that night, this night; also last night. A ce que, that, to the end that. V. A. CEANS, sa-en, adv. here, herein, within, at

home. Il sort de céans, he is just gone honce. Le maître de céans, the master of this house.

CECI, se-sl, this. CECITE, sa-sl-ta, s. f. cecity, blindness. CÉDANT, E, sà-dèn, dent, s. m. & f. a

grantor, one that yields or gives up.

Céder, så-då, v. a. to yield, yield up, give
over or up, part with, make over, resign.

Céder l'arantage du rent, Mer. to take (being

to windward) the lee-gage (of an enemy.)
CÉDER, v. n. to yield, submit, give way,
comply. Je ne lui céde en rien, I ani not behind him in any thing, I am as good a man as

he every way.

Céder, v. n. Mar. to settle, etc. Les ponts de notre vieux bâtiment ont beaucoup cédé, our old ship's decks have settled a great deal. Céder au maurais temps, to bear up and put before it in a gale of wind.

CÉDILLE, sà-dîl, s. f. cedilla, dash under a c (thus c.)

CEDRAT, så-drå, s. m. kind of citron, and citron-tree.

CEDRE, sedr, s. m. cedar, cedar-trce, cedarwood; also kind of citron. Aigre de cédre, sort of lemonade.

CÉDRIE, s. f. gum of the cedar-tree.

CÉDRIUM, s. m. oil of cedar.

CÉDULE, să-dâl, s. f. note (for money due) schedule; list of names, etc. V. Evocatoire.
CEINDRE, sindr, v. a. like feindre at eindre;

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to gird, gird about; to gird, compass about, surround, enclose.

CEINTRAGE, CEINTRE, CEINTRER, V. Cintrage, etc.

CEINTURE, sin-tur, s. f. girdle or sash; also waist, and waistband; enclosure; cincture, girdle. Etre pendu à la ceinture de quelqu'un, to hang at one's elbow. Ceinture de la Reine,

Ceinture, s. f. Mar. swifter, (rope which encircles a vessel or boat above the water-line.) Ceinture de la bouche d'un canon, muzzle mouldings of a cannon.

CEINTURIER, sin-tů-rià, s. m. girdle-

maker, belt-maker.

CEINTURON, sin-tů-ron, s. m. sword-belt. CELA, (demonstrative pronoun) that; such folks. Comment cela? how so.?

CÉLADON, så-lå-don, s. m. sea-green.

CÉLÉBRANT, så-là-brèn, s. m. officiating priest. V. Célébrer. CÉLÉBRATION, så-là-brâ-sîon, s. f. celebra-

tion (of mass, etc.)
CELEBRE, så-lebr, adj. celebrated, fa
mous, renowned, eminent, celebrious, solemn.

CÉLÉBRÉ, E. adj. celebrated, etc. CÉLÉBRER, så-là-brå, v. a. to celebrate, commend, set forth; to celebrate, solemnize CÉLÉBRITÉ, så-là-brì-tà, s. f. solemnity,

pomp; also celebrity, fame.

CÉLER, så-là, v. a. to hide, conceal, secrete, keep secret or close. Se faire celer, to deny one's self.

CÉLERI, sel-ri, s. m. celery.

CÉLERIN, s. m. sort of pilchard. CÉLÉRITÉ, så-là-rî-tå, s. f. celerity, speed, swiftness, haste, diligence.
Céleste, sa-lest, adj. celestial, heavenly

high, divine, great, excellent, perfect. Bleu celeste, sky-colour. CÉLESTIN, så-les-tin, s.m. Celestine (monk.)

CÉLIAQUE, adj. celiack.
CÉLIBAT, så-li-bà, s. m. celibate, celibacy, single life. Vivre dans le célibat, to live single or unmarried, to live a single life. CÉLIBATAIRE, så-ll-bå-tèr, s. m. & f. one

who lives in celibacy, bachelor.
CELLE, sêl, V. Celui.
CELLERERIE, s. f. office of cellarist.
CELLERIER, E, sê-lâ-rfâ, rfêr, s. m. & f. cellarist.

CELLIER, se-lia, s. m. cellar; also storeroom.

CELLULAIRE, adj. cellular.

Cellule, sé-lûl, s. f. cell; partition, case. Celui, sé-lûl, m. Celle, f. (demonstrative pronoun.) he, she, that ; plural, ceux, m. celles, f. they, those. Celui-ci, m. celle-ci, f. this; plural, ceux-ci, m. celles-ci, f. these; celui lù, m. celle là, f. that; plural, ceux-là, m. celles-la, f. those; celui de, celle de, that of; ceux de, celles de, those of; celui qui, celle qui, he who, she who, a person who, that which, such as; ceux qui, celles qui, they who, those who, such as.

CEMENT, s. m. cement.
CEMENTATION, s. f. cementation. CÉMENT ATOIRE, adj. cementatory.

CÉMENTER, v. a. to cement, purify gold. CÉNACLE, sà-nak!, s m. room where our

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Saviour celebrated his last supper with his || time or while; also nevertheless, yet and yet, disciples.

CENDRE, sendr, s. f. ashes. Le jour des

cendres, Ash-Wednesday. Cendre de plomb, small shot (for a fowling-piece.) CENDRÉE, E, sèn-drà, adj. ash-coloured. CENDRÉE, s. f. dross of lead; a kind of

small shot. CENDREU-x, se, sen-dreu, dreuz, adj. ashy, full of ashes.

CENDRIER, sen-drla, s. m. ash-hole.

CENE, sen, s. f. Lord's supper. Faire la cene, to receive the communion, communicate. CÉNELLE, s. f. the fruit of the holly-oak or

CÉNOBITE, så-nô-bît, s. m. cenobite, monk. CÉNOBITIQUE, sã-nô-bî-tîk, adj. cenobitical. CÉNOTAPHE, så-nô-taí, s. m. cenotaph, empty tomb. CENS, sens, s. m. quit-rent, old rent, copy-

hold.

CENSABLE, adj. to whom the quit-rent belongs. Seigneur censable, lord of the manor.

CENSAL, s. m. broker. CENSE, sens, s. f. farm, free-farm.

CENSÉ, E, sèn-sà, adj. accounted, looked upon, reputed.

CENSEUR, sen-seur, s. m. censor, critick, reformer.

CENSIER, E, sen-sia, sier, adj. to whom the quit-rent belongs. Seigneur censier, lord of a manor.

CENSIER, E, s. m. & f. farmer who pays

quit-rent. CENSITAIRE, sen-sî-ter, s. m. copy-holder. CENSIVE, sen-slv, s. f. manor, quit-rent. CENSUEL, LE, sen-su-el, adj. feudal.

CENSURABLE, sen-su-rabl, adj. censurable.

CENSURE, sen-sur, s. f. censorship; censure, check, reproof, correction; criticism. CENSURER, sen-su-ra, v. a. to censure,

check, chide, reprove or reprehend, find fault with, condemn.

CENT, sen, adj. a hundred. Cinq pour cent, five per cent.

CENT, s. m. a hundred weight.

CENTAINE, sen-ten, s. f. a hundred; also first thread of a skein.

CENTAURE, sentor, s. m. centaur.

CENTAURÉE, s. f. centaury.

CENTENAIRE, sent-ner, adj. a hundred years old, of a hundred years standing, cente-

CENTENIER, sent-nia, s. m. centurion, captain of a hundred.

CENTIÈME, sen-tièm, adj. hundredth. CENTON, sen-ton, s. m. cento, rhapsody.

CENTRAL, E, sen-tral, adj. central

CENTRE, sentr, s. m. centre. Etre dans son centre, to be in one's element.

CENTRIFUGE, sen-tri-fitz, adj. centrifugal. CENTRIPÈTE, sen-trî-pet, adj. centripetal. CENT-SUISSES, s. m. pl. a Swiss guard of

the French king.
CENTUPLE, sen-tupl, s. m. a hundred fold. CENTUPLER, v. a. to repeat a hundred times. CENTURIATEUR, sen-tu-ria-teur, s. m. centuriator.

CENTURIE, sen-tû-rl, s. f. century.

CENTURION, sèn-tâ-rîon, s. m. centurion. CEP, sêp, s. m. vine. Ceps, sè, (before a CEP, sep, s. m. vine. Ceps, se, (before a rowel sez,) fetters, shackles.

CEPENDANT, se-pen-den, adv. in the mean

СÉРНА LIQUE, adj. cephalick.

CEPHALALOGIE, s. f. that part of anatomy which treats of the brain.

CÉRAT, SÂ-TÂ, S. M. CETALE. CERDÉRE, S. M. cerberus. CERCEAU, Sér-Só, S. M. hoop, kind of net for birds, circle upon the surface of the water. Cerceaux, quills at the end of the wings of a bird of prey.

CERCELLE, ser-sel, s. f. teal.

CERCLE, serkl, s. m. circle; also hoop. Cercle, s. m. Mar. hoop, etc. Cercles de bonte-hors, studding sail boom irons. Cercle de réflexion, reflecting circle. Cercles des

fanaux de poupe, lantern-girdles.

CERCLER, sêr-klâ, v. a. to encircle, envi-

ron; to hoop (a cask.)
CERCLIER, sêr-klîâ, s. m. hoop-maker. CERCUEIL, ser-keul, s. m. coffin. Mettre au cercueil, to cause one's death.

CÉRÉERAL, E, adj. of or belonging to the

brain CÉRÉMONIAL, E, så-rå-mô-nî-al, adj. cere-

monial. Ex. Préceptes cérémoniaux, etiquette. CÉRÉMONIAL, s. m. ceremonial, ritual; ceremonies; forins of politeness.
CÉRÉMONIE, så-rå-mô-nl, s. f. ceremony;

rite; form, formality; compliment. Habii de cérémonie, formalities.

CÉRÉMONIEU-X, SE, sà-râ-mô-nî-eu, euz, adj. ceremonious, full of ceremonies, formal.

CERF, ser, s. m. stag, hart. Corne de cerf, hart's horn. Langue de cerf, hart's tongue. CERF-VOLANT, great horn-bectle, bull-fly; paper-kite.

CERFEUIL, ser-feul, s. m. chervil, (plant.) CERISAIE, se-ri-ze, s. f. orchard of cherry-

trees.

CERISE, se-rlz, s. f. cherry. CERISIER, se-ri-zia, s. m. cherry-tree.

CERNE, sern, s. m. ring, circle (traced in sand;) circle or black and blue mark un-

der the eye.

CERNÉ, F., adj. cut round. Noix cernée,... green shell. Yeux cernés, eyes black and blue. CERNEAU, ser-no, s. m. kernel of a green

walnut. CERNER, ser-na, v. a. to cut round; to cut

off all communication. Cerner une noix, to take out the kernel of a green walnut. Cerner un arbre par le pied, to tap a tree at the root, to open a tree round about the root.

CERTAIN, E, ser-tin, ten, adj. certain, sure, true; confident, assured; certain, fixed. (Quelque) certain, some.

CERTAIN, s. m. certainty. Quitter le certain pour l'incertoin, to part with a certainty for an uncertainty.

CERTAINEMENT, ser-ten-men, adv. certainly, infallibly, without fail; also positively; indeed, truly; surely, undoubtedly.

CERTES, sert, adv. truly, indeed.

CERTIFICAT, ser-u-41-43, s. m. certificate.

CERTIFICATEUR, sêr-tî-fî-kâ-têur, s. m. certifier.

ser-ti-fi-ka-sion, s. , f. CERTIFICATION, vouching, certifying avouching,

CERTIFIER, ser-ti-fia, v. a. to certify, assure. CERTITUDE, ser-ti-tud, s. f. certainty, certitude; also stability.
CÉRUMEN, s. m. cerumen, ear-wax.

CÉRUMINEU-X, SE, adj. ceruminous.

CÉRUSE, så-růz, s. f. ceruse, Spanish white. CERVAISON, sër-vë-zon, s. f. Ex. Un cerf

qui est en cervaison, a fat stag. CERVEAU, ser-vo, s. m. the brain. Avoir le cerveau pérclus, creux, mal timbré, or dé-monté, to be crack-brained. S'alambiquer, se distiller le cerveau, to puzzle or rack one's

CERVELAS, serv-la, s. m. large kind of sau-

Sage.
CERVELET, serv-le, s. m. hinder part of the brain, cerebel.

CERVELLE, ser-vel, s. f. brains. C'est une boune cervelle, he has a good head-piece. lui ferai sauler la cervelle, I shall break his pane. Tenir quelqu'un en cervelle, to keep one in suspense, keep one uneasy. Cervelle de palmier, pith of a palmtree.

CERVICAL, E, adj. cervical or of the neck.

CERVIER, adj. m. Ex. Loup cervier, lynx. *CERVOISE, ser-vwaz, s. f. sort of beer.

CES, V. Ce. CÉSAR, sa-zar, s. m. a name given to the

first Roman Emperors.

CÉSARIENNE, sã-zå-rien, adj. f. L'opération

césarienne, the cesarian operation.

CESSANT, E, adj. ceasing. Toute autre affaire cessante, nothing intervening. Cessant quoi, for want of which.

CESSATION, se-sa-sion, s. f. cessation, intermission. Cessation d'armes, cessation of arms,

CESSE, ses, s. f. ceasing, intermission. Sans cesse, without ceasing, incessantly, continually. N'avoir point de cesse, n'avoir aucune cesse, not to cease, not to be at rest.

CESSER, v. a. & n. to cease, be at an end, leave off, give over, forbear or discontinue. Faire cesser le travail, to put a stop to the work. Cessez vos plaintes, forbear your complaints.

Cesser, v. a. & n. Mar. to leave off, have done. Le bâtiment a cessé de venir au vent, the ship has done coming to. Cessez le feu à tri-bord, leave off firing the starboard guns.

CESSIBLE, adj. cessible.

CESSION, sé-sion, s. f. cession, yielding up, giving or making over, resignation. Faire cession de son droit, to yield up one's right. Faire cession de son bien, to resign one's estate, turn bankrupt.

CESSIONNAIRE, se-sid-ner, s.m. cessionary, bankrupt; also party to whom something has

been yielded.

CESTE, sest, s. m. cestus, girdle; also wrestler's gauntlet.

CÉSURE, så-zur, s. f. cœsura, pause. CET, CETTE, set, V. Ce.

CÉTACÉE, adj. cetaceous.

CÉTÉRAC, s. m. spleen-wort. *Celui-ci, this.

*CELUI-LA, that.
CEUX, V. Celui.
CII, in French words, is generally to be pronounced as the English sh.

CHABLAGE, shå-blåz, s. m. labour and fees

of a water-officer.

CHABLEAU, s. m. kind of rope.

CHABLER, v. a. to tie, fasten to a rope. CHABLEUR, sha-bleur, s. m. water-officer in Paris.

CHABLIS, sha-bll, s. m. wind-fallen wood.

CHABOT, sha-bo, s. m. miller's thumb (fish.) CHACELAS, V. Chasselas.

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CHACART, s. m. Indian cotton. CHACONNE, skå-kon, s. f. sort of tune and

CHACUN, E, shå-k'm, kun, adj. every person, every one, every body, each, every thing. Chacun de nous, each of us. Chacun à sa cha-cune, every Jack has a Jill. Ils out rempli chacun leur devoir, each has done his duty

CHACUNIÈRE, s. f. (mot forgé par madame de Sérigné) every one's own house. CHAFOUIN, shá-fwin, s. m. pole-cat.

CHAFOUIN, E, adj. sneaking, wretched, pitiful, poor, mean looking: it is also used substantively.

CHAGRIN, sha-grin, s. m. trouble, vexation, grief, sorrow, sadness, melancholy; shagreen; silk stuff made rough as shagreen. Cela me donne du chagrin, that vexes or trou-bles me. J'en suis dans le dernier chagrin, I am extremely concerned or troubled about it. Un homme qui se fait des chagrins de rien, a morose, peevish, fretful man.

CHAGRIN, E, shå-grin, grin, adj. morose, peevish, sour, fretful, melancholy, sad.

CHAGRINANT, E, sha-gri-nen, adj. vexa-

tious, troublesome.

CHAGRINER, shå-gri-nå, v. a. to vex, grieve, trouble. Se chagriner, v. r. to fret, vex one's self.

CHAHUANT, V. Chat-huant.

CHAINE, shen, s. f. chain; (of a wall) rustick coins; (of cloth) warp; (of mountains) ridge, tract, chain; galleys; felons, galleyslaves; chains, bonds, captivity, bondage. Chaîne, s. f. Mar. chain, etc. Chaîne de port, boom or chain of a harbour. Chaîne de rochers, ledge, ridge of rocks. Chaînes de rergues, top-chains. Chaînes de galhaubans, back-stay plates. Chaînes de haubans du back-stay plates. Cha grand mat, main chains.

CHAÎNEAU, s. m. V. Chêneau.

CHAÎNETIER, s. m. chain-maker.

CHAÎNETTE, shè-net, s. f. little chain. Chaînette à montre, watch-chain. CHAÎNON, shè-non, s. m. link of a chain.

CHAIR, sher, s. f. flesh; meat; skin. Etre en chair, to be fat. Couper jusqu'à la chair rive, to cut to the quick. Chair de mouton, de bœuf or d'agneau. mutton, beef or lamb. Chair de poisson, fleshy part of a fish. Chair

de fruit, pulp of fruit.
CHAIRCUTIER, V. Charcutier.
CHAIRE, sher, s. f. pulpit. Chaire d'un si ége épiscopal, episcopal see. Disputer une chaire de droit, to dispute for a professorship in law. Chaire, office of a preacher, etc. preaching, oratory.

CHAISE, shez, s. f. chair, scat; (percée) close stool; (roulante) chaise; chair or sedan.

Porteur de chaise, chairman. Chalan, s. m. Mar. sort of lighter or

barge. CHALAND, E, shà-lèn, lènd, s. m. & f. cus-

tomer. CHALANDISE, sha-len-diz, s. f. custom; also customer.

CHALASTIQUE, adj. that relaxes the fibres. CHALCITE, s. f. mineral of the nature of

CHALCOGRAPHE, s. m. chalcographer, an

engraver in brass.

bar, bat, base : thère, èbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

CHALCOGRAPHIE, s. f. chalcography.

CHALEUR, shå-leur, s. f. heat, warmth; animosity; fervency, eagerness, zeal, ardent affection. Chaleur de fièvre, hot fit of an ague. Chaleur de foie, fit of anger, gust of passion. Il fait une grande chaleur, it is very hot weather. Chienne en chaleur, proud bitch. Cavale qui entre en chaleur, mare ready to take the horse. Donner chaleur, to animate, encourage.

CHALEUREU-X, SE, shå-leu-reu, reuz, adj.

that has much natural warmth.

CHALIBÉ, E, kå-lî-bå, adj. chalybeate. CHALIT, sha-lî, s. m. bed-stead.

CHALOIR, v. n. (Rarely used, except in) II. we m'en chaut, that concerns me not, I don't care for that; non pourtant qu'il m'en chaille, not, however, that I care a fig for that.

CHALON, s. m. drag, dragnet.
CHALOUPE, shå-loop, s. f. Mar. long boat, launch, etc.
Chaloupe d'un vaisseau de guerre, long boat or launch of a man of war. loupe armée, launch manned and armed. Chaloupe à la traîne, boat towing a-stern. Cha-loupe canonnière, gun boat. Chaloupe en botte, boat in the frame. Mettre la chaloupe à la mer, to launch the boat.

CHALUMEAU, shâ-lû-mò, s. m. straw or stalk of grain; also reed or pipe.
CHAMADE, shâ-mâd, s. f. chamade, parley.

Battre la chamade, to beat a parley.

CHAMAILLER, sha-ma-la, v. n. Se chamailwith weapons or tilts; also to wrangle, bicker, contest.

CHAMAILLIS, sha-ma-ll, s. m. tilting, skirmish, fight; wrangling, bickering, contest,

dispute.

CHAMABRER, shå-ma-rå, v. a. to daub, deck all over with gold and silver lace, etc.

CHAMARRURE, s. f. daubing or ornament-

ing excessively with lace.

CHAMBELLAGE, s, m. a sort of tax paid by vassals to their lords.

CHAMBELLAN, shen-be-len, s. m. chamber-

CHAMBOURIN, s. m. kind of stone used to

make crystal glass. CHAMBRANLE, shen-brenl, s.m. door-case, indow-case, mantleiree. Chambranle des

window-case, mantletree. écoutilles, coverings of the hatches.

CHAMBRE, shenbr, s. f. chamber or room. Chambre à coucher; bed-chamber. Chambre où l'on mange, dining room. Valet de chambre, valet de chambre. Fille or femme de chambre, chamber-maid. Chambre de justice court of incipe ou the room wherein it is tice, court of justice, or the room wherein it is kept. Robe de chambre, night or morning Virre en chambre, to live privately in a lodging. Les deux chambres du parlement (d' Angleterre,) the two houses of parliament. La chambre haute, the upper house or house of lords. La chambre basse, the lower house or house of commons. Chambre des assurances, insurance office. Une chambre basse, ances, insurance office. Une chambre basse, ground-room. Chambre obscure, camera obground-room. Chambre, to sweep the room. Chambre, Mar. room, chamber, cabin, etc. Grande chambre, ward-room (in line of battle ships;) great cabin (in smaller vessels.) Chambre de conseil, admiral's cabin, captain's cabin. Chambre d'officier, cabin. Chambre d'une embarcation, stern sheets of a boat.

Chambre de canon, chamber or cl arged cy linder of a cannon. Chambre de mortier, chamber of a mortar. Chamber is also a flaw, crack or honey-comb (made in casting a bell, cannon, &c.)

CHAMBRÉ, E, adj. Ex. pièce chambrée, gun

that is honey-combed.

CHAMBRÉE, shên-brå, s. f. number of soldiers that lodge and eat together; room-full, house-full (at a theatre.)

CHAMBRELAN, shon-brien, s. m. lodger; also one that works in a private chamber.
CHAMBRER, shon-brit, v. n. to lie or lodge

together; v. a. to discourse apart with one. Chambrette, shen-bret, s. f. a little cham-

ber or room, cabin. CHAMBRIER, shen-bri-a, s. m. chamberlain (in a monastery.) Grand chambrier, V.

Chambellan.

Chambrière, shèn-brî-èr, s. f. house-maid; also horse-whip used in riding-schools. Chambrieres, s. f. pl. Mar. beckets (for the tacks and sheets.)

CHAMBRILLON, s. f. little maid-servant. CHAME, s. f. sort of shell-fish. CHAMEAU, sha-mo, s. m. camel. Chameau,

Mar. camel, (sort of engine.) CHAMELIER, sham-lia, s. m. camel-dri-

CHAMELLE, s. f. she-camel.

CHAMOIS, sha-mwa, s. m. chamois. de chamois, chamois-leather.

CHAMOISERIE, s. f. place where is prepared the chamois-leather.

CHAMOISEUR, s. m. chamois-dresser.

CHAMP, shen, s. m. field or piece of ground; (of battle) field; (of painting) ground; (of a comb) bridge, middle; (in heraldry) field. Scope, subject, theme, matter. Champ clos, camp, lists. Combat en champ clos, tourney. Sur le champ, off hand, immediately. A tout bout de champ, à chaque bout de champ, ever, ever and anon, at every turn. Champs, fields, country. A travers champs, across the fields, over hedge and ditch. Gagner les champs, to run or scamper away. Battre aux champs, to beat the march, begin to march. Se mettre aux champs, to fly into a passion. Donner la clef des champs à quelqu'un, to give one his liberty, let him go where he will. Roue de champ, horizontal wheel.

CHAMPAN, s. m. Mar. sampane.

Champagne, s. m. champaign wine.

CHAMPART, shen-par, s. m. part of the produce taken by the lord as field-rent.

CHAMPARTER, shen-par-ta, v. n. to collect field-rents.

CHAMPARTERESSE, s. f. Ex. grange champarteresse, barn where the field-rents are laid

up.
CHAMPARTEUR, shen-pår-teur, s. m. fieldrent collector.

CHAMPEAUX, s. m. pl. fields, meadows. CHAMPENOIS, E, s. m. & f. one born in

Champagne. CHAMPÉTRE, shên-pêtr, adj. rural, coun-y-like. Maison champêtre, country-house. ie champêtre, country-life. Homme chamtry-like.

Vie champêtre, country-life. Homme cham-pêtre, one that lives a country life, countryman, clown. CHAMPI, s. m. sort of paper for window

CHAMPIGNON, shen-pi-gnon, s. m. a mushroom; star, thief or stranger (of a candle.)
CHAMPIGNONNIÈRE, S. f. bed for mush-

CHAMPION, shen-plon, s. m. champion.

CHANCE, shens, s. f. hazard, play at dice; chance or main; chance, luck, good fortune.

Conter sa chance, to lay open one's case. Liver chance, (at dice) to throw a main.

CHANCEL, shen-sel, or CHANCEAU, s. m.

chancel in a church.

CHANCELANT, E, shens-len, lent, adj. reel-

ing, staggering, wavering, unsteady, fickle.
Chanceler, shens-la, v. n. to reel, stagger, waver, be unsteady or wavering, be at

uncertainty.

CHANCELIER, shens-lia, s. m. lord chancellor; chancellor.

Chancelière, shens-lièr, s. f. chancellor's

CHANCELLEMENT, shen-sel-men, s. m.

reeling, staggering. CHANCELLERIE, shen-sel-rl, s. f. chancery.

CHANCEU-X, SE, shen-seu, seuz, adj. lucky, that has good luck. CHANCI, E, adj. mouldy, (food of any sort.)

CHANCIR, shen-sir, v. n. Se chancir, v. r. to grow mouldy, (speaking of eatables.) CHANCISSURE, shen-si-sdr, s. f. mouldi-

CHANCRE, shenkr. s. m. chancre; canker; also sore (in the mouth, etc. arising from a fe-

ver;) and filth (about the teeth.) CHANCREU-X, SE, shen-kreu, kreuz, adj.

chancrous. CHANDELEUR, shend-leur, s. m. candlemas. Fête or jour de la chandeleur, candlemas-day.

CHANDELIER, shend-lia, s. m. candlestick.

Chandler or tallow-chandler.

Cleandelier, s. m. Mar. stanchion, crotch. Chandeliers de lisses pour bastingage, stanchions for the nettings. Chandeliers d'èchelle hors le bord, stanchions of the entering ropes. Chandelier de chaloupe, crotch of a boat. Chandelier de pierrier, iron crotch of a swivel; also wooden stock in which it is shipped.

Chandelière, s. f. chandler's wife or widow. Chandelle, shèn-dèl, s. f. candle. Chandelle de cire, wax-candle. Chandelle de reille, rush light. Chandelle de glace, icicle. ne vant pas la chandelle, it will not quit cost, it

is not worth one's while.

CHANFREIN, s. m. forchead (of a horse,) piece of black stuff (on the forchead of a mourning horse;) also set of feathers (for a

horse upon a solemn day.)
CHANGE, shenz, s. m. exchange or barter; a change; change; the exchange; exchange; banker's trade; premium of exchange; change, wrong scent. Perdre an change, to lose by the bargain. Gagner an change, to get by the change. Lettre or billet de change, bill of exchange. Faire le change, to be a banker. Donner le change à quelqu'un, to put one upon the wrong scent, delude one. Prendre le change, to mistake, be deluded.

CHANGE, E, adj. changed, altered, turned,

converted, etc.

CHANGEANT, shen-zen, zent, adj. inconstant, fickle, uncertain, changeable, variable. Conleur changeante, changeable colour.

CHANGEMENT, shenz-men, s. m. change, changing, alteration, vicissitude. Sujet an changement, changeable, mutable, incu stant,

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Changement, s. m. Mar. change, turn, etc. Changement de la marée, turn of the tide. Changement de la lune, change of the moon. CHANGER, shèn-zà, v. a. to change, make an exchange, barter. To turn, change, trans-

form; to change (money;) alter, innovate.

Changer, v. r. to change. Changer de, to shift, alter. Changer d'habit, to change clothes. Changer de chemise, to shift, shift one's shirt. Changer de logis, to shift one's quarters, remove. Changer de note, to change

or alter one's tune, turn over a new leaf.

Changer, v. a. Mar. to change, alter, shift, turn, etc. Changer un hunier, etc. to shift a top-sail, etc. Changer d'amures, to put about. Changer l'arrimage, to alter the stowage, rummage the hold. Changer une voile, (comme la grande voile d'un cutter, etc.) to gybc. Changer les voiles, to shift the sails. Changer l'artimon, to change the mizen. Changer la cargaison, to shift the cargo. Changer le cargasson, to south the engo. Industry of quart, to set the watch. Changer un vasseau de place, to shift a ship. Notre frégale va changer de mouillage, our frigate is going to shih her birth. Le bâtiment chassé a changé de route, the chase has altered her course. La marée changera bientôt, the tide will soon turn. Les courans ont changé de direction, the setting of the currents is changed. Change le tournevire, shift the messenger. Change devant, haul all, let go and haul. Change derriere, main-sail haul, main-top sail haul. Change la barre, shift the helm. Se changer, v. r. to change, turn or be turned

CHANGEUR, shen-zeur, s. m. banker,

money-changer.

CHANLATTE, shen-lât, s. f. lath. CHANOINE, sha-nwan, s. m. canon, prebendary.

CHANOINESSE, shâ-nwâ-nês, s. f. canoness. CHANOINIE, shâ-nwâ-nl, s. f. canonship. CHANSON, shên-son, s. f. song, idle story,

stuff. Chanter or dire toujours la même chanson, still to harp upon the same string. ce que vous me dites sont des chansons, you tell me tales of a tub. Chansons que tout cela, nonsense, that is all stuff.

CHANSONNER, shen-sô-na, v. a. to sing songs against, lampoon.

CHANSONNETTE, shen-so-net, s. f. little song, lay.

CHANSONNIER, shen-so-nia, s. m. songster, ballad-maker.

CHANT, shen, s. m. singing; tune. Canto; song. Le chant du coq, cock-crowing. Le plain-chant, church musick.

CHANTANT, E, shen-ten, tent, adj. singing; easily set to musick, fit to be set to musick.

CHANTÉ, E, adj. sung. C'est bien chanté,

that is well sung or well said.

CHANTEAU, shen-to, s. m. cantle or slice of bread, quarter-piece or piece of cloth.

CHANTEPLEURE, shent-pleur, s. f. watering pot; also sort of funnel; and gully-hole (under a wall.)

CHANTER, shen-ta, v. n. & a. to sing; to crow; to say; to sing, celebrate, praise. Pain à chanter, waser. Chanter la palinodie, to recant, unsay what one has said. Je livi ai bien chanté sa game, I have rattled him to some tune. Faire chanter quelqu'un, to bring one bar, bat, base : thère, ébb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mot d, good.

to reasonable terms; also to make one squeak or confess. Chanter injures, chanter goguettes, or chanter pouitles à quelqu'un, to rail at or rattle one, revile or vilify. Chanter la même chanson, to harp upon the same string

CHANTERELLE, shent-rel, s. f. treble string

of a violin; also decoy-bird.

CHANTEU-R, SE, shen-teur, teuz, s. m. & f.

singer.

CHANTIER, shen-tia, s. m. place where lumber, wood or timber is piled; carpenter's yard; stand, frame, or horse (on which casks

are placed.)

Chantier, s. m. Mar. stocks, etc. timber-yard; ship builder's yard. Chantier de canot or de chaloupe, chocks for a boat. Etre en chantier, to be on the stocks or building. Mettre un bâtiment sur le chantier, to lay a ship down on the stocks.

CHANTOURNÉ, shên-tổor-nã, s. m. head-

piece (of a bed.)

CHANTRE, shentr, s. m. chanter, singing man, chief singer, (in a church) chorister.

CHANTRERIE, shen-tre-ri, s. f. chanter's place or dignity.

CHANVRE; shenvr, s. m. hemp.

CHANVRIER, s. m. hemp-dresser.

Снаоs, ká-ó, s. m. chaos.

CHAOS, Ka-o, S. m. Chaos.
CHAOS, shap, s. f. churchman's cope; (of an alembick) helm or head; (of a buckle) tongue. Cover. Disputer la chape de l'évêque, to contend for things of no concern. Chape-chute, Ex. Trouver chape-chute, to find what one was not looking for. Chercher chape-chute, to try to take advantage of the predicate or wisefretures of the content of t negligence or misfortunes of one.

CHAPEAU, shā-pò, s. m. hat; garland; (chapeau rouge,) cardinalship, cardinal's cap, cardinal's dignity. Coup de chapeau, cap or pulling off one's hat. Chapeau, Mar. pri-

mage. Chapelain, shap-lin, s. m. chaplain. CHAPELER, shap-la, v. a. to chip, rasp

(bread.)

CHAFELET, shap-le, s. m. chaplet, garland, beads, string of beads; (in architecture) chaplet, fillet; stirrup leather; chain-pump; pimples in the forehead.

CHAPELIER, E, shap-lia, lier, s. m. & f.

hatter.

CHAPELLE, sha-pel, s. f. chapel; also living or benefice. Chapelle ardente, place where a dead person lies in state. Faire chapelle, Mar. to build a chapel, broach to. Chapelle, the plate of a chapel.

CHAPELLENIE, s. f. chaplain-ship.

CHAPELURE, shap-lur, s. f. chippings (of a

crust of bread.)

CHAPERON, shap-ron, s. m. hood; holster cap; (of a crutch) top; (of a wall) coping, top; piece of embroidery on the back of a churchman's cope; a duenna.

CHAPERONNER, shap-ro-na, v. a. to cap. Chaperonner l'oisean, to hoodwink the hawk.

Chaperonner une muraille, to cope a wall. CHAPIER, shá-pía, s. m. churchman with a

cope, cope-bearer.

CHAPITEAU, shà-pì-tò, s. m. chaptrel, capital or top of a pillar; also particular funnel to cover a still.

CHAPITRE, sha-pitr, s. m. chapter, sub-ject, matter; (of canons) chapter; chapterhouse.

CHAPITRER, shå-pi-trå, v. a. to reprimand. read a lecture, check, rebuke or reprove.

CHAPON, sha-pon, s. m. capon; also brewis. CHAPONNEAU, sha-pô-nò, s. m. young ca-

CHAPONNER, sha-pô-na, v. a. to capon. CHAPONNIÈRE, sha-pô-nièr, s. f. stew-pan, (for capons.)

CHAQUE, shak, adj. every, each. (It is of both genders, and has no plural.)

CHAR, shar, s. m. car, chariot.

CHARANÇON, shar-ren-son, s. m. weevil. CHARBON, shar-bon, s. m. coal; charcoal; coal, sea-coal, pit-coal; smut (in grain;) car-

buncle, plague, sore.

Charbonné, e, shâr-bồ-nà, adj. blackened
with coal. Bles charbonnés, smutted grain. CHARBONNÉE, s. f. short rib of beef; beef

or pork steak broiled.

CHARBONNER, v. a. to daub; blacken

with coal.

CHARBONNIER, shår-bô-niå, s. m. collier, coal-man; also a coal-hole. Bâtiment charbonnier, collier.

Charbonnière, shår-bo-nièr, s. f. coal-woman, colliery, coal-pit, place where charcoal is made, coal-house.

CHARBOUILLER, v. a. to blast, mildew.

CHARCUTER, shår-ků-tå, v. a. to hack, mangle.

CHARCUTERIE, s. f. pork seller.

CHARCUTIER, E, shar-kû-tîa, tier, s. m. & f. one that sells all manner of hog's flesh, with puddings, sausages, and hog's tongues.

CHARDON, shar-don, s. m. thistle; teasil. CHARDONNER, shår-do-nå, v. a. to nap

(cloth.)

CHARDONNERET, shar-don-re, s. m. gold-

CHARDONETTE, s. f. kind of wild artichoke

(the flower serves to curdle milk.)
CHARDONNIÈRE, s. f. plot of thistles.
CHARGE, sharz, s. f. burden, load; charge, expense charge of a gun; place, office, employment, dignity; kind of poultice (for a horse:) charge, commission, command, or-der; keeping, care; charge, attack; charge, accusation, indictment; exaggerated representation or caricature. Bénéfice à charge d'âmes, benefice with cure of souls. Femme de charge, house-keeper. A charge d'autant, in expectation of the like. A la charge de, à la charge que, upon condition that. Etre a charge à quelqu'un, to be a burden to one. On ne trouve rien à sa charge, nothing is found to criminate him or to lay to his charge.

Charge, s. f. Mar. cargo, lading. Morte charge, overlading; utmost burden that a ship can carry. Charge en grappe, grape shot. Charge mitraille, case or canister shot. Charge de canon, shot; also quantity of powder used in loading a gun. Charge de salut, quantity of powder used for loading a gun for a salute. Charge de combat, quantity of powder necessary for loading a gun for action. Prendre

necessary for loading a gun for action. I renare charge d'un bâtiment, to take charge of a ship.

CHARGÉ, E, shår-zå, adj. laden, loaded, etc.

Couleur chargée, deep colour. Temps chargé, overcast weather. Homme chargé de cuisine, fat, thick-headed man. Chargé d'années, full of years. Chargé de lie, full of lees. Chargée de dettes, deep in debt. Une terre chargée de dettes, deception with many debt. de dettes, an estate clogged with many debte,

Table chargée, table crowded with guests. Portrait chargé, caricature. Cheval chargé de tête or d'encolure, heavy-headed horse. Branche chargée d'un bouton à fleur, branch with a flower bud. Il est chargé de quatre petits en funs, he has four little children to keep. Vaisseau chargée nour Ansterdam, ship bound Vaisseau chargé pour Amsterdam, ship bound for Amsterdam. Chargé à couler bas, very deeply laden. Chargé en côte, hemmed in on a lee shore. Chargé par un grain, caught in a squall. Horizon chargé, cloudy horizon.

CHARGEANT, E, shar-zen, zent, adj. clogging, heavy, hard of digestion; burdensome,

troublesome, tedious.

CHARGEMENT, sharz-men, s. m. cargo, lading. Etre en chargement, to be loading or taking in a cargo. Prendre un chargement,

to take in a cargo.

CHARGEOIR, s. m. charger for great guns. CHARGER, shar-za, v. a. to charge; load, lade, burden, lay a burden upon; to charge, over-load, clog; to charge, attack, fall upon; beat or maul; to load (a gun;) to charge, accuse; to charge, command; to trust with, give in charge; to fill; to caricature. Charger un registre de quelque chose, to enter a thing in a register. Charger quelqu'un d'injures, to rail at one, revile or vilify one. Charger quelqu'un de malédictions, to curse one, lay curses upon

Charger, v. a. Mar. to load, etc. Charger toutes les voiles. V. Charrier de la voile. Charger un bâtiment à cueillette, to load a ship with the property of several owners. Charger en fret, to take in freight. Charger en grenier, to load in bulk. Charger la pompe, v. r. to take charge of a thing, to take a thing upon one's self. Se charger, (of trees) to bear. L'horizon se charge, Mar. the horizon is getting cloudy. ting cloudy.

CHARGEUR, shar-zeur, s. m. loader, one that loads the cannon, wood-meter, also owner

of a vessel's cargo.

CHARIOT, sha-rid, s. m. cart with four wheels, wagon. Chariot (or char,) chariot. CHARITABLE, s merciful, bountiful. sha-ri-tabl, adj. charitable,

CHARITABLEMENT, shà-rì-tabl-men, adv.

charitably, lovingly.

CHARITE, sha-ri-ta, s. f. charity, love; alms. La charité, alms-house.

CHARIVARI, shà-rî-và-rî, s. m. noise or mock musick of kettles, frying-pans, etc. by night at the door of widows that marry again; rout, dreadful noise, clatter.
CHARLATAN, shar-la-ten, s. m. quack,

mountebank; coaxing cheat, wheedler.

Charlatane, shar-la-tan, s. f. cunning gipsy.

CHARLATANER, shar-la-ta-na, v. a. to ca-

jole, wheedle, gull. CHARLATANERIE, shar-la-tan-ri, s.f. quacking, quack's tricks, wheedle, cheating, fair

CHARLATANISME, s. m. quackery.

CHARMANT, E, shar-men, ment, adj. charm-

ing, bewitching, pleasant, delightful.
CHARME, sharm, s. m. charm, spell, enchantment, allurement, attraction, yoke-elm.

CHARMER, shar-ma, v. a. to charm, enchant, bewitch; to charm, please or delight; appease, Le vin charme les chagrins, wine dissipates care.

CHARMEU-R, SE, S. In. & f. charmer, enchanter, conjurer, enchantress, bewitching

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CHARMILLE, shar-mil, s. f. hedge of yokeelm-trees.

CHARMOIE, shar-mwa, s. f. spot planted with voke-elm-trees.

CHARNAGE, s. m. flesh-time (not Lent.)

CHARNEL, LE, shar-nel, adj. carnal, sen-

CHARNELLEMENT, shår-nel-men, adv. carnally, sensually.

CHARNEU-X, SE, shar-neu, neuz, adj. fleshy, carneous.

CHARNIER, shār-nīā, s. m. charnel-house, also barder. Charnier, Mar. scuttle butt. Charnière, shār-nīcr, s. f. hinge. CHARNU, E, shār-nū, nù, adj. fleshy, plump, brawny. Cerises charnues, large plump cher-

CHARNURE, shar-nur, s. f. human flesh. CHAROGNE, shà-rogn, s. f. carrion, carcass.

CHARPENTE, shâr-pènt, s. f. timber work, carpenter's work. V. Bois.
CHARPENTER, shâr-pèn-tà, v. a. to cut and shape timber, hack and hew, mangle, butcher. CHARPENTERIE, shår-pent-rl, s. f. carpen-

try, carpenter's trade or work.
CHARPENTIER, shar-pen-tia, s. m. carpenter. Charpentier de navire, ship-wright.
CHARPIE, shar-pl, s. f. lint (for a wound.)

Viande en charpie, meat boiled to rags.

CHARRÉE, shà-rà, s. f. buck ashes

CHARRETÉE, shar-ta, s. f. cart-load. CHARRETIER, shar-ta, s. m. carman, cart-er; also ploughman. Il jure comme un charretier, he swears like a pirate. Il n'est si bon charretier qui ne verse, it is a good horse that never stumbles.

CHARRETTE, sha-rêt, s. f. cart (with two wheels only.) Mangeur de charrettes ferrées, bully, braggadocio, swaggerer, hector, hectoring blade, huff. Ce bâtiment est la charrette du convoi, Mar. that vessel is the dullest sailer of the convoy.

CHARRIAGE, s. m. carriage. CHARRIER, sha-rla, v. a. to cart, or convey

in a cart; to carry, carry along.

Clurrier, v. n. (of a river) to bear large pieces of ice. Charrier droit, to behave properly. Charrier de la roile, Mar, to stretch, carry all the sails the masts can bear.

CHARRIER, s. m. bucking-cloth. CHARROI, sha-rwa, s. m. carriage.

CHARRON, sha-ron, s. m. wheelwright. CHARRONAGE, sha-rô-naz, s. m. wheel-

wright's work.

CHARROYER, v. a. to carry in a cart. CHARRUE, sha-ru, s. f. plough. Tirer la charrue, to toil hard for a livelihood. Mettre la chorrue devant les boufs, to put the cart before the horse.

CHARTE, V. Chartre.

CHARTE-PARTIE, s. f. Mar. charter-party. CHARTI, V. Chartil. CHARTIER, V. Charretier.

CHARTIL, shar-il, s. m. great long cart; also pent-house for carts in a yard.
*CHARTON, s. m. carman.

CHARTRE, shartr, s. f. charter; prison, jail; consumption.

CHARTREUSE, shar-treuz, s. f. Carthusian nun; charter-house, Carthusian monastery.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, tig robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

CHARTREUX, s. m. Carthusian friar. CHARTRIER, shår-trl-å, s. m. place where charters are kept, keeper of charters (in an

CHARTULAIRE, s. m. collection of charters.

CHAS, sha, s. m. eye of a needle.

CHASERET, s. in. little sash frame to make cheese.

Chasse, shås, s. f. hunting, chasing, shooting, coursing; game, venison; huntsmen, sportsmen; chase, expulsion or pursuit; (at tennis) chase; (aux oisceux) fowling; (huitres de chasse) oysters brought by land carriage.

Chasse, s. f. Mar. chace or chase. Pointer en chasse, to point before the beam. Prendre chasse, to bear away, stand away, sheer off. Soutenir chasse or la chasse, to maintain a running fight. Etre en chasse, to be in chase.

CHASSE, shas, coffer, (in which relicks are kept) shrine; (of spectacles) frame; checks;

CHASSÉ, E, adj. chased, bunted, etc. Le bâtiment chassé, Mar. the chase, the vessel chased.

CHASSE-AVANT, s. m. foreman or overseer. CHASSE-CHIEN, or CHASSE-COQUIN, S. m.

beadle. Chasse-coquin, stiff foil. CHASSE-COUSIN, s. m. bad wine.

CHASSE-ENNUI, s. m. what drives away sorrow.

CHASSELAS, s, m. sort of grape.

CHASSE-MARÉE, s.m. rippier, one that carries fish from the sca-coast inland; Mar. sort of decked boat employed for the conveyance of fish and in the coasting-trade.

CHASSE-MORTE, s. f. random-shot.

CHASSE-MULET, s. m. mule-driver; also miller's man.

CHASSE-PARTIE, s. f. charter-party.

CHASSER, sha-sa, v. a. to chase, hunt; pursue; to drive before one; to put or turn or drive out. Chasser, v. n. to be hunting, etc. (in printing) to drive. Chasser, v. n. Mar. to chase, give chase, etc. Chasser la terre, to go alread and look out for the land. Chassons cette goëlette sous le vent, let us chase that schooner to leeward. Chasser sur un hâtiment au mouillage, to drive on board of a ship at anchor. Chasser au vent, to chase or be chasing to wind-ward. Chasser sur son ancre, to bring the anchor home, to drive, to drag the anchor. V. Arer.

CHASSERESSE, shās-rēs, s. f. huntress. CHASSEUR, (shā-sēur.) s. m. hunter, sports-man; (d'oiseaux.) fowler, bird-catcher. Chas-seur, Mar. chaser, ship in chase, vessel that chases another.

CHASSEUSE, sha-seuz, s. f. huntress. CHASSIE, sha-sl, s. f. blearedness, rheum of the eyes.

CHASSIEU-X, SE, sha-sièu, sièuz, adj. whose

eyes run, blear-eyed.

CHASSIS, sha-si, s. m. frame or sash of a window; frame; strainer (of a painting;) (in printing) chase. Fenêtre à chassis, sash window.

CHASSOIR, sha-swar, s. m. cooper's driver. CHASSOIRE, s. f. wand (used by those who train up goshawks.)

CHASTE, slast, adj. chaste, honest, pure, continent; exact, correct, neat, pure (style.)

CHASTEMENT, shast-men, adv. chastely, bonestly, purely.

CHASTETÉ, shas-tê-ta, s. f. chastity, honesty, continency, purity

CHASUBLE, sha-zubl, s. f. chasuble (kind of cope which the priest wears at mass.)

CHASUBLIER, shà-zû-blia, s. m. maker of chasubles and other ecclesiastical ornaments.

CHAT, sha, s. m. cat. Chat, Mar. cat, (sort of vessel peculiar to the north east coast of England.) A bon chat bon rat, they are well matched. Jeter lechat aux jambes de quelqu'un, to lay or cast the blame upon one. Acheter or vendre le chat en poche; to buy er sell a pig in a poke. Laisser aller le chat an frontige, to grant the last savour to a gallant. Emporter le chat de la maison, to go away without taking leave of any one. Chats or Chatens, cat-tails, catkins. Chat-huant, s. m. screech-owl.

CHATAIGNERAIE, shà-tègn-rè, s. f. plot of chestmut-trees.

CHATAIGNE or CHATEIGNE, sha-tegn, s. f. chestnut

CHATAIGNIER, s. m. chestnut-tree. CHATAIN, shà-tin, adj. m. of a chestnut-

colour.

CHATAIN, s. m. chestnut colour. CHATEAU, sha-tò, s. m. castle, also seat, ansion. Fuire des châteaux en Espagne, to mansion.

build castles in the air. Château, s. m. Mar. V. Gaillard. CHATELAIN, shat-lin, s. m. lord of a manor, castellain, governor of a castle.

Châtelain, adj. m. Ex. Juge châtelain, judge

of a castleward or chatellany. CHATELÉ, E, adj. (in blazonry) castled. CHATELET, shat-lê, s. m. prison (at Paris.) CHATELLENIE, sha-têl-ul, s. f. chatellany;

also extent of the jurisdiction of the lord of the manor.

CHAT-HUANT, sha-u-en, V. Chat.

CHATIÉ, adj. chastised, punished, corrected. Style chatié, correct style.
CHATIER, sha-fla, v. a. to chastise, punish, correct. Châtier une pièce de prose, or de vers,

to mend or correct a composition

CHATIERE, shà-tièr, s. f. cat-hole (in a door.) CHATIMENT, shà-ti-mèn, s. m. chastise-ment, punishment, correction. Prendre châtiment des rebelles, to punish rebels.

CHATON, shâ-ton, s. m. beazle or collet (of a ring;) catkin or cat-tail; kitten. V. Chats at Chat.

CHATONNER, V. Chatter.

CHATOUILLEMENT, shà-tòol-men, s. m. a tickling; pleasure, delight.

CHATOUILLER, sha-too-la, v. a. to tickle; please. Se chatouiller, to tickle one's self, please one's own fancy. Se chatouiller pour se fuire rire, to provoke one's self to laugh-

CHATOUILLEU-X, SE, sha-too-leu, leuz. adj. ticklish; also touchy, exceptions; and slippery or delicate.

Charre, adj. & s. m. gelt or gelded man, eumeh. V. Costral.

CHATRER, sha-tra, v. a to geld, castrate; to spay; to take the honey (from hives;) to castrate, cut something from (a book,) to take sticks (from a faggot,) to lop or prune; also to bore holes in; to cut or take off those shoots which spring at the bottom (of a vinc.) Châtrer une gargousse, Mar. to reduce (as the piece grows warm) the quantity of powder in a cartridge.

CHATREUR, shà-trèur, s. m. gelder.

CHATTE, s. f. she-cat, puss.
CHATTE, s. fah-cat, puss.
CHATTE, sha-ta, s. f. litter of a she-cat;
also sort of lighter at Rochefort.

CHATTEMITE, shat-mit, s. m. dissembler, hypocrite, one that assumes a demure or'sim-

CHATTER, sha-ta, or CHATONNER, v. n. to

CHAUD, E, sho, shod, adj. hot, warm; eager, violent, fierce. Hot, hasty, passionate, soon angry; hot spurred, lustful, lecherous; proud; ready to take horse, etc. V. Chaleur, violent fever. Tomber de fièvre en chaud mal, to fall out of the frying pan into the fire.

Chaud, s. m. hot, heat. Il fuit chaud, it is not. Briller de chaud, to be burning hot. Le

chaud s'abat, the heat abates.

CHAUD, adv. hot, warm.
CHAUDE, s. f. the beating of metal as soon as it is taken out of the fire. Battre la chaude, to beat ingots (while hot) into thin plates. A achieved adv. ball. a chaude, adv. hotly, quickly, in haste, hastily. Chaudeau, sho-do, s. m. caudle.

CHAUDE-CHASSE, s. f. pursuit of a prisoner. CHAUDEMENT, shod-men, adv. warmly, notly, eagerly, briskly, fiercely, quickly, in haste, hastily.

CHAUDE-PISSE, s. f. gonorrhœa. CHAUDIER, v. n. (parlant des lices) to be

CHAUDIÈRE, shò-dièr, s. f. copper, great kettle.

CHAUDRON, shò-dron, s. m. kettle, small kettle.

CHAUDRONNÉE, s. f. kettle-full.

CHAUDRONNERIE, sho-dron-ri, s. f. bra-zier's or tinker's work or ware.

CHAUDRONNIER,

E, shò-drò-nià, nièr, Chaudronnier de cams. m. & f. brazier. pagne, tinker.
CHAUFFACE, sho-faz, s. m. fuel for a year.

Chauffage, Mar. breaming (of a vessel.) CHAUFFE, s. f. furnace.

CHAUFFE-CIRE, s. m. chafewax, (an officer

in chancery.) CHAUFFE-LIT, V. Bassinoire.

CHAUFFE-PIED, s. m. foot stove. CHAUFFER, sho-fa, v. a. to heat, warm. Chauffer, v. a. Mar. to bream, etc. Chauffer un bâtiment, to bream a ship; also to annoy a ship by a brisk well directed fire. Chauffer

des bordages, to bend planks or make pliant by heating them.

Chauffer, v. n. to grow warm, to be warming. Cen'est pas pour vous que le four chauffe, there is nothing for you. Se chauffer, v. r. to warm one's self. Se chauffer au soleil, to bask in the sun. Je sais de quel bois il se chauffe, I know

his kidney, I know what he does or can do.
CHAUFFERETTE, shôf-rêt, s. f. foot-stove.
CHAUFFERIE, s. f. forge to make bar-iron. CHAUFFEUR, s. m. warmer of a forge.

CHAUFFOIR, sho-fwar, s. m. warmingplace; warm cloth.

CHAUFFOUR, sho-foor, s. m. lime-kiln. CHAUFFJURNIER, sho-foor-nia, s. m. limemaker.

CHAULIZE, s. m. the act of liming seed

CHAULER, sho-la, v. a. to lime (speaking of grain in which some lime is mixed before it is sowed.)

CHAUMAGE, s. m. time in which stubble is cut. CHAUME, shom, s. m. stubble, thatch.

CHAUMER, shò-mà, v. a. & n. to cut stub-

CHAUMIÈRE, shò-mier, or CHAUMINE, s. f. thatehed house, cottage CHAUSSANT, E, sho-sen, sent, adj. of stock-

ings) easy to be put on, that comes on easily;

also complying, easy.

CHAUSSE, shos, s. f. stocking, hose; straining-bag; hood. Chausses or haut de chausses, breeches. Tirer ses chausses, to scamper away, to take to one's heels. Chausses, rauation of page. CHAUSSE, E, adj. shod.

CHAUSSEE, sho-sa, s. f. causey, bank, highway. A rez de chaussée, even with the ground. CHAUSSE-PIED, s. m. horn or leather (to

assist in putting on shoes.)

CHAUSSER, sho-sa, v. a. to put on shoes or stockings; to make shoes for one; to fit the leg or foot; to put dung to the root of (a tree.) Chausser le cothurne, to write tragedies, act a part in a tragedy. Se chausser, v. r. to put on one's shoes or stockings. Se chausser une chose dans la tête, to beat a thing into one's head. Se chausser au meme point, to be of the same stamp with another.

CHAUSSETIER, shos-tia, s. m. hosier.

CHAUSSETTE, sho-set, s. f. caltrop. CHAUSSETTE, sho-set, s. f. under stocking, stirrup stocking.

CHAUSSON, sho-son, s. m. sock. (Chaus-

sons) pumps.

CHAUSSURE, sho-sur, s. f. shoes and stockings; also slippers, boots, socks, &c. any thing that covers the leg and foot. Trouver chaussure à son pied, to meet with one's match or be well fitted.

CHAUVE, show, adj. bald, bald-pated.

CHAUVE-SOURIS, s. f. bat. CHAUVETÉ, shov-ta, s. f. baldness.

CHAUVIR, sho-vir, v. n. only used in this phrase: Chauvir des oreilles, to prick up the

ears. CHAUX, sho, s. f. lime.

Сидунев, v. a. Mar. to overset. Сибевес, s. m. Mar. Xebeck. Снег, sher, s. m. head; chief, general, commander, leader, captain; also leading ship of a fleet or division when drawn up in a line of battle; commodore; (of cloth) lag end; (in composition) head, article. Chef de justice, lord chief justice. Chef d'accusation, charge. Crime de lèse-majesté au premier or au second chef, high treason. Chef d'œuvre, masterpicce. Chef de famille, house keeper. Gou-verneur en chef, governour in chief or principal governour. Fief en chef, fee held in capite. Il possède cette terre du chef de sa femme, he enjoys that estate in right of his wife. Faire quelque chose de son chef, to do a thing of one's own head.

Cluf, s. m. Mar. Chef de pièce, captain of, a gun. Chef d'ouvrage, quarter man. Chef (de gamelle or de table) caterer (of an officer's mess.)

CHEFECIER, V. Chévecier.

CHEF-LIEU, shêf-lieu, s. m. ehief manor house, lord's chief house.

Снесков, s. m. shoe-maker's thread. CHEIK, s. m. chief of a tribe among the Arabs.

bar, bat, base; thère, ebb, over; fleld, fig; robe, rob, lord; mood, good,

CHÉLIDOINE, s. f. celandine.

CHELIN, s. m. shilling.

CHÉLONITE, s f. chelonites, (stone some-times found in the belly of a young swallow.)

CHÊMER, shê-mã, Ex. Se chêmer, v. r. to

waste, fall away, grow lean. Chemin, she-min, s. m. way, road; way, means, course. Grandchemin, high-way. Le chemin qu'on futten un jour, day's journey. A-vancer chemin, to go on or forward on one's way or journey. Chemin couvert, covert way way or journey. Chemin couvert, covert way or corridor. Rebrousser chemin, to go back. Se mettre en chemin, to set out on a journey, begin a journey. Couper chemin à quelque chose, to prevent or stop a thing. Aller son grand chemin, to go openly to work.

Chemin, s. ni. Mar. way, head-way, etc. Chemin de l'avant, headway. Chemin que fuit

par l'arrière un bâliment qui cule, sternway. Chemin fait en longitude, longitude made. Le chemin sera considérable demain, si le vent se soutient, we shall make a good run by to-morrow if the wind holds. Faire du chemin, to go

fast through the water.

CHEMINÉE, shê-mî-nû, s. f. chimney. Mariage fait sous la cheminée, a match made in

hugger-mugger.
CHEMINER, shê-mî-nâ, v. n. to go ar walk.
CHEMISE, shê-miz, s. f. shirt, shift, smock; (of a fortification) lining with stone. Envelope of papers. Etre en chemise, to be in cuerpo. Mettre en chemise, to ruin, undo, be the ruin of one, beggar. Chemise de maille. V. Cotte de maille.

Chemise, s. f. Mar. V. Serrer.

CHEMISETTE, shë-mi-zet, s. f. under waistcoat.

CHENAIE, shễ-nẻ, s. f. grove of oaks. CHENAL, shễ-nảl, s. m. Mar. narrow channel; mill-stream; gutter (of a house roof.)

CHENALER, v. n. Mar. to sail through a channel.

CHENAPAN, she-na-pen, s. m. vagabond,

good for nothing fellow, bandit. CHÊNE, shen, s. m. oak. Chêne-vert, s. m.

holm, evergreen oak. V. Bois.

CHÊNEAU, she-no, s. m. young oak; alsa pipe to convey rain water from the gutter to the spout.

CHENET, she-ne, s. m. dog, andiron. CHENEVIÈRE, shên-vier, s. f. hempfield.

CHENEVIS, s. m. hemp-seed.

CHENEVOTTE, shen-vot, s. f. bullen, hempstalk peeled.

CHENEVOTTER, shen-vo-ta, v. n. to peel hemp-stalks; also to shoot branches as weak

as hemp-stalks, (said of vines.)
CHENIL, she-nî, s. m. dog-kennel.
CHENILLE, she-nil, s. f. caterpillar.

CHENU, E, she-nd, adj. grey-headed, hoary. CHEOIR, V. Choir. CHER, E, sher, sher, adj. dear, beloved; costly; dear, that sells dear.

CHER, adv. dear.

CHERCHE, s. f. search, searching or fee for

searching a register.

Searching a register.

CHERCHER, shêr-shâ, v. a. to seek, look for, search, be in quest of. Aller chercher, to fetch, go for. Venir-chercher, to come for.

Envoyer chercher, to send for. Chercher à faire, to endeavour to do. Chercher l'escadre ennemie, to be looking out for the enemy's fleet.

Les navigateurs ant en vain cherché le passage du nord, navigators have in vain sought a north-west passage. Chercher ses propres intérêts, or se chercher soi-même, to mind one's own interest, have one's own interest in view. Chercher des échappatoires, to use shifts, seek for a hole to creep out at. Chercher des défor a hole to creep out at. tours, to go about the bush.

CHERCHEUR, sher-sheur, s. m. one that seeks or looks for, searcher. Chercheur de franches lippées, spunger, one that lives upon

the catch.

CHÈRE, sher, s. f. cheer, entertainment; treat, reception, welcome. CHERE, fem. of cher. V. Cher.

CHÈREMENT, shèr-mên, adv. dear, dearly, tenderly.

CHÉRI, E, adj. cherished, dear. loved, be-

CHÉRIR, shà-rir, v. a. to cherish, love. CHÉRISSABLE, adj. worthy of being che-

rished. CHERSONÈSE, s. f. Chersonese, peninsula.

CHERTÉ, shèr-tà, s. f. dearness, high price. Cherté des vivres, dearth, scarcity, want of provisions

CHÉRUBIN, shà-rù-bin, s. m. cherubim. Rouge comme un chérubin, as red as a cherub.

CHERVIS, s. m. skirret (a plant.)
CHETI-F, VE, shå-tif, tlv, adj. poor, pitiful,
mean, vile, sneaking.
CHETIVEMENT, shå-tlv-men, adv. poorly,

pitifully, meanly.

CHEVAL, she-val, s. m. horse. Cheval de bataille, charger. Petit cheval, tit, nag. Cheval hongre, gelding. Aller à cheval, to ride, ride on horse-back. Etre ù cheval, to be on horseback, ride upon a horse. Etre à cheval sur une pautre, to sit a-straddle upon a beam. Voyager à cheval, to navel on horse-back. Monter sur ses grands chevaux, fly in a passion, rant. Etre mal à cheval, to be at an ill pass. Parler à cheval, to speak magisterially; écrire une lettre à cheval, to write a haughty letter. Un gros cheval, un cheval de bât, un cheval de carrasse, a great booby, a clown. Un petit cheval échappé, a wild youth, an unlueky boy. Cheval-marin, sea-horse. Cheval ailé, winged horse. Cheval de bois, wooden horse. Chevaux,

horse, cavalry. Cherau-legers, light-horse.
CHEVALER, v. a. to prop or bear up; also
to ride up and down, walk or run about.
CHEVALERIE, she-val-rl, s. f. chivalry,

knighthood.

CHEVALERESQUE, adj. chivalreus. CHEVALET, she-va-le, s. m. wooden horse, instrument of torture made like a horse; (of a violin) bridge; (of a painter) easel; (in printing) gallows; (de scieur de bois) sawing-trestle or wood horse; (of a tanner) wooden

leg; prop, buttress.
CHEVALIER, shë-va-lia, s. m. knight; kind of water-fowl of the bigness of a stock-dove. Chevalier d'honneur de la reine or de madame, first gentleman usher to the queen or the queen's sister-in-law. Cherolier du guet, cap-tain of a watch on horseback. Chevalier de l'arquebuse, one that is admitted into the company or society of arquebusiers. Chevalier ae la coupe, tavern-knight, stout toper. Chevalier d'industric, sharper, one that lives by his

Chevalière, s. f. knight's lady.

CHEVALINE, she-vå-lin, adj. Ex. Bête chevaline, horse or mare.

*CHEVANCE, she-vens, s. f. goods and chattels, substance of a private man.

CHEVAUCHÉE, she-vo-sha, s. f. judges'

circuit. *CHEVAUCHER, she-vo-sha, v. n. to ride. Chevaucher court, to ride with short stir-

rups.
*Chevauchons, (A,) åsh-vò-shon, adv.

astraddle.

CHEVAU-LÉGER, shê-vô-là-zà, s. m. lighthorse, life guard-man. Chevau-legers, light-

CHEVAUX, she-vo, plural of Cheval.

CHÉVECERIE, s. f. the office of a vestrykeeper Chévecier, s. m. first dignity in some

collegiate churches

CHEVELU, E, shev-lå, lå, adj. hairy, long haired. Plante chevelue, fibrous plant; comète chevelue, fiery tailed comet.

CHEVELU, s. m. fibres, strings or threads (of plants and roots of trees.)
CHEVELURE, shev-lur, s. f. hair, head of hair; (of plants) fibres, strings, threads; (of a comet) beams.

CHEVET, she-ve, s. m. bolster. Epée de chevet, trusty friend.

CHEVÊTRE, shê-vêtr, s. m. halter; bandage. CHEVEU, shê-vêu, s. m. hair. Se peigner les cheveux, to comb one's hair or head. Faire les cheveux, to cut the hair. Se fuire faire les cheveux, to get one's hair cut. Les cheveux blancs, a hoary head. Tirer par les cheveux une interprétation, un passage, une comparai-son, to force in or wrest an interpretation, a passage, a comparison; to bring them in by head and shoulders. It ne tint qu'à un cheveu, it was within a hair's breadth or within the turn of a die. Prendre l'occasion aux cheveux, to take occasion by the fore-lock. *Cheveux des plantes. V. Chevelu, s. m.

CHEVILLE, she-vîl, s. f. peg or pin; word put in verse merely for measure or rhyme; ancle bone; (of a stag) antler. Trower a chaque trou une cheville, to find a cure for every sore. Etre en cheville, to be in the

middle (at ombre.)

Cheville, s. f. Mar. bolt, iron-bolt, trennel, Cheville de hauban or de chaînes de haubans, chain-bolt; cheville à boucle, ring bolt; cheville à fiche, rag bolt ; cheville clavetée sur voile, clinch bolt; cheville à tête ronde or à bouton, fender bolt; cheville à goujon, common bolt; cheville à œillet, eye-bolt; cheville à goupille, fore-lock bolt; cheville à tête de diamant, square headed-bolt; cheville à croc, hook polt; cheville à boucle et à croc, bolt with a ring and a hook; cheville à pointe perdue, short drive bolt; cheville de pompe, pump bolt.

CHEVILLÉ, E, adj. pegged, pinned, bearng antlers; (of verse) abounding in useless words. Avoir l'âme chevillée dans le corps, to

nave nine lives.

CHEVILLER, she-vi-la, v. a. to pin, peg, asten with a peg. Cheviller un vaisseau,

Mar. to bolt a ship.

CHEVILLETTE, s. f. book-binder's peg. CHEVILLEUR, s. m. Mar. mooter, trennel, driver.

CHEVILION, s. m. turner's peg.

CHEVILLOT, s. m. belaying pin. CHEVILLURE, she-vi-lur, s. f. antlers.

*CHEVIR, v. n. to master, overrule, re-

claim, manage

CHÈVRE, shevr, s. f. goat, she-goat. (Ma-Chèvre sauvage, wild goat, anchine) crab. telope, gazelle. Enter en pied de chèvre, to graft slope-wise

Chèvre, s. f. Mar. gin or triangle with pullies. Prendre la chèvre, to fly into a passion,

be in a pet.

CHEVREAU, shë-vro, s. m. kid.

CHÈVRE-FEUILLE, s. m. honcy-suckle. CHÈVRE-PIED, adj. m. goat-footed. CHEVRETTE, shè-vrêt, s. f. roe; shrimp;

syrup pot; little dog or andiron. CHEVREUIL, shê-vrêul, s. m. roe-buck. CHEVRIER, shê-vrl-å, s. m. goat herd. CHEVRILLARN, shê-vrl-l'ar, s. m. fawn of

CHEVRON, she-vron, s. m. rafter or joist; (in heraldry) chevron. Chevron, s. m. Mar. scantling, (from 5 to 6

inches in thickness downwards.

CHEVRONNÉ, E, adj. who has a chevron

in his coat of arms. CHEVROTER, she-vro-ta, v. n. to kid; to go along skipping like a kid. Chevroter, to fret, lose patience; to sing with starts and shakes. Sa voix chevrote, his or her voice trembles or shakes

CHEVROTIN, she-vro-tin, s. m. kid or kid-leather, cheveril.

CHEVROTINE, she-vro-tin, s. f. shot for

CHEZ, shå, prep. at or to the house or apartment of; among, amongst, with. De chez, from the house or apartment of, from among, etc. Chez moi, to or at my house. De chez lui, from his house. Chez les Romains, among or with the Romans. Avoir un

chez soi, to have a house of one's own CHIAOUX, s. m. usher, (sort of Turkish

officer.)

CHIASSE. shi-as, scum of metals; (of flies or worms) excrement. Chiasse de mouches, fly-dung.

CHICANE, shi-kan, s. f. chicanery, chicane. quirk, cavil, trick, shift or fetch at law CHICANER, shi-kå-nå, v. a. to chicane,

perplex or split a cause, cavil, use quirks or shifts. Chicaner un écrit, to pick flaws in a J'ai un rhume qui me chicane depuis writing. six semaines, I have been troubled these six wecks with a cold.

Chicaner le vent, Mar. to hug the wind too close. Sans chicaner le vent, don't hanker

her in the wind.

CHICANERIE, shî-kan-ri, V. Chicane. CHICANEUR, shî-kâ-neur, s. m. chicaner, or quarrelsome splitter of causes, caviller or quarrels knave at law, pettifogger, litigious man.

Chicaneuse, shi-ka-neuz, s. f. litigious or

troublesome woman.

CHICANIÈR, E, shì-kà-nià, nièr, s. m. & f. wrangler, chicaner. Also used adjectively.

CHICHE, shish, adj. too sparing or too saving, niggardly, penurious, stingy, close-fisted. Pois chiches, chick-pease. Un chiche, s. m. a niggardly fellow.

CHICHEMENT, shish-men, adv sparingly,

savingly, penuriously.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: fleid, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

CHICHETÉ, s. f. niggardliness, penuriousness, covetousness.

CHICON, s. m. coss-lettuce.

CHICORACÉE, adj. cicoraceous. CHICORÉE, shì-kô-rà, s. f. succory, endive.

Снісот, shì-kô, s. m. stump; splinter. *Снісотек, shì-kô-tà, v. n. to wrangle,

trifle, dispute about nothing.

CHICOTIN, shil-ko-tin, s. m. orpine.
CHIEN, shilen, s. m. dog; (of a gun) cock.
Chien courant, hound, beagle. Chien basset
or de terre, terrier. Faire le chien couchant, to creep and crouch, cringe. Entre chien et loup, in the dusk of the evening, at twilight. Chien-marin or de mer, sea-dog. Chien céleste, dog-star.

CHIENDENT, s. m. dog-grass. CHIENNE, shien, s. f. bitch. CHIENNER, shie-na, v. n. to whelp, pup. Il chie de peur, his CHIER, v. n. to shit. heart is sunk into his breeches.

CHIEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. shitter. CHIFFE, shif, s. f. poor cloth. CHIFFON, shi-fon, s. m. rag, pad linen. Chiffons, millinery wares, gewgaw

CHIFFONNER, shi-fo-na, v. a. to rumple,

tumble, ruffle.

CHIFFONNIER, E, s. m. & f. rag man or woman; also silly impertinent newsmonger; trifler, wrangler.

CHIFFRE, shifr, s. m. cipher; number,

arithmetical figure

CHIFFRER, shif-fra, v. a. to number, compute; to cipher or write in ciphers.

CHIFFREUR, shi-freur, s. m. accountant. CHIGNON, shi-gnon, s. m. nape of the neck. CHILIADE, s. f. thousand.

CHILIARQUE, s. f. chiliarch, colonel.

CHILIASTE, s. m. chiliast, millenarian or fifth monarchy man. CHIMÈRE, shì-mèr, s. f. chimera. Idle

fancy. CHIMÉRIQUE, shì-mà-rik, adj. chimerical,

fantastical, imaginary.

Снім ÉRIQUEMENT, adv. chimerically. Сніміє, shi-ml, s. f. cliymistry. Сніміциє, adj. chymical.

CHIMISTE, shî-mîst, s. m. chymist.

CHINCILLA, s. f. a sort of animal of Peru not bigger than a squirrel and whose skin is held in great estimation.

CHINE, shin, La Chine, s. f. China.

*CHINFRENEAU, s. m. great cut or slash or blow in the face.

Chinois, E, shî-nwa, nwaz, adj. Chinese. *CHINQUER, v. n. to tipple, fuddle.

CHIDURME, shi-corm, s. f. whole crew of slaves in a galley

*Chipoter, shi-po-ta, v. n. to piddle, trifle or whiffle.

Chipotier, e, shî-pô-tîà, tîèr, s. m. & f. trifler, whiffler.

CHIQUE, s. f. a sort of flesh-worm.

CHIQUENAUDE, shik-nod, s. f. fillip. Donner une cl.iquenaude à quelqu'un, to filip

CHIQUET, shì-kè, s. m. bit, small part. Payer chiquet à chiquet, to pay in driblets. CHIRAGRE, kî-ragr, s. m. man who has the

gout in his hand.

CHIROGRAPHAIRE, kl-ro-gra-fer, s. m. writing under the disposer's own hand.

CHIROLOGIE, s. f. the art of expressing

thoughts with the fingers.

CHIROMANCIE, kl-rô-men-sl, s. f. chiromancy, palmistry.

CHIROMANCIEN, NE, kî-rô-mên-siên, siên,

s. m. & f. chiromancer or palmist

CHIRURGICAL, E, shî-rûr-zî-kâl, adj. chi rurgical.

CHIRURGIE, shî-rûr-zl, s. m. surgery, chirurgery.

Chirurgien, shî-rdr-zîên, s. m. surgeon or chirurgeon. Chirurgien major d'un bâtiment de guerre, surgeon of a man of war. Second chirurgien, surgeon's first mate. Chirurgique, adj. chirurgical.

Chiste, s. m. cyst or cystis. Снітоме, s. f. chief or head of religion among negroes

CHURE, shl-ur, s. f. dung (of flies.) CHLAMYDE, s. f. patrician military cloak. CHLORIS, s. m. a sort of chaffinch.

CHLOROSE, s. f. chlorosis, green-sick-

Снос, shok, s. m. shock; dashing, striking or clashing of one body against another; brunt, enset, encounter, engagement; blow, disaster.

Choc, s. m. Mar. surge (by suddenly slacking a tight rope.) Le choc de deux raisseaux, the running foul of two ships.

*CHOCAILLER, v. n. to tipple, fuddle.
*CHOCAILLON, s. m. fuddling-gossip.
CHOCOLAT, shô-kô-lâ, s. m. chocolate.
CHOCOLATIER, s. m. chocolate-maker or
ller; also one that keeps a chocolate

seller; house.

Chocolatière, sho-ko-la-tièr, s. f. chocolatepot; also a woman that keeps a chocolatehouse.

Choeur, keur, s. m. choir; chorus. fant de chœur, singing boy.

*Choir, shwar, v. n. (used only in the infinitive, and part. Chu) to fall.

CHOISIR, shwa-zir, v. a. to choose, make

choice of, pick out, pitch upon, elect. Quand on emprunte on ne choisit pas, beggars must not be choosers. Choisir quelqu'un de l'eil, to mark one out. Soldats choisis, picked men. CHOIX, shwa, s. m. choice, election, act of

choosing : option. Faire choix des mots quand on écrit, to pick out the choicest words

CHOLAGOGUE, adj. (terme de médecine) Qui fait couler la bile, cholagogue.

CHOLEDOLOGIE, s. f. choledology, treatise

on bile. CHÔMABI.E, shò-mabl, adj. resting, that ought to be kept holy. Fête or jour chômable, holy-day.

CHOMAGE, sho-maz, s. m. time a labourer is idle for want of work.

CHÔMER, shỏ-mã, v. n. to rest or cease from work; keep or celebrate a holy-day Chômer de besogne, to want work, stand still for want of work.

CHONDRILLE, s. f. sort of cicoraceous plant.

CHONDROLOGIE, s. f. chondrology, treatise on cartilages.

CHOPINE, shô-pîn, s. f. half a pint. French or English pint. Boire chopine le matin, to drink one's morning draught. Mar. lower pump box.

CHOPINER, sho-pl-na, v. n. to tipple.

CHOPPER, shô-pa, v. n. to dash or strike one's foot (against a thing in walking,) stum-ble, trip; also to mistake.

CHOQUANT, E, sho-kan, kant, adj. odious, hateful, offensive, unpleasant, disagreeable.

Choquer, shô-kà, v. a. to strike, dash, run or beat against; to offend, abuse, give offence; displease; to be contrary, to be against. Choquer l'oreille, to grate or offend the ear. Choquer la rue, to offend the eyes. Choquer, v. a. & n. Mar. to surge, check.

Se choquer, v. r. to strike, run or beat against one another; to clash or disagree, be con-trary; to engage or encounter; to take trary; to engage or encounter; to take offence, pet, snuff, or exception at; to abuse

one another, rail at one another.

CHOREGRAPHIE, s. f. choregraphy, art of noting the steps and figures of a dance.

CHORÉVÉQUE, s. m. rural bishop. CHORION, s. m. chorion. CHORISTE, kô-rîst, s. m. chorister. CHOROGRAPHIE, kô-rô-grâ-fl, s. f. chorography. Chorographique, kô-rô-grâ-fîk, adj.

chorographical.

CHOROIDE, s. f. choroides.

CHORUS, kò-rus, s. m. chorus. Faire or chanter chorus, to sing in chorus. CHOSE, shoz, s. f. thing. *Monsieur chose,

master thingumbob. Cноu, shoo, s. m. cabbage, cole-wort. Chou crépu, curled garden cole-wort. Choufleur, cauliflower. Jeunes choux, sprouts. Chou de Savoie or de Milan, Savoy. Il en fait ses choux gras, he gets well by it, he feathers his nest with it. Pour revenir à nos choux, to return to the purpose. Je n'en donnerois pas un trognon de chon, I would not give a pin for it. Aller planter des choux, to

CHOUCAS, shoo-ka, s. m. tame jack-daw.

CHOUETTE, shoo-et, s. f. owl, little owl. CHOUQUET, s. m. Mar. cap (of the masthead.) Chouquet en fer or de fer, iron-cap. CHOYER, shwa-ya, v. a. to make much of,

take care of, manage tenderly, fondle. CHRÊME, krêm, s. m. chrisin. CHRÊMEAU, s. m. chrism-cloth.

retire to one's country seat.

CHRÉTIEN, NE, krể-tiều, tiến, adj. & s. m.

& f. christian. CHRÉTIENNEMENT, krê-tîên-mên, adv.

christianly, christian like, like a christian. Christianté, kré-tièn-tà, s. f. christendom.

CHRISMATION, s. f. chrismation. . CHRIST, s. m. Christ.

CHRISTIANISER, v. a. to christianize, make christian.

CHRISTIANISME, kris-tià-nism, s. m. christianity, christian doctrire or profession.

CHROMATIQUE, adj. & s. f. chromatick; pleasant and delightful musick.

Сикотіque, krd-nik, adj. chronick, of a

long duration, inveterate. CHRONIQUE, s. f. chronicle or history.

Chronique scandaleuse, scandalous reports. CHRONIQUEUR, s. m. chronicler, writer of

CHRONOGRAMME, s. m. chronogram (an inscription whose letters give the date of any action.

CHI ONOLOGIE, krd-nd-ld-zl, s. f. chronology.

CHRONOLOGIQUE, krd-nd-ld-zik, adj. chronological.

CHRONOLOGISTE, krd-nd-ld-zist, or CHRO-NOLOGUE, s. m. chronologist, chronologer.

CHRONOMÈTRE, s. m. chronometer. CHRYSALIDE, krî-zâ-lîd, s. f. chrysalis, au

CHRYSOCOLLE, s. f. chrysocol or borax

goldsmith's solder. CHRYSOLITE, s. f. chrysolite, a yellow pre

cious stone tinged with green.

CHRYSOPÉE, s. m. art of making gold. CHRYSOPRASE, s. f. green precious stone Chu, E, adj. fallen, tumbled down.

CHUCHOTER, shå-shö-tå, or CHUCHETER,

v. n. to whisper in one's ear.

CHUCHOTERIE, shū-shōt-rl, s. f. whispering. CHUCHOTEU-R or CHUCHETEU-R, se shū-shō-tēur, teuz, s. m. whisperer.

CHUT, shut, interj. hush, peace there. CHUTE, shut, s. f. fall, tumble; misfortune; the cadence of a period; (of a sonnet) end; (of an epigram) point, sting. La chute des fewilles, the fall of the leaf, autumn. Mar. chute d'une voile, depth or drop of a sail. Les perroquets de ce bâtiment ont beaucoup de chute, that ship's top-gallant sails are very deep. Chute des courans, setting of tides or currents.
CHYLE, shill, s. m. chyle.

CHYLIFÈRE, adj. chyliferous. CHYLIFICATION, s. f. chylification.

C1, si, (abbreviation of ici) here. Cet homme-ci, this man. Ces femmes-ci, these women. V. celui-ci, etc. at, celui. Ci-dessus, above, aforesaid. Ci-dessus, under, underneath. Ci-devant, before, heretofore. Ci-après, afterwards, hereafter. Entre ci et la Saint-Michel, between this and Michaelmas.

CIBOIRE, si-bwar, s. m. pyx

CIBOULE. sl-bôol, s. f. scallion. CIBOULETTE, sl-bôo-lêt, s. f. chives. CICATRICE, sl-kâ-trîs, s. f. cicatrice, scar. CICATRISE, E, adj. cicatrised, full of scars. Hobittout cicatrisé, ragged suit, tattered coat. CICATRISER, E, sl-kå-trl-zå, v. a. to cicatrise.

Cicatriser, v. n. to skin over, turn to a scar. Se cicatriser, v. r. to heal up to a scar, to con-

CICÉRO, si-se-ro, s. m. (in printing) pica, Cicero approché or à petit œil, small pica. CICEROLE, si-se-rol, s. f. sort of chick-

pease.

CICLAMEN, s. m. sow bread (an herb.) CICOGNE, V. Cigogne, CICUTAIRE or CIGUE aquatique, s. f. cicuta, a sort of water-hemlock.

CIDE, sldr, s. m. cider.
CIDE, sldr, s. m. cider.
CIEL, sldl, s. m. Cieux, plur. heaven or heavens; paradisc. (Dieu, providence) heaven, God; air, sky. Country, climate; canopy; the tester or top (of a bed;) cope of heaven. Our ir les cieux à quelqu'un, to religion one to the heart. fill one with toy. Rejoice one to the heart, fill one with joy. muer ciel et terre, leave no stone unturned. Arc-en ciel, rain-bow. IF In the plural, ciels must be used instead of cieux, in ciels de lit, testers; Ciels d'un tableau, skies in a picture.

CIERGE, sierz, s. m. wax-taper, wax-candle.

CIERGIER, sier-zia, s. m. wax-chandler.

CIEUX, sien, V. Ciel. CIGALE, si-gal, s. m. kind of grasshopper or flying insect, the Cicada of the ancients.

bar, bat, base : thère, cbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

CIGNE, V. Cygne.

CIGOGNE, sl-gogn, s. f. stork. Conte de la cigogne, tale of a tub, old woman's story.

CIGOGNEAU, s. m. young stork. CIGUE, sl-gu, s. f. hemlock.

CIL, sil, s. m. eye-lash. CILICE, si-lis, s. m. hair-cloth.

CILLEMENT, sîl-mên, s. m. winking of the

CILLER, si-la, v. a. to wink, twinkle. Ciller les yeux, to twinkle with the eyes. Cil-

ler, v. n. to grow grey, (speaking of horses' eye-lashes.) CIME, sîm, s. f. top, ridge or height, sumit. La cime du bonheur, the height or pin-

nacle of happiness.

CIMENT, si-men, s. m. cement, mortar; cement, union, tie. CIMENTER, si-mên-ta, v. a. to cement.

CIMENTIER, s. m. cement-maker. CIMETERRE, sim-ter, s. m. cimeter.

CIMETIÈRE, sim-tier, s. m. cemetery CIMIER, sf-mia, s. m. crest, (in heraldry;) buttock of beef. Cimier de cerf, haunch of venison.

CINABRE, s. m. cinnabar, red lead.

CINÉRATION, s. f. cineration, reduction of any thing by fire to ashes.

Cinglage, sin-glaz, s. m. Mar. space a ship can sail in twenty-four hours.

CINGLER, sin-glå, v. n. Mar. to sail with a fair wind. Cingler, v. a. to lash or switch. Il fait un vent qui cingle le visage, there is a wind that cuts one's face.

CINNAMOME, sî-nâ-môm, s. m. V. Canelle. CINQ, sink, adj. & s. m. five. Un cinq de chiffre, a figure of five. Un cinq de carte, Un cinq aux dés, a five or five at cards. cinque at dice.

CINQUANTAINE, sin-kan-ten, s. f. fifty,

about fifty, the number of fifty CINQUANTE, sin-kant, adj. fifty.

CINQUANTENIER, sin-kant-nia, s. m. cap-tain or commander of fifty men,

CINQUANTIÈME, sin-kan-tièm, adj. fiftieth. Un cinquantième, s. m. a fiftieth, the fiftieth

CINQUIÈME, sin-kièm, adj. fifth. Un cinquième, s. m. a fifth, a fifth part. La cinqui-

ème, s. f. the fifth form (in a college.) CINQUIÈMEMENT, sin-kièm-mên, adv. fifthly, in the fifth place.

CINTRAGE, s. m. Mar. V. Ceinture, Mar. CINTRE, sintr, s. m. arch, mould for an arch. CINTRÉ, E, adj. arched, made arch-wise.

CINTRER, sin-trà, v. a. to arch. Mar. to frap, (by encircling with a cable or cables.) Etre cintré par ses amarres, to be girt with one's cables.

CION, si-on, V. Scion.

CIOUTAT, s. m. sort of grapes.

CIRAGE, sl-raz, s. m. waxing (of anything.) CIRCONCIRE, sfr-kon-sir, v. a. to circumeise.

CIRCONCIS, adj. circumcised.

CIRCONCIS, s. m. circumcised man. CIRCONCISEUR, s. m. circumciser. CIRCONCISION, sîr-kon-cî-zîon, s. f. cir-

cumcision.

CIRCONFÉRENCE, sîr-kon-fê-rens, s. f. circumference, compass,

CI ICONFLEXE, sîr-kon-flêks, adj. & s. m. circu nflex,

CIRCONLOCUTION, sir-kon-ld-kd-sion, s. f. circumlocution, periphrasis.

CIRCONSCRIPTION, sir-kons-krip-sion, s. f. circumscription.

CIRCONSCRIRE, sîr-kons-krir, v. a. (like écrire at crire,) to circumscribe, enclose within a line; to limit, bound.

CIRCONSCRIT, E, adj. circumscribed, etc. CIRCONSPECT, E, sîr-kons-pêkt, adj. cir-cumspect, wary, wise, considerate, discreet, prudent.

CIRCONSPECTION, sîr-kons-pêk-sîon, s. f. circumspection, wariness, consideration, prudence, discretion. Arec circonspection, warily, circumspectly, prudently, discreetly, with consideration.

CIRCONSTANCE, slr-kons-tens, s. f. circumstance. Circonstances et dépendances, appurtenances.

CIRCONSTANCIER, sîr-kons-tên-siã, v. a. to circumstantiate, describe with circumstances. tell the circumstances of.

CIRCONVALLATION, sir-kon-val-la-sion, s. f. circumvallation.

CIRCONVENIR, sîr-konv-nîr, v. a. like renir, to circumvent, cozen, deceive, over-reach.
CIRCONVENTION, sir-kon-ven-sion, s. f.
circumvention, deceit, fraud, cozenage.

CIRCONVENU, E, adj. circumvented, cozened, deceived.

CIRCONVOISIN, E, sîr-kon-vwa-zin, zîn, adj. neighbouring, near; adjoining, adjacent, bordering upon. CIRCONVOLUTION, s. f. circumvolution.

CIRCUIT, sîr-kûî, s. m. compass, circuit, circumference. Long circuit de paroles, beating of or about the bush, great preamble.

CIRCULAIRE, sîr-kû-lêr, adj. circular, round. Lettres circulaires, circular letters;

writs or summons (for the calling of a Parlia ment in England.)

CIRCULAIREMENT, sîr-kû-ler-mên, adv. circularly.

CIRCULATION, sîr-kû-lâ-sîon, s. f. circulation.

CIRCULATOIRE, adj. circulatory.

CIRCULER, sîr-kû-lâ, v. n. to circulate, move round.

CIRE, sir, s. f. wax; seal. Cire d' Espagne, sealing-wax. Un homme de cire, a waxen man, a man susceptible of any impression.

La cire des oreilles, ear-wax.

CIRÉ, E, adj. waxed. Toile cirée, cere cloth, oil cloth. Toile cirée pour couvrir un chapeau, oil-case for a hat.

CIRER, v. a. to wax. CIRIER, sî-rîà, s. m. wax-chandler.

CIROÈNE, s. m. plaster for a bruise, sear-

CIRON, si-ron, s. m. flesh-worm, little blister (made by the worm.)

CIRQUE, sirk, s. m. circus, place for games and publick exercises.

CIRSOCÈLE, s. m. cirsocele.

CIRURE, sl-rur, s. f. waxing or overlaying with wax.

CISAILLER, sî-zà-là, v. a. to cut or clip (counterfeit money.)

CISAILLES, si-zal, s. f. pl. shears; also shearings, clippings.

CISEAU, sf-zò, s. m. chisel, graver. I seau de la parque, the scissors of fate. seaux or une paire de ciseaux, scissors or

Gros ciseaux, shears. Mar. | pair of scissors. Ciseau du calfat double or cannelé, calker's marking-iron.

Ciselé, E, adj. chased, raised, carved. Vaisselle ciselée, chased plate. Velours ciselé,

CISELET, siz-lè, v. a. to chase, raise, carve.
CISELET, siz-lè, v. m. graver.

CISELEUR, s. m. chaser. Ciselure, siz-ldr, s. f. chasing, raising, carving; also chased work, carved work,

chisel work, sculpture. CISOIRES, V. Cisailles.

CISSOIDE, s. f. cissoid, curve-line.

CISTE, s. m. cistus, rock-rose.

CISTRE, sistr, s. m. cithern (sort of harp.) CITADIN, E, sî-tâ-din, dîn, s. m. & f. citi-

CITATION, si-tà-sion, s. f. citation.

CITÉ, sì-tà, s. f. city, town. CITER, sì-tà, v. a. to cite, summon to appear; to cite, quote, alledge. Citer son auteur, to name one's author.

CITÉRIEUR, E, sî-tà-rieur, rieur, adj. citeriour, hither, hithermost. La Calabre citérieure, Calabria citerior or the hither Calabria.

CITERNE, sî-tern, s. f. cistern. CITERNEAU, s. m. little cistern.

CITOYEN, NE, sl-1wa-yin, yeu, s. m. & f. a citizen, inhabitant or person free of a city.

CITRIN, E, sî-trin, trîn, adj. citrine, of a lemon-colour.

CITRON, sî-tron, s. m. citron, lemon; lemon-colour.

CITRONNAT, si-tro-na, s. m. candied lemon-peel.

CITRONNÉ, E, sî-trô-nã, adj. that has the taste or flavour of a lemon

CITRONNELLE, sî-trô-nel, s. f. balm-mint. CITRONNIER, sî-trô-nîa, s. m. lemon-tree,

citron-tree. CITROUILLE, si-trool, s. f. great gourd,

citrul or pumpion.

CIVADE, si-vad, s. f. kind of beard fish.

CIVADIÈRE, sì-và-dièr, s. f. sprit-sail. CIVE, siv, s. f. chives (species of small onion.)

CIVET, si-ve, s. m. sauce and ragout made of a hare or rabbit.

CIVETTE, sî-vêt, s. f. a civet-cat, civet, (*Herb*) chives.

Civiers, si-vièr, s. f. hand-barrow. Civier, si-viì, adj. civil, pertaining to the citizens or city or state; not criminal. Civil, courteous, kind, affable, well-bred. Juge civil. judge in civil causes. Une requête civile, a bill of review.

CIVILEMENT, si-vîl-mên, adv. civilly, cour-

teously, kindly; in a civil cause.

CIVILISATION, s. f. civilization.

CIVILISER, sî-vî-lî-zà, v. a. to civilize, make civil, soften, or polish manners. Civiliser une affaire, to turn a criminal into a civil

CIVILITÉ, si-vi-li-tà, s. f. civility, courtesy, good breeding. Faire civilité à quelqu'un, to receive or entertain one civilly. quelqu'un arec beaucoup de civilité, to receive one very handsomely or civilly, shew him a great deal of respect. Civilités, compliments, spects, commendations.

CIVIQUE, sî-vîk, adj. civick. Couronne

civique, civic crown, garland given to him who saved a citizen's life.

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CIVISME, s. m. civism, love of one's coun-

try.
CLABAUD, klå-bò, s. m. liar, hound that opens false; booby, clown. Chapeau qui fait le clabaud, hat that flaps down. Chapeau qui fait

CLABAUDAGE, klå-bo-dåz, s. m. barking

or baying of dogs. CLABAUDER, klå-bò-då, v. a. to open, bark or bay; to clamour or brawl, make a great deal of noise to no purpose.

CLABAUDERIE, klå-bod-rl, s. f. clamour,

brawling.

CLABAUDEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. clamourer, brawler.

CLAIE, kle, s. f. hurdle. Trainer un cri minel sur la claie, to draw a malefactor upon a hurdle.

CLAIR, E, kler, kler, adj. clear; bright, luminous; lightsome; polished; serene, fair, without clouds; manifest, evident; discerning; thin; pure; shrill, loud; transparent. Rouge clair, light red. Clair brun, light brown. Clairs deniers, argent clair, clear or pure money. Lait clair, whey. Des vitres claires, clean windows. Horizon clair, clear horizon.
CLAIR, s. m. shine, light. Il commence à

faire clair, it begins to be day-light. Clair de lune, moon-shine. Nuit où il fait clair de lune, moon-shiny night. Les clairs d'un tableau, etc. the lights of a picture, etc.

CLAIR, adv. clear or clearly, plain or plainly. Voir clair, to see clear, be clear sighted, be sharp, have a sharp wit. It voit clair dans cette affaire, he understands this affair thoroughly, he sees into the very bottom of it. Entendre clair, to be quick of apprehension. Parler clair, to speak with a clear or shrill voice : to speak loud or distinctly; speak plain or freely.

CLAIREMENT, kler-men, adv. clearly,

plainly, distinctly; manifestly.
CLAIRET, TE, klê-rê, rêt, adj. claret. Vin clairet, claret. Eau clairette, sort of cherry-

CLAIRETTE, s. f. nun of St. Claire.

CLAIRE-VOIE, klêr-vwd, s. f. thin sowing Semer à claire-voie, to sow thin. CLAIRIÈRE, klê-rlèr, s. f. glade in a wood. CLAIRON, klê-ron, s. m. clarion.

CLAIR-SEMÉ, E, adj. thin-sown, thin, scarce. CLAIR VOYANCE, kler-vwa-yens, s. f. quickness of understanding, penetration, sharpness or acuteness of wit.

CLAIRVOYANT. E, kler-vwa-yen, yent, adj.

clear-sighted, sharp, acute.
CLAMEUR, klå-meur, s. f. clamour, outcry; (de haro) citation before the judge.

CLAMP, or rather CLAN, s. m. sheave-hole.

CLAN, s. m. clan, tribe. CLANDESTIN, E, klen-des-tin, tin, adj.

clandestine, secret, private. klèn-des-tin-men.

CLANDESTINEMENT,

adv. clandestinely, privately.

CLANDESTINITÉ, klén-dés-ti-ni-tà, s. f. clandestine or private manner.

CLAPIER, kla-pla, s. m. burrow (for rabbits,) tame rabbit; also rabbit butch

CLAPIR, klå-pir, v. n. to squeak like a rabbit.

t. Se clapir, v. r. to squat, lie squat. CLAQUE, klak. s m. slapper, snapper

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: mood, good.

Claque, s. f. slap, blow. Des claques, clogs. *CLAQUEDENT, klåk-den, s. m. beggar, paltry, pitiful wretch; also a brawler, toaster. CLAQUEMENT, klåk-men, s. m. clapping; chattering; smacking, snapping (of a whip.) CLAQUEMURER, klåk-men-a, v. a. to put

CLAQUEMURER, klåk-må-rå, v. a. to put in a stone-doublet (prison.)
CLAQUER, klå-kå, v. a. to flap or slap or snap. Il claque des dents, les dents his claquent, his teeth chatter. Faire bien claquer son fouet, to make a noise or bustle in the world.

CLAQUET, klå-ke, s. m. clack of a mill,

CLAQUETER, v. n. to clack.

CLARIFICATION, klå-rl-fl-kå-sion, s. f. cla-

rifying or making clear; clarification.

CLARIFIER, klå-rl-fl-å, v. a. to clarify or make clear. Se clarifier, v. r. to clarify or grow clear.

CLARINE, s. f. bell (on the neck of cattle.) CLARINETTE, klå-rf-net, s. f. clarionet.

CLARTÉ, klar-tà, s. f. light, brightness, splendour; clearness, perspicuity, plainness.
CLASSE, klas, s. f. class, rank, order; (of tacollege) form. Durant mes classes, when I Classes, pl. Mar. divisions was a school-boy. Classes, pl. Mai of scamen (in the French service.)

CLASSER, v. a. to class.
CLASSIQUE, klå-sik, adj. classick, classical, approved (speaking of an author.)

CLATIR, v. n. to bark with redoubled vio-

lence.

CLAUDE, s. & adj. fool, silly.

CLAUDICATION, s. f. claudication, limping. CLAUSE, RIOZ, s. f. clause, proviso, condition, article.

CLAUSTRAL, E, klos-trål, adj. claustral,

monastic, monastical. CLAVEAU, klå-vo, s. m. scab, rot; hanse

CLAVECIN, s. m. harpsichord.

CLAVECINISTE, s. m. player on the harp-

CLAVELÉ, E, klåv-lå, adj. that has the rot

or scab; scabby

(of a door, etc.)

SCADY, SCADY, CLAVELÉE, klåv-lå, s. f. rot, scab.
CLAVETTE, klå-vêt, s. f. pin *o*r peg.
Clavette, s. f. Mar. forelock (of a bolt.)
CLAVICULE, klå-v¹-kål, s. f. clavicle, col-

lar-bone; also little key. CLAVIER, kla-víå, s. m. (of an organ,)

kcys; chain or ring (to keep keys on.)
CLAYON, klć-yon, s. m. little hurdle.
CLAYONNAGE, klć-yð-nåz, s. m. fence

made with hurdles.

CLEF, klå, s. f. key-stone; (of a pistol) spanner; bed-screw; screw-key; (of a vice) pin; (in musick) key or cief; (of a cross-bow) gaffle. Clef de forme de cordonnier, wedges of a bootmaker's last. Fermer à clef, to lock up. Etre enfermé sous la clef, to be under lock and key. Prendre la clef des champs, to run away. Donner la clef des champs, to let go. Jeter les clefs sur la fosse, to renounce the succession, (said of a widow.)

Clé or clef, s. f. Mar. hitch (sort of knot) fid, etc. Demi-clef, half-hitch. Detw. demi-clefs, clove hitch. Clef des måts, fid, mast fid. Fais entrer lu clef, enter the fid. V. Entrer. La clef est-elle entrée? is the fid entered?

Clefs, filling-pieces.
CLEMATITE, s. f. sort of plant.
CLEMENCE, klå-mens, s. f. clemency.

CLÉMENT, E, klå-men, ment, adj. clement, gracious, merciful.

CLÉMENTINES, s. f. pl. constitutions of pope Clement the fifth.

CLENCHE, s. f. (loquet) latch or bolt (of a

CLEPSYDRE, klep-sidr, s. f. clepsydra, wa-

ter-hour-glass.

CLERC, kler, s. m. clerk, clergyman; scho-lar; clerk, writing-clerk. Clerc d'office, clerk of the kitchen. Il n'est pas grand clerc, he is no great scholar, he has no great skill. Faire um pas de clerc, to make a gross mistake.
Clerck, klêr-zå, s. m. clergy, ecclesiastics.
Clerical, e, klå-rå-kål, adj. clerical, of a

clerk or clergyman.

CLÉRICALEMENT, klå-ri-kål-men, adv. like a clergyman. CLERICATURE, klå-ri-kå-tur, s. f. clerk-

ship, condition of a clergyman. Droit de cléricature, privilege of the clergy.

CLEROMANCIE, s. f. cleromancy, divina-tion by the casting of dice. CLIENT, E, kli-èn, ènt, s. m. & f. client. CLIENTELE, kli-èn-têl, s. f. the clients of or dependents on a nobleman; also patronage, protection.

CLIFOIRE, a sort of syringe that children make with a switch of elder.

CLIGNEMENT, klign-men, s. m. winking of the cyes, (said only of the habit.)

CLIGNER, kli-gnå, les yeux, v. a. to wink or twinkle with the eyes.

CLIGNOTEMENT, kli-gnôt-mên, s. m. wink-

ing, twinkling. CLIGNOTER, kli-gnô-tå, v. n. or CLIGNO-TER des yeux, to wink and twinkle often with

the eyes. CLIMAT, kli-må, s. m. climate, clime, coun-

try. CLIMATÉRIQUE, klî-mâ-tâ-rîk, adj. cli-

CLIN (d'ail,) klin-deul, s. m. twinkling, (of an eye.) Faire un clin d'ail à quelqu'un, to give the wink or to tip one the wink. Ils étoient obéissans ou moindre clin d'aril, they were ready at call or at the least sign. A clin or à clins, Mar. clincher-work. Bâtiment bordé à clin, clincher built vessel.

CLINCAILLE, s. f. iron-ware, hard-ware;

copper coin, base coin.
CLINCAILLER, or CLINCAILLIER, s. m. iron-monger. CLINCAILLERIE, s. f. dealing in hard

CLINIQUE, adj. clinick, clinical. CLINQUANT, klin-kan, s. m. tinsel, thin plate, lace of gold or silver; tinsel, thing showy but of little value.

CLIQUART, s. m. a sort of stone good for

building.

CLIQUE, klik, s. f. party, gang. CLIQUET, V. Claquet.

Cliquets, s. m. pl. Mar. pauls or pawls;

cliquets de fer, hanging pauls.
CLIQUETER, klîk-tâ, v. n. to clack.
CLIQUETIS, klîk-tî, s. m. clashing or clat-

tering of arms.

CLIQUETTES, kli-ket, s. f. pl. child's clack-Cliquettes de ladre, a lazar's clicket or Clapper.
CLISSE, klis, s. f. little hurdle.

CLISSER, kli-så, v. a. to cover or protect

with wickers.

CLIVER, v. a. to cleave (diamonds.)
CLOAQUE, klô-åk, s. m. & f. sink, common sewer, nasty stinking place; also nasty stinking fellow; vent (of birds.)
CLOCHE, klôsh, s. f. bell; stewing-pan; blister. Cloche de verre, glass-bell. Fondre la cloche, to examine the very bottom of an efficir teles of the recolution about an efficir affair, take a final resolution about an affair.

Cloche, s. f. Mar. bell. V. Bell. Cloche de cabestan, part of a capstan round which the messenger, etc. is passed, comprehending the drum head.

CLOCHE-PIED. Ex. Aller à cloche-pied, to

CLOCHE-PILED.

CLOCHEMENT, s. m. hopping.

CLOCHER, klő-shå, v. n. to halt, limp, go

CLOCHER, klő-shå, v. n. to cette comparailame; (of verses) to hobble. Cette co son cloche, this is a lame comparison.

CLOCHER, kld-sliå, s. m. steeple, belfry. Il soutint jusqu'au bout l'honneur de son clocher, he maintained to the very last the honour of his church.

CLOCHETTE, klô-shét, s. f. small bell; bell-

flower.

CLOISON, klwa-zon, s. f. partition of boards, partition wall. Mar. bulk-head. Cloison en travers du vaisseau, bulk-head. Cloison de la gatte, manger-board.

CLOISONNAGE, klwa-zô-náz, s. m. parti-

tion work.

CLOITRE, klwatr, s. m. cloister. CLOITRER, klwa-tra, v. a. to cloister up; to shut up in a cloister or monastery; also to mure or immure.

CLOITRIER, adj. claustral. Un moine cloi-

trier, a claustral monk.

CLOPIN-CLOPANT, klô-pin-klô-pen, adv. hobbling along.
CLOPINER, klð-pf-nå, v. n. to hobble.
CLOPORTE, klð-pört, s. f. wood-louse.
CLOQUE, s. f. a kind of disease (in peach

trees.)

CLORRE or CLORE, klor, v. a. to close, shut or shut up, stop; (environner) to enclose, shut in, surround, encompass, fence; to close, end or make an end of, finish, conclude. Clorre un compte, to make up an account.

Clorre, v. n. to close or shut. CLOS, E, adj. closed, close, shut, etc.

sont lettres closes, that is a secret.

CLos, klò, s. m. close, enclosure. CLOSEAU, s. m. small close.

CLOSSEMENT, S. m. clucking (of a hen.)
CLOSSER, v. n. to cluck (as a hen.)
CLOTURE, klo-tur, s. f. enclosure, fence;
also making up or closing (of an account,
etc.) Garder la clôture, to keep in the cloister or to keep one's vow (speaking of a nun.) Elle à violé la clôture, she has broken her

vow, she has quitted her cloister. CLOU, klôo, s. m. nail; a bile; stud; clove. Je n'en donnerois pas un clou, I would not give a pin's head for it. Je lui ai bien rivé ses clous. I gave him as good as he sent. Clou à crochet, tenter-hook. Garni de clous, stud-

con, s. m. Mar. nail. Clou de 8 pouces et au-dessus, spike. Clous au poids, weight nails or spikes. Clous à plomb, lead nails. Clous à mangère, scupper nails. Clous à pompe, pump nails. Clous à vis, clincher nails. chineal.

with little hurdles; to encompass (a bottle) || Clous à tête piquée, clasp nails or clasp headed nails. Clous à tête roude, round headed nails. Clous à tête plate, clout nails, flat headed nails, Clous de doublage, sheathing nails. Clous de tillac, seating or tenpenny nails. Clous de demi-tillac, sixpenny nails. Clous de ferrure de gouvernail, rudder nails. Clous de double tillac, nails like English twentypenny draw-ing nails. Clous de lisse, nails resembling English two shilling nails. Clous de demi-caravelle, single deck nails. Clous de double Clous de double cararelle, nails much like English deck nails.

CLOUCOURDE, s. f. a sort of herb. CLOUE, E, adj. nailed. Il est cloué à sa anison, he keeps close home. Je suis cloud a sun maison, he keeps close home. Je suis cloud a mon ouvrage, I am constantly at work.

CLOUSER, kloo-la, v. a. to suid.

CLOUTER, kloo-la, v. a. to stud.

CLOUTERIE, kloo-la, v. a. to suid.

making.

CLOUTIER, kloo-tfå, s. m. nail-smith, nail-

CLOUTIÈRE, klôo-tier, s. m. mould for making nails.

CLUB, s. m. club.

CLUBISTE, s. m. member of a club.

CLYMÈNE, s. f. a kind of spurge.

CLYSTÈRE, klis-ter, s. m. clyster.

COACERVATION, s. f. coacervation, the act of heaping.

Coagui-F, ve, kô-åk-lif, tiv, adj. coactive, coercive. Force coactive, coercive power. COACTION, s. f. coaction, compulsion.

COADJUTEUR, kô-åd-zů-teur, s. m. coad-

jutor, assistant or fellow helper. COADJUTORERIE, kô-âd-zû-tôr-rl, s. f. co-

adjutorship. COADJUTRICE, kô-âd-zů-tris, s. f. coadju-

COAGULATION, kô-å-gô-là-sîon, s. f. co-

agulation. COAGULER, kô-å-gů-lå, v. a. to coagulate, congeal, curd, curdle. Se conguler, v. r. to coagulate, congeal.

COALISER, v. n. to join together. COALITION, s. f. coalition. COASSEMENT, kd-ås-men, s. m. croaking like a frog.

Coassen, kô-å-så, v. n. to croak like a frog. COATI, s. m. four-footed animal very com mon in America.

COBALT, or COBOLT, s. m. cobalt. Coc, V. Coq. *CocAGNE, kô-kâgn. Ex. Pays de cocagne, plentiful country, good country to live in. Sort of pole for competitors to ascend. Cocarde, ko-kard, s. f. cockade.

*Cocasse, adj. odd, comical, whimsical.

COCATRIX, s. m. cockatrice. COCHE, kosh, s. m. travelling coach. Coche d'eau, large boat to carry passengers on a river.

Coche, s. f. sow; (said of a fat woman) great sow; notch. En coche, Mar. close up to the mast head. Nos lumers sout en coche, our top sails are close up to the mast head. Cochemar, kosh-mar. V. Cauchemar.

COCHENILLAGE, s. m. decoction made of

cochineal.

COCHENILLE, kôsh-nîl, s. f. cochineal. COCHENILLER, v. a. to dyea stuff with co-

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

COCHER, kö-sha, v. a. to tread. Le coq coche la poule, the cock treads the hen. Cochen, kô-shã, s. ni. coachman.

COCHÈRE, kô-sher, adj. & f. Ex. Porte cochère, great gate (wide enough for a couch to enter.)

COCHET, kô-shê, s. m. cockcrel.

COCHEVIS, kôsh-vl, s. m. crested lark. COCHLEARIA, s. m. spoonwort, scurvy-

Cochon, kô-shon, s. m. hog. Cochon de lsit, pig. Cochon d'Inde, guinea-pig. Avoir des yeur or de petits yeux de cochon, to have pig's eyes or little eyes. Cochonnée, kô-shô-nà, s. f. litter of pigs. Cochonner, kô-shô-nà, v. n. to farrow,

pig, bring forth pigs. Cochonnerie, ko-shon-rl, s. f. nastiness,

COCHONNET, kô-shô-nê, s. m. jack to bowl at; sort of bowl with twelve sides. Coco, kô-kô, s. m. cocoa, cocoa-nut.

Cocon, kô-kon, s. m. cod of a silk-worm. Cocotier, kô-kô-tia, s. m. cocoa-tree, cocoa-palm. Bâtiment cocotier, Mar. ship so rigged that her blocks are uncommonly conspicuous.

Coction, kok-sion, s. f. coction, concoc-

tion, digestion.

Cocu, s. m. cuckold.

COCUAGE, s. m. cuckoldom.

Cocufier, v. a. to cuckold. CODE, kôd, s. m. compilation of laws, code. CODÉTENTEUR, s. m. he who holds with

another a sum of money or an inheritance.
Codicillaire, kô-dî-sî-ler, adj. contained in the codicil.

CODICILLE, kô-dî-sîl, s. m. codicil.

CODILLE, ko-elil, s. m. (at ombre, etc.) co-

dille. Perdre codille, to be off the board.

CODONATAIRE, adj. & s. m. & f. he or she to whom a thing is given jointly with

another person. COEFFE, V. Coiffe.

COEFFICIENT, s. m. coefficient. Coegal, E, kô-å-gål, adj. coequal.

COEMPTION, s. f. coemption.

COERCIBLE, adj. that can be kept in a cer-

tain space. COERCITI-F, ve, kô-ĉr-si-tif, tlv, adj. co-ercive, restraining. COERCITION, kô-ĉr-si-sion, s. f. coercion,

restraining, keeping in order. Coeternel, le, kô-â-têr-nêl, adj. coeter-

COEUR, keur, s. m. heart; heart, love, affection, inclination; mind, soul; courage, spirit, mettle; thought; memory, remembrance; middle or midst; stomach; (at cards) heart. Soulèvement de cœur, rising of the stomach. A coeur jeun, fasting. Cela me tient au cœur, cela me pèse sur le cœur, j'ai cela sur le cœur, that lies heavy upon my heart. Bienaimé du cœur, bosom friend. Apprendre par cœur, to learn by heart. Dire par cœur, to say without book. Avoir le cœur sur les levres, to be open hearted, be free and open. Je n'ai rien tant à cœur que de vous rendre service, I have no greater desire than to serve you. C'est un hounne tout de cœur, he is of a noble or ge-nerous temper. Prendre son cœur par autrui, to feel for others, have a fellow feeling.

Cokveque, s. m. co-bishop.

COEXISTENCE, s. f. coexistence.

COEXISTER, v. n. to coexist. Coffin, s. m. candle-basket.

COFFINER, (SE) v. r. to curl, turn up (as

Rowers.

COFFRE, kofr, s. m. trunk or chest; chest or bulk of the body; coffin; (of a lute) belly. Coffre fort, strong box. Les coffres du Roi, the king's coffers or treasury. Piquer le coffre, to dance attendance. Mar. chest, etc. Coffres d'armes, arm-chest. Coffre de muni-Coffres d'armes, arm-chest. Coffre de muni-tion, ammunition-chest. Coffre à médecine, medicine-chest. Coffre de signaux, colourchest. Ce bâtiment a beaucoup de coffres, that

slip has a very roomy waist.

COFFRER, kô-frà, v. a. to put into jail.

COFFRET, kô-frè, s. m. little trunk or chest.

COFFRETIER, kôfr-fià, s. m. trunk or cof-

Cognasse, kô-gnas, s. f. wild quince. Cognassier, kô-gna-sia, s. m. wild quince-tree.

COGNAT, s. m. (the g is pronounced hard) cognate, kinsman, descending from the same stock.

COGNATION, s. f. (the g is hard) cognation. kindred.

Cognée, kô-gnã, s. f. axe, hatchet. Cogne-fétu, kôgn-fã-tů, s. m. busy trifler, one that makes a great ado to no pur-pose: Il ressemble à corne-fétu, il se tue et ne fuit rien, he is a marplot, takes a world of trouble about nothing.

COGNER, kổ-gnà, v. a. to knock or drive in; to beat, maul. *Cogner un clou*, to drive a nail. COHABITATION, kổ-ả-bỉ-tả-sĩon, s. f. co-

habitation.

Сондвітев, ko-å-bi-ta, v. n. to cohabit. COHÉRENCE, kô-à-rèns, s. f. cohcrence,

agreement, hanging tegether.
Cohentitier, e, kô-à-rì-là, tièr, s. m. & f. co-heir, joint-heir, fellow-heir, co-heiress. Conésion, kô-à-zion, s. f. cohesion.

COHOBATION, s. f. cohobation, pouring back of any distilled liquor upon what it was drawn from.

COHOBER, v. a. to thicken a liquor by means of cohobation.

Соновте, kô-ôrt, s. f. cohort, Roman cohort, 10th part of a legion.

COHVE, kô-ů, s. f. crowd, rout, multitude ; place where inferiour courts are held.

Coi, TE. kwa, kwat, adj. quiet, still. Cham-

bre coite, close, confined room.

Coiffe, kwaf, s. f. hood, coif; net; cawl which covers the bowels; lining. Coiffe de

muit, night-cap.

COIFFÉ, E, kwå-få, adj, that bas a hood or coif on, etc. Etre bien eoiffé, to have a fine head of hair; also to have a good wig or hat on; to have one's hair well dressed. It est ne Chien bien coiffé, he is born to good fortune. Chien bien coiffé, long-eared dog. Bouteille coiffée, bottle and fowl. Joner, perdre, gagner bouteille coiffée, to play for, lose, win, a bottle and fowl. Il est coiffé de cette fenme, he is bewitched with that woman. Etre coiffé d'une opinion, d'une personne, to be over-fond of an opinion or person.

Coiffen, kwa-fa, v. a. to dress or cover the head. Chapean or perruque qui coiffe hien, hat or wig that fits well. Coiffer une bouteille, to cap a bottle. Se coiffer, v. r. to dress one's

head; to get tipsy or drunk; d'une personne, to be overfond of an opinion or person. Se coiffer de faux chereux, to wear false hair. Se luisser coiffer, to build a chapel. Coiffer, v. a. Mar. to back, lay aback.

Coiffer une voile, to lay a sail aback or to back a sail. Se coiffer, v. a. Mar. to be taken aback. Nous nous sommes coiffés en chicanant le vent, we have been taken aback by huggling

the wind too close. Se coiffer, to broach to. COIFFEUR, kwa-feur, s. m. hair-dresser. Coiffeuse, kwa-feuz, s. f. milliner.

Coiffure, kwa-fur, s. f. head-dress. Coignasse, Coignée, Coigner, etc. V. Cognasse, etc.

COIGNIER, s. m. quince-tree.

Coignoin, s. m. coin or wedge used by

printers to lock up a form.

Coin, kwin, s. m. corner; (of a wig) lock; die; a punch; wedge, coin, quoin; (fruit) quince. Regarder du coin de l'œil, to cast sheep's eyes, leer upon. Il tient bien son coin, he keeps or maintains his ground. Marqué au bon coin, of the right stamp. Marqué au mauvais coin, not of the right stamp. V. Coignoir.

Coin, s. m. Mar. coin, quoin, wedge, chock, etc. Coin à manche, horsing-iron. Coin à fendre, iton-wedge. Ccin de mire, coin (or quoin) of a gun. Coin d'arrimage, wedge or chock used in the stowage of a vessel's hold. Coins de mâts, wedges of a mast (by which

it is confined in the partners.)
Coincidence, s. f coincidence. COINCIDENT, E, adj. coincident. COINCIDER, v. n. to coincide.

Coing, s. m. quince. V. Coin, [the g is si-

lent.)
Coton, s. m. coward, dastardly fellow. COYONNER, v. n. to abuse, make a fool of, use scurvily. Also v. n. Ex. Il ne fait que coï-

onner, he is always making a fool of somebody. COTONNERIE, s. f. cowardice, base cowardly action, sneakingness; also silliness, fool-

cry, pitiful idle story, trifle.
Corr, kô-lt, s. m. coition.
Corr, kô-lt, s. m. coition.
Corr, kôl, s. m. collar: defile, narrow passage; neck (of the bladder;) stock (sort of craval.) V. Con.

COLLCHON, s. m. sort of Italian instrument of musick.

COLARIN, s. m. frieze of a tuscan or doric capital.

COLATURE, s. f. colature; also what is strained.

COLCHIDE, s. f. Colchis (kingdom in Asia.) Colchique, s. m. a sort of bulbous plant. Called also, Tuc-Chien, dog-bane.

COLCOTAR, s. m. Colcothar, calcined vitriol.

COLERA-MORBUS, s. m. cholera-morbus. COLERE, kö-ler, s. f. anger, wrath, passion; choler; rage. Etre en colere contre quelqu'un, to be angry with one. Revenir de sa colère, La colère des to come to one's self again. flots, the rage of the waves. Mer en colere, raging or angry sea.
Colère, adj. cholerick, passionate, hasty,

apt to be angry, soon angry. Colérique, kô-là-rik, adj. cholerick, pas-

COLIART, s. m. a sort of fish (like the ray.) Colieri, ko-li-bri, s. m. colibri (a bird.)

COLIFICHET, kô-li-fi-shê, s. m. cut paper; knack, trifle, gewgaw, toy. Machine to regulate the weight of coin.

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COLIMAÇON, V. Limaçon.

COLIN-MAILLARD, ko-lin-ma-lar, s. m. blind man's buff.

Colique, kô-lîk, s. f. colick, griping. Colisée, kô-lî-zâ, s. m. Coliseum.

COLLABORAT-EUR, RICE, s. m. & f. who works jointly with another, who helps him.

COLLATAIRE, s. m. he on whom has been conferred an ecclesiastical benefice.

COLLATERAL, E, kô-là-tà-râl, adj. collateral. Les collatéraux, s. m. pl. collateral kindred. COLLATEUR, koll-la-teur, s. m. collator, patron.

COLLATI-F, VE, köl-lå-tif, tlv, adj. Ex. Bénéfice collatif, benefice that is conferred. COLLATION, köl-lå-slon, s. f. collation, advowson, patronage; comparison of one thing with another; collation, light supper, afternoon's nunchion. In the latter sense one L is silent

COLLATIONNER, kôl-lâ-sĩô-nâ, v. a. to compare, collate. Collationner, v. n. (the two

L's as one) to eat a collation.

COLLE, kôl, s. f. glue, paste, size; sham, lie. Colle forte, glue. Colle de poisson, isinglass. Colle de farine, paste.

COLLE, E, adj. glued, pasted; (at billiards)

close to the cusinion. Je suis colle or ma bille est collée, I have a close ball. Charbons collés, caked coal. Habit qui est collé or qui semble collé sur le corps, suit that fits very close. Etre collé sur les livres, to pore over books, study hard. Etre collé sur son cheval, to sit firm or straight on horseback. Avoir les yeux collés sur, to have onc's eyes fastened on.

Collectr., kô-lêkt, s. f. sort of prayer, collect; gathering or levying of taxes; collection of charities.

COLLECTEUR, kô-lêk-têur, s. m. collector,

gatherer of taxes.

COLLECTI-F, VE, kô-lêk-tîf, tiv, adj. collective COLLECTION, kô-lêk-slon, s. f. collection,

compilation. COLLECTIVEMENT, kô-lêk-tlv-mên, adv.

collectively, in a collective scuse.

Collegataire, kö-là-gà-tèr, s. m. & f.

Collége, kô-låz, s. m. college. Collégial, e, kô-là-zĩal, adj. collegiate. Collégiale, s, f. collegiate church.

Collègue, ko-leg, s. m. colleague, fellow

or co-partner in an office.

COLLER, kô-là, v. a. to glue or paste toge-ther; (une bille) to put close to the cushion; give a close ball. Se coller or être collé contre un mur, to tie close to a wall. Se coller, to cake (said of sea-coal.)

COLLERETTE, kol-ret, s. f. neckeloth or

kerchief (for women.)
Collet, ko-le, s. m. (of a waistcoat) collar; (of a coat) cape; (of a chemise) neck; neck-band; a gin; (of mutton) neck. Collet de buffle, buff jerkin. Prendre or saisir quelqu'un un collet, to nab one, take one prime present la collet. soner, arrest, apprehend one. Prêter le collet à quelqu'un, to cope with one, make head against one. Mar. Ex. Collet d'étui, eye of a stay. Collet d'une courbe, throat of a knee. Collet d'une ancre, crown of an encher.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

COLLETER, kôl-tâ, v. a. to take by the neck, to collar. Colleter, v. n. to set gins (for hares, etc.) Se colleter, v. r. to wrestle or struggle. *Colletin, kôl-tin, s. m. jerkin.

COLLEUR, s. m. glue; maker of paste-

board; house-paperer. Collier, kô-llà, s. m. necklace; (of a knight, horse, dog, etc.) collar. Cheval de col-lier, draught horse. Pigeon au collier, a ring-Prendre le collier de misère, to take a dove. wife. Reprendre le collier de misère, to return to the plough. Mar. Collier d'étai, collar of a stay. Collier de defense, puddening of a

boat's stem. Colliger, ko-li-za, v. a. to collect remarkable passages, make collections; to gather or

infer or draw a consequence. COLLINE, ko-lin, s. f. hill, knoll.

COLLIQUATI-F, VE, adj. colliquative, melt-

ing. Colliquation, s. f. colliquation, the act of melting.

COLLISION, kol-li-zion, s. m. collision, dashing together.

COLLOCATION, kol-lo-ka-sion, s. f. collo-

cation, placing in order or rank. Colloque, kô-lôk, s. m. conference, col-

loquy, dialogue. Colloquer, kôl-lô-kà, v. a. torank, place

in order. COLLUDER, kôl-lå-då, v. a. to collude, juggle, plead by covin with intent to de-

COLLUSION, kôl-lû-sîon, s. f. collusion, jug-

gling, deceit, covin used among lawyers. Collusoire, köl-lå-swar, adj. collusory,

done by covin and collusion.

COLLUSOIREMENT, kôl-lå-swår-mên, adv. collusively, done by covin and collusion.

COLLYRE, kô-lîr, s. m. collyrium, eye-salve. COLMAR, s. m. (sort of pearl) colmar. COLOFANE, V. Colophane.

COLOMBAGE, s. m. row of joists. COLOMBE, ko-lonb, s. f. dove, pigeon.

COLOMBIER, kô-lon-biã, s. m. dove-house, geon-house. Colombiers, s. m. pl. Mar. oigeon-house. blocking up of a ship's cradle.

COLOMBIN, s. m. lead ore; also columbine,

dove-colour.

COLOMBIN, E, ko-lon-bîn, bîn, adj. columbine, of a dove-colour.

COLOMBINE, s. f. (plant) columbine; pigeon's dung.

COLOMNADE, COLOMNE, V. Colonnade,

Colon, kô-lon, s. m. (an intestine) colon; farmer, planter; inhabitant of one of the colonies.

Colonel, kô-lô-něl, s. m. colonel.

COLONEL, LE, ko-lo-nel, adj. belonging to the colonel. La colonelle or la compagnie colonelle, the colonel's company of a regiment. company, the first

COLONIAL, E, adj. colonial. COLONIE, ko-lo-ni, s. f. colony, plantation.

COLONIE, RO-RO-II, S. I. colony, plantation.
COLONIADE, Rô-Iô-nād, s. f. colonnade.
COLON-2, kô-Iôn, s. f. column; pillar, round pillar; supporter, prop; line (of battle.)
Les colonnes d'Hercule, Hercules's pillar.
Les colonnes d'un lit, the bed-posts. Une espillars. Une escadre sur trois colonnes, a fleet of men of war drawn up in three lines.

COLOPHANE, ko-lo-fan, s. f. colophony, rosin for bows of musical instruments.

COLOQUINTE, ko-lo-kint, s. m. coloquin-

teda, bitter apple.

COLORÉ, E, adj. coloured; apparent, pre-tended. Avoir le teint coloré, to have a great colour.

COLORER, kô-lô-rå, v. a. to colour, dye, to colour, varnish over, palliate. Se colorer, v. r. to colour. Le rôt commence à se colorer, the roast meat begins to look brown.
Colorier, ko-lo-ria, v. a. to lay on the co-

lours with propriety.
Coloris, ko-lo-ri, s. m. colouring (in a picture.) Un beau coloris, a fine lively complex-

COLORISTE, kô-lô-rîst, s. m. painter skilled

in the right use of colours, colourist.

Colossal, E, hô-lô-sal, adj. colossal, colossean, giant-like, gigantick.

Colosse, kô-lôs, s. m. colossus; giant.

Colostre, kô-lôstr, s. m. beastings, first

milk after childbirth. COLPORTAGE, kôl-pôr-taz, s. m. hawker's

trade.

Colforter, kôl-pôr-tê, v. a. to hawk about. Colforteur, kôl-pôr-têur, s. m. Colfor-TEUSE, s. f. hawker, pedler.

COLTIS, s. m. Mar. beak-head, bulk-head,

foremost frame of a ship.

COLURES, kô-lur, s. m. pl. colures. Colza, s. m. a sort of wild cabbage.

COMA, s. m. coma, morbid disposition to sleep.

COMATEU-X, SF, adj. comatose, lethargick. COMBAT, kon-ba, s. m. combat, fight, fighting, battle, action, conflict, struggling. Combat naral or de mer, sea-fight, engagement at sea. Combat à la barrière, tilting. Combat de taureaux, bull-baiting. Combats de coqs. cock-fighting. Combat singulier, duel. Combat des jeux Olympiques, combats in the Olympick games.

COMBATTANT, kon-ba-ten, s. m. combat-

ant, fighting-man, champion.

COMBATTRE, kon-batr, v. a. like battre, to combat, fight; to combat, wage or make war, withstand, oppose, resist, strive against. La goutte est une maladie qu'on a de la peine à combattre, the gout is difficult to deal with. Combattre, v. n. to combat, fight, etc. to be in suspense, be uncertain or wavering. battre contre une maladie, to struggle with a disease. Mar. to fight, etc. Combattre des deux bords, to engage on both sides.
Combattu, E. adj. fought, etc.
Combattu, E. adj. fought, etc.

Combien de gens, how many people Combien rant cela, what is the price of that? Combien de tems, how long, how long time?

Combien que, although. V. Quoique. Combinaison, kon-bi-nê-zon, s. f. combination or joining together.

Combiner, kon-bi-na, v. a. to combine, join together.

COMBLE, konbl. s. m. top. ridge; timber work and roof of a building; heaping of a measure, over-measure; highest pitch or degree, height. Pour comble de, in order to complete, in order to fill the measure of. De fond en comble, from top to hottom, down to the ground, utterly, to all intents and pur-

poses.

COMBLE, adj. heaped up, full to the top. | Cheval qui a le pied comble, horse whose sole | is higher than his hoof.

COMBLÉ, E, adj. heaped up, filled. port comblé, Mar. a harbour choked up.

COMBLEMENT, s. m. the act of filling up. COMBLER, kon-bla, v. a. to heap up, fill or fill up; (quelqu'un de bienfaits) to load one with favours or kindness; (quelqu'un de joie)

to fill one with joy.

COMBLETE, s. f. slit in the middle of a

stag's foot.
Combourgeois, V. Concitoyen.
Combrière, s. f. net to catch large fish

COMBUGER, kon-bå-zå, v. a. to soak. Com-

buger une pièce or une futaille, to soak or rinse out a cask. COMBUSTIBLE, kon-bůs-tibl, adj. combus-

tible.

COMBUSTION, kon-bûs-tîon, s. f. combustion, tumult, confusion.

COMÉDIE, kô-mà-dî, s. f. play: comedy; play-house, theatre; dissimulation, shamming, juggling. Faire la comédie, to be a player. Donner la comédie, to make sport for others.

Comédien, kô-mã-diễn, s. m. player, co-median, actor; dissembler or hypocrite. Comédienne, kô-mã-diễn, s. f. player, wo-

man player, actress; also dissembler, dissembling woman.

COMESTIBLE, adj. & s. catable.

COMÈTE, kô-mêt, s. f. comet, blazing star. COMICES, kô-mis, s. m. pl. the comitia or assembly of the people of Rome.

Cominge, s. f. bomb of a considerable

size. Comique, kô-mîk, adj. comical, of or be-longing to a comedy. Poete comique, writer of comedies, comick writer.

COMIQUE, s. m. comical part. COMIQUEMENT, kd-mik-men, adv. comically; pleasantly, like a comedy.

COMITE, s. m. officer of a galley, who has particular command over the slaves.

Comité, kô-mî-ta, s. m. committee. Comma, s. m. semicolon or colon.

COMMANDANT, kô-mèn-dèn, adj. & s. m. commanding, commander, commanding offi-Commandant en chef, commander in chief. Commandant d'une escadre or d'une division, Mar. commander in chief of a fleet or squadron; also commodore or senior officer of a detachment of ships. Commundant d'un port, commanding officer at a port. Commandant d'une prise, prize master. COMMANDE, kô-mend, adv. Ex. Besogne

de commande, work that is bespoken. chandise de commande, goods that are bespoken. Maladie de commande, feigned sickness, etc. V. Commander.

COMMANDEMENT, kô-mènd-mên, s. m. command; order, charge; commandment, precept, law. Government, conduct; (military term) height, emineuce, little hill or rising groun. Les commandemens de l'exercice, the word of command. Fuire commandement, to command: Avoir tout à commandement, to have all things at command. Avoir le Latin à commandement, to be master of Latin. Mar. order; also command of a ship.

COMMANDER kô-mên-då v. a. to com-

mand; order, charge or bid; to bespeak; to have the command, conduct, government or rule; to master, to keep under, have the mastery or command over; to lead. Mar. to command, etc. Commander la manœuvre avec le sifflet, to wind a call. Commander la route, to shape the course. Commande, holloa (answer made by French sailors, when a sort of preparatory whistle is given previous to any general order being signified.)
COMMANDERIE, kô-mend-rl, s. f. comman-

derv

COMMANDEUR, kô-mên-dêur, s. m. the commander (of an order of knights.)

COMMANDITE, s. f. agreement between two partners when one finds the money, the

other attends to the business.

COMME, kôm, adv. as, like, as it were, almost; as, seeing that; whereas; as, when. Triste comme content, it vous faudra chanter, sad or merry you must sing. Nest comme cela, it is his way. Comme quoi, how? why? Comme aussi, as, so, likewise. Comme cela, so so. Comme aussi, and likewise. Comme si, as if. Commemora rounders and commemora

COMMÉMORATION, kô-må-ind-ra-sion, s. f.

commemoration, remembrance.

COMMENÇANT, E, kô-men-sen, sent, s. m.

& f. beginner, novice.

COMMENCEMENT, kô-mèns-mên. s. m. beginning, commencement.

COMMENCER, kô-mên-så, v. a. to begin or enter upon. Commencer un procès, to commence a suit at law, v. n. to begin or commence. Commencer le déchargement d'un vaisseau or à décharger un vaisseau, Mar. to break bu!k.

COMMENDATAIRE, kô-mên-då-ter, s. m. commendatory, one who holds a living in commendam.

COMMENDE, kô-mènd, s. f. commendam. En commende, Ex. Abbaye en commende, abbey in commendam.

COMMENSAL, E, kô-mên-sâl, adj. that eats at the same table. Officier commensal, officer of the king's household.

COMMENSALITÉ, s. f. commensality, fellowship of table.

COMMENSURABILITÉ, kô-mèn-sû-rà-bî-lî-

tà, s. f. commensurability COMMENSURABLE, k3-men-sa-rabl, adj. commensurable.

COMMENT, kô-mên, adv. how, in what manner; how! why?

COMMENTAIRE, kô-mên-têr, s. m. com-

ment, commentary, exposition.

Commentateur, kô-men-tâ-têur, s. m.

commentator. Commenter, kô-mên-tà, v. a. to com-

ment, write comments upon. Commenter, v. n. to criticise; put an ill

construction upon; to exaggerate.

*Commer, kô-mã, v. n. to make compari-

COMMERÇABLE, kô-mer-sabl, adj. com-mercial, negotiable, that belongs to trade.

COMMERÇANT, kô-mer-sen, s. m. trader, merchant.

COMMERÇANT, E, adj. trading. Ex. Une nation commerçante, a trading nation.
COMMERCE, kö-mèrs, s. m. commerce; trade, trading or traffick; communication, in-

COM

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

fercourse, converse, acquaintance, correspon-

dence; amour, intrigue. Commercen, kô-mêr-sã, v. n. to trade or drive a trade, traffick.

COMMÈRE, kô-mèr, s. f. god-mother; gos-

sip or gossipping housewife.

COMMETTANT, kô-mê-tên, s. m. constituent. Ex. Les députés ne feront rien de contraire aux intérêts de leurs commettans, the deputies will not act contrary to the interests of

their constituents.

COMMETTRE, kô-mêtr, v. a. (like mettre) to commit, do, perpetrate; to assign, appoint, Commettre une chose delegate; to expose. au soin de quelqu'un, to commit a thing to one's charge, trust one with a thing. Com-nettre deux personnes entre elles, to make two persons quarrel and fall out, set two persons together by the ears. Commettre des cordages, Mar. to lay ropes. V. Cordage. Se commettre, v. r. to expose one's self. Se commettre avec quelqu'un, to expose one's self, to be drawn into a quarrel with one.

COMMINATION. s. f. commination, threat-

ening.

COMMINATOIRE, kô-mî-nâ-twar, adj. com-

minatory, threatening.

Commis, E, adj. committed, etc. V. Com-

mettre & Cordage

Commis, kô-ml, s. m. deputy or clerk. Commis de la douane, commissioner of the custom-house; also custom-house officer. Commis aux vivres, Mar. purser, steward (of a ship.)

Commise, kö-mlz, s. f. forfeiture, confisca-

tion.

COMMISÉRATION, kô-mì-zâ-râ-sîon, s. f.

commiseration, compassion, pity.
Commissaire, kö-mi-ser, s. m. commissioner; judge, delegate or commissary; overseer or sequestrator; overseer. Commissaire de police, justice of the peace. Commissaire des guerres, muster-master, commissary. Commissaire des vivres, commissioner of the victualling. Lords commissaires de l'amiranté, lords commissioners of the admiralty. Commissaires de la marine, commissioners of the navy. Commissaire résident, (dans un port) commissioner resident.

COMMISSION, kô-mî-slon, s. f. commission; message; errand; warrant, mandate; charge, order. Mettre un vuisseau de guerre en commission, to put a ship in commission. Vendre des vivres par commission, to sell beoks for

another.

COMMISSIONNAIRE, kô-mì-siò-nèr, s. m. commission-merchant, factor; an errand-bov.

COMMITTIMUS, s. m. Lettres de committimus, special commission directed in the behalf of privileged persons to their peculiar judges.
Committitur, s. m. committitur.

COMMODAT, s. m. gratuitous lending of a thing which is to be returned.

COMMODE, kô-môd, adj. convenient, easy, commodious, apt, fit, advantageous; easy, complaisant, good humoured, not trouble-some; too includgent or condescending. Une morale commode, a lax morality.

COMMODE, s. f. commode; also set of draw-

ers, sort of bureau. Соммор Éмилт, kô-mô-dà-mên, adv. conveniently, commodiously, comfortably.

COMMODITÉ, kô-mô-dî-ta, s. f. convenience. conveniency, ease, commodity; convenient time, opportunity; conveyance, opportunity. Commodités, advantages or goods of fortune,

riches; a necessary, privy.

Соммотіол, kô-mô-sion, s. f. commotion.

Соммики, kô-mô-sion, v. a. to commute or

change (a punishment.)

Commun, E, kö-mun, mun, adj. common, public, general, universal; usual, ordinary, familiar; ordinary, indifferent, plain; trivial. vulgar. Année commune, one year with ano-

COMMUN, s. m. Les gens du commun, the common people, the vulgar, the mob; the under or ordinary servants; the generality. Commun, common. Encommun, in common. Du commun, common, ordinary

COMMUNAL, E, adj. that which is common to the inhabitants of one or several villages.

COMMUNAUTÉ, kô-mů-nô-tà, s. f. society, community; corporation; community (of, goods.)

Communaux, kô-mủ-nò, s. m. pl. a com-

COMMUNE, s. f. corporation. Commune or Communes, a common. Les communes d'un état, the commons of a state. Les communes, la chambre des communes, the commons, the house of commons, the lower house (of the English parliament.)

COMMUNEMENT, kô-mů-nà-mên, adv. com-

monly, usually, generally, universally. Cela se dit communement, that is a common say-

ing. Сомминіант, kỏ-mủ-ní-èn, s. m. commu-

COMMUNICABLE, ko-mů-nî-kabl, adj. com-

municable; also easy of access.

COMMUNICATI-F, VE, kô-mů-nî-kå-tîf, tiv, adj. communicative, sociable, affable, familiar, easy to be spoken with.

COMMUNICATION, kô-mů-nî-kå-sion, s. f. communication; imparting, converse, society, correspondence, intercourse, fellowship. Communication des pièces, exhibition of writings.

Communier, kô-må-nl-å, v. n. to commu-

nicate, receive the communion or Lord's Supper; v. a. to administer or give the communion.

COMMUNION, kô-mủ-nhơn, s. f. communion;
fellowship. Etre retranclié de la communion fellowship. des fidèles, to be turned out of the pale of the

church, to be excommunicated

COMMUNIQUER, kô-mů-nî-ka. v. a. to communicate or impart, tell, show, discover or reveal. Communiquer les pièces d'un procès, to produce or exhibit the writings or papers. Communiquer, v. n. to confer, consult, discourse, have a conference together; to have a correspondence. Votre chambre communique à celle-ci, your room has communication with this. Se communiquer, v. r. to be communicative, sociable, allable, free or open, to disclose one's heart. Maladie qui se communique, infection or contagious disease. Ces deux chambres se communiquent par une gallerie. those two rooms have a communication with each other by means of a gallery.

Соммитаті-ғ, ve, kô-mû-tâ-tîf, tlv, adj. .

commutative.

COMMUTATION, kô-mů-tå-slon, s. f. commutation. Faire commutation de peine, to commute the punishment.

COMPACITÉ, s. f. compactness, closeness. COMPACTE, kon-påkt, adj. compact, close.

COMPACTE, kon-pakt, adj. compact, close. Compagne, kon-pagn, s. f. companion, she-companion, consort, fellow maid servant. Compagne, kon-pa-gnl, s. f. company; partnership, society, corporation; company, troop; covey. Les compagnies soureraines du royaume de France, the parliaments of France. La compagnie des Indes, the East India company. Aller de compagnie, to go together.

Compagnon, kon-pa-gnon, s. m. companion; mate, fellow-partner; a journeyman. (Egal) fellow, equal; blade. Aller de pair à compagnon, to go cheek by jole, to be hail

fellow well met.

Compagnonage, kon-på-gnô-nåz, s. m. time that an apprentice is obliged to work as

COMPARABLE, kon-på-rabl, adj. compa-

rable, like.

COMPARAISON, kon-på-re-zon, s. f. comparison, comparing, parallel. Par comparuison, adv. by comparison, comparatively. En comparaison de, à comparaison de, to or in comparison of.

COMPARANT, E, kon-pa-ren, rent, adj. that makes his or her appearance in court.
Comparatif, ve, kon-pa-ra-tif, the, adj.

& s. m. & f. comparative.

COMPARATIVEMENT, kon-på-rå-tiv-men,

adv. comparatively.

COMPARER, kon-på-rå, v. a. to compare, set together, make comparison. Se comparer à quelqu'un, to compare or vie with one.

COMPARITION, V. Comparation.

COMPAROIR, kon-pa-rwar, v. n. (used only in the infinitive,) to appear in a court of jus-

COMPAROÎTRE, kon-på-retr,v. n. (like paroitre at oître) to appear, make one's appear-

ance before a judge.

COMPARTIMENT, kon-par-til-men, s. m. compartment. Compartiment de jurdin, plot in a garden.

COMPARTIR, v. a. to compart, divide.

COMPARTITEUR, s. m. compartitor.
COMPARU, E, adj. that has made his or her appearance before the court.
COMPARUTION, kon-på-rå-slon, s. f. ap-

pearance.

Compas, kon-pa, s. m. compass, pair of compasses. Compas de proportion, sector. Compas de cordonnier, shoe-maker's size. Mar. Compas de mer, compass. Compas renversé, hanging compass. Compas de varia-tion, azimuth compass. Compas de route, steering compass. Quarts du compas, points of the compass. Compas courbes, callipers, calliper-compasses. Compas à pointes, or à pointer la carte, compasses, pair of compasses. Compassé, E, adj. measured by compass-

Homme extrêmement compassé, formal, precise, starched or affected man.

COMPASSEMENT, s. m. the act of measur-

ing with compasses.

Compassen, kon-pa-sa, v. a. to measure with compasses; (la mèche) to try; to proportion, square, frame; to regulate properly; to be formal or precise.

COMPASSION, kon-på-sion, s. f. compassion,

pit . Faire compassion, to be pitiable. Compatibilité, kon-på-tî-bl-lî-tå, s. f. co apatibility. Ils n' out ensemble aucune compatibilité d'humeur, their humours do not suit

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at all together.

COMPATIBLE, kon-på-tibl, adj. compatible, that can agree. Son humeur n'est pas compatible avec la mienne, his humour and mine cannot agree together, we cannot set our horses together. Un office or bénéfice compatible, an office or benefice that may be held with another.

COMPATIR, kon-på-tir, v. n. to agree, suit, be compatible. Compatir à to compassionate, commiserate, sympathize with, have a fellow feeling for; to bear with, be includent to.

COMPATISSANT, E, kon-på-il-sen, sent, adj. compassionate, indulgent.

COMPATRIOTE, kon-på-trl-ot, s. m. & f.

compatriot, one's country-man or countrywoman. Compendium, kon-pen-di-om, s. m. com-

pendium, abridgment.

COMPENSATION, kon-pen-sa-slon, s. f. com-pensation, amends, satisfaction, recompense.

COMPENSÉ, E, adj. compensated, etc. Les dépens étant compensés, without costs, each party being adjudged to bear his own costs and charges.

COMPENSER, kon-pen-så, v. a. to compensate, make amends for, counterbalance, recompense.

COMPÉRAGE, kon-på-råz, s. m. the rela-

tion of gossip or god-father.

COMPERE, kon-per, s.m. gossip, god-father; companion, fellow, blade; cunning, sly fellow.

COMPÉTANT or COMPÉTENT, E, kon-påten, tent, adj. competent, sufficient, due. Juge compétent, proper or competent judge.

COMPÉTEMMENT, adv. competently, sufficiently, properly.

Compétence, kon-på-tens, s. f. jurisdiction, cognizance, bounds of one's jurisdiction; Cela n'est pas de votre compécompetition. Cela n'est pas de votre compé-tence, that is beyond your capacity, you are not a competent judge of that.

Compéter, kon-på-tå, v. n. to belong to,

to appertain to, be cognizable by. Competit-eur, Rice, kon-på-ti-teur, tris,

s. m. & f. competitor, candidate.

Compilateur, kon-pî-lâ-teur, s. m. com-COMPILATION, kon-pl-la-slon, s. f. compi-

lation. COMPILER, kon-pî-lâ, v. a. to compile or

collect. COMPITALES, s. f. pl. Roman feasts in

honour of the domestic gods.

Complaignant, E, kon-plê-gnên, gnênt,
s. m. & f. plaintiff, complainant.

*COMPLAINDRE, (SE,) V. Se plaindre.
*COMPLAINTRE, S. f. kon-plint, complaint at
law. Complaintes, lamentations. V. Plainte
COMPLAINE, kon-plèr, v. n. (like plaire) to
please or humour, comply with. Se plaire dans or en, v.r. to have a complacency in, delight in.

COMPLAISAMMENT, adv. complaisantly, complacently, obligingly.

COMPLAISANCE, kon-plê-zens, s. f. complaisance, compliance, condescension, obliging carriage; complacency, complacence. Complaisances, love, affection.
COMPLAISANT, E, kon-plê-zen, zent, adj.

complaisant, complacent, obliging. Alsos.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

COMPLANT, kon-plen, s. m. vineyard, plantation.

COMPLANTER, kon-plèn-tà, v. a. to plant

COMPLÉMENT, kon-plå-men, s. m. complement, accomplishment, completion.

COMPLÉMENTAIRE, adj. complementary or for complement.

COMPLET, ÈTE, kon-plê, plêt, adj. complete, perfect, entire, full.

COMPLET, s. m. complement, full number of men, etc. Notre équipage est au complet, Mar. we have our full complement on board.

COMPLÈTEMENT, kon-plêt-mên, s. m. com-

COMPLETEMENT, adv. completely. COMPLETER, kon-pla-ta, v. a. to complete. COMPLEXE, kon-pleks, adj. complex.

COMPLEXION, kon-plek-slon, s.f. complexion, constitution; humour, fancy, whim, whimsy

COMPLEXIONNÉ, E. kon-plêk-siô-nå, adj. Ex. Bien complexionné, of a good constitution. Mal complexionné, of a bad constitution.

COMPLEXITÉ, s. f. complexness.

COMPLICATION, kon-pli-ka-slon, s. f. complication.

COMPLICE, kon-plis, s. m. & f. accomplice,

accessary to a crime.

COMPLICITÉ, kon-pli-si-tà, s. f. the being

an accomplice. COMPLIES, kon-pll, s. f. pl. complines, last

or closing prayers of the evening. COMPLIMENT, kon-pli-men, s. m. a compliment, obliging words; ceremonics, compli-Sans complimens, freely, plainly,

without ceremony. COMPLIMENTAIRE, s. m. head or director of a trading company, in whose name all af-

fairs are transacted.

COMPLIMENTER, v. n. to compliment. COMPLIMENTEU-R, SE, kon-pli-men-teur,

teuz, s. m. & f. complimenter.

Compliqué, E, kon-pli-ka, adj. complicated. COMPLIQUER, v. a. to make complicated. COMPLOT, kon-plo, s. m. plot, combination,

conspiracy. COMPLOTER, kon-plô-tà, v. n. to plot, combine, conspire; v. a. to plot, hatch, or contrive.

COMPONETION, kon-ponk-sion, s. f. compunction, contrition, remorse.

Componé, E, adj. (in heraldry,) compound. Componende, s. f. composition with the church of Rome to obtain a dispensation or benefice.

*Comportement, V. Déportement.

Compost Emery, porta, v. a. to bear, let, suffer or allow of. Ce sont des plaisirs que comporte la jeunesse, these are pleasures for suitable to youth. Le temps le comporte, the time requires it. Cette frégate comporte une haute mâture, that frigate requires to be taunt masted. Se comporter, v. r. to act, carry, demean, behave or comport one's self. Les raisseaux à trois pouts se comportent en général bien à la mer, three deckers are in general good sea boats or generally behave well at sea. V. Fatiguer.

Composé, E, kon-pô-zà, adj. composed, writ, or written; consisting or made up, composed; stiff, starched, of a reserved look or countenance. Mot composé, compound word.

Composé, s. m. compound, composition, mixture.

COMPOSER, kon-pô-zå, v.a. & n. to compose, make or write; (in printing) to compose or set; to set to musick; to compound, make or make up; frame or put together; to make up,

adjust, compound or agree, capitulate. Composer sa mine, to put on a sober or serious face. Se composer, v. r. to compose one's self, to put on a sober or modest countenance.

COMPOSEUR, s. m. scribbler, paltry writer. COMPOSITE, kon-pô-zît, s. m. the compo-

site or compound order.

Composite, kon-pô-zît, adj. (in architecture) composité, compound.

COMPOSITEUR, kon-pô-zî-têur, s. m. (in printing) compositor; (in musick) composer;

a composer of differences, arbitrator.

Composition, kon-pô-zî-sîon, s.f. composing, composition, making up, framing, frame, putting or setting together; composer, writing, piece, exercise; composition, mixture; accommodation, agreement, capitulation, articles.

Composteur, kon-pos-teur, s. m. com-

posing-stick (in printing.)

*Comporation, s. f. compotation, drinking

bout, merry making.
Compote, kon-pot, s. f. sort of preserve made of fruit and a little sugar stewed toge-Compote de poires, etc. ther, stewed fruit. stewed pears, etc. Compote de pigeons, stewed pigeons. Accommoder le visage de quelqu'un à la or en compote, to beat one to mummy or to a jelly. Il lui a mis la tête en compote, he has bruised his head sadly. Avoir les yeux en compote, to have one's eyes black and blue. Cette viande est en compote, that meat is boiled to pieces or to a jelly.

COMPRÉHENSIBLE, kon-pra-en-sibl, adj.

comprehensible, conceivable.

COMPRÉHENSION, kon-prå-en-sion, s. f. comprehension, apprehension or understand-

ing, conception.
COMPRENDRE, kon-prendr, v. a. (like prendre) to apprehend, comprehend, conceive, understand or perceive; to grasp, compress,

include, contain, compass or take in.

Compresse, kon-pres, s. f. compress.

Compressibilité, kon-pré-si-bi-li-tå, s. f. compressibility, fitness to be pressed close.

COMPRESSIBLE, kon-pre-sibl, adj. com-pressible, that may be compressed.

COMPRESSION, kon-pre-sion, s. f. compression, compressure, pressing close, pressure. COMPRIMER, kon-pri-ma, v. a. to squeeze

together; compress. suppress

COMPRIS, E, adj. apprehended, conceived, understood, comprehended, comprised, included, contained or taken in. Y compris, including. Non compris, not including. Compromettre, kon-pro-metr, v

(like mettre) to compromise, make a compromise, put to arbitration, consent to a reference v. a. to expose, bring into question. Se compromettre, v. r. to expose one's self, debase one's self by engaging in a quarrel or entering into competition.

COMPROMIS, E, adj. compromised, etc.

Compromis, kon-prô-mi, s. m. compremise. Mettre en compromis, to put to arbitration, consent to a reference, refer a difference (by mutual consent) to the judgment of an umpire; also to expose or hazard, bring into question.

COMPROMISSAIRE, kon-pro-mi-ser, s. m. || referee, arbitrator, umpire.

COMPROTECTEUR, s. m. joint protector. COMPTABILITÉ, s. f. obligation to give an

COMPTABLE, kon-tabl, adj. & s. account-

able, person who is accountable.

COMPTANT, kon-tên, s. m. & adj. Ex. argent comptant, ready money, cash. Avoir du comptant, to be well in cash, have ready

money.

COMPTE, kont, s. m. account; reckoning, computation; profit, advantage; esteem, value. A votre compte, in your judgment or opinion. A ce compte, so, if it be so. Au bout du compte, after all, every thing duly considered. Roue de compte, dial wheel, notch wheel.

COMPTER, kon-tå, v. a. to count, reckon, tell or number: to cast accounts, sum up, compute; to esteem, value, set a value upon, consider. Compter sur, to depend or rely upon. Se compter, v. r. to account one's self,

look upon one's self.

COMPTEUR, kon-teur, s. m. accountant,

computer.

COMPTOIR, kon-twar, s. m. counter or counting-board; also counting-house, factory. COMPULSER, kon-půl-så, v. a. to compel or cause, (a register, notary or clerk) to show or deliver up a writing.

COMPULSOIR, s. m. any high seasoned meat. COMPULSOIRE, kon-pul-swar, s. m. com-mission enjoining (a register, notary or clerk)

to exhibit the papers a suitor has need of. COMPUT, kon-put, s. m. computation.

COMPUTISTE, kon-på-tist, s. m. computist. COMTAL, E, kon-tal, adj. of or belonging

to an earl.

COMTE, kont, s. m. earl or count. Les An-glais ne donnent le nom d'earl qu'aux comles de leur nation, et appellent count tous les comtes

COMTÉ, kon-tå, s. m. carldom, county. La

Franche-Comté, the county of Burgundy. Comtesse, kon-tes, s. f. countess. CONCASSER, kon-ka-sa, v. a. to pound,

break, or bruise small.

CONCATÉNATION, s. f. concatenation, link-

ing together.
Concave, kon-kav, adj. concave, hollow. CONCAVE, s. m. concave, concavity, hollowness.

CONCAVITÉ, kon-kå-vî-tå, s. f. concavity, hollowness.

Concéder, kon-så-då, v. a. to grant, yield. CONCENTRATION, s. f. concentration.

Concentrer, kon-sen-tra, v. a. to concentrate. Se concentrer, v. r. to concenter, meet in one center.

CONCENTRIQUE, kon-sen-trik, adj. concentrick, having one common center.

CONCEPT, s. m. conception (of an idea.) CONCEPTION, kon-sep-sion, s. f. conception or breeding; conception, thought, notion; apprehension, judgment, understanding.
CONCERNANT, kon-ser-nen, prep. concern-

ng, to thing.

CON LREER, kon-ser-na, v. a. to concern, regard, belong to.

CONCERT, kon-ser, s. m. concert; harmony; (of birds) chirping, melody; a concert or music-meeting; consent. agreement, union,

good understanding. Faire une chose de concert, agir de concert, to do a thing by consent act unanimously.

CONCERTANT, E, adj. he or she who sings

or plays in a concert.

Concerté, E, adj. concerted, contrived; etc. affected, composed, studied, starched.

CONCERTER, E, kon-sêr-tà, v. a. (in musick) to try or rehearse; to keep or make a concert of music; to concert or contrive, bring to pass. Il concerte mal ses desseins, he does not lay his designs deep enough

CONCERTO, s. m. concerto.

Concession, kon-se-sion, s. f. concession grant.

CONCESSIONNAIRE, kon-sê-slo-ner, s. m. grantee.

CONCETTI, s. m. witty conceits.

CONCEVABLE, kons-vabl, adj. conceivable, to be conceived or understood. Un pro-cédé si peu concevable, so unaccountable a proceeding.

Concevoir, kons-vwar, v. a. to conceive with young, to breed; apprchend, compre hend or understand, frame an idea; to take or entertain an aversion for to word or set down in writing, express. Concevoir de l'es perance, to indulge a hope.

*Conche, s. f. state of garb or of equipage;

also second reservoir in salt marshes. CONCHOIDE, s. f. conchoid, a curve.

CONCHILIOLOGIE, s. f. that part of natural history which treats of shells.

CONCHYTES, s. f. pl. petrified shells.

CONCIERGE, kon-sierz, s. m. & f. keeper (of a great house, prison, etc.)

CONCIERGERIE, kon-sierz-rl, s. f. keeper's place, keeper's lodgings; prison.

CONCILE, kon-sil, s. m. council, general

assembly of divines. CONCILIABULE, kon-sl-lla-bal, s. m. conventicle; assembly of divines not of the ca-

tholic church. CONCILIANT, E, kon-sî-lî-ên, ênt, adj. conciliating, reconciling.

CONCILIAT-EUR, RICE, kon-sl-li-à-teur,

tris, s. m. & f. reconciler. CONCILIATION, kon-si-li-à-sion, s. f. con-

ciliation, reconciling.

CONCILIER, kon-si-lià, v. a. to conciliate, reconcile, accord, make to agree. Se conci-

lier, v. r. to conciliate, win, procure or gain. Concis, E, kon-sl, slz, adj. concise, short,

succinct, brief. Concision, s. f. concision, conciseness.

Concitoven, ne, kon-sî-twâ-yên, yên, s. m. &. f. fellow citizen.

CONCLAVE, kon-klav, s. m. conclave.

CONCLAVISTE, kon-kla-vist, s. m. conclavist. CONCLU, E, adj. concluded, etc.

CONCLUANT, E, adj. concluding, convincing. CONCLURE, kon-klur, v. a. see the table at clure; to conclude; finish, end, close; to resolve upon, determine; infer, gather or draw a consequence. Conclure criminellement contre quelqu'un, to bring one in guilty, to find one guilty. Je conclus à votre départ, I am for your going away. v. n. Ex. Un argument qui conclut bien, a concluding or convincing argument. Conclusi-F, v.E, adj. conclusive, concluding.

Conclusion, kon-klu-zion, s. f. conclusion; end, close, issue; consequence, inference

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Conclusions, (in law) demands. Conclusions des gens du roi, the opinion of the king's counsel and attorney-general. Conclusion; adv. to conclude, in short.
CONCOCTION, kon-kok-slon, s. m. concoc-

tion, digestion.

CONCOMBRE, kon-konbr, s. f. cucumber. CONCOMITANCE, kon-kô-mî-tens, s. f. con-

CONCOMITANT, E, kon-kô-mî-tèn, tènt, adj.

concomitant, concurrent.

CONCORDANCE, kon-kor-dens, s. f. concordance; agreement, relation; (of the Bible) a concordance.
Concordat, kon-kor-da, s.m. concordate,

agreement, compact.

CONCORDE, kon-kord, s. f. concord, union, good understanding. Mettre la concorde entre les ennemis, to reconcile enemies.

CONCORDER, v. n. to agree, be agreed. CONCOURIR, kon-koo-rir, v. n. (like courir) to concur, conspire, help; to be a competitor,

stand in competition, set up or put in; to meet (of lines.) Concours, kon-koor, s. m. concurrence;

concourse, resort; meeting.

CONCRET, E, adj. concrete, not abstract. CONCRETION, kon-kra-slon, s. f. concretion. CONÇU, F, adj. conceived. V. Concevoir.

CONCUBINAGE, kon-kû-bî-naz, s. m. concubinage, fornication.

CONCUBINAIRE, kon-ku-bl-ner, s. m. one

that keeps a concubine.

CONCUBINE, kon-kå-bln, s. f. concubine,

CONCUPISCENCE, kon-kd-pl-sens, s. f. con-

cupiscence, lust. Concupiscible, kon-kû-pî-sîbl, adj. con-

cupiscible.

CONCURREMMENT, kon-ku-ra-men, adv. in competition; also jointly, together, hand in

CONCURRENCE, kon-ků-rens, s. f. competition; also concurrence, union, conjunction. Je te donnerai jusqu'à la concurrence de mille dcus, I shall give thee as much as comes to a thousand crowns.

CONCURRENT, E, kon-ku-ren, rent, s. m.

& f. competitor, rival.

Concussion, kon-ků-sîon, s. f. extortion;

vexation. Concussionnaire, kon-ků-síô-nèr, s. m.

extortioner. CONDAMNABLE, kon-da-nabl, adj. guilty,

blameable, to blame. CONDAMNATION, kon-då-nå-sion, s. f. condemnation. Je passe condamnation, I con-

fess I am in the wrong.

CONDAMNER, kon-då-nå, v. a. to cast one at law, find guilty; to condemn, blame, disapprove; (in gaming) to give judgment. Condamner (une porte, une fenêtre,) to shut up or nail fast. Condamner quelqu'un à la mort, to condemn one to die, sentence him to death. Condamner par contumace, to outlaw. Condamner à une amende, to fine. Condamner les sabords d'un vaisseau, to caulk up a ship's ports.

CONDENSATION, kon-den-sa-sion, s. f. con-

densation, making thick.

Condenser kon-den-sa, v. a. to condensate, condense thicken. Se condenser, v. r. to condensate or condense, get condensed.

CONDESCENDANCE, kon-dê-sen-dens. s. f. condescension, complaisance or compliance. CONDESCENDANT, E, kon-dê-sên-dên, dênt

adj. condescending, complaisant, complying. Condescendre, kon-de-sendr, v. a. to condescend, comply, submit or yield. Il nous fant condescendre à leur foiblesse, we must bear with their weakness

CONDISCIPLE, kon-dl-slpl, s. m. condisci-

ple, fellow-student, class-mate.
CONDITION, kon-dl-sion, s. f. condition, state, nature, circumstance; condition, station; quality, degree; place, employment, office, service; article, clause, proviso; terms; offer, proffer. A condition, upon condition,

conditionally. A condition que, provided that. CONDITIONNÉ, E, kon-dî-siô-na, adj. conditional. Marchandise bien conditionnée, good, marketable, merchantable or sound commo-

CONDITIONNEL, LE, kon-dî-sîô-nêl, adi. conditional. Le conditionnel, the conditional

CONDITIONNELLEMENT, kon-dî-sîô-nêlmen, adv. conditionally, upon condition, with

a proviso.

CONDITIONNER, kon-dl-slo-na, v. a. to make a thing what it should be. V. Conditionné. (Opposer des conditions à un contrat, à un

marché,) to article, make a clause or proviso.
Condolléance, kon-dô-là-èns, s. f. condolence, condoling, condolement. Faire un compliment de condoléance à quelqu'un, to con-

dole with one. CONDOR, s. m. a large bird of Peru.

*CONDOULOIR, se condouloir, v. r. (only used in the infinit.) to condole. Je suis venu me condouloir arec vous de la perte que rous avez fuite, I am come to condole your loss.

CONDUCT-EUR, RICE, kon-duk-teur, tris, s. m. & f. leader, guide, conductor. Conducteur de la jeunesse, governor or tutor or

overseer of youth.

CONDUCTION, s. f. the act of taking on lease. CONDUIRE, kon-dûlr, v. a. (see the table at uire) to conduct, lead, guide, bring or carry; also to drive; to convey (water;) to manage or carry on (a business;) to be surveyor or overseer of, to lead, command, head, have the conduct or command of; to tutor, bring or train up; (the conscience) to direct; (the actions) to order; (the hand) to guide or hold; to wait on, to go along with. Il me conduisit de l'œil, he looked which way I went. Conduire, v. a. Mar. to carry, lead. Se conduire, v. r. to carry or behave one's self; also to find one's way. Cet areugle se conduit fort bien lui-même avec son bâton, that blind man finds his way very well with his stick. Je rous apprendrai à rous mieux conduire, 1 shall teach you better manners.

CONDUIT, F., adj. conducted, etc.
CONDUIT, kon-dål, s. m. conduit, passage
or pipe. Sauf-conduit. V. Sauf.
CONDUITE, kon-dålt, s. f. conduct; management; command; care, tuition or government; behaviour, deportment, way; forceast, discretion, wisdom, prudence; (of a play) economy, order; aqueduct, set of pipes for conveying water from one place to another; (argent que l'on donne à un matelot ou à un soldat pour faire sa route) conduct money.

CONDYLE, s. m. prominence of the joints.

CONDYLOME, s. m. sort of excrescence.

CONE, kon, s. m. cone.

CONFABULATION, kon-fa-bu-la-sion, s. f. confabulation.

CONFABULER, kon-få-bå-lå, v. n. to confabulate, talk together

CONFECTION, kon-fek-slon, s.f. confection; (of chyle) making; completing or finishing.

CONFEDERATI-F, VE, adj. relating to confederation.

CONFÉDÉRATION, kon-fâ-dâ-râ-sîon, s. f. confederacy, confederation, lcague, alliance. Conféderate, E, adj. confederate. Les

confédérés, the confederates or allies. Confédéres, (se) se-kon-få-då-rå. v. r.

to confederate, unite in a confederacy.

Conference, kon-fa-rens, s. f. conference, talking together, parley; conferring or

comparing.

CONFÉRER, kon-få-rå, v. n. to confer; discourse or talk together. Conférer, v. a. to confer. collute, give or bestow; to confer or compare. Conférer les ordres à quelqu'un, to admit one into orders.

*Confessé, E, adj. that has confessed his

sins.

CONFESSE, kon-fes, s. f. confession. Aller

à confesse, to go to confession.

Confesser, kon-fê-sâ, v. a. to confess, acknowledge, own or allow; hear one's confession. Se confesser, v. r. to confess one's

CONFESSEUR, kon-fê-sêur, s. m. confessor. CONFESSION, kon-fê-sîon, s. f. confession,

acknowledgment.

CONFESSIONNAL, kon-fe-sio-nal, s. m. confessional, confessionary, confession-chair. CONFIANCE, kon-fiens, s. f. confidence, reliance, trust, hope; boldness, hardihood.

CONFIANT, E, kon-fi-èn, ent, adj. & s. m. & f. confident, sanguine. Les défians et les confiuns, the diffident and the confident or sanguine. Confidemment, kon-fl-då-men, adv. in

confidence, confidently, boldly.

CONFIDENCE, kon-fi-dens, s. f. confidence. intimacy. Etre dans la confidence de quel-qu'un, to be one's confident, be intimate with one. Dire en confidence, to tell as a secret. Faire confidence d'une chose à quelqu'un, to trust a secret with one, to impart a secret to one. Confidence d'un bénéfice, keeping of a benefice for another.

CONFIDENT, E, kon-fî-dên, dênt, s. m. &

f. confident, trusty friend.

CONFIDENTIAIRE, kon-fî-dên-slêr, s. m. keeper of a benefice for another.

CONFIDENTIEL, LE, adj. confidential. CONFIDENTIELLEMENT, adv. confiden-

tially.

CONFIER, kon-fla, v. a. to intrust, commit to the hands and charge of, put in trust with. Se confier, v. r. to trust, put or repose one's trust or confidence in, confide, rely or depend

CONFIGURATION, kon-si-gd-ra-slon, s. f.

configuration.

CONFIGURER, v. a. to configure.

CONFINER, kon-fi-na, à or avec, v. n. to border upon. Confiner dans, v. a. to confine, to shut up in. Se confiner v r. to confine Se confiner v r. to confine one's self, shut one's self up

CONFINS, kon-fin, s. m. pl. confines, frontiers, borders.

CONFIRE, kon-flr, v. a. to preserve, pickle. Confire une peau, to dress a skin.

CONFIRMATI-F, VE, kon-fir-ma-tif, tlv, adj. that confirms, confirming, confirmatory.

CONFIRMATION, kon-fir-ma-sion, s.f. confirmation.

CONFIRMER, kon-fîr-mã, v. a. to confirm. Se confirmer, v. r. to strengthen, gain strength. Cette nouvelle se confirme, that news is con-

CONFISCABLE, kon-fis-kabl, adj. forfeitable. CONFISCANT, E, adj. liable to confiscation

or forfeiture.

Confiscation, kon-fis-ka-sion, s. f. con-fiscation, forfeiture, forfeited goods. CONFISEU-R, SE, kon-fi-zeur, zeuz, s. m.

& f. confectioner.

Confisqué, E, adj. confiscated, forfeited; seized upon. Ilest confisqué, he is a dead man. Confisquer, kon-fis-kå, v. a. to confis-

cate, seize upon or take away as forfeited.

CONFIT, E, adj. preserved, seasoned, pickled. Confit en dévotion, extremely devout.

CONFITÉOR, s. m. a prayer among Roman Catholics beginning with the word confiteor. Dire son confitéor, to make an acknowledg-ment of one's faults.

CONFITURE, kon-fî-tur, s. f. comfit, comfit-

ure, sweetmeat. Confiturier, e, kon-fî-tû-rîâ, rîêr, s. m. & f. confectioner. CONFLAGRATION, kon-flå-grå-slon, s. f.

conflagration.

CONFLANS, V. Confluent. CONFLIT, kon-flf, s. m. conflict, contest.

CONFLUENT, kon-flå-en, s. m. confluence, influx or fall of one river into another. Petite vérole confluente, sort of small pox which shows itself very thick.

CONFONDRE, kon-fordr, v. a. to confound; jumble, mix, blend, mingle or huddle together, perplex; confute, puzzle; abash, put out of countenance, dismay, make ashamed.

CONFONDU, E, adj. confounded, etc.
CONFORMATION, kon-for-må-sfon, s. f.
conformation, disposition.
CONFORME, kon-form, adj. conformed, conformable, agreeable, like, congruous, consentaneous.

Conformément, kon-főr-må-mén, adv. conformably, agreeably, suitably.

CONFORMER, kon-for-ma, v. a. to conform, suit, frame, square or fashion, make like. Se conformer à, to conform one's self to, comply with.
Conformiste, kon-for-mist, s. m. & f.

conformist,

CONFORMITÉ, kon-for-mî-ta, s. f. conformity, agreeableness, resemblance, likeness; submission, compliance.

*Confort, s. m. comfort, aid, assistance. CONFORTATI-F, VE, kon-for-ta-tif, tlv,

adj. strengthening, comforting.
CONVORTATION, kon-fôr-ta-sion, s. f. cor-

roboration, strengthening. Conforter, kon-for-ta, v. a. to comfort, strengthen, corroborate, cheer up.

CONFRATERNITÉ, kon-fra-têr-ni-ta, s. f.

fraternity, society. CONFRÈRE, kon-frèr, s. m. fcllow-member. brother

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

CONFRÉRIE, kon-frå-rl, s. f. fraternity, brotherhood, society.

CONFRONTATION, kon-fron-ta-sion, s. f. confrontation or confronting, comparing, conferring, collation.

CONFRONTER, kon-fron-ta, v. a. to con-front; bring face to face with the prisoner; to

compare or confer.

Confus, E, kon-fû, fûz, adj. confounded, confused, etc. V. Confondu, confounded, ashamed, out of countenance, abashed; pcrplexed, confused, dark. Miroir qui fait voir tout confus, dull looking-glass that does not show the object clear.

CONFUSÉMENT, kon-fû-sâ-mên, adv. confusedly, without order, higgledy-piggledy, in a jumble, indistinctly.

CONFUSION, kon-fu-zion, s. f. confusion, disorder, mixture, jumble; trouble; shame,

blushing, deal, store, abundance.

En confusion, adv. confusedly, without order; also in abundance. Vous me donnez de la confusion, you make me ashamed or make

me blush.

*Confutation, s. f. confutation. *Confuter, etc. V. Réfuter.

CONGE, s. m. that measure called by the

Romans congius.
Congé, kon-zã, s. m. leave, permission, icence; discharge; furlough; play-day or holy-day; permit, licence; dismission. Prendre congé de quelqu'un, to take leave of one, propose congé à son domes. bid one farewell. Donner congé à son domestique, to dismiss a servant. Donner congé à son locataire, to give a lodger warning to re-Mar. pass or pass-port.

Congédier, kon-zå-díå, v. a. to dismiss, discharge, send away. Congédier des troupes, to disband soldiers. Congédier quelqu'un, to forbid one the house. Congédier l'equipage d'un bâtiment, Mar. to pay off a ship's com-

Congélation, kon-zå-lå-slon, s. f. con-

gealing or congelation.

Congeler, konz-lå, v. a. to congeal or Se congeler, v. r. to congeal, get frozen.

Congénère, adj. congenerous, of the same kind.

CONGESTION, kon-zes-tion, s. f. congestion, mass or gathering.

CONGLOBATION, kon-glo-ba-sion, s.f. conglobation, a multiplying of arguments and

Conglobé, E, adj. conglobate.

Congloméré, e, adj. conglomerate. Conglomérer, v. a. to conglomerate.

CONGLUTINATION, kon-glu-ti-na-sion, s. f. conglutination.

Conglutiner, kon-glå-ti-nå, v. a. to conglutinate or glue.

CONGRATULATION, kon-gra-tu-la-sion, s. f. congratulation, wishing joy, rejoicing with another.

CONGRATULER, kon-grå-tů-lå, v. a. to

congratulate, wish joy.

CONGRE, kongr, s. m. conger (sort of eel.) CONGREAGE, s. m. Mar. keckling, worming. CONGRÉER, v. a. to worm (a rope,) to keckle (a cable.)

CONGRÉGANISTE, s. m. & f. belonging to a congregation.

Congrégation, kon-grà-gà-sion, s. congregation, assembly.

Congrès, kon-grè, s. m. congress.

CONGRU, E, kon-grů, grů, adj. competent, sufficient, apt, fit, congruous. Oraison congrue, exact, regular, proper or congruous speech. Portion congrue, competent allow-

*Congruent, E, adj. congruent. Congruité, s. f. congruity.

CONGRUMENT, kon-grå-men, adv. congruously, exactly, properly, regularly CONJECTURAL, E, kon-zek-tů-rål, adj.

conjectural. kon-Ők-tå-rål-

CONJECTURALEMENT, kon men, adv. by guess or conjecture

CONJECTURE, kon-zek-tur, s. f. conjecture, guess, probable opinion, supposition.
CONJECTURER, kon-zêk-tů-rå, v. a. to

conjecture, guess or suppose.

Conifere, adj. conicrous.

Conjoindre, kon-zwindr, v. a. (see the table at oindre) to conjoin, join together.

CONJOINT, E, adj. conjoined, joined to-

gether.

CONJOINTEMENT, kon-zwint-men, adv. jointly, together.

Conjonetti-f, ve, kon-zonk-iii, ilv, adj conjunctive. V. Subjonetif; for many, instead of Le mode subjonetif, say Le mode Conjonetif. Conjonetion, kon-zonk-sion, s. f. conjunctions.

junction. CONJONCTIVE, s. f. conjunction (in gram-

mar;) also white of the eye.

CONJONCTURE, kon-zonk-tur, s. f. juncture, conjuncture.

*Conjouir, (se) v. r. to rejoice with one,

wish one joy, congratulate one *CONJOUISSANCE, s. f. wishing joy, congratulation. Lettre de conjouissance, congratulatory letter.

CONIQUE, kô-nîk, adj. conical.

CONJUGATSON, kon-zu-ge-zon, s. f. conjugation.

CONJUGAL, E, kon-zů-gål, adj. conjugal, connubial.

Conjugalement, kon-zů-gál-měn, adv. conjugally, in a conjugal manner.

CONJUGUER, kon-zû-gå, v. a. to conjugate. Conjurateur, kon-zû-râ-têur, s. m. conspirator, plotter; also conjurer.

CONJURATION, kon-zů-rå-slon, s. f. plot, conspiracy; conjuration, charm; exorcism;

prayer, entreaty.
Conjung, kon-zű-rå, s. m. plotter, conspi-

rator. CONJURER, kon-zů-rå, v. n. & a. to plot,

conspire; to conjure, carnestly entreat or desire, to conjure, exorcise, cast out or lay spirits.

CONNETABLE, kô-nà-tabl, s. m. high constable of France; constable.

Connétable, s. f. Madame la connétable, high

constable's wife.

CONNÉTABLIE, s. f. high constable's jurisdiction.

CONNEXE, ko-neks, adj. connected, joined,

tied, linked together, relating.
CONNEXION, ko-nek-sion, or CONNEXITÉ,
s. f. connexion, coherence, relation.

CONNIL, s. m. cony, rabbit.

*CONNILLER, v.n. to shift, use shifts, dodge. *CONNILLIÈRE, s. f. shift, subterfuge. CONNIN. V. Connil

CONNIVENCE, kô-nî-vèns, s. f. connivance, | winking at.

CONNIVER, kô-nî-vå, v. n. to connive, to

wink at, take no notice of.

CONNOISSABLE, ko-ne-sabl, adj. that may be known.. Il n'est pas connoissable, he is

quite another man.

CONNOISSANCE, ko-ne-sens, s. f. knowledge, intelligence, notion; cognizance; acquaintance; senses, wit, judgment; carnal knowledge, copulation; trial or hearing; (des côtes) draughts; (in hunting) marks, traces, tracks. Prendre connoissance d'une chose, to take notice of a thing. Prendre counoissance des actions de quelqu'un, to have an eye on one's actions, examine them. Prendre connoissance d'un procès, to hear a cause in order to determine it. Faire connoissance avec quelqu'un, to get aequainted or scrape an acquaintance with one. Il a une grande connoissance des tableaux, des pierreries, etc. he is a great connoisseur in pictures, jewels, etc. Perdre connoissance, to lose one's senses. Connoissanves, belles connoissances, knowledge, learning, light. Juger des choses par ses propres connoissances, to judge of things by one's own light.

Connoissance de temps, Mar. Ephemeris, nautical almanack. Ce jour-là nous eames connoissance du Cap-Verd, that day we discovered the Cape Verd. Prendre connoissance de terre, to make the land distinctly. A la voile que porte le général, il veut prendre connoissance de terre avant la nuit, by the sail the admiral carries, he wishes to make the

land before night.

Connoissant, E, adj. knowing. Connoissement, ko-nes-men, s. m. Mar. bill of lading.

CONNOISSEU-R, SE, kô-nê-sêur, seuz, s. m. & f. connoisseur, judge, skilful or knowing

person.

CONNOÎTRE, kô-netr, v. a. (see the table at oître) to know or understand; to know, be aequainted with; to know, have a carnal knowledge of; to admit, own; to take cogniz-ance or be a judge of. Faire connoitre, donner à connoître, to make known, give to un-derstand, also to show, argue, prove or make appear. Se faire connoître, to make one's self known. Se connoître à..., to have skill in, understand. Se connoître au goût des viandes, to have a good palate for tasting meat. Il a des subtilités où l'on ne connoît rien, he has such cunning fetches as are impenetrable.

CONNU, E, adj. known, understood, etc.

CONOIDAL, E, adj. conoidical.

CONOIDE, s. m. conoid.

CONQUE, konk, s. f. coneh, shell, sea-shell. Les Tritons enfloient leurs conques marines, the Tritons blew their conchs or marine trum-

Conquerant, E, kon-ka-ren, rent, s. m.

& f. conqueror, subduer.

Conquerir, kon-kā-rīr, v. a. (see the ta-bie at quérir) to conquer, subdue, bring under, gain or get. Il conquit la Normandie sur les Anglais, he took or recovered Normandy from the English.

Conquet, kon-ke, s. m. (in law) purchase made during the community betwirt the hus-

band and wife.

Conquête, kon-kèt, s. f. conquest. *Conquêter, V. Conquêrir. Conquis, E, adj. conquered.

CONSACRANT, adj. & s. m. consecrating, consecrater.

CONSACRÉ, E, adj. consecrated, etc. Mots consacrés, words consecrated or appropriated to some particular use or signification.

Consacrer, kon-så-krå, v. a. to conse-crate or hallow, to dedicate or devote; to sa-crifice; bestow; to determine a proper and particular signification for (a word.)

Consanguine, E, adj. consanguineous, by

the father's side.

Consanguin, kon-sen-gin, s.m. half brother by the father's side. Consanguinité, kon-sen-gui-ni-ta, s. f.

consanguinity, kindred by blood.

Conscience, kon-siens, s. f. conscience: consciousness. Faire conscience d'une chose, to make conscience or scruple of, to scruple. En conscience, in conscience, upon one's conscience, indeed.

CONSCIENCIEUSEMENT, kon-sièn-sièuzmen, adv. conscientiously, conscionably, with

a good conscience.

Consciencieu-x, se, kon-siên-sièu, sieuz,

adj. conscientious, conscionable.
Conscription, s. f. conscription.

CONSCRIT, s. m. conscript.

Consécrateur, kon-så-krå-teur, s. m. consecrator.

Consécration, kon-så-krå-sion, s. f. consecration.

Consécuti-F, ve, kon-så-kå-tif, tiv, adj. consecutive, one after another.

Consécutivement, kon-så-ků-tiv-měn,

adv. consecutively.

Conseil, kon-sél, s. m. counsel or advice;

resolution, course; counsel, (at law) counsellor; council; council-board. Conscil de guerre, council of war, court-martial.

Conseiller, kon-se-la, v. a. to advise,

give advice, counsel.

CONSEILLER, E, kon-se-la, ler, s. m. & f. counsellor, adviser; judge. Conseiller du roi dans son conseil privé, one of his majesty's most honourable privy council. Conseiller des gráces, looking-glass.

Consentant, h., kon-sên-tên, tênt, adj. consenting, willing. Je suis consentant à tout, I agree to it in all points.

Consentant honoesement de consentant conse

CONSENTEMENT, kon-sent-men, s. m. consent; approbation, assent; accord, agreement. D'un commun consentement, with one accord,

unanimously.

unanimously.

CONSENTIR, kon-sch-fir, v. n. (like Sentir) to consent, yield, be willing, approve, agree. Consentir, Mar. to spring. Notre mat de beanpré a consenti, we have sprung our bowsprit or our bowsprit is sprung. Faire consentir un mât or une vergue, to spring a mast or yard.

Conséquemment, kon-så-kå-men, adv.

consequently.

Conséquence, kon-så-kans, s. f. consequence; also sequel. Tirer une chose à conséquence, to make a precedent of a thing.

Conséquent, E, adj. who reasons or acts consequently.

Conséquent, kon-sa-kan, s. m. consequent (in logic.)

bar, bat, base: there, cbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

Par consequent, adv. consequently, therefore, by consequence.

CONSERVAT-EUR, RICE, kon-sêr-vâ-têur, tris, s. m. & f. conservator, defender, preserver, maintainer, protector, protectress, keep-

er, saviour.
Conservation, kon-ser-va-sion, s. f. conservation, preservation, keeping, maintaining: CONSERVATOIRE, adj. conservatory.

Conservatoire, s. in. conservatory a place where any thing is kept.

CONSERVE, Kon-serv, s. f. conserve, comfit.

Conserves, sort of spectacles.

Conserve or vaisseau de conserve, Mar. consort; tender. Nous perdimes de vue notre conserve pendant trois jours, we lost sight of our consort for three days. Vaisseau de conserve, convoy. Aller de conserve, to keep company together.

Conserver, kon-ser-vå, v. a. to conserve, preserve, keep, defend or maintain. Se conserver, v. r. to keep; also to take care of one's self, mind one's health.

Conserver, v. a. Mar. to keep, etc. Conserver à vue un bâtiment, to keep sight of a vessel. Ce vaisseau-là conserve long-temps son air, that ship holds her way a long time. En conservant le château au nord-nord-est, nous conserverons le même brassiage, kceping the castle at north-north-east, we shall keep the same depth of water.

CONSIDENCE, s. f. subsiding, sinking. Considérable, kon-si-da-rabl, adj. considerable, remarkable, notable, noted, of note. Il est considérable à la reine pour les services qu'il lui a rendus, the queen values him for

the services he has done her. CONSIDÉRABLEMENT, kon-sî-då-råbl-men,

adv. considerably, much, notably.
Considerant, adj. circumspect. regardful. CONSIDÉRANT, s. m. remark, reflection.

CONSIDÉRATION, kon-sì-dà-rà-sion, s. f. consideration; viewing, etc. consideration, reflection, thought, meditation; ciscumspection, considerateness, prudence, discretion; regard esteem, respect; note, merit, worth, account; consequence, importance, moment, weight; account, sake, reason, motive.

Consideré, E, adj. looked upon, held in

consideration, etc. Îl est le plus considéré de la cour, he is the chief man at court.

Considérément, kon-si-dà-rå-mên, adv. considerately, advisedly, discreetly, circum-spectly, prudently.

Considérer, kon-si-da-rà, v. a. to consider; to view, behold, look or gaze upon; to take into consideration, mind, think of, meditate upon; to esteem, respect or regard, have an esteem or respect for.

Consignataire, kon-si-gna-ter, s. m.

trustee.

Consignation, kon-si-gna-sion, s. f. depositing, committing of a thing to one's keeping, in trust; also thing deposited, trust. consignations or le bureau des consignations, public office for receiving money deposited by legal authority.

CONSIGNE, kon-sign, s. f. the order given to a sentinel by the officer who stations

him.

CONSIGNER, kon-si-gnà, v. a. to deposite, consign, leave in trust; also to give an order to a sentinel.

CONSISTANCE, kon-sis-tens, s. f. consistence or thickness; continuance, firmness, stability, stableness, settled condition, steadiness; solidity; extent and nature and privileges (of an estate.) Savez vous quelle fut la consistance de la monarchie sous François I? do you know how the monarchy stood under Francis 1? Age de consistance, constant or middle age. Je n'étois pas alors en trop bonne consistance, I was not then very well.

CONSISTANT, E, adj. consisting. CONSISTER, kon-sis-ta, v. n. to consist.

CONSISTOIRE, kon-sis-twar, s. m. consistory. CONSISTORIAL, E, kon-sis-to-rial, adj. consistorial.

CONSISTORIALEMENT, kon-sis-to-rial-men. adv. in a consistory, in a consistorial form or

Consolable, kon-so-labl, adj. consolable, that may be comforted, capable of consolation or comfort.

CONSOLANT, E, kon-sô-lên, lênt, adj. consoling, comfortable, that comforts.

CONSOLAT-EUR, RICE, kon-sô-lå-teur, tris. s. m. & f. comforter.

CONSOLATI-F, VE, adj. consolatory, tending to give comfort.

Consoldtion, kon-sô-lâ-sion, s. f. comfort, consolation.

Consolatoire, kon-sô-là-twar, adj. con-

solatory, comforting.
Console, koz-soi, s. f. corbel, console,

shouldering-piece (in masonry;) bracket (in timber-work.)

Consolé, E, adj. consoled, comforted that has received comfort. Pen suis tout console, it troubles or affects me no more, I do

not matter it. Consoler, kon-sô-lå, v. a. to comfort, give comfort, console, ease the grief of. Qui se peut consoler, inconsolable, incapable of comfort. Il se console aisément de la mort de sa femme, he is not much troubled at the loss of his wife.

CONSOLIDANT, E, s. & adj. consolidant,

that has the quality of uniting woulds.

Consolidation, kon-so-fl-da-sion, s. f. consolidation.

CONSOLIDER, kon-ső-lî-då, v. a. to consolidate, heal or close up, strengthen. lider l'usufruit à la propriété, to consolidate or

unite the profit with the property.
Consomnateur, kon-sôm-mâ-têur, s. m.

consumer, finisher.

Consommation, kon-sô-mâ-sîon, s. f. consummation, accomplishing, perfection, end;

consumption (of food, etc.)

Consoume, E, adj. consummated, consummate, perfected, accomplished; perfect, Consommé dans les sciabsolute, complete. ences, deeply learned.

Consommé, kon-sô-må, s. m. jelly broth. Consommer, kon-sô-må, v. a. to consummate, make up or finish, complish or complete, make an end of ; to consume or waste ; to expend. Faire consommer de la viande, to boil meat to rags.

Consomption, kon-sorp-slon, s. f. con-

sumption, wasting; the consumption.

Consonnance, kon-sô nèns, s. f. consonance, harmony; also rhyme.

CONSONNANT, adj. consonant.

Consonne, kon-son, s. f. & adj. consonant. Il Lettre consonne, consonant.

Consort, kon-sor, s. m. partner, associate. CONSOUDE, S f. comfrey (an herb.)
CONSPIRATEUR, kons-pi-ra-teur, s.m. plot-

ter, conspirator.
Conspiration, kons-pl-ra-slow, s. f. plot, conspiracy, combination.

CONSPIRER, kons-pî-ra, v. n. & a. to conspire, plot, agree together.

CONSPUER, kons-på-å, v. a. to spit upon,

hold in the greatest contempt. CONSTANMENT, kons-ta-men, adv. constantly, with constancy, firmly, steadfastly, stoutly, resolutely, with resolution; certainly.

CONSTANCE, kons-tens, s. f. constancy, firmness, steadfastness, steadiness, persever-

CONSTANT, E, kons-ten, tent, adj. constant; firm, resolute; steadfast, persevering, steady; fixed, lasting; sure, certain.

Constater, kons-tå-tå, v. a. to prove, ve-

rify, give undeniable proofs of.

CONSTELLATION, kons-tel-la-sion, s. f. constellation.

Constellé, adj. made under a certain

constellation. CONSTER, kons-tå, v. n. imp. to be certain or plain. Il conste, it is evident.

CONSTERNATION, kons-ter-na-sion, s. f.

consternation. CONSTERNER, kons-têr-nâ, v. a. to astonish, dismay, affright, dash, discourage, put into consternation.

Constipation, kon-stl-på-slon, s. f. con-

stipation, costiveness.

CONSTIPER, kons-ti-pa, v. a. to bind or ake costive, constipate. Les nèfles constimake costive, constipate. pent, medlars are binding.

CONSTITUANT, E, kons-ti-tu-en, ent, adj. & s. constituent, one that appoints another in

his or her room. Constituted, E; adj. constituted, appointed,

etc. Etre bien constitué, avoir le corps bien constitué, to be of a good constitution.

Constituer, kons-tl-ta-a, v. a. to constitute, appoint, assign, cstablish or make; to put or make to consist; to make up. Constituer en dignité, to raise or prefer to honour. Constituer quelqu'un prisonnier, to make one a prisoner, commit one to prison. Constituer frais, to put to expense. Constituer une rente or une pension sur une terre, to settle an annuity (rent or pension) upon an estate.

CONSTITUTI-F, VE, kons-ti-tu-tif, tiv, adj. constitutive.

CONSTITUTION, kons-tl-tu-slon, s. f. constitution, form of government, law; composition, making up ; temperament ; arrangement, order. Constitution de rente or bien à constitution, annuity. Emprunteur à constitution de rente, borrower upon annuities. Mettre son argent en constitution de rente, to buy an annuity or annuities. A quel denier de constitution avez-vous prété votre argent? How many years purchase have you given for your annuity? Rentier à constitution, annuitant.

CONSTITUTIONNAIRE, kons-ti-tu-sid-ner,

s. m. & f. annuitant.

Constitutionnel, Le, adj. constitutional. CONSTRICTEUR, s. m. constrictor.

CONSTRICTION, kons-trik-sion, s. f. constriction cortraction, compression.

CONSTRINGENT, E, kons-trin-zen, zent. adj. constringent, binding

CONSTRUCTEUR, s. m. builder, ship-builder. CONSTRUCTION, kons-truk-sion, s. f. con-struction; building, framing. Mar. ship building, practical part of naval architecture. Vaisseaux en construction, new ships building. La construction de Sané est fort estimée, Sanc

is held in high repute as a ship builder.

Construire, kons-trâlr, v. a. (see the table at nire) to build, make, construct; to construe. Construire un poeme, to frame or build

a poem, to order its divers parts.

Consubstantialité, kon-sûbs-tên-sîâ-lî-

CONSUBSTANTIEL, LE, kon-såbs-ten-siel, adj. consubstantial, of the same substance.

CONSUBSTANTIELLENT, kon-såbs-ten-

síěl-měn, adv. consubstantially CONSUL, kon-sůl, s. m. consul.

CONSULAIRE, adj. consular, belonging to a consul. Famille consulaire, consul's family. CONSULAIRE, kon-sû-lêr, s. m. one that has been consul.

Consulairement, kon-så-ler-men, adv.

in a consular manner.

CONSULAT, kon-sů-lå, s. m. consulate.

CONSULTANT, E, kon-sůl-ten, tent, adj. & s. one who asks counsel or advice; also one who is or may be consulted. Arocat consultant, chamber-counsel, chamber-counsellor.

CONSULTATION, kon-sål-tå-slon, s. f. con-

sultation, deliberation.

CONSULTATIVE, adj. Voir consultative, consultative voice.

CONSULTER, kon-sûl-tâ, v. a. to consult, advise with, take advice of. Consulter sur, v. n. to consult or deliberate upon.

Consulteur, s. m. a doctor appointed by the pope to give advice on points of faith and discipline.

Consumant, E, adj. consuming. Consumen, kon-sh-må, v. a. to consume, destroy, waste, spend, devour. Se consumer, v. r. to waste away, wear out, decay, dimin-

CONTACT, kon-takt, s. m. contact. Contagieu-x, se, kon-ta-zieu, zîèuz, adj. contagious, catching, pestilential. Contagion, kon-ta-zion, s. f. contagion,

infection; corruption (of manners.)
CONTAMINATION, s. f. contamination, pol-

lution, defiling.

CONTAMINER, v. a. to contaminate, pollute, defile.

CONTE, kont, s. m. account, story, relation; tale, fable; idle story, sham, flam. Conte fait à plaisir, feigned story. V. Compte.

CONTÉ, E, adj. told, reckoned, reputed.

V. Conter.

CONTEMPLAT-EUR, RICE, kon-ten-plateur, tris, s. m. & f. contemplator.

CONTEMPLATI-F, VE, kon-ten-pla-tif, tly, adj. given to contemplation, contemplative.

CONTEMPLATION, kon-ten-pla-sion, s. f. contemplation, speculation, meditation. En contemplation de, in consideration of.

CONTEMPLER, kon-ten-pla, v. a. to contemplate, take a view of, meditate upon. gaze, muse.

CONTEMPORAIN, E, kon-ten-po-rin, ren, adj. & s. cotemporary or contemporary

bar, bat, base: thère, cbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

CONTEMPORANÉITÉ, s. f. existence of two or several persons at the same time,

CONTEMPTEUR, kon-tenp-teur, s. m. contemner, despiser.

*CONTEMPTIBLE, adj. contemptible, des-

pieable, base.

CONTENANCE, kont-nens, s.f. countenance, posture, looks; capacity, capaciousness, contents, largeness, extent. Bonne contenance d'une armée, good order and disposition of an army. Perdre contenance, to be out of countenance. Faire bonne contenance, to be resolute.

CONTENANT, E, adj. that contains.

CONTENANT, s. m. container. Le contenant est plus grand que le contenu, the container is greater than the contents.

CONTENDANT, E, kon-ten-den, dent, s. m. & f. contending, competitor, rival or candidate. Les parties contendantes, the contend-

ing parties. Contenir, kont-nir, v. a. like tenir, to contain; hold, comprehend or comprise, keep in or keep back, keep within bounds, bridle or rule. Se contenir, v. r. to forbear or refrain, contain one's self.

CONTENT, E, kon-ten, tent, adj. contented, satisfied, pleased; content, willing. Il est content de lui-même, he has a great conceit of

himself. Vivre content, to live contentedly.

Contentement, kon-tent-men, s. m. content, contentment, pleasure, satisfaction, joy,

blessing, delight.

CONTENTER, kon-ten-ta, v. a. to content give content to; to please, satisfy, humour; pacify; to pay. Se contenter de, v. r. to be contented or well pleased or satisfied with.

CONTENTIEU-X, SE, kon-ten-sleu, sleuz, adj. contentious, litigious, quarrelsome; also that may be contended for or disputed.

CONTENTIEUSEMENT, kon-ten-sieuz-men,

adv. contentiously.

CONTENTION, kon-ten-sion, s. f. contention; debate, strife, dispute, quarrel; heat, vehemence, eagerness; great attention, carnest application of mind.

CONTENU, E, adj. contained.

CONTENU, kont-nu, s. m. contents.

CONTER, kon-tå, v. a. to tell, relate or say. En conter, to tell stories, romance. des sornettes, to tell idle stories. En conter à une femme, or lui conter des douceurs or des fleurettes, to cajole or wheedle a woman, entertain a woman with amorous nonsense or with fine amorous expressions. S'en faire conter, to entertain a lover, give ear to his flattering addresses, love to be cajoled. V.

CONTESTABLE, kon-tes-tabl, adj. disputable, that may be controverted or contended for.

CONTESTANT, E, adj. contending, that is at law with another.

CONTESTATION, kon-tes-ta-sion, s. f. con-

test, debate, controversy, dispute, quarrel.
*CONTESTER, kon-test, s. f. V. Contestation.
CONTESTER, kon-testation.
contend, dispute or quarrel for, to controvert, debate, call or bring in question.

CONTEU-R, SE, kon-teur, teuz, s. m. & f. ller of stories. Conteur de sornettes, teller teller of stories. Conteur de sornettes, teller of idle stories. Conteur de fleurettes, one that cajoles or wheedles wemen, general lover. CONTEXTURE, kon-teks-tur, s. f. contexture. || contradictor, opposer.

CONTIGU, E, Kon-tl-gů, gh, adj. contiguous,

adjoining or very near.
Contiguité, kon-tl-gû-l-ta, s. f. contigui-

ty, contiguousness.

CONTINENCE, kon-ti-nens, s. f. continency, continence, chastity, abstinence from unlawful pleasure; extent, capacity.

CONTINENT, E, kon-ti-nen, nent, adj. con-

tinent, sober, chaste, virtuous.

CONTINENT, kon-tî-nên, s. m. a conti-

CONTINGENCE, kon-tin-zens, s. f. contingency, contingence, casualty, uncertainty of event. CONTINGENT, E, kon-tin-zen, zent, contin-

gent, accidental, casual. Portion contingente. share, dividend.

CONTINGENT, s. m. contingent, share or quota.

CONTINU, E, koz-tî-nů, nů, adj. continuous, close; continual, continued, incessant, uninterrupted, without intermission. CONTINU, s. m. close body, a whole.

CONTINUATEUR, kon-tî-nû-à-têur, s. m.

CONTINUATION, s. f. continuation, continu

ance, lastingness. CONTINUE, kon-ti-nu, s. f. continuance, length of time. A la continue, at length, in

the long run, in time. CONTINUEL, LE, kon-ti-nû-êl, adj. continu-

al, constant, without intermission, perpetual. CONTINUELLEMENT, kon-ti-mi-el-men, or CONTINUMENT, adv. continually, perpetually, ever or ever and anon, always, without intermission, incessantly

CONTINUER, kon-tî-na-a, v. a. to continue; carry on, to go on with; prolong; persevere, go on. Co. or out, last. Continuer, v. n. to continue, hold on

CONTINUITÉ, kon-tî-nû-î-tà, s. f. continu-

ity, closeness, continuance.
Contondant, E, adj. name given to any

instrument that wounds without cutting. Contorsion, kon-tor-sion, s. f. contortion, distortion, wry face. Le démon lui donnoit d'étranges contorsions, be was strangely distorted by the devil.

Contour, kon-toor, s. m. contour,

pass, circumference, turning and winding. Contourner, kon-toor-na, v. a. to draw the contours of a picture or figure. Contract, V. Contrat.

CONTRACTANT, E, kon-trak-ten, tent, adj. & s. that covenants or contracts, contracting, contractor, contracting party

CONTRACTER, kon-trak-ta, v. n. to contract, covenant or bargain, make a contract, or covenant or bargain, article.

Contracter, v. a. to contract; to shorten, condense. Contracter des dettes, to run into debt, contract debts. Contracter alliance arec quelqu'un, to strike or make an alliance with one. Se contracter, v. r. to contract, shrink

up, grow shorter.
Contraction, kon-trak-slon, s. f. contraction.

CONTRACTUEL, I.F., kon-trak-td-el, adj.

stipulated, agreed upon. CONTRACTURE, s. f. (in architecture) con-

tracting of a column towards the top. CONTRADICTEUR, kon-trå-dik-teur, s. m.

CONTRADICTION, kon-trà-dik-sion, s. f. contradiction, inconsistence; also opposition, obstacle. Esprit de contradiction, contradicting temper.

CONTRADICTOIRE, kon-trå-dik-twar, adj. contradictory, that implies contradiction. Jugément contradictoire, peremptory decree or judgment.

CONTRADICTOIREMENT, kon-tra-dik-twarmên, adv. contradictorily; also pereinptorily.
Contraignable, kon-trê-gnabl, adj. that

may be constrained or compelled (to pay.) CONTRAINDRE, kon-trindr, v. a. (see the table at aindre) to constrain, force, compel or oblige by force; to constrain, put a constraint upon, to put out of one's bias; to squeeze or wring, be tight upon, pinch. La rime contraint un poète, rhyme constrains or ties up a poet. L'étude le contraint fort, he is averse

from study, study goes much against his grain. CONTRAINT, E, kon-trin, trint, adj. constrained, forced, compelled, etc.; forced, not

free, stiff, uneasy; narrow.

CONTRAINTE, s. f. constraint, force, compulsion, violence. Faire les choses sans contrainte, to do things freely or with a great deal of freedom. Contrainte par corps, order or writ or warrant to seize the body of a debtor.

CONTRAIRE, kon-trer, adj. contrary, opposite, repugnant, cross or adverse; bad, hurtful.

CONTRAIRE, s. in. contrary. Au contraire, adv. on the contrary, contrarily. Tout au contraire, quite contrarily or quite contrary, also rather. Aller au contraire d'une chose, to go or speak against a thing, contradict or gainsay it.

CONTRARIANT, E, kon-tra-ri-en, ent, adj. apt to contradict, of a contradicting temper.

CONTRARIER, kon-tra-ri-a, v. a. to contradict or gainsay; to run counter to, oppose, thwart or cross

Contrariété, kon-tra-rl-a-ta, s. f. contrariety, opposition, disagreement; also con-Contrariétés, diffitradiction, inconsistency. culties, crosses or obstacles.

CONTRASTE, kon-trast, s. m. contrast; also

debate or dispute.

CONTRASTER, kon-tras-ta, v. a. to contrast,

make a contrast of figures.

CONTRAT, kon-tra, s. m. contract, bargain, agreement, covenant, deed or instrument, arcicles. Controt de mariage, articles of marriage or marriage settlement. Contrat de donation, deed of gift.

CONTRAVENTION, kon-tra-ven-sion, s. f. contravention, infraction.

CONTRE, kontr, prep. against, contrary to; near by. Tout contre, hard by.

CONTRE, s. m. opposite side of a question. Savoir le pour et le contre d'une affaire, to be thoroughly acquainted with a business. V. Pour, s. m.

CONTRE-ALLÉE, kon-tra-là, s.f. small walk

along side of a great one.

CONTRE-AMIRAL, s. m. Mar. rear admiral. CONTRE-APPROCHES, s. f. pl. counter-approaches.

CONTRE-BALANCER, v. a. to counter-ba-

lance, countervail, counterpoise.

Contrebande, kontr-bend, s. f. contraband commodities, prohibited goods. la contrebande, to smuggle, run or smuggle prohibited goods, be a smuggler. CONTREBANDIER, E, kon-trê-bèn-dia, dièr, s. m. & f. sinuggler. V. Bâtiment.
CONTRE-BAS, adv. upwards.

CONTRE-BASSE, s. f. counterbase.

CONTRE-BATTERIE, s. f. counter-battery. CONTRE-BRASSER, v. a. Mar. to brace

about. V. Brasser.

CONTRECARRER, kontr-kå-rå, v. a. to thwart, cross or oppose, contradict, run coun-

CONTR'ÉCART, s. m. an escutcheon's be

ing counter quartered.

CONTR'ÉCARTELER, v.a. to counter quartet-CONTRE-CHARME, s. m. counter-charm.

CONTRE-CHASSIS, s. m. double casement. CONTRE-CIVADIÈRE, s. f. Mar. sprit-sail

top-sail.

CONTRE-COEUR, s. m. unwillingness. Ex. A contre-cour, adv. against one's will, against the grain. Contre-cœur de cheminée, iron back for a fire-place.

CONTRE-CORNIÈRE, s. f. Mar. piece framed and bolted with the fashion piece afore it in French ships (not used in the building of Eng-

lish ships.

CONTRE-COUP, s. m. counter-blow, rebound. CONTRE-COURANT, s. m. Mar. counter-

CONTRE-DANSE, s. f. country-dance.

CONTREDIRE, kontr-dfr, v. a. (like dire, except the second pers. plur. of the pres. vous contredisez, and imperative, contredisez) to contradict, gainsay or speak against, to confute or answer.

CONTREDISANT, kontr-di-zen, adj. con-

tradicting, gainsaying.

CONTREDIT, kontr-di, s. m. contradiction, controversy, confutation, answer; objection, replication. Sans contredit, without controversy, most certainly

CONTRÉE, kon-tra, s. f. country, region,

tract of land.

CONTRE-ÉCHANGE, s. m. mutual exchange. CONTRE-ENQUÊTE, s. f. inquest contrary

to that of the adverse party.

Contre-épreuve, s. f. counter-proof (of

a drawing or engraving.)

CONTRE-ÉPREUVER, v. a. to draw a counterproof.
CONTRE-ESPALIER, s. m. espalier facing

another espalier with a walk between. CONTRE-ÉTAIS, s. m. pl. Mar. after back

stays.

CONTRE-ÉTAMBORD or CONTRE-ÉTAMвот, s. m. Mar. stern-post. Contre-étambord intérieur, inner stern-post. Contre-étambord extérieur, back of the stern-post.

CONTRE-ÉTRAVE, s. f. Mar. apron (in ship-

building.)

CONTREFAÇON, s.f. counterfeit or counterfeiting.

CONTREFACTEUR, s. m. he who is guilty of counterfeiting, counterfeiter, forger.

CONTREFAIRE, v. a. like faire, to counter-feit; imitate, mimick, ape; feign, dissemble or make as if; disguise. Se contrefaire, v. r. to feign or dissemble; disguise one's self.

CONTREFAIT, E, kontr-fe, fet, adj. counterfeit, counterfeited, imitated, falsified; de-

formed, ill-favoured.

CONTRE-FENÊTRE, s. f. out-side shutter. CONTRE-FINESSE, s. f. trick for trick CONTRE-FORT, s. m. counter-fort.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

CONTRE-FUGUE, s. f. counterfugue (in mu-

CONTRE-GARDE, s. f. counterguard. Contre-garde de monnoie, the deputy-warden of

CONTRE-HACHER, kon-tre-å-shå, v. a. to

counter-etch. CONTRE-HATIER, s. m. rack (a kitchen utensil.)

CONTRE-HAUT, adv. downwards.

CONTRE-HILDIRES, s. f. pl. Mar. strakes or streaks of planks on the decks, close to the binding strakes.

CONTRE-JOUR, s. m. false light. A contre-

your, in a false light.

CONTRE-INDICATION, s. f. counter-indication.

CONTRE-ISSANT, E, adj. counter-salient. CONTRE-LATTE, s.f. counter-lath. CONTRE-LATTER, v. a. to counter-lath.

CONTRE-LETTRE, s. f. defeasance.

Contre-maître, s. m. Mar. boatswain's mate, quarter-man. Contre-maître charpentier, fore-man of the ship-wrights in a dockyard. Contre-maître de la cale, captain of the hold.

CONTRE-MANDEMENT, kontr-mend-men,s.

m. countermand.

CONTRE-MANDER, kontr-men-da, v. a. to countermand.

CONTRE-MARCHE, s. f. countermarch. CONTRE-MARÉE, s. f. Mar. countertide. CONTRE-MARQUE, s. f. countermark.

CONTRE-MARQUER, v. a. to countermark. CONTRE-MINE, s. f. countermine.

CONTRE-MINER, v. a. to countermine. CONTRE-MINEUR, s. m. counterminer. CONTRE-MONT, adv. upwards, bottom upwards. A contre-mont, up the river, against

the stream. CONTRE-MOUSSON, s. m. Mar. Ex. à con-

tre-mousson, against the monsoon. CONTRE-MUR, s. m. counter-mure.

CONTRE-MURER, v. a. to countermure. CONTRE-ORDRE, kon-trordr, s. m. counter-order, countermand.

CONTRE-PARTIE, s. f. second part (in musick.)

CONTRE-PASSANT, adj. counter-passant. CONTRE-PESER, v. a. to counterpoise, counterbalance; countervail.

CONTRE-PIED, s. in. contrary sense; wrong

scent (in hunting.)

CONTRE-POIDS, s. m. counterpoise; poise

or pole (of a rope-dancer.) CONTRE-POIL, s. m. what is against the grain. A contre-poil, against the grain; the wrong way, in a wrong sense.

CONTRE-POINT, s. m. counterpoint (in mu-

sick.) Contre-point d'une voile, double rope and marline (attached to the clue of a sail.) CONTRE-POINTE, V. Courte-pointe.

"CONTRE-POINTER, v. a. to quilt on both sides, to contradict, thwart, run counter. Contre-pointer du canon, to raise a battery against

CONTRE-POISON, s. m. counterpoison, an-

CONTRE-PORTE, s. f. double door or double

CONTREPORTER, v. a. to hawk or go a hawking.

CONTREPORTEUR, s. m. hawker or pedler.

CONTRE-PROMESSE, S. f. counter-bond. CONTREQUARRER, V. Contrecarrer. CONTRE-QUEUE D'ARONDE, S. f. counter

swallow-tail (in fortification.)
CONTRE-QUILLE, s. f. Mar. keelson or

stemson.

CONTRE-ROLLE, etc. V. Contrôle, etc. CONTRE-RONDE, s. f. counter-round.

CONTRE-RUSE, s. f. stratagem opposed to another.

CONTRE-SAISON, Mar. être à contre-saison, to be too late for making a passage with the favourable periodical winds.

CONTRE-SANGLON, s. m. girth leather. CONTRESCARPE, kon-três-kârp, s. f. coun-

terscarp. CONTRESCARPER, v. a. to make a coun-

terscarp. CONTRE-SCEL, s. m. counter-scal.

CONTRE-SCELLER, v. a. to counter-seal. CONTRE-SEING, s. m. counter-sign (signa-

ture.)

CONTRE-SENS, s. m. contrary or wrong sense, wrong side, wrong way. A contre-sens, adv. the wrong or the contrary way. Vons prenez tout à contre-sens, you put a wrong construction on every thing.

CONTRE-SIGNER, v. a. to counter-sign. CONTRE-TAILLE, s.f. counter-tally or coun-

ter-part of a tally.

CONTRE-TEMPS, s. m. unlucky or improper time; unlucky accident, disappointment, cross; counter-time or counter-pace. Tomber dans un contre-temps or des contre-temps, to do a thing unseasonably, ill time it, do it preposterously. A contre-temps, adv. unseasonably, preposterously. Dit or fait à contre-temps, preposterous, unseasonable.

CONTRE-TIRER, v. a. to counterdraw. Contrevallation, kontr-val-la-sion, s.

f. contravallation.

CONTREVENANT, E, kontr-ve-nen, nent, adj. offender.

CONTREVENIR, à, kontr-vê-nîr, v. n. (like venir) to contravene, infringe, act contrary to (law, etc.)

CONTRE-VENT, kontr-ven, s. m. outside

CONTRE-VÉRITÉ, s. f. meaning contrary to the words.

CONTRE-VISITE, s. f. second search. CONTRIBUABLE, kon-tri-bû-abl, adj. lia-ble or subject to contribution.

CONTRIBUANT, kon-trî-bû-en, s. m. contributor.

Contribuer, kon-trì-bå-à, v. a. & n. to contribute; to pay contributions

CONTRIBUTION, kon-trl-bd-slon, s. f. contribution. Mettre à contribution, to lay under contribution.

CONTRISTER, kon-tris-ta, v. a. to grieve,

vex, make sorry, give trouble.

CONTRIT, E, kon-trl, trlt, adj. contrite, sor-

rowful, penitent; troubled, concerned. CONTRITION, kon-tri-sion, s. f. contrition,

hearty sorrow, trouble of mind.
CONTROLE, kon-trol, s. m. book of regis-

ter, control; office of controller; mark or stamp upon plate (to show it has paid the duty.)

Contrôler, kon-trò-là, v. a. to control or examine; to mark or stamp; censure, find

fault with, criticise upon.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant. cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

CONTRÔLEUR, kon-trò-lêur, s. m. controller, overseer.

CONTRÔLEU-R, SE, S, m. & f. fault-finder,

critick. CONTROVERSE, kon-tro-yers, s. f. controversy, dispute, debate.

CONTROVERSE, E, kon-tro-ver-sa, adj. controverted, debated, argued pro and con. . Controversiste, kon-trô-vêr-sîst, s. m.

controvertist.

CONTROUVER, kon-troo-va, v. a. to forge,

invent, feign or devise (a falsehood.)

CONTUMACE, kon-td-mas, s. f. contumacy, contempt of the court. Condamné par contumace, cast for non-appearance.

CONTUMACER, kon-td-må-så, v. a. to cast for non-appearance, nonsuit, outlaw.

CONTUMAX, adj. accused person that does

not appear before the judge. *CONTUMÉLIE, s. f. contumely, outrage,

abuse.

*Contumélieusement, adv. contumeliously, outrageously.
*Contumelieu-x, se, adj. contumelious,

outrageous, abusive.

CONTUS, E, kon-tů, tůz, adj. bruised.

CONTUSION, kon-tů-zlon, s. f. contusion. CONVAINCANT, E, con-vin-kan, kant, adj. convincing, clear, evident, plain.
CONVAINCRE, kon-vinkr, v. a. (like vain-

cre,) to convict or convince.

CONVAINCU, E, adj. convicted, convinced. CONVALESCENCE, kon-vå-lê-sens, s. f. convalescency or convalescence, recovery.

CONVALESCENT, E, kon-vå-lê-sên, sênt, adj. convalescent, in a fair way of recovery,

on the mending hand.

CONVENABLE, konv-nabl, adj. convenient, proper, suitable, fit, agreeable, seasonable, seemly, expedient, becoming. Punition conseemly, expedient, becoming. venable, condign punishment.

Convenablement, konv-nabl-men, adv. conveniently, suitably, to the purpose, agree-

ably, fitly, in due season.

CONVENANCE, konv-nens, s. f. convenience, conformity, affinity, agreeableness, agree-ment, suitableness, relation; decency, seem-liness. Raisons de convenance, probable or plausible reasons.

CONVENANT, E, konv-nen, nent, adj. convenient, agreeable, suitable, becoming.

*Convenant, s. m. covenant

CONVENIR, konv-nir, v. n. (like venir) to become, be proper or suitable, fit or suit; to agree or grant; to agree with, be agreeable. Cette maison m'a convenu, et je suis convenu du prix, this house suited me, and I agreed to give the price. Il convient, v. imp. it is fit, requisite, expedient, convenient or meet.

CONVENT, V. Couvent.

CONVENTICULE, kon-ven-ti-kůl, s. m. con-

venticle, private meeting.

CONVENTION, kon-ven-sion, s. f. convention; articles agreed on, agreement, contract. CONVENTIONNEL, LE, kon-ven-sio-nel,

adj. conventional, done under articles.
Conventionnellement, adv. conven-

tionally.

CONVENTUALITY, s. f. state of conventuals. Conventuel, i.e., kon-ven-tu-el, adj. conventual.

CONVENTUELLEMENT, kon-ven-tu-el-men, adv. conventually.

CONVENU, adj. agreed on. V. Convenir. Convergence, s. f. convergence, tendency to a point.

CONVERGENT, E, adj. convergent, con-

verging.

Converger, v. n. to converge.

Convers, E, kon-ver, vers, adj. (with frere or sœur) lay-brother or sister, drudge in a monastery or nunnery. Proposition converse, inverted or converted proposition.

CONVERSABLE, kon-ver-sabl, adj. conversable, sociable, easy or free of access.

CONVERSATION, kon-ver-sa-sion, s. f. conversation; discourse; assembly, meeting, conr-

CONVERSER, kon-ver-så, v.n. to converse,

to keep company and be familiar with.

Conversion, kon-ver-sion, s. f. converting, conversion, change. Quart de conversion, turning or wheeling about.

CONVERTI, E, adj. & s. converted, turned,

changed, etc. convert.

CONVERTIBLE, kon-ver-tibl, adj. convertible.

Convertir, kon-ver-tir, v. a. to convert turn or change, make a convert of. Convertir le temps en degrés de longitude, Mar. to turn time into longitude. Se convertir, v. r. to turn, to change; to be reclaimed, to amend; to be made a convert, be converted.

Convertissement, kon-ver-tis-men, s.

m. turning, changing, conversion.
Convertisseur, kon-ver-ti-seur, s. m.

converter.

Convexe, kon-veks, adj. convex. CONVEXITÉ, kon-vêk-sî-tâ, s. f. convexity.

CONVICTION, kon-vik-sion, s. f. conviction, full proof.

Convié, kon-vi-å, s. m. guest.

CONVIER, kon-vî-a, v. a. to invite.

CONVIVE, kon-vîv, s. m. guest. CONVOCATION, kon-vô-kâ-sîon, s. f. con-

vocation, convening or calling together.

Convoi, kon-vwa, s. m. funeral pomp or
procession. Mar. convoy; convoy of men of war, a convoy or company of merchantmen with their convoy, a convoy of provisions and ammunition.

*Convoitable, kon-vwa-tabl, adj. covetable, to be coveted or desired.

CONVOITER, kon-vwa-ta, v. a. to covet, lust after.

"Convoiteu-x, se, kon-vwa-teu, teuz

adj. covetous, that covets.
Convoitise, kon-vwa-tlz, s. f. covetous ness, concupiscence, lust or eager desire, love,

appetite.
Convoler, kon-vô-là, v.n. to marry again. Convoler en secondes noces or à un second mariage, to marry a second time. Convoler en troisièmes noces, to marry for the third time. Convoquen, kon-vô-ka, v. n. to convoke,

call together, assemble.

Convoyer, kon-vwa-ya, v. a. to convey, attend, accompany or guard.

CONVULSI-F, VE, kon-vůl-síf, slv, adj. convulsive.

Convulsion, kon-val-sion, s.f. convulsion, convulsion fit.

Convulsionnaire, adj. that is subject to convulsions.

Coobligé, E, kô-ô-blî-za, adj. pointly bound with another in an obligation or contract.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Coopérateu-R, TRICE, kô-ô-på-rå-têur, tris, s. m. & f. co-operator, fellow worker. Cooperation, ko-o-pa-ra-sion, s. f. co-

operation, joint working or joint labour. COOPERER, kô-ô-på-rå, v. a. to co-operate,

work together. COOPTATION, s. f. co-optation, adoption.

COOPTER, v. a. to admit out of course by dispensation.

Сорани, s. m. copayva or copivi. COPAL, s. m. copal (sort of guin.)

COPARTAGEANT, E, kô-pår-tå-zen, zent, adj. & s. copartner, coparcener.

COPENHAGUE, s. Copenhagen.

COPERMUTANT, s. m. said of each of those

who exchange livings.

COPHE, s. m. Copht (Egyptian Christian.) COPIE, kô-pl, s. f. copy, transcript, imita-on, duplicate; also manuscript. C'est un tion, duplicate; also manuscript. original sans copie, he has not his fellow. Cet enfant est la copie de son père, that child is his father's picture.

COPIER, kô-pî-å, v. a. to copy, transcribe;

to imitate, mimick, ape.

Copieusement, kô-pî-èuz-mên, adv. co-piously, plentifully, abundantly. Copieu-x, se, kô-pî-èu, èuz, adj. copious, plentiful, rich.

COPISTE, ko-pist, s. m. copyist, copyer,

transcriber, one that copies. COPROPRIÉTAIRE, kô-prô-prî-a-ter, s. m.

& f. joint proprietor. COPTER, v. a. to make the clapper of a bill strike on one side only.

COPULATI-F, VE, kô-pů-lå-tíf, thv, adj. copulative.

COPULATION, s. f. copulation.

COPULATIVE, s. f. conjunctive particle.

COQ, kok, s. m. cock; ...so male of the partridge; weather-cock; the part of a watch that covers the balance; chief, leading man. Coq, Mar. cook (of a ship.) * Chant du coq, cock's crowing, dawn of day. Coq de bruyère, heathcock. Coq de murais, moor-cock. Coq. ** Ind. watch con the control of the contro d' Inde. turkey, turkey-cock. Coq de bois or coq faisan, cock-pheasant. Coq de jardin, sort of odorous plant (said to be Aleppo mint.)

Un coq-à-l'ane, a cock and a bull story.
COQUE, kök, s. f. shell (of eggs or nuts;)
cod (of a silk worm and other insects.)
Coque, s. m. Mar. (kink in a rope,) hull
(of a ship.) Prendre des coques, to kink. Defais les coques de cette manæuvre, take the kinks out of that rope.

COQUECIGRUE, s. f. silly thing, nonsense, stories.

COQUEFREDOUILLE, s. m. ninny, driveller, fool.

Coquelicot, kok-ll-ko, s. m. wild-poppy, corn-rose.

COQUELOURDE, s. f. a plant much like an anemone, pasque-flower.

COQUELUCHE, kok-lush, s. f. hooping-cough; cowl; one much in vogue. Rest la coqueluche des femmes; he is the darling of the sex.

*Coquelucion, kok-lu-shon, s. m. cowl,

monk's hood.

COQUERRY, kok-mar, s. m. boiler. Coquerry, s. m. Alkekengi, winter-cherry.

COQUERICO, s. m. cock-crowing. COQUET, TE, k3-ke, ket, adj. coquettish.

Coquett, s. m. beau, general lover, male coquette, also cock-boat.

Coquette, s. f. coquette. Coqueter, kôk-tå, v. n. to be a general lover or coquette.

COQUETIER, kok-tfå, s. m. higgler, seller of eggs and poultry, also thing to put an egg in when boiled in the shell.

COQUETTERIE, kô-kêt-ri, s. f. coquetry. Coquillage, kô-kl-låz, s. m. shells, shell-

work or shell-fish.

Coquille, kô-kîl, s. f. shell, also ware of small value.

COQUILLIER, s. m. collection of shells,

place where they are kept.

Coquin, s. m. rogue, rascal, knave, pitiful or beggarly fellow

Coquin, E, kô-kin, kîn, adj. idle, roguish. Coquinaille, kô-kî-nal, s. f. pack of

rogues or scoundrels. COQUINE, s. f. slut, jade, base woman.

COQUINER, v. n. to loiter, idle, play the rogue. Coquinerie, kô-kîn-rl, s. f. roguery, kna-

very, base trick.

Cor, kor, s. m. hunter's or a post-boy's orn. A cor et à cri, adv. with might and horn. main or with hue and cry. Corn (on the foot.)

COPALINE, s. f. coralline, also boat for fishing coral.

*CORALLIN, E, kô-râ-lin, lîn, adj. cora!-

line, red as coral. CORALLOIDES, S. f. pl. seed of white coral. CORBEAU, kôr bò, s. m. raven, corpse bearer or burier in plague time, also undertaker's man or mute at a funeral, and corbel in

architecture. CORBEILLE, kor-bei,s.f.basket; wide basket. CORBEILLÉE, kor-be-la, s. f. basket-full.

CORBILLARD, kor-bi-lar, s. m. corbeil-boat or boat which goes from Paris to Corbeil, also great country coach; vehicle to carry the dead

CORBILLAT, s. m. young raven. CORBILLON, kor-bi-lon, s. m. basket or box. Corbillon d'oublies, wafer-box.

CORBIN, V. Bec.
CORDAGE, kor-daz, s. m. cordage, cords, ropes, measuring of wood by the cord. Mar. Cordage une fois commis or commis en haussière, hawser-laid cordage. Cordage deux fois commis, cable laid cordage. Cordage en trois or cordage commis en trois, rope of three strands orthree strand rope. Cordage commis en quatre, four strand rope. Cordage courant, cord-Cordage blanc, white or untarred rope. Cordage goudronne, tarred cordage. Cordage refait, twice laid stuff. Cordage de brou de coco,

cordage made of the bark of the cocoa-palm.

Corder, kord, s. f. rope; cord, line, string; thread; cord (of wood;) hanging, gallows.

Garnir un violom de cordes, to string a violin.

Habit an montre la corde the corder. Habit qui montre la corde, thread-bare coat. Mar. Corde de retenue, guy. Cordes de dé-fense, fenders. Corde engagée or gênée or embarrassée, foul rope.

CORDÉ, E, adj. twisted. Cheval cordé, horse

troubled with hard strings.

CORDEAU, kôr-dò, s. m. cord, line. CORDELER, kôrd-là, v. a. to twist.

CORDELETTE, kord-let. s. f. small cord er

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

CORDELIER, kôrd-liå, s. m. cordelier, ! Franciscan friar or gray friar. Cordelière, kôrd-lièr, s. f. Franciscan nun,

cordelier's girdle, black and knotted silk neck-

lace worn by some ladies. CORDELLE, kor-del, s. f. small rope, (obso-

lete in this primitive sense) party, side, gang. CORDER, kor-då, v. a. to work or twist into cords or ropes; to measure (wood) by the cord; to cord or bind with a cord. Sc

corder; v. r. to grow stringy.
CORDERIE, kord-rl, s. f. rope-yard, rope-

house, rope-walk.

CORDIAL, E, kôr-dî-âl, adj. cordial, good for the heart; cordial, hearty, free, open, sincere. CORDIAL, s. m. cordial

CORDIALEMENT, kôr-dî-âl-mên, adv. cordially, heartily, sincercly.
CORDIALITÉ, kôr-ul-à-ll-tà, s. f. cordiality,

cordial, sincere or hearty love. CORDIER, kor-dia, s. m. rope-maker.

CORDILIAS, s. m. sort of kersey.

CORDON, kor-don, s.m. twist, string, strand, hat-band; lace; riband; (of coin) rim; girdle; plinth, projecting row or edge of stone, etc. around a building; cordon (of posts.) Le roi lui a donné le cordon bleu, the king has made him a knight of the Holy Ghost. Un cordon bleu, a knight of the Holy Ghost. Etre du cordon de S. François, to be of the order of St. Francis.

Cordonner,kôr-dô-nã,v.a. to twist,braid. CORDONNERIE, kôr-dôn-ri, s. f. shoe-ma-ker's-row or street, shoe-maker's trade.

CORDONNET, kor-do-ne, s.m. lace or edging. CORDONNIER, kor-dô-nia,s. m. shoe-maker, also hat-band maker.

CORDOUAN, s.m. Cordovan leather.

COREE, s. m. a foot in verse. CORIACE, kô-rî-as, adj. as tough as leather, (said of meat, and a hard, close man.)

CORIACÉ, E, adj. coriaceous, of a substance resembling leather.

CORIAMBE, s. m. Coriamb (foot in verse.) CORIAMBE, kô-rî-endr, s. f. coriander; also coriander seed.

CORINTHIEN, NE, adj. Corinthian. CORLIEU, CORLIS, V. Courlieu. CORME, KÖRM, S. f. Service or Sorb (berry.)

CORMIER, kor-mia, s. m. service-tree or sorb.

CORMORAN, kôr-mô-rên, s. m. cormorant. CORNAC, s. ni. name given to the keeper of elephants.

CORNALINE, kor-na-lin, s.f. carnelian (stone.) *CORNARD, s. m. cuckold.

CORNARDISE, s. f. cuckoldom.

CORNE, kôrn, s. f. horn; hoof; fleam; (of cheese cake) corner. Corne de cerf, hartshorn.
Ouvrage à corne, horn-work. Bête à cerne, horned beast. Corne ducale, sort of cap worn by the Doge of Venice. Faire porter descornes or planter des cornes à quelqu'un, to cuckold one. Porter des cornes, avoir des cornes, to be a cuckold. Mar. Ex. Corne d'amorée, powder-horn. Corne d'artimon, gaff. Vergue à corne, gaff. Corne de vergue, jaws of a gaff or boom. ·Corne de gui, crutch of a boom. V. Maté.

CORNÉE, kor-na, s. f. horny tunicle of the

CORNEILLE, kor-n3/, s. f. rook. Corneille emmantelee, grey-rook or Royston crow.

CORNEMENT, korn-men, d'oreilles. Tintement.

CORNEMUSE, korn-muz, s. f. bag-pipe.

Joueur de cornemuse, bag-piper.

CORNER, kor-na, v. n. to sound or blow a horn, to blow or wind a horn; to use a speaking trumpet to speak to a deaf man; corner aux oreilles, to dun or tire one with speaking of a thing; to stink or smell musty (said of tainted meat.) Les oreilles lui cornent, his (or her) ears tingle. Corner, v. a. Corner quelque chose, to blab out or trumpet a thing

Connet, kôr-nê, s. m. horn, speaking trumpet; rolled wafer; place in a desk for ink; cupping-glass. Cornet à bouquin, sort of cupping-glass. Cornet à bouquin, sort of small shalm. Cornet à jouer aux dés, dicebox. Cornet de papier, coffin of paper. Cornet de mat, Mar. case of a mast,

CORNETIER, s. m. horn-dresser. CORNETTE, kor-net, s. f. standard of a troop of horse, troop of horse; mob (kind of wo-man's coif.) Mar, broad pendant (displayed at the mast head of a commodore's ship.)

CORNETTE, s.m. cornet of a troop of horse. CORNEUR, s. m. one who sounds a horn. CORNICHE, kôr-nîsh. s. f. cornice (in archi-

tecture;) gig or kind of a top for boys to play

CORNICHON, kor-ni-shon, s. m. a little horn; also gherkin or small cucumber to pickle.

CORNIÈRE, s. f. sloping gutter (on the top of a roof.) Cornières, pl. Mar. fashion-pieces.

CORNILLAS, kôr-nî-las, s. m. young rook. CORNOUILLE, kôr-nôol, s. f. cornel berry or cornelian cherry

CORNOUILLER, kor-noo-la, s. m. cornel or cornelian tree.

CORNU, E, kor-na, nu, adj. horned, cornuted; cornered; bad, sorry, insignificant, in CORNUAU, s. m. kind of shad.

CORNUE, kor-nu, s. f. cucurbite, matrass, retort.

COROLLAIRE, kô-rôl-ler, s. m. corollary. CORONAIRE, adj. (in anatomy,) coronary.

CORONAIRE, s. m. coroner. CORONAL, E, kô-rô-nal, adj. coronal.

CORONILLE, s. f. a sort of tree that grows

in Spain and warm countries.

CORPORAL, kôr-pô-rål, s. m. a piece of linen on which the priest puts the chalice and host or consecrated wafer when he says mass

CORPORALIER, kor-po-ra-lia, s. m. box te contain the abovementioned linen.

CORPORATION, kor-po-rh-sion, s. f. corpo

ration or English municipality.
CORPORÉITÉ.kor-po-ra-l-ta,s.f.corporeity CORPOREL, LE, kor-pô-rel, adj. corporal

or corporeal, bodily. Corporellement, kor-po-rel-men, adv.

corporally, bodily. Punir corporellement, to inflict a corporal punishment.

Conporter atton. kôr-pô-rî-fî-kâ-sîon, or Conportsation, s. f. (în chemistry) corporification, making into a body.

Conporterieu, kôr-pô-rî-fîâ, v. a. to cor

porify, to make into a body, Cours, kôr, s. m. body; shape; company, society; collection; selection from various authors; corps, regiment, legion; substance thickness; strength, body. It ale corp. bien full, he is a well shaped man. It fait bon

marché de son corps, lie is free of his carcass

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Il se traite bien le corps, he pampers his body, he makes much of his carcass. On verra ce qu'il a dans le corps, we shall see what he can do. Elle abandonne son corps, or elle met son corps à l'abandon, or elle fait folie de son corps, she prostitutes herself. Il a le diable au corps, the devil is in him. Corps de logis, something attached to the main building. Corps de jupe, stays or bodice. Viu qui a du corps, strong bodied wine. Etoffe qui a du corps, substantial stuff. Ce sirop n'a pas assez de corps, that syrop is not thick enough. Couleur qui a du corps, thick colour. Couleur qui n'a point de corps, thin colour. Se battre corps à corps, to fight hand to hand. En or à son corps défendant, in his own defence. Elle est prude à son corps défendant, she is honcst because ugly. C'est un malin corps, he is an unlucky blade. C'est un plaisant corps or un drôle de corps, he is a comical blade. Corps mart, dead body or carcass, corpse. A corps perdu, adv. headlong, furiously, desperately, hand over head.

Corps, s. m. Mar. shell, hull, etc. Corps d'un vaisseau, hull of a ship. Corps d'une poulie, shell of a block. Corps de pompe, chamber of a pump. Corps morts, transporting buoys. Les quatre corps de voile, the

courses and fore and main top sails. Corps de bataille, centre (of a fleet of men of war.) CORPULENCE, kör-på-lens, s. f. corpulence, bigness of body, bulkiness. Un homme de pe-

tite corpulence, a thin, stender man CORPUSCULAIRE, kor-pas-ka-ler, adj. cor-

puscular, corpuscularian. Corpuscule, kor-pås-kål, s. m. corpuscle, little body, atom.

CORRECT, E, ko-rekt, adj. correct.

CORRECTEMENT, kô-rêkt-mên, adv. correct-

CORRECTEUR, kô-rêk-têur, s. m. corrector, reformer, reprover. Correcteur des comptes, auditor, officer that examines the accounts of the receivers, under-treasurers, etc.

CORRECTIF, kô-rêc-tîf, s. m. corrective;
also lenitive, salvo.

CORRECTION, kô-rêk-slon, s. f. correction; punishment, reproof; correctness, amendment. La correction en est aisée, it is easily amended. C'est une faute qui mérite correction, that is such a fault as deserves to be punished. Sous votre correction, under your favour. Sauf correction, sous correction, adv. under favour, with permis-

CORRECTRICE, kô-rêk-trîs, s. f. she that corrects or amends.

CORRECTIONNEL, LE, adj. of or belonging to correction.

CORRÉGIDOR, kô-rà-zì-dôr, s. m. corregidor, Spanish judge.

CORRELATI-F, VE, ko-ra-la-tif, tiv, adj. & s. correlative, having a mutual relation.

CORRELATION, s. f. correlativeness. CORRESPONDANCE, kô-rês-pon-dêns, s. f. correspondence, holding intelligence, agreement, sympathy.

CORRESPONDANT, kô-rês-pon-den, s.m.cor-

respondent, one that holds a correspondence. CORRESPONDANT, E, ko-res-pon-den, dent, adj. correspondent, suitable, agreeable, sympathizing.

CORRESPONDRE, ko-res-pondr, v.n. to correspond or answer, make suitable return to. CORRIDOR, ko-ri-dor, s. m. corridor.

CGRRIGER, ko-rî-za, v. a. to correct, amend, reform, reprove, check, chide, punish, chastise, temper, soften. Se corriger, v. r. to mend. Se corriger d'un vice, to forsake a vice, reclaim one's self from it.

CORRIGIBLE, ko-rî-zîbl, adj. corrigible. CORROBORATI-F, VE, ko-ro-bo-ra-tif, tlv,

adj. corroborative, strengthening.
CORROBORATION, s. f. the act of strengthening, corroboration.

CORROBORER, kô-rô-bô-rå, v. a. to corroborate, strengthen.

CORRODANT, E, adj. gnawing, corroding. CORRODER, ko-ro-da, v. a. to corrode, gnaw or fret.

CORROI, ko-rwa, s. m. currying or dressing of leather; also bed of clay properly beaten and prepared to keep out water. Mar. stuff (for paying the ship's bottom,) coat, coat of stuff. Donner le corroi or la courée à un hâti-Donner le corroi or la courée à un bâtiment, to grave or new grave a ship.

CORROMPRE, ko-ronpr, v. a. to corrupt, taint, deprave, spoil, adulterate or mar; to debauch; to corrupt, bribe; to falsify, change or alter. Se corrompre, v. r. to corrupt or be corrupted, etc.; to grow tainted; to defile one's self. Bois sujet à se corrompre, wood apt to decay or be worm-eaten.

CORROMPU, E, adj. corrupted, tainted, etc. Le français est du latin corrompu, french is

broken latin.

CORROMPU, s. m. debauchee, libertine. CORROSI-F, VE, kô-rô-zîf, zlv, adj. corro-sive, gnawing, fretting.

CORROSIF, s. m. a corrosive. CORROSION, kô-rô-zîon, s. f. corrosion,

gnawing, fretting.

CORROYER, kd-rwd-yd, v. a. to curry, dress leather; to plane or shave (wood;) to join together (iron;) to beat and mix well (the sand and lime of mortar;) to beat and prepare clay so as to make it fit for keeping out ... rater;

(un canal, etc.) to case with clay. CORROYEUR, kô-rwà-ycur, s. m. currier,

leather-dresser. Corroyeuse, s. f. currier's wife or widow.

CORRUDE, s. f. wild asparagus. CORRUPT-EUR, RICE, ko-rup-teur, tris, s.

m. & f. corrupter, debaucher; falsifier, forger of writings. CORRUPTIBILITÉ, kô-ràp-tì-bì-lì-tà, s. f.

corruptibility. CORRUPTIBLE, ko-rap-tibl, adj. corrupti-

ble, that may be corrupted or bribed.
Corruption, kd-rdp-slon, s. f. corruption, falsification, bribery.

Cors, s. m. pl. horns. Cerf de dix cors or un cerf de dix cors, middle aged stag, stag of seven years old. V. Cor.

CORSAGE, kor-saz, s. m. shape (from the

shoulders to the hips.) CORSAIRE, kôr-ser, s. m. corsair, pirate, privateer. Métier de corsaire, piracy.

CORSE, s. f. Corsica

CORSELET, kors-le, s. m. corslet.

Corset, kor-se, s. m. bodice, jumps, quilt-

Cortége, kôr-taz, s. m. train or retinue of attendants or followers.

CORTICAL, E, kor-ti-kal, adj. resembling bark. CORTINE, s. f. brass tripod consecrated to buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

CORUSCATION, ko-rus-ka-sion, s. f. corus-

cation, flashing.

CORVEABLE, kôr-vå-abl, adj. liable to an average or to statute work.

Corvée, kôr-vå, s. f. average, day labour due from a vassal to his lord; ungrateful toil; mean job.

CORVETTE, kôr-vêt, s. f. Mar. sloop of war, any vessel under twenty guns.
CORYBANTES, s. m. pl. Corybantes, Cy-

bele's priests.

CORYMBE, s. m. corymbus. CORYMBIFÈRE, adj. corymbiferous. CORYPHÉE, kô-rî-râ, s. m. Coryphæus, chief or principal man, the worthiest. CORYSE, s. f. sharp humour from the head

into the nostrils.

Cosaques, s. m. pl. Cossacks.

Co-sécante, s. f. co-secant.

Co-seigneur, s. m. joint lord of a manor.

Co-sinus, s. m. co-sine. Cosmétique, kôs-må-tik, adj. cosmetick, beautifying.

COSMOGONIE, s. f. cosmogony.

COSMOGRAPHE, kos-ino-graf, s. m. cosmographer.

COSMOGRAPHIE, kôs-mô-grå-fî, s. f. cosmography.

Cosmographique, kos-mo-gra-fik, adj.

cosmographical.

COSMOLOGIE, s. f. knowledge of the general laws by which the physical world is governed. *Cosmologique, adj. relating to cosmology. COSMOPOLITE, s. m. cosmopolitan, cosmopolite, citizen of the world.

Cosse, kôs, s. f. cod, husk, shell (of peas, beans, etc.) Mar. Ex. Cosse de fer, thimble, iron-thimble. Cosse de bois, bull's eye. Cosses de bois fixées aux haubans, trucks of the shrouds, seizing trucks.

Cosser, v. n. to butt as rams do. Cosson, kô-son, s. m. weevil; bud of the

vine.

Cossu, E, kô-sů, sů, adj. husky, shelly, codded; hemme cossu, rich, substantial man. en conte de bien cossues, lie is a great roman-

COSTAL, E, adj. costal, of the sides.

COSTIER, E, adj. wide of the mark. Arquebuse costière, gun that shoots wide. Son coup est costier, his shot is wide of the mark.

Costume, kos-tum, s. m. costume (in

painting and poetry.)

COSTUMER, v. a. to dress, clothe according to the age or nation.

CO-TANGENTE, s. f. co-tangent.

Cote, s. f. letter, figure, mark (used as labels to writings, etc.) Ces pièces sont sous la cote A, those papers are marked A. mal-taillée, settlement by the lump.

Cote, kot, s. f. rib; extraction, loins; (of musk melon) slice; (of muskain) stalk; side, brow, declivity, down hill. Côte de luth, piece of the body of a lute. Côte-à-côte,

abreast.

Côte, s. f. Mar. shore, coast, sea-coast. Côte basse, flat coast. Côte saine, clear coast. Côte malsaine, foul coast. Côte de fer or à pic, steep shore. Côte au rent du raisseau, weather-shore. Côte sous le vent du vaisseau, ee-shore. Côles (d'un raisseau,) ribs. Vaisseau qui a es côles rondes, round sided ship. Faire côte, > run ashore.

Côté, kô-ta, s. m. side; way; party; pa-ntage, line. Ils marchent à côté l'un de rentage, line. Ils marchent à côté l'un ae l'autre, they walk abreast. Il est toujours à mon côté, he is always by me. Du côté d'orient, eastwards. De mon côté, for my own part. On la décrie fort du côté de la tendresse, she is much blamed for being too tender. Chacun regarde les choses du côté qui le touche, every one regards things as they affect him. Se mettre du côté de quelqu'un, to side with one. De côté, adv. sideways. Mettre une chose de côté, to put a thing aside. A côté de, by the side of; also equal to, upon a level with. A côté, aside. Donner à côté, to miss the mark.

Côté, s. m. Mar. side. Côté d'un vaisseau, side of a ship. Se coucher sur le côté, to heel over (speaking of a vessel aground.) Côté du vent, weather-side. Côté de dessous le vent, lee-side. Mettre un bâtiment sur le côté or à la bande, to heel a ship. Vaisseau qui a le côté droit, wall sided ship. Vaisseau qui a le côté droit, wall sided ship. Vaisseau qui a le côté foible, crank ship. Vaisseau qui a le côté fort, stiff ship. Vaisseau qui a un faux côté, lap-sided ship.

COTEAU, kô-lò, s. m. hill, little hill, hillock. Côtelette, kôt-lêt, s. f. Côtelette de mouton, utton chop. Côtelette de veau, veal cutlet. mutton chop. Côtelette de veau, veal cutlet. Coter, kô-là, v. a. to set marks (figures or

letters) on or in the margin of. V. Citer.

Coterie, kot-rl, s. f. club, society, coterie. Сотникие, ko-turn, s. m. buskin. Chausser le cothurne, to write tragedies, talk in the heroick style.

Соті, є, adj. bruised (said of fruit only.) Сотієк, ko-tlå, adj. V. Pilote Сотіжкє, ko-tlèr, s. f. range of coasts; also border (in a garden.)

Cotignac, kô-tỉ-gnå, s. m. marmalade of quinces. Le fronuge est le cotignac de Bacchus, cheese relishes a glass of wine.

COTILLON, kô-tî-lon, s. m. petticoat or un-der-petticoat; also cotillon (a French countrydance.)

Cotin, ko-tir, v. a. to bruise (said of fruit

bruised by hail, etc.)
Cotisation, ko-ti-za-sion, s. f. rating, assessment.

Cotiser, kö-tî-zå, v. a. to rate, assess.

COTISSURE, ko-ti-sur, s. f. bruising of fruit by hail, etc. La cotissure empêche que les fruits ne soient de garde, fruit when bruised will not keep.

Coton, ko-ton, s. m. cotton; (of finit) down, mossiness; down or soft hair (of the

Toile de coton, calico.

COTONNER, kô-tô-na, v. a. to stuff with cotton. Se cotonner, v. r. to be covered with down or soft hair; to wear nappy; and grow spongy. Chereux cotonnes, woolly hair.

COTONNEU-x, sE, kô-tô-neu, neuz, adj. soft like wool or cotton; also spongy.

COTONNIER, kô-tô-nià, s. m. cotton-tree COTONNINE, kô-tô-nîn, s. f. coarse thick cotton cloth.

Côtonnis, s. m. Indian satin.
Côtoyer, kô-twâ-yâ, v. a. to coast along, go along or keep close to the shore; go by the side or along; walk by the side of.
Cotret, kôt-rê, s. m. little fagot. De l'huile

de cotret, sound drubbing, oil of strap.

Donner la cotte COTTE, s. f. petticoat. verte, to give a green gown. Cotte d'armes. bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

sort of cassock worn under the cuirass. Cotte !! de mailles, coat of mail. Cotte morte, money and moveables which a monk leaves at his death.

COTTER, Mar. V. Cutter.

COTTERON, kot-ron, s. m. short narrow petticoat.

COTULA, s. f. a sort of plant.

Cou, kão, s. m. (formerly written col) neck. Mouchoir de cou, neckerchief. Tour de cou, neckcloth. Sauter au cou, or se jeter au cou de quelqu'un, to hug or embrace one. Conper le cou, to behead. Rompre le cou à une affaire, to make a thing miscarry. Prendre ses jambes à son cou, to set out in haste, take to one's heels.

*COUARD, E, s. m. & f. coward, dastard.

*Couardise, s. f. cowardice.

COUCHANT, kôo-shên, adj. setting. Le con-chant, the west. Chien couchant, setting dog or setter. Le solcil couchant, sunset. A soleil couchant, at sunset. Faire le chien couchant, to creep and crouch, cringe to one,

fawn upon him

Couche, kôosh, s. f. bed, bedstead; hot-bed; coat, lay, layer, laying on (said of paint, etc.) lay, stake; hut-end; delivery; child-bed linen; child-bed, lying in. Pendant sa conche or ses couches, during her lying in. Faire ses couches, être en couche, to lie in. Elle est morte en couche, she died in child-bed. Henreuse couche, good delivery. Fausse couche, miscarriage. Faire une fausse couche, to miscarry. Semer sur couche, to sow in a hot-bed. Il faut donner trois couches de blanc Faire une fausse conche, to à l'huile, it must have three coats of white paint.

COUCHÉ, E, adj. put to bed, etc. a-bed; also lying. A soleil couché, after sun-set. Etre couché, Mar. to lie along or over.

Couchée, koo-sha, s. f. place where one lodges on the road. Payer sa couchée, to pay

for a night's lodging

COUCHER, koo-sha, v. a. to put to bed; to lay down; to beat down (grain;) to lodge; to lay along; to lay; to lay on; to stake, bet; to set or write down. Coucher quelqu'un par terre or sur le carreau, to knock one down, lay one dead upon the ground. Coucher une hon-teille sur le côté, to empty a bottle. Coucher en joue, to take one's aim at one. Coucher en joue, to have in one's eye, have a design upon. *Il couche bien par écrit, he writes well or has a good style in writing

Concher, v. n. to lie or lie down. La porte a couché ouverte, the door has been lest open all night. Se concher, v. r. to go to bed; to lie down; lay one's self down; to set, go down, fall below the horizon; to sit (said of clothes.) Aller se concher or s'aller concher, to go to bed. Il y a une heure que la lune est conchéc, or s'est couchée, the moon has been downsor

set this hour.

COUCHER, s. m. going to bed, bed-time: bed, bedding; setting (of the sun, etc.) Il est délicot pour le concher, he is nice about his bedding, Prier Dien à son concher, to say one's prayers every night or before one goes to bed. Je ne le vois qu'à son lerer et à son coucher, I never see him but when he rises and goes to bed. Le coucher du roi, the king's couchec. Le petit coucher du roi, the king's conchec. Le petit concher du roi, the time from the king's taking leave of the com-

pany to his going to bed. Coucher du soleil,

COUCHETTE, koo-shet, s. f. couch, little bed. Un mignon de couchette, a spark, a gallant, a beau.

COUCHEU-R, SE, koo-sheur, sheuz, s. m. & f. bed-fellow. Used only with bon or commode (nice,) maurais or incommode (disagreeable, troublesome.)

Couchis, s. m. beams and sand which are

under the pavement of a bridge

*Couci Couci, kôo-sî-kôo-sî, adv. so so, indifferently

Coucou, kôo-kôo, s. m. euckoo. Coude, kôod, s. m. elbow. Hansser le coude, to carouse, fuddle or drink hard, tope. Muraille or rivière qui fuit un coude, wall or river

that makes an angle or elbow. Counée, kôo-da, s. f. cubit. Aroir ses cou-

dées franches, to have elbow room, full liberty. Coude-Pien, kood-pia, s. m. instep. COUDER, koo-da, v. a. to bend like an elbow. Coudover, kôo-dwâ-yā, v. a. to elbow,

thrust with the elbow. COUDRAIE, koo-dre, s. f. grove or copse of

hazel-trees.

COUDRE, koodr, s. m. nut-tree, hazel-tree. COUDRE, koodr, v. a. to sew or stitch. Coudre la peau du renard à celle du lion, to add stratagem to force.

COUDRIER, koo-dria, s. m. hazel-tree, fil-

bert-tree.

COUENNE, kwan, s. f. sward, skin of a hog. COUENNEU-x, se, adj. that has the qualities of sward.

COUETTE, s. f. feather-bed.

COUILLARDS, s. m. pl. Mar. bunt slablines. Coulage, koo-las, s. m. leakage.

COULAMMENT, koo-la-men, adv. fluently, readily, freely

Coulant, koo-len, s. m. necklace of diamonds or other precious stones.

Coulant, E, kôo-lên, lênt, adj. flowing, etc. (style) flowing, fluent, smooth, that runs well. V. Couler. Næud conlant, running knot, slip-knot. Coule, F., adj. run, etc. Coulé à fond,

sunk. La bouce est coulée, the buoy is gone

Coul. £, s. m. sort of smooth step (in dancing;) also sort of gliding from one note to and other (in musick.)

Coulée, s. f. a leaning mode of writing.

Ecriture coulee, running hand. COULEMENT, s. m. flux. Coulement de sang, blondy-flux.

COULER, koo-la, v. n. to flow, run, glide along; slip, pass away; slide away; to run out, leak; to melt; to glide; flow, be fluent; just touch upon. Les larmes lui coulent des yeux, the tears trickle down from his eyes. Le nes ini coule, his nose runs or drops. La chan-delle coule, the candle swales. La vigne coule, the grapes drop or fall off. Ces melons out coulé, the fruit has dropt or fallen off from those melon plants. Les paroles lui coulent de la bouche, he speaks very fluently. Couler à fond or couler has, Mar. to sink, founder. Conler (parlant des manauvres,) to render. Ce vaisseau coule los d'eau, that ship makes more water than the pumps can discharge.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Mar. to sink.

Se couler, v. r. to slip, creep.

COULEUR, koo-leur, s. f. colour; (of cards) suit; complexion; pretence, show; brown (of toast, meat, etc.) La couleur lui mouta an vitoat, meat, etc.) La conduir du monta du tissage, he coloured up, the blood came in his face. Les pâles couleurs, the green sickness. Jeter de la couleurs, to follow suit. Couleurs, livery. Gens qui portent les couleurs, livery servants. Donner des couleurs à une affaire, to colour a business.

COULEUVRE, koo-leuvr, s. f. adder. Avaler des couleurres, to swallow a gudgeon. Il a bien aralé des couleuvres, he has gone through a great deal of sorrow, he has had many crosses.

COULEUVREAU, s. m. young adder. Couleuvree, koo-lêu-vra, s. f. or Coule-

VRÉE, brigny (a plant.)

COULEUVRINE, koo-lêu-vrîn, s. f. culverin. Coulis, koo-ll, adj. m. Ex. Un vent coulis, a wind that comes through a hole or chink.

Coulis, s. m. cullis; also gravy.

COULISSE, kôo-lis, s. f. gutter, groove; wing of a scene. Coulisse d'arbolète, chase or gutter of a crossbow. Coulisse de galée, Sice, a printer's galley.
Couloir, koô-lwar, s. m. strainer, colander.
Couloire, s. f. a colander.
*Couloire, kôolp, s. f. fault, misdeed, tres-

pass, sin.

COULURE, kôo-lûr, s. f. drying up, or falling off of grapes, also running waste (of melted when poured into the mould.)

Cour, koo, s. m. blow; stroke; stripe; dash; cour, koo, s. m. blow; stroke; stripe; dasn; rap, knock; (of a clock) striking; firing, discharge, shot; (of fire arms) report; (of a second) thrust; (of a, net) cast, casting, sweep; (of a claw) scratch; gust, sudden gust, gale; (of thunder) clap; (at chequers) nove; (at dice) throw, cast; (in gaming) hit, cast, chance; accident; act, action, deed, attempt; (of wine) a glass; time, card, bout, sweep, warm, not time over. touch, both, sweep; an coap, one time, once; deux conps, twice; trois coups, three times, thrice, etc. Il le tua d'un coup d'épée, he killed him with a sword. Il e tua d'oup d'épée, he killed him with repeated thrusts of a sword. Il fut blessé d'un coup de pistolet, he was wounded with a pistol shot. Coup de pied, kick. Donner des coups de pied, to kick. Il n'y a qu'un coup de pied jusque-là, it is but a step to that place. Donnez un coup it is but a step to that place. Donnex un coupde pied jusque-là, step thither. Coup de poing, cuff, or fisty cuff. Donner des coups de
poing, to cuff. Coups de bâton, cudgelling,
bastinado. Donner des coups de bâton, to
cane or cudgel. Coup de deut, biting, bite.
Uu costp de peigne, once combing. Coup
d'œil, casting one's eyes upon, glance, view,
prospoct, sight. Un coup de sifflet, a whistle
or whistling. Coup de fouet, lash or jerk.
Coup mortel, mortal blow or wound. Coup de mer, billow, surge or mighty sea; also shock of a heavy sea. Coup de foudre, thunderbolt. Manquer son coup, to miss one's aim. Don-ner un coup de corne à un cheval, to bleed a Faire entrer un clou à coups de marhorse. Fure enter in contacting to the teau, to drive in a nail with a hammer. Coup fource, (in fencing) interchanged thrust.

Donner des coups fourrés, to interchange thrusts or to run one another through. Aller aux coups, to go to loggerheads. Se fourrer

melt; (in musick) to pass smoothly over; | aux coups, to expose one's self at random. Prendre une place d'un coup de main, to take a town without cannon. It y aura bien des coups donnés, there will be hard fighting. Coup de husard or de fortune, coup d'acetture, mere chance. Coup de tête, inconsiderate action. Coup d'anni, friendly turn. Un coup du ciel or d'en-hant, a great providence. Un coup d'état, a stroke of policy. Coup d'état, remarkable action. Coup d'essa, first essay. Porter coup, to hit home. Il ne tire coup qui ne porte, he hits every time, he shoots true. La plus petite tolérance porte coup, the least toleration is of consequence. Faire un coup de sa main, to steal or filch. C'est un coup de la main, it is thy own handy work. Se hûter de faire son coup, to hasten the execu-tion of one's design. Faire un coup de grille, to strike a ball into the hazard. Faire d'une pierre deux coups, to kill two birds with one stone. Coup perdu, random-shot. Tirer à coup perdu, to shoot at random. C'est un coup perdu, that's nothing. C'est un grand coup, jetdu, that's nothing. Les plus grands coup, it is a great matter. Les plus grands coups sont rues, the storm is pretty well over, coups sont rues, the storm is pretty well over, the worst is past. Avoir un coup de lache, to be a little crack-brained. Ne gagnerat-je pas un coup? shall I not win so much as once? shall I always be beaten? A ce coup, pour le coup, now. Toud à coup, all of a sudden, suddenly. Tout d'un coup, at once, all at once, at one dash or bout. Du premier coup, presently, at the first. A tous coups, at every turn, ever and a non. Après coup, too late. Coup sur coup, one after another. A coup sûr, certainly, assuredly, surely. Encore un coup, once nore. coup, once more. Coup, s. m. Mar. Ex. Coup de barre or de

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gouvernail, wild steering. Coup de rame, stroke (in rowing.) Coup de sonde, cast of the lead. Coup de roulis, roll. Un coup de tangage, a pitch. Coup de vent, gale, stormy weather. Coup de vent force, stress of weather. Faire un coup de vent, to over-blow; see Coup de vent before. Coup decanon, gun fired. Coup de canon de Diane, morning gun, or morning watch gun. Coup de canon de retraite, evening gun, or evening watch gun. Coup de canon de partance, gun fired as a signal for sailing. Coup de canon d'assistance, gun fired as a signal for assistance. Coup de canon d'assurance, gun fired by a ship when she shows her colours to affirm the truth of her being really of the nation whose colours she displays. Coup the canonà l'eau, shot received under water. Coup de canon en plein bois, shot received in the upper works of a ship.

COUPABLE, kôo-pabl, adj. guilty, culpa-

ble, faulty, in fault.

COUPE, koop, s. f. cup; cutting or cutting out; cutting down, felling; (at cards) cut; (of a house, skip, &c.) view.

Coupe, s. f. Mar. Ex. A la coupe de ses

voiles, je juge que le bâtiment chassé est un vaisseau de guerre français, by the cut of her sans I think the chase is a French man of war.

Courfe, E, adj. cnt, etc. (in heraldry) couped; (of style) broken, loose. Pays coupé, country intersected with canals, rivers, etc. Lait coupé, milk and water, or milk boiled with water.

Couré, s. m. coupee (in dancing.)

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

COUPEAU, kôo-pò, s. m. cop or top of a hill. See also Copean.

Coupe-cu, s. m. Ex. Jouer un coupe-cu, to play or set a game without-revenge

Coure-gorge, köop-gorz, s. m. place in-

fested with robbers or cut-throats.

COUPE-JARRET, s. m. villain, ruffian, cut--hroat, assassin.

COUPELLE, kôo-pêl, s. f. coppel. Argent de oupelle, fine silver. Mettre à la coupelle, to put to the test or trial. Passer à la coupelle, to stand the test.

COUPELLER, v. a. to try or assay gold or

silver by the coppel. COUPER, kôo-pà, v. a. to cut; to cut out; to cut down, reap; to fell; to spay; to cut, geld; to carve, cut up; to cut off; to divide, intersect. Couper chemin à quelqu'un, to stop one's way. Couper chemin à un mal, to stop an evil, put a stop to it. Couper les vivres à une armée, to cut off an army's provisions. Couper la parole à quelqu'un, to interrupt one that speaks; also to cut one short, silence one. Couper court, to cut short, shorten. Pour couper court, to be short, in short. Couper cu, not to give a revenge (at games.) Son carrosse nous coupa, his coach crossed us. Couper du vin, to mix wines together or with water.

Couper, v. a. Mar. to cut, cut away, break, cross. Couper la ligne, to break the line. Comper la ligne épuinoxiale, to cross the line or the equator. Cette frégute coupa sa mâture, that frigate cut away her masts. pons le câble pour éviter ce bâtiment en feu, let us cut our cable to keep clear of that ship on

Couper, v. n. to cut; also to play or be of the game (at lansquenet.) Se couper, v. r. to cut one's self; to cut, hit one leg with the other (said of a horse;) to contradict one's self, falter; to cross, cross one another; to cut, fret, wear out.

COUPERET, koop-re, s. m. butcher's cleaver. COUPEROSE, koop-roz, s.f. copperas. Couperose, e, koop-ro-za, adj. red, full of

pimples.

COUPE-TÊTE, leap-frog. COUPEU-R, SE, koo-pêur, peuz, s. m. & f. cuttor; also one who plays (at lansquenet.) Coupeur de bourse, cut-purse. Coupeur de raisins, one that cuts or gathers grapes.

COUPLE, köopl, s. m. couple of persons. COUPLE, s. f. couple (of things, etc.) Une couple d'œufs, a couple of eggs. Une couple de bœufs, a yoke of oxen. Une couple de lièvres or de perdrix, a brace of hares or partridges. When two things necessarily connected are spoken of, as shoes or gloves, the word paire is used.

Couple, s. f. Mar. frame, timber, etc. Maitresse couple, midship frame. Couples de l'avant, fore body. Couples de l'arrière, after body. Couples de remplissage, filling timbers. Couples dévoyées, cant timbers. Couple de lof, loof frame or loof timbers. Couples perpendiculaires à la quille orplacées à l'équerre, square timbers. Couples de coltis, forcmost frame or knuckle timbers. Couples de balancement, balance timbers or frames. Couples de levée, frames (of a ship, said of those frames only designed on the shipwright's plan and moulded.

COUPLER, kôo-plà, v. a. to couple.
COUPLET, kôo-plè, s. m. staff or stanza;
also lampoon. Couplets, s. m. pl. Mar. hinges.
Couplets à queue d'hironde or d'aronde, dovetail hinges.

COUPLETER, v. a. to lampoon in verse.

COUPOIR, s. in. cutter, instrument for cut-

ting or clipping (coins, nietals, etc.)
COUPOLE, koo-pol, s. f. interior part of a dome.

Coupon, koo-pon, s. m. (of cloth) shred,

remnant; also dividend, instalment. Coupure, koo-pur, s. f. cut, gash; also in-

trenchment behind a breach.

Cour, koor, s. f. court; court yard. Bassecour, barn-yard. Homme de cour, courtier. Fuire sa cour à quelqu'un, to make one's court to one, pay attendance to one, wait on one. Faire la cour aux belles, to court the ladies

Couradoux, s. m. Mar. space between two decks; place where the soldiers sleep (in

a galley.)

COURAGE, köo-raz, s.m. courage, valour, stoutness, mettle, spirit, constancy, resolution, boldness; affection; passion, mind, heart, hardness of heart, cruelty. Lache courage, courage bas, bussesse de courage, faint-heartedness, sneakingness, base-spirit. courage, to cheer up, pluck up a good heart. Manquer de courage, to be faint-hearted or discouraged. Donner du courage à quelqu'un, to encourage one. Grandeur de courage. magnanimity, greatness of soul or spirit. Courage ! cheer up !

COURAGEUSEMENT, kôo-rå-zèuz-mên, adv. courageously, stoutly, valiantly, briskly, resolutely, boldly, fiercely. S'apposer courageusement aux ennemis, to make a stout resist-

ance against the enemy.
Courageb-x, se, kôo-rå-zeu, zeuz, adj. courageous, stout, valiant, brave, resolute, bold, daring, fierce.

COURAMMENT, kôo-rå-mên, adv. hastily. in a hurry; currently, fluently; rapidly, rea

dily, easily.

COURANT, E, kôo-rèn, rènt, adj. running. L'année courante, the present year. Monnoie courante, current coin or money. Chien courant, beagle or bound. Le prix courant, the current price, the market price. Maladie courante, prevailing distemper. Tout courant, adv. readily, easily, fluently, without hesitation. Fix courant, as proposed to the courant of the cour

tion. En courant, eursorily, in haste.
COURANT, s. m. (fil de l'eau) current, stream. Le courant, the usual rate; also the present or current month, instant; and the present quarter or year. Le courant du mar-ché, the market price. Le courant des affaires, the course of affairs. Le courant de la meule d'un moulin, the runner, the upper millstone.

COURANTE, s. f. courant or courante (sort of dance;) also thorough go-nimble or loose-

COURBATONS, s. m. pl. Mar. small knees, knees, brackets. Courbatons des herpes or de l'éperon, brackets. Courbâtons de hune, knees of a top.

COURBATU, E, kôor-ba-tů, tů, adj. founder-

ed, exhausted with fatigue.

COURBATURE, koor-ba-tur, s. f. foundering (of a horse;) painful lassitude.

par, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

COURBE, köorb, adj. crooked, curved; bent. | COURBE, s. f. erook, erooked piece of timber, curb (swelling in a horse's legs.)

Courbe, s. f. Mar. knee, standard, supporter, etc. Courbes du premier pont, deck transom knees or hanging knees of the lower deck (in a ship of two decks.) Courbes du second pont, hanging knees of the upper or main deck. Courbes verticales du pont, standard courbes du pont de courbe de cou Courbes verticales or obliques, hanging Courbes horizontales, lodging knees. à équerre, square knee. Courbes Courbe à équerre, square knee. Courbes d'arcasse, transom knees. Courbes d'arcasse de la sainte-barbe, wing-transom knees, helm-port transom knees. Courbes de remplissage, dead wood. Courbes des bittes. standards of the bits. Courbe de capucine, standard which fastens the cut water to the stem. Courbe d'étambord, knee of the sternpost. head. Courbe de'bossoir, supporter of the cat-Courbes de jottereaux, cheeks of the nead. Courbes de gaillard, hanging knees of the quarter-deck and fore-castle. Courbes de

fer, iron knees.
COURBEMENT, koorb-men, s. m. bending. COURBER, koor-ba, v. a. to bend or bow, make crooked. Courber, v. n. Se courber, v.

r. to bend, bew, stoop.

COURBETTE, koor-bet, s. f. curvet, curvet-

ting of a horse.
*Courbetter, koor-be-ta, v.n. to curvet. Courbure, koor-bur, s. m. crookedness, bent or bending, curvity

COURCAILLET, koor-ka-le, s. m. catcall.

quailpipe.

COURCIVE, s. f. Mar. sort of deck which goes round the sides of an open hoat. Courée, s. f. Couret, s. m. V. Corroi.

COUREUR, koo-reur, s. m. runner, ram-bler, idle boy, running footman, rover or sea rover or pirate, rover or inconstant lover; also (said of horses,) courser, racer. Coureurs, scouts. Coureur de vin, officer that earries provisions with him for the king when he rides abroad, but especially when he rides

Coureuse, s. f. gadder, rambling or gossiping woman; also prostitute, whore, street walker.

Courge, koorz, s. f. gourd, calabash. Courier, kooria. V. Courrier. Courier, koorir, v. n. to run; to run up and down, ramble about, rove; flow, stream; to run, glide, slip, go or pass away; to go on, run on; to be in vogue or in fashion, be current, prevail. Courir la poste, to ride post. Courir à une charge, to be in a fair way of getting an office. Courir oprès quelque chose, to run after a thing, ambitiously to seek after it, court it. La nouvelle or le bruit court qu'il est mort, it is said, it is given out or reported, there is a talk or report, that he is dead. Faire courir un bruit, to be the author of a report, spread a report or news. Courir sur le marche de quelqu'un, to go to take a bar-gain out of one's hands; also to interfere with one. An temps qui court, as times go. Ma-ladie qui court, rife disease. Les suntés conroient tla ronde, the healths or toasts went round Faire courir les voix, to put the quest on to vote. Faire courir un manifeste, to publish a manifesto. Les manifestes qu'on full courir. the manifestos that are abroad.

Courir sus, to fall upon. Donner à courir à quelqu'un, to force one to stir about.

Courir v. a. to pursue, hunt, course. Con-rir une charge, to hunt after a place; (un bénéfice) to sue for; (un chevai) to gallop or, run; (fortune, risque) to run the hazard. Courir van belle fortune, to be in a fair way of preferment. Courir le plat pays, to spoil, waste, harass and rayage a country; to pilwaste, harass and ravage a country; to pillage and plunder or infest the country, to make inroads into it. Courir la mer or les mers, to rove on or up and down the sea, in fest the seas. Courir le pays, courir le monde, to range the world, go up aud down the world, travel about. Courir le bal, to go from one ball to another. Courir les ruelles, to pay frequent visits to ladies. Courir la bague, to run the ring or at the ring. Etre fou a courir les rues or les champs, to be mad or stark, staring mad, to be out of one's wits. Courir les tables, to go a spunging, be a smell

feast, or a trencher fly.

Courir, v. a. Mar. to run, sail, stand, etc. Courir tribord or courir à la bordée de tribord, to run or stand on the starboard tack. Courir bâbord amuré, to stand on the larboard tack. Courir à mâts et à cordes or courir à sec, to scud a hull or to scud under bare poles. Courir à toutes roiles, to trend, crowd all sail Courir au lurge, to stand for the offing, to stand off shore. Courir vent lurgue, to sail stand off shore. Courir vent largue, to sail or go large. Courir vent arrière or devant le vent, to seuő, run or go before the wind. Courir avec les basses voiles, to go under a pair of courses. Courir une couture de bordages arec des bandes de nouvelle toile, to pareel a seam. Courir an plus près, to stand close upon the wind. Courir au nord, au sud, à l'est or à l'ouest, to stand to the northward, southward, eastward or westward. Courir de bout au corps sur un bâtiment, to run end on upon a ship. Courir bord à contre, to stand upon a different tack to a vessel in sight. Courir des bords, to ply to windward. Courir la bouline, to run the gauntlet. Cour-rir le même bord, to stand upon the same tack (with a ship in sight.) Courir la grande bordée, to keep watch at sea. Courir en latitude or en longitude, to rundown latitude or longitude. Conrir les écoutes largues, to sail with a flowing sheet. Courir sur un danger, to stand for a shoal. Courir sur un parallèle, to keep in the same latitude. Courir sur sa panne, to shoot (when lying to) main or fore topsail to the mast. Faire courir un bâtiment. sur sa punne, to shoot a ship's (when lying to) fore or main topsail to the mast. Faire courir une manauvre, to pass along a rope. · Courir sur son auere, to go over the anchor. Courir sur son air, to hold one's way. COURLIEU or COURLIS, koor-ll, s. m.

Couroi, V. Courroi.

COURONNE, kôo-rôn, s. f. erown, diadem, sovereignty, monarchy, kingdom, garland, wreath, priest's shaven erown; halo; cornet (of horse;) coronet (of a duke, earl, marquis.) Ouvrage a couronne, a crown work (in fortification.) Enter en couronne, to graft between the bark and the tree.

Couronné, E, adj. crowned, rewarded, encompassed, environed. Arbre couronné, a I tree that ceases budding except at the ex

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

tremity of the branches. Ouvrage couronné, crown work (in fortification.) Cheval couronné, a horse that has worn the hair off his knees by frequent stumbling.

COURONNEMENT, koo-ron-men, s. m. coro-

nation; finishing touch, perfection; erowning,

top, coping (in architecture,) crown work (in fortification.) Mar. taffarel. COURONNER, koo-ro-na, v. a. to crown; to recompense or reward; to crown, make per-

fect, finish. COURONNURE, koo-ro-nur, s. f. palmer or

branching horns of a stag.

COURPENDE, V. Capende.

COURRE, koor, v. n. which is conjugated the same as Courir, and which signifies the same thing, is now seldom used for Courir ex-cept in such expressions as Courre le cerf, la bague, des chevaux, to hunt or course, torun; and laisser courre, to let the hounds loose; but in every instance Courir may be substitut-

ed, which see.
Courre, s. m. suitable country for the chase. COURRIER, s. m. courier, express, messenger. Courrière, s. f. is sometimes used in poe-

COURROI, V. Corroi.

COURROIE, kôo-rwa, s. f. strap, leather string, latchet.

COURROUCE, E, adj. provoked, angered,

angry, raging. COURROUCER, kôo-rôo-så, v. a. to anger, provoke to anger. Se courroucer, v. r. to grow angry, fly in a passion; to rage.

Courroux, kôo-roo, s. m. anger, wrath,

passion, raging (of the sea.)
Cours, koor, s. m. course; stream, current; term or space; train; course, progress, current price of the market; run, currency; book which contains a complete system of science, study of all the parts of a science; extent, length; sort of publick place where people of quality resort to take the air in their coaches, as in England they do in Hyde-Park in summer. Cours de ventre, looseness. Faire son cours en philosophie, to study philosophy. Ache-ter un cours de philosophie, to buy a whole body of philosophy. Avoir cours, to be in Une chose qui n'a plus cours, a vogue, take. thing out of date, out of use, cried down, not current. Mar. strake or streak. Cours de vaigres, streak (of the planks of a ship's ceiling continued from stem to stern.) Cours de bordages, strakes or streaks (of the planks.) Voyage de long cours, long voyage. Course, kôors, s. f. running or race; jaunt,

journey, course, inroad, incursion, irruption, dash. Mar. cruise. Etre en course, to be on a cruise, to cruise. Aller en course, to go

upon a cruise, to go a cruising.

Coursie, s. f. or Coursier, s. m. a gal-

ley between the rowers, coursey.

COURSIER, kôor-sià, s. m. war horse courser. V. Coursie. Coursier, cannon planted in the coursey of a galley.
COURSIERE, s. f. draw-bridge on a man of

war to communicate from one part to another during an actior.

Courson, s. m. bough of a tree five or six

inches long.

COURT, E, koor koort, adj. short, brief. Pistole qui est cou te, pistole not full weight. C'est le plus court it is the best way or the

Il fut court d'argent, his money best course. Il fut court d'argent, his money fell short. Il est courte de mémoire or il a la mémoire courte, he has a short memory. Avoir la vue courte, to be short-sighted. Ses vues sont courtes, he is short-sighted, he wants fore-cast. Vuisseau court, Mar. short ship. Court, adv. short. Pour vous le faire.

court, to be short, in short, to sum up all, not to hold you long. S'arrêter tout court, to stop short or suddenly or on a sudden. Je me retirai tout court, I went away presently. Demeurer tout court, to be at a stand, not to know what to say, to be muin, to be put to the stand or nonplus. Tenir de court, to keep short, keep under, keep, keep a strict hand Prendre quelqu'un de court, to be hard with one, press one.

COURTAGE, koor-taz, s. m. brokerage.

COURTAUD, E, koor-to, tod, s. m. & f. short thick-set person; short bassoon; also horse whose cars and tail are cropped. Chien courtand, cropped dog. Courtand or courtaud de boutique, shop-boy.
Courtauder, kôor-tổ-dã, v. a. to crop a

horse's tail.

COURT-BOUILLON, koor-boo-lon, s. m. particular way of dressing fish.

COURTE-BOULE, s. f. bowls, short bowls. COURTE-HALEINE, kor-ta-len, s. f. asthma. *Courtement, koort-men, adv. briefly, in a few words.

COURTE-POINTE, koort-pwint, s. f. coun-

terpane or counterpoint. COURTEPOINTIER, E, s. m. & f. maker or

seller of counterpanes.

COURTIER, koor-ila, s. m. broker. Courtier de chevaux, jockey, jockey courser. Courtier de vin, wine-cooper. Courtier de lard, an inspector of lard and bacon. Courtier de lettres de change, exchange broker. Courtier or courtière de mariage, match-maker

COURTILIÈRE, s. f. a destructive insect

bred in a dunghill.

COURTINE, koor-tin, s. f. curtain (of a bed or fortification.)

COURTISAN, koor-ti-zen, s. m. courtier:

Courtisane, koor-ti-zan, s. f. courtesan, prostitute.

Courtiser, koor-ti-za, v. a. to court, make one's court to.

*Courtois, E, koor-twa, twaz, adj. courte-

ous, civil, affable, kind.

*Courtoisement kôor-twaz-mên, adv. courteously, civilly, kindly.

COURTOISIE, koor-twa-zl, s. f. courtesy, civility, kindness or good turn.

COURU, E, adj. run after, pursued, chased, hunted, etc. also much in vogue.

Cousin, kôo-zin, s. m. cousin; crony, inti-mate friend; kind of gnat, midge; kind of pastry toy.

COUSINAGE, koo-zl-naz, s. m. the being a cousin; also kindred, relation.

Cousine, koo-zin, s. f. cousin, she-cousin. Cousiner, koo-zî-pă, v. a. to eousin, call cousin; also to go a spunging

COUSINIÈRE, s. f. a sort of gauze. Cousoir, koo-zwar, s. m. sewing press. Coussin, köo-sin, s. m. cushion, pillow. Mar. pillow, bolster. etc. Coussin de fourrure et pailler, bolster. Soussin de beaupré, pillow of the bowsprit. Coussin d'écubiers, balbase, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ster of the hawse holes. Coussin des bittes, firlining or doubling of the bits. Coussin de mire, bed of a gun.

Coussiner, koo-sî-net, s. m. bag; (of a

horse) pad; quilted stomacher.

Coust, E, adj. sewed, stitched, etc. Il est tout cousu de pistoles, he is well lined; he'is full of gold. Mais bouche cousue, but mum, but be sure you keep your tongue.

COUT, s. m. cost, price, charge. COUTANT, adj. Prix contant, cost of a

COUTEAU, kôo-tô, s. m. knife; short sword.

Couteau de chasse, wood knife, hanger. Ils
en sont à couteaux tirés, they are at daggers drawing. Roue en couteau, cog wheel.

COUTELAS, koot-la, s. m. cutlass.

COUTELÉ, E, adj. slaughtered. Ex. Peau de mouton toute coutelée, sheep's skin slaugh-

COUTELIER, koot-lia, s. m. cutler.

Coutelière, s. f. case of knives ; also cutler's wife.

COUTELLERIE, koo-tel-rl, s. f. making of

knives; cutler's shop. COUTER, kôo-tà, v. n. to cost, stand one in, be dear, be chargeable, be painful or trouble-some. Cet ouvrage lui a couté bien da temps, that piece of work has cost him a great deal of time, he has been a long time about it. La gloire ecûte à acquérir, glory is a dear pur-chase. Les honneurs coûtent à qui veut les posséder, much worship much cost. Il lui en coûte beaucoup d'avoir été absent, he pays dear for his absence. Il en coûte beaucoup pour faire bâtir, building runs away with a great deal of money. L'argent ne lui coûte guère, he throws his money away, he knows not the value of money. Quand if fait l'amour rien ne lui coûte, when he is in love he cares not what he spends, or he thinks nothing dear. Quand il est question d'obliger ses amis, rien, lui coûte, he never thinks any thing difficult or troublesome to serve his friends. Tout lui coîte, he does every thing against the grain. *Jamais résolution ne m'a tant coîté à prendre, I never was so long resolving about any thing.

COUTEU-X, SE, adj. expensive.

COUTIER, s. m. ticking maker or seller. COUTIL, koo-ti, s. m. tent-cloth, ticking or

ticken.

COUTRE, kootr, s. m. coulter, ploughshare. COUTUME, koo-tam, s. f. custom; way, habit ; usage, use ; custom or common law ; common law-book; custom or toll. Avoir contume or de coutume, to be wont or accustomed, to use. Il en use comme de coutume, he does just as he used to do. Plus que de coutume, more than ordinary. Pays de coutume, country where custom or common law takes place.

Coutumier, e, kôo-tử-mià, mièr, adj. customary, accustomed common, ordinary. Droit contunier, common law. Pays contumier, country governed by custom or common law.

COUTUMIER, s. m. common-law book. COUTURE, kôo-tur, s. f. sewing, stitching; scar, seam; defait à plate couture, utterly defeated.

COUTURÉ, E, adj. said of any thing that has narks like a seam or scar.

*Couturier, s. m. sewer, stitcher, also one of the muscles of the leg.

Couturière, kôo-tů-rièr, s. f. seamstress; mantua-maker

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Couvé, E, kôo-vå, adj. fusty. V. Couver. Couvée, kôo-vå, s.f. nest of eggs, brood, clan. Couvent, kôo-vên, s. m. convent, monas-

Couver, koo-va, v. a. to brood; sit on: hatch, brew (plots,) to breed (sickness.) Conver, v. n. to warm one's self, as Dutch women do, with a stove under their petticoats; to lie or be hid, lurk, lie lurking. Se couver, v. r.

to lie hid or hatching.
COUVERCLE, koo-verkl, s. m. cover, lid.
Couvered à pot, pot-lid.
Couverele des écoutilles, Mar. hatches.

Couvert, E, kôo-vèr, vêrt, adj. covered, etc. V. Couvrir, elad, clothed; fuil, loaded, etc. V. Compar, clad, clothed; nul, loaded, covered all over; close, hid, hidden, secret; close, reserved, dissembling; cloudy, dark, overcast; ambiguous, dark, obscure. Paus connert, woody country. Lieu convert, shady place. Vin convert, deep or high coloured wine. Il étoit convert de sueur, he was all dent convert de sueur, he was all over in a sweat. Chemin couvert, covered

way (in fortification.)

Couvert, s. m. table-cloth, cover, i. e. plate with its knife and fork, and sometimes its spoon and napkin besides; cover-case, i.e. case with a spoon, fork, and knife; covert, shelter, roof, lodging; thicket, shady place; cover, envelope. A courert, adv. under a cover, or, shelter. Se metre à couvert, to shelter or seeure one's self. Mettre son bien à convert, to secure one's estate. Etre à couvert de quelque danger, to be sheltered or se-eure, or free from danger. Etre à couver (or

en prison,) to be laid up in a prison.

COUVERTE, s. f. (in the Levant) deck;
also glazing (on earthen ware,) enamel (on

china ware.

COUVERTEMENT, koo-vert-men, adv. co-

vertly, closely, secretly, privately,

COUVERTURE, And Control of Covering; (de laine) blanket; case; (de maison) roof, cover, cloak, pretence, blind, cover clue, rug. Faire la control of Coverture velue, rug. Faire la control of the covering coveri COUVERTURE, koo-ver-tar, s. f. cover; cocolour. Couverture velue, rug. Faire la converture, to turn the bed down. Converture des cheminée, Mar. caboose.

Couverturier, kôo-ver-tů-ríå, s. m. maker or seller of bed coverings or blankets.

COUVET, koo-ve, s. m. stove (such as the Dutch women use under their petticoats.)
Couveuse, koo-venz, s. f. brooder, i. e.

that broods or sits on eggs.
Couvi, koo-vi, adj. m. rotten or addle.

Couvre-chef, koovr-shef, s. m. kerchief. COUVRE-FEU, s. m. fire plate or curfew, i. e. piece of iron to cover the fire in the night; also curfew or curfew bell; and meat screen. COUVRE-PIED, s. m. small quilt or covering for the foot of the bed.

COUVRE-PLAT, s. m. cover for a dish.

COUVREUR, koo-vrour, s. m. (de maison or en tuile) brick-layer, tiler; (en ardoise) slater; (en chaume) thatcher; (de chaises) chairmaker.

COUVRIR, kôo-vrîr, v. a. (like ouvrir) to cover; hide, conceal, keep close or secret; colour, cloak, palliate, dissemble or disguise, load, charge, fill; (la table) to spread or cover, (une carale) to leap; (une chienne) to cover. Courrir une muraille de marbre, etc. to line or do a wall over with marble, etc. Couvrir

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

quelqu'un, to drown one, to obscure his merits. Une voix qui couvre les autres, a voice that drowns others. Couvrir d'or or d'argent, to overlay with gold or silver. Couvrir un habit d'or or d'argent, to daub or cover a suit with gold or silver lace. Couvrir le visage or la joue à quelqu'um, to give one a box on the ear or a slap on the face. Couvrir le dé-barquement des troupes, to cover the landing of the troops. Se courrir, v. r. to put one's hat on, be covered; (d'un bon habit) to put on, clothe one's self with. Se courrir richement, to wear rich elothes. Le ciel or le temps commence à se couvrir, the sky begins to be overcast. Cette frégate s'est couverte de voiles pour nous rullier, that frigate has made all the sail she can to join us.

COYAU, s. m piece of wood notched in the

wheel of a mill.

CRABE, krab, s. m. crab.

CRABIER, s. m. bird that feeds on crabs. Chac, s. n. crack, cracking noise; also a

discase in birds of prey.

CRACHAT, cra-sha, s. m. spittle, spawl.

CRACHE, E, adj. spit. C'étoit lui tout craché, he was as like him as if he had been spit out

of his mouth.

CRACHEMENT, krash-men, s. m. spitting or spawling.

CRACHER, krā-shā, v. a. & n. to spit, spit out, spawl. Cracher an bassin, to contribute or club. Cracher au nez de quelqu'un, to spit in one's face. Cracher des injures, to rail or abuse, call names.

CRACHEU-R, SE, krå-sheur, sheuz, s. m. &

f. spitter, spitting person.

CRACHOIR, krå-shwar, s. m. spitting box. CRACHOTEMENT, krå-shot-men, s. m.

sputtering, spitting often. CRACHOTER, krå-sho-tå, v. n. to sputter, spit often.

CRAIE, kre, s. f. chalk.

CRAYER, s. m. Mar. crayer, sort of small

Swedish vessel.

CRAINDRE, krindr, v. a. (see the table at aindre) to fear, dread, apprehend, be afraid of, stand in awe or fear of. Se faire craindre, to make one's self feared. Il est à craindre, it is or he is to be feared.

CRAINT, E, adj. feared.

CRAINTE, krim, s. f. fear, apprehension, awe. Crainte de or de crainte de, for fear of. De crainte que, for fear that, lest.

CRAINTI-F, VE, krin-tif, tiv, adj. fearful,

timorous.

CRAINTIVEMENT, adv. fearfully, timorous-

CRAMOISI, krå-mwå-zi, s. m. crimson, grain colour. Teint en cramoisi, died in grain. Un sot en cramoisi, fool in grain. Laid en cramoisi, superlatively ugly.
CRAMP, Mari V. Crampon.

· CRAMPE, krenp, s. f. or GOUTTE CRAMPE, cramp.

CRAMPON, kren-pon, s. m. cramp-iron-hook. Crampons de fer de cheval, frost-nails of a horse-shoe. Crampon or crampon de fer, Mar. staple, cramp-iron.

CRAMPONNER, kren-po-na, v. a. to fasten with a cramp-iron. Se cramponner, v. r. to

cling at any thing.

CRAMPONNET, s. m. little cramp-iron. C. amponnet de targette, lock staple.

CRAN, kren, s. m. notch. groove (in a type.) CRANE, kren, s. m. skull, brainpan.

CRAPAUD, kra-po, s. m. toad. Mar. gooseneck of the tiller.

CRAPAUDAILLE, s. f. thin crape.

CRAPAUDIÈRE, s.f. swampy place.
CRAPAUDINE, krå-po-din, s. f. toad-stone; iron-wort; the sole or square piece of iron, etc. wherein the pivot plays or turns in the bot-tom of a gate; malt-tong or malt-worm (a horse's disease.) Griller des pigeons à la cropaudine, to broil pigeons with salt, pepper, and vinegar.

CRAPOUSSIN, E, S. m. & f. short ill shaped

person, dwarf, shrimp. CRAPULE, krå-půl, s. f. drunkenness, crapulcace, gluttony.

CRAPULER, kra-pů-là, v. n. to fuddle or drink hard, gormandize.

CRAPULEU-X, SE, kra-pû-lêu, lêuz, adj. crapulous, drunken, intemperate. CRAQUELIN, krak-lin, s. m. cracknel, hard

cake.

CRAQUEMENT, krak-men, s. m. crack or cracking noise.

CRAQUER, krå-kå, v. n. to crack, crackle; to crack, tell a story. Faire cr doigts, to make one's fingers snap. Faire craquer ses

CRAQUERIE, s. f. lie.

CRAQUETER, kråk-tå, v. n. to crackle. J'entends craquer le tonnerre, I hear cracks

CRAQUEU-R, SE, kra-keur, keuz, s. m. &

f. cracker, boaster.

CRAQUETEMENT, s. m. cracking.

CRASSANE, s. f. a sort of pear. CRASSE, kras, s. f. filth, nastiness, grease, rust; dandruff; scum or dross. La crasse du collège or de l'école, the rudeness, rusticity or clownishness of the school.

CRASSE, adj. gross, thick, coarse. CRASSES, s. f. pl. scales which fall from metals when hammered.

CRASSEU-X, SE, krå-sèu, sèuz, adj. & s. nasıy, filhy, full of nastiness, greasy, rusty. Un crasseux, nasty or greasy fellow, a niggardly fellow. Une crasseuse, slut; a niggardly fellow. gardly woman.

CRATÈRE, s. m. crater; also drinking cup. CRATICULER, v. a. to square (an original picture or drawing) in order to take a reduced

CRAVAN, s. m. a sort of aquatick bird. CRAVATE, krå-våt, s. f. cravat or neckcloth.

Mar. navelline.

Cravate, s.m. Croat, sort of troope; of Croatia. CRAYON, kre-yon, s. m. pencil or crayon. picture in one colour or drawn with crayons, picture in crayons; picture or description of a person or thing, also chalking or first draught or delineation of a picture; and sketch, first or rough draught (of a composition.)

CRAYONNER, kre-yo-na, v. a. to chalk or draw with crayons or with a pencil; to chalk

or sketch.

CRAYONNEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. a drawer with crayons.

CRAYONNEU-X, SE, adj. of the nature of crayons.

CRÉANCE, krå-ens, s.f. belief, faith; thought, opinion; trust, credit, confidence, debt, money owing. Lettres de créance, credential letters lor crodentials, also letters of credit. Chien buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien! vin : mon : brun.

de bonne créance, dog that may be depended |

CRÉANCIER, E, krå-en-slå, sler, s. m. & f. creditor.

CRÉAT, s. m. usher to a riding-master. CRÉATEUR, krå-å-teur, s. m. crcator, maker. Recevoir son créateur, to receive the sa-

CREATION, krå-å-sion, s. f. creation.

CRÉATRICE, adj. f. puissance créatrice, (Montesquieu) creating power.

CREATURE, krå-å-tur, s. f. creature, created being, person, man or woman.

CREBER, s. m. a sort of tree and its fruit.

CRÉCELLE, krå-sel, s. f. rattle.

CRÉCERELLE, krås-rel, s. f. kestrel.

CRECHE, kresh, s. f. manger, crib or cratch, CREDENCE, kra-dèns, s. f. little cup-board near the altar, where the church plate is kept.

CRÉDIBILITÉ, krå-dî-bî-lî-tâ, s. f. credi-

bility.

CREDIT, krå-di, s. m. credit; trust, name, esteem, reputation, power, influence, sway. Prendre or acheter à credit, to buy or take upon trust, take upon tick. Vendre or donner à crédit, faire crédit à quelqu'un, to trust one, give one credit. A crédit, to little or no pur-posc. Dire quelque chose à crédit, to speak without book, say a thing without ground or proof, speak at random.

CRÉDITEUR, s. m. creditor.

CRÉDITER, v. a. to credit one in the day book.

CREDULE, krå-dål, adj. credulous, easy of belief.

CRÉDULITÉ, krå-dů-lî-tå, s. f. credulity,

lightness or rashness of belief. Спе́еп, krå-å, v. n. to create; to contract, run into (debt;) to settle (a pension upon one.) CRÉMAILLERE, krā-mā-ler, s. f. pothook

that may be lengthened or shortened, trammel. CRÉMAILLON, krà-mà-lon, s. m. small pot-

hook.

CRÊME, krem, s. f. cream.

Crème, s. m. V. Chrême.

CRÉMENT, s. m. (in grammar) termination added in the inflections of a word

CRÉMER, krá-må, v. n. to cream.

CRÉMER, NRA-HA, VI. 10 CLEAM.
CRÉMER, S. f. woman that sells cream.
CRÉMEAU, krå-no, s. m. battlement, indemted top of ancient walls.
CRÉMELÉ, E, adj. embattled (in heraldry.)
CRÉMELER, krån-lå, v. a. to make notches

into battlements; to indent, notch.

CRÉNELURE, kran-lur, s. f. the being

notched or indented. CREOLE, krå-öl, s. m. & f. creole, descendant of an European born in America.

CREPAGE, s. m. way of dressing crape.

CREPAG., S. m. way of dressing crape. CREPE, krep, s. m. crape, mourning hatband. Crepe, s. f. sort of pancake. CREPER, krepa, v. a. to crisp, frizzle or curl. CREPI. E, krap, pl, adj. rough-east, pargettod. Cuir crepi, leather worked into a

CRÉPI, s. m. rough cast (of a wall.) CRÉPIN, (S. Crépin) S. Crispin, the shoe-maker's saint. S. Crépin, all the tools of a travelling shoe-maker; also a poor person's whole substance. Perdre son S. Crépin, to lose one's all. Vous voyez tout son S. Crépin, you see all his riches.

CRÉPINE, krá-pin, s. f. fringe.

CRÉPIR, krå-plr; v. a. to rough cast or par

CRÉPISSURE, krå-pl-sur, s. f. or CRÉPISSE. MENT. s. m. parget or rough cast of walls. CRÉPITATION, krā-pl-ta-slon, s. f. crepita

tion, crackling of fire.

CRÉPON, kra-pon, s. m. thick crape.

CRÉPU, E, krå-pů, pů, adj. curled, crisped, frizzled (said of hair.)

CRÉPUSCULE, krã-půs-kůl, s. m. crepuscule, twilight.

CRÉQUIER, s. m. wild plum-trec.

CRÉSEAU, s. m. sort of woollen stuff. CRESSON, krê-son, s. m. cress, cresses. CRESSONNIÈRE, krê-sô-nlèr, s. f. place

where cresses grow.

CRÊTE, krêt, s. f. comb (of the cock;) tuft, cop: crest, top. Crête de morue, certain place on the back of the cod-fish. Crête marine,

samphire.

CRÊTÉ, E, kré-tå, adj. that has a comb or tuft, tulted. CRETONNE, s. f. a sort of white linen.

CREUSEMENT, s. m. the act of digging. CREUSER, kreu-za, v. r. to dig, hollow or make hollow. Creuser une affaire, (or creuser dans une affaire) to sift a business, go to the bottom of it, dive into it. Se creuser le cerveau, to rack one's brains. Creuser un port, to deepen a harbour.

CREUSET, kreu-sc, s. m. crucible. CREU-x, se, kreu, kreuz, adj. hollow; visionary, foolish, airy, extravagant, fantastical, chimerical. Fossé fort creux, very decp ditch, Ventre creux, empty belly. Viande creuse, frothy, light, insignificant food; also visionary

CREUX, s. m. hole, pit, hollow, hollowness, cavity; sort of mould for plaster casts, etc. Je ne puts arracher etts und prains. Un beau créux, un bon creux, base voice which can descend to very low notes. Mar. Creux, depth Je ne puis arracher cela du creux de ma cervelle. or height of the hold (of a ship.) Creux de la mer, trough of the sea.

CREVAILLE, s. f. immoderate entertain-

ment, guttling. CREVASSE, krê-vâs, s. f. chap, chink, crevice, gap; scratches (disease in the legs of horses.) CREVASSER, krê-vâ-sâ, v. a. to chap. Se

crevesser, v. r. to crack, split, chap, chink or

CREVÉ, E, adj. & s. burst, etc. V. Crever. Un gros crevé, une grosse crevée, fat swagbellied man or woman, bursten-gutted person.

CREVE-COEUR, krev-keur, s. m. grief of heart, great trouble, heart-breaking.

CREVER, kre-va, v. n. to burst; to die. Crever de chaud, to be extremely hot. Crever de graisse, to be extremely fat. Crever de biens, to abound in or with riches. Crever d'envie, d'orgueil, de rage, etc. to be full of or

burst with pride, envy, rage, etc.

Crever, v. a. to burst, tear, rend or break. Crever les yeux à quelqu'un, to put out one's eyes. Crever un cheval, to jade a horse. Cela rous crève les yeux, that lies under your. nose or before you, you cannot but see it. Les saletés crèvent les yeux, there is nothing but filth to be seen. Mar. to burst, stave, prick. Crever une embarcation, to stave a prick. Crever une embarcation, to state boat. Un de nos canons de 13 creva dans le combat, one of our 18 pounders burst in the

La gargousse est-elle crevée? is the cartridge pricked? Se crever, v. r. to crack, burst, etc. Se crever de boire, de manger, etc.

CRI

to burst with cramming, etc.

CRI, kri, s. m. cry, loud voice, clamour, shriek, squcak. Cri de joie, shout, shouting, acclamation, huzza, hallooing. Cri de guerre, battle-shout. Cri or cri d'armes, (in heraldry) motto. Faire or jeter or pousser des cris, to cry out. A cor et à cri, with hue and cry. CRIAILLER, krl-à-là, v. n. to bawl, cla-

CRIAILLER, kri-à-là, v. n. to bawl, cla-mour, scold. Femme qui ne fait que criailler, bawling or seolding woman, scold.

CRIAILLEUE, Kri-al-ri, s. f. clamour, bawling, scolding or clamouring.
CRIAILLEU-R, SE, Kri-a-leur, lêuz, s. m. & f. bawler, bawling person.
CRIARD, E, Kri-ar, ard, adj. & s. clamour-

ous, noisy, bawling, scolding, bawler or squaller. Dettes criardes, dribbling debts.

CRIBLE, kribl, s. m. sieve. CRIBLER, kri-blå, v. a. to sift. Cribler de coups, to shoot or stab through and through in many places, to riddle. Mar. to damage by shot or pepper with shot. Levaisseau ami-ral Hollandais fut criblé de boulets, the Dutch admiral's ship was well peppered with shot. Cette corrette a sa voilure criblée, that sloop has her sails full of shot holes.

CRIBLEUR, krî-blêur, s. m. a sister. CRIBLEUX, adj. m. Ex. Os cribleux, sieve-

like bone (in the upper part of the nose.)
CRIBLURE, kri-blur, s. f. pl. bran, chaff. CRIBRATION, kri-bra-sion, s. f. sifting,

straining (in pharmacy.) CRIC, krik, s. m. engines used to lift up

burdens. Petit eric, jack. Crie-crac, crashing, noise made in breaking or tearing any

CRIÉE, kri-å, s. f. outery or port sale ; auc-

CRIER, krl-å, v. n. to cry, ery out, bawl; to shout, halloo; to squall, squeak or sereak out, to creak; screak; to complain, clamour; to scold, bawl. Crier contre, to cry down, inveigh or exclaim against. Les boyaux lui erient, his guts or bowels grumble. Crier au meurtre, to ery out murder.

Crier, v. a. to cry or proclaim. CRIERIE, krl-rl, s. f. cry, clamour, seold-

ing, bawling.
CRIEU-R, SF, krl-eur, euz, s. m. & f. crier
or bawler. Crieur public, crier (of publick

sales, etc.)
CRIM, krîm, s. m. crime, foul deed, fault
or offence, sin. Crime de lèse-majesté, V.

CRIMINALISER, kri-mi-na-li-za, une affaire, v. a. to make a cause or a case criminal or capital.

CRIMINALISTE, s. m. a writer upon criminal matters.

CRIMINEL, LE, kri-mi-nel, adj. & s. crimi-

nal, guilty; malefactor, offender.
CRIMINELLEMENT, kri-mi-nel-men, adv. criminally. Pour suivre quelqu'un criminellement, to prosecute one capitally or as a male-factor. Expliquer criminellement quelque chose, en juger criminellement, to put an ill construc-

tion upon a thing.
CRIN, krin, s. m. horse hair; also hair.

CRINÉ, E, adj. hairy.

CRINIER, s m. worker or dealer in hair.

CRINIÈRE, kri-nier, s. f. main; also ugly head of hair, paltry wig.

CRINON, s. m. a sort of little worm as thin as a hair bred under the skin.

CRIQUE, krîk, s. f. creek, bight, cove. CRIQUET, krî-kê, s. m. tit, a little horse.

CRISE, kriz, s. f. crisis.

CRISPATION, s. f. crispation.

CRISPER, v. a. to cause crispation, to crisp. CRISSER, kri-så, v. n. to grind or gnash the teeth together. V. Grincer. CRISTAL, kris-tål, s. m. crystal; crystal-

glass; (in poetry) crystal stream, lucidity, transparency, limpidness.

CRISTALLIN, E, kris-tå-lin, lin, adj. erys-

talline.

CRISTALLIN, s. m. crystalline humour; also with some philosophers crystalline sky.

CRISTALLISATION, kris-tå-li-zå-sion, s. f. erystallization.

CRISTALLISER, kris-tå-li-zå, v. a. to crystallize. Se cristalliser, v. r. to crystallize.

CRITERIUM, s. m. criterion. CRITIQUABLE, kri-ti-kabl, adj. that de-

serves censure or may be criticised.
CRITIQUE, kri-tik, adj. & s. critick, criti-

cal; censorious, fault-finder.

CRITIQUE, s. f. critics; criticism, critical

dissertation, censure. CRITIQUER, kri-ti-ka, v. a. to criticise or examine; to criticise upon, censure, find fault

*CRITIQUEUR, s. m. critick, fault-finder. CROASSEMENT, krô-ås-mên, s. m. croak-

ing. CROASSER, krô-â-sâ, v. n. to croak.

CROATE, s. m. Croatian.

CROATIE, s. f. Croatia (in Hungary.)

CROC, krö, s.m. hook, tenter; boai-look; bully, sharper; fang, tusk; (de monstache) curl. Cela fait croc sous la dent (pronounce the c final) that crackles under the teeth. Pendre l'épée, au croc, to leave off wearing a sword. Ce différent demeure pendu au croc, that difference remains undecided. Mar. Croc de candelette, hook of the fish pendant.

CROCEN-JAMBE, krôk-en-zenb, s. m. trip, tripping up of one's heels. Donner le croen-jambe à quelqu'um, to trip up one's heels, give one a fall or Cornish hug; also to sup-

plant one.

CROCHE, krosh, s. f. crotchet or quaver (in musick.) Double croche, semiquaver.

CROCHET, krd-shd, s. m. hook; brace, crotchet, parenthesis; (of diamonds) crotchet; picklock; steel-yard, Roman balance; lock of hair; tusk, fang. Clou à crochet, tenterhook. Crochets d'arbres, the bearers of trees. Crochets de portefaix, the French porter's device to carry burdens with, Mar. Crochets, hooks or hasps (to fasten cross pieces to the bits.) CROCHETER, krôsh-tå, v. a. to pick or pick

open. CROCHETEUR, krôsh-têur, s. m. porter, a

street porter; (de serrares) picklock.

CROCHU, E, krô-shû, shu, adj. hooked, crooked. Il a les mains crochues, he is light-

fingered.

CROCHUER, v. a. to bend, make crooked, crook; (une note de musique) to make a crotchet.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

CROCODILE, krô-kô-díl, s. m. crocodile.

CROCUS, krô-kůs, s. m. saffron-flower.
CROINE, krwar, v. a. to believe; think, suppose or imagine. Croire quelqu'un, to believe, trust or credit one, be ruled by one. Croire conseil, to be ruled, follow another man's advice. Croire à, to have faith in, believe in or believe. In this sense we sometimes use eroire en or croire alone.

CROISADE, krwa-zad, s. f. erusade, holy

war.

CROISAT, s. m. croisat (foreign coin.) CROISÉ, krwa-zà, s. m. croise, crusader.

CROISÉ, E, adj. cross, laid across. Serge

croisée, kerscy.

CROISÉE, krwá-zà, s. f. opening in a wall for a window; also window or casement. Croisée or fenétre croisée, cross-bar window, transom-window. Croisce d'une ancre, Mar. crown of an anchor.

CROISEMENT, s. m. crossing. CROISER, krwa-za, v. a. to cross; lay across or cross-ways; to cross or strike out. Croiser la route d'un bâtiment, Mar. to cross the track of a ship. Croiser, v. n. Mar. to cruise. Se croiser, v. r. to be cross or cross-wise, cross one another; to sit cross legged; to take upon one the cross for the holy war. Chemins or lignes qui se croisent, cross-ways or lines.

CROISETTE, s. f. a crosslet; also cross-wort. CROISEUR, krwa-zeur, s. m. or vaisseau

croiseur, Mar. eruiser.

CROISIÈRE, krwå-zler, s. f. Mar. eruise; also cruising latitude or cruising ground. Etre en croisière, to be cruising

CROISILLON, krwa-zi-lon, s. m. crossbar. CROISSANCE, krwa-sens, s. f. growth. Age

de croissance, growing age. CROISSANT, krwå-sen, s. m. crescent; moon in her increase; Empire du croissant, Turkish empire; (de cheminée) hook (to hold the tongs and shovel.)

CROISURE, s. f. texture of a sort of cloth. *CROît, s. m. the increase of a flock.

CROÎTRE, krwafr, v. n. to grow, grow up, grow tall, wax, increase, multiply. Croître . a. to increase, enlarge. La pluie a crû la rivière, the rain has swelled the river.

CROIX, krwa, s. f. eross. Mettre une chose en croix, to put a thing across or cross-wise. Avoir les jambes en croix, to sit cross legged. Il faut faire la croix à la cheminée, we must make a cross there. Prendre la croix, to go a erusading. Croix-de-par-dieu, eriss-cross-row, a, b, e, or alphabet. Croix dans les cables, Mar. cross in the hawse. Avoir ses perroquels en croix, to have one's top-gallant yards across. V. Tour.

CRON, s. m. sand or collection of small shells found deep in the earth.

CRONE, s. m. crane (to load and unload ships.)

CROQUANT, E, krô-kan, kant, adj. erack-ling under one's teeth. CROQUANT, s. m. beggar, pitiful wretch or fellow.

CROQUE-AU-SEL, s. f. Ex. Manger une chose à la croque-au-sel, to eat a thing with nothing but a little salt.

CROQUE-LARDON, s. m. lick-split, lick-

dish, spunger.

CROQUE-NOTE, s. m. unskilful musician. but who can read easily the most difficult musick,

CROQUER, krô-kà, v. n. & a. to crack or crackle, eat greedily, scranch, (un dessein) to sketch a design, make the first draught of a pieture; to fileh or pilfer away. Croquer le

marnut, to dance attendance, wait.

CRUQUET, krô-kê, s. m. thin and hard piece of gingerbread (that crackles between one's

teeth.)

CROQUEUR, krô-kêur, s. m. eatch-bit, greedy gut, devourer.

CROQUIGNOLE, krô-kî-gnôl, s. f. fillip. CROQUIGNOLER, v. a. to fillip. CROQUIS, krô-kl, s. m. sketch (in paint-

CROSSE, kros, s. f. bat, bandy, gaffi-stick; but-end; crosier or crosier-staff. Jouer à la crosse. V. Crosser.

CROSSÉ, E, adj. Ex. Un abbé crossé et mitré, an abbot that has the erosier-staff and

CROSSER, krô-så, v. n. to play at gaff or

cricket.

CROSSEUR, kro-seur, s. m. cricket or galf

player.

CROTTE, krot, s. f. diet; crotels, excre-

ment of rais, sheep, nares, etc.

CROTTÉ, E, adj. dirty, bedaggled. Poete crotté, palury wretched poet. Il fait bien crotté dans les rues, it is very dirty in the

CROTTER, krô-tå, v. a. to dirt, to bedaggle CROTTIN, kro-tin, s. m. erotels, dung, etc.

V. Crotte.

CROULANT, E, adj. that sinks or shakes. CROULEMENT, krool-men, s. m. sinking,

shaking. CROULER, kroo-la, v. n. to sink, erumble.

Crouler un bâtiment, Mar. to launch a ship. CROULIER, E, kroo-lia, lier, adj. boggy, sinking.

CROUPADE, kroo-pad, s. f. croupade, leap

(of a horse.)

CROUPE, kroop, s. f. top, ridge; buttocks, croup. Mettre en croupe, to take one up behind one on horseback. Etre en croupe, monter en croupe, to ride behind another on the same horse. Cheval qui porte en croupe, horse that earries double.

CROUPI, E, adj. stagnated. De l'eau crou-

pie, standing water.

CROUPIER, kroo-pia, s. m. partner (at play;) assistant to a banker at basset or faro.

CROUPIÈRE, kroo-pier, s. f. crupper. Tailler des croupières à quelqu'un, to cut out work for one. Mar. sternfast

CROUPION, kroo-plon, s. m. runip'(of a

fowl.)

CROUPIR, kroo-pir, v. n. to stand or stand still (said of liquids, etc.) lie long (and thereby become filthy, said of the sick.) CROUPISSANT, E, adj. standing, stagnant,

CROUSTILLE, kroos-tit, s. f. crust of bread, CROUSTILLER, kroos-ti-la, v, n. to eat a

erust. *CROUSTILLEUSEMENT, adv. pleasantly, comically.

CROUSTILLEU-X, SE, kroos-ti-leu, leuz,

adj. pleasant, comical.
CROUTE, kroot, s. f. crust; seurf; or scab; piece of inlaid work.

CROUTELETTE, s. f. little crust, piece of

CROUTIER, s. m. bad, wretched painter.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

CROUTON, kroo-ton, s. m. piece of crust of

CROYABLE, krwa-yabl, adj. credible, to be believed or credited.

CROYANCE, krwa-yens, s. f. faith, belief, opinion, thought, trust, credit.

CROYANT, krwa-yen, s. m. believer, one of the faithful.

CRU, E, krů, krů, adj. grown, increased, etc. V. Croitre.

CRU, kru, s. m. growth. Ex. De son crû, of one's own growth, of one's own invention.

CRU, adj. (from Croire,) believed, thought, etc. V. Croire.

CRU, E, adj. raw; crude; indigested; blunt, hard. A cru, on the bare skin. Botte à cru, booted without stockings. Aller à cheval à cru, to ride on horseback without a saddle.

CRUAUTE, krů-ò-tà, s. f. cruelty, barbarity, inhumanity, ill usage, rigour, hard-heartedness, inflexible temper, very hard or grievous thing.

CRUCHE, krůsh, s. f. pitcher, water-pot; stupid block-head, fool.

Списне́в, kru-sha, s. f. pitcher full.

CRUCHON, krů-shon, s. m. little pitcher. CRUCIALE, krů-slål, adj. f. Ex. Incision cruciale, crucial incision.

CRUCIFÈRE, adj. cruciferous.

CRUCIFIEMENT, krů-sî-fi-mên, s. m. crucifixion.

CRUCIFIER, krd-sl-fl-a, v. a. to crucify, to

CRUCIFIX, krd-sl-fl, s. m. crucifix. Mangeur de crucifix, devourer of crucifixes, great

CRUDITÉ, krd-dl-tå, s. f. crudity, rawness,

indigestion.

CRUE, kru, s. f. (from Croftre) increase; growing, growth, addition; (of a river) increase, swelling; (of the sea) surge; (of taxes) raising.

CRUEL, LE, krå-ël, adj. cruel, inhuman, fierce, hard, barbarous, grievous. painful. Elle n'est pas trop cruelle, she is kind enough. Un cruel, s. m. Une cruelle, s. f. cruel or hard-hearted man or person.

CRUELLEMENT, krå-ël-mën, adv. cruelly, srievously, barbarously, inhumanly, forcely.

grievously, barbarously, inhumanly, fiercely. Faire mourir cruellement, to put to a cruel death.

CRUMENT or CRUEMENT, krd-men, adv. bluntly, harshly; inconsiderately, crudely.

CRURAL, E, adj. crural. CRUSTACEE, adj. crustaceous. CRUSADE, s. f. crusade (a coin.) CRYPTE, s. f. burying vault. Cu, V. Cul.

CUBE, kub, s. m. cube.

CUBE or CUBIQUE, kû-bîk, adj. cubick, cubical.

CUBITAL, E, adj. cubital, belonging to the elbow.

CUCUBALE, s. f. a sort of plant. CUCURBITACE, R, adj. cucurbitaceous.

CUCURBITAINS, s, m. pl. flat worms. CUCURBITE, kå-kår-bå, s, f, cucurbite. CUEILLE, s. f. Mar. one of the cloths of a sail

CUEILLERET, s. m. rent-roll of a manor. CUEILLETTE, kêu-lêt, s. f. harvest. Gathering, collection (for the poor.)

*CUEILLEUR, keu-leur, s. m. Ex. Cueilleur de pommes, gatherer of apples. Il est fait en

cueilleur de pommes, he is wretchedly dressed.
CUEILLIR, kêu-lîr, v. a. to gather, pick.
Cueillir une manœuvre, Mar. to coil up à

CUEILLOIR, kêu-lwar, s. m. fruit-basket.

*CUILLER, k. a. to think, intend, imagine. CUILLER, k. bi-lèr, s. f. spoon. Cuiller cou-verte, a mad-spoon. Cuiller à pot, pot-ladle. Mar. Cuiller à brai, pitch-ladle. Cuiller ù canon, ladle for a gun. Cuiller de tarière, auger-bit. Cuiller de pompe, pump-borer Cuiller Ée, kûll-ra, s. f. spoonful.

Cuilleron, koil-ron, s.m. bowlofa spoon. CUILLIER, s. m. sort of heron, spoon-bill. CUINE, s. f. vessel to distil aquafortis.

Cuir, kuir, s, m. leather, skin, hide. bouilli, that sort of leather with which buck ets, bottles, etc. are made. Visage de cuir bouilli, a wainscot face. Faire du cuir d'autrui large courroie, to be free of another man's purse.

CUIRASSE, kul-ras, s. f. cuirass.

CUIRASSÉ, E, kůl-rå-så, adj. that has a cuirass on, well armed, well prepared.

CUIRASSER, v. a. to cover with a cuirass. Cuirassier, kûl-râ-slâ, s. m. cuirassier. CUIRE, kulr, v. a. to do or dress (victuals) boil, bake, roast, cook, etc. to concoct, digest;

to ripen; to burn (bricks.) Cuire, v. n. to boil, to be baking, boiling.

roasting, etc. to smart or make smart

Cuisant, E, kůî-zèn, zènt, adj. violent,

burning, sharp, smart, smarting.
Cuisine, kul-zln, s. f. kitchen; also cookery; and Mar. galley, cook-room. Faire la cuisine, to dress meat, cook. Chargé de cuisine, fat, pot-bellied. Latin de cuisine, coarse Latin, low Latin.

Cuisiner, kai-zi-na, v. n. to dress meat, to cook.

Cuisinier, s. m. cook, man cook. Cuisinière, s. f. woman cook.

Cuisinière, s. f. a sort of utensil to roast meat.

meat.

Cuissart, kûl-sar, s. m. cuish.

Cuisse, kûls, s. f. thigh; (of poultry) leg.

Cuisses de derrière d'un cheval, gascoins.

Cuisse-madame, jargonelle.

Cuisson, kûl-son, s. f. boiling, baking, roasting, dressing, etc. smart.

Pain de cuisson, brad baked at home.

Cuissor, s. m. haunch of venison.

Cuistre, kûlstr, s. m. a schoolmaster's man, servant in a college: a pedaut.

man, servant in a college; a pedant.

Cuit, E. adj. done, dressed, boiled, baked, roasted, etc. V. Cuire. Cela est trop cuit, or n'est pas assez cuit, that is too much done, or

not done enough.

CUITE, kûît, s. f. baking (of pipes,) burning (of bricks, etc.)

CUIVRE, kûîvr, s. m. copper. Cuivre

faunc, brass.

Cul., kû, s. m. arse, breech, backside; bottom; back-part; (of a hat) top of the crown; Cul-bas, kind of game (at cards) Cul-blanc, white-tail (a bird.) Cul de basse fosse, dungeon. Cul de jutte, cripple or lame man, lubb nuclès. (who unable to walk goes with his backside in a bowl.) Cul de lampe (in printing) tail-piece. Tour faite en cul de lampe, tower winding downwards like a wreathed shell

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Faire le Cul de plomb, sedentary person. I cul de plomb, to stick to one's work. Cul de sac, street or alley without a thoroughfare, turn-again alley. Avoir le cut sur la selle, to be on horseback. Etre à cut, to be at a loss, be at one's last shifts, be put to a nonplus. Donner du pied au cut à un valet, to turn a bonner du piea au cui a un cate, quanti servant out of doors. A écorche-cul, against the grain. Arrêter quelqu'un sur cul, to stop one short. Cul pur dessus tête, topsyturvy, upside-down. Jouer à cul levé, to play at level coil. Jouer à coupe cul, to play a single game. De cul et de tête, with might single game. De cul et de tête, with might and main. Tirer le cul en arrière, to hang an

Cul, s. m. Mar. stern, etc. Votre bâtiment demande à être sur cut, your ship likes to be by the stern. Cut d'une poulie, arse of a block. Cut carré, square-tack. Cut de lumpe, lower finishing of the quarter gallery. Cut de porc, wall-knot. Cul de porc simple, single wall-knot. Cul de porc double, double wall-knot. Cul de port avec tête de more, crownknot. Cul de porc avec tête d'alouette, double crown-knot. Cul de sac, bight which forms a sort of harbour (among the inhabitants of the French West-India-Islands.)

CULASSE, kû-lâs, s. f. breech of a gun. Renforcé sur or par la culasse, Dutch built or broad bottomed

CULBUTE, kul-but, s. f. flying top over tail; fall, tumble. Faire la culbute, to fly top over tail, fall.

CULBUTER, kůl-bů-tà, v. a. to give a fall, make fall, turn upside-down; to overturn, ruin. v. n. to fall upside down, tumble; be knocked up or ruined.

CULBUTIS, s. m. heap of confused things turned upside down.

CULÉE, kû-là, s. f. butment, end or head

of a bridge. Mar. stern-way.

CULER, v. n. Mar. to go a-stern, make stern way, have stern-way. Faire culer, to make a stern-board. Il faut faire beaucoup culer notre bâtiment avant d'abattre, we must give our ship good stern-way before we cast.

Mettre tout â culer, to lay all a-back.

Culier, kû-lia, adj. m. Ex. Le boyau cu-

lier, the colon (gut.)

CULLÈRE, s. f. crupper.

CULMINATION, s. f. culmination.

CULMINER, v. n. to culminate. Culot, ku-lo, s. m. bottom of a churchlamp, youngest or last member of a society, brood, family, etc. melted metal as opposed to the dross.

CULOTIN, s. m. sort of close breeches.
CULOTIE, kåtlåt, s. f. breeches.
CULTE, kåtl, s. m. worship.
CULTIVABLE, adj. that may be cultivated.
CULTIVATEUR, kål-ű-vå-leur, s. m. cultitler, tiller, bushavalest.

vator, tiller, husbandman.

CULTIVER, kal-ti-va, v. a. to tik, manure,

improve, cultivate, study.

CULTURE, kůl-tůr, s. f. culture, husbandry, dressing. tillage, improvement.

CUMIN, ků-nin, s. m. cumin (a plant.)

CUMULATI-F, VE, ků-mů-là-tíf, tlv, adj. accumulative, accumulated.

CUMULATIVEMENT, kå-må-là-tly-men,

adv. accumulatively

CUMULER, ků-mů-là, v. a. to accumulate, hear togother.

CUNÉIFORME, adj. cuneiform, wedge-like. CUPIDE, adj. desirous, eager, covetous. CUPIDITÉ, kå-pl-dî-tā, s. f. cupidity, con-

cupiscence, lust, desire.
CURABLE, ku-rabl, adj. curable, that may

be cured. CURAGE, ků-råz, s. m. cleansing; also cul-

rage or arse-smart.

CURATELLE, ků-rå-těl, s. f. guardianship. CURAT-EUR, RICE, ku-ra-teur, tris, s. m.

& f. guardian, trustee.

CURATI-F, VE, ků-râ-tíf, th, adj. healing. CURATION, ků-râ-síon, s. f. cure, curing.

CURCUMA, s. m. a plant with a yellow root CURE, kur, s. f. cure: living or benefice; parsonage; trouble, care, concern. *N'en avoir cure, not to care about it. Bénéfice sans cure d'âmes, sinecure. Cure d'oiseau, pellet of hemp to cleanse a hawk.

Cure, kû-rå, s. m. parson, rector, vicar.

Cure, E, E, adj. cleansed, etc. V. Curer.

CURE-DENT, kur-den, s. m. tooth-pick. CUREE, ku-ra, s. f. game given the hawk or hound. Faire curee chaude, to reward the hawk or dog immediately

CURE-OREILLE, kù-rô-rêl, s. m. ear-pick.

CURER, ku-ra, v. a. to cleanse or pick (the teeth;) to cleanse or make cast (a hawk. CUREUR, ku-reur, s. m. cleanser (of wells,

CURIAL, E, ka-rial, adj. belonging to a

parson. CURIE, ku-rl, s. f. tenth part of a tribe of

ancient Rome.

CURIEUSEMENT, kå-rieuz-men, adv. cu

riously, diligently, carefully.

Curteu-x, se, ku-rieu, rieuz, adj. & s. curious, prying, inquisitive, rare, excellent, neat, fine, curious person, inquisitive or busy-body, virtuoso.

CURIOSITÉ, ků-ríd-zí-tå, s. f. curiosity, in-

quisitiveness; raree-show. Curles, s. f. Mar. whirls.

CUROIR, ku-rwar, s. m. plough-staff.

CURULE, adj. Ex. Chaire curule, curule chair.

CURURES, s. f. pl. dregs of a well or sink. CURVILIGNE, kar-vi-lign, adj.curvilinear. CURVITÉ, kůr-ví-tà, s. f. curvity.

Custode, kus-tod, s. f. holster-cap; ctoth that covers the pyx; curtain (of the altar.)
Custode, s. m. warden (in a religious house,)

the provincial's deputy CUSTODINOS, kus-to-di-nos, s. m. he that

keeps a benefice for another. CUTANÉ, E, ků-tå-nå, adj. cutaneous.

CUTTER, s. f. cuticle.
CUTTER, s. m. Mar. cutter.
CUVE, kûv, s. f. great tub.
de cuve, flat-bottomed ditch. Fossé à fond

CUVEAU, ků-vò, ś. m. little tub. CUVÉE, ků-vå, s. f. tub-full. C'est du vin de la première cuvée, this is wine of the first pressing.

CUVELAGE, s. m. strengthening (with planks and cross-beams) the inside of wells leading into mines.

CUVELER, v. a. to strengthen the inside of

wells leading into mines.

CUVER, ka-va, v. n. (said of wine) to remain or stand in the tub. Cuver son vin, to sleep one's self sober.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, god.

CUVETTE, ků-vět, s. f. washing bason, lit-tle ditch in the middle of a great one. CUVIER, ků-vià, s. m. bucking tub. Cuvier

de harangère, fish-tub.

CYCLAMEN, s. m. sow-bread. CYCLE, sikl, s. m. cycle. Cycle solaire, eycle of the sun.

CYCLOTDE, s. f. cycloid.

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CYCLOPE, s. m. cyclop, (fabulous black-smith) one of Vulcan's workinen.

CYGNE, s. m. swan. Le cygne Mantouan, the Mantuan swan, Virgil. Le cygne Thébain, the Theban swan, Pindar.

CYLINDRE, si-lindr, s.m. cylinder, a roller. CYLINDRIQUE, sl-lin-drlk, adj. cylindrical. CYMAISE, s. f. wave or ogee, (in architecture.)

CYMBALE, sin-bål, s. f. cymbal.

CYNIQUE, si-nik, adj. cynick, cynical, snarling, satirical.

CYNIQUE, s. m. cynic, snarler, rude man.

CYNOSURE, s. f. cynosure.

CYPRÈs, si-pre, s. m. cypress-tree

CYTISE, s. m. shrub that bears leguminous flowers.

CZAR, tzar, s. m. czar.

CZARIEN, NE, adj. Czarish, Czarian. CZARINE, tzà-rin, s. f. Czarina.

D, da, s. m. 4th letter of the French alpha-

DA, da, (never found except in such com-pounds as) Oui-da, si fait da, aye marry. Nenni-da, no indeed.

DACE, s. f. duty, tax, (seldom used;) also that ancient country called Dacia.

DACTILE, dak-iil, s. m. dactyle.

DACTYLIOMANCE, or DACTYLIOMANCIE, s. f. dactyliomancy.

DADA, då-då, s. f. hobby-horse. DADAIs, då-de, s. m. booby. DAGORNE, då-görn, s. f. cow that has lost a horn; also old ridiculous beldam.

DAGUE, dåg, s. f. dagger. DAGUES, s. f. pl. horns of a brocket; tusks (of a wild boar.)

*DAGUER, då-gå, v. a. to stab. DAGUET, s. m. brocket, pricket.

DAIGNER, de-gna, v. n. to deign, vouchsafe, condescend, be pleased. Je ne daignerois pas rous en prier, I scorn to ask it of you. On ne daigne plus hui rien dire, he is not thought worth speaking to

DAIM, din, s. m. deer, fallow deer. Daim âlc, buck. Daim femelle, doe.
DAINE, den, s. f. doe.
DAINTIERS, s. f. pl. testicles of deer. mâle, buck.

DAIS, de, s. m. canopy.
DALE, dal, s. f. Mar. dale, trough. Dale de pompe, pump-dale. Dale de brûlot, trough, in which the train is laid in a fire-ship.

DALÉCARLIE, s. f. Dalecarlia. DALLE, s. f. slab. V. Darne. DALMATIE, s. f. Dalmatia.

DALMATIQUE, dål-må-uk, s. f. dalmatick, (vestment worn by deacons.)
DALON, or rather DALOT, da-lot, s. m.

Mar. scupper, scupper-hole.

*DAM, den, s. m. cost, loss, damage, detri-La prine du dam, the punishment or torments of t' e damned.

Damas, då-må, s. m. damask; damson, damascene, damask plum.

DAMASONIUM, s. m. a plant that grows in

swampy places.

Damasquiner, då-mås-kl-nå, v. a. to damask or damaskene, work damasklike. Damasquiner une énée, etc.

DAMASQUINERIE, s. f. art of damaskening. DAMASQUINEUR, s.m. one that damaskenes.

DAMASQUINURE, då-mås-kå-nur, s. f. damask-work.

DAMASSÉ, E, adj. damasked. Linge de table damassé, damasked table linen. DAMASSER, då-må-så, v. a. to damask.

DAMASSURE, då-må-sur, s. f. damask-

DAME, dam, s. f. lady; woman of quality; dame, goody; (at chess and cards) queen; (at chequers) man. Dame damée, lady of quality. chequer's man. Dame admee, lady of quality.

Dame damée (at chequer's) king. Aller à dame,
to king a man (at draughts,) to make a
queen (at chess.) Dame! (interjection, nay,
forsooth, marry. Les dames, the ladies, the
fair, the fair sex. (at tennis) the mistress, the service; voilà pour les dames, voilà vos dames, here goes the service. Les dames or le jeu de dames, draughts. Jouer aux dames, to

play at draughts. Dame-jeanne, sort of large bottle, as well as dame jane, goody jane. DAMÉ, E, adj. crowned, etc. V. Dame &

Damer.

DAMER, då-må, v. a. to crown or king a man at draughts; also to allow half a foot for sloping or declination. Damer le pior a quelqu'un, to outdo one, give one a Rowland for his Oliver.

Dameret, s. m. spark, beau, fop. Damier, då-miå, s. m. draught-board, chess-board.

DAMNABLE, då-nåbl, adj. damnable. DAMNABLEMENT, då-nåbl-men, adv.

damnably. DAMNATION, da-na-sion, s. f. damnation. Il a jure sur sa damnation, he swore by his salvation or as he hoped to be saved.

DAMNÉ, E, adj. damned. Ame damnée, profligate wretch; also tool or hireling. DAMNER, da-na, v. a. to damn.

DAMOISEAU, då-mwå-20, s. m. spark, beau, fop; and anciently Lord. V. Beau.
*Damoiselle, s. f. damsel. V. Demoiselle.

DANCHÉ, E, adj. indented, dancy, (in heraldry.)

*DANDIN, den-din, s. m. noddy or ninny. DANDINEMENT, s. m. tossing of one's head or body like a ninny.

DANDINER, den di-na, v. n. to toss one's head or body like a ninny.

ad or body like a nimy.

Danemark, s. m. Denmark.

Danger, den-za, s. m. danger, peril, hazard, jeopardy; inconvenience. bank, shelf or any thing that may bring a ship up. Etre en danger, to be in a perilous situation.

DANGEREUSEMENT, denz-reuz-men, adv. dangerously, desperately.

DANGEREU-X, SE, denz-reu, reuz, adj. dangerous, hazardous, perilous.

DANOIS, E, adj. & s. Danish; Dane. DANS, den, prep. in, within, sometimes with, See En for the difference between en etc.

and dans. DANSE, dens, s. f. dance, dancing. buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

DANSER, den-så, v. a. & n. to dance. Maitre à danser, dancing-master. Il ne sait sur guel pied danser, he does not know which way to turn himself.

Danseu-R, se, dên-sêur, sêuz, s. m. & f. dancer. Danseur de corde, rope-dancer.

DARCE, V. Darse.

DARD, dar, s.m. dart, javelin; (in botany) spindle, pistil. Mar. harpoon. Dard à feu, fire arrow.

*DARDANAIRE, s. m. monopolist.

DARDER, dår-då, v. a. to dart, shoot, fling out, strike with a dart.

DARDEUR, dår-deur, s. m. darter, shooter, dart flinger.

DARDILLE, dår-dil, s. f. spindle of a pink or carnation.

DARDILLER, v.n. to spindle (said of plants.)

DARIOLE, s. f. enstard.

*DARIOLETTE, s.f. carrier of love messages. DARIQUE, s. f. sort of Persian coin.

DARNE, darn, or Dalle, s. f. piece or slice, or cut of fish. V. Dalle.

DARSE, dars, s. f. Mar. wet dock.

DARTRE, dartr, s. f. tetter, ring-worm. Dartre farineuse, morphew.

DARTREU-X, SE, adj. of the nature of a tetter.

DATAIRE, då-ter, s. m. datary, chancellor of Rome.

DATE, dat, s. f. date of a writing.

DATER, då-tå, v. a. to date.

DATERIE, dåt-ri, s. f. datary's office.

DATIF, da-tif, s. m. dative case.
DATISME, s. m. tiresome repetition of sy-

nonymes to express the same thing.

DATIVE, adj. f. (tutelle) guardian appointed by the judge and not by will.

DATTE, dat, s.f. date, fruit of the palm-tree.

DATTIER, då-tiå, s. m. date-trec. DAUBE, dob, s. f. kind of sauce.

*DAUBER, do-ba, v. a. to cuff, bang; also to jeer, banter.

DAUBEUR, s. m. railer, jeerer, sneerer, slanderer.

DAUPHIN, dò-fin, s. m. dolphin (seafish;) dauphin, (eldest son of the king of France.)

dauphin, (eldest son of the king of France.)

DAVANTAGE, då-vên-tåz, adv. more, more of it, more than that, over and above; also further; besides; and furthermore, moreover.

DAVIED, or DAVIER, då-viå, s. m. Mar. Davit.

DAVIER, då-viå, s. m. pincers to draw out

DE, de, prep. of, from, off, out of, in, among, on, upon, by, for, about, with, at, to, through, etc. In order to be ableto determine positively which of the preceding English prepositions should be used in preference, one ought to consider what sense de is used in, and to know the real value of each English preposition. However as there is no word in the French language, that puzzles more an English person than this word de, the following remarks may be of service to the student.

I. When two nouns come together, one of which serves to particularize the other, the particularizing one will generally come in French with de and in English with of, ex. Le rayauve d'Angleterre, the kingdom of Engand. Un prince du sang, a prince of the blood. Un homme de mérite, a man of merit. Now as the particularizing noun is the equi-

valent of an adjective, it often happens that the English change the French particularizing noun into an adjective, ex. Une femme de rertu, a virtuous woman. Un homme de bien, a good man, a worthy man. Un carrosse de louage, a hired coach, etc.

The English, for the sake of despatch, often place the particularizing noun before the particularized one, which construction enables them to suppress the preposition (or an equivalent) which otherwise must be expressed. That construction can take place especially when the particularizing noun denotes matter, use, quality, etc. ex. Une montre d'or, a gold watch. Une mine d'argent, a silver mine. Une chandelle de cire, a wax candle, etc. Observe, that A bottle of wine, is in French, ne bottueille de vin. Int A wine bottle is une botteille de vin—the first English construction means the quantity of wine a bottle contains, the second the sort of bottle fit to put wine in. See also A, Observ. VII.

See also A, Observ. VII.

The French de, placed between two substantives, say Grammarians and Lexicographers, commonly causes in English the second to be in the possessive case; as la maison de mon père, my father's house; le fils d'Alexandre, Alexander's soñ; le livre de Pierre, Peter's book; but they ought to have warned the student that such a construction can take place only when the second French noun is actually the owner or possessor of what the first noun means: for the construction now alluded to could not be used in the circumstances which have been noticed before; and besides, that pretended possessive case, traced to its origin, is not what is commonly supposed. See Schmonls first Principles of English

Grammar.

II. It is easy for an Englishman to render from by de, with pretty good accuracy when he is aware of those circumstances which have been noticed at A, Obs. I. These which have ocen hotteed at A, Obs. I. These precluding the use of de; but it is not easy for a Frenchman to know when his de should be rendered by from. The French de can be rendered by from, only to announce the point from which a movement or change begins with an accessary idea of separation. See A, Obs. VI. VIII. Heace it is that after the description of the control of the co those expressions which denote privation, reception, extraction, separation, exemption, deliverance, derivation, emission, abstinence, de-viation, wandering, distance, birth, origin, hinderance, dissuasion, banishment, or any equivalent, we generally find from (sometimes out of) in English (and de in French) with regard to the thing whence the separation arose, ex. J'ai recu ce matin une lettre de notre ancien ami, I received this morning a letter from our old friend; in, la réception de cettre lettre m'a fait un plaisir infini, as de denotes no separation; as de cette lettre would become cette lettre in the accusative, if the verb recevoir were used instead of its verbal noun reception (for, we might say, j'ai reçu cette lettre et elle m'a fuit un plaisir infini) so, it must be rendered by of; and this distinction points out one grand principle, namely, A verbal noun arising from an active verb is to govern with de (of) whatever would be the accusative of the active verb. As from is sometimes to be rendered by des see des;

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

and as it is sometimes rendered by depuis,

see A, Obs. VI.

III. The French de is used for the English at to announce on whom falls raillery, mockery, murmuring or any other affection of the soul, such as astonishment, etc. or to announce what occasions raillery, etc. and consequently it may present itself at the head of the cause which makes one blush, repent, rejoice, smile, etc. Il se moque de son père, he laughs at his father. Pourquoi riez rous de ce que je dis? why do you laugh at what I say? As de ce que means sometimes because, see the next

observation. IV. The French de is used to announce also that cause which in English comes with for (the real meaning of which for is elliptically cause,) or with from (the meaning of which is then elliptically original cause,) or with with (the meaning of which is then be, let it be, with couse understood; that is to say, the full meaning of which is then and the cause. of this is, was or will be.) Hence it is that the French say, it moirra de chagrin, he will die for sorrow, with sorrow; when the English say, he will die for sorrow, they give to of the meaning of consequence elliptically for as the consequence of ; that is to say, he will die of sorrow is equal to this, he will die, and this (his death) will be the consequence of sor-row. Hence it is that as expressions which denote some affection of the soul generally have de after them to introduce the cause of the affection, we often find de ce que when the cause is to be brought in with a verb, though generally introduced, in English, with that, elliptically equal to for this, that; or because; or the cause is this, that. Je suis surpris de ce que vous êtes venu, I am surprised at your being come, I am surprised that you are come, I am surprised because you are

V. The de which is generally used after a passive expression, before what would be the agent of the verb if used actively, is in English generally by, sometimes of (but by is always right.) Now as the English by is most times rendered into French by par, it is proper to observe here that de may be used when no part of the body is necessarily to move, or when, after verbs, which suppose a motion of the body, this motion has only produced a passive condition or situation; hence par after a passive verb should hardly be used in French except before an active agent, I mean before an agent that has some design or particular views in what is done by him, ex. Il est estimé de tout le monde, he is esteemed by every hody (instead of tout le monde l'es-tine, every body esteents him.) Elle étoit autourée de gens incommodes, slie was sur-rounded by troublesome people. Now elle étoit entourée pur des gens incommodes, would be rendered by common translators in this same manner, she was surrounded by troublesome people, whereas the true translation ought to be, she was surrounded by designing .troublesome people, or something equivalent to it. However, when the passive verb, besides its natural government, is to be followed by de, Your we must use par before the agent, ex. work has been praised in a very delicate manver by a great academician, votre ouvrage a lithree feet in length. After a superlative ex

été loué d'une manière fort délicate par un

grand académicien.

VI. The French du, m. de la f. (or de l' before a vowel or h mute) and des plural, all of which generally become de when an adjective is to be placed before a noun taken in a partitive sense, may be rendered into English by some (or any, according to circumstances,) when only a small portion or a small number is meant, especially with an emphasis: but when there is no emphasis to be laid upon the portion or number whether small or great, those partitive articles may be suppressed in English. Hence it is that we find it a du vin, expressed by he has some wine, and simply by he has wine; and il a de bon vin by he has some good wine, and simply by he has good

Whenever a noun used in the partitive sense is affected by an expression which of itself requires de before what it falls upon, then, for the sake of euphony, the English some (or its equivalent any) without emphasis may be suppressed, and de alone be used; but as some (or any) with emphasis may be rendered by quelque, quelques, un peu, un peu de, etc. so of some (of any) etc. with emphasis, may be de quelque, de quelques, d'un peu, d'un peu de. Hence it is that the French say: il nous a donné du vin, for he gave us wine or he gave us some wine, without emphasis as to the small quantity; and il nous a donné un peu de vin, for he gave us some wine in the sense of he gave us a little wine; il nous a donné un verre de vin, for he gave us a glass of winle (wherein the quantity is determined by verre, glass;) il nous a montré du vin, for he showed us wine, or some wine; it nous a partle de vin, for he spoke to us of wine in the sense of he spoke to us of some wine or he spoke to us of wine (indeterminately as to the quantity or sort.)

After some English expressions of quantity After some Engiser Cyptes of the State of the Cyptes of the State of t things or persons spoken of have a definite signification, the French particle de cannot be suppressed. Hence, il a beaucoup d'esprit, he has much wit; il a beaucoup de l'esprit dont vous parlez, he has much of the wit of which you speak; it a beaucoup d'amis, he has many friends; il a beaucoup des amis qui vous nunquent, he has many of those friends whom you have not.

VII. The French de may be commonly used to express in before any word which im-plies manner. Hence, de la manière dont il se comporte, in the manner in which he behaves; osez-vous me parler de cette manière, or de la sorte? dare you speak to me in that (or this) manner? De is often expressed by in when it comes in the sense of dans, pendant, durant. Hence, de notre temps, in our dant, dardin. Itenee, de noure temps, in our time; de four, in the day-time; de grand matin, early in the morning. In speaking of dimensions, as in trois pieds de long or trois pieds de longueur, if the adjective of dimension be used in English, de disappears; if the noun of dimension be used, de is rendered by in; hence the English, three feet long or

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

pression, de, in the sense of dans, is generally to be in; in the sense of dentre, it may be among or of, ex. Elle est la plus belle femme de la province, she is the handsomest woman in the country; elle est la plus belle des femmes, she is the handsomest of or among women. We find that de may stand for on in speaking of sides, as in de mon côté, on my side or on usy part; de part et d'autre or des deux côtés, on both sides; du côté de l'orient, on the east, or the east side, on the cast parts, etc. We find also that de is generally used for the English on before an instrument of musick, when the verb jouer (to play) or some equivalent, comes along with it, as in joner de la harpe, du violon, etc. to play on the larp,

on the violin, etc. VIII. Sometimes de is not expressed in English. Some circumstances have already been made obvious, not only in the preceding observations on de, but also in the 3th observation on en, which see : the following may guide the student in regard to those phrases which may be similar to them. De, before an adjective belonging to a number of individuals expressed just before, may stand for qui est, qui soit, etc. and then it is often found suppressed in English though it might be rendered by who or which is, etc. Dans ce combat il y eut 3000 hommes de tues (qui furent tues,) in that action there were 3000 men killed. In ce sot d'officier, and similar phrases, if the noun be made an English adjec-tive, de will disappear; if the noun be ex-pressed by an English noun, de will be rendered by of a or of an for the singular, and of for the plural: hence, that foolish officer and that fool of an officer. The reason is now obvious why mon contain de valet may be my rascally servant. In it n'a mangé de tout le jour, il ne reviendra de dix ans, etc. de may disappear or be rendered by for, hence he has eaten nothing this day or he has eaten nothing for this whole day, and he will not come back these ten years or he will not come back for thèse ten years. Sometimes de is prefixed to a noun without an adjective, after a tense of être, because this noun is somewhat equal to an adjective, as in il est de votre in-terêt de lui plaire (il est intéressant pour rous de lui plaire) it is your interest to please him. Sometimes a nonn which has de thus prefixed is attended with an adjective, and then both are somewhat equal to an adjective affected by an adverb: c'est de la dernière folie, it is the greatest folly, equal to, it is ex-

remely foolish.

IX. De is to be used before an infinitive in several circumstances which I shall comprise in three articles; and in the fourth I shall mention those verbs which may be followed by an infinitive without de, contrary to the general rule.

1st. Whenever an infinitive is introduced instead of a noun of things which ought to take de before it on account of the preceding expression, this infinitive should also take de. Hence an infinitive governed by a preceding expression is generally to have de, not only when the preceding expression requires of in English before the thing it may fall upon, but in those 'reumstances (wherein it is to be introduced instead of a noun) which I have no-

ticed in Obs. 2, 3, 4; ex. I have had the honour of speaking to him, j'ai eu l'honneur de lui parler; we forewarn you to take your measures, nous vous avertissons de prendre vos mesures; I do not hinder him from coming here, je ne l'empêche pas de venir ici; I laugh at seeing him run in that manner, je ris de le voir courir de cette manière (the seeing of him run in that manner is the cause of my laughing). I am glad to find you here, je suis bien aise de vous trouver ici (the finding of you here is the cause of my being glad.)

you here is the cause of my being glad.)

2dty. Whenever an infinitive is made to stand where a noun of things governed in the accusative should stand, that infinitive is generally to have de before it, though the noun ought not to take de, since the accusative of a thing or person is to present itself without any preposition. Hence, though we say, to forget a thing, oublier une chose, yet I have forgotten to bring my books, should be rendered by j'ai oublie d'apporter mes livres (I have forgotten what? to bring my books stands here for the thing which I have forgotten, that is to say to bring my books stands instead of the accusative of I have forgotten, there I must observe that a few verbs which govern the accusative of the thirg, will however require à before the infinitive which they are made to govern in order to express a tendency towards doing or acquiring, etc. what he infinitive means: and though we say, aimer une chose, etc. we must say, aime une chose, montrer une chose, étudier une chose, chercher une chose, etc. we must say, aime une chose, etc. We must say, aime une chose, etc. define, montrer à faire, apprendre à faire, montrer à faire, apprendre à faire, montrer à faire, s'étudier à daire, chercher à faire, etc. See also hereafter, at 4thly.

3dly. Whenever an infinitive, which ought

sally. Whenever an infinitive, which ought naturally to be the nominative of another verb, is placed after this other verb, because il or ce'has been given to it as a borrowed nominative; it seems that this infinitive, thrust out of its place, is introduced as a sort of accusative case; and therefore it should take de according to what has been observed at the article 2dly. And yet if the same infinitive were actually used as the nominative of the other verb, it ought to present itself without any preposition. Hence it is that, it is useless to speak to me about it, is in French, il est inutile de ni'en parler; instead of m'en parler est inutile, the equivalent of to speak to me about it is useless. The first construction is that which suits best the French genius, which likes to make every thing appear in a sort of accusative form. See A, Obs. II.

4thly. Certain French verbs which govern

Athly. Čertain French verbs which govern the thing in the accusative, will have the infinitive they govern (instead of that accusative) present itself barely without any preposition: such are, affirmer, aimer mieux, aller, assurer, arouer, compter, confesser, croire, daigner, déclarer, déposer, désirer, devoir, dire, entendre, envoyer, faire, falloir, s'imaginer, luisser, mener, vier, oser, outr, paroître, pouvoir, prétendre, publier, rapporter, reconnoûtre, savoir, sembler, sonhaiter, soutenir, valoir mieutex, renir, voir: il affirme l'avoir vu, he affirms to have seen it, or he affirms that he has seen it, etc. Some of these will however be sometimes followed by de and

bar, bat, base: thère, čbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

an infinitive, as désirer, venir, souhaiter, dire, etc. Il désire or souhaite de vous voir, he wishes to see you. Dites-leur de renir, bid them come. Je viens de lui parler, I have just spoken to him. Il ne fait que d'arriver, he is but just arrived.

D'É, då, s. m. die; thimble; (in architecture) middle of the pedestals.

D'é, s. m. Mar. coak or cog (of the block

. De, s. m. Mar. coak or cog (of the block sheave.) De de fonte, brass cog. Piper le de, to cog the dice. Tenir tonjours le de dans la conversation, to engross all the talk to one's self. Le de en est jeté, it is a thing resolved on. Sans flatter le de, roundly, planly, without making things better than they are.

DÉALBATION, s. f. dealbation, the act of

bleaching.

DÉBACLAGE, då-bå-klåz, s. m. clearing or

opening.

DÉBACLE, då-bakl, s. f. Débâclement, s.m. breaking up of ice in a river that was frozen. Débâcle (d'un port.) clearing of a harbour (by removing the lightened vessels to make room for such as are laden.)

DÉBACLER, då-bå-klå, v. n. to break, as ice does; also to clear, open (a harbour, win-

DÉBACLEUR, dà-bà-kleur, s. m. water-

bailiff.

DÉBAGOULER, då-bå-goo-lå, v. a. to blurt or blab out, talk sillily.

DEBAGOULEUR, s.m. he that talks without

thinking.

DÉBALLER, dà-bà-là, v. a. to unpack; to pack or ge wav.

DEBANDALE, då-ben-dåd, s. f. Fuir à la débandade, to fly helter-skelter. Aller à la débandade, to straggle or go a straggling. Vivre à la débandade, to lead a loose, disorderly life. Mettre tout à la débandade, to leave all at ran-

DÉBANDEMENT, dà-bend-mêu, s. m. dis-

persion, relaxation, unbending.
DEBANDER, då-ben-då, v. a. to untie, un-

bind or loosen, unbend, uncoek.

Se débander, v. r. to slacken, grow loose or unbent; (suid of soldiers) to straggle or disband themselves; to unbend, recreate, refresh (the mind.)

DÉBANQUER, v. a. to get all the money the banker has before him, fin genting.)
DÉBAPTISER, då-bà-di-zà, v. a. to unchristen. Il se feroit débaptiser, he would renounce his baptism.

DÉBARBOUILLER, då-bar-boo-lå, v. a. to clean, wash or make clean (the fuce.)

DÉBARCADÈRE, s. f. landing-place.

DÉBARCADOUR, s. m. place for landing a ship's cargo.
DEBARDAGE, då-bår-dåz, s. m. unlading

(of wood.) DEBARDER,då-bar-då,v.a.to unlade(wood.) DÉBARDEUR, då-bår-deur, s. m. lighterman, porter that assists in unlading (wood.)
DÉBARQUEMENT, då-bårk-mên, s.m. Mar.

disembarking, debarcation, landing.
DÉBARQUER, da-bar-ka, v. a. & n. Mar. to
disembark, land, nunade or unload. Débarquer
un officier, to disebarge an officer. Débarquer ses pondres, to get out the powder. Débarquer des marchandises, to unload or land goods.

DEBARRAS, s. m. cessation or deliverance from embarrassment, the being rid of.

DÉBARRASSEMENT, då-bå-rås-men, s. m.

clearing, disentangling, deliverance. Déparrasser, dà-bà-rà-sà, v. a. to clear or get clear, free or get out, disentangle or disintricate, rid of or from.

DÉBARRER, dà-bà-rà, v. a. to unbar. DÉBAT, dà-bà, s. m. debate, strife, quar-

rel, contest, dispute, controversy, altereation. DÉBATER, då-bà-tà, v. a. to take off the pack-saddle.

DÉBATTRE, då-båtr, v. n. (like battre) to debate, discuss, or examine, dispute, strive, contend, fall out or quarrel. Se débattre, v. v to struggle, strive.

DÉBAUCHE, dà-bòsh, s. f. debauch, de-bauchery, riotous banquetting and revelling. Fuire débauche, to revel. Passer sa vie dans la débauche, to lead a levd life, be a lewd or debauched man, be a whore-master. Une homiète débauche, an innocent mirth or merry making.

DÉBAUCHÉ, E, dà-bò-shà, adj. and s. debauched, loose, lewd, debauchee, prostitute.

DÉBAUCHER, da-bó-shà, v. a to debauch, spoil or deprave: to corrupt, bribe. Débuscher quelqu'um de son travail, to take one off from his work. Débaucher un valet, to get or entice away a servant. Viande qui debanche l'estomac, meat that disorders the stomach. Se débaucher, v. r. to debauch one's self, take a lewd course of life, follow ill courses; leave off one's work.

DÉBAUCHEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. debauchee. DÉBET, S. m. balance due in account. DÉBIFTÉ, E, då-bi-fà, adj. disordered, sur-

feited, debilitated, quite out of sorts. DÉBILE, da-bil, adj. weak, feeble, faint, in-

DÉBILEMENT, då-bîl-mên, adv. faintly, weakly, feebly.

DÉBILITATION, då-bî-lî-tà-sîon, s. f. debili-

tation, weakening, enfectling.
DÉBILITÉ, då-bl-li-tå, s. f. debility, feebleness, weakness, infirmity

DÉBILITÉ, E, adj. debilitated, etc.
DÉBILITER, dà-bî-lî-lâ, v. n. to debilitate,
weaken or enfeeble. Se débiliter, v. r. to weaken, grow weak.

DÉBILLER, v. a. to loosen the horses (that draw a ship or boat in a river.)

DEBIT, då-bi, s. m. utterance, market, sale. Murchandise de bon débit, commodity that sells well or goes off very well. Il a un beau déhit, he has a good utterance or delivery

DÉBITANT, E, s. m. & f. he or she that

sells commodities

DÉBITER, dà-bî-ta, v. a. to sell, vend, ntter or put off; (un bruit) to spread a report. Il débite bien sa marchandise, or il aébite bien, he converses well.

DÉBITEU-R, SE, då-bl-teur, s. m. & f. debtor; (de nouvelles) spreader of news, gossip.
DÉBITRIEE, då-bi-tris, s. f. female debtor

or simply debtor.

DÉBITTER, v. a. Mar. to unbit or unbite. Débitte le second câble, unbit the best bower. DÉBLAI, då-blè, s. m. riddance; removal (of dirt, etc.)

DÉBLATÉRER, v. n. to declaim against one with violence.

buse, but : jeune meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

DÉBLAYER, då-biè-yà, v. a. to rid, free, || clear of what is cumbersome.

DÉBOIRE, dà-bwar, s. m. ill after-taste or

tang, grief, sorrow, choke-pear.
DEBOITEMENT, då-bwål-mån, s. m. putting out of joint, disjointing, dislocation.

DÉBOITER, da-bwa-ta, v. a. to put out of

joint. DÉBONDER, då-bon-då, v. a. to open the

dam, sluice, wear or floodgate. Débonder, v. n. Se débonder, v. r. to sluice

out, break out, or open, burst forth. DÉBONDONNER, dà-bon-dô-nà, v. a. to un-

bung or take out the stopple.
*DÉBONNAIRE, dà-bô-ner, adj. debonair,

good, gracious, meek, gentle, kind.

*DÉBONNAIREMENT, då-bô-ner-mên,adv. graciously, kindly.

*DÉBONNAIRETÉ, s. f. goodness, good nature, gentleness, meckness, moderation.
DÉBORD, s. m. (of bile) overflowing.
DÉBORD, e. dà-bôr-dà, adj. lewd, dissolute, debauched; overflowed, etc.
DÉBORDEMENT, dà-bôrd-mên, s. m. over-

flowing, inundation; breaking out; loose life, debauchery, lewdness, depravation; irruption.

DÉBORDER, dà-bor-dà, v. a. to unborder (a garment) v. n. to jut out. Se déborder, v. r. to overflow, break out of its banks. Déborder; v. n. Mar. to put off, sheer off, quit boarding. Deborder, v. a. Mar. to rip off the planks of; (les huniers, etc.) to let go.

DÉBOSSER un câble, etc. Mar. to take off

the stoppers from the cable, etc.

DÉBETTÉ, E, adj. unbooted, whose boots are off.

DÉBOTTER. da-bô-ta, v. a. to pull off another's boots. Se débotter, v. r. to pull off one's

DÉBOUCHÉ, E, adj. unstopped, open. DÉBOUCHÉ, då-bôo-shå, s. m. opening, way to escape, channel or opportunity for getting off or selling off (articles of trade;) defile.

DÉBOUCHEMENT, dà-bòosh-mên, s. m. opening, unstopping, clearing, channel or opportunity for getting off or selling off (articles of trade;) defile.

DÉBOUCHER, dà-bôo-shà, v. a. to unstop, uncork, open, clear.

DÉBOUCLER, da-bôo-klà, v. a. to un-buckle; (une carale) to unving; to uncurl (lair.)

DÉBOUILLI, s. m. trying of colours (in dy-

ing.)
DÉBOUILLIR, v.a. to try colours (in dying.)
DÉBOUQUEMENT, då-bôok-mên, s.m. Mar. nel or out from between islands.

Déвоиquen, då-bôo-kå, v. n. Mar. to disembogue, sail out of a narrow channel or out from between islands. Nous arons débouque pur les îles Philippines, we sailed out from between the Philippines.

DÉBOURBER, da-boor-bà, v. a. to take out of or cleanse from mud.

DÉBOURGEONNER, v. a. la vigne, to nip off the young buds of a vine. DÉBOURRER, dà-bôo-rå, v. a. to polish or

fashion. Se débourrer, v. r. to grow polite,

DÉBOURSÉ. då-bôor-så s. m. money laid

out, disbursement, chargest

DÉBOURSEMENT, dà-boors-mên, s. m. disbursement, disbursing or laying out. Faire or ten commandments.

un déhoursement considérable, to lay out a considerable sum of money.

DÉBOURSER, dà-bôor-sà, v. a. to disburse,

bien de l'argent, you must layout a great deal.

Debour, de boo, adv. up, standing on one's legs or feet. Etre debout, to stand; to be up or stirring. Debout! up, get up, rise. Mar. Ex. debout an vent, head to wind. Debout à terre, head in for the land. Debout à la lame, head to the sea. Debout au corps, end on. Debout an courant, end on to the tide. tre un aviron debout, to toss an oar up. Prendre la lame debout, to bow the sea.

DEBOUTER, da-boo-ta, v. a. to cast off or

reject (at law.)

DÉBOUTONNÉ, E, adj. unbuttoned, whose breast is open. Manger à ventre déboutonné, to crain one's self with meat, eat to excess.

DÉBOUTONNER, dà-boo-tô-nã, v.a. tounbutton. Se déboutonner, v. r. to unbutton one's

coat, etc. To unbosom one's self.
DÉBRAILLÉ, E, då-brå-lå, adj. whose

breast is open.

DÉBRAILLER, (SE) v. r. to expose one's bosom.

DÉBREDOUILLER, dabr-do-la, v. a. to save the lurch (in gaming.)

DÉBRIDER, dà-brî-dà, v. a. to unbridle. Sans debrider, without drawing bit; also with-

out intermission. DÉBRIS, då-bri, s. m. wreck, ruins, rubbish, broken remains, pieces of wreck.

DÉBROUILLEMENT, då-brool-men, s. m. clearing, disentangling, unfolding, disiutricat-

DÉBROUILLER, då-brôo-lå, v. a. to clear, disentangle, disintricate, unravel.

DÉBRUTALISER, v. a. to cure of a rude, blunt, unpolite behaviour.

DÉBRUTIR, då-brå-tir, v. a. to polish, make

DÉBUCHER, dà-bû-shà, v. a. to dislodge, v. n. to leave the woods (said of wild beasts.)

DÉBUSQUEMENT, s. m. the act of forcing

one from an advantageous post.

DÉBUSQUER, da-bûs-kû, v. a. to drive, beat out or force from (an advantageous post,) to oust, thrust or turn out, supplant or under-

mine, give (one) a remove.

DÉBUT, th-ld, s. m. lead, first 'cast or throw, beginning (of a discourse or enterprise,) first appearance (of an octor.) Faire un heau déhut, to begin well.

DÉBUTANT, E, s. m. & f. he or she who plays for the first time.

DÉBUTER, dà-bû-ta, v. n. to lead or play first, to begin, v. a. to hit or knock away (a bowl. etc.)

Decà or De-cà, de-sa, V. cà.

DÉCACHETER, da-kash-ta, v. a. to unseal, open or break open (what is sealed.)
DECADE, da-kad, s. f. decade, number of

V. Dicadi.

DÉCADENCE, dà-kà-dens, s. f. decay; decadency, decline or declining, wreck, ruin, fall. Un empire qui va en décadence, a declining or falling empire, an empire that begins to fall.

DÉCAGONE, dà-kà-gòn, s.m.or adj. decagon. DÉCAISSER, dà-kè-sà, v. a. to uncase

poods,) to take out of a box or chest.

Décalogue, dà-kà-lòg, s. m. decalogue

DEC

DEC

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

DÉCAMÉRON, s. m. Decameron (relation) of ten days' events or conversations.)

DECAMPEMENT, da-kanp-men, s. m. de-campment or marching off.

DÉCAMPER, då-kan-på, v. n. to march off, decamp, go from the camp, run away.

DÉCANAT, da-ka-na, s. m. deanery. DÉCANISÉR, v. n. to supply the place of a dean in his absence.

DÉCANONISER, v. a. to uncanonize.

DÉCANTATION, s. f. decantation, decanting. DÉCANTER, v. n. to decant any liquor,

Décapeller, v. n. to decant any liquor, pour it gently from one vessel into another.

Décapeller, v. a. Mar. to take the rigging, etc. off the mast head. Décapeler une hame, to get a top off. Décapeler les haubans, to strip the masts.

DÉCAPER, v. a. to take off the verdigris of the copper, v. n. Mar. to weather a cape.

DÉCAPITATION, s. f. beheading.
DÉCAPITATION, s. f. beheading.
DÉCAPITER, då-kå-pl-tå, v. a. to behead.
DÉCARRELER, då-kår-lå, v. a. to unpave.

DÉCASTYLE, s. m. decastyle (building with ten columns in front.) DÉCASYLLABE, da-kā-si-lāb, adj. verse consisting of ten syllables.

DÉCEDER, dil-sà-dà, v. a. to decease, die. *DÉCEINDRE, v. a. (see the table at emdre.) to ungird or undo a girdle.

DECEINT, E, adj. ungirded. DÉCÉLÉ, r., adj. detected, disclosed, discovered, revealed.

DÉCÈLEMENT, da-sel-men, s. m. revealing, discovery, detection, disclosing.

DÉCELER, das-là, v. a. to detect, disclose,

discover or reveal. DÉCELEU-R, SE, das-leur, leuz, s. m. & f.

discoverer, informer. DÉCEMBRE, dà-seubr, s. m. December.

DÉCEMMENT, dà-sà-mên, adv. decentiy, handsomely.

DÉCEMVIR, dà-sem-vir, s. m. decemvir. DECEMVIRAL, E, adj. belonging to the decemviri.

DÉCEMVIRAT, då-sem-vî-ra, s. m. decem-

virate. DÉCENCE, da-sens, s.f. decency, decorum,

becomingness, seemliness, fitness. DÉCENNAL, E, da-sen-nal, adj. decennial.

DÉCENT, E, dà-sèn, sènt, adj. decent, handsome, behtting, seemly, becoming.

DÉCEPTION, dà-sép-sion, s. f. deceit, de-

ception, cheat.

DÉCERNER, dà-sêr-nà, v. a. to decree, or-

der, ordain or appoint.

Décès, da-sè, s. m. decease, death, demise.

Décèvable, adj. liable to be deceived.

DÉCEVANT, E, das-ven, vent, adj. deceitful, crafty, uncertain, false, vain, treacherous.

DECEVOIR, dås-vwar, v. a. (like concevoir)

to deceive, cheat, beguile.

DÉCHAÎNEMENT, dâ-shên-mên, s. m. outrage or outrageous language, railing. DÉCHAÎNER, dâ-she-na, v. a. to unchain,

break loose, to let loose, set up, incense, to break one's chains, get loose; also to inveigh most bitterly or with great impatience, rail.

DÉCHALANDER, v. a. to entice or get cus-

tomers away from. one's note or sing another tune. It y a bien à déchanter, things fall short of what was supposed or expected.

DÉCHAPERONNER l'oiseau, v. a. to unhood the hawk.

DÉCHARGE, då-sharz, s. f. unloading, discharge or purging; place of discharge, passage, outlet; case; discharge, acquittal, acquittance; discharge (of camon,) volley; warehouse or storehouse, storeroom, closet. C'est autant de décharge pour l'état, the state will be so much the more eased by it. La sentinelle fit sa décharge, the sentinel fired his piece. Décharge de coups de bâton, sound drubbing with a stick, bastinado.

DÉCHARGÉ, E, adj. unloaded, etc. Taille déchargée, free easy shape. Cheval déchargée de taille, well made horse.

DÉCHARGEMENT, dà-sharz-mên, s. m. Mar. unloading or discharging of a vessel, etc. V. Commencer.

DÉCHARGER, då-shar-aa, v. a, to unload, disburden; to ease; to discharge, free, release; clear, acquit; to discharge, shoot off; to unload or draw out a charge of; to lop (a tree;) to vent or wreak; to throw off or cast (care.) It his dischargea nn grand coup de bâton sur la tête, he gave him a heavy blow with his stick upon the head. Décharger son cour à un ami, to unbosom one's self to a friend. Décharger, v. a. Mar. to unload, etc. Décharger un bâtiment, to unload a ship, discharge a ship. V. Commencer. Décharger une roile, to fill a sail (after it has lain aback.) Decharge devant, haul off all, let go and haul. Décharge derrière, main sail (or main-top sail) haul. Décharge la chaloupe, clear the launch. V. Changer, now more in use. Se decharger, v. r. (of rivers) to discharge, empty, or disembogue itself; to fade, change. Se decharger d'une faute sur un autre, to lay a fault upon another.

Déchargeur, da-shar-zeur, s. m. unla-

der, porter, etc.

DECHARMER, v. a. to uncharm, take off the charm or spell, unbewitch.

DECHARME, E, adj. lean, thin, lank, that has nothing but skin and bones left on him.

⁹ DÉCHARNER, då-shår-uå, v. a. to pick the flesh off, make lean, thin or lank.

DÉCHAUMER, v. a. said of a piece of fallow ground that has never been cultivated. Déchaussé, E, adj. whose shoes and stock-

ings are off, bare-legged, bare-footed, etc.
DECHAUSSEMENT, då-shos-men, s. m.
making of trees and vines bare at the root;

pulling off shoes and stockings.

DÉCHAUSSER, då-shô-så, v. a. to pull off the shoes and stockings; to open at the roots, dig about it, bare the roots of (a tree;) to separate from the gum (a tooth.) DÉCHAUSSOIR, da-shô-swar, s. m. instru-

ment to cut the gums from a tooth.

DECHEANCE.da-sha-ens,s.f.loss, forfeiture.

DÉCHEOIR, V. Déchoir. DÉCHET, da-shê, s. m. waste, decay, diminution, lessening or abatement, loss.
DECHEVELER, då-shev-lå, v. a. to dishe-

vel, put the hair in disorder

DÉCHEVÊTRER, dåsh-vê-trå, v. a. to unhalter, take off the halter. Se déchevêtrer d'une manvaise compagnie, to get rid of bad company. DECHIFFRABLE, da-chif-frabl, adj. that

may be deciphered Déchiffrement, dâ-shifr-mên, s. m. ds

ciphering.

buse, bût : jêûne, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

DÉCHIFFRER, då-shì-frå, v. a. to decipher, read though badly written, find out the meaning of; to unravel, disentangle, clear, discover, unfold. Déchiffrer une personne, to set one out in his proper colours

DÉCHIFFREUR, dà-shi-freur, s. m. deci-pherer, expounder of ciphers.

DÉCHIQUETER, då-shik-tå, v. a. to cut,

slash or mangle.

DÉCHIQUETURE, dà-shîk-tur, s. f. cut,

DÉCHIRAGE, då-shi-raz, s. m. breaking (of old boats or barges to get the timber.) Bois de déchirage, old timber from boats or barges.

DÉCHIRÉ, E. da-shì-rà, adj. rent, torn, torn off, torn in pieces, etc. Etre tout déchiré,

to be all in rags or tatters

DÉCHIREMENT, da-shir-mên, s. m. tearing, tearing off or in pieces, rending. Déchire-ment de cœur heart breaking.

DÉCHIRER, då-shî-rå, v. a. to rend, tear or tear off, pull or tear in pieces, mangle; to rail at, bespatter, revile or defame. Déclirer à coups de fouet, to lash or jerk to pieces. Se déchirer, v. r. to rend, tear one's self, etc.

DÉCHIRURE, då-shì-rdr, s. f. rent.

DÉCHOIR, då-shwar, v. a. (see choir in the table) to decay or fall, sink, decline, dwindle

DÉCHOUER, dà-shỏo-à, v. a. to get afloat or off the ground (into deep water) or get off

(a ship that has run aground.)

DÉCHU, E, adj. decayed, wasted, fallen away, etc. Déchu de quelque droit, that has lost or forfeited a right or privilege. DÉCIDÉ, E, då-si-då, adj. decided, deter-

mined.

DÉCIDÉMENT, dà-sî-dà-mên, adv. posi-

tively, resolutely

DÉCIDER, då-sl-då, v. a. to decide, deter-Décider, mine or resolve, make an end of. v. n. to be dogmatical or peremptory. Décider de la fortune de quelqu'un, to dispose of one's

DÉCIMABLE, dà-sî-mabl, adj. liable to pay

the tenths, titheable

Dfcімаг, E, då-sî-mål, adj. decimal. DECIMATEUR, da-sî-ma-teur, s. m. tith-

ing-man. Déсіматіом, då-sì-mâ-sìon, s. f. decima-

Décimer, dà-sì-mà, v. a. to decimate, punish every tenth.

DÉCIMES, dà-sim, s. f. pl. tenths.

DÉCINTRER, v. a. to remove the mould of an arch.

DÉCINTREMENT, s. m. removing of the mould or cintres of an arch after it is built.

DÉCISI-F, VF, dà-sî-zîf, ziv, àdj. décisive, eremptory. Titre décisif, clear title. DÉCISION, då-sî-zîon, s. f. decision, resoperemptory.

lution, determination.

DÉCISIVEMENT, dà-sî-zîv-men, adv. deci-

sivelv. DÉCISOIRE, dà-sî-zwar, adj. decisory, de-

ciding, decisive. DÉCLAMATEUR, då-klå-må-teur, s. m. de-

clamator, declaimer, orator.
DECLAMATION, dà-klâ-mâ-sion, s. f. deelamation, oration, bombast, abuse, invec-

DÉCLAMATOIPE, dà-klà-mà-twar, adj. declamatory, pertaining to declaiming.

DÉCLAMER, dà-klà-må, v. a. to declaim, make publick speeches. Déclamer contre, to inveigh or declaim against, rail at

DECLARATI-F, VE, då-klå-rå-tif, tlv, adj.

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declarative, declaratory.

DÉCLARATION, då-klå-rå-sion s. f. declaration, edict or proclamation, also list, inven-

DÉCLARATOIRE, dà-klå-rå-twår, adj. de-

claratory.

DÉCLARÉ, E, adj. declared, etc. Ennemi

déclaré, professed or open enemy.

DÉCLARER, dà-klå-rå, v. a. to declare, show, manifest, or publish, make plain or known, signify, announce or proclaim. On l'a déclaré criminel, he was found guilty. Se déclarer, v. r. to explain one's self, tell or open one's mind or thoughts. Se déclarer pour, to declare for, side with. La maladie s'est déclarée au bras, the distemper broke out in his

DÉCLENCHER, v. a. to lift up the latch (of a door.)

Déclic, s. m. engine to drive in stakes battering ram

Déclin, dà-klin, s. m. decline or declining, decay; (of the moon) wane. Sur le dé-clin, declining. Le jour est sur son déclin, it draws towards night. L'hiver est sur son déclin, winter is going away or growing to-wards an end. Le déclin d'une maladie, a sick-

ness past the crisis.

DECLINABLE, då-kll-nabl, adj. declinable. DÉCLINAISON, dà-klî-ne-zon, s. f. deelension; declination (of the sun;) variation (of

the needle.)

DÉCLINANT, E, dà-klî-nèn, nènt, adj. de-clining, going off. Cadran déclinant, declining dial. DÉCLINATOIRE, då-kli-nå-twar, s. m. de-

clinator or declinatory; exception against a judge or jurisdiction. Exceptions or fins dé-

climatoires have the same meaning.

DECLINER, då-klî-nå, v. a. to decline (u noun;) to except against a jurisdiction; to vary (us the needle.) v. n. to decline; decay or abate. Le jour décline, it begins to grow late, it draws towards night, the day wears apace.

DÉCLIVITÉ, s. f. declivity.

DÉCLOTRÉ, É, adj. uncloistered.
DÉCLORF, v. a. (like clore) but only used in the sing of the pres. in the fut. sing. and plur. and the participle déclos, e, to unclose, open (a park, etc.)

DÉCLOUER, da-klôo-a, v. a. to unnail. DÉCOCHEMENT, da-kôsh-mên, s. m. shooting, letting fly (an arrow.)
DECOCHER, då-ko-shå, v.a. to shoot, let fly.

Décoction, da-kôk-sion, s. f. decoction.

DÉCOIFFÉ, E, adj. without head-dress. DÉCOIFFER, da-kwa-få, v. a. to pull off a woman's head-dress, uncoif; (une bouteille) to open, crack (a bottle.)

DÉCOINCER, v. a. Mar. to knock up the wedges of.

DÉCOLLATION, dà-kô-là-sion, s. f. decollation or beheading.

DÉCOLLEMENT, då-kol-men, s. m. unglu-

ing, coming off.
DÉCOLLER, dà-kô-là, v. a. to unglue, make come off; to behead. Se décoller, v. r. to unglue, come off

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fletd, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

DÉCOLLETER, då-kôl-tå, v. a. to uncover the neck or shoulders

DÉCOLORER, dà-kô-lô-rà, v. a. to discolour or tarnish, take away the colours. Se dé-colorer, v. r. to grow discoloured, to lose or change its colour, fade.

DÉCOMBRER, då-kon-brå, v. a. to carry

off the rubbish, clear from rubbish.

DÉCOMBRES, då-konbr, s. m. pl. rubbish. DÉCOMPOSER, då-kon-pô-zå, v. a. to dissolve or resolve (a mixt body;) analyze; to confound, disconcert.

DÉCOMPOSITION, dà-kon-pô-zî-sîon, s. f.

dissolution or resolution, dissolving.

Décomple, da-kont, s. m. money to be discounted or abated, discount.

DÉCOMPTER, då-kon-tå, v. a. to discount,

deduct, abate.

DÉCONCERTER, då-kon-ser-tå, v. a. to put out; make a discord in musick; to put into disorder; disconcert, abash; to disappoint, frustrate or confound, baffle, break the measures of. Se déconcerler, v. r. to be disordered, concerned, disturbed or disconcerted.

*DÉCONFIRE, da-kon-fir, v. a. (like confire) to discomfit, rout, defeat; also to puzzle, abash.

*Déconfit, E, adj. routed, defeated or discomfited.

*Déconfiture, då-kon-fi-tur, s. f. discomfiture, rout, defeat, havock, ruin.

DÉCONFORT, s. m. despondency. DÉCONFORTER, da-kon-for-ta, v. a. to dis-

comfort, afflict or cast down. Se déconforter, v. r. to despond.

DÉCONSEILLER, da-kon-se-la, v. a. to dissuade, advise to the contrary.

DÉCONSTRUIRE, v. a. to separate the different parts (of a machine or discourse.)

DÉCONTENANCER, då-kom-nen-så, v. a. to put out of countenance, confound. Se décontenancer, v. r. to be dashed or confounded, be put out of countenance.

*DÉCONVENUE, då-konv-nů, s. f. disaster,

misfortune.

DÉCORATEUR, da-kô-ra-têur, s.m. decorator. DÉCORATION, da-kô-ra-slon, s. f. decoration, ornament, set off. Les décorations d'un théatre, the decoration of a stage, the scenes.

DÉCORDER, dà-kôr-dà, v. a. to untwist.

DÉCORER, dà-kô-rà, v. a. to decorate,

beautify, adorn, set off.

DÉCORTICATION, s. f. decortication.

DÉCORUM, då-kô-rôm, s. m. decorum, de-

DÉCOUCHER, dà-koo-shà, v.n. to lie abroad or from home, lie in another bed. Il ne découche jamais d'avec sa femme, he never lies away from his wife. Découcher (quelqu'un) v. a. to put (one) out of his bed.

DÉCOUDRE, da-koodr, v. a. (like coudre) to unsew or unstitch, rip open or off. En découdre, to have a bout or brush together. Découdre des bordages, Mar. to rip off plants from a ship's side. Se découdre, v. r. to rip, get unsewed, get in a bad way.

*Découlant, E, adj. flowing. Découlement, da-kool-men, s. m. drop-

ng, flowing, flux or running. DÉCOULER, då-kôo-lå, v. a. to flow, run

dowt, drop, trickle.

Décourer, da-kôo-pa, v. a. to cut or carve; (of cloth, etc.) to pink, cut into flowers or figures. DÉCOUPEU-R, SE, då-kôo-pêur, pèuz, s. m & f. pinker, one that figures cloth or stuff. DÉCOUPLE, E, då-kôo-plå, adj. uncoupled;

well-set or made.

DÉCOUPLE, s. m. the act of letting dogs loose upon game.

DÉCOUPLER, dà-kôo-plà, v. a. to uncou ple. Découpler quelqu'un après un autre, to let one loose upon another, set on.

DÉCOUPURE, da-kôo-pur, s. f. pinking, cut cloth, cut cloth-work, cut paper-work.
Découragement, da-kôo-raz-mên, s. m

discouragement, faint-heartedness.
Décourager, då-koo-rå-zå, v. a. to discourage, dishearten, dispirit, deter, put out of conceit. Se décourager, v. r. to grow discou

Taged or disheartened, lose courage, despond.
Décours, dâ-kôor, s. m. wane or decrease
(of the moon,) abatement (of a disease.)

DÉCOUSU, E, adj. unstitched, unsewed, ript; in a bad way; unconnected (style.)
DÉCOUSURE, då-kôo-zùr, s. f. thing unsewed or unstitched or ript; also gash (by a

tusk of a wild boar.)

DÉCOUVERT, E, adj. uncovered, discovered, etc. open (country.) A découvert, adv. openly, in the open air, barefaced, in the

face of all the people, clearly, plainly.

DÉCOUVERTE, s. f. discovery, finding out. Envoyer à la découverte, to send out scouts for intelligence. Envoyer une frégate à la découverte, Mar. to despatch a frigate on the look-out.

DÉCOUVREUR, s. m. discoverer. DÉCOUVRIR, da-kôo-vrir, v. a. (like ouvrir) to uncover, discover, see, perceive, find out or detect, disclose, open, declare, reveal, get intelligence of. Se décourrir, v. r. to uncover one's self, to pull off one's hat, discover or make one's self known; play open (at tables,) lay one's self open (in fencing.) Cela se découvrira avec le temps, that will come out or will be known one time or other, time will bring that to light. Le temps se découvre, it clears up, the clouds break asunder.

Décrasser, dà-krâ-sa, v. a. to make clean, get the dirt, grease or rust off; also to polish. Se décrasser, v. r. to get off the dirt ;

also to grow polite.

DÉCRÉDITÉ, E, adj. that has lost his credit, elc.

DÉCRÉDITEMENT, då-krå-dít-men, s. m.

discredit, discrediting, discrepute.
DECREDITER, då-krå-då-tå, v. a. to
make (onc) lose his credit; to discredit, sink

the credit, authority or reputation of (one.) Se decréditer, v. r. to lose one's credit or re-putation, sink one's credit. Décrépit, E, da-kra-pî, pît, adj. decre-

pit, erazy

DÉCRÉPITATION, s. f. decrepitation.
DÉCRÉPITER, da-kra-pl-la, v. a. to dry (salt) by the fire till it crackles no longer.
Décrépitude, då-krå-pî-tůd, s. f. crazy

or decrepit old age, decrepitude. DÉCRET, da-kre, s. m. decree, order, ordi-

nance, statute, warrant, writ or judgment.
DECRETALES, då-krå-tål, s. f. pl. decretals.

DÉCRÉTER, dà-krå-tå, v. a. to decree, order or ordain, award; (une terre) to order the sale of (an estate.)

DÉCRI, dà-krî, s. m. crying down or prohibition, disgrace, discredit.

Décrier, då-krî-å, to cry down or pro-

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

hibit, disapprove, disparage, disgrace or discredit. Décrier quelqu'un dans l'esprit du peuple, to make one odious to the people.

DÉCRIRE, dà-krlr, v. a. (like écrire, see the table at crire) to draw (a line, a circle, etc.) describe, make a description of.

DÉCRIT, E, adj. drawn, etc.

DECROCHEMENT, s. m. unhooking.
DECROCHER, då-krô-shå, v. a. to unhook,
take down or off a hook.

DÉCROCHETER, då-krosh-tå, v.a. to unhook. *Décroire, dâ-krwar, v. a. (like croire)

to disbelieve. DÉCROISSEMENT, dà-krwas-mên, s. m. de-

crease, diminution, ebbing.
DÉCROÎTRE, da-krwatr, v. n. (like croître,) to decrease, grow less, ebb. Les jours dé-croissent, the days grow shorter.

DÉCROTTER, da-krô-ta, v. a. to brush off

the dirt, rub clean (shoes, coat, etc.)

DÉCROTTEUR, då-krô-teur, s. m. shoeboy, shoe-man, shoe-cleaner, shoe-black.
DECROTTOIRE, då-krô-twar, s. f. shoe or

clothes-brush.

Décru, E, adj. decreased.

DÉCRUER, v. a. to prepare and soak (thread) previous to dying.

DÉCRUMENT, s. m. preparing and soaking of thread previous to dying.

DÉCRUSEMENT, s. m. putting of the cods of silk-worms into boiling water, the more easily to wind up the silk

DÉCRUSER, v. a. to put the cods of silkworms into boiling water, the more easily to

wind up the silk.

Déçu, E, adj. deceived, etc. Mes espérances ont été déçues, my hopes have come to nothing.

DÉCUIRASSER, v. a. to take off one's cui-

DECUIRE, da-kûir, v. a. (see the table at uire) to make (sweetmeats,) give. Décuire, v. n. to give, or grow too moist. Se décuire, v. r. to give, or grow too liquid.

DÉCUPLE, då-kupl, s. m. tenfold.

DÉCUPLER, v. a. to increase tenfold. DÉCURIE, da-ku-rl, s. f. committee of ten judges; band of ten troopers (amongst the Romans.)

Décurion, da-kû-rîon, s. m. decurion.

DÉCUSSATION, s. f. decussation

DEDAIGNER, då-dê-gnå, v. a. & n. to disdain, scorn or despise.

DÉDAIGNEUSEMENT, dadv. disdainfully, scornfully. då-de-gneuz-men,

DÉDAIGNEU-X, SE, då-dê-gnèu, gnèuz, adj. disdainful, scornful, contemptuous.

DEDAIN, da-din, s. m. disdain, scorn, con-

tempt.
DEDALE, dà-dàl, s. m. maze, labyrinth.

DÉDAMER, v. n. to put a man out of place (at draughts.)

DEDANS, de-den, adv. or prep. in, within. Mettre les voiles dedans, to furl the sails. Mettre un cheval dedans, to manage a horse. Au dedans, inward or inwardly. Par dedans, thorough or through.

DEDANS, s. m. inside. Garnir par dedans,

to line the inside.

DÉDICACE, dà-dî-kas, s. f. dedication, ad-

dress (of a book.) consecration (of a church.)
DEDICATUIRE, då-di-kå-twar, adj. Epitre dédicatoir, dedication, episthe dédicatory.

DÉDIER, da-dî-a, v. a. to dedicate, consccrate to holy use, or address a book.

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DÉDIRE, då-dir, v. a. (like dire) except in the 2d pers, plur. of the pres. ind. and impe-rat. rous dédisez, dédisez, to disown. Se dédire, v. r. to recant, retract, or unsay what one has said, not to be as good as one's word; to forsake, go contrary to. Il ne s'en neut dé-dire, he cannot go back. DEDIT, dà-dì, s. m. unsaying, forfeit (in a

bargain.) Avoir son dit et son dédit, to say and unsay. Faire un marché au dédit de mille écus, to make a bargain, with this condition, that he who goes from it shall forfeit a thousand crowns.

DÉDOMMAGÉ, E, adj. indemnified, save-I harmless.

DÉDOMMAGEMENT, då-dð-måz-mên, s. m indemnifying or saving harmless, indemnity, recompense or amends for a loss, satisfaction or reparation.

DÉDOMMAGER, dà-dô-mã-zå, v. a. to in demnify, save harmless, give a recompensa

or make amends for a loss.

DÉDORER, då-dô-rå, v. a. to ungild. Chose qui se dédore, thing the gilding of which wears off.

DÉDORMI, E, adj. lukewarm (said of water.) DÉDOUBLER, da-doo-bla, v. a. to unline,

take off the lining, divide (a regiment.)
DEDUCTION, da-duk-sion, s. f. deduction, abatement, subtraction, recital, enumeration relation, account

DÉDUIRE, då-důlr, v. a. (see the table at uire,) to deduct, abate, subtract; to deduce, draw or gather; to tell, relate. Déduire les raisons qu'on a de faire une chose, to urge the reasons one has to do a thing.

DÉDUIT, E, adj. deducted, abated, etc. V.

Dédraire.

*DÉDUIT, s. m. sport, pastime, pleasure, comfort. Déduit de vénerie or de fauconnerie, train of hunters, falconers, dogs and hawks.

DÈESSE, då-es, s. f. goddess. DÉFACHER, då-få-shå, v. a. to pacify, appease, make pleased again (used only reflect-

DÉFAILLANCE, da-fa-lens, s. f. swoon or swooning, qualm, fainting fit; weakness of nature, dissolution or death; also becoming liquid by dampuess, (in chymistry.) Tomber en défaillance, to fall into a swoon, swoon or faint away.

DÉFAILLANT, E, da-fa-lèn, lènt, s. m. & f. he or she that contemns the court, or that

does not appear.

DÉFAILLIR, då-få-lir, v. n. (like faillir) (seldom used but in the plural present) to fail, decay, grow faint and weak, swoon or faint away; also to be wanting or be scarce.

DEFAIRE, da-fer. v. a. (like faire) to undo; untie; to unravel or unweave; to free or deliver, rid; to defeat, rout, overthrow, neat; to puzzle, put out of countenance, confound or put into disorder; to make away with, kill or destroy; to obscure, eclipse (by superiority.)

Défaire, v. a. Mar. défaire les tours d'une manauvre, to take the turns out of a rope. Défaire la croix des câbles, to clear the haws. when there is a cross in it. Défaire l'amarre des surpentes des basses vergues, to unsling the lower yards

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Se défaire de, v. r. 10 sell or put off; to rid or ease one's self of, to leave off; to dismiss; to part with; to make away with, despatch, murder. Se défaire, to fall to pieces, (soi-même) to make away with (one's self;) to be dismayed or puzzled, disconcerted, confound-ed. Sans se défaire, unconcerned. DÉFAIT, E, dà-fê, fêt, adj. undone, etc. V.

Défaire, lean, wasted, grown thin, wan, pale. DÉFAITE, da-fêt, s. f. defeat, overthrow, slaughter; shift, evasion, excuse, pretence, come off, subterfuge, sham; sale, market, utterance. Une fille d'une belle défatte, a girl likely to go off very well.

DÉFALCATION, s. f. defalcation. DÉFALQUER, da-fal-ka, v. a. to defalcate,

abate, deduct. DÉFAUT, dà-fò, s. m. defect, want or lack, default, flaw, vice, fault, imperfection; non-appearance in court. Le défaut des côtes, the small of the back. Le défaut de la lune, the change of the moon. Le défaut de la cuirasse, the extremity of the armour, a man's weak side. Les chiens sont en défaut, the dogs are at fault. Mettre en défaut, to baffle. Au dé-faut de, for want of, instead of. Au défaut de la force il faut employer la ruse, where strength

is wanting, cunning must be used.
DEFAVEUR, då-få-veur, s. f. disfavour,

disgrace, discredit, fall

DÉFAVORABLE, adj. unfavourable.

DEFAVORABLEMENT, adv. unfavourably. DÉFÉCATION, s. f. defecation, purification (by the settling of the dregs.)

DÉFECTI-F, ve, då-fêk-ilf, tlv, adj. defec-

tive.

DÉFECTION, då-fêk-slon, s. f. defection. DÉFECTUEU-X, SE, då-fêk-tû-cù, euz, adj. defective, imperfect, faulty.

DÉFECTUEUSEMENT, adv. imperfectly. DÉFECTUOSITÉ, da-fêk-tû-ô-zi-ta, s. f. de-

fect, imperfection, fault.

DEFENDABLE, adj. defensible.

DEFENDANT, då-fèn-dèn, Ex. A son corps défendant, in one's own defence.

DÉFEND-EUR, ERESSE, dà-fen-deur, dres,

s. m. & f. defendant.

Défendre, da-fendr, v. a. to desend, protect, maintain or support, uphold or bear out; to shelter, secure; to forbid or prohibit, to bar or keep from. Defendre le canot, Mar. bat or keep from. Defenare te canor, Mar. to defend the boat. Se défendre, v. r. to defend one's self, etc. Se défendre de, to decline, excuse one's self from, deny, keep one's self from, keep off, clear one's self from, forbear, resist. Se défendre du prix, to beat down the price, haggle about the price. Place qui peut se défendre, desensible place, place of defence.

DÉFENDS, s. m. Ex. En défends, forbidden, (said of wood not to be cut down or fields

where cattle must not graze.)
DEFENSE, da-fens, s. f. defence; protection, countenance, prop, support; vindication, apology, justification, prohibition; resistance; guard, Défenses, reply, answer, plea; fence, fortification; tusks (of a boar.) Mar. skids or skeeds, fenders.

Défenseur, dà-fén-seur, s. m. defender,

protector, assertor.

fensive.

tenir sur la défensive, to act defensively or upon the defensive

Déféquer, dà-fà-kà, v. a. to defecate, to refine or cleanse from dregs.

Déférante, da-fa-rèn, rènt, adj. yield-

ing, condescending, complying.

DEFERENCE, da-fa-rens, s. f. deference, respect, submission, regard, condescension, compliance.

DÉFÉRENT, adj. & s. m. deferent. DÉFÉRER, då-få-rå, v. n. to yield, submit, or give way, condescend. v.a.to inform against, accuse, inipeach; to decree, appoint or order; to tender or administer (an oath.)

Déferler, da-fér-là, v. a. Mar. to un-furl, loose, etc. Ce bâtiment a son petit hunier déferlé, that ship has got her foretop-sail loose. La mer déferloit sur la côte avec beaucoup de violence, the surf broke with great violence upon the coast.

DEFERMER, v. a. to unlock. DEFERRE, adj. unshod, that has lost one

or more of his shoes (speaking of a horse.)
Déferrer, då-fè-rà, v. a. to unshoe (a horse;) to nonplus, dash, confound. Se diferer, v. r. to get unshod, come off (as the tag of a luce,) be dashed or confounded.

DEFET, s. m. waste sheets of a book (with

printers.)

DÉFI, da-fî, s. m. challenge. Fai. fi, to challenge, bid defiance, defy. DÉFIANCE, da-fî-ens, s. f. distrust,

trust, diffidence, suspicion, jeaiousy.

en défance, to begin to mistrust.

DÉFIANT, E., da-fi-èn, ênt, adj. diffident,
mistrustful, suspicious, jealous.

DÉFICIT, s. m. deficience, deficiency.

DÉFICIT, s. m. deficience, deficiency.

bid defiance to. Je vous défie de me dire, 1

bet you cannot tell me. Se défier de, v. r. to
mistenst distrust, suspect.

Défier, Mar, to listrust, suspect. Défier, Mar. to Défie des embardées, don't yaw the bear off. ship so. Défie du vent, you are quite in the wind. Défie le canot de l'ancre, bear the boat off from the anchor.

Défigurer, då-fî-gå-rå, v. a. to disfi-

gure, deform or spoil.

DEFILE, då-fl-lå, s. m. defile, narrow lane
or Passage. V. Défiler.
DEFILER, då-fl-lå, v. a. & n. to unstring

or take off from the string; to file off (as sol-

diers.)
DÉTINI, E. då-fî-nî, nl, adj. defined, etc.
(V. Définir) definite.

DEFINI, s. m. thing defined.

DÉFINIR, da-fî-nîr, v. a. to define; (un homme) give the definition or character of a

man; determine, appoint, decide.

DEFINITEUR, da-fi-ni-teur, s. m. definitor, (counsellor or assistant of the general or pro-

vincial of a religious order.)

DÉFINITI-F, VE, då-fi-ni-tif, tiv, adj. definitive, peremptory. En définitive. V. Définitivement.

DÉFINITION, dà-fî-nî-sîon, s. f. definition, decision.

DÉFINITIVEMENT, dà-fî-nî-tlv-mên, adv. definitively, peremptorily

DEFINITOIRE, da-fi-m-twar, s. m. chapter (of a religious order.)

DEFENSIVE, s. f defensive. Ex. Etre or se the aqueous part of a substance.

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : ensant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

DEFLEGMER, v. a. to take off the aqueous part of a substance

DÉFLEURIR, då-flêu-rîr, v. n. to shed or let fall blossoms (said of trees.)

DÉFLEXION, s. f. deflection, deflexure.

DÉFLORATION, dà-flò-rà-sìon, s. f. deflo-

ration or deflowering, ravishing.

Déflorer, då-flo-rå, v. a. to deflower,

DEFLUXION, dà-fluk-slon, s. f. defluxion. DÉFONCEMENT, då-fons-men, s. m. stav-

ing (a cask.)

DÉFONCER, då-fon-så, v. a. to stave, shove in or out, knock out the head or bottom. Votre grand hunier est défoncé, Mar. your main top-sail is split.

DÉFORMER, då-for-må, v. a. to put out of form, make lose its form (said of a shoe or

DÉFORMITÉ, V. Difformité. DÉFOURNER, då-fôor-nå, v. a. to take out of the oven.

DÉFRAI, s. m. defraying.

DÉFRAYÉ, É, adj. defrayed.
DÉFRAYER, då-fré-yå, v. a. to defray, bear the charges of. Il a défrayé toute la compagnie, he has been the fool or laughing stock of the company

DÉFRICHEMENT, dà-frish-men, s. m. grubbing or clearing up, preparing for cultivation.

Defricher, da-fri-sha, v. a. to grub up (an untilled piece of ground,) to clear.

Defricher, da-fri-sheur, s. m. that pre pares waste land for cultivation.

Défriser, då-frì-zà, v. a. to put (hair) out of curl.

DÉFRONCER, då-fron-så, v. a. to undo the gathers; take out the plaits; to smooth (the brow.)

DÉFROQUE, s. f. goods or moveables, that

an abbot, etc. leaves at his death.

DÉFROQUÉ, E, adj. stript of monkish garb : also that has renounced his order.

DÉFROQUER, då-frô-kå, v. a. to throw off

the monkish garb; strip or rob.

DEFUNER, då-få-nå, v. a. Mar. to unrig.

DEFUNER, e, då-fun, funt, adj. & s. deceas-

ed, late. Le roi défunt. La défunte reine. DÉGAGÉ, E, da-gà-zà, adj. disengaged, etc. V. Dégager. Taille dégagée, free, easy shape, Chambre dégagée, room with a pri-

vate door to it.

DÉGAGEMENT, dà-gàz-mên, s. m. disengaging, freeing; secret communication, private door or staircase. Etre dans un entier dégagement de toutes chôses, to be free upon all accounts, to have no tie upon one. Degagement de sa parole, recalling one's words.

DÉGAGER, då-gå--à, v. a. to disengage, fetch, get or take off; to relieve (a city;) to redeem (a pledge, Cela se faisoit pour dégager davantage la place en dedans, this was done to get more room within. Dégager sa parole, to call in one's word; also to make one's word good, perform one's promise. Se degager adroitement, to wind one's self out. Mar. ger advocement, to wind one's sen out and to clear, relieve, rescue. Dégager un palan, to clear away a tackle sail. Dégager Vancre, to clear the anchor. Dégager un bâtiment, to relieve or rescue a ship from the possession or attack or pursuit of an enemy.

DÉGAÎNE, da-gên, s. f. Ex. D'une beile dé-

gaine, n as awkward manner.

DÉGAÎNER, dã-gê-nã, v. a. to unsheath. DÉGANTER, då-gan-tå, v. a. to pull off the oves. Se déganter, v. r. to pull off one's gloves.

DÉGARNIR, då-går-nir, v. a. to disgarnish; to unfurnish; to take off the trimmings; to drain or strip of soldiers or ammunition, leave unprovided. Dégarnir, v. a. Mar. to unrig, unship, etc. Dégarnir un vaisseau, to unrig a ship. Degariar an extreme de monde, to strip a vessel of her hands. Degarnir les avirons, to unship the oars. Degarnir le cabestan, to unship the capstern bars. Degarnir les mâts, to strip the masts. Se dégarnir, v. r. to leave off one's warm clothing.

DÉGASCONNER, då-gås-kô-nå, to teach a Gascon to speak true French.
DÉGAT, då-gå, s. m. spoil, havock, desolation, pillage, pillaging or ransacking, waste. Faire le dégat, to devastate.

DÉGAUCHIR, då-gò-shìr, v. a. to plane, level, smooth from inequality, straighten.
DEGAUCHISSEMENT, da-go-shis-mon, s. m.
levelling, smoothing, straightening.

DÉGEL, då-zel, s. m. thaw, thawing weather. Ce vent cause le dégel, this wind thaws. DEGELER, daz-lâ, v. a. to thaw. DEGELER, v. n. Se dégeler, v. r. to thaw.

DEGENERATION, s. f. degeneration.

DEGENÉRER, dà-zå-nå-rå, v. n. to degenerate, grow worse. Dégénérer de ses ancê-tres. La querelle dégénéra en guerre civile. DÉGINGANDÉ, E, dà-zin-gàn-dà, adj. out

of order, as if dislocated (said of one's gait.)

DÉCLUER, då-glů-å, v. a. to unglue, take off the bird-lime. Se dégluer, v. r. to get un-glued. Se dégluer les yeux, to unglue one's eye-lids. Se dégluer d'une méchante affaire, to get rid of a scurvy business.

Déglutition, s. f. deglutition.
*Dagobiller, då-gô-bî-lå, v. a. to bring

or spew up, or vomit.
*Dégorillis, s.m. spewing, things spew-

DÉGOISER, dà-gwà-så, v. a. & n. to enirp,

blab, prattle.
DEGORGEMENT, då-gårz-men, s. m. overflowing; cleansing out.

DÉGORGEOIR, s. m. engine to clear a gun, priming-wire, also spilling line, (Mar.).
DÉGORGER, dà-giôr-zà, v. a. to clear or cleanse a pipe; to scour cloth. Faire dégorger du poisson, to purge, soak or water fish. Dégorger la pompe, Mar. to clear the pump (when choked.) Dégorger la lumière d'un canon, to clear the vent of a gun. Se dégorger, v. r. to overflow, to disgorge, empty, dis-

charge, disembogue itself.

DEGOTER, v. a. to drive one away from

his employment.

DEGOURDI, E, adj. & s. quickened, revived, whose numbness or stiffness is removed, sharp

lad or girl.

DÉGOURDIR, då-goor-dir, v. a. to quicken, revive, remove a stiffness or numbness. Dégourdir le vin, to damask wine. Se dégour-dir, v. r. to grow supple; (se déniaiser) to learn wit, grow sharp.

DÉGOURDISSEMENT, dà-gôor-dis-mên, s. m. quickening or reviving, removing of a stiffness or numbness (caused by cold, etc.)

DEGOUT, da-goo, s. m. loathing of meat, satiety, bad stomach, surfeit; disgust, distaste,

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

dislike, aversion, weariness, loathsomeness; bitter draught, choke-pear. Cette viande me donne du dégoût, this meat goes against my stomach. La fièvre me cause un grand de stomach view mayers me leathe meat. Il v gold, my fever makes me loathe meat. Il y en a qui ont du dégoût pour la soupe, there are some who nauseate soup. Concevoir du dégolt pour la vie, to be out of conceit with life, begin to be weary of life.

DÉGOUTANT, E, dà-gôo-tèn, tênt, adj. loathsome, distasteful; unpleasant.
DÉGOUTÉ, E, dà-gôo-tà, adj. that loathes

meat, that has a bad stomach, surfeited; out of conceit with, weary of or surfeited with.

DÉGOUTÉ, s. m. squeamish fellow. Faire le dégolité, to be nice and squeamish. Un bon dégoûté, a person fond of mirth or a good ta-

ble, a person who has a good appetite.

DEGOUTER, da-goo-ta, v. a. to take away the appetite, make to loathe; to put out of conceit, disgust. Se dégoûter, v. r. to be or grow out of conceit, grow weary, begin to loathe.

DEGOUTTANT, E, då-goo-tent, adj. trick-

ling, dropping.
DEGOUTTER, då-gôo-tå, v. n. to drop, trickle or drop down.

DEGRADATION, då-grå-då-sion, s. f. de-grading or degradation, waste; distribution (of light and shade.)

DÉGRADÉ, E, adj. degraded, etc. bâtiment dégradé, Mar. vessel blown off a coast. Ces vents de terre forcés ont dégradé les oiseaux qui se reposent sur nos agrès, these stiff land breezes have blown off the coast the birds which settle on our rigging.

DÉGRADER, då-grå-då, v. a. to degrade,

disqualify, incapacitate, waste; (une muraille,) to beat down from the foundation. (V. De-

gradé) to blend (colours) delicately.

DÉGRAFER, då-gra-få, v. a. to unclasp. DEGRAIS, s. m. oil extracted from fish.

DÉGRAISSAGE, or DÉGRAISSEMENT, s. m. scouring (of cloth.) DÉGRAISSER, då-grê-så, v. a. to scour, impoverish, also to flecce; to take away the fat from (soup.) La poudre dégraisse les cheveux, powder cleans the hair. Terre à dégraisser, fuller's earth.

DÉGRAISSEUR, då-grê-sêur, s. m. scourer

(of cloth.) 1

DÉGRAPINER, då-grå-pî-nå, v. a. Mar. to

lift the grapple or small anchor.

DEGRAT, Mar. Faire degrat, to quit a station on a fishing bank in search of a spot where fish are more abundant.

Mere and are more abundant.

DÉGRAVOIMENT, då-grå-vwå-men, s. m. undermining of a wall by running water.

DÉGRAVOYER, då-grå-vwå-yå, v. a. to mine or undermine or carry off the gravel from (a wall, as running water does.)

DEGRÉ, de-gra, s. m. degree, step, stair, staircase, dignity.

DEGRÉEMENT, s. m. Mar. state of being

unrigged.

DÉGRÉER, då-grê-å, v. a. Mar. to unrig, strip. Dégréer les perroquets, to unbend the top-gallant gear. Le général a ses perroquets dégrées, the admiral has his top-gallant yards

DÉGRINGOLER, då-grin-gð-lå, v. a. & n.

to run down, tumble down.

Dégrossage, s. m. wiredrawing, making small or fine.

DÉGROSSER, v.a. to wiredraw, make small or fine.

DÉGROSSIR, då-grô-sîr, v.a. to chip off the grosser parts (of marble, wood, etc.) clear up,

DÉGUENILLÉ, E, dag-nî-la, adj. tattered,

DEGUERPIR, dà-ger-pir, v.a. & n. to quit, yield up, give over, go away through fear. Deguerpir une maison. DEGUERPISSEMENT, då-ger-pls-men, s.

m. quitting, yielding up, giving over..
DEGUEULER, då-gču-lå, v. a. to cast or

spew up, vomit.

DÉGUISEMENT, dà-giz-men, s. m. disguise, pretence, colour, cloak. Avec deguisement, with a pretence only, dissemblingly, falsely.

Suns deguisement, plainly, openly, sincercly...
DEGUISER, da-gi-za, v. a. to disguise, put
on a counterfeit habit, counterfeit or alter, conceal, dissemble, cloak. Se déguiser, v.r.

to disguise one's self.

DÉGUSTATION, S. f. degustation, tasting. DÉHALER, då-à-lå, v.a. to take off the tan or sun-burn. Se déhâler, v. r. to get off sunburning.

DÉHANCHÉ, É, då-èn-shå, adj. hipped,

hip shot.

DÉHARNACHEMENT, s. m. unharnessing. DÉHARNACHER, då-år-nå-shå, v. a. to un-

DEHORS, de-ôr, adv. & prep. ont, without, abroad, out of doors. En dehors, par dehors, without. Mar. Mettre dehors, to put to sea. Nous avons toutes nos voiles dehors, we have every sail set. Il vente grand frais dehors, it blows very fresh in the offing. Le grand canot est-il dehors? is the barge out?

Dehors, s. m. outside. Les dehors d'une

place, the outworks of a place. Les dehors, the outside appearance, show. Le deuil n'est qu'au dehors, the mourning is only outward.
DÉICIDE, da-1-cid. s. m. deicide.

DÉIFICATION, då-î-fî-kå-sîon, s. f. deification, apotheosis.

DÉIFIER, då-î-fî-å, v. a. to deify, rank among the gods.

DÉISME, dà-Ism, s. m. deism. DÉISTE, dà-Ist, s. m. deist. DÉITÉ, dà-I-tà, s. f. deity, god, goddess.

DÉJA, dà -: à, adj. already. DÉJAUGER, v. n. Mar. to sew. Ce bâti-ment a déjaugé de quatre pieds, that ship has sewed four feet.

DÉJECTION, då-zek-sion, s. f. excrements,

stool; depression (of a planet.)
DÉJETER, Se déjeter, sè-dé-zêt-tâ, v. r. to
warp, jet out (as green wood work.)
DÉJEUNÉ OF DÉJEUNER, dâ-zêu-nâ, s. m.

breakfast.

DÉJEUNER, då-zèu-nå, v. n. to breakfast or to break oue's fast. Déjeuner d'une bonne. tranche de jambon, to eat a good slice of gammon for one's breakfast.

DÉJOINDRE, dà-zwindr, v. a. (see the table at oindre) to disjoin, part asunder. Se de-joindre, v. r. to disjoin, warp, not lie close.

DEJOINT, E, adj. disjointed, parted asunder. DÉJOUER, v. n. Mar. to flutter about (as a flag,) v. a. to cross one in his designs, schemes, etc.

*Déjuc, s. m. time when birds come from

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

DÉJUCHER, då-zå-shå, v. n. to come out of or down from the roost, unroost, come down; v. a. to drive from the roost, bring down. Delà or de là, de-là. V. Là.

DÉLABRÉ, E, adj. tattered, all to pieces, etc. Ses affaires sont fort délabrées, his affairs are in a sad case. Réputation délabrée, cracked reputation. Santé délabrée, battered constitution.

DÉLABREMENT, då-labr-mên, s. m. the

being in a tattered or ruined condition.
DÉLABRER, då-lå-brå, v. a. to tatter, tear

or pull to pieces, rend, ruin, impair.
DÉLACER, då-lå-så, v. a. to unlace.
DÉLAI, då-lå, sn. delay or put off, adjournment. Bailler délai aux parties, to adjournment. journ the parties concerned.

DÉLAISSÉ, E, adj. left, forsaken, aban-

doned; cast off.

DÉLAISSEMENT, då-les-men, s. m. condition of one forsaken or cast off, desertion or forsaking of an inheritance, also, Mar. instrument or act by which the loss of a ship is announced by the master or owner to an insurer, summoning him to pay the stipulated insurance.

DÉLAISSER, då-lês-så, v. a. to leave, for-

sake, abandon, cast off or put away. DÉLASSEMENT, då-las-men, s. m. ease, re-

DÉLASSER, då-là-så, v. a. to unweary, refresh, recreate, divert cr relax. Se délasser, v. r. to refresh or divert one's self.

DÉLATEUR, då-lå-teur, s. m. accuser, in-

former, delator. DÉLATION, då-lå-sîon, s. f. accusation, in-

formation, delation. DÉLATTER, dà-là-là, v. a. to unlath. DÉLAYANT, dà-lè-yèn, s. m. diluter.

DÉLAYEMENT, dà-lêy-mên, s. m. act of

DÉLAYER, dà-lê-ya, v. a. to temper or di-

lute; to beat (eggs.)

DÉLECTABLE, då-lêk-tábl, adj. delecta-

ble, pleasant, delightful. DÉLECTATION, dà-lêk-tâ-sîon, s. f. de-

lectation, delight or pleasure.

DÉLECTER, då-lêk-tå, v. a. to delight, recreate, please. Se délecter, to take delight in. DÉLÉGATION, då-là-gå-sion, s. f. delega-

tion, commission. DÉLÉGATOIRE, dà-là-gà-twar, adj. dele-

DÉLÉGUÉ, E, då-lå-gå, adj. delegated, ap-

pointed. Délégué, s. m. delegate. DÉLÉGUER, da-là-gà, v. a. to delegate, appoint. On l'a délégué pour cela, he has a commission for that

DÉLESTAGE, då-les-taz, s. m. Mar. unbal-

lasting or discharging of ballast.
DÉLESTER, då-lés-tà, v. a. Mar. to unballast, get the ballast out of.
DÉLESTEUR, då-lés-téur, s. m. one that

takes the ballast out of a ship. DÉLÉTÈRE, adj. deleterious, deletery, de-

structive, deadly, poisonous.
Délibérant, e, da-li-ba-ren, rent, adj. deliberating, unresolved.

DELIBERATI-F, VE, då-li-bå-rå-tif, tiv,

adj. deliberative.
DELI 3 2 3ATION, då-li-bå-rå-sion, s. f. deliberation, debate, consideration, consultation, resolution, resolve, determination.

DÉLIBÉRÉ, E, då-lî-bå-rå, adj. deliberated. etc.; bold, courageous, resolute. C'est une chose délibéré, that is a thing resolved on. De

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propos délibéré, on purpose, purposely.

DÉLIBÉRÉ, s. m. final determination.

DÉLIBÉRÉMENT, då-fl-bå-rå-mén, adv.
boldly, resolutely, deliberately.

DÉLIBÉRER, då-lî-bà-rà, v. a. & n. to deliberate, consider, or take into consideration, consum or debate, purpose, resolve or deter-

DÉLICAT, E, då-ll-kå, kåt, adj. delicate, dainty, delicious; nice, dainty or curious; overnice, squeamish; fine; neat; subtile, ingenious; weak, tender; touchy, exceptious; scru-pulous or tender; ticklish, dangerous. Délicut à manier, that ought to be tenderly handled.

DÉLICAT, E, s. m. & f. nice man, nice

woman.

DÉLICATEMENT, da-lî-kât-mên, adv. delicately, daintily, deliciously, gently, softly, tenderly, neatly, curiously, finely, ingeniously.

DELICATER, då-li-kå-tå, v. a. to cocker or

make much of, pamper. Se délicater, v. r. to make much of one's self.

DÉLICATESSE, då-lî-kā-tês, s. f. delicateness, delicacy, exquisiteness, curiousness, fineness, neatness, niceness, subtilty, ingenuity, nicety; weakness or tenderness; daintiness, squeamishness; delicateness, niceness, effeminacy, tenderness, softness. Les délicatesses de la langue Anglaise, the niceties or delicacies of the English tongue.

DÉLICES, då-lis, s. m. delight, pleasure.

Délices, s. f. pl. delight, pleasure.
Délicieusement, dà-lì-sièuz-mên, adv.

delicately, deliciously.

DÉLICIEU-X, SE, dà-ll-sièu, sièuz, adj. delicious, delightful, voluptuous, sensual, given DÉLICOTER, (SE) SÊ-dâ-dî-kô-tâ, v. r. to get off one's halter (as a horse does.)

DÉLIÉ, E, dà-lî-â, adj. fine, small, thin,

slender; acute, sharp, subtile, cunning; tied, loosed. Avoir la langue déliée, to have one's tongue well hung, have a great facility of expression.

DÉLIÉ, s. m. Ex. Le délié de la plume, the

small strokes of a pen.

DÉLIENNES, adj. f. pl. feasts celebrated at

DELIERAE, da-ll-à, v. a. to untic, loosen or undo. to absolve; to release (from an undo, to absolve; oath.)

DÉLINÉATION, dà-ll-nà-à-sìon, s. f. delineation; ichnography.

DÉLINQUANT, TE, dà-lin-kàn, kànt, s. & adj. delinquent, offender.
DÉLINQUER, då-lin-kå, v. a. to offend, do

amiss, do a fault, fail in one's duty. DÉLIRE, då-llr, s. m. delirium, raving, be-

ing light-headed.
DELIT, då-li, s. m. fault, offence, crime. Etre trouvé or pris en flagrant délit, to be

taken in the very act DELIVRANCE, då-li-vrèns, s. f. deliverance; delivery; delivering, release, setting

free, riddance. DÉLIVRE, då-livr, s. m. after burden or

after birth, secundine.

DÉLIVRER, dà-lî-vrà, v. a. to deliver, give or give up; to deliver or free, set free or at liberty, rid of, release. Délivrer une femme. bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, 13rd: mood, good.

Délivrer des bordages, Mar. to rip off planks.

DÉLIVREUR, s. m. deliverer.

DÉLOGÉ, E, adj. gone, marched off, removed. DÉLOGENENT, dà-lôz-mên, s. m. remov-

ing or departure.

Déloger, då-lô-zå, v. n. to go away, decamp or march off, remove, remove one's house or lodging.

Déloger, v. a. to put or 'turn out of his house or lodgings, dislodge.

Déloyal, da-lwa-yal, adj. disloyal, un-

faithful, perfidious, treacherous, deceitful, false. DÉLOYALEMENT, då-lwå-yål-men, adv. perfidiously, unfaithfully, treacherously.

DÉLOYAUTE, då-lwå-yò-tå, s. f. disloyalty, unfaithfulness, treachery, perfidiousness.
DELUGE, da-luz, s. m. deluge, flood, in-

undation.

DÉLUTER, då-lå-tå, v. a. to unlute.

DÉMAGOGIE, s. f. the ambition of domineering in a popular assembly.

DEMAGOGUE, s. m. demagogue.

DÉMAIGRIR, v. a. to thin or take off from the bulk (or size) of a piece of wood, of stones, etc. /

DÉMAILLOTTER, då-mà-lô-tå, v. a. to un-

swathe.

DEMAIN, de-min, s. m. to-morrow. Après demain, the day after to-morrow. Demain au soir, to-morrow evening.

Demanche, E, adj. having its handle or

haft off or loosened, walking as if out of joint.

DEMANCHEMENT, s.m.the act of unhafting. DÉMANCHER, då-men-shå, v. a. to unhaft, loosen or take off the haft or handle. Se démancher, v. r. to get loose at the handle, be in an unprosperous way go wrong. Demande, de-mend, s. f. suit, request, ask-

ing, petition, question, demand, action at law. Demande, Mar. File à la demande du câble, give her the cable as she chooses to take it.

DEMANDER, de-men-da, v. a. to demand, ask, beg, desire or require, crave or request, sue for, inquire after. Que demandez-vous? what would you have? what do you want? On demande combien il y a de vibrations dans une demi-heure? the question is how many vibrations there are in half an hour? Le bâtiment demande du câble, the ship must have more cable. Notre corvette demande que sa mâture soit sur l'arrière, our sloop requires her masts to hang aft. Demander à boire, to ask for drink.

DEMANDEU-R, SE, de-men-deur, deuz, s. m. & f. dun, one importunate in his requests. DEMANDE-UR, RESSE, de-men-deur, dres, s. m. & f. plaintiff.

DÉMANGEAISON, då-mèn-2ê-zon, s. f. itching or itch; itch or itching desire.

DÉMANGER, då-men-zà, v. n. to itch, have a longing desire. Les mains lui démangent, his hands itch, he longs to be at it.

DÉMANTÈLEMENT, då-men-tel-men, s. m.

dismantling, dismantled state.

DÉMANTELER, da-ment-là, v. a. to dis-inantle, pull down the walls of (a city.) DÉMANTIBULER, da-men-tl-bû-là, v. a. to

break, put out of order.

DÉMARCATION, s. f. limits, bounds.

to deliver or put to bed a woman with child. || ères démarches, to make the advances or first

DÉMARIER, då-må-rl-å, v. a. to unmarry. DÉMARQUER, v. a. to unmark. DÉMARBAGE, dã-mã-rãz, s. m. Mar. un-

mooring.

DÉMARRER, dà-mà-rà, v. a. & n. to move, stir, remove. Démarrer, Mar. to unmoor, cast loose, etc. Nous avons démarré du port ce matin, we came out of harbour this morn-ing. Démarre les canons, to cast loose the guns. Démarre les bosses, off stoppers. DÉMASQUER, då-mås-lea, v. a. to unmask,

take or pull the mask off. Se démasquer, v. r.

to pull off one's mask.

DÉMATER, då-må-tå, v. a. & n. Mar. Ex. Démâter un vaisseau, to take out a ship's lower masts. Démâter un navire à coups de canon, to shoot away a ship's masts, or to shoot a ship's masts by the board. Ce premier coup de canon vous avoit démâté de votre mât d'artimon, that first shot had carried away your mizen-mast. Démâte le canot, strike the boat's masts. Le grain nous démâta de notre grand mât de hune, we lost our main top-mast in the squall. Ce bâtiment a été démûté de son petit mât de hune, that ship has lost her fore top-mast. Voilà un vaisseau démâté de tous ses mâts, there is a ship completely dismasted.

DÉMÊLÉ, då-mè-lå, s. m. quarrel, differ-

ence, dispute, contest, debate.

Dém ÉLER, då-mè-lå, v. a. to disentangle, part, separate, discover, find out or perceive, distinguish, discern, clear, unravel, disintri-cate, unfold; quarrel, debate, contest, scuffle. Démêler un différend, to decide a difference. Avoir quelque chose à démêler avec quelqu'un, to have something to do with one, to have a quarrel or controversy with him. Nous n'arons rien à démêler ensemble, we have nothing to scuffle for. Se démêler, v. r. to wind one's self out, get off or get clear.

DÉMEMBREMENT, då-mènbr-mèn, s. m.

dismembering, pulling to pieces, dividing, cantling, thing dismembered or cantled.

DÉMEMBRER, då-men-brå, v. a. to dismember or pull in pieces, divide, cantle or parcel out.

DÉMÉNAGEMENT, då-må-nåz-men, s. m. removing of furniture from one house to an-

DÉMÉNAGER, då-må-nå-zå, v. a. & n. to remove (one's furniture.) Il en coûte de déménager, removing is expensive. Allons, déménagez, come, pack off, go your ways.

DÉMENCE, da-mens, s. f. madness, folly.

Etre en démence, to be mad or deranged, be out of one's senses or non compos mentis.

Démener, (se) sê-dâm-nâ, v. r. to be in ac-

tion, stir, toss, make a great bustle or struggle.

DÉMENTI, dà-mèn-it, s. m. lie; balk, dis-appointment. Donner un démenti à quelqu'un, to give one the lie. Il ne veut pas en avoir le démenti, he will go through, whatever be the consequence of it

DÉMENTIR, da-men-tir, v. a. (like mentir,) to give the lie; also to belie or contradict; (sa naissance, son caractère) to do things unworthy of one's birth or character. mentir, v. r. to belie or contradict one's self; DÉMARCH 2, da-marsh, s. f. gait, manner to degenerate; not be like one's selt; (said of going, step proceeding. Faire les premi- of buildings) to fail, rack or bunch out, and buse, bût : jenne, mêute, beurre : dant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

be ready to fall. Un homme qui ne se dement | point, a man who is always like himself, or always uniform.

DEMÉRITE, då-må-rit, s. m. ill desert, de-

merit. DÉMÉRITER, då-må-rl-tå, v. n. to do a thing worthy of punishment, deserve punishment, do amiss.

DÉMESURÉ, E, dam-zû-ra, adj. unmeasurable, huge, excessive, exceeding great,

immoderate.

DÉMESURÉMENT, dam-zů-ra-mên, adv.

beyond measure, excessively, immoderately.

Démettre, dâ-mêtr, v. a. (like mettre,) to turn or put out, dismiss, discard, remove; to put out of joint. Se démettre de, v. r. to resign, surrender, abdicate or give ever. Se démettre le coude, to put one's clow out of joint.

DÉMEUBLEMENT, dà-méubl-mên, s. m.

unfurnishing.

DÉMEUBLER, da-mêu-bla, v. a. to unfur-nish, take down or away the furniture.

DEMEURANT, E, dê-nêu-rên, rênt, adj. dwelling, living, abiding. *Demeurant, s. m. rest, remainder, resi-*Au demeurant, adv. besides, as for the due.

rest. DEMEURE, de-meur, s. f. dwelling or dwelling place, abode, habitation, mausion house. Faire sa demeure en un lieu, to live or dwell in a place. Etre en demeure envers ses créan-ciers, to be in arroars with one's creditors. Mar. Mettre ses ancres à demeure, to stow the anchors for sea. 3 V. Poste.

DEMEURER, de-meu-ra, v. n. to dwell, live, lodge, abide; to tarry, to be a long while behind; to stay, stand, stop, not to go, hesitate, to remain, be left; continue, rest, abide, endure, persist. Deneurons-en là or à cela, let's pitch upon that. Demeurons-en là, let us break off or stop there. Cù en êtes-vous demeure where did you stop or leave off? S'il en fut demeuré-là, had he gone no farther or had he been contented with that. La victoire nous est demeurée, we got the victory. La lie demeure au fond, the dregs stick at the bottom. Il y demeura dix mille hommes sur la place, there were ten thousand men killed upon the spot. Boule qui demeure, short bowl, bowl that comes short. Demeurer long-temps à faire quelque chose, to be long doing a thing. Demeurer en arrière or en reste, to be in arrears. J'en demeure à ce qui a été stipulé, I abide or I stand by what has been stipulated. Demeurer sur

Pestomac, to lie heavy on the stomach.

DEM1, E, dê-m1, m1, adj. half, demi, semi.
This adjective is indeclinable when placed before the noun, and then a hypnen muss one two words as a compound, une demi-guinée, half a giunea. Un demi-pied, half a foot. Deux demi-guinées, two half guineas. Deux guinées et demie, two guineas and a half. Demi-dieux, demi-god. Les demi-dieux, the demi-gods. Demi-castor, demi-castor, half before the noun, and then a hyphen marks the Demi-castor, demi-castor, half demi-gods. Demi-castor, demi-castor, half beaver. Demi-eercle, semi-circle. Demi-conlevrine, demi-culverin. Une demi-lune, a half moon. Demi-métal, mineral substance that has many properties of pure metals. Demi-mort, half dead. Demi-savant, prag-matical, smattered in any knowledge. Demisetier, half a pint. Demi-ton, semi-tone. Demivert, side wind. A demi, half, almost, by door or window that was wailed up.

Demi, Mar. Ex. halves. Demi-bande, s. f. haives. Demi, had. Ex. Journal of the parliament, heel, boot-topping, boot hose topping (v. carène.) Une demi-clé, a half hitch. Deux demi-clés, a clove hitch. Un demi-tour Deux demi-clés, a clove hitch. dans les câbles, an elbow in the hawse. Demie, s. f. a half-an-hour.

Démis, E, då-mi, mlz, adj. turned or put

out, removed; out of joint.

DEMISSION, då-mi-sion, s. f. resignation or resigning, laying down of one's commission. Donner sa démission, to lay down one's com-

DÉMISSIONNAIRE, s. m. he who has laid

down his commission.
DEMITTE, s. f. dimity.

DÉMOCRATE, s. m. democrat.

DÉMOCRATIE, dà-mô-krå-sl, s. f. democracy, popular government.

DÉMOCKATIQUE, då-mô-krå-tík, adj. democratical, popular.

DÉMOCRATIQUEMENT, adv. democratieally.

Demoiselle, dê-mwa-zêl, s. f. unmarried woman, young lady or gentlewoman; lady's woman, dragon fly, rammer (of paviers;) sort of warming-pan.

DÉMOLIR, dà-mô-lîr, v. a. to demolish, pull or cast or throw or take down (what is built.) Démolir un vaisseau, Mar. to break up

a ship. DÉMOLITION, då-mo-li-slon, s. f. demolish-

ing, pulling or beating or throwing down.

Demolitions, ruins of a demolished building.

Dемок, da-mon, s. m. devil, evil spirit, devilish spirit; genius, demon, spirit. Faire le démon, to be mad, tear, roar or bluster.

DÉMONIAQUE, då-mô-niak, adj. & s. de-

moniack.

DÉMONOGRAPHE, s. m. writer on demons. DEMONOMANIE, s. f. demonology; also demonolatry; and demonocracy.

DÉMONSTRATEUR, s. m. demonstrator. DÉMONSTRATI-F, VE, da-mons-tra-tif, tlv, adj. demonstrative.

DÉMONSTRATION, dà-mons-tra-sion, s. f.

demonstration, clear proof. DÉMONSTRATIVEMENT, da-mons-tra-tly-men, adv. demonstratively, demonstrably,

clearly.

DÉMONTER, dà-mon-tà, v. a. to unhorse or dismount; to take to pieces (a machine;) to dash, puzzle or confound. Mar. (un canon) to dismount; (le gouvernail) to unhang; (la barre du gouvernail) to unship; (un capitaine) to supersede. Se démonter, v. r. to be taken to pieces; be dashed or confounded, etc.
DEMONTRABLE, då-mon-trabl, adj. de-

monstrable.

DÉMONTRER, då-mon-trå, v. a. to demonstrate, prove evidently or unanswerably; also to describe.

DÉMORDRE, då-mordr, v. n. (like mordre) to let go one's hold (said of dogs;) to swerve,

depart, desist; to abate.

DÉMOUVOIR, dà-môo-vwar, v. a. like mouvoir, (but used only in the infinitive, and in the participle denut) to take off, make one desist. Se demouvoir, v. r. to desist.

DÉMUNIA, da-ma-nir, v.a. to drain a place

of ammunition.

DÉMURER, da-mů-ra, v. a. une porte or une enêtre qui étoit murée, to unwall or open a bar, bat, base; thère, ebb, over; field, fig: robe, rob, lord; mood, good.

DÉNAIRE, adj. relating to the number ten. DÉNANTIR, v. a. to give up securities. DÉNATTER, då-nå-tå, v. a. to unmat, un-

DÉNATURALISER, v. a. to denaturalize. DÉNATURÉ, E, då-nå-tů-rå, adj. unnatu-

ral, cruel, inhuman, barbarous.

DÉNATURER, då-nå-tå-rå, son bien, v. a. to convert one's estate into effects that may be disposed of according to one's own liking; also, to change or alter (words or facts.)

Dendrite, s. f. dendrite, stone with the

accidental representation of trees on it.

DÉNÉGATION, da-na-ga-sion, s. f. denial. DÉNI, då-ni, s. m. denial, refusal, denying or refusing.

DÉNIAISÉ, E, adj. that has learned wit. Un démaisé, a cunning or sharp fellow.

DÉNIAISEMENT, da-nièz-mên, s. m. sharper's trick.

DÉNIAISER, då-nîè-zà, v. a. to teach wit, to cheat, trick. Se deniaiser, v. r. to learn wit, BENICHER, da-ni-sha, v. a. to unuestle, put

out of the nest; dislodge, thrust or turn out, break up (a nest of robbers.) Dénicher, v. n.

to withdraw suddenly from a place. DÉNICHEUR, da-ni-sheur, s. m. one that goes bird's nesting. Un dénicheur de fau-

vettes, a man very eager in the pursuit of any thing that can gratify his desires. DÉNIER, då-nî-à, v. a. to deny, disallow,

DÉNIER, dà-nî-à, s. m. denier (brass coin worth the twelfth part of a French sou; weight of two grains; penny, money, sum of exchequer. Les deniers publics, the publick treasure. Prêter de l'argent au denier vingt, to lend money at five per cent. Denicr Saint Pierre, Peter's pence

DÉNIGREMENT, då-nigr-mên, s. m. asper-

sion, reviling, slander.

DÉNIGRER, då-nî-grå, v. a. to slander, rail

at, blacken, expose.

DÉNOMBREMENT, da-nonbr-mên, s. m. list, roll or catalogue; also enumeration, cen-Dénombrement de fief, a survey of land. Faire le dénombrement, to number.

DÉNOMBRER, v. a. to number, take a cen-

sus

DÉNOMINATEUR, dà-nô-mî-nà-têur, s. m. denominator. DÉNOMINATI-F, VE, då-nô-mî-nà-tíf, tlv,

adj. denominative.

DÉNOMINATION, da-nô-mi-na-sion, s. f.

denomination. Dénommer, då-nô-må, v. a. to name, men-

tion by name, set down one's name. DÉNONCER, da-non-sa, v. a. to denounce, signify, declare, publish or proclaim, impeach, charge, accuse or inform against

DENONCIATEUR, da-non-sia-teur, s. m. informer, accuser.

DÉNONCIATION, da-non-slà-slon, s. f. denunciation, declaration, proclamation, information, accusation.

DÉNOTATION, dà-nô-tà-sion, s. f. denota-

tion renoting.

DÉNOTER, då-nô-tå, v. a. to point out, describe, denote, indicate.

DÉNOUEMENT, dà-noo-mên, s. m. developement, unravelling or discovery of the plot,

unrayelling or issue of an affair or intrigue.

DENOUER, då-noo-å, v. a. to undo or untie
a knot, make supple or pliant, remove the stiff ness of; discover, develope, unravel or resolve. Se dénouer, v. r. to untie, discover itself, unra vel, grow supple or limber, lose its stiffness.
Denrée, den-rå, s. f. ware, commodity,

provisions.

DENSE, dens, adj. thick, compact, close. dense.

DENSITÉ, den-sî-tà, s. f. density, thickness. DENT, den, s. f. tooth; notch; gap. Dents muchelières, cheek-teeth, grinders. Dents camuchetieres, cheek-teeth, fangs. Dent de chien (vlant) the dog's tooth. Dent de lion, nines, wents traiteres, eyerteen, ranger beneficied (plant) the dog's tooth. Dent de lion, dandelion. Les dents lui tombent, he sheds his teeth. Déchirer à belles dents, to tear to pieces. Chacun hii donne un coup de dent, every one has a fling at him. Avoir les dents bien longues, to be very sharp set or hungry; also to be poor and needy, want bread, starve. Parler des grosses dents à quelqu'un, to talk Avoir une dent le lait contre quelbig to oue. qu'un, to have an old grudge against one. Etre sur les dents, to be tired out. Mettre quelqu'un sur les dents, to exhaust one. Aroir la mort entre les dents, to have one foot already

in the grave. Prendre le mort aux dents, to turn libertine, to cast off all restraint. DENTAIRE, s. f. sort of plant the root of

which is jagged.

DENTAL, E, den-tal, adj. dental. DENTE, E, den-ta, adj. dented, notched. jagged, toothed

DENTÉE, s. f. (in hunting) bite.

DENTELAIRE, s. f. plant (that relieves the tooth-ache.) DENTELÉ, E, adj. indented, jagged, notch-

ed, dented. DENTELER, dent-la, v. a. to dent or in-

dent, jag or notch. DENTELLE, den-tel, s. f. lace.

DENTELURE, dent-lur, s. f. denting, notch-

ing, jagging, denticulation.

DENTICULES, den-il-kul, s. f. pl. dentelli, modillons. DENTIER, den-tia, s. m. set of teeth.

DENTIFRICE, den-ti-fris, s. m. dentifrice. tooth-powder.

DENTISTE, den-tist, s. m. dentist.

DENTITION, s. f. dentition. DENTURE, den-tur, s. f. set of teeth.

DÉNUDATION, s. f. denudation.

DÉNUÉ, E, adj. destitute, naked, stripped. DÉNÚMENT, da-mu-mên, s. m. depriva-

DÉNUER, da-nu-à, v. a. to bereave or strip,

leave destitute or unprovided.

DÉPAQUETER, då-påk-tå, v. a. to unpack, pen or undo a bundle. Dépaqueter une voile, Mar. to unfurl a sail

DÉPAREILLER, då-på-rê-là, v. a. to unmatch. Ouvrage dépareillé, a set (of books) made up from various editions.

DÉPARER, da-pa-rà, v. a. to undecorate; to disfigure, take away the beauty, make ugly (said of unbecoming dress, etc.)

DEPARTER, då-på-ri-å, v. a. to unmatch,

unpair

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon . brun.

DÉPARLER, då-pår-lå, v. a. only used negatively. Il ne déparle pas, he does not cease

talking.

DÉPART, då-pår, s. m. departure, going away, parting. Eau de départ, liquid used in parting metals. Prendre son point de départ, Mar. to take one's departure. Notre départ fut retardé par un accident imprévu, Mar. our sailing was delayed by an unforeseen accident.

DÉPARTAGER, då-pår-tà-zå, v. a. to give

the casting vote.

DÉPARTEMENT, dà-part-mên, s. m. quarters, district, jurisdiction, office, department, repartition, assessment.

DÉPARTIE, s. f. departure, going away. DÉPARTIR, da-par-tir, v. a. (like partir) to

give, divide, distribute, share. Departir un procès, to refer a cause to another court for judgment (the opinions in the first being divided.) Sé départir de, v. r. to desist, leave off,

go from or give over.

DÉPASSER, dà-pà-sà, v. a. to pull out (the string of a gown, etc.) Mar. Dépasser une nanœuvre, to unreeve a rope. Dépasser un mât de hune or de perroquet, to get a top-mast or a top-gallaut-mast down upon the deck. Dépasser les tours des câbles, to clear hawse. Dépasser le tournevire, to take the messenger of the capstan. Dépasser un bâtiment, une île, etc. to run past, shoot ahead of a ship, an is-land, etc. Dépasser une latitude, to sail beyond a certain latitude.

DÉPAVER, då-på-vå, v. a. to unpave. DÉPAYSER, då-pê-î-zå, v. a. to bring, carry or send one into another country, to put one upon a matter with which he is not well acquainted or for which he is not prepared; also to put one upon a wrong scent.

DÉPÈCEMENT, da-pes- men, s. m. cutting

in pieces, cutting up.

Dépecer, dép-sà, v. a. to cut or tear in Dépecer un navire, Mar. to pieces, cut up. break up a ship.

DÉPECEUR, s. m. one who buys old boats

to break them up.

Dépêche, dâ-pèsh, s. f. despatch, letter. C'est une belle dépêche! a good or happy riddance this.

Dépêcher, då-pè-shà. v. a. to despatch, hasten or speed, expedite, send away in haste; to despatch or kill. Se dépêcher, v. r. to despatch, make haste.

DÉPEINDRE, dà-pindr, v. a. (see the table at peindre,) to describe, represent, express or

set out in words.

Dépenaillé, e, dap-na-la, adj. ragged,

covered with rags.

DÉPENAILLEMENT, adv. condition of one covered with rags.

Dépendamment, då-pen-då-men, adv. dependently, with dependence.

DÉPENDANCE, dà-pen-dens, s. f. depen-

dence or dependency, appendix.

DEPENDANT, E, då-pen-den, dent, adj. held of another, depending, dependent. Etre dépendant de quelqu'un, to be another man's, depend upon one. Il vous faut arriver en dépendant sur votre prise, Mar. you must edge

down to your prize.

DÉPENDRE, de, dà-pendr, v. n. to depend on, proceed from; follow, result from; to depend upon, be under, be subject to; to be held from or depend on. Il y a des bénéfices qui dépendent du roi, there are some livings in the king's gift. Cela dépend de moi, that lies with me. Dépendre was formerly used for Dé-

DÉPENDRE, v. a. to take down, unhang. DÉPENDU, E, adj. taken down, unhung.

DÉPENS, da-pen, s. m. expense, cost, arge. Se faire sage aux dépens d'autrui, to grow wise by other men's follies. Se justifier aux dépens d'autrui, to clear one's self at the peril of others. S'enrichir au dépens de son honneur, to grow rich by the loss of one's ho-

DÉPENSE, da-pens, s. f. laying out, spending, expense, charge or disbursement; buttery or pantry. Dépense sourde, hidden or secret or private expense. Faire la dépense, to be the steward or caterer. Faire de la dépense, faire une belle or une grosse dépense, to spend high,

spend or live nobly.

DÉPENSER, då-pên-så, y. a. to spend, lay

out, consume.

DÉPENSIER, E, dà-pèn-sià, sièr, adj. & s. m. & f. caterer in a monastery or nunnery; great splendour or extravagance.

DÉPERDITION, då-per-df-slon, s. f. deper-

dition, loss.

DÉPÉRIR, dà-pà-rîr, v. n. to decay, fall to decay, weaken, fall to ruin.

DÉPÉRISSEMENT, då-på-ris-men, s. m. de-

cay or falling to decay, ruin, waste.

DÉPÊTRER, då-pè-trà, v. a. to disengage, get off or out. Se dépêtrer, v. r. to rid one's self. La pauvreté est si gluante qu'on a peine à s'en dépêtrer, poverty does so stick by one

that it is hard to shake it off. DÉPEUPLEMENT, då-péupl-mên, s. m. de-

population, depopulating, unpeopling.

DEPEUPLER, da-peu-pla, v.a. to depopulate, unpeople or dispeople; (a fish-pond) to draw; (a pigeon house) to unstock. Depeupler un pays de gibier, to destroy the game of a country. DEPHLEGMATION, s. f. dephlegmation.

DÉPHLEGMÉ, E, adj. dephlegmated.

DÉPIÉCER, v. a. to cut in pieces.

DÉPILATI-F, VE, dà-pî-là-tîf, tlv, adj. depilatory.

DÉPILATION, da-pl-là-slon, s. f. depilation. DÉPILATOIRE, da-pî-la-twar, s. m. depi-

latory DÉPILER, dà-pî-là, v. a. to take away the hair. Se dépiler, v. r. to make one's hair come

DÉPIQUER, dà-pî-kà, v. a. to allay or soften or drown the grief of.

DÉPISTER, v. a. to find or trace out. DÉPIT, da-pl, s. m. pet, vexation, spite, in-dignation, passion, anger. Avoir du dépit, to be vexed or angry, be in a pet. Donner du dépit or faire dépit à quelpr'un, to spite or vex one. Je veux bien oublier tous les dépits qu'elle m'a faits, I am willing to forget all the ill usage I have received at her hands. Crever de dépit, to be ready to burst with vexation. En dépit de, in spite of, in despite of.

DÉPITÉ, E, adj. in spite or despite, vexed,

angry, fretting.

DÉPITER, dà-pl-tà, v. a. to fret, vex, anger or provoke. Se dépiter, v. r. to fret, be vexed, be augry or fretful.

DEPITEU-X, SE, adj. pettish, fretful, easily provoked or angry.

bar, bat, base: there, êbb, ovêr: fleld, fig: rohe, rôb, lord: mood, good.

DÉPLACÉ, E, adj. displaced, misplaced, ill-placed, mistimed, preposterous.

DEPLACEMENT, då-plås-men, s. m. dis-

placing.

DÉPLACER, då-pla-så, v. a. to displace, put out of his or its place, remove, mis-place, place improperly, take the place of.

DÉPLAIRE, då-plèr, v. n. (like plaire) to displease, be unacceptable or disagreeable; to displease or discontent, vex or trouble. Ne rous déplatse or ne vous en déplatse, by your -eave, by your favour, under favour. La principale chose qui me déplaît en elle, c'est sa fierté, the chief thing that I dislike in her is her pride. Se déplaire, v. r. to be displeased with one's self, be displeased with, be tired with or weary of.

*DEPLAISANCE, s. f. aversion, dislike. DÉPLAISANT, E, da-ple-zen, zent, adj.

unpleasant, unacceptable, disagreeable, trou-

blesome.

DÉPLAISIR, då ple-sir, s. m. displeasure, affront, ill turn; discontent, vexation, trouble, grief, sorrow, affliction. Jairessenti un trèssensible déplaisir de sa mort, I have been ex-tremely troubled or grieved at his death. J'en ai un grand déplaisir, I am very sorry or very much troubled for it.

DÉPLANTER, da-plên-ta, v. a. to displant, remove a plant. Mar. to start the anchor.

DÉPLANTOIR, då-plèn-twår, s. m. instrument used in displanting.
DÉPLATRER, då-plå-trå, v. a. to unplaster.

DÉPLIER, da-pli-à, v.a. to unfold or open. DÉPLISSER, dà-pli-sà, v. a. to unplait, undo the plaits of. Se déplisser, v. r. to unplait, come out of the plaits or gathers.

Déplorable, dà-plò-rabl, adj. deplora-

ble, lamentable, pitiful.

DÉPLORABLEMENT, dà-plô-rabl-mên, adv.

deplorably, miscrably.

DÉPLORÉ, E, adj. deplored, lamented, bewailed, pitied.

Maladie déplorée, desperate illness. Affaire déplorée, a gone case.

DÉPLORER, da-plô-ra, v. a. to deplore, la-

ment, bewail or pity.

DÉPLOYÉ, E, adj. open, displayed. Rire à gorge déployée, to laugh out, break out into laughter. Nous sortimes tambour bottant, enseignes déployées, we came out drums beat-

ing, colours flying.

DEPLOYEMENT, s. m. the act of displaying. DÉPLOYER, då-plwå-yå, v. a. to display, set forth, muster. Elle a déployé tous ses charmes, she has displayed or mustered all her charms. Déployer une voile, Mar. to loosen a sail. Déployer les rolles, Mar. to set the sails.

DÉPLUMER, dà-plů-mà, v. a. to strip of its feathers, strip or fleece or bubble. Se déplu-

mer, v. r. to lose one's feathers.

DÉPOLIR, då-på-lir, v. a. to unpolish, take off the polish. Se Dépolir, v. r. to grow unpolished.

DÉPONENT, dà-pô-nen, adj. deponent, (said of verbs.)

DÉPOPULATION, da-pô-pu-la-sion, s. f. depopulation.

DÉPORT, s. m. first year's revenue of a living, (due to the lord-paramount after a vacancy.) Somme payable sans deport, sum payable without delay.

DÉPORTATION, da-ror-ta-sion, s. f. trans-

portation, banishment, exile.

DÉPORTEMENT, da-port-meu, s. m. de-portment, carriage, behaviour, demcanour.

DÉPORTER, v. a. to transport, banish. Se déporter, v. r. to leave off, cease or forbear, give over, desist, recede. Se déporter de ses prétentions, to withdraw one's claim.

DÉPOSANT, E, adj. deposing. DÉPOSANT, da-pô-zèn, s. m. deponent.

DÉPOSER, dà-pô-zà, v. a. to depose, remove, turn or put out of one's place; (sa commission) to lay down; resign; to deposit; to depose, swear to as a witness.

DÉPOSITAIRE, dâ-pô-zî-tèr, s. m. & f. depositary, or trustee. Le dépositaire des se-

crets de quelqu'un, one's confidant.

DÉPOSITION, dà-pô-zî-sion, s. f. deposition, evidence; deposing, degrading, degradation. DEPOSSEDER, da-pô-så-då, v. a. to dispos-

sess or deprive, turn or put out of possession. DÉPOSSESSION, dà-pô-sê-slon, s. f. dispos-

DÉPOSTER, då-pôs-tå, v. a. to force from

a post, dislodge.

Dépôr, dà-pò, s.m. deposit, trust, charge; chest; settlings, sediment, collection of humours. Mettre en dépôt, to deposit, commit to one's keeping in trust, trust with. Mis en depôt, deposited.

DÉPOTER, v. a. (in gardening) to take out

of a pot.
DÉPOUDRER, da-pôo-dra, v. a. to take the powder out of (hair.)

DÉPOUILLE, da-pool, s. f. old clothes, cast off clothes; crop; booty, spoil: (of a wild beast) skin; (of a serpent) slough, cast skin. La dépouille mortelle de l'homme, the dead car-Avoir la dépouille de quelqu'un, to suceeed one.

DÉPOUILLEMENT, dà-pool-mên, s. m. deprivation; stripping one's self of any thing,

self denial.

DÉPOUILLER, då-pôo-lå, v. a. to strip, strip naked, put or pull off, peal off, take off the rind or skin or cover, etc. (a hare) to uncase ; to strip, spoil, rob, bereave, deprive, dispossess; to pull off, cast off, leave off; to gather. Se dépouiller, v. r. to pull off one's clothes, to strip one's self naked; (of serpents) to cast off the slough or skin. Se dépouiller de, to cast off.

DÉPOURVOIR, dà-pôor-vwar, v. a. (like pourvoir, but only used in the infin. and participle dépourru) to unfurnish, leave unpro-

vided or destitute.

DÉPOURVU, E, adj. unprovided, unfurnished, destitute. On homme dépourvu de sens, a man senseless or out of his wits. Au dépourru, adv. unawares, unprovided; napping

DEPRAVATION, da-pra-va-sion, s. f. de-

pravation, corruption.

DÉPRAVÉ, E, adj. depraved, etc. Avoir le gold deprave, to have one's mouth out of taste. DEPRAVER, da-pra-va, v. a. to deprave,

corrupt, spoil, vitiate or mar.
DÉPRÉCATI-F, VE, da-prà-kà-tií, tlv, adj.

deprecative.

DÉPRÉCATION, då-prå-kå-sion, s. f. deprecation,

DÉPRÉCIER, v. a. to undervalue. DÉPRÉDATEUR, s. m. depredator or rob-

DÉPRÉDATION, då-prå-då-sion, s. f. depredation, robbery.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : prun.

DÉPRÉDER, då-prå-då, v. a. to depredate. DÉPRENDRE, då-prendr, v. a. (like prendre) to loose, part. Se déprendre, v. r. to get

DÉPRÉOCCUPÉ, E, adj. unprejudiced, free

from prepossession.

Dépresser, v. a. to take out of the press

(in book-binding.),
DÉPRESSION, dâ-prê-sîon, s. f. depression.
Dépression de l'horizon, Mar. dip of the hori-

DÉPRÉVENIR, v. a. to unprepossess.

DEPRI, s. m. abatement of the fines of alienation.

DÉPRIER, dà-prî-à, v. a. to disinvite.

DÉPRIMER, da-pri-ma, v. a. to depress, debase, vilify, despise, undervalue or disparage. DÉPRIS, E, adj. loose, etc.

DÉPRISER, da-pri-zà, v. a. to undervalue,

disparage, despise or vilify

DÉPUCELER, v. a. to deflower.

DÉPUCELLEMENT, s. m. defloration.

DEPUIS, de pui, prep. since, from, after, See A, Observ. VII. Depuis quand? how long? how long since? Depuis peu, newly, not long since, a little while since or ago. Depuis quarter depuis peu, new long since, a little while since or ago. Depuis de puis depuis de puis depuis de puis de puis de puis de puis de puis depuis de puis de p puis deux ans, these two years. Depuis long-temps, this great while. Depuis que, from the time that, since. Depuis cinq heures jusqu'a six, from five to six o'clock.

DEPUIS, adv. since, since that or since that

time.

DÉPURATI-F, VE, adj.fit to purify the blood. DÉPURATION,då-pů-râ-sîon,s.f.depuration. DÉPURATOIRE, då-pů-rå-twår, adj. depu-

lory.

DÉPURER, då-pů-rå, v. a. to depurate.

DÉPUTATION, dà-pů-lå-sion, s.f. deputation.

DÉPUTÉ, E, adj. deputed, sent.

DÉPUTÉ, dà-pů-tà, s. m. deputy, delegate.

DÉPUTER, då-pů-tà, v. a. to depute, send

or delegate. DÉRACINEMENT, då-rå-sîn-mên, s. m.

rooting up.

DÉRACINER, då-rå-sî-nå, v. a. to root up

or pluck up by the root, root out or extirpate, eradicate.

DÉRADER, v. n. Mar. to part, drive to sea from an anchorage. Six bâtiments furent déradés hier des aunes, six vessels were driven to sea yesterday from the downs.

DÉRAISON, då-rê-zon, s. f. unreasonableness, bad reason, nonsense; opposition to rea-

DÉRAISONNABLE, då-rê-zô-nabl, adj. unreasonable, void of reason, unjust.

DÉRAISONNABLEMENT, då-rê-zô-nåblmen, adv. unreasonably.

DÉRAISONNER, då-re-zô-na, v. n. to talk

nonsense. DÉRALINGUER, v. a. (une voile) Mar. to

carry away the bolt rope of (a sail.)
DÉRANGÉ, E, adj. disordered, disappointed, put out of order, confounded, in confusion,

disorderly. DÉRANGEMENT, dà-renz-men, s. m. disor-

der, confusion, disappointment.

Déranger, da-ren-za, v. a. to disorder, put out of order or place, put in confusion, confound, embroil or perplex, disappoint. ranger, 1. r. to live a disorderly life, take to bad courses.

DÉRAPER, v. n. Mar. to trip the anchor,

loosen the anchor from the ground. L'ancre est dérapée, the anchor is a-trip. Faire déraper l'ancre, to trip the anchor.

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DÉRATÉ, E, då-rå-tå, adj. cunning, sharp. Un dératé, s. m. a cunning or sharp blade, an

DÉRAYER, (SE) v. r. Ex. Une roue qui se déraye, a wheel with loose spokes.

*DERECHEF, der-shef, adv. again, once,

more, over again, anew.
DEREGLE, E, adj. disordered, disorderly,

immoderate, unruly.

DÉRÉGLEMENT, dà-ragl-mên, s. m. irregularity, disorder, confusion, depravation (of manners.) Le déréglement de la langue, the licentiousness or misgovernment of the

DÉRÉGLEMENT, adv. immoderately, without measure or moderation, unruly, disorder-

out measure or noueration, untary, use out, ly, lossely, dissolutely.

DÉRÉGLER, då-rå-glå, v. a. to disorder, or put out of order. Se dérégler, v. r. to get out of order, grow lewd, follow ill courses, begin to lead a disorderly life.

Son pouls s'est déréglé, his pulse is out of order.

DÉRIDER, då-rì-dà, v. r. to unwrinkle or take away the wrinkles. Dérider le front, to clear the brow, make one look cheerful. dérider, v.r. to look cheerful, clear one's brow. Son front ne se déride jamais, his brow is always cloudy, he never looks checrful.

DERISION, da-ri-zion, s. f. derision. Tourner en dérision, to laugh at, deride or turn in-

to ridicule.

DÉRIVATI-F, VE, då-rî-vå-tîf, tlv, adj. de-

DÉRIVATION, dà-rl-và-slon, s. f. deriva-

tion, origin.
DÉRIVE, då-riv, s. f. Mar. lee-way, drift. Belle dérive, sea-room. La dérive vaut la route, the drift is favourable to the course. En dérire, a-drift. Le petit canot est en dérive, the

jolly-boat is adrift.

DÉRIVÉ, då-rî-vå, s. f. derivative.

DÉRIVER, då-rî-va, v. a. to derive ; to nurivet or unclinch (a nail.)

DÉRIVER, v. n. to be derived, come originally from; get clear of the shore (with barge-men.) Dériver, Mar. to drive or sag to leeward. Ce sawire dérive comme de la fumée, that ship is as weatherly as a sand barge. Dériver sur un vaisseau, to fall aboard a ship.

Vaissean qui dérive beaucoup, leewardly ship.
DERNIER, E, dêr-niå, nièr, adj. last, utmost, greatest, highest, worst. Une action de most, greatest, highest, worst. la dernière cruanté, a most barbarous action! Vos mains sont de la dernière beauté, your hands are extraordinarily fair. Je suis dans le dernier chagrin, I am extremely sorry or concerned. Je rous suis obligé de la dernière obligation, I am infinitely obliged to you. En dernier lieu, adv. lastly, last of all

DERNIER, s. m. last. S'il ne tient qu'a cela. je ne serai pas des derniers, if that will do, I

shall not come short of any.

Dernièrement, der-nier-men, adv. late-

ly, not long since, not long ago, newly.

DÉROBÉ, E, då-rå-bå, adj. stolen, etc. Escalier dérobé, back stairs, private stair-case. A des heures dérobées, at spare hours. A la dérobée, adv. by stealth, privately. Se retirer à la dérobée, to steal away. Jeter des rebar, bat, base; thère, èbo, over; field, fig; robe, rob, lord; mood, good,

gards à la dérobée, to cast sheep's eyes, play

DEROBER. då-rå-bå, v. a. to steal, rob or deprive, conceal, hide; to blanch (beans.) Dérober un criminel à la justice, to convey or conceal an offender from justice. Dérober une chose à la connoissance de quelqu'un, to conceal a thing from one. Votre maison dérobe la vue à la nôtre, your house intercepts our prospect. Se dérober, v. r. to steal or get away. Se dérober à la vue de quelqu'un, to fade from the view. Se dérober à la justice, to fly from jus-tice. Cheval qui se dérobe de dessous l'homme, a horse that slips from under his rider. Se dérober aux coups de quelqu'un, to shun or avoid one's blows. Se dérober un repas, to pinch one's belly.

DÉROCHER, v. a. said of very large birds which flying after four-footed animals oblige them sometimes to precipitate themselves

from the top of a rock.

DÉROGATION, dà-rô-gà-sìon, s. f. derogation

DÉROGATOIRE, dà-rô-gà-twar, adv. dero-

gating, derogatory. DÉROGEANCE, da-ro-zèns, s. f. degrading

action.

DÉROGEANT, E, då-rô-zèn, zènt, adj. derogating, derogatory. DÉROGER, då-rô-zå, v. n. to derogate.

Déroger à sa noblesse, to degrade one's self. DÉROIDIR, då-rê-dîr, v. a. to unstiffen. Se

déroidir, v. a. to grow soft or supple. DÉROUGIR, dà-rôo-zîr, v. a. to take off the redness of one's face. Dérougir, v.n. Se

dérougir, v. r. to lose onc's redness. DÉROUILLER, da-roo-la, v. a. to get or fetch the rust off, brighten, polish. Se dérouiller, v. r, to lose one's rust (in a proper and figurative sense.)

DÉROULER, då-rôo-lå, v. a. to unroll. DÉROUTE, då-rôot, s. f. rout, defeat, over-throw; disorder, confusion. Mettre en déroute, to rout, defeat. Mettre quelqu'un en déroute, to run one down, put him to a non-

DÉROUTÉ, E, adj. quite out of his or her

way, astray, bewildered.

DÉROUTER, da-roo-ta, v. a. to put out of

the road, lead astray, disconcert.

DERRIÈRE, de-rièr, prep. & adv. behind. Par derrière, behind, backward. Elle est bossue par derrière, she has a crooked back. Porte de derrière, back-door. Mettre une chose sens devant derrière, to put a thing Mettre une wrong end foremost, put the cart before the horse.

DERRIÈRE.s. m. backside; (d'une cuirasse) back; (d'une perruque) neck or hind lock; breech.

DERVICHE or DERVIS, s. m. dervis (Turkish priest.)

DES, de, (plural of du, de la, de l') of, of the, from the, some, etc. See the observation

Dès, prep. from, since, at. Dès demain, to-morrow. Des que, conj. as soon as, from the moment that; also as, since. Des là que, when, as. Je le connois des mon enfance, I have known him from my infancy. Je le ferai dès ce soir, I shall do it this very evening. Je l'avois appris dès Orléans. I had not got further than Orleans when I heard of it.

DESABUSEMENT, då-zå-buz-men, s. m. disabusing, undeceiving, state of being undeceived.

DÉSABUSER, då-zå-bů-zå, v. a. to undeceive, disabuse.

DÉSACCORDER, då-zå-kor-då, v. a. to put out of tune, untune.

DÉSACCOUPLER, dà-zà-kôo-plà, v. a. to uncouple.

DÉSACCOUTUMANCE, s. f. the weaning

from a custom or habit. DÉSACCOUTUMER, då-zå-kôo-tů-må, v. a. to break off or wean from a custom or habit, make one leave off. Se désaccoutumer, v. r. to break off or break one's self of a habit, disuse, leave off.

DÉSACHALANDER, då-zå-shå-len-då. V.

Déchalander.

DÉSAFFOURCHER, v. n. Mar. to unmoor. DÉSAGENCER, då-zå-zèn-så, v. a. to disorder, put out of order or in confusion.

DÉSAGERÉABLE, då-zà-grå-abl, adj. unpleasant, disagreeable.

DÉSAGRÉABLEMENT, då-zå-grå-åbl-men, adv.unpleasantly,disagreeably. Vivre désagré-ablement en un lieu, to live uneasy in a place. Désagréer, då-så-grå-å, v. n. to dis-please, not to please, bo disliked. Désagréer un

vaisseau, Mar. to take away a ship's rigging.

DÉSAGRÉMENT, då-zå-grå-mên, s. m. fault, defect, any thing unpleasant or apt to create dislike, disgust, trouble, grievous or troublesome thing.

DÉSAJUSTER, då-zå-zůs-tå, v. a. to dis-

compose or disorder.

DÉSALTÉRER, då-zål-tå-rå, v. a. toquench the thirst. Se désaltérer, v. r. to quench one's thirst.

DÉSANCRER, da-zen-kra, v. a. to weigh the anchor.

DÉSAPPAREILLER, v. a. to unmatch.

DÉSAPPÉTISER, v. a. to take away the appetite.

DÉSAPPLIQUER, v. a. to take off, divert from one's application.

*DÉSAPPOINTER, då-zå-pwin-tå, v. a. to strike off the roll, put out of pay, cashier, supersede.

Désapprendre, dà-zà-prèndr, v. a. (like

prendre) to unlearn, forget.

DÉSAPPROBAT-ÉUR, RICE, adj. one who blames, disapproves, fault-finder.

DÉSAPPROBATION, s. f. disapprobation.

DÉSAPPROPRIATION, dà-zà-prò-prì-à-sìon, s. f. renunciation or dereliction

DÉSAFPROPRIER, (SE) se dà za pro pri à, de, v. r. to renounce, divest one's self of.
DÉSAPPROUVER, dà za pro và, v. a. to

disapprove, dislike, disallow, blame, find fault with.

DÉSARÇONNER, då-zår-sô-nå, v. a. to unhorse, throw off the saddle, dismount; also to supplant or undermine, and to nonplus.

DÉSARGENTER, då-zår-zèn-tå, v. a. totake or scrape or wear off the silver; also to drain of money.

DÉSARMEMENT, då-zår-mê-mên, s. m. disarming. Mar. paying off and laying up (of a ship.) Etre en désarmement, to be clearing the

ship for laying her up.
DESARMER, då-zår-må, v. a. to disarm, pull off the armour, appease, allay one's passion or resentment. Désarmer, v.n. to lay down buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

arms, disarm. Mar. désarmer un vaisseau, to discharge or lay up a ship. Désarmer les Mar. désarmer un vaisseau, | avirons, to unship the oars

DÉSARRIMER la cale, Mar. to unstow the

hold. DÉSARROI, då-zå-rwå, s. m. disorder, confusion, trouble. En désarroi, in disorder.

DÉSASSEMBLER, dà-zà-sèn-blà, v. a. to take down or asunder, take to pieces.

DÉSASSORTI, E, adj. ill-matched, unsuita-

ble, jarring. DÉSASSORTIR, då-zå-sôr-tir, v. a. (regularly conjugated) to remove or displace things

which were matched. DÉSASTRE, då-zåstr, s. m. disaster, mis-

chance, misfortune.

DÉSASTREUSEMENT. adv. disastrously. DÉSASTREU-X, SE, då-zås-trèu, trèuz, adj. disastrous, unfortunate.

DÉSAVANTAGE, da-zâ-ven-taz, s. m. dis-advantage, prejudice, loss, damage. Parler au désavantage de quelqu'un, to speak ill of one. Il a eu du désavantage dans le combat, he had the worst of it in that fight, he was worsted.

DÉSAVANTAGER, dà-zà-vèn-tà-zà, v. a. to

DÉSAVANTAGEUSEMENT, då-2å-ven-tåzeuz-men, adv. disadvantageously, with disadvantage. Parler désavantageusement de quelqu'un, to speak ill of one, give an ill character of one.

DÉSAVANTAGEU-X, SE, adj. disadvanta-ous, inconvenient. Ce combat nous fut dégeous, inconvenient. savantageux, we had the worst of it in that

DÉSAVEU, dà-zà-vèu, s. m. disavowing or

disclaiming, denial.

DÉSAVEUGLER, dà-zà-vêu-glà, v. a. tounblind, open the eyes of.

DESAVOUER, då-zå-vôo-å, v. a. to disown or disclaim, not to own, deny.

DESCELLER, v. a. to take off the seal. DESCENDANCE, de-sen-dens, s. f. extrac-

tion, descent. DESCENDANT, E, adj. descending.

DESCENDANT, de-sen-den,sim. descendant.

Descendans, offspring, posterity, progeny.
Descender, de-sendr, v. n. to descend, o or come or step or be carried down; to fall. Descendre d'un bateau, to come out of a boat, to land. Descendre de cheral, to light off one's horse. Descendre de carrosse, to step out of a coach. Descendre de quelqu'un, to descend from one, draw one's original from one. La marée descend, the tide goes out or it is ebb tide. Descendre d'un ton, to sing a note lower.

Descendre, v. a. to take or lct or bring or throw down. Descendre la garde, to come off the guard. Mar. Descendre une rivière, to fall or drop down a river. Nous descendimes la côte de Guinée, we ran down the coast of Guinea. Descends les pierriers de la grande hune, send down the swivels out of the main top.

Descendu, E, adj. descended, come or gone down. Descendu de bonne famille, come

of a good family.

DESCENTE, de-sent, s. f. descent or going down, taking or letting down, fall or falling; a gutter; ruptu e or burst; descent or steep side of a hill; rruption, invasion, descent, landing. Descente d'humeurs, defluxion of hu-mours. Faire une descente sur les lieux, to visit the spot. Descente de croix, picture repre- unbewitch, disenchant.

senting the manner in which our Saviour was taken down from the cross. Faire une descente, Mar. to make a landing or to land in an enemy's country.

DESCRIPTION, de-skrlp-slon, s. f. descrip-

DÉSEMBALLAGE, s. m. unpacking, opening of a bale.
Désemballer, då-zèn-bå-lå, v. a. to un

pack.

DÉSEMBARQUEMENT, dà-zèn-bark-mên, s. m. disembarking.

DÉSEMBARQUER, dà-zèn-bar-ka, v. a. to disembark, unlade.

DÉSEMBOURBER, då-zèn-bôor-bå, v. a. to

take out of the mire

DESEMPARER, då-zen-på-rå, v. a. & n. to go away, quit or abandon the place where one is. Mar. to disable.

Désempenné, E, adj. unplumed. Ex. Il va comme un trait désempenné, he is a rash, hair brained fellow, he goes at random ...

DÉSEMPESER, v. a. to unstarch. Désemplia, dà-zen-plir, v. a. to empty

till not too full.

DÉSEMPLIR, v. n. or se désemplir, v. r. to empty, grow empty.

DESEMPRISONNER, v. a. to take out of prison.

DESENCHANTEMENT, då-zen-shent-men, s. m. disenchautment.

DÉSENCHANTER, da-zèn-shèn-ta, v. a. to

disenchant or uncharm.

DÉSENCLOUER, dâ-zen-klôo-å, v. a. un canon, to clear a piece of ordnance that was spiked. Désenclouer un cheval, to take out a nail that pricks a horse to the quick.

DÉSENDORMI, E, adj. half awake. DÉSENFILER, då-zen-fi-lå, v. a. to un-

thread a needle.

DESENFLER, då-zen-flå, v. a. to take the swelling away. Désenfler, v. n. se désenfler, v. r. to have the swelling abate.

DÉSENFLURE, dà-zen-flur, s. f. cessation of swelling.

DÉSENIVEER, dà-zen-nî-vra, v. a. to so ber, unfuddle, make sober again. Se désenivrer, v. r. to grow sober again. Se désenivrer en dormant, to sleep one's self sober.

DÉSENLACER, v. a. to disentangle. Se dé senlacer, v. r. to disentangle one's self, get

clear of the net or snare. Désennuyen, då-zen-nol-ya, v. a. to divert, recreate or refresh. Se désennuyer, v. r

to divert or refresh one's self. DÉSENRAYER, då-zen-rå-ya, une roue, v.

a, to untrig a wheel. DÉSENRIUMER, dà-zèn-rů-mà, v. a. to cure a cold or cough. Se désenrhumer, v. r.

to get rid of a cold or cough. DÉSENRÔLEMENT, s. m. discharge (of a

soldier.) DÉSENRÔLER, v.a. to discharge (a soldier.)

DÉSENDOUER, dà-zen-roo-à, v. a. to cure the hoarseness of. Se désenrouer, v. r. to get rid of a hoarseness.

DÉSENSABLER, dà-zen-sa-bla, v. a. to get off a boat that has run aground.

DÉSENSEIGNER, v. a. to unteach.

DÉSENSEVELIR, da-zen-sev-lir, v.a. to dig out of the grave.

Désensonceler, da-zen-sers-la, v. a. to

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, ove: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

då-zen-sor-sel-DÉSENSORCELLEMENT,

mên, s. m. disenchanting.

DÉSENTÊTER, då-zèn-tè-tå, v. a. to bring to reason, restrain one infatuated.

Désentraver, dà-zen-tra-và, v. a. to un-

fetter or unlock, (a horse, etc.)

DÉSENVENIMER, dà-zenv-nî-ma, v. a. to clear from the venom, remove or take away the venom.

DÉSENVERGUER une voile, v. a. Mar. to

unbend a sail.

DÉSÉQUIPER, dà-zà-kì-pà, un vaisseau, v. a. to unrig a ship.

Désert, E, då-zer, zert, adj. desert, un-inhabit, unfrequented, solitary.

DÉSERT, s. m. desert, desert place, wilderness, solitary place.

DÉSERTER, dà-zêr-tà, v. a. to lay waste, turn into a desert or wilderness, unpeople, leave or forsake (a place,) desert or run away

from one's colours.

DESERTEUR, da-zer-teur, s. m. deserter.

DÉSERTION, da-zer-sion, s. f. desertion, deserting. Désertion d'appel, giving over of an appeal. Désertion de cause, nonsuit or let-

ung fall a suit. Désespérade, då-zês-på-råd, (A LA,) adv. desperately, like a mad person, hand over head, rashly.

DÉSESPÉRANT, E, adj. despairing. DÉSESPÉRÉ, E, då-zes-på-rå, adj. despair-

ed of, etc. past hope, desperate, given over, forlorn; mad, desperate, furious.

DÉSESPÉRÉ, E, s. m. & f. desperate per-

DÉSESPÉRÉMENT, adv. desperately. DÉSESPÉRER, då-zes-på-rå, v. n. to de-

spair, have no hopes, be past hopes, give over for lost.

DÉSESPÉRER, v. a. to put out of all hopes, give no hopes, also to torment, mad or make mad, anger, vex. Se désespérer, v. r. to be mad, tear like a madman, be ready to make

away with one's self, despair.

DÉSESPOIR, dà-zes-pwar, s. m. despair, desperation; trouble, grief, vexation Fensuis au désespoir, I am extremely troubled, vexed or concerned about it, I am mad at it. C'est mon désespoir, that vexes me or makes me mad.

DÉSHABILLÉ, E, adj. undressed, whose clothes are off.

DÉSHABILLÉ, då-zå-bî-lå, s. m. dishabille,

undress or home dress.

DÉSHABILLER, dà-zà-bì-là, v. a. to undress, pull off the clothes of. Se déshabiller, to undress one's self.

DÉSHABITÉ, E, då-zå-bî-tå, adj. descrted, no longer inhabited, uninhabited.

DÉSHABITUER, då-zå-bl-tů-å, v. a. to disaccustom, break off a habit or custom. Se déshabituer, v. r. to break one's self of, leave off a habit or eustom.

DÉSHÉRENCE, då-zå-rèns, s. m. want of a lawful heir.

DÉSHÉRITER, då-zå-rl-tå, v. a. to disinherit or deprive of the succession.

DÉSHONNÊTE, då-zð-net, adj. dishonest, unbecoming, disgraceful, shameful, dishonourable, base, filthy; lewd, bawdy, dis-

DÉSHONNÊTEMENT, då-z3-nèt-mên, adv. dishonestly, lewdly, immodeatly.

DÉSHONNÊTETÉ, dà-zô-nêt-tå, s. f. dishonesty, lewdness, immodesty, ribaldry

DESHONNEUR, då-zô-neur, s. m. dishonour, shame, disgrace, discredit, infamy, reproach, disparagement.

Déshonorable, dà-zô-nô-rabl, adj. dis-

honourable, disgraceful, infamous, shameful. DESHONORABLEMENT, då-zô-nô-råbl-mên,

adv. dishonourably, disgracefully, shamefully. DÉSHONORER, da-zô-nô-na, v. a. to dis-honour, disgrace, debase, disparage or dis-credit. Déshonorer une fille, to ravish or ruin a

girl. Se déshonorer, v. r. to bring disgrace upon one's self. DÉSHUMANISER, v. a. to divest of huma-

nity, render inhuman.

DÉSIGNATI-F, VE, adj. that designates,

marks out. DÉSIGNATION, dà-zì-gnà-sìon, s. f. designation, appointment, nomination, description.

DÉSIGNER, dà-sî-gua, v. a. to designate, appoint, assign or nominate, describe, denote. Désincorporer, dà-zin-kôr-pô-ra, v. a.

to separate (from the body in which a thing has been incorporated,) to disincorporate. DÉSINENCE, da-zl-nens, s. f. termination or

ending (of a word.) DESINFATUER, då-zin-få-tů-å, v. a. to work out of conceit, disabuse, undeceive.

DÉSINFECTER, v. a. to take off the infec-

DÉSINFECTION, s. f. the act of taking off the infection.

DÉSINTÉRESSÉ, E, adj. disinterested, un interested, impartial, unbiassed; indemnified, etc. V. the Verb.

DÉSINTÉRESSEMENT, da-zin-ta-res-men, s. m. impartiality, disinterestedness.

DÉSINTÉRESSÉMENT, adv. impartially. DÉSINTÉRESSER, da-zin-ta-rê-sa, v. a. to indemnity, make amends, give a recompense.
*DESINVITER, v. a. to disinvite.

DÉSIR, dà-zîr, s. m. desire, wish, longing. Désir violent et déréglé, lust. DÉSIRABLE, dà-zî-rabl, adj. desirable, to

be desired, to be wished for.

DÉSIRÉ, E, adj. desired, wished for. DÉSIRER, dà-zl-rà, v. a. to desire, wish or long for. Désirer avec passion, to lust after. Il y a quelque chose à désirer, there is some-

thing wanting or missing. DESIREU-x, SE, då-zî-reu, reuz, adj. desi-

rous, covetous, eager.

DÉSISTEMENT, dà-zîst-mên, s. m. desisting, giving over, ceasing or leaving off.

DESISTER, (SE) se-da-zis-ta, de, v. r. to desist, cease, leave off, give over.

DESOBEIR, då-zð-bå-Îr, v. a. to disobey, be

disobedient or undutiful

Désobéissance, då-zð-bå-1-sens, s. f. disobedience, undutifulness.

Désobéissant, E, då-zô-bå-î-sèn, sènt, adj. disobedient, undutiful. Désoblicé, E, adj. disobliged, displeased.

DÉSOBLIGEAMMENT, dà-zô-blì-zà-niên, adv. disobligingly, unkindly.

DESOBLIGEANT, E, då-zô-blî-zèn, zènt, adj. disobliging, unkind.

DESOBLIGER, då-zô-blî-zå, v. a. to disoblige, displease.

DÉSOBSTRUCTIF, s.m. cure for obstructions Désobstruer, v a. to remove an ob. struction.

buse, but : jeunc, meute, beurre : ensant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Désoccupation, dà-zô-kû-pâ-sîon, s. f.

leisure, retiring from business.

Désoccuré, E, då-zå-kå-på, adj. at leisure, free or retired from business, unemployed, idle. Se désoccuper, v. r. to retire from business, free one's self from it, lay it aside.

Désoeuvné, E, då-zeu-vrå, adj. out of

work or business.

DÉSOEUVREMENT, s. m. idleness, leisure. DESOLANT, E, dà-zô-lèn, lènt, adj. griev-

nug, afflicting.
Désolateur, då-zô-lå-têur, s. m. rava-

ger, spoiler, destroyer.
Désolation, da-zó-là-sion, s. f. desolation, ruin, devastation, grief, trouble, affliction, consternation.

Désolé, E, adj. desolate, ruined, laid waste; doleful, disconsolate, troubled, afflict-

ed, grieved.
Désoler, då-zô-lå, v. a. to desolate, run or lay waste; to vex, trouble or grieve

DESOPILATI-F, VE, da-zô-pî-la-tif, tiv, adj.

deoppilative.

Désopilation, da-zô-pl-la-slon, s. f. de-oppilation, removal of obstructions.

Désopiler, da-zô-pî-là, v. a. to deoppi-te, drive away sorrow. Cela désopile la late, drive away sorrow.

Tate, that dispels the spleen.

DÉSORDONNÉ, E, då-zôr-dô-nā, adj. disordinate, inordinate, disorderly, extravagant,

unruly, unreasonable, immoderate.

dà-zôr-dô-nà-mên, DESORDONNÉMENT, adv. disordinately, disorderly, without any

rule, immoderately

DÉSORDRE, dã-zôrdr, s. m. disorder, confusion; riot, excess, debauchery, loose or disorderly life, lewdness; perturbation, trouble or discomposure of mind; disturbance, tumult, hurly burly; devastation, havock.

DÉSORGANISATION, s. f. disorganization. DÉSORGANISER, v. a. to disorganize.

Désorienté, E, adj. out of order confounded, out of countenance, out of his or her bias. DÉSORIENTER, da-zô-rî-èn-ta, v. a. to mis-

take some other point for the east, lose one's way, to confound, put or dash out of countenance, put out of one's bias. DÉSORMAIS, dà-zôr-me, adv. lienceforth,

hereafter.

Désorner, v. a. to take off ornaments, strip of ornaments.
Désossé, E, adj. boned (for unboned.)

DESOSSEMENT, s. m. taking out the bones. DÉSOSSER, då-zò-så, v. a. to bone (for unone,) take out the bones (in cookery.)

DÉSOURDIR, da-zoor-dir, v. a. to unravel, anwarp.

DESPONSATION, s. f. solemn engagement

of marriage. DESPOTAT, s. m. state governed by a des-

DESPOTE, des-pôt, s. m. despot, absolute

DESPOTIQUE, des-pô-tik, adj. despotical,

absolute, arbitrary. DESPOTIQUEMENT, des-pô-tik-mên, adv.

despotically, arbitrarily.

DESPUMATION, s. f. despumation.

DESPUMER, v. a. to take off the scum.
DESQUELS, DESQUELLES, (pour De lesquels, De lesquels). V. Lesquels.
DESSAISIR (SE) sê-dê-sê-zîr, de quelque

chose, v. r. to disseize or dispossess one's self of a thing, let it go.

DESSAISISSEMENT, de-se-zis-men, s. m.

disseizing, dispossessing.

Dessatsonner, v. a. to plow, manure or sow (land) unseasonably or out of the wonted season.

DESSALÉ, E, dê-sâ-lâ, adj. unsalted, freed from salt by being soaked in water. Un dessalé,

s. m. a cunning or sharp fellow.

Dessaler, de-sa-la, v. a. & v. n. to unsalt, make fresh or free from salt.

DESSANGLER, de-sen-gla, v. a. to ungirth. DESSAOULER. V. Dessouler.

Desséchant, e, dê-sà-shên, shên, adj drying, desiccative.

Desséché, adj. dried, dried up.

DESSÉCHEMENT, de-sash-men, s. m. drying or drying up, desiccation, state of being dried

up. Dessécher, de-så-shå, v. a. to dry *or* dry

up, drain, wither.

DESSEIN, de-sin, s. m. design, mind, intention, intent, purpose, resolution, project, enterprise, attempt; plan or draught. A dessein, on purpose, purposely. A dessein de, with the design of, in order to.

DESSELLER, de-se-là, v. a. to unsaddle. DESSERRE, s. f. Ex. Il est dur à la desserre, he is hold-fast, he is a close-fisted man.

DESSERRER, dê-se-rå, v. a. to loosen, make a little loose. Desserrer les dents à quelqu'un, to wrench one's teeth open; to make one speak. Desserrer un coup de poing, un soufflet, to give a cuff or box on the ear.

Dessert, de-ser, s. m. last course at table,

dessert.

DESSERTE, de-sert, s. f. meat come off the Desserte d'une cure or d'un bénéfice, table. functions of a parsonage or the like.

DESSERVANT, s. m. curate.

*Desservice, s. m. ill office, ill turn, disservice.

DESSERVIR, dê-sêr-vîr, v. a. (like servir) to take away, clear the table; to do an ill office to, discard. Desservir une cure, to serve a parish.

DESSICATI-F, VE, dê-sî-kâ-tîf, tlv, adj. de-

siccative, apt to dry up.

DESSIGNATION, S. f. desiccation. DESSILLER, de-si-la, v.a. to open(the cyes.) Dessin, s. m. design, sketch or first de-

sign; art of drawing.
Dessinateur, dê-sl-nâ-têur, s. m. designer or drawer.

DESSINER, de-si-na, v. a. to design, draw the first draught of, delineate, sketch.

Dessoler, de-so-la, v. a. to unsole.

Dessouder, de-so-da, v. a. to unsolder.

DESSOUDURE, s. f. unsoldering.
DESSOULER, dê-sôo-là, v. a. to make sober again. Dessoûler, v. n. to get sober.
DESSOUS, dê-sôo, adv. underneath, beneath.

Dessous, prep. under, underneath, below. Audessous de, below, under, inferiour to. De dessous, from under. Sens dessus dessous, topsyturvy, upside down.

Dessous, s. m. bottom, lower or under-ost part. Le dessous du pied, the sole of the most part. foot. Avoir du dessous, to be worsted or heat-, en or overpowered. Donner du dessous, to beat, overpower.

Dessus, de-su, adv. & prep. upon, above.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Au-dessus de, above, over, beyond. De dessus, from, from upon, off. Il ne leva jamais les yeux de decsus elle, he never turned his eyes from her. Les fruits tombent de dessus les arbres, the fruits fall off the trees.

Dessus, s. m. top or upper part; (d'une lettre) superscription. Le dessus (in musick,) the treble or upper part. Bas dessus, second treble. Avoir le dessus, to be uppermost, get or have the advantage. Venir au dessus de ses entreprises, to bring one's designs about, compass them. Prendre le dessus de quelqu'un, to take place above one.

DESTIN, destin, s. m. destiny, fate.

DESTINATION, des-ti-na-sion, s. f. destina-

tion, appointment.

DESTINÉ, E, adj. designed, devoted, destinated, set apart. Destiné pour, Mar. bound

DESTINÉE, des-tl-na, s. f. destiny, fate.

Finir sa destinée, to die.

DESTINER, des-ti-na, v. a. to design, destine or destinate, devote or appoint. v. n. to

design, propose.

DESTITUABLE, des-tl-iu-abl, adj. that may be deposed, that may be deprived or turned out of his place or office.

DESTITUÉ, E, dés-úl-tú-å, adj. destitute, deprived, bereft, deposed.
DESTITUEE, dés-úl-tú-å, v. a. to depose, deprive or turn out of a place.

DESTITUTION, des-ti-ta-sion, s. f. deposing

or depriving of a place.
*Destrier, destri-å, s. m. led horse, char-, war horse.

DESTRUCT-EUR, RICE, des-trak-teur, tris,

s. m. & f. destroyer.

DESTRUCTIBILITÉ, s. f. quality of what can be destroyed.

DESTRUCTION, destructive.
DESTRUCTION, destruction, s. f. destruc-

tion, ruin, overthrow

DÉSUÉTUDE, då-sû-å-tûd, s. f. desuetude.

DÉSUNI, E, disunited, divided, etc. DÉSUNION, da-zu-nion, s. f. disunion, division, discord, separation.

DÉSUNIR, då-zů-nîr, v. a. to disunite, divide, set at variance, separate, disjoin. Se désunir, v. r. to come asunder; to fall out, be at variance, be divided, be at odds.

DÉTACHÉ, E, adj. untied, loose, etc. V. DÉTACHER. Pièces détachées, outworks (in

fortification.)

DÉTACHEMENT, då-tåsh-men, s. m. freedom, condition of one that is free or has no tie upon him. Détachement de cœur, disen-gagement of one's heart or affection. Détache-

ment de tout intérêt, impartiality. Détachement (terme de guerre,) detachment.

DÉTACHER, dê-lâ-shâ, v. a. to untie, undo r loosen or loose; take off. (In painting) to relieve, throw out. Détacher le flegme avec un verre de vin, to carry off, wash down the phlegm with a glass of winc. Détacher des soldies to detach soldiers. Détacher me frésoldies to detach soldiers. pniegm with a glass of with. Detacher use soldats, to detach soldiers. Détacher une frégate, to detach a frigate. Détacher une ruade, to kick up one's heels, fling or jerk out with the heels. Détacher, (ôter les taches) to take out the stains. Détacher, v. r. to grow loose, come off; to rid or wean or break one's self

of, to leave off.
Dracheur, då-tå-sheur V. Degrais-

FEUP.

DÉTAIL, då-tål, s. m. retail; particulars, exact account, account. V. Ensemble. Vendre or débiter en détail, to sell by retail; faire le détail d'une chose, to give, tell the particulars of a thing.

DÉTAILLER, da-ta-la, v. a. to cut in pieces, sell by retail: to tell the particulars of, give a

full account of.

DÉTAILLEUR, dà-tå-lêur, s. m. retailer. DÉTALAGE, s. m. the act of taking in the stall-commodities.

DÉTALER, då-tå-lå, v. a. to take in the stall-commodities, shut up one's shop. Détaler, v. n. to scamper away, make off.

DÉTALINGUER, då-tå-lin-gå, un câble, v. a.

Mar. to unbend a cable.

DÉTAPPER, v. a. Mar. to take out the tompion from the mouth of (a gun.) Détappez les canons, take out your tompions.

DÉTEINDRE, da tindr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to take away the colour, discolour. Se déteindre, v. r. to lose its colour, fade.

DETEINT, E, adj. that has lost its colour,

discoloured. DÉTELER, dat-là, v. a. to unteam, take the

horse or horses from a cart, coach, etc. DÉTENDRE, v. a. to take down, let down,

slacken, unbend.

DÉTENDU, E, adj. taken down, etc. V. Détendre.

DÉTENIR, dåt-nir, v. a. like tenir, to de-

tain, keep or withhold. DÉTENTE, då-tent, s. f. trigger of a gun. DÉTENT-EUR, TRICE, da-ten-teur, tris, s. m. & f. one that holds an estate.

DÉTENTION, då-tèn-sion, s. f. detaining,

keeping, detention, imprisonment.

DÉTENU, E, adj. detained, kept, withheld.

DÉTERGER, då-têr-zå, v. a. to purge,

DÉTÉRIORATION, då-tå-rì-ô-rà-sìon, s. f. waste, spoiling, deterioration.

DÉTÉRIORER, dà-tà-rì-ô-rà, v. a. to waste

or spoil.

DÉTERMINANT, E, adj. that determines, decides.

DÉTERMINATI-F, VE, adj. determinative. DÉTERMINATION, da-têr-mî-na-sîon, s. f. determination, resolution, decision, appoint-

DÉTERMINÉ, E, då-ter-mi-nå, adj. deter-

mined, etc. V. Determiner.

Determine, s. m. bold or stout or resolute fellow, also desperate fellow, desperado: and unlucky froward child.

DÉTERMINÉMENT, då-ter-mi-nå-men, adv. absolutely, by all means; determinately, pre-

cisely, boldly, resolutely.
DÉTERMINER, då-ter-mi-na, v. a. to determine, decide, settle, fix, resolve, prevail upon to take a resolution. Déterminer la longitude et la latitude d'une ile, d'un cap, etc. to fix or lay down the latitude and longitude of an island, of a cape, etc. Se déterminer, v. r. to be resolved, come to or take a resolution.

DÉTERRÉ, E, adj. digged or dug out of the ground. Avoir le visage d'un. déterré, to

look as pale as death.

Déterrer, då-tê-rå, v. a. to dig out of

the ground, to find out or discover.
*DÉTERREUR, då-tè-rêur, s. m. discoverer. DÉTERSI-F, VE, dà-ter-sif, siv, adj. deter

buse, bût : jenne, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon , brun.

DÉTESTABLE, då-tés-tábl, adj. detestable,

abominable, sad, wretched, pitiful.

DÉTESTABLEMENT, då-tes-tabl-men, adv.

abominably, wretchedly.

DÉTESTATION, dà-tês-tâ-sîon, s. f. detcstation, abhorrence.

DÉTESTER, då-tes-tå, v. a. to detest, abominate, abhor.

DÉTIRER, då-ti-rå, v. a. to pull out.

DÉTISER, då-ti-zå, le feu, v. a. to take apart the fire.

DÉTONATION, då-tô-nå-sîon, s.f. detonation. DÉTONER, v. n. (in chymistry) to detonize. DÉTONER, då-tô-nå, v. n. to get out of

tune, jar.

DÉTORDRE, da-tôrdr, v. a. to unwring or untwist. Se détordre, v. r. to unwring or untwist. Se détordre le pied, to sprain one's

DÉTORQUER, då-tor-kå, v. a. to wrest (a

passage or proposition.)
DETORS, SE, adj. unwrung, untwisted, etc.

V. Détordre.

DÉTORSE, s. f. sprain.

DÉTORTILLER, da-tôr-tî-la, v. a. to un-Se détortiller, v. r. to untwist.

DÉTOUPER, v. a. to take out or force in the bung or stopple.

DETOUPILLONNER, v. a. to lop off (the small, useless branches of an orange-tree.)

DÉTOUR, då-tor, s. m. turning or winding; by-way, way about; going about the bush, compass of words, fetch about; by way, cunning shift, excuse, hole to get out at, evasion, subterfuge. J'aime sans détour, my love is downright and sincere.

DÉTOURNÉ, E, adj. disturbed, etc. Des endroits détournés, by-ways, by-paths.

DÉTOURNEMENT, da-toorn-mên, s. m.

turning aside.

DÉTOURNER, dà-tôor-nà, v. a. to disturb, hinder, take off, divert or interrupt, turn, turn away, drive or keep back, dispel, avert, dissuade, deter, convey away, convert to one's use. Détourner un voyageur de son chemin, to put a traveller out of his way. Détourner le cerf, to harbour a stag. Détourner le sens d'un passage, to wrest the sense of a passage. Se detourner, v.r. to turn, turn aside or away, get out of one's way. Se détourner de son travail, to leave or go from one's work. DÉTRACTER, då-tråk-tå, v. n. to detract,

speak ill of, to slander, traduce, backbite.

DÉTRACTEUR, då-tråk-têur, s. m. detractor, slanderer, backbiter.
DÉTRACTION, då-tråk-slon, s. f. detraction, slander; evil speaking, backbiting.

DÉTRANGER, v. a. to drive away the animals that destroy plants in a garden *DÉTRAPER, v. a. to untrap.

DETRAQUÉ, E, adj. out of order.

DÉTRAQUER, då-trå-kå, v. a. to put out of order, disorder, lead astray. Détraquer un cheval, to spoil a horse's pace. Se détraquer,

to get out of order, be led astray, go astray. Détrempe, da-trènp, s. f. water-colours. DÉTREMPER, dà-trên-pà. v. a. to temper,

dilute, allay, soften tempered iron or steel. DÉTRESSE, dà-très, s. f. distress, sorrow,

trouble, anguish.

DÉTRIMENT, dà-trì-mên, s. m. detriment, loss, damage. Détrimens de vegetaux, vegetable remains.

DÉTROIT, då-trwå, s. m. strait, frith, narrow passage, defile; also district, precinct, liberties or extent of jurisdiction. Le détroit du Sund, the Sound DÉTROMPER, dâ-tron-på, v. a. to unde-

ceive or disabuse.

DÉTRÔNEMENT, s. m. dethroning. DÉTRÔNER, då-trò-na, v. a. to unthrone.

DÉTROUSSER, da-troo-sa, v. a. to unpin or untuck, let down; also rob. Faire visite en robe détroussée, to make a ceremonious visit. DÉTROUSSEUR, då-tròo-sêur, s. m. robber.

highwayman or footpad.

DÉTRUIRE, då-trůir, v. a. (see the table at uire) to demolish or pull down (a building,) destroy, defeat, overthrow, ruin, spoil. Se detruire, v. r. to fall to ruin or decay.

DETTE, det, s. f. debt, money owed, duty, obligation. Dette active, debt due to one. Dette passive, debt one owes. Petites dettes, dettes criardes, dribbling debts, dribblets, petty sums. Avouer or confesser la dette, to acknowledge a debt; also to confess one's self in the wrong.

DEUIL, deul, s. m. mourning, grief, sorrow, affliction; any article of mourning, as clothes, etc. mourners. Grand deuil, deep mourning. Petit deuil, second mourning. Mener le deuil, to be chief mourner.

DEUTÉRONOME, deuta-ro-nom,

DEUX, deu, adj. & s. m. two. Tous deux or tous les deux, both. Ils s'aiment tous deux, they love each other or one another. Regarder quelqu'un entre les deux yeux, to stare at one. Double deux, deuces (at dice.)

DEUXIÈME, deu-ziem, adj. & s. second.

DEUXIÈMEMENT, deu-ziem-men, adv. se-

condly.

DÉVALER, dà-và-là, v. a. to let down, come

or go down. Dévaliser, då-vå-li-zå, v. a. to rob, strip,

*DEVANCEMENT, s. m. out-running, arriv-

ing before another.

DEVANCER, dê-ven-sa, v. a. to out-run,

out-go, out-strip, come before, prevent; go before, take place before, precede, have the precedency, surpass, excel, go beyond. Devancer quelqu'un en age, to be older than another.

DEVANCIER, E, de-ven-sia, sier, s. m. & f.

DEVANCIER, I., devensa, sich s. in Co. predecessors. Devant, deven, prep. & adv. before, against, over-against, in the presence of Otez-vous de devant moi, stand out of my sight or avoid my presence. Les premiers vont devant, first come, first served. Ci-devant, adv. formerly, heretofore. Par-devant, prep. forward, before, in the presence of.

DEVANT, s. m. fore part, fore side; {de chemise} fore flap; {de cuirasse} breast; {de perruque} fore-top. Devant d'estomac, stomacher. Tenir les devans, to march first. Prendre le devant, to go or march before. Prendre les devans, to prevent, be before-hand (with one,) get the start (of one.) Je dois avoir le devant, I ought to have the precedency. Aller au-devant de, to go to meet, go and meet, prevent, obviate. Devant is also the participle of the

verb Devoir, owing, etc.

DEVANTIER, de-ven-tia, s. m. coarse

apron.

bar, bat, base; there, cbb, over; field, fig; robe, rob, lord; mood, good.

DEVANTIÈRE, de-ven-tier, s. f. sort of petticoat worn by women when they ride astride.

DÉVASTAT-EUR, RICE, s. m. & f. one who

devastates, lays waste.

DÉVASTATION, då-vås-tå-slon, s. f devastation, desolation.

DÉVASTER, da-vas-ta, v. a. to ruin, de-

populate, lay waste.
DÉVELOPPEMENT, dàv-lôp-mên, s. m. un-

folding, display.

DÉVELOPPER, dav-lô-pa, v. a. to open, unwrap, unfold, display, lay open, clear, unravel. Se développer, v.r. to open or explain one's self.

DEFENIR, dev-nir, v. n. (like venir) to grow, become, be made. Faire devenir fou, to make mad. Devenir à rien, to come to

DÉVENTER, dà-vên-tà, v. n. Déventer une voile, to spill a sail, make a sail shiver.
DEVENU, E, adj. grown, become.

DÉVERGONDÉ, E, dà-ver-gon-dà, adj. or s. m. & f. brazen-faced, impudent, shameless. DÉVEROURILLER, v. a. to unbolt.

DEVERS, dê-vêr, prep. towards. It a les papiers par devers lui, he has the papers by him. Se pourvoir par devers le juge, to apply to the court. Devers Lyon, towards or in the direction of Lyons. Vers is now more

DÉVERS, E, då-ver, vers, adj. warped,

crooked, not perpendicular.

DÉVERSER, dà-vêr-sà, v. n. to bend or

DÉVERSOIR, s. m. that part at which the water runs off when the mill-dam is too full.

*Dèvêtir, då-vè-tir, v. a. (like rêtir) to strip, pull or put off the clothes, undress. De-vétir d'une charge, to deprive or turn out of a place. Se dérétir, v. r. to leave of part of one's clothes, undress one's self. Se dévêtir de son bien, to strip one's self of fortune by transferring it.

DÉVÊTISSEMENT, s. m. transfer (of one's

fortune.)

DÉVIATION, dà-vî-à-sion, s. f. deviation. DÉVIDER, dà-vî-dà, v. a. to wind (thread) into a skein or bottom; to discover or find out (a cheat.)

Dévideu-R, se, då-vî-deur, deux, s. m. & f. winder, man or woman that winds skeins

or bottoms.

Dévidoir, då-vî-dwar, s. m. reel.

DÉVIER, v. 11. to deviate, go astray.

DEVIN, de-vin, s. m. diviner, sooth-sayer, cunning man, conjurer.

DEVINER, de-vi-na, v. a. to divine, fore-

tell things to come, guess at, conjecture.

DEVINERESSE, de-vin-res, s. f. cunning woman or conjurer.

DEVINEUR, de-vi-veur, s. m. diviner, a cunning man, conjurer.

DÉVIRER, v. a. Mar. to heave back Dé-

vire au cabestan, come up the capstan.

DEVIS, de-vl, s. m. plan for a building; talking or prattling together, dialogue. Devis. Mar. scheme containing the general dimen-sions of a ship, statement of the observations made by the captai 1 on the qualities of a ship during her navigation.

DÉVISAGER, dà-vî-zâ-zâ, v. a. to scratch

or disfigure the face of.

DEVISE, de-viz. s. f. device, motto, posy.

*DEVISER, de-vî-sa, v. n. to talk, speak or discourse together.

DÉVOIEMENT, då-vwå-mên, s. m. lax, looseness. Mar. flaring. Dévoiement de l'étain, flaring of the fashion-piece.
Devoilement, da-vwal-men, s. m. un-

veiling.

DÉVOILER, da-vwa-la, v.a. to unveil.reveal. DEVOIR, de vwar, v. a. to owe, to be in debt, be bound; to be, miust, must needs, ought, should. Il doit venir aujourd'hui, he is to come to-day. Dût-il m'en coûte- la vie, though I were to lose my life for it. Il est tout nu, il doit avoir bien froid, he is quite naked, he must (or must needs) be very cold. Tous les hommes doivent mourir, all men must die. Vous derriez faire cela, you ought to do that, or you should do that.

DEVOIR, s. m. duty, devoir, part; olso task or exercise (for boys or girls at school.) Der niers devoirs, funeral rites, obsequies. Tenir quelqu'un dans le devoir, to keep one to his J'irai vous rendre mes devoirs, I behaviour. shall go and pay my respects to you or I shall wait upon you at your house. Se mettre en devoir de faire une chose, to endeavour a thing or go about to do it.

DÉVOLE, dà-vôl, s. f. the having no trick

at cards.

DÉVOLU, E, då-vô-lů, lù, adj. devolved, escheated. Terre dévolue à la couronne, an es-

DÉVOLU, dà-vô-lů, s. m. lapse; also devo-lution. Bénéfice tombé en dévolu, benefice fall-

en into lapse.

DÉVOLUTAIRE, da-vô-lå-ter, s. m. he that has a benefice fallen into lapse.

DÉVOLUTION, då-vô-lå-s.on, s. f. a devolv-

ing. Dévorant, E, då-vô-rèn, rènt, adj. devouring, ravenous.

DÉVORATEUR, s. m. devourer. DÉVORER, dav-ò-ra, v. a. to devour; to consume, spend, waste, squander away; to read over hastily and greedily; to brook, bear patiently. Le chagrin me dévore, I am consumed with grief.

DÉVOT, E, då-vô, vôt, adj. devout, godly, pious, religious. Air dérot, sanctified look.
DEVOT, s. m. devout man, devotee, votary.

Faux dévot, bigot, hypocrite.

Dévote, s. f. devout woman, votary. DÉVOTEMENT, da-vot-mên, adv. devout-

PEVOTEMENT, da-vot-men, adv. devou-ly, with zeal, with devotion, piously.

*Dévoteusement, V. Dévotement.

*Dévotionx, V. Dévot.
Dévotionx, da-vô-sîon, s.f. devotion, piety, religious zeal, godliness; disposal, service, command. Faire ses dévotions, to receive the sacrament. Avoir de la dévotion pour une personne le have a transcendant and respectful. sonne, to have a transcendant and respectful love for one.

Dévoué, E, adj. devoted, dedicated, con-

secrated, addicted.

DÉVOUEMENT, dà-vòo-mên, s. m. devotedness, devoting, dedicating, consecrating.

DÉVOUER, v. a. to devote, dedicate, consecrate.

Dévoyé, E, adj. astray, misled, strayed, erroneous, crooked. Estomac devoyé, sto-mach that digests badly and causes a loose. ness. Couples dévoyées, Mar. cant timbers p DÉVOYEMENT, V. Dévoiement.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

DÉVOYER, dâ-vwâ-yâ, v. a. to cause both a looseness and vomiting; to mislead, bring out of the way, to turn from a right line. Se dé-toyer, v. r. to err, wander, go out of the way. DEXTÉRITÉ, dêks-tå-rî-tå, s. f. dexterity,

address.

*DEXTRE, s. f. right hand.

*DEXTREMENT, adv. dexterously.

DEY, s. m. dey, supreme governour in some of the Barbary states

DIA, (terme de charretier) gee-ho. Il n'entend ni à dia ni à hur-hau, he does not

know when to lio or gee.

DIABÈTES, s. m. diabetes.

DIABLE, diabl. s. m. devil, evil spirit, DIABLE, diable, s. m. devii, evi spini, deuce. Un mechant diable, a sharp, unlucky blade. Un pauwre diable, a poor wretch. Un bon diable, a good fellow. Diable de mer, searcormorant. En diable, devillishly, like a devil, extremely. C'est là le diable, there's the devil of it, there lies the difficulty. C'est un diable d'homme, he is a devil of a fellow. C'est un diable en procès, he is a desperate lawyer. Il fait le diable à quatre, he is deadly boister-ous or mad; he tears, frets, and fumes at a deadly rate. Que diable arez-vous fait? what the devil (or the deuce) have you done? Au diable soit-il donné, the devil or deuce take him. Fi! au diable, fie upon you, deuce take you. Les diables sont déchaines, hell is broken loose. Il dit le diable de rous, he rails at you at a devilish or strange rate. Tirer le diable pur la queue, to be hard put to it for a livelihood. Rest pesant comme tous les diables, he is extremely heavy or dull.

Diablement, diabl-mên, adv. devilishly,

extremely. DIABLERIE, diabl-rl, s. f. deviltry, devil-

ish trick, witcheraft, sorcery.

DIABLESSE, dia-bles, s. f. she-devil, shrew.
DIABLEZOT, Ex. Voxs pensez qu'on doit
rous croire, diablezot, you think I should believe you, but I am not such a fool.

DIABLOTIN, dia-blo-tin, s. m. young devil. Diablotin, Mar. mizen top-mast stay-sail.
DIABOLIQUE,dîa-bô-lîk, adj. devilish, dia-

DIABOLIQUEMENT, dîâ-bô-lîk-mên. adv.

diabolically. DIACARTHAME, s.m. purgative electuary.

Diaco, s. m. deacon (or chaplain) in the order of Malta.

DIACODE, or DIACODIUM, s. m. diacodium. DIACONAT, dî-â-kô-nå, s. m. deaconship, deacoury.

DIACONESSE, dl-à-kô-nês, s. f. deaconess. DIACONIE, dî-â-kô-ni, s. f. deaconry or deaconship in the Greek church.

DIACONIQUE, s. m. vestry.
DIACONIQUE, adj. belonging to deacons.
DIACRE, diakr, s. m. deacon.

DIADÈME, dî-â-dèm, s. m. diadem. DIAGNOSTIQUE, adj. & s. m. & f. diag-

nostick. DIAGONAL-E, dî-à-gô-nål, adj. or ligne

diagonale, diagonal, diagonal line.
DIAGONALE, s. f. diagonal.
DIAGONALEMENT, di-à-gô-nàl-mên; adv. diagonally.

DIAGREDE, s.m. diagrediu mordiagrediates.

DIALECTE, dî-ô-lêkt, s. m. dialect. DIALECTICIEN dî-â-lêk-tî-siên, s. m. logician, disputant.

DIALECTIQUE, dî-à-lêk-tîk, s. f. dialec tick, logick.

DIALECTIQUEMENT, dî-â-lêk-tîk-mên, adv.

like a logician, logically.

DIALOGIQUE, adj. that has the form of a dialogue.

DIALOGISME, s. m. art of writing dialogues, use of the dialogue form.

DIALOGISTE, s. m. dialogist. DIALOGUE, dî-â-lôg, s. m. dialogue, collo-

quy. Dialogué, dí-á-lô-gå, adj. written in the

form of a dialogue

DIALOGUER, di-à-lô-gà, v. a. to compose dialogues. Cette scène est bien dialoguée, the dialogue is well supported in that scene.
DIAMANT, di-a-men, s. m. diamond, ada-

DIAMANTAIRE, dia-men-ter, s. m. dia-

mond-cutter, jeweller, lapidary.

DIAMÉTRAL, E, dia-mà-tral, adj. diametral diametrical

tral, diametrical. DIAMÉTRALEMENT, día-ma-tral-men, adv. Diamétralement opposé, didiametrically.

rectly opposite, DIAMÈTRE, dià-mêtr, s. m. diameter.

DIANORUM, s. m. sirup of mulberries. DIANE, di-an, s. f. Mar. beating of a drum at the break of day, morning watch.

DIANTRE, dientr, s. m. devil, deuce. diantre soit ie fou, the deuce take him for a fool. Comment diantre! how the deuce!

DIAPALME, s. m. diapalma.

DIAPASME, s. m. diapasm. DIAPASON, di-a-pa-zon, s. m. diapason (an

octave in musick.)

DIAPHANE, di-à-fan, adj. diaphanous, trans parent. DIAPHANÉITÉ, dî-â-fâ-nâ-î-tâ, s. f. trans

parency. DIAPHÉNIE, s. m. electuary chiefly made

with dates. DIAPHORÉTIQUE, adj. diaphoretick.

DIAPHRAGME, di-å-frågm, s. m. dia phragm, midriff.

DIAPRÉ, E, dî-â-prâ, adj. diapered or va riegated.

DIAPRUN; s. m. electuary chiefly made with prunes.

*DIAPRURE, dî-â-prur, s. f. diapering or variety of colours

DIARRHÉE, di-à-rà, s. f. diarrhœa, flux. DIASTOLE, s. f. diastole, the dilatation of the heart.

DIASTYLE, s. m. diastyle, an intercolumniation of three diameters

DIATESSARON, s. m. diatessaron (in mu-sick;) also sort of remedy composed of four ingredients.

Diatonique, adj. diatonick.

DIATONIQUEMENT, adv. according to the diatonick order.

DIATRAGACANTE, s. m. diatragacanth or electuary, the principal ingredient of which

is the gum tragacanth.
DIATRIBE, dî-â-trîb, s. f. polemick dispu-

DICHOTOME, adj. Ex. La lune est dichotome,

one half of the moon is seen.

Dichotomie, s. f. state of the moon when one half is seen.

DICTAME, s. m. dittany, garden ginger. DICTATEUR, dik-ta-teur, s. m. dictator

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

DICTATURE, dik-tå-tur, s. f. dictatorship,

DICTÉE, dik-ta, s. f. what one dictates for others to write. Ecrire la dictée, to write

what is dictated.

DICTER, dîk-ta, v. a. to dictate; prompt, suggest or tell; teach or show, inspire with; prescribe.

DICTION, dik-sion, s. f. diction, word, expression, term, elocution, style, manner of

speech; also proverb, saying, common saying.
DICTIONNAIRE, dik-sio-ner, s. m. dictio-

DICTON, s. m. common saying, proverb. DICTUM, s. m. purview (of a sentence or decree.)

DIDACTIQUE, dî-dâk-tîk, adj. didactie, in-

structive, doctrinal, preceptive.

DIDACTIQUE, s. f. art of instructing.
DIERESE, did-rez, s. f. dieresis.
DIESE, di-ez, or DIESES, s. f. diesis, mark
set before a note which raises it half a tone; ulso diesis or double dagger (among printers.)
Diésé, E, adj. marked with a diesis.

DIÈTE, diêt, s. f. diet. Faire diète, to diet. An assembly of the German states.

DIÉTÉTIQUE, adj. dietetick. DIÉTINE, s. f. special diet or assembly.

DIEU, dieu, s. m. God. Les dieux parens, the heathen gods or deities. Elle jura ses grands dieux, she swore by all that's sacred. Dieu-donné, deo-datus.

DIFFAMANT, E, dî-fâ-mên, mênt, adj. de-

faming, defamatory, slanderous, abusive.

DIFFAMATEUR, dl-fâ-mâ-lêur, s. m. defamer, traducer, slanderer, calumniator.

DIFFAMATION, dl-fâ-ma-slon, s. f. defamation to the control of the

mation, traducing, slandering, calumny DIFFAMATOIRE, di-få-må-twar, adj. defa-

matory, defaming, slanderous, abusive. DIFFAMER, di-fa-ma, v.a. to defame, traduce, slander.

DIFFÉRÉ, E, adj. deferred, delayed.put off. DIFFÉREMMENT, dî-fâ-râ-mên, adv. dif-

ferently, variously, severally, diversely.

DIFFÉRENCE, di-fä-rens, s. f. difference,

variety, diversity, distinction.
DIFFÉRENCIER, dl-få-ren-sl-å, v. a. to distinguish, difference.
DIFFÉRENT, better than différend, s. m.

difference, dispute, controversy, quarrel. J'ai un dissérent avec lui, I am at variance with Nous sommes en différent, we differ.

DIFFÉRENT, E, dî-fâ-rên, rên, adj. different, differing, unlike, diverse, various. Il est souvent différent de lui-mêne, he is often

inconsistent with himself.

DIFFÉRER, dî-fâ-râ, v. n. to differ, be different or unlike, vary, also to defer; and to disagree. v. a. to defer, delay, put off. Sans différer, without further delay

DIFFICILE, di-fi-sil, adj. hard, difficult, crabbed, uneasy, hard to please or to be

DIFFICILEMENT, dî-fî-sîl-mên, adv. with difficulty, hardly, with much ado, with great

pains; not easily, scarcely.

DIFFICULTÉ, dî-fi-kûl-tå, s. f. difficulty;

also doubt, question, difficult caseorpoint, objection, rub, cross, obstacle, impediment. Difficulté de respiration, shortness of breath. Difficulté d'urine, strangury. Faire difficulté de, to make a scruple or conscience of. On a trouvé plus dilate.

de difficulté qu'on ne croyoit, the thing was found more difficult than was expected. Cela ne souffre point de difficulté, that admits of no question. Ils ont quelque difficulté entr'eux, there is some difference between them.

DIFFICULTUEU-X, SE, dl-fl-kůl-tů-éu, éuz, adj. that raises or starts difficulties in every

thing.

DIFFORME, di-form, adj. deformed, ugly, ill favoured, disfigured, mis-shaped.

DIFFORMER, v. a. to deform, spoil or alter the form and fashion of.

DIFFORMITÉ, dî-fôr-mî-ta, s. f. deformity.

ugliness, ill-favouredness.

DIFFUS, E, dl-få, fůz, adj. diffuse, diffused, long-winded, prolix, tedious.

DIFFUSÉMENT, dl-fů-zà-mên, adv. dif

fusely, tediously. DIFFUSION, di-fu-zion, s. f. diffusecness,

diffusion, spreading.
DIGEON, s. m. Mar. triangular piece applied to fill up the knee of the angle of the head. DIGÉRER, dî-zå-rå, v. a. to digest or con-

coct (what one eats;) to bear or suffer, put up with, brook; discuss, examine, scan, sift or set in order.

DIGESTE, dî-zêst, s. m. digest (of laws.) DIGESTEUR, s. m. machine or vessel used

to cook meat expeditiously; digester.
DIGESTI-F, VE, di-zes-tif, tlv, adj. digestive, helping digestion; producing suppuration.

DIGESTION, di-zes-tion, s. f. digestion, con-Cela est de dure digestion, one cannot digest or bear or brook such a thing.

DIGITALE, S. f. fox-glove.

DIGITÉ, E, adj. cut finger-like (in botany.)

DIGNE, dlgm, adj. worthy, deserving. Digne de fot, digne de croumee, credible. Il a fuit une action digne de lui, he has acted like himself. C'est une digne récompeuse de ses travaux, that's a reward worthy of his toils.

DIGNEMENT, dign-men, adv. worthily. DIGNITAIRE, di-gni-ter, s. m. dignitary,

man of high station in the church.

DIGNITÉ, dî-gnî-ta, s. f. dignity, worth, merit, importance, greatness, office, preferment, degree, honour.

DIGRESSION, dl-gre-slow, s. f. digression. DIGUE, dig, s. f. bank, dike, obstacle, pier. La licence a rompu toutes les digues, licentiousness has broken through all opposition. DIJON, V. Digeon. Dijon is also a town

in Burgundy. DILACÉRATION, dî-là-sà-rà-sìon, s. f. di-

laceration DILACÉRER, dÎ-lâ-sâ-râ, v. a. to dilacerate.

*DILATEMENT, s.m. delay, put off, shuffling. DILAPIDATION, di-la-pi-da-sion, s.f. waste, destroying or letting of church buildings go

to ruin for want of repairs; also injudicious expenses, wasting of one's estate.

DILAPIDER, di-la-pi-da, v. a. to dilapidate;

also to spend inconsiderately, incur foolish

expenses. DILATABILITÉ, dî-lâ-tâ-bî-lî-tâ, s. f. dila-

tability,

DILATABLE, di-là-tabl, adj. dilatable. DILATATION, di-là-ta-sion, s. f. di atation.

DILATATOIRE, s. m. dilator (surgical in-

DILATER, dî-lê-ta, v. a. Se diluter, v. r. to

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon . brun.

DILATOIRE, di-la-twar, adj. dilatory, making delays. DILAYER, dî-lê-yà, v. a. to defer, put off,

delay or use delay

DILECTION, di-lek-sion, s. f. dilection, love, affection, charity

DILEMME, dî-lêm, s. m. dilemma.

DILIGEMMENT, dî-lî zâ-mên, adv. diligently.

DILIGENCE, di-li-zens, s. f. diligence, haste, speed, care, carefulness, swift carriage by land or water. Faire ses diligences contre quelqu'un fante de paiement, to prosecute onc close for non-payment.

DILIGENT, E, dî-lî-zên, zênt, adj. diligent, quick, laborious, pains-taking, careful, watch-

DILIGENTER, dl-ll-zen-tå, v.a. to despatch. Diligenter, v. n. or se diligenter, v. r. to make

DILUVIEN, NE, adj. diluvian, relating to the deluge.

DIMACHÈRE, s. m. gladiator who fought

with two swords.

DIMANCHE, di-mensh, s. m. Sunday, the

Lord's day, the Sabbath or Sabbath-day.
Dime, dim, the tithe or tenth paid to the church, etc.

DIMENSION, di-men-sion, s. f. dimension.

DIMER, v. a. to tithe.

DIMEUR, s. m. tither, collector of tithes. *DIMINUER, dî-mî-nû-à, v. a. & v. n. to lessen, abate, diminish, decrease, sink, fall to decay, impair. Diminuer, v. n. Mar. Diminuer de voiles, to shorten sail, take in sail. Diminuer de fond, to shoal the water. Le vent a beaucoup diminué, the wind is much abated.

DIMINUTI-F, VE, dî-mî-nû-tîf, tlv, adj. &

diminutive.

DIMINUTION, di-mi-nu-sion, s. f. diminution, diminishing, lessening, decrease, abatement. Diminution des figures, rebatement of figures (in heraldry.)
DIMISSOIRE, di-mi-swar, s. m. dimissory

letter from one bishop to another.

DIMISSORIAL, E, adj. dimissory. DINANDERIE, di-nend-rl, s. f. brazier's ware.

DINANDIER, dî-nên-dîå, s. m. brazier. DINDE, dind, s. f. turkey-hen.

DINDON, din-don, s. m. turkey-cock.

DINDONNEAU, din-dô-no,s.m. turkey pout, little or young turkey.

DINDONNIER, din-dô-nià, s. m. turkey

Dindonnière, din-dô-nièr, s. f. female turkey-driver; also country girl (used reproachfully.)

Dìné, di-na, s. m. dinner.

Dinee, dl-na, s. f. dining place, dinner, charge for dinner. Notre dinée sera demain à Guildford, we shall dine to-morrow at Guild-

Diner, dl-na, v. n. to dine or eat one's nner. Allons diner, let us go to dinner. dinner. Faire un bon dîner, to eat a good dinner.

Diner, s. m. dinner.

DÎNEUR, dl-neur, s. m. one whose chief eal is his dinner. Un bon dineur, a great meal is his dinner. eater, a high feeder.

Diocésain, s. m. diocesan, bishop of a di-

Diocesain, E, di-d-sa-zin, zen, adj. be- | pline.

longing to a diocese. L'évêque diocesain, the diocesan.

Diogree, df-ô-sèz, s. m. diocese. Dioptraique, s. f. dioptricks. Diphtrhonoue, df-fong, s. f. diphthong. D DipLOMATIE, s. f. knowledge of international concerns.

DIPLOMATIQUE, dî-plô-mâ-tîk, s. f. art of distinguishing true from fictitious diplomas. Le corps diplomatique, the foreign ministers

DIPLÔME, di-plom, s. m. diploma, patent. DIPTIQUES, s. m. pl. diptick, a register

among the ancients.

DIRE, dlr, v. a. to tell, say, recite, speak, talk, relate; to object, suggest; to mean, signify; to bid, desire; to offer or bid. C'est-à dire, that is, that is to say. Ce n'est pas à dire, it does not follow. Cela ne dit rien, that is nothing to the purpose. On dit, it is said, it is reported. Le cœur me dit, my mind gives me. Dire à l'oreille, to whisper in one's ear. Dire la messe, to celebrate mass. Dire des injures à quelqu'un, to abuse one. Trourer à dire, to find fault with ; to find wanting . or to find inissing. Il y a bien à dire du rrai an faux, there is a vast difference between truth and falsehood. Se dire, v. r. to entitle or call or profess or boast one's self, give one's self out for

DIRE, dlr, s. m. saying, what one says, words. Le dire des témoins, the witnesses' depositions. A rotre dire, by what you say. Bien dire, eloquence, fine speech or words.

DIRECT, E, df-rekt, adj. direct, straight. Par des voies directes ni indirectes, directly nor indirectly.

DIRECTE, s. f. lordship, free tenure, freehold.

DIRECTEMENT, dî-rêkt-mên, adv. direct-

ly, straightly.
DIRECT-EUR, RICE, dî-rêk-têur, trîs, s. m. & f. director, overseer, manager. Directeur

de conscience, ghostly father. DIRECTION, di-rek-sion, s. f. directing, direction, conduct, overseeing, management.

Direction d'un courant, Mar. setting of a Direction d'un courant, Mar.

wind. DIRECTOIRE, dî-rêk-twar, s. m. direc-

Direction du vent, direction of the

DIRIGER, dî-rî-za, v. a. to direct, rule, steer, govern, guide, manage or frame. Diriger su route vers, Mar. to shape one's course towards.

DIRIMANT, dî-rî-mên, adj. Ex. Un emnêchement dirimant, an impediment that invalidates a marriage.

current.

DISANT, E, dî-zen, zent, adj. saying, etc. Un homme bien-disant, a well spoken man. Dexter, soi-disant Mi-Lord, Dexter, self-styled Lord.

DISCALE, s. f. tret.

DISCEPTATION, sof. disputation.

DISCERNEMENT, dî-sêrn-mên, s. m. discernment, discerning or distinguishing, discerning faculty, discretion, judgment.

Discerner, di-ser-na, v. a. to discern,

distinguish.

Disciple, di-sipl, s. m. disciple, pupil. Disciplinable, di-si-plinabl, adj. disci-plinable, docile, tractable, capable of disci

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

DISCIPLINE, s. f. discipline. Donner la discipline à quelqu'un, to discipline or scourge

DISCIPLINER, dî-sî-plî-na, v. n. to discipline, bring under a discipline, instruct, rule, order, scourge.

Discontinuation, dis-kon-ti-nu-a-sion, s. f. discontinuance, ceasing, intermission.

Discontinuer, dis-kon-ti-nu-a, v. a. to discontinue, intermit or give over, leave off for a time. v. n. to cease, give over.
Disconvenance, dis-konv-nens, s. f. dis-

proportion, inequality, difference.
DISCONVENIR, dis-konv-nir, v. n. (like ve-

nir) to disagree. DISCORD, E, adj. out of tune, discordant,

DISCORDANT, E, adj. dissonant, discord-

ant, jarring, untunable, disagreeing.
Disconder, dis-kord, s. f. discord, division, disagreement, variance, strife, debate. Jeter la pomme de discorde, to set at variance, set together by the ears.
DISCORDER, dis-kor-da, v.n. to jar, be out

of tune.

Discoureu-R, se, dis-kôo-rêur, reuz, s. & f. talker, talking man or woman.

DISCOURIR, dis-koo-rir, v. n. (like courir,) to discourse, speak, talk or make a discourse, reason.

Discours, dis-koor, s. m. discourse or speech. Discours familier, familiar discourse or conversation. Discours oratoire, set speech, oration.

*Discountors, E, adj. discourteous.

DISCOURTOISIE, s. f. discourtesy. DISCOEDIT, dis-krå-di, s. m. discredit.

DISCRÉDITÉ, E, adj. fallen into disgrace, out of favour.

DISCRET, E, dîs-krê, krêt, adj. discreet, wise, prudent, sober, considering or considerate, wary. Quantité discrète, discrete quan-

tity (in mathematicks.)
DISCRÈTEMENT, dis-krêt-mên, adv. disereetly, wisely, prudently, with considera-

tion, warily.

Discrétion, dis-krå-sion, s. f. discretion, wisdom, prudence, consideration, wariness. Vivre à discrétion, to live at discretion, to have free quarters. Se rendre à discrétion,

to surrender at discretion, yield without terms.

DISCULPATION, s. f. the act of exculpat-

ng.
Disculpir, dis-kûl-pâ, v. a. to clear, excuse, exculpate or justify. Se disculper de, to clear one's self of, etc. DISCURSI-F, VE, adj. discursory, argu-

mentative. DISCUSSI-F, VE, adj. discussive (in medi-

Discussion, dis-ků-sion, s. f. discussion, strict examination or inquiry, diligent search or scrutiny; contest, dispute, wrangling. Discussion de biens, distraining and appraising of goods. On a fait la discussion de l'affaire en ma présence, the business was discussed be-

DISCUTER, dîs-kû-tà, v. a. to discuss, examine, scan or sift, search and inquire into. Discuter les biens d'un débiteur, to distrain, appraise and expose to sale the goods of a debtor.

DISERT. E, dî-zer, sirt, adj well spoken,

eloquent.

DISERTEMENT, dî-zêrt-mên, adv eloquently, aptly, fluently, fully.
DISETTE, dl-zet, s.f. want, scarcity, need;

dearth, penury.

*DISETTEU-X, SE, di-sê-têu, teuz, adj. ncedy, in want.

DISEU-R, SE, dî-zêur, zeuz, s. m. & f. tel-Un diseur de bonne aventure, a fortune teller. Diseur de bons mots, jester, buffoon. Diseur de nouvelles, newsmonger. Diseur de riens, idle talker

DISGRACE, dis-gras, s. f. disgrace, ill fortune, misfortune, disfavour, losing of one's fayour, being out of favour; also awkwardness.

Disgracié, E, adj. out of favour, disfigured, deformed

Disgracier, dis-gra-sia, v. a. to turn or put out of favour.

DISGRACIEUSEMENT, dis-grå-sièuz-mên,

adv. disgracefully, disagreeably DISGRACIEU-X, SE, dis-gra-sicu, sicuz, adj.

disagreeable, ungraceful, unpleasant. DISCRÉGATION, s. f. separation, scatter-

DISJOINDRE, dis-zwindre, v. a. (like joindre)to disjoin, part or divide (immaterial things.) DISJOINT, E, adj. disjoined, parted, divid-

DISJONETI-F, VE, dis-zonk-tif, tiv, adj. disjunctive.

DISJONCTION, dis-zonk-sien, s. f. disjunc-

tion, separation. DISLOCATION, dis-lô-kâ-sion, s. f. dislocation. Il y a dislocation, the bone is out of joint. Remettre une dislocation, to put a bone into joint again, to set a bone.

DISLOQUER, dîs-lô-ka, v. a. to put out of

DISPARATE, dîs-pâ-rât, s. f. extravagance or disconnexion (in conduct or conversation.)
DISPARITÉ, dis-pa-ri-tà, s. f. disparity, in-

equality, difference.

DISPARITION, s. f. disappearing. DISPAROÎTRE, dis-pa-retr, v. n. (see the table at oître) to disappear, go out of sight, vanish away.

DISPÉNDIEU-X, SE, dîs-pen-dieu, dieuz, adj. expensive.

DISPENSAIRE, s. m. dispensatory. DISPENSAT-EUR, RICE, dis-pên-sa-teur,

tris, s.m. & f. dispenser, disposer or distributer. DISPENSATION, dis-pen-sa-sion, s. f. dispensation, distribution or distributing.

Dispense, dis-pens, s. f. dispensation, li-

DISPENSER, dis-pen-sa, v. a. to dispense, bestow, dispose, distribute, administer, dispense with, excuse or exempt. Se dispenser,

v. r. to forbear, let alone, omit.
DISPERSER, dis-per-sa, v. a. to disperse or scatter.

DISPERSION, dis-per-sion, s. f. dispersion. DISPONIBLE, adj. to be disposed of.

Dispose, dîs-pô, adj. m. active, nimble. Disposer, dîs-pô-za, v. a. to dispose, order or set in order, fit or prepare, make ready. DISPOSER de, v. n. to dispose of. Se disposer à, v. r. to prepare one's self or make one's self ready for. Ils se disposent ou travail, they buckle themselves to the work. Je me dispose entierement, I am absolutely resolved or bent upon it.

DISPOSITI-F, VE. dis pò-zi-tif, tiv, adj. pre-

buse, but: jeune, meute, beurre: enfant, cent, lien: vin: mon: brun.

paratory. Jugement dispositif, precedent, rul-

DISPOSITIF, 5. m. Ex. Le dispositif d'un acte de parlement, the enacting part of an act

of parliament.

DISPOSITION, dis-po-z2-sion, s. f. disposition, order, arrangement, situation, state, disposal, dispose or command, inclination, apt-ness, mind or resolution. Etre en bonne dis-position, to be in a good disposition of body, be well. Etre en mauvaise disposition, to be in an ill disposition of body, be ill or indisposed. Je ne suis pas dans la disposition d'y aller, I have not a mind (I am not disposed) to go thither.

Disproportion, dis-pro-por-sion, s. f.

disproportion, inequality.

DISPROPORTIONNER, dis-pro-por-sio-na, v. a. to disproportion, make unequal.

DISPUTABLE, dîs-pû-tabl, adj. disputable. DISPUTE, dis-put, s. f. disputation, dispute, debate, controversy, contest, quarrel or dif-

ference. DISPUTER, dîs-pû-ta, v. a. to dispute, con-DISPUTER, dis-put-di, va. in dispute; contend for, to quarrel about, oppose. Disputer le vent, Mar. to contend for the weathergage. Disputer, v. n. to dispute, contend, quarrel or wrangle, hold a disputation, debate. De quoi dispute-t-on? what is the matter in controversy? Si on vient à disputer làdessus, if the matter comes to a dispute or de-Se disputer, v. r. to wrangle, quarrel or contend.

DISPUTEUR, dis-pû-têur, s. m. disputant. DISQUE, disk, s. m. disk; discus or quoit.

DISQUISITION, dls-kul-zl-slon, s. f. disquisi-

tion, discussion, inquiry or research (in science.)
DISSECTEUR, di-sêk-teur, s.m. anatomist.
DISSECTION, di-sêk-slon, s. f. dissection.
DISSEMBLABLE, di-sên-blabl, adj. unlike, different, unresembling.
DISSEMBLANCE, di-sên-blêns, s. f. unlike-

Disséminer, v. a. to disseminate.

DISSENSION, di-sen-sion, s. f. dissension, discord, division, variance, strife.

Disséquer, di-sà-kà, v. a. to dissect, ana-

tomize or cut up a body

Disséqueur, di-sà-keur, s. m. anatomist. DISSERTATEUR, s. m. one who enters into a dissertation (used reproachfully.)

DISSERTATION, df-ser-ta-slon, s. f. dissertation.

DISSERTER, v. n. to treat upon.

DISSIMILAIRE, adj. dissimilar. Dissimulat-eur, Rice, dî-sî-mû-lâ-têur,

tris, s. m. & f. dissembler. DISSIMULATION, dî-sî-mû-lâ-sîon, s. f. dis-

sembling, dissimulation, disguise, hypocrisy, counterfeit.

Dissimulé, E, di-si-mu-là, adj. dissembled, disguised, counterfeit, feigned, pretended, dissembling, cunning, close. s m. & f. dissembler.

Dissimuler, dî-sî-mû-lå, v. a. to dissemble, feign, conceal, disguise, cloak or coun-

terfeit, take notice of.

DISSIPAT-EUR, RICE, dî-sî-pâ-têur, trîs, s. m. & f. waster, profuse or prodigal person, spendthrift.

DISSIPATION, df-sl-på-slon, s. f. dissipation, scattering, dispersing, waste or wasting, destruction, inattention, headlessness.

DISSIPÉ, E, adj. dissipated, etc. Un esprit toujours dissipe, a mind always wandering or unsettled.

DISSIPER, dî-sî-pa, v. a. to dissipate, remove, scatter, distract, disperse, dispel, waste or consume, spend or squander away, destroy, recreate. Se dissiper, v. r. to relax one's self, recreate one's self, dissipate.

Dissolu, E., df-sô-ld, lu, adj. dissolute, lewd. .oose, licentious, debauched, riotous.

DISSOLVANT, E, di-sol-ven, vent, adj. dis-

solvent. DISSOLVANT, s. m. dissolvent, resolvent. DISSOLUBLE, dî-sô-lûbl, adj. dissoluble.

DISSOLUMENT, di-sô-là-mên, adv. disso-

lutely, lewdly, licentiously, riotously.
Dissoluti-F, ve, dî-sô-lû-tîf, tlv, adj. dis-

Dissolution, dî-sô-lû-sîon, s. f. dissolution, separation, thing dissolved; dissoluteness, lewdness, licentiousness, riot, excess, depravation.

DISSONANCE, di-sô-nens, s. f. dissonance,

disagreement in sound.

Dissonant, E, dî-sô-nên, nênt, adj. dissonant, discordant, disagreeing, jarring, untunable.

DISSOUDRE, df-soodr, v. a. (see the table at soudre,) to dissolve, part or separate, break up, melt or liquefy. Se dissoudre, v. r. to dissolve, melt, break up.

DISSOUT, E, adj. dissolved, etc. V. Dissou-

DISSUADER, dî-sû-â-dâ, v. a. to dissuade, advise to the contrary.
Dissuasion, di-su-a-zion, s. f. dissuasion.

DISSYLLABE, dis-si-lab, adj. consisting of two syllables.

DISSYLLABE, s. m. dissyllable.

DISTANCE, dis-tens, s. f. distance, space between, interval, difference. Prendre distances, Mar. to take lunar observations. Prendre des

DISTANT, E, dis-ten, tent, adj. distant, remote.

DISTENDRE, dis-tendr, v. a. to distend,

stretch out. DISTELLATEUR, dîs-tên-sîon, s. f. distension. DISTILLATEUR, dîs-tî-lâ-têur, s.m. distiller.

DISTILLATION, dis-ti-la-sion, s. f. distilling or distillation.

DISTILLATOIRE, adj. distillatory

DISTILLER, dîs-tî-là, v. a. to distil. Distiller son esprit sur quelque chose, v. r. to beat or puzzle or spend one's brains about a thing. v. n. to distil, to drop or run by little and little. Se distiller en larmes, v. r. to melt into tears.
DISTILLERIE, s. f. distillery.

DISTINCT, E, dis-tinkt, adj. distinct, different, clear, plain.

DISTINCTEMENT, dis-tinkt-men, adv. distinctly, clearly or plainly.

DISTINCTI-F, VE, dis-tink-tif, thv, adj. dis-

tinctive, distinguishing.

DISTINCTION, distink-slon, s. f. distinction; division, separation, difference, diversity, preference. Un homme de distinction, a man of note or above the common level Dis-tinctions d'écriture, stops used in writing. DISTINGUÉ, E, dis-tin-gu, adj. distinguish-

ed, etc. (Eminent) of note, eminent, consider-

able.

DISTINGUER, v. a. to distinguish; discern, note or mark; to raise above the common bar, bat, base . thère, ebb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

level, to part or divide, make distinct. Se distinguer, v.r. to make one's self eminent, raise one's self above the common level.

DISTINGUO, s. m. logical distinction.

DISTIQUE, dis-tik, s. m. distich.

Distorsion, dis-tôr-sion, s. f. distortion. Distraction, dis-trak-sion, s. f. absence of mind, inattention, heedlessness; separation.

DISTRAIRE, dis-trèr, v. a. (like traire) to take off, divert from, distract, draw or pull asunder, separate, divide, dissuade. Se distraire de quelque dessein, v. r. to quit or forsake a design.

DISTRIBUER, dîs-trê, trêt, adj. taken off, etc. absent, inattentive, heedless.

DISTRIBUER, dîs-trî-bû-å, v. a. to distribute, deal, part, share; divide, bestow, dispense, dispose, set in order. Se distribuer, v. r. to be distributed, etc.

DISTRIBUT-EUR, RICE, dis-tri-bû-têur, tris, s. m. & f. distributer or dispenser, divider. DISTRIBUTI-F, VE, dis-tri-bu-tif, tiv, adj.

distributive.

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DISTRIBUTION, dis-tri-bu-sion, s. f. distribution.

DISTRIBUTIVEMENT, dîs-trî-bû-tlv-mên, adv. distributively, not collectively.

DISTRICT, dis-trik, s. m. district, extent of

jurisdiction, precinct.
DIT, E, adj. told, said, spoken, mentioned, etc. V. Dire. Le sermon est dit, the sermon is done. Guillaume premier, dit le conquérant, William the First, surnamed the conqueror. Il ne se letint pas pour dit, he would not be said nay. Il se le tint pour dit, he was or rested sa-isshed. Ce qui fut dit fut fait, he made his words good. Ledit homme, the said man. Ladite femme, the said woman. Susdit, before or above mentioned; and so with the other adverbs devant, apres, etc.

DIT, dl, s. m. saying, apophthegm. Avoir son dit et son dédit, to say and unsay.

DITHYRAMBE, di-ti-renb, s.m. dithyrambick. DITHYRAMBIQUE, dî-tî-rên-bîk,adj. of the nature of or written like dithyrambicks.

Divon, s. m. second, (in musick.)
Divonetique, dî-û-râ-tîk, adj. & s. m. di-

uretick.

DIURNAIRE, s. m. diurnal officer. DIURNAL, dî-ûr-nal, s. m. prayer-book for

DIURNE, df-urn, adj. diurnal, daily.

DIVAGUER, dî-vâ-gâ, v. a. to ramble or have roving thoughts, wander from the subject.

DIVAN, di-vèn, s. m. divan. Divanbegui, lord chief justice among the Persians.

DIVERGENCE, di-ver-zens, s. f. divergency, (tending to various parts from one point.)
DIVERGENT, E, di-ver-zen, zent, adj. divergent, tending various ways from one point.

DIVERS, E, di-ver, vers, adj. diverse, dif-

erent, various, divers, several, many.

DIVERSEMENT, dl-vers-men, adv. diverse-

ty, severally, variously, differently.

DIVERSIFIER, dî-vêr-sî-fî-à, v. a. to diversify, vary.

DIVERSION, di-ver-sion, s. f. diversion or Faire une diversion d'humeurs, to divert the humours.

DIVERSITÉ, dî-vêr-sî-tà, s. f. diversity, dif-

Grence, variety.

DIVERTIR, dî-vêr-tir, v. a. to divert from, - take off, embezzle, misapply, convey away, convert to one's use, divertise or divert, make merry, recreate. Se divertir, v. r. to divert one's self, take one's pleasure or diversion, make merry, make sport, laugh.
DIVERTISSANT, E, di-ver-ul-sen, sent, adj.

diverting, pleasant, entertaining.

DIVERTISSEMENT, di-ver-us-men, s. m. divertisement, diversion, pastime, recreation, pleasure. Divertissement de deniers, diverting or misapplying, or embezzling of money.
DIVIDENDE, di-vi-dend, s. m. dividend
DIVIN, E, di-vin, vin, adj. divine.

*DIVINATEUR, s. m. diviner, conjurer.

DIVINATION, di-vi-na-sion, s. f. divination. DIVINATOIRE, adj. relating to divination. DIVINEMENT, di-vin-men, adv. divinely. DIVINISER, di-vi-ni-sà, v.a. to make divine.

DIVINITÉ, dî-vî-nî-tà, s. f. divinity or god-

head; deity, god, goddess.
*DIVIS, adj. divided.
DIVISER, dl-vl-ag, v. a. to divide, part, dis
tinguish or separate; disunite, set at variance.

Diviseur, dî-vî-zeur, s. m. divider; also divisor (in arithmetick.)

Divisibilité, dî-vî-zî-bî-lî-ta, s. f. divisibility.

DIVISIBLE, dî-vî-zîbl, adj. divisible. DIVISION, Tdî-vî-zîon, s. f. division or dividing, separation; disunion, discord, variance, odds. Division, Mar. division or squadron. Divorce, di-vors, s. m. divorce, parting, variance, dissension, odds, quarrel. Faire di-

vorce avec sa femme, to divorce one's wife, put her away. Faire divorce avec l'église, to forsake the church.

DIVULGATION, df-vůl-gå-slon, s.f. divulging.

DIVULGUER, dl-vål-gå, v. a. to divulge, publish, speak abroad, blab out.

Dix, dis, (The X before a vowel is pronounced like Z, before a consonant it is silent, and when final sounds like S) adj. ten. Dixsept, seventeen. Le dix du mois, the tenth day of the month.

DIXAIN, V. Dizain. DIXAINE, V. Dizaine. DIXIÈME, di-zièm, adj. & s. tenth, tenth

DIXIÈMENENT, dî-zîêm-mên, adv. tenth-

ly, in the tenth place.

DIXME, S. f. V. Dime.

DIXMER, v. a. & n. V. Dimer.

DIXMEUR, S. m. V. Dimeur.

DIZAIN, di-zin, s. m. string of beads (containing ten pieces or courses;) stanza of ten

DIZAINE, dî-zên, s. f. ten or about ten, number of ten, tithing.

DIZEAU, di-zo, s. m. shock or heap of ten sheaves of corn or bundles of hay.

DIZENIER, dîz-nîa, s. m. leader of ten men.

Docile, do-sil, adj. docible, docile, tractable, teachable, good natured.

DOCILEMENT, dô-sîl-mên, adv. with doci-

lity.

DOCILITÉ, dô-sî-lî-tà, s. f. docility, tractableness, tractable temper, teachableness. DOCIMAISE or DOCIMASTIQUE, s. f. the

art of making experiments in mines to know the metals they contain. DOCTE, dokt, adj. learned, erudite.

doctes, the learned. DOCTEMENT, dokt-men, adv. learnedly.

DOCTEUR, dok-teur, s. m. doctor. Docteur

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

régent, professor. Docteur en Droit, en Théologie, etc.

DOCTORAL, E, dôk-tô-râl, adj. doctoral, of or belonging to a doctor.

DOCTORAT, dôk-tô-râ, s. m. doctorate,

doctor's degree. DOCTORERIE, dôk-tôr-rl, s. f. exercise for the degree of a doctor of divinity.

DOCTRINE, dok-trin, s. f. doctrine, tenets,

maxims; knowledge, erudition.
*Document, do-kd-men, s. m. document,

written proof, instruction.

Dodécaèdre, s. m. dodecahedron. DODÉCAGONE, dô-då-kå-gôn, s. m. dode-

cagon.
Dodeliner, dôd-lî-na, v. a. to rock.

DODINER, (SE) se-dô-dî-na, v. r. to cocker, pamper or make much of one's person; also to go well (said of a watch-wheel.)

Dono, dò-dò, s. m. (said of children) Ex. Faire dodo, to go to sleep.

Donu, E, dò-dù, dù, adj. fat, plump.

DOGAT, do-ga, s. m. dignity or office of a

Doge.
Doge, doz, s. m. Doge, (title of the chief magistrate of Venice and Genoa.)

DOGMATIQUE, dog-ma-tik, adj. & s. m. dogmatical, dogmatical style, dogmatism.

DOGMATIQUEMENT, dog-ma-tik-men, adv. dogmatically

DOGNATISER, dog-ma-ti-za, v. n. to dog-

matise.

DOGMATISEUR, dog-ma-ti-zeur, s. m. dogmatiser.

DOGMATISTE, dôg-må-tist, s. m. dogmatist. Dogme, dogm, s. in. dogma, tenet, doctrine.

Dogre, s. m. Mar. dogger.

Dogues, dog, s. m. bull dog or mastiff. Dogues d'amure, Mar. chestrees or holes of the chestrees.

DOGUER, (SE) do-ga, v. r. to but (as rams do.)

Doguin, E, do-gin, gin, s. m. & f. whelp. Doigt, dwa, s. m. finger, a finger's breadth, inch; (in astronomy) digit. Doigt du pied, toe. Doigts (of birds) claws. Un doigt de vin, a little wine. Toucher a quelque chose du bout du doigt, to be very near a thing. Etre à quatre doigts de la mort, to be near one's grave. Vous avez mis le doigt dessus, you have hit the nail on the head. Toucher au doigt, to see clearly or plainly. Faire toucher une chose au doigt, to demonstrate a thing, make it perfectly clear. J'en mettrois le doigt au feu, I am very sure of it.

DOIGTER, v. n. to finger (an instrument of

musick,) also s. m. fingering.

DOIGTIER, dwa-tla, s. m. cover for the thumb or finger; a rag about a sore finger. *DoL, dol, s. m. deceit, cheat, fraud.

Dor k, adj. planed

DOLÉANCE, dô-lå-ens, s. f. mournful com-plaint. Faire or conter ses doléances, to make one's comp.aint, tell one's grievances.

DOLEMMENT, do-la-men, adv. woefully, moanfully.

DOLENT, E, d .len, lent, adj. sorrowful, doleful, woeful; moanful, grievous.

Doler, dò-là, v. a. to plane. Doliman, s. m. a Turkish dress. Doloire, dò-lwar, s. f. a plane; *also* kind of truss.

Dom, V. Don.

DONAINE, dô-mên, s. m. domain, demain

or demesue, patrimony, inheritance.

Domanial, E, do-ma-ni-al, adj. of or beonging to a domain.

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Dôme, dôm, s. m. dome or cupola.

*Domenger, s. m. gentleman. Domerie, s. f. title given to some abbeys. Domesticité, dô-mês-tl-sî-tà, s. f. the be

ing a servant.

Domestique, dô-mês-tîk, adj. domestick. of or belonging to the house. Animal domestique, tame creature.

DOMESTIQUE, s. m. domestick, menial servant, one of the household; also family or household.

Domestiquement, dô-mês-tîk-mên, adv.

servant-like, servilely; familiarly.
Domicile, do-mi-sil, s. m. dwelling, abode,

habitation, house.

Domicilit, E, do-mî-sî-lîà, adj. settled, that dwells in a place, domiciliated.

Domicilier, (se) sê-dô-mî-sî-lîà, v. f. to settle or dwell in a place.

ttle or dwell in a place.
Dominant, E, dô-mi-nèn, nènt, adj. preminant, reigning, ruling. Fief dominunt,

dominant, reigning, ruling. Fief dominant, fee or manor belonging to a lord paramount.

DOMINATEUR, do-mi-na-teur, s. m. ruler,

*Dominatrice, dô-mî-na-trîs, s. f. woman

that has the supreme authority. Domination, do-mi-na-sion, s. f. domi-

nion, lordship, sovereignty, government, rule, power, authority, empire.

DOMINER, dô-mi-na, v. n. & a. to domineer, rule, govern, bear rule or sway, be lord and master, have the mastery; to be predo-Une montagne qui domine la ville, a hill that commands the town. Les pluies ont dominé pendant cet été, the rains have prevailed through the summer.

DOMINICAIN, s. m. Dominican, or white

friar.

Dominicaine, s. f. Dominican nun.

Dominical, E, dô-mî-nî-kâl, adj. domini-cal. L'oraison dominicale, the Lord's prayer.

DOMINICALE, s. f. course of Sunday lectures or sermons. Prêcher la dominicale, or les dominicales, to preach the Sunday Ser-

*Dominicalier, dô-mî-nî-kâ-lîâ, s. m.

Sunday preacher. Domino, dô-mî-nò, s. m. domino; (a capu-

chin, ball-dress and game.)

DOMINOTERIE, s. f. trade of marbled and coloured papers.

DOMINOTIER, s. m. paper-stainer or co-

lourer. Dommage, dô-mâz. s. m. damage, preju-

dice, loss, hurt, detriment, disadvantage. C'est dommage, it is pity. DOMMAGEABLE, do-ma-zabl, adj. hurtful,

prejudicial, disadvantageous.

DOMPTABLE, dom-tabl, adj. that may be

tamed, governable.

DOMPTER, dom-ta, v. a. to tame, sub due, vanquish; (un chevul) to break.

DOMPTEUR, dom-teur, s. m. tamer, van quisher, conqueror. DOMPTE-VENIN, s. m. a sort of plant.

Don, don, s. m. gift, present, endowment or advantage; ulso knack. Le Don (fleuxs de Russie,) the Don or Tanaïs.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

DON or DOM, don (a title in Spain.)

DONATAIRE, do-na-ter, s. m. & f. donee. DONAT-EUR, RICE, do-na-teur, tris, s. m.

& f. donor or giver.

DONATION, do-nd-sion, s. f. donation, gift, free gift, deed of gift, grant.

Fure contains de ses biens, to make over one's goods by deed of gift.
DONC, *DONCQUES, don, donk, conj. then,

Dondon, don-don, s. f. plump, jolly woman

Donjon, don-zon, s. m. strongest and highest tower of a castle; turret or closet raised on the top of a house.

DONNE, don, s. f. (at cards) deal, dealing. DONNER, do-na, v. a. to give; bestow, present with, make a present of; to cause, occasion, create; to instil, inspire, infuse, strike with; to deliver; pay; to grant; to ascribe, father upon; to sacrifice, lay down; (cards) to deal. Donner caution or répondant, to put in bail. Donner la fièvre, to put in a fever. Donner sa parole, to pass one's word, engage. Donner la mort à, to break the heart of. Donner de bons exemples à, to set good examples to or before. Donner une cassade (des cassades) or une baie (des baies) à, to put a sham upon. Donner jour, to appoint or name a day. Donner un moyen pour, to shew or suggest a way to. Donner son temps à l'étude, to bestow one's time upon books. Donner de main en main, to hand. Donner le bonjour à quelqu'un, to bid or wish one good morrow. Je donne ma tête à couper si, I will forfeit my head if. Je le donne un plus habile à mieux faire, I challenge or defy the best man to do better. Donner le nom à un enfant, to stand god-sather to a child. Donner un livre au public, to print or put out or publish a book. Donner la terreur à quelqu'un, to strike one with terror. Donner du plaisir, to please, afford pleasure. Donner tout aux apparences, to go altogether by outward appearances. Donner un bon sens à une chose, to put a good construction upon a thing. Donner un méchant tour à une action, to misrepre-sent an action. La vraie galanterie sait don-ner une vue agréable à des choses facheuses, true gallantry has a way of making sad things look pleasant. Donner entrée à l'air, to let in the air. Donner les chiens (in the chase) to cast or throw off or slip the dogs. Il faut donner quelque chose à son importunité, something must be yielded to his importunity. avoir tant donné à la civilité et à l'honnêteté, having done so much hitherto in point of kindness and civility. Se donner du bon temps, to make much of one's self, pass away one's time merrily. Il s'en donne le tort, he takes

the blame upon himself.

Donner, v. a. Mar. Donner la ronte, to shape the course.

Donner chasse, to give chase. Donner de l'air au bâtiment, to give the ship good way. Donner de ses vivres (de ses agrès, de ses voiles, etc.) à un vaisseau, to spare provisions, (rigging, sails, etc.) to a ship. Donner de son monde à un bâtiment, to turn over men to a ship. Donner du mou dans des amarres or des manœuvres, to slack moorings or running ropes. Donner du tour à une roche, o give a good birth to a rock. Don-ner la :2lle, to keel haul. Donner l'escorte à

un navire, to convoy a ship. Donner une fête, to give an entertainment on board. Donner un cou de seine, to haul the seine. Donner un coup de sonde, to get a cast of the lead.

Donner un coup de siffet, to pipe with a call.

Donner un coup de talon, to strike with the ship's heel. Donner un suif or un corroi à un bâtiment, to pay a vessel's bottom. Donner vent devant, to heave in stays. Donner vent devant à un navire, to stay a ship. Donner fond, to cast anchor.

Donner, v. n. to strike, beat or hit; (of trees) to bear, yield. Donner du nez en terre, to fall into missortunes. Le soleil donne à plomb sur leurs têtes, the sun shines perpendicularly upon their heads. En donner à garder, to put upon one, make one believe. Donner à con-noître, to let know, make or give to under-stand. Donner à penser à quelqu'un, to puz-zle one. Ne savoir où donner de la tête, not to know which way to turn one's self, be put to one's last shift. *Donner*, to charge, cn-gage or fall upon the enemy. *Donner de l'épée* dans le ventre à quelqu'un, to run one through the guts. Donner des éperons à un cheval, or donner des deux, to clap spurs to one's horse. Donner au but, to hit the mark, hit the nail on the head. Donner dans une embuscade, to fall into an ambuscade. Donner dans le piège (dans le panneau, dans les toiles) to be caught in a snare, bite on the hook, be trapped or caught. Donner dans le sens de quelqu'un, to be of the same mind with one; also to appre-hend one's meaning. Donner dons le bons sens, hend one's meaning. Donner acts to be in the right, act according to reason. Donner dans les fariboles, to give credit to tales. Il n'est pas homme à donner là-dedans, he will never engage in that Lusiness. It donne à tout, he strikes at every thing. Si la vente donne, if the commodity sells well. Il en donne à tout le monde, he makes a fool of every body, he serves all people alike. Vin qui donne à la tête, wine that flies up into one's head, strong heady wine. Le blé a bien donné cette amée, corn has been very plentiful this year.

Donner, v. n. Mar. donner fond (or better, jeter l'ancre) to cast anchor. Donner à travers quelque banc, to run aground. Donner à la grosse, to lend money on bottomry. Donner dans un détroit, to enter a strait. Nous dondans un détroit, to enter a strait. nâmes dans le Humber pour nous mettre à l'abri, we ran for shelter into the Humber. Donner dans le port, to go into harbour. Donner dans un convoi, to run into the middle of a convov. Dogner à la lame, to touch the log-line occasionally when a following sea sends the log home. Donner de la voix, to sing out, (as when hoisting, hauling, etc.) Donner sur l'ennemi, to run down upon an enemy. Donner du beaupré sur la poupe d'un navire, to poop a ship, run the bowsprit over the stern of a ship. Donner sur la barre d'une rivière,

to take the bar of a river.

Se donner et a river de garde, to be de self under one's self to one, put one's self under one's dominion, submit to one. Se donner garde or de garde, to beware, take heed, look about one's self. Se donner de garde de faire quelque chose, to take care not to do a thing. S'en donner, to drink briskly, take a large cup. Elle s'en fait donner, she has one that does her business for her. Se donner de la

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buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

tête contre le mur, to hurt one's head against |

DONNEUR, dô-neur, s. m. giver. neur de bonjours, a man of words only.

Donneuse, s. f. giver, woman apt to give. C'est une grande donneuse de ce qui ne lui coûte rien, she is very free of other people's purses.

Donques, V. Donc.

DONT, don, pron. (used instead of de qui, duquel, de laquelle, desquels, desquelles, and quoi) whose, of whom, of which, whereof, by whom, by which, whereby, etc. Showne dont je parle, the man of whom I speak. C'est un homme dont les manières sont agréables, he is a man whose manners are pleasing. Voilà l'oucle de cette femme dont vous avez acheté la maison, there is the uncle of that woman whose house you have bought. C'est l'homme du monde dont je fais le plus d'estime, that is the man whom I have the greatest esteem for. C'est la femme du monde dont je me soucie le moins, she is the woman that I least care for. L'èpé dont it s'est batu, the sword he fought with. Ce dont je vous ai parlé, what I told you of. Ce dont il s'agit, the business in hand. C'est ce dont il s'agit maintenant entre nous, that is what we are now about. Tout ce dont il s'agit, the whole.

Donzelle, don-zel, s. f. damsel, gentle-

woman (in a slighting sense.

Nonade, do-râd, s. f. gold-fish.

Dorade, do-râd, s. f. gold-fish.

Dore, of a gold colour; golden.

Dorenavant, dô-râ-nâ-vên, (formerly D'ores-ne-avant,) adv. hereafter, henceforth, for the future

DORER, dò-rà, v. a. to gild, gild over. Do-rer une pâté, to wash a pie over with eggs.

Doreuse, s. f. gilder's wife or widow.

DORIGUE, adj. m. a Greek dialect.
DORIGUE, adj. dorick, (order or dialect.)
DORLOTER, dör-lö-lå, v. a. to pamper,
make much of, cocker. Se dorloter, v. r. pam-

per one's self, make much of one's carcase. DORMANT, E, dor-men, ment, adj. sleeping. Eau dormante, still or standing or stagnant water. En dormant, in one's sleep. Le dormant d'un cordage, Mar. the standing part of a tackle or brace or other running rope.

Dormeu-r, se, dor-meur, meuz, s. m. &

f. sleeper, sleepy person.

Dormeuse, s. f. a sort of travelling chaise constructed so as to form a sort of bed.

DORMIR, dôr-mîr, v. n. to sleep, be fallen asleep, repose; to be still or standing, (said of water.) Dormir d'un bon somme, to slumber. Dormir l'uprès dînée, to take a nap after dinner. Faire des contes à dormir debout, to tell idle tales or old women's stories. Laisser dormir ses ressentimens, to lay aside one's resentment. Le chat dort tant qu'enfin il se reveille, the sleepy cat at length awakes.

DORMITI-F, VE, dor-mî-tîf, tlv, adj. & s.

soporifick.

Doroir, dô-rwar, s. m. pastry-cook's or baker's brush.

DOROPHAGE, s. m. & f. one greedy of pre-

DORSAL, E, adj. that relates to the back. DURTOIR, dor-twar, s. m. dormitory.

DORURE, do-rur, s. f. gilding. Dorure de patisserie, wash of eggs with which pastry-cooks glaze over their pies, etc.

Dos, do, s. m. back; (d'une montagne) dge. Battre quelqu'un dos et ventre, to beat one soundly, maul one, rib-roast one. Tour-ner le dos, to be gone; also, to run away, betake one's self to flight or to one's heels. La fortune lui a tourné le dos, fortune has left him in the lurch. Monter un cheval à dos, to ride a horse without a saddle. Peigne à dos, comb cut on one side only. Batean fait à dos d'âne, sharp bottomed boat. Voûte à dos d'âne, sharp raised vault.

Dose, dôz, s. f. dose. Doser, dô-zå, v. a. to dose, prescribe the exact quantity

Dosse, s. f. flitch of wood.

Dossier, dò-slå, s. m. back (of a chair or form or couch.) Dossier de lil, head-board of a bed. Dossier, file or bundle (of papers.) Dossier d'un canot, Mar. back-board of a boat.

Dossière, do-sier, s. f. ridge band.

Dot, dôt, s. f. dowry or portion.

Dotal, E, dô-tâl, adj. of or pertaining to a

dowry or portion. DOTATION, s. f. endowment of a church,

DOTER, do-ta, v. a. to endow; give a por-

tion, to portion. D'ou, V. Où.

Douaire, doo-er, s. m. jointure, settlement. Il lui a assigné dix mille écus de douaire, he has settled ten thousand crowns upon her.

DOUAIRER, s. m. child who renounces the paternal estate and keeps to the mother's join-

Douairière, dôo-ê-rî-èr, s. f. dowager. DOUANE, doo-an, s. f. custom-house, cus-

tom, duty. DOUAINIER, doo-a-nia, s. m. officer of the

custom-house.

DOUBLAGE, s. m. Mar. sheathing. Doublage de la quille, sheathing of the keel. Doublage du gouvernail, back of the rudder. Doublage d'un pouce, one inch stuff.

Double, doobl, adj. double; also deceit-ful, treacherous. Acte double, double, dupli-cate writing. Double fripon, great or arrant

DOUBLE, s. m. double, double part, two-fold, twice the value; duplicate or copy; French coin worth two deniers. Jouer à quitte ou double, to double or quit. Mettre en double, to double, fold in two. Double d'un manœuvre, Mar. bight of a rope.

Doubleaux de voûte,

great or chief arches of a vault.

DOUBLE-FEUILLE, s. f. a sort of plant. DOUBLEMENT, doobl-men, adv. doubly. DOUBLER, doo-bla, v. a. to double; also to line (a garment.) Doubler le pas, to mend

one's pace, go faster.

DOUBLER, v. a. Mar. to sheath, furr, double upon, weather, etc. Doubler un bâtiment en cuivre, to sheath a ship with copper. Doubler (un cap, une pointe,) to double or weather (a cape, a point.) Doubler l'arrière-garde ennemie, to double upon the enemy's rear. Doubler le sillage d'un raisseau, to sail as fast again as a ship. Doubler les écarts, to leave a shift between the searfs of two pieces payed together.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

DOUBLET, doo-ble, s. m. doublet (at dice;) | also imitation of precious stones.

Doublon, doo-blon, s. m. Spanish coin; also mistake in printing twice the same word.

DOUBLURE, doo-blur, s. f. lining (of garments.)

Douçain, doo-sin, s. m. kind of apple-tree.

Douce, the feminine of Doux. Douceatre, doo-satr, adj. sweetish.

DOUCEMENT, doos-men, adv. softly, gently, quietly, peaceably; calmly, delicately, mildly, lovingly, kindly, meekly, patiently, tenderly, agreeably, pleasantly; slowly, tolerably, so so. Gagner savie tout doucement, to pick up a livelihood, make a shift to live.

DOUCEREU-X, SE, adj. sweet, luscious, whining, affected, precise. Un doucereux, a whining lover, an affected beau.

Doucer, TE, doo-se, set, adj. counterfeit piece of modesty, one that looks demure, as if butter could not melt in his or her mouth.

DOUCETTE, s. f. corn sallad.

DOUCETTEMENT, adv. softly, gently. Douceur, doo-seur, s. f. sweetness; softness; lenity, indulgence, gentleness, mild-ness; sweets, comfort, pleasure, delight; emo-lument. Aimer les douceurs, to love sweet Douceur de langage, sweetness or smoothness of expression, sweet or pleasant language. Douceur de naturel, sweetness, gentleness, softness; mildness, easiness of temper or nature, good nature, sweet temper. Avoir une trop grande douceur pour ses enfans, to be too indulgent to one's children. Douceurs, sweet or flattering or coaxing expressions.

Dire or conter des douceurs. V. Conter. En douceur, Mar. handsomely. Ex. Vire en douceur, heave handsomely.

DOUCHE, doosh, s. f. pumping (as they do at the bath.) Dorner une douche à quelqu'un,

to pump one.
Doucher, doo-sha, v. a. to pump (upon a diseased part, as they do at the baths.)

Doucine, s. f. cymatium, gola, ogee or wave (in architecture.)

Doué, E, adj. jointured, that has a jointure settled; also endowed, enriched.

Douer, doo-å, v. a. to jointure, to make a settlement or jointure; to enrich, endow, be-

DOUILLAGE, s. m. stuff badly woven. Douille, dool, s. f. socket (of a pike, of a halberd, etc.)

Douillet, TE, doo-le, let, adj. tender, nice, that cannot bear with the least inconveniency; soft, tender.

Douillettement, doo-lêt-mên, adv. at

ease, softly, tenderly.

Douleur, do-leur, s. f. pain, ache, soreness, stitch; grief, sorrow, affliction, torment, anguish. Les douleurs de l'enfantement, the throes or pains in childbirth.

*Douloir (SE). V. Se plaindre.

DOULOUREUSEMENT, doo-loo-reuz-men, adv. heavily, woefully, grievously, cruelly, sadly.

DouLoureu-x, se, doo-loo-reu, reuz, adj. painf 1; smarting; dolorous, sorrowful, grievous, sad, woeful, tender.

DOUTE, doot, s. m. doubt, question, doubtful thing, uncertainty, irresolution, suspense, scruple, fear, apprehension, misgiving, suspi-

cion. Sans doute, adv. undoubtedly, without

doubt, doubtless, questionless.

Douter, doo-ta, v. n. to doubt or question.

On ne doute pas qu'il n'arrive, he will surely come. Se douter de, v. r. to have an inkling of, conjecture or suspect, think, suspect, mistrust or fear.

DOUTEUSEMENT, doo-teuz-men. doubtfully, in a doubtful manner, uncertainly,

ambiguously, obscurely.

DOUTEU-X, SE, doo-teu, teuz. adj. doubtful, dubious, uncertain, ambiguous, obscure. Pièce d'argent douteuse, piece of money that looks suspicious.

Douvain, doo-vin, s. m. wood fit to make

staves for casks.

Douve, doov, s. f. staff or stave, (Plur. staves) to make casks; also a sort of plant

pernicious to sheep.

Doux, ce, doo, doos, adj. sweet, soft, easy, mild, gentle, quiet, meek, sweet-natured, of a sweet temper, tractable, affable, pleasant, agreeable, charming, comfortable. Eau douce, fresh water. Potage qui est trop doux, pot-tage that is not salted enough. Faire les yeux doux à une femme, to be sweet upon a woman, make love to her. Faire les doux yeux à quelqu'un, to look sweetly or amorously upon one. Un style doux, a free easy style, a soft way of writing. Médecin d'eau douce, young, unexperienced physician, rain water doctor.

Doux, adv. softly, gently. Tout doux, gently, softly. Cheval qui va fort doux, horse that goes very easy. Filer doux, to suffer an Tout doux,

injury from a superiour patiently.

Douzain, doo-zin, s. m. a base of French coin, worth twelve deniers or a penny

Douzaine, doo-zen, s. f. dozen or twelve. Demi-douzaine, half a dozen. Un poete à la douzaine, a poetaster, a paltry poet.

Douze, dooz, adj. twelve; (twelfth, in

dates.) Douzième, doo-ziem, adj. & s. twelfth.

Douzièmement, adv. twelfthly, in the twelfth place. Doxologie, s. f. doxology. Doyen, dwa-yen, s. m. dean; eldest in a

Corporation or society; senior.

DOYENNÉ, dwa-yê-na, s. m. deanship or

deanery; also sort of pear.

DRACHME, dragm, s. f. drachm, dram. DRACUNCULE, s.m. little worm, dracunculus. DRAGAN, s. m. Mar. wing-transom of a galley.

DRAGÉE, dra-za, s. f. sugar-plums; meslin; small shot. Ecarter la dragée, to sputter in speaking.

DRAGEOIR, s. m. comfit-box.

DRAGEON, dra-zon, s. m. shoot, sucker.

DRAGEONNER, dra-zô-na, v. n. to shoot forth suckers.

DRAGIER, s. m. sugar-plum box.
DRAGME, V. Drachme.
DRAGON, dra-gon, s. m. dragon; dragoon; cataract (on the eye.)

DRAGONNEAU, s. m. dracunculus, (small worm between the skin and the flesh.)

DRAGUE, s. f. dragooning.
DRAGUE, s. f. grains or husks of malt exhausted in brewing; also drag. Drague, Mar.

drag.
DRAGUER, v. n. to drag, fish for something in the sea. v. a. Mar. to drag. Draguer une buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ancre, to drag or sweep for an anchor, sweep | the bottom.

DRAILLE, s. f. Mar. stay. DRAMATIQUE, drå-må-ilk, adj. dramatick, belonging to plays. Le dramatique, dramat-

DRAMATISTE, s. m. dramatist.

DRAME, dram, s. m. drama, play. DRAP, dra, s. m. cloth, woollen cloth. Gros drap, coarse cloth. Drap fin, superfine cloth. Drap (de lit) sheet (for a bed.) Drap mortuaire, pall. Mettre une personne en de beaux draps blancs, to set one in his proper colours, speak ill of one.

DRAPÉ, E, adj. hung with black or mourning, etc. V. Draper.
DRAPEAU, dra-pò, s. m. rag, clout, colours or stand of colours.

DRAPER, dra-pa, v. a. to make cloth; to mill (stockings;) to put on black, cover or hang with mourning; (in painting) to make the drapery of, clothe; to jeer or banter, cen-

DRAPEDIE, drap-rl, s. f. cloth trade, dra-

pery

ĎRAPIER, drå-plå, s. m. cloth-maker: also draper or woollen-draper.

DRASTIQUE, adj. drastick. DRÈCHE, dresh, s. f. malt.

DREGE, drez, s. f. dredge. DRELIN, dre-lin, tinkle, sound of a small

bell.

DRESSE, dres, s. f. piece of leather to underlay a shoe that goes awry. Mettre une

dresse à un soulier, to underlay a shoe.

Dresser, dré-sà, v. a. to make straight, raise, set up, creet; to train up, bring up, instruct, discipline, (un cheval) to break or manage; (une statue, etc.) to erect, raise; (un lit) to put up; (une tente) to pitch; (une écrit) to draw, draw up; (un livre) to beat; (la rigne) to dress; (un arbre) to trim; (le potage) to dish up; (du linge) to pull out; (ne embûche, un piége) to lay. Dresser son intention, to direct one's intention. Dresser sa marche, to direct or steer one's course. Dresser les oreilles, to prick up one's ears.

Dresser, v. a. Mar. to trim, etc. Dresser une embarcation, to trim a boat. Dresse le canot, trim the boat. Dresser les vergues, to square the yards by the braces and lifts. Dresse les rergues partout, square the yards fore and aft. Dresse la barre, right the helm.

Dresser, v. u. to stand, rise on end, stare. Ses cheveux hii dressent, his hair stands up or rises on end, his hair stares. Cela me fit dresser les chereux, that made my hair stand on end. Se dresser, v. r. to stand or stand up, rise.

DRESSOIR, drê-swar, s. m. sideboard.
DRILLE, drîll, s. m. fellow; also sort of oak; and old rag to make paper with. Un bon wille, a jovial fellow. Un pauvre drille, a poor fellow, a poor wretch.
*DRILLER, drî-fâ, v. n. to post or scour away, march off in haste.
DRILLER, s. f. Mor. Poisces des hymiers at

DRISSE, s. f. Mar. Drisses des huniers et autres voiles supérieures, haliards. Drisses des basses vergues, jeers. Drisse d'un pic or d'une vergue à corne, gass-haliard. Drisses des voiles auriques, throat-haliards.

DROGMAN, drog-mên, s. m. interpreter.
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DROGUE, drog, s. f. drug; also sorry commodity, stuff.

DROGUER, dro-ga, v. a. to physick. Se droguer, v. r. to take a great deal of physick or many slops.

DROGUERIE, s. f. generick name for all sorts of drugs.

DROGUET, dro-gê, s. m. drugget. DROGUIER, dro-gîà, s. m. chest of drawers or cabinet where drugs are kept.

DROGUISTE, drð-gíst, s. m. druggist. DROIT, E, drwå, drwåt, adj. right; straight, direct; honest, upright, sincere, righteous; just; good, sound or clear; up, upright, standing. Le chemin d'ici là est tout droit, the way leads directly thither. Cheval qui est droit, horse that is not lame. La main droite, the right hand.

DROIT, adv. straight, straight on, straight along, straight way, right on, directly. Aller droit, to have a frank, upright, honest or plain way of dealing. Je wous ferai bien marcher droit, I will keep you to good behaviour. Droit comme ça, Mar. thus, thus. Droit la

barre, put the helm amidships.

DROIT, s. m. right; reason, equity, justice; law; power, authority; right, prerogative, privilege; right, claim, title; fee; duty, tax, custom. A bon droit, not without a cause, justly, deservedly. A tout or à droit, sight or wrong. Droit d'ancrage, Mar, anchorage or anchorage duty. Droit de fret, lastage. Droit de halage, towage. Droits de pilote, pilotage. Droits de quai, wharfage. Droit de tonnage, tonnage.

DROITE, s. f. right hand. La droite d'une armée, the right wing of an army. Donner la droite, to place on the right hand. A droite or à main droite, to or on the right hand.

DROITEMENT, drwat-men, adv. rightecusly, uprightly, sincerely, rightly, with judgment, judiciously.

DROITIER, E, drwa-tla, tier, adj. righthanded.

DROITURE, drwa-tur, s. f. rectitude, equity, uprightness, integrity, honesty. Droiture d'esprit, soundness or clearness of reason. En droiture, directly, straight. Ce bâtiment raen droiture à la Chine, Mar. that ship is going to China direct.

*DROITURIER, E, adj. righteous.

DRÔLE, dròl. adj. pleasant, merry, jocose, jocund, comical, facetious, queer.

DRÓLE, s. m. brisk or merry fellow, good companion, droll. Un drôle de corps, a pleasant merry fellow, a wag.
DRÔLEMENT, drôl-mên, adv. pleasantly,

comically.

DRÔLERIE, drol-ri, s. f. drollery, buffoon-

ery, jest. Drôlesse, drò-lês, s. f. bold, impudent woman, wench, prostitute.

DROMADAIRE, dro-må-der, s. m. drome-

DRÔME, s. f. Mar. raft (of masts, spars, etc.) DROPAX, s. m. sort of plaster made of oil and resin.

DROSSE, s. f. Mar. truss, etc. Drosse d'artimon, mizen truss. Grandes drosses or drosses de la grande vergue, main trusses. Drosses de misaine, fore-trusses. Drosse de racage, par-rel. Drosse de gouvernail, tiller-rope. Drosse de canon, gun tackle.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

DROSSER, v. a. Mar. to drive. Etant dros- H sés par les courans, nous nous trouvâmes à la pointe du jour à la rue de Malaga, being driven by the currents, we found ourselves at daybreak in sight of Malaga.

DROUINÉ, drôo-în, s. f. tinker's bag. DROUINEUR, drôo-î-nêur, s. m. tinker.

DRU, E, dru, i, adj. planted thick or close; brisk, pert; fledged.

DRU, adv. thick, thickly. DRUIDE, dru-id, s. m. druid. DRVADE, dri-ad, s. f. dryad.

Dv, då, (prep. and article) of the, from the, some, etc. V. De. Du commencement, in the beginning. Du moins, at least, at the least. Du tout, at all, in the least. Point du tout, not at all.

Dù, E, adj. due, owing.

Dù, dù, s. m. due, what is owed, what is owing; duty. Je ne demande que mon dû, I ask no more than my due. C'est le dû de ma charge, it is the duty of my office. Pour le dû de ma conscience, to satisfy my conscience.

DUBITATI-F, VE, då-bî-tâ-tîf, tiv, adj. du-

bitative.

DUBITATION, s. f. dubitation.

Duc, duk, s. m. duke; horned owl.

DUCAL, E, du-kal, adj. ducal, of or belong-

ing to a duke.

DUCALE, s. f. patent of the Venetian senate.

DUCAT, då-kå, s. m. ducat.

DUCAT, adj. Ex. Or ducat, gold ducat. DUCATON, då-kå-ton, s. m. ducatoon (coin worth about 5s. 6d.)

Duché, dů-shå, s. m. & f. dukedom, duchy. DUCHESSE, då-shës, s. f. duchess.

DUCTILE, dåk-til, adj. ductile, easy to be

Duetlier, dischipadi, ductier, easy to be hammered or beaten into thin plates.

Duetlitté, dischl-l-lâ, s. f. duetlity.

Duègne, s. f. duenna.

Duel, dischl, s. m. duel, single fight; dual number de Greek sons number (of Greek nouns.)

DUELLISTE, dit-e-list, s. m. duellist.

Duire, v.n. duisant, duit, to suit or please. *Duit, E, adj. trained up or used to a thing. DULCIFICATION, s, f. dulcification, the act

of sweetening or tempering mineral acids.

Dulcifier, důl-sî-fî-à, v. a. to dulcify or sweeten.

DULIE, s. f. worship of saints, dulia. Dûment, då-mên, adv. duly.

Dune,dån, s. f. down. Dunes, Mar. downs (sand banks bordering on the sea coast.)

DUNETTE, dû-nêt, s. f. Mar. poop.

Duo, då-o, s. m. duet, duetto.

DUPE, dup, s. f. dupe, also a game at cards. DUPER, då-på, v. a. to dupe, deceive, cheat, gull.

DUPERIE, dup-rl, s. f. cheat.

DUPLICATA, du-pli-ka-ta, s. m. duplicate or copy (of a writing.)
DUPLICATION, s. f. duplication.

DUPLICATURE, s. f. duplicature, fold. DUPLICITE, dd-pli-si-ta, s. f. duplicity or being double; duplicity, double dealing, knavery.

DUPLIQUE, då-plik, s. f. rejoinder.

DUPLIQUER, då-pli-kå, v. a. to rejoin, put in a rejoinder. DUQUEL, då-kčl. (pour de lequel) of whom,

of which, whereof. etc. V. De.
DUR, E, dår, dår, adj. hard; firm, tough;
grievous, sad; difficult; hard-hearted, cruel

harsh, dull, heavy; (style) stiff, rough, rug narst, dui, neavy (style) still, rough, rug ged. Pain dur, stale bread. Viande dure, tough meat. Avoir l'oreille dure, être dur d'oreille, or entendre dur, to be hard or thick or dull of hearing. Un livre dur à la vente, a slow or heavy book, a book that does not go off well. Dur à la desserre, close-fisted. Dur à la futigue, hardened to fatigue. Dur et sec (in painting) hard and dry or stiff (the contrary of mellow and soft.) Le vin est dur, the wine is pricked.

DURABLE, du-rabl, adj. durable, lasting.

DURACINE, s. f. a sort of peach.

DURANT, du-ren, prep. during. Durant tout l'hirer, all winter long. *Durant que, whilst, when.

DURCIR, dûr-slr, v. a. to harden, make hard or stiff. v. n. Se durcir, v. r. to harden or grow hard. Le vin fait durcir la viande, wine

makes the meat tough.

DURE, s. f. ground, bare ground.

DUREE, du-ra, s. f. duration, continuance. Etre de durée or de longue durée, to be durable, lasting or permanent. Notre vie est de si peu de durée, our life is so very short.

DUREMENT, dur-mên, adv. hard, stiff,

rudely, roughly.

DURER, dd-ra, v. n. to last, endure, hold out, continue, stand or abide. Ne pouvoir durer dans sa peau, to be ready to leap out of one's skin. Je ne puis durer de chaud, I am so hot I know not what to do with myself. temps lui dure, time hangs heavy upon him. On ne sauroit durer avec lui, nobody can live with him.

*Duret, te, då-rê, rêt, adj. rather firm,

somewhat hard or tough.

DURETÉ, dur-ta, s. f. hardness; firmness, toughness; harshness, hard-heartedness, inflexibility, ruggedness, cruelty, rigour, bar-barity, callosity, hard skin; (of style) rough-ness, ruggedness. Duretes, hard words. Dureté d'oreule, thickness or duliness of hearing. Dureté de pinceau, stiffness of one's pencil, stiff way of painting. Si vous êtes encore dans la dureté de res sentimens, if you still entertain those hard thoughts. Ils se dirent quelques duretés, there passed some hard words be-

DURILLON, du-ri-lon, s. m. callosity, hard skin.

DURILLONER, (SE) v. r. to grow callous or into corns. DURIUSCULE, dů-rî-ůs-kůl, adj. somewhat

hard. Dusil, s. m. tap or faucet.

DUTROA, s. m. a sort of plant that grows in America.

DUUMVIRAT, s. m. magistracy among the

DUUMVIRS, s. m. pl. duumviri.

DUVET, då-vê, s. m. down; soft feathers; first beard, soft hair. Coucher sur le duvet, to lie upon a down bed.

DUVETEU-X, SE, adj. downy.
DYNAMIQUE, S.f. science of moving powers. DYNASTE, s. m. little sovereign.

DYNASTIE, dî-nas-ti, s. f. dynasty.

Dyscole, dîs-kôl, adj. who departs from an established opinion or with whom it is dif. ficult to live.

Dyspepsie, dis-pep-sl, s. f. dyspepsy.

Dyspnée, s. m. dyspnœa.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Dyssenterie, di-sent-ri, s. f. dysentery,

DYSSENTÉRIQUE, adj. of or belonging to dysentery.

DYSURIE, dî-zû-rl, s. f. dysury.

E.

E, å, s. m. 5th letter of the French alphabet. EAU, o, s. f. water; rain-water, rain; water, gloss, lustre; river, lake, pond, etc.; urine; tears; juice. Eau rose, rose water. Eau-devie, brandy. Eau-régale, aqua regalis. Eau forte, aqua fortis. Eau de saronnage, soap suds. Couleur d'eau, bluc or blue coloured. Porter de l'eau à la mer, to carry coals to Newcastle. Il tombe de l'eau, it rains. Faire de l'eau, to make water. A fleur d'eau, on a level with the water. Il semble qu'il ne sait pas troubler l'eau, he looks as demure as if butter would not melt in his mouth. Mettre de l'eau dans son vin, to cool or allay one's passion. Tout s'en est allé à vau l'eau, all is gone to wreck. Etre tout en eau, to be in a great sweat, be wet all over. Fondre en eau, to melt or dissolve in tears. Battre l'eau, to take soil (as a deer does.) Battre l'eau, to beat the air. Eau marine, V. Beril. Eaux a forêts, s. f. pl. jurisdiction over the forests and rivers, etc. Maître des eaux et forêts, chief justice in eyre.

Eau, s. f. Mar. water, etc. Eau changée, water the colour of which is altered by approaching the shore or otherwise. Eau douce, fresh water. Courant d'eau deuce à l'em-bouchure d'un fleuve, fresh shot. Eau corrompue, stinking water. Eau salée, salt water. Eau saumâtre or saumache, brackish water. Eaux mortes, neap tides. vives, spring tides. Eau peu profonde, shoal water. Les eaux d'un bâtiment, the wake of a ship. Venir dans les eaux d'un bâtiment, to come into a ship's wake. Mettre un bâtiment à l'eau, to launch a ship. Faire de l'eau, to water. Faire eau, to leak, make water. Faire une voie d'eau, to spring a leak. Navire qui fait eau, ship that leaks, leaking ship. Eaux qui se trouvent en dessous du vaigrage d'un bâtiment, et qui ont leur écoulement vers l'archi-pompe, bilge water. Il y a beaucoup d'eau dans cette passe, the water is very deep in this channel. Combien y a-t-il d'eau à la pompe? what water is there in the well? Nous faisions 36 pouces d'eau par heure. We were making 3 feet water an hour. Un boulet entre deux eaux, a shot between wind and water. V. Avoir.

*EBAHI, E, adj. aghast, surprised, asto-

nished, amazed.

*EBAHISSEMENT, å-bå-is-men, s. m. sur-

prise, astonishment, amazement.

*Ebahir, (s') sa-ba-îr, v. a. to admire, be amazed, surprised, astonished. EBARBER, å-bår-bå, v. a. to shave, strip

(quills,) take off the rough edge of paper, to scrape smooth the strokes of the graver. EBARBOIR, s. m. tool to take off the rough

edge of paper; scraper (of engravers.) EBAROUI-E, adj. Mar. desiceated.

EBATS, å-bå, s. m. pl. pleasure, sport, diversion, pastine.

*EBATTEMENT, s. m. V. Ebats, play or room to move.

EEATTRE, (s') så-båtr, v. r. (like battre) to take pleasure, be merry, sport.
EBAUBI, E, å-bò-bl, bl, adj. astonished,

EBAUCHE, å-bosh, s. f. first draught or

rough beginning (of any work,) sketch.

EBAUCHER, å-bo-shå, v. a. to begin or make

The first draught of, to sketch or rough-hew.

Евлисноїв, å-bo-shwar, s. m. great
hatchel (used by rope-makers,) great chisel (used by statuaries.)

*EBAUDIR, v. a. to cheer, make merry. *S'ébaudir, v. r. to be full of mirth, leap for

EBAUDISSEMENT, s. m. sport and mirth. EBE, s. f. Mar. ebb, ebb-tide, ebbing wa-

ter, low water. Erène, a-ben, s. f. ebony, eben, ebon.

EBÉNER, å-bå-nå, v. a. to stain wood like

Еве́міен, å-bå-niå, s. m. ebony-tree. EDÉNISTE, å-bå-nist, s. m. cabinet-maker.

EBÉNISTERIE, s. f. ebonist's trade or work.

EBLOUIR, å-bloo-îr, v. a. to dazzle. EBLOUISSANT, E, å-bloo-î-sen, sent, adj.

dazzling. EBLOUISSEMENT, å-bloo-is-men, s. m.

dazzling; dimness of sight. EBORGNER, å-bor-gnå, v. a. to make

blind of one eye, put out one eye.

*EBOUFFER, (s') de rire, v. r. to break out into laughter, split one's sides with laughter. EBOULLIR, à-bôo-fir, v. a. (like bouillir) to over boil, boil to rags.

EBOULEMENT, à-bôo-mên, s. m. falling, tupbling or sinving down

tumbling or sinking down.

EBOULER, à-bôo-là, v. n. S'ébouler, v. r to fall, tumble or sink down, fall to ruin.

EBOULIS, å-boo-lis, s. m. rubbish.

EBOURGEONNEMENT, a-boor-zon-men, s m. pruning of superfluous buds. EBOURGEONNER, a-boor-zo-na,v. a. to nip, prune or take off the useless buds of vines, etc.

EBOURGEONNEUR, a-boor-zo-neur, s. m. nipper or pruner. EBOURIFFÉ, E, å-bỏo-ri-fà, adj. dishevel-

led or put out of order by the wind.

EBOUSINER or EBOUZINER, v. a. to take off the soft crust of stones when fresh from the quarry.

EBRANCHEMENT, å-brensh-men, s. m. lopping, cutting off, pruning. EBRANCHER, å-brèn-shå, v. a. to lop.

prune, cut the branches off.

EBRANLEMENT, å-brènl-mên, s. m. shak ing, shock; trouble fear.

EBRANLER, a-bren-la, v.a. to shake, move, stagger; deter, bribe or corrupt. S'ébranler, v. r. to shake, stagger, make a motion, move; to give way (said of troops.)

EBRE, S. m. Ebro (a river in Spain.)
EBRECHER, å-brå-shå, v. a. io break a piece (of a knife, etc.) make a notch or gap in. EBRENER, åbr-nå, v. a. to cleanse a child

from excrement. EBRILLADE, s. f. ebriety, drunkenness. EBRILLADE, s. f. jerk with the bridle. EBROUEMENT, s. m. snorting of a horse.

EBROUER, (s') v. r. to snort (as a horse.) EBRUITER, å. brul-ta, v. n. to divulge.

S'ébruiter, v. r. to be divulged, to get air EBUARD, s. m. very hard wooden wedge bar, bat, base: there, cbb, over: fleld, flg: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

EBULLITION, a-ba-ll-slon, s. f. ebullition, boiling up, breaking out (on the skin.) Ebullitions de cerveau, heats of the brains.

Estation de cerveau, heats of the brains.

Estation de cerveau, heats of the brains.

ed, beaten or bruised flat.

ECACHEMENT, s. m. bruising, bruise. ECACHER, a-ka-sha, v. a. to pash, squash,

beat or bruise, flat, crush. ECACHEUR, å-kå-sheur, d'or, s. m. gold

ECAILLE, a-kal, s. f. scale; shell (of fish.) ECAILLER, E, å-ka-lå, ler, s. m. & f. oysterman, oyster-woman.

Ecailler, v. a. to scale (fish, etc.) S'écailler, v. r. to peel off, scale. ECALLEU-X, SE, adj scaly. ECALE, a-kal, s. f. shell (of nuds.)

ECALER, å-kå-lå, v. a. to shell (nuts.) ECARBOUILLER, v.a. to squash, dash, crush. ECARLATE, å-kår-låt, s. in. scarlet. Ecar-

late cramoisie, scarlet dyed in grain. ECARLATIN, s. m. scarlet eider.

ECARLATINE, å-kår-lå-tin, adj. f. fièvre écarlatine, scarlet fever.

ECARQUILLÉ, E, adj. spread, opened. Marcher écarquillé, to walk straddling.

ECARQUILLEMENT, å-kår-kil-men, s. m.

spreading, opening, staring. ECARQUILLER, 3-kår-kå-kå, v. a. to spread or open (one's legs.) Eca-willer les yeur, to open one's eyes wide, stare.

ECARRIR, V. Equarrir.

ECART, å-kar, s. m. ramble, stepping or going aside or out of the way; cards laid or thrown out. Faire un écart dans un discours, to ramble, make digression in a speech. Faire des écarts, to spend extravagantly, be extravagant. Faire son écart, to lay out one's eards, diseard. A l'écart, out of the way, aside, apart, by one's self, in a by-place. Ecart, s. m. Mar. searf. Ecart simple or carré, but and but or junction of the but-ends of two planks. Ecart double, searf or two ends of timber laid over each other. Ecarts de l'étrave, scarfs of the stem. Ecarts de la quille, searfs of the keel.

ECARTÉ, E, à kâr-tâ, adj. removed, dis-persed, etc. Cheminéeurté, by-way. V. Ecarter. ECARTELÉ, E, adj. quartered. Il porte écartelé d'argent et sable, he bears quarterly

argent sable.

ECARTELER, à-kart-là, v. a. & n. to quarter (criminals,) also to quarter (in heraldry.)

ECARTEMENT, s. m. disjunction, separation. ECARTER, å-kår-tå, v. a. to remove, drive away, disperse, scatter; to discard or lay out one's cards. Ecarter du droit chemin, to put from or out of the right way, mislead. S'écarter de son chemin, v. r. to go out of or lose one's way. S'écarter de son sujet, to wander from the subject, ramble. S'évarter du hon sens, to swerve from reason. S'évarter du sentiment des autres, to be singular in one's opinions.

Есск-номо, s. m. eece-homo, (a picture in which J. C. is represented such as he was when Pilate presented him to the Jews.) Il a l'air d'un ecce-homo, il fait comme un ecce-homo, he is in a deplorable condition.

ECCHYMOSE, s. f. Ecchymosis, red spot. Ecclésiaste, é-kla-zlast, s.m. Ecclesiastes. Ecclésiastique, ê-klâ-zlâs-tik, a lj. ecclesiastical ecclesiastick, belonging to the church.

Ecclésiastique, s. m. ceclesiastick, clergyman, churchman; also Ecclesiasticus (an apoeryphai book.)

ECCLÉSIASTIQUEMENT, ê-klâ-zlâs-îk-mên, adv. ecclesiastically, churchmanlike.
Eccoprotique, adj. & s.m. & f. eccopro-

tick.

ECCRINOLOGIE, s. f. part of medicine that treats of excretions. ECERVELE, E, å-sêrv-lå, adj. &. s. m. &

f. hair-brained, rash, giddy, rash fool. ECHAFAUD, a-sha-fo, s. f. scaffold; stage. ECHAFAUDAGE, å-shå-fö-dåz, s. m. ma-king of scaffolds, or the scaffolds, scaffolding-ECHAFAUDER, å-shå-fö-då, v. a. to make

scaffolds.

ECHALAS. a-sha-la, s. m. vine-prop. ECHALASSEMENT, s.m. propping (of a vine.)

ECHALASSER, å-shå-lå-så, v. a. to prop (a vine.)

ECHALIER, å-sha-liå, s. m. fence.

ECHALOTE, à-shà-lôt, s. f. shalot or scallion. ECHANCRER, å-shèn-krå, v. a. to hollow to cut or make hollow, cut sloping. ECHANCRURE, å-shen-krur, s. f. semi-cir-

cular cut, slope.

ECHANGE, å-shenz, s. m. exchange, chop

ping, bartering. ECHANGER, å-shèn-zå, v. a. to exchange,

chop, swop, barter. ECHANGEABLE, adj. that can be exchanged.

Echanson, å-shen-son, s. m. cup-bearer. Echansonnerie, å-shen-son-ri, s. f. king's wine-cellar, the king's butlers.

ECHANTILLON, å-shen-ti-lon, s. m. pattern, sample. Echantillon, Mar. scantling, thick-Vaisseau foible d'échantillon, abers. Vaisseau fort d'échanness of timber. ship of slight timbers. Varitillon, ship of thick timbers

ECHANTILLONNER, å-shèn-tì-lô-nà, v. a. to examine a weight or measure by the stand ard; cut out patterns.

ECHAPPADE, s. f. (in wood engraving) the score made when the graver slips.

Еснарратотки, å-shå-på-twar, s. f. evasion, subterfuge, shift, come off, excuse.

ECHAPPÉE, à-shà-pà, s.f. prank ; also vista, (in a landscape.) Fuire une chose par échap-pées, to do a thing at odd times. Echappée, Mar. run. Ce vaisseau là a une belle échap-

pée, that ship has a clean run. ECHAPPER, å-shå-på, v.n. & a. to escape, get away or out, make one's escape. Echapper un danger, to escape or shun a danger. Faire échapper un prisonnier, to favour a prisoner's escape. Laisser échapper une occasion, to let slip an opportunity. Cela m'est écharpé de lu mémoire, it has slipt iny memo-ry. Il lui écharpa une parole, he let fall or he dropt a word. Il lui échappe quelque fois de direla rérité, he makes bold sometimes to speak the truth. Un esclave me donna un avis que je ne laissai point échapper, a slave gave me informa tion which shall not be thrown away. Laisser

échapper un cheval, to give a horse the head. S'échapper, v. r. to escape, go away, gel loose; to commit one's self. Le mot m'est échappé, I spoke it inconsiderately. Le mot m'a échappé, I did not understand, or hear it

ECHARDE, a-shard, s. f. prick of a thistle; also splinter.

Echardonner, å-shår-dô-nå, v a to cur or pluck up thistles.

base, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ECHARNER, v. a. to take from a hide the flesh that has been left on it.

ECHARNURE, s. f. remains of flesh taken

from a-hide about to be cured.

ECHARPE, à-sharp, s. f. scarf, sash. Porter le bras en écharpe, to carry or have one's arm in a sling. Avoir l'esprit en écharpe, to be brain sick.

Еснапреп, å-shår-på, v. a. to slash.

*Echars, E, adj. niggardly. Echars, a-shar, adj. m. Mar. Vent échars, shifting wind, wind that veers often.

*Echarsenent, adv. niggardly. Echarser, å-shår-så, v. n. Mar. to vecr,

change often.

Echasses, å-shås, s. f. pl. stilts. ECHAUBOULÉ, E, à-shò-bòo-là, adj. full of

ECHAUBOULURE, à-shò-bòo-lur, s.f.pimple. ECHAUDÉ, à-shò-dà, s. f. kind of pastry

ECHAUDER, a-sho-da, v. a. to scald. S'échauder, v. r. to burn one's fingers, smart. Chat échaudé craint l'eau froide, the burnt child dreads the fire.

Еснаироік, å-shò-dwar, s. m. sealding

place or vessel.

ECHAUFFAISON, å-shò-fê-zon, s. f. over-heating of one's self.

ECHAUFFEMENT, å-shôf-mên, s. m. heat-

ing, over-heating. Еснлигген, å-sho-få,v. a.to heat or warm. Cela lui échanffe le sang, that provokes him or stirs up his passions; v. n. to grow hot. S'echauffer, v. r. to overheat one's self, grow hot; be angry.

Echauffourée, s. f. rash enterprise. Echauffure, à-shò-fùr, s. f. red pimple. Echauguette,à-shò-gèt, s.f. watch tower. ECHE, s. f. bait.

ECHE, S. 1. ball. EcHEANCE, &-shâ-èns, s. f. expiration. Payer à l'échéance, to pay when the time is expired (when the money becomes due.) EcHEC, â-shêk, s. m. check, loss, fatal blow, misfortune. Echecs, ê-shê, or jeu d'échecs, chess, game of chess. Donnes cehec up no le terrie mé dieu to sheef, the king the au roi, le tenir en échec, to check the king (at chess.) Echec et mat, check mate. Tenir en chec, to keep in awe, keep at bay.

ECHELETTE, s. f. little ladder.

ECHELLE, å-shel, s. f. ladder; scale (of a

map;) sea-port or sea-port town. Echelle de rubans, a stomacher of ribands. Après cela il faut tirer l'échelle, nothing can be better.

Echelle, s. f. Mar. Echelle de commande-ment, accommodation ladder. Grande échelle quarter deck ladder. Echelle de la dunette, poop ladder. Echelles de poupe or de corde d'arrière, stern or quarter ladders. Echelle hors le hord, gang-way, steps (nailed to the ship's side) or side ladder.

ECHELON, åsh-lon, s. m. round of a ladder.

ECHENILIER, åsh-nî-lå, v. a. to rid of ca-

terpillars.

ECHEVEAU, åsh-vò, s. m. skein. ECHEVELÉ, E, å-shev-lå, adj. dishevelled, whose hair hangs loose.

ECHEVIN, ash-vin, s. m. sort of magistrate

(like an English sheriff or alderman.)

ECHEVINAGE, & PI-vI-nax, s. m. sort of sheriffalty or dign'ty and functions of an al-

ECHINÉE, à-shi-na, s. f. chine (of pork.) ECHINER, a-shi-na, v. a. to chine, to break the back; to kill, knock down, beat to death

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Echiqueté, E, à-shîk-tà, adj. checked of checkered(in heraldry.) Echiquier, à-shì-tà, s. m. chess-board; exchequer. Ouvrage fait en échiquier, chequer-work. Arbres plantés en échiquier, trees planted chequer-wise. L'escadre enne-mie court en échiquier, Mar. the enemy's fleet is standing on in a bow and quarter line.

EcHo, å-kô, s. m. echo, rebounding sound. Echoin, å-shwar, v. n. (see the table at choir) to expire or be out; to fall or fall out, chance or happen. Sile cas y échoit, if there

be occasion. ECHOMÉTRIE, s. f. echometry, art of mak

ing echoes. Еснорре, å-shôp, s. f. stall; engraver's tool. ECHOUAGE, s. m. Mar. getting aground or being stranded, place where vessels may be run aground with a probability of greater safety.

Echoué, E. adj. Mar. aground, on shore, stranded. V. Echouer.

ECHOUER, å-shỏo-å, v. n. & a. to run aground or on shore or against a rock, be stranded; put aground; also, to miscarry, be baffled or disappointed. Il échoue dans tous ses desseins, all his designs miscarry or prove abortive. Faire échouer un vaisseau, to drive a ship ashore. Le raisseau resta six heures échoué sur le banc, the ship remained six hours ashore upon the bank.

Есни, E, à-shu, shu, adj. (from Echoir) expired, out. Céla lui est échu par sort, that

fell to him by lot.

ECIMER, a-si-ma, v. a. to cut off the top (of a tree.) ECLABOUSSER, å-klå-boo-så, v. a. to splash

or dash mud about. ECLABOUSSURE, å-klå-bôo-sår, s. f. dirt or water one is splashed or spattered with.

Eclahoussure, Mar. spray.

Eclain, å-kler, s. m. lightning, flash of lightning. Il fait des éclairs, it lightens.

ECLAIRAGE, s. m. lighting of a town. ECLAIRCIE, å-klêr-sl, s. f. Mar. clear, clear spot (in a cloudy sky,) clear interval. Cette éclaircie au nord-ouest annonce une saute de rent, that clear in the north-west forbodes a shift of wind.

ECLAIRCIR, å-kler-sir, v. a. to elear, brighten, clarify; thin or make thin; instruct, inform or give information; clear, make out or plain, explain, unfold, resolve. S'éclaireir, v. r. to clear, clear up, become clear. S'éclaircir d'une chose, to inquire into a business,

inform one's self about it.

ECLAIRCISSEMENT, å-klèr-sis-mên, s. m. clearing or making clear, explication or unfolding; light, insight, lint, eclaircissement, elucidation. Je veux avoir un éclaircissement avec lui, I will argue the case with him, I will call him to account. Un homme à éclaircissement, an exceptious or quarrelsome

ECLAIRE, s. f. celandine, swallow-wort, tetter-wort. La petite éclaire, the little celan-

dine, pıle-wort, fig-wort.

ECLAIRÉ, E, å-klê-rå, adj. lighted, etc.; ECHINE, à-shin, s. f. chine, backbone, ridge lightsome or full of light; knowing, understandbone. Crotté jusqu' à l'échine, dirty all over ling, that has a great insight into things. bar, bat, base: thère; êbb, ovèr: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Nous étions éclairés par la lune, we had the !! moonshine.

ECO

ECLAIRER, å-klê-rå, v. a. to light, give light to, carry a light before; to watch, observe or have an eye upon; to shine; to illuminate; to enlighten; to distribute the light (in

painting,) v. n. to sparkle. Il éclaire, it lightens.
ECLAMÉ, adj. lame (said of a canary bird.)
ECLANCHE, å-klênsh, s. m. leg (of mutton.)
ECLAT, å-klå, s. m. crash, clap or crack;

sudden and violent noise; noise or clamour; brightness, clearness, lustre. Eclat (des habits) gaiety; celat, glory, pomp, splendour, magnificence; burst, bursting. Eclat de bois, splinter of wood. Eclat de pierre, fragment or piece of stone flown off. Eclat de rire, burst of laughter. Des personnes d'éclat, per-

sons of note, eminent persons.
ECLATANT, E, a-kla-ten, tent, adj. bright, shining, sparkling, glittering, great, transcendent, singular, notable, signal, glorious. Bruit relatant, great noise, clap, crack or crash.

Voix éclulante, piercing voice. ECLATER, à-klà-là, v. n. to crack, split, shiver, fly or break to pieces; to crash; to break out, come abroad, blaze out; to fly into a passion; shine, sparkle, glitter. Faire éclater, to show, discover, make appear. Eclater de rire, to burst or break out into laughter.

ECLECTIQUE, adj. eclectick, selecting at

will.

ECLIPSE, å-klips, s. f. eclipse.

ECLIPSER, å-klip-så, v. a. to eclipse. S'éclipser, v. r. to be eclipsed or darkened, be in an eclipse; to vanish, get out of sight, disap-Ecliptique, ä-klîp-tîk, s. f. ecliptick.

ECLISSE, a-klis, s. f. splint for a broken bone; also cheese-vat or fat; side of a lute.
ECLISSER, å-kli-så, v. a. to splint, bind up

with splints,

ECLOPPÉ, E, å-klô-på, adj. limping, lame. ECLORE, a-klor, v. n. (see the table at clore) to blow or open; to be hatched, peep out of the shell; to come to light, be discovered or known. Faire éclore, to hatch (speaking of eggs.) Le soleil fait éclore les fieurs, the sun makes flowers blow. Le jour vieul d'éclore, the day breaks, it is break of day.

Eclosion, s. f. the act of coming to light,

Hatching, blooming, etc.

Eclos, E, å-klò, klòz, adj. blown. V. Eclore.

Eclus, å-klòz, s. f. sluice.

Eclus, å-klòz, s. f. sluice full of water.

Ecobans, V. Ecubiers.

Ecofran, s. m. cutting board.

Ecoinson, s. m. cornerstone of the cham-fering of a door or window.

ECOLATRE, å-kô-latr, s. m. professor in divinity.

ECOLE, å-kol, s. f. school or college. tites écoles, grammar-schools. Faire une école, to be pegged. Envoyer à l'école, to peg (at tricktrack.)

Ecolier, E, å-kô-liå, lièr, s. m. & f. scho-

lar, school-boy, school-girl. ECONDUIRE, a-kon-ddlr, v. a. (see the ta-

ble at ure) to deny, refuse, shift off, reject.

ECONOMAT, å-kô-nô-må, s. m. stewardship.

ECONOME, å-kô-nòm, s. m. & f. steward, housekeeper, ruler of a family, one that has the ordering of a house or family.

ECONOME, adj. frugal, saving, economical. Economic, a-kô-nô-mì, s.f. economy, stew-ardship, ordering of a family, husbandry or housewifery, savingness, sparingness, thriftiness; economy, order, disposition, method, contrivance, constitution, harmony. L'éco-nomie de la loi, the dispensation of the law. Economique, å-kô-nô-mîk, adj. econo-

mical.

ECONOMIQUE, s. f. science of economy. å-kô-nô-mik-mên, ECONOMIQUEMENT, adv. sparingly, frugally, with economy. Economiser, å-kô-nô-mî-za, v. a. to ma-

nage with economy.

Ecorn, a-kop, s. f. scoop.

ECOPERCHE, s. f. machine to raise stones, weights.

ECORCE, a-kors, s. f. rind or bark ; outside, outward show or appearance. Ecorce de grenade, shell or rind of a pomegranate. Ecorce d'orange or de citron, orange or lemon-peel.

ECORCER, å-kôr-så, v. a. to pecl, take off

the rind or bark.

ECORCHECU, Ex. Jouer à écorchecu, to play at dragging on one's seat along the ground.

A ccorchecu, against the grain, untowardly. ECORCHER, å-kôr-shâ, v. a. to flay or skin; gall, peel off, peel or tear off the rind or bark; gai, peer of, peer of learn the interior back, to exact from. Ecorcher les oreilles à, to grate the ears of. Ecorcher le latin, le français, etc. to speak broken latin or french, etc. Il crie avant qu' on l'écorche, he is more afraid than hurt. S'écorcher, v. r. to tear off one's skin. S'écorcher les fesses à cheval, to be galled on horseback.

Ecorcherie, å-kår-shë-rl, s. f. slaughterhouse; tavern where charges are too high. ECORCHEUR, a-kor-sheur, 's. m. flayer;

great exacter, unreasonable man.

ECORCHURE, å-kor-shår, s. f. place where the skin is off or where one is galled, etc. excortation, chafing Ecore, s. f. Mar. precipice by the sea or

a river side, very deep shore. Côte en écore or côte écore, steep or bold coast. V. Acore.

ECORNER, å-kôr-nå, v. a. to break the horns or corners off, impair, curtail, diminish. Il en a écorné quelque chose, he has got a snip or something out of it.

Ecornifler, å-kor-ni-flå, v. a. to spunge

or shark, eat at the expense of others.

ECORNIFLERIE, å-kör-nifl-ri, s. f. spung-

ing, sharking. Ecornifleu-r, se, å-kor-nî-fleur, fleuz, s. m. & f. shark, parasite, spunger, smell-feast. ECORNURE, å-kor-nur, s. f. fragment taken

from a stone or piece of marble, etc. Ecosse, å-kôs, s. f. Scotland.

Ecosser, v. a. to shell peas, etc. Ecosser, se, å-kô-sênr, seuz, s. m. & f. man or woman who is shelling peas, etc.

Ecossois, E, å-kô-sè, sèz, adj. &. s. Scotch, Scotch person.

Есот, å-kð, s. m. reckoning ; club ; trunk of a tree whose branches are lopped badly.
ECOTARDS, V. Porte-haubons.
ECOTER, v. a. to strip off the leaves of to-

bacco.

ECOUANE, s. f. kind of file used at the mint. ECOUANER, v. a. to file off and reduce to the standard weight (speaking of pieces of

Ecoué, adj. crop-tailed.

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ECOUER, v. a. to dock or cut off the tail of p (an animal.)

ECOUET, s. m. Mar. sort of tack or rope tapering at one end. Ecouets de la grande voile, main tacks.

ECOUFLE, s. m. kite or puttock.

ECOULEMENT, a-kool-men, s.m. draining, running or flowing out; efflux, emanation, flowing or issuing from, illapse.

ECOULER, å-k00-lå, v. n. to run or flow

out. Faire écouler les eaux d'un étang, to drain a pond. Faire écouler les eaux dans un autre endroit, to convey waters from one place to another. S'écouler, v. r. to go, slide or slip away; to convey one's self away, to steal or slip away. Il s'est écoulé bien du temps, it is a long time since. Le temps est écoulé, the time is out or expired.

ECOUPE, s. m. broom to wash a ship. ECOURGEON, a-koor-zon, s. m. species of

barley.

ECOURTER, å-koor-tå, v. a. to erop (ears

or tail.)

ECOUTANT, E, adj. & s. hearing, hearer. ECOUTE, à-kôot, s. f. private place for listening; also listening nun. Etre aux écoutes, to listen, eaves drop, hearken privately; see

écouter.

Ecoute, s. f. Mar. sheet (of any sail.)
Ecoutes de la grande voile, main sheets.
Ecoutes de roiles d'étai, stay-sail sheets.
Ecoutes du vent, weather-sheets. Ecoutes largues, flowing sheets. Etre sous l'écoute d'un bâtiment, to be within hail or under the lee of a ship. Il y a un brig sous notre écoute, there is a brig under our lee or within hail.

ECOUTER, å-kôo-tå, v. a. to hear, give ear, hearken or listen to; mind, yield to, give audience or hearing to. Se faire écouter, to get audience. Il n'écoute que son emportement, he acts altogether by passion. Il écoute trop son mal, he nurses himself too much. S'écouter, s'écouter parler, to hear one's self talk, have a formal slow way of speaking. Seconder trop, to nurse one's self too much. Ecoute s'il pleut, s. m. a mill that goes only while the water contained between two sluices runs out. C'est un écoute s'il pleut, it is waiting for a dead man's shoes.

ECOUTEUR, s m. hearer, listener.

ECOUTEU-x, SE, å-koo-teu, teuz, adj. Ex. Un cheval écouteux, a skittish horse.
ECOUTILLE, å-koo-til, s. f. Mar. hatchway,

Ecoutille vitrée, sky-light. Ecoutille d'arrière, after hatch-way. Ecoutille d'avant or de la fosse aux chiles, fore hatch-way. Ecoutille Grande écoutille, main hatch-way. de la soute aux poudres, magazine hatch-way Barres d'écoutille, hatch-bars. écoutilles, to close the hatches. Fermer les Mettre des listeaux aux panneaux des écoutilles, to batten down the hatches.

ECOUTILLON, s. m. Mar. scuttle. Ecoutillon à panneau, cap-scuttle.

*Ecouverre, s. f. brush.

Ecouvillon, å-kôo-vî-lon, s. m. malkin or mop (to sweep an oven with.) spunge (to clean a cannon with.)

Ecouvillonner, å-kôo-vî-lô-nå, v. a. to

Sweep (an oven,) to spunge (a cannon.) ECPHRACTIQUE, adj. ecphractick.

ECRAN, à srèn, s. m. screen, fire fan.

ECRASER, å-krå-zå, v. a. to squash, crush to pieces, bruise; to ruin or undo. Nez écrasé,

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ECRÈMER, a-crè-ma, v. a. to skim (milk,) take off the cream from (the milk.)

ECRÊTER, v. a. to batter down or carry off the top (of a wall.)

ECREVISSE, akr-vis, s.f. cray-fish; lobster;

Cancer. ECRIER, (s') så-kriå, v. r. to cry out, ex-

c aim. ECRILLE, s. f. enclosure made of hurdles

and turfs to shut fish in a pond. ECRIN, å-krin, s. m. jewel-box, casket.

ECRIRE, &-krlr, v. a. (see the table at crire) to write. Papier à écrire, writing paper. ECRIT, E, å-krî, krît, adj. written, writ.

Ecrit, s. m. writing; paper or pamphlet; note under one's hand. Les écrits d'un auteur, the works or writings of an author. Mettre or rédiger par écrit, to write down,

commit to writing.

ECRITEAU, å-kri-to, s. m. bill; title or label; sign (of a house to he let, etc.)

ECRITOIRE, å-kri-twar, s. f. ink-horn;

standish, escritoir.

ECRITURE, a-kri-tur, s.f. writing; hand or hand writing. L'écriture or les écritures, the holy scriptures, holy writ, the bible. Les écritures (d'un procès,) the writings (concerning a lawsuit.)

ECRIVALLEUR, s. m. wretched author.

ECRIVAIN, å-kri-vin, s. m. writing master

writer, author. Ecrivain de vaisseau marchand, supercargo of a merchant ship. Ecrivains de la marine, clerks in a dock-yard.

Ecrou, a-croo, s. m. nut, box or worm of a screw; jailer's book, register of impri-

sonments.

ECROUE, a-kroo, s. f. scroll or bill containing the particulars of the King's household expense.

Ecroue, e, adj. entered in the jailer's book. Ecrouelles, å-kroo-el, s. f. pl. king's evil. ECROUELLEU-X, SE, adj. scrofulous.

ECROUER, å-kroo-å, v. a. to enter into the jailer's book. Ecrouer dans l'echiquier, to deliver by scrolls into the exchequer

ECROUIR, v. a. to cold-beat metal to make it more dense and elastick.

Ecrouissement, s. m. the cold-beating

of metal. ECROULEMENT, å-krool-men, s. m. falling

or tumbling. ECROULER, å-krôo-lå, v. n. to shake down.

S'écrouler, v. r. to fall, tumble.

Ecroûter, å-krôo-tå, v. a. to take off the

Ecru, E, å-krů, krů, adj. never whitened

or washed, unbleached (said of cloth.)

ECSARCOME, s. m. fleshy excrescence. ECTYPE, s. f. ectype, imprint (of a medal,

Ecu, å-ků, s. m. crown or crown piece; shield or buckler; escutcheon or coat of arms. Un homme qui a beaucoup d'écus, un père

aux écus, a monied man or a man well lined. Ecubiers, s. m. pl. Mar. hawse-holes. Tampons d'écubiers, hawse-plugs. Alonges d'écubiers, hawse-pieces. Plomb des écubiers, hawse-pipes.

ECUEIL, a-keul, s. m. shelf, sand or rock, shoal; rock, sand, stumbling block.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

ECUELLE, a-kuel, s. f. porringer. Ecuelle | de cabestan, Mar. saucer of a capatern.

Ecuellée, å-kůê-là, s. f. porrizger-full. Ecuisser, v. a. to make a tree crash in

felling it.

ECULER, å-kå-lå, v. a. to tread down at the heel. S'éculer, v. r. to run down at the

heel (shoes.) ECUME, a-kam, s. f. froth, foam; scum or dross. Jeter de l'écume, to froth or foam.

Ecuménique, å-ků-må-nîk. V. OEcumé-

nique. Ecumen, å-kå-må, v. a. to skim or scum; to infest (the seas.) v. n. to froth or foam.

ECUNEUR, å-kû-meur, de mer, s. m. pirate.

Un écumeur de marmite, a spunger, potlicker.

Ecumeu-x, se, å-kû-meu, meuz, adj. foamy. Ecumoire, å-kû-mwar, s. f. skimmer. ECURER, å-kû-rå, v. a. to scour, cleanse.

Ecureuil, å-ků-reul, s. m. squirrel. Ecureur, de puits, s. m. a cleanser of wells, etc. Ecureur, night-man.

Ecureuse, s. f. char-woman, cleanser of

kitchen ware.

ECURIE, &-kå-rl, s. f. stable, stabling; equipage.

Ecusson, \(\frac{1}{a}\)-k\(\dagga\)-son, s. m. escutcheon or scutcheon, shield of a coat of arms, brass of a key-hole; small bag of stomachick powder; part of the shell of some insects. Ecusson d'ente, plaster of clay or wax to lay on a graft. Enter en écusson, to ingraft. Ecussonner, a.ka.sa.a., v. a. to ingraft. Ecusson

Ecussonnoir, å-ků-sô-nwar, s. m. graft-

ing knife.

ECUYER, å-kå-yå, s. m. equerry, master of the horse (to a prince;) equerry; riding-master; esquire or squire; gentleman usher, Ecuyer tranchant, carver. Ecuyer de cuisine, the head or first cook.

EDENTÉ, E, à-den-tà, adj. toothless, that has lost one or more teeth.

EDENTER, å-den-tå, v. a. to break out the

teeth of (a saw, etc.)
EDIFIANT, E, å-df-ff-en, ent, adj. edifying. EDIFICATEUR, å-dî-fî-câ-teur, s. m. build-

EDIFICATION, å-dî-fî-kâ-sîon, s. f. edification, building, improvement, edifying. J'ai lu ce chapitre avec beaucoup d'édification, I was very much edified by reading that chapter. Donner de l'édification, to edify, set a good example.

EDIFICE, a-di-fis, s. m. edifice, building. Edifier, å-di-fiå, v. a. to build; to edify, build up in faith, improve in knowledge or

good manners; to please, give satisfaction.
EDILE, å-dil, s. m. edile (inspector of buildings and games amongst the ancient Romans.) EDILITÉ, à-dî-lî-tà, s. f. office of an edile.

EDIT, a-di, s. m. edict, proclamation. EDITEUR, a-di-teur, s. m. editor. EDITION, a-di-sion, s. f. edition, impression,

publication or putting out of a book.

EDREDON, adr-don, s. m. down of certain northern birds, eider-down

EDUCATION, à-dâ-kà-sion, s. f. education. EDULCORATION, s. f. edulcoration, sweetening.

EDULCORER, v. a. 10 sweeten.

EDUQUER, å-då-kå, v. a. to educate (new

EFAUFILER, å-fô-fî-lå, v. a. to pull out threads at the end of cloth, etc. to make wad-

EFFAÇABLE, a-fa-sabl, adj. that may be

effaced.

Effacé, E, ê-få-så, adj. blotted, scratched, razed or put out. defaced. Un écrit tout

effacé, a blind writing.

EFFACER, é-få-så, v. a. to deface, blot, raze, put or scratch out, wash away; disfigure; to eclipse or obscure, surpass; to blot out, pardon.

Effacure, e-få-sur, s. f. blot, cross, dash

or erasure (through any writing.)
EFFANER, v. a. to strip off leaves (of

EFFARÉ, E, adj. bewildered, scared, aghast, that has a wild look with him. EFFARER, ê-fâ-râ, v. a. to scare. S'effarer, v. r. to be scared, look wild.

EFFAROUCHER, ê-fâ-rôo-shâ, v. a. to scare. fright away, startle, make wild. S'effarou-cher, v. r. to grow wild, startle. Effecti-f, ve, d-fek-tif, tiv, adj. effec-

tive, real, effectual. Homme effectif, punctual man, man of his word.

EFFECTIVEMENT, e-fek-tiv-men,

really, in effect.

EFFECTUER, ê-fêk-tûå, v. a. to effect, perform, bring to pass, put in execution.

Efféminé, e, e-fa-mi-na, adj. effeminate

effeminated, womanish. Un efféminé, s. m. an effeminate man.

EFFÉMINER, ê-få-mî-na, v. a. to effeminate, enervate, soften.

Effendi, s.m. a lawyer among the Turks. Effenvescence, ê-fêr-vê-sêns, s. f. effer-

Effet, ê-fê, s. m. effect, performance, deed, execution, intent, purpose, design, also article of property (as a note of hand, draught, etc.) Remonter del'effet à la cause; to trace up effects to their causes. Les bombes font plus de bruit que d'effet, bombs make more noise than execution. C'est un pur effet de notre inan execution. Cost the pass effect in the imagination, this is a mere product of our own fancy. Mettre en effet, to effect, do or perform, bring to pass. Ces paroles eurent un puissant effet, these words prevailed very much or proved very effectual. Ccci fera un grand effet sur lui, this will go a great way with him. Ces tableaux faisoient un fort bet effet, these pictures made a very fine sight or looked very well. Ces maisons font un trèsbel effet, these houses yield a fine prospect. Det effet, these houses yield a fine prospect. Cette fuite fit un très-maurais effet, that flight proved of dangerous consequence. Ces choses là font un vilain effet, those things look very ill. C'est par un effet particulier de la providence qu'il n'est pas noyé, it is a great providence that he was not drowned. Les effets d'un marchand, the effects, goods, or moveables of a merchant. En effet, in effect, really indeed Part cet effet à cet effet. really, indeed. Pour cet effet, à cet effet, therefore, to that end, to that purpose.

EFFEUILLER, ê-fêu-la, v. a. to unleave: strip of leaves.

Efficace, e-fl-kas, adj. efficacious, effec-

tual, powerful, forcible, prevailing.

Efficace, s. f. efficacy, efficaciousness,

strength, operation, virtue, force.
EFFICACEMENT, &-fi-kås-men, adv. efficacious, effectually, with effect, forcibly.

buse, but : jeunc, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

EFFICACITÉ, è-fl-kà-sl-tà, s. f. efficacy, force, virtue, influence.

Efficient, e.f.f-sièn, siènt, adj. efficient. Efficie, è-fl-zl, s. f. effigy, likeness. Efficien, è-fl-zià, v.a. to execute in effigy.

Effile, E, e-fi-la, adj.unravelled, unwoven. Une taille effilée, a long, thin, slender shape. Effilé, s. m. fringe.

Effiler, e-ff-la, v. a. S'effiler, v. r. to

unravel or unweave.

Effiloquer, v. a. to unweave a piece of silken stuff to make wadding.

Efficiency, s.f. threads of cloth unravelled. EFFLANQUÉ, E, ê-flên-ka, adj. lean, thin flanked, shrunk in the flank (said of horses.)

EFFLANQUER, ê-flên-ka, v. a. to make lean or thin flanked; to make smaller or thin.

EFFLEURER, e-fleu-ra, v. a. to glauce at or upon, touch but slightly or graze upon; run slightly over; to pluck off the flowers (of plants.)
EFFLORESCENCE, s. f. efflorescence.

EFFLUENCE, s. f. effluence, that which is-

sues from some other principle.

EFFLUENT, E, adj. effluent, emanating. EFFONDREMENT, ê-fondr-mên, s. m. act of digging the ground and mixing manure with it.

EFFONDRER, ê-fon-dra, v. a. to dig or break open, and at the same time manure; also to swag down, sink; (une porte) to break open; (une volaille) to gut or draw. S'effondrer, v. r. to swag down, sink.

EFFONDRILLES, ê-fon-drîl, s. f. pl. grounds

or sediment.

EFFORCER, (s') se-for-sa, v. r. to strain, endeavour, strive, attempt or labour to compass. S'efforcer à parler, to endeavour to speak. S'efforcer de cacher, to strive to conceal.

EFFORT, &-for, s. m. straining, endeavour, attempt, effort. Il rous faut faire un effort pour cela, you must use your endeavour; you must strive with might and main, you must Cheval qui a do what hes in your power. pris un effort, foundered horse.

EFFRACTION, &-frak-sion, s. f. burglary. EFFRAYANT, E, frightful, dreadful. ê-frê-yen, yent, adj.

EFFRAYER, ê-frê-yà, v. a. to fright, scare, startle or terrify.

Effréné, E, ĉ-frà-na, adj. unbridled, un-

ruly, loose, immoderate. Effroi, e-frwa, s. m. fright, great fear,

terror, consternation. Effronté, E, é-fron-tå, adj. & s. brazen

faced, impudent, saucy; a brazen face.

Effrontément, ê-fron-tâ-mên, adv. im-

pudently, saucily, with a brazen face. EFFRONTERIE, e-front-rl, s. f. effrontery,

brazen face, impudence, sauciness. de l'effronterie, to be saucy, or impudent or d'église, churchman or clergyman, ecclesiasbrazen faced.

Effroyable, e-frwa-yabl, adj. frightful, dreadful, terrible, hideous, horrible, extremely ugly, prodigious, extraordinary, lugo Faire une effroyable dépense, to spend extravagantly.

Effroyablement, ê-frwâ-yâbl-mên, adv.

horribly, extremely, frightfully, prodigiously, Effusion, e-fd-zlon, s. f. effusion or shedding or pouring out. Effusion de bile, overflowing of the gall. Effusion de cœur, frank opening of one's heart. Effusion d'esprits, wasting of spirits.

EFOURCEAU, s. m. a machine consisting of two wheels, an axle-tree and beam (used in carrying timber.)

EGAL, E, å-gål, adj. equal, alike, even, level, proportioned. Cela m'est égal, that is equal, indifferent, or all one to me.

EGAL, s. m. equal, one of equal rank. A l'égal de, in comparison of, as much as, like.

EGALEMENT, alike, impartially. å-gål-men, adv. equally,

EGALER, å-gå-lå, v. a. to equal, make equal, match or make even, to be equal to or alike with, come up to; compare, put in competition with. S'égaler à, v. r. to compare one's self, enter into competition with.

EGALISATION, a-ga-ll-za-slon, s. f. equal-

ling or making shares equal.

EGALISER, å-gå-lî-zå, v. a. to equalise,

make the shares equal.

EGALITÉ, å-gå-li-tå, s. f. equality, likeness, conformity, evenuess.

EGALURES, s. f. pl. white spots on the back

of a bird.

EGARD, å-går, s. m. regard, consideration, respect, account. Avoir égard à quelque chose, to mind, regard or consider a thing. A mon égard, for my sake, upon my account En égard à, ayant égard à, considering. A l'égard de, for what concerns, as for, as to, in comparison with.

EGARÉ, E, å-gå-rå, adj. strayed, wandering, out of the way, etc. Esprit égaré, wandering or rambling or unsettled mind. Des yeux egarés, wild looks.

EGAREMENT, à-går-mên, s. m. straying, wandering or going out of the way; ill con-

duct, error, mistake.

EGARER, å-gå-rå, v. a. to put out of the way; to mislay; to lead astray, bring into an error. S'egarer, v. r. to lose one's way, wander or straggle, go from one's subject, not to know where one is (in a discourse;) to

mistake, be in an error.

EGARETÉ, Ε, adj. hurt in the withers.

EGAYÉ, Ε, adj. rejoiced, brisk, merry, etc.

EGAYÉR, Å-gβ-yÃ, v. a. to rejoice, make
merry or brisk, divert, quicken; to quicken
or brisk up, enliven; to top off so that the
tree be not choked by its branches. Egayer du linge, V. Aigayer. S'égayer, v. r. to grow brisk, make one's self brisk, divert one's self, sport. Un auteur qui s'egaye, an author that

launches out into pleasant digressions.
EGIDE, å-zid, s. f. Ægis, shield of Jupi-

ter and Minerva.

EGLANTIER, å-glèn-flà, s. m. eglantine-shrub or sweet briar, wild rose-tree. EGLANTINE, å-glèn-fin, s. f. wild rose. EGLISE, å-gllz, s. f. church. Cour d'église, ecclesiastical court.

EGLOGUE, å-glog, s. f. eclogue.

ECOGER, v. a. to take off the ears and tail of sheep-skins.

EGOISER, à-go-î-, s. f. hand-saw. EGOISER, à-go-î-za, v. n. to egotize.

EGOISME, Å-gÖ-Ism, s. m. egotism. EGOISTE, Å-gÖ-Ist, s. m. & f. egotist. EGORGER, Å-gÖr-zå, v. a. to cut the throat

of, kill, ruin.

EGOSILLER, (s') så-gô-zî-la, v. r. to make one's throat sore with speaking aloud or crving out.

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bar, bat, base: thère; ebb, over: fleld, flg: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

EGOUT, ê-goo, s. m. sink or common sewer; running down or falling of waters; house eaves.

EGOUTTER, å-goo-tå, v. a. s'égoutter, v. r. to drain, drain dry. Egoutter des fauberts, Mar. to wring swabs. Matelots du gaillard d'avant tenus à égoutter les fauberts, swab-

EGOUTTOIR, à-gôo-twar, s. m. drainer. EGRAPPER, v. a. to take off the grapes

from the bunch.

EGRATIGNER, ä-grå-ti-gnå, v. a. to scratch. EGRATIGNEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. scratch-

EGRATIGNURE, å-grå-ti-gnur, s. f. scratch. EGRAVILLONNER, v. a. to loosen the dirt (at the root of trees.)

EGRENER, å-grå-nå, v. a. to shake or take

out the grain (from the ear, &c.)

EGRENOIRE, s. f. a small cage.

EGRILLARD, E, å-grl-lår, lård, adj. & s. pert, sprightly, mettlesome, wanton, buxom, liery; mettlesome spark, sprightly lass.

EGRILLOIR, s. m. grate (to keep fish in

wonds.)

EGRISER, a-gri-za, v.a. to grind (diamonds.) EGRISOIR, s. m. box for grinding diamonds. EGRUGEOIR, à-grû-zwar, s. m. grater.

EGRUGER, a-gru-za, v.a. to grate, scrape,

pound.

EGRUGEURE, s. f. grating. EGUEULER, å-géu-lå, v. a. to break the gullet or neck of a bottle or pot, etc. S'égueu-

ler, v. r. to cry out, bawl, squall.

EGUILLETAGE, s. m. Mar. seizing, racking.

EGUILLETER, v. a. Mar. to scize, rack.

Eguilleter un croc de palan, to mouse a hook. Les rides de nos haubans sont-elles éguilletées partout? are the laniards of our rigging racked fore and aft?

EGUILLETTES, s. f. pl. Mar. knittles, etc. Eguillettes des bosses, laniards of the stoppers. Eguillettes de carène, careening gear.

Aiguillettes,

EGUILLOTS, s. m. Mar. pintles.
EGYPTE, s. f. Egypt.
EGYPTIEN, NE, â-zîp-sîên, siên, adj.
Egyptian, gipsy. V. Bohêmien.
EH, ê, interj. ah! Eh bien? well, what of him or it? what then?

EHANCHÉ, E, adj. hipped, hipshot. EHONTÉ, E, a-on-ta, adj. shameless, bra-

zen faced.

EHOUPER, v. a. to cut off the top of (a

tree.) ' EJACULATION, å-zå-kå-lå-sion, s. f. ejacu-

EJACULATOIRE, adj. ejaculatory.

ELABORATION, s. f. elaboration. *ELABORÉ, E. å-lå-bò-rå, adj. finished with great art and diligence.

ELABORER, v. a. to elaborate. ELAGAGE, s. m. the act of pruning.

ELAGUER, å-lå-gå, v. a. to prune, lop, top

ELAGUEUR, s. m. one who lops or prunes trees.

ELAN, å-len, s. m. elk. V. Elans. ELANCÉ, E, adj. shot. V. S'élancer. val éluncé, horse sprung in the flank. une grande créature élancée, he or she is a tall Avant fort élancé, thin emaciated body. Mar, flaring bow.

ELANCEMENT, å-lens-men, s. m. shooting. twitch, pricking or pungency of a sudden pain. Elancement de dévotion, pious ejaculation, devout rapture. Elancement de l'étrave, Mar. rake of the stern. Vaisseau qui à beaucoup d'élancement, ship with a raking stern.

ÉLANCER, v. n. to shoot. Le doigt m'é-lance, my finger shoots. S'élancer, sa-lèn-sa, v. r. to shoot, fling forward, give a jerk, leap,

run or rush violently.

ELANS, s. m. jerk, sudden motion, thrust or leap; also ejaculation, transport, violent motion, rapture.

ELARGIR, å-lâr-zîr, v. a. to widen, make wider, enlarge, extend, open, release or set at liberty. S'élargir, v. r. to widen, grow wider; enlarge one's ground.

Elargissement, å-lår-zis-men, s. m. enlarging, widening; release or enlargement. ELARGISSURE, å-lår-21-sur, s. f. widening

picce. ELASTICITÉ, à-las-ti-si-tà, s. f. elasticity.

ELASTIQUE, å-lås-tik, adj. elastick.

ELECTIEUR, â-lêk-têur, s. m. elector. ELECTI-F, v. E. â-lêk-tîf, tiv, adj. elective. ELECTION, â-lêk-sîon, s. f. election, choice. Jurisdiction of an assessor of taxes. or chambre d'élection or des élus, office or court of the assessors of taxes (in France.) ELECTORAL, E, å-lêk-tô-rål, adj. electoral,

of or belonging to an elector.

ELECTORAT, å-lêk-tô-rå, s. m. elector-

ship, electorate, elector's territories.

ELECTRICE, å-lêk-trîs, s. f. electoress.

ELECTRICITÉ, å-lêk-trî-sî-tå, s. f. clectri-

ELECTRIQUE, å-lêk-trik, adj. electrick, electrical.

ELECTRISER, å-lek-trl-zå, v. a. to electrify.

ELECTROMÈTRE, s. m. electrometer. ELECTUAIRE, à-lek-tû-er, s. m. electuary. ELÉGAMMENT, à-là-gà-mên,adv. elegant-

ly, finely, neatly.

ELEGANCE, å-lå-gans, s. f. elegance,

Consoliteness (of lanelegancy, neatness or politeness (of lan-guage, dress.) Elegant, E, å-lå-gan, gant, adj. elegant,

fine, neat, polite.

ELÉGIAQUE, å-lå-ziåk, adj. elegiack, of

or belonging to elegy. Elégie, å-là-al, s. f. elegy.

Elé-ELÉMENT, å-lå-men, s. m. element. meus, elements, rudiments, grounds, or first principles.

ELÉMENTAIRE, à-là-men-ter, adj. elc-

ELÉMI, s. m. rosin.

ELÉOSACCHARUM, s. m. oil incorporated with sugar.

Еце́рнант, å-lå-fèn, s. m. elephant.

ELÉPHANTIASIS, s. f. elephantiasis. ELÉPHANTIN-E, adj. Livres éléphantins, ivory tablets of Roman laws. Leprous; re-

lating to the elephant,

ELEPHANTIQUE, adj. elephantine.

ELEVATION, å-lå-vå-slor, s. f. elevation, lifting up, raising, exaltation, height; rise, preferment, advancement; loftiness, sublimity of style, nobleness of expression; elevation of spirit, eminence, greatness of soul, elevated mind; front view of a building, elevation. Cette ile a 50 degrés d'élévation, in this island the pole is elevated 50 degrees.

. buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ELÈVATOIRE, s. m. (surgical instrument)

ELÈVE, å-lev, s. m. disciple, apprentice,

Scholar, pupil.

ELEVÉ, E, ål-vå, adj. raised, bred, educated, etc. lofty, high, excellent, great, educated subject. Un arbre peu élèvé de terre, a tree a little above ground. Des joues un peu élèvées, cheeks a little puffed up.

ELEVE, de l'étail raise.

ELEVER, ål-vå, v. a. to elevate, raise, raise up, exalt or lift up; to advance, prefer; to bring, raise or rear up; erect, build, set up; to educate; to puff up, make proud. Elever, Mar. to raise, heave, etc. Elever l'arcasse, to raise the stern frame. Elever quelqu'un jusqu'aux nues or jusqu'au ciel, to extol one to the skies, cry one up. S'élever, v. r. to rise, arise, stand up, rebel, grow proud, be puffed up; to blister, rise in blisters; to elevate or raise one's style. S'élever, v. r. Mar. S'élever au nord, to get to the northward. S'élever dans le vent, to get to windward. Ce cutter s'élève bien à la lame, that cutter tops the sea well.

ELEVURE, ål-vår, s. f. pimple or blister. ELIDER, å-li-då, v. a. to make an elision;

ELIGIBILITÉ, à-lî-zî-bî-lî-tà, s. f. eligibi-

lity. ELIGIBLE, å-lî-zîbl, adj. eligible. ELIMER, (s') så-lî-må, v. r. to wear out. ELIMINER, v. a. to drive away, turn out. ELINGUE, s. f. Mar. slings. Elingues à pates, can-hooks. V. Hélingue. ELINGUER, v. a. Mar. to sling.

ELINGUETS, s. m. pl. Mar. pauls or pawls. Elinguets verticaux or perpendiculaires, hang-ing pawls. Cadre de charpente en potence ing pawls. Cadre de charpente en potence établie vers le milieu du vindas, et où se fixent, les élinguets, paul bitts. Mettre les élinguets au cabestan, to pawl the capstern.

ELIRE, å-lir, v. a. (like lire) to elect, choose.

ELISION, å-lit, s. f. choice. Faire l'élite, to pick out, choose.

ELIXATION, S. f. elixation.

ELIXIR, å-lik-sir, s. m. elixir.

ELLE, èl, pron. f. (feminine of il) she, her,

Elles, (in the phiral) they, them.
ELLÉBORE, ĉl-là-bôr, s. m. hellebore.
ELLIPSE, ĉl-lîps, s. f. ellipsis.
ELLIPTIQUE, ĉ-lîp-lîk, adj. elliptical.

ELME, V. Feu St. Elme.

ELOCUTION, å-lô-kù-slon, s. f. elocution, expression, style.

ELOGE, å-lôz, s. m. eulogy, praise, encomium, commendation, panegyrick.

ELOIGNÉ, à-lwà-gnà, adj. removed, etc. remote, far.

ELOIGNEMENT, à-lwagn-mên, s. m. removal or removing; distance or remoteness; absence, separation; estrangement, aversion;

(of a picture) distant prospect, the distance. ELOIGNER, a-lwa-gna, v. a. to remove or put away, send a great way off; drive away, avert or dispel, to put off, delay, retard; to alienate, estrange. S'éloigner, v. r. to remove, go away, go from; to forsake; to be wanting in, fail in; to ramble, make a dispersant de la be comgression. Il ne s'éloigne pas de cela, he seems willing to do it, he does not seem to be backward in it.

ELONGATION, s. f. elongation.

ELONGER, v. a. Mar. to lay along side of, come abreast of.

ELOQUEMMENT, å-lô-kå-mên, adv. elo-

ELOQUENCE, å-lô-kèns, s. f. eloquence. ELOQUENT, E, å-lô-kàn, kànt, adj. eloquent. ELU, E, adj. clected, chosen. *Un élu*, s. m. an elect; a general assessor of certain taxes, élue, assessor's wife.

ELUCIDATION, s. f. elucidation.

ELUCUBRATION, s. f. lucubration. ELUDER, å-lå-då, v. a. to elude, shift off,

frustrate or disappoint.

ELYSÉE, å-lî-zå, s. m. Les Champs-Elysées, les Champs-Elysiens, Elysium, the elysian fields.

EMAIL, à-mâl, s. m. enamel. Peindre en émail, to enamel. Peinture en émail, ena-Peindre en melling or enamelled picture. Peintre en émail, enameller.

EMAILLER, å-mà-là, v. a. to enamel.
EMAILLEUR, å-mà-lèur, s. m. enameller.
EMAILLURE, å-mà-lèur, s. f. enamelling.
EMANATION, à-mà-uà-slon, s. f. emanatiou,

illapse, efflux.

EMANCIPATION, å-men-si-på-sion, s. f.

emancipation, setting free.

EMANCIPER, à-men-si-pà, v. a. to eman-cipate, set at liberty. S'émanciper, v. r. to grow licentious, take too much liberty or too great a latitude.

EMANER, å-må-nå, v. n. to emanate, flow,

issue, proceed or come from.

EMARGEMENT, s. m. the making of notes on the margin.

EMARGER, å-mår-zå, v. a. to carry or state

on the margin, make a note on the margin.

EMASCULATION, s. f. emasculation.

EMASCULER, v. a. to emasculate. EMAUX, colours. Emaux, is also the plural

EMBABOUINER, en-ba-bwi-na, v. a. to inveigle, draw in, deceive, wheedle or decoy with fair words.

EMBALLAGE, en-ba-laz, s. m. packing up, packer's fee.

EMBALLER, en-ba-la, v. a. to pack up ; to

banter, romance, tell stories. Emballeur, en-ba-lour, s. m. packer: liar, romancer.

EMBANQUER, (s') v. r. Mar. to come upon

a fishing bank. EMBARCADÈRE, s. m. Mar. small bight on

the coast, (commodious for the landing and shipping of goods.)

EMBARCATION, s. f. Mar. boat, small craft. Les embarcations à la mer, hoist the boats out. EMBARDÉE, s. f. Mar. yaw. Faire une em-

bardée, to give a yaw. EMBARDER, v. n. to yaw, steer wide. Em-

barbe sur bábord, yaw her to port. EMBARCO, en-bar-go, s. m. Mar. embargo. Mettre un embargo, to lay on an embargo.

EMBARQUEMENT, en-bark-men, s. in. em-

barcation, embarking or shipping; also undertaking or engagement. Prendre un em-

barquement, Mar. to take shipping.
EMBARQUER, en-bar-ka, v. a. Mar. to embark, ship, put on shipboard; also to drawin, engage. Embarquer des troupes, to ship troops. Embarquer ses poudres, to take in one's powder. Embarquer un coup de mer, to ship a sea. Embarque les chaloupiers. bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

man the launch. Embarquer les canots, to hoist the boats in. Embarque du pompeé, pompeys away, (general warning given by the coek-swain, etc. of a French boat, when on shore, to signify to the officers and crew of the ship, that the boat is about to put off.) S'embarquer, v. r. to embark, take ship or shipping; also to engage, undertake. Je m'embarquai à Nantes, I took shipping at Nantz. L'eau qui s'embarquoit par notre bat terie basse nous força d'en cesser le feu, the water that came in below obliged us to leave off

firing our lower deck guns. EMBARRAS, en-ba-ra, s. m. stop, crowd in a way or passage; confusion, disorder, intrieacy, embarrassment, crowd; trouble, incumbrance; puzzle, perplexity; impediment, hinderance.

EMBARRASSANT, E., en-ba-ra-sen, sent, adj. troublesome, cumbersome, perplexing, puzzling.

EMBARRASSÉ, E, adj. cumbered, etc. Etre embarrassé de sa personne, not to know what

to do with one's self.

EMBARRASSER, en-bå-rå-så, v. a. to embarrass, cumber, stop; to perplex, intricate, confound; to elog, hinder, trouble, pester, encumber, to puzzle, confound, put to a nonplus or to a stand. S'embarrasser, v. r. to be puzzled or perplexed; to confound one's self, be at a stand; to entangle one's self, engage. Sa tête s'embarrasse, he begins to be light-head-

EMBARRER, (s') v. r. to get one's foot engaged in the pole that separates two horses. EMBATAGE, s. m. covering of the felloes of a wheel with bands of iron.

EMBATER, en-ba-ta, v. a. to put a pack saddle on, saddle (with something troublesome.)

EMBATONNER, v. a. to arm with a endgel.

EMBATRE, v. a. (like hattre but only with one t,) to cover the fellocs of a wheel with bands of iron.

EMBATTES, s. m. pl. regular winds which blow in the Mediterranean after dogdays are

EMBOUCHAGE, s. m. the decoying of a

man to enlist him as a soldier.

EMBAUCHER, en-bo-sha, v. a. to engage a workman; also to entice (a man) to enlist as a soldier.

EMBAUCHEU-R, SE, en-bo-sheur, sheuz, s. m. & f. one that employs journeymen or decoys men to enlist as soldiers; also setter among sharpers.

EMBAUMEMENT, en-bom-men, s. m. embalming.

EMBAUMER, en-bo-ma, v. a. to embalm. Embeguiné, E, èn-bå-gl-nå, adj. muffled up: also taken or infatuated or bewitched (with a thing or person.)

EMBÉGUINER, v. a. to wrap or mussle up the head of, to infatuate or bewitch. S'embéguiner, to be taken or infatuated or be-

witched, (with a person, an opinion, etc.)
EMBELLIR, en-be-lir, v. a. to set off or set -ut, adorn, embellish, beautify, grace. Emrellir, v. n. and S'embellir, to grow handsome or handsomer.

EMBELLISSEMENT, en-be-lis-men, s. m. embellishment, ornament, set off or setting off, embellishing, beautifying.

*Embericquer, (s') v. r. to mufile one's self up.

*EMBERLUCOQUER, (s') v. r. to be fond of an opinion.

Embésogné, e, adj. busy.

Emblaver, en-blå-vå, v. a. to sow with

EMBLAVURE, en-bla-vur, s. f. piece of land sown with wheat.

EMBLÉE, (D') d'èn-blå, adv. Ex. Prendre une ville d'emblée, to take a tewn at the first brunt or onset or without any opposition Emporter une affaire d'emblée, to bring a thing about quickly or in a trice.

Емвьематіque, en-bla-ma-tik, adv. em

blematick, emblematical.

EMBLÈME, en-blem, s. m. emblem.

*EMBLER, v. n. to steal, purloin, take away. EMBOIRE, v. n. (like boire) to imbibe, soak

Emboiser, en-bwa-za, v. a. to gull, in-veigle, draw in, decoy, deceive by fair words. Emboiseu-r, se, en-bwa-zeur, zeuz, s.

m. & f. inveigler. Емвоїтє́, є, adj. put up in a box, jointed,

EMBOÎTEMENT, en-bwat-men, s.m. jointing. Емвоїтек, ėn-bwa-ta, v. a. to put in a box; also to joint a thing into another, set or put S'emboîter, v. r. to be jointed, set in.

Embolture, en-bwa-tur, s. f. joint. Embolisme, s. m. embolism, interealation.

EMBOLISMIQUE, adj. intercalary.

Embonpoint, en-bon-pwin, s. m. good case, good plight of the body, fleshiness. Perdre son embonpoint, to fall away.

EMBORDURÉ, E, adj. framed. Un tubleau emborduré, a picture in a frame.

EMEORDURER, en-bor-du-ra, v. a. to put

in a frame. EMBOSSER un raisseau, Mar. to bring the broadside of a ship to bear upon a fort or another ship, by elapping a spring upon the ca-S'embosser, v. r. to clap a spring on one's eable.

EMBOSSURE, s. f. Mar. spring. Faire em-

bossure, to elap a spring on the cable. EMEQUCHEMENT, en-boosh-men, s. m. mouthing, putting a bit into a horse's mouth.

EMBOUCHER, én-boo-sha, v. a. to put into the mouth, bit, put the bit into a horse's mouth; (a wind instrument) to set to one's mouth. Emboucher quelqu'un, to instruct or put words into one's mouth. S'emboucher, v. r. to fall, empty, discharge or disembogue itself (as a river does.)

EMBOUCHOIR, en-boo-shwar,s. m. boot-last. boot-tree; the small end of a trumpet or horn.

EMBOUCHURE, en-boo-shur, s.f. mouth or entrance (of a river;) muzzle, mouth, etc.; (of a wind instrument) mouth-piece or method of blowing; (of a candlestick) socket; bit (of a bridle.)

EMBOUDINURE, s. f. Mar. puddening (of an anchor.)

EMBOUER, v. a. to dirty with mud.

EMBOUQUER, v. n. Mar. to enter into a strait or passage between several islands, etc.

EMBOURBER, en-boor-ba, v. a. to mire, put in the mire or mud. S'embourber, v. r. to be mired, stick or sink in the mire or mud; to engage in a dirty affair; to sink (in vice;) (dans la philosophie de l'école) to pester one's self (with school philosophy)

buse, but: jeune, meute, beurre: enfant, cent, lien: vin: mon: brun.

EMBOURRER, ên-boo-ra, v. a. to stuff (a

chair, etc.) EMBOURRURE, s. f. stuffing of a chair, etc. EMBOURSEMENT, en-boors-men, s. m. pocketing, putting into the purse or pocket. EMBOURSER, en-boor-sa, v. a. to purse or

pocket up, put or lay up in a purse or pocket.

EMBOUTIR, en-boo-tir, v. a. to work upon

a stamp.

EMBRAQUER, v. a. Mar. to haul taught. Embraque le mou du câble, heave in the slack of the cable. Embraque l'amure de revers de misaine, shorten in the lee fore tack.

EMBRASEMENT, en-braz-men, s. m. great fire, conflagration, violent burning; flames; combustion, disorder (in a state.)

EMBRASER, en-bra-za, v. a. to fire, set on fire; inflame or burn. S'embraser, v. r. to

take fire, burn, be on fire, be inflamed.
EMBRASSADE, en-bra-sad, s. m. embrace,

hug. Embrassement, en-bras-men, s. m. em-

brace or cmbracing.

Embrasser, en-bra-sa, v. a, to fold in one's arms, embrace or hug; to encompass or environ; to comprehend, contain, include; (une affaire) to undertake or take upon one's self; (la querelle de quelqu'un) to espouse; (une opinion) to embrace or favour an opinion. Embrasser le parti de quelqu'un, to take one's Embrasser la profespart, side with one. sion des armes, to choose the army, turn sol-

EMBRASURE, èn-brå-zur, s. f. port-hole, embrasure, battlement ; (de porte or de fenê-

tre) chamfering.

EMBRENER, v. a. to befoul with excre-

EMBROCATION, s. f. embrocation, fomen-

tation. EMBROCHER, en-bro-sha, v. a. to spit or put upon the spit; to run through the body.

EMBROMER, v. a. Mar. to marl. EMBROUILLEMENT, en-brool-men, s. m.

confusion, perplexity, intricacy.

EMBROUILLER, en-broo-la, v. a. to embroil, perplex, entangle, confound. brouiller, v. r. to be embarrassed or perplexed.

EMBRUINER, en-brůl-nå, v. r. to blast. EMBRUMÉ, E, en-brů-må, adj. m. & f. fog-

S'embrumer, v. r. Mar. Ex. L'horizon s'embrume, the horizon is getting foggy.

EMBRYON; en-bri-on, s. m. embryo. Petit embryon, dwarf, shrimp.

EMBU, E, adj. (from Emboire) imbibed, soaked.

EMBUCHE, en-bush, s. f. ambush.

EMBUSCADE, èn-bus-kåd, s. f. ambuscade. Embusquer, (s') sen-bûs-kâ, v. r. to lie in ambush or in wait.

EMENDER, v. a. (law term) to amend.
EMERAUDE, åm-röd, s. f. emerald.
EMERGENT, å-mêr-zên, adj. emergent.
EMERI or EMERIL, åm-rî, s. m. emery.
EMERILLON, åm-rî-lon, s. m. merlin (a bird.) also large fishing hook.

EMERILLONNÉ, E, adj. brisk, sprightly,

merry, jovial, gay. EMÉRITE, å-må-rit, adj. retiring from service to enjoy the nonours and rewards due to his merit.

EMERSION, å-mer-sion, s. f. emersion.

EMERVEILLER, å-mer-ve-la, v. a. to astonish, surprise, amaze. S'émerveiller, v. r. to wonder, to marvel.

Еметіque, å-må-tik, adj. & s. m. cmetick. · EMÉTISER, v. a. to mix emetick in some drink, also to administer an emetick.

EMETTRE, v. a. to utter (an opinion, mo-

ney, etc.)
EMEUT, s. m. mute or muting (excrement

EMEUTE, a-meut, s. f. commotion, rising,

insurrection, uproar. EMEUTIR, v. n. to mute or dung as a liawk does; to ask preferment (in the order of Mal-

EMIER, â-mî-â, v. a. S'émier, v. r. to crum-

ble.

EMIETTER, å-mie-tå, v. a. S'émietter, v. r. to crumble (bread.)

EMIGRANT, E, å-mî-gren, grent, adj. &. s.

emigrant. EMIGRATION, å-mi-grå-sion, s. f. emigra-

tion. EMIGRÉ, E, ádj. & s. emigrated, person

who has emigrated. EMIGRER, å-mi-grå, v. a. to emigrate.

EMINCE de poularde, s. m. a minced fowl. EMINCER, v. a. to mince. Du veau émincé, minced veal.

EMINEMMENT, å-mi-na-men, adv. emi-

EMINENCE, å-mî-nens, s. f. eminence, lul-lock, hill, rising ground. Son éminence, vo-tre éminence, his eminence, your eminence, (a title.)

EMINENT, E, å-mi-nen, nent, adj. eminent, high, lofty, excellent, over topping. Péril éminent, imminent or apparent threatening danger.

EMINENTISSIME, å-mi-nen-ti-sim, adj.

most eminent, (title of cardinals.)

EMIR, s. m. emir.

EMISSAIRE, à-mî-ser, s. m. emissary, spy. Bouc émissaire, scape-goat.

Emission, å-mi-sion, s. f. emission, ejec-

tion; solemn taking (of a row.) EMMAGASINER, en-må-gå-zi-nå, v. a. to

put in a warehouse. EMMAIGRIR, V. Amaigrir, etc.

EMMAILLOTTER, en-må-l6-tå, v.a. to wrap

in swaddling clothes, swathe, swaddle. EMMANCHER, ên-mên-shâ, v. a. to helve, haft, to set on a haft or handle. Emmancher, v. n. Mar. to arrive in the British channel. D'après la sonde, nous devons être emmanchés, by our soundings we should be in the Channel.

EMMANCHEUR, en-man-sheur, s. m. hafter. EMMANTELÉ, E, èn-ment-la, adj. covered with a cloak. Corneille emmaraelee, water-

crow. Emmariné, e, èn-ma-ri-na, adj. harden-

ed in sea service.

EMMARINER, èn-må-rî-nå, v. a. to man

a ship. EMMENAGEMENT, s. m. furnishing of a house, getting of household-goods or setting

of them in order. Emménagemens, s. m. pl. Mar. accommoda-

tions, conveniences, etc. Ce paquebot a peu d'emménagemens pour des pussagers, that packet-boat has few accommodations for passengers

. bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Emménager, én-må-nå-zå, v. a. to furnish a house, get household goods, place furniture in order. S'emménager, v. r. to furnish one's house, get household goods, set one's goods in order

EMMENER, en-mna, v. a. to carry, drive or lead away.

EMMENOTTER, cum-no-ta, v. a. to manacle, hand-cuff.
*Emm1, prep. in the middle of, amidst.

EMMIELLÉ, E, adj. honied, sweet, soft. Paroles emmiellées, sweet or fair words.

Emmieller, & miå-lå, v. a. to do over or sweeten with honey.
Emmiellure, s. f. kind of ointment for

Emmitoufler, ên-mî-tôo-flà, v. a. to mussle up, mob up. S'emmitouster, v. r. to mussle one's self up.

EMMITRER, v. a. to consecrate (a bishop.) EMMORTAISER, en-mor-te-za, v. a. to put

into a mortise.

Emmotté, E, adj. Arbre emmotté, tree the roots of which are still in clods of earth.

EMMUSELER, èn-můz-là, v. a. to muzzle.

*EMO1, s. m. care, anxicty, emotion. EMOLLIENT, a-mô-liên, êzt, adj. emol-lient, softening, mollifying. EMOLUMENT, a-mô-là-mên, s. m. emolu-

ment, profit, advantage; perquisite.

EMOLUMENTER, v. n. to gain.

EMONCTOIRES, s. m. pl. emunctories. EMONDER, å-mon-då, v. a. to prune or lop

EMONDES, a-mond, s. f. pl. branches lop-

ped from a tree.

EMOTION, a-mo-slon, s. f. stirring or motion; commotion, sedition, rising or insurrection; emotion, trouble, perturbation.

EMOTTER, v. a. to break clods of earth in a field with a mallet.

EMOUCHER, à-môo-shà, v. a. to drive flies away (from a horse, etc.)

EMOUCHET, s. m. male hawk, tarsel. EMOUCHETTE, å-möo-shêt, s. f. sort of cloth or net work laid on horses to keep flies from them.

*EMOUCHEUR, s. m. one that drives flies away.

EMOUCHOIR, å-môo-shwar, s. m. fly-flap. EMOUDER, å-môodr, v. a. (like moudre) to griud, to sharpen on a grind-stone. EMOULEUR, å-môo-lêur, s. m. grinder (of

tools, etc.)

EMOULU, E, å-môo-lå, lå, adj. ground. EMOUSSER, å-môo-så, v. a. to blunt, dull, make blunt or dull, take off the edge, also to take off the moss of trees. S'émousser, v. r.

to blunt, grow dull or blunt.

Emouvoir, a-moo-vwar, v. a. (like mouvoir) to stir up, move, to raise, excite, to move or cause trouble or disorder; to move, soften, to move or start; (une dispute) to start, begin. S'émouvoir, v. r. to be moved, troubled, concerned or affected; to be stirred up or roused. Se laisser émouvoir aux pleurs d'une femme, to relent at a woman's tears.

EMPAILLER, en-pa-la, v. a. to cover or pack up or stuff with straw, to bottom chairs

with straw.

EMPAILLEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. one that makes straw-bottoms for chairs, or stuffs with straw.

EMPALEMENT, en-pal-men,s. m. empaling. EMPALER, en-pa-la, v. a. to empale. EMPAN, en-pen, s. m. span with the thumb

and little finger.

EMPANACHER, en-på-nå-shå, v. a. to adorn with a plume of feathers; also to hornify. EMPAQUETER, en-pak-ta, v. a. to pack up,

make up into a bundle, wrap up.

EMPARER, (s') sen-på-rå, v. r. to seize, take, invade, make one's self master of, pos-

sess or master, subject. EMPASME, s. m. empasm, (perfumed pow-

der.)
EMPASTELER, v. a. to dye blue with pastel.
m foot or base or wall EMPATEMENT, s. m. foot or base or wall or foundation of a wall or crane; the being clammy.

EMPATER, en-pa-ta, v.a. to make clammy or gluish, to cover with clay, to baste.

ENPATURE, s. f. Mar. scarf; also spread of the lower rigging. La Ville de Paris a beaucoup d'empâture, the Ville de Paris

spreads her rigging well.
EMFAUMER, en-po-ma, v. a. to strike with the palm of the hand or a battle-door. To grasp (with the hand;) to inveigle, draw in, wheedle, decoy, trepan. Empauner (la parole) to engross the conversation; (une affaire) to conduct it well; (quelqu'un) to gain

EMPAUNURE, s. f. the part of the glove

which covers the palm of the hand.
EMPÊCHÉ, E, adj. hindered, busy, full of business, taken up with business. Faire l'empêché, to pretend business, be a busy body. Etre empêché de sa personne, not to know what to do with one's self.

EMPÉCHEMENT, en-pesh-mên, s. m. hinderance, disturbance, let, opposition, obstacle,

impediment, rub, stop.

EMPÉCHER, en-pe-sha, v. a. to hinder or keep from, stop, let or prevent; to embarrass, disturb. Ce grand vent empêche la respiration, this great wind takes away one's breath. S'empécher de, v. r. to forbear, keep from. EMPEIGNE, én-pêgn, s. f. upper leather of

EMPENNELLE, s. f. Mar. little anchor. EMPENNELLER, v. a. Mar. to back (an an-

chor.) EMPENNER, en-pen-na, v. a. to feather (an

EMPEREUR, enp-reur, s. m. emperor.

EMPESAGE, enp-zaz, s. m. starching. EMPESÉ, E, adj. starched; stiff, formal, affected.

EMPESER, enp-za, v. a. to starch.

EMPESEU-R, SE, enp-zeur, zeuz, s. m. & f. starcher.

EMPESTÉ, E, adj. infected, corrupted, stinking, infectious.

EMPESTER, èn-pes-tà, v. a. to infect with the plague; to infect, poison (said of fatid odours.

EMPÊTRER, ên-pê-trà, v. a. to entangle the feet; to engage. S'empêtrer, v. r. to get entangled or engaged.

EMPHASE, en-faz, s. f. emphasis, energy, significancy; inflation of style.

EMPHATIQUE, en-få-tik, adj. bombastick;

empliatical, significant, forcible EMPHATIQUEMENT, en-få-tik-men. adv.

emphatically, with an emphasis.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

EMPHYTEOSE, èn-fi-tà-oz, s. f. long lease, | quelqu'un, to put an ill construction upon one's lease from ten to a hundred years or there-

EMPHYTÉOTE, s. m. & f. he or she who

enjoys a long lease. Емричтеотіque, en-fl-ta-d-tik, adj. Ex. Faire un bail employéeotique, to make a long lease of a hundred years or thereabouts. Redevance employtéotique, ground rent. EMPIÉTER, èn-pl-à-tà, v. a. &. n. to en-

croach or entrench upon, invade.

EMPIFFRER, en-pi-fra, v. n. to cram, eat to excess, to fatten, make fat. S'empiffrer, v. r. to cram or stuff one's self, to grow fat.

EMPIFFRERIE, s. f. cramming, stuffing (with food.)

EMPILEMENT, s. m. piling up (shot.) EMPILER, en-pl-là, v. a. to pile up (shot,

EMPIRANCE, s. f. adulteration (of coin.) EMPIRE, ên-pir, s. m. empire; (of an emperor) reign; government, lordship, dominion,rule, sway; command, government, power, influence, authority. Aece empire, imperiously, stately, surilly. L'empire des lettres, the learned, the commonwealth of letters. Bas-Empire, the eastern division of the Roman empire.

EMPIRER, en-pl-ra, v. a. to make werse. v. n. to grow worse and worse, decay.

EMPIRIQUE, en-pi-rik, adj. empirical. Un

empirique, s. m. empirick, quack. EMPIRISME, en-pî-rîsm, s. m. empiricism.

EMPLACEMENT, en-plas-men, s. m. place, site; destined or proper place.

EMPLâTRE, en-platr, s. m. plaster. Mettre

un emplâtre à une affaire, to patch up a business. Un emplatre de mari, a mere drone of a husband.

EMPLITE, èn-plêt, s. f. bargain, purchase. EMPLIR, èn-plir, v. a. to fill, to fill up. S'emplir, v. r. to fill. V. Remplir.

EMPLOI, en-plwa, s. m. employ, employ-

ment, work, business; employ, employment, place or office; use, using or employing; laying out (money;) part (in a theatre.)
EMPLOYER, en-plwå-yå, v. a. to employ, use, make use of, bestow, lay out, spend;

(quelqu'un) to employ, set at work or set upon some business. Employer le vert et le sec, to turn every stone, leave no stone unturned. Employer mal, to misuse, make an ill use of, misemploy. S'employer, v. r. to bestow one's self, spend or bestow one's time, apply one's self; (pour quelqu'un) to use one's interest (for one.)

EMPLUMER, en-plû-ma, v. a. to feather. S'emplumer, v. r. to grow rich, feather one's

Емроснея, èn-pô-shà, v. a. to pocket

EMPOIGNER, en-pwa-gna, v. a. to take or lay hold of, seize, gripe or grasp, catch. Fliches empoignées, arrows tied in the mid-

Empois, en-pwa, s. m. starch.

EMPOISONNÉ, E, adj. poisoned. Donner à quelqu'un des louanges empoisonnées, to mock with praises.

EMPOISONNEMENT, en-pwa-zon-men, s.

m. poisoning.

Empoisonner, en-pwa-zô-na, v. a. to poison. Empoisonner les actions or les paroles de || stamp or image.

actions or words, to misrepresent them.

Empoisonneu-R,se, en-pwa-zô-neur, neuz, s. m. & f. poisoner; nasty poisonous cook.

EMPOISSER, v. a. to pitch over or do over with pitch.

EMPOISSONNEMENT, en-pwa-son-men, s. m. stocking of a pond with fish.

EMPOISSONNER, en-pwa-so-na, v. a. to stock with fish.

EMPORTÉ, E, èn-pôr-tà, adj. carried, led, driven, gone, taken away. etc. V. Emporter, hot, hasty, passionate; (de passion) transported (with passion.)

EMPORTÉ, E, s. m. & f. hot, hasty or pas-

sionate person.

EMPORTEMENT, en-pôrt-mên, s. m. pas-

sion, transport, raving, anger.
EMPORTE-PIÈCE, en-pôrt-piès, s. m. nipping tool of a shoe-maker. Home jest, cut-

ting taunt, home argument.

EMPORTER, en-por-ta, v. a. to carry off or away, take or snatch away; to force, drive, cast; get, obtain; to carry, take, make one's cast; get; obtain, of carry, takes make one self master of; to heal, remove (disease;) to take off, fetch out, get out (spots;) to carry, transport, convey; to lop off, cut away (branches;) to import, show, prove. L'emple of the better of the self-order of the self-order of the better of the self-order of the self-or porter, to carry it, prevail, get the better, have the advantage, excel, exceed. L'emporter sur, to outweigh, prevail over, get the better of, etc. It emporte tous les esprits par son éloquence, he masters all minds by his eloquence. Ils ne l'emporteront pas de la constitution de la cons sorte, they shall not go away with it so. It emporte la pièce, he has a nipping, abusive way of jesting. Emporter & Enlever are often expressed in English by such words as these, steal off or steal away, sweep off or sweep away, break off, knock off, blow off or blow away, shoot off or shoot away, etc. Un coup de canon lui emporta la tête, a cannon ball shot off his head.

Emporter, Mar. Le gouvernail fut emporte au troisième coup de talon, the rudder was knocked off at the third thump she gave with her keel. Un grain emporta notre perroquet de fougue, a squall blew away our mizen top sail. La bouteille de tribord de ce navire est emportée, that ship's starboard quarter gallery is carried away. Toutes nos embarcations furent emportées, all our boats

were washed overboard

S'emporter, v. r. to fly or fall out into a passion, be angry or transported with anger. Un jeune homme qui ne s'emporte point, a sober young man. Il s'emporte facilement, a little matter raises his passion. S'emporter en des cris, to break out in cries, fall a crying. Se laisser emporter à la flatterie, to give way to flattery.

EMPOTER, v. a. to put in a pot.

EMPOUILLE, s. f. hanging fruit, standing

EMPOURPRÉ, E, en-poor-pra, adj. bloody, imbued with blood or purple.

EMPOURPRER, v. a. to imbue with blood or

purple. EMPREINDRE, en-prindr, v. a. (see the table at éindre) to imprint, engrave.

EMPREINT, E, adj. imprinted, engraved. EMPREINTE, en-print, s. f. impress, print,

bar, bat, base: thère; ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

EMPRESSÉ, E, èn-prê-sâ, adj. busy, full of

business, in haste, eager, forward. Empressement, en-pres-men, haste, eagerness, forwardness. Il témoigne assez d'empressement paur ces choses, he seems to be forward enough in those things. Avoir des empressemens pour quelqu'un, to be ar-dently officious to one.

EMPRESSER, (s') sen-pre-sa, v. r. to be busy, eager, earnest or forward; be a busy

body or an intermeddler.

EMPRISONNEMENT, en-pri-zon-men, s.m.

imprisonment.

EMPRISONNER, $\dot{e}n$ -pri- $2\dot{o}$ -nå, v. a. to imprison, put in prison or in a jail, lay up, lay by the heels.

EMPRUNT, en-prun, s. m. borrowing, loan. Faire un emprunt or des emprunts, to borrow. Cheval d'emprunt, borrowed horse. Vivre d'emprunt, to live upon trust or upon tick.

ENPRUNTÉ, E, èn-prun-tà, adj. borrowed. Avoir l'air emprunté, to have an awkward or constrained look. Nom emprunté, a fictitious name.

EMPRUNTER, èn-prun-tà, v. a. to borrow. EMPRUNTEU-R, SE, en-prun-teur, teuz, s. m. & f. borrower.

EMPUANTIR, en-pů-en-tîr, v. a. to stink, infect, to poison. S'émpuantir, v. r. to begin

EMPUANTISSEMENT, en-pû-en-tîs-mên, s. m. stench.

Емруеме, s. m. empyema.

EMPYRÉE, en-pi-rà, adj. empyrean ar empyreal. Le ciel empyrée or l'empyrée, s. m. the empyreal or highest heaven.

EMPYREUME, s. m. empyreuma.

EMPYREUMATIQUE, adj. empyreumatical. EMU, E, ā-mā, mt, adj. (from Emouvoir) moved, etc. Je ne Tai jamais vu si ėmu; never saw him in such a passion. Populace émue, enraged, angry or seditions multitude. Il a le pouls ému, his pulse beats high, his pulse is out of order.

EMULATEUR, å-mů-lå-teur, s. m. emulator. EMULATION, à-mů-lå-sion, s. f. emulation. EMULE, a-mul, s. m. rival, competitor, an-

tagonist.

EMULGENT, E, å-mûl-en, zent, adj. veine emulgente, vein that carries the blood to the

EMULSION, a-mul-sion, s. f. emulsion.

Ex. en, is sometimes a preposition and sometimes a pronoun. When a preposition it chiefly means in, into, to, etc. When a pronoun, it chiefly means of him, of her, of it, of them, from him, etc. As the proper use of the word en has been but indifferently pointed out, the following observations will be of service to the student. The pronoun en shall

be explained in the last.

I. To express those progressive successions which in English are presented with from and then to, we are to use en for to, provided we repeat the word; but à if autre is to be introduced instead of repeating the word. Hence, de temps en temps or de temps à au-tre or d'un temps à l'autre, from time to time. De ville en ville or d'une ville à l'autre, from town to town. De deux en deux jours, every

other day.

II. In speaking of time, en denotes that length of time which the doing of a thing will

take up, and dans expresses the time after the expiration of which the thing is to begin or to take place. Il va à Windsor en deux heures, he is two hours going to Windsor. Il va à Windsor dans deux heures, two hours hence he is to go to Windsor. Many a good writer is not sufficiently aware of this distinc-

En is also used for pendant when we speak in an indeterminate sense. En hiver, in winter on in winter time, etc. In the spring may however be au printemps or dans le printemps; and in the beginning of may be either au commencement de or dans le commencement

III. With respect to countries and provinces introduced each barely with its name, en will do if we speak indeterminately of somewhere in or inta; but dans should be used if we mean the whole, as well as if the word be determined and particularized by some other word. Etre en France, to be in France. Aller en France, to go into France or to go to France. Instead of en Angleterre, we may say dans la Grande-Bretagne, to express in or into in the sense of within.

When the name of a country or island proves to be one of those which have been discovered by Christopher Columbus, and other adventurers, we generally use an, à la, aux, instead of en, as we use du, de la, des, instead of de. He has been in Mexico and Jamaica, il a eté nu Mexique et à la Jamarque.

IV. As to a city, tawn, village, etc. à is used instead of en if we speak indeterminately of living in or being in some part of it; but dans if we mean the whole or wish to represent the place as containing. Il demeure à Paris, he lives at or in Paris. Il y a plus d'un million d'âmes dans Puris, there are above a million of people in Paris. Mon père est en ville, means my father is not at home (but gone somewhere in town;) whereas, Mon père est à la ville, means my futher is in town (not in the country.) We say en haut, above; en bas, below, down; en dedans, within side; en dehors, without side, etc.; d'en haut, of or from above, etc.

V. After an expression which denotes change, en (into) is to be used instead of dans, even though the noun should be made defined. Elle fut métamorphosée en la ririère que vous voyez couler, she was meta-morphosed into the river which you see flow

along.

After any verb which means to consist, we use en with the nouns taken indeterminately, dans before nouns properly defined, and à before infinitives; whether the preposition be in English in or of.

VI. En or dans are almost indifferently used before tout, pronouns, adjectives of number (followed by any noun not of time,) indefinite articles, demonstrative and passessive ad-jectives; yet when we speak of a place wherein we put something, dans is better. Mettez cet argent dans votre poche, put this money into your pocket. We say en mon particulier, for my part. En tout, in all, etc.

VII. In most other circumstances, en, denoting an indeterminate sense, is proper when the noun is not particularized or has not been Il so; and duns must be used to denote that the buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

moun to which it is prefixed is employed in a precise and determinate sense or represented as something which contains. Il est en prison, he is in jail or in a jail (which jail he is son, he is in jain or in a jain (which jain he is in is matter of indifference or left out of the question.) It est dans la prison, would imply that the kind of jail is sufficiently known. Hence He is in Clerkenwell jail, il est dans la prison de Clerkenwell.

We say, Envertu de for by virtue of, and en

robe de chambre, etc. for in a night gown, etc. En is often equal to like, like a, like an, ofter the manner of, etc.; hence, agir en roi, to act like a king. Ils se comportent en gens

d'esprit, they behave like people of sense.

VIII. En is the only French preposition which can be used before a participle present (it is even suppressed when the participle (it is even suppressed when the participal present is compound,) to express, in, by, with, on, upon, etc. and even while he, etc. when he, etc.; as he, etc. This preposition serves then to form a detached or incidental phrase, that is to say, to express interjectively or explana-torily the circumstances of an action, etc. pointing out either the time when it happened or the manner in which it took place or the means used to make it happen. L'homme vertueux ne cesse de faire du bien qu'en mourant, a virtuous man leaves off doing good only when he dies. Parlez-lui en passant, speak to him as you go by; (en passant is also used to express by the by.) It me dit en partant, que, etc. he told me, as he set out, On a guéri un prince de cette that, etc. maladie en lui faisant prendre tous les jours deux cuillerées de vin d'Espagne, a prince was cured of that disorder by making him drink every day two spoonfuls of Spanish wine.

N. B. En prefixed to a participle present may generally serve to express those actions which are introduced in the sense of at the same time that I, (thou, he, she, it, use, you, they,) or of and mean while, I, etc. Bland-ford enriched himself in doing his duty (while he did, at the same time that he did, and at the same time he did, his duty.) Blandford

s'enrichit en faisant son devoir.

IX. The pronoun en is the representative of any noun which (if expressed instead of en) would have de, prefixed to it, or some other word equivalent to de, as touchant, etc. and here it is proper to refer the student to the observations made on de. He will then understand that en may mean not only of him, of her, of it, of them, of the action, etc. from him, from her, from it, from them, thence, hence, from the action, etc. of or from me, of or from thee, of or from us, of or from you; but also speaking of instruments not musical with it, with them, of musical instru-ments on it, on them; and to express the cause at it, at them, at the action, etc. for it, for them, for the action, etc. and even at me, He will be able to understand that en with a passive expression may stand for by him, by her, by it, by them, and even by me, etc. and that with regard to quantity or number, it may be for *some* or *any* to denote an indeterminate portion of what has already been mentioned; and in this place I shall observe that en may serve to avoid repeating a noun (which indeed is often left understood in English) after a numerical adjective; as in 27

N'a-t-il pas quatre frères? Il en avoit qua-tre; mais il n'en a plus que deux, has he not four brothers? he had four (brothers is understood;) but he has now only two (still, brothers is understood.)

Sometimes en is an energetick pronoun, the force of which seems to be lost in English; for instance, in such comparative phrases as this. Il en est des héros comme des autres hommes, it is with heroes as with other men. En vouloir à quelqu'un, to have a grudge against one, owe one a spite. Fen suis là, that is my case, that is my temper, as well as I left off there. J'en tiens, I am eaught. ENALLAGE, s. f. enallage.

*Enamouré, E, adj. enamoured, in love smitten.

*ENARRHEMENT, s. m. earnest, pledge. ENARRHER, v. n. to give earnest.

ENARTHROSE, s. f. enarthrosis.

ENCABLURE, s. f. Mar. cable's length

Nous sommes mouillés à une encâblure de terre we lie within a cable's length of the shore.

ENCADREMENT, en-kadr-men, s. m. put ing in a frame, framing.

ENCADRER, en-ka-dra, v. a. to frame σ

put in a frame.

Encager, èn-kå-zå, v. a. to cage, put o

shut in a cage; to imprison. ENCAISSEMENT, en-kes-men, s m. pack

ENCANAILLER, (s') sen-ka-na-la, v. r. t.

keep ill or mean company. Encapuchonner, (s') sen-kå-pû-shô-nå. v. r. to cover one's head with a sort of hood ENCAQUER, én-kå-kå, v. a. to barrel up. ENCASTELÉ, E, adj. hocf-bound or narrowheeled.

Encastelen, (s') v. r. to get hoof-bound or narrow-heeled, (said of horses.) Encastelure, s. f. being hoof-bound or

narrow-heeled.

ENCASTILLAGE, V. Accastillage. ENCASTREMENT, s. m. setting

ENCASTRER, en-kas-tra, v. a. to set into a

ENCAVEMENT, en-kav-men, s. m. laying in a cellar.

ENCAVER, en-ka-va, v. a. to lay in, to place or lay in a cellar. ENCAVEUR, en-kå-veur, s. m. wine porter

ENCAUSTIQUE, adj. Ex. peinture encous-tique, picture, the colours of which are prepared with wax.

ENCEINDRE, en-slndr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to encompass, surround or enclose

ENCEINT, E, adj. encompassed, etc.
ENCEINTE, en-sint, adj. f. with child or big
with child. Elle est enceinte de son premier

fruit, she goes with her first child.

ENCEINTE, s. f. compass, circumference, enclosure.

ENCENIES, s. f. pl. feasts among the Jews. Encens, èn-sèn, s. m. incense, frankin-cense; praise, flattery, commendation. Don-ner de l'encens à, to praise.

ENCENSEMENT, en-sens-men, s. m. cens-

ing or perfuming with incense, etc.

Encenser, en-sen-så, v a.to cense or per-

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : meod, good.

time with frankincense; to praise or commend.

ENCENSEUR, en-sen-seur, s. m. flatterer, adulator.

ENGENSOIR, en-sen-swar, s.m. censer, perfuming pan. Mettre la main à l'encensoir, to encroach upon the authority of the church. Donner de l'encensoir par le nez, to be a fulsome flatterer.

ENCHAÎNÉ, E, adj. chained, bound in chains, etc. V. Encluiner. Des choses qui soni enchaînées, things that are linked or join-

ed together.

ENCHAÎNEMENT, ên-shên-mên, s. m. concatenation, connexion or connexity, train, series. ENCHAÎNER, en-she-na, v. a. to chain, bind

up in chains, put in irons; to captivate or enslave; to unite, link, connect, concatenate.

ENCHAÎNURE, en-she-nor, s. f. claining, binding or fastening with chains; linking to-

gether.

ENCHANTÉ, E, adj. enchanted, etc. V. Enchanter; enchanting, charming, bewitching,

pleasant, delightful. ENCHANTELER, v. a. to set hogsheads of wine on the stilling or gauntree.

ENCHANTEMENT, en-shent-men, s. m. enchantment, charm, witchcraft; wonder, wondrons, thing; charm, charming quality, delight. ENCHANTER, en-shen-ta, v. a. to enchant,

charm or bewitch; to delight or ravish. ENCHANTERESSE, en-shent-res, s. & adj. f. enchantress, sorceress, witch; beauty, charm-

ing beauty, enchanting.
*Enchanterie, s.f. delusion, deceit, jug-

gling trick.

ENCHANTEUR, en-shen-teur, s. & adj. m. enchanter, sorcerer, charmer, conjurer, juggler, subtle or deceitful man; enchanting.
ENCHAPERONNER, v. a. to hood (a hawk,)

to put on a hood (at a funeral.)

ENCHASSER, en-sha-sa, v. a. to enchase, set in, put in.

ENCHASSURE, en-sha-sur, s. f. enchasing,

setting in.

Enchausser, v. a. to cover (a plant) with

straw or dung, etc.

ENCHERE, en-sher, s. f. bid, out-bidding or enhancing of the price; port-sale, auction. Mettre à l'enchère, to sell by auction. Mettre une enchère, to out-bid, bid more than an-other. Vous en paierez la folle enchère, you shall pay dear for your rashness.

ENCHÉRIR, èn-shà-rir, v. a. to raise the price of, sell dearer, out-bid or bid more, enhance the price. Enchérir, v. n. to rise, grow dearer. Enchérir sur, to outdo, excel

or exceed, improve upon.

ENCHERISSEMENT, en-sha-ris-men, s. m. raising of the price, growing dearer.

ENCHÉRISSEUR, en-sha-rl-seur, s. m. outbidder or one that enhances the price.

dernier encherisseur, the highest bidder.
ENCHEVÊTRER, ènsh-vè-trà, v. a. to put on a halter, halter. S'enchevêtrer, v. r. to entangle one's self in an affair; get a foot entangled in the halter (said of a horse.)

ENCHEVETRURE, ensh-ve-trur, s. f. exco-

riation in the pastern of a horse.

ECHIFRENE, E, adj. who has got a step-

page in the head or nose.

ENCHIFRENEMENT, èn-shi-fren-men, s. m. pose or rheum stopping the nose

Enchifrener, en-shifr-nå, v. a. to causo a pose, to stop one's nose with a rheum. Enchymose, s. f. sudden flush of the blood

in the face (caused by shame, anger, etc.)

ENCLAVÉ, E, adj. mortised, set within one another, wedged in. Une principauté enclavée dans un état, a principality enclosed or lying within the bounds of another state.

ENCLAVE, en-klav, s. f. bound, boundary, limit, what is enclosed in another.

ENCLAVEMENT, s. m. the act of enclosing, state of being wedged in.

ENCLAVER, en-klå-vå, v. a. to mortise or

set within another, enclose, wedge in.
ENCLIN, E, en-klin, klin, adj. inclined, inclinable, bent, prone, given to, apt, ready,

ENGLITIQUE, èn-klî-tîk, s. f. enclitick.

ENCLOTRER, v. a. to cloister up, confine in a monastery, immure, imprison.
ENCLORE, en-klör, v. a. (like clore) to en-

close, encompass with an enclosure.

Exclos, E, en-klo, kloz, adj. enclosed.

Enclos, s. m. enclosure. ENCLOUER, en-klôo-å, v. a. to spike la piece of ordnance.) Enclouer un cheval, to

prick or nail a horse in the shoeing. S'enclouer, v. r. to run a nail into the foot (speaking of a horse.)

nage of a norse.)

Exclosure, èn-klôo-àr, s. f. prick in a horse's foot; obstacle. J'ai décourert où est l'encloaure, I have found out where the mischief lay. Ce n'est pas là l'enclouwre, that is not the difficulty. C'est là où est l'enclouvre, there the shoe pinches, there lies the mischief

Enclume, en-klûm, s. f. anvil; small bone in the ear. Souche d'enclume, anvil stock.

Enclumeau or Enclumot, s. m. little

hand-anvil.

ENCOCHEMENT, en-kosh-men, s.m. notching. ENCOCHER, en-kô-sha, v. a. to noten. Encocher une flèche, to put the bow-string into the notch of an arrow.

ENCOFFRER, v. a. to lay up in a chest or

trunk.

ENCOGNURE or ENCOIGNURE, s. f. corner, angle (of a wall.)

· Excolure, en-ko-lur, s. f. chest (of a man or horse;) looks, mien. Je le reconnois à l'en-colure, I know him by his air.

*Encomere, s. m. encumbrance, cross

accident.

Encombrement, en-konbr-men, s. m. cumber, encumbering. Encombrement, Mar. lumber, incumbrance, space which light and embarrassing goods occupy in the hold. ENCOMBRER, en-kon-brd, v. a. to encum-

ber, obstruct. Encombrer, Mar. to lumber, etc. La rivière est encombrée de bâtimens, the river is crowded with shipping. Votre frégate doit être très-encombrée, your frigate must be much lumbered.

*ENCONTRE, en-kontr, s. f. luck, chance fortune. Boune encontre, good luck. Malencontre, ill fortune. A l'encontre, against, against it. Aller à l'encontre d'une chose, to run counter with a thing, be against or contradict a thing.

ENCOR, poetical term for Encore, which see. ENCORE, en-kor, adv. yet, as yet, still; again, anew, still, more or once more; also, too, even; besides, over and above, moreover;

Encore que, though, although. En- | core si, it would not be so bad if, etc.

Encorné, adj. m. horned.

ENCOURAGEANT, E, adj. encouraging. ENCOURAGEMENT, en-kôo-râz-mên, s. m.

encouragement. Encourager, en-koo-ra-za, v. a. to en-

courage, incite, stir up, animate.

ENCOURIR, en-kôo-rir, v. n. (like courir) to incur, run one's self into, fall under, draw upon one's self.

Encouru, E, adj. incurred.

ENCOURTINER, v. a. to close with curtains. ENCRASSER, en-krā-sā, v. a. to make nasty, daub, soil. S'encrasser, v. r. to rust (the mind,) marry beneath one.

ENGRE, čnkr, s. f. ink. ENGRIER, čnkri-à, s. m. ink-stand. ENGROUÉ, adj. Ex. un urbre encroue, a tree entangled in the branches of another (in felling.)

Encuirasser, (s') sen-kûî-râ-sâ, v. r. to grow stiff with nastiness, grow rusty.

ENCUVEMENT, s. m. putting into a tub. ENCUVER, en-kū-vā, v. a. to put into a tub.

ENCYCLIQUE, adj. encyclical, circular. ENCYCLOPEDIE, en-si-klô-på-dl, s. f. encyclopedia.

ENCYCLOPÉDIQUE, adj. of or belonging to an encyclopedia.

ENCYCLOPÉDISTE, s. m. one that has worked or that works for the encyclopedia.

Endécagone, s. m. endecagon. ENDÉCASYLLABE, s. m. endecasyllable,

verse of eleven syllables.

ENDÉMIQUE, adj. endemial, endemical,

endemick. ENDENTÉ, E, adj. indented; also that has

teeth. ENDENTER, v. a. to put teeth to the wheel of a machine.

ENDETTÉ, E, adj. in debt, indebted.
ENDETTER, èn-dê-tâ, v. a. to make (one) S'endetter, v. :. 10 run into run into debt. debt, contract debts.

Endêvé, e, adj. mad, outrageous. Endêver, en-dê-va, v. n. to be mad. Faire endêver quelqu'un, to make one mad. Endiable, E, en-dia-bla, adj. devilish,

mischievous, mad.

(s') sèn-dî-mèn-shà, v. ENDIMANCHER, r. to put on one's Sunday clothes, make one's self fine.

ENDIVE, s. f. endive.

ENDOCTRINER, èn-dok-trî-na, v. a. to

teach or instruct.

ENDOMMAGEMENT, s. m. deterioration.
ENDOMMAGER, cn-dò-ma-; a, v. a. to damage, hurt. Notre màture a été très-endomagée dans la dernière affaire, our masts were very much wounded in the last action. Ce vaisseau en touchant sur la barre a eu ses fonds endommagés, that ship has damaged her bottom by striking on the bar.

ENDORMEUR, en-dor-meur, s. m. whee-

dler. flatterer, coaxer, cajoler.

ENDORMI, E, adj. sleepy, drowsy, heavy with sleep; asleep, lulled asleep; drowsy, heavy, dull.

ENDORMI, s. m. sleeper. Les sept endor-

mis, the seven sleepers.

ENDORMIR, en-dor-mir, v.a. (like dormir) to make sleep, cast into a sleep, lay or lull

asleep; to decoy, wheedle, amuse or deceive hy fair words; to benumb. S'endormir, v. r. to fall asleep; (dans le péché) to be lulled asleep, abide (in sin.) Il s'endort au plus fort de ses affaires, he neglects his business strangely.

ENDORMISSEMENT, m. sleepiness.

drowsiness, numbness, stiffness.

Endosse, èn-dòs, s. f. trouble, toil. Endossement, èn-dòs-mên, s. m. endorsement.

Endosser, en-do-sa, v. a. to endorse, write on the back; also to put on the back. Endosseur, èn-dò-sêur, s. m. endorser.

ENDOSSEUR, en-do-seur, s. m. place; (of a book) passage; (d'une étofiz) right side; (d'une pièce de viande) bit; action, actions, decd, behaviour, part of one's life. Vous ne comnoissez cet homme que par ses maurais endroits, you only know him by his dark side. Je ne le connois que par cet endroit-là, I know him no other way. Montrer quelque chose par le bel endroit, to show a thing to the best advantage. C'est le plus bel endroit de sa vie, that is the best thing he ever did in his life. *En mon endroit, by me, towards

ENDUIRE, en-dair, v. a. (see the table at uire) to do over, lay on with. Enduire de plâtre, to plaster, to do over with plaster. Enduire de poix, to pitch over, do over with

pitch.

ENDUIT, E, adj. done over, laid on, payed. ENDUIT, en-dai, s. m. plaster or plastering. ENDURANT, E, en-du-ren, rent, adj. patient, passive.

ENDURCIR, èn-důr-sîr, v. a. to harden; to make strong; to inure. S'endurcir, v. r. to harden or grow hard, inure one's self, become unfeeling.

ENDURCISSEMENT, en-dûr-sîs-mên, s. m. hardness of heart, obduracy.

ENDURER, en-dů-rà, v. a. to endure, suffer, bear, bear with; suffer or permit.

ENERGIE, å-ner-al, s. f. energy, efficacy,

Energique, å-ner-zik, adj. energetical, full of energy, forcible, emphatical.

ENERGIQUEMENT, å-ner-zik-men, adv.

forcibly, with energy.

ENERGUMENE, a-ner-gu-men, s. m. & f. one possessed with a devil.

ENERVER, å-nêr-vå, v. a. to enervate,

weaken, enfeeble, abate.

Enfaité, E, adj. roofed, covered. Enfaiteau, én-fe-to, s. m. ridge tile, gut-

ter tile. ENFAÎTEMENT, en-fêt-mên, s. m. ridge of

lead on the tops of houses.

ENFAITER, en-fe-ta, v. a. to cover the ridge of a house with tile, lead, etc.

ENFANCE, en-fens, s. f. infancy, childhood;

childishness; puerility; first beginning.
ENFANT, en-fan, s. m. & f. child, infant, little boy or girl, babe, son or daughter. Faire l'enfant, to play like a child. Enfant trouvé, foundling. Enfant de Londres, enfant de Paris, one born in London or in Paris. C'est. l'enfant de sa mère, he takes after his mother. Etre en travail d'enfant, to be in lahour. Etre hors d'âge d'avoir des enfans, to be past child-bearing. Faire un enfant à une famme, to get a woman with child. Faire un bar, bat, base: there, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good

enfant, to be brought to bed or delivered. Les enfans perdus (of an army,) the forlorn hope, the perdues. Courage, mes enfans, hope, the perdues. cheer up, my lads.

ENFANTEMENT, en-fent-men, s. m. delivery, bringing forth of a child. Les douleurs de l'enfantement, the pains of a woman in labour.

ENFANTER, en-fen-tå, v. a. to bring forth a child, to be delivered or brought to bed of a child.

Enfantillage, èn-fèn-ti-låz, s. m. child-

ish talk or behaviour.

ENFANTIN, E, ên-fên-tin, tîn, adj. childish.
ENFARINE, E, ên-fâ-rî-na, adj. white all
over with meal. Avoir la tête enfarinée, to be
over-much powdered. It s'en est venu la
grande en faviore. gueule enfarinée, he came big with expecta-tion. Enfariné (d'une science,) superficially acquainted, etc. (d'une opinion) prepossessed,

ENFARINER, v. a. to make white with meal or with powder.

ENFER, en-fer, s. m. hell. Il a l'enfer chez lui, there is a hellish noise at his house. Les infers, hell, the infernal regions (of the poets.)

ENFERMÉ, E, adj. locked or shut in, etc. Prisonnier qu'on tient étroitement enfermé, close prisoner.

ENFERMÉ, s. m. Ex. Sentir l'enfermé, to

smell musty, to have a musty smell.

Enfermer, en-fer-må, v. a. to lock or shut in, lock up; enclose; hem in, pen up; also to contain, comprehend. Enfermer de murailles

une ville, to wall a town about.

Enferger, en-fe-rå, v. a. to run through. S'enferrer, v. r. to run one's self through or run upon an adversary's sword. And figuratively, to stand in one's own light, burn one's

own fingers.

ENFICELER, v. a. to tie close with a string. ENFILADE, en-f1-lad, s. f. range of rooms Une longue enfilade de or doors, etc.; train. discours, a long train of speech. Enfilade de

jeu, ill-run at play (in backgammon.)
ENFILER, en-fl-la, v. a. to thread; to string (beads, etc.) to run through (the body.) Enfler un discours, to enter upon or begin a long story. Le vent enfile cette rue, the wind comes directly into that street. Enfiler une rue, to go through a street. Enfiler la venelle, to betake one's self to one's heels, run away. Une pyramide qui enfile un globe, a pyramid with a globe upon it. Enfiler un waisseau, Mar. to rake a ship. S'enfiler, to rush upon the sword of an enemy.

ENFIN, en-fin, adv. in fine, after all, at length, finally, in short, at last, in a word, to

conclude.

ENFLAMMÉ, E, adj. on fire, all in a flame,

ENFLAMMER, en-flå-må, v. a. to set all in a flame, set on fire; to inflame, heat, set on fire the heart of; incense, enrage or animate, put in a passion, provoke. S'enflammer, v. r. to be inflamed, be kindled, catch fire, fall into a passion.

Enflé, E, adj. swelled, blown; puffed or lifted up; proud, high minded, conceited,

puffed up, elate, combined the bombastic or tumid style.

ENFLECHURES, en-flå-shur, s. f. pl. Mar.

ENFLECHURES, Mettre des enflechures
the shrouds.

ENFLER, en-flå, v. a. to swell, make swell, blow up; to elate, puff up, make proud. Enster le cœur à quelqu'un or le courage de quelqu'un, to animate or encourage one, flush one's courage. Enfler son style, to write bombast. Enfler le cahier, to swell up the volume. Enfler, v. n. S'enfler, v. r. to swell, be puffed or blown up, be elated, grow prond.

ENFLORE, en-flitre, s. f. swelling. *Enflure de style, bombast, bombastick or tumid or swelling style. Enflure de cœur, pride, vanity. ENFONCE, E, adj. sunk, broke open, etc. hollow. V. Enfoncer.

ENFONCEMENT, en-fons-men, s. m. sinking, forcing down, etc. breaking open, etc. bottom hole or hollow place; nook or corner; also back ground (in perspective or painting;) and Mar. Dans l'enfoncement de la baie, in the

bight of the bay.

ENFONCER, en-son-sa, v. a. to sink, thrust, push, drive down or in; to hollow. Enfoncer une futaille, to clap on a bottom to a cask. Enfoncer un bataillon or un escadron, to rout or break through a battalion or squadrón. Enfoncer une porte, to break open a door. Enfoncer une matière, to dive into a subject, examine it thoroughly. Ce bâtiment eut deux examine it thoroughly. Ce bâtiment eut deux de ses baux enfoncés, Mar. that vessel had two of her beams stove in.

Enfoncer, v. n. to sink. L'oiseau enfonce, the hawk flies the bird to the mark. S'en-L'oiseau enfonce, foncer, v. r. to sink; to go deep or a great

way into or penetrate.

ENFONÇEUR, en-fon-seur, s. m. one that breaks open a door. Enfonçeur de portes ouvertes, one who brags of things which have no difficulty in them.

Enfonçure, en-fon-sur, s. f. boarded bottom of a bedstead. Enfonçures d'une futaille, pieces belonging to the bottom of a cask.

ENFONDRE, v. a. to break open. ENFORCIR, enfor-sir, v. a. to strengthen. v. n. & S'enforcir, v. r. to grow stronger, gather strength.

ENFOUIR, en-fôo-îr, v. a. to hide or bury in the ground. Enfour ses talens, to bury or hide one's talents.

ENFOURCHER, èn-foor-sha, v. a. to stride, bestride, straddle (a horse.)

ENFOURCHURE, s. f. the straddle; fork of a stag's horn.

ENFOURNER, en-foor-na, v. a. to put into the oven. Il n'a qu'à bien enfourner d'abord, the main business is to begin well.

ENFREINDRE, en-frindr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to infringe, break or transgress.

ENFREINT, E, adj. infringed, broken,

transgressed.

ENFROQUÉ, adj. turned monk or friar. ENFROQUER quelqu'un, v. a. to make one turn monk or friar. S'enfroquer, v. r. to turn monk or friar.

ENFUIR, (s') sen-fuir, v. r. (like fuir) to

fly, to run away; (said of liquor) to run.
ENFUME, E, adj. besmoked, smoked.

Jame enfumé, smoky yellow.

Enfumen, èn-fû-må, v. a. to besmoke, smoke, fill or trouble with smoke, smoke

Engagée, E, adj. engaged, etc. La clef est engagée dans la serrure, the key is fast entangled in the lock. Navire engagé, waterlogged ship. Manœuvre engogé, foul rope.

Engageant, e, en-gå-zen, zent, adj. en- || gaging, alluring, charming. ENGAGEMENT, en-gaz-men, s. m. pawn-

ing or mortgaging; engagement, promise, obligation, tie; enlisting, bounty money.

ENGAGER, en-ga-za, v. a. to pawn, give

in pawn, mortgage, pledge, engage, draw in, persuade or oblige; (un soldat) to enlist. Engager le combat, to engage, fight, oblige to fight, bring ou an action. Engager la clef dans la serrure, to entangle the key in the lock. Je vous engage ma parole que cela sera, I promise you, or I engage, or pass my word that it shall be so. Engager son cœur, to en-gage one's heart, to love. Nous engageâmes le beaupré du vaisseau ennemi dans nos grands haubans, we got the enemy's bowsprit antangled in our main rigging. Nos poudres furent engagées au point d'interrompre le feu de notre seconde hatterie, we were so badly supplied with powder as to be prevented firing our upper deck guns for some time. S'engager, v. r. to engage, promise, take upon one's self, pass one's word, run in debt, enlist one's self, hire one's self; to penetrate too deep (into woods.) S'engager pour un ami, to stand bound for a friend. Notre navire s'engagea dans un lieu plein de rochers, our ship ran in amongst the rocks.

Engagiste. en-gå-zist, s. m. mortgagee

of the king's demesnes.

ENGAINER, en-gè-nà, v. a. to sheathe. ENGEANCE, en-zèns, s. f. offspring, generation, breed, brood.

FAILOI, Dreed, Drood.

ENGEANGER, v. a. to embarrass.

ENGEIGNER, v. a. to trepan.

ENGELURE, ênz-lûr, s. f. chilblain.

ENGENDRÉ, E., adj. got, begot, etc.

ENGENDRER, ênzên-drâ, v. a. to get, beget, engender, or procreate; to breed, cause or create. S'engendrer, v. r. to be breed or engendered; to grows spring rise or proengendered; to grow, spring, rise or pro-

ceed. *ENGER, v. a. to encumber.

Engerber, en-zer-ba, v. a. to sheaf.

Engin, en-zin, s. m. engine, tool; finesse; industry; net, snare. Mieux vaut engin que force, policy goes beyond strength.

ENGLOBER, en-glo-ba, v. a. to join to-

gether, unite.

ENGLOUTIR, en-gloo-tir, v. a. to swallow up, devour; also to infect, poison, knock down (speaking of the breath;) to absorb, consume, dissipate.

ENGLUER, en-glå-å, v. a. to daub with

pird-lime.

ENGONCER, en-gon-sà, v. a. to cramp, con-

fine, (speaking of strait clothes.)
ENGORGE, E, adj. choked up with filth and nastiness. La pompe est engorgée, Mar. the pump is choked.

Engorgement, en-gorz-men, s. m. be-

ing choked up.

Engorger, en-gor-zå, v. a. to choke up.

Engorger, en-gor-zå, v. a. to choke up. want a S'engorger, v. r. to be choked up, want a clear passage.

ENGOUENENT, èn-gôo-mên, s. m. choking; also fondness, infatuation.
ENGOUER, èn-gôo-à, v. a. to choke. S'engouer, v. r. to choke one's self with greediness. S'engouer de quelque chose, to be fond of a thing, be infatuated or possessed with it.

Engouffrer, en-goo-frå, v. a. to swallow up, absorb. S'engouffrer, v. r. to get into, run into, get ingulfed.

ENGOULER, en-goo-la, v. a. to swallow

down, gobble.

ENGOURDI, E, adj. benumbed, stiff.
ENGOURDIR, en-goor-dir, v. a. to benumb,
make stiff, also to duli, stupify. S'engourdir, v. r. to get benumbed, grow stiff.

Engourdissement

ENGOURDISSEMENT, engoor-dis-men, s. m. numbness, stiffness, dulness.
ENGRAIS, engre, s. m. fattening or cramming, putting up of beasts and fowls to feed; muck, manure, compost. Etre à l'engrais, to be fattening.

ENGRAISSEMENT, s. m. fattening, grow-

ing fat.
ENGRAISSER, en-gre-så, v. a. to fatten, or muck, dung, compost; to grease or spot with Engraisser avec de la marne, to grease. Engraisser, v. n. S'engraisser, v. r. to marl. fatten or grow fat; also to grow greasy. S'en-graisser des misères publiques, to fatten on publick distress.

Engranger, en-grèn-2à, v. a. to inn, get in, put into the barn (grain.)
Engravement, s. m. state of a boat run aground.

ENGRAVER, en-gra-va, v. a. to run aground (speaking of boats or barges.) Engraver les pièces d'arrimege, Mar. to bury the casks in the ballast.

ENGRÊLÉ, E, adj. engrailed, indented.' ENGRÊLER, v. a. to purl, deck with em-

broidery.
Engrêlure, èn-grè-lůr, s. f. purl or edg-

ing of lace. ENGRENAGE, s. m. wheels whose teeth

catch and turn others. ENGRENER, engr-na, v. a. to put in the mill-hopper; to feed with good corn. Engrenmi-inspect, v. n. to begin; to catch (said of the teeth of a wheel.) Sengrener, v. r. to catch. Il a bien engrené, he has begun well. Engrener la pompe, Mar. to fetch the pump.

ENGRENURE, éngr-nur, s. f. catching, (speaking of wheels that catch into one ano-

ther;) sort of articulation.

ENGRI, s. m. sort of tiger. ENGROSSER, en-gro-så, v. a. to get with ,

child. ENGRUMELÉ, E, adj. clotted, curdled.

ENGRUMELER, (s') sen-grům-là, v. r. to clot, clod, coagulate

ENHARDIR, en-år-dlr, v. a. to embolden, encourage. S'enhardir, v. r. to grow bold, to take courage.

ENHARNACHEMENT, s. m. harnessing, harness, trappings.

ENHARNACHER, en-år-nå-shå, v. a. to har-

ness, set out with trappings. *Enhazé, e, adj. busy to little purpose. Enherber, v. a. to lay down to grass (land;) to poison with herbs.

ENHUCHÉ, E, adj. Mar. moon-sheered.

ENIGMATIQUE, å-nig-må-tik, adj. enigmatical, dark, obscure, inystical.

ENIGMATIQUEMENT, a-nig-nia-tik-men, adv. enigmatically, mystically

ENIGME, å-nigm, s. f. riddle, enigme, dark saying.

bar, bat, base: there; êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

ENIVRANT, E, adj. inebriating, etc.

ENIVRE, E, adj. made drunk, drunk, fuddled, inebriated, intoxicated, infatuated, conceited.

Enivrement, en-nivr-men, s. m. being drunk, getting drunk, intoxication, infatuation.

ENIVRER, èn-ni-vrä, v. a. to fuddle, make drunk; to infattuate, intoxicate, inebriate, make proud or conceited. S'enivrer, v. r. to make one's self drunk, fuddle one's self.

ENJALER une ancre, Mar. to stock an an-

chor.

Enjambée, en-zen-ba, s. f. stride.

ENJAMBEMENT, en-zenb-men, s. m. the running of a verse into another to complete the sense.

Enjamber, ên-zên-ba, v. n. & a. to stride or stride over; to encroach upon, usurp; to jut, project. Vers qui enjambe sur le suivant, verse that runs into the next line to complete the sense.

ENJAVELER, en-zav-la, v. a. to bind into

sheaves.

Enjeu, en-zeu, s. m. stake at play.

ENJOINDRE, en-zwindr, v. a. (see the table at oindre) to enjoin, bid, order, charge or command.

ENJOINT, E, adj. enjoined, etc.

ENJÔLER, en-zô-là, v. a. to wheedle, de-

coy or cajole.

Enjôleu-R, se, en-zô-lêur, leuz, s. m. & f. wheedler, cajoler; also sweetener or setter (among sharpers.)

mong sharpers.) . Enjolivement, en-20-liv-men, s. m. set

off, ornament, embellishment.

ENJOLIVER, en-20-ll-vå, v. a. to set off, make fine, beautify or adorn, embellish.

ENJOLIVEUR, en-zô-lî-veur, s. m. setter off; braid-makers, button-makers, and some other tradesmen call themselves enjolireurs.

ENJOLIVURE, cn-zô-li-var, s. m. V. En-

jolivement.

ENJOUÉ, E, en-zôo-à, adj. gay, graceful, genteel, agreeable, merry, jovial, airy, goodhumoured, pleasant, sprightly. Un airenjoué, a good grace, a genteel look, a merry countenance.

ENJOUEMENT, èn-zòo-mên, s. m. sprightliness, gaiety, gracefulness, good grace, pleasant carriage, pleasantry, pleasantness, good or jovial humour.
*ENJOUER, v. a. to make merry.

ENKIRIDION, s. m. a little book containing secret remarks, precepts, and principles;

ENLACEMENT, cn-las-men,s.m. entangling. ENLACER, en-la-sa, v. a. to entangle, twist. ENLAIDIR, en-le-dir, v. a. to make ugly or

homely; v. n. to grow ugly or homely. ENLAIDISSEMENT, s. m. making or grow-

ing ugly.
Ent.èvement, èn-lèv-mên, s. m. rape,

carrying off forcibly.

ENLEYER, enl-va, v. a. to lift; raise or heave up; to run away with, take or carry away by force; to carry off (by death;) to buy up, engross, forestal; to charm. Enlever (une place) à l'ennemi, to take (a town) from the enemy. Enlever légèrement, to whip up. Enlever un bâtiment à l'abordage, Mar. to carry a vessel by boarding her. Enlever des tonne ux vides (à l'aide d'un cartaheu passé dans ure poulie simple) Mar, to whip up empty

casks. Enlever la peau, to make the skin come off, take off the skin. La mine a enlevé ce bastion, the mine blew up that bastion. lever un quartier, to beat up quarters. S'enle-ver, v. r. to rise in pimples.

ENLEVURE, S. f. blister, pimple.
ENLUMINÉ, E, adj. coloured. Nez
miné, nose full of red pimples, red nose. Nez enlu-

ENLUMINER, en-lû-mî-na, v. a. to colour (a print;) make (the face) red. ENLUMINEU-R, SE, en-lû-mî-neur, neuz, s.

m. & f. colourer (of maps or prints.)

ENLUMINURE, en-lâ-mî-nur, s. f. colouring, coloured print, etc. far fetched ornament (of style.)

ENMANCHER, V. Emmancher. ENNEAGONE, s. m. enneagon, figure of

ENNEMI, E, en-mi, mi, s. m. & f. enemy,

foe. Je suis ennemi du mensonge, I hate a Ennemi, E, adj. unfriendly, hostile, adverse, of or belonging to an enemy. Le pays

ennemi, the enemy's country. Fortune ennemie, cross or adverse fortune. Ennoblir, en-nô-blir, v. a. to ennoble.

Anoblir.

Ennoie, s. f. sort of serpent whose tail is round and almost as big as his head, whence

it is also called serpent à deux têtes.

Ennui, en-nůi, s. m. dulness, weariness, heaviness, tiresomeness, vexation, trouble, sorrow, disquiet. Donner de l'ennui à quelqu'un, to trouble, vex or disquiet one, make one dull, etc. This word is one of those which cannot be fully expressed in English; hence it is that cunui is sometimes found in English authors. Besides a sort of lassitude, of pain, of trouble, and of rapourish condition, it denotes a disgust with or impatience at the continuance of a thing. V. S'ennuyer.

*Ennuiter, (s') v. r. to be benighted. V.

S'anuiter.

ENNUYANT, E, en-nûî-yen, yent, adj. tire-some, tedious. See the observ. on Ennui. ENNUYER, en-nûî-ya, v. a. to weary, tire,

be wearisome or tiresome to, be tedious to, to dull or make dull, be an opiate to, make impatient of the continuance of something. As ennuyer is equal to donner or causer de l'emui, à..., see the obs. on Ennui. S'ennuyer, v, r, to be weary or tired, grow impatient of the continuance of a thing, grow va pourish and dull. Sans s'emuyer or sans en mi, without finding the hours heavy, with out being dull, etc. Il m'emuie, v. imp. I am weary or tired, Il emuie à qui attend, he that waits has a weary time of it.

Ennuveusement, èn-nûî-yeuz-mên, adv.

tediously, in a tedious manner

ENNUYEU-X, SE, en-nûl-yeu, yeuz, adj. tedious, wearisome, troublesome, tiresome, dull.

Enoncé, E, å-non-så, adj. expressed, de clared. Un faux énoncé, a false declaration.

ENONCER, à-non-sà, v. a. to express, declare or utter. S'enoncer, v. r. to express

one's self.
ENONCIATI-F, VE, adj. expressive.

ENONCIATION, à-non-sià-sion, s. pression, utterance, delivery, declaration. Enorgueillir, a-nor-geu-lir, v. a.to make

proud, puff up. S'enorgueillir, v. r. to grow

proud, be proud or puffed up. Il s'enorgueillit de peu de chose, a little matter makes him proud. ENORME, 'å-norm, adj. immoderate, vast,

excessive, huge; enormous, great, heinous, grievous.

ENORMÉMENT, å-nôr-må-mên, adv. un-

measurably, greatly, grievously.

ENORMITÉ, à-nôr-mi-là, s. f. hugeness, vastness; also enormity, heimousness, atrocity.

ENQUÉRANT, E, ên-kâ-rên, rênt, adj. inquisitive.

ENQUÉRIR, (s') sèn-kà-rîr, v. r. (see the table at quérir) to inquire or make an inqui-

ry, ask. Enquerre, v. a. (obsolete) to inquire,

search for; s. m. inquiry, research.
ENQUÊTE, èn-kèt, s. f. inquest, inquiry,

scarch.

*Enquêter, (s') sen-ke-tå, v.r. to inquire or ask. Je ne m'enquête point de cela, I do not trouble myself about that.

ENQUÊTEUR, en-ke-teur, s. m. inquisitor,

examiner.

Enquis, E, èn-kl, klz, adj. asked, interro-

gated.

ENRACINÉ, E, adj. rooted, that has taken root. Mal enraciné, inveterate or old disease. ENRACINER, èn-rå-sî-nå, v, n. S'enraciner,

v r. to take root; also to grow inveterate. ENRAGÉ, E, èn-rå-zå, adj. mad, enraged. ENRAGEANT, E, èn-rå-zèn, zènt, adj. apt to make one mad, vexing, provoking.

*Enragement, s. f. being mad or enraged. ENRAGER, èn-rà-zà, v. n. to enrage, to be mad. Faire enrager quelqu'un, to make one

mad, provoke ouc ENRAYER, en-ra-ya, v. a. to put the spokes to a wheel, to trig or skid (a wheel;) to make the first furrow; to stop.

ENRAYOIR, s. m. trigger. ENRAYURE, èn-rè-yur, s. f. first furrow. ENREGIMENTER, èn-rà-21-mèn-tà, v. a.

to embody, form into a regiment; to enrol. Enregistré, e, adj. entered into a re-gister, registered, recorded.

ENREGISTREMENT, enr-zistr-men, or En-REGITREMENT, enr-zitr-men, s. m. entering in a register, registering or recording. Faire Venregistrement des causes, to register causes.

Ennegistren, eur-els-trå, v. a. to enter

into a register, register, record.

ENRHUMER, en-rū-mā, v. a. to cause or take a cold. S'enrhumer, v. r. to catch cold. Enrich, E, adj. enriched, made rich, etc.

Une montre enrichie de diamans, a watch set with diamonds.

Enrichir, en-ri-shir, v. a. to enrich or make rich. S'enrichir, v.r. to grow rich, thrive. Enrichissement, en-rî-shîs-mên, s. m. ornament, set off, embellishment.

ENRÔLEMENT, en-rol-mên, s. m. enrol-

ling, enlisting. ENRÔLER, en-ro-là, v. a. to enlist or enrol. S'enrôler, v. r. to enlist or eurol one's self, turn soldier.

Enroué, E, adj. hoarse. Un homme enrow, a man with a hoarseness! Il parle enrowe, he speaks woarse.

ENROUEMENT, s. m. hoarseness. ENROUER, èn-rôo-â, v. a.to make hoarse. S'enrouer, v. r. to grow hoarse, make one's self hoarse.

ENROUILLER, en-roo-la, v.a. to make rusty-S'enrouiller, v. r. to grow rusty.

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ENROULEMENT, s. m. rolling.

ENROULER, v. a. to roll or wrap up. Ensablement, en-såbl-men, s. m. heap

of sand, sand-bank.

Ensabler, en-så-blå, v. a. to drive or force into the sand. S'ensabler, v. r. to stick in or run upon the sand; run aground.

Ensacher, en-så-shå, v. a. to put into a sack or bag.

Ensaisinement, en-se-zîn-mên, s. m. sei-

sin or investiture. Ensaisinen, en-se-zî-na, v. a. to inver.

Ensanglanter, en-sen-glen-tå, v. a. to

make bloody, imbrue with blood.

ENSEIGNE, ên-sêgn, s. f. sign, sign post, mark or token; also banner, ensign's commission. A telles enseignes, by such a token. Elle ne vouloit rien éprouver de l'amour qu'à bonnes enseignes, she was resolved not to have any thing to do with love but upon honourable terms. Enseigne de pierreries, crotchet of precious stones.

Enseigne, s. m. ensign. Enseigne de vais-seau, officer (in the French navy) next in rank to a lieutenant. Bâton d'enseigne, flag

Enseignement, en-segn-men, s. m. in-

struction, precept.

Enseigner, en-se-gna, v. a. to teach, instruct: to learn or show.

Ensellé, e, adj. saddle-backed. Ensemble, én-sénbl, adv. together, one with another, all at once

Ensemble, s. m. whole, whole piece, all the parts taken together. Les beautés de détuil or d'ensemble de cette pièce de théâtre, the particular or collective beauties of this play.

Ensemencer, ens-men-så, v. a. to sow

(seed.)

ENSERRER, en-se-ra, v.a. to shut up, contain or comprehend; also to put into a green

Ensevelir, en-sev-lir, v. a. to bury or inter. S'ensevelir dans la solitude, to to live in seclusion.

Ensevelissement, en-sev-lis-men, s. m. burying.

Ensorceler, en-sôrs-là, v. a. to bewitch

or charm. *Ensorceleur, en-sors-leur, s. m. be

witcher. Ensoroellement, en-sôr-sêl-mên, s. m. bewitching, witchcraft, charm.

Ensoufrer, en-soo-frå, v. a. to dip in or mix with brimstone.

Ensourle, s. f. weaver's beam. Ensuite, en-sait, adv. afterwards, then. Ensuite de, after.

*Knsulvant, E, adj. following, next. Ensulvre, (s') sen-sulvr, v. r. (like suivre) to follow, come after or next, ensue, pro ceed or spring. Il s'ensuit, it follows.

ENTABLEMENT, en-tabl-men, s. m. entablature.

ENTACHER, en-tå-shå, v. a. to taint or infect.

ENTAILLE, en-tal, s. f. jag or notch.

ENTAILLER, en-ta-la, v. a. to jag or notch. ENTAILLURE, en-ta-lur, s. f. jag, notch. ENTAME, s. f. first cut lof a loaf.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

ENTAMER, en-tå-må, v. a. to cut, make a small incision in, make the first cut; to begin, enter upon. Entamer la réputation de quelqu'un, to bespatter one's reputation. Se lais-ser entamer, to suffer an encroachment, suf-fer one's self to be prevailed upon. ENTAMURE, èn-tà-mur, s. f. cut, small in-

cision, first cut.

EN TANT QUE, adv. as, inasmuch as. ENTASSEMENT, en-tas-men, s. in. heap. ENTASSER, en-ta-sa, v. a. to heap, heap up.

ENTE, ent, s. f. graft, scion grafted, grafted tree; handle of a pencil; sort of pilaster. ENTÉ, E, adj. grafted, etc. ENTEMENT, s. m. grafting. ENTENDEMENT, èn-tend-mên, s. m. un-

derstanding, intellect, intellectuals, judgment, mind, head or brain.

*Entendeur, èn-tèn-deur, s.m. under-

stander, apprehender. Extender, apprehender, v. a. to hear; to understand or apprehend; have skill, be skilful in; to mean; to expect, intend. Donner a entendre, to give to understand, insinuate, give a hint of. Donner bien à entendre, to explain well, make very plain. Faites comme vous l'entendrez, do as you think fit or best. Vous l'entendez mal, you are mistaken, you are in the wrong box. Fentends que vous fassiez cela, I expect you to do that. Faire entendre, to represent, to set forth. S'entendre à or en, v. r. to understand, have skill, or be skilful in. S'entendre avec, to understand one another, have secret intelligence with. Cela s'entend, cela s'entend bien, that is to be supposed or understood.

ENTENDU, E, en-ten-dû, du, adj, heard, understood, etc.; skilful, understanding, that has skill, that understands; contrived, ordered. Faire l'entendu, to be proud, carry it high, take too much upon one's self. Bien entendu que, upon condition or provided that. entendu, well cointrived, regular. Bien entendu, by all means, to be sure; also I mean (je veux dire.) On déchira tous les vivans, bien entendu tous les vivans qui n'étoient pas de ce diner, they tore in pieces all the liv-ing, I mean all the living who were not at this dinner. Un mal-entendu, s. m. a mistake, a misunderstanding.

ENTENTE, en-tent, s. f. meaning; (in the arts) skill, judgment. Paroles à double entente, double entendre, ambiguous words with double meaning. Parler à double entente, to speak with a double meaning or en-

tendre, speak ambiguously, equivocate.

ENTER, en-tå, v. a. to graft, graff, or ingraft, to unite in a joint two pieces of wood. Enter en œillet or en bouton, to inoculate.

*Entérinement, en-la-rîn-mên, s. m. grant, passing of a pardon or grant.
*Entériner, en-la-rî-na, v. a. to grant, pass or confirm (an act,) to finish, complete.

ENTÉROCÈLE, s. f. enterocele, tumour

formed by the prolapsion of the intestines into the scrotum.

Entérologie, s. f. enterology. ENTERREMENT, en-ter-men, s. m. bury-

ing, burial or funeral, interment.
ENTERRER, en-te-ra, v. a. to inter, bury,

lay or put in the ground; to hide.

ENTETÉ, E, en-tè-tà, adj. fond. possessed, prepossessed, infatuated, conceited.

Entêté, E, s. m. & f. obstinate or opinionative person, one wedded to his or her own opinion.

ENTÊTMENT, en-tet-mên, s.m. infatuation. strong prejudice, conceited opinion, fondness. Revenir de ses entêtemens, to come to one's

self again.

ENTÊTER, ên-tê-tâ, v. a. to disturb the head; cause the head-ache, make one's head ache; to possess or prepossess, infatuate. Vin qui entête, heady wine. Les louanges entêtent, praises puff one up. S'entêter d'une chose, v. r. to take a strong fancy to a thing, be prepossessed or infatuated or fond of a thing. S'entêter de son savoir, to be proud or conceited of one's learning.

Enthousiasme, en-too-zi-asm, s. m en-

thusiasm, rapture, écstacy; fanaticism. Enthousiasmé, e, adj. ecstasied, in raptures, in ecstasics.

ENTHOUSIASMER, en-too-zi-as-ma, v. a. to put in rapture. S'enthousiasmer, v. r. to be in a rapture.

ENTHOUSIASTE, en-too-zl-ast, s. m. & f.

ENTHYMÈME, èn-tî-mêm,s. m. enthymeme. ENTICHER, en-ti-sha, v. a. to begin to spoil (as fruit.) Entiché d'une opinion, opinionated.

ENTIER, E, èn-tia, tièr, adj. whole, entire, complete, full, absolute; obstinate, opinionative, wedded to his own opinion. *Un cheval entier*, a stone-horse.

ENTIER, s. m. whole. Remettre la chose en son entier, to restore a thing to its first state. La chose est en son entier, the thing is

ENTIÈREMENT, en-tier-men, adv. wholly, entirely, altogether, totally, absolutely. In m'a entirement satisfait, he has paid me all.

Entité, s. f. entity. Entollage, en-twa-laz, s.m. lawn or mus-

lin to which lace or edging is sewed.

ENTOILER, en-twå-lå, une cravate, to put linen to a lace cravat. Entoiler, to paste upon canvass (a print.)

ENTONNEMENT, s. m. putting (liquor) into

a cask.

ENTONNER, en-tô-na, v. a. to put into a cask; to tune or sing. Entonner la trompette, to sound or blow the trumpet. S'entonner, v. r. to blow down, rush in (said of wind.)

ENTONNOIR, en-tô-nwar, s. m. tunnel, fun-

ENTORSE, en-tors, s. m. sprain. Se donner

or prendre une entorse à quelque partie du corps, to sprain some part of the body. ENTORTILLEMENT, en-tôr-til-mên, s. m.

winding about, twining or twisting, etc.
ENTORTILLER, en-tor-ti-la, v. a. to wrap, wind, twine, twist or roll about, to entangle, perplex or confound. S'entortiller, v. r. to wrap itself up, twine itself, to be perplexed and confounded.

ENTOUR, s. m. environs, compass, what surrounds any thing; intimacy. A l'entour.

V. Alentour. ENTOURAGE, en-too-raz, s. m. whatever surrounds, ornamental work around a jewel. ENTOURER, èn-too-ra, v. a. to surround, environ, encompass or compass about.

ENTOURNURE, en-toor-nur, s. f. cuff, turn

ing up of the sleeve.

ENTR'ACTE, en-trakt, s. m. interlude.

Entr'Accuser, (s') sen-tra-ka-za, v. ree.

to accuse one another. Entr'aider, (s') sen-trê-da, v. rec. to

help one another.

ENTRAILLES, ên-tral, s. f. pl. entrails, intestines, bowels; heart. Avoir de bonnes entrailles, to be tender-hearted or compassionate. Les entrailles de la miséricorde de Dieu, the tender mercy of God.

ENTR'AIMER, (s') sen-tre-ma, v. rec. to

love one another.

ENTRAÎNEMENT, s. m. the act of drag-

ging along.

ENTRAINER, v. a. to drag or draw along, earry or earry away, hale, hurry or drag away. Ces raisseaux sont entrainés par la force des courans, those ships are carried away by strength of the currents.

ENTRANT, E, adj. forward, that puts him-

self forward, insinuating, engaging.

ENTR'APPELER,(s') sen-trap-la, v. rec. to call one another.

ENTRAVER, en-tra-va, v. a. to shackle or

Entr'avertir, (s') sen-trà-ver-tir, v. ree.

to give one another notice.

ENTRAVES, entrav, s. f. pl. shackles or fetters for a horse's legs; shackles, fetters,

clog.
ENTRE, entr, prep. among, amongst; between, betwirt; in, into. Je vous hirre cet homme entre les mains, I deliver this man. Unet entre rinn et six heures, into your hands. Il est entre cinq et six heures, it is between five and six o'elock.

ENTRÉ, E, adj. (from Entrer) gone in, got

in, etc.

ENTRE-BAILLÉ, E, entr-ba-la, adj. half open, a-jar, (said of doors and windows.)
ENTRE-BAILLER, v. a. to stand a little open.

ENTRE-BAISER, (s') sentr-bê-zâ, v. rec. to kiss one another.

ENTRE-BATTRE, (s') sentr-batr, v. rec. to

beat one another. ENTRE-BLESSER, (s') sentr-ble-sa, v. ree.

to wound one another. Entre-changer de postes dans la ligne,

Mar. to interchange stations in the line. ENTRECHAT, entr-sha, s. m. sort of step

(in dancing.)

ENTRE-CHOQUER, (s') sentr-shô-kå, v. rec. to hit against one another; to thwart.

Entre-colonne, s. f. or Entre-co-

LONNEMENT, s. m. intercolumniation or space betwixt two pillars.

entr-kôo-på, v. a. to in-Entre-couper, entr-koo-pa, v. a. to interrupt, break off. S'entrecouper, v. r. to cross or eut one another; also to contradiet one's self; to cut or interfere (speaking of a horse.)

Entre-défaire, (s') sentr-dé-fer, v. ree. to defeat one another.

ENTRE-DÉTRUIRE, (s') v. rec. to destroy

each other.

ENTRE-DEUX, s. m. space or intermedium.
Entre-deux, Mar. Entre-deux des lames, trough of the sea, hollow of the sea. deux des mâts, distance between the masts. Ce navire au vent à nous a beaucoup d'entredeux de mâts, that ship to windward of us has a great distance between her masts

ENTRE-DEUX, adv. so, so; indifferently. ENTRE-DIRE, (s') v. ree. to say something

to one another.

ENTRE-DONNER, (s') sentr-do-na, v. ree.

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to give each other. ENTRÉE, èn-trà, s. f. entry; entrance, coming in; entrance money; avenue; solemn reception; entrance upon, beginning; importation; also custom; course of dishes; introduction, insight, hint; access, admittance. Droits d'entrée, duties on imports. D'entrée, at first. Entrée de ballet, dancing. L'entrée de ma maison n'est fermée à personne, my door is shut to nobody, my house is free for all men. Il m'a défendu l'entrée de ce lieu, he has forbidden me to come into this place. On en a défendu l'entrée, there is au order to let nobody in. L'entrée de ce chapeau est trop petite pour moi, the crown of this hat is too

narrow for me.
Entrée, Mar. entrance, etc. L'entrée de ce port est hérissée de canons, the entrance of that harbour is defended by a numerous artillery. L'entrée de la Manche, the chops of the Channel. Entrée (term of quarantine,) pratique. Avoir l'entrée, to have pratique.

Prendre l'entrée, to get pratique.

ENTR'EMPÉCHER, (s') v. rec. to clash, jar, be contrary.

ENTREFACHER, (s') v. rec. to quarrel to-

gether. ENTREFAITES, entr-fet, s. f. pl. Ex. Dans or sur ces entrefaites, in the mean while, during these transactions, while these things were doing.

ENTREFOUETTER, (s') v. ree. to whip one

ENTRE-FRAPPER, (s') v. rec. to strike each other. ENTREGENT, entr-zen, s. m. adroit and

genteel way of pushing one's self forward in the world. Aroir de l'entregent, to know how to behave with every body.

ENTR'EGORGER, (s') v. rec. to cut one another's throat.

ENTRE-HEURTER, (s') v. ree. to knock one against another. Entrelacement, entr-las-mên, s. m.

mixture, twisting together, twist.

ENTRELACER, entr-la-sa, v. a. to intermingle, interlace, interweave, wind or twist with one another.

ENTRELACS, S. m. pl. loveknot.
ENTRELARDE, E, adj. interlarded, etc.
Viande entrelardee, marbled meat, streaked with fat and lean.

ENTRELANDER, entr-lar-da, v. a. to interlard, mix lean with fat; to interlard, intermix, insert, interweave.

ENTRE-LIGNE, entr-lign, s. f. interlinea-

Entrelire, v. a. to read eursorily. ENTRELOUER, (s') v. ree. to praise one

another.

ENTRELUIRE, v. n. to glimmer. Entre-manger, (s') sentr-men-za, v. ree. to eat together.

ENTREMÊLER, c'ntr-mê-là, v. a. to inter-mingle, intermix or insert. S'entremêler, v. r. to mix together.

ENTREMETS, entr-me, s. m. dainty dish, plates served at great men's tables just be-

fore the fruit. Entremetteu-R, se, s. m. & f. media-tor, mediatrix, manager between two parties, go-between

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

mettre) to intermeddle, interpose.

ENTREMISE, entr-mlz, s. f. interposition, mediation, procurement, means, help, assist-

Entremises, s. f. pl. Mar. straight and square pieces fayed to the timbers over the clamps from beam to beam in French men of war, in the same place where English shipbuilders put a horizontal or lodging knee.

Entremordre, (s') v. rec. to bite one

ENTRE-NUIRE, (s') sentr-nuir, v. rec. to hurt each other.

ENTREPARLER, (s') v. rec. to talk together.

ENTREPARLEUR, s. m. interlocutor. ENTREPAS, s. m. broken amble.

ENTRE-PERCER, (s') v. rec. to run each other through.

ENTREPONT, s. m. Mar. between-decks or interval between-decks. Les bâbordais à nettoyer l'entrepont, the larboard watch to clean the between-decks.

Entreposer, v. a. to place goods (that are to be carried elsewhere) in an entrepot.

ENTRE-POSEUR, s. m. person appointed

for selling goods in entrepot.

ENTREPOT, entr-po, s. m. staple, mart, emporium. Ville d'entrepôt, mart-town.

ENTRE-POUSSER, (s') v. ree. to push one another.

Entreprenant, e, entr-pre-nen, nent, dj. bold, venturesome, forward, rash.
Entreprendre, entr-prendr, v. a. (like

prendre) to undertake, take in hand, attempt or enterprise, take upon one's self; to set upon, attack, jeer. Entreprendre un bâtiment à prix fait, to undertake a building by the job. Entreprendre sur quelque chose, to encroach or intrench upon a thing, invade it. Entreprendre sur la vie de quelqu'un, to make an attempt upon one's life.

ENTREPRENEUR, entr-pre-neur, s.m. un-dertaker, undertaker of work by the job,

contractor.

Entrepreneuse, entr-pre-neuz, s. m. undertaker, woman that undertakes work and gets it done by others.

Entrepris, e, entr-pri, priz, adj. undertaken, etc.; impotent, that has lost the use of

his limbs; awkward.

Entreprise, s. f. undertaking, enterprise, attempt or design, contract or contractors; also attempt, encroachment. Etre dans les entreprises, to be in the contracting way or line; to be a contractor.

Entre-Quereller, (s') sentr-kê-rê-lâ,

v rec. to quarrel together.

ENTRER, en-tra, v.n. to enter, go in, come in get or step in; to engage in, to begin, to sit; to fall (in love, etc.) Entrer à table, to sit down at table. Il entre trois verges de drap à mon justaucorps, it takes three yards of cloth for my close coat. Ce poète entre bien dans les passions, that poet expresses the passions very well. Ce comédien entre bien dans le caractère de son personnage, that stage-player humours his part very well. Entrer dans sa vingtième année, to enter upon the twentieth year of one's age. Entrer dans le détail des choses, to come or descend to particulars. Entrer en possession to take

Entremettre, (s') sent-mêtr, v. r. (like || possession. Entrer dans les intérêts de quelqu'un, to side with one, espouse his interest. Entrer dans son sens or dans son sentiment, to embrace or follow or be of his opinion. Que rous entrez mal dans mes sentimens! how grossly you mistake my meaning! En-trer dans la pensée d'un auteur, to understand an author's meaning. Entrer dans les secrets de quelqu'un, to be admitted into one's secrets, he his confidant. Des médicamens où il entre de l'or et des pierreries, medicaments made (amongst other things) of gold and precious stones. Entrer en discours, to enter upon a discourse, to begin it. Entrer en procès, to begin a law-suit. Nous ne pûmes entrer dans le port qu'aux trois quarts du flot, Mar. we could not come (or get) into the harbour till the last quarter flood. Faire entrer un bâtithe last quarter flood. ment dans le bassin, to take a vessel into dock. Fair entrer la clef dans un mât de hune or de perroquet, to enter the fid of a topmast or top-gallant mast. Entre-regarder, (s') sentr-re-går-då,

v. rec. to stare at one another.

ENTRE-RÈGNE, V. Interrègne.

ENTRE-RÉPONDRE, (s') sentr-rà-pondr, v. rec. to answer one another.

ENTRE-SABORDS, s. m. pl. Mar. intervals between the ports of a ship's side.

Entre-saluer, (s') v. rec. to salute one another.

Entre-secourir, (s') sentr-se-kôo-rir, v. rec. to help each other.

ENTRE-sol, entr-sol, s. m. room upon the ground floor.

ENTRE-SOURCIL, s. m. space between the

eye-brows. Entre-suivre, (s') sentr-sûîvr, v. rec. (like suivre) to follow successively, to follow

each other. Entre-tailler, (s') v. r. to interfere, knock the legs one against the other (as a horse does.)

ENTRE-TAILLURE, s. f. galling of the legs

by their interfering.
ENTRE-TEMPS, entr-ten, s. m. mean while, mean time. Un heureux entre-temps, a favourable opportunity.

Entretenement, èntr-tên-mên, s. m. maintenance, keeping. V. Entretien. Entretenir, èntr-tê-nîr, v. a. (like tenir) to keep, preserve, maintain, continue; to keep up, keep in repair; to hold fast or together; to converse with, to entertain, amuse. Entretenir sa douleur, to include one's grief. Pour nous entretenir, as a matter of conversation. S'entretenir, v. r. to discourse or converse, to keep, continue or hold, keep one's self, etc. S'entretenir. Mar. to keep in the same position by manceuvring. Nous nous entretinmes bord sur bord, en attendant la marée, we held our own, making short tacks, waiting for the tide.

Entretenir. Un régiment entretenu sur

pied, a standing regiment.

ENTRETIEN, entr-tien, s. m. maintenance or keeping; conversation, discourse, talk; also company. Entretien de bouche et d'habits, company. Entretien de bouche charge of victuals and clothes. Les prairies sont de moindre entretien et de plus grand revenu, meadows are less chargeable and more productive., Entretiens spirituels, pious ex-

Fournir à l'entretien de quel- | gu'un, to find one in all his necessaries, to support or maintain or keep one.

ENTRETOILE, s. f. ornament of lace-work

between two pieces of linen.

Entretoise, s. f. a cross piece of wood. Entretoise d'affat, Mar. transom of a gun carriage. Entretoise du mât de beaupré, of partners to the bowsprit placed vertically (in French ships of war) at a small distance before its step, on the lower deck.

ENTRE-TOUCHER, (s') v. rec. to be conti-

ENTRETRAVERSER, (s') v. r. Mar. to bring the broadside to bear upon some adjacent

ENTRETUER, (s') sentr-td-a, v. rec. to kill

each other

ENTREVOIR, entr-vwar, v. a. (like voir) to see or discover a little, have but a glimpse of. S'entrevoir, v. rec. to see one another, visit one another, have an interview.

Entrevue, entr-vu, s. f. interview, meet-

ing, conference. Entr'ouir, entroo-îr, v. a. (like ourr) to overhear, or hear in an imperfect or indistinct manner.

ENTR'OUVERT, E, adj. opened half-way, half-open, but a little open, gaping, a-jar.

ENTR'OUVRIR, en-troo-vrir, v. a. (like ouvrir) to open but a tittle, open half-way.

S'entr'ouvrir, v. r. to open, gape. ENTURE, en-tur, s. f. place where the graft is joined to the tree; pl. steps of a kind of ladder.

ENULA-CAMPANA, s. f. elecampane. ENUMÉRATI-F, E, adj. that enumerates. ENUMÉRATION, ĉ-nd-mâ-râ-slou, s. f. enumeration, account.

ENUMÉRER, v. a. to enumerate.

ENVAHIR, en-va-îr, v. a. to invade, usurp, take by force.

*Envahissement, en-vå-is-men, s. m. invasion, usurpation.

ENVASER, (s') v. r. Mar. to stick in the mud. Voilà une galiote qui s'est envasée, there is a galliot stuck fast in the mud. ENVELOPPE, env-lop, s.f. cover, envelope.

Enveloppé, e, adj. wrapped up, covered, etc. dark, mysterious, reserved. Se trouver enreloppé dans de mauroises affaires, to beentangled or involved or engaged in a scurvy Discours enveloppé, perplexed, business. dark, intricate or confused discourse.

ENVELOPPEMENT, env-lop-men, s. m.

wrapping or folding up. ENVELOFFER, env-lô-på, v. a. to wrap up, cover or envelop, fold up; hem in, beset; to involve; to disguise. Envelopper un conte, to dress a smutty story in clean language. S'envelopper, v. r. to wrap one's self up, muffle one's self up.

Envenimen, env-ni-ma, v. a. to envenom, poison; (une plaie) make angry; (un discours) to poison, relate in an odious manner; (l'esprit de quelqu'un) to irritate, provoke, incense, exasperate one. S'envenimer, v. r. to fester or rankle.

Enverguer, en-ver-gå, une voile, Mar. to bend a sail (to its yard.) Ce brig envergue ses voiles, that brig is bending her sails.

ESVERGIRE, s. f. Mar. length of the yards of a ship 1 the extent or spread of the

sails upon them. Cette frégate a peu d'envergure, that frigate is by no means square rigged; also, extent of a bird's wings when flying.

Envers, ên-ver, prep. to or towards.

ENVERS, s. m. the wrong side. A l'envers, adv. the wrong side outward. Un homme qui à l'esprit à l'envers, a cross-grained genius. Etre couché à l'envers, to lie upon one's back.

Env1, ên-vî, s. m. vie (at cards.) A l'envi, lv. Etudier à l'envi, to study with emula-m. Ils travaillent à l'envi l'un de l'autre, tion. they strive who shall work most or best. font à l'enri qui sera le plus diligent, they strive who shall be most diligent.

Envire, ên-vl, s. f. envy; odium, hatred, blame; mind, desire, longing, faney, humour; longing (of women); mark (on children.) Avoir envie de faire, to have a mind or an inclination to do. Avoir envie d'éternuer et ne pouvoir le faire, to try in vain to sneeze. S'il lui prenoît envie de le faire, if he should take it into his head to do it. Si l'envie m'en prend, if the humour takes me. Je meurs d'enrie de le voir, I die with impatience to see him. On lui a donné l'envie de ce tableau, they have set him agog about that picture. L'envie lui prit d'aller à Rome, the fancy or humour took him to go to Rome. Cela fait envie, that makes one's mouth water. It ne'en a ôle 'l'envie, he has put me out of conceit with it. Jai quelque envie d'aller à la selle, I have a kind of motion to stool.

ENVIÉ, E, adj. envied. Une charge enviée de tout le monde, an office courted or desired

by every body. '
*Enviellli, e, adj. old, inveterate, of long standing.

Enviellir, v. a. to appear old. Envier, en-vi-à, v. a. to envy; to desire, like, wish for. Envier le point, to vie at the ruff (at cards.)

ENVIEU-X, SE, en-vî-eu, euz, adj. & s. envious, jealous, that envies, envious person. Son merite lui a fait des envieux, his merit has brought envy upon him.
Environ, en-vi-ron, prep. about, therea-

Environner, en-vî-rô-na, v. a. to environ, encompass, surround or stand about, encompass about. Environs, s. m. pl. environs, adjacent

parts, neighboring places. Envisager, en-vî-ză-zā, v. a. to look or

stare in the face; to look upon, consider. Envoi, en-vwa, s. m. sending; thing sent; couplet at the conclusion of a ballad or song. Envoisiné, E, èn-vwà-zî-nà, adj. that has

neighbours.

ENVOLER, en-vo-la, v. n. S'envoler, v. r. to fly away, wing it away, pass rapidly. Envoyé, E, èn-våw-yå, adj. sent.

Envoyé, s. m. envoy.

Envoyer, en-vwa-ya, v. a. to send. En-royer quérir, to send for. Mar. to send. Enroie des hommes en rigie, send hands to the mast-head. Envoyez, down with the helm.

EOLIPYLE, s. m. eolipyle.

EPACTE, å-påkt, s. f. epact. EPAGNEUL, E, å-på-gueul, s. m. & f. spaniel, spaniel dog or bitch.

EPAIS, SE, a-pè, pès, adj. thick. Esprit épais, dull heavy wit, blockhead

bar, bat, base: thère; êbb, ovêr: fleld, flg: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

EPAIS, s. m. thickness, thick. Pierre qui a deux pieds d'épais, a stone two feet thick. Il donna le premier dans le plus épais de la cavalerie, he was the first that fell amongst

the thickest of the cavalry.

EPAIS, adv. thick. Semer épais, to sow thick.

EPAISSEUR, à-pĉ-sĉur, s. f. thickness. Il y a trois doigts d'épaisseur, it is three inches thick. Entrer dans l'épaisseur d'un bois, to

fall into the thick of a forest.

EPAISSIR, å-pê-sîr, v. a. to thicken or make thick; v. n. S'épaissir, v. r. to thicken, grow

or become thick.

EPAISSISSEMENT, å-pê-sîs-mên, s. m.

thickening.

EPAMPREMENT, å-pempr-men, s. m. stripping of the vine (of its leaves.)

EPAMPRER, å-pen-prå, v. á. to strip off the useless leaves (said of the vine.)

EPANCHEMENT, å-pènsh-měn, s. m. effu-sion, shedding or pouring out. Epanchement de bile overflowing of the gall. Epanchement

de caur, opening or disclosing of one's heart.
EPANCHER, a-pèn-shà, v. a. to shed or
pour out. Epancher son cœur, to open or disclose one's heart. S'épancher, v. r. to over-

flow or diffuse itself.

EPANDRE, å-pendr, v. a. to shed or pour out, scatter, spread, disperse, sow, throw here and there. S'épandre, v. r. to be shed out, spread itself, be scattered or dispersed.

ERANDU, E, adj. shed, poured out, etc. V.

Epandre.

EPANOUI, E, adj. blown.
EPANOUI, (s') sā-pā-nôo-îr, v. r. to blow er blossom (as a flower.) Faire épanouir, to cause to bloom. Epanouir la rate, to make merry, cheer up.

EPANOUISSEMENT, å-på-nôo-is-mên.s. m. blowing (of flowers.) Epanouissement de

caur or de rate, cheerfulness.

EPARCET, s. m. sort of hay, the grain of which supplies the place of oats and barley. EPARER, (s') v.r. to throw or jork out with the heels, fling the heels out (as horses do.)

EPARGNANT, E. â-pâr-gnên, gnên, adj. sparing, saving, gôod husband or housewife. EPARGNE, **a-pârgn, s. f. savingness, husbandry, way of saving, parsimony; public treasury, exchequer. Tresorier de l'épargne, king's treasurer. Aller a l'épargne, user d'épurgne, to be saving, be a good husband, be close. Fure de l'épargne, to save or lay up. Epargne du temps, husbandry or economy or management of one's time.

EPARGNER, à-par-gna, v. a. to spare or husband, be saving or a good husband; to save or lay up; to spare, save or exempt. It n'epargue personne, he spares nobody, he rails at every body. S'épargner, v. r. to spare

one's self, avoid.

EPARPILLEMENT, å-pår-pil-men, s. m.

scattering or dispersing. EPARPILLER, å-pår-pl-lå, v. a. to scatter, scatter about, spread, throw here and there. S'éparpiller lu rate, to be merry.

Erans, r. a-par, pars, adj. scattered, dispersed. Elle marchoit les eheveux épars, she went with her hair dishevelled or loose.

EPARVIN, å-pår-vin, s. m. spavin. EPATÉ, å-på-tå adj. m. Ex. Verre épaté, glass with the foot broken. Nez épaté, broad, flat nose.

EPATER, a-pa-ta, v. a. to break the foot of (a glass.)
EPAULARD, s. m. large fish like the dol-

phin.

EPAULE, a-pol, s. f. shoulder; (of a bastion.) flank. Regarder quelqu'un par-dessus l'épaule to look down upon one with contempt. ter l'épaule à quelqu'un, to back, help or countenance one. Pousser le temps avec l'épaule, to make a shift to keep life and soul

together. EPAULÉ, E, å-po-lå, adj. broken shouldered, or whose shoulder is out of joint. V. Epou-

ler. Une bête épaulée, a cracked wench.

EPAULÉE, s. f. shouldering. Travailler à une chose par épaulées, to do a thing by fits and starts.

EPAULEMENT, å-pôl-mên, s. m. epaulment, shouldering piece or covert (in fortification;) demi-bastion.

EPAULER, å-po-là, v. a. to break or dislocate the shoulder; to shoulder up, prop; to help, back or countenance; (terme de guerre, or faire un épaulement) to cover with an epaulment. S'épauler, v. r. to put one's shoulder out of joint.

EPAULETTE, å-pò-iet, s. f. epaulet, shoul-

der strap, shoulder piece.

EPAULIÈRE, s. f. shoulder piece (of armour.)

EPAVE, å-pav, adj. strayed. Bête épare,

strayed beast; also drifted.

EPAVE, s. f. strayed beast. Epares, s. f. pl. Mar. wreck or whatever is thrown by the sea upon the coast and has no owner

EPEAUTRE, a-potr, s. m. kind of grain. Epée, à-pà, s. f. sword. Officier d'épée, ilitary officer. Epée romaine, feathers frizzled horse hair.) Passer l'épée au tramilitary Infiliary Greet. Epec. (frizzled horse hair.) Passer l'épée au travers du corps de quelqu'un, to run one through. Passer un fil de l'épée, to put to the sword, be put to the sword. Preudre l'épée, preudre l le porti or la profession des armes, to turn soldier. N'avoir que l'épée et la cope, to have little or nothing. La main de l'épée, horse-man's right hand. Mettre quelque chose du eôté de l'épée, to take a thing to one's self, sink it. Ils sont aux épécs et aux conteaux, they are at daggers drawing. Epée de mer, sword-fish.

EPELER, ap-la, v. a. to spell.

EPELLATION, s. f. the art of spelling. EPERDU, E, à pêr-dû, dù, adj. dismayed, astonished, in a maze, frighted.
EPERDUMENT, å pêr-dû-mên, adv. des-

perately, passionately, violently, extreme-

EPERLAN, å-per-len, s. m. smelt.

EPERON, å-pron. s. m. spur; buttress or arling. Donner un coup d'éperon à un starling. cheval, to clap spurs to a horse, spur a horse. Domons un coup d'éperon jusques là, let us gallop thither. Il a besoin d'éperon, il faut lui donner un coup d'éperon, he wants to be spurred. N'avoir ni bouche ni éperon, to have neither wit nor courage. Mar. head of a ship, beak; or more properly, cut water or knee of the head.

EPERONNÉ, E, adj. spurred.

EPERONNER, a-pro-na, v. a. to spur, put

EPERONNIER, E, å-pro-niå, ier, s. m. & f. spurrier, spur-maker or seller.

EPERVIER, å-per-vla, s. m. sparrow hawk, also sweep-net; and bandage for fractures of the nose.

EPERVIN, s. m. spavin.

EPHÈBE, s. m. a youth just come to the age of puberty.

EPHÈDRE, s. f. a sort of shrub; ancient wrestler

EPHÉLIDES, s. f. pl. a certain cuticular

disease. Ерне́мѐке, å-få-mèr, adj. ephemeral, of one day, or that lasts but one day. Fierre éphémère, ephemera, day ague, ague of one day. Cet ouvrage ne peut avoir qu'un succès éphémère, the success of that performance cannot be of long duration.

Ерне́ме́піреs, a-fa-ma-rid, s. f. pl. ephemeris, astronomical tables.

EPHÈTES, s. m. pl. Athenian magistrates who took cognizance of accidental murders. EPHIALTES, s. m. night-mare.

Ернов, s. m. ephod. Ернове, å-för, s. m. ephorus.

Ept, a-pi, s. m. ear (of grain;) also sort of bandage. Epi du vent, Mar. the wind's eye. EPIALE, adj. Ex. Fièvre épiale, fever in

which the patient feels hot and cold at the same time,

EPIAN, s. m. the yaws. EPICE, à-pis, s. f. spice. Pain d'épice, gin-

gerbread. Epices, the judges' fees in a cause.
EPICE, E, adj. spiced, seasoned with spices.
EPICE, s. m. Ex. Il n'aime ni salé ni épicé, he loves nothing that is either salted or spiced.

EPICENE, adj. epicene, of the common gender.

EPICER, å-pl-så, v. a. to spice or season with spices, also to charge exorbitant fees.

EPICÉRASTIQUE, adj. epicerastick. EPICERIE, å-pis-rl, s. f. spices, groceries. EPICIER, å-pi-sià, s. m. grocer.

EPICRANE, s. m. skin surrounding the skull. EPICURIEN, NE, å-pî-ků-riên, riên, epicurean.

EPICURIEN, s. m. epicure.

EPICURISME, s. m. epicurism. EPICYCLE, s. m. an epicycle. EPICYCLOIDE, s. m. epicycloid.

EPI-D'EAU, s. m. sort of plant that grows in marshy places.

EPIDÉMIE, å-pl-då-ml, s. f. epidemical

EPIDÉMIQUE, adj. epidemick, epidemical, generally prevailing.

EPIDERME, s. m. epidermis.

EPIDIDYME, s. m. epididymis.
EPIÉ, E, adj. eared, grown to an ear; spied, watched, dogged, narrowly observed.
EPIER, å-pl-å, v. n. to ear, grow to an ear,

Epier, v. a. to spy, watch, dog or obspire. serve.

EPIERRER, å-pîè-rà, v. a. to take away

the stones (from a garden.)
EPIEU, à-pleu, s. m. kind of javelin or spear.

EPIGASTRE, s. m. (terme de médecine) epigastrium.

EPIGASTRIQUE, adj. epigastrick.

EPIGEONNER, v. a. to work with thick plaster.

EPICLOTTE, à-pl-glot, s. f. epiglottis. EPIGRAMMATIQUE, a-pl-gra-ma-tik, s. epigramma scal.

EPIGRAMMATISTE, å-pi-grå-må-tist, s. m. epigrammatist or writer of epigrams.

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EPIGRAMME, s. f. epigram.

Еріскарне, å-pî-graf,s. f. epigraph, motto. Еріскатоїке, adj. tool that serves to pull out the hair, pluck off.

EPILEPSIE, å-pl-lép-sl, s. f. epilepsy. EPILEPTIQUE, å-pl-lép-tik, adj. epileptic. s. m. & f. one troubled with the epilepsy.

EPILER, v. a. to pluck off the hair. EPILOGUE, å-pî-lôg, s. m. epilogue or con-

clusion. EPILOGUER, å-pî-lô-gå, v. a. & n. to find

fault with, criticise upon, censure. EPILOGUER, à-pl-lô-geur, s. m. fault-find-

er, critic.
EPINARDS, a-pl-nar, s. m. pl. spinage.
EPINE, a-pln, s. f. thorn: prickle, rub, obstacle. Epine blanche, noble epine or aubegraph aw-thorn. Epine noire, black-thorn. Epine-vinette, barberry-tree, or barberry-bush. Epine du dos, backbone, spine. Epines, pl. difficult points, intricacies, quiddities, subtilties; crosses, troubles. Etrsur les épines, to be uneasy.

EPINETTE, å-pî-nêt, s. f. spinnet or vir ginals, pair of virginals. EPINEU-x, se, å-pî-nêu, nêuz, adj. thorny, prickly; crabbed, hard, difficult, full of difficulties.

EPINGARE, s. m. piece of ordnance for 8

ball not above a pound weight.

EPINGLE, à-pingl, s. f. pin. Eningles, a present. Pour les épingles de, as a present to. Pour ses épingles, by way of present. Tirer son épingle du jeu, to slip one's neck out ot the collar.

EPINGLETTE, s. f. priming-wire.

EPINGLIER, E, å-pîn-glî-å, èr, s.m. & f. pin-maker, one that sells pins.

EPINIÈRE, adj. relating to the back-bone. EPINIERS, s. m. thicket or grove of thorns. EPINOCHE, s. m. best sort of coffee, sort of fish.

EPINYCTIDES, s. f. pl. wheals which rise in the night on the skin.
EFIPHANIE, a-pi-fa-nl, s. f. epiphany or

twelfth day.

EPIPHONÈME, s. m. epiphonema. ЕРІРНОВЕ, s. f. epiphora. ЕРІРНУБЕ, s. f. epiphysis. ЕРІQUE, å-pik, adj. epick, heroick. ЕРІЗСОРАІ, E. å-pis-kö-pal, adj. episcopal, of or belonging to a bishop. La maison episcopale, the bishop's house or palace.

Episcopat, å-pîs-kô-på, s. m. episcopate. Episcopaux, å-pîs-kô-pô, s. m. pl. episcopalians or churchmen (in opposition to presbyterians.)

EPISODE, à-pl-zôde, s. m. episode.

EPISODIER, v. n. to make episodes. EPISODIQUE, å-pi-zo-dik, adj. episodick.

EPISPASTIQUE, adj. epispastick.

EPISSER, å-pl-så, v. a. Mar. to splice. Epissoin, å-pi-swar, s. m. Mar. marling

spike, fid, splicing fid. EPISSURE, a-pi-sur, s. f. splice.

EPISTOLIER, s. m. epistler, scribbler of letters; also one appointed to read the epistle in a cathedral.

EPISTOLAIRE, å-pls-to-ler, adj. episto-

Ерітарне, å-pl-tåf, s. f. epitaph.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

EPITASE, s. m. epitasis, development of | a play. EPITHALAME, å.pî-tå-låm, s. m. epithala-

mium, wedding song or poem.

EPITHÈME, s. m. epithem, outward appli-

Ерітнеть, å-pî-têt, s. f. epithet.

Ерітнұме, s. m. dodder (sort of herb.) Ерітоме, å-pî-tôm, s. m. epitome, abridgment.

EPITOMER, v. a. to epitomize or abridge.

EPÎTRE, â-pltr, s. f. epistle.

EPITROPE, s. m. arbitrator among the modern Greeks; point conceded.

EPLORÉ, E, å-plô-rå, adj. dissolved or bathed in tears, crying, all in tears.

EPLOYE, E, adj. spread, displayed (said of an eagle's wings, in heraldry.)

EPLUCHEMENT, å-plush-men, s. m. picking ar taking off of any thing superfluous, ma-

licious prying into.

EPLUCHER, à-plu-sha, v. a. to pick or cull; to prune or lop or cut the dead branches off; to scan, sift or examine; to cut off or pare the ends. S'éplucher, v. r. to free one's self from lice.

EPLUCIIEU-R, SE, å-plå-sheur, sheuz, s. m.

& f. picker, etc.

EPLUCHOIR, s. m. basket-maker's knife, (such as he makes use of to pare his work.)

EPLUCHURES, å-plå-shur, s. f. pl. pickings. EPODE, s. f. epode.

EPOINTER, å-pwin-tå, v. a. to take off the point, blun;

Epois, å-pwå, s. m. pl. trochings of deer. EPONGE, à-ponz, s. f. spunge. Passer l'éponge sur quelque chose de peint or d'écrit, to blot out a thing. Passons l'éponge là-dessus, let us wave that, let us not mind it. Presser l'éponge, to squeeze the spunge, make one refund.

EPONGER, v. a. to spunge.

EPONGIER, s. m. spunge bearer; loaded

with spunges.

EPONTILLE, s. f. Mar. stanchion, shore. Epontille des écoutilles, Samson's post. Epontille de la cale, pillars of the hold.

EPONTILLER, v. a. Mar. to prop or shore

Егоре́е, а-ро-ра, s. f. ерорее.

EPOQUE, a-pok, s. f. epoch, æra, period

of time. EPOUDRER, å-pôo-drå, v.a. to beat or brush

or wipe the dust off or from, clear from dust. EPOUFFER (s') v. r. to run away, steal

away, scamper away, scour off.
EPOUILLER, å-pôo-lå, v. a. to louse, rid
of lice. S'epouiller, v. r. to louse one's self.
EPOUMONNER, å-pôo-mô-nå, v. a. S'epou-

monner, v. r. to tire the lungs. EPOUSAILLES, à-pôo-zal, s. f. pl. espou-

sals, wedding or marriage, nuptials.

EPOUSE, a-pooz, s. f. bride, spouse, wife.

Le roi et la reine son épouse, the king and his

royal corsort.

EPOUSÉ, E. å-pôo-zå, adj. married, wedded. Une épousée, s. f. a bride.
EPOUSER, å-pôo-zå, v. a. to marry, wed or take in marriage; to espouse, embrace, take upon one's self. Eponser un parti, to take upon one's self. Eponser un parti, to side with a party. Eponser, v. n. to marry, etwed. Séponser, to marry each other. Erouseu-R, s. k. a-poo-zêur, zèuz, s. m. fleas.

&.f. one that has a mind to marry, one that makes love with a design to marry

EPOUSSETER, å-pôos-tå, v. a. to brush or wipe off the dust; to bang, beat.
*EPOUSSETTE, å-pôo-sét, s. f. brush.
EPOUVANTABLE, å-pôo-vén-tabl, adj.
dreadful, horrid, frightful, terrible, ghostly, horrible, marvellous, strange, incredible, excessive.

EPOUVANTABLEMENT, å-poo-ven-tablmen, adv. dreadfully, horribly, frightfully, excessively.

EPOUVANTAIL, å-pôo-ven-tål, s.m. scare-crow, bugbear. pl. Epouvantails.

EPOUVANTE, å-poo-vent, s. f. fright, terror, fear. Donner de l'épouvante, to fright. Prendre l'épouvante, to be frightened, take the alarm.

EPOUVANTÉ, E, adj. frighted, scared, ter-

rified, in a great fright.

EPOUVANTEMENT, s. m. fright, terror.

EPOUVANTER, å-poo-ven-tå, v. a. to fright, scare, terrify, put in fear or in a fright. S'épouvanter, v. r. to be frighted or scared, take the alarm.

EPOUX, å-pôo, s. m. bridegroom, new-married man, spouse, husband, Epoux, couple, man and wife. L'Hymen fit de ces amans les époux les plus fortunés, Hymen made these lovers the most happy couple. Il consentit que ces amans fussent époux, he consented that these lovers should be man and wife.

EPREINDRE, å-prindr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to strain, wring, express, squeeze

out, (juice, etc.)

EPREINT, E, adj. strained, wrung, squeezed out.

EPREINTE, å-print, s. f. griping pain caused

by a tenesmus; dung of the otter.

EPRENDRE, (s') så-prendr, v. r. (like prendre) seldom used except in the infinitive, past participle, and compound tenses. Ex. Il est épris de sa beauté, he is taken or smitten

with her beauty. V. Epřis.

Epreuve, å-preuv, s. f. trial, proof, experiment, experience; trial, affliction, temperature. perment, experience; trial, atmetion, temperation; (with printers) proof, revise. A Vepreure de, proof against, beyond the reach of, or above. A Vepreure de la pluie, proof against the rain. A Vepreure du mousquet, musket proof. Il est à Vepreure du tout, il est à toute épreure, he is proof against all tempetations whatsoever. Sa vertu est à Vepreure (or au-dessus) de la médisance, his virtue is plant des des constitutes de la velocité de constitute de la velocité de above slander or above the reach of slander. Il n'est point û l'épreuve de la raillerie, he cannot bear a jest. Je suis à toute épreure votre très-humble serviteur, I am upon all occasions your most humble servant.

Epris, E, a-pri, priz. adj. taken, posscss-ed, inflamed, smitten. V. Eprendre.

EPROUVER, å-prôo-vå, v. a. to try, experience, prove; to make the trial or experiment of, find by experience. Il a éprouvé l'une et l'autre fortune, he has gone through good and bad fortune.

EPROUVETTE, å-proo-vet, s. f. surgeon's

Probe; machine to prove gun-powder.

EPTACORDE, s. f. lyre with seven strings.

EPUCER, å-pů-så, v. a. to flea, clean from S'épucer, v. r. to look for, and catch

EPUISABLE, å-půî-zabl, adj. that may be !! exhausted.

Epuisé, E, adj. exhausted, drained, emp-id, etc. Terre épuisée, piece of ground out tied, etc.

of heart. EPUISEMENT, å-pålz-mên, s. m. exhausting or wasting (of one's strength) weakness, faintness, draining, wasting. L'épuisement des finances, the exhausting of the king's treasure. Je sens un tel épuisement, que je ne suis comment réparer mes forces, I find myself so exhausted, so weak or so faint that I know not how to recover my strength.

Epuiser, å-pûl-zå, v. a. to drain, empty; to waste, exhaust, spend or consume, drain; to exhaust (a subject;) to tire, wear out. Epuiser d'hommes tout un pays, to exhaust a country of men, to depopulate a country.

EPULONS, s. m. pl. sort of Roman priests.

EPULOTIQUE, adj. epulotick.

EPURE, s. f. large plan of a building. EPURE, E. à-pù-rà, adj. refined, clear, orged. Raison épurée, clear or sound reapurged. Avoir une vue trèsson, refined judgment.

épurée, to be clear sighted.

EPURER, à-pû-rå, v. a. to refine, clear, purge; (un audeur) to clear from smutty expressions. S'épurer, v. r. to become finer,

refined or purified. Epurge, s. f. spurge (a plant.)
EQUARRIR, å-kà-rîr, v. a. to square.
EQUARRISSAGE, å-kà-rî-sâz, s. m. square-

ness, squaring. Mar. square of a piece of timber. Cette pièce de bois a 18 pouces d'équarrissage, that piece of timber is 18 inches square.

EQUARRISSEMENT, s. m. squaring. EQUARRISSOIR, a-ka-ri-swar, s. m. small square instrument, for drilling metals.

EQUATEUR, å-kwå-teur, s. m equator,

equinoctial line. EQUATION, a-kwa-sion, s. f. equation. EQUERRAGE, s. m. Mar. bevil of a ship's timbers. Angle d'équerrage, bevil. Travailler une pièce de bois d'après son équerrage, to bevil a piece of timber.

Equerre, å-ker, s. f. rule, square, car-penter's rule. Pièce à l'équerre, square piece Pièce à fausse équerre, piece out of timber. of square.

EQUESTRE, å-kůestr, adj. on horseback, equestrian. Statue équestre, figure on horse-

back. Ordre équestre, order of knighthood. Equiangle, å-kûî-èngl, adj. equiangular. Equidistant, E, å-kûî-dis-tèn, tènt, adj. equidistant, parallel.

Equilateral, E, å-kål-lå-tå-rål, or Equilateral, Ed, di, cquilateral, Equilatera, å-kå-libr, s. m. equilibrium or equal balance. Mettre en équilibre, tenir dans l'équilibre, to put or hold in balance, keep the balance even betwixt parties. Faire l'équilibre, to balance.

Equinoxial, E, å-kî-nôk-sîâl, adj. equinocual. Ligne équinoxiale, equinoctial line,

equator, line.

Equinoxial, s. m. equator. Equinoxe, à-kl-nöks, s. m. equinox. Equipage, à-kl-pàz, s. m. equipage, at-

tire, jurniture, attendance, servants; tools, implements, gear; (d'artillerie) train; (d'un vaisseun) crew, men. company; (habille-ment) garb, dress. Faire dejeuner or diner l'equipage, Mar. to let the ship's company go to breakfast or dinner. Etre en maurais, en

pauvre, on triste équipage, to be at an ill pass, be in a sorry condition.

Equipée, å-kl-på, s. f. foolish enterprise.

EQUIPÉMENT, å-klp-mên, s. m. Mar. fitting out or out-fit (provisions and stores of a

ship) equipment

EQUIPER, à-kî-pa, v. a. to equip, furnish, accourre, set forth or set out, provide with necessaries. Equiper un vaisseau, Mar. to fit out a ship, man and provide a ship with whatever is necessary. Equiper une flotte, to fit out a fleet.

EQUIPET, s. m. Mar. locker, small open locker.

Equipollence, å-kl-pôl-lèns, s. f. equipollence.

EQUIPOLLENT, à-kî-pôl-lèn, adj. equipollent, equivalent, of like value, that balances

EQUIPOLLENT, s. m. of equal value, equivalent. A l'équipollent, adv. proportionably. in proportion.

Equipoller, å-kl-pol-lå, v. a. to be of the like value, be equivalent, balance or counterbalance.

Equi pro quo, s. m. V. Quiproquo. EQUITABLE, a-ki-tabl, adj. equitable, just.

righteous.

EQUITABLEMENT, å-kî-tabl-men, adv.

equitably, justly. EQUITATION, s. f. riding, horsemanship. EQUITE, å-kl-tå, s. f. equity, justice, right

and reason. EQUIVALEMMENT, adv. in an equivalent

manner. EQUIVALENT, E, a-kl-va-len, lent, adj. equivalent, of equal value.

Equivalent, s./m. equivalent. Equivaloir, å-hì-vå-lwar, (à,) v. n. (like valoir) to be of equal value.

Equivoque, å-kl-vok, adj. equivocal, ambiguous, doubtful, that has a double mean-

ing; allusive.
EQUIVOQUE, s. f. equivocation, double meaning, errour or mistake. Faire des équi-

voques, user d'équiroque, to equivocate.
Equivoques, å-là-vô-kà, v. n. to equivocate, speak ambiguously. S'équiroquer, v. r. to use one word instead of another which would be the proper.

ERABLE, å-rabl, s. m. maple or maple-tree.

ERADICATION, s. f. eradication.

ERADICATI-F, ve. adj. eradicative. ERAFLER, å-ra-slå, v. a. to scratch slightly, graze upon. ERAFLURE, å-rå-flur, s. f. slight scratch.

ERAILLÉ, E. adj. frayed. Œil éraillé, bloodshot eye.

ERAHLER, a-ra-la, v. n. & a. S'érailler, v. r. to fray or fret. Mar. to gall, chafe, grow thin. Le perroquet de fougue commence à s'érailler, the mizen-topsail begins to grow thin; cette manœuvre est beaucoup éraillée, that rope is very much chafed.

ERAILLURE, à-rå-lur, s. f. fraying or be

ing frayed, thing frayed.

ERATÉ, E, adj. whose milt or spleen has been taken out; brisk, mcrry, jovial, sprightly. ERATER, å-rå-tå, v. a. to take away or out

the milt or spleen of. Ere, er, s. f. æra, epceh.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

ERECTEUR, s. m. (in anatomy) erector. ERECTION, a-rek-slon, s. f. erection, erecting or raising; institution, establishing or establishment.

EREINTER, å-rin-tå, v. a. & v. r. to break the back; to fatigue one's self.

ERÉMITIQUE, adj. eremitical.
ERÉSYPÈLE, à-rà-zl-pèl. V. Erysipèle.
ERGO, dr.gd., s. m. ergo, therefore, wherefore. ERGO GLU, Quid tum? Where is the
consequence? What of all that?

RRGOT, er-go, s. m. spur. Se lever sur ses

ERGOTER, E., adj. spurred.
ERGOTER, E., adj. spurred.
ERGOTER, E., dj. spurred.
ERGOTER, E., dj. spurred.
ERGOTEUR, E., die v., to wrangle, eavil.
ERGOTEUR, e., pert disputant.

ERIGER, a-ri-za, v. a. to set up, erect, raise; consecrate, establish. S'ériger en, v. r. to set up for, take upon one or pretend to be.

ERMIN, s. m. custom or duty (in the Levant) on imports and exports. ERMITAGE, er-mî-taz, s. m. hermitage, so-

litude, desert.

ERMITE, er-mit, s. m. hermit, eremite. EROSION, a-ro-zlon, s. f. erosion.

EROTIQUE, å-rô-tîk, adj. erotick. Délire otique, love melancholy. Ecrits érotiques, érotique, love melancholy. romances, love tales.

ERRANT, E, er-ren, rent, adj. wandering, vagrant, going up and down; erroneous. Chevalier errant, knight-errant. Chevalerie errante, knight-errantry. Etoile errante, planet.

ERRATA, er-ra-ta, s. m. errata. ERRATIQUE, adj. wandering, wild. Feux erratiques, wandering or wild fires. Etoiles

erratiques, planets.

*ERRE, ĉr, s. f. rate (of walking, riding, iling.) Aller grande erre, to go at a great sailing.) rate, go very fast. Mar. slow or quick sailing of a ship.

*ERREMENS, èr-mèn, s. m. pl. reprendre les derniers erremens or erres d'une affaire, to

resume an affair. V. Erres.

ERRER, êr-rà, v. n. to wander, ramble, rove or go about; to err, be in an errour, be out, mistake.

ERRES, s. f. pl. steps, traces, tracks.

ERREUR, er-reur, s. f. errour or mistake; fault, folly, misconduct. Les erreurs d'Ulysse, the wanderings and travels of Ulysses.

ERRONE, E, er-ro-na, adj. erroneous, false.

ERRONÉMENT, adv. erroneously. ERS, er, s. m. the bitter vetch or fitch.

ERTE, ex. Coucher à l'erte (or à l'air,) to lie in the open air. A l'erte, V. Alerte. ERUCTATION, s. f. eructation. ERUDITION, å-rå-di-slon, s. f. erudition.

ERUGINEU-x, SE, adj. eruginous. ERUPTION, à-rûp-sion, s. f. eruption. ERYNGE, s. m. eringo (a plant.)

ERYSIPÉLATEU-X, SE, adj. of or belonging to the erysipelas.

ERYSIPÈLE, s. m. erysipelas, St. Anthony's fire.

Es, ez, a contraction of en and les, signifying in the. It is only used in the phrase Maitre ès arts, Master of arts, and a few law

Escabeau, s. m. es-ka-bo, Escabelle, es-ka-bel, s. f. joint stool.

Escabellon, es-kå-bê-lon, s. m. pedestal.

ESCACHE, s. f. scatch (sort of bit.)
ESCADRE, es-kådr, s. f. Mar. squadron,
fleet. Escadre légère, flying squadron. Esca-

dre d'observation, fleet of observation. dre d'évolution, fleet fitted out for the express purpose of exercising and practising naval evolutions.

ESCADRILLE, s. f. Mar. little squadron. ESCADRON, es-kå-dron, s. m. squadron (of

horse.)

ESCADRONNER, es-kå-dro-nå, v. n. to form into squadrons.

ESCAFIGNON, s. m. stink of one's feet. ESCALADE, és-kå-låd, s. f. escalade, scaling or scalade.

ESCALADER, és-kà-là-dà, v. a. to scale,

storm, carry by escalade.

Escale, s. f. Mar. faire escale, to anchor.
Escalier, es-kå-liå, s. m. stairs or stair-

case. Escalin, es-kå-lin, s. m. shilling, (a Low-

country coin, worth about eleven cents.) Escamore, es-ka-mot, s. f. juggler's cork

ESCAMOTER, v. a. to palm, secrete a die or card by slight of hand, to filch or pilfer away.

ESCAMOTEU-R, SE, ês-kâ-mô-têur, teuz, s.m. & f. sharper, filcher or pilferer.

ESCAMPER, v. n. to scamper away.

ESCAMPETTE, es-kan-pei, s. f. Prendre de la poudre d'escampette, to scamper away.
ESCAPADE, és-kâ-pâd, s. f. escapade, fling
of a horse. Faire une escapade, to fling. Mad

prank (of a boy, etc.)

ESCAPE, s. f. shaft of a column next the base. ESCARBALLE, s. f. elephant's tooth weigh-

ing twenty pounds or under.

ESCARBILLARD, E, ČS-kar-bi-lar, lard, adj. & s. brisk, sprightly, merry, jovial, gay, good-humoured.

ESCARBOT, es-kar-bo, s. m. a beetle, maybug, chafer.

Escarboucle, es-kar-bookl, s. f. carbun-

*Escarbouiller, v. a. to squash, bruise or crush flat.

*Escarcelle, es-kar-sel, s. f. purse.

ESCARGOT, ĉs-kar-gô, s.m. snail, shell-snail. ESCARGOTÓIRE, s. f. escargotoire. ESCARLINGUE, V. Carlingue. ESCARMOUCHE, ĉs-kar-môosh, s.f. skirmish.

ESCARMOUCHER, Es-kar-moo-sha, v. n. S'escarmoucher, v. r. to skirmish. Escarmoucheur, es-kar-moo-sheur, s.m.

skirmisher. ESCAROTIQUE, V. Escharotique.

ESCARPE, es-karp, s. f. scarp (of a ditch.)

ESCARPÉ, E, es-kar-pa, adj. steep.

ESCARPENENT, s. m. declivity. ESCARPER, es-kar-pa, v. a. to cut steep

ESCARPIN, es-kar-pin, s. m. pump, (sort of shoe;) in pl. sort of torture.

ESCARPINER, v. n. to run swiftly.

ESCARPOLETTE, es-kar-pô-lêt, s. f. swing or flying chair.

ESCARRE, es-kar, s. f. eschar; also, gap (made by artillery in the enemy's ranks;) and sort of polypus.

ESCAVESSADE, s. f. check to a horse, jerk with the cavesson.

ESCAUT, s. m. (the river) Scheld.

ESCHAROTIQUE, adj. & s. m. escharotick, p

*Escient, &-sien, s. m. Ex. à bon escient, in good earnest, seriously. A son escient,

knowingly. ESCLANDRE, es-kleudr, s. m. disaster, mis-

fortune.

ESCLAVAGE, es-kla-vaz, s. m. slavery, bondage, servitude

ESCLAVE, es-klav, s. m. & f. slave. Etre esclave de, to be a slave to.

ESCLAVONIE, s. f. Sclavonia.

*Escorrion, s. m. a woman's head gear. Escogriffe, es-kô-grif, s. m. shark or spunger, one that is ever upon the catch. Uu grand escogriffe, a tall, shabby, ill-looking

ESCOMPTE, es-kont, s. m. discount or de-

duction.

ESCOMPTER, es-kon-ta, v. a. to discount

or deduct.

Escondire, v. a. to excuse.

Escop, & Escoupe, s. m. Mar. Escop à main, scoop, wooden shovel, boat's scoop. Escop à vaisseau or grand escop, skeet.
Escoperche, s. f. machine to raise bur-

dens, etc.

Escopette, es-kô-pet, s.f. sort of carabine. ESCOPETTERIE, s. f. volley or discharge

ESCORTE, es-kort, s. f. a guard or convoy, escort. Les bâtimens sous notre escorte marchent très-mal, the vessels under our convoy

sail very badly. Escorter, es-korta, v. a. to guard, es-

cort, convoy.

Escot, s. m. lower angle of a latteen sail; piece of slate attached to a bench.

ESCOUADE, es-kwad, s. f. third part of a company of foot.

ESCOUPE, s. f. miner's shovel.

Escourgfe, es-kôo-zà, s. f. whip, seourge, cat-o'-nine tails.

ESCOURGEON, es-koor-zon, s. m. sort of

early barley; strap of leather.

Escousse, es-koos, s. f. spring or run bere a leap. Fuire une escousse, to take a fore a leap. spring or run.

ESCRIME, es-krim, s. f. fencing, tilting. ESCRIMER, es-kri-ma, v. n. to fence, tilt. Escrimer l'un contre l'autre, sur quelque matière d'érudition, to dispute or debate upon a point of learning, to engage in a trial of learning with another. S'escrimer de quelque chose, v. r. to dabble in a thing or have a lit-tle notion of. Faites-vous des vers? Je m'en escrime quelque fois, do you make verses? yes, sometimes. Joue-t-il du luth? Il s'en escrime un peu, does he play upon the lute? yes, a little.

ESCRIMEUR, ês-crî-mêur, s. m. fencer. Escroc, ês-krô, s. m. shark or sharper, spunger, one that is upon the catch.

Escroquer, és-krô-ka, v. a. to shark, sharp or spunge, trick or chouse out of.

ESCROQUERIE, es-krok-rl, s. f. sharking, spunging.

Escroqueur, se, és-krô-kêur, kèuz, s. m. & f. shark or sharper or spunger. Esopнась, å-zð-fåz, s. m. weasand, gul-

let or mouth of the stomach.

ESPACE, es-pas, s. m. space or distance, (either of time or place.)

ESPACÉ, E, adj. distanced, set at a convenient distance, spaced (in printing.)

ESPACEMENT, es-pas-men, s. m. space, distance.

ESPACER, ĉs-pà-sà, v. a. to distance, set at a convenient distance; to space (in printing.) ESPADER, s. m. brake (for dressing fax.) ESPADER lechance, to tew or beat (hemp.)

Espadon, es-pa-don, s. m. two-handed sword, French back-sword; also sword-fish.

ESPADONNER, es-på-dô-na, v. n. to fight with the back-sword.

ESPAGNE, s. f. Spain.

ESPAGNOL, espa-gnol, s. m. Spaniard, ESPAGNOL, E., adj. Spanish; langue Espa-gnole, Spanish, Spanish language.

ESPAGNOLETTE, es-pa-gno-let. s. f. sort of rateen, also a sort of iron work for windows. ESPALE, s. f. space between the poop and first seat of rowers in a galley.

ESPALIER, és-pâ-lià, s. m. espalier, hedgerow of fruit-trees set close together against a fence or wall, etc., he that rows with the first oar in a galley.

ESPALIER, v. a. un arbre, to spread a tree

in a hedge-row. Espal-ma, v. a. Mar. Espalmer in bâtiment or in batean, to pay a ship's or boat's bottom; to careen.
ESPARGOUTTE, s. f. a sort of lily of the

valley.

ESPARRES, s. f. pl. Mar. spars. ESPARTE, s. f. V. Spartan. ESPATULE, es-pa-tal, s. f. spatula or slice;

sort of flag (an aquatic plant.) ESPÈCE, és-pès, s. f. species, kind, sort; (in law,) case or cause. Espèces, pl. forms or images (of sensible objects;) goods, commo-

dities; specie, money, coin. ESPÉRANCE, ès-pa-rens, s. f. hope, expecta-tion, trust. Un enfant de grande espérance,

a very hopeful child.

ESPÉRER, es-på-rå, v. a. to hope, hope for, trust, expeet, promise one's self.

ESPERLUCAT, E, adj. & s. brisk, jovial, merry, pert.

Espiègle, és-plègl, adj. & s. m. & f. wag, waggish, lively, roguish.

Epièglerie, és-plègl-rl. s. f. waggish

trick, roguish prank, waggery, roguery.

Espion, es-plon, s. m. spy, informer. ESPIONNAGE, es-piò-naz, s. m. the being a

spy, informing. Espionne, es-plon, s. f. spy.

Espionner, es-plo-na, v. n. to be a spy,

ESPLANADE, es-pla-nad, s. f. esplanade or glaeis

ESPOIR, es-pwar, s. m. hope (more used in

the elevated than fumiliar style.) Esponton, es-pon-ton, s. m. kind of half

pike. ESPRINGALE, s. f. a sort of sling used in

former times.

ESPRIT, es-pri, s. m. spirit; ghost, soul, mind; wit, imagination, fancy; seuse, judgmmen, discretion; genius, talent; person, man or woman; spirit, principle, motive, way, character or sense (of an author;) genius, humour, temper; (and in pleasontry) kidney; the mark of aspiration (in Greek.) Un bel esprit, a wit, a genius. Un esprit fort, a free-thinker. Le St. Esprit, the bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : fleld. fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

ingenious man, a man of parts. Avoir l'es-prit malin or malicieux, to be mischievous or unlucky. Avoir l'esprit mal fait or de travers, to be an ill-contrived or a cross grained genius or man. Etre bien dans l'esprit de quelqu'un, to be in onc's favour. Il craint que je ne le détruise dans votre esprit, he fears I should ruin him in your esteem. L'impiété perd les jeunes esprits, irreligion is the ruin of youth. Esprits vituux et animaux, vital and animal spirits. Reprendre ses esprits, to recover one's self, come to one's self again.

ESPURGE, s. f. spurge (a plant.) Esquif, es-kif, s. m. Mar. skiff, yawl. Esquille, es-kil, s. f. splinter of a broken bone.

Esquinancie, es-ki-nen-sl, s. f. squinancy or quinsy, sore throat.

Esquine, s. f. back (of a horse, etc.;) sort

of plant.

Esquipor, es-kl-po, s. m. barber's moneybox

Esquisse, es-kis, s. f. sketch, rough draught.

Esquisser, es-kl-sa, v. a. to sketch.
Esquiver, es-kl-va, v. a. to eschew, shun, avoid. S'esquiver, v. r. to run, steal away, give one the slip. Faire esquiver quelqu'un, to help one to make his escape.

Essat, ê-se, s. m. essay, proof, trial, exeriment, attempt; taste, sample; taster, little tasting cup; essay, specimen. Faire l'essai de (l'or or de l'argent,) to assay or try (gold or silver.) Faire l'essai d'un canon, to prove a cannon.

Essaie, s. f. root made use of in India to dye scarlet.

Essaim, e-sin, s. m. swarm.

Essaimer, ê-sê-mâ, v. n. to swarm. Cette ruche a essaime, that hive has swarmed.

Essanger, ê-sen-zâ, v.a. to wet foul linen l efore washing. Essarter, e-sår-tå, v. a. to assart or grub

YP.
ESSAYER, ĉ-sĉ-ya, v. a. to try, essay or assay, experiment; to taste. Essayer d'une say, experiment Essayer de faire, to chose, to try a thing. Essayer de faire, to try or endeavour or attempt to do. Essayer à faire, to try towards doing. S'essayer, v. r. to try or endeavour, to try one's strength or ability. S'essayer avec un vaisseau, Mar. to try a ship's sailing against another.

Essayerie, s. f. assaying place (in the

moint.)

Essaveur, ê-sê-yêur, s. m. assayer (an officer of the mint.)
Esse, ês, s. f. the letter S; piece of iron like an S (used to hold together decayed buildings;) iron to hold stones in raising them. Esses d'affût, fore locks of gun carriage wheels or trucks, linch pin.

Esseau, s. m. small, curved hatchet;

board to cover roofs.

Essence, e-sens, s. f. essence, nature, substance, being; aromatick oil extracted from flowers, etc.

Essentif, LE, e-sen-siel, adj. essential, natural; roal, particular; necessary.

Essentiel, s. m. main point or chance, essential part.

Essentiellement, e-sen-siel-men, adv.

Un homme d'esprit, a witty or || essentially, naturally, of itself, of its own na-

ture, particularly, entirely.
*Esseule, e, e-seu-la, adj. lonesome, lest

alone.

Essieu, s. m. axle-tree, second vertebra of the neck. Essieu de poulie, Mar. pin of a block. Essieu d'affût, axle-tree of a guncarriage.

Essimen, v. a. to make a bird grow lean that it may thy better.

Esson, e-sor, s. m. flight or soaring up (of a bird of prey.) Downer l'essor à l'oiseau, to let a lawk soar or fly. Essor d'inagina-tion, flight of fancy. Donner l'essor à son imagination, to let one's fancy ramble. Prendre l'essor, to soar up, fly high; to fly or wing it away; to take wing or throw off subjection.

Essorer, è-sò-rà, v. a. to air; s'essorer, to soar up or aloft

ESSORILLER, e-so-ri-la, v. a. to crop the ears; to crop the hair.

Essouffle, e, adj. out of breath. Essouffler, e-soo-fla, v. a. to put out of

breatl:.

Essui, e-såi, s. m. drying place or weather.

ESSUIE-MAIN, ê-sôl-min, s. m. towel.
ESSUYER, ê-sôl-yâ, v. a. to wipe, wipe off, wipe away; to dry, dry up; to bear, undergo, endure or go through, meet with, be exposed Le vent essuie les chemins, the wind dries up the ways. Essuyer un refus, to be repulsed or denied; take the foil. On essuie souvent de très-fortes rafales en entront dans False-Boie, very heavy squalls are often met

raise-Bose, very heavy squalls are often met with in going into False-Bay.

Est, est, s. m. east. D'est, easterly, eastern.

De l'est, à l'est, eastern. Le plus a l'est, easternmost. Vers l'est, eastward. Ect (il est, elle est, etc.) V. Etre.

ESTACADE, És-tâ-kâd, s. f. staccado or palisade.

palisade.

ESTAFFE, s. f. contribution-money paid at faro or other games

ESTAFETTE, Es-tâ-fêt, s. f. express, courier. ESTAFIER, Es-tâ-fîa, s. m. footman in livery.

ESTAFILADE, es-ta-fi-lad, s. f. slash, cut. ESTAFILADER, ës-tå-fî-lå-då, v. a. to slash.

ESTAIN, s. m. Mar. fashion piece, lower part of the fashion pieces of the stern. tain dévoyé, cant fashion piece. ESTAME, és-tâm, s. f. worsted.

Bas d'estame, worsted stockings.

ESTAMINET, s. m. ale-house; club or society of people who meet for drinking and

smoking. ESTAMPE, es-tenp, s. f. cut or print, stamp,

impress. ESTAMPER, es-ten-pa, v. a. to stamp; to

ESTAMPILLE, s. f. excise stamp or any mark or cipher, stamped on commissions, patents, paper, etc.

ESTAMPILLER, v. a. to mark with a stamp

ESTER à droit, to make one's appearance before the judge. Ester à jugement, to plead in one's own name.

Estère, s. f. rush mat.

ESTERLET, s.m. aquatick bird. ESTERLIN, s. m. weight of 28 1-2 grains. ESTEUBLE or ESTEULE, s f stubble.

ESTIMABLE, ës-ti-mabl, adj. of value, much to be valued, estimable. ës-ti-mabl, adj. of great |

ESTIMATEUR, és-tî-ınâ-têur, s. m. prizer, esteemer, valuer, rater. Estimation, és-tl-má-slon, s. f. estimate,

estimation, rating, prizing, valuation. ESTIMATIVE, s. f. discerning faculty, or

judgment. ESTIME, estlm, s. f. esteem, value, account, regard; reckoning (of a ship.)

ESTIMÉ, E, adj. esteemed, etc. pas estimé, he is a man of no estcem. Route

éstimée, Mar. dead reckoning. Estimer, és-tî-mã, v. a. to estimate, value, prize, rate; to esteem or value, have an esteem or value for, make an account of; to believe, think or look upon, suppose or reckon. Estimer, v. a. & S'estimer, v. r. Mar. to value, reckon; à combien vous estimez-vous de la terre? how far do you reckon yourself from the land?

ESTIOMENE, adj. any thing that gnaws,

corrodes, etc. corrosive.

Estive, es-tlv, s. f. Mar. trimming (of a ship, etc.) Mettre un bateau en estive, to trim a

Estiver le chargement d'un navire, v. a.

Mar. to screw down a vessel's cargo.

Estoc, és-tôk, s. m. stock, pedigree, descent: long rapier, point of a sword, trunk of a tree. Brin d'estoc, quarter-staff, pole. Cela n'est pas de son estoc, that does not come from him, he is not the author or inventor of that. Frapper d'estoc et de taille, to thrust with the point and strike with the edge. Couper un arbre à blanc estoc, to cut a tree even

with the ground.
*Estocade, es-to-kad, s. f. rapier, also thrust, pass. Allonger une estocade, to bor-

row money without an intent to pay.

ESTOCADER, es-tô-kå-då, quelqu'un, v. a. to dun one. v. n. & S'estocader, v. r. to tilt or thrust, make passes at one another, fight.

ESTOMAC, Es-tô-mã, s. m. stomach; breast. ESTOMAQUER, (s') ses-tô-mã-kã, v. r. to

stomach; resent.

ESTRADE, és-tråd, s. f. estrade, alcove. Battre l'estrade, to go about to get intelli-gence, scout. Batteurs d'estrade, scouts.

ESTRAGON, ĉs-trå-gon, s. f. tarragon (herb.) ESTRAMAÇON, ĉs-trå-må-son, s. m. back-

sword or quarter-staff, also edge of a sword. ESTRAMAÇONNER, ČS-trå-må-sð-nå, v. n. to play or fight at quarter-staff or back-sword.

ESTRAPADE, ês-trâ-pâd, s. f. strappado. Se donner l'estrapade, donner l'estrapade à son esprit, to put one's brains upon the rack or stretch; puzzle one's brains.

ESTRAPADER, es-tra-pa-da, v. a. to give

the strappado. ESTRAPASSER, v. a. to tire out, harass a

ESTRAPER, v. a. to mow the stubble.

ESTRAPOIRE, s. m. instrument to mow stubble.

ESTRAPONTIN, s. m. cricket or loose seat, (to be put in the fore part of a coach on occa-

sion;) hammock or sea-bed.

ESTROP, s. m. Mar. strop, etc. Estrop de poulie, block strop. Estrop de cordage, rope strop. Estrop de canon, strop applied to the breech of a gun. Estrop d'affât, strop in the train of a gun carriage (to which the train

tackles are hooked in French ships of war.) Estrop de rame, grommet of an oar. Estrop (servant à rider les haubans, etc.) selvagee (used in setting up the rigging, etc.)
ESTROPER, v. a. Mar. to strop.

ESTROPIAT, s. m. lame beggar.

Estropié, E, adj. maimed, tamed, crippled, etc.; bungled, done bunglingly. Une fuçon de parler or une periode estropiée, un sens estropié, a lame expression or period or sense. Etre estropié de la bourse, to want mo-ney, be broken. Etre estropié de la cervelle, to want brains, be crack-brained.

ESTROPIÉ, s. m. lame or maimed body

ESTROPIER, es-tro-pla, v. a. to maim, lame or cripple. Estropier une besogne, to bungle a work, do it bunglingly. Estropier un passage de quelque auteur, to lame a passage.

ESTURGEON, es-tur-zon, s. m. sturgeon.

Esule, s. f. spurge. Et, å, conj. and. Je veux du bien et à mes amis et à mes ennemis, I wish well to both my friends and foes. Et catera, et cætera, etc. and so forth.

ETABLAGE, å-tå-blåz, s. m. stabling.
ETABLE, å-tåbl, s. f. stable. Etable à bœufs, ox-stall. Etable à cochons, hog-sty. Etable pour les chèvres, goat shed. ETABLER, å-tå-blå, v. a. to stable, put in

the stable, to house.

ETABLI, E, adj. settled, fixed, etc. V. Etablir.

Етавы, å-tå-bli, s. m. tailor's shop-board; bench for a joiner, bank of a printing-press.

Etabli de boutique, counter in a shop. ETABLIR, å-tå-blir, v. a. to establish, settle, fix; to establish, set, appoint, ordain or make; to state; to advance, aver, assert, affirm, lay down as matter of fact; (des impôts) to lay or impose taxes; (de nouvelles opinions) to broach new opinions; (une expression) to bring into use, make current. On a sion) to bring into use, make current. On a établi que, it is agreed or confessed that. Etablir par des exemples ce que l'on vient de dire, to make good by instances what one has discoursed of. Etablir l'état de la question, to state the question, Mar. to fix, etc. Etablir la marguerite, to clap a purchase on the cable. Etablir un levier pour mouvoir (un fardeau,) to pry. Etablir de fausses drisses aux vergues, etc. pour le combat, to sling the yards for action. Ce port est établi nordest et sud-ouest, this harbonr lies north-east and south-west. S'établir, v. r. to settle or set up; to procure or get or raise; to get into use.

ETABLISSEMENT, à-tà-blis-mên, s. m. settlement or settling, establishment or establishing; foundation; institution. Etablissement d'un fait, d'une question, stating of a matter of fact or question. Faire l'établissement de quelque droit nouveau, to lay a new duty. the queque with moneta, to lay a lew day, the Bablissement d'un port, Mar. situation of a harbour and the time of high-water in it at full and change days. V. Etablir. Etablissement de la marée, time of high-water (at any place) on the days of the new and full moon, the hours being designated by the point of the

ETAGE, å-låz, s. m. story, floor; rank, de gree. Le plus bas étage de la maison, the ground floor. Menton à double étage, double

bar, bat, base : there; ebb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

ÉTAIE, à-te, s. f. prop, stay, support or supporter.

ETAIM, a-tin, s. m. carded-wool.

ETAIN, a-tin, s. m. pewter. Etain fin, tin, fine pewter.

ETAL, å-tål, s. m. butcher's or fish-mon-

ger's stall.

ETALAGE, å-tå-låz, s. m. laying out of goods upon a stall or exposing of them to sale, show; sample, specimen; stallage; show, finery. Faire étalage de sa science, to make a show or display of one's learning, to

show or display one's learning.

ETALE, adj. Mar. slack. Mer étale, slack water (at which time the tide apparently neither flows nor ebbs.) Le navire est étale, the ship is at a stand or has lost her way. La

mer est étale, it is slack water.

ETALER, a-ta-la, v. a. to lay out upon a stall, hang out or expose to sale, open a shop; to show, set forth, display, make a show or parade of. Mar. Etaler la marée, to tide it (to pursue a ship's course by means of the tide, with a foul wind, anchoring during the intervals of the contrary tide.) Etaler un coup de vent à l'ancre, to ride out a gale at anchor. Etaler un coup de vent à la voile, to weather out a storm. Vous étalez les meilleurs voiliers de l'éscadre, you sail as well as the best sailing ships of the fleet. V. Voilier.

Etaleur, å-tå-lcur, s. m. stall vender.

ETALIER, å-tå-liå, s. m. stall butcher. ETALINGUER, å-tå-lin-gå, v. a. Mar. to clinch or bend (a cable.)

ETALINGURE, s. f. Mar. clinch (of a cable.) ETALON, å-tå-lon, s. m. stallion; standard

(of weights and measures.)

ETALONNAGE, & ETALONNEMENT, à-tâlon-men, s. m. sealing (of weights and mea-

ETALONNER, å-tå-lô-nå, v. a. to stamp with the public mark (as being full measure

or full weight;) to cover (a mare.) ETALONNEUR, s. m. officer appointed to seal measures and weights.

ETAMAGE, s. m. tinning or covering over with tin.

ETAMBORD or ETAMBOT, s. m. Mar. stern post.

ETAMERAIE, s. m. Mar. partners.

ETAMER, v. a. to tin. ETAMEUR, s. m. tin-man.

ETAMINE, å-tâ-mîn, s. f. light sort of French stuff, bolting cloth. Il a passé par l'étamine, he has been put to the test, he has been strictly examined. Etamines, stamina (of flowers.) Mar. buntine.

ETAMINIER, s. m. maker of bolting cloth.
ETAMPE, s. f. mould on which pieces of coin are stamped, blacksmith's tool for rivet-

ETAMPER un fer de cheval, to punch the

ETANCHE, adj. Mar. stanch; bâtiment étanche, tight ship. V. Super.

ETANCHEMENT, å-tensh-men, s. f. stanch-

ing, stopping. ETANCHER, å-ten-shå, v. a. to stanch or stop; (ses larmes) to dry up; (la soif) to quench. Etancher un navire, to free a ship of water, pump a ship out dry. Etancher

ETAI, s. m. Mar. stay. Grande etai, main || une voie d'eau, to stop a leak. S'étancher. v. r. to stanch or stop.

ETANÇON, å-ten-son, s. m. prop, stay, support, shore. Etançons, Mar. stanchions, shore

ETANÇONNER, å-ten-sô-nå, v. a. to prop. stay or support, shore up.

ETANFICHE, s. f. height of several strata of stones which make a solid mass together.

ETANG, à-ten, s. m. pond. ETANT, (participle of the verb être) being.

Des arbres en étant, standing trees

ETAPE, å-tåp, s. f. staple or publick storehouse; staple town; magazine for soldiers upon the march; place where there is such a magazine; daily allowance for soldiers upon the march.

ETAPIER, å-tå-piå, s. m. officer appointed to give the soldiers their allowance on the

march.

ETARQUER une voile, Mar. to hoist a sail taught up by the leech. Etarque, étarque

bien, hoist and a taught leech.

ETAT, a-ta, s. m. state; condition, case, posture, way; account, design, purpose, resolution; establishment, list, register, account; office; government; state, dominion. Les Etats or les Trois Etats du royaume, the Estates or the Three Estates of the kingdom. Les Etats or l'assemblée des Etats, the Estates or the assembly of the Three Estates. Pays d'états, countries where the estates are held. Les Etats or les Etats Généraux des Provinces Unies, the States or the States of Holland. Les Etats-Unis de l'Amérique Septentrionale, the United States of N. America. Une raison d'état, a reason of state. Un coup d'état, a master-piece of state policy, a decisive blow. Régler l'état, to settle the government of the nation. Un ministre d'état, a minister of state. Etat-Major d'une armée, staff or superiour officers of an army or the list of the generals, etc. Etat-Major d'un regiment, staff or chief officers of a regiment or the list of them. Etat-Mujor d'une place de guerre, chief officers belonging to a fortified place or the list of them. L'état de la marine, the establishment of the navy. L'état des officiers de la maison d'un prince, the establishment of the officers of a prince's house-Un état de recette et de dépense, an ac-of receipt and expense. Etat de situahold. count of receipt and expense. tion d'un vaisseau, state and condition of a ship or weekly account. Etat des malades, sick Etat des tués et blessés, return of killed and wounded. Etre en état de faire, to be in a way to do or make, to have a fine prospect of doing or making. Etre en état de faire, to have it in one's power to do, be able to do. Etre en état, to be ready or in readiness. Faire état, to presume, think or believe, sup-pose, reckon. Faire état d'une chose, to rely or depend upon a thing. Faire état de venir, to purpose or design to come. Faire état, to esteem, have a value for, eare for. Se mettre en état de, to put one's self in a posture or prepare one's self for. Se mettre en état, to surrender one's self a prisoner. Mettre une chose en état, to make a thing fit, bring a thing to a proper state. Tenir une bring a thing to a proper state. Tenir une chose en état, to hold a thing fast, to keep it up; to keep a thing ready or in readiness Tenir les choses en état, to keep things as

they are, to leave them as they are. En quel état est votre sunté? how is your lealth? how do you do? Je suis en très mauvais état, I am very ill. Elle porte aussi grand état qu'une femme de qualité, she carries as much state or she goes as fine as a lady of quality. ETAU, a-to, s. m. vice (a screw.)

ETAYEMENT, s. m. propping, supporting. ETAYER, å-ta-yå, v. a. to stay, shore, prop

or bear up, support. Eté, å-tà, s. m. summer. Un jour d'été, a summer's day. L'été de la St. Martin, the latter part of autumn, from All-saints day to Martinmas.

ЕтÉ, å-tå, (participle of ètre.) V. Etre. ETEIGNOIR, &-te-gnwar, s. m. extinguish-

ETEINDRE, à-tindr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to put out, extinguish or quench; smother, appease; to extinguish, root out, abolish, destroy or exterminate. Eteindre, (la soif) to quench; (la chaux) to kill. Eteindre et amortir une rente, to redeem or buy out a rent charge. Eteindre les feux, Mar. to put out the fire and lights. S'éteindre, v. r. to go out, be extinguished.

ETEINT, E, adj. out, extinguished, quenched, etc. V. Eteindre. Des yeux éteints, dull or dying or languishing eyes. Cette famille

est éteinte, that family is extinct.

ETENDAGE, s. m. (in printing) lines on which printed sheets are hung to dry. Ce papier va se piquer, il fant le mettre sur l'éten-dage, those sheets will mildew unless hung up.

ETENDARD, å-ten-dar, s. m. standard, ban-

ner, colours. Etendeur, s. m. (terme d'anatomie) extensor.

ETENDOIR, å-ten-dwar, s. m. printer's peel. ETENDRE, å-tendr, v. a. to spread, stretch or stretch out, open, extend, enlarge; (un homme sur le carreau) to kill a man upon the spot. Eleudre un urrêt, to explain a sentence at large. Eleudre les termes d'une loi, to stretch the sense of a law. S'éleudre, v. r. to spread or stretch one's self, lay one's self down; to stretch, extend, reach, go; last, continue. S'étendre en bâillant, to stretch and gape. S'étendre sur quelque sujet, to enlarge or dwell upon a subject. Cette chaîne de rochers s'étend beaucoup dans le sud, this ledge of rocks stretches out a great way to the southward. Tant que la voix se peut étendre, as high as one's voice can reach. Tunt que cet argent pourra s'étendre, as far as diat money can go.

ETENDU, F., å-tèn-då, dh, adj. spread, stretched, stretched forth, stretched out, spacious, etc. V. Ftendre. Large, long, prolix, tedious, long winded. Il est étendu sur son bit, he liesupon his bed. Il étoit étendu tout de son long, he lay sprawling along. Une ville étendue dans une belle plaine, a town scated

in a fair plain.

ETENDUE, s. f. extent, extension. grande étendue de chemin, a great way. Une vaste ét radue de pays, a vast tract of land. Une plaine qui a quatre lieues d'étendue, a plain exiended four leagues in length. Donner de sa passion une la faction de la passion de la constitue de la const ner à sa passion une libre étendue, to indulge one's passion, give it full liberty. Avoir ETOILE, 3-twal, s.f. a star; fate, destiny; une grande étendue d'esprit, to be a great star-fish; star-wort; asterisk. L'étoile du wit, have a great deal or abundance of wit. berger, Venus, the morning or evening star.

ETERNEL, LE, à-ter-nel, adj. eternal, everlasting, endless; immortal, continual. L'Etcrnel, s. m. the Everlasting (God.)

*ETERNELLE, s. f. kind of plant that bears
yellow flowers in the form of a nosegay.

ETERNELLEMENT, a ter-nel-men, adv. eternally, everlastingly, for ever, evermore, always, to eternity, continually, incessantly, ever and anon.

ETERNISER, å-ter-nl-zå, v. a. to eternize,

immortalize, perpetuate.

Eternité, å-lêr-nî-tå, s. f. eternity, ever-lastingness, fi.ture state, long while. De toute éternité, time out of mind.

Etervuer, å-têr-nå-å, v. n. to sneeze.

ETERNUER, s. m. snevzer. ETERNUMENT, å-têr-nd-mên, s.m. sneezing. ETÉSIEN, adj. m. Etesian (periodical winds.)

ETÉSIES, s. m. pl. Etesian winds (in the Mediterranean.

ETÊTEMENT, s. m. cutting off of the top,

lopping. Ете́тек, å-te-tå, v. a. to top, strike or cut

off the top.

ETEUF, å-teuf, s. m. tennis-ball. Courir après son éteuf, to try to recover a lost good.

Eтeule, å-tčul, s. f. stubble. Eтнек, s. m. ether. Етнеке, բ. å-tå-rå, adj. ethereal, subtle, penetrating, formed of ether.

ETHIOPS, s. m. mixture of mercury and sulphur.

Етніque, s. f. ethicks.

ETHNIQUE, adj. & s.m. & f. ethnick, heathen.

ETHOLOGIE, s. f. ethology. ETHOPÉE, s. f. Ethopoeia (picture of man-

ners. ETIER, s. m. ditch either that runs into

the sea or that conveys sea-water to the salt ETINCELANT, E,å-tins-len,lent, adj. spark-

ling, bright. ETINCELER, å-tins-lå, v. n. to sparkle.

ETINCELLE, s. f. spark.

ETINCELLEMENT, s. m. sparkling.
ETIOLER, (s') v. r. said of plants deprived of light and thereby rendered inodorous, etc. ETIOLEMENT, s. m. alteration in plants de-

prived of light.

ETIQUE, å-tik, adj. hectick, consumptive; lean, lank, fallen away. Етіquетек, å-tík-tå, v. a. to title, write

or put a ticket, note, title or label to.

ETIQUETTE, s. f. ticket, note, title, label.

Juger sur l'étiquette du sac, or sur l'étiquette, to judge slightly or without a perfect knowledge of the matter; also, etiquette, ccremonials.

ETISIE, s. f. plithisis, consumption.
ETOFFE, å-iôf, s. f. stuff, cloth; stock (of arm manufacture.) Des artisans et autres gens de telle étoffe, tradesmen and such like people. Homme de basse étoffe, man of low condition.

ETOFFER, å-tô-få, v. a. to furnish, stuff,

put stuff in.

ETOLLÉ, E, à-twa-la, adj. starry, full of stars. Bouteille étoilée, cracked bottle.

ETOILER, (s') v. r. to crack (a bottle.) ETOLE, å-tôl, s. f. stole (a garment.) ETONNAMMENT, a-to-na-men, adv. asto-

nishingly, amazingly, sorprisingly.

ETONNANT, E, å-tô-nên, nêm, adj. wonderful, amazing, marvellous, surprising,

ETONNÉ, E, adj. astonished, amazed, sur-

prised, that wonders, in a maze, etc.

ETONNEMENT, å-ton-men, s. m. astonishment, surprise, amazement; wonder, admiration; stunning or shaking. Yout le monde est dans l'étonnement, every body wonders.

ETONNER, A-10-na, v. a. to astonish, surprise or amaze; (le cerreau) to stun, (une muraille, to shake. S'étonner, v. r. to wonder, admire, marvel, be surprised; to be concerned or frighted.

ETOU, s. m. butcher's trestle. ETOUBLE, a-toobl, s. m. stubble.

*ETOUDEAU, s. m. young capon. ETOUFFANT, E, a-too-fen, fent, adj. sul-Temps étouffant, close sultry weather.

try. Temps étouffant, close sultry weather. ETOUFFEMENT, å-tôof-mên, s. m. stifling, suffocation or stopping of the breath. Il me prend quelquefois des étouffemens qui me font peur, my breath is sometimes so stopped that I am frighted at it.

ETOUFFER, å-too-få, v. a. to stifle, smother, choke or suffocate; suppress; to stop or put a stop to. v. n. to be stifled or choked. Etouffer de rire, to split one's sides with laughing.

ETOUFFOIR, s. m. extinguisher (for coals.)

ETOUPADE, s. f. certain quantity of tow. ETOUPE, å-tôop, s. f. hards of hemp and flax, tow. Mettre le feu aux étoupes, to throw oil into the fre, to blow the coais.

Etoupe. s. f. Mar. oakum. Etoupe noire or goudronne, black or tarred oakum. Etoupe blanche, white oakum.

ETOUPER, å-tổo-på, v. a. to stop.

ETOUPILLONS, s. m. pl. Mar. toppings. ETOURDERIE, a-toord-rl, s. f. blunder,

giddiness, heedlessness.

ETOURDI, E, å-toor-di, adj. stunned, etc. Viande qui n'est qu'étourdie, meat half raw. ETOURDI, E, s. m. & f. heedless, rash, hotheaded, giddy-headed, hair-brained man or woman; blunderbuss. A l'étourdie, adv. A l'étourdie, rashly, heedlessly, inconsiderately

ETOURDIMENT, adv. hccdlessly, inconside-

rately.

ETOURDIR, a-toor-dir, v. a. to stun; surprise; to break one's head; amaze. Etourdir la douleur, to allay or appease the pain. Etourdir la viande, to half cook meat. Etourdir l'eau to make water luke warm. Etourdir la grosse farm, to take off the edge of one's appetite, stay one's stomach. S'étourdir sur quelque chose, v. r. to shake off the thought of a thing.

ETOURDISSANT, E, å-toor-di-sen, sent, adj.

ETOURDISSEMENT, a-toor-dis-men, s. m. stunning, numbness of the senses. ETOURNEAU, a-toor-no, s. m. starling (a oird.) Poil d'étourneau, flea-bitten.

ETOTEAU, s. m. sort of peg. ET + INGE, å-trenz, adj. strange; unusual, uncommon, extraordinary; silly, impertinent; foreign, out-landish, remote.

ETRANGEMENT, å-trènz-mên, strangely, after a strange manner, extremely.
ETRANGER, E,å-tren-2å, 2er, adj. strange,
foreign, outlandish; of a foreigner; foreign

Corps étranger (in medicine,) extraneous

ETRANGER, E, s. m. & f. stranger; for reigner, outlandish man or woman.
ETRANGER, åtterå-zå, v. a. to estrange or drive away. S'étranger, v r. to be estranged.

ETRANGLÉ, E. à-trèn-glà, adj. strangled, v. V. Etrangler. too seanty, too narrow. ETRANGLEMENT. à-trèngl-mên, s. m.

obstruction. Un étranglement de boyau, a contraction or ringing of the intestines, small ligament connecting the two parts of the body of some insects.

ETRANGLER, å-trèn-glå, v. a. to strangle, throttle, choke or stifle; to make too tight, too scanty, too confined, too narrow; to scold at; (une affaire) to murder. Etrangler l'artimon, Mar. to balance the mizen. Etrangler, v. n. to be stifled or choked. *Fétrangler. gle de soif, I am almost choked with thirst, I am very dry.

ETRANGUILLON, å-tren-gi-lon, s. m. (in Poire d'étranguillon, horses) strangles. choke-pear.

ETRAPE, å-tråp, s. f. little sickle. ETRAVE, s. m. Mar. stem (of a vessel.)

ETRE, etr, v. n. to be; to belong; signify, mean; to lie, consist; to go; to endure; to come, happen, follow, prove; (in the compound tenses of reflective or reciprocal verbs. pound tenses of reflective or reciprocal verbs, and of neuter verbs announcing a change of condition, être is expressed by) to have. Ce livre est-il à votre frère? out, c'est à lui, is this book your brother's? yes, it is his. C'est la tante qui me l'a dit, it was the aunt who told me so. Ce sont les dragons qui commencèrent l'attaque, it was the dragoons who began the attack. Ce n'est pas que, not that. Degan the attack. Ce ness pas que, not that. Cela est, that is true. Cela nest, that is not true. Il n'est pas en vous de le faire, it is not or it lies not in your power to do it. Dieu sait ce qu'il en sera, God knows what will follow or come of it. Où en sommesnous? what is this we are come to? where did we leave off? what part are we now upon? Etre à une lieue d'un endroit, to be within a leagne of a place. Etre à faire, être après à faire, to be doing. Etre d'une affaire, d'un traité, etc. to be concerned in a busi-ness, in a treaty, etc. Cela est bien de lui or de son génie, that is like him. Etre bien avec quelqu'un, to keep a good correspondence with one, to be even with him. Etre mal with one, to be even with him. Etre mad arec quelqu'un, to be out with one. Etre bien auprès de lui, to be in great favour with him. Etre de moitié, to go halves. J'y suis pour un tiers, I go a third part. Etre de garde, to keep. Cela n'est pas de mon goût, it does not agree with my palate. La fêticité est (or consisté) dans le goût et non pas dans les choses, happiness lies not in the thirge themselves but in the relich we have things themselves, but in the relish we have for them. Etre dans l'oisireté, to live in idleness. Vous y êtes, you have hit the nail on the head, or you have hitit, you are in the right. Il est d'une ame forte de mépriser la

morte, it is the part of a great soul, etc.

ETRE, s. m. being. Le bien-être, the con-

veniences of a house. Savoir les êtres d'un logis, to be acquainted with a house.

ETRÉCIR, à-trà-sîr, v. a. to straiten or make straiter, make narrow or narrower. S'étrécir, v. n. to grow strait or narrow, grow straiter or narrower, shrink.

ETRÉCISSEMENT, à-trà-sis-mên, s.

straitening, making straiter or narrower. Etrécissure, å-trå-si-sur, s. f. straitness,

state of being straiter.

Etrein, a-trin, s. m. litter (for a horse.) ETREINDRE, å-trindr, v a. (see the table at eindre) to tie, bind, wring hard or close.

Qui trop embrasse mal étreint, all grasp all

ETREINT, E, adj. tied, bound, wrung hard

or close.
*ETREINTE, a-trint, s. f. tying, binding,

wringing hard or close.

ETRENNE, å-trên, s. f. handsel. A bon jour, bonne étrenne, the better day, the better deed. Avoir l'étrenne d'une chose, to handsel a thing, use it first. Etrenne or Etrennes, new year's gift, present.

ETRENNER, a-trê-na, v. a. to make a present, give a new year's gift; to handsel. Etrenner une chose, to handsel a thing; v. n. to take handsel.

Etrésillon, s. m. a prop. ETRÉSILLONNER, v. a. to prop up.

ETRIER, å-triå, s. m. stirrup, bandage used in bleeding in the foot; a bone of the ear. Faire perdue les étriers à quelqu'un, to put one to a nonplus, puzzle him. Vin de l'étrier, stirrup cup. Mar. Etrier de marchepied, stirrups of a horse or of the yards. Etriers des chaînes de haubans, lower links of the chainplates of the dead-eyes, (which are boited to the wales.)

ETRIEUX, s. m. pl. Mar. iron stirrups, or by corruption, iron strops. Etrieux de portehaubans, iron stirrups of the channel. Etrieux de gouvernail, iron stirrup or strop placed at that end of the tiller which ships in the rudder (as a means to take out the butt of it, in case it should be broken short off in the rudder-head.)

*ETRIF, s. m. strife, scuffle, struggle.

'ETRILLE, å-trîl, s. f. horse comb, a curry comb. Etre logé à l'étrille, to inn in a spunging-house.

ETRILLER, a-trì-là, v. a. to curry; bang,

maul or thrash. ETRIPER, à-trì-pà, v. a. to unbowel, unrip. ETRIQUÉ, E, adj. Mar. navire étriqué, narrow-floored vessel.

ETRIVIÈRE, å-trî-vier, s.f. stirrup leather. Donner les étrivières à quelqu'un, to lash one

soundly.

ETROIT, E, à-trwa, 'rwat, adj. strait, narrow, close; strict, close, intimate; rigorous, exact. Etre dans une étroite amitié avec quelqu'un, to be intimate with one. Une êtroite familiarité, an intimate familiarity. De droit étroit, according to the strictness or rigour of the law. Avoir une étroite obligaingold of the raw. Atout the extreme containing a contain ened. Vivre à l'étroit, to live sparingly. Etre logé fort à l'étroit, to be very much straitened for room.

ETROITEMENT, å-trwåt-men, adv. strait ly, narrowly, in a narrow compass; strictly; strailly, particularly. Etroitement uni, strictly or closely united. Un prisonnier qu'on tent étroitement enfermé, a close prisoner. ETRON, s. m. teces of animals

ETRONÇONNER, å-tron-so-nå, v. a to cut off the branches of (a tree.)

ETROUSSER, v. a. to adjudge, decree.

ETRUFFER, (chien) adj. lame (dog.) ETRUFFURE, s. f. lameness of a dog. ETUDE, å-tud, s. f. study: learning, scho-larship; study, closet. Un homme d'étude, a learned man or scholar. Un homme sans étude, an illiterate man.

ETUDIANT, å-tů-dî-èn, s. m. student, scholar.

ETUDIÉ, E, å-tů-díå, adj. studied, elabo-

rate; studied, affected, composed. ETUDIER, å-ţû-dî-å, v. a. to study; medi tate ar compose; mind, observe, have an eyeupon. S'étudier, v. r. to study, labour, endeavour, give one's mind to. S'étudier à plaire, to study to please.

ETUDIOLE, å-tů-dî-ôl, s. m. scrutoire. ETUI, å-tůl, s. m. case, box. Etui de poche à plusieurs instrumens, case of instruments. Case over the wings of some insects.

ETUVE, a-tuv, s. f. stove, hot-house, sweating room.

ETUVÉE, å-tů-vå, s. f. stewing; also stew-

ed meat, stew. Carpe à l'éturée, stewed carp.
Mettre à l'éturée, to stew.
ETUVEMENT, à tûv-mên, s. m. bathing, fo-

menting.

ETUVER, å-tů-vå, v. a. to foment or bathe (speaking of a wound.)

ETUVISTE, å-tå-vist, s. m. bagnio or bath-

keeper. ETYMOLOGIE, a-ti-mo-lo-zi, s. f. etymology.

ETYMOLOGIQUE, adj. etymological. ETYMOLOGISTE, a-ti-mô-lô-zîst, s. m. ety-

mologist. EUCHARISTIE, eu-ka-ris-ti, s. f. eucharist, EUCHARISTIQUE, ču-kå-ris-tik, adj. eucharistical.

EUCRASIE, s. f. eucrasy.

EUFRAISE, ĉu-frèz, s. f. (herh) eye-bright. EUNUQUE, ĉŭ-nûl, s. m. eunuch. EUPATOIRE, s. f. sweet maudlin (an herh.)

EUPHONIE, s. f. euphony.

EUPHONIQUE, adj. euphonical. EUPHORBE, s. m. euphorbium.

Européen, ne, s. m. & f. European.

EURYTHMIE, S. f. eurythmy. Eux, eu, (plural of lin) they, them. EVACUANT, F. a. va. ka. ent, or EVA-

CUATI-F, VE, adj. evacuating. EVACUATIF, a-va-kū-a-tūf, s. m. evacuant.

EVACUATION, å-vå-ků-å-sîon, s. f. eva cuation.

EVACUER, å-vå-ků-å, v. a. to evacuate,

void or empty S'évacuer, v. r. to evacuate. EVADER, (s') så-vå-då, v. r. to make one's escape, get away, steal away. Fuire évader quelqu'un, to favour one's escape.

EVAGATION, Å-vå-gå-slon, s. f. evagation. EVALTONNER, (s') så-vål-tö-nå, v. r. to be too free, give one's self airs. EVALUATION, å-vå-tå-å-slon, s. f. prizing

estimate, estimation, valuing, rating.

EVALUER, å-vå-lå-å, v. a. to prize, estimate, value or rate.

bar, bat, base: thère, čbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Evangélique, å-ven-zå-lik, adj. evangelical.

EVANGELIQUES, s. m. pl. those that reject the Old Testament and receive the New.

EVANGÉLIQUEMENT, a-vên-zâ-lîk-mên, adv. evangelically, according to the Gospel.

EVANGÉLISER, à-vèn-zâ-lî-za, v. a. &. n.

to preach the Gospel, evangelize. EVANGELISTE, a-ven-za-list, s. m. evangelist. Nouvel évangéliste, broacher of new

opinions.

EVANGILE, å-ven-zil, s. m. Gospel.

rangile du jour, the current news.

Evanoui, E, adj. vanished away, gone out of sight; swooned away, in a swoon.

Evanouir,(s')så-vå-nåo-ir,orEvanouir,

v. n. to faint or swoon away, fall into a swoon; to vanish away, disappear, go out of sight.

EVANOUISSEMENT, à-va-noo-îs-mên, s. m. fainting fit, swoon, or swooning away. Illui a pris un évanouissement en se levant, as he got up, he swooned away or fell into a swoon.

EVAPORATION, å-vå-pô-rå-sion, s.f. evaporation; rashness, inconsideration, foolishness.

Evapore, E, adj. evaporated. Evapore, s. m. giddy brained, rash or in-

considerate man, fool.

EVAPORER, à-và-pô-rå, v. a. Ex. Evaporer son chagrin or sa bile, to vent one's grief or passion. S'évaporer, v. r. to evaporate. S'évaporer en vaines idées, en chimères, en imaginations, to fill one's head with airy, empty or chimerical notions; to be full of whims and crotchets.

EVASEMENT, s. m. widening, opening. EVASER, à và -zà, v. a. to widen or open. EVASI-F, vE, adj. serving to escape. EVASION, à -và -zìon, s. f. flight, escape. EVASURE, s. f. widening, opening.

Evecné, å-ve-shå, s. m. bishoprick;

bishop's house or palace: episcopate.

Evell, å-vel, s. m. awaking, warning, rousing.

Donner à quelqu'un l'éveil d'une chose, to rouse one upon a thing.

Evelle, E, å-ve-la, adj. awake; airy, brisk, lively, sprightly; watchful, careful, stirring, vigilant, diligent. Eveillé sur ses interêts, alive to one's interest.

EVEILLÉ, E, s. m. & f. brisk, sprightly per-

EVEILLER, å-vê-lå, v. a. to wake or awake,

rouse, break the sleep of; to quicken, brisk up. S'éveiller, v. r. to wake or awake.

EVÉNEMENT, å-vån-men, s. m. event, issue, success, end; adventure. A tout évènement, adv. at all events.

Event, à-vên, s. m. a bad smack or tang; open air; vent hole. Donner de l'évent à un muid de vin, to give vent to a hogshead of wine. Mettre des hardes à l'évent, to air clothes.

EVENTAIL, å-vèn-tal, s. m. fan.

EVENTAILLISTE, à-ven-tà-list, s. m. fanmaker or seller. Boutique d'éventailliste, fanshop.

EVENTAIRE, s. m. sort of flat basket. EVENTE, å-vent, s. f. tallow-chandler'sbox. EVENTÉ, E, adj. fanned, etc. V. Eventer, giddy-headed, harebrained, rash, foolish, light-headed.

EVENTÉ, E, å-ven-tå, s. m. & f. harebrained, or giddy-headed or volatile young man or woman.

EVENTEMENT, s. m. airing. EVENTER, å-vèn-tå, v. a. to fan; to air; (le grain) to winnow; (une mine) to give veut to, counterwork or countermine; battle, disappoint; to make take vent, divulge, discover, publish, spread abroad. Eventer la veine, to breathe the vein, let blood. Mar. eventer une voile, to fill a sail. Evente le perroquet de fougue, fill the mizen top-sail. Eventer la quille d'un bûtiment, to heave down a ves-sel (so as to discover her keel.) La pompe est éventée, the pump blows. S'éventer, v. r. to take wind, die or evaporate, pall or lose its spirit; (of a secret) to take vent or wind, be discovered; to fan one's self.

EVENTILLER, (s') v. r. to flutter (as a

EVENTOIR, à-ven-twar, s. m. firefan.

EVENTRER, å-ven-trå, v. a. to embowel or open, to take out the entrails (of an animal.) EVENTUEL, LE, å-ven-tå-čl, adj. eventual.

EVENTUELLEMENT, adv. eventually.

Evêque, å-vek, s. m. bishop

EVERRER, v. a. to worm a dog. EVERSION, a-ver-sion, s. f. eversion, ruin. EVERTUER, (s') så-ver-tåå, v.r. to labour, strive, study or endeavour, take pains, exert one's self.

EVICTION, å-vîk-sîon. s. f. recovery by law, evidence, eviction. V. Erineer.
EVIDENMENT, å-vî-dâ-mên, adv. evi-

dently, clearly, manifestly, plainly, apparently. EVIDENCE, a-vi-dens, s. f. evidence, demonstration, plainness, perspicality. Metre en évidence, to make plain or clear or evident,

demonstrate. Evident, E, å-vl-den, dent, adj. evident,

clear, plain, manifest, apparent

EVIDER, v. a. to unstarch (linen;) to hollow, cut hollow, cut sloping (in tailoring;) to hollow, groove, make a groove, to cut hol-

low (in iron work, etc.)
EVIER, å-viå, s. m. sink (of a kitchen.)
EVINCER, å-vin-så, v. a. to evict, reco-

ver possession by law

EVITABLE, å-vî-tabl, adj. avoidable. EVITÉ, E, adj. avoided, etc. EVITÉE, s. f. Mar. swing of a ship round

her anchor at the length of her cable, breadth the channel of a river must have to be navigable, birth or sufficient space wherein a ship may swing round at the length of her moor ings. A son éritée, when tending or swinging, as she tends or swings. Faire son évitée,

to swing or tend, be swinging or tending.

EVITER, a vi-ta, v. a. to avoid, shun or eschew; keep clear of. Mar. to avoid, keep clear of, swing or tend. Eviter l'abordage, to avoid being boarded. Eviter le combat, to avoid coming to action. Eviter au vent, to swing head to wind. Eviter à la marée, to tend to the tide. Eviter du mauvais côté, to swing or tend the wrong way. Le vaisseans n'évitera pas avant midi, the ship will not tend till noon.

EVOCABLE, a-vô-kabl, adj. that may be

brought before a higher court. Evocation, a-vo-ka-sion, s. f. conjuration or conjuring up, raising up; (d'une cause) bringing of a cause before a higher court.

(by order of the judges thereof.)
EVOCATOIRE, adj. Ex. Cédule évocatoire. summons to appear before a higher court

EVOLUER, v. n. Mar. to manceuvre or | work or perform the several evolutions practised at sea. Vaisseau qui évolue bien, ship that works well.

EVOLUTION, å-vô-lû-sion, s. f. evolution, military motion or movement. Mar. evolution, movement of a squadron or of a single ship in à particular manœuvre.

Evoquer, å-vå-kå, v. a. to conjure or raise up spirits; to bring before a higher court.

Evulder, V. Evider.

Ex, before a noun of dignity signifies that the person mentioned has once held the office.

the person memoratura vice near the Ex-Président, the president that was.

Exact, E, êg-zâkt, adj. exact, punctual.

strict, careful, diligent; accurate.

Exactement, êg-zâkt-mên, adv. exactly,

punctually, duly, diligently.

EXACTEUR, eg-zak-teur, s.m. exacter, ex-

Exaction, eg-zak-sion, s. f. exaction, ex-

EXACTITUDE, êg-zâk-tî-tûd, s. f. exact-ness, carc, carefulness, accuracy, precision, diligence. Aroir de l'exactitude, to be exact,

punctual, careful or diligent. EXAGÉRATEUR, eg-zå-zå-rå-teur, s. m. one that exaggerates or aggravates, ampli-

Exacérati-f, ve, êg-zå-zå-rà-tif, tlv,

adj. aggravating, exaggerating. Exageration, eg-za-za-ra-sion, s. f.

exaggeration, aggravation or amplifying. Exagérer, eg-zâ-zâ-ra, v. a. to exagge-

rate, aggravate or amplify. Exagone, V. Hexagone.

EXALTATION, eg-zal-ta-sion, s. f. advancement, or raising up to the papal digni-

ty; exaltation; exaggeration. Exalter, eg-zal-ta, v. a. to exalt, praise, extol or cry up; to exalt or refine, bring to

greater purity.

Examen, eg-zà-min, s. m. examining or examination, diligent search or trial.

Examinateur, eg-zå-mi-na-teur, s. m.

EXAMINER, êg-zâ-mî-nâ, v. a. to search or inquire into, to weigh, consider, discuss or sift. S'examiner, v. r. to examine, wearout.

Linge examiné, worn out linen. Exanthème, s. m. exanthemata, eruptions. EXARCHAT or EXARQUAT, eg-zar-ka, s. m. exarchate or exarchy, country subject to an exarch; dignity of an exarch.

Exarque, eg-zark, s. m. exarch. Exaspération, s. f. exasperation.

Exaspérer, v. a. to exasperate. Exaucer, eg-zo-sa, v. a. to hear or grant

(a prayer.)
*EXCALCÉATION, s. f. action of pulling off

the shoe. Excavation, eks-ka-va-sion, s. f. excava-

tion. Excaver, eks-kå-vå, v. a. to excavate.

Excédant, s. m. overplus. Excéden, ék-så-då, v. a. to exceed or go beyond; to abuse, beat excessively, impor-tune. S'excéder de débauches, to fall into excessive debauchery.

Excellemment, êk-sê-lâ-mên, adv. excel-

lently, notably, rarely, well, extraordinarily.

EXCELLENCE, čk-sč-lėns, s. f. excellence or excellency. Par excellence, supreme, su-

premely, excellently. La vertu par excel-lence, the virtue of virtues.

EXCELLENT, E, ek-se-len, lent, adj. excellent, notable, singular, extraordinary, choice, rare, good.
*Excellentissime, êk-sê-lèn-tî-sîm, adj.

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most excellent, rare, good.

Exceller, êk-sê-la, v. n. to excel, surpass, out-do or go beyond, be the best.

EXCENTRICITÉ, ek-sen-tri-si-tà, s. f. eccentricity.

EXCENTRIQUE, êk-sên-trîk, s. m. cccen-

Excepte, êk-sêp-tâ, prep. excepted, ex-

cept, but, save. Excepter, êk-sêp-tâ, v. a. to except.

EXCEPTION, ek-sep-sion, s. f. exception; difference or distinction. A Fexception d'un seul, one only excepted, or except one. Sans exception d'age ni de condition, without regard either to age or condition.

Excès, êk-so, s. m. excess, immoderation, superfluity, too much; riot, debauchery, looseness of manners, intemperance; (luw term) abuse, outrage. L'excès de votre bonte pour moi, the great kindness you have for

Excessi-F, ve, êk-sê-sîf, slv, adj. exceed-

ing, excessive, immoderate, extravagant. Excessivement, êk-sê-siv-mên, adv. exceedingly, excessively, immoderately, extravagantly.

Exciper, v. a. to allege an exception.

Excise, s. f. excise.

EXCITATI-F, VE, adj. strong, violent, exciting, stirring.

EXCITATION, ek-si-ta-sion, s. f. stirring,

provoking, setting afloat.

Exciter, êk-sî-tâ, v. a. to excite, incite. provoke, stir up, cause, quicken or encourage. EXCLAMATION, čks-klå-må-sion, s. f. ex-

clamation, crying out. Point d'exclamation (!). Exclu, E, adj. excluded, debarred, shut out, kept from.

EXCLURE, êks-klur, v. a. (see the table at clure) to exclude, debar, shut out or keep from.

Exclus, E, V. Exclu. Exclusi-F, ve, êks-klû-zif, zîv, adj. ex-

Exclusion, eks-klu-zion, s. f. exclusion. A l'exclusion d'un tel, such a one being ex-

Exclusivement, êks-klû-slv-mên, adv. exclusively.

EXCOMMUNICATION, ěks-ko-mů-ní-kà sion, s. f. excommunication.

EXCOMMUNIÉ, E, adj. excommunicated. EXCOMMUNIÉ, E, s. m. & f. person excommunicated. Visage d'excommunié, ill look.

Excommunier, éks-kô-mů-nià, v. a. to excommunicate.

EXCORIATION, êks-kô-rîa-sîon, s. f. excoriation, fretting of the skin.

EXCORIER, êks-kô-rîa, v. a. to excoriate.

Excrément, éks-kra-mên, s. m. excrement; dregs, scum.

Excrémenteu-x, se, adj. excrementous

or excrementations. Excrescence, s. f. excrescence or excres-

Excrétion, êks-krå-sion, s. f. excretion.

Excrétoire, adj. excretory, excretive.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Excroissance, êks-krwa-sens, s. f. V. Ex- ||

EXCURSION, êks-kûr-sîon, s. f. incursion,

inroad, irruption; digression. Excusable, êks-kâ-zabl, adj. excusable.

Excusation, eks-ků-zå-slon, s. f. excusa-

tion, plea.

Excuse, èks-kuz.s.f. excuse, reason, cloak.

Excuse, èks-kuz.s.f. excuses, to apologize.

pretence. Faire des excuses, to apologize. Faire mille excuses, to ask a thousand pardons.

Excuser, eks-ku-za, v. a. to excuse or justify, exculpate; admit one's excuse; bear with, pardon. Excuser quelqu'un de faire quelque chose, to excuse one or dispense with one for not doing a thing. S'excuser, v. r. to desire to be excused or dispensed with, decline.

Exéat, eg-zå-at, s. m. pass or leave to go

EXÉCRABLE, ég-zå-krabl, adj. execrable, abominable, detestable, cursed, odious, hateful; wretched, pitiful.

EXÉCRABLEMENT, êg-zâ-krâbl-mên, adv. execrably, abominably, cursedly.

EXÉCRATION, s.f. abhorrence, detestation, execration, imprecation, curse.

EXÉCRER, v.a. to abhor.
EXÉCUTER, êg-zå-kû-tå, v. a. to execute; put in execution, perform; to execute, put to death by authority; to distrain the goods of.

Exécuteur. eg-zå-kû-teur, s. m. executor. L'exécuteur, or l'exécuteur de la haute justice, the hangman or executioner.

Exécuti-F, ve, adj. executive. Exécution, eg-za-ku-sion, s.f. execution, performance; distress or distraining of goods. Un homme d'exécution, a man fit for action. Exécution d'un criminel, execution of a male-

Exécutoire, êg-zå-kå-twar, s. m. writ

of execution.

EXÉCUTOIRE, adj. by virtue of which goods nay be distrained.

EXÉCUTRICE, êg-zå-kû-trîs, s. f. executrix. EXEMPLAIRE, êg-zên-plêr, adj. exemplary. EXEMPLAIRE, s. m. copy of a book; ex-

emplar, pattern, model. EXEMPLAIREMENT, êg-zèn-plèr-mên, adv.

exemplarily.

Exemple, eg-zenpl, s. m. example; pattern, model, copy; instance, precedent. Par exemple, adv. as for example, for instance. Exemple, s. f. copy (for writing.)
EXEMPT, E, eg-zen, zent, adj. exempt or

EXEMPT, s. m. Exempt des gardes, or exempt des gardes du corps, exempt, officer in the life-guards. Sort of ecclesiasticks.

Exempter, eg-zen-tå, v. a. to exempt, free or discharge

EXEMPTION, eg-zen-sion, s. f. exemption,

privilege, immunity, freedom.

Exercé, E, adj. exercised, practised. Exercé dans l'art militaire, trained up in warlike discipline.

Exercer, eg-zer-sa, v. a. to exercise; train up; use or employ; practise; tire, harass; to bear. Exercer son corps, to exercise one's body, use exercise. S'exercer, v. r. to exercise one's self. S'exercer à, to use

the exercise of, exercise one's self in.

EXERCICE, eg-zer-sis, s. m. exercise; pracuce; trade; trouble, vexation. Donner de

l'exercice à quelqu'un, to exercise one, vex one. Faire de l'exercice, to use exercise. Faire faire l'exercice à des soidats, to exercise soldiers. Faire l'exercice du canon et de la mousqueterie, to exercise great guns and small arms. Mar. Faire l'exercice des voiles, to exercise sails. Exercices, exercises; (dancing, riding, fencing, etc.)
*Exercitation, s. f. exercitation, critical

comment.

Exérèse, s. f. excresis.

Exergue, eg-zerg, s. m. exergue (of a

EXFOLIATI-F, VE, adj. exfoliative.

EXFOLIATION, eks-fo-li-a-sion, s. f. exfoliation.

Exfolier, (s') sêks-fô-lî-â, v. r. to exfo-

liate (as a bone does.)

EXHALAISON, eg-zâ-lê-zon, s. f. exhalation.

EXHALATION, s. f. exhalation.

EXHALER, eg-zå-là, v. a. to exhale or cast forth; (sa colère) to wreak or breathe forth; (sa douleur) to vent, give a vent to. S'erhaler, v. r. to exhale, evaporate.

EXHAUSSEMENT, êg-zôs-mên, s. m. raising

higher, height, being high. Ce plancher n'a pas assez d'exhanssement, that floor is not high

EXHAUSSER, eg-zò-så, v. a. to raise, raise

Exhérédation, ég-zå-rå-då-sion, s. f. disinheriting, state of one disinherited.

EXHÉRÉDER, eg-za-ra-da, v. a. to disinherit.

EXHIBER, eg-zî-ba, v. a. to exhibit or produce.

EXHIBITION, eg-zî-bî-sîon, s. m. exhibiting

or exhibition, producing. EXHORTATION, eg-zor-ta-slon, s. f. exhortation, encouraging or encouragement.

EXHORTER, eg-zőr-tå, v. a. to exhort, encourage, stir up or persuade. Exhorter à la mort, to fit or prepare for death.

Exhumation, eg-zu-ma-sion, s. f. exhumation.

Exhumer, eg-zů-må, v. a. to dig (a corpse)

out of the ground. Exigence, êg-zî-zens, s. f. exigence or exigency, necessity, occasion. Selon l'exigence de la chose, as the case requires, as occasion

shall serve. Exiger, eg-zî-za, v. a. to claim, exact,

demand, require. Exicible, eg-zî-zîbl, adj. demandable,

that may be demanded or exacted. *Exigu, E, eg-zl-gû, gû, adj. exiguous, little, small, slender, scanty.

*Exiguité, eg-zi-gu-i-ta, s. f. exiguity,

smallness Exil, eg-zîl, s. m. exile, banishment. Envoyer en exil, to exile or banish.

EXILÉ, E, adj. exiled, banished. EXILÉ, eg-zî-la, s. m. exile, one that is exiled or banished.

Exiler, eg-zî-la, v. a. to exile or banish. S'exiler, v. r. to withdraw, retire.

Existant, e, eg-zîs-ten, tent, adj. exist-

ent, that is. ÉXISTENCE, ég-zis-tèns, s. f. existence

EXISTER, eg-zîs-ta, v. n. to exist, be, be in being.

Exode, eg-zod, s. m. exodus.

EXOINE, s. f. essoine (law term.)

EXOINER, v. a. to essoine, excuse absence.

Exomologèse, s. f. publick confession.
Exomphale, s. m. & f. exomphalos.
Exorable, eg-zo-rabl, adj. exorable, that

may be entreated.

Exorbitamment, ég-zőr-bî-tá-mên, adv. exorbitantly, extravagantly, immoderately, excessively.

Exorbitant, E, eg-zor-bi-ten, tent, adj. exorbitant, excessive, extravagant, immode-Faire une dépense exorbitante, to spend extravagantly.

Exorciser, eg-zôr-sî-zå, v. a. to exorcise,

adjure, cast out evil spirits.

Exorcisme, eg-zor-sism, s. m. exorcism. Exorciste, eg-zor-sist, s. m. exorcist.

Exorde, eg-zord, s. m. exordium, beginning of a discourse.

EXOTERIQUE, adj. exoterick.

Exotique, êg-20-ûk, adj. exotick, foreign. Expansibilité, s. f. expansibility. Expansible, êks-pèn-sibl, or Expansi-f,

VE, adj. expansive.

Expansion, eks-pen-sion, s. f. expansion. EXPATRIATION, s. f. the act of leaving

one's own country.

EXPATRIER, éks-på-trî-å, v. a. to oblige or force one to leave his country, drive one from his country. S'expatrier, v. r. to quit one's own country.

EXPECTANT, éks-pêk-tên, s. m. expectant. EXPECTATI-F, VE, êks-pêk-tâ-tif, tlv, adj. to be expected. Ex. Grâce expectative, favour in expectance. V. Expectative.

*Expectation, êks-pêk-tâ-sîon, s. f. expec-

EXPECTATIVE, s.f. reversion, survivorship; expectation, hope; certain bulls, wherein the Pope grants mandates for church livings before they become void; publick theological disputation.

EXPECTORANT, E, adj. expectorative. EXPECTORATION, eks-pek-to-ra-sion, s. f.

expectoration.

Expectorer, eks-pek-tô-ra, v. a. to ex-

pectorate.

Expédient, éks-på-di-èn, adj. expedient, fit or necessary.

EXPÉDIENT, s. m. expedient, way, device or means. En être aux expédiens, be put to one's last shifts or expedients.

EXPÉDIER, eks-på-dî-å, v. a. to despatch, expedite, send; to despatch, put an end to, kill; to draw up or write out (law term.) v. n.

to be expeditious.

Expéditi-F, v E, êks-på-di-tif, tlv, adj. ex-

peditious, of despatch, quick.

Expedition, eks-pa-di-sion, s. f. expedition; despatch; copy, duplicate; military enterprise or adventure. Expéditions, despatches, orders, instructions; warrant, patent, er commission. L'escadre de Rochefort est partie pour une expédition secrète, the Roche-fort squadron has sailed upon a secret expedition.

Expéditionnaire, eks-på-dî-sîô-ner, s. m. officer at the Pope's court for despatches;

one who takes official copies.

EXPÉRIENCE, êks-på-rf-èns, s. f. experi-ment, trial, proof; experience, knowledge.

Experimental, E, eks-på-ri-men-tål adj. experimental.

Expérimenté, e, éks-på-rî-mèn-tå, adj. experienced, experimented, tried; experienced, skilful.

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Expérimenter, êks-på-rî-mên-tå, v. a

to experience or experiment, try.

EXPERT, E, êks-pêr, pêrt, adj. expert, skil-ful, of much experience. Experts, s. m. pl. viewers, jury of artists, most skilful or able men in any art or science appointed to make their report about any thing

EXPERTISE, s. f. report made about any

thing by a jury of artists.

EXPIATION, eks-pl-a-slon, s. f. expiation,

EXPIATOIRE, éks-pî-â-twar, adj. expiato-

ry, that makes an atonement.
EXPIER, &ks-pl-å, v. a. to expiate or atone.
EXPILATION, S. f. expilation.
EXPIRATION, &ks-pl-ra-slon, s.f. expiration.

EXPIRER, eks-pi-ra, v. n. to expire; die or breathe one's last; be out, end. v. a. to expire, exhale, breathe out. Expleti-f, ve, eks-pla-tif, tlv, adj. exple-

EXPLICABLE, êks-plî-kabl, adj. explicable, that may be explained.
EXPLICATI-F, VE, êks-plî-ka-tîf, tlv, adj.

explicative. Explication, eks-pli-ka-sion, s. f. explication, explanation, exposition, interpretation. Faites-nous-en l'explication, explain or ex

pound it to us. Explicite, eks-plf-sft, adj. explicit, plain EXPLICITEMENT, êks-plî-sît-mên, adv. ex

plicitly, plainly, expressly.

EXPLIQUER, éks-pli-ka, v. a. to explicate explain, expound, interpret, unfold or open; to teach; to declare, signify. S'expliquer, v. r. to explain or signify one's thoughts, speak plain. Expliquez-vous mieux, car on ne vous entend pas, speak plainer, for you are not understood

Exploit, eks-plwa, s. m. exploit, achievement, feat, great act, great deed. Exploit d'assignation, summons or subpoena. Exploit

de saisie, execution upon a judgment. EXPLOITABLE, čks-plwā-tābi, adj. that may be distrained; fit for sale; manurable. EXPLOITANT, čks-plwā-tēn, adj. m. serv-

ing warrants or summonses. EXPLOITATION, eks-plwa-ta-slon, s. f. exe-

cution of some works in agriculture.

Exploiter, eks-plwa-ta, v. n. to serve warrants or the like; to do sonie exploit or achievement, do feats; (une forêt) to fell; (une terre) to manure and manage (a piece of ground or an estate.)

EXPLORATEUR, s. m. explorator, exami-

ner, searcher, discoverer.

EXPLORER, v. a. Mar. to explore. La Pérouse a exploré l'archipel des îles des Navigateurs, La Perouse explored the archipelago of the Navigators' islands.

Explosion, eks-plo-zion, s. f. explosion. Expolition, s. f. expolition, (the explaining of the same thing by synonymous expressions.)

EXPORTATION, eks-por-ta-sion, s. f. expor

tation.

EXPORTER, v. a. to transport goods out of

Exposant, E, êks-pô-zen, zent, s. m. & f. petitioner, patentee; also, a term in algebra bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Exposé, êks-pô-zà, s. m. suggestion or exposition in a petition; preamble. Faux

ezpose, false pretence.
EXPOSER, éks-pô-så, v. a. to expose; show or lay out: to expound, explain or unfold, set forth; to declare, show forth, open, represent, make known or signify, to show; to expose or turn; bring into danger, hazard or ven-ture; (un enfant) to expose. Exposer en vente, to put to sale. Un homme qui s'expose à la risée de tout le monde, a man that makes himself a laughing-stock to every body.

*Exposit-EUR, RICE, s. m. & f. expounder, explainer or interpreter; also who puts off counterfeit money.

Exposition, eks-pô-zî-sîon, s. f. exposition; showing, laying out; explanation; declaration, account, laying open; (d'un enfant) exposing; (d'un bâtiment) aspect or situation (east, west, north or south.) Un arbre planté à une mauvaise exposition, à tree set in an ill place.

Exprès, se, êks-prè, près, adj. express,

plain, clear, manifest, positive. EXPRÈS, s. m. express, courier.

Exprès, adv. purposely, designedly. Expressément, éks-pré-så-mén, adv. ex-

pressly, plainly, in plain terms, positively, explicitly.

Expressi-F, ve, êks-prê-sîf, slv, adj. ex-

pressive, significant.

EXPRESSION, eks-pre-sion, s. f. straining, wringing or squeezing out; expression; way of expressing one's thoughts, elocution, phrase; representation.

EXPRIMABLE, êks-prî-mabl, adj. that may

be expressed.

Exprimer, eks-pri-ma, v. a. to wring,

strain or squeeze out; to express, represent. Expulser, êks-pûl-sa, v. a. to expel, to thrust or turn out; (terme de médecine) to expel, expulse, reject, purge.

EXPULSI-F, VE, eks-pall-sif, slv, adj. ex-

EXPULSION, eks-pulsion, s. f. expulsion, expelling, thrusting or turning or driving

EXPULTRICE, adj. expulsive. La faculté expultrice, the expulsive faculty

EXPURGATION, s. f. expurgation.

EXPURGATOIRE, adj. expurgatory. L'in-

dice expurgatoire, the expurgatory index. Exquis, E, êks-kî, klz, adj. exquisite, rare, dainty, fine, curious, choice, excellent, pre-

Exsudation, s. f. exudation, sweating.

Exsuder, v. n. to sweat, exude, exudate.
*Extant, E, êks-tên, tênt, adj. extant.
Extase, êks-taz, s. f. ecstasy, trance, rap-

Extasié, E, adj. in ecstasy, in a trance,

ın a rapture. EXTASIER, (s') sêks-tâ-zîâ, v. r. to fall

into an ecstasy or rance or rapture. EXTATIQUE, eks-tå-tik, adj. ecstatick or

ecstatical. EXTENSEUR, adj. extensor, the muscle by which any limb is extended.

EXTENSIBILITÉ, s. f. extensibility.

EXTENSIBLE, adj. extensible.

EXTENSION, eks-ten-sion, s.f. extension or stretching, extent.

EXTENUATION, eks-ta-nû-a-slon, s. f. ex- | vagant things.

tenuation or lessening; growing thin or lean, falling away, gradual decay.

EXTÉNUÉ, E, adj. extenuated; lessened; thin or lean, fallen away. EXTÉNUER, éks-tå-nů-å, v. a. to extenuate or lessen; to make thin or lean.

EXTÉRIEUR, E, êks-tâ-rîeur, adj. exteriour, outward, external.

EXTÉRIEUR, s. m. outside, outward ap-pearance or show, exteriour.

Extérieurement, êks-tå-rieur-men.adv. outwardly, on the outside, by the outward

appearance. Exterminateur, êks-têr-mî-nâ-têur, adj.

or s. m. destroying, destroyer, exterminator. EXTERMINATION, s. f. extermination, extinction, extirpation.

Exterminer, êks-têr-mî-nå, v. a. to ex-

terminate, destroy, cut off or extirpate.

Externe, êks-têrn, adj. external, outward.

EXTERNE, s. m. day-scholar. EXTINCTION, êks-tink-sion, s. f. extinction, extinguishing, quenching or putting out. Adjuger à l'extinction de la chandelle, to sell by inch of candle. Extinction d'une rente, extinguishment of a rent.

EXTIRPATEUR, êks-tîr-pâ-têur, s. m. ex-

tirpator. Extirpation, êks-tîr-pâ-sîon, s. f. extir-

EXTIRPER, eks-tir-pa, v. a. to extirpate, root out.

EXTORQUER, êks-tôr-kå, v. a. to extort, wrest or get by force or violence.

EXTORSION, s. f. extortion, exaction. EXTRACTION, s. f. extraction, drawing out,

taking out; descent, pedigree.
EXTRADITION, s. f. the giving up of a prisoner to his legitimate prince.
EXTRAIRE, eks-trer, v. a. (like traire) to extract, draw or take out; (un livre) to abstract or abridge

Extrait, E, eks-trè, trèt, adj. extracted,

drawn or taken out.

EXTRAIT, s. m. extract; copy; abstract or abridgment. Extrait de procès, breviat. EXTRAJUDICIAIRE, adj. extrajudicial.

Extrajudiciairement, adv. extrajudicially.

EXTRAORDINAIRE, êks-trâ-ôr-dî-ner, adj. extraordinary, unusual, uncommon, singular. Procédure extraordinaire, criminal process.

EXTRAORDINAIRE, s. m. extraordinary or uncommon thing; supplement to a gazette. Extraordinaire des guerres, extraordinary treasury or fund appointed in time of war for the payment of the forces. Trésorier de l'extraordinaire, pay-master-general of the ar-

EXTRAORDINAIREMENT, êks-trà-òr-dînėr-mėn, adv. extraordinarily, in an extraordinary or unusual manner, extremely. Procéder extraordinairement contre quelqu'un, to prosecute one criminally.

EXTRATEMPORA, s. m. leave from the

pope to take orders at any time.

EXTRAVAGAMMENT, êks-trâ-vâ-gâ-mên, adv. extravagantly, strangely, idly, sillily, foolishly, impertinently.

*Extravagance, eks-tra-va-gans, s. f. extravagance, extravagancy, impertinence, folly. Faire des extravagances, to do extra-

EXTRAVAGANT, E, eks-trå-vå-gån, gånt, adj. & s. extravagant, foolish, silly, impertinent, idle.

EXTRAVAGANTES, s. f. decrees of the popes

added to the canon law.

EXTRAVAGUER, éks-trå-vå-gå, v. n. to talk foolishly or sillily or idly, dote, rave. Extravasation, eks-trå-vå-så-slon, s. f.

extravasation. EXTRAVASER, (s') sêks-trå-vå-zå, v. r. to

extravasate (as blood and humours do.)

EXTRÊME, êks-trêm, adj. extreme, great,

very great, excessive.

Extrême, s. m. extreme, contrary. froid et le chaud sont les deux extrêmes, cold

and heat are the two extremes.

EXTRÊMEMENT, êks-trèm-môn, adv. extremely, extremely, extreme, every much, mightily, extraordinarily. Il a extrêmement d'esprit, he has a great deal of wit.

EXTRÊME-ONCTION, êks-trèm-onk-sion, s.

f. extreme unction.

EXTRÉMITÉ, eks-trå-mî-tå, s. f. extremity; extreme, utmost part, end; extreme state, strait, misery, necessity, worst or lowest condition, last or utmost; last or last moment, point of death; extreme, excess; ntmost vio-lence. La Laponie est à l'extrémité du golfe Bothnique, Lapland borders upon the gulf of Bothnia. A toute extrémité, when the worst comes to the worst. Il est réduit à l'extrémité, lie is reduced to straits. Ils sont ré-solus à toute extrémité, they are resolved to stand it to the last. Dans cette dure extré-Etre à l'exmité, in this severe necessity. trémité, to be dying. Malade à l'extrémité, dangerously sick. Extrinsèque, éks-trin-sêk, adj. extrin-

sick, extrinsical.

EXUBÉRANCE, eg-zů-bê-rens, s. f. exuberance, super-abundance, luxuriance.

EXULCERATION, eg-zul-sa-ra-slon, s. f. exulceration.

EXULCÉRER, ég-zůl-så-rå, v. a. to exulce-

EXULTATION, eg-zul-ta-sion, s. f. exultation, leaping for joy, rejoicing.

EXULTER, v. n. to leap for joy, exult.

Ex-voro, s. m. votive picture (in a church.)

F, ef, s. f. 6th letter of the French Alphabet.

F'A, fa, s. m. (note of musick) fa.

FABLE, fabl, s. f. fable, apologue, fiction, mythology, tale, story, romance. Servir de fable et de risée à tout le monde, to make one's self a common talk and a laughing stock.

FABLIAU, s. m. sort of story in verse very common in the beginning of French poetry.

FABRICANT, s. m. manufacturer. FABRICATEUR, fa-bri-kā-lēur, s. m. (de monnoie) coiner; (de fuux actes) falsifier or forger of writings; (de faux témoins) falsifier of witnesses; (de nouvelles) forger of news or news-monger.

FABRICATION, få-bri-kå-sion, s. f. (de la monnoie) coining. Fabrication d'un faux acte, falsifying or forging of a writing.

FABRICIEN, få-bri-sien, s. m. church-

warden.

FABRIQUE, få-brik, s. f. fabrick or building, frame; manufacture, make, making, fashion. Fabrique d'une église, fabric-lands, revenue of a church, plate and holy ornaments belonging to a church. La fabrique des monnoies, the coinage or coining of money.

FABRIQUER, få-brl-kå, v. a. to manufac-

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ture or make; (des vaisseaux) to build; (de la monnoie) to coin or mint; to forge or invent. Fabriquer un faux testament, to forge a

*FABULATEUR, s. m. story-teller.

FABULEUSEMENT, få-bå-leuz-men, adv. fabulously.

FABULEU-X, SE, få-bû-lèu, lèuz, adj. fa-bulous, feigned, fictitious, romantick.

FABULISTE, få-bå-list, s. m. fabulist, writer of fables.

of tables.

FACADE, få-såd, s. f. front (of an edifice.)

FACE, fås, s. f. face; visage; front or forefront, surface, superficies; state or condition
(of affairs;) pass (things are at;) (terme du
jeu de bassette) fass. En face, to one's face
or before one's face. Epouser en face de
l'église, to marry in publick. Ce châtean a
une helle avenue en fuce, that castle has a fine
avenue before it. A la face de, to the face or avenue bette average en Jace, that castle has a fine avenue before it. A la face de, to the face or in the presence of, before. Faire face, to face. Mu maison fait face à la rivière, my house faces the river. Faire face à l'emiem, to face the enemy. Faire volte-face, to face

*Fack, E, adj. Un homme bien fucé, a jolly, full-faced man.
Facen, få-så, v. a. (in heraldry,) to fass.
Facetie, få-så-sl, s. f. merry conceit or

FACÉTIEUSEMENT, fâ-sâ-sleuz-mên, adv.

facetiously, pleasantly, comically, FACÉTIEU-X, SE, få-sä-slèu, slèuz, adj. fa-cctious, merry, jovial, pleasant, comical. FACETTE, få-sêt, s.f. little face, facet. Dia-

mant taillé en fucettes, diamond cut facet-wise, FACETTER, få-se-ta, v. a. to cut with facets. FACHÉ, E, få-shå, adj. sorry; angry, vexed, displeased.

FACHER, fa-sha, v. a. to vex, anger, displease or teaze; to grieve. Il lui fache, he is sorry. Se facher, v. r. to be angry, fall into a passion.

FACHERIE, s. f. grief, trouble, vexation. Causer, donner de la fâcherie, to trouble, vex or teaze.

FACHEU-X, SE, fa-sheu, sheuz, adj. sad, grievous; troublesome, burdensome; hard, rugged, difficult, uneasy, troublesome, froward, peevish, cross, humoursome.

FACHEU-X, SE, S. m. & f. troublesome per

son, impertinent.

FACIENDE, s. f. club, gang, cabal. FACILE, få-sil, adj. easy; facile: condescending; ready, quick. Style facile, free, easy, natural style.

FACILEMENT, få-sil-men, adv. easily, with

FACILITÉ, få-sî-lî-tå, s. f. easiness; quick-

ness, facility, readiness; easy temper, condescension. Avoir une facilité d'esprit admirable, to have a wonderful ready wit. Une grande facilité d'expression, a great easiness of expression, ready tongue, fluent discourse. FACILITÉ, E, adj. facilitated, made easy

or facile. FACILITER, fà-sì-ll-tà, v. a. 'o facilitate,

make easy or facile.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

FACON, fa-son, s. f. fashion; form, make; (travail de l'artisan) making; manner, way; mien or presence; compliment, eremony, formality; ado; affectation; tillage, dressing. Elle fit quelques petites façons sur son account of her indisposition. Un homme sans façon, a plain man, a man without ceremony. On vit sans façon entre amis, friends live free-ty together. Façon de parler, way of speaking, phrase. De quelque façon que cela soit, however or howsoever it be. Pourquoi faitesvous tant de façons? A quoi bon tant de façons? why do you make such ado? Donner à la vigne la première, seconde et troisième façon, to dig the vineyard three several times. aucune façon, en nulle façon, en aucune façon du monde, en façon quelconque, en quelque fa-çon que ce soit, in no manner, in no wise, by no means, not at all. De façon que, so that, insomuch that.

Façon, Mar. Façons d'un bâtiment, rising

of a ship's floor afore and abaft.

FACONDE, s. f. obsolete word that means

eloquence.

FACONNER, få-sô-nå, v. a. to fashion; figure, polish or finish; to use, mould. Faconner, v. n. to compliment, be ceremonious or formal. Vous façonnez trop, you compliment too much, you are too ceremonious.

FAÇONNIER, E, få-sô-nlà, nièr, s. m. & f. ceremonious or complimental or formal per-Façonnier, artificer, manufacturer of

stuffs.

FACTEUR, fåk-teur, s. m. factor; postman, or penny-post. Facteur d'orgue, organmaker.

FACTICE, fåk-tis, adj. (mot) made, coined;

factitious.

FACTIEU-X, SE, fåk-síèu, síèuz, adj. & s. factious, seditious, mutinous, factious person.

Faction, fak-sion, s. f. faction, cabal, party; duty (as sentinel.) Etre en faction, to

beupon duty, stand sentry.

FACTIONNAIRE, fåk-sid-ner, adj. Ex. Soldat factionnaire, private sentinel. Mettre un

factionnaire, Mar. to put on a sentry.

Factorerie, fak-tô-r-l, s. f. factory.

Factotum, fak-tô-ton, or Factoton, s.

m. factotum.

FACTUM, fåk-ton, s. m. case, one's case drawn in the form of a plea.

FACTURE, fåk-tur, s. f. invoice (particulars of the goods sent to a merchant by his factor or correspondent.)

FACULE, s. f. luminous spot seen sometimes

on the sun.

FACULTATIF, adj. m. Ex. Bref facultatif, pope's license or dispensation.
FACULTE, få-kůl-lå, s. f. faculty; power, virtue; facility, talent; power, right. culté de médecine, the faculty. La fa-Facultés, talents, fortune, property; (law term) de-

FADAISE, få-dez, s. f. trifles, fiddle-faddle,

foolish or silly thing, silliness or foolery.
FADE, fad, adj. insipid, that has no taste; silly, witless, nauseous. Se sentir le cœur fade, to have a bad or squeamish stomach, have one's stomach cloyed.

FADEUR, 'få-deur, s. f. insipidness, unsavouriness, insipidity, nauseousness, silliness; also loathsome praise.

FAGOT, få-gå, s. m. fagot; bundle. Con-

ter des fagots, to tell stories, talk idly. FAGOTAGE, s. m. making of fagots.

FACOTAILLE, s. f. sort of hedge made with

FAGOTÉ, E, adj. tied or made into fagots; huddled in a confused or disordered trim

(said of clothes.)

FAGOTER, få-gồ-tå, v. a. to tie or make into fagots; to jumble logether.

FAGOTEUR, få-go-teur, s. m. fagot-maker FAGOTIN, få-go-tin, s. m. & adj. mounte-

bank's merry-andrew or jack pudding.
FACOUE, s. f. kernel (in beasts, like the sweetbread in yeal.)

FAGUENAS, fåg-nå, s. m. rank smell, funk. FAYENCE, få-yens, s. f. Dutch ware, Delft ware, fine crockery.

FATENCERIE, s. f. Dutch ware or crockery

manufactory.

FATENCIER, E, få-yen-siå, sier, s. m. & f. Dutch ware potter, one that sells fine crock-

ery, or keeps a china shop.

*FAILLI, F., adj. failed, misled. R est arrive à jour failli, he came at the close of the

evening.

FAILLI, s. m. bankrupt.

FAILLIBILITÉ, få-fi-bi-li-tå, s. f. fallibility. FAILLIBLE, få-fibl, adj. fallible. FAILLIR, få-fir, v. n. irr. to fail; sin, do amiss, offend or transgress, mistake or be out; be extinct; be bankrupt, break. Faillir à faire or fuillir de faire, to be very near doing. Ex. Je fuillis à tomber or je faillis de tomber, I was like to fall, I was very near falling. Il a fuilli à vous nonmer, he was very near naming you. As this verb is il faut in the 3d person singular of the present indica-tive, and il faut is also the 3d person singular of the present indicative of falloir, which likewise denotes want, many have thought that in such expressions as these, il lui faut deux paires de bas, he or she wants two pairs of stockings, il faut should be considered as from faillir: but as in the imperfect we say, il lui falloit deux paires de bas, and not il lui failloit deux paires de bas, it is evident that il faut in the above phrase must be from falloir. It is the same with peu s'en faut, il s'en faut bien or beaucoup; tant s'en faut, etc. since the imperfect is coup; tent se n'aut, etc. since the unperpet is peu s'en falloit, ctc. Le cœur me faut, my heart fails me, I faint. Le jour commence à faillir, the day is almost spent, it draws towards night. Firai là sans faillir, I shall go there without fail.

FAILLITE, få-lit, s. f. breaking, bankruptcy. FAIM, fln, s. f. hunger, appetite, stomach. Avoir faim, to be hungry. Mourir de faim, to die with hunger or be almost starved; also to starve or want bread. Se laisser mourirde faim, to starve one's self. Faire mourir de faim, to starve. La faim insatiable des richesses et des honneurs the insatiable desire of riches and honours.

FAIM-VALLE, s. f. sort of epilepsy which

attacks horses.

FAINE, fen, s. f. beech-mast or fruit.
FAINEANT, E., fê-na-ên, ênt, adj. & s. idle, lazy, slothful, sluggish, lazybones.
FAINEANTER, fê-na-ên-la, v. n. to be idle.

loiter, sit still, do nothing.
FAINÉANTISE, fê-nà-èn-tlz, s. f. idleness, laziness, sloth, slothfulness, sluggishness

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FAIRE, fer, v. a. to do or make; to make, cause or be the occasion of; to bid, command or order; to do, observe or obey; to fashion, use, accustom, inure or train up; to busy or employ one's self about; to personate, play, act like; to set up for; to tell, relate; to finish, complete; to exercise, practise, profess; to see, endeavour, take care; to give out, publish; report, to bring, cause, get, raise; (des soldats) to make or raise; to do, commit or be guilty of. Combien faites-vous ce drap? how much do you ask for that cloth? what will you sell it for? Je n'en veux pas faire pour si peu, I will not sell so little of it. Je n'y saurois que faire, I cannot help it. Faire, to be. Cela fait tous mes délices, that is all my delight. Cela ne fait rien à notre propos, that is nothing or signifies nothing to our purpose. On le faisoit mort, it was reported that he was dead. Il tâche de vous faire quelque argent, dead. Il tâche de vous faire quelque argent, he endeavours to get or raise some mouey for you. C'est à faire à moi d'y aller, it is my business to go thither. C'est à faire à un poltron de fuir, it is for cowardly people to run away. C'est bien à vous à faire? does it become you? cela n'y fait rien, it is no need of that. Avoir à faire à quelqu'uni, to have business with one, have to do with him. I'em ai à faire. I have need of or occasion for J'en ai à faire, I have need of or occasion for it, I want it. Qu'en avez rous à faire? what is that to you? Il a à faire à moi or avec moi, I have done with him or I am out with him. Je vais où tu n'as que faire, I am going where thou hast no business. Etre à tout faire, to be for any thing. Faire, to go, walk, ride, etc. J'ai déjà fait trois lieues, I have already walked three leagues. Faire d'un prêtre un général, to turn a priest into a gene-Faire d'une mouche un éléphant, to turn a fly into an elephant, that is to say, to make a trifle appear important. Faire before an infinitive is sometimes suppressed in English. Ex. Il fait bâtir une maison superbe, he builds or is building a most elegant house, equivalent to, he causes a most elegant house to be built. In other cases faire before an infinitive is rendered by to cause or make. Faire chanter quelqu'un, to make one sing. Faire chanter une hymne à quelqu'un, to make one sing a hymn, to cause a hymn to be sung by one. V. A. Obs. 1, & Reflechi. We say besides faire faire, to bespeak, get made, cause to be faire faire, to bespeak, get made, cause to be made. Faire savoir, to let know, send word of, give an account of, give to understand. Faire early, to call or send for, bring, cause to come. Faire entrer, to call in, let in, introduce, drive into. Faire sortir, to call out, drive out, take out. Faire sortir par force, to force or drive out. Faire prêter serment à unelandon, to tender the oath to one, put one to quelqu'un, to tender the oath to one, put one to his oath. Faire voir, to show, cause to be seen. Faire observer, to cause to be observed. Ne faire que before an infinitive signifies to do nothing but: and ne faire que de signifies to have but just or to de but just. Ex. Elle ne fait que rire, she does nothing but laugh. It ne fait que de sortir, he is but just gone out. It ne fait que de commencer, he has but just be-

FAI

Faire, v. n. to look, fit; (faire les cartes) to deal. Speaking of the temperature of the !

air, its effect on us, the roads, etc. the French often employ this verb. Ex. Il fait manuais or manuais temps, it is bad weather. Il fait crotte, it is dirty. Il fait propre dans les rues, the streets are clean. Il fait chand, it is warm weather. Il fait jour, it is day-light. Il se fait jour, it draws towards day-light, day-light comes on. Il fait nuit, it is night. Il se fait nuit, it draws towards night, night comes on. Il fait nuit, it draws towards night, night comes on. Il fait nuit, it draws towards night, night comes on. It fait not re obscur, souther or triste, it is dark or gloomy weather. It fait throuillard, it is foggy weather. It fait clair de lune, the moon shines. It fait du tonnerre, it thunders. It fait de séclairs, it lightens. It fait du vent, the wind blows. It fait des horribles tempêtes sur oes chies la herribles are dreadful storme. sur res côtes-là, there are dreadful storms upon those coasts. Full-il jour chez M. A.? is Mr. A. up? Il ne fail pas encore jour chez Madame B. Mrs. B. is not yet up or to be seen. Speaking of the nature, condition or disposition, as well as of the qualities of certain places, in regard to dearness of provisions, personal safety, etc. this verb is used. Ex. Il fait cher vivre dans cet endroit, d'ailleurs it n'y fait pus shr—Ne fait-il pus meilleur en Hollande!—Il y fait bon, mais pas si bon qu'ica, it is dear living in that place; besides, one is not safe there.—Is not Holland better? -It is a good country, but not so good as this part of the world. Il faisoit chand dans ce combat, that was a warm fight. For the same reason we say, it fait dangereux de se jouer de son mattre, it is dangerous to meddle with one's master, etc. Faire, used to avoid the etc. Ex. Il étudie mieux qu'il ne faisoit, he studies better than he did or used to do. Il fait plus froid qu'il ne faisoit hier, it is colder than it was yesterday. Se faire, v. r. to be doing, be making, be growing, be improving, be getting, etc. also to be used, to be done, etc. to become, turn; to grow used or accustomed, make one's self used r accustomed, inure one's self. Se faire des amis, to get friends. Se faire des affaires, to bring one's self into trouble. Se faire les ongles, to pare one's nails. Se faire voir, to show one's self. Se faire sentir, to work upon, make an impression upon, touch; also to be felt and to make to smart. Powoir se faire, to be possible. Il peut se faire que, it is possible that. Se peut-il faire? is it possible? Je m'en suis se peut-u later is in possible! Se m'en suis fait pour deux guinées, I got myself in for two guineas, or it cost me two guineas. In se faire faire, se faire, may be rendered by to get, the other faire being passive; thus as faire la barbe, is to shave, & se faire la barbe is to shave one's self, then se faire faire la barbe may be rendered to get one's self shaved

Faire, Mar. le nord, le sud, l'est or l'ouest, to make northing, southing, easting or west-Faire pavillon blanc, to put out a white Faire voile sur un vaisseau, to run down upon a ship, bear upon a ship. Faire du bois, to take in a provision of wood. Le courant to take in a provision of wood. Le courant fail sept næuds par heure, the tide runs seven knots an hour. Le jusant se fait, the cbb is making. La brise de terre se fait, the landbreeze is springing up. La brise du large se fait, the sea-breeze is coning in. Ce vent s'est fait depuis le lever du soleil, this wind has

got up since sun-rise.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

be done, lawful.

FAISAN or FAISAND, fê-zên, s. m. pheasant, cock pheasant.

Faisande or Faisanne, fe-zan, s. f. henpheasant.

FAISANDEAU, fê-zen-dô, s. m. young

pheasant, pheasant-poult.

FAISANDER, 1ê-zên-dã, v. a. Ex. Faisander la viande, to keep meat till it gets a taste of venison. Se faisander, v. r. to get a taste of venison.

FAISANDERIE, fê-zend-rl, s. f. place where

pheasants are bred.

FAISANDIER, fê-zên-dla, s. m. one who breeds or sells pheasants.

FAISANT, the present participle of faire.

FAISCEAU, 1ê-sô, s. m. bundle; pl. fasces. FAISEU-R, SE, fê-zêur, zeuz, s. m. & f. maker. Faiseur de livres, scribbler or paltry author. Les grands diseurs ne font pas les grands faiseurs, great talkers are not always

great doers.

FAIT, E, fê, fêt, adj. done, made, etc. V. the verb Faire. C'est un homme fait, he is a man, he is of full age. C'est une fille faite, she is a great girl. Tenez celu pour fait, you may depend upon that. Cela vant fait, that is as good as done. C'est le père tout fait, he is the very picture of his father. Un homme bien fait, a comely, handsome, or well-made man; a genteel or accomplished man. Une demoiselle bien faite, a handsome young lady. Fait à plaisir, fait à peindre, extraordinarily handsome. J'ai la tête mal faite, no head aches. Avoir la tête mal faite, to be crackbrained. Je suis tott mal fait, I am quite unvell. Paris n'à avas éth lait tout en un jour well. Paris n'a pas été fait tout en un jour, Rome was not built in a day. Je suis fait à cela, I am used to it. Je suis ainsi fait, I am of that temper, that is my humour. Un prix fait, a set rate or price. De compte fait, upon computation. Comme vous voilà fait, how ill computation. Comme voits voiti fait, how ill you look! what a pickle you are in! C'en est fait, it is done. C'est fait de moi, I am gone, I am undone. C'est fait, it is done, there is no remedy, the thing is past recovery. It vient d'expirer, c'en est fait, he just now gave up the ghost, he is gone.

Fait, Mar. Ce vent de nord-est est fait, this

northeaster is set in. C'est un temps fait, the

weather is settled. FAIT, fê, s. m. fact, act, deed, action; feat, exploit, achievement; fact, or matter of fact, concern, case, matter, business, point. Met-tre or poser en fait, to take for granted. Prendre le fait et cause de quelqu'un, or faire son propre fait des intérêts de quelqu'an, to take one's part, espouse one's quarrel or interest. Etre sûr de son fait, to go upon sure grounds; be cocksure. Voie de fait, violent, forcible, and unlawful means. Cet homme sera bien cotre fait, that man will fit you very well. Cette charge seroit bien votre fuit, that place would do very well for you. La poésie est son rrai fait, poetry is his element. Il nia les faits qu'on lui imputoit, he denied the charge or fact. Donner le fait à quelqu'un, lui donner son fait, to give one his own, pay him off. Il leur donna à chacun son fait, he gave every one his share. Pai besoin de mon fait, I want my own. En fait de littérature, in point of learning. En venir cu fait, to come to the are three inches wanting; ou peu s'en faut

FAISABLE, fe-zabl, adj. feasible, that may || point or business. En venir au fait et au prendre, to come to the push. Etre au fait d'une chose, to be fully apprized or informed of a thing, be master of a thing. Mettre quelqu'un an fait d'une chose, to apprize one of a thing, give one a true notion of a thing, let one into a thing. Vous voilà au fau, now you are informed, now you understand the thing, etc. Tout-à-fait, altogether, wholly, totally, en-tirely. De fait, indeed. Si fait (an answer to a negative expression or its equivalent, by way of contradiction) but I do, but I did, etc. but I am, but I was, etc. but it is but it was, etc. I beg your pardon, yes in deed.

FAITAGE, s. m. roof or top of a house; roof timber, ridge-piece of timber, ridge-lead that

covers the ridge-piece of timber.
*FAITARDISE, s. f. idleness, sluggishness,

FAÎTE, fet, s. m. (d'un édifice) top or ridge;

top, height; pinnacle.
FAITIÈRE, fè-tièr, s. f. ridge-tile, gutter-tile; also pole (at the top of a tent.)
FAIX, fè, s. m. weight, burden. Bâtiment qui a pris son faix, building that has settled or sunk as much as it should. Faix de pont, Mar. part of the deck where it supports some great weight or strain (as the place where the capstan stands) and which requires to be strengthened and supported underneath by stanchions, etc.

FARIR, s. m. Mahometan friar. FALAISE, få-lez, s. f. steep beach or shore, hill by the sea-side.

FALAISER, fa-lê-za, v. n. Ex. La mer falaise, the sea breaks upon the coast.

FALARIQUE, s. f. a sort of beam or dart used among the ancients.

FALBALA, fål-bå-lå, s. m. furbelow. *FALLACE, s. f. fallacy, fraud.

*FALLACIEUSEMENT, adv. fallaciously.
*FALLACIEU-x, se, fal-la-sieu, sieuz, adj.

fallacious, captious.

FALLOIR, få-lwar, v. n. to be requisite er cessary or needful or wanting. This verb necessary or needful or wanting. can be used only with the nominative il, which so often proves that the French language has an antipathy to whatever is either neuter er passive. Now il faut, il falloit, il fallut, il faudra, etc. are proper to express what we are obliged to do, be or have, through complaisance or custom, as well as what personal interest bids us do, be or have, and what we should be right in doing, as also what, from circumstances, we conjecture must be or take place. See the observations hereafter. Comme il faut, as it should be, as it ought to be, as you ought, etc. and sometimes soundly, haud-somely. Vous faites ce qu'il faut, you do what should be done, you do what is right. Combien vous faut-il, (or que rous faut-il) pour cela? what must you have (what do you ask) for that ? Il ne faut que celà pour or il ne faut pas davantage pour, that is enough for sufficient, etc.) for. Plus qu'il ne faut, more than is required (sufficient, needful, wanting, etc.) C'est un faire le faut, there is an absolute necessity for it, that is a forced put. Si faut-il que, yet it is necessary that. Combien s'en faut-il? how much is wanting? what is the deficiency? It s'en faut de trois pouces, there

or very near the matter. See Obs. VI.; see

prove useful.

I. In speaking indeterminately as to the person or persons who, and even thing or things which, must do or be or have, il faut, il falloit, il fallut, etc. may be used before the thing wanted (without any verb to express have) as well as before an infinitive. One (people) must have money to go to law, il faut de l'argent pour plaider. Money must be had to carry on this war, il faut de l'argent pour continuer cette guerre. One (people) must study in order to learn a language, il faut étu-

dier pour apprendre une langue.

II. When, wishing to speak in a particular and determined sense, we choose to name or point out the person or persons who, or the thing or things which, must do, or be, or have, then we may use il faut, il falloit, etc. before that thing wanted (without any verb to express lure), observing that the person or persons, etc. should then be considered as affected by to (a:) but if a verb is to be expressed to point out what is wanted, we should use il fant que, il falloit que, etc. making the nominative of must become the nominative of the other verb to be in the subjunctive; hence it is obvious that any sentence which conveys un idea of something wanted should be so turned as to introduce must. Your brother scants (or must have) a horse, il faut un cheval cants for must nave; a norse, it can un cree a addle, il lui faut aussi une selle. The garden must have more width, il faut plus de largeur au jardin. She must write a letter to them, il faut qu'elle leur écrive une lettre. The garden must be wider, il faut que le jardin soit plus large. If, when speaking indeterminately as to the person or persons, we choose to use the indefinite pronoun on, as a nominative to the verb affected by must or any equivalent, it is obvious that il faut que, etc. may pour agir autrement, il faut qu'on soit fou pour agir autrement, il faut qu'on étudie pour apprendre une lungue. See the examples above in Obs. I.

III. Sometimes, although the person or persons be determined in English, il faut may be used with the infinitive instead of il faut que with the subjunctive; but then the person or persons should appear fully determined either before or after, as in you must not give yourself so much trouble, il ne faut pas vous donner tant de peine. If Irefuse to see him to-day, I must receive him to-morrow, si je refuse de le voir aujourd'hui, il faudra le recevoir demain. You are a child, said Blanford to her, you should have confessed to me the whole, vous êtes une enfant, lui dit Blanford,

il falloit me tout avouer.

IV. Sometimes, instead of il faut que je, otc. with the subjunctive, we use il faut with the infinitive, and consider the person or persons as affected by to (a;) but this construction can take place only when a pronoun is to stand instead of the person or persons. They have been obliged to confess the whole, il lour a fallu tout avouer

V. Il faut (il falloit, etc.) before voir, entendre, etc. may, as well as il fait bean (il faiscit bean, etc.) mean it is (it was, etc.) fine diversion or fun; it gives (gave, etc.) one pleasure, etc. Il ne m'échappoit pas un mot qu'ils ne le relevassent comme un trait admira-ble; et il fulloit voir l'attention qu'ils avoient tous deux à me présenter de tous les mets, I did Il ne m'échappoit pas un mot not drop one word but they took it up as an admirable stroke, and it was entertaining to see how attentive they were both of them in offering me of every dish.

S'en falloir requires also particular VI. attention. As it intimates of itself a deficiency, so on account of its negative signification, it requires the subjunctive in the verb of the action or situation which does not take place on account of that deficiency. Now if s'en falloir be presented with a full negative, or in a manner equivalent to a negative form, as with peu or with an interrogation, the deficiency is removed or partly removed or becomes doubtful, and therefore ne should be prefixed to the subjunctive in order to bring back an affirmation or an approximation to it. From this explanation and the phrases mentioned before the observations, it is presumed that the full force of s'en falloir will easily be recognised in the following phrases. Tant s'en faut que in the following phrases. That s'en faut que je le chérisse, qu'au contraire je le luis mortellement, so far from loving him, I mortally hate him. It s'en faut bien (beaucoup or de beaucoup) qu'il me plaise, he is far from pleasing me, he does not please me by a great deal. Peu s'en fallut (il s'en fallut peu, il ne s'en fallut guère, il ne s'en fallut de rien) que je ne tomhasse, I was very near falling, a little more and I had fallen.

FALOT, fa-lo, s. m. cresset, sort of large lantern; also jack-pudding or jackanapes. FALOT, E, fa-lo, lot, adj. ridiculous, plea-

sant, merry, comical.

FALOTEMENT, få-lot-men, adv. ridiculously, pleasantly.

FALOTIER, få-lå tiå, s. m. light-man, he that sets up or lights the lamps or lanterns.

FALOURDE, få-loord, s. f. great fagot, fagot of large sticks.

FALOUSE, få-looz, s. f. (plant) harts-fod-

FALQUES, s. f. pl. Mar. wash-boards (of a boat.)

FALSIFICATEUR, fâl-sî-fî-kâ-teur, s. m. falsifier.

FALSIFICATION, fål-si-fi-kå-sion, s. f. falsifying, falsification, counterfeiting, or forging,

counterfeit, forgery.

FALSIFIER, fal-sl-fl-å, v. a. to falsify, forge or counterfeit; (le vin) to adulterate or sophisticate; (la monnoie) to embase, counterfeit.

FALTRANK, s. m. a general name for the vulnerary herbs of Switzerland.

FAME, s. f. fame, reputation.

FAMÉ, E, fâ-ma, adj. Ex. Cet homme est bien fame, mal fame, that man bears a good

or bad character.
FAMÉLIQUE, få-må-lik, adj. hungry, starved. Visage famélique, starved counte-

FAMEU-X, SE, få-meu, meuz, adj. famous.

renowned, celebrated.

FAMILIARISÉ, E, adj. familiarized, grown familiar.

FAMILIARISER, (SE) se-fâ-mî-lî-â-rî-zâ, v. r. to familiarize one's self, make one's self familiar, grow familiar, contract a familiarity

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord': mood, good.

FAMILIARITÉ, få-mi-li-à-ri-tà, s. f. familiarity, familiar way, converse, intimacy. Prendre un peu trop de familiarité, to make one's self too familiar.

FAMILIER, E, få-mi-lia, lier, adj. familiar, intimate, free, easy, useful. Esprit familier,

familiar, familiar spirit.

FAMILIÈREMENT, få-mî-lier-men, adv. fa-

miliarly, freely

FAMILLE, få-mil, s. f. family, household, race, kindred; house, stock. Affaires de famille, family or domestick concerns. Chef de famille, house-keeper.
FAMINE, få-min, s. f. famine, dearth,

scarcity.

Fanage, få-nåz, s. m. foliage, leaved branches; hay-making, hay-maker's wages. Fanaison, få-nå-zon, s. f. hay-making,

Fanal, fa-nal, s. m. light, lantern, watch-light. Tour où it y a un fanal, light-house. Mar. lantern. Fanal de hune, top-lantern. Fanal de poupe, poop-lantern. Fanal de soute, store-room-lantern. Fanal de la soute aux poudres, powder-room-lantern. Fanaux pour les signaux, signal-lanterns. Fe latéraux de la poupe, quarter-lanterns. naux de combat, fighting-lanterns.

FANATIQUE, få-nå-tik, adj. & s. fanatick. FANATISER, v. n. to play the fanatick, FANATISME, få-nå-tism, s. m. fanaticism.

FANE, s. f. leaf (of a plant.)

FANER, få-nå, v. a. to make hay, dry up, cause to fade away or wither or decay. faner, v. r. to fade away, wither or decay, to dry (as hay does.) FANEU-R, SE, fâ-neur, neur, s. m. & f.

hay-maker.

FANFAN, fèn-fèn, s. m. & f. child, dear child, honey. FANFARE, fen-far, s. f. flourish of a trum-

pet, etc. ostentation, vain show or parade. FANFARER, v. n. to make a flourish or a

concert with trumpets or French horns,

FANFARON, NE, fên-fâ-ron, rôn, adj. & s. m. swaggering, boasting, vain-glorious, bragging, braggadocio, swaggerer or swaggering fellow, bully or hectoring blade; great boaster, pretender to great matters.
FANFARONNADE, fen-få-rå-nåd, s.f. swag-

gering, ostentation, rodomontade, boasting,

bragging.

FANFARONNERIE. s. f. habit of bragging FANFRELUCHE, fenfr-lush, s. f. riff-raff,

mean set off, bawble.

FANGE, fenz, s. f. dirt, mud, mire.

FANGEU-X, SE, fen-zeu, zenz, adj. dirty, muddy, miry

muddy, miry.

Fanion, fa-mon, s. m. kind of banner.

Fanon, fa-mon, s. m. dew-lap (of an ox, eou; etc.) beard or whiskers (of a whale;) (of horses) fethock; (of priests) fannet or maniple. Let fanons d'um mitre, the pendants of a b shop's mitre. Fanons, s. m. pl. the dressings of a braken lorg or thich. the dressings of a broken leg or thigh.

FANTAISIE, fen-te-zl, s. f. fantasy, fancy,

imagination; mind, thoughts; humour, desire; maggot, frolick, caprice, crotchet, whim, whimsey; fancy work; (de musicien) voluntary,

*Fantasier, v. a. to vex, teaze.
Fantasque, fentask, adj. & s. fantastical, humoursome, capricious, whimsical, odd, lumoursome or fantastical person.

FANTASQUEMENT, sên-tâsk-mên, adv. fai-tastically, capriciously, whimsically, oddly. FANTASSIN, sên-tâ-sin, s. m. soot-soldier.

FANTASTIQUE, adj. fantastical, chimerical.

idle.

FANTÔME, fen-tom, s. m. a phantom, vision, spirit, ghost, sprite, apparition, spectre; chimera, faney, bug-bear. C'est un vrai fantume de roi, he is but the shadow of a king. Fantômes, images of sensible things.

FANUM, s. m. a pagan temple. FAON, fan, s. m. fawn, young deer. FAONNER, fa-na, v. a. to fawn, bring forth a fawn.

FAQUIN, fa-kin, s. m. wooden-head or statue to run a-tilt; sneaking fellow, sordid fellow, scoundrel. Un riche faquin, a rich miser, a penny-father.

Faquine, fa-kin, s. f. sneaking, pitiful, sor-

did woman. FAQUIR, see Fakir.

FAQUINERIE, s. f. meanness.

FARAILLON, s. m. light-house, watchhouse; also small sand-bank separated from a larger one by a narrow channel.

FARCE, fars, s. f. farce, droll; force-meat,

stuffing (in meat.)

*FARCER, v. n. to play the fool, droll, jest. FARCEUR, får-seur, s. m. farce-player, buffoon, droll, merry-andrew.

FARCI, E, adj. crammed, stuffed, etc. FARCIN, far-sin, s. m. farcy, (a horse dis-

FARGINEU-X, SE, får-si-neu, neuz, adj. that has got the farcy. FARCIR, far-sir, v. a. to stuff, cram. Se farcir l'estomac, to filt one's guts, cram or stuff one's self (with meat.)

FARD, far, s. m. paint, rouge; figures or flourishes of rhetorick; disguise, pretence,

dissimulation. FARDAGE, s. m. Mar. dunnage.

FARDAGE, S. M. Mar. unmage.
FARDES, E. adj. painted, etc.
FARDES, Jarde, S. M. burden, load, weight; dirt or rocks (in mines) ready to fall.
FARDER, får-då, v. a. to paint. Farder son discours or son langage, to flourish one's discourse, use flourishes. Farder les mardiscourse, use flourishes. chandises, to trim up commodities, put a gloss upon them. Se farder, v. r. to paint, put on

rouge. FARE, V. Phare.

FARFADET, får-få-de, s. m. familiar spirit, or hobgoblin; also silly or trifling fellow.

FARFOUILLER, får-foo-la, v. a. to rummage, fumble about, poke, grope.
FARGUES, (des sabords) s. f. pl. Mar. side-

boards (of the ports.)

FARIBOLES, få-ri-bol, s. f. pl. idle discourse, tale of a tub, trifles.

FARINE, få-rin, s. f. meal, flour. Folle farine, mill-dust. Gens de même farine, people of the same stamp.

FARINER, v. a. to flour.

FARINEU-x, se, få-ri-neu, neuz, adj. farinaceous, white with meal. Dartre farineuse, white tetter.

FARINIER, få-rl-må, s. m. meal-man.

FARLOUSE, s. f. species of lark.

FAROUCHE, få-roosh, adj. wild, fierce, savage, austere, severe, unsociable, intractable. FASCE, s. f. (in heraldry) fesse.

FASCE, E, adj. fessy

FASCINAGE, få-sî-naz, s. m. work made with fascines.

FASCINATION, s. f. fascination, bewitching. FASCINE, s. f. fascine.

FASCINER, få-si-nå, v. n. to fascinate, be-

witch; dazzle, deceive.
_ Fascole, få-zå-ol, s. f. kidney-bean or

French-bean.

FASEYER or FASIER, v. n. Mar. to shiver (speaking of the sails.) Le bâtiment a tout a foséyer, the ship is all in the wind. Nos voiles sont prêtes à faséyer, our sails are

FASTE, fast, s. m. pageantry, ostentation, vain show, pomp; stateliness, pride, vain

FASTES, s. m. pl. calendar of the ancient Romans; also publick registers (of great and memorable events.)

FASTIDIEUSEMENT, fas-ti-di-cuz-mên, adv.

fastidiously, nauseously.

FASTIDIEU-X, SE, fås-ti-di-eu, euz, adj.

fastidious, nauseous, tedious.

FASTUEUSEMENT, fâs-tů-cuz-men, adv. stately, proudly.

FASTUEU-X, SE, fås-tů-èu, čuz, adj. proud,

stately, vain, foppish, impertinent.

FAT, fåt, s. m. coxcomb, silly fop.

FATAL, E. få-tål, adj. fatal or fated, ordered or appointed by fate; unlucky, unhappy.

FATALEMENT, få-fål-men, adv. fatally.
FATALISME, s. m. doctrine of those who maintain that all things happen by an invincible necessity.

FATALISTE, s. m. fatalist. FATALITÉ, få-tå-li-tå, s. f. fatality, fate, destiny; misfortune, mischance; judgment. FATIDIQUE, adj. fatidical, fore-telling,

prophetick. FATIGANT, E, få-ti-gan, gant, adj. tire-

some, toilsome, troublesome.
FATIGUE, få-tig, s.f. fatigue, toil, hardship; weariness, lassitude, being tired. Futique des soldats, fatigue duty. Un homme de fatigue, a hardy man. Un chapeau de fatigue,

a hat fit for service.

FATIGUER, få-ti-gå, v. a. to tire, weary, fatigue, harass; tease, trouble or importune. Fatiguer ses soldats, to put soldiers to hard Fatiguer, Mar. to strain, work, labour. Celle frégate a une mâture qui la fatigue beaucoup, that frigate's masts strain her all to pieces. Vaisseau qui fatigue à la mer, bad sea-boat, ship that strains and labours very much at sea. Fatiguer, v. n. to take pains, work hard, be laborious. Le bâten de foc fawork hard, be laborious. Le bâten de foc fa-tigue considérablement, Mar. the jib-boom complains very much. Sous voile notre bâtiment se comporte bien, mais au mouillage il futigue beaucoup, our ship is a good sea-boat, but a bad roadster.

FATRAS, fa-tra, s. m. trifles, trash, paltry stuff, things insignificant; confused mass (of

papers, etc.)

FATRASSER, v. n. to trifle.

FATRASSEUR, s. m. trifler.

FATUAIRE, s. m. enthusiast who thinking himself inspired forebodes future events.

FATUITÉ, få-tů-î-tå, s. f. foolishness, foppery, silliness, impertinence, simplicity.

FAU, fo, s. m. becch-tree. FAUBERT, s. m. Mar. swab. FAUBERTER, v. a. Mar. to swab. FAUBOURG, s. m. suburb.

FAUCHAGE, fo-shaz, s. m. mowing.

FAUCHAISON, fo-she-zon, s. f. mowing time.

FAUCHE, fosh, s. m. mowing. FAUCHEE, s. f. day's-work of a mower. FAUCHER, fo-sha, v. a. to mow.

FAUCHET, fo-she. s. m. rake.

FAUCHEUR, fò-sheur, s. m. mower; sort of fish

FAUCHEUR or FAUCHEUX, s. m. spinner

(sort of spider.)
FAUCHON, io-shon, s. m. falchion.
FAUCILLE, io-sil, s. f. sickle.

FAUCILLON, s. m. little sickle FAUCON, fò-kon, s. m. hawk, falcon; falcon-

FAUCONNEAU, fô-kô-nô, s. m. falconet; young falcon.

FAUCONNERIE, fo-kon-rl, s. f. hawking, falconry, place where hawks are trained. FAUCONNIER, fo-kô-nia, s. m. falconer.

FAUCONNIÈR, 10-180-1113, S. III. Iniconer.
Fauconnière, 16-180-11êr, S. I. hawking bag.
FAUDRA & FAUDROIT, V. Falloir & Faithr.
FAUFILER, 16-17-13, v. a. (with tailors) to
baste. Se fauther, to keep company (with,)
to consort (with,) intrude one's self into a

company.

Fauldes, s. f. pl. charcoal ovens. Faune, fon, s. m. fawn. Faussaire, fo-ser, s. m. forger (of writ-

FAUSSE, (feminine of faux.) V. Faux. FAUSSEMENT, fos-men, adv. falsely, wrongfully.

FAUSSER, fo-sa, v. a. to bend; (une serrure.) to spoil; (så foi, sa parole) to break, violaté, or go from. Fausser compagnie, to flinch or turn flincher. Se fausser, v. r. to bend.
FAUSSET, 10-se, s. m. faucet (for a cusk;)

faint treble (in musick.)

FAUSSETÉ, fòs-tà, s. f. falsehood, untruth, lie, tale, imposture, cheat, forgery, duplicity, hypocrisy. FAUT, V. Falloir & Faillir.

FAUTE, fot, s. f. fault, errour, mistake, imperfection, defect: want, need, penury. Suns fante, without fail. Funte de, for want of. FAUTEUIL, fò-teul, s. m. great chair, elbow

or arm-chair. FAUTEU-R, TRICE, so-têur, trîs, s. m. & s. favourer, fautor, cherisher, maintainer or

abettor. FAUTI-F, VE, fo-tif, tlv, adj. faulty. FAUVE, fov, s. f. (bête fauve) deer, fallowdecr.

FAUVE, adj. fallow.

FAUVET, s. m. cock-linnet. Fauvette, fö-vet, s. f. tom-tit, hen-linnet. FAU-x, sse, fö, f ös, adj. false; not true, untrue; forged, counterfeited, falsified; feigned, counterfeit, sham; treacherous, unfaithful; mischievous, malicious; jarring, disagrecing. Fausse-porte, back door. Faus brare, bully. Faux bourdon, church musick. Faux frais, Faux semblant, deceitful ap idle expenses. pearance. Fursse pointe, furse raillerie, dull jest. Un faux galunt, an awkward beau. Furux brillant, tusel. Cherul faux or qui galope faux, horse that does not gallop true. Fausses manches, false sleeves, shams or coversluts. Faire faux bond à quelqu'un, to disappoint one, deal falsely with one. Faire faux bond à son honneur, to dishonour one's self.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Faux, adj. Mar. Faux côté, list. Faux au, orlop-beam. Faux bras, preventer aces. Faux étai, spring stay or preventer bean, orlop-beam. braces. Faux étai, spring stay or prevenue stay. Faux collier, collar of a spring stay. Frux foe, middle jib. Faux pont, orlop or orlop deck or spare deck. Faux hubans, preventer shrouds. Faux gubarits, slab timbers. Faux subords, half ports or dead lights. Faux mantelets, dead lights. Fausse puille, false keel. itague, false eye. Fousse quille, false keel. Fausse voile d'étai, middle stay-sail. Fausses lances, wooden gnus. Fausses cargue-boulines, quarter slab-lines.

FAUX, s. m. falsehood. 'Le faux, the waist

or middle. A faux, falsely, undeservedly, wrongiully. Imprimé à faux, false printed. Faux, adv. false. Chanter faux, to sing out of tune. Dater faux, to put a wrong date. S'inscrire en faux contre un acte, to undertake to prove that a writing is false.

FAUX-FUYANT, s. m. shift, evasiou. FAUX, s. f. sithe or scythe.

FAVEUR, få-veur, s. f. favour, kindness, benefit, good office, courtesy; benevolence; favour, interest; a lady's favour or small present. Les dernières faveurs d'une nativesse, the last favours or enjoyment of a mistress. Le procès a été jugé en ma faveur, the case went on my side. Il a testé en fareur du ca-det, he has lest his estate to a younger son. Lettres de faveur, recommendatory letters or letters of recommendation. Avoir la faveur A la faveur de, by du peuple, to be popular. the favour or means or help of.

FAVORABLE, få-vô-rabl, adj. favourable, propitious, gracious, kind. Blessure favorable (or legere,) favourable or light wound. Le ciel vous soit favorable, heaven befriend or

prosper you.

FAVORABLEMENT, få-vô-råbl-mên, adv. favourably, graciously, kindly, lovingly.
FAVORI, TE, få-vô-ri, rit, adj. favourite, darling, dearly beloved.

FAVORI, s. m. Fovorite, s. f. favourite, minion. FAVORISER, få-vô-rì-zå, v. a. to favour,

countenance, help, back, assist or befriend. FÉAGE, s. m. feoffment; also freehold, free

*Féal, få-ål, adj. (law term) trusty, pl.

FÉAL, s. m. liege, vassal, subject.

FÉBRICITANT, E, få-brî-sî-tên, tênt, adj. that has the ague, troubled with the ague.

FÉBRIFUGE, få-bri-fuz, adj. & s. m. febri-

fi.ge, ague-powder.
FEBRILE, adj. febrile, constituting a fever.
FECALE, få-kål, adj. Ex. Matière fécale, Luman excrements.

FÉCES, s. f. pl. fæces, dregs, lees. FÉCOND, E, få-kon, kond, adj. fertile, fruitful, copious, teeming.

FÉCONDATION, s. f. fecundation.

FÉCONDER, v. a. to fecundify.
FÉCONDITÉ, fâ-kon-dì-tâ, s. f. fertility, fecundity, fruitfulness, copiousness.

FÉCULE, s. f. lees, sediment.
FÉCULENCE, få-kå-lens, s. f. feculency.
FÉCULENT, få-kå-lens, adj. feculent.
FÉDÉRALISME, s. m. federalism, league.
FÉDÉRALISTE, s. m. federalist.

FÉDÉRATI-F, VE, adj. federative. FÉDÉRATION, s. f. confederation.

FÉDÉRÉ, adj. & s. confederate, leagued! FÉE, få, s. f. fairy.

*FÉER, v. a. to enchant.

FÉERIE, få-rl, fairy art or land.

FEINDRE, findr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to feign or dissemble, pretend, make as if, counterfeit; to feign or make fictions, devise, contrive, forge: v. n. to stand or stick, scruple; to go lame.

FEINT, E, adj. feigned, counterfeited, etc.;

dissembling.
FEINTE, fint, s. f. dissimulation, dissembling, disguise, feint; (in fencing) feint; (in musick) flat or diesis. User de feinte, to use dissimulation, to dissemble. Faire feinte de. to preteud to, make as if.

to pretend to, make as it.

*FENTSIE, S. f. dissembling.

FÊLE, E., adj. cracked.

FÊLER, fê-la, v. a. to crack.

FÊLICITATION, fâ-lf-sî-tâ-slon, s. f. congratulation, wishing joy.

FÊLICITE, fâ-lf-sî-tâ, s. f. felicity, happinese blassedures.

ness, blessedness.

FÉLICITER, få-li-sî-tå, y. a. to congratulate or wish joy.
FLLON, NE, få-lon, lon, adj. felonious, re-

bellious; also cruel, ferocious, inhuman FELONIE, få-lô-nl, s. f. felony, rebellion.

FÉLOUQUE, Få-löok, s. f. Mar. felucca. FÊLURE, fê-lûr, s. f. crack. FENELLE, få-mål, s. f. female; she (of

arimals.) FEMELLE, adj. (of birds) hen. Un moi-

nean femelle, hen-sparrow. FEMELOTS, (dn gourernail) s. m. pl. Mar.

googings (of the rudder.)

FEMININ, E, få-mi-nin, nin, adj. feminine, belonging to the woman; womanish, womanlike or effeminate.

FÉMINISER, få-mi-ni-zå, v. a. to make feminine or of the feminine gender (in gram-

mar.) FEMME, fam, s. f. woman; wife. Il a une très-belle femme pour son épouse, he has a very handsome woman for his wife. Prendre femme, to marry. Une femme marriée, a mar-ried woman. Les femmes, women, wives. FEMMELETTE, têm-lêt, s. f. silly woman.

FEMUR, s. m. the thigh-bone.

FENAISON, iè-nè-zon, s. f. mowing time, hay-harvest, hay-making time.
FENDANT, fèn-dèn, s. m. cutting blow;

huff, bully, hector or hectoring blade. le fendant, to huff or hector.

FENDERIE, s. f. cutting iron into bars; chafery, finery, place where bars are cut.
FENDEUR, fen-dêur, s. m. cleaver, splitter.

Un fendeur de naseaux, a braggadocio, a bully, a hectoring blade.

FENDOIR, s. m. cleaving instrument.

FENDRE, fendr, v. a. to cleave, slit, split or cut; (le ventre) to rip up; to crack; to break, get, go or squeeze through; (la tête) to break. Il gêle à pierre fendre, it freezes very hard L'ardeur du soleil fuit fendre le tronc de l'arbre, the parching heat of the sun causes the trunk of the tree to chap.

Fendre, v. n. to split. La tête me fend, my head is ready to split in two, I have a violent head-ache. Le cœur me fend de douleur, my heart is ready to break for grief. Se fendre, v. r. to cleave, break asunder, split, slit,

crack, chap; gape, chink.

FENDU, E, adj. cleft, slit, etc. V. Fendre & Se fendre. Des yeux bien fendus, large well cut eyes. Homme bien fendu, long-leg-ged man. Qui a la bouche or la gueule fendue jusqu'aux oreilles, or qui est bien fendu de gueule, vide-mouthed, sparrow-mouthed. FERÊTRAGE, fê-nê-trâz, s. m. windows. FERÊTRE, fê-nê-tr, s. f. window or case-

ment.

FENIL, fe-nil, s. m. hay-loft.

FENOUIL, fe-nool, s. m. fennel; (graine de fenouil) fennel-seed.

FENOUILLETTE, fê-noo-lêt, s. f. fennel-

water; also sort of apple.

FENTE, fent, s. f. slit, chap, cleft or rift; (d'une porte) chink; (d'une muraille) crack or chink; (d'une chemise) bosom. Fente, s. f. Mar. shake.

FENUGREC, s. m. a leguminous plant.

FEODAL, E, få-d-dål, adj. feodal.

FÉODALEMENT, få-ð-dål-mên, adv. Ex. Saisir féodalement, to seize for the lord of the manor.

FÉODALITÉ, s. f. faith and homage.

FER, fer, s. in. iron; sword, dagger, etc. anchor; (d'une lance, d'une flèche) head; (de lacet or d'aiguillette) tag; (d'une came, d'un bâton) ferrule. Fers, chains, irons, iron chains, fetters, slavery. Corps de fer, body of iron, strong robust body. Une tête de fer, a strong strong robust body. Une tete de fer, a strong head piece. Un siècle de fer, an iron age. Se buttre à fer émoulu, to fight in good earnest. Munier le fer, to wear the sword. Battre le fer, to fence, tilt. Il y a long-temps qu'il hat le fer, he has been a long time at it. Fer à repasser le linge, smoothing iron. Fer de chead, (or simply fer) horse-shoe. Un fer d'argent, a silver horse-shoe. Fer à chead, (sort of fortification) horse-shoe. Fer-blanc, Mettre les fers tin or white iron tinned over.

au feu, to fall stoutly to work.

Fer, s. m. Mar. iron, etc. Fer de calfat or à calfat, calking iron. Fer de grivoutet, iron. spindle of a vane, or spindle of a vane. Fer de boute-hors, studding-sail hoom-iron. de chandelter de pierrier, iron socket let into a swivel stock, in which the swivel rests and traverses. Fer d'arc-bouau, for the broom. Fer de gaffe, hook of a boat-hook broom. fetters, bilboes. staff. Fers (de prisonniers,) fetters, bilboes. Mettre un homme aux fers, to put a man in

irons.

FERAROIS, s. m. Ferarese.

FERBLANTIER, fer-blen-tia, s. m. tin-man. *FÉRIABLE, adj. that may be kept as a day of rest. Jour fériable, holy-day.
FÉRIAL, E, få-riål, adj. belonging to the

FÉRIE, få-rl, s. f. (terme d'église) feria, any day of the week between Sunday and Saturday.

*FÉRIR, få-rir, v. a. to strike. Ex. Sans coup férir, without striking a blow.

FERLAGE, s. m. Mar. furling.

FERLER les voiles, Mar. to furl or hand the sails.

FERMAGE, fer-maz, s. m. rent (of a farm.)

FERMAIL, fêr-mâl, s. m. clasp. FERME, fêrm, adj. firm; fast, steady; hard, compact; constant, durable; sure, steadfast, unshaken, settled; resolute; strong, lusty. Parler d'un ton ferme, to talk big. Je vous

attendrai de pied ferme, I shall not stir hence till you come. Combattre de pied ferme, to fight obstinately, stand one's ground, make a stout resistance. Terre ferme; firm land or continent.

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FERME, adv. hard, fast. Faire ferme, to hold out stoutly, lose no ground. Fort et

ferme, stoutly.

FERME, S. f. letting to farm, letting of a lease; farm. Bailler à ferme, to let to farm, lease or let a lease, let. Prendre à ferme, to farm, let to farm or take a lease. Bail à ferme,

leans. V. Fermes.

Fermé, E. adj. (from Fermer) shut or shut up. etc. Un bauc fermé, a pew.

Fermément, fêr-mê-nên, adv. firmly, steadily, stoudy; firmly, resolutely, constantly, steadfastly.

FERMENT, fer-men, s. m. ferment, leaven.

FERMENTATI-F, VE, adj. fermentative. FERMENTATION, fer-men-ta-sion, s. f. fermenting or ferinentation.

FERMENTER, fer-men-ta, v. a. to ferment.

FERMER, fer-ma, v. a. to slut, or shut up; to stop up; (lu veine, une plaie) to close; (une lettre) to make and seal up; to enclose, encompass; (les yeux) to close or shut. Fermer les yeux à quelque chose, to take no notice of or wink at a thing. Fermer à la clef, to lock or lock up. Fermer la main or le poing, to clutch or clinch one's fist. Fermer de murailles une ville, to wall a town in. Fermer de palissades, to rail in or pale in, palisade. Fermer de haies, to hodge in or about. Fermer la porte à quelqu'un, to shut one out. Fermer la porte sur quelqu'un, to shut the door upon one. Fermer la porte au nez de quelqu'un, to thrust one out. Fermer or faire fermer sa porte à quelqu'un, to refuse seeing one. Fermer, Mar. to shut, etc. Fermer les ports, to lay an embargo upon shipping. Fermer les sabords, to lower the ports down. Fermer satoras, to lower the ports down. Ferther Pécoutile de la soute aux pondres, to cover the magazine scuttle. Fermer les hublots, to shut the port scuttles. Le port est fermé par les glaces, the harbour is cheked up with the ice. La pointe est fermée par le fort, the point is shut in with the fort. Fermer, v. n. to shut. Se fermer, v. r. to shut; to close or close up. Se fermer à lu clef, to lock one's self in.

FERMES, s. f. pl. girders. FERMETÉ, ferm-ta, s. f. firmness, solidity, hardness; firnihess, steadiness, constancy,

courage, resolution, steadfastness.
Fermeture, ferm-tur, s. f. fastening.
Fermeture d'une boutique, shutters and fastening of a shop

Fermiere, fêr-mîâ, s. m. farmer. Fermière, fêr-mièr, s. f. farmer's wife. Fermoir, fêr-mwar, s. m. clasp; chisel. Féroce, fâ-rôs, adj. fierce, wild, savage, cruel

FÉROCITÉ, fe-ro-sî-ta, s. f. fierceness.

FERRAILLE, fe-ral, s. f. old iron. FERRAILLER, fe-ra-la, v. n. to fence, tilt,

also to wrangle. FERRAILLEUR, fe-ra-leur, s. m. bully;

fighting fellow. FERRANDINE, s. f. ferrandine (silk and

rvoollen cloth.)

FERRANDINIER, s. m. ferrandine weaver.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

FERRANT, fe-ren, adj. m. Ex. Marechal [ferrant, farrier.

FERRÉ, E, fe-ra, adj. shod, etc. V. Ferrer. Eau ferrée. chalybeate-water. Style ferré, hard style. Chemin ferre, firm, stony way. Ferre à glace, frost-nailed. Il est ferre à glace là-dessus, he is strong enough there. Un cabinet ferré d'argent, cabinet done with silver work about it.

FERREMENT, fer-men, s. m. tool or instru-

FERREMENT, relatively, since the most of iron. Mar. iron-work (of a vessel.)

FERRER, fe-ra, v. a. to bind about with iron-work, (un cheval) to shoe; (un lacet or une aiguillette) to tag; (un bâton, une canne) to tip. Ferrer la mule, to cheat one, make one pay dearer for a thing than it cost, make

the market penny.
FERRET, fc-rc, s. m. tag.
FERRETIER, fc- ta, s. m. tarrier's hammer. FERREUR, s. m. Ex. Ferreur d'aiguillettes, tagger of laces.

FERRIÈRE, s. f. farrier's pouch. FERRON, fe-ron, s. m. iron-monger.

FERRONNERIE, fe-ron-ri, s. f. iron-monger's shop or warehouse. Ferronnier, e, fe-rô-nia, nier, s. m. & f.

iron-monger.

FERRUGINEU-X, SE, fe-ra-zî-neu, neuz,

adj. ferruginous.

FERRURE, sc-rur, s. f. iron-work; (de che-val) shoeing. Ferrures du gouvernail, ironwork of the rudder.
FERS, V. Fer.
FERTILE, fer-til, adj. fertile, fruitful, plen-

tiful. Fertile en, abounding with or full of.

FERTILEMENT, fer-til-men, adv. fruit-

fully, abundantly, plentifully.

FERTILISER, fer-u-li-za, v. a. to fertilize,

make fruitful or plentiful. FERTILITE, fer-ti-li-ta, s. f. fertility, fruit-

fulness, plenty, plentifulness.

*FÉRU, E, få-rå, d, adj. smitten, in love,

FERULE, få-rål, s. f. ferula, palmer, hand-

clapper. Etre sous la férule de, to be under the correction of. FERVEMMENT, fer-va-men, adv. fervently,

ardently, with zeal.

FERVENT, E, fer-ven, vent, adj. fervent,

full of fervour or zeal. FERVEUR, fer-veur, s. f. fervency, fervour,

FERZE, s. f. Mar. breadth of a sail.

FESABLE, fesant, feseur, from faire. Faisable, etc.

Fesses, fes, s. f. buttock; breech. Fesses, s. f. Mar. buttocks of a ship, tuck. Vous n'y allez que d'une fesse, you go slackly to it, you hang an arse, you do things but by halves. See Fesser.

FESSEE, s. f. whipping (on the breech.)
FESSER, fe-sa, v. a. to whip. Fesser bien
son vin, to be a good toper. Fesser le caltier, to whip over a writing, to be a scribbling drudge. Un fesse cahier, a writing or scrib-bling drudge. Un fesse-cul, a whip-arse. Un fesse-breviaire, a priest that mumbles over his breviary. Un fesse-mathieu, a miser or penny father.

FESSEU-R, SE, fê-sêur, sêuz, s. m. & f.

whipster, flogger.
FESSIER, fe-sia, s. m. breech or buttocks. FESSU, E, adj. that has large buttocks.

FESTIN, fes-tin, s. m. feast, banquet, entertainment.

FESTINER, fes-ul-na, v. a. to feast or enter-

FESTON, fes-ton, s. m. festoon (in architecture;) also seolop, and wreath of flowers and fruits and leaves twisted together.

FESTONNER, fês-tô-nà, v. a. to work in festoon, scollop.

FESTOYER, v. a. to feast, entertain, make welcome.

FÊTE, fêt, s. f. holy-day, feast or festival day; feast, merry-making, entertainment; birth-day; (jour de la fête du saint dont on porte le nom) name day or festival of the Saint whose name one bears. Il n'est pas toujours whose name one beats. It were a traffice of fete, every day is not Sunday. Aux bonnes fêtes, hons coups, the better day, the better deed. La fête des Morts, Ali Souls day. La fête Dieu, Corpus Christi day. La petite fête Dien, the octave of Corpus Christi day. Les fetes du palais, days wherein no causes are heard, vacation time. Troubler la fête, to spoil the sport. Un trouble-fête, a trouble feast, a troublesome guest. Fuire fête à quelqu'un, to make one welcome, make one kindly welcome, give one a kind entertainment. Se faire de fête, to make one's self necessary, be a busy body or an intermeddler or an oincious coxcomb.

Fêren, fê-tâ, v. a. to keep holy. Fêter quelqu'un, to make one welcome, give one a

kind reception.

FETFA, s. m. an order from the mufti. FÉTICHE, s. f. the name of idols among the negroes.
FÉTIDE, få-tid, adj. fetid, stinking.
FÉTOYER, få-twå-yå, V. Festoyer.

FÉTU, få-tů, s. m. straw, mote; iron bar wherewith the hangman breaks limbs upon the wheel. Je n'en donnerois pas un féta, i would not give a rush on pin for it. Tirer ou would not give a rush or pin for it. court fetu, to draw cuts.

FETU-EN-CU, s. m. a tropical bird.

FEU, feu, s. m. fire; burning, heat, inflammation; (de l'amour) flames; sparkling er brightness; combustion; mettle, briskness, liveliness, life; passion, anger; caustick; fire shot; chimney; family, house; other things belonging to a fire-place. Peu de joie, bonfire. Feu d'artifice, fire-work. Un feu de paille, a sudden blaze or flash. Le feu du ciel, thunder and lightning. Les feux de la nuit, the stars. Feu St. Elme. or feu follet, Saint Elmo's fire, jack with the lantern, will-with-a-whisp, ignis fatuus, corposant or corposanto. Armes à feu, firearms. Mettre le feu à une chose, to set a thing on fire. Prendre feu, to catch or take fire. Jeter feu et flammes, to fret and fume. Jeter son feu, to wreak or vent one's passion; also to sow one's wild oats. Condamner au fen. to condemn to be burnt. Jeter de l'huile an feu, to throw oil into the fire, blow the coals. Mettre le fen à un canon, to fire a great gun. Faire un grand feu sur l'ennemi, to fire briskly upon the enemy. Faire faux feu, to tlash in the pan or miss fire. Village de cent in the pan or miss fire. Village de cent feux, village containing one hundred houses. Donner le feu à un cheral, to cauterize a

Feu, Mar. fire, etc. light or light-house (on Feu (or fuites feu) fire. the sea-coast.)

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Bas le feu partout, leave off firing fore and aft. Feu bien nourri, fire well kept up. Feu art. Fet bien noarri, me wen kep up. Ter roulant, constant fire. Feu vif, brisk fire. Faire taire le feu d'une batterie, to silence a battery. Le feu d'Ouessant se roit bien ce soir, Ushant light shows itself very plain to night. Voilà un bâtiment qui a le feu à bord, there is a vessel on fire. Rester sous le feu d'un fort, to remain exposed to the fire of a fort. Feur, lights (whether within board or without, or made use of as signals.) L'escadre ennemie a ses feux, the enemy's fleet have their lights aboard. Les feux sont éteints, the fire and lights are out.

FEU, E, feu, feu, adj. (declinable only when the article precedes the adjective) late, deceased. Le feu roi, the late king. La feue reine, the late queen. Feu mon père, my deceased father. Feu ma mère, my deceased mother.

pl. Feux.

FEUDATAIRE, feu-dâ-ter, s. m. feudatory.

FEUDISTE, s. m. feudist. FEUILLAGE, féu-laz, s. m. leaves or leaved branches; foliage or branched work.

FEUILLANT, feu-len, s. m. begging friar

of the order of St. Bernard.

FEUILLANTINE, fêu-lên-tîn, s. f. a sort of pastry made of puff-paste; also nun of the

order of St. Bernard.

order of St. Bernard.

FEUILLE, fêul, s. f. leaf; (de papier) sheet; (de metal) foil; (bout du manche) top; (d'un homme en place) minute, list; (d'or, d'argent, etc.) leaf; (d'un maître d'hôtel) bill; (d'un paravent) leaf; (in surgery) exfoliation; (feuille volante) loose sheet, pamphlet. Feuilles (ornament of architecture) foliage. Metilles (ornament of architecture) foliage. Met-tre sur la feuille, to minute, minute down, put on the list. Vin de deux ou trois feuilles, wine two or three years old. Feuilles bretonnes, Mar. spirketting.

FEUILLÉ, E, adj. leafy. FEUILLÉE, fêu-la, s. f. green arbour. FEUILLE-MORTE, fêul-môrt, s. f. file-mot. FEUILLER, feu-la, v. n. (in painting) to

draw the leaves of trees.

FEUILLET, fên-lê, s. m. leaf of a book.

FEUILLETAGE, fêul-lâz, s. m. pufi-paste.

FEUILLETÉE, E, adj. turned over, read.

Pâte bien feuilletée, good pufi-paste.

FEUILLETER, fêul-lâ, v. a. to turn over, read or peruse. Feuilleter la pâte, to make

puff-paste.

FEUILLETTE, feu-let, s. f. measure of wine containing half a hogshead or only a pint English.

FEUILLU, E, fêu-lû, lû, adj. leafy, full of

FEUILLURE, feu-lur, s. f. groove (into which windows or doors are inserted.)

FEURRE, s. m. straw (of any kind.)

FEURS, s. m. pl. money expended for the cultivation of lands.

FEUTRAGE, s. m. the act of stuffing with

FEUTRE, fentr, s. m. felt; also scurvy hat. FEUTRER, sen-tra, v. a. to stuff with felt.

FEUX, the plural of Feu.

FEVE, fev, s. m. bean. Feves de haricot, French-beans. Feves de café, coffee-berries. Trouver la fève au gâteau, to hit the nail on the head.

FÉVEROLE, fav-rol, s. f. little round bean.

FEVRIER, få-vriå, s. m. February.

FI, ff, interj. fy, fy upon, out upon it. FIACRE, flåkr, s. m. hackney-coach. FIAMETTE, flå-met, adj. f. couleur fiamette,

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reddish colour.

FIANÇAILLES, fièn-sâl, s. f. pl. betrothing. FIANCE, E, fièn-sâl, adj. betrothed, promised or made sure. Le fiancé, the bridegroom. La fiancée, the bride.

FIANCER, flen-så, v. a. to betroth, make

sure or promise in marriage.

FIAT, s. m. stress, dependance, interj. so FIBRE, fibr, s. f. fibre, filament or string.

FIBRÉ, E, or FIBREU-X, SE, fi-breu, breuz,

adj. fibrous.

FIBRILLE, fl-bril, s. f. fibril, small fibre.

Fic, fik, s. m. fig (a horse disease;) also fleshy excressence about the anus.

FICELER, fîs-lå, v. a. to bind or tie with

packthread. FICELLIER, s. m. roller for packthread,

reel.

FICELLE, fî-sêl, s. f. packthread. FICHE, fish, s. f. hook; counter (at cards, etc.) Mar. rag-bolt. Anneau à fiche, ringboli ragged.

FICHER, fî-shā, v. a. to pitch, drive or thrust in, stick, fix, fasten.

FICHOIR, s. m. slit stick to fasten ballads

and pictures on a string.
*Ficнu, E, fi-shu, shu, adj. sorry, pitiful, silly.

. Fichu, s. m. neck-kerchief.

*FICHUMENT, adv. sorrily, pitifully, poorly. FICTI-F, VE, fik-iif, tlv, adj. fictitions. FICTION, fik-sion, s. f. fiction, invention,

e, story, device, cheat. FIDEICOMMIS, fl-de-l-kd-ml, s. m. feoffment of trust.

FIDELE, fi-dēl, adj. faithful, loyal, trusty, true, honest; faithful, true; sincere. Les fidèles, the faithful, the believers, God's

FIDELEMENT, fî-dêl-mên, adv. faithfully,

loyally, honestly, truly, exactly.

FIDÉLITÉ, fl-da-li-ta, s. f. fidelity, faithfulness, loyalty, honesty, Integrity, truth, exactness, sincerity.

FIDUCIAIRE, s. m. fiduciary

FIEF, fief, s. m. fee or fief, feodal tenure; f manor. Hommes de fief, free-holders. fief manor. Tenir en fief, to hold in fee.

FIEFFÉ, E, flê-fâ, adj. arrant, downright, eer, very. Un ivrogne fieffé, a very drunk-d. Un fripon fieffé, arrant knave. FIEFFÉ, E, adj. enfeoffed. FIEFFER, flê-fâ, v. a. to enfeof. FIEF, flê, s. m. gall; spleen, hatred, magnetick, engelt, speen, hatred, magnetick, engelt, speen, hatred, magnetick, engelt, en meer, very.

animosity, grudge.

FIENTE, fient, s. f. dung. FIENTER, fien-ta, v. n. (of animals) to

dung; (of birds) to mute.

FIER, II-à, v. a. to trust (one) with. Ser à, en, sur, v. a. to trust to, rely, depend upon. Se fier à quelque chose, to believe a thing.

Fier, E, fier, fier, adj. proud, haughty; stout, high spirited; stately, noble, lofty, fierce, cruel, barbarous. Un per à bras, s. m. a bully, a hector, a huff Faire le fier, to look big.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

FIÈREMENT, fier-men, adv. stoutly, boldly;

haughtily, arrogantly, saucily, presumptuously. FIERTÉ, flér-tà, s. f. pride, haughtiness, stateliness, loftiness, nobleness, fierceness, cruelty. Un cheval qui a de la fierté, a proud

FIERTE, flert, s. f. shrine (of a saint.)
FIERTE, flert, s. f. fever; agué. Avoir
FIÈVRE, flevr, s. f. fever; agué. a ague. la fièvre, to be in a fever or have an ague. Donner la fièvre, to put in a fright. Avoir une sièvre de veau, to shake after meat. Fièvre intermittente, intermitting fever.

FIÉVREU-X, SE, fîà-vrèu, vrèuz, adj. a-

guish, feverish.

FIEVROTTE, s. f. little fever.

FIFRE, fifr, s. m. fife; also fifer. FIGÉ, E, adj. congealed, thickened, coagulated.

FIGEMENT, fîz-mên, s. m. congealing,

FIGEREM, 12-11ed, S. M. Congeaung, thickening, coagulating.

FIGER, 16-2a, v. a. to congeal, coagulate or thicken. Se figer, v. r. to thicken, congeal or coagulate. La graisse fondue se fige en peu de temps, melted fat is soon cold.

FIGUE, 11g, s. f. fig. Faire la figue à quelqu'un, to laugh at one, make a fool of or score, one.

scorn one.

FIGUERIE, fig-rl, s. f. plot of ground for

fig-trees.

FIGUIER, fl-giå, s. m. fig-tree. FIGULES, V. Enfléchures.

FIGURATI-F, VE. fl-gů-râ-tlf, tlv, adj. figurative, typical.

FIGURATIVEMENT, fî-gû-râ-tlv-mên, adv. figuratively.

FIGURE, fl-gur, s. f. ligure; shape, fashion, form; representation; person, figure. C'est une plaisante figure d'homme, he is an odd kind of a man. Figure de rhétorique, rhetorical figure or flourish. Faire figure, to live expensively.

FIGURÉ, E, fî-gû-ra, adj. figured, etc. Danse figurée, a figured dance. Sens figuré, figurative or metaphorical sense. Le figure, k. m. figurative sense. Ce style est tout dans le figuré, this style runs all upon metaphors. FIGURÉMENT, sî-gû-rà-mên, adv. figura-

tively, in a figurative sense.
FIGURER, fî-gû-rå, v. a. to figure or represent, express, flower or draw figures upon, be a figure of: v. n. to look well, match or suit. Je ne reux pas figurer avec ces faquins, I will not rank with those scoundrels. Se figurer, v. r. to fancy, imagine.
FIGURINES, s. f. pl. (in painting) very lit-

tle and faint figures.

FIL, fil, s. m. thread; (des métaux) wire; edge; (de l'eau) stream, current; thread; (du bois) grain. Quitter le fil de son discours, to break off the thread of one's discourse. mer du fil à retordre à quelqu'un, to cut out work for one. Mar. fil à roile, sail twine. Fil de caret, rope-yarn. Fil blanc, white rope-yarn. Fil goudronné, tarred rope-yarn. Mettre les huniers sur le fil de caret, to stop the top-sails with rope-yarn.

FILAGE, fî-låz, s. m. spinning. FILAMENT, fî-la-mên, s. m. filament, thread-string

FILAMENTEU-X, SE, fî-lâ-mên-têu, têuz,

adj. that has filaments. FILANDIÈRE, si-lèn-dièr, s. f. spinster. Les Sœurs filundières, the Fates.

FILANDRES, fi-lendr, s. f. pl. filanders (a disease in hawks,) white threads or motes flying in the air; sea-weeds that stick under a ship and make her sail heavy.

FILANDREU-X, SE, fî-lên-drèu, drèuz, adj.

full of filanders, filaceous.

FILARDEU-X, SE, adj. (parlant des pierres ou des marbres) full of filaments.

FILARETS, s. m. pl. Mar. rails (used to extend the netting on the ship's waist, etc.)

Filarcts de bastingage, quarter-rails.

FILASSE, fl-las, s. f. flax or hemp (ready

to be spun.)

FILE, fil, s. f. row; (de personnes, surtout de soldats) file. Files de bordages, Mar.

streaks or strakes, ranges.

FILER, fl-lâ, v. a. to spin; (de l'or, de l'argent, etc.) to wiredraw. Filer, v. n. (of liquors) to rope, be ropy; (of a cat) to purr; to file off; filer doux, to give fair words, become submissive. Filer, Mar. filer du chandle de l'argent de l'a vre, to spin hemp. Filer un câble ou autre we, to spin hemp. File in take of described cordage, to pay out (or pay away) a cable or other rope. Filer (un câble, etc.) par le bout, to slip (a cable, etc.) Filer du câble, to veer the cable, veer away the cable. File de la haussière, pay out the hawser. File un peu haussière, pay out the hawser. File un peu de la grande écoute, ease off a little of the main sheet. File le grand canot de l'arrière, vecr the barge astern. Filer un ou plusieurs nœuds, to run or sail one or more knots. Vaisseau qui file sur ses ancres par la tempête, ship driven from her anchors by the storm. V. Glène.
FILERIE, s. f. the place where hemp or

flax is spun.

FILET, fî-lê, s. m. small thread, string; FILET, f1-le, s. m. small thread, string; fibre, filament, thread; net; (de quelques animax) fillet, chine; (ornament of architecture) fillet; (d'une colonne, etc.) ridge; snaffle; (de la langue) ligament; (d'une pièce de monnoie) ring; (de vinaigre) stream, drop or small quantity. Je n'ai plus qu'un filet de voix, my voice is almost gone. Il n'a pas le filet, his tongue is well olied. Tenir au filet, to keep at hay a muse, drill on. Un hom coun de filet. Un bon coup de filet, at bay, amuse, drill on. a good catch. Filets or Filets or Filets de bastingage, Mar. nettings.
FILEUR, fi-leur, s. m. spinner; string-

maker (for musical instruments;) he that draws the silk out of the silk-worms; wiredrawer.

The sirk out of the sirk-worths; wherefaver.

Filease, fi-lèuz, s. f. spinster, wire-drawer.

FILIAI, E, fi-lì-âl, adj. filial.

FILIALEMENT, fi-lì-â-sion, s. f. filiation, descent; also dependency (speaking of the church which depends on another.)

FILIERE, fi-lì-dr, s. f. wiredrawing iron; rafter; (in falcoury) creance.

FILIGRAME or FILIGRANE, fi-lì-grân.

FILIGRAME or FILIGRANE, fl-B-gran, s. m. filigrane.

FILIPENDULE, s. f. filipendula, dropwort,

red saxifrage. FILLATRE, s. m. son-in-law.

FILLE, fil, s f. girl; daughter; maid; lass. Filles d'honneur, maids of honour. Petite-fille, grand-daughter, as well as little girl. Fille de joie, prostitute.

FILLETTE, fi-let, s. f. little girl, young lass FILLEUL, fi-leul, s. m. god-son.

Filleule, fi-leul, s. f. god-daughter.

buse, but: jeune, meute, beurre: enfant, cent, lien: vin: mon: brun.

FILON, s. m. vein of metal.

FILOSELLE, fî-lô-zel, s. f. ferret-silk. . FILOU, fî-lôo, s. m. thief, cut-purse or pick-

pocket; sharper; swindler.
FILOUTER, fî-loo-ta, v. a. to cheat, bub-

ble; to pick one's pocket.
FILOUTERIE, fi-loot-rl, s. f. sharping,

cheat, or cheating trick. Fils, fl, s. m. (pron. fls at the end of phrases and before a vowel) son, boy. Un petit-fils, a grand-child. Faire le beau fils, to

set up for a beau. V. Beau.
FILTRATION, fil-tra-sion, s. f. filtration or

straining.

FILTRE, filtr, s. m. (terme de chimie) filtre; philtre, charm, allurement. See also

FILTRER, v. a. to filter.

FILURE, fi-lur, s. f. spinning or wire-draw-

FIN, E, fin, fin, adj. fine; thin, not coarse; pure, good; right, true; acute, ingenious; sly, cunning, subtile, sharp. Jouer an plus in, to be upon the sharp, vie in cunning. Fin, Mar. fine, sharp, prime. Fin voilier, prime sailer. Horizon fin, clear horizon. Fregute

fine dans ses fonds, sharp bottomed frigate.

Fin, s. m. Ex. Faire le fin d'une chose, en fuire le fin, to carry it cunningly. A quoi bon faire tant le fin? to what purpose all this cunning. Le fin d'une affaire, the main or chief point of a business. Prendre le fin des choses, to come to the nicest point of things. C'est-là le fin de l'affaire, that is the cream of the jest. Tirer le fin du fin, to extract the quintescence of things. Il s'en est alle tout fin seul, he went quite alone. Du fin fond de l'Ecosse, from the farthest part of Scotland.

Fin, s. f. end; conclusion, termination, last thing, last part, latter part, close; event; scope, aim, design, intention; death. La fin scope, aim, design, intention; death. La junte desa rie, the latter part of his life. Les quatre fius de l'homme, la mort, le jugement, le paradis, l'enfer, the four last things, death, judgment, heaven and hell. Sur la fin de ses jours, in his old age. Prendre fin, to end. A la fin (enfin,) at last, at length. Pour fin de tuites matter in fill of all demands. Ein de toutes parties, in full of all demands. Fin de non recevoir, exception (in law.) Fin, Mar. end, etc. Fin d'un voyage, end of a voyage. Fin d'un combat, close of an action. Fin de la marée, last of the tide. Fin d'un coup de vent, tail of a gale of wind.

FINAGE, fil-naz, s. m. liberties or extent of

a jurisdiction.

FINAL, E, fî-nâl. adj. final, last.

FINALEMENT, fi-nal-men, adv. finally, at

last, lastly.
FINANCE, fi-nens, s. f. finance, fine (a certain sum of money paid to the French king, for the enjoyment of some privilege.) Finance, ready-money, cash. Lettre de finance, round hand. Finances, finances, publick treasure or revenue, the exchequer. La cour des finances, the court of the exchequer.

FINANCER, fi-nen-sà, v. a. to pay a fine to government. Financer, v. n. to find or pay

money.

FINANCIER, fî-nen-sîà, s. m. financier, receiver of the king's revenue; sort of type. Finasser, fi-na-sa, v. n. to use cunning.

FINASSERIE, fi-nas-ri, s. f. craft, cunning, slyness.

FINASSEU-R, SE, fî-na-seur, seuz. s. m. & f. artful, sly person.

FLA

FINAUD, E, fi-no, nod, adj. crafty, sly, cunning.

FINEMENT, fln-mên, adv. cunningly, craftily, slyly; finely, wittily, ingeniously.
FINESSE, fl-nês, s. f. fineness; finesse, cun-

ning or cunning trick, guile, craftiness, wile, subtlety, slyness; wit or delicacy of wit, ingenuity. Ceux qui n'y entendoient point de finesse, they who were unacquainted with the jest, they who meant no harm. Les finesses d'une langue, the niceties or delicacies of a language. Les finesses du négoce, the myste ries of trade.

*FINESSER, V. Finasser. FINET, TE, fl-ne, net, adj. & s. sly, subtle, cunning, sly person.

FINI, E, fi-ni, nl, adj. ended, finished, etc.; finite, limited; complete, accomplished.
FINIMENT, s. m. finishing (of a picture.)

FINIR, fi-nir, v. a. to end, make an end of, finish; v. n. to end or make an end, have an end; to end one's life, die.
FINISSEMENT, s. m. finishing.
FINISSEUR, fl-nl-seur, s. in. watch-finisher.
FIOLE, fl-ol, s. f. phial.

FIRMAMENT, fir-ma-men, s. m. sky, firmament. Il n'est rien de si head sous le firmament, that is the finest thing under the cope of heaven.

Fisc, flsk, s. m. the publick treasure, reve-

nue or exchequer.

FISCAL, E, fis-kal, adj. fiscal. Procureur fiscal, attorney, who prosecutes within his jurisdiction all eauses wherein the lord paramount or the publick are interested,

FISSIPEDE, adj. fissipede, having the foot

divided into several toes or claws.

FISSURE, s. f. fissure. FISTULE, fîs-tûl, s. f. fistula (a kind of ul-

cer.) FISTULEU-X, SE, fîs-tû-leu, leuz, adj. fistu-

lous; fistular.

FIXATION, fik-så-slon, s. f. fixation (in chymistry.) La fixation du prix des charges, the set rates for offices.

Fixe, fiks, adj. fixed, steady, settled. Un

prix fixe, a set price.

FIXEMENT, fiks-men, adv. earnestly, steadfastly. On ne peut regarder fixement le soleil ni la mort, one cannot look the sun or death in

FIXER, fik-sa, v. a. to fix, settle, set or appoint. Se fixer, v. r. to settle, fix, be fixed. Fixité, fîk-sî-tâ, s. f. fixity or fixidity. Flache, flash, s. f. hole worn in the pave-

ment by wheels; also that place in a piece of wood where it still appears the bark was.

FLACHEU-X, SE, adj. wood that shows the several parts where the bark was.

FLACON, fla-kon, s. m. flagon or decamer. FLAGELLANS, s. m. pl. the name of fana-ticks who whipped themselves in publick.

FLAGELLATION, fla-zel-la-slon, s. f. flagel-

lation, whipping, scourging.
*Flageller,flå-2el-lå, v. a. to whip or scourge.

FLAGEOLET, flå-zð-lê, s. m. flageolet. FLAGORNER, fla-gor-na, v. n. to be a pick-

thank. Flagornerie, fla-gorn-rl, s. f. ways or language of a pick thank.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

*Fl.AGORNEU-R, SE, flå-gor-neur, neuz, s. m. & f. pick-thank, whisperer, tale-bearer.

FLAGRANT, flå-gren, adj. Ex. En flagrant délit, in the fact, in the very act.
*FLAIR, s. m. smelling. Flair des chiens

de chasse, scent, smelling. FLAIRER, fle-ra, v. a. to smell; (said of hounds) to hunt upon scent; to smell, fore-

FLAIRER, v. n. to smell.

FLAIREUR, flè-reur, s. m. flaireur de cuisine, smell feast, parasite.

FLAMAND, E, adj. Flemish.

FLAMBANT, E, flen-ben, bent, adj. in a

flame, blazing.
FLAMBE, flenb, s. f. flag, a blue kind of

FLAMBÉ, E, flèn-bå, adj. singed. etc. Flamber. Je suis flambé, I am undone.

argent est flambé, my money is gone or lost. FLAMBEAU, flèn-bò, s. m. flambeau, taper, light or link : a candle-stick ; candle or light. C'est lui qui est le flambeau de la guerre, it is he that has kindled the war. Un flambeau de sédition, a fire-brand of sedition, incendi-

FLAMBER, flèn-bà, v. a. to singe. Flamber un chapon, to baste a capon. Flumber un bâtiment, Mar. to make a ship's signal for being out of her station, or to denote that some prior signal is not properly understood. On nous a flambés, the signal is made for us to keep our station. Flamber, v. n. to blaze or flash, be in a flame.

*FLAMBERGE, flen-berz, s. f. sword, rapier. FLAMBOYANT, E, flen-bwa-yen, yent, adj. bright, glistering. Comète flamboyante, blazing

FLAMBOYER, flen-bwå-yå, v. n. to glister,

shine, be bright.

FLAMME, s. m. priest among the Romans. FLAMME, flam, s. f. flame; amorous flame, love passion; fleam. Mar. pendant; (flamme d'ordre) pendant displayed by a senior officer to call officers of other ships, etc. on board for orders.

FLAMMÈCHE, flà-mesli, s. f. spark. FLAMMEROLE, flam-rol, s. f. ignis-fatnus.

FLAMMULE, s. f. trinity or heart's-ease (an

FLAN, flen, s. m. custard; piece of metal ready to be stamped or coined

FLANC, flen, s. m. flank, side; flank (in

fortification,) also side of a ship. FLANCHET, s. m. part of the sirloin of beef next to the thigh.

FLANCONADE, flèn-kô-nåd, s. f. pass, or thrust in the flank.

FLANDRE, s. f. (province des Pays-Bas)

FLANDRIN, flèn-drin, s. m. Ex. Un grand Flondrin, lath back, slim long-back, great he fellow.

FLANGUER, slå-nel, s. s. slannel.
FLANGUER, slen-kå, v. a. to slank or defend. Il lui a slangué un soussiet, he gave him a box on the ear or slap on the chops. ai flanqué cela par le nez, I gave him that bone to pick.
FLAQUE, flak, s. f. or FLAQUE, (d'eau) mo-

rass plash, fenny ground. FLAQUÉE, fla-kå, s. f. dash of water or other liquor

FLAQUER, flå-kå, v. a. to dash (water, etc.) against.

FLASQUE, flask, adj. washy, faint, weak,

flabby, feeble.

FLASQUE,s. f. flask (for gun-powder;) lazy bones, drone. Mar. Flasques d'affût, sides or cheeks of a gun carriage. Flasques de cabe-stan, whelps of a capstan. Flasques du guindaut, whelps of the windlass. Flasques de mât, cheeks of the mast, hounds. Flasques de carlingue, particular pieces inserted in the step of a mast, on board French ships, in order to give it additional strength.

FLATIR, v. a. to flat (coins before stamping.)

FLATOIR, s. m. flatting hammer.

FLATRER, fla-tra, v. a. to burn a dog in the fore-head (after he has been bitten by a

mad one.)

FLATTER, flå-tå, v. a. to flatter, praise or commend; tickle or please; cajole, coax or wheedle, fawn upon; to caress; to flatter, conceal the truth from, keep in the dark; (su douleur, son déplaisir) to' sooth, indulge ; (le de) to slide; (un mal, une plaie) to favour. Flatter quelqu'un de quelque chose, to flatter ono with a thing, entertain one with the hopes of a thing. Se flatter de quelque chose, to flatter order and the chose to flatter order. chose, to flatter one's self with or hope for a

FLATTERIE, flat-rl, s. f. flattery, fawning, adulation. Aimer la flatterie, to love to be

FLATTEU-R, SE, thateur, teuz, adj. flat-tering, deceitful, fawning. Espérance flutteuse, deceitful hope.
Fiatteu-R, SE, S. m. & f. flatterer, fawn-

er, fawning person.

FLATTEUSEMENT, flà-teuz-men, adv. flat-

teringly. FLATUEU-X, SE, flå-tů-cu, cuz, adj. flatu-ous, flatulent, windy.

FLATUOSITÉ, flå-tů-ô-zî-tà, s. f. flatuosity,

wind. FLÉAU, flå-d, s. m. flail; seourge or plague;

(de la balance) beam; iron bar (to fasten folding gates behind.) Fleche, flesh, s. f. an arrow; spire; (de earrosse) beam; (de lard) flitch; (de jeu de trictrac) point; (terme de fortification) bonnet. Faire de tout bois flèche, to make any shift. Il ne soit plus de quel bois faire flèche, he is put to his last shifts, he does not know which way to turn himself. Mar. forestall, pole (of a mast.) upper part of the knee of the head (in ships of war;) long boom projecting from the prow (in lateen vessels.) Notre mât de the prow (in lateen vessels.) perroquet de fougue a heaucoup de flèche, our mizen top-mast has a very long pole. Flecke-en-cul, s. m. Mar. gaff top-sail.

Flechir, fla-shir, v. a. to bend, bow; to

subdue, soften; to prevail with, persuade; v. n. to bend; to submit, truckle under, buckle

FLÉCHISSENENT. flà-shîs-mên, s. m. bend-FLÉCHISSENENT. flà-shîs-mên, s. m. bend-

FI.ÉCHISSEUR, s. m. flexor (a muscle.)

FLEGMAGOGUE, adj. & s. phlegmagogue. FLEGMATIQUE, fleg-må-tik, adj. phlegmatick; also heavy, dull, melancholy.

FLEGME, flegm, s. m. phlegm; patience, moderation; heaviness. Il a beaucoup de flegme, he is dull or heavy.

buse, bût : jèune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

FLEGMON, s. m. phlegmon (a swelling with) inflammation.)

FLEGMONÉU-X, SE, adj. phlegmonous. FLETRIR, fla-trir, v. a. to tarnish; dry up, fade, dull; to stain, blemish, brand, disgrace or dishonour. Un opprobre si scandaleux les flétrit, so scandalous a reproach is a great blur to them; v. n. se flétrir, v. r. to wither, fade away, decay.

FLETRISSURE, flå-trl-sur, s. f. blemish, withering, decaying, fading away; brand; blemish, blur, stain, spot, blot, disgrace.
FLEUR, fleur, s. f. flower, bloom of blos-

som; lustre, brightness, liveliness; flower, choice, best; (of fruit) bloom; first sight, first wear, (de son âge) flower, prime; (du teint) bloom; (de rhétorique) flower, flourish. Pousser des fleurs or être en fleur, to blossom. Fleur de farine, flour, best of meal. Fleur de virginité, maidenhead, virginity. A fleur deterre, close to or even with the ground. A. fleur d'eau, level with the water, near the edge of the water, even with the water's edge.

Fleurs, fleur, s. f. pl. flowers, monthly arses. Fleurs blanches, whites. Fleurs courses.

(d'un vaisseuu.) Mar. floor-heads, rung-heads. FLEURAISON, flèu-rè-zon, s. f. shooting of the buds, season when flowers are in bloom.

FLEURDELISÉ, E, adj. adorned with one flower-de-luce or more. Il porte d'azur à la croix d'or fleurdelisée, (in heraldry) he bears azure a cross floree or

FLEURDELISER, fleur-dli-za, v. a. to flourish, set thick with flower-de-luces, brand or mark with a flower-de-luce.

FLEURER, flêu-rêt, s. m. foil (to fence with;) ferret, coarse silk. Ruban de soie grossière, ferret ribbon.

FLEURETTE, fleu-ret, s. f. floret. Fleurettes, amorous discourses, sweet things, flat-

tering expressions

FLEURI, E, flêu-rl, rl, adj. blossomed, blown. Style fleuri, florid style, style full of flourishes. Teint fleuri, fresh and lively comflourishes. Teint fleuri, fresh and lively com-plexion. Barbe fleurie, a white or hoary beard. Paques fleuries, Palm Sunday.

FLEURIR, fleu-rir, v. n. to blossom, bloom or blow; to grow hoary or grey; to flourish, be in repute, vogue or esteem. In the last sense the pres. part. is florissant instead of fleurissant, and then the imperf. in the same sense should be florissoit, florissoieut, etc.

FLEURISME, s. m. fondness of or taste for flowers.

FLEURISSANT, E, flêu-rî-sên, sêut, adj. blossoming, blooming.
FLEURISTE, flêu-rîst, s. m. florist.

FLEURON, fleu-ron, s. m. flower work, (on or in books, clothes, etc.) C'est le plus beau fleuron de sa couronne, it is the brightest gem in his crown.

FLEUVE, fleuv. s. m. river.

FLEXIBILITÉ, flêk-sî-bî-lî-tâ, s. f. flexibility, pliableness, pliantness. FLEXIBLE, flêk-sîbl, adj. pliable, flexible,

tender, supple, easy.

FLEXION, flek-sion, s. f. flexion, bend-FLIBOT, fil-bo. s. m. fly-boat.

FLIRUSTIER, ili-bûs-tîà, s. m. freebooter, buccaneer.

FLIC-FLAC, thwick-thwack.

FLOC, or FLOCON, flok, flokon, s. m. tust (of hair;) flock (of wool;) flake (of snow.) FLORAISON, s. f. blossoming-time.

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FLORAL, E, adj. floral. Jeux floraux, floral

games or games of Flora.

FLOREAL, second month of spring in the French calendar.

FLORÈS, flò-res. Faire flores, to spend high, make a show, flourish.

FLORIN, flo-rin, s. m. florin.

V. Fleurir, flou-FLORISSANT, florissoit. rishing.

FLOT, flo, s. m. wave or surge; flood, tide, flood-tide. Les larmes lui tombent des yeux à grands flots, the tears trickle or run down his face in abundance. Y a-t-il encore flot? Mar. is it flood yet? Quart de flot, first quarter flood. Demi-flot or mi-flot, half flood. Trois quarts de flot, last quarter flood. à flot, to be affoat. Mettre un bâtiment à flot, to bring a vessel affoat (after having lain aground.) Mettre un vaisseau à flot, to set a ship floating or afloat.

FLOTTABLE, adj. said of rivers that can carry a float of wood.

FLOTTAGE, flo-taz, s. m. carrying of a float

of wood down a river FLOTTAISON, s. f. that part of a ship's bot-

tom which lies near the water-line. FLOTTANT, E, flo-ten, tent, adj. floating,

uncertain, wavering, irresolute.

FLOTTE, flot, s. f. (de vaisseaux) fleet.
FLOTTE, E, adj. Ex. Bois flotté, float wood; wood sent down the river upon a float-

FLOTTER, flo-ta, v. n. to float, be afloat, hull; to be wavering, be at an uncertainty, fluctuate in one's mind. Faire flotter du bois, to carry a float of wood down a river.
FLOTTILLE, s. f. flotilla.

FLUCTUATION, fluk-tu-a-sion, s. f. fluctuation

FLUCTUEU-X, SE, adj. fluctuant, unquiet, boisterous.

Fluer, flåå, v. n. to flow or run.
Fluer et refluer, to ebb and flow.
Fluer, TE, flå-ê, êt, adj. weakly, tender, washy.

FLUIDE, fluid, adj. fluid. Style fluide, fluent or easy or natural style.

FLUIDE, s. m. fluid. FLUIDITÉ, flui-î-dî-ta, s. f. fluidity, aptness to run. Fluidité de paroles, fluentness of expression, fluency of speech, nimbleness of

fluors, s. m. pl. crystals of different co-

FLUTE, flut, s. f. flute or pipe. douce or flute à bec, flute with a lip. allemande or flûte traversière, German flute. Comment accordez-vous ces flûtes? how do you reconcile these things? how shall these things agree? Ils ne sauroient accorder leurs flûtes or leurs flûtes ne s'accordent pas ensemble, they cannot set their horses together. Ce qui vient par la flûte s'en retourne par le tambour, lightly come, lightly go. Enter en flûte, to inoculate. Mar. store ship. Vaisseau armé en flûte, store ship or ship armed en flute. Flute Hollan-

daise, fly-boat.

FLUTÉE, flů-tå, adj. f Ex. Voix flutée,

soft sweet voice.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

FLUTER, fluta, v. n. to pipe, play on the te; tipple, guzzle. Se faire fluter au derflute; tipple, guzzle. rière, to take a glister. FLUTEUR, flû-teur, s. m. piper.

FLUVIATILE, adj. of fresh water.
FLUX, fld, s. m. flood, tide, flood-tide; (in medicine) flux; (at loo) flush. Flux et reflux, flux and reflux of the tide, flowing and ebbing. Flux de sang, bloody flux. Flux de ventre losseness, lax. Flux d'urine, diabetes. Me bourse a le flux, my money melts like butter against the sun. Flux de bouche, flux or sali-Donner un flux de bouche, to flux. Avoir le flux de bouche, to be fluxed or salivated. Avoir un flux de bouche (or de langue) continuel, to be always talking, have a tongue

FLUXION, fluk-sion, s. f. fluxion or deflux-Fluxion de poitrine, inflammation of the ion.

lungs.
FLUXIONNAIRE, adj. apt to be inflamed.

running upon wheels.

*FOARRE, s. f. straw.
Foc, s. m. Mar. jib, stay sail. Grand foc, jib, standing jib. Second foc or faux foc, middle jib, fore top stay-sail. Clin foc, flying jib. Petit foc, fore stay-sail or fore top mast stay-sail. Foc d'artimon, mizen stay-sail.

FOCILE, fo-sil, s. m. focile. le petit focile, the focile bones. Le grand et

FOENE, s. f. Mar. fish-gig.

*FOERRE, s. m. straw.
FOETUS, s. m. fœtus, embryo.
Foi, fwa, s. f. faith; doctrine, religion or persuasion; credit or belief; promise, word, persuasion; eredit or belief; promise, word, parole; fealty; assurance, proof, testimony. Bome foi, good faith, honesty, sincerity, fidelity, plain dealing. Mauraise foi, dishonesty, knavery, treachery, perfidiousness. De bonne foi, bonà fide; also faith, indeed, truly. A la bonne foi, en bonne foi, truly, sincerely, honestly, candidly. Ma foi, sur ma foi, faith, upon my faith. Un homme de bonne foi, an honest man. Un homme de mauvaise foi, a knave, cheat. Laisser quelqu'un sur sa foi, to leave one to himself or to his own conduct, let him be his own mas-ter. Voilà qui en fait foi, that proves the matter. Un homme digne de foi, a credible

FOIBLE, feble, adj. weak, feeble, faint. L'age foible, tender age, infancy. Le sexe foible, the weaker sex, women. Courage foible, weakness of courage, faint-heartedness. Ils étoient foibles d'infanterie, they wanted foot. Foible de poids, too light, that wants weight.

FOIBLE, s. m. weak part or side, weakness; defect; feeble, weak side or blind side. Le foible, the weak. Le foible de l'épée, the feeble or small of a sword. La justice ne regarde ni le fort ni le foible, justice has no respect of persons. Du fort au foible, le fort portant le foible, one with another.

FOIBLEMENT, fébl-mên, adj. weakly,

Foiblesse de courage, faint-heartedness. FOIBLIR, fe-blir, v. n. to give way, yield,

slacken, fail.

Foir, fwa, s. m. liver.

Foix, fwin, s. m. hay; (d'un artichant) Foixer, fon-sa, v. n. to fall upon; to pay, choke. Les foins sont beaux, there is a fine find or supply with. Foncer à l'appointement

show of hay. Foin d'arrière-saison, after math or latter math.

Foin, interj. deuce.

FOIRE, fwar, s. f. fair or great market: fairing; looseness or lax.

Foirer, v. n. to have a diarrhoea.

Foirev-x, se, adj. & s. loose, troubled with a looseness, dirty boy or girl, brat.

Mine foirenese, dirty face.

Fols, fwa, s. f. time, bout. Une fois, once.
Deux fois, twice. Trois fois, thrice or three
times. Quatre fois, four times, etc. Une
autre fois, another time, again. Une bonne fois or une fois pour toutes, once for all. Non pas même une seule fois, no not so much as Une fois autant, as much again, as many again. Parfois, sometimes, now and then. A la fois, tout à la fois, altogether, at once, at one bout. De fois à autre, from time to time, now and then. C'est assez pour cette fois, that is enough for this bout. Toutes les fois que, autant de fois que, as often as. Toutes V. Toutefois.

*Fois, s. m. Le fois du corps, the waist or

middle of the body.

Forson, fwå-zon, s. f. plenty. A foison, in abundance, plentifully.

Forsonner, fwå-zô-nå, v. n. to abound,

increase, multiply.

Fol, föl. V. Fou.

Folitre, föllatt, adj. & s. gamesome, wanton, full of play, waggish, wanton boy,

wanton girl.

FOLÂTREMENT, adv. wantonly.

FOLÂTREME, fô-là-trâ, v. n. to toy, play wanton tricks, to play the wag or fool.

FOLÂTRERIE, fô-là-trê-rl, s. f. wanton

trick, waggishness, toying.

FOLICHON, NE, fo-li-shon, shon, adj. & s. waggish, wag, gamesome or wanton boy or

FOLIE, fo-ll, s. f. folly; madness; piece of folly; foolishness, simplicity; extravagant passion or fondness; folly of youth, dehauchery, mad prank, frolick; merry or wanton discourse, agrecable nonsense. Faire folie de son corps, to prostitute one's self. Faire une folie, to play the fool with one's self, do foolishly. Les portraits sont sa folie, he is an extravagant lover of pictures.

Folio, fo-llo, s. m. folio. Un in-folio or un livre in-folio, a folio, a folio book. Folio recto, first page of the leaf. Folio rerso, back of the leaf. Number of each page.

FOLLE, V. Fou.

FOLLEMENT, fol-men, adv. foolishly, ex-

travagantly, simply, unwisely.
FOLLET, TE, fo-le, let, adj. foolish, wanton. Poil follet, down, downy beard, soft hair, soft feathers. Un esprit follet, s. m. a familiar spirit or hobgoblin. Fzu follet. V. Feu St. Elme. FOLLICULAIRE, s. m. he who publishes

periodical news-papers

FOLLICULE, s. f. follicle (the bladder or purse of the gall;) also follicle, seed vessel.

FOMENTATION, fo-men-ta-slou, s. f. fo-

mentation. FOMENTER, fô-men-ta, v. a. to foment; also to cherish, nourish.

Fonce, E, fon-sa, adj. monied; skilled:

deep (colour.)
Foncer, fon-så, v. n. to fall upon; to pay,

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

penses.

FONCIER, E., fon-siâ, sièr, adj. belonging to the manor; also skilled, learned. Seigneur foncier, lord of the manor. Rente foncière, ground-rent. Cour foncière, court-baron. Serf foncier, villain. Théologien foncier, learned divine.

Foncièrement, fon-sièr-mên, adv. tho-

roughly, at the bottom.

ONCTION, fonk-sion, s. f. function, duty or dlscharge of one's office, duty, etc.
FONCTIONNAIRE, s. in. & f. he or she who

has a public charge.

Fonn, fon, s. m. bottom, ground; ground (of cloth;) further end, utmost part, remotest part, extremity; (of the heart) bottom, recesses or inward recesses; main, main point; depth; (de miroir, de carrosse) back, back part; (d'une futaille) head; (de tit) wooden bottom or sacking bottom. A fond, to the bottom, perfectly, exactly, fully. Au fond or dans le fond, at the bottom, when all is done or said, in the main. De fond en comble, from top to bottom, utterly, wholly, to all intents and surprosess to the very ground. Easse tents and purposes, to the very ground. Fosse à fond de cuve, ditch broader and broader from the top to the bottom. Plut-fond, V. Plafond. Fuire fond sur, to depend or rely

upon, lay much or great stress upon.

Fond, Mar. ground, bottom, number of fathoms between the surface of the water and the bottom, anchorage, etc. Fond dur, hard bottom. Fond mou, soft bottom or soft ground. Fond de bonne tenue, good anchoring ground. Fond de mauvaise tenue, bad holding ground, foul ground. Bon fond, good anchorage. Mauvais fond, bad anchoring ground. Fond de vase, oosy ground. Bas fond or hand fond, shoal water. Il y a fond, there is ground. Il n'y a point de fond, there is no bottom. Il y a grand fond, there is deep water. fond diminue, the water shoals. Le fond augmente, the water deepens. Fond qui dégrade or se perd, shelving bottom. Quel étoit le fond au dernier coup de sonde? what water had you the last cast? Fond d'un vaisseau, bottom or floor of a ship. Petit fond d'un ruisseau, bilge. Fond d'une hune, platform or flooring of a top. Fond de cale, hold of a ship. A fond de cale, at the bottom of the Fond d'une voile, foot of a sail. Les fonds d'une voile, the bunt of a sail. Bateau à fond plat, flat-bottomed boat. Vuisseau qui a les fonds fins, sharp bottomed ship. Vais-seau qui a les fonds larges, flat floored ship. V. Fin.

FONDAMENTAL, E, fon-då-men-tal, adj. fundamental. Pierre fondamentale, founda-

FONDAMENTALEMENT, fon-da-men-talmen, adv. fundamentally, upon a good foun-

FONDANT, E, fon-den, dent, adj. melting; also dissolvent.

FONDANT, s. m. dissolvent.

FONDATEUR, fon-da-lèur, s. m. founder. FONDATION, fon-da-sion, s. f. foundation, basis, endowment. Une église qui a de honnes fondations, a church well endowed.

FONDATRICE, fon-da-tris, s. f. foundress. FONDE, E, adj. that has a foundation, etc. Fondé en droit, that has a just cause, that has

to pay the expenses, find money for the ex- || justice on his side. Nous sommes aussi bien fondés l'un que l'autre, we are both equally in the right. Etre fondé à, to have a right or cause to.

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FONDEMENT, fond-men, s. m. foundation: basis; ground, cause, reason; principle, beginning, root; fandament.

FONDER, fon-då, v. a. to lay the foundation or groundwork of; to ground or establish; to found, build or institute; to endow. Il funt avant toutes choses fonder la cuisine, the kitch-en must be settled first. Se fonder, v. r. to be grounded.

FONDERIE, fond-ri, s. f. foundery, casting-house; art of casting.

FONDEUR, fon-deur, s. m. founder. FONDIQUE, s. m. hall (for a company of tradesmen.)

Fonds, s. m. sinking (of the ground under

a building.)

FONDOIR, s. m. melting-house, place where the butchers melt the fat of beasts for tallow."

FONDRE, fondr, v. a. to melt, east, dissolve or liquefy. Fondre la cloche, to wind up, come to a final resolution, make an end of the business. Fondre, v. n. to melt, or be dissolved, liquefy; to melt away; to sink, fall Fondre en larmes, to melt or dissolve in tears. Fondre sur l'ennemi, to fall or rush upon the enemy. Fondre sur (said of birds of prey) to stoop down, make a stoop at. Fondre, v. n. or Se fondre, v. r. to melt. Cette famille s'est fondue, that family is extinct or gone.

FONDRIÈRE, fon-drier, s. f. bog or quag-

FONDRILLES, fon-dril, s. f. pl. grounds,

settlings of liquors. FONDS, fon, s. m. ground.land, soil; fund; stock. Mettre de l'argent à fonds perdu, to buy or purchase an annuity. Un grand

fonds d'esprit, de savoir, etc. a great stock or deal of wit, learning, etc.

FONDU, E, adj. (from Fondre) melted, etc. FONGIBLE, adj. said of articles of consump-

Fongeu-x, se, fon-zeu, zeuz, adj. spun-gy, of the nature of mushrooms. Fongus, s. m. excrescence. FONTAINE, fon-ten, s. f. spring or fountain;

fountain with water-spouts; cistern; cock of a cistern or any other vessel. FONTANGE, fon-tenz, s. f. top-knot.

FONTE, font, s. f. easting or melting; east or font. Fer de fonte, east-iron. Muraite de fonte, great cast-iron pot. Un canen de fonte, a brass gun.

FONTENIER, font-nia, s. m. conduit-maker;

also water bailiff.

FONTICULE, s. m. fontanel; issue. FONTS, font, s. m. pl. (of baptism) font. Tenir un enfant sur les fonts, to start godfather or god-mother to a child.

For, for, s. m. Ex. For ecclésiastique, ec clesiastical court.

FORAGE, s. m. duty on wine.

FORAIN, E, fo-rin, ren. adj. foreign, outlandish, alien. Traite foraine, custom or im position upon certain commodities imported or exported. Rade fcraine, Mar. open road-

FORAIN, E, S. m. & f. alien, foreigner

FORANS, s. m. Mar. balks. FORBAN, for-ben, s. m. Mar. pirate, rever.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

FORÇAT, för-så, s. m. galley-slave. FORCE, förs, s. f. force; strength; fortitude; constancy, resolution, magnanimity; constraint, violence; force or necessity; might, power; energy, strength. Forces, forces, troops; (grands ciseaux) shears. A force, by force. A force ouerte, de vive force, with open strength or force. A toute force, by all means. A force de, by strength of, by dint of, by frequent repetition of, etc. De force, against one's will. De la première force, of the first rate. Corriger un enfant à force de le battre, to beat a child into better manners. La force de la verité, the force or forcibleness of truth. Une raison qui a beaucoup de force, a forcible or strong reason or argument. Toutes ses ouvres ne sont pas de la même force, all his works are not uniformly nervous, his works flag here and there. Je ne suis pas de sa force, I am not so strong as he, I do not come near him, I am not his match. S'il gèle plus long-temps de cette force, if this hard frost continue any longer. Prendre une ville de force, to storm a town, take it by storm. Si vous ne le faites de bon gré, je vous le ferai faire de force, if you will not do it by storin. fair means, I shall make you do it by foul. Force, Mar. fuire force de rames, to ply one's oars amain. Faire force de voiles, to crowd sail, crowd all sails, carry a press of sail. Faire force de voiles au plus près du vent, to stretch.

FORCE, (indeclinable adjective) store of, plenty of, a great deal of, abundance of, much, many. Force argent, store or a great deal of money. Force amis, many friends. Force

blé, plenty of corn.

Force, E, for-sa, adj. forced, etc.; affected, unnatural. Donner un sens force à un passuge, to wrest the sense of a passage. Forcé, Mar. temps forcé, stress of weather. Coup de went force, storm.

FORCEMENT, for-sa-men, adv. forcibly, by

force or constraint, being under a force.
FORCENÉ, E, fors-na, adj. mad, farions, in

a fury, out of his senses. *Forcener, v. n. to be mad.

FORCEPS, S. m. pincers.
FORCER, főr-sä, v. a. to force; compel or constrain; take by storm; (une fille) to force or ravish, (une porte) to break open; (un cheval) to over-ride, ride too hard, (une bête faure, or un lière; to hunt down; (un ba-tuillon, un escadron) to break through; (une clef) to bend. Forcer, v. n. Mar. to force, Le grain nous forca à tout carguer, the squall obliged us to clue all up. Nous fames forcés d'amener, we were forced to strike. Forcer l'ennemi au combat de près, to bring the enemy to close action. Forcer un bâtiment à faire côte, to drive a vessel on shore. Forcer une passe défendue, to force through a channel defended by artillery. Forcer un mât, to wring a mast, (by setting up the rigging too taught.)

Forcer, v. n. Mar. Le vent force, the wind freshens. Forcer à travers les glaces, to force through the ice. Forcer de voiles, to carry a press of sail. Forcet de rames, to ply one's

oars amain.

Se forcer, v. r. to strain or to strain one's self.

Forces, s. f. pl. shears.

*Forclore, v. a. used only in the infin. and part. forcios, to forejudge or debar, pre

FORCLUSION, s. f. forejudging FOREINS, s. m. pl. Mar. bont lines. FORER, fo-rå, v. a. to drill or bore.

Forestiere, s. m. forester, ranger. Forestiere, adj. f. Ex. Les villes forcstières, the forest-towns (in Germany.

FORET, fo-re, s. m. piercer, gimblet, tap borer.

FORET, forest, s. f. forest.
FORFAIRE, for-fer, v. n. (used only in the infinit. and part. Forfait) to trespass, fail. Fille qui a forfait à son honneur, a maid that has forfeited or lost her honeur.
Forfaire, v. a. to forfeit.

FORFAIT, for-fe, s. m. from Forfaire; offence, trespass, transgression, crime; undertaking by great or by contract.

FORFAITURE, for-fe-tur, s. f. forfeiture, forfeit.

FORFANTE, s. m. romancer, quack, charla-

FORFANTERIE, for-fent-rl, s. f. romancing. quackery, charlatanry.

FORGE, forz, s. f. forge.

FORGEABLE, adj. that may be forged. FORGER, for-za, v. a. to forge or hammer;

to forge, contrive, frame, invent, make or devise, coin (words.) Forger, v. n. to overreach (as some horses do.)

FORGERON, forz-ron, s. m. smith or black-

Forgeur, for-zeur, s. m. forger, hammerforger, contriver, inventor.

FORHUIR, v. n. (in hunting) to blow (a horn to call the hounds.)

FORJETER, v. n. to jut out.

FORLANCER, v. a. to unharbour, dislodge (a beast.)

FORLANE, s. f. a sort of dance.

*Forligner, for-li-gna, v. n. to degenerate. FORLOYGER, (SE) v. r. (said of the stag in hunting) to distance the hounds; to linger, spin out.

FORMALISER, (SE) se-for-ma-li-za, v. r. to take offence or exception, take ill, find fault

FORMALISTE, for-må-list, adj. or s. m. & f. formal, complimental person.

FORMALITÉ, for-må-li-tå, s. f. form in law,

formality; form, ceremony.

FOR-MARIAGE, s. m. claudestine marriage marriage without the licence of the lord of the manor.

FORMAT, for-må, s. m. size of a book. FORMATION, for-ma-slon, s. f. forming,

formation.

FORME, form, s. f. form; shape, figure, fashion; manner, way; form or formality; a last; (de chupeul) a block; (figure d'un chapeul) crown; (bois qu'on met dans les bas) leg. Forme, lay of gravel; bone-spavin (of horses;) form (of hares and printers;) dry-dock; basin of a dock; stuffed form or seat; (du chœur d'une église) seat. Mettre un argument en forme, to make or form a syllogism. Pour la forme, for fashion's sake, for form sake. En la forme qui suit, as follows. Sans autre forme de procès, without auy fur-ther formality. Rechercher une fille dans les formes to court a girl in the usual forms buse, but: jeune, meute, beurre: enfant, cent, lien: vin: mon: brun,

Prendre un lièvre en forme, to take a hare in [] the form.

FORMÉ, E, adj. formed, framed, made, fashioned, shaped.

FORMEL, LE, for-mel, adj. formal; plain, express, explicit.

FORMELLEMENT, for-mel-men, adv. formally, plainly, expressly, explicitly. Il ment formellement, he tells a downright lie. FORMER, for ma, v. a. to form, frame or Il ment

make; to fashion or mould; to inform, train la ligne de bataille dans l'ordre renversé, Mar. to invert the line of battle.

Se former, v. r. to be made or formed; to be bred; to arise; to come to some shape; (en parlant d'un jeune homme) to grow a man. Se former une idée de quelque chose, to frame an idea of a thing, conceive a thing in one's

FORMERET, s. m. arch of a vault.

FORMEZ, S. m. a generical name that fal-coners give to hen-birds of prey. FORMICA-LEO, S. m. V. Fourmi-lion. FORMICA-LEO, för-ml-dibl, adj. formida-ble, terrible, frightful, dreadful. D'une ma-nière formidable, formidably, in a formidable manner.

FORMIER, for-mia, s. m. last-maker.

FORMULAIRE, for-må-ler, s. m. formulary. FORMULE, for-mul, s. f. set form. FORNICATEUR, for-ni-ka-teur, s. m. for-

nicator.

FORNICATION, for-ni-ka-sion, s. f. fornication.

FORNIQUER, v. n. to be guilty of fornication.

*Fors, prep. save, except, but.

FORT, E, for, fort, adj. strong; stout, vi-gorous; thick; hard, tough, difficult, painful; strong, rank; powerful; great, violent, valiant, able, skilled. Ce gigot de mouton est trop fort, that leg of mutton is too big. Un ordinaire fort, copious commons, a plentiful table. Expression forte, hard expression; also em-phatical or significant expression. Une railphatical or significant expression. Une rail-lerie forte, a tart, biting, nipping, sharp, close or dry jest. Cheral fort on bride, unruly horse. Ville forte d'assiette, town strongly seated. Terre forte, strong tough soil. Que sauroit-on dire de plus fort? what can be said more to the purpose? A plus forte raison, much more. Il a l'esprit fort, or c'est une tête forte, he has a strong cr good head-picce. Un esprit fort, a free-thinker. Faire l'esprit fort, to set up for a free-thinker. Fort de poids, that has over-weight. Se faire fort d'une chose, to undertake a thing, take it upon one's self. Se faire fort de son crédit, to rely much upon one's credit.

FORT, s. m. strongest part; strength, vi-Fort, s. m. strengest part; strength, vigorur, heat; skill; (d'un bois) covert, thicket; (d'un sanztier, etc.) hold; fort, strong-hold; (d'une boule) bies; (d'une affaire) main point. Dans le fort de sa colère, in the height of his passion. Dans le fort du combat, in the heat of the action or of the fight. Dans le fort de la dispute, in the heat of the dispute. Dans le fort de l'hiver, in the middle of the winter.

C'est-là son fort, that is his chief excellence, it is in that he excels. Fort, s. m. Mar. ex-treme breadth (of a ship,) etc. Ce vaisseou a le fort hant, that ship's bearings are high. Le fort de notre vaisseau est très-bus, our ship's bearings are very low.

bearings are very tow.

Fort, for, adv. very much, extremely; hard, very hard. Forte et ferme, hard, very hard, stoudy. Je désire fort que cela soit, I have a great or strong desire it should be so. J'estime fort les gens de mérite, I have a great

esteem for deserving persons.

FORTEMENT, fort-men, adv. with force, stoutly, vigorously. Etre fortement persuade, to be strongly persuaded, have a strong belief. FORTERESSE, fort-res, s. f. fortress.

FORTIFIANT, E, adj. strengthening, fortifying, corroborative.

FORTIFICATION, for-ti-ff-ka-sion, s. f. fortification or fortifying.

FORTIFIER, for-il-fl-a, v. a. to fortify,

make strong, strengthen, corroborate. Se fortifier, v. r. to gather strength or grow strong.
FORTIN, för-tin, s. m. fortlet, little fort.
*FORTRAIRE, för-trer, v. a. (like traire)

to convey away, divest, steal.

FORTRAIT, FORTRAITURE, V. Fourbu, Fourbure.

FORTUIT, E, for-tu-i, it, adj. fortuitous, casual, accidental. Cus fortuit, mere chance. Fortuitement, for-tu-ti-men, adv. casu-

ally, accidentally, by chance. FORTUNE, fortune, s. f. fortune; chance, luck; kazard; destiny; advancement, prereferment, greatness; condition. De fortune, as fortune or luck or chance would have it. Officier de fortune, soldier of merit raised to Officier de fortune, soldier of merit raised to the rank of officer. Avoir moins de fortune que de mérite, to be less fortunate than deserving. Déchoir d'une haute fortune, to have a great downfall. Pousser sa fortune auprès d'une belle, to put one's self forward to obtain a fair-lady. Roune fortune avecusivation. a fair lady. Bonne fortune, amorous intrigue, kind mistress, last favours of a woman. Henri III. faisoit part de ses bonnes fortunes à ses faroris, Henry III. was so kind as to share his mistresses among his favourites.

Fortune de mer, Mar. unfortunate accident

or disaster (to a vessel, when not occasioned by

inattention or neglect.) FORTUNE, E, for-th-na, adj. fortunate,

happy. Fort-vêtu, főr-vè-tű, s. m. scoundrel or

beggarly fellow richly dressed.
FORUM, s. m. forum.
FORUME, fördy, s. f. bore, hole, key-hole.
FOSE, fös, s. f. grave; hole, ditch, pit;
melting-kettle; (de l'estonac) pit; (or bassefosse) dungeon. Mar. Fosse au lion, fore cockpit. Fosse aux mîts, mast pond. Fosse aux câ-bles, cable tier. Fosse pour le caréwige, ponton hulk or vessel by which ships are hove down. Fosse sur un hanc, pit or well upon a bank.

Fossé, fó-så, s. m. ditch, moat. Fossette, fó-sèt, s. f. dimple; cherry-pit or chuck-hole. Jouer à la fossette, to play at chuck-farthing.
Fossile, fő-síl, adj. & s. m. fossil, that is

or may be dug out of the ground.

FOSSOYAGE, s. m. the act of digging. FOSSOYER, fö-swà-yà, v. a. to dig a ditch or trench, enclose with ditches, to ditch or moat about.

bar, bat, base; there, ebb, over; field, fig; robe, rob, lord; mood, good,

Fossoveur, fô-swâ-yêur, s. m. ditcher, |

grave-maker, grave-digger.
Fou, foo, adj. (fou, m. before a consonant,

fol, m. before a vowel or h mute, folle, f. foux, m. pl.) mad, out of his wits; senseless, extravagant; silly, foolish, credulous, fond; very fond, that doats upon; wanton, waggish, Devenir fou, to grow mad, become deranged. Faire devenir fou, to make mad.
Fou, s. m. Folle, s. f. fool, mad man or

woman; buffoon, jester; (at chess) bishop.
FOUACE, s. f. cake or bun.

FOUAGE, s. m. chimney-money, hearthmoney (paid to the lord of the manor.)
FOUAILLE, s. f. V. Curée.

FOURILLER, fwa-la, v. a. to whip or lash. FOURE, foodr, s. f. thunder-bolt, lightning; thunder-bolt, wrath. Foudre, s. m. the symbol of ancient sculptors attributed to Jupiter, Jupiter's thunder-bolt. Le foudre ven-geur, the avenging thunder. Un foudre de guerre, a thunder-bolt of war, a great conqueror. Un foudre d'éloquence, à powerful orator. Un foudre de vin, a large vessel (used in Germany) containing several hogs-heads of wine. We say être framé de la fondre rather than être frappé du fondre.
FOUDROIEMENT, foo-drwa-inen, s. striking with a thunder-bolt.

FOUDROYANT, E, foo-drwn-yen, yent, adj. thundering, terrible or dreadful.

FOUDROYER, foo-drwa-ya, v. a. to strike with a thunder-bolt, thunder strike, to thonder against, batter with cannon-shots; to fulminate or thunder out an excommunication against, to anathematize, condemn. droyer, v. n. to storm, keep a heavy clutter.

FOUET, fwe, s. m. whip, scourge; whip, rash, jerk, rod. Donner le fouet, to whip. Avoir le fouet, to be whipped. Elle fait linen claquer son fouet, she makes a great noise in

the world. Du fonet, whip-cord.
FOURTE, E, adj. whipt, lashed, scourged, jerked; thin streaked (fruits, etc.) De la crême fouettée, whipt cream; also empty,

frothy or flashy discourse.
FOUETTER, fwe-ta, v. a. to whip, lash, scourge or jerk; (de la crême) to whip; (un livre) to bind with pack-thread; v. n. Mar. to flap (said of the sails in a calm;) to cut, drive, blow, sweep (said of hail, snow, wind, cannon, etc.)

FOUETTEU-R, SE, fwe-teur, teuz. s. m. & f. whipper, lasher, flogger, whipping man or woman.

FOUGADE or FOUGASSE, s. f. fougade, small mine in the shape of a well.

FOUGER, v. n. to root, dig (as a boar.)
FOUGERAIE, fooz-re, s. f. fern-plot, ferny ground.

Fougere, foo-zer, s. f. fern. rit dans la fongère, the wine smiles in the glass.

Fougon, s. m. Mar. camboose, (of small

ressels in the dialect of Provence.)

Fougur, flog, s. f. fury, heat, passion, transport; fermentation of humours. Fongues de la jeunesse, wildness or impetnosity Foughe d'un cheral, mettle of a Reterir la fougue d'un cheval, etc. to keep a horse in, earb him. Un arbre qui a poussé sa fonque, a tree that has shot forth its full.

Fougueu-x, se, foo-geu, geuz, adifiery, hot, hasty, passionate, mettlesome, unruly.

Foul, E, adj. dug. Fouller, fool, s.f. trenching. V. Fouiller. FOUILLE-AU-POT, s. m. scullion, turn-spit.

FOUILLER, foo-la, v. a. to rake up, trench; (quelqu'un) to search: v. n. to rake into. search or search into, rummage. Fouiller dans l'arenir, to dive into futurity.
Fourne, fwin, s. f. pole-cat.

FOUIR, fwlr, v. a. to dig (the ground.) FOULAGE, s. m. the pressing of herrings;

the act of pressing.

FOULE, fool, s. f. crowd, throng, press. multitude; oppression; fulling (of cloths, etc.) Se tirer de la fonle, to distinguish one's self Sether as to fone, to using usin one's sentence from the crowd or vulgar. Une fouled affairs, a crowd or multitude of affairs. Venir en foule, to flock or throng together. Entre à la foule, to crowd in. Sortir à la foule, to crowd out.

FOULER, foo-la, s. f. pl. foiling of deer. FOULER, foo-la, v. a. to tread, stamp or trample upon; (un chapeau) to work; (dis drap) to full or mill; (un cheral) to surbate or over-ride; (parlant de la selle, cic.) to hurt er gall; (un nerf) to sprain; to crowd or squeeze; (to grind, oppress, overcharge. Se fouler les uns les autres, to be hard upon one another. Fouler aux pieds, to trample upon, trample or tread under foot, scorn, contenin.

FOULERIE, fool-ri, s. f. hatter's or fuller's ware-house; also place where grapes are pressed.

FOULEUR, foo-leur, s. m. presser of

grapes.

Fouloir, foo-lwar, s. m. or Fouloire. s. f. hatter's working-board, trough of a winc-Fourier, foo-lon, s. m. fuller of cloth.

Terre à foulon, fuller's earth.
FOULQUE, foolk, s. m. coot or moor-nen.
FOULURE, foo-ldr, s. f. surbating of a

horse; sprain or bruise.

Four, foor, s. m. oven; bake-house, crimping house, kind of secret prison to conceal men forced into service. Pièce de four, cake or tart. Faire cuire au four, to bake. Four à chaux, lime-kiln. Four à brique, brickkila.

FOURBE, foorb, adj. deceitful, crafty, cheat-

FOURBE, s. m. cheat, deceitful man, impostor, crafty knave.

Fourbe, s. f. cheat or cheating trick. im-

FOURBER, foor-ba, v. a. to cheat, gull or bubble. FOURBERIE, foorb-ri, s. f. V. Fourbe, s. f.

FOURBISSEUR, foor-bl-seur, s. m. furbish-

er, eutler or sword-cutler FOURBISSURE, foor-bi-sur, s. f. furbishing. FOURBURE, foor-bu, bu, adj. foundered. FOURBURE, foor-bur, s. f. foundering of a

FOURCAT, s. m. pl. Mar. crotch, door timber (placed in the fore or after part of a ship.) Fourcat d'ourerture or fourcat horizontal, lower transom (generally forked.) Fourcat de porques, crotches of the riders. Demifourcat, cross chocks of the timbers.

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

FOURCHE, foorsh, s. f. fork or pitchfork; (d'un arbre) forked shoot. Fourches patibu-

laires, gibbet. V. Máté.
Fourché, E, adj. forked, split. Pieds fourchés, cloven feet. Pied fourché, tax upon

cloven-footed animals.

FOURCHER, foor-shå, v. n. to split, grow forked. La langue lui a fourché, he has tript with his tongue. Ces arbres fourcheront, those trees will spread. Se fourcher, v. r. to split, grow forked.

FOURCHETTE, foor-shet, s. f. fork, tablefork ; (du pied du cheval) frush or frog ; (pour appuyer un mousquet) rest for a musket.

FOURCHON, foor-shon, s. m. prong. Fourchette à trois fourchons, three-pronged fork.
FOURCHU, E, foor-sha, d, adj. forked.
Pied-fourchu, cloven-foot. V. Fourché. Che-

min-fourchu, cross-way.

FOURCHURE, s. f. place split, splitting. Fourgon, foor-gon, s. m. coal-rake, ovenrake, sort of carriage or wagon, covered wagon, poker.

Fourgonner, foor-go-nå, v. n. to poke, to stir the fire with a fork or poker, poke or

fumble about.

FOURMI, foor-mi, s. f. ant, pismire or em-Fourmi-lion, s. m. Formica-leo.

FOURMILLER, s. m. a sort of four-footed

animal who lives on ants.

FOURMILLEMENT, foor-mil-men, pricking (like the running of ants on the skin.)
FOURMILLER, foor-mi-la, v. n. to swarm or abound with, crawl with or be full of. La main me fourmille, I feel a pricking in my

hand like the stinging of ants.

FOURMILIÈRE, foor-mi-lièr, s. f. anthillock or ant-hole, ant's nest; swarm, great

throng or crowd.

FOURNAGE, foor-naz, s. m. fee that the lord takes of his vassals and tenants bound to

bake in his common oven. FOURNAISE, foor-nez, s. f. furnace or kiln. FOURNEAU, foor-no, s. m. stove; mine (of

powder;) (d'une pipe à fumer) bowl.
FOURNÉE, foor-na, s. f. a whole baking,

oven full.

FOURNI, E, adj. furnished, provided, supplied, stocked, etc. full, thick.

Fournier, e, foor-nia, nier, s. m. & f. one that keeps a public oven or an oven-ten-

der; sort of bird.

FOURNIL; foor-ni, s. m. bake-house. FOURNIMENT, foor-nî-mên, s. m. powder-

FOURNIR, föor-nir, v. a. to furnish, find, provide, stock or supply with, give or afford; to make up, complete; (la carrière, la course) to run, run out. Fournir un vaisseau de to run, run out. the turn, to hold out. Fournir à tout, to answer all demands. Je ne saurois fournir à tant de dépenses, I am not able to bear so much charge

FOURNISSEMENT, s. m. stock in trade,

share.

FOURNISSEUR, foor-nl-seur, s. m. contractor. FOURNITURE, toor-nl-tor, s. f. furnishing, providing, provision; (d'une salade) sweet uerbs; (d'un habu) trimming; (d'une robe d'enfant) furniture.

FOURRAGE, foo-raz, s. m. fodder, forage.

A . er an fourrage, to go a foraging.

FOURRAGER, foo-ra-za, v. n. to forage,

FOURRAGEN, 100-14-3,
v. a. to waste, ruin or ravage.
FOURRAGEUR, foo-ra-zeur, s. m. forager.
FOURRE, F., foo-ra, adj. (from Fourrer)
furred, etc. Un comp fourrer, an interchanged thrust or blow. Ils se sont donné des coups fourrés, they ran one another through. bois bien fourré, wood full of thickets. paix fourrée, a peace suddenly made and not likely to last long. Fuire une paix fourrée, to clap up a peace. Pièce d'or or d'argent fourrée, piece of money plated. Bottes de foin fourrées, trusses of hay mixed with good and bad. Langues fourrées, neats' tongues.

Fourreau, foo-ro, s. m. case; (de chaise) cover; (d'épée) scabbard; (du membre d'un cheval) sheath; (de robe d'enfant) frock; (de pistolet) holster. Faux fourreuu de pistolet, pistol bag. L'orge est en fourreau, the barley is not yet eared. Coucher dans son fourreau,

to lie or sleep in one's clothes.

FOURRELIER, s. m. scabbard-maker. FOURRER, foc-ra, v. a. to put or thrust in, foist in, to cram or stuff with; to fur or line with fur. Fourrer quelque chose dans l'esprit, to heat a thing into one's brains. For cable, etc. Mar. to serve a cable, etc. Fourrer un rer un câble avec de vieux cordages, to keckle Se fourrer, v. r. to introduce or ina cable. trude one's self, get or creep into, enter bold-ly; to clothe one's self well. Se fourrer dans une affaire, to engage in a business.

FOURREUR, foo-reur, s. m. furrier, skinner.

FOURRIER, foo-ria, s. m. officer who marks

out the lodgings of troops.

FOURRIÈRE, s. f. wood-yard. Mettre une vache, etc. en fourrière, to pound a cow, etc.

FOURRURE, foor-rur, s. f. fur; fur-lining. Fourrure, Mar. service (of plat, mat, hide, partling, ctc.) (avec de vieux cordages) keck-ling, plat; (terme d'architecture navale) fur,

*Fourvoiement, foor-vwa-men, s. m. wandering or going astray, error, mistake.

FOURVOYER, foor-vwa-ya, v. a. to lead or put out of the way. Se fourvoyer, v. r. to go astray or out of the way, miss or inistake one's way; also, to err, be in an error, mistake.
FOUTEAU, foo-to, s. m. beech-tree.

FOUTELAIE, s. f. a grove of beech-trees.

FOYER, fwa-ya, s. m. hearth; heat or fire; focus; tiring-room (in theatres.) Foyer, house, habitation, dwelling place. Combattre pour sess propres foyers, to fight for one's home. FRACAS, fra-ka, s. m. great crash or crack or noise, clutter, havock, hurly-burly. Faire

un grand fracas dans le monde, to make a

great noise or figure in the world.

FRACASSER, frå-kå-så, v. a. to destroy, break in pieces, split in pieces, shatter.
FRACTION, fråk-slon, s. f. fraction. Frac-

tion du pain, breaking of bread.
FRACTIONNAIRE, fråk-síð-ner, adj. fractional.

FRACTURE, fråk-tur, s. f. fracture, break-

FRACTURÉ, E, fråk-tů-rå, adj. broken. FRAGILE, frå-zil, adj. fragile, brittle, apt to break; brittle, frail or weak; uncertain, unstable.

FRAGILITÉ, frà-zì-lì-tà, s. f. brittleness, fragility, frailty or weakness, uncertainty, in stability

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

FRAGMENT, fråg-men, s. m. fragment.

FRAI, fre, s. m. spawning of fishes, spawn of fishes, young fish; alteration of money by

FRAÎCHE, the feminine of Frais.

FRAICHEMENT, fresh-men, adv. freshly, newly, just or just now; also coolly. Nous sommes ici assez fraichement (or au frais) we are cool enough here. Le rent nous conduira fraichement chez nous, the wind will keep us cool in our way home.

FRAICHEUR, frè-sheur, s. f. cool, coolness; freshness, bloom. Fraicheur, Mar. light breeze of wind. Cette fraicheur vient du sud, this light air comes from the southward.

FRAÎCHIR, frè-shîr, v. n. Mar. to freshen. Le vent fraichit, the wind freshens.

FRAIRIE, fre-rl, s. f. merry-making, mer-

FRAIS, FRAÎCHE, frè, frèsh, adj. fresh; cool; cold; fresh, new; fresh and clear; fresh not salted. Du pain or du beurre frais, new bread or butter. Plaie toute fraiche, green or raw wound. Des œnfs frais, new-laid eggs. Vin frais, wine newly tapped. Cheval qui a la bouche fraiche, horse that has a moist mouth.

FRAIS, FRAÎCHE, adv. fresh, newly. Des herbes toutes fraiches cueillies, herbs fresh ga-

thered. Frais venu, newly come.

FRAIS, s. m. cool, eool air, fresh air; charges, expenses, costs. Il est de grands frais, he is very chargeable or expensive. Recommencer sur nouveaux frais, to begin

anew. A grands frais, very expensively. A peu de frais, cheap, with little expense. FRAIS, fic, s. m. Mar. petit frais, light breeze. Bon frais or vent frais, fresh breeze, breeze. Bon frais or vent frais, tresh breeze, gale of wind. Petit frais or petit vent frais, loom gale. Grand frais, stift breeze. Il vente bon frais du nord-nord-est, there is a fram the north-north-east. Les good breeze from the north-north-east. vents sont au sud-onest grand frais, it blows a stiff breeze from the south-west.

FRAISE, frez, s. f. (fruit) strawberry; (for the neck) ruff: lamb or calf's caul or chawdron; drill (a blacksmith's tool.) Fraises, (term in fortification) fraises, pointed stakes.
FRAISER, frê-zh, v. a. to plait; strengthen

with fraises or pointed stakes; to drill. Fraiser des fèves, to slip beans out of their skin. Fraiser la pâte, to beat or order the paste well.

FRAISETTE, s. f. a little ruff.

FRAISIER, fre-zia, s. m. strawberry plant.

FRAISIL, fre-zi, s. m. cinders. FRAIX, V. Frais.

FRAMBOISE, fren-bwaz, s. f. raspberry. FRAMBOISÉ, E, adj. Ex. Hypocras framboisé, raspberry hypocras.

FRAMBOISER, fren-bwa-za, v. a. to give a taste of raspberry to

FRAMBOISIER, fren-bwa-zia, s. m. raspberry-bush.

FRANC, HE, frên, frênsh, adj. free; exempted, frank; very, arrant, mere; frank, downright, candid, sincere, open, plain; cultivated; (tree) grafted, not wild. J'y ai resté des propres france l'activité. deux jours francs, I staid there two whole days. Dire la franche vérité, to tell the naked truth. Franc-osier, osier, withy. Franc du collier, ready, forward, Franc-salé, yearly provision or allowance of salt. Un chercheur de lippées

franches, spunger, trencher fly, trencher friend.

Franc, Mar. bâtiment franc d'eau, ship pumped out dry. Franc bord d'un bâtiment planks of a ship's bottom. Etre sur son franc bord, to be without any sort of sheathing. Franc-funin, white or untarred rope of (a large size usually roved on board French ships for winding tackle falls, etc.) Franctillac, lowermost deck.

Franc, s. m. (French coin worth about 18 or 19 cents) livre, franc; (name given to christians in Turkey) Frank. Francs, Francs or tians in Turkey) Frank. Francs, Francs or Franks (the ancient inhubitants of France.)

FRANC, adv. frankly, freely, plainly, without dissimulation, flatly; clearly, entirely.
FRANCATU, s. m. kind of russetin ap-

FRANCHEMENT, frensh-men, adv. frankly,

freely, openly, boldly, plainly, flatly.

FRANCHIR, fren-shir, v. a. to leap or get or go over; to go beyond; (des difficultés) to overcome or surmount. Franchir le mot, to speak plainly, not to mince the matter. Franchir, Mar. to free the ship, etc. Franchir chir l'eau d'un hâtiment, to free a ship by the pumps. Franchir la lume, to top the sca. Franchir un banc en forçant de voiles, to force over a bank by carrying a press of sail. Le bûtiment franchissoit de cinq pieds à basse-mer, the ship sewed five feet at low

FRANCHISE, frèn-shiz, s. f. franchise, freedom, immunity, exemption; privileged place; freedom, plainness, candour, sincerity, openness; freedom, liberty. Un cœur plein de franchise, a person of a free temper, an honest

soul.

FRANCISCAIN, s. m. Franciscan friar. FRANCISER, fren-si-za, v. a. to frenchify,

Francisque, s. f. battle-axe.
François, E. frèn-sè, sèz, adj. French.
Le françois, la langue françoise, the French.
the French tongue or language.

Un François, a French-man. Une Françoise, a Frenchwoman. A la Françoise, after the French fashion. (François, Françoise, when chris-tian names, are to be pronounced Frang-swa and Frang-swaz; and they then mean Francis, Frances.)
Francolin, frèn-kô-lin, s. m. a heath-

cock or rail.

FRAN-RÉAL, s. m. a sort of pear.

FRANGE, frênz, s. f. fringe. Des gonts à frange, fringed gloves.
FRANGER, fren-za, v. a. to fringe

FRANGER, item-za, v. a. to Image.
FRANGER, E. s. m. & f. fringe-maker.
FRANGIPANE, frènz-l-pan, s. f. kind of
perame, also kind of pastry, made with
cream, pounded almonds, and pistachios.
FRANGUE, frènk, adj. Ex. La langue

Franque, language used in the Levant, lingua Franca, (mixture of the French, Italian, and Spanish.)

FRANQUETTE, frèn-kêt. Ex. A la franquette, adv. frankly, freely, plainly, openly.

FRANQUIÈME, s. m. immunity. FRAPPANT, E, fra-pen, pent, adj. striking,

that strikes, affecting.
FRAPPE, frap. s. f. stamping.
FRAPPE, E, adj. struck, smitten. du tonnerre, thunderstruck. Frappé d'etonbuse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

nement, amazed, astonished. Aroir l'esprit frappé d'une opinion, to be obstinate or stiff in an opinion, get wedded to it. Un drap Avoir l'esprit bien frappé, elose, well wrought cloth.

FRAPPE-MAIN, s. m. hoteoekles (a game.) FRAPPEMENT, frap-men, s. m. Ex. Frappe-

ment de mains, clapping of hands.
FRAPPER, fra-pa, v. a. to strike; smite or beat; (à lu porte) to knock; (de la monnoie) to stamp. Frapper dans la main, to shake to stamp. Frapper dans la main, to shake hands. Frapper des mains, to clap. Frapper d'étonnement, to strike with wonder or amazement, amaze or astonish. v. a. Mar. to lash, seize, turn in, etc. per une poulie sur une vergue, etc. to lash a block upon a yard, etc. Frapper un cordage, to seize. Les grands haubans sont frappés sur leurs caps de mouton, the dead eyes of the main rigging are turned in. Frappe un pa-bus sur l'écoute du vent du petit hunier, elap a tackle on the weather fore top-sail sheet. Frapper le tourre-vire sur le câble, to bring to the messenger. Frapper doubles gurcettes sur le tourne-rire, to clap on thick and dry

FEAPPEU-R, SE, frâ-pêur, peuz, adj. beater. Frase, frâz, s. f. drill. Fraser, frâ-zâ, v. a. to drill or thrill; to

put flour to paste

FRASQUE, fråsk, s. f. a trick. Ex. Il m'a fait une frasque, he has played me a trick. FRATER, frå-ter, s. m. young barber or

surgeon. FRATERNEL, LE, frå-ter-nel, adj. brother-

ly, fraternal, of a brother.
FRATERNELLEMENT, frå-ter-nel-men, adv. brotherly, fraternally, lovingly, kindly. Fraterniser, frå-ter-ni-zå, v. n. to live

together like two brothers, fraternize.

FRATERNITÉ, frå-ter-ni-ta, s. f. fraternity,

brotherhood, brotherly love, society.
FRATRICIDE, fra-tri-sid, s. m. fratricide, murdering of one's own brother, killer of his brother.

FRAUDE, frod, s. f. fraud, cheat, deceit,

cozenage. FRAUDER, frò-då, v. a. to cheat; to de-

fraud, cheat, or deprive by a trick. FRAUDEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. defrauder,

FRAUDULEUSEMENT, fro-dû-leuz-mên, adv. fraudulently, deceitfully, by a trick.
FRAUDULEU-X, SE, frò-dů-lèu, lèuz, adj.

fraudulent, fraudful, erafty.

FRAXINELLE, s. f. bastard dittany (a plant.)

FRAYANT, E, adj. expensive. FRAYÉ, E, adj. beaten. Ex. Chemin frayé,

beaten way.

FRAYER, frå-yå, v. n. to show, open, elear (a road;) to rub; to graze, touch lightly; to spawn; to agree.

FRAYEUR, fre-yeur, s. f. fright, dread, fear, terror. Donner de la frayeur, to fright. Etre saisi de frayeur, to be frighted.
- FREDAINE, fre-dên, s. f. prank, mad prank,

frolick.

FREDON, fre-don, s. m. three eards of the same kind; (de voix) trilling, shake or qua-vering. Faire des fredons, to run a division, trill, quaver.

FREDONNER, fre-do-na, v. n. to trill, shake

or quaver. REGATE, frê-gat, s f. frigate; a sort of pelican.

FRÉGATÉ, E, adj. Mar. frigate built. FRÉGATON, S. f. Venetian frigate. FREIN, frin, S. m. curb, bit, horse-bit; re-

strain, bridle, check, curb. Mettre un frein à sa langue, to bridle one's tongue. Il faut donner un frein à sa cruauté, his eruelty must be curbed. Prendre le frein aux dents, to be earnest in a business, pursue a resolution. Ronger son frein, to fret within one's self.

FRELAMPIER, s. m. mere scrub, good for nothing fellow.

FRELATER, fre-la-ta, v. a. to sophisticate or adulterate (wine.)
*FRELATERIE, frè-lât-rl, s. f. sophistica-

tion, adulteration (of liquors.)
FRÊLE, frèl, adj. brittle, frail, faint, weak.
(In some countries) damsel.

FRELON, fre-lon, s. m. drone, wasp. FRELUCHE, s. f. tuft. Boutons à freluche, tufted buttons.

FRELUQUET, fre-lå-ke, s. m. prig, spark,

frivolous man.

FRÉMIR, frå-mir, v. n. to quake or tremble; to simmer; (de rage, de colère) to chafe, fret or fume. Son nom seul fuit frémir, his name alone strikes terror. Je ne saurois y penser sans frémir, I cannot think on it without hor-La mer commence à frémir, the sea begins to roar.

FRÉMISSEMENT, frå-mls-men, s. m. qua-king or trembling; (des cloches après qu'elles ont sonné) din or humming ; (de la mer) roaring.

FRÊNE, fren, s. m. ash-tree.

FRENESIE, frå-nå-zl, s. f. frenzy, madness. FRENETIQUE, frå-nå-tlk, adj. frantick, ad. Ardeur frénétique, adj. violent or vemad. hement passion.

FRÉNÉTIQUE, s. m. & f. frantiek or mad

person.
FRÉQUEMMENT, frå-kå-mên, adv. frequently, often, oftentimes.

FRÉQUENCE, s. f. frequency. La fréquence de ses visites importune, his frequent visits are troublesome. FRÉQUENT, E. frå-kån, kånt, adj. frequent,

usual, common, ordinary. Pouls fréquent, quick pulse.

FRÉQUENTATIF, frå-kan-tå-til, adj. or s. (in grammar) frequentative.

FREQUENTATION, frå-kan-ta-sion, s. f. haunting, frequenting, conversing, keeping company; frequent use.

FRÉQUENTÉ, E, adj. frequented, resorted to. FRÉQUENTER, frå-kan-tå, v. a. (un lieu) to frequent or haunt, to go or resort often to; (la mer) to use; (quelqu'un) to frequent or haunt, converse or keep company or society with: v. n. to use a place, to go or be often

FRÈRE, frèr, s. m. brother; friar, monk. Bon frère, frère de la jubilation, good com-panion. Bâtimens or vaissaux frères, Mar. sister ships.

FRESAIE, s. f. screech-owl.

FRESQUE, frêsk, s. fresco (a painting on a wall newly plastered.) Peindre à fresque, to paint in fresco.

FRESSURE, fre-sur, s. f. pluck (of an ani Fressure de cochon, à hog's harslet.

FRET, fre, s. m. Mar. freight, hire of a ship. Prendre un fret, to take a freight. FRETEMENT, fret-men. s. m. Mar. hiring

or freighting.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, flg: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

FRÉTER, frå-tå, v. a. Mar. to freight or

hire or take up. Fratteur, frå-teur, s. m. Mar. owner of a

ship, that lets her to hire.
FRÉTILLANT, E, frå-tl-len, lent, adj. wag-

ging, stirring, fluttering, frisking. FRÉTILLE, s. f. straw. Coucher sur la

frétille, to lie upon the straw. FRÉTILLEMENT, frå-tíl-mên, s. m. frisk-

ing, fluttering about.
FRETILLER, frå-ti-lå, v. n. to flutter, frisk

or leap about.

FRETIN, fre-tin, s. m. fry, young fish; trash, rubbish.

FRETTE, s. f. verril, ferrule. FRETTÉ, E, adj. fretton (in heraldry.)

FREUX, S. m. a sort of rook. FRIABILITÉ, frl-å-bl-ll-tå, s. f. friability.

FRIABLE, fri-abl, adj. friable, apt to crum-

FRIAND, E, frien, end, adj. dainty mouthed, that loves tit-bits, lickerish, dainty or delicate. Goût friand, nice taste or palate. Friand de louanges, greedy of praise. Rasoir friand, sharp razor.

FRIAND, E, s. m. & f. dainty-mouthed or

lickerish person, sweet-tooth.

FRIANDISE, fri-èn-diz, s. f. daintiness, lickerishness. Friandise de louanges, greediness of praise. Friandise, (or viandes-friandes) dainties, kickshaws, tit-bits, delicacies.

FRICANDEAU, fri-kên-dò, s. m. scotch-

Fricassé, E, adj. made into a fricassee. Tout est fricassé, all is gone or squandered

FRICASSÉE, fri-ka-sa, s. f. fricassee.

FRICASSER, fri-ka-sa, v. a. to make into a fricassee; to spend or squander away, waste

riotously in eating and drinking.
FRICASSEUR, s. m. paltry cook.
FRICHE, frish, s. f. fallow ground, land untilled or over-grown with weeds. Laisser une terre en friche, to leave a piece of ground un-tilled, let it lie fallow.

FRICTION, frik-sion, s. f. friction or rub-

FRIGIDITÉ, frì-zì-dì-tà, s. f. frigidity, impotency.

FRIGORIFIQUE, fri-go-ri-fik, adj. frigorifick

FRILEU-x, SE, frl-len, leuz, adj. chilly. FRIMAIRE, s. m. third mouth in the new French calendar.

FRIMAS, fri-ma, s. m. hoar frost, rime.
FRIME, s. f. show, pretence. Il n'en fit
que la frime, he only made a show of it, he only pretended or made as if

FRINGANT, E, frin-gan, gant, adj. mettle-some. full of mettle, brisk, airy, gamesome. Il fait le fringant, he takes too much latitude.

FRINGUER, frin-gå, v. a. to wash, rinse: v. n. to skip, frisk.

FRIPÉ, E, adj. fumbled, etc.

fripe, all is gone or squandered away.
FRIPER, fri-pa, v. a. to fumble, rumple, or ruffle; (un livre) to spoil or abuse; (un habit) to wear out to rags; to gobble down, eat greedily, devour; to spend, consume or waste riotously. Friper les classes, to play the tru-ant. Friper un discours or une pensée d'un auteur, to play the plagiarist, to steal a disec : se or thought

FRIPERIE, frîp-ri, s. f. broker's street. trade, brocage, broker's rag-fair; frippery, Acheter un habit à la friperie, to old clothes. buy a suit at the broker's. Se jeter sur la friperie de quelqu'un, to fall upon one's bones or jacket, belabour one's bones; also jeer one, fall foul upon one.

FRIPE-SAUCE, s. m. greedy gut. FRIPEUR, s. m. waster. Grand fripeur

TRIPLER, S. III. Waster, Grand Prepear d'habits, great waster of clothes. FRIPLER, E, fri-pià, pièr, s. m. & f. dealer in old clothes. Fripier d'écrits, plagiary. FRIPON, NE, fri-pon, pôn, adj. & s. roguish, wanton; (un fripon) a knave, a cheat; a rogue: (une friponne) a knavish woman, a cheat, coquette; an idle girl; a rogue, a dear rogue. Un petit fripon, an idle boy. Une action de fripon, a knavish or cheating trick.

FRIPONNEAU, s. m. little rogne.
FRIPONNER, fri-pô-nå, v. a. to cheat, cozen
or steal away, trick out of; v. n. to play knavish tricks, also to play the truant.

FRIPONNERIE, frl-pon-rl, s. f. knavish

trick, roguery, cheat. FRIQUET, fri-ke, s. m. kind of sparrow;

prig; kitchen slice.

FRIRE, frir, v. a. to fry. Navoir pas de quoi frire, to have little or nothing to depend upon. Il n'y a pas de quoi frire, il n'y a rien

a frire, there is nothing to be got by it.

FRISE, friz, s. f. frieze; chevaux de frise, chevaux de frise, chevaux de frise, chevaux de frise, they are the got ports and covering the searfs of the keel. Frise de Véperon or frise entre les jottereaux, trail-board.

FRISER, fri-za, v. a. to curl, frizzle, crisp; to touch lightly, graze, glance upon; (une servicite) to ruffle; (du drap) to nap. Le vent frise l'eau, the wind ruffles the water. La voile frise, Mar. (ou dit plutôt la voile faséye or fasie) the sail shivers in the wind.

FRISOIR, fri-zwar, s. m. bodkin (to part the hair with, etc.) tool for putting a nap to cloth.

FRISON, s. m. under-petticoat.

FRISQUETTE, v. a. to crisp or curl. FRISQUETTE, s. f. frisket (of a printing press.)

FRISSON, fri-son, s. m. shivering, cold fit shivering, quaking.

FRISSONNEMENT, fri-son-men, s. m. shivering, quaking or trembling.

FRISSONNER, fri-sô-nå, v. n. to shiver, quake or tremble.

FRISURE, fri-zdr, s. f. curl or curling.
FRIT, E, adj. (from Frire) fried. Tout
frit, all is gone to pot, there is nothing left.

FRITILLAIRE, s. f. a sort of lily.

FRITURE, s. f. any thing that serves to fry

with; frying; fried fish.
FRIVOLE, frl-vol, adj. frivolous, vain, slight, sorry, trifling.

FRIVOLITÉ, fri-vô-li-tà, s. f. frivolousness. FRIZE, s. f. Friezland.

le froc, to abandon the life of a monk. Jeter le froc aux orties to ruse le froc aux orties, to run away from the convent, apostatize.

FROID, E, firwå, frwåd, adj. cold, frigid; grave, close or reserved; slack, remiss, indifferent, backward, unwilling; bald, silly, poor, weak, dull. Eau froide, cold water. froide, frigid zone. Faire or battre froid à quelqu'un, le recevoir d'une manière froide

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

to receive one coldly. Un homme froid dans ses discours, a man that speaks but little. Il dit cela d'une manière si froide, he speaks it so very coldly.

FROID, s. m. cold; reservedness, gravity. Jai froid, I am cold. Mourir de froid, geler de froid, to be starved with cold. Souffler le chand et le froid, to blow hot and cold.

FROIDEMENT, frwåd-men, adv. in a cold place or condition; weakly, faintly; coldly,

reservedly.

FROIDEUR, frwit-deur, s. f. coldness; frigidity; cold reception, indifferency. Recevoir quelqu'un avec froideur, to give one a cold re-ception, receive one coldly. Parler d'une personne avec froideur, to speak of one with indifferency.

FROIDIR, frwa-dir, v. n. Se froidir, v. r.

to grow cold. FROIDURE, frwa-dur, s. f. cold or cold

weather.

FROIDUREU-X, SE, frwå-dů-reu, reuz, adj.

chilly.

FROISSEMENT, frwas-men, s. m. bruising,

dashing against, collision.

FROISSER, frwå-så, v. a. to bruise, to fumble, rumple or ruffle, to break, tear or dash to pieces.
FROISSURE, frwa-sûr, s. f. bruise.

FRÔLEMENT, frol-mên, s. m. grazing or touching lightly.

FRÖLER, fro-la, v. a. to graze, touch

lightly.

FROMAGE, frô-maz, s. m. cheese. Entre la poire et le fromage, in the midst of their jollity, at the end of the feast.

FROMAGER, E, fro-må-zå, zer, s. m. & f.

cheese-monger.

FROMAGERIE, fro-maz-rl, s. f. cheese-market, place where cheese is made or kept. FROMENT, frô-mên, s. m. wheat. Pain de froment, wheaten-bread. Un pain de froment, a wheaten-loaf.

FROMENTÉE, s. f. frumenty or furmenty. FRONCEMENT, frons-men, s. m. frowning,

knitting or contracting of the brows.

FRONCER, fron-sa, v. a. to gather, pucker; bend or knit. Froncer le sourcil, to frown, to bend or knit. knit one's brow.

FRONCIS, fron-si, s. m. gather or gathering,

pucker.

FRONCLE, s. m. bile, furuncle.

FRONDE, frond, s. f. sling; also party that

opposes the administration.

FRONDER, fron-da, v. a. to sling or fling; to explode, turn into ridicule, rail at, have a fling at; to exclaim against the administra-

FRONDEUR, fron-deur, s. m. slinger; a

stickler (against the government.)

FRONT, fron, s. m. forehead; front; face, boldness, confidence, impudence. Front d'airain, brazen-face. Se faire un front d'airain, to put on a brazen-countenance. De quel front ose-t-il s'opposer à ce que je veux? how dares he be so bold as to oppose my will? Un cheval qui a le frent plat, a mare-faced horse. Faire front de tous côtés, to face every way. De front, a-breast, in the front. De front, Mar a-breast. En front de bandière, in a line of battle, a-breast at 'half a cable's length distance.

FRONTAL, fron-tal, s. m. frontlet; also kind of rack tied hard about a man's forehead to make him confess something.

FRONTAL, E, adj. of or belonging to the

forehead.

FRONTEAU, fron-tò, s. m. frontlet, front-stall of a bridle. Mar. breast-work. Fron-teau de la dunette, breast-work of the poop.

FRONTIÈRE, fron-tier, s. f. frontiers, bor-

ders.

FRONTIÈRE, adj. frontier. Ville frontière. a frontier town.

FRONTIGNAC, fron-til-guak, s. m. fronti-

gnac (sort of wine.) FRONTISPICE, fron-tis-pis, s. m. front, frontispiece.

FRONTON, fron-ton, s. m. pediment.

FROTTAGE, fro-taz, s. m. rubbing. FROTTEMENT, frot-men, s. m. rubbing or

friction. FROTTER, frô-ta, v. a. to rub; to rub with,

anoint, do over; to bang or beat. Mar. to chase. Se frotter à, v. r. to meddle with-Ne vous y frottez pas, do not meddle with it. Il ne s'y faut pas frotter, it is not good meddling with it. Se frotter à quelqu'un, to keep company with one.

FROTTEU-R, SE, fro-teur, teuz, s. m. & f. rubber, man or woman employed in rubbing

FROTTOIR, fro-twar, s. m. rubbing cloth

Frottoir de velours, rubber.

FRUCTIFICATION, s. f. fructification.

FRUCTIFIER, fruk-til-fiå, v. n. to bring forth fruit, be fruitful, fructify, thrive or prosper.
FRUCTUEUSEMENT, fruk-tu-eliz-men, adv

profitably, successfully.

FRUCTUEU-X, SE, fråk-tå-èu, èuz, adj. profitable, advantageous, of some advantage. FRUGAL, E, frugal, adj. frugal, thritty, sober, temperate.

FRUGALEMENT, fru-gal-men, adv. fru-

gally, thriftily, soberly, temperately.
FRUGALITÉ, frd-gå-fl-tå, s. f. frugality, thriftiness, soberness, temperance.

FRUCIVORE, adj. living on greens.

FRUIT, fruit, s. m. fruit; fruit of the womb, child; dessert, last course; benefit, advan-tage, improvement, effect. Fruits, fruits profits, rent, revenue. Il fait beaucoup de fruit par ses sermons, he does a great deal of good by his sermons. Ce sont pour moi des fruits nouveaux, these are rarities to me.

FRUITAGE, s. m. fruitage. FRUITERIE, fruit-rl, s. f. fruitery or fruit-

FRUITIER, E, frul-tia, tier, adj. fruit-bearing. Ex. Un arbre fruitier, a fruit-hearing-tree, a fruit-tree. Jardin fruitier or un fruitier, s. m. an orchard, a fruit-garden. FRUITIER, E, s. m. & f. fruiterer, fruit man

or woman.

*FRUSQUIN, frus-kin, s. m. property. dépensé tout son frusquin, he has spent his

FRUSTE, adj. (with antiquaries) defaced.

FRUSTRATOIRE, adj. frustratory. FRUSTRER, frus-tra, v. a. to frustrate, balk, disappoint, deprive of (one's due.)
FUGITI-F, VE, fu-zi-tif, tiv, adj. & s. fugitive.

FUGUE, fug, s. m. fugue or chace (in mrs-

Ful, E, adj. fled, gone, run away

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Fuie, s. f. coop (for pigeons.)
Fuie, fuir, v. n. to fly or flee, run or run away; to delay, put off, shuffle, shift; to fail. Cette succession ne peut lui fuir, that reversion can never sail him. Empêcher quelqu'un de fuir, to hinder a man's slight. Mar. to run, etc. Fuir vent arrière, to scud. La côte suit dans le nord-ouest, the coast runs to the north-Fuir devant le temps, to bear up and Fuir à la lame, to run besore the sea. Fuir, v. a. to shun, avoid or eschew, fly or flee from. Un cheval qui fuit les talons, a horse that fears or minds the spur.

FUITE, fult, s. f. flight, escape, running away, shunning or avoiding; evasion, shift, subterfuge, shuffling. Prendre la fuite, to fly

or run away.

Fulguration, ful-gu-ra-slon, s. f. (in chemistry) fulguration.

FULIGINEU-x, sE, fu-ll-zl-neu, neuz, adj.

fuliginous, sooty.

FULMINANT, E, fûl-mî-nen, nent, adj.
storming, mad. Or fulminant (or calcine par Leau forte,) aurum fulminans.

FULMINATION, ful-mi-na-sion, s. f. fulmi-nation. Faire la fulmination d'une sentence d'excommunication, to fulminate an excom-

FULMINER, fûl-mî-na, v. a. to fulminate: v. n. to storm, be mad or desperately angry, chafe, fret and fume.

Fumant, E, fû-mên, mênt, ad. smoking. Fumant de colère, fuming, in a passion. Fumér, fû-må, s. f. smoke; steam; smoke,

air, wind, vain hope. Fumées, fumes, vapours; dung, excrement. S'en aller en fu-mée, to come to nothing. Se repaître de funnée, to feed one's self with vain expectations.

FUMER, fû-må, v. a. to smoke; to dung or muck; v. n. to smoke. Fumer de colère, to

fret and fume, chafe.

Fumeron, fum-ron, s. m. piece of charcoal not burnt enough, and which smokes a great deal.

Fumet, fû-mê, s. in. flavour, fumette. Fumeterre, fûm-ter, s. f. fumitory (a

FUMEU-R, SE, fû-mêur, mèuz, s. m. & f.

smoker (of tobacco.)
Fumeu-x, se, fû-meu, meuz, adj. fumy, that sends fumes into one's head, heady.

FUMIER, få-miå, s. m. dung or muck, anghill. Mourir sur un fumier, to die in a dunghill. ditch.

FUMIGATION, fd-ml-ga-slon, s. f. fumiga-

FUMIGER, fû-mî-za, v. a. to fumigate. FUMISTE, s. m. one whose particular business is to prevent chimneys from smoking.

FUNAMBULE, fû-nên-bûl, s. m. & f. rope

FUNEBRE, få-nebr, adj. funeral, funereal dark, dismal. Une oraison funèbre, a funeral

*Funer, få-nå, v. a. Mar. to rig. Funer les mâts, to rig the masts.

FUNERAILLES, fu-na-ral, s. f. pl. funeral obsequies. FUNERAIRE, få-nå-rer, adj. funeral. Frais

funéraires, funeral expenses.

FUNESTE, fû-nêst, adj. fatal, unlucky.
FUNESTEMENT, fû-nêst-mên, adv. fatally,
in fatal manner. Cela arriva le plus funesteor lofty trees

ment du monde, that happened by the greatest fatality in the world.

*FUNIN, fû-nin, s. m. rigging (of a ship.) FUR, fûr, Ex. A fur et à mesure, or au fur et à mesure, gradually. A fur et à mesure que, or au fur et à mesure que, gradually as, as soon as, as fast as.

FURET, få-re, s. f. ferret. Un vrai furet.

a ferreter.

FURETER, fûr-ta, v. n. to catch with a fer-Fureter, v. a. to ferret, search.

FURETEUR, fur-teur, s. m. catcher of rabbits with a ferret; also busy inquirer. Fureteur de nouvelles, news-hunter.

FUREUR, fû-rêur, s. f. fury; rage, mad-ness, frenzy; passion, rage; heat, transport, rapture; eager desire, eagerness; holy zeal. FURIBOND, E, fû-rî-bon, bond, adj. furious,

raging mad.

FURIE, fû-rl, s. f. fury; passion; fierceness, heat; a fury; violent or raging woman.

FURIEUSEMENT, fü-rieuz-men, adv. extremely, mightily, very much, deadly, pro-

digiously.

Furieu-x, sr, fû-rîêu, rîêuz, adj. furious, raging, mad, frantick, fierce, great, exceed-

ing, extravagant, prodigious.
FUROLLES, s. f. pl. hery exhalations.
FURONCLE, fû-rozkl, s. m. furuncle.
FURTI-F, VE, fûr-tîf, tiv, adj. done by

stealth, stolen, secret.

FURTIVEMENT, adv. by stealth, secretly, in hugger-mugger.

FUSAIN, s. m. spindle-tree or prick-wood

(a shrub.) Fuseau, fû-so, s. m. spindle. Jambes de fuseaux, spindle shanks. Fuseaux à dentelle,

bobbings to make lace.

Fusee, fû-za, s. f. spindle full; squib; fu-; (d'une montre) fusee; (d'un tournebroche) barrel; (en architecture) fillet; (terme de blason) fusil; (terme de marine) mouse. Fusée volante, rocket, sky-rocket. Ma fusée est achevée, my life is spent or come to an end. Démêler une fusée (or une intrigue,) to clear an intricate business.

Fusée, adj. f. slaked (said of lime.) Fuself, adj. fusile (in heraldry.) Fuser, v. a. to slake; spread.

FUSIBILITÉ, s. f. fusibility

FUSIBLE få-zibl, adj. fusible, fusile. FUSIL, få-zi, s. m. (of a tinder-box) steel; fusil or fusee, gun or light gun, musket, fire-lock. Fusil de bord, Mar. ship's musket. Pierre à fusil, flint.

Fusile, adj. fusil or fusible, that may be melted.

Fusilier, få-zî-lîå, s. m. fusilier, musketcer.

FUSILLER, fu-zi-la, v.a. to shoot (a soldier.) Fusion, fu-zion, s. f. fusion or melting.

FUSTE, s. f. kind of galley. FUSTET, s. m. a sort of tree

Fustigation, fus-ti-ga-sion, s. f. whip-

ping, flogging.
FUSTIGER, fus-ti-za, v. a. to whip or

Füt, füt, s. m. stock of a gun or pistol; cask; (d'un tambour) barrel; (d'une hallebarde) staff; (d'une colonne) shañ or shank. Füt de girouelte, Mar. vane-stock. V. Etre.
FUTAIE, fü-le, s. f. wood or forest of high

buse, bût: jeune, meute, beurre: enfant, cent, lien: vin: mon: brun.

FUTAILLE, fû-tal, s. f. cask. Futailles, Mar. water and provision casks (of a ship.)

Futaille qui coule, leaky cask. FUTAINE, fû-tên, s. f. fustian, dimity.

FUTAINIER, s. m. fustian or dimity-weaver. FUTÉ, E, få-tå, adj. crafty, cunning. FUTILE, få-tll, adj. futile, frivolous, vain,

trifling, whiffling. FUTILITÉ, få-ti-li-ta, s. f. futility, vanity. FUTUR, E, fû-tûr, tur, adj. future, to come,

that is to be.

FUTUR, s. m. (in grammar) future or future tense. Contingent futur, future contingent.

FUTURITION, s. f. futurition.

FUYANT, E, adj. (from fuir) flying, etc. Couleur fuyante, light fading colour. Un faux fuyant, a shift or evasion.

FUYARD, E, adj. apt to run away, fcarful. FUYARD, fui-yar, s.m. runaway, coward.

G, za, s. m. the seventh letter of the French alphabet.

GABAN, s. m. gabardine, a felt-cloak (for-merly used in rainy weather.)

GABARE, gå-bår, s. f. Mar. lighter, flatpottomed barge; also sort of store-ship or vessel of burden.

GABARER une embarcation, Mar. to scull

a boat.

GABARIER, gå-bå-riå, s. m. lighter-man, lumper.

GABARIER une pièce de bois, Mar. to mould

a piece of timber

GABARIT or GABARI, gå-bå-ri, s. m. Mar. mould. Maître gabarit, mould of the midship frame. Tracer les gaburits d'un vaisseau, to lay down the moulds of a vessel

GABATINE, s. f. Ex. Donner de la gabatine, to give one the bag, to sell one a bargain,

put upon him.

GABELAGE, s. m. drying of the salt in the magazine; also mark to distinguish magazine salt from the smuggled.

GABELER, gåb-lå, v. a. to let salt dry in

the magazine.

GABELLEUR, gåb-lêur, s.m. gabel-man. GABELLE, gå-bêl, s. f. gabel, excise upon salt; the king's magazine of salt; excise, duty, tax.

*GABER, v. a. to banter, jecr, flout.

GABET, s. m. Mar. vane (of a quadrant,

Gabiers de GABIER, s. m. Mar. top-man. la hune de misaine, fore-top-men. Gabiers de la grande hune, main-top-men. Gabiers de la hune d'artimon, mizen-top-men. Gabion, gå-bion, s. m. gabion.

*GABIONNADE, s. f. gabionade.

GABIONNER, gå-bíð-nå, v. a. to stop or cover with gabions.

GABUROOS, s. m. Mar. garboard streak. GABUROOS, s. m. pl. Mar. clamps.

GACHE, gash, s. f. staple; wall-hook (to support a funnel, etc.)

GACHER, ga-sha, v. a. to wet and mix mortar; (du linge) to rinse.

GACHEU-X, SE, ga-sheu, sheuz, adj. slab-

by, s oppy, plashy, miry.
GA:HIS, ga-shi, s. m. slab or slop, plash.
Faire un gachis, to make a slab, wet a room.

GADELLE, s. f. sort of currant.

GADELLIER, s. m. sort of currant bush. GADOUARD, s. m. night-man, who empties

privies. GADOUE, s. f. filth that comes out of a

house of office.

GAFFE, gåf, s. f. Mar. boat-hook.

GAFFER, v. a. Mar. to hook.
GAGE, gaz, s. m. pawn, pledge, badge, token, mark, proof, testimony. Gages, wages, salary. Etre cassé aux gages, to be turned out of place, be disgraced, have lost one's favour,

GAGER, gå-zå, v. a. to lay, bet; to give

wages, hire.

GAGEU-R, SE, gå-zeur, zeuz, s. m. & f.

GAGEURE, gå-zur, s. f. wages, bet, lay. Faire une gageure, to lay a wager, to bet or

GAGISTE, gå-zist, s. m. under-strapper, supernumerary or hired man in a play-house; one hired but not a servant.

GAGNAGE, gå-gnåz, s. m. place where cat-

tle and deer are wont to feed.

GAGNAGES, s. m. pl. crop.

GAGNANT, E, ga-guèn, gnènt, s. m. & f. adj. winner (at play.)
GAGNÉ, E, adj. gotten, etc. Donner gagné, to own one's self worsted; cross the cudgels, yield.

GAGNE-DENIER, gagn-de-nia, s.m. wharfporter, labourer.

GAGNE-PAIN, gagn-pin, s. m. livelihood, that by which one gets his livelihood.

GAGNE-PETIT, gågn-på-ti, s. m. travelling grinder (of knives, etc.)

GAGNER, ga-gna, v.a. & n. to get or gain; win, obtain or carry; to carry or make one's self master of; to get or reach, arrive at, come to; to get or catch; to deserve; to earn or get; to prevail upon or with, make yield; to win, draw in; to practise upon, bribe; to prevail; to get, reach, spread. Gagner quelqu'un, to beat or overcome one, get the better of one. Gagner son proces, to carry the cause, have judgment given on one's side, cast one's adversary. Gagner pays, gagner chemin, to get ground, advance, to go forward. Gaguer pays, gagner au pied, gagner la guerite, la colline, les champs, le haut, to run or scamper away, betake one's self to one's heels. Gagner de la main, to get the start of, be before-hand with, prevent. Gagner, v. a. Mar, gagner pour la marche, to be improved in sailing. Gagner le vent d'un vaisseau, to get the weathergage or wind of a ship. Gagner du vent lo yet la windward ship. Gagner au vent, to get to windward. Gagner les vents alisés, to get into the tradewinds. Gagner la brise, to catch the breeze. Gagner un bâtiment, to gain upon or forcreach a ship. Gagner un port, to reach a harbour. Gagner un mouillage, to reach an anchorage. Gagner la terre, to get close in with the land. Gagner de l'avant, to gain ground. Gagner d'un or de plusieurs quart, to come up one or more points. Gagner dans l'est or dans l'ouest, to get to the castward or to the westward. L'eau nons gagne à ne pouvoir franchir, the water gains upon us so that we cannot free the ship. Se gagner, v. r. to be catching. Ex. La peste se

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

gagne, the plague is catching, the plague is || a brisk spark. an infectious disease.

*GAGNEUR, ga-gneur, s. m. Ex. Ce ga-gneur de tant de batailles, that great conqueror,

GAGUI, gå-gi, s. f. jolly plump girl or we-

man. GAI, E, gê, gê, adj. gay, merry, cheerful, pleasant, frolicksome. Couleur gaie, gay or lively colour. Chumbre gaie, light and pleasant room. Temps gai, clear and serene weather.

GAI, adv. merrily. Allons gai, come, let us be merry.

GAYAC, s. m. or bois de garac, guaiacum,

lignum-vitæ. GAIEMENT, ge-men, adv. merrily, cheer-

fully, willingly

GAIETÉ, ge-ta, s. f. gaiety, mirth, cheer-fulness, good humour, pleasantness; frolick. De gaieté de cœur, on purpose, wantonly, in

wanton sport, for the nonce.

wanton sport, for the nonce.

GAILLARD, E., gå-lår, lård, adj. brisk, merry, blithe, jolly, pleasant, light-hearted or cheerful; brisk, jolly; merry, tipsy, half drunk; gallant, bold; wanton, amorous, drunk; gallant, bold; wanton, amorous, roguish. It s'est battu contre deux, le coup est gaillarde, he fought against two, that is a bold action. Le tour est gaillard, it is a pleasant trick. Vent gaillard (or frais) cool wind.
GAILLARD, s. m. jolly fellow, jolly com-

Gaillard, s. m. Mar. Gaillard d'avant, re-castle. Gaillard d'arrière, quarter-deck. fore-castle. Les gaillards, the fore-castle and quarterdeck.

Gaillarde, s. f. brisk gay woman; also sort

of dance.

GAILLARDEMENT, gå-lård-mên, merrily, briskly, boldly, rashly.

GAILLARDISE, gå-lår-dlz, s. f. gaiety,

frolick.

GAIN, gin, s. m. gain, profit, lucre; winning or gain (at play), (de bataille) gaining, winning or carrying of the day. Ne faire aucun gain, to get nothing. Avoir gain de cause, to carry one's cause, cast one's adver-

GAÎNE, gen, s. f. sheath. Gaîne, s. f. Mar. gaîne de flamme or de pavillon, etc. tabling or canvass edging of a pendant, ensign, etc.

GAINIER, ge-nia, s. m. sheath or casemaker, a tree that grows in warm countries

GALA, gå-la, s. m. feast, entertainment. GALACTITE, s. f. kind of jasper.

GALAMMENT, gå-lå-men, adv. with a good grace, gracefully, handsomely; elegantly, ncatly, genteelly, sprucely; gallantly, like a man of honour; skilfully, cunningly, wisely. GALANGA, s. m. sort of medicinal root.

GALANT, E, galen, lent, adj. (before homme) honest, brave, polite, sociable, accomplished, clever, or the like; (after homme) of gallantry, complaisant to the ladies; (after femme) of gallantry, wanton: (after any noun, or relating to any noun but homme and femme) genteel, pleasing, lively, done with taste, elegant, nice, or the like. Un billet galant, a love-letter, a billet-doux.

GALANT, s. m. gallant, spark, sweet-heart; also cunning, dangerous fellow, cheating fellow; favour, knot of ribands. Ur vert galant, or ornament with galloon.

Faire le galant auprès des dames, to court the ladies.

GALANTERIE, gå-lent-ri, s. f. civility, civil behaviour, genteelness; genteel or courtly way, gallantry, courtship, piece of gallantry, intrigue or amour. Avoir quelque galanteric, to have an intrigue.

GALANTIN, s.m. a man ridiculously gallant. *GALANTISER, gå-len-tl-zå, v. a. to court, admire, be ridiculously gallant

GALAXIE, s. f. Galaxy, milky-way. GALBANUM, gål-bå-non, s. m. galbanum (sort of gum.) Donner du galbanum, to put a sham upon one, lead one into a fool's para-

GALE, gal, s. f. scab, itch. Gale de chien, mange.

GALÉACE or GALÉASSE, gå-lå-ås, s. f. Mar. galeas or Venetian galley.

GALÉE, s. f. galley (printer's tool.)

*GALEFRETIER, s. m. idle vagabond, poor shabby rogue, scoundrel.

GALEGA, s. m. leguminous plant.

GALER, (SE) v. r. to scratch or rub.
GALER, (SE) v. r. to scratch or rub.
GALERE, gå-lèr, s. f. Mar. galley. Galère à rames, row-galley. Demi-galère, half galley. Les galères, the galleys. Tenir galère, to arm a galley at one's own expense.
Vogue la galère, hap what may, let the world go how it will.

GALERIE, gål-rl, s. f. gallery. Galerie, s. f. Mar. stern gallery. Galerie de poupe, gallery, balcony. Galerie de faux pont, gangway. Clavecins de la gulerie, quarter-gallery.

GALERIEN, ga-lê-riên, s. m. gallev-slave. GALERNE, ga-lêrn, s. f. or veut de Galerne,

s. m. northwesterly wind.

GALET, gå-le, s. m. shuffle board, also pebble.

GALETAS, gål-tå, s. m. room at the top of a house, garret.

GALETTE, gå-lêt, s. f. broad thin cake. Mar. round and flat sea-biscuit.

GALEU-X, SE, gå-leu, leuz, adj. & s. scabby, scabby person.

GALHAUBANS, s. m. pl. Mar. back-stays or breast back-stays. Galhaubans roluns, preventer back-stays, shifting back-stays.

GALIMAFRÉE, gå-li-må-frå, s. f. gallimau-

GALIMATIAS, gå-il-må-flå, s. m. gallima-tia, nonsense, fustian, balderdash. GALION, gå-liðn, s. m. galleon. GALIOTE, gå-liðt, s. f. Mar. galliot. Ga-liote à bombes, bomb-ketch. Galiote burburesque, quarter-gallery.

GALIPOT, s. m. rosin.

GALLE, s. f. (noix de galle) nut-gall. GALLES, s. f. Wales.

GALLICAN, E, gå-li-kan, kan, adj. Gallican. L'église Gallicane, the Gallican church. GALLICISME, gall-li-sism, s. m. gallicism.

GALLICO, (DE,) briskly, unexpectedly. GALLOIS, E, adj. & s. Welsh, Welsh per-

GALOCHE, ga-losh, s. f. galoche. Galoche, Mar. cleat, belaying cleat, shoe-black. Ga-

loches de fer, hanging clamps. Galon, ga-lon, s m. galloon, luce, a gro-

cer's box. GALONNER, gå-lô-nå, v. a.to lace, to bind

buse, bût : jeune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

Galop, gå-lå, s. m. gallop. Grand galop, till gallop. Petit galop, hand gallop. Aller grand galop à l'hôpital, to run full speed to one's ruin.

GALOPEDE, gå-lå-påd,s.f. gallop, galloping. GALOPER, gå-lå-på,v.n. & a. to gallop, go at a gallop, Galoper quelqu'un, to hunt or pursue one.

GALOPIN, gå-lô-pin, s. m. a cook's boy,

scullion; errand boy

GALVAUDER, gål-vo-då, v. a. to scold at, check, reprimand.

GAMACHES, s. m. pl. gambade or spatterdashes.

GAMBADE, gan-bad, s. f. gambol; drollery or jest.

GAMBADER, gån-bå-då, v. n. to gambol,

play *or* show gambols. GAMBAGE, s. m. sort of excise or malt tax.

GAMBES de hune, s. f. Mar. futtock shrouds, foot hook shrouds.

GAMBILLER, gan-bi-la, v. n. to wag one's

leg, kick.
GAMELLE, gå-mel, s. f. wooder bowl or porringer or platter. Faire gamelle, to mess together.

GAMME, gam, s. f. gamut (in musick.) On lui a bien chanté sa gamme, he was sound-ly chid or reprimanded. C'est du latin qui passe votre gamme, that is past your skill or above your reach. Changer de gamme, to

alter one's conduct.

Ganache, gå-nåsh, s. f. nether jaw (of a horse) thick-skulled fellow.

GANCHE, s. f. sort of gallows (in Turkey.)

GAND, Ghent.

GANGLION, s. m. ganglion. GANGRÈNE, kan-grên, s. f. gangrene.

GANGRENER, kangr-nå, se gungrener, v. r. to gangrene, become mortified, turn to a mortification.

GANGRENEU-X, SE, kangr-neu, neuz, adj.

gangrenous.

GANIVET, s. m. an instrument used in chirurgery.

GANSE, gans, s. f. loop.

GANT, gan, s. m. glove. Souple comme un gunt, as pliant as a willow, accommodating. Il n'en aura pas les gants, he is not the first. Jeter les gants, to challenge.

GANTE, E, adj. that has gloves on.

GANTELÉE, S. f. fox-glove.
GANTELET, gànt-lê, s. m. gauntlet.
GANTER, gànt-là, v. a. to help one on with
s gloves. Gants qui gantent bien, gloves his gloves. that fit very well. Se ganier, v. r. to put on one's gloves.

GANTERIE, gant-rl, s. f. glove making or

glove selling.

GANTIER, E, gan-tià, tièr, s. m. & f. glover. GARAMANTITE, s. f. a precious stone. GARANCE, ga-rens, s. f. madder (an herb.)

GARANCER, gå-ren-så, v. a. to dye with

madder.

GARANT, gå-ren, s. m. guarantee, surety; author cited. J'en suis garant, I warrant you, I pass my word or I auswer for it. Mar. fall of a tackle. Garan de capon, cat-rope, catfall. Garant de palan, tackle-fall, tackle-rope. Garant de candelette, fish tackle-fall. Garans des palanquins de sabord, laniards of the gun-

GARANTI, E, adj. warranted, etc.

GARANTIE, gå-rèn-ti, s. f. guarantee or warranty, contract to make good.

GARANTIR, gå-rèn-fir, v. a. to warrant, engage, make good; to make good, make amends, indemnify, save harmless; to warrant, vouch, assure or maintain; to keep, de

fend or secure.

*GARBE, s. f. garb, looks, countenance. Garbe, s. m. make and rigging (of a vessel.)
Ils reconnurent au garbe du vaisseau qu'il
étoit Turc et de Sallé, they perceived by the make and rigging of the ship, that she was a Turk and a Sallee rover.

GARRIN, s. m. south-west wind.

GARBURE, s. f. sort of pottage.

*GARÇAILLER, v. n. to whore, wench.

*GARCE, s. f. wench or whore.

GARGETTE, s. f. Mar. garnet, gasket, knit-tle, etc. Maîtresse garcette or garcette de fond, bunt gasket. Garcettes de bouts de rergues, yard-arm gaskets. Garcettes de ris, points, pointings, reef lines. Garcettes de tournevire, nippers; nipper-men.

GARÇON, går-son, s. m. boy, lad, or youth; bachelor; (de café) waiter; (d'auberge) waiter, boy, man; man, journeymaa. Gar-con de bord, Mar. younker, youngster. Les garçons de la chantbre or de la garde-role (chez le roi,) pages of the back-stairs. Fairé le maurais garçon, to hector, huff.

GARÇONNIÈRE, gar-so-nièr, s. f. tomboy,

romp, rig or tom-rig.

GARDE, gard, s. f. guard; guards; watch; attendants; defence, protection; keeping, eustody, charge; (in fencing) guard; (d'ime épée) hilt; nurse; wards of a lock; (un fruit de garde) fruit that keeps or will keep (poire de garde) winter-pear, (chien de (poire de garde) winter-pear, (chien de bonne garde) good house-dog; (corps de garde du guet) the round house or watchhouse; (faire la garde) to be upon the guard; (donner en garde) to give to keep, commit to one's keeping; (avoir en garde) to have in one's keeping or custody; (prendre garde) to regard, observe, mind, have an eye upon, notice; (prendre garde de faire or à ne pas fuire) to take care not to do; (prendre garde que quelqu'un ne fasse) to take care one does not do, or shall not do; (n'avoir garde) to take care not, be far from being inclined to a thing; (u'avoir garde de faire) to take care not to do, not to be able to do, be far from wishing or being inclined to do; (se donner de garde d'une personne or d'une chose) to be, aware of a person or thing; (se donner de garde qu'une chose ne se fasse) to take heed or care that a thing shall not be done; (prenez garde or donnez-vous de garde), take care; (prenez-y garde) be upon your guard against that; (être or se tenir en garde contre une chose) to guard or be upon one's guard against a thing; (prenez garde qu'elle ne vous échappe) take heed or care she does not run away from you; (tout cela se passa sans qu'il y prit garde) all that came to pass, and he never the wiser; (il m'offense sans y prendre garde) he offends me when he does not mean Je n'ai garde de commettre désormais cette faute, I shall take care never to commit such a fault agaiu. Il n'a garde de courir, il a une jambe de rompue, he cannot run or how can he run when one of his legs is broken. Je n'ai garde d'y aller (je ne suis pas si sot bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, ever : fletd, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

que d'y aller) I am not such a fool as to go thither. Il n'a garde d'être aussi sarant que son frère, he is far enough from being so good a scholar as his brothe. Three compound words in which garde comes first are feminine. Garde-bourgeoise, guardianship of a freeman's children. Garde-noble, guardianship of a nobleman's children. Garde-robe. ward-robe; house of office, close-stool, closet. For the other compounds see Garde, s. m.

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Garde, s. m. keeper, warden; one of the guards. Garde du corps, life-guard-man, life-guard. Garde des seeaux, keeper of the seals, lord keeper. Garde des monnoies or juge garde, warden of the mint. Garde d'un metter, warden of a company of tradesmen. Garde des coffres, cofferer. Garde-beis, s. m. forest-keeper. Garde-boutique, s. m. mere drug, commodity that sticks by one or will not go off. Garde chasse, s. m. game-keeper. Garde-côte, s. m. cruiser. Garde-feu, s. m. iron-bars before a fire to keep young children from falling into it, fender. V. Garde, Mar. Garde-fou, s. m. rails on the outside of bridges, etc. to keep people from falling. Gardemagasin, s. m. keeper of a store-house. V. Garde, Mar. Garde-manger, s. m. buttery. Garde-meuble, s. m. ward-robe; yeoman of the ward-robe. Garde-nappe, s. m. wickerstand. Garde-note, s. m. notary. Garde-rôle, master of the rolls. Garde-vaisselle, gentleman of the ewry, also yeoman of the scullery. Garde, Mar. watch. La garde, the anchor watch. Prendre la garde, to take tharge of the deck in harbour. Garde de la marine, midshipman. Garde-côte, sort of militia employed to defend the coasts. Bâtiment garde-côte, vessel of war employed to cruise on the coast to protect it from an ercmy and to seize smuggling vessels. Gardecorps, man-rope. Garde-corps du beaupré, man-

corps, man-rope. Garde-corps an beaupre, man-ropes of the bowsprit. Garde-fen, cartridge-box. Garde-megasin, store-keeper. GARDER, går-då, v. a. to keep or preserve. to keep or lay up; to guard, keep, defend, look to or after; (un malade) to nurse; ob-serve, fulfil; (son rang) to keep, maintain (un laventent) to keep, bold. Garder la chambre or de lit, to keep one's chamber or bed. Garder bien le change en suivant la bête, to avoid the change in hunting. Dieu nous en garde, God forbid, God keep us from it. Il a gardé la fievre quarte deux ans, he has had a quartan ague two years together. Vous ne savez pas ce que Dieu vous garde. you know not what God has got in store for you. En gurder une à quelqu'un, or la lui garder bonne, to owe one a spite. En donner a garder à quelqu'un, to put or impose upon one. Se garder, v. r. to have a care or take heed. Se bien garder de faire une chose, to be sure not to do a thing, forbear doing a thing, keep or abstain from doing a thing, take care not to do a thing. Il s'en gardera bien, he will take care not to do it.

GARDEUR, SE, går-deur, deuz, s. m. & f. keeper. Gardeur. de cochons, swine-herd.

Gardense de vaches, cow-herd.
Gardien, gar-dien, s. m. kceper, guardian; sequestree; (d'un courent) guardian or superiour. Ange gardien, guardian-angel. Gardien, Mar. Gardien d'un quai, wharfinger. Gardien de la sainte-barbe, lady of the

gun-room (in English men of war;) gunners' yeoman (on board French ships.) Gardien yeoman (on board French ships.) Gardien de la fosse au lion, boatswain's yeoman. Gardien des rechanges du maître-charpentier, the carpenter's yeoman. Gardiens, men em-ployed to take care of ships of war laid up in ordinary.

Gardienne, går-dien, s. f. guardian, keeper. GARDON, gar-don, s. m. sort of roach, freshwater mullet. Sain comme un gardon, as

sound as a roach.

GARE, går, (imperative of garer) have a care, make way, stand out of the way; also take care of, be aware of. Gare au câble, Mar. stand clear of the cable. Gare dessous, Mar. stand from under.

GARENNE, gå-ren, s. f. warren.

GARENNIER, gå-re-niå, s. m. warrener. GARER, gå-rå, v. a. to moor (a boat:) formerly, to take care. V. Gare. Se garer, v. r. to stand out of the way, take care of.

GARGARISER, går-gå-ri-zå, v. a. to gar-gle or wash (the throat.) Se gargariser, v. r.

GARGARISME, gargle.
GARGARISME, gar-ga-rism, s. m. gar-gling, gargarism, gargle.
GARGOTAGE, gar-go-taz, s. m.a nasty meal.

GARGOTE, gar-got, s. f. eating-house for the common sort of people, six-penny ordina-

ry, blind tippling house.

Gargoter, går-gå-lå, v. n. to fuddle or tipple in a nasty tavern or ale-house, sot, sit

sotting.

GARGOTIER, E, går-gå-tiå, tier, s. m. & f. one that keeps a six-penny ordinary; also tip-

GARGOUILIADE, s. f. sort of step in dancing. GARGOUILLE, gar-gool, s. f. spout of a gutter. GARGOUILLEE, s. f. spouting.

GARGOUILLEMENT, gar-gool-men, s. m. noise of water falling from a spout; also noise in the throat or stomach or bowels (occasioned by wind.)

GARGOUILLER, går-gåo-lå, v. n. to pad dle, dabble (in water.)

GARGOUILLIS, s. m. noise of water falling from a spout.

GARGOUSSE, gar-goos, s. f. powder to charge a cannon, cartridge of a cannon. La gargousse dans le canon, load with cartridge. GARGOUSSIÈRE, s. f. a pouch for car-

tridges. GARNEMENT, gårn-men, s. m. rake, wicked lewd fellow.

GARNI, s. m. middle or filling up of masonry work in the middle.

GARNI, E, adj. furnished, trimmed, etc. Macomerie garnie, masonry, filled up in the middle. Une pervuque bien garnie, a very full perukc. Chambre garnie, ready furnish-

ed room or lodging.

GARNIR, går-nir, v. a. to furnish, provide; (des gants or un chapeau) to trim; (une boutique) to furnish, store or stock: (un endroit foible) to strengthen or fortify; to garnish, adorn, set off or eurich. Garnir les poches d'un galon, to bind or edge the pocket with galloon. Garnir, v. a. Mar. to rig, etc. Garnir le cabestan, to rig the capstan. Garnir un mât or une vergue, to rig a mast or a yard. Garnir une voile d'étai, to bend a stay-sail Garnir les avirons, to ship the oars. Garnir le plomb, to arm the lead. Se garnir de. v. r buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

to seize upon; to furnish or arm one's self Se garnir contre le froid, to guard or provide against the cold.

GARNISON, gar-ni-zon, s. f. garrison; bailiffs quartered on a debtor till he pays. Une ville où il y a bonne garnison, a town well garrisoned.

GARNISSEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. haberdasher, hatter.

GARNITURE, gar-nl-tur, s. f. furniture, mming; set. Garniture de toilette, set of trimming; set. things belonging to a toilet. Blocks that separate the pages of a form (in printing.) Garniture, s. f. Mar. rigging (of a ship.) Garniture ae pompe, pump gear. Garniture de la bouée, slings of the buoy. Garniture des ancres,

ground tackle. GAROU, s. m. Ex. Courir le garou, to haunt bawdy-houses. V. Loup. Also, a small

evergreen trec.

GAROUAGE, gå-roo-åz, s. m. stews, baw-

dy-house, brothel

GARROT. ga-ro, s. m. the withers of a horse; packing stick. Garrot de Varçon, saddle bow.

GARROTTER, gå-rô-tå, v. a. to tie fast, or ound with cords.

*GARS, s. m. lad, boy, youth, or stripling,

fellow, blade, spark.

GARUS, s. m. elixir good for the stomach. Gascon, NE, gas-kon, kon, s. m. & f. Gas-

con; also great boaster, cracker, pretender

to great matters.
Gasconisme, gas-ko-nism,s.m. gasconism. GASCONNADE, gås-ko-nåd, s. f. gasconade, boasting or cracking, bravado or ostentation. Faire des gusconnades, to gasconade, brag,

erack, or boast. GASCONNER, v. n. to brag, boast.

GASPILLAGE, gås-pi-låz, s. m. wasting, spoiling, squandering.

GASPILLER, gås-pl-lå, v. a. to lavish or squander away, waste or consume, spoil, put

out of order. GASPILLEU-R, SE, gås-pi-leur, leuz, s. m. & f. lavisher, spendthrift

GASTADOUR, s. m. pioneer.

GASTER, s. m. belly, sometimes stomach.
GASTRIQUE, adj. & s. f. gastrick. La gastrique, or la veine gastrique, the gastrick vein.

GASTROMANIE, s. f. daintiness, or fondness for one's belly.

GASTRORAPHIE, s. f. gastroraphy.

GASTROTOMIE, S. f. gastrotomy.
GATÉ, E, adj. spoiled, etc. V. Gûter. Voilà
bien du papier gâté, there is a good deal of

paper wasted to no purpose.

GATEAU, ga-to, s. m. cake. Gâtean de miel, honcy-comb. Trouver la fève au gâ-Gâteau de tean, to hit the nail on the head. Aroir part au gâtean, to have a hand in the business. Por-

tager le gâtean, to share the profit, go snacks. GATER, gâ-tâ, v. a. to spoil, waste; indulge too much; to spoil, soil, spot; to spoil, mar. corrupt, deprave or debauch. Gâter le métier, to undersell one's goods or undervalue

one's labour; hence GATE-MÉTIER, gat-mâ-tià, s. m. one that undersells his goods or undervalues his labour. Se gâter, v. r. (said of meat) to taint; (of wine) to be spoiled. Se gâter dans le monde,

to get an ill name in the world.
*GATEUR, s. m. waster, spoiler

de papier, waster of paper.

GATTE, s. f. Mar. manger.
GAUCHE, gosh, adj. left; untoward, ill contrived; silly, ridiculous.
Gauche, s. f. left hand or left side. A ganche, on the left.

GAUCHEMENT, adv. awkwardly.

GAUCHER, E, go-sha, sher, s. m. & f. lest-handed, lest-handed person.

GAUCHERIE, gösh-rl, s.f. piece of stupidity, blunder, silly or ridiculous action.

GAUCHIR, gö-shîr, v. n. to shrink back or turn aside; (dans une affaire) to double, use shifts dodge, play fast and loose. Gauchir aux diffi

cultes, to shun or accline or wave difficulties GAUCHISSEMENT, s. m. shrinking back. GAUDE, god, s. f. woad.

"GAUDEANUS, S. M. (Latin word) merry making, merry bout, drinking bout GAUDER, go-dā, V. a. to dye with woad lay the foundation of a colour.

GAUDERON, GAUDRON, V. "Goudron et California and California

Godron.

GAUDERONNER, V. Godronner.

GAUDIR, v. a. to solace, cheer. Gaudir le papa, to live in clover. Se gaudir, v. r. to

GAUFRE, gofr, s. f. honey-comb; wafer

(sort of thin pastry.)
GAUFRER, go frå, v. a. to figure stuffs.
GAUFREUR, go freur, s. m. one that figures

stuffs. GAUFRIER, go-fri-à, s. m. waser iron.

GAUFRURE, go-frur, s. f. figuring (stuffs.)
GAULE, gol, s. f. switch; great rod, long
pole; also Gaul or France.

GAULER, go-la, v. a. to beat down (fruit) with a long pole or rod.

GAULIS, s. m. long sprig or small branch. GAULOIS, E, go-lwa, lwaz, adj. & s. Gaul or Gallic, La nation Gauloise, the Gauls, the ancient Gauls. La langue Gauloise, old French. Façon de parler Gauloise, old, obsolete expression. C'est un bon Gaulois or un vieux Gaulois, he is a plain honest man, he means no harm. C'est du Gaulois, that is old French.

GAUPE, s. f. slut, trollop.

*GAUSSER, go-sa, v. a. to banter, jeer. Il fut gaussé de tout le monde, he was jeered or bantered by every body. Il se fit gausser de toute la compagnie, he was the jest or laughing stock of all the company.

*GAUSSERIE, s.f. jeering, jest, banter, rail-

GAUSSEU-R, SE, go-sêur, seuz, s. m. & f

jeerer, banterer. GAVACHE, s. m. pitiful fellow, scoundrel. "GAVION, ga-vion, s. m. throat.

GAVOTTE, gå-vot, s. f. (dance) gavot.

GAZ, gaz, s. m. gas, aromatick volatile part of a plant.

GAZE, gåz, s. f. gauze. GAZELLE, gå-zěl, s. f. antelope. GAZER, gå-zå, v. a. to cover with gauze GAZETIER, gåz-tiå, s. m. gazetteer; haw-ker or crier of gazettes, news-man.

GAZETIN, gaz-tin, s. m. little gazette, in

telligence extraordinary GAZETTE, gå-zet, s. f. gazette, newspaper

news-monger. Gazeu-x, se, adj. of or belonging to the substance of gas.
Gazier, ga-zla, s. m. gauze-maker.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

GAZON, gå-zon, s. m. turf, green turf. | Parterre de gazon, green plot.

GAZONNEMENT, gå-zon-men, s. m. cover-

ing with turf.
GAZONNER, gå-zð-nå, v. a. to line or cover

with turf.

GAZOUILLEMENT, gå-zool-men, s. m. chirping, warbling, singing or chattering, purling, gurgling or soft murmur.

GAZOUILLER, gå-zôo-la, v.n. (des oiseaux) to chirp, warble, sing or chatter; (d'un ruissean) to purl, warble, gurgle, murmur softly. GAZDUILLIS, ga-zoo-ft. V. Gazouillement.

GEA1, ze, s. m. jack or jackdaw. GEANT, zå-en, s. m. giant.

GÉANTE, zå-ent, s. f. giantess.

GEHENNE, V. Gêne.
GEINDRE, V. n. (See the table at eindre)

to whine, whimper, pule, gruntle, complain, be ailing something.

GEINDRE, zindr, s. m. baker's foreman. GÉLATINEU-X, SE, adj. gelatinous, viscous,

formed into a jelly.

GELÉ, E, adj. frozen. Avoir le bec gelé,

to be tongue-tied.

GELÉE, 28-lå, s. f. frost, frosty weather; jelly. GELER, 28-13, v. a. to freeze. Geler, v. n. to freeze; to be starving with cold, be extremely cold. It gele, it freezes. Se geler, r. to freeze or be frozen.
*Geline, s. f. hen.

GELINOTTE, 2e-li-not, s. f. wood-hen; good

fat pullet. Gelinotte d'eau, water-quail. GEMEAUX, zã-mo, s. m. pl. Gemini. GEMELLES, s. f. pl. Mar. clamps.

GÉMIR, zå-mîr, v. n. to groan or lament; arm (as dores.)

GÉMISSANT, E, zå-mil-sen, sent, adj. groan-

mg, lamenting. Gémissement, zå-mis-men, s. m. groan.

or groaning, lamentation; cooing.
GEMME, zem, adj. in. Ex. Sel gemme (or fossile,) mineral salt.

GÉMONIES, s. f. pl. place of execution

among the Romans. GÉNAL, E, adj. of or belonging to the cheek. GENANT, E, ze-nen, nent, adj. troublesome.

GENCIVE, zen-siv, s. f. gum (wherein the teeth are set.)

GENDARME, zen-darm, s. m. horseman in complete armour. Gendarmes, soldiers; sparks of fire; (d'un diamant) flaws. femme est un vrai gendarme, she is a virago or termagant.

GENDARMER, (SE) se-zen-dar-ma, v. r. to bluster, take pet, fall into a passion; also to disquiet one's self.

GENDARMERIE, zen-darm-ri, s. f. horse of the king's household.

GENDRE, zendr, s. m. son-in-law. GENE, zen, s. f. rack, torture; torment, pain; constraint:

GÊNÉ, E, adj. constrained, etc. V. Gêner. Gêné par le terrain, straitened for want of

GÉNÉALOGIE, zå-nå-å-lð-zl, s. f. pedigree, genealogy.

GÉNÉALOGIQUE, zå-nå-å-lô-zlk, adj. genealogical. Arbre généalogique, tree of consanguinity.

GÉNÉALOGISTE, zå-nà-å-lò-zîst, s. m. genealogist.

put under restraint, put out of one's bias; to clog, trouble, be troublesome to. Se Gêner, v. r. to constrain one's self. GÉNÉRAL, E, zå-nå-rål, adj. general, universal.

GÊNER, zè-nà, v. a. to constrain, confine,

GÉNÉRAL, s. m. general or chief. En général, in general, generally. La penple en général, the generality of the people. Le général, the generality. Général d'une ar-mée navale, admiral or commander in chief of a fleet of men of war. Officier général, Mar.

flag officer. GÉNÉRALAT, 2å-uå-rå-lå, s. m. generalship, chief command; time during which the

general continues in office.

GÉNÉRALE, 2à-nà-ràl, s. f. general (beat-

ing of drums to warn an army to be ready.)
GÉNÉRALEMENT, zå-nå-rål-mån, adv.
generally, universally, in general. Généralement, generally, commonly, ordinarily.
GENERALISATION, s. f. the act of gene-

ralizing. GENERALISER, zå-nå-rå-li-za, v. a. to

generalize.

CENERALISSIME, zã-uà-rà-lisim, s.m. ge-

neralissimo. GÉNÉRALITÉ, zã-na-ra-li-ta, s. f. generality; also district or precinct (of the public office of the treasurers of France.) Générali-tés, general(not direct or particulur) discourses.

GENERAT-EUR, RICE, zā-na-ra-teur, trls,

adj. (in geometry) generating. Générati-F, v.E., zā-nā-rā-tīf, tiv, adj. generative. GÉNÉRATION, 2a-na-ra-sion, s. f. genera-

tion; propagation, production; progeny; de-GÉNÉREUSEMENT, 2å-nå-reuz-men, adv.

generously, nobly; valiantly, stoutly, bravely. GENEREU-X, SE, zå-nå-reu, reuz, adj. generous, noble; valiant, stout, brave; liberal,

GÉNÉRIQUE, zā-nā-rīk, adj. generical. GÉNÉROSITÉ, zā-uā-rō-zī-tā, s. f. generosity, greatness of soul; generous act, piece

of generosity. Gènes, Genoa.

GENÈSE, 2ê-nes, s. f. Genesis. GENÊT, 2ê-ne, s. m. broom. Genêt épineux, furze.

GENET, s. m. Spanish genet (sort of

GÉNÉTHLIAQUE, adj. genethliacal.

Généthliaques, s. m. pl. genethliaticks. GÉNETIN, s. m. sort of French sweet wine. GENETTE, 28-net, s. f. (de cheval) kind of t or snaffle. Aller à cheval à la genette, to bit or snaffle. ride short; sort of cat.

GENÈVRE or GENIÈVRE, s. m. juniperberry.

GENÉVRIER, zê-nâ-vrl-à, or GENIÈVRE.

m. juniper-tree. Génie, 2à-nl, s. m. genius, familiar spirit; humour; temper; talent, parts; fortification,

enginery GENIÈVRE, zê-nièvr, V. Genèvre & Genérrier.

GÉNISSE, 2à-nis, s. f. heifer.

GÉNITAL, E, zà-nî-tal, adj. genital, generative, serving to generation.

GENITIF, za-nl-tif, s. m. genitive, the geni tive case

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

GÉNITOIRES, zå-nî-twar, s. m. genitals, || man (either by noble descent or by place;) privy parts.
*GÉNITURE, s. f. child, offspring.

GÉNOIS, E, adj. Genoese. GÉNOPE, s. f. Mar. temporary racking.

GENOU, ze-noo, (anciently Genouil) s. m. knee. Etre à genoux, to be on one's knees. Se mettre à genoux, to kneel, kneel down. Genou, s. m. Mar. lower futtock (of a timber.) Genoux de fond, lower futtocks (of the timbers) amidships. Genoux de porques, lower futtocks of the riders or riders futtocks. Genoux de revers, lower futtocks of the timbers fore and aft.

GENOUILLÈRE, zë-nôo-lèr, s. f. (de botte) top of a boot; (de l'armure) pulley-piece (an armour for the knee.)

GENOUILLEU-x, SE, adj. kneed, knotty. GENRE, zenr, s. m. kind or genus; species, sort; (in grammar) gender; style, way or manner of writing, strain; kind, way, course, man-

GENS, zen, s. m. men, people, folks ; men servants, attendants, domesticks. Les gens de lettres, the learned or scholars. Les gens du monde, the king's council. Gens d'épée, sword-men. Gens d'église, church-men, cler-Gens d'affaires, people of business. Gens de mer, sea-

gymen. Gens d'affaires, people of business. Gens de guerre, soldiers. Gens de mer, seafaring people. V. Gent.

N. B. Though gens be masculine of itself, yet the adjective belonging to it, if not ending with emute in the masculine, is to be made feminine, when to be placed immediately before gens; observe however with regard to tout, that, if placed before les gens simply, it is to be tous; and also when an adjective ending with e mute in the masculine is to be between les and gens; but that as any other ad-jective immediately before gens must be made feminine, so toutes must also be used before les instead of tous. A following relative pronoun or adjective is notwithstanding to be in the masculine. Hence, tous les gens, all peo-ple, every body. Tous les homètes gens, all houest people, every honest person. Toutes les bonnes gens, all good people, every good person. De telles gens, such people. Diverses gens, several people, several persons. Ne vous familiarisez pas arec les petites gens, ils rous insulteroient bientôt, do not get familiar with the low sort of people, they would soon insult you. La plupart des vieilles gens que vous arez connues étoient soupçonneur, the generality of those old people whom you have known were suspicious. When the adjective is to be placed after gens, it must of course be masculine. Ce sont des gens fort dangereux, they are very dangerous people.

GENT, s. f. (terme poétique) people or na-

Le droit des gens, the law of nations,

the rights of nations.

*Gent, E, zen, zent, adj. neat, spruce, well made.

GENTIANE, s. f. gentian, fellwort.

GENTIL, zen-ti, adj. & s. m. gentile, heathen, pagan. Les gentils, s. m. pl. the gen-tiles or pagans or heathens.

GENTIL, I.E, zen-tl, tll, adj. pretty, genteel, neat, handsome, fine. Faucon gentil, tercel ger Le.

GENTI_HOMME, zen-ti-lom, s. m. gentle- d Germans.

(gentilshommes) gentlemen.
*Gentilhommerie, zen-til-löm-ri, s. f.

gentility.

GENTILHOMMIÈRE, zen-ti-lo-mier, s. f.

small country-house of a gentleman. GENTILITÉ, zèn-ti-li-tà, s. f. gentiles, hea-

GENTILLATRE, zen-ti-latr, s. m. poor gentleman, laird.

GENTILLESSE, zen-il-les, s. f. pretty way, genteel carriage, grace; legerdemain, pretty trick; pretty toy or knack; witty or merry

GENTIMENT, zen-ti-men, adv. prettily,

neatly, handsomely, cleverly.

Génuflexion, zâ-nû-flêk-sîon, s. f. genuflection, kneeling.

GÉOCENTRIQUE, adj. geocentrick. GÉODÉSIE, s. f. geodæsia, art of measuring

nd. Géodésique, adj. geodæsical. Géographe, zå-ð-grá-j, s. m. geographer. G ́родгарніе, zå-ð-grá-f, s.f. geography.

GÉOGRAPHIQUE, zã-ð-gra-fik, adj. geo-graphical. Carte géographique, map. GEOLAGE, zô-laz, s. m. jailer's fees, carce-

Geôle, zol, s. f. gaol, prison.

GEÔLIER, 2Ô-lià, s. m. gaoler. Geôlière, 2Ô-lièr, s. f. gaoler's wife. GÉOMANCE or GÉOMANCIE, 2ã-ô-mèn-

sl, s. f. geomancy. GEOMANCIEN, NE, zå-d-mcn-sien, sien,

s. m. & f. geomancer.
Géomantique, adj. geomantick.
Geométral, zå-ô-må-irål, adj. Ex. Plan géométral, geometrical plan or draught, ground-plot.

GÉOMÈTRE, zà-ô-metr, s.m. geometrician

or geometer. GEOMÉTRIE, 2å-д-må-trl, s. m. geometry. GÉOMÉTRIQUE, zã-ô-mã-trík, adj. geo-

metrical. GÉOMÉTRIQUEMENT, zã-ð-må-trik-men,

adv. geometrically.
Géorgiques, zå-őr-zik, s. f. pl. Georgicks
(Virgil's books of husbandry.)

GERANIUM, zå-rå-nion, s. m. geranium, stork-bill.

GERBE, zerb, s. f. sheaf. GERBEE, s. f. bundle of straw (wherein some grain remains.)

GERBER, zer-ba, v. a. to make up into

GERCE, zers, s. f. wood-louse.

GERCER, zer-sa. v. a. to chap. Le froid gerce les lèvres, eold weather chaps the lips. Gercer, v. n. Se gercer, v. r. to chap, chink, erack or flaw.

GERCURE, zer-sur, s. f. chap, cleft, chink, crack, flaw or crevice. Mar. shake, flaw

GÉRER, za-ra, v. a. (in law) to manage Gérer le bien d'un mineur, to manage the estate of one under age.

GERFAUT, zer-fo, s. m. gerfalcon.

GERMAIN. E, zer-min, men, adj. german Cousin germain, cousin german, first cousin Cousin issu de germain, second cousin.

GERMANDRÉE, zer-men-drå, s. f. Ger

mander. GERMANIQUE, adj. of or belonging to the

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

GERMANISME, s. m. particular way of speaking belonging to the German tongue.

GERME, zerm, s. m. germ, germin, young bud or shoot; seed, cause. Germe d'œuf, sperm of an egg. Un œuf sans germe, an ad-dle egg. Germe de fève, mark in a horse's mouth. Faux germe, false conception, moon

GERMER, zer-ma, v. n. to come or shoot

up, spring out, bud. GERMINAL, s. m. 7th month of the French

calendar. GERMINATION, zer-mi-na-sion, s. f. ger-

mination. GÉRONDIF, zà-rôn-dif, s. m. gerund.

GERZEAU, s. m. weed that grows amongst grain in May.

GÉSIER, zå-zíå, s. m. gizzard.

GÉSINE, s. f. lying in.
*GÉSIR, v. n. only used in the following tenses, git, gisons, gisont, gisoit, and gisoient, to lie. Ci-git here lies. Tout git en cela, the whole business lies in that point or depends upon it. La côte gît nord-nord-ouest et sud-sud-est, the coast lies north-north-west and south-south-east.

GESSES, zes, s. f. pl. chick-peas.

GESTATION, s. f. gestation.

GESTE, zest, s. m. action, gesture. Geste de tête, nod. Gestes, gests, exploits, achievements.

GESTICULATEUR, zes-tî-kû-la-teur, s. m. man too full of action, when he speaks.

GESTICULATION, s. f. gesticulation, too much action.

GESTICULER, zes-ti-ků-lå, v. n. to use too

much gesture, be too full of action. GESTION, 2es-tion, s. f. (from Gerer) management, administration, conduct.

GÉUM, s. m. a sort of healing plant. GIBBEU-x, SE, zî-beu, beuz, adj. gibbous,

bunching out. GIBBOSITÉ, zî-bô-zî-tå, s. f. gibbosity or

GIBECIÈRE, zîb-sier, s. f. pouch, bag, poke or scrip. Faire des tours de gibecière, to show juggling tricks, play tricks by virtue of ho-

cus pocus, play tricks of legerdemain. GIBELET, s. m. gimblet

GIBELINS, s. m. pl. (partizans of the popes in Italy, during the 12th, 13th & 14th centuries) Gibelins.

GIBELOTTE, s. f. kind of fricassee of chickens, hares, etc.

GIBERNE, zl-bêrn, s. f. cartridge-box.
GIBERNE, zl-bêr, s. m. gallows, gibbet.
GIBIER, zl-biâ, s. m. game. Gibier à prevôt, gibier de potence, Newgate-bird, villain. Cela n'est pas de votre gibier, that is none of your business, that is above your skill.

GIBOULÉE, zî-bôo-lå, s. f. shower. Temps

à giboulées, showery weather.

*GIBOYER, zî-bwâ-yâ, v. n. to go a fowl-

ing or hawking. Arquebuse à giboyer, fouling-piece. Epée à giboyer, long rapier.

"GIBOYEUR, 21-bwi-yeur, s. m. fowler.
GIBOYEUR, s., adj. abounding in game."
GIGANTESQUE, 21-gan-tesk, adj. gigantick. GIGOT, zl-gô, s. m. leg of mutton; also hind leg of a horse. Etendre ses gigots, to

stretch one's legs. GIGOTTÉ, E, adj. trussed. Un cheral bien gigotté, a horse well trussed, strongly built

GIGOTTER, zî-gô-tà, v.n. to kick (as a hare does in dying;) shake one's legs, jump about *Gigue, 2ig, s. f. romp, tall frisky girl.

also jig.

*Giguer, v. n. to jump or romp, play wan-

ton tricks; play gambols, frisk about. GILET, 21-le, s. m. under-waistcoat.

*GILLE, zîl, s. m. Ex. Il a fait gille, he is gone, he is run away, he has scampered away.

GIMBLETTE, zin-blêt, s. f. kind of pastry

in the form of a ring. GINGEMBRE, zin-:enbr, s. m. ginger.

GINGLYME, s. m. ginglymus.

GINGUET, TE, zin-gê, gêt, adj. of little value, poor, insignificant. Hubit ginguet, scanty suit of clothes ; ulso s. m. weak sort of wine. GINSENG, s. m. ginseng.

GIRAFE, s. f. four footed animal found in

GIRANDOLE, zî-rên-dôl, s. f. girandole; branch or branched candlestick, chandelier, set of diamonds and precious stones.

GIRASOL, zî-ra-sôl, s. m. girasol (kind of

GIROFLE, 21-roff, s. m. cloves. Un clou de

girofle, a clove. GIROFLÉE, zî-rô-flå, s. f. stock-gilliflow-

er or July flower.

GIROFLIER, 21-rô-siñ, s. m. stock-gilli-flower, stock-gillistower plant; also clove-tree. GIRON, 21-ron, s. m. lap; (in heraldry) giron. Le giron de l'église, the bosom or pale of the church.

GIRONNÉ, E, adj. rounded; (in heraldry)

gironnee.

GIRONNER, v. a. to round.

GIROUETTE, zi-rwet, s. f. vane or weathercock, GISANT, E, adj. (from Gésir) lying, extended. GISANT, 21-zen, s. m. Ex. Le gisant de la

meule d'un moulin, the bed or nether mill-GISEMENT, zîz-mên, s. m. Mar. direction of a coast.

Gît, V. Gésir.

Gîte, s. m. form of a hare, also lodging, habitation; and place where one lies at night upon a journey. Payer son gite, to ray for one's night's lodging.

Gîter, zl-ta, v. n. to lie.

GIVRE, zivr, s. m. hoar-frost, or rime; (in heraldry) snake or serpent.

GLAÇANT, E, adj. freezing. GLACE, glas, s. f. ice; glass; flaw (in a

diamond.)

GLACÉ, E, adj. frozen, frozen up, conge lated, etc. V. Glacer; glazed. Les boissons glacées tuent beaucoup de gens, drinking with ice kills a world of people. Un amant glace, a cold lover.

GLACER, gla-sa, v. a. to freeze, congeal or turn into ice; (des confitures) to ice; (une doublure) to stitch down; (le sang, l'esprit) to chill or damp. Cet auteur là me glace, that author does not affect me in the least. Glacer, v. n. Se glacer, v. r. to freeze or be frozen, chill.

GLACEU-X, SE, adj. that has a flaw or flaws (said of precious stones.) GLACIAL, E, gla-sial, adj frozen. La mer glaciale, the frozen sea, the northern ocean GLACIÈRE, glå-sièr, s. f. ice-house.

GLACIERS, s. m. pl. heaps of ice, glaciers.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

GLACIS, glass, s. m. glacis, slope. Le glacis d'une contrescarpe, the glacis of a coun-

terscarp.

GLAÇON, gla-son, s. m. ice, piece of ice. Un gros glaçon, a flake of ice.

GLADIATEDR, glå-dlå-teur, s. m. gladia-tor, sword player or prize fighter (among the Romans,) duellist or bully.

GLAIEUL, glå-yeul, s. m. corn-flag. GLAIRE, gler, s. f. glaire, white of an egg,

slimy or ropy matter.

GLAIRER, v. a. to glaire, to smear with the white of an egg (with book-binders.)

GLAIREU-X, SE, glê-rêu, rêuz, adj. slimy or ropy, full of slimy matter.
GLAIS, s. ni. knell.

GLAISE, glez, s. f. or terre glaise, potter's earth, clay.

GLAISER, gle-za, v. a. to do over with clay.

GLAISEU-X, SE, adj. clayey.
GLAISIÈRE, s. f. place where potter's earth is found.

GLAIVE, glev, s. m. (in poetry) sword. La puissance du glaive, the power of life and

GLAMA, s. m. four footed animal of Peru.

GLANAGE, glà-naz, s. m. gleaning. GLAND, glèn, s. m. (fruit du chêne) acorn; (du hêtre, etc.) mast; (de mouchoir) button; (de cravate) tassel. Gland de colet, hand-Gland de mer, sort of shell.

GLANDE, glend, s. f. gland or kernel. Glandes au cou, mumps or tonsils (an inflam-

mation about the jaws.)
GLANDE, E, adj. that has the glanders (speaking of a horse or mare.)

GLANDÉE, glen-da, s. f. crop of mast. Une bonne glandée, a good store of mast, a good year for mast. GLANDULE, glen-dul, s. f. glandule or lit-

tle kernel.

GLANDULEU-X, SE, glên-dů-lêu, lêuz, adj. glandulous, kernelly, full of kernels. GLANE, glân, S. f. gleaning, ears of corn gleaned; (d'ognons) rope; (de poires) cluster.

Faire glane, to glean.
GLANER, gla-na, v. a. to glean or lease.

GLANEU-R, SE, glå-neur, neuz, s. m. & f.

gleaner.

GLANURE, s. f. gleaning. GLAPIR, glå-pir, v. n. to yelp, bark or howl; to squeak.

GLAPISSANT, E, glå-pl-sen, sent, adj. squeaking, shrill. GLAPISSEMENT, s. m. yelping, squeaking.

GLAS, gla, s. m. knell. GLATTERON, V. Gratteron. GLAUCOME, s. m. glaucoma.

GLAYEUL, s. m. corn-flag. GLEBE, gleb, s. f. glebe, land, ground;

ore; clod.

GLÈNE, s. f. (in anatomy) sort of small cavity. Mar. coil. Fr the coil from one's hand. Mar. coil. Filer sa glène, to drop

GLÈNER, v. a. (une manœuvre) Mar. to coil up (a rope.) V. Glane & Glaner.

GLISSADE, gli-sad, s. f. slip or slipping, sliding. Faire une glissade, to slip or slide. Faire une glissade avec la pique, to move the pike forward or backward

GLISSANT, E, gli-sen, sent, adj. slippery. GLISSÉ, s. f. a step in dancing. GLISSEMENT, s. m. the act of sliding.

GLISSER, v. n. to slip or slide. Comment avez-vous laissé glisser cette méprise? how came you to oversee that mistake? how did that mistake escape you? Glisser legerement sur quelque chose, to glance upon a thing, touch it lightly.

GLISSER, gli-sà, v. a. to slip, convey; to insinuate. Il glissa sa main dans ma poche, he slipt his hand into my pocket. Glisser quelque chose dans un discours, to bring in a thing in a discourse. Se glisser, v.r. to slip or creep in or into, insinuate one's self. Des fautes qui se sont glissées dans l'impression,

GLISSUIRE, gil-swar, s. f. slide.
GLOBULAIRE, S. f. (plant) globularia.

GLOBULE, glô-bûl, s. m. globule. GLOBULEU-X, SE, glô-bû-leu, leuz, adj.

globulous, globular.

GLOIRE, glwår, s. f. glory; honour, esteem, name, fame, reputation; pride, vanity. vain-glory; ornament; glory or heaven. Vaine gloire, vain-glory, conceit, conceitedness. La gloire du paradis, the blessedness of heaven. Faire gloire de quelque chose, to glory in this paradis pride in the production of the production a thing, take pride in it, value one's self upon it. Aimer la vaine gloire, to be vain-glorious or conceited. Il est la gloire de notre société, he is the ornament or honour of our society.

GLORIEUSEMENT, glô-rf-èuz-mên, adv. gloriously, honourably; with honour GLORIEU-X, SE, glô-ri-èu, èuz, adj. glorious, illustrious, famous, honourable; proud, haughty, vain-glorious, conceited; blessed, glorified.

GLORIEU-X, SE, S. m. & f. vain-glorious or conceited or proud person.

GLORIFICATION, glo-ri-fi-ka-sion, s. f. glorification. GLORIFIER, glo-ri-fia, v. a. to glorify, put

among the blessed. Se glorifier de, v. r. to be proud of, take a pride or glory in, boast or brag of.

GLORIOLE, s. f. vanity, pride (in trifles.) GLOSATEUR, V. Glossateur.

GLOSE, gloz, s. f. gloss, comment, exposi tion, interpretation; sort of parody.

GLOSER, glo-zà, v. a. to gloss or comment upon, expound or interpret, Gloser sur, v. n. to carp at, censure or criticise, find fault with.

GLOSEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. censurer, carper. GLOSSAIRE, glosser, s. m. glossary, dictionary for hard or obscure words.

GLOSSATEUR, s. m. glossographer. GLOSSOPETRE, s. m. tooth of petrified fish;

precious stone in the form of a tongue.

GLOTTE, s. f. glottis.
GLOUGLOU, gloo-gloo, s. m. gurgling of a narrow-mouthed pot or straight-necked bot-

tle when it is emptying. GLOUGLOUTER, v. n. to gobble (said of

the cry of turkies.) GLOUSSEMENT, gloos-men, s. m. clucking. GLOUSSER, gloo-sa, v. n. to cluck. Poul.

qui glousse, clucking hen. GLOUTERON, V. Gratteron. GLOUTON, NE, gloo-ton, ton, adj. & s.

greedy, glutton, great eater, greedy gut. GLOUTONNEMENT, gloo-ton-men, adv. greedily.

GLOUTONNERIE, gloo-ton-rl, s. f. glutton

greedy feeding.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: flela, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

GLU, glå, s. f. bird-lime.

GLUANT, E, glů-én, ént, adj. clammy, gluey, viscous, glutinous.
GLUAU, glů-é, s. m. limed twig.
GLUER, glů-á, v. a. to do over with bird

line, glue, make clammy.

GLUI, s. m. thatch.

GLUTINATI-F, VE, adj. agglutinative.
GLUTINEU-X, SE, gld-il-neu, neuz, adj.
glutinous, gluey, clammy, viscous.
GNIOLE, S. f. dent made by the peg of a top.

GNOME, gnom, s. m. gnome. GNOMIDE, s. f. the female of a gnome.

GNOMIQUE, adj. sententious. GNOMON, s. m. gnomon, hand of a dial.

GNOMONIQUE, s. f. gnomonicks, dialing. Go, Ex. Il est entré tout de go, he went in at once freely or without ceremony.

GOBBE, s. f. poisoned gobbet.

*Gobe, s. m. dainty bit.

GOBELET, gob-le, s. m. goblet or cup, drinking cup; juggler's box; the king's buttery. Joueur de gobelets, juggler. GOBELINS, s. m. pl. (nom d'une célèbre manufacture de teinture et de tapisseries à

Paris) Gobelins. Gobelin, sing. hobgoblin.

GOBELOTER, gob-lo-ta, v. n. to guzzle

or tipple.

GOBE-MOUCHE, s. m. lizard very dexterous in taking flies; silly man who believes too eagerly. Also a small bird.
GOBER, go-ba, v. a. to gulp down; also to

swallow, believe too easily; and to nab.
GOBERGER, (SE) se-go-ber-za, v. r. to
make much of one's self, take pleasure; also to banter, make game.

GOBERGES, go-berz, s. f. pl. boarded bot-

tom of a bedstead. In sing. sort of cod-fish.
Gobet, go-be, s. m. morsel swallowed up
greedily. Prendre un homme au gobet, to take one napping: pl. sort of cherry

GOBETER, v. n. to plaster the joints of a

wall.

GOBEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. one who gulps down or swallows eagerly or believes too

Gobin, go-bin, s. m. hump-back.

GOBLIN, s. m. hobgoblin. GODAILLE, go-dal, s. f. small, thin, paltry

GODAILLER, go-da-la, v. n. to guzzle, tipple. GODELUREAU, god-lu-ro, s. m. beau, spark,

GODENOT, s. m. juggler's puppet, jack in a box, ill shaped little fellow.

GODER, v. a. to fold, plait. GODERON, V. Godron, and its derivatives accordingly.

GODET, go-de, s. m. cup or mug. Godet de fleur, cup of a flower.

GODIVEAU, go-di-vo, s. m. sort of meat-pie. GODRON, godron, s. m. puff, ruffle or fold. GODRONNER, godrona, v. a. to set ruf-fling, make into puffs. Vaisselle godronnée, plate wrought on the edges.

GOÊLETTE, s. f. Mar. schooner.

Goêmon, s. m. Mar. sea-weed. Goffe, gôf, adj. awkward, ill-shaped, illcontrived.

GOFFEMENT, adv. awkwardly.

GOGAILLE, go-gal, s. f. merry-making. Faire gogaille, to be or make merry, drink merrily.

Gogo, go-go. Ex. Vivre à gogo, to live in clover.

GOGUENARD, E, gog-nar, nard, adj. & s. bantering, banterer, buffoon.

GOGUENARDER, gog-når-då, v. n. to banter, amuse a company with low jests.

GOGUENARDERIE, s. f. low jest.

GOGUER, (SE) v. r. to be or make merry. GOGUES, s. f. pl. merry mood.

GOGUETTES, go-get, s. m. pl. merry mood

or merry humour. GOINFRE, gwinfr, s. m. guttler.

GOINFRER, gwin-frå, v. a. to make mer-

ry, guttle. Goinfrerie, gwin-frê-rl, s. f. merrymaking, guzzling.

Goître, gwatr, s. m. great swelling or wen (like a bag under the throat or the hernia gutturis.)

GOÎTREU-x, SE, gwâ-treu, treuz, adj. of the nature of the goitre.

GOLFE, golf, s. m. gulf. GOMME, gom, s. f. gum.

GOMMER, go-må, v. a. to gum, stiffen with

Gommeu-x, se, gô-mêu, mêuz, adj. gum-

my, full of gum; gummed, stiff with gum.
GOMMIER, s. m. gum-tree.
GOND, gon, s. m. hinge. Faire sortir or
mettre quelqu'un hors des gonds, to unhinge
one, anger one. Gonds de sabord, Mar. port-hooks.

GONDOLE, gon-dol, s. f. gondola; kind of

drinking cup

GONDOLÉ, E, adj. Mar. round-sheered.

GONDOLLER, gon-dò-lià, s. m. gondolier. GONFALON or GONFANON, s. m. gonfalon

or gonfanon, banner of the church.
GONFALONIER or GONFANONIER, s. m. holy standard-bearer; chief of some Italian republics.

GONFLEMENT, gonfl-mên, s. m. swelling. GONFLER, gon-lla, v. a. to swell or puff, fill with wind. Se gonfler, v. r. to swell or Se gonfler, v. r. to swell or puff, be puffed up. GONIN, go-nin, Ex. Un maître gonin, s.m.

cunning fox, a sly dog. Un tour de maître gonin, a scurvy trick.

GONIOMÉTRIE, s. f. the art of measuring

GONNE, s. f. (sea term) cask, sea cask. GONORHÉE, gô-nô-ra, s. f. gonorrhœa.

GORET, go-no-ta, s. r. gonormoea.

*GORE, s. f. a sow.

GORET, go-re, s. m. pig, young hog; also
shoe-maker's head journeyman.

Goret, s. m. Mar. hog or large brush (for
scrubbing a vessel's bottom under water.)

GORETER un bâtiment, Mar. to hog a vessel Gorge, gorz, s. f. neck or throat; gorge, or gullet; (d'une femme) neck or breast; (de montagne) straits or narrow passages; (de pot) mouth and neck; (de bastion) the gorge breast; (de colonne) gorge, gule or k. Tour de gorge, tucker. Gorge de or neck. neck. Tour ae gorge, tucker. Corge chaude, hawk's fee. Faire une gorge chaude de quelque chose, to regale one's self with a thing, make a thing the subject of one's mirth. Rendre gorge, to east up, spew, vomit; also to refund. Cette affaire m'a coupé la gorge, the thuir se hele war neele et a borge. that business broke my neck or has been the ruin of me. Il coupe la gorge à hien des gens aui ne lui ont point fait de mal, he does a buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : ensant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

world of injury to a great many people that | never did him any. Il lui tient le pied sur la gorge, he has the whiphand of him. Il nous met le pied sur la gorge, he tramples upon us, he uses us as his slaves. Son ris ne passe pas le nœud de la gorge, he laughs but from the teeth outward. It a dit des paroles offensantes, mais on les lui fera rentrer dans la gorge, he has been abusive, but we shall make him eat his words.

GORGÉE, gor-zå, s. f. gulp, mouthful, swallow (of any liquor.)

Gorger, gor-za, v. a. to gorge, cram or stuff. Gorger de richesses, to fill with riches. Se gorger, v. r. to glut one's self, fill or stuff, or cram one's belly. Se gorger d'or et d'ar-gent, to heap up gold and silver. GORGÈRE, s. f. Mar. knee bolted close to

the outer part of the stern in French ships, which forms what the English call the upper and inner part of the knee of the head.

GORGERETTE, gorz-ret, or GORGETTE, s. f. sort of neck-cloth or collar for women. GORGERIN, gorz-rin, s. m. gorget, neck-

piece.

Gosier, go-zia, s. m. throat, gullet or wea-sand, also pipe or windpipe. Elle a un charmant gosier, she has a sweet voice. Chanter à plein gosier, to sing at full stretch.

GOSSAMPIN, s. m. great tree, resembling

GOTHIQUE, go-tik, adj. gothic. Lettre gothique, black letter.

GOUACHE, s. f. a painting in water colours.

GOUDRON, goo-dron, s. m. Mar. tar. GOUDRONNER, goo-dro-na, v. a. Mar. to tar, pay or do over with tar. Goudronner

une couture, to pay a seam.
GOUESMON, V. Goemon.
GOUFFRE, gooff, s. m. gulph, whirlpool, pit, abyss or swallow; bottomless pit. La guerre est un gouffre d'argent, war consumes immense treasures.

Gouge, gooz, s. f. (a tool) gouge. franche gouge, trollop, common whore, camp

Gougé, E, Mar. V. Pomme.

GOUINE, s. f. whore, crack, flirt, trull, wench.

Goujat, goo-za, s. m. waiter in an army. black-guard. Gonjat de maçon, a mason's or brick-layer's hod-man.

Goujon, goo-zon, s. m. gudgeon; also iron or wooden pin.

GOUJURE, s. f. Mar. score.

Goulée, s. f. gulp, a large mouthful. Gouler, gôo-lê, s. m. Mar. straight, en-trance (of a harbour.) V. Goulot. Gouliafre, gôo-liâft, adj. & s. greedy,

greedy gut, glutton.

GOULOT, goo-ld, s. m. gullet, neck (of any

vessel, etc.) Goulu, E, goo-lo, ld, adj. & s. greedy, that eats greedily; glutton, greedy gut. Goulu, shark. Pois goulus, sugar peas.

GOULUMENT, goo-ld-men, adv. greedily.

*GOUPIL, s. m. young fox.
GOUPILLE, gôo-pîl, s. f. pin or peg, bolt.
Goupille, Mar. fore-lock.

GOUPILLER une cheville, Mar. to fore-lock a bolt.

boly-water sprinkle.

GOUPILLON, goo-pi-lon, s. m. bottle-brush;

*GOUPILLONNER, v. a. to cleanse or make clean with a bottle-brush.

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Gour, s. m. hole made by a water-fall. GOURD, E, adj. numb, stiff with cold.

GOURDE, goord, s. f. gourd bottle; a lie.

GOURDIN, goor-din, s. m. cudgel. GOURDINER, v. a. to cudgel.

GOURE, s. f. any sophisticated drug. GOUREUR, s. m. one who suphisticates drugs, deceiver.

GOURGANDINE, goor-gan-din, s. f. flirt, trull, quean, crack.

GOURGANE, s. f. sort of little wild bean.

GOURMADE, goor-mad, s. f. cuff, or fisticuff. GOURMAND, E, goor-men, mend, adj. & s. greedy, ravenous, greedy gut, glutton.

GOURMANDER, goor-men-da, v. a. to abuse, check, rattle, scold at, snub, snap up; (le vice) to reprove or check; (ses passions) to master, curb, keep under. Se laisser gourmander, to suffer one's self to be abused, truckle under.

GOURMANDISE, goor-men-dlz, s. f. gluttony, gormandizing, immoderate eating and drink-

GOURME, goorm, s. f. strangles (a disease in horses.) Cet enfant jette sa gourme (or a la gale,) that child has the scab or itch. Jeter sa gourme, to sow one's wild oats.

GOURMÉ, E, adj. curbed, etc.; proud, af-

GOURMER, goor-ma, v. a. to curb; to cuff

or box. GOURMET, goor-me, s. m. wine-connoisseur.

GOURMETTE, goor-met, s. f. curb. GOURNABLES, s. f. pl. Mar. tree-nails. GOUSSE, goos, s. f. cod, husk or shell;

(d'ail) clove.

Gousset, goo-se, s. m. fob; (d'une chemise) gusset; bracket; arm-pit or arm-hole. Sentir le gousset, to smell rank under the arm-pit.

Gour, goo, s. m. taste; palate; taste, discerning faculty, judgment, parts, skill; relish, liking; manner, way, fanty, contrivance, genius. Viande de haut goût, meat high seasoned. Viande qui a hon or mauvais goût, savoury or unsavoury meat. Avoir le goût dépravé, to have one's mouth out of taste. Avoir le goût bon, to love good things, love that which is good. Il n'a point de goût pour la musique, he does not relish musick, he is not affected with musick. Trouver une chose à son goût, to relish a thing, like or fancy it. Je ne crois pas que cela soit de votre goût, I do not think that will please you or fit your palate. Se faire le goût à quelque chose, to bring one's humour to a thing. Donner du goût à un ouvrage, to finish a piece of work, improve it to the best advantage. Ourrage de grand goût, (in painting) noble design.

GOUTER, goo-ta, s. m. afternoon's nun-

chion, collation.

GOUTER, goo-ta, v. a. to taste or relish, to try or have a taste of; to relish, like or approve; delight or take delight in, please one's self with.

Goûter, v. n. to make collation or eat one's afternoon's nunchion.

GOUTTE, gôot, s. f. gout; drop. Goutte à goutte, by drops, drop by drop. Dans tout son discours il n'y a pas une goutte de bon sens, in all his discourse there is not a jot or whit of

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Du vin de la première goutte, or de la mère-goutte, unpressed wine (that which comes first of itself from the grapes without pressing.) Je n'entends goutte, I do not hear at all, I am quite deaf. Je ne vois goutte, I see nothing, I do not see at all. Je ne vois goutte en tout cela, it is all a mystery to me.

GOUTTELETTE, s. f. small or little drop. GOUTTEU-X, SE, goo-teu, teuz, adj. & s. gouty, troubled with or subject to the gout; gouty person.

GOUTTIÈRE, gôo-tlèr, s. f. gutter, rainspout, spout; (de carrosse) cornice.

Gouttières, s. f. pl. Mar. water-ways (of the decks.) Gouttières remersées, straight and long pieces of timber placed on the sides (in some French ships of war) to support the beams in the wardroom, instead of hanging

GOUVERNAIL, goo-ver-nal, s. m. Mar. rudder, and (when speaking in general terms) helm. Tenir le gouvernail, to sit at the helm.

GOUVERNANCE, s. f. a sort of jurisdiction established in some towns of the low-coun-

tries.

GOUVERNANTE, goo-ver-nent, s. f. governor's lady; also house-keeper; governess, governant; (des filles d'honneur) mother.

Gouverné, E, adj. ruled, guided, govern-

ed, etc.

GOUVERNEMENT, goo-vern-men, s. m. government; (d'un vaisseau) steerage. Avoir

vernment; (d'un vaisseau) steerage. Avoir quelque chose en son gouvernement, to have the management of a thing, have it in charge, GOUVERNER, goo-vêr-na, v. a. to govern, or rule; manage, look to or take care of; to husband; (quelqu'un) to govern or manage, to do what one pleases with. Se gouverner, v. r. to carry or govern or behave one's self.

Mar, to steer. Faire gouverner, to cun. Gouverner, cun agree to shear! a ship! to shear! verner sur son ancre, to sheer (a ship) to her anchor. Gouverner à la voile, to steer with the sails (when the rudder is unshipped or lost and no substitute provided.) Gouverner à la lame, to steer by the sea (when it runs high.) Gouverne là, steady. Gouverne sans donner beaucoup de barre, steer small. Gouverne au plus près, keep her close to the wind. Gouverne où est le cap, steer as you go. Vaisseau qui gouverne bien, ship that answers her helm quickly. Vaisseau qui gouverne mal, ship that steers badly. Gouverneur, goo-ver-neur, s. m. go-

vernor; tutor.

GRABAT, grå-bå, s. m. little bed or couch, truckle bed.

GRABATAIRE, adj. one habitually sick, one who defers baptism till death.

GRABUGE, gra-buz, s. m. quarrel, debate,

squabble, wrangling.
GRACE, gras, s. f. grace; favour, kindness, courtesy; agreeableness; pardon; thanks, acknowledgement. Coup de grâce, coup de grace (the blow which the executioner gives to dispatch a criminal.) (prayer after meat) grace; (d'une langue) beauties; (grâces infuses,) infused gifts or parts. Les Grâces, the Graces. Bonnes grâces, favour, benevolence. Bonne grâce (du lit) head curtain; (dans les manières, etc.) good grace, gracefulness, comeliness, handsome or genteel way Mauvaise grace, ungenteel way,

awkwardness, awkward way. L'an de grâce 1825, the year of our Lord 1825. Dire grâces, rendre grâces, to say grace. Grâce à Dieu or grâces à Dieu, thank God, God be thanked. Grâce à votre bonté, grâces à cette dame, thanks to your goodness, thanks to that lady. Faire grâce à quelqu'un, to favour one. Etre en grâce auprès de quelqu'un, to be in favour with one. De grâce, dites moi, ce que c'est, pray, be so kind as to tell me what it is. Je vous fais grâce de la moitié des dépens, I for-give you half the charges. Dieu m'en fasse la grâce, God grant I may. S'habiller de bonne grâce, to dress genteelly. Vous avez mauraise grâce de vous plaindre de cela, there is no reason for you to complain of that. Vraiment, vous avez bonne grâce de croire que je veuille consentir, truly, you are a pretty man to think I would consent to it. Naurois-je pas bonne grâce de le dire? would it not become me well to say it? Un discours qui a de la grâce, a neat, handsome or graceful dis-course. L'action donne de la grâce au discours, action sets off a discourse.

GRACIABLE, grå-si-abl, adj. pardonable. GRACIEUSEMENT, gra-sièuz-mên, adv.

graciously, kindly.

GRACIEUSER, gra-sieu-za, v. a. to show a great kindness to.

GRACIEUSETÉ, s. f. gratification, gift, present; kindness, civility. GRACIEU-X, SE, gra-sieu, sieuz, adj. grace-

fine, delicate, genteel, pleasant, kind, civil, courteous. GRACILITÉ, grà-sì-lì-tà, s. f. shrillness or slenderness (of voice.)

GRADATION, gra-da-slon, s.m. gradation,

GRADE, gråd, s. m. degree.

GRADIN, gra-din, s. m. steps of the altar on which the candlestick stands. Gradins, steps; seats raised one over another.
GRADUATION, grå-dů-å-slon, s. f. gradu-

ation.

Gradur, E, grå-då-å, adj. that has taken a degree in the university. Carte gradure, map on which the degrees of longitude and latitude are marked. Feu gradur, gradual fire.

GRADUÉ, s. m. graduate. GRADUEL, LE, adj. gradual. Psaumes graduels, gradual psalms.

GRADUEL, s. m. gradual (part of the mass sung between the epistle and gospel;) choirbook.

GRADUELLEMENT, adv. gradually.
GRADUER, graduale, v. a. to graduate, mark the degrees on, dignify with a degree.

GRAFIGNER, v. a. to scratch (as cats do.) GRAILLEMENT, s. m. hoarse sound.

GRAILLER, v. n. to sound the horn to call back the dogs.

GRAILLON, gra-lon, s. m. remains, scraps

(of a feast.) GRAIN, grin, s. m. grain or corn; grain, berry, kernel, bead, stone; (poids) grain; (parlant des étoffes ou du cuir) grain, nap. Grain de sel, grain, or corn of salt. Grain de grenade, kernel of a pomegranate. Grain de lierre, ivy berry. Grain de moutarde, grain of mustard-seed. Grain de corail, bead of coral. Grain de raisin, berry of a grape. Grain de petite vérole, pimple of the small

pox. Grain de grêle, hail-stone. Futaine

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : ensant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

grain d'orge, napped fustian. Futaine à gros grain, big-napped fustian. Avoir un petit grain de folie, to be a little foolish or crack-brained. Il n'a pas un grain de bon seus, he has not a grain of sense.

Grain, s. m. Mar. squall. Temps à grains, squally weather. Le bâtiment chassé n'a pas amené un pouce de voile dans le grain, the chase has carried through the squall. Un grain nous vient de l'avant, a squall is coming a-head. Il y a du vent dans ce grain-là, there

is wind in that squall.

Graine, gren, s. f. seed, plant seed. Grai-

nes de ver à soie, eggs of a silk-worm. GRAINER, V. Grener. GRAINIER, E, s. m. & f. one who retails all sorts of grains.

GRAIRIE, V. Gruerie.

GRAISSAGE, s. m. the act of greasing.

GRAISSE, grès, s. f. fat. Graisse fondue, grease. Tuché de graisse, greasy. Graisse de rôti, dripping of roast meat.

GRAISSÉ, E, adj. greased, liquored, etc. GRAISSER, gre-sa, v. a. to grease; (des souliers) to liquor. Graisser la pate à quelqu'un, to grease one in the fist, daub one, tamper with one, tip one's hand. Graisser le marteau, to fee the porter in order to get admittance. Graisser les mâts de hune, to grease the top-masts.

GRAISSET, s. m. ruddock (kind of frog.) GRAISSEU-X, SE, grê-sêu, seuz, adj. greasy. GRAMEN, grâ-mên, s. m. cow-grass, quick-

grass, dog-grass.

GRAMMAIRE, grå-mer, s. f. grammar. GRAMMAIRIEN, gra-me-rien, s. m. grammarian.

GRAMMATICAL, E, grå-må-ti-kål, adj.

grammatical. grå-må-ti-kål-GRAMMATICALEMENT,

mên, adv. grammatically.

GRAMMATISTE, s. m. one who teaches

GRAND, E, gren, grend, adj. (The d is only sounded before a vowel, and then sounds like t.) great; big, vast, huge or large; long; tall or high; noble, generous; grand, chief, main, extraordinary; excellent, eminent.

Grand jour, broad day-light. Le grand

œuvre, the philosopher's stone. Grand-croix,

s. m. one of the chief dignities of the knights of Malta. Grand-maître, grand master, Lord Steward of the king's household. Grandmaître (de cérémonies) chief master (of the ceremonies.) Grand-maître (de la garde-robe de l'artillerie de Malle) great master (of the ward-robe, of the ordinance of Malta.) Grand-mastre (de collége) head master (of a college.) Grand-merci, s. m. thanks. Absolutely, I thank you. Le grand ressort, the main spring, the master spring. Les grands jours (cour extraordinaire) a general and extraordinary session. Before several nouns extraordinary session. Before several feminine which begin with a consonant grand is written instead of grande. Ex. Grand'-mère, grand-mother. Grand'tante, great aunt. Grand'nesse, high mass. Faire grand'-the total thing well as surprinced. C'est chère, to live well or sumptuously. grand'pitié, it is a great pity. Grand'peine, with much ado, etc.

Grand, Mar. (parlant de cabestans, de mâts, de voiles, etc.) main. La grande flotte, the

grand fleet.

Grand, s. m. great man; great things; sublimity. Faire quelque chose en grand, to do a thing in great. Peindre en grand, to paint at full length. Faire le grand, to carry thigh or stately. If y a du grand dans tous ses écrits, there is a sublimity in all his writings. Les grands d'un royaume, the grandees or great men of a kingdom. Les grands d'Espagne, the grandees of Spain. Monsieur be grand (le grand écuyer du roi) the master of the horse to his majesty.

*GRANDAT, s. m. V. Grandesse.

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GRANDELET, TE, grên-lê, lêt, adj. pretty

big. Grandement, grênd-mên, adv. greatly, very much, extremely.

GRANDESSE, s. f. quality of a grandee of

Spain.

GRANDEUR, grèn-deur, s. f. hugeness, bigness, size, tallness; greatness, grandeur, ex-cellency, dignity, nobleness, sublimity; enormity; importance; lordship; grace (a title.) GRANDIR, gren-dir, v.n. to grow big or tall. *GRANDISSIME, gren-di-sim, adj. very

GRANGE, grenz, s. f. barn. GRANGIER or GRANGER, s. m. farmer.

Grangière, s. f. farmer's wife.

GRANIT, grå-nit, s. m. granite.
GRANITELLE, adj. marble that resembles

granite.

GRANULATION, s. f. granulation.

GRANULER, grå-nd-lå, v. a. to granulate. GRAPHIE, s. f. description.

GRAPHIQUE, adj. graphick.

GRAPHIQUEMENT, adv. graphically. GRAPPE, grap, s. f. bunch or cluster; (aux pieds de chevaux) kind of scab. Mordre à la grappe, to bite at the hook.

GRAPPILLER, grå-pl-lå, v. n. to glean after vintage. Grappiller, v. a. to scrape up, get

(some little thing.)

GRAPPILLEU-R, SE, gra-pi-leur, leuz,

s. m. & f. grape-gleaner.

GRAPPILLON, gra-pi-lon, s. m. little clus-

ter or bunch.

Grappin, gra-pin, s. m. grapple or grappling iron. Grappin, s. m. Mar. grapnel, grappling. Grappin a main, hand grapnel, Grappin d'abordage, fire-grapnel. Grappin de chaloupe, boat grapnel. Grappins de bout de vergue, grapnel irons (such as are fixed to the yard arms of a fire-ship.). Grappin de vaisseau de bas bord, a sort of anchor for small vessels.

GRAS, SE, gra, gras, adj. fat, full of fat; greasy; oily, thick; fertile, fruitful; bawdy, obscene, smutty. Terre grasse, clay or fulobscene, smutty. Terre grasse, cm, ler's earth. Du son gras, fine bran that has some meal among it. Mortier trop gras, contact that has too much lime in it. Avoir mortar that has too much lime in it. mortar that has too much lime in it. After la langue grasse, to lisp or speak thick. Parler gras, to lisp, speak thick; also to speak hawdy or smutty. Les joints de cette pièce de bois sont trop gras, the joints of that piece of wood are too thick. Encre grasse, thick ink. Jour gras, flesh-day. Cheval gras fondu, horse that has got the molten grasse. Danie la grasse matinhe. molten grease. Dormir la grasse matinée, to sleep very late, over-sleep one's self. Il en fait ses choux gras, he gets well paid for it. Vous en êtes bien plus gras d'avoir fait cela? what have you got by doing that? what are

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

you the better for it? Horizon gras, Mar. |

GRA

hazy weather, hazy horizon.

GRAS, s. m. fat, fat piece. Faire gras, to eat flesh or meat (against the church and ordinance.) Le gras de la jambe, the calf of the leg. Gras-double, tripe. Gras fondu, s. m. & adj. Gras-fondure, s. f. molten grease (a horse disease. V. Gras, adj.)
Grassp, the feminine of Gras.

GRASSEMENT, gras-men, adv. plentifully; argely. Vivre grassement, to live plentifully, to live in clover. Récompenser grassement, to give large or ample rewards.

GRASSET, TE, gra-se, set, adj. pretty fat,

pretty plump.

GRASSETTE, s. f. a sort of plant.

GRASSEVEMENT, grå-sey-men, s. m. lisp-

ing. GRASSEVER, grå-sê-yå, v. n. to lisp, to speak thick.

GRASSOUILLET, TE, grå-soo-le, let, adj.

GRAT, s. m. scraping place. Envoyer quel-qu'un au grat, to send one a grazing, turn one away, adj. grateful.

GRATERON, s. m. bur-dock, clotbur.

GRATICULER, v. a. to square (an original drawing or picture in order to take a copy.)
GRATIFICATION, grad-fl-fl-kâ-slow, s. f. gratification or gratuity, bounty, liberality,

present.

GRATIFIER, gra-ti-fi-a, v. a. to gratify.
GRATIN, gra-tin, s. m. that which sticks to the bottom of a skillet, etc.; in which any

thing was boiled.

Gratis, grà-dis, adv. gratis, for nothing.
Gratis, grà-dis, adv. gratis, for nothing.
Gratitude, thankfulness, gratefulness, acknowledgment.
Avoir de la gratitude, to be thankful or
grateful. Je vous ténoignerai ma gratitude,
I shall show myself grateful or thankful to

GRATTE, s. f. Mar. scraper.

GRATTE-CUL, grat-ka, s. m. hip or fruit of the briar.

GRATTELLE, grå-tel, s. f. itch.

GRATTELEU-X, SE, grat-leu, leuz, adj.

that has got the itch.

GRATTER, grå-tå, v. a. to scratch, scrub or claw; to scrape or rake off; (le papier) to scrawl, write fast and ill; (une rentraiture) to smooth down with the nail; to pilfer, cabbage. Du monde à gratter l'entrepont, some hands to scrape the between decks.
GRATTOIR, gra-twar, s. m. scratching

knife, scraper.

GRATUIT, E, grå-tůl, tůlt, adj. gratuitous, free or freely given. Un don gratuit, a free

GRATUITÉ, grà-tůl-tà, s. f. mercy, goodness; free gift, gratuity.

GRATUITEMENT, grå-tůit-měn, adv. freely, frankly, gratis, for nothing.
GRAVE, grav, adj. heavy; grave, serious,

Sober; weighty, of weight or importance. L'accent grave, the grave accent, the grave. Son grave, dull or hollow sound.
GRAVE, s. m. gravity. Je suis dégoûté du grave et du sérieux, I am weary of gravity.

GRAVÉ, E, adj. engraved or engraven, imprinted, etc. Avoir le nez gravé de la petite vérole, to have one's nose pitted with the small-pox, to have pock holes in one's nose.

GRAVELÉE, grav-lå, s. f. tartar, old lees of wine.

GRAVELEU-X, SE, grav-leu, leuz, adj. troubled with the gravel. Fruit graveleux stony fruit. Urine graveleuse, urine full of gravel, sandy urine.

GRAVELLE, grå-vel, s. f. gravel or stone. GRAVELURE, grav-lur, s. f. obscenity,

GRAVEMENT, grav-men, adv. gravely. seriously.

GRAVER, grå-vå, v. a. to engrave or grave. Graver à l'eau-forte, to etch. Graver quel-que chose dans l'esprit, to imprint a thing on one's mind.

GRAVEUR, grå-veur, s. m. engraver.

GRAVIER, grå-viå, s. m. gravel. Couvrir de gravier une allée, to gravel a walk. Urine où il y a beaucoup de gravier, sandy urine.

GRAVIR, grå-vir, v. n. to climb or clamber up. Ex. Gravir au haut d'une montagne, to climb up a hill.

GRAVITATION, gra-vi-ta-sion, s. f. gravi-

tation. GRAVITÉ, grå-vi-tå, s. f. gravity; heavi-

ness; soberness, seriousness, importance. Gravité de son, deepness of sound.

GRAVITER, v. n. to gravitate. GRAVOIS, gra-vwa, s. m. ruins, rubbish,

shards; coarse gravel.

GRAVURE, gra-vur, s. f. engraving. GRÉ, gra, s. m. will, accord, consent; fan-cy. Bon gré, mal gré, will he, nill he (willcy. Bon gré, mal gré, will he, nill he (willing or unwilling, whether one will or no.) De son gré, de son bon gré, of one's own accord. Contre son gré, against one's will. Au gré de, at the will of, at the mercy of. Se laisser aller au gré des flots, to commit one's self to the waves. Voilà ce qui est à mon gré, or to the waves. You are qui est a mon gre, the selon mon gré, that suits my humour or pleases me; I like that very well. Elle est assex à mon gré, I like her well enough. Savir gré or bon gré d'une chose à quelqu'un, to take a thing kindly of one, be obliged to him for it. Lui en savoir mauvais gré, to take ill of him. Je m'en sais maurais gré, I am angry with myself for it. Prendre en gré, to submit to, bear with patience. Prenez en gré l'aris que je vous donne, take in good part the advice I give you. De gré à gré, amiably.

GREC, GRECQUE, grek, adj. Greek, Grecian. La langue Grecque, the Greek tongue, Greek. Il est Grec la-dessus, he has a great

GREC, s. m. A Greck or Grecian. Le Grec, Greek, the Greek tongue. Un homme savant en Grec, a great or able Grecian. C'est du Grec pour moi, this is Hebrew to me, I know not what to make of it.

GRÈCE, gres, s. f. Greece (an ancient republick.)

GRECQUES, s. f. Mar. sky-scrapers.
GREDIN, E, gre-din, din, adj. & s. beggarly, shabby; beggarly or shabby person; small shaggy dog.

GREDINERIE, gre-dîn-rl, s. f. beggarli-

ness, shabbiness.

GRÉEMENT, s. m. Mar. rigging. Ce vais-seau a un gréement bien lourd, that ship is very heavily rigged.

buse, bût : ièune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

GRÉER, v. a. Mar. to rig. Gréer une Grée les avirons, get pompe, to rig a pump. your oars to pass. Ho de la hune de misaine : grée la bonnette de perroquet à bâbord, foretop there, set the top-gallant studding-sail on the larboard side

the larboard side,

GREFFE, gref, s. m. registry, place where registers are kept, the rolls.

Greffe, s. f. graft or graft.

GREFFER, gre-ta, v. a. to graff or graft. V. Enter.

GREFFIER, gre-fla, s.m. register or keep-

er of a register.

GREFFOIR, grê-fwar, s. m. grafting-knife. GREGEOIS, gra-zwa, adj. m. Ex. Feu grégenis, wild-fire, greek-fire that burnt in wa-

GRÉGORIEN, NE, adj. Gregorian. Année Grégorienne, reformed in 1582 by Grego-ry XIII. *GRÉGUER, v. a. to pocket. *GRÉGUES, s. f. pl. breeches. Tirer ses

grégues, to run or scamper away. GRÊLE, grêl, s. f. hail. Une grêle de flèches, a shower of arrows.

GRÊLE, adj. slim, thin, slender, lank. Voix grêle, shrill, squeaking voice.

GRÊLE, E, adj. spoiled with or by the hail. It a le visage grêté, he has pock-holes in his face. It est un peu grêté, he is low in the world.

GRÊLER, grê-là, v. n. to hail: v. a. to spoil

or ruin by or with the hail.

GRELIN, s. m. Mar. eablet (eable from 2 to 5 inches in circumference,) warp, tow-rope.

GRÊLON, grễ-lon, s. m. large hail-stone. GRELOT, grễ-lỗ, s. m. little bell. GRELOTTER, grễ-lỗ-lầ, v. n. to shiver, quake (with cold.)

GRELUCHON, s. m. a secret gallant.

GRÉMIAL, s. m. gremial.
GRÉMIL, s. m. (plant) grummel or stoneerop.
GRENADE, grê-nad, s. f. pomegranate;

grenade.

GRENADIER, gre-na-dia, s. m. pomegra-

nate-tree; grenadier.

Grenadière, grenader, s. f. grenadepouch.

GRENAILLE, gre-nal, s. m. small shot.

GRENAILLER, grê-na-lâ,v. a. to granulate. GRENAISON, s. f. plants forming into seeds. GRENASSE, s. f. Mar. little showery squall

GRENAT, gre-na, s. m. granite; sort of small bird; lemon peel.

GRENAUT, s. m. chub, gurnard or garnet. GRENELER, v. a. to make (a skin) rough like shagreen.

GRENER, gre-na, v. n. to seed; to granu-

late, pound.

GRENETIERIE, grên-trl, s. f. corn-trade. GRENETIER, E, grên-tiâ, tièr, s. m. grain dealer; controller of the king's magazine of

GRENETIS, gren-tl, s. m. ingrailed ring (round a coin.)

GRENIER, grê-nîâ, s. m. granary, corn-loft or corn-house; garret. Grenier à foin, hay-loft. Grenier à sol, magazine of salt. En grenier, unpacked (in sacks.)

En grenier, Mar. in bulk. Chargé en grenier, laden in bulk. Nous chargeames du poivre en grenier à Bencoolen, we loaded with pepper in bulk at Bencoolen.

GRENOUILLE, gre-nool, s. f. frog.

GRENOUILLER, grê-noo-la, v. n. to guzzle or tipple

GRENOUILLERE, gre-noo-ler, s. place full of frogs; damp unwholesome spot.

Grenouillet, s. m. solomon's seal (a plant.) GRENU, E, grê-nû, nu, adj. full of grain. Marbre grenu, granite marble. Cuir grenu, leather that has a good grain. Huile grenue, clotted oil.

GRÈS, grè, s. m. sort of brown free-stone. Bouteille de grès, stone bottle.
GRÉSIL, grå-zil, s. m. sort of rime or hoarfrost that blasts vines, fine sort of hail.

GRÉSILLEMENT, grå-zil-mên, s. m. shri-velling, wrinkling; falling of fine hail. GRÉSILLER, grå-zi-la, v. n. Il grésille, there is a rime, it is rimy weather, it is a boar-

frost. Se grésiller, v. r. to wrinkle, shrivel.
GRESSERIE, s. f. brown free-stone; stone-

ware, stone-bottles.

GREVE, grev, s. f. sandy shore; place of execution (at Paris.) Envoyer en Greve, to send to Tyburn or to the gallows. *Greves, greaves.

GRÉVER, grå-vå, v. a. to oppress, ag-

grieve, wrong.

GRIANNEAU, s. m. a young moor eock. GRIBANE, s. f. kind of small vessel. GRIBLETTE, s. f. slice of pork broiled.

GRIBOUILLAGE, s. m. serawl, daub. GRIBOUILLETTE,grî-bôo-lêt, s. f. scramble or scrambling (the throwing of a thing among several people to make them seramble for it.)

GRIECHE, gri-èsh, adj. speekled. Ex. Pic grièche, speekled magpie; vixen. Ortie grièche, male or Roman or Greek nettle.

GRIE-F, VE, gri-ef, ev, adj. grievous, enor-

GRIEF, s. m. grievance, wrong, injury. GRIÈVEMENT, gri-ev-men, adv. grievous-

ly, extremely. GRIÈVETÉ, grl-ev-tå, s. f. grievousness, enormity.

GRIFFE, grif, s. f. claw or clutch. Se tirer des griffes des sergens, to get out of the bailiff's clutches.

GRIFFON, gri-fon, s. m. griffin.

GRIFFONNAGE, gri-fô-naz, s. m. seribbling or serawling, serawl.

GRIFFONNÉ, E, adj. scrawled, writ fast

GRIFFONNEMENT, s. m. rough drawing.

GRIFFONNER, gri-fô-na, v. a. to seribble or serawl; draw roughly, sketch.

GRIGNON, gri-gnon, s. m. piece of erust. GRIGNOTER, gri-gno-ta, v. a. to nibble.

GRIGOU, gri-goo, s. m. shabby or beggar-

ly fellow; sordid miser.

GRIL, gri, s. m. gridiron. Etre sur le gril, to be upon thorns.

GRILLADE, gri-lad, s. f. broiled meat, grillade. Faire une grillade d'une cuisse de chapon, to broil the leg of a capon. Grillade de châtaignes, roasted chesnuts.

GRILLE, gril, s. f. grate; (de tripot) grill or hazard. Faire un coup de grille, to strike

a ball into the grill.

GRILLER, gri-la, v. a. to grill, broil, burn or roast; to grate up; (d'impatience) to burn, fry. La chaleur du soleil a grillé toutes les

oar, bat, base; there, ebb, over; fleld, fig; robe, rob, lord; mood, good.

herbes, the heat of the sun has parched or !

lmrnt up all the grass. GRILLON, gri-lon, s. m. cricket (insect.) GRIMACE, gri-mas, s. f. grimace, face or wry mouth or crabbed look; grimace, dissimulation, show; box pincushion-like. Faire la grimace à quelqu'un, to look sour or grim Cet habit fait la grimace, that upon one.

coat puckers. GRIMACER, gri-ma-sa, v. n. to make faces. make wry faces, wry the mouth, grin; to

pucker.

GRIMACIER, E, gri-mã-sià, sièr, s. m. & f. one that makes mouths or grimaces, prim or precise person; also hypocrite.

GRIMAUD, gri-mo, s. m. young school-boy,

raw scholar, ignorant.

GRIME, s. in. dirty, low school-boy, brat. GRIMELIN, grim-lin, s. m. dirty boy, young boy; gamester that plays for trifles only.

GRIMELINAGE, grim-li-nåz, s. m. playing for a trifle, trifling play; small trifling gains.

GRIMELINER, grim-li-na, v. n. to play for a trifle. Grimeliner, v. a. & n. to make some small gains or stand upon trifles.

GRIMOIRE, grl-mwar, s. m. conjuring

book, obscure sayings, illegible scrawls. GRIMPER, grin-på, v. n. to climb or clamber up, swarm up.

GRIMPEREAU, s. m. wood pecker.

GRIMPEU-R, SE, grin-peur, peuz, s. m. & f. climber.

GRINCEMENT, grins-men, (de dents) s. m. grinding or gnashing (of teeth.)

GRINCER, grin-sa, v. a. Ex. Grincer les dents, to grind or guash the teeth.

GRINGOTTER, grin-gô-tå, v. n. to chatter, to warble (as birds do.) Gringotter un air, to quaver or hum a tune.

GRINGUENAUDE, s. f. fartleberry, excrement:

GRIOTTE, gri-ot, s. f. kind of black cherry; sort of marble.

GRIOTTIER, gri-ô-tià, s. m. kind of blackcherry-tree.

GRIPPE, grip, s. f. whim. Se prendre en grippe contre quelqu'un, to be prejudiced against one without any cause.

GRIPPER, grf-på, v. a. to gripe, catch, lay hold of. Se gripper, to grow or be whimsical; also to shrivel, shrink.

GRIPPE-SOU, S. m. penny sharper.
GRIS, E, grl, grlz, adj. gray. Cassonade
grese, brown sugar. Lettre grise, flourished
letter. Temps gris, cold gloomy weather,
raw weather. Etre gris or un peu gris, to be tipsy or a little flustered.

Gris, s. m. gray, gray colonr. Etre habillé de gris, to wear gray clothes. Gris de fer, iron gray. Gris de lin, gridelin. Vert de gris, verdigrise. Gris tanné or enfumé, puke colour.

GRISAILLE, gri-zal, s. f. picture done in black and white, mixture of dark and white

hair (for wigs.)

GRISAILLER, grl-za-la, v. a. to daub with black and white.

GRISATRE, gri-zatr, adj. grayish.
GRISER, gri-zā, v. n. to turn gray. Griser,
v. a. to make tipsy. fuddle. Se griser, v. r.
to get fuddled or tipsy.
GRISET, s. m. young gold-finch.
GRISETER, gri-zā, c. f. magn gray. claib.

GRISETTE, gri-zet, s. f. mean gray cloth; !! sont dit de grosses paroles, there passed some

also tradesman's daughter or wife; plain girl,

or wench. Une jolie grisette, a pretty, plain girl.
GRISON, NE, gri-zon, zon, adj. & s. gray, gray-haired, hoary, gray-haired person. Grison, spy; grizzle ass

GRISONNER, gri-zô-nà v. n. to grow gray-haired or hoary, begin to have gray hairs. GRIVE, griv, s. f. thrush (bird.)

GRIVELE, E, adj. dappled, speckled, grizzled.

GRIVELÉE, grlv-lå, s. f. secret robbing or cheating, extortion. GRIVELER, v. a. & n. to embezzle, rob or

cheat the public.

GRIVELERIE, gri-vel-ri, s. f. embezzle-ment, extortion, plunder.

GRIVELEUR, griv-leur, s. m. robber of the public, extortioner.

GRIVOIS, gri-vwa, s. m. merry blade, good companion, rake.

GRIVOISE, gri-vwaz, s. f. tobacco grater; also free bold wench, soldier's trull.

GROGNARD, E, s. m. & f. grumbler. GROG, s. m. Mar. grog. Boire du grog, to splice the main brace. Retrancher à un ma-

telot sa portion de grog, to stop a sailor's grog. Grogne, grogn, s. f. grumbling. Faire la grogne, to grumble, look gruff.

GROGNEMENT, grogn-men, s. m. grunting,

grumbling. GROGNER, gro-gna, v. n. to grunt or grun-

tle; to growl, grumble.

GROONEU-R, SE, grd-gneur, gneuz, s. m. & f. grumbler, grumbling person.
GROIN, grd-in, s. m. snout (of a hog.) II

lui a donné sur le groin, he gave him a slap on the chaps.

GROLLE, s. m. rook.

GROMMÉLER, grôm-lå, v. n. to grumble or mutter.

GRONDEMENT, s. m. grumbling or rumbling noise.

GRONDER, gron-da, v. n. to grumble, mut-ter or growl. L'orage gronde, the wind roars. Le tonnerre gronde, the thunder roars or rumbles. Gronder, v. a. to chide, scold at, reprimand, snub or rattle.

GRONDERIE, grond-ri, s. f. scolding, chid-

ing, reprimand.
GRONDEU-R, SE, gron-deur, deuz, adj. & s. grumbling, peevish, morose; grumbler, scold, scolding person.

GROS, SE, grò, gròs, adj. big, great, huge; thick, coarse; large, great, high. Parler des grosses dents à queiqu'un, to rattle one. Faire le gros dos, to look big, take state upon one. Avoir le cœur gros de quelque injure, to stomach or resent an injury. Grosse viande, coarse meat, butcher's meat. Grosse soie, coarse or stitching silk. Une femme grosse (or enceinte,) a woman big or great with child. Une grosse femme, a big bellied woman. Grosse de trois mois, that has gone three months with child. Elle est grosse d'un tel, such a one has got her with child. Encie de femme grosse, a woman's longing. Elle est grosse de deux enfans, she goes with twins.

Etre gros de savoir (de dire, de faire)
quelque chose, to long mightily to know (say
or do) any thing. Un gros animal, une or do) any thing. Un gros animal, une grosse tête, un gros lourdant, a blockhead, a dunce. a dull pated or awkward fellow. Ils se

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

nard words betwixt them. La grosse faim, ch. Gros temps, the edge of one's stomach. Gros temps, Mar. blowing weather, stormy weather, foul weather. Gros coup de mer, Mar. heavy sea. Grosse arenture, Mar. bottomry.

sea. Grosse aventure, Mar. bottomry.
Gros, s. m. biggest part; drachm, eighth part of an ounce; (d'im arbre) trunk or body; (d'une armée) body; (de cavalerie) body. En gros, by wholesale, by the great; also in general, in general terms. Tout en gros, in all, only. Le gros du monde, the generality of men. Le gros d'une affaire, the general, principal, main or chief point of a business. Gros de Naples, grogram.
Gros, adv. much. Il grêle fort pros. it

GROS, adv. much. Il grêle fort gros, it

hails very big.

GROSEILLE, gro-zel, s. f. gooseberry. Groseilles rouges, currants or red currants. Groseilles blanches, white currants. Groseilles noires, black currants.
GROSEILLIER, grð-zê-liå, s. m. gooseberry-tree, currant-tree.

Ghosse, s. f. gross or twelve dozen; en-grossed copy of a publick deed or instrument. Emprunter de l'argent à la grosse, Mar. to take money on bottomry. V. Gros.

GROSSERIE, s. f. iron-ware; also whole-

sale dealing.

GROSSESSE, gro-ses, s. f. great belly, being with child. Achever sa grossesse, to go out her time.

GROSSEUR, grò-sèur, s. f. bigness, size; swelling. Prendre la grosseur d'un homme, to take measure of one (said by tailors.)

GROSSIER, E, adj. grown bigger, etc.
GROSSIER, E, gró-siä, sièr, adj. coarse, thick; coarse, rough, homely, unwrought, coarse, clownish, rustical, raw, unpolished. not polite, rude; gross, palpable. Marchand grossier, wholesale-dealer.

GROSSIÈREMENT, grò-sièr-mên, adv. coarsely, grossly, in a coarse or gross manner : clownishly ; also summarily, in general.

GROSSIÈRETÉ, grò-sier-tà, s. f. coarsc-ness; rudeness, clownishness, want of manners; also rude thing, ill language, unmannerly expression.

GROSSIR, grd-sir, v. a. to enlarge or swell; make greater, thicker, or bigger; magnify, increase. Se grossir, v. r. Grossir, v. n. to grow big or thick; swell, increase.

GROSSOYER, grd-swå-yå, v. a. (law term)

to engross.

GROTESQUE, gro-tesk, adj. comical, pleasant, apt to make one laugh, ridiculous.

GROTESQUES, s. f. pl. or Figures gretesques, grotesque figures, grotesque works.
GROTESQUEMENT. grô-têsk-mên, adpleasantly, comically, ridiculously, oddly.
GROTTE, grôt, s. f. grot or grotto, cave.
GROUETTEILS SE adi stone ground.

GROUETTEU-X, SE, adj. stony, gravelly. GROUILLANT, E, groo-len, lent, adj. rumbling, stirring, etc. V. Growiller.

GROUILLEMENT, s. m. the grumbling of

the belly.

GROULLER, groo-la, v. n. to turn or stir about. Le rentre lui grouille, his belly grumb.es. La tête lui grouille, his head shakes again. Grouiller de vers or de fourmis, to crawl with worms or ants.

GROUPE, groop, s. m. (in painting or sculpture) group or knot of figures. Groupe d'iles, Mar. group or cluster of islands.

GROUPER, groo-pa, v. a. to group, make a group of, make a complication (of figures.) Grouper, v. n. Ces figures groupent bien a semble, those figures look well in a group

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sentine, mose ingures look went in a group Groud, group, s. m. oat-meal; groul water-gruel; coarse or brown bread; young crane; (machine) crane.

Group, grd, s. f. (bird) crane, (machine) crane; fool, bubble. Un con de grue, a long neck. Faire le pied de grue, to dance attendance, wait. Le monde n'est pas grue, the world is cunning now-a-days.

GRUERIE, grd-rl, s. f. court of justice in

eyre of the forest.

GRUGER, grů-zå, v. a. to crack or craunch so to eat. Gruger quelqu'un, to live upon also to eat. one

GRUME, s. f. bark. Vendre les bois en grume, to sell timber with the bark on.

GRUMEAU, grû-mô, s. m. lump, clot-grume. Se mettre en grumeaux, to clot. GRUMELER, (se) sê-grûm-lâ, v. r. to clot; v. n. to grunt (as a wild boar.)

GRUMELEU-X, SE, grum-lêu, leuz, adj. rugged, that feels rugged; grumous, clotted GRUYER, E, adj. belonging to a crane. Funcon grivyer, hawk made for the crane. Faisand gruyer, pheasant like a crane.

Grayer, s. m. chief forester or warden of a forest, justice in eyre. GRUVERE, grd-yer, s. m. sort of cheese from Gruyere in Switzerland.

Guaneux, gu-à-èu, s. m. wild-ox.

Gué, gà, s. m. ford. Passer la rivière à gué, to ford the river. Sonder le gué, to sound a business, see whether a thing be feasible.

Guéable, gà-abl, adj. fordable. Guède, s. f. (pastel) woad, dyer's woad. GUÉDER, v. n. to woad. Guéder, v. a. to cram or stuff with victuals.

Cuérr, gå-å, v. a. to ford; (un cheval, du

linge) to wash.

GUENILLE, gë-nîl, s. f. rag or tatter. Re-faire ses guenilles, to patch up one's clothes. GUENILLON, gë-nî-lon, s. m. little rag. GUENIPE, gë-nîp, s. f. slut, trollop; crack

or weach, prostitute.

GUENON, ge-non, s. f. ape, monkey homely puss; prostitute, whore.

GUENUCHE, ge-nush, s. f. young ape or monkey.

GUÊPE, gep, s. f. wasp.

GUÊPIER, ge-pià, s. m. wasp's nest or hole; midwall (a bird.)

GUÊPIÈRE, s. f. wasp's nest.

*Guerdon, s. m. guerdon; reward.

*GUERDONNER, v. a. to reward. Guère, or Guères, ger, adv. As this word is only used with ne, and is equivalent to pas beaucoup it may be rendered not muck. but little, when the noun is sing. not many, but few, when plural, and not very before an adverb or adjective. N'avoir guère d'argent, not to have much money, to have but little money, to have hardly any money. N'a-voir guère d'amis, not to have many friends, to have but few friends, to have hardly any friends. Je ne me porte guère bien, I am not very well. Il n'est guère sarant, he is not very learned. Je ne sors guère, I do not go out very often, I seldom or hardly ever go. out. Il ne demeurera guère à venir, it will

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

not be long before he comes. Il n'y a guère que les rois qui puissent, etc. there are few but kings, there are hardly any but kings, that

may, etc. Guéret, ga-rê, s. m. fallow ground. Guérets, (en poésie) fields.

Guéridon, ga-ri-don, s. m. stand (sort of table.)

GUÉRIR, gå-rir, v. a. to cure or heal; reclaim from; ease or soften. Guérir d'une erreur or d'une opinion, to free from an error. rectify a mistaken opinion, undeceive or disabuse. Guérir, v. n. Se guérir, v. r. to be cured or healed, heal, amend, recover one's

Guérison, gå-ri-zon, s. f. cure, recovery,

healing.

GUERISSABLE, gä-rî-sabl, adj. curable, that may be cured or healed. Qui n'est pas guérissable, incurable.

GUÉRITE, gå-rit, s. f. sentry-box; also

GUERRE, ger, s. f. war; war or warfare. Des gens de guerre, soldiers, military men. Déclarer la guerre, to declare war. Aller à la petite guerre, to go upon a party, go plun-dering about. Il y a guerre perpétuelle entre dering about. It y a guerre perpeadule entire les sens et la raison, there is a continual war or conflict betwixt the senses and reason. Faire la guerre, to wage or make war. Faire la guerre à ses passions, to struggle with one's passions. Faire la guerre au vice, to declare one's self an enemy to vice. auteurs se font une guerre d'esprit, authors contend for wit. Faire la guerre à l'æil, to take one's measures according to the emergency of affairs. Faire la guerre à quelqu'un d'une chose, to teaze, rally or banter one about a thing. De bonne guerre, fairly, by fair play. Place de guerre, strong place or hold, fortified town. Vaisseau de guerre, Mar. ship of war, man of war.

GUERRIER, E, ge-riå, rier, adj. & s. war-like or martial, warfaring, warriour, warlike

person.
*Guerroyer, gê-rwâ-yå, v. n. to war, to

make war.

*Guerroyeur, gê-rwâ-yêur, s.m. warrior. GUET, ge, s. m. watch. Avoir l'œil an guet,

to watch, to look about, look every way. La maison du guet, the round house. Passer des marchandises à faux guet, to smuggle goods or commodities. Guet-apens, s. m. ambush or ambuscade. Deguet-apens, on set purpose, wilfully. Meurtre commis de guet-apens, wilful murder. Mot du guet, watchword.

GUÊTRES, getr, s. f. spatterdashes. Tirer ses guêtres, to march off, scamper away.

GUÊTRÉ, E, adj. that has spatterdashes on. Juge guêtré, country justice of the peace.

GUÊTRER, gè-trà, v. a. to put spatter-

GUETTER, ge-ta, v. a. to watch, wait for, dog, waylay. GUETTEUR, s. m. footpad that lies in wait.

GUEULARD, s. m. bawler, loud talker. GUEULE, geul, s. f. mouth; belly, gluttony.

Avoir la gueule morte, to be down in the Il n'a que la gueule, he has nothing mouth. but talk. Une femme trop forte en gueule, a woman that has an ill tongue. Mots de gueule, bawdy expressions, bawdry. Gueule !! droite, (in architecture) casement. Guendes. (in heraldry) gules. Gueule de raie, Mar. cat's paw (made in a rope.)
GUEULÉE, geu-là, s. f. large mouthful.

Gueulées, smutty or bawdy expressions, baw-

GUEULER, geu-la, v. n. to bawl.

GUEUSAILLE, gêu-zâl, s. f. company of beggars, scoundrels.
GUEUSAILLER, gêu-zâ-lâ, v. n. to beg, be a lazy beggar, mump.
GUEUSANT, E, adj. Ex. Un gueux gueu-

sant, une gueuse gueusante, a street beggar, a

GUEUSE, s. f. beggar, poor woman; strumpct, whore, crack; (terme de forgeron) sow, great lump of melted iron.

GUEUSER, geu-za, v. n. to beg, mump. GUEUSERIE, geuz-rl, s. f. beggary, poverty, misery; sorry pitiful stuff, trash, riff-raff.

GUEU-x, SE, geu, geuz, adj. begganly, poor. Un gueux, s. m. a beggar, a poor man. Un gueux revelu, an upstart, beggar grown rich. V. Gueuse.

Gui, gl, s. m. mistletoe (sort of plant growing on some trees.) Gui, Mar. main-boom (of a cutter, brig, etc.) Gui de baume or de brigantin, spanker-boom. V. Mettre.

GUIBRE, s. f. Mar. knee of the head, cut-

water.

Guichet, gl-she, s.m. wicket; (de fenêtre) shutter. Armoire a six guichets, cup-board with six doors.

GUICHETIER, gish-tia, s. m. turn-key or

door-keeper of a prison.

GUIDE, gid, s. m. a guide, or leader; tu-tor. Un guide-âne, a directory (of feasts in the church;) without s in the plural. See the

Guide, s. f. rein. La guide des pécheurs, the guide of sinners. La guide des chemins, the traveller's guide.

Guidé, E, adj. guided, led, conducted. Guider, gl-då, v. a to guide, bring, lead

or conduct.

Guidon, gi-don, s. m. standard; the standard-bearer; ensigncy, sight (of a gwn.) Gui-don, Mar. broad pendant, triangular flag; see also Guiton.

GUIGNARD, s. f. kind of plover.

Guigne, gign, s. f. large black cherry. Guigner, v. a. & n. to leer, peep or peep

at; to have an eye or design upon.

GUIGNIER, gî-gnî-a, s. m. large black cherry-tree. Guignon, gl-gnon, s. m. ill luck.

GUILDIVE, s. f. rum.

Guilée, s. f. shower. Une petite guilée, a small shower.

GUILLAGE, s. m. fermentation of newly brewed beer.

GUILLAUME, s. m. kind of plane; William. GUILLEDIN, gil-din, s. m. English gelding

or nag, pacer, ambler. Guilledou, gil-doo. s.m. stew. Ex. Courir

le guilledou, to haunt bawdy-houses or stews.
GUILLEMETS, gil-me, s. m. pl. commas
turned in a margin thus, "" (to show that

the thing said is of another author. Guilleret, TE, gil-re, ret, adj. sprightly,

gay, merry.

Guilleri, s. m sparrow's singing.

Guillettes, s f pl Mar. V. Gulliettes.

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Guillocher, gl-ld-sha, v. a. to wave or curve.

Guillochis, gi-lò-shì, s. m. waved work, curved work.

Guillot, gi-lò, s. m. cheese maggot.

GUIMAUVE, gf-mov, s. f. sort of mallows. GUIMPE, ginp, s. f. nun's neckerchief, stomacher.

GUIMPER, v. n. to turn nun.

Guimper, v. a. to make (one) a nun.

Guindage d'un vaisseau, Mar. the unloading and even loading of a ship.

GUINDANT, s. m. Mar. hoist; windlass.

GUINDÉ, E, gin-då, adj. hoisted, hoisted up; starched, affected, over-strained. Style

guinde, high strain, fustian or bombastic style.
GUINDER, gin-då, v. a. to hoist or hoist up;
(en parlant de l'esprit or des choses d'esprit) to strain high or too high, over-strain. Guinder, v. a. Mar. to sway up, hoist. Les mâts de perroquet sont ils guindes? are the top-gal-lant masts on end? Se guinder, v. r. to soar

"GUINDERIE, s. f. bombast, too high a

strain.

GUINDERESSE, s. f. Mar. top rope (used to

sway up or strike the top-masts.)

Guinfe, s. f. (pays d'Afrique or monnoie d'or d'Angleterre) Guinea.

Guingois, gin-gwa, s.m. crookedness or over-thwartness. Il y a un guingois dans son esprit, he is a cross-grained man. De guingois, all awry, crookedly, over-thwartly, cross-Jy. Marcher tout de guingois, to waddle, sidle, go sidling. Avoir l'esprit de guingois, to be cross-grained. Cette étoffe est coupée de guingois, this stuff is cut awry

GUINGUETTE, gin-get, s. f. sort of alehouse near a city, public-garden, tea-garden,

snug country-box.

GUIPER, gî-pà, v. a. to gimp, cover or whip about with silk.

Guipon, s. m. Mar. mop.

GUIPURE, g1-pdr, s. f. gimp or vellum lace. GUIRLANDE, g1r-lènd, s. f. garland. Guir-lande, s. f. Mar. fore-hook, breast-hook, etc. Guirlande du premier pont, lower deck breast-Guirlande des écubiers, breast-hook nearest the hawse-holes. Guirlande du faux pont, the orlop deck-hook. Guirlande d'amarrage, snaking of a seizing.
Guise, giz, s. f. way; humour, fancy. En

guise de, instead of, by way of, like.

GUITARE, gl-tar, s. f. guitar.
GUITON or GUIDON, s. m. Mar. dog-watch.
GULPES, s. m. golpes (in heraldry.)
GUSES, s. f. guses (in heraldry.)

GUSTATION, s. f. gustation.

GUTTURAL, E, guttural, adj. guttural. Une lettre gutturale, a guttural letter, a letter pronounced in the throat.

GYMNASE, zîm-naz, s. m. gyınnasium.

GYMNASIARQUE, s. m. chief of the gymnasium.

*Gymnastique, zîm-nas-tîk, adj. gymnas-

GYMNASTIQUE, s. f. gymnasticks.

GYMNIQUE, adj. gymnick.

GYMNOSOPHISTE, s. m. gymnosophist (sort of Indian philosophers that used to go naked.)
GYNECEE, s. m. apartment of the ladies

among the Greeks.

GYNÉCOCRATIE, s.f. gynecocracy, petticoat government.

GYNÉCOCRATIQUE, adj. relating to gynecocracy.

GYPSE, zîps, s. m. parget stone.

GYPSEU-X, SE, adj. stony, chalky. GYROMANCE or GYROMANCIE, zi-rô-mènsl, s.f.gyromancy, divination by walking round. GYROVAGUE, s. m. monk-errant.

H.

H, ash, s. f. eighth letter of the French al-

phabet.

When this mark (') is prefixed to words, it is a sign that the initial H is to be

aspirated.

'HA, a, interj. oh! ah! 'Ha! ye te tiens, fripom, now I hold thee fast, rogue.

HABILE, a-bill, adj. fit, able; nimble, active, quick; clever, skilful, ingenious, excellent, learned.

HABILEMENT, à-bîl-mên, adv. cunningly. ingeniously, cleverly; nimbly, quickly.

HABILETÉ, å-bîl-tå, s. f. ability, address,

cunning, art, skill, ingenuity, parts.
*Habilissime, adj. very able or skilful.
Habilits, e, å-bi-li-tå, adj. capacitated.
Habiliter, å-bi-li-tå, v. a. to capacitate

or qualify.

HABILLE, E, adj. dressed; clad or clothed. Il est habille tout de neuf de pied en cap, he has got new clothes on from top to toe.

HABILLEMENT, a-bîl-mên, s. m. apparel, clothes, clothing, raiment, garb, attire. Ha-billement de tête, head-piece.

HABILLER, a-bi-la, v. a. to clothe; to dress, to put on the clothes of; to work or make clothes for; to clothe or find clothes for; (du chanvre) to dress or hatchel; (la volaille) to (un veau) to skin or flay. Souvent j'habille en vers une prose maligne; I often make a biting piece of prose irto verses. Cette étoffe habille fort bien, that stuff sits very well S'habiller, v.r. to dress one's self, put on one's clothes; to clothe one's self, get one's clothes. S'habiller bien, to dress to the best advan-

tage.
HABILLEUR, å-bi-lêur, s. m. skin-worker. Habit, å-bi, s. m. suit, clothes or suit of clothes; habit, garb, dress, attire, garment, weeds. Prendre Phabit, to take the religious habit, go in a monastery. L'habit ne fuit pas le moine, a tattered cloak may cover a hard drinker, men are not to be judged of by outward appearance.

HABITABLE, å-bi-tabl, adj. habitable or inhabitable, that may be inhabited. La terre habitable, the land of the living, the world. Habitacle, å-bî-tåkl, s. m. Mar. binna-

cle, bittacle; poor habitation or dwelling. HABITANT, E, å-bî-tên, tênt, adj. & s. in-

habiting, living, dwelling, inhabitant, dweller. HABITATION, à-bî-tâ-sîon, s. f. habitation,

abode, house, dwelling, dwelling, place, lodging; colony, settlement; plantation; co-habitation.

HABITER, å-bi-tà, v. a. & n. to inhabit, live or dwell in. Habiter arec une femme, to

cohabit with a woman.

HABITUDE, å-bî-tåd, s. f. habit, use, custom; habit, temper or constitution; acquaintance, fellowship correspondence commerce

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rôb, lord: mood, good.

Un prêtre qui a une habitude dans sa paroisse, a priest that has leave of the incumbent to officiate with him.

Habitué, E, adj. used, accustomed, etc.; habituated, settled. Un habitué, un prêtre habitué, a priest that has leave of the incumbent to officiate with him.

HABITUEL, LE, à-bî-tûêl, adj. habitual. HABITUELLEMENT, å-bî-tů-êl-mên, adv.

habitually, by habit

Habituer, å-bi-tû-à, v. a. to use, accustom or inure. S'habituer, v. r. to use or accustom one's self, get a habit. S'habituer en quelque lieu, to settle or settle one's self in a place

'HABLER, hå-blå, v. n. to romance, tell

lies or stories.

'HABLERIE, s. f. romancing lies.

'HABLEU-R, SE, hå-bleur, bleuz, s. m. & f.

romancer, liar

'HACHE, håsh, s. f. axe or hatchet. Avoir un coup de hache, to be a little crack-brained. Hache d'armes, a battle-axc. Hache, Mar. hatches. Hache d'armes, pole-axe. Grande hache, axe. Petite hache or hache à main, small hatchet.

'HACHER, hå-shå, v. a. to hash, mince; (in drawing, etc.) to hatch; to hack and hew, cut. Toutes nos manœuvres furent hachées, all our rigging was cut to pieces.

'HACHEREAU, hash-ro, s. m. little axe or

hatchet.

HACHETTE, hå-shet, s.f. small axe, hatchet. HACHIS, hå-shî, s. m. minced meat, dish of minced meat, hash.

'HACHOIR, hå-shwar, s. m. chopping board,

large knife. HACHURE, hå-shur, s. f. hatching, (shading

produced by cross lines.)

'HAGARD, E, hå-går, gård, adj. fieree, wild or haggard. Un esprit hagard, a wild unsociable man. Faucon hagard, haggard hawk.

HAGIOGRAPHE, adj. hagiographiek. HAGIOGRAPHE, s. m. hagiographer. 'НАНА, s. m. opening prospect. V. Saut de

loup at Saut.

'HAI! interj. hoy.

'HAI, E. ad). (from harr) hated, odious. Digne d'être har, hateful.
'HAIE, he, s. f. hedge. Se mettre or se ran-

ger en haie, to stand in a line, make a line.

'HAYE, (with waggoners) geeho. Haïe au

bout, something over and above.

'HAILLON, ha-lon, s. m. rag, tatter, tattered clothes.

HAINE, hen, s. f. hatred, grudge, spleen, ill-will, spite; aversion. Avoir de la haine pour or avoir en haine, to hate. En haine de, out of spite. HAINEU-X, SE, he-neu, neuz, adj. full of

hatred, malicious.

'HAIR, ha-ir, v. a. to hate, have a spite or ill-will against; to hate or abhor, detest, not to be able to endure. Se faire hair de tout le monde, to make one's self hated by every body.

'HAIRE, her, s. f. hair-cloth, hair-shirt, pe-

nitential shirt.

'HAISSABLE, ha-i-sabl, adj. hateful, odious, deserving to be hated.

HALAGE, ha-laz, s. m. Mar. tracking or towing (of a ship or boat along the banks of a river, etc.) Chemin du holuge, road used for tracking boats, etc.

'HALBRAN, hål-bren, s. m. young wilc

'HALBRENÉ, E, adj. that has the feathers or wings shattered, fatigued, in a sad pickle.

'HALBRENER, v.a. to shoot at wild ducks. 'HALE, hal, s. m. drying wind or hot weather. It fait un grand hâle, or le hâle est fort grand, the weather is extremely hot. Elle ne sort point à cause du hâle, she does not stir out for fear of being sun-burnt.

'HALE, E, adj. tanned, sun-burnt, of a

swarthy or tawny complexion.

Hale, Mar. hauled, etc. V. Hâler.

'Hale-eas, s. m. Mar. down-haul.

'HALE-BOULINE, s. m. raw seaman. HALEINE, å-len, s. f. breath. Courte haleine, shortness of breath, asthma. Courir à perte d'haleine, to run one's self out of breath.

Tout d'une haleine, at a stretch, at one bout, without intermission. Faire or tenir des discours à perte d'haleine, to make long-winded or tedious speeches. Oppression d'haleine, stoppage (such as hinders the respiration.) Onvrage de longue haleine, long winded piece of work. Tenir en haleine, to keep in exercise, to inure; also to keep in play or at bay. Haleine de vent, breath of wind, gentle gale, breeze.

HALENÉE, àl-nà, s. f. unpleasant breath, breathing. Jeter une halenée de vin à quelqu'un, to breathe upon one a strong smell of wine.

'HALENER, hål-nå, v. a. to smell one's

breath. Halener quelqu'un, to smell one, discover or find out his weak side.

'HALER, ha-la, v. n. (from Hâle) to tan, make tawny or of a swarthy complexion. Se hâler, v. a. to be sun-burnt.

'Haler, v. a. des chiens après quelqu'un, to

set dogs at or upon one.
'Haler, v. a. Mar. to haul, pull upon any rope, track, warp. Se haler, to haul or be warping. Haler un bâtiment, to track or warp a vessel. Se haler dans le vent, to haul the wind. Les vents se halent de l'avant, the wind hauls forward. Une frégate se hale dons le port, a frigate is warping into harbour, Hale de force sur la bouline de revers de misaine, haul taught the fore bow-line. les boulines d'avant, haul the head bow-lines. Hale bas la fausse voile d'étai et la voile d'étai de perroquet, haul down the middle and topgallant stay sails. Hale le grand canot à l'échelle, haul the barge to the gang-way, Hale la chaloupe le long du bord, haul the launch up along side. 'HALETANT, E, hal-ten, tent, adj. out of

breath, panting, 'HALETER, hal-ta, v. n. to pant, fetch one's breath short and fast, breathe short.

'HALEUR, s. m. one that hales.

'HALLE, hål, s. f. market Langage des halles, Billingsgate rhetorick.
'HILLEBARDE, hal-bard, s. f. halberd.

'HALLEBARDIER, hal-bar-dia, s. m. halberdier.

'HALLEBREDA, s. m. & f. lubberly fellow, ungainly wench.

'HALLIER, ba-lia, s. m. sort of eorslet. 'HALLIER, ba-lia, s. m. thicket, thick bush;

keeper of a market; kind of net.

Halo, s. m. lialo.

'HALOIR, s. m. place for drying hemp.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon . brun,

'HALOT, s. m. rabbit's hole or burrow.

'HALOTECHNIE, s. f. that part of chemis-

try relating to salts.
'HALTE, halt, s. f. halt; refreshment (during a halt.) Faire halte, to halt. Halte-la, halte ladessus, hold, stop there.

'HALURGIE, s. f. V. Halotechnie.
'HAMAC, hå-måk, s. m. hammock. Hamac
à l'Anglaise, cot. En bas les hamacs, down all hammocks.

HAMADRYADE, s. f. hamadryad.

'HAMEAU, hā-mò, s. m. hamlet.

HAMEÇON, ām-son, s. m. hook, fish-hook.

'HAMER, hèrp, s. f. staff or shaft of a halored or, jayelin de, beagt of the stars.

berd or javelin, etc. breast of the stag. 'HAN, s. m. a sort of caravansary.

'HANAP, s. m. sort of a drinking cup, bowl,

mug, can.
'HANCHE, hensh, s. f. haunch, hip.

Hanche, Mar. quarter. Nous canonnâmes le vaisseau ennemi dans la hanche, we played upon the enemy's quarter. L'ennemi nous aborda par la hanche, the enemy boarded us upon the quarter. Cette voile par la hanche est un bâtiment carré, that sail on the weather-quarter is a square rigged vessel. Le peu de vent qu'il y a vient de la hanche de bâbord, what little wind there is, is on the larboard quarter.

'HANGAR, hen-gar, s.m. cart-house, coach-

house, shed. Mar. boat-house.

'HANNETON, hån-ton, s. m. May-bug. HANOVRE, (électorat et ville) Hanover.

HANOVRIEN, NE, adj. & s. Hanoverian, of Hanover.

HANSCRIT, s. m. Sanscrit, language in which the religious books of the East-Indians are written. 'HANSE, hens, s. f. Ex. La hanse teutonique,

the teutonic hanse, hanseatic league.

'HANSÉATIQUE, hèn-sà-à-tîk, adj. hanse. 'HANSIÈRE, hèn-sièr, V. Haussière. 'HANTER, hèn-tà, v. a. & n. to haunt, fre-

quent, converse or keep company with. Han-ter un lieu, to haunt or frequent a place, go or resort often to it.

'HANTISE, s. f. keeping company, fellow-

ship, society.

'HAPPE, s. f. piece of iron at the end of the axle-tree of a coach; kind of cramp iron. 'HAPPE-CHAIR, s. m. eatchpole, bailiff, bum-bailiff.

"HAPPELOFIN, s. m. catchbit; glutton.
'HAPPELOFIN, s. m. catchbit; glutton.
'HAPPELOFINDE, håp-loord, s. f. false
stone, counterfeit jewel; empty fop, silly fellow; showy horse worth nothing.
'HAPPER, hå-på, v. a. to snap at, catch un-

expectedly.

HAQUENÉE, hak-na, s. f. pacing-horse or mare pad; Spanish genet. Haquenée de gobelet, sumpter-horse or mare that carries provisions for the king upon a journey. Haquenée des cordeliers, stick or staff. Il est renu sur la haquenée des cordeliers, he came on foot.

'HAQUET, hå-kê, s. m. dray, open-cart;

hand-cart.

'IIAQUETIER, håk-tíå, s. m. dray-man;

hand-cart-man.

'HARANGUE, ha-reng, s. f. speech, oration, harangue; long, tedious speech or story, preaching.

'HARANGUER, ha-ren-ga, v. a. & n. to harangue, make a speech; to preach, be tedious in remenstrances

'HARANGUEUR, hå-ren-geur, s. m. speechmaker, preacher, or tedious, long-winded

'HARAS, hå-rå, s. m. stud, race or breed

of horses; sort of large parrot.

'HARASSER, hå-rå-så, v. a. to harass, tire or fatigue.

'HARCELER, hårs-lå, v. a. to tire or harass;

to teaze, provoke or vex; annoy.
'HARDE, hard, s. f. herd of fallow-deer, tie that holds dogs together six and six. V. Har-

'HARDER, v. a. to tie dogs together six and

HARDES, s. f. pl. clothes, apparel, goods, 'HARDES, s. f. pl. clothes, apparel, goods, furniture. Il y a de belles hardes dans cette maison, there is very fine furniture in that house. Hardes (des matelots) Mar. slops, slopclothes.

'HARDI, E, har-di, dl, adj. bold; ceurageous, daring, stout; confident, impudent; noble, high, clevated, free. V. Saillir, Mar. 'HARDIESSE, har-di-es, s.f. boldness; cou-

rage, assurance, daringness, confidence, impudence. J'ai pris la hardiesse de vous écrire, I made bold to write to you. Hardiesse d'un dessein, boldness or nobleness of a design.

'HARDIMENT, har-di-mên, adv. boldly,

stoutly, courageously, confidently, plainly, roundly, freely.

'HARENG, hå-ren, s. m. herring. Hareng blanc, fresh herring. Hareng saur, red her-

'HARENGEAISON, ha-ren-ze-zon, s. f. her-

ring-season, herring-fishery.
'HARENGERE,ha-ren-zer, s. f. fish-woman;

also scold or billingsgate.

'HARENGERIE, s. f. herring-market.
'HARGNEU-X, SE, har-gneu, gneuz, adj.

peevish, morose, cross.

'Haricot, ha-ri-kô, s. m. French bean, kidney-bean; also sort of French ragout of

mutton and turnips. 'HARIDELLE, hå-ri-dêl, s. f. jade, sorry horse or mare.

'HARLEQUIN, s. m. harlequin, buffoon. HARLEQUINADE, s. f. harlequin's trick or

joke. 'HARMALE, s. f. kind of wild rue (herb.)

HARMONIE, år-mo-ni, s. f. harmony, agreement of sounds, melody, due proportion, consonance.

HARMONIEUSEMENT, år-mo-nî-euz-men. adv. harmoniously. Harmonieu-x. se, år-mo-ni-èu, euz, adj.

harmonious, melodious, musical

HARMONIQUE, adj.harmonick, harmonical HARMONIQUEMENT, år-mo-nik-men, adv. harmoniously.

'HARNACHEMENT, har-nash-men, s. m.

harness or harnessing. 'HARNACHER, hår nå-shå, v. a. to harness.

'HARNACHEUR, har-na-sheur, s. m. har ness maker.

'HARNOIS, har-ne, s. m. harness, horse-trappings; dray; (d'un homme d'armes) har-ness, armour. Il s'échauffe en son harnois; he falls into a passion. Blanchir sous le harnois, to grow grey in the service. Endosser le har-nois, to turn a soldier, to go to the army, asso to put on one's gown or uniform, etc.

HARO, ha-rd, s. m. hue and crv. Crier or faire haro sur, to raise a hue and cry after

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

'HARPAILLER, hår-på-lå, v. n. Se harpailler, v. r. to grapple, seize each other, wrangle. scuffle.

HARPE, harp, s. f. harp ; Jouer de la harpe, to play on the harp; also to pilfer, steal; also stone left to join walls.

'HARPÉ, E, adj. Ex. Un lèvrier bien harpé, a well-shaped hound.

'HARPEAU, har-po, s. m. grappling-iron. V. Harpon.

'HARPER, hår-på, v. n. to harp, or play upon the harp; v. a. to gripe or grapple. 'HARPES, harp, s. f. pl. (pierres d'attente.)

V. Attente.

'HARPIE, hår-pl, s. f. harpy; scold, shrew. HARPIGNER, V. *Harpailler*. HARPISTE, s. m. & f. a player on the harp,

harper. 'HARPON, har pon, s. m. Mar. harpoon;

cramp-iron. 'HARPONNER, har-pô-na, v. a. to harpoon.

'HARPONNEUR, har-pô-neur, s. m. har-

'HART, hart, s. f. band of fagots; also rope

or halter (for hanging.)

'HASARD, hå-zår, s. m. hazard, chance, fortune, peril, danger. Par hasard, by chance. A tout hasard, let the worst come to the worst. Jeu de hasard, game of chance. Au hasard de passer pour téméraire, running the chance of being accounted a rash man.

HASARDÉ, E, adj. ventured, hazarded. Expression hasardée, bold expression. Viande un peu hasardée, meat a little touched or

tainted.

'HASARDER, hå-zår-då, v. a. to venture, hazard, run the hazard of, lay at stake. Se hasarder, v. r. to venture.

hå-zår-deuz-men, HASARDEUSEMENT,

adj. hazardously, by chance.

HASARDEU-X, SE, ha-zar-deu, deuz, adj. venturesome, bold; also dangerous, hazardous, perilous.

'HASE, haz, s. f. doe hare or doe coney. Une vieille hase, an old woman who has many children.

'HAST, s. m. spear, hafted weapon.

'HATE, hat, s.f. haste, speed, hurry. Avoir hâte, to be in haste. A la hâte, hastily, in haste

'HATER, hà-là, v. a. to hasten or quicken, press or push on; to hasten or forward; (les fruits) to force. Hâter le pas, to mend one's pace, go fast or make haste. Se hâter de faire son coup, to hasten the execution of one's design. 'HATEUR, hà-teur, s. m. overseer of the roast meat in the king's household.

'HATIER, ha-tia, s. m. rack (to turn the

spit on.)

'HATI-F, VE, ha-tif, tlv, adj. hasty, forward, untimely. Fruits hatifs, hasty or forward fruits, hastings. Esprit hatif, forward wit.

'HATIVEAU, ha-ti-vo, s m. sort of forward

or hasty pear.

'HATIVEMENT, ha-thv-men, adv. before the season, forwardly.

'HATIVETÉ, hà-tiv-tà, s. f. forwardness. 'HAUBANS, ho-ben, s. m. pl. Mar. shrouds, rigging. Grands haubans or haubans du grand mât, main shrouds. Haubans du grand

roquet or haubaus du grand perroquet, main-Haubans du petit per-ent shrouds. Haubans top-gallant shrouds. roquet, fore-top-gallant shrouds. Haubans du perroquet de fougue, mizen-top-mast shrouds. Haubans du petit mât de hune, foretop-mast or fore-top shrouds. Haubans de misaine, fore-shrouds. Haubans d'artimon, misane, tore-shrouds. Haubans d'artimon, mizen-shrouds. Haubans de la perruche, mizen-top shrouds. Haubans du mât de perroquet de fougue, mizen-top-gallant shrouds. Haubans de bâupré, bowsprit shrouds. Haubans de minois, bump-kin shrouds. Haubans de fortune or faux haubans, preventer-shrouds, swifters. Haubans impairs, swifters. Haubans impairs, swifters. Haubans haubans de Haubans. bans de revers, futtock shrouds. Haubans à colonne, shrouds that set up with a runner and tackle; (chiefly used in xebecs, tartans, and other lateen vessels.)

HAUBERGENIER, s. m. habergeon maker. 'HAUBERGEON, s, m. small hauberk, ha-

bergeon. 'HAUBERT, s. m. hauberk. Fief de haubert, tenure by knight's service.

'HAUBOIS, hô-bwâ, V. Hauthois.
'HAUSSE, hôs, s. m. piece of leather that underlays the shoe; what serves to elevate or

'HAUSSÉ, E, adj. (from hausser) raised, lifted up, etc.

'Hausse-col, hos-kol, or Hausse-cou, s. m. neck-piece or gorget. No s in the pl. 'HAUSSEMENT, hos-men, s. m. raising, lift-

ing up, etc. (de la voix) elevation, raising;

'HAUSSER, ho-så, v. a. to raise; lift or heave up; increase, heighten, enhance; (un soulier) to underlay; (les épaules) to shrug up. Hausser le coude, hausser le temps, to drink hard. Hausser le cœur, to raise or heighten one's spirits, animate. Hausser le cœur, to flush, make proud. Nous haussons cette fré-gate à coup d'æil, Mar. we raise that frigate very fast. Se hansser, v. r. to stand on tiptoe, stand upon one's toes; to clear up (said of weather.)

'HAUSSER, v. n. to raise, be raised. Cela hausse trop, that is too high. La rivière a bien haussé, the river is swelled very high. Le prix du blé a haussé, corn is risen. Les actions haussent, the stocks rise.

'HAUSSIÈRE, s. f. Mar. hawser, hawserlaid rope, warp; and in general, any rope made of two or four strands, and only once

laid. Haussière à touer, tow-rope, tow-line.

'HAUT, E, hò, hòt, adj. high, tall; deep; (des sons) loud; (des pays) higher, upper; great, excellent, eminent, sublime, lofty; (le haut mal) the falling sickness. Tenir la bride haute à quelqu'un, to keep one short, keep a strict hand over one. Chien de haut nez, well-scented dog. Etre haut en couleur, to have a great colour, be high coloured. pisserie de haute lice, suit of tapestry hangings. Haut à la main, hasty, with whom there is but a word and a blow. Haute-contre, counter-tenor, he that sings the countertenor. Haute-taille (in musick.) treble. Haute-paye, high pay, extraordinary pay. Em-porter quelque chose de la haute lutte, to carry a thing by main force or by authority. nût de hune, main-top-mast shrouds or main- Un haut-le-corps, a bound or skip. Ce cheval top shrouds. Haubans du mût du grand per- fait des haut-le-corps, that horse bounds and buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

C'est un mur haut de cent pieds, or c'est un mur de cent pieds de haut, or ce mur est haut de cent pieds, or ce mur est de cent pieds de haut, or ce mur u cent pieds de haut, it is a wall a hundred feet high, that wall is a hundred feet high. 'Haut, Mar. high, lofty, Haute-somme, contingent money expended for extraordinary charges in commerce by sea. Jaut-pendu, small cloud charged with a heav, squall. Haut mât or haute mâture, taunt mast. Qui a une haute mâture, taunt masted. Il n'y a que les voiles hautes qui portent, none but the small sails draw. La marée est haute, it is high water. Hautes marées, spring tides. Vaisseau de haut bord, large ship (not low bottomed.) Vaisseau haut sur l'eau, ship that sits high upon the

'HAUT, s. m. height, elevation; top; (d'une rivière) head. Au haut de la rivière, up the river. Tomber de son haut, to be in amaze, be much surprised. Il y a du haut et du bas dans la vie, there are ups and downs in this Un haut-de-chausse or un haut-de-chausses, hose, breeches. Un haut-à-bas, a ped-Sur le haut du jour, towards noon. haut, up, above. Traiter quelqu'un de haut en bus, to use one with contempt. Regarder quelqu'un de haut en bas, to look down upon one with contempt. 'Haut, Mar. les hauts (d'un bâtiment) the upper works (of a vessel.) Le navire fatigue par ses hauts, the ship strains a good deal in her upper works. Haut de la bouteille, quarter gallery. La terre se voit d'en haut, land is seen from aloft. En haut un homme en rigie, a hand to look out at the mast head. En haut tout le monde, all hands a hov. En haut à larguer les perroquets, away up, loose top-gallant sails.

'Hand, adv. high. Parler hant, to speak loud, to speak big. La dépense monte hant, the expenses come to a great deal of money. Faire hant le pied, gagner le hant, to run away, betake one's self to one's heels. Haut le mousquet, weigh the musket. Haut les bras, fire. Faire une chose haut lu main, to do a thing with a high hand; also to do a thing readily or

out of hand.

'HAUTAIN, E, hò-tin, tên, adj. proud, highflown, haughty, stately.

'HAUTAINEMENT, ho-ten-men, adv.haugh-

tily, proudly.
'HAUTBOIS, s. m. hautboy. 'HAUTEMENT, hot-men, adv. boldly, plainly, openly; bravely, stoutly; with open force,

briskly, openly.
'HAUTESSE, ho-tes, s. f. Ex. Sa hautesse (le grand seigneur,) his highness (the grand

seignior.)

'HAUTEUR, ho-teur, s. f. height; depth; hill or rising ground; (du pôle) height or elevation; (d'un bataillon) depth; boldness, assurance, confidence; open or main force, authority; pride, haughtiness, loftiness, stateliness; scorn, contempt; greatness, perfection, excellency, sublimity. Une statue de or qui est de or qui a 20 pieds de hanteur, a statue 20 feet high. We often use de hanteur (in height) for de haut, in speaking of dimension, (V. Haut.) Un portrait du roi de sa hauteur, a full length picture of the king. Elle se moque de la hauteur de leurs spéculations, she laughs at their high speculations.

'Hauteur, s. f. Mar. height, depth, rising, etc. also observation (of the sun's meridian altitude;) à la hauteur de, off. A la hauteur de cette ile nous eûmes connoissance de deux bâtimens croiseurs, off that island we saw two cruisers. Hauteur de l'entrepont sous les baux, height between decks under the beams. Hauteur des sabords, depth of the gun ports. Hauteur de la quille, depth of the keel. Hauteur des feuillets, depth of the port sells (from the deck immediately beneath them.) Hauteur des façons de l'avant, rising of the floor forward. Hauteur des façons de l'arrière, ris-ing of the floor abalt. Prendre hauteur, to take an observation of the sun's meridian altitude. Nous n'aurons pas de hauteur aujourd'hui, we shall get no observation to-day.

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'HAUTURIER, V. Pilote.

'HAVE, hav, pale, wan; ghastly, dismal, dreadful.

'HAVERON, s.m. wild oats.
'HAVIR, ha-vir, v. n. to seorch or burn.
Le trop grand feu havit la viande, too great a fire burns the meat. Havir, v. n. Se havir,

v. r. to get seorehed or burnt.

'HAVRE, havr, s. m. Mar. harbour, haven, port. Havre de toutes marées, port accessible at any time of tide. Havre brut, harbonr formed entirely by nature. Le Havre-de-Grace, Havre or Havre-de-Grace.

'HAVRE-SAC, havr-såk, s. m. soldier's

knapsack. Plural, havre-sacs.

'HÉ! interj. eh! o! alas! ho; hola, soho. Hé bien! well!

'HEAUME, hom, s. m. helm or helmet.

'HEAUMERIE, s. f. place where helmets are made or sold.

'HEAUMIER, ho-mia, s. m. helmet-maker. HEBDOMADAIRE, êb-dô-mâ-der, adj.week-

ly. Nonvelles hebdomadaires, weekly news.
HEBDOMADIER, E, &b-dô-mà-dlà, dlèr, adj. &c. swhose week it is to officiate.
HÉBERGER, å-bêr-zå, v. a. to lodge or

harbour

НÉВÉTÉ, E, å-bà-tå, adj. & s. besotted, grown dull or heavy, dunee, block-head. НÉВÉTER, å-bà-tà, v. a. to besot, dull,

make dull, heavy or stupid.

HÉBRAIQUE, å-brå-ik, adj. Hebrew. La langue Hébrarque, Hebrew or Hebrew tongue. HÉBRAISANT, à-brà-î-zèn, s. m. Hebraist, hebrician.

HÉBRAISME, à-brâ-ism, s. m. Hebraism. HÉBREU, à-breu, adj. Hebrew. Le peuple

Hêbreu, the Hebrews, the Jews. HEBREU,(L') s. m. Hebrew or the Hebrew tongue. Les Hébreux, the Hebrews, the Jews

HÉCATOMBE, à-kà-tonb, s. f. hecatomb. HÉCATOMPHONIE, s. f. sacrifice in which a hundred men were immolated.

HÉGIRE, å-zlr, s. f. hegira (Mahometan epoch) A. D. 622.

HEGOMÈNE, s. m. chief, leader. HEIDUC or HEIDUQUE, s. m. Hungarian foot soldier; also kind of footman. HÉLAS, à-las! interj. alas.

HÉLAS! s. m. alas! sigh, complaint. Un helas bien passionnes a very pathetick alas.

HÉI.ÉR, hà-là, un vaisseau, v. a. Mar. to

HÉLIAQUE, à-liak, adj. (terme d'astronomie) heliacal.

bar, bat, base : there, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

HÉLICE, s. f. helix, also sort of sea shell. HÉLIOCENTRIQUE, adj. heliocentrick.

HÉLINGUE, s. f. strep.

HÉLIOSCOPE, s. f. helioscope. HÉLIOTROPE, å-lið-trop, s. f. kind of jas-Heliotrope, s. m. sun-flower.

HELLÉNISME, ê-là-nîsm, s. m. Hellenism.

'HEM, hem, interj. hem.

HÉMATITE, s. f. a sort of precious stone.

HÉMICRANIE, s. f. megrim.

HÉMÉROCALE, s. f. day-lily. HÉMICYCLE, å-mî-sîkl, s. m. hemicycle,

semi-circle or half-circle. HÉMINE, s. f. hemina (a Roman measure.)

HÉMIPLÉGIE or HÉMIPLEXIE, s. f. hemi-

plegy. HÉMISPHÈRE, à-mîs-fèr, s. m. hemisphere. HÉMISPHÉRIQUE, å-mis-få-rik, adj. he-

mispherick.

Немізтісне, à-mîs-tîsh, s. m. hemistick. HÉMORRAGIE, à-mò-rà-zl, s. f. hemor-

rhage, bleeding at the nose. HÉMORROIDAL, E, adj. hemorrhoidal.

HÉMORROIDALE, s. f. pilewort. HÉMORROIDES, å-mô-rô-îd, s. f. pl. hemorrhoids, piles.

HÉMORROISSE, hå-mô-rô-is, s. f. woman

troubled with the bloody flux.

HENDÉCASONE, s. m. endecagon. HENDÉCASYLLABE, adj. endecasyllable. 'HENNIR, hê-uîr, v. a. to neigh. 'HENNISSEMENT, hê-nîs-mên, s. m. neigh-

HÉPATIQUE, à-pà-tîk, adj. hepatical or he-

patick, belonging to the liver. HEPATIQUE, s. f. liver-wort.

HÉPTARCHIE, s. f. heptarchy. HÉRALDIQUE, adj. Ex. L'art heraldique (or du blason) heraldry or the art of blazoning.
'HÉRAUT, s. m. herald.

Herbacée, adj. herbaceous. Неrвасе, er-båz, s. m. herbage, grass,

pasture, pasture-ground, greens.
HERBE, érb, s. f. grass, herb.
Trines, sea-weeds. Manvaises herbes, herbes
sauwiges, weeds. Ce cheval aura quatre ans aux herbes, that horse will be four years old in the spring. Etre cocu en herbe, to be cut out for a cuckold. Manger son blé en herbe, to spend one's revenue before it comes in. Couper l'herbe sous le pied à quelqu'un, to trip up one's heels, supplant one. Il a marché sur quelque mauvaise herbe, he has pissed upon a nettle.

HERBEILLER, v. a. to graze (said of the

wild toar.)

HERBER, v. n. to lay on the grass (linen cloth in order to bleach it.)

HERBETTE, êr-bêt, s.f. tender grass, herblet. green

HERBEU-X, SE, er-beu, beuz, adj. grassy, herbous.

HERBIER, êr-bîå, s. m. herbal.

HERBIERE, êr-bier, s. f. herb-woman, green-woman.

HERBORISATION, s. f. the act of going about gathering physical herbs.
HERBORISER, er-bo-ri-za, v. a. to go a

simpling, go about gathering physical herbs. HERBORISEUR, s.m.he who goes a simpling. HERBORISTE, er-bo-rist, s. m. herbalist or botanist

HERBU, E, er-bå, bå, adj. grassy, full of grass.

HERCO-TECTONIQUE, s. f. art of fortifying places or of entrenching a camp, a post, etc. 'HERE, her, s. m. Ex. Un pauvre here, a

poor wretch, a poor silly fellow.

HÉRÉDITAIRE, à-rà-di-tèr, adj. hereditary, of inheritance.

HÉRÉDITAIREMENT, å-rå-dî-tèr-mên, adv

hereditarily, by inheritance or succession.

HÉRÉDITÉ, à-rà-dî-tà, s. f. inheritance, heritage, succession.

HÉRÉSIARQUE, å-rå-zåårk, s. m. heresiarch, arch-heretick, broacher of heresy.

HÉRÉSIE, à-rà-zl, s. f. heresy. HÉRÉTICITÉ, s. f. heretical meaning.

HÉRÉTIQUE, à-rà-tik, adj. & s. heretical,

'HERGNE, V. Hernie.
'HERGNE, E, hårrî-så, adj. whose hair or bristles stand up on end or stare, bristling. Cheval hérissé or qui a le poil hérissé, a rough-coated horse. Un pédant hérissé de Grec et de Latin, a pedant bristling with Greek and Latin. Un port hérissé de mâts de navires, a port thick set with the masts of shipping Une côte herissé de rochers, a coast guarded by rocks. 'HÉRISSER, hå-rî-så, v. n. Se hérisser, v. r.

to stand on end, stare. 'HÉRISSON, hā-rî-son, s. m. hedge-hog or urchin, drainer, turning-bar with iron-pikes, canting-wheel.

HÉRITAGE, å-rî-tâz, s. m. inheritance or heritage, patrimony, estate, piece of ground. HERITER, å-rî-tå, v.a. & n. to inherit, get

by inheritance or succession, be the heir of. HÉRITIER, å-ri-ílå, s. m. heir or inheritor. Héritière, å-ri-ílèr, s.f. heiress or inheritrix,

heiress or fortune. HERMAPHRODITE, er-ma-fro-dit, adj. & s.

hermaphrodite.

HERMÉTIQUE, êr-må-tîk, adj. hermetick, hermetical. La science hermétique, the hermetical science, chymistry

HERMÉTIQUEMENT, er-må-tik-men, adv. hermetically, chymically.

HERMINE, Ĉr-mîn, s. f. ermine. HERMINÉ, E, adj. ermine (in heraldry.) HERMITAGE, HERMITE, V. Ermilage, Ermite. HERMINETTE, s. f. Mar. adze. Herminette

courbe, hollow adze. 'HERNIAIRE, adj. Chirurgien herniaire,

surgeon who is skilled in or applies to the

cure of hernias. HERNIE, her-nl, s. f. hernia, rupture.

'HERNIEU-X, SE, hêr-nî-èu, euz, adj. bursten, that has a rupture.

HERNIOLE, s. f. rupture-wort.

HÉROI-COMIQUE, adj. heroi-cemical.

HÉROIDE, s. f. héroid. HÉROINE, à-rô-in, s. f. heroine, heroical

HÉROTQUE, adj. heroick, heroical.

HEROTQUE, a-ro-ik, s. m. sublime, lofty or heroic style. HÉROTQUEMENT, å-rð-ík-men, adv. hero-

ically HÉROISME. à-rô-lsm, s. m. heroism.

HERON, hå-ron. s. m. hern or heron.

HERONNEAU, hà-rô-nò, s. m. young hern.

'HERONNIÈRE, s. f. hern-shaw.

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

·HÉRONNIÈRE, hå-ro-nièr, adj. Ex. Peau [] or cuisse héronnière, dry, leau skin or thigh.

'HEROS, hard, s. m. hero.
'HERDES de l'éperon, s. f. pl. Mar. rails of the head. Herpes marines, the natural treasures of the sca

'HERSAGE, hêr-sâz, s. m. harrowing.
'HERSE, hêrs, s. f. harrow; (in fortifica-tion) portcullis; rails; (dans les églises) sort of candlestick.

Herse, Mar. sort of hoop or salvage; also traveller. Herses de fer, iron-eringles or thimbles of a larger fort.

'HERSEAU, s. m. Mar.' cringle in the bolt-

rope of a sail.

HERSER, hêr-sê, v. a. to harrow. HERSEUR, hêr-sêur, s. m. harrower. HÉSITATION, å-zî-tâ-sîon, s. f. hesitation,

hesitancy.

. HÉSITER, a-zî-ta, v. n. to hesitate, falter, be at a stand, stop; to waver, be in suspense. Sans hésiter, readily, freely, without any more

HÉTÉROCLITE, à-tà-rô-klît, adj. (in grammar) heteroclitical, irregular. Etre un peu hétéroclite dans ses manières, to be a little singular in one's way. HÉTÉRODOXE, à-tà-rô-dôks, adj. heterodox.

HÉTÉRODOXIE, s. f. heterodoxy. HÉTÉROGÈNE, à-tà-rô-zên, adj. heterogeneous.

HÉTÉROGÉNÉITÉ, s. f. heterogeneity.

HÉTÉROSCIENS, à-tà-rô-sî-in, s. m. pl. heteroscians.

'HETRE, hetr, s. m. beech, beech-tree. Bois de hêtre, beech.

'Heu, s. m. Mar. sort of hoy or coasting vessel. V. Mâté.

Heu! Int. good lack!

HEUR, s. m. luck, happiness, good fortune. HEURE, eur, s. f. hour, time. Quelle heure est-il? what is it o'clock? Il est sept heures, it is seven o'clock. A quelle heure serez vous là? at what hour or time will you be there? Dernière heure, heure dernière, last hour, dying hour. A cette heure, adv. at this hour or time, at this present time, at present, now. Tout à l'heure, tout à cette heure, forthwith, by and by, presently, just now, in a moment. D'heure en heure, hourly, every hour. A l'heure même, at that very instant. Sur l'heure, tout sur l'heure, forthwith, incontinently, immediately. De bonne heure, betimes. Il est de bonne heure, it is early, it is not late. A l'heure qu'il falloit, in the very nick of time. De meilleure heure, sooner or earlier. De trop honne heure, too soon, too early. A la bonne heure, in good time, well and good, in God's name, in the name of God; also fortunately, in a good hour or time. [See the last phrase of this article.] S'en est il allé? à la bonne heure, is he gone? God speed him well. S'il est riche, à la bonne heure, if he be rich, I am glad of it. Sa femne est accouchée d'un fils, à la bonne heure, his wife is brought to bed of a son, I wish him joy of it or much good may it do him. A la bonne heure pour lui, so much the better for lim. A la mal heure, unluckily, unfortunately. A la mal heure, with a vengeance. Cuer un auteur à toute heure, to ruote an author at every turn. heure, to quote an author at every turn. A to bonne heure, Mar. avc, aye; (French sailors make that reply to general orders delivered verbally, by the boatswain and his mates. after having answered Commande, to the first wind of their call.)

HEURES, s. f. pl. primer, prayer-book.

HEUREUSEMENT, eu-reuz-men, adv. happily, luckily, fortunately; by good luck or chance or fortune. Il est arrive heureusement, he is come home safe. Tout lui reussit heureusement, reusement, every thing succeeds or prospers with him. Il imagine heureusement les choses, he has a happy fancy. Rimer heureusement,

to be happy in one's rhymes.

HEUREU-X, SE, du-rèu, reuz, adj. happy, lucky, blessed, fortunate, favourable, kind, advantageous, excellent. Vivre heureux et content, to live happily and contentedly. La Reine Marie d'heureuse mémoire, Queen Mary

of blessed memory.
'HEURLER, etc. V. Hurler, etc.

'HEURT, heurt, s. m. knoek, knoeking or dashing one against the other, also anciently

mischance, mishap.

HEURTER, heur-ta, v. a. & n. to knock, hit; dash or run against; (à la porte) to knock. Les boucs se heurtent de leurs têtes, the goats butt one another. Celu heurte le sens commun, that is contrary to common sense, that clashes with or shocks reason. Vous ne sauriez faire cela sans hearter force gens, you can never do that without offending or disobliging a great many people. Se heurter, or s'entreheurter, v. r. to hit, knock or dash one against another. On se heurte toujours où l'on a mal, that part is most apt to be hurt which is sore already.

'HEURTOIR, heur-twar, s. m. knocker. HEUSE DE POMPE, s. f. Mar. lower box of

a pump, pump box.

HEXAGONE, eg-zå-gon, s. m. hexagon. HEXAGONE, adj. hexagonal.

HEXAMÈTRE, eg-zå-metr, adj. & s. m. hexameter. HIATUS, 1-à-tus, s. m. hiatus.

'HIBOU, hi-boo, s. m. owl.

HIBRIDE, adj. hybridous. Hic, s. m. knot or principal difficulty (of a

transaction.) 'HIDEUSEMENT, hì-deuz-men, adv. hide-

ously, dreadfully, frightfully.
'HIDEU-x, se, hi-deu, deuz, adj. hideous,

dreadful, ghastly, frightful.

'HIE, hl, s. f. rammer, paviour's beetle. HIÈBLE, I-ebl, s. f. wall-wort, dane-wort or dwarf elder.

HIÈNE, i-èn, s. m. hyena.
'HIER, hi-à, v. a. (from Hie) to ramin, beat or drive in with a rammer

'HIER, yer, adv. yesterday. Hier au soir, yesternight, yesterday night, last night.

HIERARCHIE, hî-â-râr-shi, s. f. hierar-

chy, church government.

'Hierarchique, hi-à-rar-shik, adj. hierarchieal.

'HIÉRARCHIQUEMENT, hì-å-rår-shìk-mën,

adv. hierarchically. Hieroglyphe, la-ro-glif, s. m. hierogly-

Hiéroglyphique, îå-rô-glî-fîk, adj. hie-

roglyphick or hieroglyphical. HIEROGLYPHIQUENENT, lå-rð-gli-fikmen, adv. hieroglyphically.

HIÉROPHANTE, s. m. hierophant.

HILARITÉ, s. f. joy, gayetv.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

HILDIRES, s. f. pl. Mar. binding streaks of a deck or oak-planks of the deck (by the sides of the coamings of the hatches, through which the ring bolts are fixed.) Hiloires renversées, fore and aft tarlings under the

HIPPIATRIQUE, s. f. art of knowing and curing the diseases of animals.

HIPPOCENTAURE, 1-pô-sen-tor, s. m. hippocentaur.

HIPPOCRAS, î-pô-kras, s. m. hippocras.

HIPPODROME, s. m. a place for horse-races, riding-house, hippodrome.

HIPPOGRIFFE, Î-pô-grîf, s. m. hippogriff. HIPPOPOTAME, Î-pô-pô-tâm, s. m. hippopotamus, river-horse.

HIRONDE, V. Aronde.

HIRONDELLE, î-ron-dêl, s. f. swallow. 'HISSER, hî-sa, v. a. Mar. to hoist, sway. Hisser les basses vergues, to sway up the lower yards. Hisse la brigantine, hoist the spanker. Hisse la voile d'étai de hune, hoist away the main top-mast stay-sail. Hisse le perroquet de fougue, hoist away the mizen top-sail.

Hisse à courir, a run, a run. Histoire, îs-twar, s. f. history, story. Voilà bien des histoires, what a world of com-

pliments or ceremonies you make.

HISTORIEL, E, adj. historical. HISTORIÉ, E, îs-tô-rî-ā, adj. embellished or set out with small figures.

HISTORIEN, Îs-tô-rien, s. m. historian. HISTORIER, v. a. to embellish or set out

with figures. HISTORIETTE, Îs-tô-rî-êt, s. f. pretty story,

HISTORIOGRAPHE, Îs-tô-rî-ô-graf, s. m.

historiographer.

HISTORIQUE, Is-tô-rik, adj. historical. Cela est historique, that is matter of fact, it is certainly so.

HISTORIQUEMENT, Îs-tô-rîk-mên, adv. historically.

HISTRION, Is-tri-on, s. m. stage player,

stroller, buffoon.

HIVER, i-ver, s. m. winter. Nos derniers hivers, our latter years or old age.
HIVERNAGE, s. m. Mar. winter-time, win-

ter season; also wintering place.

HIVERNAL, E, adj. hibernal, belonging to the winter. Fleur hivernale, a winter-flower.

HIVERNER, 1-vêr-nå, v. n. to winter.

Hiverner, Mar. to winter, lie up (in a port) during the winter season. S'hiverner, v. r. to

grow hardy, inure one's self to cold.

Ho! interj. ho! hoa! hoay! halloo! Ho
du bâtiment, Mar. ho, the ship a hoay (manner of hailing a ship.)

'HOBEREAU, hob-ro, s. m. (sort of hawk) a hobby; country gentleman, country squire,

'Hoc, hok, s. m. sort of game at cards. Cela m'est hoc, I am sure of that, that is as

sure as a gun. 'Hoca, s. m. sort of game of chance. 'Hoche, hosh, s. f. notch, tally.

'HOCHEMENT, hosh-men, s. m. shaking,

jogging or wagging (of the head.)
'Носнерот, s. m. hodgepodge, mingle-

'Hochequeue, s. m. wagtail.

'Hocher, ho-sha, v. a. to shake, jog, wag or toss.

'HOCHET, hô-shê, s. m. child's coral.

HOGNER, v. n. to grumble, mutter. Hoir, wer, s. m. Héritier, heir (law term.) Hoirie, we-rl, s. f. inheritance.

'Holla, hô-là, interj. adv. & s. ho there! holla! also hold, no more, enough. Mettre le holà, to part the fray. Holà, Mar. hol-

'HOLLANDE, ho-lend, s. f. Holland. After the name of a production we say d'Hollande, without aspirating the H. Toile d'Hollande, hollands, Fromaged' Hollande, Dutch cheese, Porcelaine d'Hollande, fine Dutch ware) etc. We say also without aspirating the H, Demi-Hollande, (sort of cloth) Isingham Holland, Gulic Holland.

'HOLLANDÉ, E, adj. Ex. Plume Hollandée,

Dutch quill.

'HOLLANDER, hô-lên-då, une plume, v. a. to pass a quill through hot ashes, to make a Dutch quill.

'Hollandois, E, hô-lên-dê, dêz, adj. & s. Dutch, Dutch person. Le hollandois, la langue hollandoise, Dutch, the Dutch language.

HOLOCAUSTE, &-lô-kôst, s. m. & f. burnt-sacrifice, burnt-offerings.

HOLOGRAPHE, adj. & s. V. Olographe. 'HOMARD, hô-mar, s. m. great lobster.

HOMBRE, onbr, s. m. ombre. Homelie, o-ma-ll, s. f. homily.

Homicide, ô-mî-sîd, s. m. homicide, murder; also murderer. Homicide involontaire, manslaughter.

Homicide, adj. homicidous, murderous. bloody. Des yeux homicides, killing eyes.

*Homicider, v. n. to murder. Hommage, ô-maz, s. m. homage.

HOMMAGER, ô-mã-zã, adj. & s. m. held by

homage, homager. Hommasse, 8-mås, adj. (said of women,) masculine or manly. Elleest hommasse, she is a masculine woman, she is a virago.

HOMME, ôm, s. m. man. Un homme de guerre, a soldier, a martialist. Un combat d'homme à homme, a single fight. D'homme d'honneur, upon my honour. Les bons hommes, good men; also the Minims (sort of monks.) Mar. man, hand. Un homme à la mer, there's a man overboard. Encore un homme à la barre, another hand to the helm. Un homme à chaque bras des ·huniers, attend the top-sail braces.

*HOMMEAU, s. m. little man.

HOMMEE, s. f. as much ground as a vine dresser can dress or a mower mow in one

Homogène, ô-mô-zên, adj. homogeneal, homogeneous.

Homogénéité, s. f. homogeneity, homogenealness.

Homologation, ô-mô-lô-gâ-sîon, s. f. (law term) allowance, approbation, confirma-

Homologuer, adj. homologous. Homologuer, ô-mô-lô-gå, v. n. to allow,

approve of, confirm, authorize.

HOMONYME, &-mo-nim, adj. homonymous. HOMOPHONIE, s. f. concert of several persons who sing together.
'Hon! interj. hum!

'Hongre, hongr, adj. & s.m. gelt. Chera. I hongre, gelding.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon . brun.

HONGRELINE, s. f. woman's dress now out |

"HONGRER, hon-gra, v. a. to geld (a horse.)
'HONGRIE, s. f. Hungary.
'HONGRIE, s. f., adj. & s. Hungarian.
HONNÊTE, ô-nêt, adj. honest, good, virous; decent, handsome, fine; honourable tuous; decent, handsome, fine; honourable or creditable, handsome; specious; civil, courteous, obliging, kind, genteel. Prix hon-nête, moderate or reasonable price. Un honnéte homne, an honest or good man, a man of honour; also a genteel man, a gentleman. Un homme honnête, a decent, polite, genteel man; a man who observes every social decorum and custom. En honnête homme, genteelly, in a genteel manner. Une femme honnête, an honnest, modest, virtuous or chaste woman. Une honnête débauche, an innocent merry-making or mirth.

HONNÊTE, s. m. honest. Joindre l'utile avec l'honnête, to join what is profitable and ho-

nest together.

HONNÊTEMENT, ô-net-mên, adv. honestly, in an honest way, like a man of honour; hand-somely, decently, finely, well; pretty well, sufficiently; civilly, genteelly, kindly. HONNETETE, 8-net-ta, s. f. honesty, ho-

nour; chastity, modesty, civility, civil or hand-

some carriage, courtesy, kindness. Faire une hombiteté à quelqu'un, to make one a present. Honneur, 5-neur, s. m. honour; respect, worship, reverence; reputation, glory, fame, credit, esteem; ornament; honesty, virtue; chastity, modesty. Faire les choses avec honneur, to do things handsomely or honourably. Agir en homme d'honneur, to act like an ho-nest man. Une femme d'honneur, an honest woman. Je me donnerai l'honneur de vous aller voir, I shall do myself the bonour to wait on you. Se faire honneur d'une chose, to make a pride of a thing, to pride or glory in it. Sauf votre honneur, under correction. Faire honneur à une lettre de change, to honour a bill of exchange (pay it when it becomes due.)

Honneurs, regalia; honours, dignities. Honneurs funèbres, funeral solemnities. Faire les honneurs de la maison, to receive and enter-

tain guests.

'HONNI, E, adj. confounded, abashed, despised. Honni soit qui mal y pense, evil to him

who evil thinks

'HONNIR, ho-nir, v. a. to bring to disgrace. HONORABLE, ô-nô-rabl, adj. honourable, creditable, noble, magnificent, sumptuous,

Honorablement, 8-n8-rabl-men, honourably, with honour, nobly, magnificently, sumptuously, splendidly.
HONORAIRE, ô-nô-rèr, adj. honorary, titu-

HONORAIRE, s. m. lawyer's fce.

HONORER, ô-nô-ra, v. a. to honour, respect or reverence; to value or esteem; to do credit

to, be the honour or ornament of; to favour.

*Honoris. Ex. Ad honores, honorary.
Honorifique, ô-nô-rî-fîk, adj. honorary,

titular.

'HONTE, hont, s. f. shame; confusion; modesty; disgrace, infamy, reproach, ignominy. voir honte, to be aslamed. Rougir de honte, to blush. Faire honte à quelqu'un, to shame or disgrace one. Temoigner de la shame or disgrace one. Tempigner de la honte, to show that one is ashamed. Une

chose qui doit donner de la honte, a thing to be ashamed of,

HONTEUSEMENT. hon-teuz-men. shamefully, disgracefully, ignominiously.

HONTEU-x, SE, hon-teu, teuz, adj. bashful, shamefaced, ashamed; shameful, to be ashamed of, disgraceful, ignominious, infamous. Les parties honteuses, the privy or secret parts. Le morceau honteux, manners (last piece in the dish.)

HÓPITAL, ô-pî-tâl, s. m. hospital, alms-

'Hoquet, hô-kê, s. m. hiccough.
'Hoqueton, hôk-ton, s. m. particular sort of coat; also the guard who wears it.

HORAIRE, ô-rèr; adj. horary.

'HORDE, hôrd, s. f. (de Tartarcs) horde.

'Horion, s. m. great blow or stroke.

HORIZON, ô-rî-zon, s. m. horizon. Horizontal, e, ô-rî-zon-tâl, adj. hori

zontal. ð-rì-zon-tal-men

HORIZONTALEMENT, adv. horizontally

HORLOGE, Ör-loz, s. f. clock, horologe, time-piece. Horloge solaire or au soleil, dial Horloge de sable, hour-glass. sundial. Horloge de sable, Mar. sand-glass, glass, watch-glass. Horloge marine, time keeper, sea time-piece. Horloge astronomique, astronomical time-piece.

Horloger, or-lô-zã, s. m. clock-maker,

watch-maker.

Horlogère, s. f. or-lo-zèr, clock maker's or

watch-maker's wife.

HORLOGERIE, ôr-lôz-ri, s. f. clock-making or watch making.
HORMIS, ôr-ml, (i. e. mis hors) but, saving.

except, excepting.

HOROGRAPHIE, s. f. horography, art of making dials. Horoscope, o-ros-kop, s. m. horoscope,

nativity.

HORREUR, ô-rêur, s. f. horror. dread or trembling for fear, fright, awe; detestation, aversion, hatred, antipathy; confusion, deso-lation; grievousness, enormity, heinousness. J'ai horreur de le dire, I dread to speak it. J'ai horrear d'y penser, I hate to think of it. Avoir

en horreur, to abominate, detest, abhor, hate.

HORRIBLE, 8-ribl, adj. horrid; horrible, fearful, ghastly, dreadful, hideous, frightful; exceeding great, extreme; atrocious, griev-

ous, heinous.

HORRIELEMENT, ô-rîbl-mên, adv. horri-

bly, fearfully; extremely.
'Hors, prep. out; but, saving or save; except or excepting. Hors de la ville, out of town. Hors de saison, out of season. Hors de doute, without question. Hors de raison, unreasonable. Hors de blâme et de soupçon, free from blame and suspicion. Hors d'heure, beyond the hour, late, unseasonable.

Hors, hor, Mar. Ex. Hors les perroquets, let fall the top gallant sails. Hors la bonnette basse à tribord, set the lower studding sail on

the starboard side.

Hospitce, ôs-pis, s. m. sort of hospital for monks.

Hospitalier, E, os-pi-ta lia, lier, adj. hospitable, using hospitality.

HOSPITALIER, E, S. m. & f. (religieux or religieuse qui fait vœu d'assister les pauvres. les passans, etc.) hospitaller.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

HOSPITALITÉ, s. f. hospitality, kind entertainment of strangers.

HOSTIE, Os-tl, s. f. victim; host.

Hostilement, os-til-men, adv. in a hostile manner, like an enemy. Hostilité, ôs-tî-lî-ta, s. f. hostility.

Hôre, ot, s. m. landlord; host, innkeeper; guest or lodger. Compter sans son hoie, to reckon without one's host.

HÔTEL, ổ-tễl, s. m. hotel, great man's house, palace. L' Hôtel-Dieu, L' Hôtel-de-Ville, town-house, guild-hall. Un maître d'hôtel, a steward.

Hôtelière, ôt-liê, s. m. inn-keeper, host. Hôtelière, ôt-liêr, s. f. an inn-keeper's wife

or widow, hostess.

HÔTELLERIE, 8-têl-ri, s. f. inn, hostelry. Hôresse, ò-tes, s. f. landlady, hostess.

'Нотте, hôt, s. f. scuttle, dosser. 'Ноттее, hô-tà, s. f. dosser-full. 'HOTTER, v. n. to carry the dosser.

'HOTTEU-R, SE, hô-teur, teuz, S. m. & f. he or she that carries a dosser upon his back.

* HOUACHE or HOUAGE, hoo-az, s. m. Mar. run or wake (of a ship.)

'HOUARI, s. m. Mar, wherry (sort of twomasted vessel rigged somewhat like a schoo-

'HOUBLON, hoo-blon, s. m. hops.

'Houblonner, hoo-blo-na, v. a. to put hops in (beer.)

Houblonnière, hôo-blô-nièr, s. f. hopfield, hop-ground.

'Hougre, s. m. Mar. howker. 'Houe, hoo, s. f. hoe. Houe plate, setting stick or dibble.

'Houer, v. a. to hoe.

'HOUILLE, hool, s. f. sort of coal. 'HOULE, hool, s. f. Mar. swell of the sea. La houle est forte, there is a heavy swell

HOULETTE, hoo-let, s. f. crook, sheep hook, shepherd's crook; (de jardinier) setting or planting stick, dibble.

HOULEU-X, SE, hoo-leu, leuz, adj. Mar. swollen, agitated, rolling. Mer houleuse, swelling sea.

'Houlie, s. f. pot, skillet. V. Houle and Houleux.

'HOUPPE, hoop, s. f. tuft, cop; puff.

'HOUPPELANDE, hoop-lend, s.f. great coat. "HOUPPER, v. n. to tuft; (de la laine) to comb.

HOURAILLER, v. n. to go a hunting with a good-for-nothing pack of hounds.

'Houraillis, s. m. pack of mangy hounds. 'Hourdage, hoor-daz, s. m. rough wall or walling.

'Hourdé, E, adj. Mur hourdé, rough wall. 'Hourder, hoor-da, v. a. & n. to make a rough wall.

HOURET, hoo-re, s. m. poor kind of hunt-

'Houri, s. f. woman who is to contribute, in paradise, to the pleasures of the elect Musselmans.

'HOURQUE, s. f. V. Houcre.

'Hourvari, s. m. cry made by lantsmen to call back me dogs; disappointment, uproar: Housard, V. Houssard.

Housé, r., adj. bedaggled, dirty.

"HouseAux, hôo-zô, s. m. spatterdash"Hy a luissé ses houseaux, he is dead.
HouseTTES, s. f. pl. Mar. trowsors.

'Houspiller, v. a. to touse, tug, pull or worry; berate.

HOUSPILLON, s. m. the liquor which is filled to one to mend his draught.

Houssage, s. m. the act of sweeping with

a hair broom. 'Houssaie, hoo-se, s. f. holy oak or holm grove.

'HOUSARD, hoo-zar, s. m. hussar.
'Housse, hoos, s. f. (de meubles, de chaise, de lit, etc.) a case; (pour couvrir une selle) leather-case; (pour un cheval) housing, horsecloth; (pour un cheval de harnois) sheep or goat's skin; (pour l'impériale du carrosse d'un prince) stately cover. Lit à housse, angel bed.

'Houssen, hoo-sa, v. a. to sweep with a

hair broom.

'Housseu-R, se, s. m. & f. sweeper. 'Houssière. hoo-sièr, s. f. plantation or nursery of young trees.

'Houssine, hoo-sin, s. f. switch.

Houssinka, v. a. to switch (a horse, etc.) 'Houssoir, hoo-swar, s. m. hair broom, whisk.

'Houx, hòo, s. m. holy oak, holm. Le petit hour, the knee holm or petty whin.

'Hoyau, hwa-yô, s. m. inattock. 'Huard, s. m. V. Orfraie. 'Hublots, s. m. pl. Mar. scuttles (în the ports.)

'HUCHE, hush, s.f. trough, kneading trough, hunting hutch; hutch or bin. Huche de moulin, meal-tub; also a mill-hopper.

HUCHER, v. a. to whoop or halloo, call to. 'HUCHET, s. m. horn, huntsman's or postboy's horn.

HuE, hu, interj. gee-ho!

'HUEE, s. f. halloo or shouting, hooting. HUEE, hu-a, v. a. to halloo, shout; also to hoot at.

'HUETTE, s. f. madge howlet (sort of owl.) HUGUENOT, hûg-nô, s. m. Huguenot.
HUGUENOT, TE, hûg-nô, nôt; adj. of or belonging to a Huguenot. Un sentiment hugue-

not, an opinion entertained by the Huguenots. HUGUENOTTE, s. f. female Huguenot; a

kind of kettle for a stove, earthen stove for a pot to boil in.

HUGUENOTISME, s. f. Huguenoiism, the Huguenot's religion. *Hui, s. m. present time. Aujourd'hui, to-

day, this day, now-a-days. Ce jourd'hui, (law

term) this day.

HULLE, fill, s. f. oil. V. Cotret.

HULLER, fill-fa, v. a. to oil.

HULLEU-X, SE, fill-fen, leuz, adj. oily.

HUILIER, ul-Ila, s. m. oil-man; also oil-

*Huis, s. m. door. Plaider à huis clos, to have a private hearing or trial. Cause plaidée à huis clos, cause tried with closed doors.

Huisserie, ûîs-rl, s. f. door case. Huissien, ûî-sîa, s. m. usher or door-keep-

er; tipstaff, summoner; bailiff; (d'église) ver-

Hult, fift, adj. eight. Ils sont huit, there are eight of them. Cest aufourd'hui le huit du mois, this is the eighth day of the month. The T is pronounced before vowels or when huit is a substantire.

HUITAIN, ul-tin, s. m. stanze of eight

verses.

base, but: jeune, meute, beurre: enfant, cent; lien: vin: mon: brun.

HUITAINE, ûî-tên, s. f. eight days. A la huitaine, eight days hence, within eight days.
HUITIÈME, ûî-têm, adj. eighth. En hui-

Weme lien, eighthly.

HUITIEME, s. m. (huitième jour du mois) eighth, eighth day; (huitième partie) eighth part. La lettre est du huitième, the letter is dated the eighth. Il n'avoit qu'un luitième, the had but the eighth part. Payer le huiti-ème, to pay the eighth penny (duty on wine.) Huitième, s. f. sequence of eight cards (at

piquet.)
HUITIÈMEMENT, di-tiem-men, adv. cighth-

Hoître, ditr, s. f. oyster. Ecaille d'huître, oyster-shell.

HULOTTE, 4-13t, s. f. madge howlet (sort of large owt.)

HUMAIN, E, d-min, men, adj. human, belonging to man; humane, mild, kind, courteons, gentle, free, obliging. Genre humain, mankind. Les humains, men, mankind.

HUMAINEMENT, û-mên-mên, adv. human-ly; humanely, kindly, gently. Humainement parlint, humanly speaking. HUMANISÉ, E, adj. civilized, tamed, grown

gentle, etc.

HUMANISER, û-mâ-nî-zâ, v. a. to tame, civilize, make gentle, or civil or tractable. S'humaniser, v. r. to grow gentle, civil, tractable or sociable; civilize one's self.
HUMANISTE, û-mâ-nîst, s. m. humanist.
HUMANITÉ, û-mâ-nî-tâ, s. f. humanity,

human nature; humanity, courtesy, mildness, kindness, good nature, civility, friendli-Traiter quelqu'un avec humanité, to use one humanité, he is gone to be merry. Les humanités, human learning, liberal knowledge.

HUMBLE, unbl, adj. humble; modest, lowly, lowly-minded, submissive, respectful; low,

lowly, mean.

HUMBLEMENT, unbl-men, adv. humbly.

HUMECTANT, E, adj. moistening.

HUMECTATION, u-mek-ta-sion, s. f. hu-

mectation or moistening.

HUMECTER, û-mêl-lâ, v. a. to humect, humectate, moisten, wet.

'HUMER, hu-ma, v. a. to suck up: (l'air or

le vent) to suck in.

HUMEUR, û-mêur, s. f. humour, moisture; humour, temper, mood; fancy, whim or whimsey. Bonne humeur, belle humeur, good humour, merry pin or mood. Etre en humeur de faire, to be inclined or ready or willing to do; to be in a humour to do; to be disposed to be. Etre d'humeur à faire, to be (habitually or naturally) inclined to do.

HUMIDE, u-mid, adj. moist, wet, damp, humid.

HUMIDE, s. m. moisture. L'humide radical, the radical moisture

HUMIDEMENT, û-mîd-mên, adv. in a damp

Vons serez ici trop humidement, this place. is too damp a place for you to be in.
HUMIDITÉ, di-mi-di-di, s. f. inoistness,
dampoess, humidity, moisture.
HUMILIANT, E, d-mi-li-èn, ènt, adj. morf. moistness,

tifying, humbling.
IUMILIATION, d-mi-li-a-sion, s. f. humbling or humiliation. Etre dans l'humiliation, to be in a state of humiliation, be humbled.

Humilien, å-mî-lî-à, v. a. to humble, east down, depress, abase, bring low, mortify. S'humilier, v. r. to humble or abase one's self. Humility, å-mî-lî-tà, s. f. humility, low-

liness; submission, respect. Avoir beaucoup

d'humilité, to be very humble. HUMORAL, E, å-mô-rål, adj. humoral. HUMORISTE, å-mô-rîst, adj. & s. humor-

'HUNE, hun, s. f. Mar. top. La hune d'ar-timon, the mizen-top. La hune de misaire, the fore-top. La grande lune, the main-top. 'Hune is also that piece of wood to which a bell is suspended.

'HUNIER, hu-nia, s. m. Mar. top-sail. Grand hunier, main-top sail. Petit hunier, fore-top sail. V. Perroquet.

HUPPE, håp, s. f. whoop, lapwing, puet; tuft, top or crest (on the head of some birds.)
HUPPE, E, hå-på, adj. tufted, crested,

copped; topping; cunning.
HURE, hur, s. f. head (of a wild boar or of a bear or wolf, etr. and of a great pike; (d'un saumon) jole; (tête mal peignée) clotted, matted hair, nasty head of hair.

'HURHAUT, gee-ho (term of car-men.)

*'HURLADE, s. f. great howling or crying out:

'HURLEMENT, harl-men, s. m. howling; roaring.

' HURLER, hur-la, v. n. to howl or roar. HURLUBERLU; adv. inconsiderately, bluntly. HURTUBERLU, adj. & s. hair-brained, hairbrained fellow:

'HUSSARD, V. Houssard. 'HUTTE, hat, s. f. hut.

'HUTTER, (SE) sê-hû-tâ, v. r. to lodge in a hut, make a hut.

Hyacinthe, î-â-sint, s. f. hyacinth. Hyades,î-âd, s. f. pl. (in astronomy) hyades. Hydatide, s. f. hydatid.

HYDRAGOGUE, adj. & s. m. hydragogue, medicine for the discharge of watery humours. Hydrargyre, s. m. V. Mercure.

HYDRARGYRE, s. m. V. Mercure. HYDRAULIQUE, î-drô-lîk, adj. hydraulick.

Machine hydraulique, water engine. HYDRAULIQUE, s. f. hydraulick. HYDRE, Idre, s. f. hydra; water-serpent. HYDROCELE, I-drô-sêl, s. f. hydrocele, wa-

tery rupture HYDROCEPHALE, s. f. hydrocephalus, dropsy in the head.

Hydrogene, s. m. hydrogen.

HYDROGRAPHE, i-dro-graf, s. m. hydro-

grapher.

HYDROGRAPHIE, 1-drd-gra-fl, s. f. hydrography, description of the watery parts of the terraqueous globe.

Hydrographique, I-drd-gra-fik, adj.

hydrographical.

HYDROMANCIE, s. f. hydromancy, divination by water.

HYDROMEL, î-dro-mêl, s. m. hydromel, mead or metheglin.

HYDROPHOBE, s. m. & f. one who dreads water or any liquid.

Hydrophobie, s. f. hydrophobia.

HYDROPHTHALMIE, s. f. hydrophthalmia, dropsy in the eye.

HYDROPIPER, s. m. water pepper. HYDROPIQUE, i-dro-pik, adj. & s. hydropick, dropsical, that has the dropsy, dropsical person

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

HYDROPISIE, î-drô-pî-zl, s. f. dropsy. HYDROPOTE, s. m. & f. hydropotist, drinker of water.

HYDROSTATIQUE, s. f. hydrosiaticks. HYDROTIQUE, adj. & s. hydrotick.

HYGROMÈTRE or HYGROSCOPE, î-grômêtr, î-grôs-kôp, s.m. hygrometer, hygroscope. Hymen or Hymener, î-mên, î-mâ-uâ, s.

m. Hymen or Hymenæus; marriage, wedlock, matrimony, hymen.

HYMNE, imn, s. m. & f. hymn, spiritual song.

HYPALLAGE, s. f. hypallage.

HYPERBOLE, I-per-bol, s. f. hyperbole. HYPERBOLIQUE, I-per-bo-l.k, adj. hyperbolical.

Hyperboliquement, 1-per-bo-lik-men,

adv. hyperbolically.

Hyperborée, 1-per-bo-rà, or Hyperbo-

RÉEN, NE, adj. hyperborean.

HEPERCRITIQUE, î-pêr-krî-tîk, s. m. hypercritick, mighty critick.
HYPERDULIE, s.f. worship of the holy virgin.

HYPNOTIQUE, adj. hypnotick.

HYPOBOLE, s. f. hypobole.

HYPOCAUSTE, s. in. stove. HYPOCHIME, s. m. HYPOCHISE, s. f. hy-

poehyma, hypochyses. HYPOCONDRE, î-pô-kondr, s. m. hypo-

Hypocondre or Hypocondria que, î-pôkon-drl-åk, adj. & s. hypochondriack, troubled with the spleen or melancholy, hippish, splenetic, peevish, half mad or distracted.

Hypocras,s.m. hypocras, medicated wine, Hypocrasie, î-pô-krî-zl, s. f. hypocrisy. Hypocrate, î-pô-krît, s. m. & f. hypocrite, dissembler, counterfeit, religious cheat.

HYPOCRITE, adj. hypocritical, counterfeit. Il est extrêmement hypocrite, he is a great hypocrite.

HYPOGASTRE, s. m. hypogastrium, lower

part of the belly.

Hypogastrique, adj. hypogastrick.

HYPOGÉE, s. m. hypogeum. HYPOGLOTTIDE, s. f. hypoglottis. HYPOSTASE, î-pôs-taz, s. f. hypostasis, personality or personal substance; sediment (in urine.)

Hypostatique, î-pôs-tâ-tîk, adj. hypostatical.

Hypostatiquement, 1-pos-ta-tik-men, adv. hypostatically.

HYPOTHÉNUSE, s. f. hypotenuse or hypotenusal line.

Hypothécaire, î-pô-tâ-ker, adj. belonging to a mortgage. Hypothécairement, 1-pô-tà-ker-men,

adv. by an action of mortgage.

Hyrothèque, 1-pô-têk, s. f. mortgage.

Hyrothèque, 1-pô-têk, s. f. mortgage.

Gelui qua hynothèque, the mortgage.

Celui à qua l'on hypothèque, the mortgager. gager.

gagee. Hypothèse, î-pô-têz, s. f. hypothesis, sup-

Hypothétique, î-pô-ta-tik, adj. hypothetical, conditional.

HYPOTHÉTIQUEMENT, î-pô-ta-tîk-mên, adv. hypothetically.

HYPOTYPOSE, 1-pô-tî-pôz, s. f. hypotyposis. HYSOPE, 1-zdp, s. f. hyssop.

Hystérique, îs-tê-rîk, adj. hysterical. Passions or affections hystériques, hystericks.

I, î, s. m. ninth letter of the French alphabet

IACHT, V. Yacht.
IACHT, V. Yacht.
IAMBE. 1-ènb, adj. & s. m. Iambick.
IEIS, 1-bîs, s. m. kind of stock.

*Icelui, îs lâî, pr. m. he, him. *Icelle, î-sêl, pr. f. she, her. Ichneumon, îk-ucu-mon, s. m. ichneumon. ICHNOGRAPHIE, îk-no-gra-fi, s. f. ichno-

graphy. ICHNOGRAPHIQUE, adj. of or belonging

to ichnography.

ICHOREU-X.SE, î-kô-reu, reuz, adj. ichorous. ICHTYOLITES, s. m. pl. petrified fishes. ICHTYOLOGIE, ik-ti-o-lo-zi, s. f. ichthyo-

logy, natural history of fishes.

ICHTYOPHAGE, S. m. that lives upon fish. Ic1, î-sî, adv. here, hither, in this place; at this time. D'ici, hence, from this place. D'ici en avant, henceforward, henceforth. Qui est le mattre d'ici? who is master here? Je suis d'ici (je suis né d'ici) I was born here. this is my birth place. Je viens d'ici près, I was bred hard by. D'ici là, thither. Jusqu'ici, hitherto, to this place, to this time. Instead of cet homme ici, we usually say cet homme-ci. V. Ci.

Iconoclaste, 1-kô-nô-klast, s. m. icono clast, image breaker.

ICONOGRAPHIE, s. f. iconography.

ICONOGRAPHIQUE, adj. of or belonging to

iconography.

ICONOLATRE, s. m. name given by the iconoclasts to the catholicks whom they ac-

cused of worshipping images.
ICONOLOGIE, 1-kô-nô-lô-zi, s. f. iconology.
ICONOMAQUE, adj. that opposes the worship of images.

In the state of th J'en ai perdu l'idée, I have conceit, fancy.

forgot it, 'its quite out of my mind.

IDEM, î-dêm, (a Latin word) dîtto, the same.

IDENTIFIER, î-dên-tî-fî-û, v. a. to imply or comprehend two things under the same idea. IDENTIQUE, i-den-uk, adj. identical, the

same. IDENTIQUEMENT, i-den-tik-men, adv. iden-

tically. IDENTITÉ, î-dên-tî-tà, s. f. identity, same-

ness. IDÉOLOGIE, s. f. the science of ideas; also a

inetaphysical reverie.

IDES, id, s. f. pl. ides.

IDIOME, î-dîòm, s. m. idiom, dialect.
IDIOPATHIE, s. f. idiopathy; particular mclination for.

IDIOPATHIQUE, adj. Ex. Maladie idiopathique, idiopathy

IDIOT, E, 1-di-8, ot, adj. & s. m: & f. idiot, silly, simple, foolish, natural fool, ninuy, sim plcton.

IDIOTISME, î-dî-ò-tîsm, s. m. idiotism, peculiar phraseology of a language.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

*IDOINE, adj. fit (law term.) IDOLATRE, 1-do-latr, adj. idolatrous; ex-

tremely fond.

IDOLATRE, s. m. & f. idolater, worshipper of idols.

IDOLATRER, î-dô-là-trà, v. n. to worship idols. Idolâtrer, v. a. to idolize, be extreme-

ly fond of, dote upon.
IDOLATRIE, 1-dô-la-trl, s. f. idolatry, worshipping of idols, also extreme fondness, ado-

IDOLATRIQUE, adj. of or belonging to

idolatry. IDOLE, î-dôl, s. f. idol. Pourquoi vous tenez-vous-là comme une idole? what makes you

stand there like a statue or like a post? IDYLLE, 1-dil, s. m. & f. idyl.

IF, îf, s. m. yew, yew-tree.
IGNARE, I-gnar, adj. ignorant, illiterate.
IGNÉ, E, îg-na, adj. igneous, fiery. Les
météores ignés, the fiery meteors.

IGNICOLE, adj. an adorer of fire.
IGNITION, 1g-ul-slon, s. f. ignition.
IGNOBLE, 1-gnobl, adj. ignoble, base, vile.
IGNOBLEMENT, 1-gnobl-men, adv. ignobly,

ignominiously.

IGNOMINIE, 1-gno-mi-ni, s. f. ignominy, disgrace, dishonour, infamy, shame, reproach,

discredit. IGNOMINIEUSEMENT, Î-gno-mî-nî-euz-men.

adv. ignominiously, disgracefully, dishonour-

ably, shamefully. IGNOMINIEU-X, SE. Î-gnô-mî-nî-eu, euz, adj. ignominious, disgraceful, shameful, dis-

honourable, infamous IGNORAMMENT, Î-gnô-râ-mên, adv. igno-

rantly, unwittingly, by oversight.

IGNORANCE, I-gno-rens, s. f. ignorance, want of knowledge. Par ignorance, ignorantly, through ignorance. Prétendre cause d'ignorance, to plead or pretend ignorance. IGNORANT, E, î-gnô-ren, rent, adj. igno-

rant, illiterate, unlearned; that knows nothing

of, unacquainted with.

IGNORANT, E, s. m. & f. ignorant person, ignoramus. 'Un ignorant fieffé, a perfect dunce, a mere ignoramus.

dunce, a mere ignoranus.

*IGNORANTISSIME, adj. most ignorant.

IGNORER, I-gnô-rā, v. a. to be ignorant of, not to know, be unacquainted with, be a stranger to. Ne pas ignorer, to know, be acquainted with, etc.

IL, il, pronoun pers. he, it. See what has been said at Falloir; see also what is said at

the words Impersonnel and Reflecht.

I.E. II, s. f. island, isle. Les îles du vent, the windward islands. Les îles sous le vent, the leeward islands. Re de glace, bank of ice, island of ice. V. Iles.

ILÉON or ILÉUM, s. m. (in anatomy) ileum

ILES, s. m. pl. (in anatomy) ilia. ILIAQUE, î-lî-âk, adj. Iliac. Ex. La passion iliaque, the iliac passion, wind in the small guts.

ILION, s. m. (in anatomy) os ilium. *ILLEC, adv. there, in that place.

ILLÉGAL, E, îl-là-gål, adj. illegal. ILLÉGALITÉ, Îl-là-gå-lî-là, s. f. illegality. ILLÉGITIME, Îl-là-zî-lîm, adj. illegal, un-lawful; illegitimate, bastardly; unjust, unreasonable.

ILLÉGITIMEMENT, îl-là-zi-iim-mën, adv. illegally, unlawfully, against the law, unjust-

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ly, illegitimately. ILL ÉGITIMIT É, îl-là-zî-tî-mî-tà, s. f. unlaw-

fulness; illegitimacy

ILLIBERAL, E, adj. servile, mechanical. ILLICITE, îl-lî-sît, adj. illicit, unlawful, not allowed of, unwarrantable.

ILLICITEMENT, îl-lî-sît-mên, adv. unlawfully, illegally.

ILLIMITÉ, E, îl-lî-mî-tà, adj. unlimited, illimited, unbounded.

Illisible, adj. that cannot be read. Illuminati-f, ve, îl-lâ-mî-nâ-tîf, tlv, adj. illuminative.

ILLUMINATION, îl-lû-mî-na-sîon, s. f. illumination.

ILLUMINÉ, E, îl-lû-mî-na, adj. enlightened. illuminated. Avoir l'esprit extrêmement illuminé, to have a clear mind, be quick sighted.

ILLUMINÉ, E, s. m. & f. a fanatick. ILLUMINER, Îl-lâ-mî-na, v. a. to illuminate,

enlighten, give light to.

ILLUSION, il-lu-zion, s. f. illusion, fancy; fallacy, cheat.

ILLUSOIRE, îl-lû-zwar, adj. illusory, falla-

cious, deceitful. ILLUSOIREMENT, îl-lâ-zwar-mên, adv. de.

ceitfully, fraudulently ILLUSTRATION, Îl-lûs-trâ-sîon, s. f. illus-

tration, explanation. Illustration divine, divine illustration.

ILLUSTRE, adj. illustrious, emineut, noble, famous, noted, great, considerable.

ILLUSTRE, s. m. & f. an illustrious, or fa-

mous, or noted person. ILLUSTRER, Îl-lûs-trà, v. a. to illustrate or explain, to make famous or illustrious, adorn,

set off. ILLUSTRISSIME, îl-lûs-trî-sîm, adj. most il-

lustrious.

ILOT, î-lô, s. m. small island, islot, ait.

ILs, the plural of il, they.

INAGE, I-mäz, s. f. picture, image, representation, description; cut, print; resemblance, likeness; form, appearance.

IMAGER, E, I-mä-zå, zèr, s. m. & f. imagemaker; also, print-seller. Boutique d'ima-

ger, print-shop.

IMAGINABLE, î-mă-zî-nable, adj. imaginable, that can be imagined.

IMAGINAIRE, î-mâ-zî-ner, adj. imaginary,

fantastical. IMAGINATI-F, VE, î-mâ-zî-nâ-tîf, tiv, adj. that has a good imagination, full of invention

or device.

IMAGINATIVE, s. f. fancy, imagination. IMAGINATION, 1-ma-21-na-slon, s. f. ima-gination; fancy, apprehension; invention; conceit or thought; belief, opinion; whim, crotchet.

IMAGINER, î-mã-zî-nā, v. a. to fancy, imagine, conceive; to imagine, devise, invent, contrive, or find ont. S'imaginer, v. r. to imagine, fancy, think, believe, conceive.

IMAN, s. m. priest among the Turks.

IMARET, s. m. hospital among the Turks. IMBÉCILE, in-bà-sîl, adj. fecble, weak, faint, crazy, decayed; also silly, simple.

IMBÉCILE, s. m. idiot, silly or simple man, ninny, simpleton, natural fool.

IMBÉCILEMENT, adv. with imbecility

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

IMBÉCILLITÉ, in-bå-sí-lî-tå, s. f. imbecili-

ty, weakness of mind.

IMBERBE, adj. beardless.

IMBIBER, in-bi-ba, v. a. to imbibe, soak, drink in, draw in, suck in. S'imbiber, v. r. to imbibe, soak.

IMBIBITION, s. f. the power of imbibing. *IMBRIAQUE, s. m. drunk, intoxicated, tipsy

IMBRICÉE, adj. a crooked or gutter-tile. IMBROGLIO or IMBROILLE, s. m. intricacy,

confusion. IMBU, E, in bû, bû, adj. imbued, instructed, possessed. Imbu de quelque opinion, imbued

or possessed with an opinion.

IMITABLE, i-mi-tabl, adj. imitable, to be

imitated or that can be imitated. IMITAT-EUR, RICE, î-mî-tâ-teur, trîs, s. m. & f. imitator, follower.

IMITATI-F, VF, adj. imitative.
IMITATION, I-ml-ta-sion, s. f. imitation. A Pimitation de, after the manner of.

IMITER, î-mî-tâ, v. a. to imitate, follow. IMMACULÉ, îm-mâ-kû-lâ, adj. immaculate, unspotted.

IMMANENT, E, adj. immanent, inherent.

IMMANGEABLE, adj. that cannot be eaten. IMMANQUABLE, îm-men-kabl, adj. infallible, that cannot fail, certain.

IMMANQUABLEMENT, îm-men-kâbl-men, adv. infallibly, without fail, certainly.

IMMARCESSIBLE, adj. immarcessible, ne-

ver fading IMMATERIALITÉ, s. f. immateriality. IMMATÉRIEL, LE, îm-mâ-tâ-rî-êl, adj. im-

material, without matter. IMMATRICULATION, s. f. matriculation, re-

IMMATRICULER, im-ma-tri-kū-lā, v. a. to

IMMATRICULER, im-ma-tri-kū-lā, v. a. to

matriculate or enter one's name. Se faire immatriculer, to get one's name entered.

IMMATURITÉ, s. f. immaturity, unripeness. IMMÉDIAT, E, îm-mã-dia, diat, adj. immediate.

Immédiatement, îm-mâ-diât-mên, adv. immediately, without any thing between. J'étois assis immédiatement après lui, I sat next to him.

IMMÉMORIAL, E. îm-mā-mò-rī-āl, adj. im-memorial, out of mind.

IMMENSE, im-mens, adj. immense, vast, prodigious, huge, exceedingly great.

IMMENSÉMENT, îm-mens-men, adv. immensely, excessively.

IMMENSITÉ, îm-men-sî-tâ, s. f. immensity, vastness.

IMMERSI-F, VE, îm-mêr-sîf, siv, adj. im-

Immersive (in chemistry.)

Immersion, im-mer-sion, s. f. immersion.

Immedbl.e, im-meubl, adj. & s. m. im-

moveable, immoveable goods, real estate.

IMMINENCE, s. f. imminence.

IMMINENT, E., îm-mî-nên, nênt, adj. imminent. Ex. Pêril imminent, imminent danger.

IMMISCER, (s') sîm-mî-sâ, v. r. to intermeddle or take upon one's self (law term.)

IMMISÉRICORDIEU-X, SE, adj. unmerciful. IMMIXTION, s. f. the act of intermeddling. Immobile, îm-mô-bîl, adj. unmoveable, immoveable, still.

IMMOBILIER, E, adj. immoveable, real.

IMMOBILITÉ. Îm-mô-bî-lî-tâ, s. f. immobili-

ty, unmoveableness.
*Immodération, s. f. immoderation, intemperance, excess.

IMMODÉRÉ, E, îm-mô-dâ-râ, adj. immoderate, intemperate, excessive, violent.

IMMODÉRÉMENT, îm-mô-dà-rà-mên, adv. immoderately, intemperately, excessively

IMMODESTE, îm-mô-dest, adj. immodest, wanton, impudent.

IMMODESTEMENT, îm-mô-dêst-mên, adv. immodestly, wantonly, impudently.

IMMODESTIE, îm-mô-dês-ti, s. f. immodes-

ty, wantonness, impudence.
IMMOLATION, îm-mô-lâ-sîon, s. f. immola-

tion, sacrificing.

Lymoler, îm-mô-là, v. a. to sacrifice. S'immoler à, to hazard one's life for, fall a sa-crifice to. S'immoler à la risée publique, to make one's self a laughing stock.

IMMONDE, îm-mond, adj. unclean, foul.

Esprit immonde, demon.

IMMONDICE, îm-mon-dîs, s. f. filth. dirt. Les immondices or excrémens des chiens, the dung or excrement of dogs.

Immoral, e, adj. immoral. Immoralité, s. f. immorality. Immortaliser, îm-mor-ta-li-za, v. a. to

immortalize, eternize or perpetuate.

IMMORTALITÉ, îm-môr-tâ-lî-tâ, s. f. im-mortality, everlastingness, eternity.

IMMORTEL, LE, îm-mor-tel, adj. immortal, everliving, everlasting, eternal.

IMMORTEL, (L') s. m. the eternal or immortal God, God, the Almighty. Les immortels, (in poetry) the immortal gods, the gods.

IMMORTELLE, îm-môr-têl, s. f. amarantlı. IMMORTIFICATION, s. f. said of one not subdued by sorrow and severities.

IMMORTIFIÉ, E, îm-môr-tî-fià, adj. unmortified.

IMMUABLE, îm-raŭ-abl, adj. immutable. unchangeable, unalterable, not subject to change, constant.

IMMUABLEMENT, îm-mû-âbl-mên, adv. immutably, unchangeably.

IMMUNITÉ, îm-må-nî-th, s. f. immunity,

privilege, exemption. IMMUTABILITÉ, îm-mû-tâ-bî-lî-tâ, s. f. im-

mutability, unchangeableness.

IMPAIR, in-pèr, adj. m. odd. Ex. Nombre impair, odd number as 5, 7, 9.

IMPALPABLE, in-pål-phbl, adj. impalpable,

not to be felt.

IMPANATION, in-pa-na-sion, s. f. impanation or being in the bread (said of J. C.

IMPANÉ, adj. in the bread. Ex. Les Luthériens croient que Jesus-Christ est impané, the Lutherans believe Christ to be in the bread.

IMPARDONNABLE, in-par-dô-nable, adj. unpardonable, not to be pardoned or for-

given. IMPARFAIT, E, in-par-fê, fêt, adj. imper-fect, unfinished, defective. lame.

IMPARIAITEMENT, in-par-fêt-mên, adv. imperfectly, lamely. Il nous en a fait terecit, mais assez imparfaitement, he gave us an imperfect or lame account of it.

IMPARTABLE, adj. that cannot be divided. IMPARTIAL, E, in-par-si-al, adj. impartial

IMPARTIALEMENT, adv. impartially. IMPARTIALITÉ, in-pår-sî-å-li-tå, s. f. im partiality.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

IMPASSE, s. m. & f. (word proposed by Voltaire) turn-again-alley, alley or lane without a thoroughfare.
IMPASSIBILITÉ, in-pâ-sî-bî-lî-tà, s. f. im-

passibility.

IMPASSIBLE, in-pa-sibl, adj. impassible, incapable of suffering.

IMPATIEMMENT, adv. impatiently, with

impatience, hardly.

IMPATIENCE, in-pa-siens, s. f. impatience, auxiety, unquietness; also hastiness, passiou. IMPATIENT, E, in-pa-sièn, sient, adj. im-

patient, that has no patience, unquiet; also hasty, passionate.

IMPATIENTER, in-på-sièn-tà, v. a. to tire the patience of. S'impatienter, v. r. to grow impatient; also to grow angry, fret, ÎMPATRONISER, (s') sin-pă-tro-nî-ză, v. r.

to take possession of or become master in (a

family;) get footing in (a place.)
IMPAYABLE, in-pe-yabl, adj. invaluable,

admirable.

IMPECCABILITÉ, in-pe-kà-bî-lî-tà, s. f. impeccability.

IMPECCABLE, in-pe-kabl, adj. impeccable,

that cannot sin, infallible. *Impécunieu-x, se, adj. moneyless, that

has no money. Impénétrabilité, in-på-nå-trå-bî-lî-tå,

s. f. impenetrability.
IMPÉNÉTRABLE, in-pà-nà-trabl, adj. impenetrable, not to be penetrated; also secret, close, not to be discovered.

IMPÉNÉTRABLEMENT, adv. impenetrably, after an impenetrable manner.

IMPÉNITENCE, in-pâ-nî-tens, s. f. impenitence or impenitency, hardness of heart

IMPÉNITENT, E, in-pa-nî-ten, tent, adj. & s. impenitent, hardened in sin.

IMPENSE, s. f. expense. IMPERATI-F, VE, in-pa-ra-tif, tiv, adj. imperative; imperious, authoritative.

IMPÉRATIF, s. m. (in grammar) imperative. V. Subjonctif.
IMPÉRATIVEMENT, in-på-rå-tiv-men, adv.

imperiously.

IMPÉRATOIRE, s. f. master-wort.

IMPÉRATRICE, in-på-rå-tris, s. f. empress. IMPERCEPTIBLE, in-per-sep-tibl, adj. imperceptible, unperceivable.

IMPERCEPTIBLEMENT, in-per-sep-tibl-

mea, adv. imperceptibly, insensibly.

*IMPERDABLE, in-per-dabl, adj. that canno' be lost.

IMPERFECTION, in-per-fek-sion, s. f. imperfection, defect. Imperfections, (with booksellers) imperfect book.

Impérial, E, in-pa-ri-al, adj. imperial, of or belonging to the empire or emperor. Les impériaux, s. m. the imperialists.

IMPÉRIALE, s. f. imperial lily or crown imperial; roof (of a carriage.) Mar. Impériale detenelet, roof of a boat's awning. Impériale des cuisines d'un bâtiment, roof of a ship's galley.

IMPÉRIEUSEMENT. in-pa-ri-èuz-mên, adv.

imperiously.

IMPÉRIEU-X, SE, in-pà-rl-èu, euz, adj. im-perious, magisterial, haughty, stately, surly. IMPÉRISSABLE, in-pà-rl-sabl, adj. impe-

IMPÉRITIE, in-pà-rî-si, s. f. ignorance, unskilfuluess.

IMPERMÉABLE, adj. that cannot be wet through.

IMPERSONNEL, in-per-so-nel, adj. m. Ex. Verbe impersonnel, verb impersonal. Impersonal verbs are so called not because they have no persons, but because they have only one, the third person singular. See the observa-tions on Faillir, Falloir, and Reflechi, and the 3d observation on De before an infinitive.

IMPERSONNELLEMENT, in-per-so-nel-men,

adv. impersonally.

IMPERTINEMMENT, in-per-ti-na-men, adv. impertinently, sillily, foolishly, nonsensically. IMPERTINENCE, in-per-ti-nens, s. f. imper-

tinence, silliness, extravagance, folly.

IMPERTINENT, E, in-per-ti-nen, nent, adj.

& s. impertinent, absurd, silly, foolish, nonsensical, impertinent or silly or foolish person.

IMPERTURBABILITÉ, in-per-tår-bå-bi-li-

tà, s. f. immobility, steadiness, immovcable-

IMPERTURBABLE, in-per-tur-babl, adj. unmoved, immoveable, unshaken. IMPERTURBABLEMENT, in-per-tur-babl-

men, adv. steadily, in an immoveable manner. IMPÉTRABLE, in-på-trabl, adj. impetrable,

obtainable.

IMPÉTRANT, E, in-på-trèn, trènt, s. m. &

f. grantee, patentee.
IMPÉTRATION, in-på-trå-slon, s. f. impetration, getting or obtaining (of something in a court of judicature.)

IMPÉTRER, in-på-trå, v. a. to impetrate, get or obtain.

IMPÉTUEUSEMENT, in-pa-tû-euz-mên, adv.

impetuously, violently, venemently, furiously. IMPETUEU-X, SE, in-pa-tu-eu, enz, adj. impetuous, violent, vehement, raging, boirterous, furious, rapid.
IMPÉTUOSITÉ, in-pà-tů-ô-zî-tà, s. f. impe-

tuousness, impetuosity, violence, vehemency, furiousness, fury, rapidity. Parler arec impétuosité, to speak eagerly or in a great heat.

IMPIE, in-pl, adj. & s. impious, ungodly, wicked, irreligious, atheistical, profane, im-

pious or ungodly person. Імріктк. in-pi-a-tà, s. f. impiety, ungodliness, wickedness, profaneness, irreligion; also impions or wicked or ungodly discourse, act or piece of ungodliness.

IMPITOYABLE, in-pl-twa-yabl, adj. unmerciful, pitiless, incompassionate, cruel, barba-

IMPITOYABLEMENT, in-pî-twâ-yabl-mên, adv. unmercifully, without mercy, cruelly, barbarously.

IMPLACABLE, in-pla-kabl, adj. implacable. inexorable.

IMPLEXE, adj. implex

IMPLICATION, in-pli-ka-sion, s. f. implication, entanglement, involution; contradiction.

IMPLICITE, in-pli-sit, adj. implicit.

IMPLICITEMENT, in-pli-sit-men, adv. implicitly.

IMPLIQUER, in-pli-ka, v. a. to engage, entangle, involve. Impliquer contradiction, to imply contradiction.

IMPLORER, in-plo-ra, v. a. to implore, beg,

IMPOLI, E, in-pô-lì, lì, adj. unpolite, unpolished, clownish.

IMPOLITESSE, in-pô-lî-tês, s. f. unpoliteness, clownishness, unmanucrliness, ill manners.

bar, bat, base: thère, èbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

IMPORTANCE, in-pôr-tèns, s. f. importance, consequence, moment, concernment, concern.

Un homme d'importance, a man of note, an
eminent man. Faire l'homme d'importance, to pretend to great matters, take state upon

one's self, carry it high.

IMPORTANT, E, in-pôr-tên, tênt, adj. important, material, main; of great consequence,

considerable.

IMPORTANT, E, s. m. & f. man or woman of consequence. Ex. Faire l'important, to be a busy body, pretend to great matters, take much upon one's self, be impertinent.

IMPORTATION, in-por-ta-sion, s. f. impor-

tation.

IMPORTER, in-por-tà, v. a. to import (merchandise.) Importer, v. n. to concern, import, matter or signify. Il importe pour la signify? Que lui importe-t-il? what's that it signify? Que lui importe-t-ut? what's that to him? N'importe, that's nothing, 'tis no matter.

IMPORTUN, E, in-por-tun, tun, adj. troublesome, grievous, sad; also importunate, im-Un demandeur importun, a dunpertinent.

ner.

IMPORTUN, E, s. m. & f. troublesome man

woman, impertinent person. Importuné, e, adj. troubled, importuned. Importunément, in-pôr-tů-nà-mên, adv. importunately, in a troublesome manner. me presse importunément de le payer, he duns me for his money.

IMPORTUNER, in-por-tu-na, v. a. to trouble, be troublesome, to importune, tease, vex. Importuner ses débiteurs, to dun one's debtors.

IMPORTUNITÉ, in-pôr-tů-nî-tå, s. f. impor-

tunity, trouble, dunning.
IMPOSABLE, in-pô-zabl, adj. liable to be

IMPOSANT, E, in-pô-zèn, zènt, adj. imposing, etc. (V. Imposer,) commanding, commanding respect, awful, important, solemn,

stern, brow-beating.
IMPOSER, in-pô-zà, v. a. to impose or lay on; (in printing) to impose; (un nom, le nom) to give. Imposer un crime à quelqu'un, to lay to give. Impose the true a question and or in a crime to pose, charge one with a crime. Imposer une taxe sur, to impose or lay a tax upon. Imposer quelqu'un à la taille, to make one liable to the land tax. En imposer, v. n. to impose, lie, romance. En imposer à quelqu'un, to impose, or put upon one, deceive or cheet one; also to abuse or brow-beat one; to impose, lay, enjoin, prescribe, bid.
IMPOSITION, in-pô-zî-sîon, s. f. imposition,

laying on; impost, duty or tax. L'imposition d'un nom, the giving of a name.

IMPOSSIBILITÉ, in-pô-sî-bî-lî-tâ, s. f. im-

IMPOSSIBLE, in-pô-sibl, adj. impossible. IMPOSSIBLE, s. m. impossibility. IMPOSTE, s. f. (in architecture) impost.

IMPOSTEUR, in-pos-teur, s. m. impostor, cheat, false pretender, calumniator, slanderer; also deceitful.

IMPOSTURE, in-posture, s. f. imposture, cheat, illusion; calumny, slander,

IMPÔT, in-pô, s. m. impost, imposition, tax, duty, eustom. Impôt sur chaque tête, poll-

money, poll-tax, capitation. Impôt s feu, chimney-money, hearth-money. Impôt sur chaque

IMPOTENT, E, in-pô-ten, tent, adj. impotent, infirm, maimed, lame.

IMPOURYU. Ex. A l'impourvu, unawares, on a sudden.

IMPRATICABLE, in-prå-ti-kabl, adj. impracticable, that cannot be used. Chemin impraticable, impassable way or road. Maison impraticable, house that nobody can live in. Un homme impraticable, an unsociable or unconversable man.

IMPRÉCATION, in-prå-kå-sîon, s. f. imprecation, curse or cursing. Faire des imprécations contre quelqu'un, to imprecate or curse one.

IMPRÉGNATION, s. f. impregnation. IMPRÉGNER, (s') sin-prå-gnå, v. r. to im-

pregnate or imbibe.

IMPRENABLE, in-pre-nabl, adj. impregnable, not to be taken (said of batteries, etc.) IMPRESCRIPTIBILITÉ, s. f. imprescripti-

bility. IMPRESCRIPTIBLE, in-pres-krip-tibl, adj.

imprescriptible. IMPRESSION, in-pre-sion, s. f. impression;

stamp; printing; print; edition; character, opinion; influence, persuasion, suggestion.
*IMPRÉVOYANCE, s. f. improvidence, want

of forecast.

**IMPRÉVOYANT, E, adj. improvident.

IMPRÉVU, E, in-pra-vů, vů, adj. unforeseen, unexpected, unthought of, unlooked for.

IMPRIMÉ, E, adj. printed, imprinted, in print. IMPRIMÉ, in-pri-må, s. m. pamphlet.

IMPRIMER, in-pri-ma, v. a. to print, or imprint; to impress, stamp; to imprint, engrave; (de la terreur) to strike, strike with; (imprimer une toile) to prime a cloth or can-vass. Imprimer quelqu'un, to put one in print. Se fuire imprimer, to appear in print, set up for an author. Imprimer le mouvement à un corps, to give motion to a body, move it. Imprimer le cachet sur la cire, to set the seal to the wax.

IMPRIMERIE, in-prim-ri, s. f. printing, printing-house.

IMPRIMEUR, in-pri-meur, s. m. printer

press-man. IMPRIMURE, in-pri-mur, s. f. priming or

ground of a picture-cloth. IMPROBABLE, in-pro-babl, adj. improba-

ble, unlikely. IMPROBAT-EUR, RICE, s. m. & f. one who

disapproves. IMPROBATION, in-pro-ba-sion, s. f. impro

bation, disproying, dislike.
IMPROBITÉ, s. f. improbity.

IMPROMPTU, s. m. impromptu, extemporary production.

IMPROPRE, in-propr, adj. improper.

IMPROPREMENT, in-propr-men, adv. improperly. IMPROPRIÉTÉ, in-prô-prî-à-tà, s. f. impro-

priety.

IMPROUVÉ, E, adj. disapproved, disallowed, disliked.

ÎMPROUVER, in-proo-va, v. a. to disap prove, disallow, dislike, not to approve of IMPROVISAT-EUR, RICE, s. m. & f. one

who makes extemporary verses. IMPROVISER, v. n. to make extemporary

IMPROVISTE, in-pro-vist. Ex. A l'impro-

viste, unawares, on a sudden.

buse, but: jeune, meute, beurre: enfant, cent, lien: vin: mon: brun.

IMPRUDEMMENT, in-prå-då-men, adv. imprudently, unwisely, indiscreetly, foolishly,

unadvisedly, unwittingly.

IMPRUDENCE, in-prå-dens, s. f. imprudence, foolishness, indiscretion, unadvisedness; imprudence, ignorance, inadvertency, heedlessness.

IMPRUDENT, E, in-prd-den, dent, adj. & s. imprudent, unwise, foolish, indiscreet, inconsiderate, unadvised, improvident; fool, foolish person.

IMPUBÈRE, in-på-ber, adj. & s. not adult,

under the age of puberty IMPUDEMMENT, in-pu-da-men, adv. im-

pudently, saucily, malapertly.

IMPUDENCE, in-pd-dens, s. f. impudence,

sauciness, shamelessness, malapertness; impudent or saucy word or action.

IMPUDENT, E, in-pû-dên, dênt, adj. & s. impudent, saucy, shamcless, brazen-faced, malapert, bawdy, lewd, impudent person.

IMPUDEUR, S. f. want of modesty.

IMPUDICITÉ, in-på-di-sl-tå, s. f. lascivious-

ness, wantonness, unchasteness, lewdness, obscenity, immodesty.

IMPUDIQUE, in-på-dik, adj. & s. lascivious, wanton, unchaste, immodest, lewd, dissolute, loose, impure, obscene; lewd or lascivious person.

IMPUDIQUEMENT, in-på-dik-men, adv. lasciviously, wantonly, unchastely, obscenely,

lewdly, immodestly.

IMPUGNER, v. a. to impugn, or oppose. IMPUISSANCE, in-pul-sens, s. f. impotency, weakness, inability. Il est dans l'impuissance de payer, he is unable to pay

IMPUISSANT, E, in-půî-sen, sent, adj. im-

potent, weak, unable, vain, fruitless IMPULSI-F, VE, in-pul-sif, slv, adj. impul-

sive, driving, or thrusting forward. IMPULSION, in-pul-sion, s. f. impulsion, driving or thrusting forward, impulse, per-

suasion, instigation. IMPUNÉMENT, in-pů-nà-měn, adv. with impunity, without punishment, unpunished; also to no purpose, without fearing the consequences. Fera-t-il toujoure ces désordres impunément? shall he cause these troubles, and

always go unpunished? IMPUNI, E, in-på-ni, nl, adj. unpunished,

free from punishment. IMPUNITÉ, in-pů-nî-tå, s. f. impunity, in-

dulgence, pardon.

IMPUR, E, in-pur, pur, adj. impure, foul, filthy: lewd, obscene, immodest.

IMPUREMENT, in-pur-men, adv. impurely,

uncleanly, filthily.

IMPURETÉ, in-pur-tà, s. f. impurity, filthiness; impurity, obscenity, lewdness, lasciviousness, uncleanness.

IMPUTATION, in-pu-ta-sion, s. f. imputation, charge; (in law) deduction, compensa-

tion; (in theology) imputation.

IMPUTER, in-pu-ta, v. a. to impute, lay upon, charge with, lay to one's charge. Imputer à bien or à mérite, to ascribe or attri-bute the merit to one, to commend one for a thing. Imputer les usures au principal, to de-duct the usuries from the principal. Elle est grosse, et vous impute le fait, she is with child, and fathers it upon you.

In, a Latin preposition that enters into the composition of words, sometimes in a negative sense, as in *Inaction*, and sometimes in the sense of within, as in *Incorporer*. Before B, M, P, it is changed into Im, before L into Il. and before R into Ir.

INABORDABLE, Î-nâ-bor-dabl, adj. inac-

cessible, not to be come at.

INACCESSIBLE, î-nak-sê-sîbl, adj. inaccessible, unapproachable.

INACCOMMODABLE, î-nâ-kô-mô-dabl, adj. that cannot be made up.

INACCORDABLE, adj. that cannot be tuned, agreed, etc.

INACCOSTABLE, î-nâ-kôs-tabl, adj. unsociable, that will admit of no company

INACCOUTUMÉ, E. 1-na-kôo-tô-ma. unaccustomed, unusual, uncommon.

INACTI-F, VE, adj. inactive. INACTION, 1-nak-slon, s. f. inaction. INACTIVITÉ, s. f. inactivity

INADMISSIBLE, î-nâd-mî-sîbl, adj. inadmissible.

INADVERTANCE, î-nâd-vêr-têns, s. f. inad vertence, or inadvertency, oversight, heed lessness.

INALIÉNABILITÉ, s. f. state of a thing that

cannot be alienated. INALIÉNABLE, 1-nà-11-à-nabl, adj. unalienable.

INALLIABLE, î-nâ-lî-abl, adj. that cannot be allayed or mixed (said of metals.)

INALTÉRABLE, î-nal-ta-rabl, adj. unaltera-

INAMISSIBILITÉ, s. f. inadmissibility. INAMISSIBLE, î-na-mî-sîbl, adj. inadmissible. INAMOVIBILITÉ, s. f. unremoveableness. INAMOVIBLE, adj. unremoveable.

INANIMÉ, E, adj. inanimate, without life or soul.

INANITION, 1-na-nl-slon, s. f. inanition. INAPERCU, E, adj. that is not perceived.

INAPPLICABLE, adj. that cannot be applied. INAPPLICATION, I-na-pli-ka-slon, s. f. inapplication, heedlessness

INAPPLIQUÉ, E, î-nâ-plî-kâ, adj. unmindful, careless, heedless, inattentive

INAPPRÉCIABLE, adj. invaluable. INAPTITUDE, î-nîp-tî-tûd, s. f. unîtness. INARTICULÉ, E. Î-nâr-tî-bă-tâ, adj. inarti-

INATTAQUABLE, I-na-ta-kabl, adj. that cannot be attacked.

INATTENDU, E, î-nâ-tên-dû, dù, adj. uncxpected.

INATTENTI-F, VE, î-nâ-tên-tîf, tlv, adj. in-

INATTENTION, î-nâ-ten-sîon, s. f. inattention, heedlessness.

INAUGURAL, E, adj. of or relating to inauguration.

INAUGURATION, I-nd-gu-ra-sion, s. f. inau-

guration. INAUGURER, î-nô-gů-rå, v. a. to initiate,

inaugurate. INCAGUER, v. a. to dare, defy, challenge.

INCANDESCENCE, s. f. whiteness produced by heat.

INCANDESCENT, E, adj. whitened by heat. INCANTATION, s. f. incantation, charm, spell. INCAPABLE, in-ka-pabl, adj. incapable, unfit, not able, not capable.

INCAPACITÉ, in-ka-pa-si-ta, s. f. incapao-

inability, disability. INCARCÉRATION, s. f. incorceration.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, tig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good,

INCARCÉRER, v. a. to incarcerate, imprison. Incarnadin, E, in-kår-nå-din, din, adj.

& s. faint carnation, of a faint carnation colour. INCARNAT, s. m. carnation, flesh colour. Un teint mêlé de blunc et d'incarnat, a face coloured with white and red.

INCARNAT, E, in-kår-nå, nåt, adj. of the

carnation or flesh colour.

INCARNATI-F, VE, adj. incarnative. INCARNATION, in-kår-nå-slon, s. f. incar-

nation or assuming of flesh.
INCARNE, E., in-kar-na, adj. incarnate, made flesh. Un diable incarné, a devil incarnate, a devil in the shape of a man, a devilish man. S'incarner, sin-kar-na, v. r. to take flesh,

assume the human nature

INCARTADE, in-kår-tåd, s. f. inconsiderate quarrel or insult; also foolish or silly action. INCENDIAIRE, in-sen-dier, s. m. incendi-

INCENDIE, in-sch-di, s. f. great fire, conflagration or burning of houses, combustion, trouble in a state, civil war, broils,

Incendier, in-sen-dî-â, v. a. to burn, burn down, destroy by fire.

INCÉRATION, s. f. inceration.

Incertain, ne, in-ser-tin, ten, adj. uncertain, doubtful; inconstant, changeable; irresolute, wavering, in suspense; undeter-mined, indefinite, Cheval incertain, restiff horse.

INCERTAIN, s. m. uncertainty.

INCERTAINEMENT, in-ser-ten-men, adv.

uncertainly, doubtfully

INCERTITUDE, in-ser-ti-tod, s. f. uncertainty, doubtfulness; quandary, wavering condition, suspense; perplexity, loss.

Incessamment, in-se-sa-men, adv. continually, incessantly, without intermission; presently, forthwith, out of hand, immediately.

INCESSIBLE, adj. (law term) that cannot be given up or yielded, unalienable.

INCESTE, in-sest, s. m. incest, INCESTUEUSEMENT, in-sestueuz-mên, adv. incestuously, in an incestuous manner. INCESTUEU-X, SE, in-ses-tu-eu, euz, adj. incestuous.

INCHOATI-F, VE, adj. uncharitable.
INCHOATI-F, VE, adj. inchoative.
INCIDEMMENT, in-sl-da-man, adv. incidently, or incidentally, occasionally,

INCIDENCE, in-sl-dens, s. f. incidency, in-

cidence.

INCIDENT, s. m. incident, accident, adventure, event; incident, new difficulty which perplexes a cause, Faire naitre des incidens dans un procès, to split a cause.

INCIDENT, E, in-sî-den, dent, adj. incident,

accessary.

INCIDENTAIRE, s. m. caviller or one who introduces incidents,

INCIDENTER, in-sî-den-da, v. n. to intro-

duce incidents.

INCINÉRATION, in-sl-na-ra-slou, s. f. ineineration, reducing to ashes.

INCIRCONCIS, E, in-sir-kon-si, siz, adj. & s.

INCIRCONCISION, s. f. uncircumcised.

INCIRCONCISION, s. f. uncircumcision.

INCISER, in-sl-zà, v, a, to cut, make an incision in; io-separate (said of food in the stomach.)

INCISER, vE, in-sl-zlf, zlv, adj. incisive, cutting

Deuts incisives, the fore teeth or

cutters

Incision, in-si-zion, s.f. incision or cutting. INCISOIRE, adj. incisory, incisive. Ex. tooth, a butter tooth

INCITATION, in-sî-tâ-sîon, s. f. incitation, enticement, motion, instigation, persuasion.

INCITER, in-si-ta, v. a. to incite, entice, encourage, set or spur on, persuade, stir up, move or induce.

INCIVIL, E, in-si-vil, adj. uncivil, clownish, rude, ill bred, unmannerly. Demande incivile, unreasonable demand.

INCIVIL, E, s. m. & f. uncivil (ill bred, rude, clownish) or unmannerly person.

INCIVILEMENT, in-sî-vîl-mên, adj. unci-

villy, clownishly, rudely, unmannerly.

Incivilisé, E, adj. one who is not civilized. Incivilité, in-si-vi-li-ta, s. f. incivility, clownishness, rudeness, unmannerliness; piece of rudeness or incivility.

INCIVISME, s. m. incivism, disaffection to the welfare of the country.

INCIVIQUE, adj. inimical to the country. INCLÉMENCE, in-kla-mens, s. f. inclemency, sharpness, Inclément, adj. inclement; stern, severe,

rigorous.

Inclination, in-kli-ne-zon, s. f. (in geo-metry) inclination. Inclination de l'aiguille aimantée, Mar. dip of the magnetic needle.

INCLINANT, E, adj. inclining, inclined. INCLINATION, in-kli-na-slon, s. f. inclination; bowing or bending downwards; proneness, disposition; affection, love; mistress, object of love. A vos inclinations, to your best affections. Verser par inclination, to pour gently.

INCLINER, in-klî-na, v. a. to bow or bow down, incline or bend. S'incliner devant une personne, to bow down to one. Incliner, v. n. to incline or bend to, lean, have a propension.
INCLUS, E, in-klu, kluz, adj. inclosed.

INCLUSE, s. f. inclosed or inclosed letter.

*Inclusi-f, ve, adj. inclusive. Inclusivement, in-klå-slv-men, adv. in-

clusively. INCORREIBLE, adj. that is not coercible.
INCOGNITO, in-ko-gni-to, adv. incognito,

incog. Incognito, s. in. Ex. Garder l'incognito,

to remain or keep incog.
INCOHÉRENCE, s. f. incoherence,

INCOHÉRENT, adj. incoherent.

INCOMBUSTIBILITÉ, s. f. incombustibility. Incombustible, in-kon-bus-tibl, adj. in-combustible, not to be burnt.

INCOMMENSURABILITÉ, s. f. incommensurability.

Incommensurable, in-kô-men-sû-rabl. adj. incommensurable, not to be measured with one common measure (in mathematicks.)

INCOMMODANT, E, adj. troublesome, incommodious.

INCOMMODE, in-kô-môd, adj. troublesome, inconvenient, burdensome, incommodious, uneasy, grievous, impertinent.

INCOMMODE, s. m. & f. troublesome or impertinent person,

Incommodé, E, in-kô-mô-da, adj. troubled. disturbed, etc. sick; out of order, indisposed, troubled with some disorder or other; low, poor, hard put to it, in want, at a pinch. Ratiment incommodé, Mar. disabled ship. buse, bût : jeune, moute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

INCOMMODÉMENT, adv. inconveniently, in-

commodiously, uneasily.

INCOMMODER, v. a. to trouble, hinder, disturb; to incommode, trouble, be troublesome to, tire, fatigue, to injure, annoy, hurt, do harm to; to make poor, put to hard shifts, reduce to straits. Ce soulier m'incommode, this shoe

pinches me. INCOMMODITÉ, s. f. inconvenience, incommodity; poverty, strait, pinch, want; ailment, indisposition. Mar. distress. Faire le signal d'incommodité, to make the signal of distress. Le serre-file a fait signal d'incommodité, the rear ship in the line has made the signal of distress.

INCOMMUNICABLE, in-kô-mû-nî-kabî, adj. incommunicable, not to be communicated.

INCOMMUTABILITÉ, in-kô-mů-tà-bì-lì-tà,

s. f. quality of being incommutable.
INCOMMUTABLE, in-kö-må-tabl, adj. in-

commutable.

INCOMMUTABLEMENT, in-kô-mû-tâbl-mên, adv. incommutably, so as to have a legal title.

INCOMPARABLE, in-kon-på-rabl, adj. in-comparable, not to be compared, matchless, peerless.

INCOMPARABLEMENT, in-kon-på-råbl-men, adv. incomparably, without comparison.

INCOMPATIBILITÉ, in-kon-pa-ti-bi-li-ta, s. f. incompatibility, antipathy, inconsistency. INCOMPATIBLE, in-kon-pa-tib!, adv. incompatible.

Incompétemment, in-kon-på-tå-men, adv.

incompetently.

INCOMPÉTENCE, in-kon-pa-tens, s. f. in-

competency. Incompétent, e, in-kon-på-tên, tènt, adj. incompetent.

INCOMPLET, E, in-kon-ple, plet, adj. incomplete, imperfect.

INCOMPLEXE, adj. that is not complex,

INCOMPRÉHENSIBILITÉ, in-kon-prå-en-sî-

bl-ll-tå, s. f. incomprehensibility. Incomprénensible, in-kon-prå-en-sibl,

adj. incomprehensible, that cannot be comprehended or conceived, inconceivable. C'est un homme incomprehensible, he is a strange man. INCOMPRESSIBLE, adj. incompressible.

INCONCEVABLE, in-kons-vabl, adj. inconceivable, not to be imagined or conceived, incomprehensible.

INCONCEVABLEMENT, adv. inconceivably. INCONCILIABLE, in-kon-si-li-abl, adj. that cannot agree, irreconcilable.

INCONDUITE, in-kon-duit, s. f. want of con-

Incongru, E, in-kon-gru, gru, adj. incongruous; apt to trespass against the rules of decorum.

Incongrument, in-kon-gru-men, adv. in-

congruously. Incongruité, in-kon-gru-î-ta, s. f. incongruity of speech, impropriety; incongruity,

indecency, unsuitableness, unseemliness, irregularity, offence against decorum.

INCONNU, E, in-kô-nô, nù, adj. unknown, obscure, of no reputation; also unusual, to Il est which one is not used or accustomed. tout-à-fuit inconnu en ce pays, he is a perfect stranger in this country. Cette voile inconnue stranger in this country. Cette voile inconnue n'a son grand hurier qu'à mi-mât, Mar. that strange sail has a main-top-sail only half mast high.

Inconnu, s. m. unknown person.

Inconséquence, in-kon-så-kens, s. f. in-consequence, inconclusiveness, incongruity. inconsistency.

Inconséquent, E, in-kon-så-kan, kant.

adj. inconsequent, inconsistent, incongruous.

Inconsideration, in-kon-si-da-ra-sion,
s. f. inconsideration, imprudence, rashness, unadvisedness.

Inconsideré, E, in-kon-si-dà-rà, adj. in-considerate, rash, foolish, unadvised, unwise, indiscreet, imprudent.

Inconsidérément, in-kon-si-da-ra-mên, adv. inconsiderately, rashly, foolishly, indiscreetly, unadvisedly, imprudently.

Inconsolable, in-kon-so-labl, adj. incon-

solable, not to be comforted.

Inconsolablement, adv. inconsolably. Inconstamment, in-kons-ta-men, adv. inconstantly, lightly.

INCONSTANCE, in-kons-tens, s. f. inconstancy, fickleness, levity, changeableness, lightness; inconstancy, uncertainty, instability

INCONSTANT, E, in-kons-ten, tent, adj. inconstant, fickle, light, changeable; unstable, uncertain.

INCONSTITUTIONNEL, LE, adj. not constitutional.

Inconstitutionnellement, adv. against the constitution.

Incontestable, in-kon-tes-tabl, adj. indisputable, incontestable, undoubted, unquestionable, not to be questioned, most certain.

Incontestablement, in-kon-tes-tablement,

men, adv. undcubtedly, unquestionably, most certainly.

Incontesté, E, in-kon-tês-tå, adj. not con-

INCONTINEMMENT, adv. incontinently. INCONTINENCE, in-kon-il-nens, s. f. incontinence, incontinency, lnst, lustful affection.
INCONTINENT, E, in-kon-tl-nen, nent, adj.

incontinent, unchaste.

INCONTINENT, adv. presently, by and by,

immediately, straightway. Inconvénient, in-kon-vå-nî-èn, s. m. inconvenience, cross accident or disappointment,

Incorporalité, in-kôr-pô-râ-lî-tâ, s. f. incorporality.

Incorporation, in-kor-po-ra-slon, s. f. incorporation.

INCORPOREL, LE, in-kôr-pô-rêl, adj. incorporeal, bodiless, without a body.

INCORPORER, in-kor-po-ra, v. a. to incorporate; imbody, mix together; receive or admit into a society; to incorporate, annex or S'incorporer, v. r. to incorporate, get incorporated.

Incorrect, adj. that is not correct.

INCORRECTION, in-kô-rêk-slon, s. f. want of correction.

Incorrigibilité, in-kô-rî-gî-bî-lî-tà, s. f. incorrigibleness.

INCORRIGIBLE, in-kô-rî-zîbl, adj. incorri-

gible, that cannot be mended. Incorruptibilité, în-kô-rûp-tî-bî-lî-tâ, s. f. incorruptibility, integrity.

INCORRUPTIBLE, adj. incorruptible, not

subject to corruption, not to be bribed.

INCORRUPTION,s.f. that cannot grow rotten. INCRASSANT, E, adj. that incrassates or thickens the blood.

IND

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

INCRÉDIBILITÉ, in-krå-dî-bî-lî-tå, s. f. incredibility.

INCRÉDULE, in-krå-dål, adj. & s. incredulous, hard of belief, unfaithful, unbelieving,

incredulous person, unbeliever INCRÉDULITÉ, in-krå-dů-lî-tå, s. f. incre-

dulity, hardness of belief, unbelief.

Incréé, e, in-krå-å, adj. uncreated. Incrovable, in-krwå-yabl, adj. incredible, past all belief, not to be believed, vast, huge, excessive.

INCROYABLEMENT, adv. in an incredible

manner.

INCRUSTATION; ln-krus-ta-sion, s. f. incrustation.

INCRUSTER, in-krůs-tå, v. a. to incrustate,

line (with marble, jasper, etc.)
INCUBATION, S. f. incubation.
INCUBE, S. m. Incubus, night mare, devil that under a man's shape has carnal knowledge of a woman (a popular error.)
INCULPATION, in-kûl-pâ-sîon, s. f. laying
of a fault to one's charge.
INCULPER, in-kûl-pâ, v. a. to charge one

with a fault.

INCULQUER, in-kůl-kå, v. a. to inculcate, beat into one's head or brains.

INCULTE, in-kult, adj. uncultivated, un-

tilled, unmanured, waste; also coarse, homely, unpolished, wild.

INCULTURE, s.f. state of land not cultivated. INCURABILITÉ, in-ku-râ-bî-lî-ta, s. f. incurableness.

INCURABLE, in-ku-rabl, adj. incurable. INCURABLES, (LES) s. m. pl. hospital for people desperately sick.

INCURIE, in-ku-rl, s. f. want of care, negli-

INCURIOSITÉ, s. f. neglect of learning what

one is ignorant of. Incursion, in-kar-sion, s. f. incursion, inroad.

INDAGATEUR, s. m. indagator.

INDE, ind, s. f. India. Coq d'Inde, turkey, turkey-cock. Poule d'Inde, turkey-hen. Les Indes, Indies. Les Grandes Indes or les Indes orientales, the East Indies. Les Indes occi-dentales, the West Indies.

INDÉBROUILLABLE, adj. that cannot be

disentangled.

INDÉCEMMENT, in-da-sa-mên, adv. indecently, unhandsomely, unseemly, misbecomingly. INDECENCE, in-da-sens, s. f. indecency, in-

decorum, unbecomingness.

INDÉCENT, E, in-dà-sen, sent, adj. indecent, unhandsome, unbecoming or misbeco-

ming, unscemly, ugly.
INDECHIFFRABLE, in-da-shi-frabl, adj. that cannot be deciphered, not legible, obscure, intricate.

INDÉCIS, E, in-dà-sl, siz, adj. undecided, undetermined, irresolute, fluctuating.

INDÉCISION, s. f. indecision.

INDÉCLINABLE, in-då-kli-nabl, adj. indeclinable, that cannot be declined.

INDÉCROTTABLE, in-dà-krô-tabl, adj. un-polite, clownish, rude, unpolishable; also dark, obscure, inexplicable. Un animal indécrottable, an unpolished, clownish fellow.

Indéfectibilité, in-då-fék-ti-bî-lî-tå, s.

f. indefectibility.

INDÉFECTIBLE, in-dà fêk-tîbl, adj. indefectible.

INDÉFENDU, E, adj. defenceless, helpless. unprotected, undefended.

INDÉFINI. E, in-da-fî-nî, nl, adj. indefinite.

undetermined, unlimited, unbounded.
INDEFINIMENT, in-då-fî-nî-mên, adv. in-

definitely, undeterminately.

INDEFINISSABLE, in-da-fi-ni-sabl, adj.
not to be or that cannot be defined.

INDÉLÉBILE, in-da-la-bil, adj. indelible, that cannot be blotted out. INDÉLIBÉRÉ, E, in-då-lî-bå-rå, adj. inde-

liberate, sudden. INDEMNE, adj. that is indemnified.

INDEMNIFICATION, s. f. indemnification.

INDEMNISER, in-dem-nî-za, v. a. to save harmless, indemnify, make amends for.
INDEMNITÉ, in-dem-nî-ta, s. f. indemnity,

indemnification, saving harmless.

INDÉPENDAMMENT, in-dâ-pèn-dâ-mên, adv. independently, without any dependence or regard or relation. Vivre indépendamment, to depend upon nobody, be one's own

INDÉPENDANCE, in-dà-pèn-dèns. s. f. in-

dependence, liberty, full liberty.

INDÉPENDANT, E, in-da-pén-dèn, dènt, adj. independent, free, that has no dependence upon any one. Les indépendans (la secte des indépendans en Angleterre,) the independents or congregationalists.

INDEPENDANTISME, s. m. sect of the inde-

pendents.

INDESTRUCTIBILITÉ, in-des-trak-ti-bi-litå, s. f. indestructibility.
INDESTRUCTIBLE, in-des-truk-tibl, adj. in-

destructible. Indétermination, in-då-ter-mi-na-sion,

s. f. irresolution, uncertainty, suspense.
INDÉTERMINÉ, E, in-då-tér-mi-nå, adj. indetermined or indeterminate, indefinite, unlimited, undecided, uncertain, irresolute. INDETERMINEMENT, in-da-ter-mi-na-men,

adv. indeterminately, in general.

INDÉVOT, E, in-dà-vô, vôt, adj. indevout,

irreligious.

INDÉVOTEMENT, in-då-vot-men, adv. irreligiously, in an indevout manner. Indevoтion, in-då-vå-sion, s. f. indevo-

tion, irreligion.

INDEX, in-deks, s. m. index, table of a book; fore-finger.

INDICATEUR, s. & adj. one who shows, points out; sort of bird that discovers wild bees. Indicati-F, ve, in-di-ka-tif, tlv, adj. indi-

cative, showing. INDICATIF, s. m. indicative or indicative mood. V. Subjonctif.

INDICATION, in-dî-kâ-sîon, s. f. indication,

sign, symptom.

INDICE, in-dis, s. m. index, table of a book, sign, token, mark, probable evidence, notice. Ces goêmons sont de très-incertains indices de terre, these sea-weeds are very uncertain signs of land.

INDICIBLE, in-di-sibl, adj. unspeakable.

unexpressible, not to be expressed.

INDICTION, in-dik-sion, s. f. proclaiming or calling of a council; indiction, space of fifteen years.

INDICULE, s. m. that which shows, announces.

Indien, ne, in-diên, Liên, adj. & s. Indian Indienne, printed calico

base, bat ; jeune, meure, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : bruz.

INDIFFÉREMMENT, in-di-få-rå-men, adv. undifferently, coldly, carelessly, without caring much for it, without distinction. Vinre indifféremment or dans l'indifférence, to live un-

concerned or without concern.
INDIFFÉRENCE, in-dl-fà-rèns, s. f. indifference, carelessness, unconcernedness. V. In-

différemment.

Indifférent, E, in-di-fà-ren, rent, adj. & s. indifferent, indifferent man or woman. INDIGENCE, in-dî-zens, s. f. indigence, po-

verty, need, want, penury

Indigene, in-di-zen, adj. indigenous. INDIGENT, E, in-df-zen, zent, adj. & s. in-

digent, poor, needy, indigent person.

INDIGESTE, in-di-zest, adj. undigested, raw, hard to be digested, confused, disordered. Estomac indigeste, weak or bad stomach.
INDIGESTION, in-di-zcs-tion, s. f. indiges-

tion, surfeit.

Indignation, s. f. indignation, anger. INDIGNE, in-dign, adj. unworthy, ill, base, shameful.

Indigné, e, in-dî-guã, adj. very angry,

full of indignation. Indignement, in-dîgn-mên, adv. unwor-

thily, basely, shamefully. INDIGNER, in-dî-gna, v. a. to irritate, exasperate, provoke. S'indigner, v. r. to grow

angry, fret, fume or chafe.

Îndigniré, in-dî-guî-tå, s. f. unworthiness, indignity; heinousness, enormity, grievous-ness, baseness; unworthy usage, outrage. INDIGO, in-di-go, s. m. indigo. INDIGOTERIE, s. f. particular place where

INDIQUER, in-di-ka, v. a. to show, teach, direct to; to call, summon, appoint to meet.

INDIRECT, E, in-dî-rêkt, adj. indirect. INDIRECTEMENT, in-dî-rêkt-mên, adv. indirectly.

INDISCERNABLE, adj. indiscernible.

Indisciplinable, in-di-si-pli-nabl, adj. undisciplinable, unruly, untoward; that will not bear with good discipline, indocible. INDISCIPLINÉ, E, in-dî-sî-plî-na, adj. not

disciplined.

INDISCIPLINE, s. f. want of discipline.

INDISCRET, E, adj. & s. indiscreet, unwise, unthinking, rash, foolish, inconsiderate, unadvised, unguarded, indiscreet man or woman. INDISCRETEMENT, adv. indiscreetly, un-

advisedly, foolishly, inconsiderately, rashly, INDISCRETION, s. f. indiscretion, foolish-

ness, unadvisedness, piece of indiscretion, extravagance, folly.

INDISPENSABLE, adj. indispensable, not to be dispensed with, necessary

INDISPENSABLEMENT, adv. indispensably,

unavoidably, necessarily. INDISPONIBLE, adj. said of an estate that cannot be disposed of by will.

INDISPOSÉ, E, adj. indisposed, distempered, out of order; disaffected, estranged, alienated, averse, disinclined.

INDISPOSER, in-dis-pô-za, v. a. to disaffect, estrange, alienate.

Indisposition, in-dis-pô-zî-sîon, s. f. indisposition; illness, distemper; disinclination, averseness, disaffection, estrangement.

INDISPUTABLE, adj. indisputable, not to

be disputed.

INDISPUTABLEMENT, adv. indisputably.

Indissolubilité, in-di-sô-lù-bi- i-tà, s. t. indissolubility.

INDISSOLUBLE, in-df-so-labl, adj. indisso-

luble, not to be dissolved.

INDISSOLUBLEMENT. in-dî-sô-lûbl-mên. adv. indissolubly.

Indistinct, E, in-dis-tinkt, adj. indistinct,

confused, disorderly.

Indistinctement, in-dis-tinkt-men, adv. indistinctly, confusedly; indifferently, with-out any distinction. INDIVIDU, in-dî-vî-dû, s. m. individual, sin-

gular, or particular thing or person. Avoir soin de or conserver son individu, to take care of one's careass or of number one.

INDIVIDUEL, LE, in-di-vî-dû-êi, edj. indi-

vidual, inseparable, singular.

Individuellement, in-dî-vî-dû-êl-mên, adv. individually.

Indivis, E, in-df-vi, viz, adj. unparted, un-

separated, undivided. Par indivis, jointly, in coparceny.

INDIVISIBILITÉ, in-dî-vî-zî-bî-lî-tà, s. f. in-divisibility, indivisibleness.

Indivisible, in-di-vi-sibl, adj. indivisible,

not to be divided. Indivisiblement, in-dî-vî-sîbl-mên, adv.

indivisibly. INDOCILE, in-do-sil, adj. indocible or in-

docile, untoward. INDOCILITÉ, in-dô-sî-lî-tâ, s. f. indocility.

untowardness.

*Indocte, adj. unlearned, ignorant. INDOCTEMENT, adv. unlearnedly, ignorantly.

INDOLEMMENT, adv. indolently INDOLENCE, in-do-lens, s. f. indolence. in sensibility, indifference, carelessness, supine

ness INDOLENT, E, in-do-len, lent, adj. indolent,

insensible, careless, supine. INDOMPTABLE, in-dôm-tabl, adj. invincible, untameable, unruly, not to be tamed or curbed, ungovernable

INDOMPTÉ, E, in-dôm-tà, adv. not tamed, not curbed. V. Indomptable.
IN-DOUZE, in-dôoz, s. m. duodecimo or

twelves.

INDU, E, in-du, du, adj. undue, unlawful. Heure indue, undue or unseasonable hour. Se retirer à heure indue, to come home at undue hours or unseasonably, to keep bad or ill hours.

INDUBITABLE, in-dů-bî-tabl, adj. indubitable, not to be doubted, undoubted, unques-

tionable, not to be questioned, most certain. INDUBITABLEMENT, in-du-bi-tabl-men, adv. indubitably, undoubtedly, unquestionably, most certainly.

INDUCTION, in-duk-sion, s. f. induction, iducement, persuasion, enticing, drawing on; inference or conclusion, consequence.

INDUIRE, in-duir, v. a. (see the table at uire) to induce, lead, entice, persuade, draw

on; to infer or conclude, draw a consequence. INDUIT, E, adj. induced, led, persuaded, etc. V. Induire.

INDULGEMMENT, adv. indulgently, mildly,

tenderly, gently, kindly.
INDULGENCE, in-dal-zens, s. f. indulgence, toleration, gentleness, pardon, remission of

INDULGENT, E, in-dul-zen, zent, adj. indulgent, gentle, kind, mild, tender hearted,

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

INDULT, in-dult. s. m. indult (special grant from the pope for conferring benefices;) (ce que les intéressés payent au roi d' Espagne de tout l'argent d'Amerique qu'on reçoit à Cadix) indulto.

INDULTAIRE, in-dal-ter, s. in. one that has

obtained an indult.

INDUMENT, in-du-mên, adv. unduly, unlawfully.

INDUSTRIE, in-dus-trl, s. f. industry, ingenuity. User d'industrie, to use cunning. Vivre d'industrie, to live by or upon one's nuity.

wits. INDUSTRIEUSEMENT, in-dus-tri-euz-men,

adv. industriously, ingeniously.
INDUSTRIEU-X, SE, in-dus-tri-tu. euz, adj.

industrious, ingenious.

INEBRANLABLE, i-na-bren-labl, adj. unmoveable, unshaken, not to be shaken, steady, firm, resolute, constant.

INÉBRANLABLEMENT, î-nâ-brên-lâbl-mên,

adv. steadily, constantly, resolutely.
INEFFABILITÉ, Î-nê-fâ-bî-lî-tâ, s. f. ineffa-

bility, unspeakableness

INEFFABLE, î-nê-fabl, adj. ineffable, unspeakable, not to be expressed.

INEFFAÇABLE, î-nê-fâ-sabl, adj. indelible,

that cannot be blotted out

INEFFICACE, î-nê-fî-kâs, adj. inefficacious, ineffectual, vain, fruitless.

INEFFICACITÉ, î-nê-fî-kâ-sî-tâ, s. f. inefficaciousness; want of force or virtue or strength.

In EGAL. E. 1-na-gal, adj. unequal, uneven. Le vent est inégal, Mar. the wind comes in

ouffs. INEGALEMENT, Î-nâ-gâl-mên, adv. unequally, în an unequal manner. V. Egalement. INÉGALITÉ, î-nà-gà-lî-tà, s. f. inequality, unevenness. V. Egalité.

Inélégamment, adv. without elegance. Inélégance, s. f. want of elegance.

INÉLÉGANT, E, adj. one who has no elegance. INELIGIELE, î-na-lî-zîbl, adj. not eligible. INÉNARRABLE, î-na-na-rabl, adj. unspeak-

able, inexpressible, not to be expressed, described or related.

INEPTE, i-nept, adj. inept, unapt, unfit, foolish, simple, silly, nonsensical, impertinent. INEPTIE, 1-nep-sl, s. f. folly, silliness, fool-

ery, impertinence. Inépuisable, î-nâ-půî-zabl, adj. inex-

haustible, unexhausted, not to be exhausted. INERTE, adj. inert, dull, sluggish. INERTIE, s. f. dolness, sluggishness.

INERUPIT adj. without learning or erudition. INESPERÉ, E, I-nes-pa-ra, adj. unexpected, unhoped or unlooked for.

INESPÉRÉMENT, î-nês-pâ-râ-mên, adv.unexpectedly, beyond all hope, beyond all ex-

pectation. INESTIMABLE, I-nes-ti-mabl, adj.inestima-

ble, of an infinite value.

INÉTENDU, E, adj. unextended. INÉVIDENT, E, adj. not clear. not evident. INÉVITABLE, i-nà-vi-tabl, adj. inevitable, unavoidable, not to be avoided or shunned.

INÉVITABLEMENT, Î-na-vî-tabl-mên, adv. inevitably, unavoidably

INEXACT, E, î-nêg-zâkt, adj. inaccurate; not exact, careless, negligent.

INEXACTITUDE, i-neg-zak-ti-tod, s.f. carelessness, negligence, inaccuracy.

INEXCUSABLE, î-neks-kû-sabl, adj. inexcusable, not to be excused, unpardonable.

INEXECUTABLE, adj. that cannot be executed. INEXECUTION, i-nég-zà-kū-sion, s. f. non-performance, want of performance. INEXERCÉ, E, adj. that is not exercised.

INEXORABLE, I-neg-zô-rabl, adj. inexorable, inflexible.

INEXORABLEMENT. I-neg-ző-rabl-men,

adv. inexerably, inflexibly. INEXPÉRIENCE, î-nêks-pa-rî-ens, s. f. in-

experience, want of experience. INEXPÉRIMENTÉ, E, î-nêks-pâ-rî-men-tâ, adj. inexperienced, raw.

INEXPIABLE, i-neks-pi-abl, adj. inexpiable, not to be expiated or atoned for.

INEXPLICABLE, î-nêks-plî-kabl, adj. inexplicable, that cannot be explained or unfolded. INEXPLICABLEMENT, adv. in a manner

not to be explained. INEXPRIMABLE, î-nêks-prî-mabl, adj. in-

expressible, not to be expressed.

INEXPUGNABLE, î-nêks-pûg-nabl, adj. inexpugnable, impregnable. INEXTINGUIBILITÉ, s. f. quality of being

inextinguishable. INEXTINGUIBLE, i-neks-tin-guibl, adi, in-

extinguisbable, unquenchable. INEXTRICABLE, i-neks-tri-kabl, adj. inex-

tricable. INFAILLIBILITÉ, În-fâ-lî-bî-lî-tâ, s. f. infallibility.

INFAILLIBLE, in-fa-libl, adj. infallible.

INFAILLIBLEMENT, in-fa-libl-men, adv. infallibly, certainly, without fail.
INFAISABLE, adj. unfeasible, not to be

done, impossible. INFAMANT, E, in-fa-men, ment, adj. infamous, disgraceful, ignominious.

INFAMATION, in-få-må-slon, s. f. mark of

INFAME, in-fam. adj. infamous, defamed, noted or branded with infamy; of no credit, lost to his reputation; base, disgraceful, unwor-

thy, shameful, villanous, sordid; nasty, filthy.
INFAME, s. m. & f. infamous man or woman, one noted with infamy.

INFAMIE, in-få-mi, s. f. infamy, disgrace, discredit, dishonour, shame, reproach, base or shameful or unworthy or villanous action, abusive language. Il lui a dit mille infamies, he has called him a thousand names.

INFANT, in-fen, s. m. infant (son of the king of Spain or Portugal.)

Infante, in-fent, s. f. infanta the king of Spain or Portugal.) infanta (daughter of

INFANTERIE, in-fent-ri, s. f. infantry, foot. INFANTICIDE, s. m. infanticide.

INFATIGABLE, in-få-ti-gabl, adj. indefatigable, unwearied, not to be wearied.

INFATIGABLEMENT, in-få-ti-gåbl-men, adv. indefatigably.

INFATUATION, in-fa-th-à-slon, s.f. infatuation, strong prejudice, conceited opinion, fondness.

INFATUÉ, E, adj. infatuated, intoxicated; prepossessed, fond, bewitched. INFATUER, in-fâ-tů-å, v. a. to infatuate,

intoxicate, prepossess, bewitch.

INFÉCOND, E, in-fà-kon, kond, adj. barren, unfertile, unfruitful, sterile.

INFÉCONDITÉ, in-fà-kon-dî-tà, s. f. infe-

cundity, barrenness, unfertileness, infertility. unfruitfulness, sterility.

base, but: jeune, mê ze beurre: enfant, cent, lien: vin: mon: brun.

INFECT, E, in-fekt, adj. tainted stinking, infectious, contagious

INFECTER, in-l'ek-tà, v. a. to infe i or taint; (les esprits) to infect, corrupt, taint, pois n. INFECTION, in-fek-slon, s. f. infection, con-

tagious stink or corruption, taint.
INFÉLICITÉ, s. f. infelicity, unhappiness, misery, calamity.

INFÉODATION, in-få-d-då-sion, s. f. enfe-

offing, enfeoffment.

INFEODE, E, adj. enfeoffed, settled in a fee. Rente inféodée, rent charge, rent with which land is charged for ever. Dimes inféodées, impropriations of tithes; s. m. impropriator. INFÉODER, in-få-å-då, v. a. to enfeoff. INFÉRER, in-få-rå, v. a. to infer, gather or

conclude. Que peut-on inférer de là? what

can be inferred from that?

Inférieur, e, in-fa-ri-èur, adj. & s. lower, nether, inferiour, of a lower degree or merit. INFÉRIEUREMENT, in-là-rì-cur-men, adv.

Infériorité, in-fà-rì-à-rì-tà, s. f., inferiority, lower degree.

INFERNAL, E, in-fer-nal, adj. hellish, infernal, devilish.

INFERTILE, in-fer-tit, adj. infertile, barren, unfruitful, sterile.

INFERTILITÉ, in-fer-ti-li-tà, s.f. infertility. oarrenness, unfruitfulness, sterility

INFESTER, in-fes-ta, v. a. to infest or trou-

ble; devastate by inroads.

INFIDÉLITÉ, in-fi-dà-li-tà, s. f. infidelity, unfaithfulness, disloyalty, treachery, piece of infidelity or unfaithfulness, treachery or trea-cherous act; also unbelief. Il lui a fait une grande infidélité, he has been very false or unfaithful to him.

INFIDÈLE, in-fî-dêl, adj. unfaithful, treacherous, faithless, false, disloyal, perfidious, unbelieving, that believes not. Memoire in-

fidèle, treacherous memory.

INFIDÈLE, s. m. & f. false or unfaithful man or woman; infidel, unbeliever.

INFIDÈLEMENT, in-fi-del-men, adv. unfaithfully, treacherously, falsely, perfidiously. INFIME, adj. last, lowest degree.

INFINI, E, in-fil-ni, nl, adj. infinite, bound-ess, unbounded, endless, innumerable. Avoir Les obligations infinies à quelqu'un, to be infinitely obliged to one.

INFINI, s. m. infinite being. A l'infini, in-

finitely, without end.

INFINIMENT, in-fl-ul-men, adv. infinitely, without end or measure, exceeding, ex-

Infinité, in-ff-nî-ta, s. f. infiniteness, infinity, endlessness; infinite or vast number,

Infinitif, in-fi-nt-tif, s. m. infinitive, inanitive mood. To In order to know when the infinitive is to be preceded by à, de, pour, see A, De, Pour; and in order to know when an infinitive is to come in without any prefix, ree the articles 3 and 4 of Obs. ix. on De.

INFIRMATI-F, VE, in-fir-ma-tif, dv, adj. conuding, invalidating, making void. INFIRME, in-firm, adj. & s. infirm, weak, erazy, feeble, sickly, faint, frail; infirm or sickly person.

INFIRMER, in-fir-ma, v. a. to weaken, ir-

peble m invalidate, annul, reveal.

INFIRMERIE, in-line r a f infirmary.

Infirmier, e, in-fir-mia, mier, s.m. & f. overseer of the infirmary (in a monastery.) - Infirmité, in-fir-mi-ta, s. f. infirmity,

weakness, sickliness, feebleness, frailty, defect, imperfection.

INFLAMMABILITÉ, s. f. inflammability INFLAMMABLE, in-flå-mabl, adj. inflammable, combustible.

INFLAMMATION, in-flà-mà-sìon, s. f. inflammation.

INFLAMMATOIRE, in-flà-mà-twar, adj. inflammatory,

INFLEXIBILITÉ, in-flèk-sî-bî-lî-ta, s. f. iu-

flexibility, unreleating spirit.
INFLEXIBLE, in-flek-sibl, adj. inflexible, inexorable, unreleating, stiff, not to be prevailed upon.

INFLEXIBLEMENT, in-flek-sibl-men, adv.

inflexibly, stiffly, obstinately, stubbornly.

INFLEXION, in-flêk-slon, s. f. inflexion, bending, turning, winding; (de la voix) mo dulation.

INFLICTI-F, VE, adj. inflictive.

INFLICTION, in-flik-sion, s. f. infliction. INFLIGER, in-fil-za, v. a. (une peine) to inflict or lay (a punishment) upon.

INFLUENCE, in-fld-ens, s. f. influence. INFLUENCER, v. a. to influence.

INFLUER, in-flû-à, v. a. & n. to influence, have an influence. La bonne ou mauvaise éducation influe sur toute la vie, a good or bad education has an influence upon the whole

INFORMATION, in-for-ma-sion, s. f. (law term) inquest, information

INFORME, in-form, adj. unformed, with-

out fashion, shapeless.

INFORMER, in-for-ma, v. a. to inform, animate; to inform, tell, acquaint, give informa-

Informer, v. n. to inform, inquire or examine into, make an inquest. S'informer d'une chose, v. r. to inquire about, or make an inquiry after a thing.

INFORTUNE, in-for-tun, s. f. misfortune. mischance, disaster, infelicity, adversity.

Infortuné, E, in-for-tu-na, adj. & s. unfortunate, unhappy, unlucky; unfortunate

INFRACTEUR, in-frak-teur, s. m. infringer, breaker, transgressor.

INFRACTION, in-frak-sion, s. f. infraction infringement, breach, violation.

INFRUCTUEUSEMENT, in-fråk-tå-euz-men, adv. unprofitably, in vain, to no purpose.

INFRUCTUEU-X, SE, in-fruk-tu-eu, euz, adj. unfruitful, barren; unfruitful, fruitless, unprofitable, vain.

INFUS, E, in-fu, fuz, adj. infused, inspired. INFUSER, in-få-zå, v. a. to infuse, or steep. INFUSIBLE, adj. not to be melted, infusible.

Infusion, in-fa-zion, s. f. infusion. Ingambe, in-ganb, adj. nimble, light. Ingenier, (s') sin-za-nia, v. r. to set one's mind about finding the means of succeeding in a business.

Ingénieur, in-zà-nî-èur, s. m. engineer. Ingénieur-constructeur, Mar. naval architect, ship-builder, builder.

INGENIEUSEMENT, adv. ingeniously, wit-

Ingénieu-x, se, in-zā-nī-èu, euz, adj. ingenious, witty, full of wit, industrious.

bar, bat, base; there, ebb, over; fleld, fig; robe, rob, lord; mood, good,

INGÉNU, E, in-za-na, nu, adj. ingenuous,

free, open, frank, sincere, plain.
INGÉNUITÉ, in-2a-nûl-ta, s. f. ingenuity or ingenuousness, frankness, freedom, plainness.

INGERER, (s') sin-za-ra, de, v. r. to meddle or intermeddle with, undertake, intrude into (other people's concerns,) be a busy body or an officious coxcomb, take upon one's self.

INGRAT, E. in-gra, grat, adj. & s. ungrateful or ingrate, unthankful, unmindful; ingrate, ungrateful person; ungrateful, unprofitable, unfruitful.

INGRATEMENT, adv. ungratefully, unthankfully.

INGRATITUDE, in-gra-ti-tud, s. f. ingratitude, ungratefulness, unthankfulness, piece of ingratitude, etc.

INGRÉDIENT, in-grà-dien, s. m. ingredient. INGUÉRISSABLE, in-ga-ri-sabl, adj. incu-

rable.

INGUINAL, E, adj. of or belonging to the

groin. INHABILE, I-na-bil, adj. (law term) inca-

pable, unable, unfit.

INHABILETÉ, S. f. want of ability. INHABILITÉ, î-na-bî-lî-tā, s. f. (law term) incapacity, inability.

INHABITABLE, î-na-bî-tabl, adj. uninhapitable, or that cannot be inhabited.

INHABITÉ. E, î-nâ-bî-tâ, adj. uninhabited. INHABITUDE, s. f. want of habitude, of custom.

Inhérence, î-nâ-rens, s. f. inherency. Inhérent, e, î-nâ-ren, rent, adj. inherent.

INHIBER, î-mî-ba, v. a. (law term) to inhibit, forbid, prohibit.

INHIBITION, î-nî-bî-sîon, s. f. inhibition,

prohibition, forbidding.
INHOSPITALIER, E, adj. inhospitable.
INHOSPITALIER, f. nos-pi-ta-li-ta, s. f. inhospitality.

INHUMAIN, E, î-nů-min, mên, adj. & s. inhuman, cruel, void of humanity, barbarous,

savage; cruel man or woman. INHUMAINEMENT, î-nd-mên-mên, adv. inhumanly, eruelly, barbarously, after an inhuman or cruel or barbarous manner.

INHUMANITÉ, î-nû-ma-nî-tâ, s. f. inhumanity, cruelty, barbarity; piece of eruelty or inhumanity.

INHUMATION, I-nd-ma-slos, s. f. inhuma tion, burying or putting into the ground, interment.

Inhumer, î-nd-mâ, v. a. to inhume, bury

Inimaginable, î-mî-mî-zî-nabî, adj. uzimaginable, incomprehensible, not to be ima-

INIMITABLE, î-nî-mî-tabl, adj. înimitable, incomparable, not to be imitated or paralleled. *INIMITABLEMENT, adv. inimitably.

INIMITIÉ, 1-nî-mî-tià, s. f. enmity, hatred,

grudge, aversion, antipathy ININTELLIGIBLE, î-nin-tê-lî-zîbl, adj. unintelligible, not to be understood.

*ININTELLIGIBLEMENT, adv. unintelligi-

INIQUE. 1-nik, adj. unjust, unrighteous, partial, wicked.

INIQUEMENT, I-nik-men, adv. unjustly, artially.

lniquité, î-nî-kî-tå, s. f. iniquity. injustice, unrighteousness, partiality, corruption, wick

INITIAL, E, î-nî-sîâl, adj. initial, that begins a word.

INITIATION, I-ni-sia-sion, s. f. initiation. INITIER, î-nî-sî-ă, v. a. to initiate, enter or

INJECTER, v. a. to inject.

INJECTION, in-jek-sion, s. f. injection.

INJONCTION, in-zonk-sion, s. f. injunction or command. Faire injunction de la part du

roi, to command in the king's name.

INJURE, in-zur, s. f. injury, wrong, outrage, offence, abuse, base or ill or abusive language, reproach ; (du temps, de la saison) inclemency.

INJURIER, in-zů-ri-à, v. a. to abuse, rail at, revile or vilify, offend, call names

Injurieusement, in-zû-rî-euz-mên, adv. injuriously, basely, outrageously, reproachfully.

INJURIEU-X, SE, m-zů-rì-èu, èuz, adi. injurious, outrageous, abusive, offensive, unjust. wrongful, hurtful.

INJUSTE, in-zůst, adj. unjust, wrongful, unreasonable.

INJUSTEMENT, in-züst-men, adj. unjustly. wrongfully, unreasonably.

INJUSTICE, in-zus-tis, s. f. injustice, unjust act, piece of injustice, wrong, hard dealing. ill usage.

INLISIBLE, adj. that cannot be read.

INNAVIGABLE, adj. innavigable. INNÉ, E, în-na, adj. innate. Ex. Les idées innées, innate ideas.

INNOCEMMENT, î-mô-sa-mên, adv. innocently, harmlessly.

INNOCENCE, s. f. innocence, innocency, guiltlessness, integrity, harmlessness, simplicity, silliness.

INNOCENT, E, î-nô-sèn; sent, adj. innocent, guiltless, inoffensive, harmless, simple, silly. INNOCENT, E, s. m. & f. innocent, simple,

silly or half-witted person. Les innocens, la fête des Innocens, Childermas-day.

"Innocenter, î-nô-sen-ta, v. a. to acquit, declare innocent.

INNOMBRABLE, î-non-brabl, adj. innumerable, not to be numbered, numberless, infi-INNOMBRARLEMENT, adv. innumerably.

Innomé, E, adj. that has not yet received a name.

INNOVATEUR, în-nô-vâ-têur. V. Novateur.

INNOVATION, în-nô-vâ-slon, s. f. innovation, change, alteration.

INNOVER, în-nô-vã, v. a. & n. to innovate or make innovations, change old customs and bring up new ones.

INOBSERVATION, I-nôb-sêr-vâ-sîon, s. f. infringing or not observing

INOCCUPÉ, E, adj. one that has no occupation.

INOCULATEUR, î-nô-kû-lâ-têur, s. in. inoculator.

INOCULATION, î-nô-kà-là-sion, s. f. inocu-

INOCULER, î-nô-ků-là, v. a. to inoculate. INOCULISTE, 1-nô-ků-list, s. m. partisan of inoculation.

INODCRE, adj. inodorous.

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

Inofficieu-x, se, î-nô-fî-sîèu, sîèuz, adj. j (law term) that sets aside the heir at law without cause.

INOFFICIOSITÉ, s. f. caveat to a will which sets aside the heir at law without cause.

INONDATION, î-non-dâ-sîon, s. f. inundation, flood, over-flowing; also great multitude. Ce miracle figuroit les inondutions de la grâce de Jesus-Christ crucifié, that miracle was a figure of the over-flowing grace of our crucified Saviour.

INONDER, I-non-da, v. a. to overflow, put under water; to overrun, come pouring on, pour on, overspread. S'inonder (dans le vin, etc.) to drown one's self (in wine, etc.)

INOPINÉ, E, l-nô-pl-nà, adj. unthought of, unexpected, unlooked for, sudden.
INOPINÉMENT, l-nô-pl-nà-mên, adv. una-

weres, unexpectedly, suddenly.
INOUT, E, I-noo-I, I, adj. unheard of,

strange, uncommon.

IN-QUARTO, s. m. a book in quarto. INQUIET, E, in-kle, klet, adj. unquiet, rest less, uneasy, inconstant, troublesome, peevish. Malade inquiet, sick person that can never be at rest, that is very uneasy. Sommeil inquiet, broken sleep.

Inquietant, E, adj. that causes uneasiness. Inquieter, in-kla-ta, v. a. to disquiet, trouble, vex, perplex, disturb, make uncasy, put in pain. Notre division inquiéta l'arrièregarde ennemie toute la nuit, Mar. our division harassed the enemy's rear all night. S'inquiéter, v. r. to be vexed or disquieted, disquiet one's self, fret, be uneasy.

INQUIÉTUDE, in-klå-tůd, s. f. unquietness, disquiet, restlessness, trouble, anguish of mind,

uneasiness, wearisome pain or weariness.
INQUISITEUR, in-kl-zl-teur, s. m. inquisi-

tor, judge of the inquisition.
INQUISITION, in-kl-zl-slon, s. f. inquisition, strict search or inquiry; inquisition (ecclesiastical tribunal.)

INSAISISSABLE, adj. that cannot be seized. INSALUBRE, adj. unwholesome, insalubrious

Insalubrité, s. f. unwholesomeness.

Insatiabilité, in-så-sî-â-bî-lî-tâ, s. f. insatiableness, greediness INSATIABLE, in-så-sî-abl, adj. insatiable,

that cannot be satisfied, insatiate.

INSATIABLEMENT, in-så-sì-åbl-mên, adv.

insatiably, greedily. INSCIEMMENT, adv. unwittingly, ignorant-

ly, without knowing.

INSCRIPTION, ins-krip-slon, s. f. inscripmarket in law act by which a paper is maintained to be a forgery.

INSCRIRE, ins-krlr, v. a. (like écrire,) to in-reribe, enter a person's name. S'inscrire contre quelqu'un, v. r. to undertake a charge against one.

INSCRIT, E, adj. inscrutable, unsearchable,

unfathomable.

Insçu, in-så, s. m. Ex. A l'insçu de, without the knowledge of or unknown to. insçu, without my knowledge or unknown to

me.
*Insculper, v. a. to engrave, carve or cut, insculp.

INSECTE, in-sekt, s. m. insect, little living creature.

IN-SEIZE, s. m. a book in sixteens

Insensé, e, in-sen-sa, adj. & s. frantick, senseless, foolish; senseless or foolish or mad

person, poor fool or silly creature.
INSENSIBILITÉ, in-sen-sî-bî-lî-tà, s. f. in-

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sensibleness.

INSENSIBLE, in-sen-sibl, adj. & s. insensible, not sensible, that has no sense, imperceptible, not felt, unfeeling for, deaf to; insensible person.

INSENSIBLEMENT, in-sen-sibl-men, adv. insensibly, imperceptibly, by degrees, by little and little.

Inséparable, in-så-på-råbl, adj. insepa-

rable. INSÉPARABLEMENT, in-så-på-råbl-men,

adv. inseparably.

Insérer, in-så-rå, v. a. to insert, put or bring in, join or add to.

Insertion, in-ser-slon, s. f. insertion; (de la petite vérole) inoculation. Donner la petite vérole par insertion, to inoculate the small

INSIDIEUSEMENT, in-sî-dî-euz-mên, adv.

insidiously, treacherously.
Insidieu-x, se, in-sî-dî-èu, èuz, adj. insi-

dious, treacherous, deceitful, ensnaring.
INSIGNE, in-sign, adj. signal, great, famous, egregious, remarkable, notable, notorious, noted, arrant.

*Insignement, adv. egregiously, notably. Insignifiance, s. f. insignificancy, insignificance.

*Insignifiant, E, adj. insignificant.

INSINUANT, E, in-sl-nu-en, ent, adj. insinuating, insinuative, engaging, winning, pleasing.

Insinuation, in-si-nu-a-sion, s. f. insinuation; also registering or entering into a

register book.
INSINUER, in-sî-nû-a, v. a. to insinuate, infuse, instil, hint or give a hint, import, intimate, give to understand; also to register or enter in the register book, set down upon record. Sinsinuer, v. r. to creep or wriggle or steal in, wind or screw or insinuate one's self in or into.

INSIPIDE, in-si-pid, adj. insipid, unsavoury tasteless, that has no taste or relish; insipid,

flat, witless.

INSIPIDEMENT, adv. insipidly.

INSIPIDITÉ, in-sî-pî-dî-tà, s. f. insipidity, unsavouriness

INSISTER, in-sis-ta, v. n. to insist, dwell or stand much upon; urge or press hard, be in-

stant, persist in one's demands. INSOCIABILITE, in-so-si-a-bi-li-ta, s. f. want of sociableness, inconsistency (of one

thing with another.) Insociable, in-sô-sl-abl, adj. insociable,

unconversable; also inconsistent, incompatible. INSOLATION, s. f. insolation. INSOLEMMENT, in-so-la-men, adv. insolently,

saucily, malapertly; also haughtily, proudly. INSOLENCE, in-so-lens, s. f. insolence, sauciness, impudence, arrogance, pride. haughtiness.

INSOLENT, E, in-so-len, lent, adj. & s. insolent, saucy, impudent, malapert, proud, haughty, presumptuous, arrogant; insolent person, etc.
*Insolite, in-so-lit, adj. unusual.

INSOLUBILITÉ, s. f. quality of being insolu-

INSOLUBLE, in-so-lubl, adj. insoluble, that cannot be solved.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

INSONVABILITÉ, in-söl-vå-bi-li-tå, s. f. in-

INSOLVABLE, in-sol-vabl, adj. insolvent.

INSOMNIE, in-som-nl, s. f. inability to sleep, distemper that keeps one constantly awake INSONDABLE, in-sen-dabl, adj. unfathom-

Insouciance, in-soo-si-ens, s. f. indifference, carelessness.

Insouciant, E, in-soo-si-en, ent, adj. careless, indifferent.

INSOUMIS, E, adj. not submitted.

INSOUTENABLE, in-soot-nabl, adj. unwarrantable.

Inspecter, v. a. te inspect. Inspecteur, ins-pêk-têur, s. m. inspector, overseer, comptroller. Inspecteur des constructions, Mar. surveyor of the navy.

Inspection, ins-pek-sion, s. f. inspection, overseeing, narrow and close survey, super-intendence, looking narrowly into.

INSPIRATEUR, s. m. one who inspires. Inspiration, ins-pi-ra-sion, s. f. inspira-

tion.

INSPIRER, ins-pî-rå, v. a. to inspire with, suggest, put into one's head; to breathe into.
INSTABILITÉ, ins-tâ-bî-lî-tâ, s. f. instabili-

ty, uncertainty, incenstancy.
*INSTABLE, adj. unstable, incenstant, un-

certain, changeable. Installation, installa-sion, s. f. installa-

tion or instalment.

Installer, instå-lå, v. a. to instal. Instamment, instå-men, adv. instantly, earnestly.

Instance, ins-tens, s, f, instance, entreaty, motion, solicitation, importunity, eager suit, earnestness; demand or suit, or cause depending at law. Jugement en première instance, judgment upon the first demand or point in controversy

INSTANT, E, ins-ten, tent, adj. instant, ear-

nest, urging, pressing.

Instant, insten, s. m. instant, minute, moment. Un instant, un seul instant de fousseté, any the least falsehood. A l'instant, at the very moment, presently, in a moment, forthwith, immediately, straight. An même instant que, as soon as, at the very moment when. INSTANTANÉ, E, ins-tèn-tà-nà, adj. instan-

tancous.

Instantanéité, s. f. instantaneousness. Instantanément, ins-tén-ta-na-men, adv. instantaneously.

*Instan, ins-tar, s. m. Ex. A l'instar de,

like, or in the same manner as.

Instauration, ins-'ô-râ-sîon, s. f. instauration or restauration.

INSTIGAT-EUR, RICE, ins-ti-gå-teur, s. m. & f. instigator, abettor, encourager, enticer, setter on.

Instigation, instigation, s. f. instigation, solicitation, encouragement.

Instiguer, ins-ti-ga, v. a. to instigate, en-

.ce, spur, egg, set on, encourage. INSTILLATION, s. f. instillation.

Instiller, instilla, v. a. to instil, pour in gently or by drops.

INSTINCT, ins-tin, s. m. instinct, inspiration. INSTITUE, E, adj. instituted, appointed, ordered, made, ordained. Un cufunt bien in-stitue, a child well trained up or instructed or infor sed.

Instituer, institute, appoint, order, make, ordain, found; to instruct, teach, inform, train, bring up.

Institut, ins-tf-td, s. m. institute, order, rule of life; literary or scientific academy.

INSTITUTAIRE, s.m. reader of the institutes. he that teaches the institutes of the civil law.

INSTITUTES, s. f. pl. institutes, (abridgment of the Roman laws.)

INSTITUT-EUR, RICE, ins-tî-tâ-têur, trîs, s. m. & f. founder.

INSTITUTION, ins-ti-tu-sion, s. f. institution, establishment, appointing, founding, etc. V. Instituer. Instruction, teaching, bringing or training up, education.

*Instructeur, s. m. instructer, teacher.

Instructeur de procès, solicitor.

INSTRUCTI-F, VE, ins-truk-tif, tiv, adj. instructive.

Instruction, instructien, education, bringing or training up, breeding, precept or document, order, knowledge. (instruction d'un procès) the preparing things for the trial or hearing of a cause; the counsel's instruction, breviat of the case. Instructions pour naviguer sur une côte, etc. Mar. sailing directions for a coast, etc. Le capi taine a reçu ses instructions, the captain has received his sailing orders.

INSTRUIRE, ins-truir, v. a. (See the table

at vire) to instruct or teach, train or bring up, educate; to instruct or give instructions; to inform, give notice, tell, apprize. Instruire un procès, to make a case ready, prepare

things for a hearing or trial.

INSTRUISANT, E, adj. instructive, full of instruction.

INSTRUIT, E. adj. instructed, taught, trained up, etc. V. Instruire.

INSTRUMENT, ins-trå-men, s. m. instrument; tool, implement; contract, instrument,

deed; (de paix) treaty; means, help.
INSTRUMENTAL, E, ins-tru-men-tal, adj. instrumental.

INSTRUMENTER, ins-tru-men-ta, v. n. to

make deeds, instruments, indentures, etc.
INSU, V. Insçu.

Insubordination, in-su-bor-di-na-sion, s. f. insubordination.

Insucordonné, E, adj. not subordinate. INSUFFISAMMENT, adv. insufficiently. INSUFFISANCE, in-sû-fî-zèns, s. f. insuffi-

ciency, incapacity.
INSUFFISANT, E, in-sû-fî-zèn, zènt, adj. insufficient.

Insulaire, in-sû-lêr, adj. & s. m. & f. insular, belonging to an island, islander. INSULTABLE, adj. assailable. INSULTANT, E, in-sul-tèn, tènt, adj. in-

sulting, abusive, outrageous.

INSULTE, in-soll, s. f. insult, abuse, affrent, outrage. Faire insulte à quelqu'un, to insult one, abuse or affront one. En cas d'insulte de la part de-l'ennemi, if the enemy should offer any insult or should attack.

INSULTER, in-sûl-ta, v. a. & n. to insult, abuse, affront, be outrageous. Insulter, une contrescarpe, to storm or attack a counterscarp openly and smartly. Insulter à quelqu'un, to insult, or crow over one.

INSUPPORTABLE, in-sû-pôr-tabl, adj. insupportable or insufferable, intolerable, grieveus, not te be suffered or borne.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

INSUPPORTABLEMENT, in-sû-pôr-tabl-

men, adv. insupportably, insufferably.
INSURGENS, in-sur-zens, s. m. pl. insurgents; Hungarian troops hastily levied.

Insurmontable, in-sår-mon-tabl, adj. insuperable, invincible, unconquerable, not to be overcome.

INSURRECTION, in-så-rek-sion, s. f. insurrection.

INTACT, E, adj. full, entire, untouched.
INTACTILE, adj. intactible, not perceptible to the touch.

INTARISSABLE, in-ta-ri-sabl, adj. that never dries up, inexhaustible.

INTÉGRAL, E, in-tå-grål, adj. integral.

INTÉGRALE, s. f. integral. INTÉGRANT, E, adj. Ex. Parties inté-

grantes, integral parts.

INTÉGRATION, s. f. (in mathematicks) integration, finding of the whole.

INTEGRE, in-tegr, adj. upright, honest, just, incorrupt, not to be bribed.

INTEGRER, v. a. to find the integral of.
INTÉGRITÉ, in-tâ-grî-tâ, s. f. integrity;
honesty, innocence, uprightness; chastity; soundness, wholeness; (de l'action épique) entireness.

INTELLECT, in-tê-lêkt, s. m. intellect, un-

derstanding.

INTELLECTI-F, VE, in-tel-lec-tif, the, adj. intellectual.

INTELLECTION, s. f. intellection.
INTELLECTUALITÉ, s. f. faculty of understanding.

INTELLECTUEL, LE, in-tê-lêk-tû-êl, adj.

intellectual; also spiritual. INTELLIGEMMENT, in-te-ll-za-men, adv.

knowingly. INTELLIGENCE, in-te-li-zens, s. f. intelligence; understanding; knowledge; judgnent, skill; correspondence; familiarity, union, concord, good understanding; spirit, spiritual substance. Ils sont d'intelligence, ils s'entendent, they act in concert and unanimity, they harp on the same string, they juggle, they

INTELLIGENT, E, in-te-li-zen, zent, adj. intelligent, understanding, knowing, skilled,

skilful.

play booty together.

INTELLIGIBILITÉ, s. f. intelligibility. INTELLIGIBLE, in-té-lî-zîbl, adj. intelligible, plain, easy to be understood; audible, loud; spiritual, immaterial, intellectual.

INTELLIGIBLEMENT, in-te-li-zibl-men, adv.

inteiligibly. Intempérament, in-tèn-på-rå-mên, adv.

intemperately, immoderately

INTEMPERANCE, in-ten-pa-rens, s. f. intemperance, immoderation, excess. Intemperance delangue, too great freedom of speech, being too free with one's tongue.

Intempérant, e, in-tèn-pà-rèn, rènt, adj. intemperate, not master of his own appetites,

disorderly.

INTEMPÉRÉ, E, in-tèn-pà-rà, adj. intemperate, immoderate.

INTEMPÉRIE, in-tèn-pà-rl, s. f. intemperature ; (des lumeurs) intemperateness.

INTENDANCE, in-ten-dens, s. f. direction, administration, management; place or office or district of an intendant. Il a l'intendance de sa muison, he is the steward or comptroller . bis house.

INTENDANT, in-ten-den, s. m. intendant or provincial overseer, lord licutenant; commissioner, overseer, comptroller or surveyor; steward or comptroller of a great man's house. Intendant de la marine, commissioner, resident of one of the dock-yards. Intendant des armées navales, officer appointed to regulate the expenses, police, etc. of naval arma-

Intendante. in-ten-dent, s. f. an intendant's

lady.

INTENSE, adj. intense.

INTENSION, s. f. intension. INTENSITÉ, in-ten-si-tà, s. f. intenseness.

INTENSIVEMENT, adv. intensely.

INTENTER, in-ten-ta, v. a. Intenter we action contre quelqu'un, to enter an action against one, sue one at law. Intenter une accusation contre, to bring an accusation against.

INTENTION, in-ten-sion, s. f. intention, intent, purpose, drift, design, mind, meaning. Je le disois à bonne intention, I meant well when I spoke it. Porter son intention au gain, to aim at profit, have profit in one's eye or in prospect. Il l'a fait à votre intention, he has done it upon your account.

INTENTIONNÉ, E, adj. affected. Mal intentionné, disaffected. Ils étoient mal intentionnés pour la paix, they were averse to

INTENTIONNEL, LE, adj. intentional.
INTERCADENCE, s. f. unevenness of the

beating of the pulse.

INTERCADENT, adj. m. irregular (pulse.) INTERCALAIRE, in-têr-kå-ler, adj. inter-

calary. Jour intercalaire, the intercalary or odd day in February (in leap-year.) Vers intercalaires, the burden of a song or bal-

INTERCALATION, in-ter-ka-la-sion, s. f. intercalation.

INTERCALER, in-ter-ka-la, v. a. to inter-

INTERCÉDER, in-têr-sà-dà, v. a. to inter-

cede, make intercession, pray for.
INTERCEPTER, in-ter-sep-ta, v. a. to intercept. Nous interceptames une corvette chargée de dépêches, we intercepted a corvette with despatches on board.

INTERCEPTION, in-ter-sep-sion, s. f. inter-

ception or intercepting.

INTERCESSEUR, in-ter-se-seur, s. m. intercessor, mediator.

INTERCESSION, in-ter-se-sion, s. f. intercession, mediation.

INTERCOSTAL, E, adj. intercostal.
INTERDICTION, in-têr-dîk-sîon, s. f. interdiction, prohibition, suspension

INTERDIRE, in-ter-dir, v. a. (like dire, except the 2d per. of the plur. of the pres. indic. and imperat. interdisez) to interdict, prohibit or forbid; to put to a stand, stun, strike speechless, disconcert, astonish, amaze, strike with amazement. On a interdit nos églises, our churches are shut up. Interdire la chaire à un prédicateur, to suspend one from preach-

INTERDIT, E, in-ter-di, dit, adj. forbidden, prohibited, interdicted; struck speechless, at a loss, put to a stand, stunned, amazed.

INTERDIT, s. m. interdiction or suspension

(church censure.)

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

INTÉRESSANT, E, m-tå-ré-sen, sent, adj. interesting, moving, affecting, engaging, of great concern, material, remarkable.

INTERESSÉ, E, in-tà-rê-sà, adj. interested,

concerned, or engaged, etc.; covetous, selfish, self-interested. Etre intéressé à une chose, to be interested in or derive advantage from a thing.

INTÉRESSÉ, s. m. party concerned, one of

the proprietors.

INTÉRESSER, in-ta-rê-sa, v. a. to interest, concern, engage; to prejudice; to give con-cern, hurt, move, affect, interest. S'intéresser, v. r. to interest or concern one's self, be concerned, have a concern; be moved or affected. Mon cœur s'intéresse pour lui, my heart is concerned for him.

INTÉRÊT, in-tà-rè, s. m. concern, incitement, allurement, pleasure; interest, good, benefit, advantage; profit, gain; usury, in-terest, use of money. Pai interêt, en cette perte, I am concerned in that loss. Prendre interêt à l'affliction de quelqu'un, to be concerned for one's grief. Il y va de mon intérêt, it con-cerns me. Je le ferai si j'y trouve mon in-térêt, I will do it if I find it beneficial to me. Entrer dans les intérêts de quelqu'un, to side with one, be for one. Gagner l'intérêt de quelqu'un, to get one's self in favour with one.

Exciter un interêt puissant, to prepossess people strongly in one's favour.

INTERJECTION, in-têr-zêk-slon, s. f. interjection

Interjection d'appel, lodging of an

appeal.

Interjeter, in-terz-ta, v. a. (appel or un appel) to bring in or lodge an appeal, to appeal.

INTÉRIEUR, E, in-ta-rl-éur, eur, adj. in-ternal, inward, inner, interiour, intrinsick.

INTÉRIEUR, s. m. inward, or inner part (d'une maison) inner rooms. Dieu seul connoît l'intérieur, God alone knows the heart.

INTÉRIEUREMENT, in-tà-rî-êur-mên, adv.

internally, inwardly

INTÉRIM, in-ta-rim, s. m. interim, mean

INTERLIGNE, in-ter-lign, s. f. interline. INTERLINÉAIRE, in-ter-li-na-er, adj. in-

terlined. INTERLINÉATION, s. f. interlineation.

INTERLOCUTEUR, in-ter-lo-ku-teur, s. m. interlocutor.

INTERLOCUTION, in-ter-lo-ku-slon, s. f. interlocution, interlocutory order.

INTERLOCUTOIRE, in-ter-lo-kû-twar, adj. & s. m. interlocutory order, interlocution, em-

parlance. INTERLOPE, in-ter-lop, s. m. & adj. Mar. smuggler, contraband trader. Le commerce interlope, the smuggling trade. Faire un commerce interlope, to smuggle.

INTERLOQUER. in-ter-lo-ka. v. a. (law term) to grant an emparlance, determine some small matter in a cause till such time as the principal cause be fully discussed.

INTERMEDE, in-ter-med, s. m. interlude

(in a play.)

INTERMÉDIAIRE, in-ter-mà-dier, adj. intermedial.

INTERMÉDIAT, E, in-ter-ma-dia, diat, adj. intermediate

INTERMINABLE, in-ter-mi-nabl, adj, inter-

INTERMISSION, in-ter-mi-slon, s. f. intermission, pause, discontinuance, interruption.

INTERMITTENCE, in-ter-mi-tens, s. f. in-terruption (of the pulse.)

INTERMITTENT, E, in-ter-mî-ten, tent, adj.

intermittent or intermitting.

INTERNE, in-tern, adj. inward, internal. INTERNONCE, in-ter-nons, s. m. internun-

cio. INTERPELLATION, in-ter-pel-la-sion, s. f.

summons, demand. INTERPELLER, in-ter-pel-la, v. a. (in law)

to summon, challenge, require. INTERPOLATEUR, in-têr-pô-lâ-têur, s. m. interpolator.

INTERPOLATION, in-ter-po-la-slon, s. f. interpolation.

Interpoler, in-têr-pô-là, v. a. to inter-

polate. INTERPOSÉ, E, adj. interposed. Personnes,

interposées, mediators, arbitrators. Interposer, in-ter-po-za, v. a. to interpose or put between. Interposer son jugement, to give in one's verdict among the rest. Interposer un acheteur, to buy under another person's name. S'interposer, v. r. to interpose or intermeddle.

INTERPOSITION, in-ter-po-zi-sion, s. f. in-

terposition.

INTERPRÉTATI-F, VE, in-ter-prå-tå-tif, tlv, adj. interpretative.

ÎNTERPRÉTATION, in-ter-pra-ta-slon, s. f. interpretation, explanation, explication.

INTERPRÉTATIVEMENT, adv. interpretatively.

INTERPRÈTE, in-ter-pret, s. m. interpreter. expounder, expositor, explainer, translator.

INTERPRETÉ, adj. interpreted, expounded,

explained.
INTERPRÉTER, in-ter-pra-ta, v. a. to interpret, expound, explain, tell the meaning of. Interpreter une chose en bonne or mauvaise part, to interpret a thing well or ill, take a thing in good or bad part, take well or ill, put a good or bad construction upon a thing. Vous interprétez mal ce que je dis, you misin-terpret what I say, or my words; you mistake me.

INTERRÈGNE, in-ter-regn, s. m. interreign, interregnum.

INTERROGANT, adj. m. Ex. Point interrogant, s. m. point or note of interrogation (?).

INTERROGAT, s. m. interrogation, question. Interrogateur, in-tê-rô-gâ-teur, s. m. . (interrogator.

INTERROGATI-F, VE, in-te-ro-ga-tif, tiv. adj. interrogative.

Interrogation, in-te-ro-ga-sion, s. f. in-

terrogation, question, demand INTERROGATOIRE, in-te-ro-ga-twar, s. m.

interrogatory, examination.

INTERROGER, in-tê-rô-zã, v. a. to interrogate, examine, ask a question.

INTERROMPRE, in-te-ronpr, v. a. to inter-rupt, disturb, take off, break off, leave off. Interrompre le cours d'une rivière, to interrupt or stop or divert the course of a river. Fosse qui interrompt une allée, ditch that interrupts or crosses a walk.

INTERROMPU, E, adj. interrupted, dis-

turbed, taken off, etc.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

INTERRUPTION, in-te-ruption, s. f. interruption, breaking off, discontinuance.

INTERSECTION, in-ter-sek-sion, s. f. inter-

section.

INTERSTICE, in-ters-tis, s. m. interval or

space of time, interstice.

INTERVALLE, in-ter-val, s. f. interval, space or distance. Un fou qui a de bons intervalles, a madman who has lucid intervals.

INTERVENANT, E, in-terv-nen, nent, adj.

intervening.

INTERVENIR, in-terv-nir, v. n. (like venir) to intervene or come betwixt, mediate, interpose.

INTERVENTION, in-ter-ven-slon, s. f. inter-

vention, mediation, interposition.

INTERVENU, E, adj. intervened.

INTERVERSION, in-ter-ver-sion, s. f. disorder, derangement.

INTERVERTIR, in-têr-vêr-tîr, v. a. to disorder, overturn, derauge.

INTERVERTISSEMENT, s. m. the act of deranging or putting into disorder.

INTESTAT, in-tes-ta, adj. (law term.) Ex. Heritier ab intestat, heir of one that dies intestate. Mourir intestat, to die intestate.

INTESTIN, E, in-testin, tin, adj. intestine, that is in the intestines or entrails. Une guerre intestine, an intestine or civil war.

INTESTINAL, E, in-tes-ti-nal, adj. intestinal. INTESTINS, s. m. pl. intestines, entrails,

guts. INTIMATION, in-tl-ma-sion, s. f. intimation,

summons. INTIME, in-tîm, adj. intimate, hearty.

INTIME, s. m. intimate friend, great crony. INTIME, E, adj. & s. summoned; defendant. INTIMEMENT, in-tim-men, adv. intimately,

with intimacy.
INTIMER, in-ti-ma, v. a. to signify, give

notice, summon.

INTIMIDATION, in-ti-mi-da-sion, s. f. intimidating, frightening, threatening; frightening or fright; threatening, awe.

INTIMIDER, in-tî-mî-da, v. a. to intimidate, fright, scare, terrify, discourage.

INTIMITÉ, in-tî-mî-tà, s. f. intimacy, close connexion.

INTITULATION, in-ti-tu-la-slon, s. f. title of a book.

INTITULER, in-tî-tû-lâ, v. a. to entitle, give a title to. S'intituler, v. r. to entitle or call one's self.

INTOLÉRABLE, in-tô-là-rabl, adj. intolerable, unsufferable, not to be suffered or borne.

INTOLERABLEMENT, adv. intolerably. INTOLERANCE, in-to-la-rens, s.f. intolerance. Intolérant, E, in-tô-là-rèn, rent, adj. one

who opposes toleration.

INTOLÉRANTISME, in-tô-là-rèn-tîsm, s. m.

sentiment of those who will not tolerate any religion but their own. INTONATION, in-tô-nå-slon, s. f. intonation.

INTRADOS, s. m. the concave part of a vault. INTRADUISIBLE, adj. that cannot be translated.

INTRAITABLE, in-trê-tabl, adj. untractable, harsh.

INTRANSITI-F, VE, adj. intransitive. INTRÉPIDE, in-trà-pld, adj. intrepid, stout, bold, fearless, dauntless, undaunted.

INTRÉPIDEMENT, in-trà-pid-mên, adv. in-

trepidly.

INTRÉPIDITÉ, in-trà-pî-dî-tà, s. f. intrepidity, fearlessness, stoutness, great courage. greatness of courage, resolution

INTRIGANT, E. in-tri-gan, gant, adj. & s. intriguing, cunning, fit for business, that puts

himself forward; intriguer.

INTRIGUE, in-trig, s. f. intrigue; plot; plunge, scrape, difficulty; amour, love affair or affair with a lady. Femme d'intrigue, bawd, procuress. out of the scrape. Se tirer d'intrigue, to get

INTRIGUER, in-tri-ga, v. a. to embroil or confound, puzzle. Intriguer, v. n. to intrigue, plot or cabal. S'intriguer, v. r. to puzzle one's self, engage in some intrigue; also to put one's self forward, thrust one's self into business, screw one's self into profitable acquaintance.

INTRIGUEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. intriguer ; also pimp or procurer, and bawd or procuress

INTRINSEQUE, in-trin-sek, adj. intrinsick. INTRINSÈQUEMENT, in-trin-sêk-mên, adv. intrinsically.

INTRODUCTEUR, in-tro-dak-ieur, s. m. introductor. L'introducteur des ambassadeurs the introductor of ambassadors or master of

the ceremonies. INTRODUCTI-F, VE, adj. introductive. Introduction, in-tro-dak-slon, s. f. in

troduction.

INTRODUCT"" TE . . women that introduces a person.

INTRODUIRE, in-trô-dôir, v. a. (See the table at uire,) to introduce, bring or bring in, broach or set a-broach. S'introduire, v. r. to introduce one's self, be introduced.

INTRODUIT, E, adj. introduced, brought in, etc.

INTROIT, in-tro-it, s. m. entry, or beginning (of mass.)

INTROMISSION, in-tro-mi-sion, s. f. intromission.

Intronisation, in-tro-nf-za-slon, s. f. enthroning (a bishop.)

Introniser, in-tro-nî-za, un évêque, v. a. to enthrone or install a bishop

INTROUVABLE, in-troo-vabl, adi, not to be

Intrus, E, intru, truz, adj. & s. intruded, truder. Il s'est intrus là-dedans, he intruded himself there. Un pape intrus contre toutes sortes de formes, a pope illegally chosen. INTRUSION, in-trå-zlon, s. f. intrusion. INTUITI-F, ve. jn-ta-l-iff, tlv, adj. intuitive. INTUITION, in-ta-l-slon, s. k intuition.

INTUITIVEMENT, in-tû-î-tiv-mên, adv. intuitively.

INTUMESCENCE, in-td-me-sens, s. f. intumescence.

INTUS-SUSCEPTION, s. f. (introduction d'un suc or d'une matière quelconque dans un corps organisé) intus-susception (manner in which living bodies increase or grow.)

*Invaincu, E, in-vin-ků, kh, adj. unvanquished.

INVALIDE, in-va-lid, adj. invalid, void, of no force, that does not stand good in law; invalid, infirm. Les invalides or hôpital des invalides, hospital for disabled soldiers.

INVALIDEMENT, in-va-lid-men, adv. without force.

INVALIDER, in-vå-lî-då, v. a. to invalidate or make void.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: fleld, flg: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

INVALIDITÉ, in-vå-lî-dî-tà, s. f. invalidity,

INVARIABILITÉ, in-và-rì-à-bì-lì-tà, s. f. in-

variableness, constancy.
INVARIABLE, in-va-rl-abl, adj. invariable, immutable, unchangeable, constant.

INVARIABLEMENT, in-vå-rî-åbl-mên, adv.

invariably, firmly, steadfastly, constantly.

INVASION, in-vå-zlon, s. f. invasion.

INVECTIVE, in-våk-tly, s. f. invective, rail-

ing expression, opprobrious language.

INVECTIVER, in-vek-ul-va, contre, v. n. to inveigh or rail at.

INVENDABLE, adj. that cannot be sold.

Invendu, E, adj. unsold.

INVENTAIRE, in-ven-ter, s. m. inventory; also sale of goods set down in an inventory; and sort of flat basket.

INVENTER, v. a. to invent, devise, find out,

contrive, forge, or feign.
INVENT-EUR, RICE, in-vên-têur, trîs, s. m. & f. inventor, author or contriver, forger.

INVENTI-F, VE, in-ven-tif, tiv, adj. inventive, ingenious.

Invention, in-ven-sion, s. f. invention, ntrivance, device, trick, way. Vivre d'incontrivance, device, trick, way. vention, to live upon one's wit. L'invention de la Sainte-Croix, the invention of the holy

Inventorier, in-ven-tô-ria, v. a. to inventory:

INVERSABLE, in-ver-sabl, adj. that cannot be overturned.

INVERSE, in-vers, adj. inverse, inverted. Inversion, in-ver-sion, s. m. inversion, transposition,

INVESTIGATEUR, in-ves-ti-ga-teur, s. m. one who investigates.

INVESTIGATION, s. f. investigation. INVESTIR, in-ves-tir, v. a. to invest or vest, put in possession of; to invest, surround (with

troops.) Investir, v. n. Mar. to run aground. INVESTISSEMENT, in-ves-tis-men, s. m.

(terme de guerre) investing.
INVESTITURE, in-ves-û-tûr, s. f. investi-

ture or vesting.
Invéréné, E, adj. inveterate. Invétérer, in-vå-tå-rå, v. n. or s'invéterer, v. r. to grow inveterate or old.

INVINCIBLE, in-vin-sibl, adj. invincible, unconquerable, not to be vanquished.

Invinciblement, in-vin-sibl-men, adv. invincibly. Il le prouve invinciblement, he

gives invincible proofs of it. INVIOLABILITÉ, s. f. quality of being in-

violable. Inviolable, in-vi-d-labl, adj. inviolable,

not to be broken, not to be violated, inviolate.

INVIOLABLEMENT, in-vl-ò-làbl-mên, adv.
inviolably, entirely, absolutely.
INVIOLE, E, adj. unviolated.
INVISIBILITÉ, in-vl-zî-bl-ll-tå, s. f. invisi-

oility. INVISIBILE, in-vî-zîbl, adj. invisible, not to Devenir invisible, to disappear, be seen.

vanish out of sight. INVISIBLEMENT, in-vî-zîbl-mên, adv. in-

INVITATION, in-v1-ta-slon, s. f. invitation. INVITATOIRE, in-vl-ta-twar, adj. & s. m.

INVITER, in-yl-ta, v. a. to invite, allure,

INVOCATION, in-vo-ka-slon, s. f. invocation

INVOLONTAIRE, in-vô-lon-ter, adj. involuntary, done against one's will, forced, natural (though involuntarily.)

INVOLONTAIREMENT, in-vô-lon-tèr-mên. adv. involuntarily, against one's will. INVOLUTION, s. f. involution.

Invoquer, in-vô-kå, v. a. to call upon, invoke:

Inusité, E, l-nû-zl-tà, adj. unusual, unwonted; not in use, not used.

INUTILE, I-nû-tîl, adj. useless, needless, unnecessary, of no use, unprofitable, unscriviceable, idle, silly, frivolous, impertment, without business, not employed:

INUTILEMENT, î-nû-tîl-mên, adv. need-

lessly, to no purpose, in vain.
INUTILITÉ, i-nů-ti-li-ta, s. f. inutility, uselessness, unprofitableness, vainness, idleness, unserviceableness, idle or impertinent things, impertinence.

INVRAISEMBLABLE, adj. unlikely. Invraisemblance, s. f. unlikelihood. Invulnerabilite, s. f. invulnerability. INVULNÉRABLE, in-vůl-na-rabl, adj. in-

vulnerable, not to be wounded or hurt. Ionien, ne, 1-8-niên, niên, adj. Ionian, Ionick, of Ionia.

IONIQUE, î-ô-nîk, adj. Ionick. L'ordre Ionique, the Ionick order.

Nota, fo-ta, s. m. iota; (a Greek letter.)—When used negatively, it means, with the negative, not a jot, not a tittle, etc. Je n'y retrancherai pas un iota, I will not bate a tittle

IPÉCACUANHA, s. m. ipecacuanha. IRASCIBLE, l-ra-sibl, adj. irascible.

IRASCIPLE, s. m. irascible appetite.
*IRE, ir, s. f. wrath, anger.
IRIS, i-ris, s. f. (of the eye, flower, etc.) iris; rainbow.

IRLANDE, îr-lend, s. f. Ireland.

IRLANDAIS, E, adj. & s. Irish, Irish man, Irish woman.

IRONIE, î-rô-ni, s. f. irony.

IRONIQUE, î-rô-nîk, adj. ironical. IRONIQUEMENT, î-rô-nîk-mên, adv. ironi-

IRRADIATION, Îr-râ-dî-â-sîon, s. f. irradia-IRRAISONNABLE, îr-rê-zô-nabl, adj. irra-

*IRRAISONNABLEMENT, Îr-rê-zô-nabl-men,

adv. irrationally, without any reason. IRRATIONNEL, LE, adj. that has no ratio

or proportion.
IRRÉCONCILIABLE, îr-râ-kon-sî-lî-abl, adj.

irreconcileable.

IRRÉCONCILIABLEMENT, Îr-ră-kon-sî-lîåbl-men, adv. irreconcileably,

IRRÉCUSABLE, adj. that cannot be object-

ed against. IRRÉDUCTIBLE, 1-ra-důk-tibl, adj. irredu-

cible. IRRÉDUCTIBILITÉ, s. f. quality of being

IRRÉFORMABLE, adj. not to be reformed. IRRÉFRAGABLE, Îr-râ-frâ-gabl, adj. irre-

fragable, invincible, undeniable.
IRRÉGULARITÉ, îr-râ-gû-lâ-rî-tâ, s. f. ir-

regularity. Un ouvrage où il y a beaucoup d'irrégularités, a piece of work very irregular

base, bat : jèune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

IRRÉGULIER, E, îr-rå-gå-liå, lièr, adj. irregular, not according to rule, out of rule.

IRREGULIER, s. m. irregular man, one that by reason of some misdemeanour cannot be admitted into orders or officiate if he be in orders.

IRRÉGULIÈREMENT, Îr-rå-gd-lièr-mên. adv. irregularly.

IRHÉLIGIEUSEMENT, Îr-râ-lî-zleuz-mên,

adv. irreligiously, profanely.
IRRÉLIGIEU-X, SE, îr-rå-lî-zîèu, zîèuz,adj. irreligious, contrary to religion, that has little or no religion; profane, impious, ungodly, atheistical.

IRRÉLIGION, Îr-rà-lî-zîon, s. f. irreligion, want of religion, profaneness, ungodliness,

atheism.

IRRÉMÉDIABLE, îr-rå-må-dî-abl, adj. irremediable, remediless, desperate, irrecoverable. IRREMÉDIABLEMENT, îr-râ-mâ-dîâbl-mên,

adv. irremediably, desperately, irrecoverably.
IRREMISSIBLE, ir-ra-mi-sibl, adj. irremissible, unpardonable, not to be forgiven.

IRREMISSIBLEMENT, îr-râ-mî-sîbl-mên,

adv. irremissibly, without any pardon. IRRÉPARABLE, îr-râ-pâ-râbl, adj. irrepa-

rable, irrecoverable.
IRRÉPARABLEMENT, îr-râ-pâ-râbl-mên,

adv. irreparably, irrecoverably.

IRRÉPRÉHENSIBLE, îr-râ-prâ-cn-sîbl, adj. irreprehensible, unblameable, unreprovable, faultless, blameless, without blame or blemish, of an unspotted life.

IRRÉPRÉHENSIBLEMENT. îr-ra-pra-ensībl-men, adv. irreprehensibly, blamelessly,

without fault.

IRRÉPROCHABLE, îr-rà-prô-shabl, adj. irreproachable, blameless. Témoins irréprochables, unexceptionable witnesses (against whom nothing can be objected.)

IRRÉPROCHABLEMENT, îr-ră-prô-mên, adv. irreproachably, blamclessly. IRRÉSISTIBILITÉ, s. f. irresistibility. îr-rå-prô-shåbl-

IRRÉSISTIBLE,îr-rå-zîs-tîbl,adj.irresistible. IRRÉSISTIBLEMENT, îr-rà-zîs-tîbl-mên,

adv. irresistibly IRRÉSOLU, E, îr-ră-zô-lů, lů, adj.unresolved,

irresolute, fickle, uncertain, wavering, in suspense, undecided, not decided or determined. IRRÉSOLUBLE, adj. irresoluble, unanswerable.

IRRÉSOLUMENT, îr-rà-zô-lû-mên, adv. ir-

resolutely. IRRÉSOLUTION, îr-râ-zô-lû-sîon, s. f. irre-

solution, uncertainty, suspense.

IRRÉVÉREMMENT, îr-rå-vå-rå-mên, adv. irreverently, rudely.

IRRÉVÉRENCE, îr-rå-vå-rèns, s. f. irreverence, want of respect or reverence, rudeness.
IRREVERENT, E, ir-ra-va-ren, rent, adj.

irreverent, rude. IRRÉVOCABILITÉ, îr-rà-vô-kà-bî-lî-tà, s.

f. quality of being irrevocable.

IRRÉVOCABLE, îr-ră-vô-kabl, adj. irrevocable, unrepealable, not to be revoked or called back.

IRRÉVOCABLEMENT, îr-râ-vô-kâbl-mên, adv. irrevocably. Juger irrévocablement, to give an irrevocable judgment.

IRRIGATION, s. f. irrigation (of lands.)
IRRISION, s. f. irrision, scorn, contempt.
Chasser quelqu'un avec irrision, to laugh one out of a place.

IRRITABILITÉ, s. f. quality of being irritable.

IRRITABLE, adj. irritable.

IRRITANT, adj. (law term) annulling.

IRRITATION, Ir-ri-ta-slon, s. f. irritation, exasperation.

IRRITÉ, E, adj. irritated, etc. Une mer irritée, an angry sea. Les flots irrités, the boisterous waves

IRRITER, Îr-rî-ta, v. a. to irritate, incense, urge, provoke, exasperate, anger. Irriter les humeurs, to irritate or provoke or stir up the humours. Irriter l'appétit, to sharpen the appetite.

RRORATION, s. f. irrigation (in chemistry.) IRRUPTION, ir-rap-sion, s. f. irruption, in-

road.

ISABELLE, 1-zå-bêi, s. m. isabella (sort of colour which partakes of the white, the yellow, and the carnation.)

ISABELLE, adj. of an isabella colour. Ru ban isabelle, isabella riband. Cheval isabelle

ban szocie, isabena fidand. Chevae madele, yellow dun horse.
Ischurettque, adj. ischuretick.
Ischurettque, is-lend, Iceland.
Isle, V. He.
Isocele, adj. that has two sides equal.
Isochrones, adj. isochronal, isochronous.
Isolé, e, î-zô-la, adj. that stands by itself independent. free from all attachment.

independent, free from all attachment. ISOLER, v. a. to stand by itself, to be independent.

ISRAÉLITE, s. m. C'est un bon Israélite, be is a man without guile.

ISSANT, E, adj. issant or issuent (in herald-

*Issir, v. n. to issue, come from. Issu, E, îs-û, ù, adj. come, born, sprung, descended, extracted. Les rois dont il est issu, his royal predecessors or progenitors.

Issue, i-su, s. f. issue; passage, outlet or going out; end, success, event; way, means, expedient. Issues d'une ville, avenues of a town. Issue d'agneau, lamb's pluck or purtenance. A l'issue de, at the going or coming out of.

ISTHME, Istm, s. m. isthmus, neck of land. ITAGUE, s. m. Mar. runner, tye or pendant. Itague (de palan, etc.) runner. Itague de drisse, tye. Itague de drisse de hunier, top-sail tye. Hague de drisse du grand hunier, main top-sail tye. Hague de drisse de perroquet, top-gal-lant tye. Hague de palan de ris, reef-tackle

pendant or recf-tackle tye.

ITALIE, î-tâ-lì, s. f. Italy. ITALIEN, NE, î-tâ-lîên, lîên, adj. & s. Italian. L'Italien, la langue Italienne, Italian, the Italian tongue

ITALIQUE, î-tà-lîk, adj. Italick.

ITALIQUE, s. f. or lettre Italique, Italick or Italick letter

ITEM, 1-tem, adv. item, moreover. ITEM, s. m. item, article. Voilà l'item, that is the main point.

ITÉRATI-F, VE, î-tă-râ-tîf, tlv, adj. iterat-ed, repeated. ITÉRATIVEMENT, î-tă-râ-tlv-mên, adv. re

peatedly.

ITINÉRAIRE, î-tî-nâ-rêr, s. m. itinerary, book of roads.

ITYPHALE, s. f. a sort of amulet.

Ivoire, î-vwar, s. m. ivory. IVRAIE, i-vre, V. Ivroie.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

IVRE, ivr, adj. drunk, drunken, fuddled, intoxicated with liquor. Ivre mort, dead drunk. Ivre de joie, intoxicated with joy. Ivre d'ambition or d'orgueil, preyed upon by ambition or pride.

IVRESSE s. f. drunkenness.

IVROGNE, 1-vrogn, adj. & s. drunken, given to drink, drunken sot, drunkard.

IVROGNER, î-vrô-gna, v. n. to fuddle, bib,

swill, tipple. IVROGNERIE, i-vrogn-rl, s. f. drunkenness,

IVROGNESSE, ?-vro-gnes, s. f. drunken wo-

man, fuddling gossip.

IVROIE, IV-rwa, s. f. darnel, tare or tares.

IXIA, s. f. sort of bulbous plant.
IXODE, s. m. the same as Tique, which see.

J, zl, s. m. tenth letter of the French al-

"I.A., za, adv. (dejà) already. Jà n'avienne (à Dieu ne plaise,) God forbid. JABLE, zabl, s. m. notch of a cask (where

the head-pieces fit in.)

JABLER, zå-blå, v. a. to make notches or score in the inside of a cask for the reception of the head-pieces.

JABLOIR, zå-blwår, s. m. or JABLOIRE, s. f. notcher, notching-tool.

JAEOT, 22-bo, s. m. crop or craw (of a bird;) bosom (of a shirt.) JABOTER, zã-bô-ta, v. n. to prattle, chat-

ter; also to mutter, grumble.

JAC, s. m. Mar. jack or union flag.

JACÉE, s. f. herb trinity, hearts-ease.

JACENT, E, za-sen, sent, adj. (d'une succession) in abeyance, without a master, vacant (law term.)

JACHÈRE, zà-shèr, s. f. fallow-ground, land laid up.

JACINTHE, za-sint, V. Hycacinthe.

JACOBÉE, S. f. rag-wort.

JACOBÍN, za-kô-bin, s. m. white friar, Dominican; also Jacobin (member of the club of French patriots, who at the beginning of the revolution assembled at Paris, in a con-

vent of monks called Jacobins.)

Jacobine, zå-kô-bîn, s. f. Dominican nun.

JACOBITE, zå-kô-bît, s. m. & f. Jacobite. JACOBUS, s. m. Jacobus or broad piece.

JACTANCE, zåk-tèns, s. f. boasting. JACULATOIRE, zå-kå-lå-twar, adj. ejaculatory. Fontaine jaculatoire, water-spout.

JADE, s. m. sort of green precious stone. JADIS, zå-dls, adv. of old time, in former

ages, in times of yore.

JAILLIR, zå-dir, v. n. to spout out, spurt up.

JAILLISSANT, R., adj. spouting out.

JAILLISSEMENT, zå-lis-mên, s. m. spout-

ing out.

JAIS, zè, s. m. jet (black shining fossil.)
JALAP, zà-làp, s. m. jalap.
JALE, s. f. a sort of large tub.

*JALET, s. m. pebble. Arbalète à jalet, stone-bow.

Jalon, zå-lon, s. m. pole or stake (stuck in the ground to draw or square out by a line and level.)

JALONNER, zā-lô-nā, v. n. to stick poles or

stakes in the ground.

JALOUSÉ, E, adj. latticed.

JALOUSER, zå-loo-zå, v. a. to lattice: also

to be jealous of.

JALOUSIE, zå-löo-zl, s. f. jealousy; awe, fear; lattice or gate. Tenir (une place, un ètat) en jalousie, to keep (a town or state) in awe or at bay.

JALOU-X, SE, zâ-lôo, lôoz, adj. jealous; envious. Un bâtiment jaloux, rolling ship.

JALOUX, s. m. jealous man. Jalouse, s. f. jealous woman.

Jamaique, za-mā-lk, (LA) s. f. Jamaica. Jamais, zā-mē, adj. & s. m. never, ever. Si jamais je deviens riche, if ever I grow rich. A jamais, pour jamais, forever, always. Pour un jamais, forever, ever. When the phrase is negative, we say never instead of not ever; but after nor or neither we use ever. When after a negative phrase or its equivalent, jumais is used, as cet homme n'est jamais content, it is rendered by never.

JAMBAGE, zen-baz, s. m. pier, jamb, sideost (in architecture ;) also door-post; straight

lines (of the m, n and u.)

JAMBE, zênb, s. f. leg, shank. L'os de la jambe, the shin-bone. La jambe d'un compas, the foot of a pair of compasses. Donner le croc en jambe à quelqu'un, to trip up one's heels, give one a fall. Jambes de force (in architecture) corbel or pier. Jambe de chien Mar. sheep-shank. Faire une jambe de chien à une manœuvre, to slieep-shank a rope.

JAMBETTE, zen-bet, s. f. clasp-knife or folding knife. Donner la jambette à quelqu'un, to trip up one's heels. Jambettes, (in architecture)

jambs.

JAMBIÈRE, zènbîèr, s. m. greave or leg-piece, armour for the leg.

JAMBON, zèn-bon, s. m. ham, gammon of bacon. Jambon de Westphalie, Westphalian ham.

Jambonneau, zèn-bô-nò, s. m. small ham or gammon.
*JANIN, s. m. cuckold.

JANISSAIRE, za-nî-ser, s. m. janissary. JANSÉNISME, zen-så-nism, s. m. Jansen

isnı JANSÉNISTE, zen-så-nist, s. m. Jansenist.

JANTE, zent, s. f. felloe (of a wheel.) JANVIER, zėn-via, s. m. January.

Japon, s. m. Japan.

JAPONOIS, E, s. m. & f. Japanese.

JAPPEMENT, zåp-men, s. m. barking. JAPPER, zå-på, v. n. to bark, yelp. Japper

contre, to bark at, scold at.

*JAQUE, s. m. jacket. Juque de mailles, coat of mail.

JAQUEMART, s. m. figure of a man (that

strikes the hour.)
JAQUETTE, zå-ket, s. f. child's coat; jacket.

Enfant à la jaquette, child in coats. JAR, zar, V. Jars.

JARDIN, zar-din, s. m. garden. Jeter des pierres dans le jardin de quelqu'un, to give one a wipe by the by, give one a dry bob.

JARDINAGE, zar-di-naz, s. m. gardening;

gardens.

JARDINER, zar-dî-na, v. n. to dress a gar-den. Jardiner l'oiseau (in falconry) to weather a hawk. JARDINET, zår-di-ne, s. m. little garden.

JARDINIER, E, zar-dî-nîa, nîer, s. m. & f

JARDINIÈRE, s. f. embroidered ruffle.

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

JARGON, zår-gon, s. m. jargon, gibberish, broken language; also cant or canting language, a precious stone. JARGONNELLE, s. f. jargonelle, (sort of

JARGONNER, zår-gô-nå, v. n. & a. to talk

gibberish, jabber.

JARNAC, small dagger. Donner un coup de jarnac, to give one an irrecoverable blow. JARRE, zar, s. f. vessel of a water-mill into which the oran falls; (pour les huiles, etc.) jar.

Jarre, Mar. jar, large jar for water.

JARRET, za-re, s. m. ham or hough;

evenness, something uneven. Jarret de bæuf, shin of beef. Jarret de veau, knuckle of veal, Il y a des jarrets dans cette voûte, this vault is

not uniform.

JARRETÉ, E, adj. whose hams are turned inward (said of horses.)

JARRETIÈRE, zar-tier, s. f. garter. Donner des jarretières à quelqu'un, to lash one's legs. JARRON, s. m. Mar. small jar for oil.

JARS, s. m. gander. Il entend le jars, he

is a cunning fox.

JASER, zã-zã, v. n. to prate, prattle, gab-

ble or babble, chatter, blab (a secret.)

JASERIE, zaz-rl, s. f. prating, prattling,

twittle-twattle.

JASEU-R, SE, zá-zeur, zeuz, s. m. & f. prattler, blabber, blab.

JASMIN, zás-min, s. m. jasmine.

JASPE, zásp, s. m. jasper; green and vermilion (to sprinkle a book.)

JASPÉ, E, adj. Ex. Livre jaspé, book sprin-kled. Marbre jaspé, green marble. JASPER, zås-på, v. a. to sprinkle with green and vermilion (as book-binders do books.) Jasper un manteau de cheminée, to vein a mantle-tree.

JASPURE, zås-pur, s. f. sprinkling, mar-

bling.

JAT, s. m. Mar. stock. Jat d'ancre, anchor-stock. Jat de l'ancre, stock of the anchor.

JATTE, zat, s. f. bowl. JATTEE, za-ta, s. f. bowl-full.

JAVART, zå-vår, s. m. swelling in the hollow of a horse's pastern.

JAVELER, zav-la, v. a. to gather grain in

bundles to dry. JAVELEUR, zav-leur, s. m. one who ga-

thers grain in bundles to dry.

JAVELINE, záv-lîn, s. f. javelin. JAVELLE, zá-věl, s. f. little bundles of grain.

Javelle de sarmens, fagot of vine-branches.

JAVELET, s. m. (from javeline) dart, javelin; (from javelle) arm-full or truss of grain newly cut down.

JAVELOT, s. m. sort of dart.

JAUGE, 202, s. f. gauge to measure casks with; gauging; standard cask for gauging.

JAUGHAGE, 20-24x, s. m. gauging. Jaugeage, Mar. tonnage or burden of a ship by admeasurement; also act and manner of measuring (a ship) for tonnage.

JAUGER, 20-2å, v. a. to gauge. Jauger un bâtiment, to gauge a ship, measure a vessel (in order to ascertain her burden.)

JAUGEUR, zò-zeur, s. m. gauger

JAUNATRE, zo-natr, adj. yellowish. JAUNE, zon, adj. & s. m. yellow. Un jaune

d'œuf, the yolk of an egg.

Jaunet, s. m. piss-a-bed; (pièce d'or) yel-

low-boy.

JAUNIR, zò-nîr, v. a. to make or dye ycllow; v. n. to grow yellow, take a yellow hue. JAUNISSE, zò-nis, s. f. jaundice or yellow jaundice; also green sickness.

JAYET, s. m. V. Jais.

JE, ze, (pronoun of the first person) I. J'ai, I have. Ai-je? have I?

JEAN, zen, John. La St. Jean, Midsummerday.

JEANNE, (a woman's name) Jane.

Јеноvaн, Jehovah.

JERÉMIADE, zå-rå-miåd, s. f. frequent and sorrowful complaint.

JÉSUITE, zå-zůlt, s. m. Jesuit.

Jésus, zã-zů, Jesus. Jet, zê, s. m. throw or cast; shoot or sprig; caue; (terme de fondeur) cast; swarm (of bees;) (in falconry) jess; casting up, computation. Jet d'eau, jet, water-spout, fountain. Jet de filet, casting of a net.

Jet, Mar. any part of the cargo of a merchantman thrown overboard for the vessel's safety. Faire le jet, to lighten a ship in a

storm.

JETÉ, E, adj. thrown, cast, etc. Le de or le sort en est jeté, the thing is resolved or put to the hazard

JETÉE, zê-tå, s. f. bank, mole, causeway.

Mar. pier, mole, jetty.

JETER, ze-ta, v. a. to throw, fling, shoot, cast, hur!; (of water) to spout. Jeter quelqu'un hors de la maison, to put or turn one out of the house. Jeter de profindes racines, to take deep root. Jeter des œillades, to cast sheep's eyes. Jeter des larmes, to shed tears. Jeter des étincelles, to sparkle. Jeter par terre un bâtiment, to pull down or demolish a building. Jeter dans un moule or en moule, to cast in a mould. Jeter des troupes or des munitions dans une place, to throw a supply of men or ammunition into a place. Jeter le faucon, to cast the hawk. Jeter feu et flammes, to fret and fume. Jeter des soupirs, to sigh, fetch sighs. Jeter les yeux sur quelqu'un pour un emploi, to choose or design one for a place. Se jeter, v. r. to cast or throw one's self, run, fall, rush. Il se jeta sur moi, he fell or rushed upon me. Se jeter sur un discours to fall upon a discourse. Se jeter dans un lieu, to get into a place. Cap or point qui se inte bies vant er jette hien avant en mer, a cape that shoots a great way into the sea. Jeter, v. n. to suppurate, run with matter; (said of bees) to swarm. Parlant des arbres, to shoot. Jeter au sort, to cast lots.

Jeter, Mar. to cast, throw, heave, etc. Jeter l'ancre, to cast anchor. Jeter la sonde or le plomb, to heave the lead. Jeter le loch, to heave the log. Jeter l'artillerie à la mer, to heave the guns overboard. Jeter à terre or à la côte, to drive on shore. Ce navire a eu son grand mât jeté à bas par le tonnerre, that ship has had her main mast 'carried away by light-Jette la bouée, stream the buoy. à l'eau la bouée de sauvetage, cut away the life buoy. Jette dehors le fond du hunier, foot the top sail out of the top. Jette l'eau du canot, bale the boat out. Jette une anurre au canot, throw a rope to the boat. V. Plage.

JETON, ze-ton, s. m. counter (to play with.) JEU, zeu, s. m. game, play, sport, diversion, pastime; play, game or gaming; place where one plays; what one plays with; part bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

of a side or set; play-house; booth, show; or a suce or set; play-house; booth, show; jest or jesting; manner of playing on musical instruments; action, performance, acting, play, game or gaming. Un jeu de mail, mail. Un jeu d'eveles; chess-men. Un jeu de paume, a tennis-court. Un jeu de billard, a billiardtable. Un jeu de boule, a bowling-green. Un jeu de quilles, a set of pins. Jeu d'orgues the rew of pins in an organ. Jeu d'orgues the rew of pins in an organ. gues, the row of pipes in an organ. Jeu de cartes, pack of cards. Tenir jeu, to play on; also to keep a gaming-house or ordinary. also to keep a gaming-nouse or ordinary.

Jouer le jeu, to play fair or right. De bon jeu,
fairly, by fair play. Mettre au jeu (mettre
son enjeu) to stake, lay down one's stake,
Jouer beau, grand or, gros jeu, to play high.
Jouer à jeu sûr, to go upon sure grounds. Etre à deux de jeu, to be upon even terms. Je sais son jeu, I know his way. Avoir beau jeu, to have good cards; also to have a fair game at Avoir mauvais jeu, to have bad cards; play. Acut mateus jeu, to have a death, also to have a hard game at play. Jeu d'esprit, witty conceit, piece of wit, witticism. Jeu de paroles, jeu de mots, quibble, pun, clinch. Jeu de théâtre, dumb-show, attitude, gesture. Jeux, games, public games; plays. Les jeux, les ris, et les grâces, the sporis, the smiles, and the graces.

Jeu, Mar. play; also complete suit. Jeu de voiles, complete suit of sails. En donnant du jeu à notre grand mât, nous gagnerons de la marche, by giving our main-mast some play, we shall sail the faster.

JEUDI, zeu-di, s. m. Thursday. Jeudi-Saint, Maundy Thursday. La semaine des trois jeudis, when two Sundays come together.

JEUN, zun, Ex. A jeun, fasting. Etre à jeun, to be fasting. Prendre quelque chose à jeun, to take a thing fasting.

JEUNE, zeun, adj. young, youthful, brisk; vigorous; younger, junior; young, not mature. It ya des gens plus long-temps jeunes que d'autres, some ripen later than others. JEUNE, zenn, s. m. fast, fasting.

JEUNEMENT, adv. (terme de chasse) new-

JEUNER, zeu-na, v. n. to fast. Jeuner au pain et a l'eau, to keep one's fast with bread and water.

JEUNESSE, zeu-nes, s. f. youth, youthful days, youth, young man or young people; folly of youth, mad prank, gayety, frolick.

JEUNET, TE, zeu-ne, net, adj. very young. JEUNEU-R, SE, zên-nêur, neuz, s. m. & f.

Ex. Un grand jeineur, a great faster.

JOAILLERIE, zwal-ri, s. m. jev
trade, jeweller's ware, jewels. s. m. jeweller's

JOAILLIER, zwa-lia, s. m. jeweller. *Jobelin, s. m. fool, cuckold.

*Jocrisse, 20-kris, s. m. simpleton, cot, cot-quean.

*JODELET, 28d-le, s. m. buffoon, fool, mer-

ry andrew.

Jote, zwd, s. m. joy, mirth, delight, pleasure, content, gladness. Il est à la joie de san cœur, he has his heart's delight or desire. Donner de la joie à quelqu'un, io make one glad, rejoice one. Sentir or recevoir de la joie, to be joyful or well pleased or glad. Comblé de joie, over-joyed. Füle or femme de joie, woman or lady of pleasure.

JOIGNANT, prep. next or next to, by, hard

by, near, bordering upon.

JOIGNANT, E, zwå-gnen, gnent, adj. ad-

joining, next.

JOINDRE, zwindr, v. a. (See the table at oindre) to join; put together, close; add to, put to; unite, ally or reconcile; to overtake; to meet. Joindre un homme, to accost a man, come up to a man. Joindre, v. n. to close, shut close, lie close. Il ne veut pas joindre (or condescendre) he will not buckle to or condescend ... Se joindre, v. r. to join or close; to join or meet, come together; to associate, side or combine. Se joindre au parti contraire, to take the contrary side.

Joindre, Mar. to join, etc. Deux vaisseaux de ligne ont joint notre escadre ce matin, two ships of the line have joined our squadron this morning. Nous joindrons les premiers le bâtiment chassé, we shall be the first up with the chase. Les écoutes du petit hunier sont à joindre, the fore-top-sail sheets are home.

JOINT, E, adj. joined, etc. Joint que, conj. besides, besides that, to which add (or you

may add) that.

JOINT, zwin, s. m. joint or article; (in architecture) joint or seam.

Jointé, E, zwin-ta, adj. jointed. Jointée, s. f. two handfuls. Jointure, zwin-tur, s. f. joint. Joli, E, zô-lî, lì, adj. pretty, fine, agreca-

ble, genteel.

Joli, s. m. prettiness. JOLIET, TE, 2ô-lî-ê, êt, adj. pretty. JOLIMENT, 2ô-lî-mên, adv. prettily, hand-somely, neatly.

JOLIVETÉS, zô-liv-tà, s. f. pl. pretty things, knacks, trifles, toys, gewgaws. Un enfant qui dit cent jolivetes, a child that says a hundred pretty things.

Jone, zon, s. m. rush, bulrush; ring with-

out a bezel. Jone marin, sea-rush.

Jonché, E, adj strewed, covered, spread

JONCHÉE, zon-shå, s. f. strewing flowers, herbs or branches strewed. Jonchée de crême, kind of cream-cheese made in a frail of rushes.

JONCHER, zon-shå, v. a. to strew, cover, to spread over (with flowers.)

JONCHETS, zon-she, s. m. pl. set of small

sticks to play with. JONCTION, zonk-sion, s. f. joining, conjunction, coming together. La jonction des deux escadres s'est effectuée, the two fleets have

effected a junction JONGLERIE, s. f. trick, cheat.

Jongleur, zon-gleur, s.m. juggler, moun-

JONQUE, s. f. Mar. Chinese junk.

JONQUILLE, 2001-kll, s. f. jonquille.
JOTTEREAU, s. m. Mar. hound, cheek.
Jottereaux des måts, cheeks of the masts,
hounds. Courbes de jottereaux, cheeks of the head.

JOUAILLER, 200-a-la, v. n. (diminutive of the verb jouer) to play for trifles or for diver-

JOUBARBE, 200-barb, s. f. house-leek.

Joue, zòo, s. f. cheek. Donner sur la joue a quelqu'um, lui couerir la joue, to give one a box on the ear or a slap over the face. Joues (d'une poulie) Mar. cheeks.

Jouen, 200-a, v. a. to play or act. Jouer quelqu'un, to play upon one, jeer or ridicule one, make sport with one; also to make ? buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

feol of one, mock one, play the fool with one, amuse or cheat one. Jouer une pièce or un tour à quelqu'un, en jouer d'un à une per-sonne, to play or serve, or show one a trick, put a trick upon one. Jouer les deux, to play the ambidexter. Jouer deux or trois parties, to play two or three games. Faire jouer une pièce d'artillerie, to fire or discharge a piece of ordnance. Faire jouer une fougade, to spring a mine.

Jouer, v. n. to play, play the fool or the wag, sport, game. Jouer, to game, be a gamester. Jouer d'un instrument de musique, to play upon a musical instrument. to venture or hazard, run the hazard of. Jouer à tout perdre, to venture all, stake all at once. Il joue à se faire tuer, he hazards or ventures his life. Jouer aux cartes, auz dés, etc. to play at cards, at dice, etc. Jouer des gobelets, to show tricks of legerdemain, play juggler's Donner à jouer, to keep a gaming-Jouer à la fausse compagnie, to leave in the lurch, also to turn flincher, steal away. Joher à quitte or à double, to run all hazards, win the horse or lose the saddle. Jouer de son reste, to use one's last shifts, make one's last push, be at one's last stake. Jouer des couteaux, to fight with swords. Joner au plus fin avec quelqu'un, to vie in cunning with one. Jouer (or se Jouer) sur des mots, with one. Jouer (or se jouer) sur des mots, to play upon words, pun. Se jouer, v. v. to play, sport. Se jouer de quelqu'um, to play the fool with one, make sport with one, jeer or banter one. Se jouer de l'écriture sainte, ta play with or droll upon the scripture, abuse it. Se jouer, to be in jest. Il se joue des choses les plus difficiles, the most difficult things are play to him he makes carbiers of things are play to him, he makes nothing of them. Ne vous jouez pas à cela, ne rous y jouez pas, do not fool with that, do not meddle with it, let that alone. Ne vous jouez pas à lui, do not meddle with him, take care of Ne vous jouez pas

Jouer, v. n. Mar. to play, etc. Les vents ne font que jouer, the wind is continually flying about. "Il nous fallut faire jouer toutes les pompes, we were obliged to keep all the pumps going. Le bâtiment joue de partout, the ship works from stem to stern. Les mâts jouent beaucoup dans leurs étambrais, the masts have a good deal of play in the partners.

JOUEREAU, 200-ro, s. m. sorry gamester or player, bungler at play; one that plays for

a small matter or for a trifle.

JOUET, 200-ê, s. m. play-thing, toy, sport; laughing stock, sport or make-game. Etre le jouet de la fortune, to be fortune's foot ball.

Jouets, Mar. plates of iron used to prevent the bolt heads from cutting the timber into which they are driven.

Joueu-R, SE, zoo-eur, euz, s. m. & f. game-ster or player. Joueur d'instrumens, player upon musical instruments, musician. Joueur de gobelets, juggler. C'est un rude joueur, he is a dangerous man to meddle with. rude joueuse en critique, a very critical wo-

Jourflu, E, 200-flu, u, adj. bloated, chub-

cheeked.

Joug, zôog, s. m. yoke, subjection, slavery, bondage. Subir le joug, to yield or submit. Joujou, zôo-zôo, s. m. play-thing.

Journ, 200-ir, de, v. n. to enjoy, possess.

Jourssance, 200-1-sens, s. f. enjoying, enjoyment, possessing or possession.

Jourssant, E, adj. enjoying, in possession,

in full possession.

Jour, zoor, s. m. day, day-light, light; way, means, insight; life; aperture through which light enters; light (in painting;) space, clear space; a day. Bon jour (jour de fête) holy-day. Faire son bon jour, to receive the sacrament. Bon jour, good-morrow U. sacrament. Bon jour, good-morrow. Un domneur de bons jours, one that gives nothing but fair words. Si je vois jour à cela, if I find the thing feasible. Perdre le jour, to lose one's life, die. Se faire jour, to make way, break through. Percé à jour, bored through. Mettre au jour, to publish, set forth or put out. Mettre une chose dans un beau jour, to set off a thing, put the best gloss upon it, show it to the best advantage. En plein jour, devant tout le monde, at noon-day, in the face of the whole world. Etre de jour, to be upon duty twentyfour hours as a general officer. Est-il jour ici? Is such a one up or stirring? Au premier jour, with the first opportunity, as soon as possible. Vivre au jour la journée, to live from hand to mouth.

Jourd'hui, V. Hui.

Journal, 20or-nal, s. m. journal, diary, day-book; acre of land. Mar. Ex. Journal de navigation or journal nautique, journal, log book. Journal du loch, traverse-table.
JOURNALIER, E, 2007-na-lia, lier,

daily, diurnal; uncertain, fickle, inconstant.

JOURNALIER, s. m. journey-man. Journaliste, zoor-na-list, s. m. journal-

Journée, zôor-nå, s. f. day; day's work, day's journey, day (of battle) fight, battle.
Journellement, zôor-nêi-nên, adv. dai-

ly, day by day, every day.

JOUTE, adot, s. f. just or joust, tilting. Joute

de coqs, cock-fighting. JOUTER, 200-tå, v. n. to just or joust, run a tilt; (de coqs) to fight.

Jouteur, zdo-teur, s. m. juster or jouster,

one that runs a tilt.

*Jouvence, 200-vens, s. f. youth. La fon-taine de jouvence, the mill that grinds old people young.

*Jouvenceau, 200-ven-so, s. m. youth or

lad; young man, stripling.

*Jouvencelle, 200-ven-sel, s. f. young maid, young virgin, lass.

*Jouxte, prep. Ex. Jouxte la copie imprimée à Paris, according to the copy printed at

Paris. Jouxte le palais, near the palace.

JOVIAL, E, 20-vi-al, adj. jovial, merry, pleasant, jocund.

JOYAU, zwa-yo, s. m. jewel.

JOYEUSEMENT, zwa-yeuz-men, adv. joy-

fully, gladly, cheerfully.

*JOYEUSETÉ, zwa-yeuz-ta, s. f. jest, joke,

Joyeu-x, se, zwa-yeu, yeuz, adj. merry,

cheerful, glad, joyful, joyous.

Jubk, za-ba, s. m. lobby or gallery (in a great church between the choir and the body of the church.) Venir à jubé, to buckle to, come to reasonable terms.

JUBILATION, zû-bî-lâ-sîon, s. f. jubilation,

rejoicing, merry-making, feasting.

JUBILÉ, zît-bî-là, s. m. jubilee, plenary in dulgence.

bår, båt, båse: thère, ébb, ovèr: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

JUBILÉ, adj. s. m. jubilate (ecclesiastick who has served 50 years.)

Juc, V. Juchoir.

JUCHÉ, E, adj. roosted. Elle étoit juchée comme une poule au haut du bagage, she sat roosting like a hen upon the goods.

JUCHER, zů-shå, v. n. se jucher, v. r. to

roost.

Juchoir, zů-shwar, s. m. roost. Juda, s. m. (in a floor) hole, opening. Judaique, zů-då-ík, adj. Jewish, judaical or judaick. A la judarque, according to the

Jews, after the Jewish manner.

JUDAISER, zů-då-î-zå, v. n. to judaize.

JUDAISME, zů-då-îsm, s. m. Judaism, the

Jews' religion or doctrine. JUDELLE, s. f. sort of aquatick bird.

JUDICILE, S. f. sort of aquatick direction, so f. judicature, law, knowledge of the law. Office or charge de judicature, a judge's place or office.

JUDICIAIRE, zû-dî-sî-êr, adj. judicial or judiciary, legal, done in due form of justice.

L'astrologie judiciaire, judicial astrology.

JUDICIAIRE, S. f. judgment.

JUDICIAIREMENT, zû-dî-sî-êr-mên, adv.

judicially, in a judicial way, according to the due course of law.

JUDICIEUSEMENT, zů-dî-sî-euz-mên, adv. judiciously, wisely, rationally, with judgment. JUDICIEU-X, SE, zû-dî-sî-èu, èuz, adj. ju-

dicious, rational, wise, prudent.

Juge, zuz, s. m. judge; umpire, arbitrator. Etre juge d'une chose, to be judge of or have skill in a thing.

JUGEMENT, zůz-mên, s. m. a judgment, sentence, decree, order; judgment, reason, understanding; opinion, mind. Le jour du

jugement, the day of judgment, doomsday.

JUGER, zu-za, v. a. to judge, decide, determine; try, be a judge of; to give or pass sentence, judgment or verdict; to judge, guess, conjecture; think, believe, suppose; conceive, imagine.

JUGIOLINE, s. f. sesame (a plant.) JUGULAIRE, zů-gů-lèr, adj. jugular. veine jugulaire, the jugular vein.

Jui-F, vE, zůlf, zulv, adj. & s. Jewish, of the Jews; Jew, Jewess, (à la juive) Jew-like, after the Jewish manner

Juillet, zů-le, s. m. July.

Juin, s. m. June.
Jujube, s. f. (sort of fruit) jujube.
Jujubeers, s. m. jujube-tree.

Juiverie, zůlv-rl, s. f. part of a town where Jews live.

JULE, s. m. an insect; Italian five-pence. JULEP, zů-lêp, s. m. julap. JULIEN, s. m. St. Julian plum.

JULIENNE, zů-lien, s. m. gillislower.

JULIENNE, adj. f. Ex. La période Julienne, the Julian period.

JUMART, s. m. Jumart.

JUM-EAU, ELLE, zû-mò, mêl, adj. twiu. Deux frères jumeaux, twin brothers. Sa sœur jumelle, his twin sister. Cerise jumelle, twin or double cherry.

JUMEAU, s. m. twin. Les gémeaux, Gemi-

JUMELLE, s. f. female twin. Les deux jumelles d'une presse, the cheeks or side-beams of a press. Mar. fish (of a mast or yard,) side-piece (in making a mast.) Jumelles de rechange, spare fishes.

JUMELLER, v. a. Mar. to fish (a mast or

JUS

JUMENT, zd-men, s. f. mare; mould to make money.

JUNTE, s. f. name given to several coun cils in Spain.

JUPE, zup, s. f. petticoat.

*Jupin, s. m. Jove.

JUPITER, zû-pî-têr, s. m. Jupiter (one of the planets.

Jupon, zû-pôn, s. m. under or short petti-

JURADE, s. f. court of aldermen or sheriffs. JURANDE, s. f. wardenship, being a warden in a company of tradesmen; wardens in a company of tradesmen.

JURAT, zů-rå, s. m. jurat, an alderman or sheriff.

JURATOIRE, 20-ra-twar, adj. juratory, swearing or to be sworn. June, E, zů-rå, adj. sworn or sworn to, etc. V. Jurer. Un ennemi juré, a sworn, open, declared or professed enemy. Matrone juree,

sworn matron. Lingère jurée, sworn seamstress. JURÉ, s. m. a tradesman sworn by the mas-

ter of a company, warden or livery man in a company of tradesmen; juryman. JUREMENT, zůr-mên, s. m. profane swear-ing, oath, blasphemy.

JURER, zů-rå, v. n. & a. to swear or swear to, take an oath; to make a vow; to swear, curse, blaspheme; to clash; to jar.

JUREU-R, SE, zû-rêur, reuz, S. m. & f. swearer, swearing man or woman.

JURI or Y, s.m. jury. JURIDICTION, zů-rî-dík-síon, s. f. jurisdic-

Juridique, zů-rî-dík, adj. juridical, law-

ful, legal, according to law JURIDIQUEMENT, zů-rî-dîk-mên, adv. ju-

ridically, legally, according to law.
JURISCONSULTE, 20-ris-kon-sult,

lawyer, a man learned in the law, civilian, counsellor.

JURISDICTION, V. Juridiction.

JURISPRUDENCE, zů-ris-prů-dens, s. f. jurisprudence, science of the law.

JURISTE, zu-rist, s. m. jurist, writer on

*Juron, zu-ron, s. m. affected oath.

"JURON, 211-ron, s. m. altected oath.
JUS, 2d, s. m. juice; (of meat) gravy.
JUSANT, 2\(\hat{u}\)-sen, s. m. Mar. ebb-tide, ebb.
Le jusant est \(\hat{u}\) s as fin, the ebb is almost spent.
JUSQU'A, 2\(\hat{u}\)-sen, or JUSQU'ES, 2\(\hat{u}\)-sk, A,
prep. to, even to, as far as, till, until. Depuis
Paris jusqu'\(\hat{u}\) Rome, from Paris to Rome.
(See Observ. 6 on A.) Jusqu'\(\hat{u}\) ce point or
jusques \(\hat{u}\) ce point, to that point, to that height. to that degree. Jusqu'à présent, till now, un-til now, hitherto. Sa libéralité s'est étendue jusqu'à moi, his liberality extended even to me. Crier jusqu'ù s'enrouer, to bawl one's self hoarse. Brûler du vin jusqu'aux deux tiers, to burn two thirds of wine away. Il n'y avoit pas jusques aux plus abjects des hommes qui ne criassent contre lui, even the worst or the very worst of men did cry out upon him. Il a vendu jusqu'à sa chemise, he has sold the very shirt off his back. Jusques à quand? How long? Jusques-là, to that place, so far, thither S'il va jusques là que de dire, if he he so bold as to say.

buse; bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Jusquiame, zůs-kiam, s. f. (plant) henbane, hog's bane.

JUSSANT, V. Jusant. JUSSION, 2d-sion, s. f. (in chancery) command.

Justaucorps, zůs-tô-kôr, s. m. close coat;

jacket.

JUSTE, zůst, adj, just, right, equitable, reasonable ; righteous, upright ; fit, fitting ; exact, true, even; close, strait. Juste Dieu! good God.

JUSTE, s. m. just. Au juste, justly, precise-

ly, exactly. A country-woman's dress.

JUSTE, adv. Ex. Parler juste, to speak proper; also to speak to the point. Chanter juste, to sing correctly. Il est chaussé trop juste, his shoes pinch him.

JUSTEMENT, zůst-mên, adv. justly, rightfully; just, exactly; justement, rous arez ren-contre, right, you have hit the nail on the

head.

JUSTESSE, zůs-těs, s. f. exactness, regulari-

ty, due proportion.

JUSTICE, 20s-tis, s. f. a justice; justice, moral virtue; right, equity, reasonableness, justness; justice, law; jurisdiction, court; righteousness, uprightness; gallows. Rendre justice à quelqu'un, au mérite, etc. to do justice to one, to merit, etc. or to give one his due, etc. Se faire justice, to be one's own judge. Administer la justice, to administer justice. Appeler quelqu'un en justice, to sue one at law, go to law with one, take the law of one. La justice videra notre différent, the court shall decide our controversy. Un fon qui de ses revenus engraisse la justice, a fool who with his income fattens the lawyers. Faire justice d'un criminel, to execute a malefactor.

JUSTICIABLE, zůs-tỉ-sỉ-abl, adj. cogniza-ble, under one's jurisdiction.

JUSTICIER, s. m. that does justice, severe; that has a jurisdiction, justice or judge.
JUSTICIER, zůs-ű-sî-å, v. a. to punish cor-

porally, execute, hang.

JUSTIFIABLE, adj. justifiable.

JUSTIFIANT, E, zůs-tl-fî-èn, ent, adj. justi-

fying.

JUSTIFICATI-F, VE, 20s-ti-fi-ka-tif, the, adj. justifying, seeming to justify or prove. Piece justificative, voucher.

JUSTIFICATION, s. f. justification, defence; justification, action and effect of justifying

JUSTIFIER, zůs-tl-fl-å, v. a. to justify or clear; to justify, verify, show or prove, make good; to justify or bring into a state of grace. Justifier les lignes, (in printing) to make the lines even. Se justifier, v. r. to justify or clear one's self.

JUTEU-X, SE, adj. juicy.

JUXTA-POSITION, zůks-tå-pô-zî-sion, s. f. juxta-position.

K, ka, ke, s. m. 11th 'etter of the French alphabet, seldom found except in foreign

KABAK, s. m. public ..ouse (in Russia.) KABIN, s. m marriage for a limited time. KAEY, s. m. tree of which negro-men

make canoes.

KAKATOES, s. m. Mar. royal. Le petit kakatoës, the forc top gallant royal. Le grand kakatoës, the main top gallant royal. KAHOUANNE, s. f. a sort of tortoise. KALI, kå-ll, s. m. kali. KAN, kån, s. m. Kan (commander among

the Tartars.)

KARMESSE, kar mes, s. f. annual fair (in Holland and the Low-Countries.)

KAROTA, s. m. a sort of aloes.

KASINE, s. f. the Grand Seignior's treasury.

KERMES, s. m. kermes.
KETCH, s. m. Mar. ketch.
KIBLA, s. m. kibla (the place which the Mahometans turn to when they pray.)

Kinancie, s. f. ulcerated quinsey.

Kiosque, kl-osk, s. m. Mar. sort of turret elevated on the poop of a Turkish caravelle.

A pavilion in a garden.

Koff, s. m. Mar. sort of Dutch vessel of

burden.

Kyrié-Éléison, s. m. Lord have pity on me (part of the mass.)

KYRIELLE, kî-rî-êl, s. f. litany; legend or long tedious story.

KYSTE, kist, s. m. cyst or cystis.

L, el, la, s. f. 12th letter of the French al-

LA, la, (article of feminine nouns) the. La femme, la maison, the woman, the house. When the noun is used in a general sense, la is not expressed in English. Aimer la vertu, to love virtue.

La, (Relative pronoun, the feminine of le) her, it. Je la cherche, I look for her. La voici

here she is, here it is.

Là, adv. there, yonder, in that place. When this particle follows a noun which is preceded by ce, cet, cette, ces, it is not expressed in English. Cet homme-là, that man. Ces femmes-la, those women. See also Celui-là, etc. at the word Celui. Là même, in that very place. Là où, where; or when? Là haut, above, up there. Là-bas, down, down there, Là-dessus, on or up there; sur cela, Là-dessous, under upon that, thereupon. upon that, thereupon. Là-dessous, under there. Delà, off, thence, from that, from that place. De-là, means also beyond, over that side or on the other side; and de de-là, of or from beyond. Passer de-là l'eau, to go over the water, to go on the other side the water. Ceci vient de de-là les Alpes, this comes from beyond the Alps. Au de-là, par de-là, en de-là, that side, on the other side, also above or over. Au de-là, as well as par de-là de, beyond, on the other side. De-sà et da de, beyond, on the other state. Desa de de-là, up and down, this side and the other. Aller à cheval jambe de-ça jambe de-là, to ride astraddle. De là où, from or of that place, where. Que faites-rous là? what are you doing? J'en suis là, c'est mon humeur, I am just so, that is just my humour. La, la, so so, pretty well, indifferent. La, la, nous gue traverse sailleurs corre vers vers vier. nous trouverons ailleurs, come, come, we will meet elsewhere. La, la, ne faites point tant de bruit, peace there, do not make so much noise.

La, s. m. (note of musick) la.

LABARUM, s. m. Constantine's imperial standard.

LABDANUM, V. Ladanum.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

LABEUR, lå-beur, s. m. labour. * Terre en | labeur, ploughed and sown land.

*LABEURER, v. n. to labour, operate. LABIAL, E, la-bî-âl, adj. labial.

LABIÉ, E, adj. labiated. LABILE, la-bil, adj. Ex. Mémoire labile, weak, bad or treacherous memory.

LABIRINTHE, V. Labyrinthe. LABORATOIRE, la-bo-ra-twar, s. m. laboratory.

LABORIEUSEMENT, lâ-bô-rî-euz-mên, adv. laboriously, painfully, hardly. LABORIEU-x, se, lâ-bô-rî-eu, euz, adj. la-borious, that works bard, that lakes a great deal of pains, painful, hard, toilsome.

Labour, la-boor, s. m. tillage, ploughing. Terre en labour, ploughed land ready for sowing. V. Labeur. Donner un premier labour à la terre, to break up the ground, and the labour is the labour and labour l plough a field the first time. Donner un labour à la vigne, to dress a vine.

LABOURABLE, lå-bôo-rabl, adv. arable, to

be ploughed or tilled. LABOURAGE, la-boo-raz, s.m. husbandry,

tillage, agriculture, ploughing.

LABOURER, lå-böo-rå, v. a. to till, plough or break up the ground; to dig. Labourer la

vigne, to dress or cultivate the vine Labourer, v. a. Mar. Ex. Labourer avec son ancre, to drag. L'ancre laboure, the an-chor comes home. Labourer le fond avec la quille, to touch the ground with the keel (so as not to hang.)

LABOUREUR, la-boo-reur, s. m. husband-

man, tiller, ploughman.

LABYRINTHE, là-bi-rint, s. m. labyrinth, maze; perplexity, trouble; intricate or perplexed business.

LAC, lak, s. m. lake.

LACER, la-sa, v. a. to lace, tie with a lace. Lacer un ruban, to run a ribbon round the

skirt of a garment.

LACÉRATION, lå-så-rå-slon, s. f. laceration.

LACÉRER, lå-så-rå, v. a. to lacerate, rend,

tear or tear in pieces.

LACERON. V. Laiteron.

LACET, lä-se, s. m. cord to lace with, snare, gin, spring, noose.

LACHE, lash, adj. slack, loose, soft, unbent; slothful, sluggish, lazy, slow, dull; remiss, easy, soft; cowardly, faint or faint-hearted. unmanly; base, shameful, unworthy, ungenerous. Avoir le ventre lâche, to be relaxed, have a looseness. Letemps est lâche, it is faint, close or sultry weather. Le bâtiment lâche, Mar. the ship carries a slack-helm. Le bâtiment cst

LACHE, s. m. coward, cowardly man, poltroon; a base, sordid, sneaking, pitiful fellow. LACHÉ, E, adj. (V. lâcher) let out, loose or

leosened, etc.

LACHEMENT, lash-men, adv. cowardly, shamefully; slackly, remissly, faintly, faint-heartedly; sluggishly, slowly.

LACHER, la-sha, v. a. to slack or slacken, loosen, make loose, unbind or let out; to release, let loose, let go. Lôsher prise, to let go one's hold. Lâcher la nain à quelqu'un, to give one more liberty. Lâcher des chiens après quelqu'un, to let dogs after one. Matherical des chiens après quelqu'un, to let dogs after one. Matherical des chiens après quelqu'un, to let dogs after one. Matherical des chiens après quelqu'un proposition de la constant de l lade qui lache tout sous lui, one unable to re-tain his excrements. Lacher de l'eau, to make water, piss. Viande qui lâche le rentre, loosening meat. Lâcher un rent, to break

wind, fart. Lâcher le pied, to lose ground; also to scamper or run away. Lûcher une bordée à un bâtiment, Mar. to pour a broadside into a ship.

Lâcher, v. n. to go off (as a gun or pistol does;) (at cards) to revoke, let go. Se lâ-

cher, v. r. to slacken, grow loose, unbend.

Lacheté, lash-ta, s. m. cowardliness, cowardice, faint-heartedness, baseness, base or unworthy action; slackness, sluggishness, slothfulness, dullness.

LACINIÉ, F., adj. lacinated (in botany.) LACIS, lä-sl, s. m. net-work. LACONIQUE, lä-kö-nik, adj. laconick, short, concise, brief. Un style laconique, a laconick or concise style. LACONIQUEMENT, lå-kô-nîk-mên, adv. la-

conically, after a laconick way, concisely.

LACONISME, lå-kå-ußm, s. m. laconism, short and pithy way of expressing one's

LACRYMAL, E. la-kri-mal, adj. lachrymal.

Fistule lacrymale, weeping fistula.

LACRYMATOIRE, lâ-krî-mâ-twar, s. m. lachrymatory.

LACS, la, s. m. string; net, gin, snare, spring, noose; difficulty, embarrance.

Lacs d'amour, love-knot.

Lactée, lak-tà, adj. lacteal, milky. Les

LACUNE, lå-kûn, s. f. gap, blank place in a book, something left out that is lost. Lacuncs, Mar. too great openings or spaces between ships in a line of battle.

LADANUM, s. m. labdamum, a soft resin. LADI, s. f. lady, woman of rank. LADRE, lådr, adJ. leprous; insensible, that has no feeling; sordid, base, stingy, covetous.

Un cochon ludre, a measled hogy, to tedus.

LADRE, s. m. LADRESSE, ladr, lad-rês, s. f. leper, leprous man or woman, lazar; also miser or sordid person. Maison de ludres, lazar-house, lazaretto.

LADRERIE, la-dre-ri, s. f. leprosy, stinginess, sordid avarice; lazaretto, lazar-house. LADRESSE, s. f. V. Ladre. LADRESSE, S. f. V.

LAGUE, lag, s. f. Mar. track or wake of a ship.

LAGUNE, la-gun, s. f. a pond caused by

marshy ground. Lai, E, lê, lè, adj. & s. lay, secular, temporal; lay-man. Moine lai, disabled soldier maintained in an abbey. Complaint, dole,

sorrow, a plaintive song or lay.

LAICHE, s. f. weed that blisters a horse's

LAID, E, le, led, adj. & s. ugly, ill-favoured, homely, not handsome, deformed, disa-

greeable, base, unseemly.

Laideron, led-ron, s. f. homely young

LAIDEUR, le-deur, s. f. ugliness, ill-favour-

edness, deformity, baseness.

LAIE, le, s. f. wild sow; riding or lane (through a forest.)
LAINAGE, lê-naz, s. m. woollen goods.

LAINE, len, s. f. wool.

LAINEU-X, SE, le-neu, neuz, adj. woolly. full of wool.

LAINIER, le-nià, s. m. dealer in wool. Lainière, s. f. wife or widow of a dealer in

LAYQUE, lå-îk, adj. lay, secular, temporal.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

LATQUE, s. m. lay or secular man. Les

Latques, the laity, the people.

Lats, le, s. f. standard-tree.

Laisse, les, s. f. hat-band; leash to bind hounds. Laisses de la mer, Mar. sea-wreck, whatever the sea casts upon the beach.

LAISSÉES, lê-sa, s. f. pl. the dung of a wolf, bear or wild boar.

LAISSER, le-sa, v. a. to leave; forsake or abandon; to leave, trust, deposit, commit; yield, give way; to permit, suffer, allow; bequeath; to leave off, forbear. If a laissé une femme et quatre enfans, he has lest a wife and four children. Laissez-moi, let me alone, be quiet. Laissez, laissez, forbear, forbear, enough, enough. Laissez, forbear, forbear, enough, enough. Laisser une chose à certain prix, to let a thing go or to part with a thing at a certain price. Laisser la vie, to lose or lay down one's life. Laisser-le dire, the thin will. Lease laiser for dearth let him talk. Je vous laisse (or donne) à penser, I leave you to imagine. Laisser tomber, to let fall, drop down. Se luisser tomber, to fall, get a fall or tumble. Se laisser battre, to suffer one's self to be beaten. Se luisser aller, to yield. Se laisser aller à, to give way or yield to give one's self up to. Se laisser enyield to give one seen up to. Be taiset of tendre sur quelque offaire, to intimate, give to understand. Je me suis laissé dire, I have heard, I was told. Bien qu'il soit fort pauvre, il ne laisse pas d'être heureux, although he is very poor yet he is happy. Quelque bien traité qu'il soit, il ne laissera pas de se plaindre, though he is very well used he will complain for all that. V. the observation on Bean.

Laisser, v. a. Mar. Ex. Laisser un bâtiment de l'arrière, to drop a vessel. Laisser une bouée sur un câble, to leave a ship-buoy une vouce sir un caute, to leave a sinp-outoy upon a cable. L'ancre a-t-elle laissé? Is the ancher weighed? Laisse arriver, let her go off. Laisse abutre, let her fall off. Laisse aller, launch, ho. Laisse aller purtout, let go fore and aft. Laisse venir en route, bring go for and att. Laisse venur en vouce, oring her to the course. Laisse venir au vent, bring her to the wind. Laisse venir sur tribord, give her the port helm. Laisse venir sur bibord, give her the starboard helm. Laisser courir un bâtiment sur sa panne, to right the helm (so as to let the ship forereach) with the main or fore top-sail to the mast. Laisser tomber l'ancre, to drop the purpler laiser tomber view course avic to anchor. Laisser tomber une aucre à pic, to let go an anchor under foot. Laisser tomber une basse voile, to drop a course (when going large.) Laisse tomber la misaine, down foresail. Laisse tomber le point de dessous le vent de grande voile, let run the lee main cluegarnet. Se laisser coiffer, to be taken aback (through inattention or neglect.)

LAISSER-COURRE, s. m. time or place where the hounds are let loose.

Laisse-Tout-Faire, s. m. a woman's breast-knot.

LAIT, le, s. m. milk. Du petit lait, du lait clair, whey. Frère de lait, a foster-brother. Sœur de lait, a foster-sister. La voie de lait or la vrie lactée, the milky way. Lait de chaucc, whiting or size. Cochon de lait, sucking pig. Dents de lait, the first teeth. Avoir une dent de lait contre quelqu'un, to have a gradge or supen against one, owe have a grudge or spleen against one. owe one a spite.

LAITAGE, le-taz, s. m. milk or milk food; butter, cheese, whatever is made of milk. LAITANCE, le-tens, s. f. whiting, white

lime; also soft roe (of a fish.)

LAITE, let, s. f. soft roe (of a fish.)

LAITE, E, le-ta, adj. that has a soft roe.

Hureng luite, soft-roed herring.

LAITERIE, let-ri, s. f. dairy

LAITERON, s. m. sow-thistle. LAITEU-x, se, lê-teu, teuz, adj. milky

(juice of plants.)
LAITIÈRE, lê-tler, s. f. milk-woman, milk-

LAITON, lê-tôn, s. m. latten, brass. LAITUE, lê-tû, s. f. lettuce. LAIZE, s. f. breadth of cloth between the two lists.

LAMA, s. m. priest among the Tartars.
LAMANAGE, la-mā-nāz, s. m. coasting, pilotage or the piloting of a vessel into or out of any harbour or river.
LAMANEUR, lā-mā-nēur, s. m. barbour or

river-pilot.

LAMANTIN, s. m. lamentine or sea cow. LAMBDOIDE, adj. formed like the Greek

letter Lambda.

LAMBEAU, lèn-bò, s. m. rag, shred, tatter; label; ragged coat of a deer.

LAMBEL, len-bel, s. m. label (in heraldry.) LAMBIN, E, len-bin, bin, s. m. & f. slow-

LAMBINER, len-bl-na, v. n. to move slowly. LAMBIS, s. m. large sea-shell fish found in

the West-Indies. LAMBREQUIN, s. m. label. Lambrequins,

mantles (in heraldry.)
LAMBRIS, lên-brl, s. m. ceiling; wainscot. LAMBRISSAGE, len-bri-saz, s. m. ceiling ;

wainscot or wainscotting.

Lambrisser, lên-brî-sâ, v. a. to ceil, make the ceiling; to wainscot.

LAMBRUCHE or LAMBRUSQUE, len-brusk, s. f. wild vine.

LAME, lam, s. f. a blade (of a sword or knife,) thin plate of metal; trendle of a loom. Metal mis en lame, plated metal. Une fansse lame, une bonne lame, une fine lame, a cunning or sharp blade. Mar. wave, surge, etc. Lame de fond, ground swell. Les grosses lames, the high seas. Cette lame courte fatigue le bâtiment, this short sea strains the ship. La battiment, this short sea strains the sign. La lame nous prend par la hanche, the sea takes us on the quarter. La lame vient de l'avant, there is a head sea. It y a une longue lame da sud-ouest, there is a long swell from the south-west. Présenter à la lame, to bow the

LAMENTABLE, lå-men-tabl, adj. lamentable, doleful, moanful, mournful, woeful, pi-tiful, deplorable.

LAMENTABLEMENT lå-men-tabl-men, adv. lamentably, dolefully, mournfully.

LAMENTATION, la-men-ta-sion, s. f. la-

mentation, bemoaning, bewailing, mournful complaint.

LAMENTER, v. a. to lament, bemoan, bewail, mourn for, deplore. Se lamenter, v. r. to lament, bewail, bemoan one's self.

LAMIE, s. f. sea-monster of an extraordinary bigness.

LAMINAGE, la-mi-naz, s. m. plating of metal

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rôb, lord: mood, good.

LAMINER, lå-mi-nå, v. a. to flatten metals. LAMINOIR, lå-mi-nwar, s. m. machine to flatten metals.

LAMPADAIRE, s. m. name of an officer who bore lamps, or flambeaus, before the em-

peror, empress, and some other personages. LAMPAS, len-pas, s. m. lampass, lump in

the mouth of horses. LAMPASSÉ, E, adj. langued, having the

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tongue out (in heraldry.)

LAMPE, lenp, s. f. lamp.

*LAMPEE, len-på, s. f. bumper of wine. *LAMPER, len-på, v. n. to guzzle wine. LAMPERON, lenp-ron, s. m. the tube of a lamp that holds the wick.

Lampion, len-plon, s. m. crystal vase or

lamp-glass, small lamp for illuminations.

LAMPON, s. m. hat hook; drunken song. LAMPROIE, len-prwa, s. f. lamprey. LAMPROYON, len-prwa-yon, s. m. young lamprey.

LANC, s. m. Mar. yaw. LANCE, lens, s. f. lance or spear; lancer, horseman that bears a lance. Lance fournie, man of arms furnished at all points. Lance à feu, squib. Lance à boîte or courtoise or moussé or frétée or mornée, lance with a blunt head. Main de la lance, a horseman's right hand. Coucher la lance, to couch or rest the lance. Baisser la lance, to buckle to, submit. Rompre'une lance avec quelqu'un, to enter the lists with one.

LANCER, len-så, v. a. to hurl, dart, fling, throw, shoot: to unharbour, rouse, dislodge (a deer.) Lancer des œillades or des regards, to cast sheep's eyes, ogle. Se lancer sur, v.r. to shoot or fly at, rush upon. Lancer, v. a. Mar. to launch, yaw, etc. Lancer un bâtiment, to launch a vessel. Lance sur tribord, her to starboard. Sans lancer sur aucun bord,

bring her to a small helm.

LANCETTE, lèn-sêt, s. f. lancet.

LANCIER, len-sfå, s. m. horseman bearing

LANCIÈRE, lên-slèr, s. f. sluice to let the

water out of a mill-dam.

LANCOIR, lèn-swar, s. m. mill-dam. LANDE, lènd, s. f. a heath. Landes de hune,

Mar. futtock plates or foot-hook plates

LANDGRAVE, s. m. Landgrave (German count or prince.)

LANDGRAVIAT, s. m. territory of a Landgrave.

LANDIER, lên-dîå, s. m. great andiron. *LANDREU-X, SE, adj. puling, peaking, lin-

LANERET, lan-re, s. m. male lanner (a hawk.)

LANGAGE, len-gaz, s. m. tongue, lan-guage; style, manner of expression. Il a bien change de langage, he now sings to another tune. Ils tiennent tous le même langage, they all harp on the same string, they all tell the same story. Il n'a que du langage, he has nothing but talk.

Lange, lenz, s. m. swaddling-clothes or clouts for children; child's blanket; blanket

used by printers.

LANGOUREUSEMENT, len-goo-reuz-men, adv. languishingly, droopingly

LANGOUREU-X, SE, lèn-goo-reu, reuz, adj. languishing, drooping, pining, lingering. Langouste, len-goost, s.f. kind of lobster.

LANGOUSTIN, s. m. prawn (a shell fish.)
LANGUE, leng, s. f. the tongue; tongue,
language, speech; nation. Langue de terre, cape, narrow piece of land (running into the sea.) Coup de langue, jest, reflection. Une manvaise or méchante langue, une langue de serpent or de vipère, an ill tongue, a malicious or venomous or slanderous tongue. Prendre langue, to inquire, learn news, get intelligence, discover. Avoir beaucoup de langue, avoir la langue bien longue, ne savoir tenir sa langue, to be a blab, have too much tongue, not to be able to hold one's tongue. Beau

parler n'écorche langue, good words cost nothing. Donner du plat de la langue, to cajole, coax, flatter. LANGUEDOCIEN, NE, adj. & s. of Langue-

doc, one born in Languedoc. LANGUETTE, lèn-gèt, s. f. tongue (of several things.) Languettes, Mar. thin sort of wedges.

LANGUEUR, lèn-geur, s. f. languor, consumption, faintness, weakness, want of strength; languishment, pining away.

LANGUEYER, v. a. un cochon, to examine a hog's tongue to see if it be measly.

LANGUEYEUR, s. m. examiner of hog's tongues for the measles.

LANGUIER, s. m. smoked hog's tongue. LANGUIR, lên-gîr, v. n. to languish, linger, faint, pine, consume away, droop, drag heavily. Un discours qui languit, a discourse that flags.

LANGUISSAMMENT, lèn-gî-sâ-mên, adv.

languishingly. LANGUISSANT, E, len-gl-sen, sent, adj. languishing, faint, weak, feeble; amorous;

flagging, poor, weak (style.)
LANICE, lå-nis. V. Bourre.
LANIER, lå-niå, s. m. lanner (a hawk.) LANIER, la-nier, s. In. namer (a nawk.)

LANIERE, la-nier, s. f. long strap of leather; hawk's lure; lash (to whip a top.)

LANIERE, s. m. name of him who bought or sold gladiators.

LANQUERRE, s. f. engine to bear a man upon the water.

LANSQUENET, lensk-ne, s. m. German foot-

soldier; game at cards.

LANTERNE, len-tern, s. f. lantern; (of a mill) trundle-head; (in architecture) lantern, little dome, cupola, turret. Lanterne sourde, dark lantern. Lanternes, trifles, fiddle-faddle, fooleries, silly stories, nonsense, stuff. Lanternes des mâts de lune, hounds of the top-masts. V. Fanal. Il veut faire accroire que ressies sont lanternes, he would make one believe the moon is made of green cheese.

Lanterner, len-ter-na, v. a. to bamboo-

zle, talk nonsense to, tire or plague with non

sense.

Lanterner, v. n. to dally, trifle, play the fool. LANTERNERIE, len-tern-rl, s. f. irresolution, nonsense, impertinence.

LANTERNIER, E, lên-têr-nia, nier, s. m. & f. lantern-maker; lamp-lighter; irresolute man, trifler, one that puts off a thing perpetually; fool, impertinent coxcomb.

*Lantiponnage, len-ti-po-naz, s. m. teazing.

*Lantiponner, len-ti-pô-na, v. a. to

*LANTURLU, s. m. scornful denial. Il lui a

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

répondu lanturlu, he answered him in a contemptuous manner.

LANUGINEU-X, SE, adj. lanuginous, wool-

ly; downy (in botany.)

LAPER, la-pa, v. n. to lap or lick up.

LAPEREAU, lap-ro, s. m. young rabbit.

LAPIDAIRE, la pl-der, s. m. lapidary. LAPIDAIRE, adj. Ex. Style lapidaire, style peculiar to inscriptions on marble, etc.

LAPIDATION, la-pl-da-slon, s. m. stoning to death.

LAPIDER, là-pì-dà, v. a. to stone, stone to death, lapidate.

LAPIDIFICATION, la-pl-di-fi-ka-slon, s. f.

formation of stones. LAPIDIFIER, là-pi-di-fià, v. a. to turn into stone.

LAPIDIFIQUE, adj. proper to form stones. LAPIN, la-pin, s. m. rabbit, buck-rabbit. Lapine, là-pin, s. f. doc-rabbit.

LAPIS, or LAPIS LAZULI, or LAPIS AZU-LI, s. m. lapis lazuli, lazuli.

LAPMUDE, s. f. a deer-skin gown. LAPON, là-pon, s. m. Laplander. LAPONIE, là-pô-nl, s. f. Lapland. LAPREAU, s. m. a young tabbit. LAPS, E, adj. lapsed, fallen off.

LAPS, laps, s. m. Ex. Laps de temps, lapse

or period of time.

Laqs, s. m. V. Lacs. Laquas, lâ-kê, s. m. lackey, foot-boy. Laque, s. f. lac, kind of gum.

Laque, s. m. lacker (kind of varnish.)
LAQUELLE, la-kel, (the feminine of Lequel) that, which, who, whom.

LARAIRE, s. m. chapel where the lares

were placed.

LARCIN, lar-sin, s. m. theft, robbery; plagiarism. Quand les larrons s'entrehatient, les larcins se découvrent, when thieves fallout, honest men come by their own.

LARD, lar, s. m. bacon; lard. Petit lard, streaked bacon. Quartier de lard, flitch of

hacon

LARDER, lår-då, v. a, to lard; to prick (a card.) Larder de coups d'épée, to stick or run through with a sword. Mar. to thrum. Larder une baderne, to thrum a mat. Une baderne lardée, a thrummed mat.

LARDOIRE, lar-dwar, s. f. a larding-pin. LARDON, lar-don, s. m. small slice of lard or bacon; a wipe, dry knock; supplement to a newspaper. Donner un lardon à quelqu'un, to give one a clean wipe or dry knock, rub one up, wipe one down, give one a rub,

LARE, lar, s. m. a domestic god.

LARGE, larg, adj. broad, wide, large; free, liberal, bountiful. Un casuiste large, a casuist too easy, remiss or indulgent, Cheval qui

va large, horse that goes wide.

LARGE, s. m. breadth, wideness. Ce drap a une aune de large, this cloth is an ell wide. Hunt, adj .- An large, Ex. Etre logé au large, to have a great deal of room. Se met-tre an large, to get more room. Etre an large, to have elbow-room, be at ease. Au

long et au large, far and wide.

Large, s. m. Mar, offing, main sea. Le côté
du large, the offing. Au large, in the offing. Courir an large, avoir le bord au large, to stand for the offing. Au large de, without. V. Mouiller. Prendre du large, to gain an offing, stand out to sea, sheer off. Ces bâti-

mens prennent le large, those vessels are standing away. Il y a tres-grosse mer au large, the sea runs very high in the offing. La mer au large est très-belle, there is no sea in the offing. Des vents d'est nous jetèrent au large, easterly winds blew us off the coast Le ressac nous jeta au large de la roche, the surf rebounding from the rock set us clear of

LARGEMENT, larz-men, adv. fully, entire-

ly: largely, well, plentifully, abundantly. Largesse, lar-zes, s. f. largess, liberality, gift, dole, present, donation. Pièces de largesse, doles.

LARGEUR, lar-zeur, s.f. breadth, width, wideness, largeness. V. Haut, adj. Largeur des sabords, Mar. width of the ports. Largeur d'un bâtiment, extreme breadth ef a ship.

LARGO, adv. (in musick) very slowly. LARGUE, larg, adj. & s. Mar. Vent largue, large wind, free or leading wind. Vent grand largue, wind on the quarter or quartering wind. Aller or courir vent largue, to sail large. Le hâtiment chassé a du largue dans

ses voiles, the chase is going free.

LARGUER, v. a. & n. to cast off, let go, let out, loose or loosen, strain and open, etc. Larguer une manœuure, to let go a rope: Larguer nne voile, to loose a sail. Larguer les ris, to let the reefs out. Largue un ris dans chaque hunier, shake a reef out of the dans chaque humer, shake a reel out of the fore and main top-sails. Largue la remorque, cast off the tow-rope. Largue les galhaubans de dessous le reud, let go the lee back stay falls. Largue la bouline du grand hunier, let go the main top bowline. Largue les huniers, loose the top-sails. Largue la voile d'étai de hune, clear away the main top-mast stay-sail. Largue le hale-bas du grand foe, let go the jib down-haul. Largue le bras du grand hunier et le grand bras sous le vent, let go the lec main and main top-sail braces. Largue tout, let go behind. Largue en douceur le lof de misaine, ease off the fore tack. Largue en donceur le raban de pointure du vent, ease down the weather earing handsomely. Notre navire largue de partout, our . ship strains and opens fore and aft. Voilà un bordage qui a largue, there is a butt that is sprung

LARIGOT, la-ri-go, s. m. kind of flute, or pipe. Boire à tire-larigot, to quaff briskly,

LARINX, s. m. larynx, windpipe. LARIX, la-riks, s. m. larch-tree.

LARME, larm, s. f. tear; drop. Larmes (in architecture) drops. Pleurer à chaudes tarmes or à grosses larmes, to weep bitterly, shed bitter tears,

LARMIER, lar-mila, s, m, eave or gutter (of a house;) brow or coping (of a wall;) the eye vein (of a horse;) head of the shaft (of a chimney.)

"LARMOYANT, E, lar-mwa-yen, yent, adj.

weeping, crying, in tears.
*LARMOYER, lâr-mwâ-yâ, v. n. to weep. cry, shed tears.
*LARMOYEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. weeper.

LARRON, la-ron, s. m. thief, stealer, rogue; pith of a quill; leaf (of a book) turned down which has not been cut with the rest.

LARRONNEAU, S. or little or voung thief

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

LARRONNESSE, lå-rô-nes, s. f. thief, thieving or pilfering woman.

LARVES, larv, s. m. pl. hobgoblins. LAS, SE, la, las, adj. wearied, tired, fa-

tigued, with walking etc.

*Las, interj. V. Hélas.

Lasci-F, v.E, là-sif, siv, adj. lascivious, lecherous, wanton, goatish, lustful.

LASCIVEMENT, la-siv-men, adv. in a lascivious or lecherous manner, wantonly.

LASCIVETÉ, lå-slv-tå, s. f. lasciviousness,

lechery, wantonness, lust, smuttiness.

LASSANT, E, la-sen, sent, adj. wcarisome,

tedious, tiresome, unpleasant.

LASSER, la-sa, v. a. to weary, tire, fatigue. Se lasser, v. r. to grow or be weary or tired. Lassitude, la-si-tud, s. f. weariness, faint-

ness, lassitude.

LASTE, last, s. m. last (generally two tons or 4000 lb weight.)

LATANIER, s. m. a sort of palm-tree. *LATENT, E, adj. latent, hidden, conceal-

ed, secret.

LATERAL, E, la-ta-ral, adj. lateral, belonging to the side. Les parties latérales d'un chapiteau de colonne, the sides of a pillar's capi-

LATÉRALEMENT, là-tà-râl-mên, adj. ob-

liquely, laterally, side-ways.

LATICLAVE, s. m. a tunick worn by the

Roman senators.

LATIN, E, lå-tin, tin, adj. Latin. Le pays Latin, the university, the school. Voile latine, Mar. lateen-sail. Batiment latin, lateen vessel.

LATIN, s. m. Latin or the latin tongue. LATIN, S. M. Latin or the latin tongue.

Les Latins, the Latins. Latin de cuisine,
bad latin. Il y a perdu tout son latin, he has
lost his labour, he can make nothing of it.

Je suis au bout de mon latin, I am past my
latin, I am at my wit's end. Piquer en latin, to ride like a novice.

LATINEUR, s. m. pedantic latinist. LATINISER, la-tl-nl-za, v. a. to latinize. Latiniser, v. n. to speak latin at every turn.

LATINISME, lå-ti-nism, s. m. latinism. LATINISTE, lå-ti-nist, s. m. latinist. LATINITÉ, lå-tî-nî-tå, s. f. latinity, the

latin tongue.

LATITER, v. a. to conceal, hide. LATITUDE, la-tl-tud, s. f. latitude.

Lati-Etre en tudes croissantes, meridional parts. latitude nord or sud, to be in north or south latitude. Se mettre en latitude d'un cap, etc. to get into the latitude of a cape, etc.
LATITUDINAIRE, lå-tl-tu-dl-ner, s. m. la-

titudinarian.

LATRIE, la-tri, s. f. latria. Culte de latrie, service or worship due to God alone.

LATRINES, la-trin, s. f. pl. privy, jakes,

house of office.

LATTE, låt, s. f. lath. Lattes, s. f. pl. Mar. broad but thin beams (placed alternately, between the larger deck beams in French ships.) Lattes de la dunette, beams of the poop.' Lattes de caillebotis, or des écoutilles, battens of the hatches.

LATTER, la-ta, v. a. to lath.
LATTIS, la-ti, s. m. covering of laths. LAUDANUM, lo-da-non, s. f. laudanum.

LAUDES, lod, s. f. pl. lauds, praises. LAUREAT, s. m. laureate. LAUREOLE, lo-rã-ol, s. f. spurge-laurel.

LAURIER, lo-ria, s. m. laurel or bay-tree. Feuilles de laurier, laurel or bay leaves, Laurier mûle, laurel. Laurier femelle, bay-tree. Lauriers, (of warriours) laurels, (of poets) bays.

LAVAGE, là-vaz, s. m. washing; puddle,

slop, hog-wash. LAVANCHE, s. f. drifts of snow that fall

suddenly from the mountains. LAVANDE, lå-vend, s. f. lavender. La-

vande aspic, lavender-spike.

LAVANDIER, la-ven-dia, s. m. yeoman of

the laundry to the king of France. Lavandière, là-ven-dièr, s. f. laundress,

washer-woman. LAVARET, s. m. a whitish trout (in the

LAVARET, S. III. a windshi dear (i.i. lakes of Savoy.)
LAVASSE, là-vàs, s. f. great shower.
LAVE, s. f. lava.
LAVÉ, E, adj. washed, clc. V. Laver. Couleur lavée, faint colour. Cheval de poil bai leur lavée, faint colo lavé, light bay horse.

LAVE-MAIN, lav-min, s. m. standing-ewer

(with a cock to it, to wash one's hands.)
LAVEMENT, lav-men, s. m. washing;

clyster.

LAVER, là-và, v. a. to wash, scour, clean, etc.; to lather. Laver la tête à quelqu'un, to chide or reprimand one. Laver les hamacs, Mar. to scrub the hammocks. Le laver, v. r. to wash one's self. Se laver d'un crime, to clear or justify one's self from a crime. Le m'en lave les mains, I wash my hands of it, I will not be concerned in it.

LAVETON, s. m. short wool. LAVETTE, lå-vêt, s. f. dish-clout. LAVEU-R, se, lå-veur, veuz, s. m. & f.

washer, scourer.

LAVIS, la-vi, s. m. wash (in drawing.) LAVOIR, la-vwar, s. m. wash-house; sink, and great dish-water kettle; laver. LAVURE, la-vur, s. f. dish-water ; also wash.

Lavure de gantier, a glover's wash. LAXATI-F, v.E., lak-sa-tif, tlv, adj. laxative,

loosening, opening. LAYE, V. Laie, etc.

LAYER, le-ya, v. a. to cut a lane through (a forest.)

LAYETRIE, s. f. box-making business. LAYETIER, lêy-tlâ, s. m. box-maker. LAYETTE, lê-yêt, s. f. box; drawer; child-

bed clothes or linen. LAZARET, lå-zå-rê, s. m. a Lazaretto, pest-house.

LAZZY, s. m. dumb-show, pantomine. Lr., lê, (article of masculine nouns) the. Le fils, the son. When the noun is used in a general sense le is not expressed in English. Je hais le vice, I hate vice

Le, (relative pronoun) him, it. Je le vois, 1 see him. Ne le voyez-vous pas? do you not see it? Le voici, here he is, here it is. not see it? Le voici, here he is, here it is.

Je ne le puis, I cannot (I cannot do it.) Je le

veux bien, I will, the le being suppressed.

LE, la, s. m. breadth, width (of cloth or

stuff.)
*LEANS, adv. within, in there.
c m. Mar. southwa LÉBÈCHE, s. m. Mar. southwest wind (in the dialect of Provence.)

Lèche, lesh, s. f. slice or collop. V. Lecher.

Lесне, E, adj. licked, licked up. LECHEFRITE, lesh-frit, s. f. dripping-pan. buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

LÉCHER, là-shà, v. a. to lick, lick up. A lèche doigts, sparingly, in small quantity. Il nous a donné d'assez bonnes choses, muis il n'y en avoit qu'à lèche doigts, he gave us tolerably good things, but we had only a taste

Leçon, lè-son, s. f. lesson, lecture, instruction, precept. Faire leçon, to read or explain a subject in hand.

LECTEUR, lèk-teur, s. m. reader; professor, reader of lectures. Lecteurs, one of the four

minor orders in the church.

LECTISTERNES, s. m. pl. feasts to which the Romans invited the gods whose statues were placed on beds around the table.

Lectrice, lêk-trîs, s. f. nun whose turn it is

to read in the refectory.

LECTURE, lêk-tûr, s. f. reading; study. LEGAL, E, lâ-gâl, adj. legal; justifiable by law; honest, just, faithful, upright.

LÉGALEMENT, là-gal-mên, adv. legally, honestly.

Indiestry.

LÉGALISATION, lå-gå-il-zå-slon, s. f. making authentick or lawful.

LÉGALISER, lå-gå-il-zå, v. a. to legalize.

LÉGALISÉR, V. Loyanté.

LÉGALI, lå-gå, s. m. legate, pope's legate.

LÉGAT, lå-gå, s. m. legate, pope's legate.

LÉGATION, lå-gå-slon, s. f. office of legate, embassy.

LÉGATOIRE, adj. governed by a lieute-nant under the Roman emperors.

Lège, adj. Mar. light or in ballast. bâtiment tège, a light vessel or a vessel in bal-

LÉGENDAIRE, là-zèn-dèr, s. m. writer of

legends.

Légende, lå-zènd, s. f. legend; long tedious narrative or list. Inscription on coins

or medals.

LÉGER, E, lå-zå, zer, adj. light, of small weight; light, not of full weight; easy to bear; to be digested; swift, nimble; slight, small, inconsiderable, trifling: fickle, uncertain; adroit, small, superficial. Legère teinture or comnoissance, smattering. Cheval leger à la main, light-borne horse. V. Cheval & Chevau-leger. De leger, adv. lightly, easily. Il croît de léger, he is light of belief. A la légère, adv. lightly, rashly, foolishly. Léger, adj. Mar. small, light. Bâtiment léger, small vessel. Voiles légères, small sails. Embarcation légère, light boat. small, inconsiderable, trifling; fickle, uncer-

LÉGÈREMENT, là-zer-mên, adv. lightly; slightly, superficially; rashly, foolishly, unwa-

rily, easily; nimbly, swiftly.

LÉGÈRETÉ, lå-zèr-tå, s. f. lightness, levity, fickleness; imprudence, foolery, folly, piece of folly; nimbleness, swiftness; small-

LEGION, la-zlon, s. f. legion (Roman.) LÉGIONAIRE, la-zlô-ner, s. m. soldier be-

longing to a legion; legionary. Législat-eur, Rice, là-zls-là-teur, trìs, s. m. & f. law-giver, law-maker, legislator

LEGISLATI-F, VE, lå-2ls-lå-tif, ilv, adj. legislative.

LÉGISLATION, là-zîs-là-sion, s. f. legisla-

LÉGISLATURE, s. f. legislature.

LÉGISTE, là-zîst, s. m. lawyer, civilian. LÉGITIMATION, là-zî-tî-mà-sion, s. f. act by which a natural child is made legitimate.

LÉGITIME, là-zî-tîm, adj. lawful, just, reasonable.

LÉGITIME, s. f. portion, part or share that a child has by law in his parent's estate.

LÉGITIMEMENT, la-zî-ûm-mên, adv. law-

fully, justly, reasonably.

LÉGITIMER, lå-zì-tì-mà, v. a. to render

legitimate. Authenticate (a commission.) LÉGITIMITÉ, lå-21-ti-mî-tå, s. f. legitimacy

Legs, le, s. m. legacy, gift by will. Leguer, v. a. to bequeath, leave by will Legume, lagdm, s. m. legume, pulse

Legumes, pot lierbs, greens, vegetables.
Legumineu-x, se, adj. leguminous.
Lemme, lêm, s. m. lemma (in geometry;)

an aquatick plant.

LEMURES, s. m. pl. hobgoblins. LENDEMAIN, lend-min, s. m. next day,

day following. LENDORE, len-dor, s.m. & f. hum-drum. LENIFIER, la-nl-fla, v. a. to lenify, soften. LÉNITIF, là-nî-tîf, s. m. lenitive, allay.

LENITI-F, VE, adj. lenitive, soothing, emol-

LENT, E, lên, lênt, adj.slow, slack, back-ward, dull, lazy, dilatory, lingering. Pas lent, a slow or soft pace. Fièvre lente, hectick fever.

LENTE, lent, s. f. nit, egg of a louse.

LENTEMENT, lent-men, adv. slowly, heavily. LENTEUR, lên-têur, s. f. slowness, heaviness, dullness, slackness, laziness. Voyez avec quelle lenteur il s'applique à son travail, see how dull he is at his work.

LENTICULAIRE, lèn-tî-kû-lêr, adj. lenticu-

lar.

LENTILLE, len-til, s.f. lentil; freckles; lens.

LENTILLEU-X, SE, adj. freckly. LENTISQUE, len-tisk, s. m. lentisk, mas-

tick tree. L'ÉONIN, E, là-ô-nin, nîn, adj. leonine. Ex. Vers léonins, leonine verses. Société léonine,

unequal society in which the strongest have the advantage.

LÉOPARD, là-ô-par, s. m. leopard. LÉOPARDÉ, adj. Ex. Lion léopardé, lion passant, guardant (in heraldry.)

Lèpre, lépr, s. f. leprosy. Lépreu-x, se, là-préu, preuz, adj. leprous, troubled with a leprosy.

LÉPREUX, s. m. leper, lazar. LÉPROSERIE, là-pròz-rl, s. f. lazaretto. LEQUEL, lè-kèl. LAQUELLE, (pronom re-latif or interrogatif) that, which, who, whom.

LES, lè, (article of plural nouns) the. Je connois les frères et les sœurs, I know the brothers and the sisters. When the noun is used in a general sense les is not expressed

in English. Etudiez les hommes, study men.
V. Le. Les. (prononn relative) them.
LESE, lcz, adj. (qui lèse.) Ex. Crime de lèse-majesté, high-treason.
LESER, là-zà, v. a. to wrong, aggrieve.
LESINE, là-zìn, s. f. sordid parsimony. sparingness.

LESINER, la-zi-na, v. a. to be sordid or

niggardly or sparing.

LÉSINERIE, s.f. sparingness, niggardliness.
LÉSION, là-zlon, s. f. (in law) wrong,
damage, grievance.

LESQUELS, LESQUELLES, lè-kél, (plural of laquel, laquelle) that, which, who, whom.

LESSE, V. Laisse.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: 1. ood, good.

LESSIVE, le-siv, s. f. lie (to wash or bleach

LESSIVER, le-sî-vå, v. a. to wash in lie, to

bleach linen.

LEST, lest, s. m. Mar. ballast; lest de or en pierre, shingle ballast. Lest en gravier, gravel ballast. Lest en fer, iron ballast. Lest en galet, pebble ballast (ballast consisting of small pebbles, picked off the sea-beach. Lest volant, shifting ballast. Prendre du lest, to take in ballast. Etre sur son lest, to be in to take in ballast. Etre sur son lest, to be in ballast. Aller en lest, to go in ballast. Le lest roule, the ballast shoots, Panier à lest, ballast basket.

LESTAGE, les-taz, s. m. lastage, ballast. Leste, lest, adj. spruce, fine, neat; in a neat or rich dress; adroit, ready, nimble.

LESTEMENT, lest-men, adv. neatly, finely, richly, lightly, nimbly, quickly.

LESTER, les-ta, v. a. Mar. to ballast.

LESTEUR, les-teur, s. m. Mar. Ex. Lesteur, ballast lighter.

LÉTHARGIE, lå-tår-21, s. f. lethargy, insensibility.

LÉTHARGIQUE, lå-tår-zík, adj. & s. m.

& f. lethargick, one that has a lethargy. LÉTON, V. Laiton. LETTRE, lêtr, s. f. letter; hand-writing; letter, epistle, despatch. Lettre, literal sense. Lettre de change, bill of exchange. Vous aurez souvent de mes lettres, you will hear frequently from me. Ce sont lettres closes, that is a secret. Rendre à la lettre, to supply what is obscure or defective. Belles lettres, polite literature. Lettres, (in chancery) letters. Les saintes lettres, the holy scriptures. Lettres patentes, letters patent, a patent. Lettres royaux, letters patent. Lettres de recréance, recredentials, Lettre de ressision, writ to null recredentials. Lettre de resersion, writ to nuit or make void a contract. Lettres de profession, a nun's vows (in writing under her hand.) Avoir lettres de quelque chose, to be sure of a thing. Lettre, s. f. Mar. Ex. Lettre de mer, sea-brief, pass, passport. Lettre de réprésailles, letter of marque.

LETTRÉ, E, lê-trå, adj. lettered, of letters, learned. Les personnes lettrées, scholars, the barred men el literature.

the learned, men of literature

LEUR, leur, adj. in. & f. their. Leurs, (pl.) their. Le leur, la leur, les leurs, theirs,

Leur, (relative pronoun) for à eux, à elles, to them, them. On leur fait tort, they are wronged.

LEURRE, leur, s. m. lure (for a hawk;) lure

or decoy.

LEURRÉ, E, lêu-rå, adj. lured, decoyed, etc. It n'est pas encore fort leurré, he has not yet learned wit enough.

LEURRER, lêu-râ, v. a. to lure (a hawk,) decoy, trepan, teach wit.

LEVAIN, le-vin, s. m. leaven, ferment; yest or yeast; (of sickness) relicks, remains, predisposition; spite, old grudge. Pain sans levain, unleavened bread.

LEVANT, le-ven, adj. m. rising. Le soleil levant, the rising sun.

LEVANT, s. m. east, Levant. Le Levant, Mar. the Levant; also the east wind. Greco-levant, north-east wind (in the Mediterranean dialect.)

LEVANTIN, E, le-ven-tin, tin, adj. & s. m. & f. Levantine, employed upon the Mediter-ranean, one born in the Levant; Turk, Greek, etc.

LEVANTIS, s. m. name given to the soldiers on board Turkish galleys.

Lêve, lev, s. f. hollow mallet (to play at mall.)

LEVÉ, E, lễ-vã, adj. lifted, heaved up, risen, etc. V. Lever. Main levée, replevy (a law term.) Pain levé, leavened bread. Marcher la tête levée, to go bare-faced.

LEVÉE, lễ-vã, s. f. bank, causey or môle; rising or breaking up; recess; raising, galacing or breaking up; recess; raising, galacing or breaking up; to com barvest lat engles lift or trek

thering; erop, harvest; (at cards) lift or trick. Levée des gens de guerre, levying or levy or raising of soldiers. Faire des levées de soldats, to levy or raise soldiers. Faire des levées sur le peuple, to raise taxes upon the people. Faire une levée de boucliers, to make much ado about nothing.

Levée, s. f. Mar. swell of the sea (mostly applied to a harbour or road-stead.) ordinairement de la levée dans la rade de Yarmouth, there is generally a swell in Yar-mouth road. Levée de matelots, levy of sea-

Lever, lè-và, v. a. to lift, lift up, heave, hold, raise up; to take up, hold or lift up; to take off, pull off; to remove, take up, take away; to take, draw; to gather; raise (fruit;) to raise, levy (taxes or soldiers;) (at cards) to take a trick, get; to take (a copy;) to take up, (clothes) buy or cut them; to take or help up, help to dress one's self; to relieve (guard;) to set up (shop;) to prick up (ears;) to hold up (hands;) to lift up (eyes;) to raise (a siege.) Lever des gribdettes, to cut off slices of bacon. Lever une paire d'empeignes, to cut out the upper leather of a pair of shoes. Lever l'étendart contre quelqu'un, 10 proclaim war against one. Lever le camp, to break up, to decamp. Lever le piquet, to break up, go away. Lever le mention à quelqu'un, to back or countenance one. Je n'aserois y lever les yeux, I dare not aim or aspire so

Lever, v. a. Mar. Lever l'ancre, to weigh anchor. Lever les épontilles, to unship the stanchions. Lever chasse, to give up or over chase. Lever le plan d'un port, to draw the plan of a harbour. Leve les caillebotis, take off the gratings. Lève le lof de misaine, raise the fore tack. Leve les lofs, raise tacks and

sheets. Lève rames, row off all.

Lever, v. n. to rise, grow or grow up; (as plants) to rise, ferment. Faire lever une perdrix, to spring a partridge. Faire lever un libere, to start a hare. Faire lever la plate, to leaven the dough. Faire lever un siège, to cause a siege to be raised. Se lever, v. r. to rise from bed, get up, be stirring; to rise, get up, stand; break up (an assembly;) to rise, be up, begin to appear (as stars;) to rise, arise, begin to blow (as wind, etc.)

LEVER, s. m. rising, levee. LEVEUR, le-venr, s. m. tax-gatherer. LEVIER, le-vià, s. m. lever. Levier de bois. Mar. heaver.

LEVIGATION, s. f. levigation.

LÉVIGER, v. a. to levigate. LEVIS, le-vî, adj. m. Ex. Un pont levis. draw-bridge.

buse, but: ieune, meute, beurre: enfant, cent, lien: vin: mon: brun.

LÉVITE, lå-vít, s. m. Levite. LÉVITIQUE, lå-ví-tík, s. m. Leviticus. LEVRAUT, lễ-vrổ,s. m. leveret, young hare. LEVRE, levr, s. f. lip.

LÉVRETTER, v. n. to kindle (as a hare

does.)

LEVRETTE, le-vret, s. f. grey-hound bitch.

LEVRICHE, S. f. little grey-hound bitch. LÉVRIER, là-vrl-à, s. m. grey-hound. LEVRON, lè-vron, s. m. young or little grey-hound. Un jeune levron, a young harebrained fellow.

LEVURE, lê-vur, s. f. yest or yeast. LEXICOGRAPHE, lêk-sî-kô-grâf, s. m. com-poser of lexicons or dictionaries, lexicographer.

LEXIQUE, lêk-sîk, s. m. lexicon. *LEZ, prep. near. Le Plessis-lez-Tours, le Plessis near Tours. LEZARD, lâ-zdr, s. m. lizard.

LÉZARDE, s. f. crevice in a wall.

LEZARDE, E, add, cleft (speaking of walls.) LEZE, V. Lese. LIAIS, lie, s. m. very hard free-stone whereof stair steps and tomb-stones are com-

monly made.

LIAISON, 11e-zon, s. f. binding, fastening, linking, joining together; connexion; continuity of scenes, etc. bond, band, tie; stroke of the pen that joins the parts of letters; connexion, coherence, affinity, congruity, rela-tion; correspondence or intelligence; union, love, amity, friendship, familiarity, acquain-tance. Maconnerie en liaison, bound mason-Cela donne de la liaison aux ingrédiens, that thickens the ingredients or makes the in-

gredients incorporate well together.

Liaisons, s. f. pl. Mar. strengthening pieces (such as knees, breast-hooks, etc.) Pièces de liaisons, sleepers or strengthening pieces. Vaisseau qui manque de liaisons, weak-built

LIAISONNER, v. a. to bind stones. LIANT, E, adj. mild, affable, supple. LIARD, li-ar, s. m. French farthing. voir pas vaillant un liard, to be worth little or

nothing, not to be worth a groat.

Liasse, li-as, s. f. bundle (of papers;)
string (to tie papers together.)

LIBAGE, s. m. unhewn pieces of stone made use of in the foundations of an edifice.

LIBATION, li-ba-sion, s. f. libation. LIBELLE, li-bel, s. m. bill, original declaration upon any action; also libel; infamous or abusive writing

LIBELLER, li-be-la, v. a. to declare upon an action of trespass, debt, covenant, etc.

LIBELLISTE, s. m. libeller.
LIBÉRAL, E, lî-bâ-râl, adj. liberal, free, enerous, bountiful. Les arts libéraux, the

liberal arts. LIBÉRALEMENT, lî-bå-rål-mên, adv. libe-

rally, freely, bountifully, generously.
LIBÉRALITÉ, lf-bå-rå-lf-tå, s. f. liberality,

LIBERAT-EUR, RICE, ÎÎ-BÂ-TÂ-ÎÊUR, Trîs, s. m. & f. deliverer, saviour, liberator.
LIBERATION, ÎÎ-BÂ-TÂ-SÎON, s. f. discharge.

LIBERGE, 18-ba-ra-slon, s. I. discharge.
LIBERGE, 18-ba-ra, v. a. to liberate, free,
exempt, rid one, clear. Se libérer, v. r. to
free one's self, get free. Se libérer, to clear
or pay off one's debts.

LIBERTÉ, lî-ber-ta, s. f. liberty, free will;

freedom; leave, free leave; free or easy way, easiness, facility of writing, speaking, etc. boldness, latitude, licentiousness. Prendre, se donner la liberté de faire une chose, to take upon one's self or presume or make bold to do a thing. Il prend trop de liberté, he takes too great a latitude. Liberté de ventre, looseness, the having one's body open. V. Libre. Libertés, liberties, p. ivileges, exemptions.
LIBERTIN,E, lî-bêr-tin, tîn, adj. & s. lewd,

licentious, debauched; libertine, lewd person. LIBERTINAGE, lî-bêr-tî-naz, s. m. libertin-

ism; lewdness, licentiousness, debauchery. LIBERTINER, lî-bêr-tî-na, v. n. to be a libertine.

LIBIDINEU-X, SE, lî-bî-dî-neu, neuz, adj.

lewd, libidinous, voluptuous.

LIBOURET, s. m. rod to catch mackerel. LIBRAIRE, lî-brer, s. m. bookseller, sta-tioner. La compagnie des libraires, the company of stationers.

LIBRAIRIE, li-bre-ri, s. f. book-trade, book-

selling; library.

LIBRATION, s. f. libration.

LIBRE, libr, adj. free, that has his free will; free, independent; at leisure; free, loose, easy, natural, unaffected; clear, unobstructed; at liberty; plain, downright, open. frank; loose, licentious, rash. Il vous set libre de fuire ce qu'il vous plaira, you may do what you please. Se tenir le ventre libre, to keep one's body open.

LIEREMENT, libr-mên, adv. freely, plain-

ly, frankly, openly, easily.

LICE, lis, s. f. lists; hound bitch. Tapisse-

rie de haute lice, tapestry-hangings. LICENCE. Il-sens, S. f. licence, leave, per-mission, power (seldom used in this first sense;) licence, liberty, latitude; licentiousness, lewdness; a licentiate's degree; time after a master of arts is licentiate before he takes the degree of doctor. Licences or let-tres de licence, a licentiate's diploma.

LICENCIÉ, E, lî-sen-sî-à, adj. disbanded. LICENCIÉ, s. m. licentiate, one that has permission to practise (in any profession.)
LICENCIEMENT, fi-sen-si-men, s. m. dis-

banding (troops.)
LICENCIER, li-sen-si-å, v. a. to disband. Se licencier, v. r. to grow licentious, take too much liberty or too great a latitude, be bold. LICENSIEUSEMENT, lî-sen-sîeuz-mên, adv

licentiously, lewdly, dissolutely. LICENCIEU-X, SE, lf-sen-sleu, sleuz, adj. licentious, lewd, loose, dissolute, disorderly.

LICET, s. m. leave, permission. LICITATION, ll-sl-ta-slon, s. f. auction. LICITE, ll-sit, adj. lawful, allowed or ai-

lowable. LICITEMENT, Il-sh-mên, adv. lawfully. LICITER, Il-sl-lâ, v. a. to sell by auction. LICOL V. Licou. LICORNE, Il-kôrn, s. f. unicorn.

Licou, li-kôo, s. m. halter. Il traine son licou, he will come to the gallows, he will come to be hanged.

LICTEUR, lik-teur, s. m. lictor.

LIE, II, s. m. dregs or grounds; lecs. Tircr le vin de la lie, to rack wine.

*Lir, adj. Ex. Faire chère lie, to feast, live
merrily, live away.

Lif, E, adj. tied, bound fast, etc. V. Lier.

Un discours bien lie, a coherent discourse,

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

a discourse that hangs well together. Vaisseau bien lié, Mar. strong-built ship.

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Lığge, liåz, s. m. cork-trce; cork. Bou-chon de liége, cork (stopple.) Lığger, liå-zå, v. a. to cork. Ex. Liéger

un filet, y mettre le liège, to cork a net.
Lien, lièn, s. m. string, tie, band, bond; string place of a hat; tie, band, knot. Liens, bonds, chains, irons; bondage, servitude. Méchant chien, court lien, a curst cur must be tied short.

LIENTERIE, s. f. lientery; vomiging, loose-

ness LIER, If-å, v. a. to tie, bind, knit, fasten, make fast; to tie or make a knot; to join or put together; unite; to thicken or make thick; to tie up, bind, oblige, lay an obligation upon; to join in, engage in. Lier bien un discours, to make a coherent or connected discourse. Lier un partie de chasse, to make a hunting-match. Lier, v. a. Mar. to lash. Se lier, v.r. (faire une ligue) to form a connexion; to thicken or grow thick. LIERRE, li-er, s. m. ivy.

*LIESSE, li-es, s. f. (in the scriptures), glad-

Lieu, llèu, s. m. place or room; place, rank; time; cause. reason, matter; way, occasion; family, birth, extraction; place; passage (of a book;) room, stead: Au lieu de, instead of, in lieu of. Au lieu que, whereas, whereas on the other hand, instead of which. En tout lieu, every where, in any place. En aucun lieu, no where, in no place, not any where. En quelque lieu que, wherever, wheresoever, whithersoever. Tenir lieu de wheresoever, whithersoever. Tenir tieu de père à quelqu'un, to be or behave as a father to one. Tenir lieu de récompense, to serve instead of a reward. La vertu lui tieut lieu de tout, virtue stands him in lieu of every thing, virtue is every thing to him, virtue sup-plies the place of every thing with him. Ces bas lieux, the earth. Lieu de plaisance, fine seat (in the country.) Un vilain or un mauvais lieu, a stew, a bawdy-house. Il vient de bon lieu, he comes of a good family. Aimer or faire l'umour en bon lieu, to fix one's love upon a deserving person. Je tiens or je sais celu de bon lieu, I have that from very good hands. Les lieux, house of office, convenient or necessary-house.

LIEUE, lieu, s. f. league.

LIEUR, s. m. he that ties up the sheaves in harvest.

LIEUTENANCE, lieut-nens, s. f. lieutenan-

cy, lieutenant's place. LIEUTENANT, lieut-nen, s. m. lieutenant. Lieutenant de roi dans une province, lord lieutenant of a county. Lieutenant, Mar. lieute-Lieutenant de vaisseau, lieutenant of a man of war. Lieutenant en pied, first lieutenant (of a ship of war.) Lieutenant d'un vaisseau marchand, mate of a merchant-ship.

Lieutenante, lieut-nent, s. f. lieutenant's

lady.

LIÈVRE, lièvr, s. m. hare. Mémoire de lièvre, short or bad memory. Lever le lièvre, to broach a subject.

LIGAMENT, lî-gå-mên, s. m. ligament. LIGAMENTEU-X, SE, adj. full of ligaments,

LIGATURE, Il-ga-tur, s. f. ligature or band; binding, bandage.

LIGE, Ilz, s. m. duty paid by the tenant to the lord or landlord.

LIGE, adj. liege, subject, vassal. Hommage lige, full homage, allegiance.

LIGEMENT, adv. upon the conditions of vassalage.

LIGENCE, s. f. allegiance, the vassal's duty. *Lignage, li-gnaz, s. f. family, lineage,

LIGNAGER, li-gna-za, s. m. one of the same lineage.

LIGNAGER, adj. Ex. R right or power of redemption adj. Ex. Retrait lignager,

LIGNE, ling, s. f. line. Mettre or tirer en ligne de compte, to set or put to account, charge. Ecrire or mettre or tirer une somme

hors ligne, to set a sum on the margin. Ligne, s. f. Mar. line, etc. Vaisseau de ligne, ship of the line or line of battle-ship. Ligne d'aximètre, spurling line. blanche, white or untarred line. Ligne d'arrinage, seizing or lashing stuff. Ligne d'arrinage, lashing. Ligne de loch, log line. Ligne d'aux vater line. Ligne d'aux. water line. Ligne d'eau en charge or ligne de flottation, load water-line. Ligne dyosonde, lead line or deep sea-line. Petite ligne de sonde, hand line. Ligne de pêche, fishing-line. Mettre des lignes dehors, 10 put fishing Cette frégate a de belles lines overboard. lignes d'eau, that frigate has a very handsome bottom. Ligne de front, line of battle abreast. Ligne du plus près, line a-head, close-hauled. Ligne de vitesse, line formed without regard to station. Ligne d'ancienneté, line formed according to the seniority or rank of the cap-tains of the different ships. V. Former, and Tenir.

LIGNÉE, II-gna, s. f. stock, family, offspring,

issue, race. LIGNETTE, s. f. small packthread to make

nets. LIGNEUL, li-gneul, s. m. shoe-maker's thread.

LIGNEU-X, SE, adj. ligneous, woody. LIGUE, lig, s. f. league, confederacy, com-

bination, faction, club, party LIGUER, v. n. to unite or join in a league.

Se liguer, v. r. to confederate, combine. LIGUEU'R, SE, lî-geur, geuz, s. m. & f. leaguer.

LILAS, Il-la, s. m. lilach, Arabian bean, pipe-tree.

LILIUM, s. m. a sort of cordial.

LIMACE, li-mas, s. m. slug, slug-snail, dew-

LIMAÇON, lî-mã-son, s. m. snail. Limaçon de mer, periwinkle. Escalier en limacon,

winding stair-case.
LIMAILLE, Il-mal, s. f. file-dust, filings,
LIMANDE, Il-mend, s. f. burt or bret-fish.
LIMAS, s. m. V. Limace.

LIMBE, s. m. limb, border.

LIMBES, linb, s. m. pl. limbo. LIME, lim, s. f. file. Passer la lime sur un

ouvrage, to polish or finish a piece of work. Lime, lime, sort of lemon. Lime de marée, sea-froth.

LIMER, lf-ma, v. a. to file, file off, to polish, finish.

LIMEUR, s. f. filer.

LIMIER, li-mia, s. m. blood-hound or lime-

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, liên : vin : mon : brun,

LIMINAIRE, adj. f. Ex. Epitre liminaire, | epistle dedicatory, dedication.
LIMITATION. li-mi-ta-sion, s.f. limitation,

restriction, modification.

LIMITATI-F, VE, adj. that confines, re-

LIMITER, lî-mî-ta, v. a. to limit, set bounds, to stint, confine.

LIMITES, Il-mit, s. f. pl. limits, bounds,

boundaries, borders

LIMITROPHE, Il-mi-trof, adj. neighbouring, bordering upon, adjacent, contiguous, conterminous.

LIMON, li-mon, s. m. iemon or pome-citron; mud, slime; shaft (of a chaise or cart;) string-board (of a staircase.)

LIMONADE, lî-mô-nâd, s. f. lemonade. LIMONADIER, lî-mô-nâ-diâ, s. m. maker or seller of lemonade or liquors.

LIMONEU-x, SE, Il-mo-neu, neuz, adj. sli-

my, muddy; oczy, marshy.
Limonier, il-mô-nià, s. m. lemon or ci-tron-tree; thiller, thill-horse.
Limonière, s. f. a sort of litter.
Limousin, il-môo-zin, s. m. Limosin; ma-

son or brick-layer, rough-waller.

LIMOUSINAGE, s. m. laying a wall of

rough stones. LIMOUSINER, v. a. to lay bricks or rough

Limpide, lin-pid, adj. limpid, clear. Limpidité, lin-pi-di-ta, s. f. limpidness, clearness.

Limure, li-mar, s. f. filing.
Lin, in, s. m. bint, flax, linseed. To claire de linor toile de fin lin, lawn.
Linaire, s. f. wild linseed.
Linceul, lin-seul, s. m. winding-sheet. Toile

LINÉAIRE, lî-na-er, adj. linear.

LINEAL, E, adj. lineal. Succession lineale, succession in a lineal or direct descent.

LINEAMENT, 11-na-a-men, s. m. lineament,

LINGE, linz, s. m. linen, linen clothes, rag, linen-rag, cloth. Linge à barbe, shavingcloth.

LINGER, E, lin-zå, zer, s. m. & f. maker or seller of linen, seamstress, she that has the care of the linen in a nunnery.

LINGERIE, linz-rl, s. f. linen-trade; place

in a nunnery where the linen is kept..

Lingor, lin-gô, s. m. ingot, wedge; slag.

Lingorière, lin-gô-tièr, s. f. ingot-mould, wedge-mould.

LINGUAL, E, lin-gwål, adj. lingual. LINGUETS, Mar. V. Elinguets.

LINIÈRE, s. f. flax-woman; flax-plat or plot.

LINIMENT, II-ni-men, s. m. liniment, ointment.

LINON, ll-non, s. m. lawn.

LINOT, s. m. cock-linnet.

LINOTTE, lî-nôt, s. f. linnet, hen-linnet. LINTEAU, lin-to, s. m. lintel, head-piece

over a door or window.

LION, 18-on, s. m. lion; Leo. Mar. prop (used instead of knee) for the stanchions of the hold.

LIONCEAU, Il-on-so, s. m. lion's whelp, young lion.

LIONNE, 11-on, s. f. lioness.

LIPOTHYMIE, s. f. lipothymy, fainting,

LIPPE, lip, s. f. great or pouting under-lip.

LIPPÉE, II-pa, s. f. mouthful. Chercheur de franches lippées, spunger or smell-feast. LIPPITUDE, s. f. lippitude, blearedness.

LIPPU, E, li-pů, pů, adj. blubber lipped.
*Liquation, s. f. liquation.
Liquéraction, li-kůå-fåk-sion, s. f. li-

quefaction, melting.

LIQUÉFIER, v. a. to liquefy, melt, dissolve, make liquid. Se liquéfier, v. r. to liquefy, grow or become liquid, inelt.

LIQUET, s. m. a sort of pear. LIQUEUR, li-keur, s. f. liquor, drink. Vin

qui a de la liqueur, luscious wine LIQUIDAMBAR, s. m. a sort of liquid and

reddish resin. LIQUIDATEUR, s m. one who is to settle

an account. Liquidation, li-kl-da-slon, s. f. settling

or clearing up (accounts.)
LIQUIDE, ll-kld, adj. liquid, clear.

LIQUIDEMENT, adv. clearly.

Liquider. ll-kl-dà, v.a. to clear up, settle. Liquidité, ll-kl-dl-tà, s. f. liquidity. Liquoreu-x, se, ll-kô-rèu, rèuz, adj. lus-

cious.

LIRE, Ilr, v. a. to read. Lire dans Pavenir, to foresee future events. Lire dans le cœur de quelqu'un, to read one's heart.

LIRON, s. m. dormouse.

Lis, li, s. m. lily. Fleur de lis, flower-deluce, mark wherewith malefactors are branded (in France.)

Lisérage, s. m. embroidery. Lisérage, il-zå-rå, v. a. to embroider. Liseron, s. m. bind-weed, rope-weed, withy-weed.

LISET, Il-ze, s. m. (insect) vine-fretter. LISEUR, SE, Il-zeur, zeuz. s. m. & f. reader.

LISIBLE, fl-zlbl, adj. legible, easy to read. LISIBLEMENT, ll-zlbl-mêr, adv. legibly. LISIBRE, ll-zlêr, s. f. list of cloth or of stuff; selvage; leading-strings; limits, bor-

De grandes lisières de montagnes, a long chain or ridge of hills.

Lisse, ils, adj. sleek, smooth.
Lisse, s. f. Mar. riband or ribbon, line, rail, etc. Lisses des couples, ribands. Lisses des œuvres mortes, top timber ribands or ribands of the upper works. Lisse des fa-cons, floor riband or rising line. Lisse du fond, riband between the floor riband and the keel. Lisse du fort, extreme breadth line. Lisses d'accastillage, rails. Lisses de herpes, rails of the heads. Lisses de batayoles de bois, rough tree-rails. Lisses de vibord, waist rails or waist tree-rails. Lisses de plat bord, drift rails. Lisses d'hourdi, wing transoms.

LISSER, lf-så, v. a. to sleek, smooth or make smooth.

LISSOIR, Il-swar, s. m. or LISSOIRE, s. f.

stone to smooth linen, paper, etc.
Lissure, ll-sur, s. f. sleeking.
Liste, llst, s. f. list, roll, catalogue.

LISTEAU or LISTEL, lis-tel, s. m. cincture, let, small square. Listeau de hune, Mar. fillet, small square. top brim, or top rim.

LISTON, s. m. (in heraldry) the band on which the device is written.

Lit. If, s. m. bed; bedstead; bed or channel; bed or layer of sand or clay. Faire le lit, to make the bed. Un enfant du premier or du second lit, a child by the first or second wife. bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Bois de lit, bed-stead. edding. Lit d'une ri-Lit, Mar. bed, etc. Lit et couvertures, bedding. Lit d'une ri-vière, bed of a river. Lit d'un courant, bed of a current or part of the sea where a current runs with great velocity. Lit de marée, tide way. Le lit du vent, the wind's eye.

LITANIE, ll-ta-nl, s. f. litany. Faire une

longue litanie de ses exploits, to give a longwinded story of one's achievements.

LITEAU, s. m. haunt of a wolf.
LITHARGE, Il-tarz, s. f. litharge.
LITHOCOLLE, s. f. cement for fastening precious stones.

LITHOGRAPHIE, s. f. lithography. LITHOLOGIE, s. f. that part of natural history which treats of stones.

LITHOLOGUE, s. m. author who has written on stones.

LITHONTRIPTIQUE, adj. & s. lithontrip-

tick. LITHOPHAGE, s. m. little worm in slate. LITHOTOME, s. m. instrument for extract-

ing the stone. LITHOTOMIE, s. f. lithotomy.

LITHOTOMISTE, s. m. & adj. lithotomist. LITIÈRE, lî-lièr, s. f. litter; litter of straw Cheval sur la litière, sick or lame horse. est sur la litière, he is sick a-bed. Faire litière de quelque chose, to throw a thing about like dirt, lavish a thing.
LITIGANT, E, adj. & s. litigant, one that is

at law.

LITIGE, li-tiz, s. m. litigation, strife, law-

LITIGIEU-X, SE, lî-tî-zîeu, zîeuz, adj. litigious.

LITISPENDANCE, s. f. time during which a lawsuit is pending.

LITORNE, s. f. a sort of thrush.

LITRE, litr, s. m. black girdle (with coats of arms, round the upper part of a church.)

LITRON, Il-tron, s. m. wooden measure, (containing somewhat more than a pint.)

LITTÉRAIRE, ll-tå-rer, adj. literary. LITTÉRAL, E, ll-tå-rål, adj. literal.

LITTÉRALEMENT, lî-tâ-râl-mên, adv. lite-

LITTÉRALITÉ, s. f. literality.

LITTÉRATEUR, ll-ta-ra-teur, s. m. man of letters.

LITTÉRATURE, Il-ta-ra-tur, s. f. literature, learning, erudition

LITURGIE, li-tur-zl, s. f. liturgy.

LITURGIQUE, or adj. relating to the litur-

LIURE, s. f. binding. Liures, Mar. seizings. Liures de beaupré, lashings, gammoning of the bowsprit.

LIVARDE, s. f. Mar. sprit. Voile à livarde,

sprit sail. LIVARDER une voile, v. a. Mar. to sprit a

sail. LIVÈCHE, s. f. lovage.

LIVIDE, lî-vîd, adj. black and blue, livid. LIVIDITÉ, lî-vî-dî-tâ, s. f. lividity.

LIVOURNE, ll-voorn, s. f. Leghorn. LIVRAISON, ll-vre-zon, s. f. delivery of goods purchased at vendue; part of a work printed in numbers; a number.

LIVRE, s. m. book. Livre de loch. Mar.

log-book.
LIVRE, livr, s. f. adj. pound; livre. Livre sterl' g, pound sterling, twenty shillings.

LIVRÉ, E, adj. (V. livrer) delivered. delivered up, etc.

LIVRÉE, li-vrà, s. f. livery; (gens de livrée) livery-men, also servants in livery; footmen; board wages or allowance. de la noce, a wedding-favour.

LIVRER, Il-vrå, v. a. to deliver or deliver up; to give up; abandon, devote; to discover, betray ; to warrant. Livrer bataille, to engage or join battle. Livrer un assaut à une place, to storm a place. Se livrer, v. r. to give one's self up or over, surrender or abandon one's self; to betray one's self.

LIVRET, li-vre, s. m. little book.

LIXIVIATION, s. f. lixivium. LIXIVIEL, adj. lixivial. Sel lixiviel, lixiviate salt.

LI.AMA, s. m. animal of Peru resembling a small camel.

LOBE, lob, s. m. lobe; cod or shell (of pulse and seeds.)

LOBULE, s. m. small lobe.

LOCAL, F., lo-kal, adj. local.

LOCAL, s. m. every part or the different parts belonging to a place.
Localite, s. f. locality.
Locande or Locante, adj. s. Ex. Cham-

bre locande, room to be let, hired lodgings.

LOCATAIRE, lo-ka-ter, s. m. & f. tenant,

or lodger; lessee.
Locati-F, ve, lå-kå-tif, tlv, adj. of or belonging to the tenant

LOCATION, lo-ka-sion, s. f. letting-out. LOCATIS, lo-ka-tis, s. m. hired horse, hack.

Loch, s. m. Mar. log. Loche, losh, s. f. loach (a fish.) Locher, losh, v. n. to be loose and ready to fall (said of a horse-shoe.)

LOCMAN, s. m. Mar. V. Lamaneur.

LOCUTION, 18-kû-sion, s. f. locution, expression, phrase, manner of speaking.

LODIER, 18-dlå, s. m. quilted counterpauc.

LODS, 18, s. m. pl. Ex. Lods et ventes,

fines of alienation.

Lor, lof, s. m. Mar. loof, weather side, luff, weather tack, etc. Le grand lof, the main tack. Couples de lof, loof frame or loof timbers. Le lof du bâtiment, the weather side of the ship. Le lof d'une basse voile, the luff or weather tack of a course. Aller or venir an lof, bouter de lof, to luff, spring the luff, sail near the wind. Etre an lof, to be to the windward, have the weather-gage. Tenir de will ward, nove the weather gage to the wind. Faire lof pour lof, to tack about. (Words of command) loof, luff or luff boy, luff. Au lof, spring your luff, luff up. Lof tout, luff round or hard a lee. Lof a la risee, luff when it blows. Lof un peu, luff a liule.

LOFER, v. n. Mar. to luff or loof.

LOGARITHME, 10-gå-ritm, s. m. logarithm LOGARITHMIQUE, adj. & s. f. logarith-mick, art or science of logarithms.

Loge, loz, s. f. shed, lodge, but, cabin; box; booth; cell.

Logé, E, adj. lodged. Jen suis logé là, I am of that wind, that is my mind, that is my humour or temper. Vous royez où nous en

sommes logés, you see how our case stands.
Logeable, lô-zabl, adj. convenient (for

lodging.)

LOGEMENT, s. m. lodging or apartment: lodgment in a siege. Logemens d'un vaisseau, buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Mar. accommodations or rooms in a ship. Logement (des matelots,) the steerage.

LOGER, 10-2a, v. a. to lodge, harbour, give a lodging; to quarter (soldiers.) -Loger, v. n. to lodge, lie, live or dwell. Se loger, v. r. to build a house for one's own use; to take a lodging; make a lodgment (in a siege.)

LOGETTE, lo-zet, s.f. little lodge or cabin.

LOGEUR, s. m. lodger. LOGICIEN, lô-21-siên, s. m. logician. LOGIQUE, lô-21k, s. î. logick.

Logio Lement, adv. logically. Logis, 18-21, s.m. house, home, habitation, lodging: inn. Corps de logis, main-house;

detached part of a house, apartment.
*Logistique, s. f. art of calculating with

letters, algebra.

LOGOGRIPHE, lo-go-grif, s. m. kind of symbol in enigmatical words.

LOGOMACHIE, s. f. logomachy. Loi, lwa, s. f. law, statute, ordinance, decree, precept, command, power, dominion. Gens de loi, lawyers. Ranger un état sons ses lois, to subdue a state, bring it under one's dominion. Les lois du devoir ni'y obligent,

my duty binds me to it.

Loin, lwin, adv. far, far off, afar, a great way, a great way off, at a distance or great distance. De loin, from afar, from a great distance. Loin à loin or de loin à loin, at a great distance. Au loin, a great way off. Loin de, far from, a great way from, at a great distance off or from. Bien loin de, far from, very far from, instead of. Bien loin Voir venir quelqu'un de loin, que, far from. to see whereabout one is, see what one would be at. Aller loin, to go far, go a great way. Cela va plus loin que vous ne pensez, that is of greater consequence than you imagine. Parens de loin, very distant relations. Il ne Parens de loin, very distant relations. Il ne le portera pas loin, he shall not go long unpunished, I will soon be even with him. Bien loin qu'il ait été puni, far frem his having been punished. Loin d'ici, loin de nous, away, avaunt, be gone. Qui est loin des yeux et loin du cœur. Out of sight out of mind. Ils sont encore tous deux loin du compte, or bien loin du compte, they two still differ very much. LOINTAIN, E, lwin-tin, ten, adj. far, re-

LOINTAIN, s. m. remote part or parts; (in painting) deepening, what appears to be most distant. Les lointains, s. m. pl. the distances

or remotest views of a picture.

Loir, lwar, s. m. dormouse.
*Loisible, lwa-zibl, adj. permissible. LOISIR, lwa-zir, s. m. leisure, spare time; sufficient time. A loisir, leisurely, at leisure.

LOK, lok, s. m. an anodyne potion. LOMBAIRE, lon-ber, adj. pertaining to the

loins.

LOMBARD, lon-bar, s. m. Lombard (a man born in Lombardy;) a pawnbroker's office.

lonbes, lonb, s. m. pl. the loins.

LONG, UE, lon, long, adj. long; great; tedious, slow. Long temps, great or long while. Bail à longues années, long leasc. Assigna-tions à longs jours, summons to a long day. Je ne l'ai pas vu depuis long-temps or il y a long-temps que je ne l'ai ru. I have not seen him this great while. Assez long-temps, a pretty while. V. Haut.

1.0NG, s. m. length. Au long, tout au long, at large. Tout du long, all at length. Le long de, along. Tout le long de la muit, all the night long. Une chambre qui a 20 nieds de long, a room 20 feet in length or 20 feet long. V. Haut. A la longue, in the long run, in length of time. Le le commis de in time or in length of time. Je le connois de longue main, I have known him long or long ago, or a long while since, he is an old acquaintance of mine. Tirer de longue, to go a great way off; also to put off from day to day. Savoir le court et le long d'une affaire, to know the short and the long of a business. val long jointé, a long jointed horse.

LOT

LONGANIMITÉ, lon-gå-nî-mî-tå, s. f. long-

suffering, forbearance, patience.

LONGE, lonz, s. f. loin (of meat;) strap or ong of leather. Une longe de veau, a loin thong of leather. of yeal:

Longer, lon 2å, v. a. to go or walk along (a river, wood, etc.) Longer, v. a. Mar. to

coast along

Longévité, s. f. longevity.

LONGIMÉTRIE, s. f. longimetry. LONGIS, s. m. lounging or long-winded or slow man, slow-belly, drowsy or dreaming

fellow, lingerer, lounger.

Longitude, lon-21-tid, s. f. longitude.

Etre en longitude Est or Ouest, Mar. to be
in East or West longitude. Par quelle longitude axes-vous coupe la ligne? in what longitude did you cross the line?

LONGITUDINAL, E, adj. longitudinal. LONGITUDINALEMENT, adv. in length.

LONGUE, the feminine of Long.
LONGUEMENT, long-men, adv. long, a long time, a great while.

LONGUET, TE, lon-gê, gêt, adj. pretty long. LONGUEUR, lon-gêur, s. f. length, delay. Tirer en longueur, to lengthen, put off, pro-long, delay, spin out. V. Huut longueur, Mar. length. Longueur de la quille portant sur terre, tread or length of the keel upon a right line.

LOPIN, lô-pin, s. m. lunch, bit, morsel. Loquacité, lô-kwâ-sî-ta, s. f. loquacity

LOQUE, Iôk, s. f. rag tatter.
LOQUE, Iôk, s. f. rag tatter.
LOQUETELU, Iôk-tò, s. m. little latch.
LOQUETELU, s. e. adj. ragged, beggarly.
LOQUETEL, s. f. little piece.

LORD, lor, s. m. Lord (a title.)

LORGNER, v. a. to ogle, leer.

LORGNERIE, S. f. ogling, leering. LORGNETTE, S. f. opera glass.

Lorgneu-R, se, lor-gneur, gneuz, s. m. & f. ogler.

LORIOT, lo-rld, s. m. sort of bird.

LORMIER, s. m. lorimer or loriner.

Lors, lor, (used only in composition. V. Alors) time. Des-lors, from that very time, ever since. Pour lors, at that time, then. Lors de, at the time of. Lorsque, when, at que, even when.

*Los, s. m. praise.
Losange, lô-zêrz, s. f. lozenge, rhomb.
Losange, e, adj. lozenged.
Lot, lò, s. m. lot, portion, share; prize.
Lote, V. Motelle. the time that, at the time when. Lors même

LOTERIE, lot-rl, s. f. lottery.

LOTI, E, adj. shared. Le voilà bien loti! he has made a fine choice of it truly!

bar; bat, base : thère, êbb, ovèr : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

LOTIER, s. m. herb melilot. LOTION, 18-sion, s. f. lotion, washing. LOTIR, 18-tir, v. a. to share, divide into lots.

LOTISSEMENT, 18-tis-men, s. m. sharing, dividing into shares.

LOTISSEUR, s. m. distributor.

Loto, s. m. sort of game.

LOTTE, lot, s. f. eel-pout (sort of fish.) LOTUS or LOTOS, s. m. an Egyptian plant. LOUABLE, loo-abl, adj. commendable, to be commended, laudable, praiseworthy, wor-

thy of praise; approved, good (medicine.)
LOUABLEMENT, loo-abl-men, adv. laudably, commendably.
LOUAGE, loo-az, s. m. letting out, hiring; hire; rent. Carrosse or cheval de louage, a hackney coach, or horse.

LOUANGE, loo-enz, s. f. praise, commendation. Digne de louange, praiseworthy.

*Louanger, loo-en-za, v. a. to praise or commend. *Louangeu R, se, loo-èn-zeur, zeuz, s. m.

& f. praiser, flatterer.
LOUCHE, loosh, adj. squint-eyed; ambi-

guous, dubious; roiled (wine.)
LOUCHER, loo-sha, v. n. to squint, look

askew.

LOUCHET, s. m. a sort of mattock.

Lour, E, adj. hired, let or let out, praised, commended, etc. V. Louer.

Louer, loo-a, v. a. to hire; to let or let

out; to praise or commend; to praise or thank God. Se louer, v. r. to praise or commend one's self. Se louer de, to be well satisfied with.

LOUEU-R, SE, loo-êur, èuz, s. m. & f. praiser or flatterer; also one who lets out:

Lougher, s. m. Mar. lugger. Louis, lwi, or Louis D'or, s. m. a French

coin.

Loup, loo, s. m. wolf; eating-ulcer; velvet-mask. Loup-marin, sea-wolf. Un loupgarou, lycanthropist, also an owl or unsocia-ble man. Quand on parle du loup on en voit la queue, talk of the devil and he will appear. Qui se fait brebis, le loup le mange, daub yourself with honey, and you will never want flies.

Loup-cervier, s. m. lynx. Loupe, loop, s. f. a weu; knob; magnifying-glass, glass convex on both sides.

LOURD, E, lòor, lòord, adj. heavy, clouter-ly, unwieldy: supid, dull, blockish: (diffi-cile) difficult, hard. Lourde faute, gross or great fault.

LOURDAUD, E, loor-do, dod, s. m. & f. awkward fellow or wench, loggerhead,

dunce, blockhead.

LOURDEMENT, loord-men, adv. heavily,

blockishly, grossly; awkwardly. LOURDERIE, loord-rl, s. f. blunder.

LOURDEUR, s. f. heaviness, weightiness. *Lourdise, s. f. blockishness, dulness, awkwardness

LOUTRE, lootr, s. f. otter. Un loutre, s. m. hat made of otter's hair.

Louve, loov, s. f. she-wolf; lascivious woman, common whore, punk; slings or iron pincers.

LOUVER, v. a. to make a hole in a stone to

heave it up.

LOUVET, loo-ve, s. m. wolf of a moderate size: horse hair colour of a wolf's.

LOUVETEAU, loov-to, s. m. young wolf wedge of iron.

LOUVETER, loov-ta, v. n. to whelp (as a

she-wolf.) LOUVETERIE, loov-trl, s. f. wolf-hunting. LOUVETIER, loov-tia, s. m. master of the

wolf-hunters, officer appointed for wolf-hunt-

LOUVETTE, s. f. (insect) tick. LOUVIÈRE, loo-vier, s. f. haunts of a wolf. Louvoyer, loo-vwa-ya, v. n. Mar. to beat,

beat about, ply or turn to windward, laver.
LOUVRE, loovr, s. m. (palace of the kings of France) Louvre.

Lové, E, adj. Mar. coiled.

LOVER un câble, Mar. to coil a cable.

LONODROMIE, s. f. Mar. loxodromy. LOXODROMIQUE, adj. Mar. Ex. Tables loxodromiques, tables of difference of latitude and departure.

LOYAL, E, lwa-al, adj. loyal, faithful, trusty, honest. Vin loyal et marchand, marketable wine. Cheval loyal, gentle horse that gives exact obedience to the rider.

LOYALEMENT, lwa-yal-men, adv. loyally,

faithfully, honestly.

LOYAUTÉ, lwå-yò-tå, s. f. loyalty, fidelity, honesty.

LOYER, lwa-ya, s. m. rent; hire; salary,

wages; reward, recompense.
LU, E, adj. (from Lire) read, etc.
LUBIE, 1â-bl, s. f. maggot or crotchet, ridiculous fancy, whim.
LUBIEU-X, SE, adj. maggot-headed, mag-

goty, full of crotchets, whimsical.
LUBRICITÉ, lu-bri-si-ta, s. f. lubricity, le chery, lasciviousness, wantonness, incontineu

LUBRIFIER, v. a. to lubricate. LUBRIQUE, lå-brik, adj. lecherous, wanton, lascivious.

Lubriquement, lå-brik-men, adv. wantonly, lasciviously

LUCARNE, ld-karn, s. f. dormer-window, a loover.

LUCIDE, lå-sid, adj. lucid, bright, light. LUCRATI-F, VE, lå-krå-tif, tlv, adj. lucrative, profitable.

LUCRE, lukr, s. m. lucre, gain, profit. LUETTE, Id-et, s. f. palate or uvula. Lu-

ette abattue, palate of the mouth down.

Lueur, lå-eur, s. f. light or glimmering glimmering light, glimpse, hint, information, also brightness

LUGUBRE, lå-gåbr, adj. mournful, doleful. moanful, sad, melancholy

LUGUBREMENT, ld-gåbr-men, adv. mourn-

fully, dolefully, moanfully.

LUI, ldf, he, him, to him, to her. Lui avezvous parlé? did you speak to him or her?
(It is always masculine except before a verb, and after the imperative.)

LUIRE, Idlr, v. n. (See the table at uire) to shine, glister, give light.
LUISANT, E, Idl-zên, zênt, adj. shining, glittering, bright, light. Ver luisant, glowworm.

LUISANT, s. m. gloss (of cloths.)

LUITES, S. f. pl. testicles of a wild boar. LUMIERE, lu-mier, s. f. light; brightness, rays, brilliancy; candle, lamp; understanding, intelligence, parts, sagacity, knowledge, experience, insight, hint, instruction; eminent or

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon: brun.

illustrious man; touch-hole of a gun. Mettre un livre en lumière, to publish a book. Commencer à voir la lumière or la lumière du jour, to be born. Les lumières de Dieu découvrent nos défauts jusque dans les replis de nos àmes, the most secret recesses of our souls lie open to God's all-seeing eye. Lumière d'un canon, Mar. vent of a canon. Lumière d'une pompe, hole in the side of a pump for the pump nose or hose.

Lumignon, lå-mi-gnon, s.m. snuff (of a can-

dle or lamp.)

LUMINAIRE, lû-mî-ner, s. m. luminary or light; (of a church) lights; eyes, eye-sight.
LUMINEU-X, SE, lå-mi-neu, neuz, adj. luminous, lucid, bright, clear, full of light.

LUNAIRE, lå-ner, adj. lunar. Ex. Mois or

année lunaire, lunar month or year.

LUNAIRE, s. f. moon-wort, honesty (a plant.)

LUNAISON, lå-nê-zon, s. f. lunation.

LUNATIQUE, lå-nå-tik, adj. lunatick; made frantick, sick at certain times of the moon. Cheval lunatique, a moon-eyed horse.

LUNATIQUE, s. m. lunatick or mad man; also whimsical fellow.

LUNE, lun-di, s. m. Monday. LUNE, lun, s. f. moon. Voulo Vouloir prendre la lune avec les dents, to attempt impossibilities. Tenir de la lune, to be a little crack-brained. Avoir des lunes, to be full of whims or crotchets.

LUNETIER, s. m. spectacle-maker. LUNETTE, ld-net, s. f. glass. Lunette d'ap-proche, or de longue vue, prospective glass, telescope. Lunette à facettes, multiplyingglass. Lunctles à puces, microscope, magnifying-glass; seat (of a privy;) forked bone in the breast of a fowl; case (of a watch.) Lunette de toit, little dormer-window. Lunettes, spectacles.

Lunette, breeches (at draughts.) Mar. spying-glass. Lunette de nuit, night-glass. LUNULE, s. f. crescent or small half-

moon.

LUPERCALES, s. f. pl. Lupercalia.

LUPIN, 10-pia, s. m. lupine (sort of pulse.) LUSIN, s. m. Mar. housing. LUSTRALE, 10s-tral, adj. f. Ex. Eau lus-

trale, lustral or holy water.

LUSTRATION, lustration, s. f. lustration. LUSTRE, låstr, s.m. lustre, gloss, splendour, brightness; branched candlestick, chan-

delier; lustre (space of five years.)

Lustre, E, adj. that has a gloss upon it.

Lustre, s. m. lustring or lutestring. LUSTRER, lûs-trà, v.a. to set a gloss upon. LUSTREUR, s. m. glosser, polisher. LUSTRINE, s. f. a sort of stuff, lustring.

Lut, lut, s. m. lute or chymists' clay. LUTE, E, adj. luted.

LUTER, v. a. to lute or close with clay. LUTH, s. m. a lute.

LUTHÉRANISME, lû-tå-rå-nism, s. m. Lu-

Luthérien, ne, lå-tå-rlên, rlên, adj. & s. Lutheran.

LUTHIER, lå-tiå, s. m. maker of lutes and other stringed instruments.

LUTIN, ld-tin, s. m. hobgoblin; also cross-grained, noisy child. LUTINER, ld-tl-na, v. n. to torment or dis-

turb one like a hobgoblin.

LUTRIN, lå-trin, s. m. reading-desk, chorister's desk

LUTTE, låt, s. f. wrestling. Lieu de combat à la lutte, wrestling-place. De haute lutte, by main force.

LUTTER, lå-tå, v. n. to wrestle, be wrestling. Lutter contre, to struggle with.

LUXATION, lûk-sâ-sîon, s. f. luxation or be

ing out of joint.
LUXE, luks, s. m. luxury, pomp, sump

tuousness, profuseness, greatest plenty, afflu ence, riot, extravagance.

LUXER, lûk-så, v. a. to luxate, disjoint. LUXURE, lûk-sûr, s. f. lechery, wantonness,

lust, lasciviousness.

LUXURIEU-X, SE, lûk-sû-rîèu, rîcuz, adj. lecherous, wanton, lascivious, lustful.

LUZERNE, lå-zern, s. f. clover, Spanish trefoil.

LUZERNIERE, s. f. field sown with clover. Ly,s. m. measure (of distance) in China. Lycanthrope, li-kan-trop, s. m. lycanthropist.

LYCANTHROPIE, s. f. lycanthropy. LYCÉE, s. m. lyceum.

LYCIUM, s. m. a sort of thorny shrub.

LYMPHATIQUE, lin-få-tik, adj. lymphatick. LYNE, links, s. f. lymph, watery humour. LYNE, links, s. m. lyne. Avoir des yeux de

lynx, to be lynx-eyed or keen-sighted. Lyre, lir, s. f. lyre, viol, harp. Lyrique, li-rik, adj. lyrick.

M, em, me, s. f. thirteenth letter of the French alphabet.

MA, må, adj. (feminine of mon) my. MACARON, må-kå-ron, s. m. macaroon.

MACARONÉE, s. f. macaronick composi-

tion, sort of mock poetry.

MACARONI, ma-ka-ro-ni, s. m. macaroni. MACARONIQUE, må-kå-rð-nik, adj. macaronick.

MACARONISME, s. m. macaronick composition.

MACÉRATION, må-så-rå-slon, s. f. macera-

tion; also soaking or steeping MACÉRER, ma-sa-ra, v. a. to macerate or

make lean; to soak or steep. Масне, mash, s. f. sort of herb for salad. Масне́, E, adj. chewed, bruised; prepar-

ed, made ready.

MACHECOULIS, s. f. part of ancient fortifications.

MACHEFER, mash-fer, s. m. dross of iron. MACHELIÈRE, mash-fièr, adj. f. Les dents mâchelières, the hind teeth, grinders.

MACHEMORE or MACHEMOURE, s. f. Mar. broken pieces of ship-bread.

MACHER, ma-sha, v. a. to chaw or chew; to eat much or with avidity; to prepare business, make it ready. Cheval qui mâche son frein, horse that champs the bit.

MACHEU-R, SE, ma-sheur, sheuz, s. m. &

f. great eater; chewer.

MACHICATOIRE, må-shl-kå-twår, s. m. Ex. Prendre du tabac en machicatoire, to chew tobacco. MACHICOT, s. m. chanter (in a church,)

chorister. Machicoulis, V. Mâchecoulis. bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

MACHINAL, E. ma-shi-nal, adi, machinal, involuntary.

MACHINALEMENT, må-shì-nal-men, adv. mechanically.

MACHINATEUR, må-shì-nà-teur, s. m. contriver, plotter.

MACHINATION, må-shf-nå-sfon, s. f. ma-MACHINE, ma-shin, s. f. machine, engine;

sly-trick, crafty device, plot; the human body. La machine ronde, the earthly ball, the world.

Machine de cordonnier, paint for shoes.

Machine, s. f. Mar. Ex. Machine à cornette, gin. Machine à purifier l'eau, machine for swectening water. Machine à mâture or à maler, machine for masting ships (they are, in France, mostly erected on shore.) Machine à mâter flottante, sheer-hulk or vessel fitted with shears. Machine à curer, ponton or lighter furnished with large forked ladles and machinery to work them (to faise mud or gravel.)

MACHINER, må-shi-nå, v. a. to plot, hatch, devise. Machiner les points d'un soulier, to

paint a shoe.

MACHINISTE, må-shi-nist, s. m. machinist. MACHOIRE, ma-shwar, s. f. jaw, jaw-bone, chaps. Branler la mâchoire or jouer de la mâchoire, to set one's chaps agoing, to eat. Mà-

choires d'étau, chaps of a vice. Machonn Er, ma-shô-na, v. a. to chew with

difficulty or negligence

MACHURER, ma-shu-ra, v. a. to daub black.

Macis, må-sl, s. m. mace.

MACLE, s. f. water-chesnut; (in heraldry) mascle.

Maçon, må-son, s. m. mason, brick-layer. MAÇONNAGE, må-sô-nåz, s. m. mason's

MAÇONNER, må-sô-nå, v. n. to work or build with stone, brick, etc.; wall up; to bungle, botch.

MACONNERIE, må-son-rl, s. f. masonry, mason's work, muring or walling, stone or brick-work.

MACQUE, mak, s. f. instrument to break hemp.

MACQUER, må-kå, v. a. to break hemp. MACREUSE, må-kreuz, s. f. sea-duck.

MACULATURE, må-kå-lå-tur, s. f. bad sheet

of printed paper; very coarse brown paper.
*MACULE, ma-kal, s. f. macula, spot, blemish, blot, stain. Sans macule, unspotted.

mish, blot, stain. Scans maccule, unspotted.
MACULER, må-kå-lå, v. a. & n. to spot or
blot (printed paper.)
MADAME, må-däm, s. f. my lady, madam,
ladyship, mistress. Monsieur vaut bien madame, he is as good as she. pl. Mesdames.
MADEMOISELLE, måd-mwå-zêl, s. f. miss.
MADRÉ, E, må-drå, adj. speckled, spotted;
cunning, sharp. Un fin madré, a cunning

man, sharp blade.

MADRIER, må-dria, s. m. thick plank or board.

MADRIGAL, må-drl-gål, s. m. madrigal,

kind of amorous song. MADRIGALET, s. m. short madrigal.

MADRIGALIER, s. m. writer of madrigals. MADRURE, s. f. speck or spot.

*MAESTRAL, s. m. north-west wind (in the Mediterranean.)

*MAESTRÉLISER, v. n. to incline to the west.

MAFFLÉ, E, må-flå, adj. chub-cheeked,

MAGASIN, må-gå-zin, s. m. magazine, a ware-house, store-house. Marchand en magasin, wholesale-dealer or merchant. Magasin général, naval store-house in a dock yard. Magasin particulier, store-house containing the eigging, etc.; of a particular ship or class of ships.

MAGASINER, v. a. to store up, lay up in a store house.

MAGASINIER, må-gå-sî-nîå, s. m. ware-

house-keeper. MAGE, maz, s. m. wise man (among the

Persians.) Juge mage, chief-justice.
MAGICIEN, NE. ma-zi-sien, sien, s. m. & f. magician, wizard, conjurer, sorcerer, witch, sorceress.

MAGIE, må-zl, s. f. magick, black-art, sorcery, witchcraft.

MAGIQUE, adj. magical, magick, conjur-

MAGISME, s. m. religion of the Magi. MAGISTER, ma-zis-ter, s. m. country school-master.

MAGISTÈRE, må-zîs-ter, s. m. magistery; also grand-mastership of Malta.

MAGISTRAL, E, må-zîs-trål, adj. magiste-

rial, imperious, belonging to a master. MAGISTRALEMENT, må-zîs-trål-mên, adv.

magisterially, imperiously.
MAGISTRAT, ma-zis-tra, s. m. magistrate. MAGISTRATURE, niå-zîs-trå-tůr, s. f. ma-

gistracy. MAGNANIME, må-gnå-nim, adj. magnani-

mous, generous, brave, of great soul.

MAGNANIMEMENT, adv. magnanimously. MAGNANIMITÉ, må -gnå-nî-mî-tå, s. f. magnanimity, courage, generosity, greatness of

spirit. MAGNÉTIQUE, måg-nå-tik, adj. magnetical. MAGNÉTISME, måg-nå-tism, s. m. magnet-

MAGNIFICAT, s. m. magnificat.

MAGNIFICENCE, må-gnî-fî-sêns, s. f. mag nificence, state, greatness, generosity, gal lantry, stateliness.

MAGNIFIER, må-gul-flå, v. a. to magnify, exalt, praise highly, extol.

MAGNIFIQUE, må-gnl-fik, adj. magnifi-cent, stately, noble, great, that lives in great state, sumptuous, splendid. Style magnifique, lofty or high strain, lofty or sublime style.

MAGNIFIQUEMENT, må-gnl-fik-men, adv. magnificently, stately, nobly, royally, splendidly, sumptnously.

MAGOT, ma-go, s. m. baboon; booby, ill favoured coxcomb, nasty fellow, puppy; hoard of money, hidden treasure.

MAHEUTRE, s. m. (used in the time of the league, and now out of use) soldier.

MAHOMÉTAN, E, mã-ô-mã-tên, tân, adj. & s. m. & f. Mahometan.

Манометіяме, må-д-må-usm, s. m. Ma-

MAHONNE, s.f. Mar. mahone Turkish ship. MAI, me, s. m. May; may-pole. MAIDAN, s. m. a market place in the east.

MAIGRA, mêgr, adj. lean, meager, poor (in flesh,) thin, scraggy; hungry; dry, barren; jejune, slender; that gapes open, does not join close; sorry, pitful. Faire maigre chere, to make pitful cheef care vasue hard as additional control of the cont to make pitiful cheer, fare very hard or sadly

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

or pitifully. Jour maigre, fish-day. (Mar. ban- |

MAIGRE, s. m. lean (meat;) any food which is not meat. Manger maigre, faire maigre, to eat no flesh, keep Lent, forbear

MAIGRELET, TE, megr-le, let, adj. lean,

poor, out of case, thin. MAIGREMENT, adv. poorly, slenderly, pi-

tifully.

MAIGRET, TE, mê-grê, grêt, adj. rather lean, poor, thin, out of case.

MAIGREUR, mê-grêur, s. f. leanness. Elle est d'une grande maigreur, she is very lean or

MAIGRIR. mê-grîr, v. n. to grow lean or

thin, fall away.

MAIL, mal, s. m. mallet; (game) mall.

mattle, mat, s. i. ancient base coin of France; a stitch (in knitting or sewing;) mesh (in net work;) mail (steel net-work;) web (spot on the eye;) haw (on the eye of cattle;) eye (of a hook;) speck (on the feathers of a young partridge.) Pince-maille, pinch-fist, pinch-penny, stingy-fellow.

Mailles & f. Mer, intermedia. MAILLE, mal, s. f. ancient base coin of

Mailles, s. f. Mar. intervals or space left between a ship's timbers. Vaisseau qui a beaucoup de mailles, ship the timbers of which

stand very wide.

MAILIÉ, E, adj. (of partridges) speckled.

Maconnerie, nct-masonry.

MAILLER, ma-la, v. a. to arm with a coat of mail; also to make the meshes of.

Mailler, v. n. or se mailler, v. r. to grow speekled (as young partridges.) MAILLET, må-48, s.m. mallet. wooden ham-mer. Muillet, Mar. mallet. Maillet de bois, wooden mallet. Maillet à fourrer, serving mallet. Maillet à épiser, driving mallet. Maillet de or à calfut, caulking mallet or reem-

ing beetle.

MAILLETAGE, s. m. Mar. sheathing or filling of a ship's bottom with scupper nails or

broad-headed nails.

MAILLETER, v. a. Mar. to fill or sheath a vessel's bottom with scupper nails or broadheaded nails.

MAILLOCHE, må-losh, s. f. large wooden mallet.

MAILLOT, ma-lo, s. m. swaddle, swathing or swaddling clothes. Enfant an maillot, in-

fant. Il est encore un maillot, he is still at nurse. MAILLURE, s. f. spot on the feathers of a

bird of prey (in falconry.)

MAIN, min, s. f. hand; hand-writing; power, virtue, quire (of paper;) trick (at cards;) a sort of shovel (for money;) hook (on which have the hardet). hangs the bucket;) tassel (in a coach;) paw (of a bear.) Main de fer, grapple. Main de morue, two salt-cods. Main-d'œuvre, workmanship. Main forte, help, succour, aid, assistance. Main-levée, replevy. Main-morte, mortmain ; Mun-levee, replevy. Mun-morte, mortmain.) a hence add, main-mortable, in mortmain.) A pleines mains, plentifully, liberally, largely. A toutes mains, every way. De longue main, long since, of a long or of an old standing. De main en main, from hand to hand, from one to another. Sous main, under-hand, privately, secretly. En un tour de main, in a trice, in the turn of a hand. Ils sont amis de longue main, they are old friends or old croises. Downer de main, en main, to hand about nies. Donner de main en main, to hand about, hand down. Prendre à toutes mains, to take !!

every way." Coup de main, bold action. V. Coup. Coup de mains, handy blows. Combat de main à main, close action. Homme de main, active or stirring man, man fit for action. Cheval de main, led horse. Cheval qui est sous la main, off horse. Sous la main, under one's nose. Elle est sous ma main, she is un-der me, she depends upon me. Avoir la main rompue à quelque chose, to be used or in-ured to a thing. Tendre la main, to beg ; also to lend a helping hand, assist, come to the assistance of. Donner or prêter la main à quelqu'un, to favour one, support or countenance one. J'en mettrois la main au feu, I would take my oath on it, I would swear to it. Tout ce qui vient de votre main, all that comes from your hands or from you. Faire crédit de la main à la bourse, to trust no farther than one can see. En venir aux mains avec l'ennemi, to fight with the enemy. Donner les Mettre la main sur quelqu'un, to lay hands upon one, to beat or bang one. Mettre la main sur quelqu'un, to lay hands upon one, to beat or bang one. Mettre la main sur le collet à quelqu'un, to apprehend or arrest one. Mettre la main sur une chose, to lay one's hand upon or soize a thing. Tenir la main haute, to keep a strict hand over one. It est haut à la main, he is a proud, surly man. Donner les mains, to yield, to cross the cudgels. Acheter de la viande à la main, to buy meat by the hand or by guess. en main la cause de quelqu'un, to take one's part, espouse one's cause or quarrel. Ils nous ôtent le pain de la mair, they take the bread out of our mouths. Il a été formé or élevé par une telle main, he was brought up under such a one. Jouir d'une terre par ses mains, to in prove or occupy one's estate. Il part de la main et ra trouver son maître, he goes off hand or presently to his master. Donner la main à un cheral, to give a horse the bridle. Main arant or main sur main, Mar. hand over hand. Hisse main sur main, hoist away hand over hand, V. Route.

*MAINT, E, min, mint, adj. many, several.

Minte fois, many a time, often.

MAINTENANT, mint-nen, adv. now, at this time, now-a-days. Des maintenant, from this time forth or forward, henceforth, hereafter,

MAINTENIR, mint-nir, v. a. (like tenir) to maintain, uphold, bear up, keep up, counte-nance, support; to hold or affirm. Se maintenir, v, r, to keep up or together,

MAINTENU, E, adj. maintained, kept up, upheld, borne up, countenanced, supported,

MAINTENU, mint-nu, s. f. a possession adjudged upon a full trial. Demander la maintenne, to demand possession,

MAINTIEN, min-tien, s. m. maintenance, maintaining, countenance preservation; countenance, face, looks, carriage.

MAIRE, mer, s. m. mayor. MAIRIE, me-rl, s. f. mayoralty.

Mais, me, conj. adv. and sometimes used substantively. But (signifying contrariety, exception, difference.) Elle n'est pas si belle que sa sœur, mais elle à plus d'esprit, she is not so handsome as her sister, but she is more sensible. Je suis faché qu'il vous au insulté, mais aussi pour quoi rechercher sa compagnie? I am sorry he has insulted you, but then why seek his company? Vous ver-

MAL

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

rons-nous demain? Mais, je ne sais, shall we see you tomorrow? why, I do not know. Je n'en puis mais, I cannot help it. Y puis-je mais? can I help it? Il ne loue guère sans quelque mais, he seldom praises without a but.

Mars, s. m. maize.

Maison, mê-zon, s. f. house, home, habitation; house, family; parentage, extraction. Maison de ville, town-house. Maison de force, house of correction, bridewell. La maison du roi, the king's household or servants, or troops. Les petites maisons, bedlam. Faire sa maison, to begin house-keeping, to go to housekeeping. Faire une bonne maison, to establish one's family.

MAISONNÉE, mê-zô-nå, s. f. house, the whole house or family.

MAISONNETTE, mê-zô-nêt, s.f. small house. MAÎTRE, metr, s. m. master, teacher; lord, landlord; trooper. Petit maître, beau, fribble, fop, coxcomb. Grand maître d'Angleterre, high steward of England. Maître des ponts, he that takes the toll for bridges. Il a trouvé son maître, he has met with his match. maître de sa matière, he has a perfect com-mand of his subject. Parler en maître, to

speak magisterially or imperiously.

Maître, s. m. Mar. Ex. Maître or maître
d'équipage, boatswain of a man of war. Maitre d'un bâtiment marchand, master of a mer-

chantman.

MAÎTRE, adj. m. head, chief, principal, main, arch, arrant, master. Maître autel, high altar. Maître aliboron, a busy body. Maître, Mar. head, master, chief, main, etc. Maître pilote, head pilot. Maître calfat, master calker. Maître mâteur, master mastmaker. Maître voilier, master sail-maker. Maître charpentier, master carpenter. Maître va-tre cordier, master rope-maker. Maître va-let, steward's mate or purser's steward. Maître bau, mid-ship beam. Maître couple, mid-ship frame. Maître gabarit, bevel or mould of the mid-ship frame. Maître câble, sheetcable.

MAÎTRESSE, mê-três, s. f. mistress.

MAÎTRESSE, adj. f. principal, chief. C'est une maîtresse femme, she is a notable woman. Maîtresse ancre, Mar. sheet anchor.

MAITRISE, me-triz, s. f. mastership, quali-

ty of master,

MAÎTRISER, mê-trî-ză, v. a. to domincer or have the dominion over; to command; to master, conquer, subdue, have the command of (one's passions.)

MAJE, V. Mage. MAJESTE, ma-zes-ta, s. f. majesty; stateliness, greatness, nobleness, loftiness, subli-

MAJESTUEUSEMENT, ma-zes-ta-euz-men,

adv.majestically, stately, in great state, nobly.

MAJESTUEU-X, SE, ma-zes-tu-eu, euz, adj. majestick, majestical, full of majesty; noble,

stately, great, lofty, sublime.

MAJEUR, E, mã-zeur, zeur, adj. of legal age; senior. Nos majeurs, our forefathers or ancestors or predecessors. L'excommunication majeure, the greater excommunication. Force majeure, greater force, superiour power. Tierce majeure, quatrième majeure, cinqui-ème majeure, sixième majeure, septième ma-jeure (au piquet,) sequence of 3, 4, 5, 6, 7

cards of the same suit which begins from the MAJEURE, s. f. major proposition of a syl-

logism. Majeure ordinaire, act at the univer sity.
Major, ma-zôr, s. m. major: V. Etat.
Major, Mar. Ex. Major d'une escadre, first captain of a fleet or squadron. Major de

vaisseau, commander. MAJOR, adj. major.

MAJORAT, s. m. birth-right.

MAJORDOME, må-zôr-dôm, s. m. major-domo or steward (in Italy and Spain.)

MAJORITÉ, må-zô-rī-ta, s. f. majority or being of age; major's place. Etre en majorite, to be of age.

MAJUSCULE, må-2ůs-kůl, adj. Ex. Lettre

majuscule, capital letter, capital.

MAKI, s. m. animal resembling a mon-

MAL, mal, s. m. (the opposite of bien) ill, evil, harm, vice; pain, ache; sickness, disease, distemper; pox, foul disease; contagion, plague; misfortune, inconvenience; hardshp, ado, difficulty; hurt, prejudice, damage. Mal d'enfant, travail. Mal d'aventure, little mis-chance; also whitlow. Le mal des yeux, sore eyes. Le mal caduc, le haut mal, le mal de St. Jean, the falling siekness. Mal de mer, sea-sickness. Avoir le mal de mer, to be sea-sick. Vous me faites mal, you hurt me. La vete me fait mal, my head aches. J'ai mut à la tête, I have a pain in my head. Expliquer une chose en sal La tête me fait mal, my head aches. quer une chose en mal, to put an ill construc-tion upon a thing. Mettre une fille à mal, to debauch a virgin. Dire du mal de quelqu'un, to speak ill of one. Cela ne me touche ni en bien ni en mal, that does not concern me, either one way or another.

MAL, adv. ill, not well, badly, wrong. De mal en pis, worse and worse. Mal à propos, improperly, unseasonably, preposterously. Vous vous y prenez mal, you go the wrong way to work. Vous entrez mul dans mes sentimens, you grossly mistake my meaning. Etre mal auprès de quelqu'un, to be out of favour Faire mal ses affaires or être mal with one. dans ses affaires, to go down the wind. Il est mal à cheval, he is at an ill pass. Cet habit rous sied mal, that dress does not become you.

MALACHITE, s. f. malachite (a precious stone.)

MALACIE, må-lå-sl, s. f. woman's craving desire for some food or longing.

MALADE, må-låd, adj. sick, ill, sickly, diseased, disordered, distempered, affected.

MALADE, s. m. & f. sick body, sick person, patient. Les malades, the sick.

MALADIE, ma-la-di, s. f. disease, distemper, sickness, fit of sickness, malady, indisposition; pestilence, plague; fondness, dotage or doting.

MALADI-F, VE, ma-la-dif, div, adj. sickly, crazy, weakly, infirm.

MALADRERIE, må-lå-dre-ri, s. f. a laza-

retto, hospital for lepers.

MALADRESSE, ma-la-dres, s. f. awkwardness, unskilfulness.

MALADROIT, E, ma-la-drwa, drwat, adj. & s. unhandy, awkward, ungainly, an awkward person, fumbler.

MALADROITEMENT, må-lå-drwåt-men, adv. awkwardly.

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

MALAGME, s. m. emollient, cataplasm or

MAL-AGRÉABLE, adj. unpleasant, unac-

ceptable.
MALAGUETTE, s. f. clove-pepper.

MALAI, s. m. name of the purest language in the East-Indies

MALAISE, må-lez, s. m. trouble, sad case,

sad condition, misery, uneasiness.

MALAISÉ, E, må-lê-zà, adj. hard, difficult, troublesome, uneasy, inconvenient; poor, that has little to depend upon.

MALAISÉMENT, må-lê-zå-mên, adv. hard-

with much ado.

MALANDRE, s. f. malanders; also rot (in wood.)

MALANDREU-X, SE, adj. rotten, unsound

(wood.)

*Malandrin, må-lèn-drin, s. m. leper. Malard or Malart, s. m. wild he-duck. MALAVENANT, E, adj. ungainly, ungenteel, clownish.

MALAVENTURE, s.f. mischance, misfortune. MALAVISÉ, E, må-lå-vî-zå, adj. ill-advis-

, unwise, silly, foolish, imprudent.

MALAXER, v. a. to malaxate, soften (drugs.) MALBATI, E, mal-ba-ti, ti, adj. ill-shaped,

awkward, ill-contrived.

MALCONTENT, E, mal-kon-ten, tent, adj. discontented, displeased, dissatisfied.

MALE, mal, adj. & s. male; manly, masculine, stout, strong; vigorous; (of birds, etc.) he, cock. Vaisseau qui a l'air mâle, Mar. ship that has a very warlike appearance. Un bon mâle, a stout champion in love-business.

MALEBÈTE, mål-bet, s. f. foul fiend. MALÉDICTION, må-lå-dik-sion, s. f. male-

MALEFAIM, s. f. hunger.

MALÉFICE, må-lå-fis, s. m. witchcraft, enchantment, fascination; ill-deed, wicked action.

MALÉFICIÉ, E, må-lå-f l-slå, adj. bewitched, languishing, pining, sickly, ill-treated, skinned, scratched.

MALÉFIQUE, må-lå-fik, adj. malignant (stars.)

MALEHEURE, (à la) adv. unfortunately.

MALEMORT, s. f. fatal death.

*MALENCONTRE, må-len-kontr, s. f. mischief, ill-luck.

*MALENCONTREUSEMENT, må-len-kon-

treuz-men, adv. unfortunately. *MALENCONTREU-X, SE, må-len-kon-treu,

treuz, adj. unlucky, ominous, fatal, unfortu-

*Malengin, s. m. deceit.

MAL-EN-POINT, adj. in bad condition. MALENTENDU, må-len-ten-du, s. m. errour, mistake; misunderstanding.

MALE-NUIT, s. f. ill-night.

MALEPESTE, mål-pest, interj.ods-boddikins. MALERAGE, s. f. violent desire, rage.

MALES-SEMAINES, s. f. pl. a woman's monthly courses or flowers.

*Malévole, må-lå-vol, adj. malevolent. MALFAÇON, s. f. defect, defect in a piece of

work; also trick; under-hand dealing, cheat.
MALFAICTEUR, mal-fe-teur, V. Malfaiteur. MALFAIRE, mal-fer, v. n. (like faire) to do mischief.

MALFAISANCE, s. f. inclination to do miscnief, mischievousness.

MALFAISANT, E, mal-fe-zen, zent, adj.

mischievous, unlucky, malicious; hurtful, unwholesome, bad, apt to make sick

MALFAIT, E, adj. ill-made, ill-done, illcontrived, ill-shaped, ugly.

MALFAITEUR, s. m. malefactor, offender. MALFAMÉ, E, mål-få-må, adj. ill-famed.

MALGRACIEUSEMENT, adv. uncivilly, rude-

ly, clownishly.

MALGRACIEU-X, SE, mål-grå-sièu, sièuz, adj. uncivil, ungenteel, unmannerly, rude, clownish.

MALGRÉ, mål-grå, prep.in spite of, maugre, against one's will, notwithstanding. V. Gré. MALHABILE, ma-la-bil, adj. silly, ignorant,

incapable of a thing, unfit for it, awkward.

MALHABILEMENT, adv. awkwardly, ignorantly.

MALHABILETÉ, må-lå-bil-tå, s. f. unskil-

MALHEUR, ma-leur, s. m. misfortune, mischance, ill-fortune, disaster, mischief, woe, misery, trouble, claimity, ill-luck, ill-fortune; disaster, mischief, woe, misery, trouble, claimity, ill-luck, ill-fortune; A quelque chose malheur est bon, it is an ill wind that blows nobody good. Par malheur, adv. unhappily, unluckily, unfortunately. Malheur aux impies, woe to the wicked.

MALHEUREUSEMENT, må-låu-rèuz-mên, adj. unhappily, unluckily, unfortunately, wretchedly, poorly, miserably.
MALHEUREU-x, se, må-låu-rèu, rèuz, adv

unhappy, unfortunate, unlucky, that has or brings ill-luck; wicked; unlucky, untoward ill, ominous; wretched, pitiful, sorry.

MALHEUREU-X, SE, S. m. & f. unhappy person, wretch, wicked person. MALHONNETE, ma-lo-net, adj. dishonest,

ungenteel, indecent, unseemly, uncivil, rude Malhonnêtement, må-lo-nêt-mên, adv dishonest, not honestly; uncivilly, rudely. Malhonnêteté, må-lo-nêt-lå, s. f. incivi

lity, rudencss, indecency, unseemliness.

MALICE, ma-lis, s. f. malice, malignity, mischief, mischievousness, wickedness, rogue

ry, roguish trick.
MALICIEUSEMENT, må-lf-sièuz-měn, adv maliciously, with malice, with a malicious or mischievous design.

MALICIEU-X, SE, ma-li-sleu, sleuz, adj malicious, mischievous, delighting in mischief, unlucky

MALIGNE, the feminine of Malin.

Malignement, må-lign-mên, adv. maliciously, with a malicious design.
Malignité, må-li-gni-tå, s. f. malice, mis

chievousness; malignity.

MAL-IN, IGNE, ma-lin, lign, adj. malicious, mischievous, arch, unlucky; malignant, hurt ful, bad, mischievous. Le malin esprit, the evil spirit, the devil.

Malin, s. m. the evil one, the devil.
Maline, s. f. Flanders lace, Mechlin lace
Maline, s. f. Mar. spring-tide.

MALINGRE, adj. peaked, puling, sickly, poor looking.

MALINTENTIONNÉ, E, må-lin-ten-sid-nå,

adj. ill-affected. MALITORNE, ma-li-torn, adj. & s. m. awk ward, ungainly, awkward booby.

MAL-JUGE, mål-zå-zå, s. m. illegal decree

or judgment, errour in a sentence.

Malle, mål, s. f. mail, trunk or box. Faire
sa malle, to pack up one's goods for a jour

bar, bat, base : thère, ébb, ovêr : fleld, fig : robe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

MALLEABILITÉ, mål-lå-å-bî-lî-tå, s. f. malleability.

MALLÉABLE, mål-lå-abl, adj. malleable, that may be wrought with a hammer.

MALLETIER, s. m. trunk-maker. MALLETTE, må-let, s. f. little trunk.

MALLIER, må-liå, s. m. sumpter-horse, pack-horse, shaft-horse, horse that carries the mail.

MALMENÉ, E, adj. abused, ill or scurvily used.

MALMENER, mål-më-nå, v. a. to abuse, use ill or scurvily, reprimand.

MALOTRU, E, må-lô-trů, tru, adj. & s. awkward, wretched, sad, pitiful, sorry, pitiful wretch, sad soul.

MALPLAISANT, E, mål-plê-zèn, zènt, adj. unpleasant, disagreeable, cross.

MALPROPRE, mål-propr, adj. unfit, slo-

venly, sluttish. MALPROPREMENT, mål-propr-men, adv.

slovenly. MALPROPRETÉ, mål-propr-tå, s, f. sloven-

liness. MALSAIN, E, mal-sin, sen, adj. unwholesome, unhealthful; unhealthy, sickly. Côte

malsaine, Mar. dangerous coast. MALSÉANT, E, adj. unseemly, unbecoming

Malsonnant, E, mål-so-nen, nent, adj. ill-

sounding, shocking, repugnant.

MALT, s. m. malt (barley prepared for

beer.) MALTALENT, s. m. grudge, spite, ill-will,

spleen. MALTÔTE, mål-tot, s. f. tax, impost; an il-

legal exaction from the people.

MALTÔTIER, mål-to-ilå, s. m. tax-gatherer, exciseman.

MALTRAITÉ, E, adj. ill-used, abused, etc. Maltraité par le mauvais temps, Mar. weatherbeaten.

MALTRAITER, mål-trê-tå, v. a. to use ill.

abuse, wrong. MALVEILLANCE, mål-ve-lens, s. f. male-

volence, hatred, ill-will, odium. MALVEILLANT, mål-vê-lèn, s. m. enemy,

adversary, one that bears ill-will. MALVERSATION, mål-ver-så-slon, s. f. mis-

demeanour, misconduct in office. MALVERSER, mål-ver-så, v. n. to be guil-

ty of a misdemeanour in office. MALVOISIE, mål-vwå-zl, s. m. malmsey

(wine.)
*Mal-volontiers, mål-vå-lon-tlå, adv.

MALVOULU, E, adj. hated.

Manan, ma-men, s. f. mamma.

M'AMIE, S. f. sweetheart, honey, child.
MAMELLE, ma-inel, s. f. breast; pap; teat,
dug. Un enfant qui est à la mamelle, a suck-

ing child.
MAMELON, mam-lon, s. m. nipple.
MAMELU, E, mam-la, la, adj. full-breasted,

that has great breasts.

M'AMOUR, må-moor, s. m. love or my love, dear, dove, honey.

MANANT, ma-nen, s. m. inhabitant of a

country town or village; clown.

MANCEAU, s. m. one born in the Maine (a province of France.)

MANCELLES, man-sel, s. f. pl. great iron rings (whereby the thill-horse, etc. is fastened 'o a cart.)

MANCENILLIER, s. m. manchineel tree.

MANCHE, mensh, s. m. handle; helve; haft; neck (of a musical instrument;) tail (of a plough.) Il branle au manche, he is wavering:

Manche, s. f. sleeve. Bouts de manches, cuffs. Manche d'aviron, Mar. loom of an oar. C'est une autre paire de manches, that is quite another thing. La manche, Mar. the channel. La manche d'Angleterre, the British channel. Manche à eau, hose. Manche de toile, canvass hose. Manche de cuir, leather hose. Manche de pompe, pump hose. Manche à vent, wind sail.

MANCHERON, s. m. the plough-tail or haudle

MANCHETTE, men-shet, s. m. ruffle. Manchettes des bras de la grande vergue, Mar, span fixed to the mizen-rigging (at the extremities of which two bull's eyes are spliced to keep up the bight of the main-brace.)

Manchon, men-shon, s. m. muff.

MANCHOT, E, men-sho, shot, adj. maimed, that cannot use one hand or arm, lame; that has but one hand. Il n'est pas manchot, he is no fool.

MANDARIN, s. m. mandarin.

MANDAT, men-da, s. m. mandate, mandamus; order (on a banker.)
MANDATAIRE, men-da-ter, s. m. manda-

tory, one that comes to a benefice by a mandamus.

MANDEMENT, mend-inen, s. m. order or

mandate; order (on one's banker.)

Mander, men-då, v.a. to call, send for; to send word, acquaint with, give notice of, write, advise.

MANDIBULE, men-dî-bûl, s. f. mandible,

MANDILLE, men-dil, s. f. footman's great coat MANDOLINE, s. f. sort of stringed instru-

ment. MANDORE, men-dor, s. f. (instrument)

stringed instrument. MANDRAGORE, mên-dra-gor, s. f. a mandrake.

MANDUCATION, men-dû-kâ-sîon, s. f. eat.

ing (applied only to the Eucharist.)
MANEAGE, ma-ni-az, s. m. Mar. labour in loading or unloading a ship with planks, timber, green or dried fish, etc. for which the crew can demand no additional pay.

MANÉGE, s. m. manege, riding-academy or riding-house; managing of a horse; management, intrigue, game, play, sport.

MANES, man, s. m. pl. manes, spirit, ghost. MANGANESE, s. f. manganese.

MANGEABLE, men-zabl, adj. eatable. MANGEAILLE, men-zal, s. f. eatables, any thing to eat, victuals, meat.

MANGEOIRE, men-zwar, s. f. manger. MANGER, men-za, v. a. to eat; to spend, waste, consume; to eat up, ruin; to corrode, eat into (as rust, etc.) S'abstenir de manger, to forbear eating. Manger des yeux, to devour with one's eyes. Manger de caresses, to kill with fondness or kindness. Manger de la vache enragée, to suffer from hunger. Ils se mangent, they are at daggers drawing. mange ses mots, he clips his words. Salle à manger, dining-room. Manger, v. n. to diet. eat, dine, sup, etc.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Manger, Mar. Manger le vent à un bâtienent, to becalm a vessel. Manger du sable, to sweat the glass, flog the glass. La lune mangera le mauvais temps, we shall have fine weather when the moon rises. Etre mangé par la terre, to be so close under the land that the vessel is concealed by the colour of it, and not distinguishable by other ships in the offing. Etre mangé par la mer, to ride hawseful, lie in the trough of the sea (when it runs high and often breaks aboard.)

MANGER, s. m. meat, food, victuals. Le manger et le boire, eating and drinking.

MANGERIE, menz-rl, s. f. eating; exaction, extortion. Relever mangerie, to fall to eating again.

MANGEU-R, SE, men-zeur, zeuz, s. m. & f.

eater.

MANGEURE, men-zur, s. f. nibbling, gnawing, place nibbled or gnawed, (by mice, etc.) feeding (hunting term.)

*MANGONEAU, s. m. engine for throwing stones into a besieged place; mangon or man-

MANIABLE, må-nî-abl, adj. easy to be handled, wieldy; easily wrought; tractable, easy, supple. *Maniable*, Mar. Ex. *Bâtiment maniable*, handy vessel. *Vent maniable*, commanding breeze. Temps maniable, moderate weather.

MANIAQUE, må-níåk, adj. & s. maniac, mad, furious.

Manichordion, s. m. claricord.

MANIELES, må-nikl, s. f. pl. hand-cuffs. MANIE, må-ni, s. f. madness, fury, rage; also fancy, passion.

MANIEMENT, ma-nl-men, s. m. handling, act of handling, use of one's arm or leg; ma-

nagement, conduct.
MANIER, må-niå, v. a. to handle, feel, mcddle with, touch; (conduire) to manage, have the management of. Manier un cheval, to manage a horse. Manier un sujet, to handle or treat a subject. Manier le blé, to stir the corn. Cet officier manie bien son bâtiment, Mar. that officer manages his ship very well.

MANIER, s. m. touch, feeling. Vous recon-noîtrez la bonté de cette étoffe au manier, you will see the goodness of that cloth by the feel-

MANIÈRE, må-nier, s. f. manner, fashion, wise, way, rate; kind, sort, manner; style. Manière de parler or de s'énoncer, way of ex-pressing one's self, expression. Par manière de dire, as it were, as one should say. Par manière d'entretien, by way of conversation. De manière à, in such a manner as to, so as De manière que, conj. so that. Manières, pl. way, behaviour, carriage.
MANIÉRÉ, E, ma-nla-ra, adj. affected, pe-

culiar in his manner.

MANIEUR, s. m. Ex. Un manieur de blé, a stirrer of corn.

MANIFESTATION, må-ni-fes-ta-sion, s. f. manifestation or making manifest.

MANIFESTE, må-ni-fest, adj. manifest, clear, plain, open, apparent, evident. MANIFESTE, s. m. manifest or publick de-

claration. MANIFESTÉ, E, adj. manifested, declared. published, revealed, made manifest.

MANIFESTEMENT, må-nî-fest-men, adv. manifestly, clearly, plainly.

MANIFESTER, må-nî-fês-tå, v. a. to mani-fest, declare, publish, reveal, show, make ma-

nifest. Se manifester, v. r. to show one's self.
MANIGANCE, ma-ni-gans, s. f. intrigue or underhand dealing.

MANIGANCER, må-nl-gån-så, v. a. to brew,

contrive, hatch, plot, intrigue.

Manille, ma-nil, s. f. manille (at ombre.)

Maniment, V. Maniement.

MANIPULATION, må-nî-pů-là-sion, s. f. manipulation, manner of preparing chymical

MANIPULE, s. m. manipule (said of a priest's band, and of a small band of soldiers ;) handful.

MANIQUE, s.f. leather to guard the hand.

MANIVEAU, s. m. little basket.

MANIVELLE, må-nî-vêl, s. f. handle;

rounce (of a printing press.)

Manivelle, Mar. Ex. Manivelle de gouvernail, whip-staff of the helm. pompe, pump-winch. Manive Manivelle de Manirelle de rouet, Manivelle de corderie, laying-hook crank. or winch. Manivelle double, double laying-hook or winch. Manivelle de fer, ironwinch.

MANNE, man, s. f. manna; basket or flasket : (d'enfant) cradle. Manne à desservir,

voider. Mar. sort of ballast-basket.

Mannequin, man-kin, s. m. large bas-ket, hamper, manikin (figure of a mun on which drapery is disposed by painters.)

MANNEQUINÉ, E, adj. disposed with affectation (said of draperies.)

MANŒUVRE, må-neuvr, s. m. labourer; mason's man.

Manouvre, s. f. manœuvre; conduct; work,

piece of work. Manœuvre, s. f. Mar. rope; rigging, ropes; (of seamen) work; employment; (of vessels) manoeuvre, motion, manner of working or managing. Amarre cette manœuvre, belay that rope. Les manœuvres, the rigging. Manœuvres courantes, running rigging. Manœuvres dormantes, standing rigging. Manœuvres de rechange, spare rigging. Manœuvres de combat, preventer rigging (used only in action.) Manœuvres dégagées, clear ropes. Manœuvres de revers, ropes out of use (whether on the lee or the weather side.) Manœuvre haute, work aloft (or employment of the sailors in the tops, at the mast heads or upon the yards.) Manæuvre basse, work upon deck (or employment of the sailors upon deck.) Manaeuvre prompte, expeditious manner of manaeuring a district and manaeuring a dist naging a ship. Manœuvre habile, skilful manœuvre (practised to extricate a ship from an embarrassing situation.) Manœuvre délicate or fine, precise but dexterous manner of handling a ship. Manœuvre décisive, decided man ner of working a ship. Manœuvre indécisive, undecided manœuvre (such as first bearing up and then luffing, when nearing a ship on the contrary tack.) Manœuvre hardie, bold. manœuvre. La manœuvre hardie du capitaine Perry est sans exemple, the bold manœuvre of Captain Perry is unprecedented. Le gé-néral rend sa manœuvre indépendante, the admiral's motions are not to be an example to the rest of the fleet.

MANŒUVRER, må-nêu-vrå, v. a. & n. Mar. to manœuvre, work, direct the motions of. Manœuvrer un bâtiment, to work a ship. Notre

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, ovêr : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

bâtiment manœuvre bien, our ship works well. Les deux escudres passèrent deux jours à ma-nœuvrer en présence l'une de l'autre, the two fleets spent two days in manœuvring in sight of each other.

MANGUVRIER, må-neu-yrlå, s. m. person skilled in working a ship. Bon manœuvrier,

able and expert sea-officer.

MANOIR, må-nwar, s. m. manor, dwellinghouse, habitation.

MANOQUE de tabac, s. f. roll of tobacco. MANOUVRIER, må-noo-vrlå, s. m. labour-

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er, journeyman.

MANQUE, mehnk, s. m. want, need, lack. It y a cela de manque, that is wanting or missing. It n'a pas manque de cœur, he does not want courage. Manque de, for want of.

MANQUEMENT, mênk-mên, s. m. fault, fail-

manquement, memerien 5. in latit, lati-ure, sip. Manquement de foi or de parole, break or breaking of one's word or faith. Manqué, e, adj. missed, cic. Manquer, also imperfect. Un lâtiment manqué, Mar. a vessel in the construction of which the builder has either mistaken the plan or failed through ignorance. Un projet manqué, an abortive

plan.

MANQUER, men-ka, v. n. to fail; to commit a fault, offend, do amiss; to break; to miscarry; miss; forget, neglect, decay, faint, die; to be missing; to fail or fall short. Munquer de, to want, lack, need, stand in need of, be short of. Manquer à, to fail in, be wanting in; to break, break through. Arme à feu qui manque, a gun that misses fire. Manquer de parole à quelqu'un, to fail or balk one, disappoint one. La potence ne te peut manquer, thou wilt be hanged without fail. L'argent lui a manqué, moncy failed him, his money fell short. Il ne lui manque rien or il ne man-que de rien, he wants nothing. Manquer au rendez-vous, to break the appointment. Le pied lui a manqué, his foot slipped. Le cœur peed at a managine, his took shiped. Le clear leur managine, they are ready to faint, their courage fails them. Marchand qui a manqué, broken merchant. Jai manqué d'être tué, Il was within a hair's breadth of being kill-ed; I was near being killed. V. Faillir and Falloir, and hercafter. Manquer, v. a. to miss, not to hit, let slip. Se manquer, v. r. to want, be wanting. Il se manque ici un écu, here wants a crown, a crown is wanting here. Il ne se manqua presque rien qu'il ne fut pris, it wanted but little of his being taken, he was verv near being taken.

Manquer, v. a. & n. Mar. Manquer le mouillage, to miss one's anchorage or the birth in which it was intended to bring up. Manquer sa traversée, to lose one's passage for the season. Manquer un convoi, to miss a convoy, to miss an enemy's convoy, with which it was expected to fall in. Manquer son abordage, to be unsuccessful in boarding an enemy. Manquer son bottment, to be left be-hind at the sailing of the ship. Manquer a viver, to miss stays. Manquer de monde, to be short of hands. Manquer d'eau, de vivres, etc.; to be in want of water, provisions, etc. L'équi-page du corsaire manqua au premier feu, the crew of the privateer ran away from their quarters at the first broadside. Les vents nous manquèrent au milieu de la passe, the wind fail-ed us in the fair way of the channel. Nous manquames de nous perdre dans la baie d'Au-

dierne, we were very near being lost in Au-diern bay. Les écoutes de notre petit hunier manquèrent, et la voile fut toute en morceaux, our fore-topsail sheets gave way, and the sails went all to rags.

MANSARDE, men-sard, s. f. the roof of a house (the top of which is almost flat, and the

sides nearly perpendicular.)
*Mansuetude, men-så-å-tůd, s. f. mansuctude, meekness, gentleness, tenderness of

MANTE, ment, s. f. deep mourning, mantle

Manteau, mèn-tò, s. m. mantle, cloak; (de femme) mantua; (de cheminée) mantletree; cloak, pretence, show, colour, blind. Manteau royal, royal mantle.

MANTELÉ, E, ment-là, adj. mantled (in he-

raldry.)

MANTELET, ment-le, s. m. mantelet, man-tle; machine to cover besiegers. Mantelets de sabords, Mar. port-lids.

MANTELINE, ment-lin, s. f. ridinghood. MANTELURE, s. f. hair on a dog's back of a colour different from the rest.

MANTILLE, s. f. little cloak.

MANTURE, s. f. Mar. shipping a heavy

MANUEL, LE, må-nå-el, adj. manual, done with the hand. Signe manuel, one's hand or mark to a writing.

MANUEL, s. m. manual.

MANUELLEMENT, må-nů-ěl-měn, adv. manually.

MANUFACTURE, må-nå-fåk-tår, s. f. manufacture, manufactory.

MANUFACTURER, må-nů-fåk-tů-rå, v. a. to manufacture, work in a manufactory.

MANUFACTURIER, må-nů-fåk-tů-ríå, s. m. manufacturer.

Manumission, ma-nu-mi-sion, s. f. manumission.

Manuscrit, E, må-nå-skri, skrit, adj. & m. manuscript.

MANUTENTION, ma-nd-ten-slon, s. f. maintaining, preserving, preservation, upholding. MAPPEMONDE, map-mond, s. f. map of the

MAQUEREAU, mak-ro, s. m. mackerel; pimp, procurer. Maquereaux, reddish spots in one's legs caused by overheating them.

MAQUERELLAGE, s. m. pimping, pimp's or bawd's trade.

MAQUERELLE, s. f. bowd, procuress.
MAQUIGNON, ma-ki-gnon, s. m. horsejockey, pimp; broker. Manuignon, (de bêne
fices) one that drives a trade in livings; (de

mariages) a match-maker.

Maquignonnage, må-kî-gnô-nåz, s. m. horse-coursing, jockey's trade; intigue.

MAQUIGNONNER, må-kl-gno-nå, v. a. to jockey or trim up, pamper (a horse) for sale. to pimp or intrigue to promote the sale of any thing.

MAQUILLEUR, s. m. Mar. mackerel-boat. MARABOUT, s. m. Mahometan priest; ill-looking fellow; sort of tin coffee-pot. MARAICHER, må-rè-shå, s. m. marsh cul-

MARAIS, må-rè, s. m. marsh, fen, moot, morass, bog; low garden-plot. Marais salans, salt-pits.

MARASME, må-råsm, s. m. marasinus.

MARAUD, ma-ro, s. m. varlet, a rascal,

Maraude, ma-rod, s. f. quean, jade; ma-

MARAUDER, må-rò-då, v. n. to go a ma-

randing. MARAUDEUR, må-ro-deur, s. m. marauder. MARAVEDIS, s. m. maravedis (a Spanish

coin.)

MARBRE, marbr, s. m. marble.
MARBRÉ, E, adj. marbled. Bas marbrés,
mixt-coloured stockings.

MARBRER, mar-bra, v. a. to marble. MARBREU-R, SE, mar-breur, breuz, s. m.

& f. marbler, one that marbles.

MARBRIER, mar-bria, s. m. stone cutter. MARBRIÈRE, s. f. quarry which produces

marble. MARBRURE, mår-brår, s. f. marbling.

MARC, mar, s. m. mark, eight ounces; gross or thick substance that remains of a thing pressed or strained.

MARCAIGE, s. m. tax on sea fish.

MARCASSIN, mar-ka-sin, s. m. a young wild boar.

MARCASSITE, mar-ka-sit, s. f. marcasite. MARCHAND, mar-shen, s. m. merchant, dealer; tradesman or shop-keeper, seller, chapman. Marchand en gros, wholesale-dealer. Marchand en détail, retail dealer. Marchand libraire, book-seller. Marchand d'aprier, woollen draper. Marchand d'hertas hert seller. Marchand bes, herb seller. Marchand de soie, silk-man. It n'en sera-pas bon marchand, he will get nothing by it. It veut être riche marchand on pawere poulaitlier, he will win the borse rece the sendtle. or lose the saddle. Murchand qui perd ne veut rire, let him laugh that wins. Marchand chargeur d'un bâtiment, freighter of a

MARCHAND, E, mar-shen, shend, adj. mercantile, trading; tradesman-like; merchantable, vendible, fit for sale. Ville marchande, trading town, fown of great trade. Place mar-chande, trading place, thoroughfare. Rivière marchande, navigable river. Vaisseau marchand, merchant-man, merchant-ship.

Murchande, s. f. merchant's wife; trading woman; citizen's wife.

MARCHANDER, mar-shên-da, v. a. to cheapen, haggle for, beat down the price of; v. n. to haggle or stand haggling, be irresolute or in suspense, be at a stand, hesitate.

MARCHANDEU-R, SE, mår-shen-deur, deuz,

s. m. & f. cheapener, haggler.

MARCHANDISE, mar-shen-diz, s. f. commodity, goods, ware; merchandise, trade. Faire marchandise, to trade. Marchandise qui plait est à demi-vendue, please the eye, and pick the purse. Marchandises fines, Mar. dry-goods. Marchandiscs trouvées flottantes or en dérive, flotson or flotzam.

MARCHE, marsh, s. f. march; marching; journey, way; move; step; treadle; marches, borders, frontiers (of a country.)

Marche, Mar. progressive motion or head way (of a ship through the water.) Marche d'une horloge marine, rate of a time-keeper. La marche de ce navire est un quart largue, Votre fréthat ship sails best a point free. gate a une marche supérieure, your frigate !

MANATRE, marratr, s. f. step-mother, sails incomparably well. Vous arez la marche mother-in-law (used only in a had sense.) sur toute l'escadre, you beat the whole fiect in sailing.

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MARCHÉ, mar-sha, s. m. market, marketplace; rate; bargain. Acheler or vendre à bon marché, to buy or sell cheap. Vous en avez eu bon marché, you had a good bargain of it. Faire bon marché de quelque chose, to be lavish of a thing. On n'a jamais bon marché de mau-

roise marchandise, best is cheapest.

MARCHECOULIS, V. Machecoulis.

MARCHEPIED, marsh-pià, s. m. foot-stool; foot-board. Mar. Marchepied d'une vergue,

horse or foot-rope of a yard.

MARCHER, mar-sha, v. n. to walk, go, tread; to march, be upon the march; to rank, take place. Marcher droit, to behave one's self well. Marcher sur les pas des grands hommes, to follow the steps of great men, imitate great men. Marcher sur quelque chose, to tread upon something. Il a marché sur une mauruise herbe, he has pissed upon a nettle. Je le ferni bien marcher droù, I will keep him to his good behaviour. Ces deux affaires mar-chent d'un même pied, those two things keep an equal pace together.

Marcher, v. n. Mar. to sail or go (through the water.) Notre bûtiment ne marche pas depuis son radoub, our ship does not sail since she has been repaired. Vous marchez bien an plus près, you sail well upon a wind. Il nous faut du vent frais pour bien marcher, we re-

quire a fresh breeze to sail well. MARCHER, s. m. gait, pace, going or tread-

MARCHETTE, s. f. kind of trap for birds. MARCHEU-R, SE, mår-sheur, sheuz, s. m. & f. walker. V. Rouleur.

MARCOTTE, mår-kot, s. f. layer or young

MARCOTTER, mår-ko-tå, v. a. to set layers or young twigs in the ground for increase.

MARDELLE, V. Margelle.

MARDI, mar-di, s. in. Tuesday. Mardi-

gras, Shrove-Tuesday. MARE, mar, s. f. pond, pool or puddle, hole

(full of standing water,) moor. MARÉAGE, s. m. Mar. hire or pay of a sail-

or for the run (i. e. for a particular voyage.)
MARÉCAGE, må-rå-kåz, s. m. marsh or
marshy place, fen, bog.

MARÉCAGEU-X, SE, ma-ra-ka-zeu, zeuz

adj. marshy, fenny, moorish.
MARECHAL, ma-ra-shal, s. m. farrier; marshal. Maréchal des logis, quarter master

MARÉCHALAT, s. m. marshalship. MARÉCHALERIE, s. f. farrier's trade.

MARÉCHAUSSÉE, må-rå-sho-så, s. f. marshalsea, jurisdiction of the marshals of France;

also sort of troopers that patrol the country
MARKE, ma-ra, s. f. Mar. tide; also fresh
sea fish. La marée, the tide. Marée basse, low water. Marée haute, high water. Marée montante, flood. Marce morte, neap tide or dead nip. Grandes marées, spring tides. Marée contraire au vent, windward tide. Marée qui porte sous le rent or marée qui porte du même côte que le rent, leeward tide, lee tide. Marée qui porte au vent, weather tide. La marée monte, the tide comes in, it is flood tide. La marée descend, the tide goes out, it is ebb tide. Haute marée, pleine marée, high water. MARELLE, V. Merclle

MAR

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

MARGAJAT, mår-gå-zå, s. m. little ugly fellow.

MARGE, marz, s. f. margin, margent, marge; also marginal notes, aunotations.

MARGELLE, mår-zel, s. f. curb stone, brink

or brim of a well.

MARGINAL, E, mår-zî-nål, adj. marginal. MARGOT, mår-gö, s. f. magpie.

MARGOUILLET, s. m. Mar. bull's eye; also seizing truck.

Martouillis, mar-goo-li, s. m. plash, puddle.

MARGRAVE, s. m. margrave.

MARGRAVIAT, s. m. margravate.

MARGUERVIE, mar-grit, s. f. daisy; margarite.

Marguerite, s. f. Mar. messenger, purchase of any sort clapped on the messenger. Faire marguerite, to clap a messenger on a cable.

MARGUILLERIE, s. f. church-wardenship. MARGUILLIER, mar-gi-lia, s. m. churchwarden.

MARI, ma-ri, s. m. husband; spouse.

MARIABLE, må-rî-abl, adj. marriageable. MARIAGE, må-rlaz, s. m. marriage, match, matrimony, wedlock, conjugal life; wedding or marriage or nuptials; dowry or portion. Prendre une fille en mariage, to take a woman to wife, marry her. Mariage du tournevire, Mar. lashing together of the eyes of the messenger. Faire le mariage du tournevire, to

lash the eyes of the messenger. MARIAUD, E, s. m. & f. brisk lively child,

pert child.

Marié, e, må-riå, adj. married.

MARIÉ, s. m. (nouveau marié) bridegroom.

MARIÉE, må-rî-å, s. f. (nouvelle mariée) bride.

MARIER, må-ri-å, v. a. to marry, to match: ally, unite, join, reconcile. Se marier, v. r. to

MARIE-SALOPE, s. f. Mar. sort of lighter or large flat-bottomed boat to carry away the

MARIEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. match-maker. MARIN, E, må-rin, rin, adj. marine, of or belonging to the sea. Monstre marin, seamonster. Carte marine, chart or sea-chart. Plante marine, sea-weed. Avoir le pied marin, to be used to the sea, have sea legs, tread the deck like a sailor.

MARIN, s. m. Mar. sea-man, sea-faring man. Marin d'eau douce, lubber, fresh-water sailor.

MARINADE, må-rl-nåd, s. f. pickled meat. MARINE, ma-rin, s. f. navigation; navy, marine, science and knowledge of maritime affairs; sea-coast, beach; sea-piece or view; taste or smell of the sea. Officier de la marine, officer in the navy. Gens de marine, sea-men. Termes de marine, sea-terms. La marine de France, the French navy. Marine marchande, merchant service. Cela sent la marine, that smells of the sea. Ceci a un goût de marine, this tastes of the salt water.

MARINÉ, E, adj. marinated, pickled. Des marchandises marinées, goods damaged at sea. (In heraldry) fish-tailed.

MARINER, ma-ri-na, v. a. to marinate, pickle, souse.

MARINGOUIN, må-rin-gwin, s.m. musquitto.

MARINIER, ma-ri-nia, s. m. mariner, seaman; barger, barge man, water man. cier marinier, warrant and petty officer.

MARIOLES, s. f. waddles of a cock.

MARIONNETTE, ma-ri-o-net, s. f. puppet.
MARITAL, E, ma-ri-tal, adj. marital, matrimonial, belonging to a husband.

MARITALEMENT, må-ri-tål-men, adv. like a husband.

MARITIME, må-rf-tim adj. maritime, near or bordering on the sea. Forces maritimes, maritime or sea-forces. Les paissances maritimes, the maritime powers.

MARITORNE, s. f. a sluttish, ill-shaped wo-

man.

MARJOLAINE, mar-zô-len, s. f. marjoram, sweet marjoram. MARJOLET, mar-20-le, s. m. fop. Un plai-

sant marjolet, pleasant silly fellow.

MARLI, s. m. a sort of gauze. MARMAILLE, mar-mal, s. f. little children,

MARNILADE, marin-lad, s. f. marmalade.
MARNITE, mar-mit, s. f. kettle or pot, seething-pot. Nez en pied de mærmile, pugnose. Ecumeur de marmiles, a parasite.
*MARNITEU-X, SE, adj. & s. whimpering, whining, wretched.

MARMITON, mar-mi-ton, s. m. scullion, kitchen drudge.

MARMONNER, v. n. to mumble, mutter, grumble.

MARMOT, mår-mò, s. m. marmoset, monkey; little ugly figure; young rogue, little monkey.

MARMOTTE, mar-mot, s. f. marmot, young jade or minx. Mar. small match tub.

MARMOTTER, mår-må-tå, v. a. to mutter. mumble.

MARMOTTIER, s. m. virtueso (who collects little ugly figures.)

MARMOUSET, mar-moo-se, s. m. marmoset; grotesque figure; little monkey.

MARNE, marn, s. m. marl; Marne (river in France.)

MARNER, v. a. to marl.

MARNERON, s. m. one that works in a marlpit.

MARNIÈRE, mår-nièr, s. m. marl-pit.

Marnois, s. m. sort of boat.

Maroquin, s. m. Turkey, Spanish, Russia or marocco leather.

MAROQUINER, v. a. to dress leather marocco fashion. MARQUINERIE, s. f. the art of making

Turkey leather or marocco. MAROQUINIER, s. m. marocco-manufac-

MAROTIQUE, må-rô-tík, adj. marotick

(style.) MAROTTE, ma-rot, s. f. fool's bamble; folly,

fancy, whim, maggot, foolish conceit. MAROUFLE, må -roofl, s. m. scoundrel; al-

so seum, booby, raseal.

MARQUE, mark, s. f. mark; mark or marking iron; trace, print, mole, spot; mark or token of honour; rank, note; love token; character, sign, token; (at cards) counter; proof, testimony; token or ten quires of paper. Homme de marque, man of note. Marque blanche, star (on a horse's forehead.) Morque, s. f. Mar. Marque de la ligne de loch, fore-runner. Lettre de marque, letter of marque.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun

MARQUÉ, E, adj. marked, denoted, etc. Marqué de petite vérole, pitted with the small

MARQUER, mår-kå, v. a. to mark, set a mark upon; to score up, set up; to mark, leave a mark or print; to denote, show, argue; to make out, tell, signify, specify, set out; (in fencing) to make a fall or clear pass. Marquer avec de la craie, to chalk. Marquer la monnoie, to stamp coin. Cheval qui commence à marquer, young nag or horse that begins to show his age by his teeth.

MARQUETÉ, E, adj. speckled, spotted; in-

laid.

MARQUETER, mårk-tå, v. a. to speckle or

spot; to inlay.

MARQUETERIE, mår-kê-trl, s.f. inlaid work. MARQUEUR, mar-keur, s. m. marker; scorer (at play.)

MARQUIS, mår-kl, s. m. marquis. MARQUISAT, mår-kl-zå, s. m. marquisate. MARQUISE, mår-klz, s. f. marchioness, tilt

over a tent, marquee.

MARQUISER, (SE) se-mar-kl-za, v. r. to assume the title of a marquis.

MARRAINE, ma-ren, s. f. god-mother. MARRE, s. f. mattock or pick-axe. MARREAU, V. Méreau.

*MARRI, E, ma-rl, rl, adj. sorry, troubled,

grieved, concerned.

MARRON, ma-ron, s. m. chestnut, great chestnut; (d'Inde) horse chestnut; curl or lock of hair; a book printed secretly; sort of square cracker. Negre marron, a runaway negro. MARRONNER, ma-rô-na, v. a. to do up hair

in large curls.

MARRONIER, ma-ro-nia, s. m. chestnuttree; (d'Inde) horse chestnut-tree.

MARRUBE, s. m. hoarhound (an herb.) MARRUBIASTRE, s.m. species of hoarhound. MARS, mars, s.m. March; any grain sowed in March; also Mars (the planet and god of

*MARSECHE, s. f. barley.

MARSILIANE, mar-sl-lian, s. f. kind of Venetian ship.

MARSOUIN, mar-swin, s. m. porpoise or sea-hog.

Marsouin d'avant, Mar. stemson. Marsouin d'arrière, inner or false stern-post, sternson.

MARTAGON, mar-ta-gon, s. m. mountain or many-flowered lily.

MARTE, V. Martre.

MARTEAU, mar-to, s. m. hammer; (of a door) knocker. Marteau à dents. Mar. claw-hammer or clench-hammer or fid-hammer. MARTEL, mar-têl, s. m. V. Marteau. Mar-

tel en tête, inquietude, uneasiness.

MARTELAGE, mart-laz, s. m. mark set on trees that are to be cut down.

MARTELÉ, E, adj. hammered, etc. Martelé de coups, pounded or bruised, soundly beaten.

MARTELER, mårt-lå, v. a. to hammer, beat or work with a hammer; also to trouble, torment, perplex, plague, teaze, vex. MARTELET, s. m. little hammer.

MARTELEUR, s. m. one that hammers at a forge.

MARTELINE, s. f. pick.

MARTIAL, E, mar-sial, adj. martial, warlike, valiant; also ferruginous

MARTICLES, s. f. pl. Mar. V. Martinets.

MARTINET, mar-ti-ne, s. m. hammer ; flat or hand candlestick; martlet or martin. Mar-tinet pêcheur, king-fisher. Discipline de cor-des, cat-o'-nine tails. Martinets du pic, Mar. peak haliards.

MARTINGALE, mår-tin-gål, s. f. martingal.

Jouer à la martingale, to double or quit. MARTIN-SEC, mar-tin-sek, s. m. stony kind

of pear.

MARTRE, martr, s. f. marten; marten

Martre, martr, s. f. marten; marten skin. Martre zibeline, sable. Prendre martre

pour renard, to catch a tartar MARTYR, mår-tlr, s. m. & f. martyr, great

MARTYRE, mar-tlr, s. m. martyrdom, great

sufferings.

MARTYRISÉ, E, adj. martyred, that has suffered martyrdom, tormented, put to great

MARTYRISER, mår-tl-rl-zå, v. a. to make suffer martyrdom; put to a great deal of pain,

torment.

MARTYROLOGE, mår-tî-rô-lôz, s. m. martyrology.

MARTYROLOGISTE, mar-tl-ro-lo-zlst, s. m.

writer of martyrology MASCARADE, mås-kå-råd, s. m. masquer-

ade, mask. MASCARET, mas-ka-re, s. m. eddy (of wa-

ter.) Mascaron, mås-kå-ron, s. m. (in architecture) mask. MASCULIN, E, mas-ka-lin, lin, adj. masculine, male, of or belonging to the male.

MASCULINITE, s. f. masculineness.

Masque, måsk, s. m. mask, visor, visor mask; masquerader, one that has a visor on;

(iu sculpture) head (by itself;) mask, blind, colour, pretence, cloak; ugly witch. Que la colour, pretence, cloak; ugly witch. Que la peste soit de la masque, deuce take her for a witch. Masque, Mar. smoke sail.

MASQUÉ, E, adj. masked, that has a mask V. Masquer. Counterfeit, false; close, on. V. dissembling.

MASQUER, mås-kå, v. a. to mask, put a mask on ; cloak, cover, disguise. Musquer, v. n. Se masquer, v. r. to mask, go to a masquerade. Masquer, v. a. & n. Mar. to back, take a-back, etc. Masquer une voile, to lay a sail a-back. Masque tout, lay all flat a-back. Notre matelot d'avant est masqué, our leader is taken a-back. Le commandant a tout masqué, the commander has thrown all a-back.

MASSACRE ma-sakr, s. m. massacre, slaughter, murder; head of a deer newly killed; also bungler; bungling piece of work.

MASSACRER, må-så-krå, v. a. to massacre, butcher; also to bungle.

MASSACREUR, s. in. murderer; also bungler.

MASSE, mas, s. f. mass, lump, heap; funds or stock; stake, pool; (at billiards) mass; mace, club; mace, mace royal; mallet, hammer. Or or argent en masse, gold or silver in bullion. Masse, s. f. Mar. Masse de fer, maul or pen

maul. Masse de bois, commander.

Massepain, mas-pin, s. m. march-pane Masser, ma-sa, v. a. to stake, to mass, lay or set.

Massicot, s. m. yellow colour to paint with.

Massier, må-siå, s. m. mace-bearer.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

MASSI-F, VE, ma-sif, siv, adj. massy, massive, solid, heavy; stupid, dull.

Massir, s. m. thicket; masonry to support

a pedestal.

MASSIVEMENT, adv. heavily, dully.
MASSIVETÉ, s. f. massiness, massiveness.
MASSUE, massi, s. f. club.

MASTIC, mas-tik, s. m. mastich.

MASTICATION, mas-ti-ka-sion, s. f. mastication, chewing.

MASTICATOIRE, mas-ti-ka-twar, s. m. mas-

MASTICADOUR, s. m. kind of bit promoting mastication in horses.

MASTIQUER, mås-ti-kå, v. a. to cement with mastick.

MASURE, ma-zur, s. f. house ruined, ruins or rubbish of a house, also paltry decayed

Mar, mà, s. m. Mar. mast. Mat de misaine, fore-mast. Mât d'artimon, mizen-mast. Grand mât, main-mast. Grand mât de hune, main top-mast. Petit mât de hune, fore top-mast. Mâts de hune, top-masts. fore top-mast. Mats de nune, op-masts. Mát de grand perroquet, min top-gallant mast. Mát de petit perroquet, fore top-gallant mast. Máts de perroquet, top-gallant masts. Máts de perroquet a fleche, long or pole top-gallant masts. Máts de perroquet sans flèche, short or stump top-gallant masts. Mits de perroquet volant, top-gallant royal masts. Mit de grand kakatoës or de grand perroquet volant, main tep-gallant royal mast. Mit de petit kakatoës or de petit perroquet volant, fore top-gallant royal mast. Mit de petit kakatoës or de petit perroquet volant, fore top-gallant royal mast. Mit de garantehe mizen ton-gallant mast. Mits de perruche, mizen top-gallant mast. Mâts de kakatoës de perruche, mizen top-gallant roy-al masts: Mât de beaupré, bowsprit mast. Mât de perroquet de fougue, mizen top-mast. Mate majeurs, lower masts, standing masts.
Mate majeurs, lower masts, standing masts.
Mate a pible, pole mast. Mate de pavillon, flag staff. Mats de rechange, spare masts.
Mate composé or mat de plusieurs pièces ou mate de plusieurs pièces ou mate de plusieurs processes. mât d'assemblage, made mast. Mat de fortane, jury mast; also spare mast. Mid qui a consenti, sprung mast. Mit force or tenin or déjeté, wrung mast. Mit force or tenin mast. Mit d'un brin, mast made of a single Mât de cinq or de sept pièces, mast made of five or seven pieces. Mat or arbre de mestre, main mast (of a xebec, felucca, etc. in the dialect of Provence.) Mût or arbre de trinquet, fore-mast (of the like vessels in the same dialect.) Etre à mâts et à cordes, to be under bare poles.

MAT, mat, s. m. mate. Echec et mat, check-mate. Donner echec' et mat, to check-

mate. Il est mat, he is cheek-mated or mated. Mat, те, måt adj. unpolished, unwronght. Matabor, må-tå-dår, s. m. matadore. Matamore, må-tå-mår, s. m. bully, bra-

vado. Matamore. s. f. dungeon.

MATASSINADE, s. f. wanton trick, frolick. *MATASSINER, v. a. to play the wanton, be frolicksome, caper about.

MATASSINS, s. m. pl. matachin (sort of dance;) also matachin dancers.

MATÉ, E, adj. Mar. masted, furnished with masts. Mâté en vaisseau, masted like a ship. Mâté en heu, masted like a Dutch hoy. Maté à calcet, masted for lateen sails. Maté en fourche or à corne, masted with a standing gail (like a Dutch galliot.) Mâté à pible,

pole-masted. Haut mâté, taunt masted. V Hout.

Maté, (at chess) mate or mated; dejected quelled, mortified, etc. V. Mater.

MATELAS, matha, s. m. mattress, quilt; also squab, enshion.

MATELASSER, må-tlå-så, v. a. to cover or furnish with mattresses or squabs or cushions.

MATELASSIER, må-tlå-siå, s. m. mattressmaker, etc.

MATELOT, ma-tlo, s. m. Mar. sailor. Matelots gardiens. V. Gardiens. Vaisseau matelot, consort or second (to a ship in a fleet or squadron.) Mutelot d'avant, leader or second a-head. Le Terrible étoit notre matelot d'avant, et l'Intrépide celui d'arrière, the Terrible was our second a-head, and the Intrepid our second a-stern. Matelots provenant de la presse, pressed men.

MATELOTAGE, må-tlå-tåz, s. m. seaman's

pay.

MATELOTE, mã-tlôt, s. f. fish dressed as sailors dress theirs. A la matelot, seaman-like or as sailors do.

MATER, må-tå, v. a. to mortify, macerate. weaken, keep under; to dash, damp, blunt, harass, tire out, quell, break, bear down, daunt, take down, curb; to mate (at chess.)
Mar. to mast, furnish with masts. Mitter un bâtiment, to mast a ship. Mâter l'étambord d'un bâtiment, to erect the stern-post of a ship. Mâter une épontille, to set a shore an-end. Mâter des bigues, to set up a pair of sheers in a dock-yard. Mâte le canot, toss the boat's masts up.

MATEREAU, s. m. Mar. small mast, spar. MATÉRIALISME, må-tå-rå-lism, s. m.

materialism. MATÉRIALISTE, ma-tà-ria-list, s. m. ma-

terialist. MATÉRIALITÉ, mã-tå-rlå-li-tå, s. f. mate-

MATÉRIAUX, ma-ta-rio, s. m. pl. materials MATÉRIEL, LE, må-tå-riel, adj. material; coarse, thick, heavy, lumpish, dull. MATÉRIELLEMENT, må-tå-riel-men, adv

materially.

MATERNEL, LE, må-ter-nel, adj. motherly, maternal, of or belonging to the mother.

MATERNELLEMENT, må-ter-nel-men,adv. motherly, like a mother.

MATERNITÉ, mã-ter-nî-ta, s. f. maternity, motherhood.

MATEUR, s. m. Mar. mast-maker.

Mathématicien, må-tå-må-tî-sièn, s. m. mathematician.

MATHÉMATIQUE, må-tå-må-tîk, adj. ma thematical.

Mathématiquement, mû-tâ-mâ-tîk-mên, adj. mathematically.
MATHEMATIQUES, s. f. pl. mathematics.

MATIÈRE, ma-tier, s. f. matter; stuff; substance; subject; cause, reason, account, occasion; pus; excrement; bullion. En matière de, in point of, in business of.

MATIN, ma-tin, s. m. morning, forenoon. Demain matin or demain au matin, to-morrow morning.

MATIN, ma-tin, s. m. great cur, mastiff dog. Un grand vilain mâtin, a great Inbberly fellow.

MATINAL, må-tl-nål. V. Matineux MATINÉE, må-ti-nå, s. f. morning

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon . brun.

MATINER, mà-tì-na, v. a. to line (as a cur does a bitch;) to abuse (with words,) snub, rattle.

MATINES, ma-tin, s. f. pl. matins, morning

MATINEU-X, SE, må-tî-neu, neuz, adj. that

rises betimes, early riser. MATINIER, E, må-tf-niå, nièr, adj. Ex. L'étoile matinière, the morning star.

MATIR, v. a. to make unpolished.

MATOIS, E, ma-twa, twaz, adj. & s. cun-ning, sharp. Un fin madois, a cunning blade, a sharper. Une fine madoise, a cunning gipsy. MATOISERIE, ma-twaz-rl, s. f. cunning

cheat, trick.

Marou, ma-too, s. m. boar cat.

MATRAS, ma-tra, s. m. arrow for a cross bow, matrass.

MATRICAIRE, s. f. mother-wort.

MATRICE, må-tris, s. f. womb, matrice, matrix; mould; also matrix (of mint-men and letter founders.)

MATRICE, adj. Ex. Eglise matrice, mother church. Langue matrice, mother tongue. Coulcur matrice, simple, unmixed colour.

MATRICIDE, s. m. matricide.

MATRICULAIRE, må-trì-ků-lèr, adj. matriculate.

MATRICULE, må-trì-kůl, s. f. matricula-

tion book or register. MATRIMONIAL, E, ma-tri-mo-nial, adj.

matrimonial. MATRONE, ma-tron, s. f. matron; also mid-

MATURATI-F, VE, må-tå-rå-tif, tlv, adj. maturative or conducive to the suppuration

of a sore. MATURATION, må-tů-rå-sion, s. f. maturation

MATURE, må-tůr, s.f. masting or art of masting or manner of masting or masting machine; also all the masts (of a ship;) and a general name for the masts and yards. Haut. Notre mature est sur tribord, our masts haug over starboard. Votre vaisseau a maintenant sa mâture complète, your ship's masts and yards are now all made. Mâture de lougre,

way or manner of masting a lugger. MATURITÉ, mà-tů-ri-ta, s. f. maturity,

ripeness.

MATUTINAL, E, adj. of or belonging to the morning.

MAUDIRE, mo-dir, v. a. to curse or accurse.

MAUDISSON, s. m. curse. MAUDIT, E, mò-dì, dìt, adj. cursed, ac-

cursed. MAUGÈRE, s. f. Mar. cow-hide. Clou à maugère, scupper nail.

*MAUGREBLEU, interj. deuce take it.

*Maugréer, mò-grê-à, v. a. & n. to curse or swear.

MAUPITEU-X, SE, adj. Ex. Faire le maupiteur, to whine, complain, groan.

MAUSOLEE, mô-zô-lâ, s. m. mausoleum.

MAUSSADE, mô-sâd, adj. slovenly, sluttish,

nasty, disagrecable.

MAUSSADEMENT, mò-sad-mên, adv. slovenly sluttishly, nastily, disagreeably.

MAUSSADERIE, s.f.slovenliness, clumsiness. MAUVAIS, SE, mò-vè, vèz, adj. ill, evil, bad naughty; hurtful, unwholesome; ominous; ill, troublesome, dangerous, mischievous, unlucky. Trouver une chose mauvaise, not to

like a thing. Mauvaise santé, imperfect health. Prendre en mauvaise part, to take ill. Mauvais temps, Mar. stormy weather. Mauvais temps, Mar. foul wind.

MAUVAIS, s. m. bad, bad thing, bad things; troublesome or quarrelsome or noisy fellow. Faire le maurais, to be obstreperous. Il fant prendre le bon et le maurais, one must take the good with the bad.

MAUVAIS, adv. Sentir mauvais, to have an ill-smell, to stink. Trouver mauvais, to find fault with; take ill, take offence at. It fait mauvais, it is dangerous, it is not safe.

MAUVE, mov, s. f. mallows

MAUVIETTE, mo-viet, s. f. kind of lark. MAUVIS, mo-vl, s. m. mavis (a sort of thrush.)

MAUX, the pl. of mal. V. Mal.

MAXILLAIRE, mak-sil-ler, adj. maxillar. MAXIME, måk-sim, s. f. maxim, rule, principle, axiom.

MAYON, s. m. mayoon, (a Chinese coin.) MAZETTE, ma-zet, s. f. tit or sorry little horse; also bungler, novice at any game.

ME, me, (pronoun) me; to me, me; for me; (with reflective verbs) me, myself, to me, to myself; Me voici, here am I. Vous me donnez, you give me or to me. Vous m'aimez, you love me. Ne m'en parlez plus, say no more Vous m'y attendrez, you will to me about it. attend me thither.

MÉANDRE, må-endr, s. m. mcander, maze. MÉCANICIEN, må-kå-nî-siên, s. m. mecha-

nician.

MÉCANIQUE, må-kå-ník, s. m. mechanicks, mechanism.

MÉCANIQUE, adj. mechanical, mechanick ; pitiful, sordid, mean.

MÉCANIQUEMENT, mà-kà-nîk-mên, adv.

mechanically; meanly, sordidly, pitifully.

Mécanisme, må-kå-nism, s.m. mechanism.

Méchamment, må-shå-men, adv. wickedly, perfidiously; treacherously,

MÉCHANCETÉ, mà-shens-tà, s. f. wickedness, malice; wicked act; roguish trick, roguery, evil propensity.

MECHANT, E, må-shen, shent, adj. ill, evil, bad, naughty, scurvy; sad, sorry, pitiful, pal-try, silly, wretched, mischievous, unlucky, arch, roguish; wicked.

MECHANT, s. m. ill or wicked man. Faire le mechant, to bully, huff, hector.

MECHE, mesh, s. f. match or cotton (of a lamp,) wick (of a candle,) match (for guns,) worm (of a cock screw;) also tinder, point (of a windle.) Mar. Meche de canon, match er quick match. Meche du gouvernail, main piece er chock of the rudder. Meche du cabestan, barrel of the capstan. Meche d'un mât, main or middle piece of a lower mast

(when composed of several pieces.)

MÉCHEF, må-shef, s. m. mischief, mis-

hap. Ме́снек, må-shå, v. a. to fumigate (a cask)

with burning brimstone.

MECHOACAN, s. m. white rhubarb.

MECOMPTE, ma-kont, s. m. mistake or misreckoning, miscalculation.

MÉCOMPTER, må-kon-tå, v. n. Se mécompter, v. r. to misreckon, mistake, be under a mistake.

MÉCONIUM, mà-kô-niôm, s. m. meconium; juice of poppy.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleid, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

MÉCONNOISSABLE, må-kö-né-sabl, adj. not easily recognised.

*MÉCONNOISSANCE, s. f. ingratitude, ungratefulness, unthankfulness.

Méconnoissant, E., må-kô-nê-sèn, sènt, adj. ungrateful, unthankful.

Méconnoître, må-kô-nètr, v. a. (See the table at oitre) not to know, take for another; to forget. Se méconnoître, v. r. to forget one's former low condition, disavow one's relations.

MÉCONNU, E, adj. not known, forgotten. MÉCONTENT, E, må-kon-tèn, tènt, adj. discontented, ill-satisfied, dissatisfied. MÉCONTENS, s. m. pl. malecontents, dis-

contented people.

MÉCONTENTEMENT, må-kon-tent-men, s. m. discontent, dissatisfaction, disaffection.

MÉCONTENTER, v. a. to discontent, dissatisfy, displease.
*Mécréant, må-krå-èn, s. m. miscreant,

infidel.

MÉCREDI, V. Mèrcredi. *MÉCROIRE, v. a. (like croire) to disbe-

MÉDAILLE, må-dål, s. f. medal. La médaille est renversée, the tables are turned, the

case is altered. MÉDAILLIER, må-då-då, s. m. cabinet of

medals.

MÉDAILLISTE, må-då-list, s. m. medallist. MÉDAILLON, mã-dã-lon, s. m. medallion.

MÉDECIN, mad-sin, s. m. physician, doctor of physick.

MÉDECINE, måd-sîn, s. f. physick; medi-

cine, purge, dose.

MÉDECINER, måd-sî-nå, v. a. to physick.
MÉDIANE, adj. & s. f. Ex. La veine médiane
or la médiane, the median vein.

MÉDIANOCHE, s. m. flesh-meal, just after midnight (among the Roman catholicks.)

MÉDIANTE, må-dî-ent, s. f. (in musick) mediant.

MEDIASTIN, s.m. mediastinum (in anatomy.) MÉDIAT, E, må-díå, åt, adj. mediate. MÉDIATEMENT, mà-diat-men, adv. medi-

ately, by means. MÉDIATEUR, må-dî-å-teur, s. m. mediator.

MEDIATION, må-dî-à-sion, s. m. mediation. MÉDIATRICE, s. m. mediatrix.

*MÉDIATRICE, adj. Ex. Des puissances mé-

diatrices, mediating powers.

MEDICAL, E, må-dĵ-kål, adj. medical. MÉDICAMENT, må-dî-kå-mên, s. m. me-

dicament, medicine.

MÉDICAMENTAIRE, adj. that treats of me-

dicaments. MÉDICAMENTAL, E, adj. medicamental,

physical, medicinal. MÉDICAMENTER, må-dl-kå-mèn-tå, v. a.

to give or apply medicaments, to physick.

MÉDICAMENTEU-X, SE, mà-dì-kà-mèntèu, tèuz, adj. medicamental

MÉDICINAL, E, må-dî-sî-nal, adj. physical,

medicinal, healing. MÉDIOCRE, mà-díokr, adj. moderate, indifferent, mean, middle, ordinary, neither too

big nor too little.
Мериоспемент, må-dlokr-men, adv. indifferently, so so. Avoir du bien médiocrement,

to have a comfortable estate. MÉDIOCRITÉ, må-díð-krí-tá, s. f. medio-

crity, mean, medium, moderation.

MEDIRE de, må-dir-de, v. n. (like dire, ex cept the second person plural of the present indicative, and of the imperative, vous médisez, médisez) to slander, rail, speak ill of, re-vile, backbite, detract, traduce. MÉDISANCE, må-dl-zèns, s. f. slander, slan-

dering, obloquy, detraction, evil speaking, railing, reviling or vilifying, backbiting, tra-

ducing

MÉDISANT, E, må-dl-zen, zent, adj. & s. slanderous, slandering, foul-mouthed, apt to slander, detracting, abusive, apt to rail at, backbiting, backbiter, slanderer, railing per-

son, ill tongue.
MÉDITATI-F, VE, må-dl-tå-tlf, tlv, adj. meditative.

MÉDITATION, må-dî-tå-sîon, s. f. meditation. Faire quelque méditation sur, to meditate or reflect upon.

MÉDITER, må-dî-tå, v. a. & n. to meditate. think, muse or reflect, consider; also to project, design or intend.

MÉDITERRANÉE, må-dl-tê-rå-nå, adj. me-diterranean, inland. La mer Méditerranée or la Méditerranée, the Mediterranean sea.

MEDIUM, må-diðm, s. m. medium; also a

plant

MÉDOC, s. m. Medoc-stone. MÉDULLAIRE, må-dů-lèr, adj. medullar. *MÉFAIRE, må-fèr, v n. (like faire) to mis-

do, do wrong.
*MÉFAIT, s. m. misdeed.

MÉFIANCE, ma-flens, s. f. distrust, mis-

trust, diffidence, suspicion, jealousy.

MÉFIANT, E, ma-fi-èn, ènt, adj. distrustful, mistrustful, apt to mistrust, diffident.

MÉFIER, (SE) sê-mâ-fî-â, de, v. r. to dis-

trust, mistrust, suspect.
*Mégarde, må-gård, s. f. over-sight, heedlessness, carelessness, inadvertency. Par megarde, heedlessly, inadvertently.

MÉGÈRE, må-zèr, s. f. bitter scold, shrew. MÉGIE, s. f. tawing or dressing of a deli-

cate skin for gloves, purses, etc.

MÉGISSERIE, ma-zîs-rl, s. f. tawer's trade.

MÉGISSIER, må-zî-sià, s. m. tawer. MEIGLE, s. f. a sort of pickaxe. MEILLEUR, E, mê-lêur, lêur, adj. better.

Le meilleur, the best, the best way. Le meilleur du conte, the cream of the jest or story

MÉLANCOLIE, må-lèn-kò-ll, s. f. melancho-

ly, black choler; sadness.

MÉLANCOLFQUE, må-lèn-kô-lîk, adj. & s.
melancholy, sad, gloomy; melancholy man or woman.

MÉLANCOLIQUEMENT, må-lèn-kô-lîk-mên,

MÉLANGE, må-lenz, s. m. mixture, medley, mingling or mixing, alloy.

mingling or mixing, alloy.
MÉLANGER, mã-lên-zã, v. a. to mingle or

MÉLEAGRIS, s. f. fritillary.

MÉLÉAGRIS, s. f. fritillary.

MÉLÉAGRIS, s. f. fritillary.

ment; fray, shuffle, altercation, dispute.

MELER, me-là, v. a. to mingle, mix, blend; to entangle or ravel; (une serrure) to break. Mêler quelques mots pour rire dans son discours, to interlard one's discourse with some pleasant jests. Se mêler, v. r. to mingie or buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

mix together; mix or couple promiscuously; moddle or intermeddle, go among, intrude one's self. Se mèler de, to meddle with, be concerned in, take upon one's self.

MELET, me-le, s. m. sort of sea-fish (a foot

long, but not bigger than one's little finger.)
MELETTE, s. f. sprat or sea-groundling.
MÉLÈZE, må-lèz, s. f. larch tree.
MÉLILOT, må-ll-lò, s. m. mellot.
MÉLILOT, må-ll-s. f. halm-groule.

MÉLISSE, må-lis, s. f. balm-gentle. MÉLODIE, må-lo-di, s. f. melody, harmony,

musick. MÉLODIEUSEMENT, må-lô-dî-euz-mên,

melodiously, harmoniously, musically. adv. MÉLODIEU-X, SE, må-lô-dî-èu, èuz, adj. melodious, harmonious, musical, well tuned. MELON, me-lon, s. m. melon.

*MELONNIER, E, s. m. & f. one that sells melous.

MELONNIÈRE, mê-lô-nièr, s. f. bed of me-MÉMARCHURE, må-mår-shur, s. f. sprain

(in a horse.) MEMBRANE, mên-brân, s. f. membrane.

MEMBRANEU-X, SE, men-bra-neu, neuz,

adj. membranous.

MEMBRE, menbr, s. m. member; limb; (of veal) joint; (in architecture) moulding. Membres d'un bâtiment, Mar. ribs of a ship, timbers of a ship.

MEMBRU, E, men-brå, brå, adj. strong or

well-limbed.

MEMBRURE, men-brur, s. f. squares in which pannels are put; also split board or shingle; and cord to measure wood. Membrure, Mar. ribs or frames of a ship.

Même, mem, adj. same, all one, self; same, very same. Moi-même, toi-même, luimême, elle-même, soi-même, nous-mêmes, vous-même, vous-mêmes, eux-mêmes or elles-mêmes, myself, thyself, himself or itself, herself or itself, one's self or itself, ourselves, yourself, yourselves, themselves. C'est la même chose, it is the same thing, it is all one. C'est la chose nême, it is the thing itself, it is the very thing. Vous êtes la bonte même, you are all goodness, you are goodness itself. C'est la chose même que je vous ai dite, it is the very thing which I told you.

Même, adv. even, over and above, very. Et même, and even. Mais même, but even. Non pas même pour cent livres, no, not for a hundred pounds. De même, tout de même, so, just so, thus, in like manner. De même que, tout de même que, as, even as, just as. Quand même, quand bien même, though, even though. Lors même que, even when, at the very time when. A même (with être, mettre, luisser, and the like) within reach, at the fountair head, in the best situation possible. for doing a thing; hence it is that, être à même, means to be able, and mettre à même means to enable, put in a condition. Boire à même la bouteille, to drink out of the bottle. Vousaimez les figues, en voilà, vous êtes à même, you like figs, there are some, indulge your taste or

eat as many as you please.

Mêmement, mêm-mên, adv. likewise, in

like manner.

MEMENTO, s. m. memento. .

MÉMCIRE, mà-mwar, s. f. memory, remembrance, name, repute. Les filles de mémoire, the muses. 44

Mémoire, s. m. memorandum, note, memo-

rial, bill. Memoires, s. m. pl. memoirs.

MÉMORABLE, mà-mò-ràbl, adj. memorable.

*MÉMORATI-F, VE, adj. that remembers.

MÉMORIAL, mà-mò-rial, s. m. memorial, monument; waste-book.

MENAÇANT, E, mê-nâ-sen, sent, adj. me-

nacing, threatening.

MENACE, me-nas, s. f. threat, threatening, menace.

MENACER, me-na-sa, v. a. to threaten, menace, swagger, huff, vapour. Bâtiment qui menace ruine, building in decay or ready to fall.

MENACEUR, s. m. threatener, swaggerer. MENADE, ma-nad, s. f. priestess of Bac-

chus

MÉNAGE, mà-naz, s. m. house, household, family; house-keeping; goods, household stuff; husbandry, housewifery, sparingness. C'est un heureux ménage, they are a happy couple. Mettre une fille en ménage, to marry a girl. Se mettre en ménage, to marry. Tenir ménage, to keep house. Remuer ménage, to remove. Vivre de ménage, to live sparingly. Gâte ménage, retrenchment of expenses.

MÉNAGEMENT, mã-nâz-mên, s. m. regard, respect, caution, discretion; also manage-

ment, conduct.

MÉNAGER, må-nå-zå, v. a. to husband or spare; to manage, mind, take a special care of; to conduct; to manage, procure; to make a prudent use of; to be frugal or sparing; to forbear being troublesome to; to have a regard or respect for, keep fair with, use gently, humour. Ménager l'occasion, to improve an opportunity. Il n'y a rien à ménager avec lui, there are no more measures to be taken with him. Ménager, Mar. Ménageons nos mâts de hune, nous n'en avons plus de rechange, let us favour our top-masts, we have no spare ones left. Nous devrions plus ménager notre eau, we should be more eareful of our water. Se menager, v. r. to take care or make much of one's self. Se ménager bien avec tout le monde, to live well or be on good terms with every body.

MÉNAGER, E, må-nå-zå, zèr, adj. & s. thrifty, frugal, saving, sparing, provident; thrifty or saving person, careful or provident person. Ménagère, house-keeper.

MÉNAGERIE, ma-naz-rl, s. f. yard for poul-

try, hogs, etc.; menagerie.

MENDIANT, E, men-dien, dient, adj. & s. begging, beggar. Des quatre mendians, a dish of raisins, figs, almonds, and filberts.

MENDICITÉ, men-dî-sî-ta, s. f. beggary or

begging.
MENDIER, men-dî-å, v. a. to beg, beg for. MENDOLE, s. f. a sort of sea-fish found in

the Mediterranean sea. MENÉ, E, adj. carried, Ka, brought, etc. Mener.

Menée, mê-nã, s. f. secret contrivance, un ..

derhand dealing, plot, conspiracy.

MENER, mê-na, v. a. to lead; to corry, bring; command; drive (animals;) to lead about, amuse, keep at bay; to carry on, to govern, lead by the nose. Mener du bruit, to make a noise. Mener queiqu'un durement, to use one scurvily, abuse one. Mener quel-qu'un doucement, to use one gently. L'or et Pargent ne le mênent pas, gold or silver can-not prevail with him or have no power over bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

him. Mener une dame (in a dance) to be a lady's partner. Mener deuil, to mourn, grieve. Mener, Mar. Une frégate nous mena parler au général, a frigate carried us down to speak to the admiral. La Constitution doit mener l'es-cadre au feu, the Constitution is to lead the fleet into action.

*Ménétrier, må-nå-triå, s. m. fiddler, mu-

sician.

MENEUR, mê-nêur, s.m. gentleman usher; driver, coachman; (in dancing) partner; (d'ours) bear-ward; also governour or tutor (to a gentleman that travels.)

MENILLES, s. f. pl. Mar. shackles.

MENIN, me-nin, s. m. minion, favourite.

MENINGE, s. f. meninge.

MÉNISQUE, s. m. a glass convex on onc side and concave on the other.

Menologe, s. m. menology.
Menotte, menot, s. f. little hand.
nottes, manacles.

MENSE, mens, s. f. income for the table.

MENSONGE, men-sonz, s. m. lie, falsehood;

also errour, illusion, vanity.

Mensonger, e, men-son-zů, zer, adj.

false, deceitful, counterfeit. MENSTRUEL, LE, mens-trå-el, adj. men-

strual or menstruous.

MENSTRUES, s. f. pl. catamenia.

MENSTRUE, s. m. menstruum. MENTAL, E, mèn-tal, adj. mental.

MENTALEMENT, men-tall-men, adv. men-tally, with a mental intention, wilfully.

MENTE, ment. V. Menthe. MENTERIE, men-tri, s. f. lie or untruth, fib. MENTEU-R, SE, men-teur, teuz, adj. lying, false; deceitful, treachcrous.

MENTEU-R, SE, s. m. & f. lying man or

woman, liar.

MENTHE, s. f. (herb) mint.

MENTION, men-sion, s. f. mention, mentioning, naming.

MENTIONNER, men-slo-na, v. a. to men-

tion, take notice of, speak of, name.

MENTIR, men-tir, v. n. to lie, tell a lie or untruth, tell stories, fib, romance. Sans mentir, indeed, truly.

MENTON, men-ton, s. m. chin. Lever haut le menton, to huff, domineer.

MENTONNIÈRE, men-tô-nier, s. f. chin-

cloth.

MENU, E, mê-nû, nû, adj. slender, spare, small, thin, inconsiderable. Menus plaisirs, pocket-money, pocket-expenses. Le menu peu-ple, the vulgar, the mob, the meaner sort. Menus droits, hounds fees. Les menus, les menus du roi,the king's privy purse. Menus plaisirs chez le roi, the king's privy purse or pocket-money. MENU, s. m. particulars. Je vous écrirai par le menu tout ce qui se passe, I shall give

you a particular account of every thing that passes. Un paquet de menu linge, a bundle of

small linen.

MENU, adv. small. Couper fort menu, to cut very small. Frapper dru et menu, to give quick strokes.

MENUALLES, me-na-al, s. f. small money;

small fish; trash.

MENUET, me-nu-e, s. m. minuet.

MENUISERIE, me-nul-zrl, s. f. joinery, joiner's trade or work.

*MENUISIER, mê-nûî-zîâ, v. a. to do join-

er's work.

MENUISIER, s. m. joiner.

MÉPHITIQUE, adj. mephitick. MÉPHITISME, s. m. quality of being mephitick.

MÉPRENDRE, (SE) se-mã-prendr, v.r. (like prendre) to mistake, be under a mistake.

Mépris, mapri, s. m. contempt, scorn, slighting, despising, disdain. Avoir du mépris pour quelqu'un, to slight or despise one. Par mépris, out of contempt, disdainfully, scornfully. Au mépris des lois, in contempt of the laws, without any regard to the laws.

MÉPRISABLE, ma-pri-zabl, adj. contempti-

ble, despicable.
MEPRISABLEMENT, adv. contemptibly. MEPRISANT, E, ma-pri-zen, zent, adj slighting, scornful, disdainful.

MÉPRISE, må-prlz, s. f. mistake, oversight,

error, blunder, inadvertence.

MEPRISER, må-prl-zå, v. a. to despise, slight, scorn, contemn, undervalue, set light

sight, sech, contenin, undervate, see nate by, neglect, not to regard.

MER, mer, s. f. sea; tide, water. Bras de mer, gulf, bay, arm of the sea. Salé comme mer, as salt as brine. C'est la mer à boire, is an endless business. Porter de l'eou à la mer, to carry coals to Newcastle. Homme de mer, seaman, sea-faring man. Mer, Mar. sea, tide, surf, etc. Mer haute or pleine, high water. Mer basse, low water. Mer clabaudeuse, chopping sea. Mer dure, heavy sea. Grosse mer, high sea. La pleine mer, the main sea, the offing. Une mer de l'avant, a head sea. Une mer sans fond, an unfathomable sea. Une mer parsemée d'écueils, a sea strewed with shoals. Lamer monte or rapporte, it is flood tide. La mer descend or perd, it is ebb tide. Il y a de la mer, there is a good deal of sea. Il n'y a plus de mer, the sea is quite gone down. La mer grossit, the sea gets up. La mer tombe, the sea falls. La mer blanchit or moutonne, the sea froths or foams. La mer se creuse, the sea runs hollow. La mer est belle, the water is smooth. La mer est unie comme une glace, the sea is smooth as glass. La mer est changée de con-leur, the colour of the water is changed. La mer est démontée or déchaînée, the sea runs very high. Etre en haute mer, to be at sca or out of sight of land

MERCANTILE, adj. Ex. Un homme de profession mercantile, a merchant, a trader.

MERCANTILLEMENT, adv. merchant-like. MERCANTILLE, mêr-kân-tîl, s. f. Ex. Faire la mercantille, to carry on a small trade.

MERCELOT, s. m. pedlar, hawker. MERCENAIRE, mers-ner, adj. mercenary, done for money; greedy of gain, easy to be

MERCENAIRE, s. m. & f. hireling, jurneyman, mercenary man or woman.

MERCENAIREMENT, mers-ner-men, adv mercenarily.

MERCERIE, mers-ri, s. f. mercery, mer cer's ware. Menue mercerie, small ware.

bribed.

MERCEROT, V. Mercelot.
MERCI, mer-si, s. f. mercy, pity, compas sion. A la merci de, at the mercy of. Grana merci, I thank you. Dieu merci, God be thank ed, thanks be to God. Merci de ma vie! gra mercy! sdeath! zounds!

MERCIER, E, mêr-siâ, sièr, s. m. & f. mer cer; haberdasher (of small wares.) Un peta

mercier, a pedlar or hawker.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

MERCREDI, merkr-di, s. m. Wednesday. -1 MERCURE, mer-kur, s. m. mercury. MERCURIALE, mer-ku-rial, s. m. mercury;

speech of the president or the king's council in parliament; check, reprimand, lecture. MERCURIEL, LE, mêr-kû-rîêl, adj. mercu-

rial

. MERCURIFICATION, s. f. mercurification. *MERDAILLE, s. f. brats, pack of children. MERDE, merd, s. f. turd (in vulgar use

MERDEU-x, se, mêr-dêu, dêuz, adj. beshit. MERE, mer, s. f. mother; womb; professed nun; cause, occasion. Dure mère et pie mère, dura mater and pia mater (two membranes that infold the brain.) Mère luine, best wool that comes off the sheep's back.

MÉREAU, s. m. ticket or token (distributed to those who had assisted at divine service or some ecclesiastical function, or to those who

were to receive the sacrament.)

MÉRELLE, s. f. Jeu de mérelle, merils or fivepenny-morris (a boyish play.)

MÉRIDIEN, må-rî-diễn, s. in. meridian.

MÉRIDIEN, NE, adj. meridian. MÉRIDIENNE, ma-rì-dien, s. f. Ex. Faire

la méridienne, to take a nap after dinner. MÉRIDIONAL, E, må-rì-dì-ò-nàl, adj. south-

ern, southerly, south, meridional. MÉRISE, må-rlz, s. f. kind of small bitter

cherry.

MÉRISIER, må-ri-ziå, s. m. small cherry-

MÉRITE, må-rit, s. m. desert, merit, worth. Se faire un grand mérite d'une chose, to glory in or value one's self upon a thing.

MÉRITER, mà-rl-tà, v. a. to deserve, merit. MÉRITOIRE, må-rl-twar, adj. meritorious,

deserving.

MÉRITOIREMENT, må-rl-twar-mên, adv. meritoriously, deservedly.

MERLAN, met-len, s. m. whiting (fish.) MERLE, merl, s. m. black-bird; a sort of

fish not unlike a perch. MERLESSE, s. f. hen-black-bird.

MERLETTE, s. f. (in heraldry) martlet. MERLIN, s. m. conjurer, wizard. Merlin, Mar. marline. Merlin noir, tarred marline. Merlin blanc, white marline.

MERLINER, (une voile,) v. a. Mar. to marl

(a sail.)

MERLON, s. m. merlon (part of a parapet.) MERLUCHE, mer-lush, s. f. mclwell (small cod, whereof stock fish is made.)

MERRAIN, mê-rin, s. m. oak sawed into thin planks; also substance of a stag's horn.

MERVEILLE, mer-vel, s. f. wonder, marvel, miracle; also perfect beauty, wonder of nature. Faire merveilles, to perform or do wonders. Pomme de merveille, (herb) balm apple. A merveilles, adv. admirably, rarely, perfectly well.

MERVEILLEUSEMENT, mer-ve-leuz-men, adv. wondrously, wonderfully, admirably, ex-

tremely.

MERVEILLEU-X, SE, mer-ve-leu, leuz, adj. marvellous, wondrous, wonderful, admirable.

MERVEILLEUX, (LE) s. m. the marvellous. MES, me, (plural of mon, ma) my. *Mesaise, må-sez, s. m. indisposition, ill

state of health.

MÉSALLIANCE, mà-zà-lì-èns, s. f. marrying below one's soif.

MÉSALLIER, må-så-liå, v.a. to undermatch. Se mésallier, v. r. to marry below one's self.

MÉSANGE, må-zènz, s. f. titmouse, tom-tit MÉSARAIQUE, adj. mesaraick, meseraick. Les veines mésararques, the meseraick veins. MÉSARRIVER or MÉSAVENIR, mà-zav-nîr,

(like venir) v. n. to happen unluckily, take an ill-turn. Ex. Prenez garde qu'il ne vous en mésavienne, take heed that you come to no harm

by it.

MESAVENTURE, må-zå-ven-tur, s. f. misadventure, mischance, mishap, misfortune.

MÉSENTÈRE, må-zén-tèr, s. m. mesentery. MÉSENTÉRIQUE, må-zèn-tå-rîk, adj. mesenterick or meseraick

*Mesestime, s. f. disesteem, contempt. MÉSESTIMER, må-zes-til-må, v. a. to dises-

teem, slight, undervalue.

MÉSINTELLIGENCE, må-zin-tê-lî-zèns, s. f.

misunderstanding.
Mésoffrir, má-zð-frir, v. a. (like offrir) to underbid, offer less than the value.

MESQUIN, E, mes-kin, kin, adj. & s. mean,

niggardly, sordid, pitiful, stingy, sneaking. Niggardly man or woman. MESQUINEMENT, mes-kin-men, adv. meanly, niggardly, pitifully, sneakingly, sordidly.
MESQUINERIE, mes-kin-ri, s, f. niggardli-

ness, stinginess, meanness.

Message, mê-sâz, s. m. message, errand. Messager, e, mê-sâ-zâ, zêr, s. m. & f.

messenger, post, courier. MESSAGERIE, mê-saz-ri, s. f. post, the pub-

lick couriers; post-office; post revenue.

MESSE, mes, s. f. mass.

MESSEANCE, mesa-ens, s. f. unseemliness, indecency.

Messéant, e, mê-så-èn, ènt, adj. misbecoming, unbecoming, indecent, unhandsome.
MESSEIGNEURS, me-se-gneur, (plural of monseigneur) my lords.

*MESSEOIR, mê-swar, v. n. (like seoir) not

to suit, not to become.

*Messer, meser, s. m. master.

MESSIE, me-sl, s. m. Messiah. Messier, me-sià, s. m. keeper or overseer

of vineyards or gardens.

MESSIEURS, me-sieu, (plural of Monsieur) sirs, gentlemen, messieurs. Messire, particular title of honour given to persons of quality, lord, noble, etc. Messire-Jean, kind of winter

MESTRAL, V. Maëstral.

MESTRE, arbre de Mestre. V. Mât.

Mestre de camp, mestr-de-kan, s. m. colo-

MESVENDRE, v. a. to undersell, sell under value.

MESVENTE, s. f. selling of a thing under its value.

MESURABLE, me-zu-rabl, adj. measureable. MESURAGE, me-zů-råz, s. m. measuring.

MESURE, me-zur, s. f. measure; extent, size, time or measure; foot; (inverse) measure or metre; (in fencing) just distance to make a pass; rule, mediocrity. Mesures, measures, means. Ne garder point de mesures avec quelqu'un, to have no regard or respect for one. A mesure, gradually. A mesure que, gradually as, in proportion as, even as, according

. Outre mesure, excessively. MESURÉ, E, mê-zů-rå, adj. measure

tious, discreet, circumspect, regular.

bar, bat, base: thère, èbb, over: fleid, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

MESURER, më-zû-ra, v. a. to measure, rate, proportion. Se mesurer avec quelqu'un, v. r. to compare one's self with one, vie with one.

MESUREUR, me-zu-reur, s. m. measurer,

MÉSUSER de, v. n. to misuse, abuse, make an ill-use of.

MÉTACARPE, s. m. metacarpus.

MÉTACENTRE, s. m. Mar. metacentre. MÉTACHRONISME, s. m. metachronism. MÉTAIRIE, må-té-rl, s. f. farm let out.

MÉTAL, mã-tål, s. m. metal. MÉTALEPSE, s. f. metalepsis.

MÉTALLIQUE, må-tál-lík, adj. metallick, metalline.

MÉTALLIQUE, s. f. metallurgy.

MÉTALLISER, v. a. to impregnate with metal, give a metalline form.

MÉTALLURGIE, må-tå-lur-zl, s. f. metal-

MÉTALLURGISTE, må-tå-lår-zîst, s. m. metallurgist.

METAMORPHOSE, må-tå-mor-foz, s. f. metamorphosis; transformation, change. MÉTAMORPHOSÉ, E, adj. metamorphosed,

turned. Il est tout métamorphosé, he is quite altered, he is quite another man.

Ме́тамопрноѕеп, må-tå-mor-fo-zå, v. а. to metamorphose, transform or turn. Se métamorphoser, v. r. to transform one's self, change.

Метарнове, må-tå-för, s. f. metaphor. Метлрновіque, må-tå-fô-rîk, adj. meta-

phorical, figurative.

MÉTAPHORIQUEMENT, må-tå-fő-rik-mén, metaphorically, figuratively.

METAPHRASE, s. f. metaphrase.

MÉTAPHRASTE, må-tå-fråst, s. m. literal translator.

MÉTAPHYSICIEN, må-tå-fî-zî-sien, s. m.

adv. metaphysician.

Метарнуя que, må-tå-fî-sîk, adj. metaphysical, abstracted.

MÉTAPHYSIQUE, s. f. metaphysicks. MÉTAPHYSIQUEMENT, må-tå-fî-sîk-mên,

adv. metaphysically. MÉTAPHYSIQUER, v. a. to treat in a meta-

physical manner, treat abstractly.

МÉТАРLASME, s. m. metaplasm. MÉTASTASE, mã-tás-táz, s. m. metastasis.

MÉTATARSE, s. m. metatarsus.

MÉTATHÈSE, må-tå-tèz, s. f. metathesis. MÉTAYER, må-tê-yà, s.m. who hires a farm. Métayère, mà-tê-yèr, s. f. farmer's wife or widow.

MÉTEIL, må-tel, s. m. meslin, mixed grain. MÉTEMPSYCOSE, må-tènp-sî-koz, s. f. metempsychosis or transmigration of souls.

MÉTÉORE, må-tå-or, s. m. meteor. MÉTÉOROLOGIE, s. f. meteorology

MÉTÉOROLOGIQUE, må-tå-ð-rð-lð-zík,adj. meteorological.

MÉTHODE, må-tod, s. f. method, order, way. Un discours sans méthode, an immethodical discourse.

MÉTHODIQUE, mã-tô-dík, adj. methodical. MÉTHODIQUEMENT, mã-tổ-dík-mên, adv.

methodically.

MÉTIER, må-tiå, s. m. trade or handicraft, profession, business, company of tradesmen; (de tisserand) loom; (de brodeur) frame. Petit métier, sort of cake. Un homme de métier, a tradesman. Un gâte-métier, a martrade.

MÉTI-F, VE, or MÉTIS, SE, mâ-tîs, adj. mongrel. Chien métis, mongrel dog.

*MÉTIVAGE, s. m. duty upon corn. *MÉTIVE, s. f. harvest or harvest time.

*Métivier, s. m. harvest-man, reaper. Métonynie, må-tô-nî-mi, s. f. metony-

Метомуми que, adj. metonymical.

MÉTOPE, s. m. metope.

MÉTOPOSCOPIE, ma-tô-pôs-kô-pl, s. f. metoposcopy, divination by one's face.
*METRE, metr, s. m. metre, verse-mea-

sure, numbers.
MÉTRIQUE, adj. metrical.

MÉTROMANE, s. m. who has a violent desire of making verses.

MÉTROMANIE, må-trô-må-nl, s. f. poetical madness, violent desire of making verses.

MÉTROPOLE, må-trò-pôl, s. f. metropolis,

a metropolitan or capital city, archbishop's see

MÉTROPOLITAIN, må-trô-pô-lî-tin, s. m.

metropolitan or archbishop.

METROPOLITAIN, E, må-trô-pô-lî-tin, tên, adj. metropolitan or archiepiscopal.

METS, me, s. m. mess, dish. METTABLE, mê-tabl, adj. wearable, pass-

able, that will pass or go.

METTEUR, s. m. Ex. Metteur en œuvre, stone-setter.

METTRE, metr, v. a. to put, to set, lay, place. Mettre le sceau à une offaire, to make an end of a business, conclude it, to sign and seal. Mettre au désespoir, to drive to de-spair. Mettre en vente, to expose to sale, to vend. Mettre quelque chose sous les pieds, to tread a thing under foot, slight it. Mettre. une pistole, to put off a pistole, make it go or pass. Mettre aux abois, to put at bay, to drive to extremity. Mettre un cheval au pas or au galop, to make a horse pace or gallop. Mettre la paix dans une maison, to set all right in a house. Mettre en haleine, to inure. Mettre en musique, to set to musick. Mettre en tête, to oppose. Mettre du Français en Anglais, to put or translate or turn French into English. Mettre par terre, mettre à bas, to throw or pull down. Mettre en terre, to put into the ground, bury. Mettre dehors, to turn out. Mettre en peine, to bring into trouble, trouble, make uneasy, per-plex, grieve. Mettre la tête d'un homme plex, grieve. Mettre la tête d'un homme à prix, to set a price upon a man's head. Mettre en pièces, to cut, pull or tear in pieces. Mettre son argent à intérêt, to put one's money to use. Mettre en gage, to pawn. Mettre en poudre, to reduce to powder. Mettre quelqu'un en jeu, to bring one into play. Mettre chauffer de l'eau, to warm water, get water warmed. Mettre sécher du linge, to set linen to dry. Mettre bas, to bring forth young. Mettre sur table, to set the table. Mettre de côté, to lay up (moncy.) Se mettre, v. r. to put one's self, set one's self, etc. Mettez-vous devant moi, stand before mc. Se mettre en disposition de faire. V. Se mettre en état or en devoir at Etat, Devoir. Se mettre à pleurer, to fall a crying, begin to cry. Se mettre à l'étude de la philosophie, to betake one's self to the study of philosophy. Se mettre à son aîse, to take Se mettre à l'ombre, to go to or one's ease. get into the shade. Se mettre en reputation, to get a name. Se mettre mal à la cour, to

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon . brun.

grow out of favour at court. Se mettre sur son quant à moi, to stand upon high terms, talk big. Se mettre hien, to dress well or to the best advantage. Se mettre après quelqu'un, to fall upon one. Se mettre en possession, to enter into or take possession. Se mettre à la ruison, to be ruled by reason; also to bid any thing reasonable, make a fair offer. Se mettre, to dress

one's self. Mettre, v. a. Mar. Mettre à bord, to ship, put on board. Mettre à la roile or sous voile, to set sail, get under sail or under way.

Mettre de la voile, to make sail. Mettre les
voiles au vent, to set the sails. Mettre les roiles sur le mat, to back the sails. Mettre dehors or à la mer, to put to sea. V. Ligne. Mettre à la cape, to bring to (in a gale of wind.) Mettre en panne or en travers, to wind.) Mattre en painte or en traters, to bring to (a forc or main top-sail to the mast.) Mettre à sec, to loos eails to dry. Mettre dehors un bâton de foc, to get out a jib-boom. Mettre dehors un houde-hors, to rig out a boom. Mettre toutes les voiles dehors or mettre tout dehors, to crowd sail, set every sail that can draw. Mettre la bouée à l'eau, to stream the buoy. Mettre du monde sur une manacutre, to man a rope. Mettre le gui au repos or sur la corne, to crutch the boom. Mettre le les en trunches or en compartimens, to trench the ballast. Mettre la batterie à l'eau, to the balast. Mettre le souler et eta, to heel or lie along so as to bring the guns into the water. Mettre le cap en roue, to steer the course. Mettre le feu à un bâtiment, to set fire to a vessel. Mettre l'ennemi entre deux feux, to place the enemy between two fires. Mettre le platbord à l'eau, to be down upon the beam ends. Mettre les canons dans la cale, to strike the guns down into the hold. Mettre les embarcations à bord or à la mer, to hoist the boats in or out. Mettre ses couleurs, to hoist the colours. Mettre le convoi en sûreté, to place the convoy in sasety. Mettre un bâtiment en radoub, or en resonte, to put a vessel under a partial or

thorough repair. MEUBLE, méubl, adj. & s. moveable, personal goods or estate, piece of furniture. Terre meuble, light soft ground. Meubles, household goods or household stuff, furniture,

goods.

MEUBLER, meu-bla, v. a. to furnish, stock. MÉVENDRE, mà-vendr, MÉVENTE. V.

Mesvendre, etc. MEUGLEMENT, meugl-men, s. m. bellow-

ing or lowing.

MEUGLER, mêu-glå, v. n. to bellow or low.

MEULE, meul, s. f. mill-stone; grindingstone; (de foin) mow or cock; (de paille)
stack; cabbage or burt (on a stag's horns.) MEULIÈRE, s. f. mill-stone quarry.

MEUNIER, meu-nia, s. m. miller; pollard

(a fish.)

Meunière, meu-nier, s. f. miller's wife.

MEURTRE, meurtr, s. m. murder. MEURTRI, E, adj. bruised, black and blue,

MEURTRIER, E. meur-triä, er, adj. & s.

murdering, sanguinary; murderer. MEURTRIÈRE, s. f. loop-hole.

MEURTRIE, mêur-trîr, v a. to bruise; also murder.

MEURTRISSURE, meur-tri-sur, s. f. bruise. contusion.

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MEUSE, s. f. (river) Maese.

MEUTE, meut, s. f. pack or cry or kennel (of hounds.)

MEXICAIN, E, adj. & s. Mexican, of Mexico. MEXIQUE, s. m. Mexico.

MÉZELINE, s. f. kind of linsey-wolsey.

MÉZÉRÉON, s. m. mezercon.

MEZZANINE, s. f. order of architecture two stories high.

MEZZO-TINTO, s. m. mezzo tinto.

MI, mil, s. m. (note of musick) mi.
MI, mid, middle. La mi-août, the middle
of August. La mi-mai, the middle of May. La mi-carême, mid-lent. La mi-été, mid-summer. A mi-chemin, half-way. A mijambe, to the middle of the leg. Portrait or figure à mi-corps, half length picture or figure, etc. A mi-mat, Mar. at half mast.

MIASMES, s. m. pl. miasm.

MIAULEMENT, midl-mên, s. m. mewing. MIAULER, mid-lâ, v. n. to mew. MICHE, mish, s. f. small loaf of bread.

Miche, s. m. nizy, cully. Michac, mik-mak, s. m. secret management, knack, mystery.

MICROCOSME, mi-krô-kôsm, s. m. micro-

MICROGRAPHIE, s. f. micrography.

MICROMÈTRE, mî-krô-mêtr, s. m. micro-

MICROSCOPE, mî-krôs-kôp, s.m. microscope. MIDI, mi-di, s. m. south, noon, midday, twelve o'clock. Du côté du midi, southward.

MIE, ml, s. f. soft part (of bread;) (said of a nurse) dear; also not, none. Tu n'en tâteras mie, thou shalt have none of it

MIEL, miel, s.m. honey, (rosée) honey dew.

Ruche à miel, bee-hive.

MIELLEU-X, SE, micl-leu, leuz, adj. ho-nied. Vin mielleux, luscious wine. Un ton mielleux, a silky tone.

MIEN, NE, miễn, miễn, adj. & s. mine, my own; it is now only used with the article, le mien, la mienne, les miens, les miennes, mine. Du mien, de la mienne, des miens, des miennes, of mine, etc.

MIETTE, miet, s. m. crum, little crum; little bit.

MIEUX, mi-eu, adv. better, more, rather, best. Le mieux, the best. J'aimerois mieux, 1 had rather. Lequel aimez-vous mieux? which do you love best. A qui mieux mieux, in emulation of one another. Du mieux, tout du mieux, tout au mieux, in the best manner Il vant mieux, it is better or more possible. convenient. Il fera de son mieux, he will do his best.

MIÈVRE, mièvr, adj. unlucky, roguish.

MIÈVRERIE, mic-vre-ri, s. f. piece of

roguery, prank.
MIGNARD, E, ml-gnår, gnård, adj. pretty, quaint, nice, delicate, soft, mincing, smooth, fine, tender. Mignard en profes, fair spoken, smooth-tongued, precise.

MIGNARDÉ, E, adj. dandled, fondled, fad-

dled, cockered. MIGNARDEMENT. mi-gnard-men, adv nicely, tenderly, softly.

MIGNARDER, mi-gnar-da, v. a. to dandle, fondle, cocker, also to affect delicacy.

bar, bat, base : thère, cbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

MIGNARDISE, mi-gnar-diz, s. f. delicacy, fineness of features; fair or kind words, endearments, allurements; (in painting) deli-cacy, beauty; affectation of gentility; sort of gridelin pinks. Mignardise de style, quaintness of speech.

MIGNATURE, V. Miniature.
MIGNATURE, V. Miniature.
MIGNON, NE, adj. pretty, delicate, fine.
D'une manière tout à fait mignonne, most delicately. Argent mignon, spare money. Péché mignon, darling sin. Papa mignon, dear papa. Maman mignonne, dear manina.

MIGNON, NE, mi-gnon, gnon, s. m. & f. minion, darling, favourite.

MIGNONNE, s. f. (in printing) pearl (type.) MIGNONNEMENT, mi-gnon-men, adv. de-

licately, finely, curiously.

MIGNONNETE, mi-gno-net, s. f. sort of lace; minionette. MIGNOTER, mi-gnô-tà, v. a. to faddle, fon-dle, cocker or dandle.

MIGNOTISE, s. f. flattery, caress. MIGRAINE, mi-gren, s. f. megrim, head-

ache.

MIGRATION, mi-gra-ston, s. f. migration. MIJAURÉE, mi-zo-ra, s. f. Ex. Voilà une belle mijaurée, she is a fine piece indeed (said of an affected woman.)

MIL, mil, adj. thousand. Ex. L'an mil huit cent, the year one thousand eight hun-

MIL, s. m. (grain) millet.

MILAN, mi-len, s. m. kite; gurnard (a fish.) MILANEZ, s. m. Milanese.

MILIAIRE, mî-lî-er, adj. miliary. MILICE, mî-lîs, s. f. war, warfare, exercise of war; militia, trained bands; soldiers, soldiery.

MILICIEN, mî-lî-siên, s. m. militia man. MILIEU, mi-lièu, s. m. middle, midst; also mean, medium, expedient. Au milieu de, among, amongst. Au milieu de tout cela, jet, for all that. Milieu du vaisseau, Mar. midships.

MILITAIRE, mi-li-ter, adj. & s. military,

warlike, martial; soldier.

MILITAIREMENT, mi-li-ter-men, adv. mi-

litarily. MILITANTE, mî-lî-tênt, adj. f. Ex. L'église

militante, the church militant.

MILITER, mi-li-tà, v. n. to militate. Cette raison milite contre vous, that reason makes against you.

MILLE, mil, s. m. mile.

MILLE, adj. & s. thousand.

Mille-feuille, mîl-feul, s. f. milfoil, yarrow, nose bleed.

MILLE-FLEURS, mîl-fleur, s.f. eau de mille fleurs (urine de rache que l'on prend en remède) all-flower-water.

MILLÉNAIRE, mî-là-uer, adj. & s. millenary, of a thousand; millenary, thousand years; millenarian.

MILLE-PERTUIS, mll-per-tul, s. m. St.

John's wort, St. John's grass.

MILLE-PIEDS, s. m. millepedes.
MILLÉSIME, míl-lå-zîm, s. m. year or date
of money or of a medal.

MILLET, mî-lê, s. m. millet.

MILLIAIRE, mi-li-er, adj. Ex. Colonne milliaire, mile-stone

MILLIARD, mi-liar, s. m. thousand millions. Il dun colou

MILLIASSE, mi-lias, s. f. thousands and thousands; vast number or world.

MILLIÈME, mi-lièm, adj. thousandth. MILLIÈME, s. m. thousandth part.

MILLIER, mi-lia, s. m. thousand; thousand

MILLION, mi-lion, s. m. million, great many.

MILLIONIÈME, adj. millionth.

MILLIONNAIRE, mi-lio-ner, s. m. extreme-

MILORD, mî-lôr, s. m. lord.

MIME, mim, s. f. farce, mime, mimick. MINAGE, ml-naz, s. m. duty on grain.

MINARET, s. m. minaret, dome.

MINAUDER, mi-no-da, v. n. to be full of affected ways, be prim; be precise.

MINAUDERIE, s. f. prim or affected way.
MINAUDIER, E, mî-nô-diâ, dièr, adj. & s.
precise, affected, prim, precise or affected

person.

MINCE, mins, adj. thin, small, slender, weak. MINE, min, s. f. mien, looks, outside, countenance; mouth, grimace; looks, show; measure of six bushels; mine; ore; (in fortification) mine. (Grecian money) pound. Avoir la mine de, to be like, look like. Porter la mine de, to look like, have the face of. Faire la mine à quelqu'un, to pout at one. Faire mauraise mine à quelqu'un, to look sourly or crabbedly upon one. Faire bonne mine à quelqu'un, to look kind upon one, pretend fair to Faire bonne mine à maurais jeu, to set a good face on a bad game. Faire mine de, to seem, make as if, pretend. Pierre de mine, stone or lead for pencils. Faire sauter la mine, to spring the mine. La mine est éventée, the plot is discovered.

MINER, mi-na, v. a. to mine, undermine, sap, hollow, consume or waste by degrees, impair or weaken by little and little, prey

MINÉRAL, mî-na-ral, s. m. mineral, ore. MINÉRAL, E, mî-nå-rål, adj. & s. mine-MINÉRALISATION, s.f. combination of sul-

phur or arsenick with other mineral bodies. MINÉRALOGIE, mî-na-ra-lo-zi, s. f. mine-

ralogy MINÉRALOGIQUE, adj. relating to minera-

logy.
MINÉRALOGISTE, s. m. mineralogist.

MINÉRALOGUE, s. m. mineralist. MINET, s. m. MINETTE, mî-nê, nêt, s. f.

puss, kitten. MINEUR, ml-neur, s. m. miner; also minor or one under age. Les quatre mineurs, the four lesser orders (of the Romish church.)

MINEUR, E, adj. (en bas âge) under age;

less, smaller.

MINEURE, s. f. minor, maid under age; theological disputation; minor proposition of a syllogism; minority or smaller number of votes.

MINIATEUR or MINIATURISTE, s. m. miniature painter.

MINIATURE, mî-nîa-tur, s. f. miniature.

MINIÈRE, mî-nî-er, s. f. mine.

MINIME, mi-nim, s. m. minim (sort of monk;) also dark brown, tawny or dun colour. Minime, s. f. minim (in musick.)

MINIME, adj. of a dark brown, tawny or

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

MINISTÈRE, mi-nis-ter, s. m. ministry; | office, place; ministers, administration; service, assistance.

MINISTÉRIAT, s. m. ministry, office of prime minister of state.

*Ministériel, LE, mi-nis-ta-riel, adj.

ministerial.

MINISTÉRIELLEMENT, adv. ministerially.

MINISTRE, s. m. minister.

MINIUM, s. m. minium, red paint.

Minois, mi-nwa, s. m. face. Minois, Mar. bumpkin, outlicker.

Minon, mi-non, s. m. puss, cat.

MINORATIF, s. m. gentle purge.

MINORITÉ, mî-nô-rî-ta, s. f. minority; nonage, under age.

MINOT, mi-no, s. m. measure of three

bushels.

MINOTAURE, mi-nô-tôr, s. m. minotaur.

MINUIT, mi-nul, s. m. midnight.

MINUSCULE, mi-nus-kul, s. f. small capital letter.

MINUTE, mi-nût, s. f. minute, moment, small hand writing, rough or original draught of a writing.

MINUTER, mi-nu-ta, v. a. to draw up, make a rough draught; to design, purpose, contrive.
MINUTIE, mi-nû-sl, s. f. trifle, trifling nice-

MINUTIEU-X, SE, mi-nů-sièu, sièuz, adj. &

s. who stands upon trifles.

MI-PARTI, E, ml-partit, tl, adj. parted, di-vided into two, bipartite. Chambre mi-partie, court of justice whose judges were one half Roman catholicks and the other protestants.

MIQUELET, s. m. bandit of the Pyrenees. MIQUELOT, s. m. young pilgrim that begs

his way, hypocritical beggar

MIRABELLE, mi-ra-bel, s. f. sort of plum. MIRACLE, mi-rakl, s. m. miracle, wonder, wondrous thing. A miracle, adv. wonderfully well, extremely well.

MIRACULEU-X, SE, mî-râ-kû-leu, leuz, adj. miraculous, wonderful, marvellous, admirable.

MIRACULEUSEMENT, mî-râ-kû-lèuz-mên, adv. miraculously, wonderfully. MIRAGE, s. m. Mar. looming (of a distant object.)

MIRCOTON, s. m. sort of yellow peach.

MIRE, mlr, s. f. aim. Mettre un canon en mire, to level a gun. MIRÉ, adj. Fix. Sanglier miré, old wild boar whose tusks are no longer dangerous.

MIRER, ml-ra, v. a. to aim, take one's aim. Se mirer, v. r. to look in a glass, admire one's self.

MIRLICOTON, V. Mircoton. MIRLIROT, V. Mélilot.

MIRMIDON, mîr-mî-don, s. m. small insig-nificant person; also one who presumes to

contradict his betters.

MIROIR, mi-rwar, s. m. glass or looking glass; pattern. Miroir ardent, burning glass. Valet de miroir, desk of a table looking-glass.

Mar. carved work (on the stern of a vessel.)
MIROITÉ, E, adj. dappled back (horse.) MIROITERIE, mi-rwa-trl, s. f. looking-

glass-trade.

MIROITIER, mi-rwa-tia, s. m. looking-glass-maker or seller.

Miroitière, s. f. looking-glass-maker's wife. Mis. E, mi, mlz, adj. (from mettre) put, set, laid, etc. Bien mis, well clothed, gen-

teelly or sprucely dressed. Mal mis, ill clad. ill accoutred, in a sad garb or pickle.
MISAINE, mi-zen, s. f. Mar. fore-sail.

MISANTHROPE, ml-zen-trop, s. m. misan-

MISANTHROPIE, mi-zen-tro-pi, s. f. misan-

thropy.

MISCELLANÉES, s. f. pl. miscellany. MISCIBILITÉ s. f. quality of being miscible. MISCIBLE, ml-sibl, adj. miscible.

MISE, mlz, s. f. expense, disbursement or laying out; stake; bid or bidding. De mise, (said of money) current, that will pass or go; (of persons) genteel or accomplished; (of things) allowable, that may be admitted.

MISÉRABLE, mî-zà-rabl, adj. miserable, sad or poor; wicked, wretched, sad, pitiful,

paltry.

MISÉRABLE, s. m. miserable or unfortu nate man, wretched man, scoundrel, paltry

fellow; also s. f. a decried woman.

Misérablement, mî-zâ-râbl-mên, adv.
miserably,wretchedly,pitifully; wickedly; unhappily; unluckily; sadly, poorly, in misery. Misere, ml-zer, s.f. misery, poverty, want;

trouble, calamity, misfortune, sad or grievous thing. Misères, pl. trifles. Miséréné, mi-zà-rà-rà, s. m. time it would require to say the psalm "Miserere mei;" a very short time; also violent colick.

MISÉRICORDE, mî-za-rî-kôrd, s. f. merey, pity, compassion, tenderness; goodness; par-don. Crier miséricorde, to cry out for help. Miséricorde! bless me!

MISÉRICORDIEUSEMENT, mî-zâ-rî-kôr-dîcuz-men, adv. mercifully, compassionately

MISÉRICORDIEU-X, SE, mî-zâ-rî-kôr-dî-eu, èuz, adv. merciful, compassionate, pitiful.

MISOGAME, s. m. misogamist.

MISOGAMIE, s. f. misogamy.

MISOGUNE, s. m. misogynist. MISOGUNIE, s. f. misogyny. MISSEL, mi-sel, s. m. missal.

Mission, mission, s. f. mission, commission, orders. Faire la mission, to be a missionary, go on a mission.

MISSIONNAIRE, ml-slo-ner, s.m. missionary. Missive, mi-slv, adj. & s. f. missive, let-

ter sent, letter, epistle.

MITAINE, mi-ten, s. f. mitten. V. Miton.

*MITAN, s. m. middle.

MITE, mit, s. f. mite.

MITHRIDATE, mi-tri-dat, s. m. mithridate. MITIGATION, mi-ti-ga-sion, s. f. mitigation. MITIGER, mi-ti-za, v. a. to mitigate or al-

leviate. MITON, mi-ton, s. m. furred glove. Ongu-

ent miton-mitaine, remedy that does neither harm nor good.

MITONNÉ, E, adj. soaked (said of bread in broth,) etc.

MITONNER, mi-to-na, v. a. & n. to soak or let soak (bread in broth,) etc. to cocker, foudle, dandle; to manage tenderly, humour; to manage gently, let (an affair) ripen

MITOYEN, NE, mî-twa-yên, yên, adj. naddle. Ex. Un mur mitoyen, a partition wall.
MITBAILLE, mil-tral, s. f. broken brass or

copper; old iron; brass made use of to sel der iron-monger's ware. Mitraille, Mar. lan-grage or langrel. Charge à mitraille, caseshot or canister shot.

MITRE, mîtr, s. m. mitre.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

MITRÉ, mî-tră, adj. mitred.

MITTON, mi-tron, s. m. journeyman baker. MIXTE, mikst, adj. mixed. Les corps.mixtes, mixed bodies.

MIXTE, s. m. mixed body.

MIXTION, mîks-tîon,s. f. mixture (of drugs.) MIXTIONNER, mîks-tîô-nā, v. a. to mix,

MOBEY, s. m. mobby, drink made from po-

tatoes.

MOBILE, mobil, adj. moveable, that moves or may be removed; light, inconstant, changeable, fickle. Fêtes mobiles, moveable feasts.

MOBILE, s. m. mover. Le mouvement dépend nécessairement du mobile, motion does necessarily depend on the body that moves. Le premier mobile, the primum mobile or first mover, also the ring leader.

MOBILIAIRE, adj. & MOBILIER, E, adj. re-

lating to personal property or furniture, etc.
MOBILITÉ, mô-bl-li-tä, s. f. mobility,

moveableness.

MODALE, adj. f. modal.

Modalité, s. f. modality. Mode, mod, s. f. mode, fashion, vogue;

way, mauner, fashion.
Mode, s. m. (manière d'être) modality, manner of existing, (of verbs) mood; (in musick) modulation, measure.

Modèle, mô-dêl, s. m. model, pattern. Modeler, môd-lâ, v. a. to make a model,

model, fashion.

Modérat-eur, Rice, mô-då-rà-teur, tris,

s. m. & f. moderator; director; chairman.
Moderation, modara-sion, s.f. moderation, temperance; abatement, diminution.

Moderate, r, mo-da-ra, adj. moderated, abated, allayed; moderate, sober, temperate. Moderement, mô-dà-rà-mên, adv. mo-

derately, soberly, temperately.

MODERER, mo-da-ra, v. a. to moderate, temper, allay, qualify; diminish or lessen, abate. Se moderer, v. r. to refrain, contain one's self, command one's self. Le chaud se modère, the heat abates.

MODERNE, mô-dêrn, adj. & s. modern, recent, of this time. Les modernes, the mo-

derns.

MODERNER, v. a. to modernize. Modeste, mô-dêst, adj. modest, sober, grave, moderate, discreet, humble.

Modestement, mo-dest-men, adv. modestly.

Modestie, mo-des-tl. s. f. modesty, moderation, discretion; hashfulness.

Modicité, mô-dî-sî-tâ, s. f. smallness.

Modificati-f, ve, adj. modificable. Modification, mo-di-fi-ka-sion, s. f. modiffication, limitation, restriction, mitigation; modality.

Modifier, mo-di-fia, v. a. to modify, limit, moderate, qualify or regulate; to modi-

fy, give modality.

Modillon, modillon, s. m. modillon,

bracket or shouldering piece.

Modique, mô-dík, adj. moderate, small. Modiquement, mô-dík-mên, adv. moderately, but little.

MODULATION, mo-du-la-sion, s. f. modulation.

Module, mo-dål, s. m. model or module (in architecture ;) diameter of a medal.

MODULER, v. a. to modulate. MOÉDE, s. f. moidore.

MOELLE, mwel, s. f. marrow; substance, quintessence; pith (of wood.)

Moelleu-x, se, mwe-leu, leuz, adj. full of marrow, pithy; substantial; strong, rich, racy (wine;) strong, substantial (cloth;) mellow (voice, painting.)

MOELLEUSEMENT, adv. substantially. Moellon, inwe-lon, s. m. rough or ragged

or unhewn pieces of stone.

MOEUF, meuf, s. m. mood (in verbs.) Mœurs, meurs, s. f. pl. manners, customs, conversation, behaviour.
MOFETTE, V. Moufette.

Moi, mwa, pr. I, me, to me, elc. C'est moi, it is I. Donnez moi, give me. Cela est à moi, that belongs to me. Moi is never nsed as a nominative, some other pronoun being expressed or understood; but after a preposi-tion or conjunction Moi is always used. Pour moi ; Mon frère et moi.

Mo1, s. m. self, my person. Mo1DoR, s. in. moidore.

Moignon, mwa-gnon, s. m. stump (of an ammutated limb.)

MOINDRE, mwindr, adj. less, meaner. Le moindre, the least, the meanest.

Moine, mwan, s. m. monk, friar; warming pan.

Moineau, mwå-no, s. m. sparrow. Tirer sa poudre aux moineaux, to make a vain attempt, lose one's labour.

MOINERIE, mwan-rl, s. f. the fraternity of

monks; monkery, monkhood. Moinesse, s. f. nun.

MOINILLON, mwa-ni-lon, s. m. little friar.

Moins, mwin, adv. less; but, except. Moins de, less (in the singular) fewer (in the plural.) Ni plus in moins, neither more nor less, just so much. Il est moins honnéte homme que son père, he is not so honest a man as his father. Parlez moins haut, do not speak so loud. Je l'estime moins que je ne faisois, I va-lue him less than I did. Il ne s'agit de rien moins que de cela, that is not the question in the least. La dernière maison moins une, the last house but one. Il est trois heures moins un quart, it wants a quarter of three. Le moins, the least. Le moins importun, the least troublesome. Moins de, less than, under. A moins de, pour moins de, for less than, under. A moins de cela, for less than that; also otherwise, else, were it not for that. A moins de or à moins que de, (with the infinitive) unless by, without. A moins que, (with the subjunctive and ne) unless, without. Ni plus ni moins que, neither more nor less than; also just as. Sur et tunt moins, on account, in part

Mons, s. m. Ex. Le moins, the least, the least thing. C'est le moins que vous puissier faire, it is the least thing you can do. Le moins de, le plus petit nombre de, the least (singular;) the fewest (plural.) Le moins d'argent qu'il est possible, as little money as may be. Le moins de gens qu'il se pourra, as few peo-ple as may be. Il s'agit du plus et du moins, the question is about the quantity. Le moins du monde, ever so little. Du moins, tout du moins, au moins, tout au moins, à tout le moins, pour le moins, at least, however. En moins de rien, in a trice, in a moment. (In algebra)

minus

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

Moire, mwar, s. f. mohair. Moire, e, adj. daubed, watered (as mohair.) Mots, mwa, s. m. month. Les mois d'une femme, a woman's monthly courses.

Moisi, E, mwa-zi, zl, adj. mouldy, hoary. Moisi, s. m. mouldy, what is mouldy or

Moisir, mwa-zir, v. a. to make mouldy or hoary. v. n. & Se moisir, v. r. to grow mouldy or hoary.

Moisissure, mwå-zi-sur, s. f. mouldiness,

hoariness, s. f. pl. sort of mushroom.

Moison, mwa-zon, s. f. rent of a farm or tenement paid in corn or other things in kind; dimension of cloth.

Moisonnier, s. f. farmer or tenant, that shares with his landlord the produce of his land.

Motssine, mwa-sin, s. f. vine-branch (or bundle of vine-branches) with the grapes hanging on them.

Moisson, mwa-son, s. f. harvest, crop, har-

vest-time.

Moissonner, mwå-sô-nå, v. a. to reap, harvest, crop, get in harvest.

Moissonneu-R, se, mwa-sô-nêur, neuz, s. m. & f. reaper, harvest man or woman.

Moite, mwåt, adj. wet, moist, damp. Moiteur, mwå-leur, s. f. wet, moisture. Moitié, mwå-liå, s. f. half, moiety; one's spouse or wife. Etre de moitié avez quelqu'un, to go halves with one. La moitié du temps, most commonly, most times. A moitié, half, by halves, almost.

MOL, MOLLE, mol. V. Mon. Molaire, mo-ler, adj. Ex. Les dents molaires, the grinders, cheek teeth.

MOLE, mol, s. m. mole.

Mole, s. f. mole; mooncalf. Molecule, mola-la-kul, s. f. particle.

MOLESTER, mô-lês-tå, v. a. to molest: trouble, vex, disquiet, aggrieve. MOLETTE, mô-lêt, s. t. (d'éperon) rowel; muller; windgall. Molettes, Mar. whirls.

Mol1, s. m. (plant) moly.

Mol1ère, mô-sièr, adj. Pierre molie
mill-stone, grind-stone. Dents molières. Pierre molière. Molaire.

Mollasse, mo-las, adj. flabby.

MOLLEMENT, mol-men, adv. softly; faintly, faint-heartedly, slackly; effeminately. Etre

couché mollement, to lie soft.

MOLESSE, mô-lès, s. f. softness, flabbiness; luxury, effeminacy; also faint-heartedness,

timorousness; softness (in painting.)

MOLLET, TE, mo-le, let, adj. soft, softish.

Pain mollet, light or spongy bread. Des omfs mollets, soft boiled eggs.

MOLLET, mo-le, s. m. small fringe for curtains and the like; (de la jambe) calf. Mollets,

nippers or pincers.

MOLLETON, mol-ton, s. m. kind of soft

MOLLIÈRE, s. f. said (in some provinces) of swampy grounds.

MOLLIFIER, mol-ll-fia, v. a. to mollify. Mollir, mo-lir, v. n. to soften or grow soft; to slacken or grow slack, faint; to yield, give way. Mollir, v. a. & n. Mar. to ease, slack or slacken, etc. Mollir les haubans, to ease the shrouds. Mollis la barre au tungage, ease her when she pitches. Mollis du bras du vent à la demande de la vergue, ease off the weather-I races as the yard goes up. Mel-

tis un peu de la drisse du petit hunier, settle the fore top-sail haliards. Mollis de la grande écoute, case off a little of the main sheet. Mollis du palan de retenue de la brigantine, ease away the spanker guy. Notre gréement a beau-coup molli, our rigging hes stretched a good deal. Le vent a molli, the wind is gone down. A quelle heure la marée mollira-t-elle? what time will the tide slack?

MOLY, s. f. moly (a kind of garlick.)
MOMENT, mo-men, s. m. moment, instant, minute; impulsive weight, momentum. tout moment or à tous momens, adv. every moment, at every turn. Un moment de beau temps, Mar. a snatch of fair weather.

MOMENTANÉ, E, mô-mên-tâ-na, adj. momentary, of a moment, momentaneous.

Momentanément, adv. momentally. Momente, mom-rl, s. f. grimace, hypocrisy; mummery, foolery.

Momie, mô-ml, s. f. mummy.

Momon, s. m. money that maskers offer to play at dice.
Mon, mon, adj. my.

Monacal, E, mô-nâ-kål, adj. monkish. MONACALEMENT, mo-na-kal-men, adv. like a monk.

Monachisme, mô-nà-shìsm, s. m. monachism.

MONADE, s. f. monad, monade.

Monarchie, mo-uar-shi, s. m. monarchy. MONARCHIQUE, mô-nar-shik, adj. monar-

Monarchiquement, adv. monarch-like, as a monarch, monarchically.

MONARQUE, mô-nårk, s. m. monarch, absolute prince or king, sovereign.

Monastère, mô-nas-ter, s. m. monastery, convent, friary, numery

MONASTIQUE, mô-nås-tik, adj. monastick,

monkish, monachal. Monaut, mô-nô, adj.m. that has only one ear.

Monceau, mon-so, s. m. heap. MONDAIN, E, mon-din, den, worldly, world

ly-minded, proud.

MONDAIN, s. m. worldling. Mondainement, mon-den-men, adv. after a worldly manner.

MONDANITÉ, mon-då-nî-tå, s.f. worldliness. MONDE, mond, s. m. world; universe; earth; men, mankind, folks, people, imperial sign, golden globe; servants. Le monde poli, le beau monde, the genteel part of the world. Le monde savant, the learned world, the learned. Tout mon monde, all my retinue, all my men. L'autre monde, the next or the other world. Monde, s. m. Mar. world, people, ship's company. Ce bâtiment a fait le tour du monde, that ship has been round the world. Avez vous perdu beaucoup de monde dans cetie. affaire? had you many people killed in this action? La fièvre jaune nous enlève du monde tous les jours, the yellow sever carries off some of our people every day. Le commandant a du monde sur ses vergues, the commodore has some people upon his yards. Du monde à la pompe, man the pump. En haut tout le monde, all hands ahoy. Du monde aux drisses et aux écoutes des huniers, stand by the top-sail ha-liards and shects. Mettre du monde à terre sur une côte ennemie, to land people on an enemy's coast. Prendre du monde à bord d'un bô timent, to take men out of a ship.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

MONDÉ, E, mon-da, adj. cleansed, peeled. MONDER, mon-da, v. a. to cleanse. Monder

de l'orge, to peel barley. MONDIFICATI-F, VE, adj. mundificative. MONDIFIER, v. a. to mundify, cleanse. MONETAIRE, mo-na-ter, s. m. maker of ancient coins or medals.

*Moniale, mô-niâl, s. f. nun.

MONITEUR, s. m. monitor. MONITION, mô-nî-sîon, s. f. monition, ec-

clesiastical warning.
MONITOIRE, mo-ni-twar, s. m. or Lettres

monitoires, adj. monitory. MONITORIAL, E, mo-nî-tô-rîâl, adj. Ex.

Lettres monitoriales, monitory. MONNOIE, mo-ne, s. f. money; coin; mint;

also small-money, change. Monnoyage, mo-ne-yaz, s. m. minting or

coining money.

Monnoyé, E, adj. minted, coined, stamped, made into money. MONNOYER, mo-ne-ya, v. a. to mint, coin;

to stamp.

Monnoyère, s. f. V. Nummulaire.

MONNOYERIE, s. f. stamp room in a mint. Monnoyeur, mô-nê-yêur, s. m. coiner,

Monocorde, mô-nô-kôrd, s.m. monochord. Monogramme, mo-no-gram, s. m. mono-

gram.

Monologue, må-nå-låg, s. m. monologue. MONOMACHIE, mô-nô-mâ-shl, s. f. mono-

machy, duel. Monome, mô-nôm, s. m. monome.

Monopétale, mô-nô-på-tål, adj. monopetalous. Monopole, mô-nô-pôl, s. m. monopoly, en-

grossing of commodities, tax.
MONOPOLER, mo-no-pô-là, v. a. to mono-

polize, engross.

Monopoleur, mô-nô-pô-lêur, s. m. mono-

polist; tax gatherer.

MONORIME, s. m. piece of poetry consist-

ing only of one rhyme.
Monosyllade, mô-nô-sî-lâb, adj. monosyllabical.

MONOSYLLABE, s. m. monosyilable.

MONOSYLLABIQUE, adj. monosyllabical. MONOTONE, mo-no-ton, adj. of one and the same sound, uniform in sound.

MONOTONIE, mo-no-to-ni, s. f. monotony. Monseigneur, mon-sê-guêur, s. m. lord. Monseigneuriser, v. a. to give the title

Monsieur, mô-sièu, s. m. sir, master, or gentleman; also master of the house; (the eldest brother of the French king is called)

Monson, s. m. V. Mousson.

MONSTRE, monstr, s. m. monster.

MONSTRUEUSEMENT, mons-tru-euz-men, adv. monstrously, prodigiously.

Monstrueu-x, se, mons-trû-cu, cuz, adj. monstrous, prodigious.

MONT, mon, s, in. hill, mount, mountain, heap. Les monts, the Alps. Le double mont, the Parnassian hill. Promettre monts et mervailles, to promise great matters. Mont-joie, s. m. or Mont-joie St. Denis, the ancient military cry of the French; also title of the first king at arms in France. Mont-Joie. s. f. see; to show, discover give signs of; prove;

heap of stones made by a French army as a monument of victory

MONTAGE, mon-taz, s. m. coming up. MONTAGNARD, E, mon-ta-gnar, gnard, adj. or s. mountaineer, highlander.

MONTAGNE, mon-tagn, s. f. hill, mountain. Un pays de montagnes, a hilly or mountain-

ous country. Montagneu-x, se, mon-tå-gnèu, gnèuz,

adj. hilly, mountainous.

MONTANT, mon-ten, s. m. upright beam or post, or stone or iron bar (in building;) amount, sum or whole sum. Vin qui a du montant, strong heady wine. Montans or joints montans, mounters or mounting of stones. Montant de la marée, Mar. flood. Montans, stanchions, upright pieces. Montans de tentes. stanchions. Montans de voîte, counter-timbers. Montans des bittes, bitt-heads, main vertical pieces of the bits.

MONTANT, adj. next for promotion.
MONTÉ, E, adj. gone up, etc. V. Monter; (à cheeral) mounted. Monte en, supplied or furnished with, that has a set of. Vaisseau monté de 50 canons, ship carrying 50 guns. Vaisseau monté de 150 hommes, a ship of 150 men. Votre bâtiment est-il bien monté en équi-page? is your ship well manned?

MONTE, s. f. coupling or time for coupling stallions and marcs.

Montée, mon-tå, s. f. stairs or staircase step; (de voûte) rising part; (d'une colonne) height; rising, ascent; going up.

MONTER, mon-tå, v. II. & a. to rise; go or come or get up, mount, ascend; to arrive, be advanced or preferred; be preferred; to grow, grow up, increase; to carry up, lift up; to make up; (la garde) to mount, go upon; (les degrés) to go up, come up; (un instrument à cordes) to string; (une horloge, un tournebroche, citc.) to wind up; (en graine) to grow up to seed; (sur une haudeur) to get up a rising ground; (un cheval) to ride. Monter à cheval, to ride. Apprendre à monter à a cheval, to learn to ride. Monter or se moneter à, to amount or come to. Le vin int monte à la tête, the wine flies up into his head. Monter, Mar. Monter on vent, to get to windward. Monter sur mer, to embark, go on board, take shipping. Monter un bâtiment, to take or have command of a ship. Monter le gouvernail, to hang the rudder. Monter les canons, to mount the guns (upon their carriages.) Monter la garde, to take charge of the deck (in harbour.) Faire mon-ter le monde, to turn the hands up. Monte à bord les chaloupiers, launches, come in out of the boat.

MONTOULE, mon-ti-kûl, s. m. small hill.

MONTOIR, mon-twar, s. m. horse-block.

Cheval fucile au montoir, easy horse to get
upon. Le pied hors du montoir, the off-foot,
the furfoot. Le nied to the 66th du montoir it. the far-foot. Le pied or le côté du montoir, the near-foot or side of a horse.

MONTRE, montr, s. f. show or sample; cloth (exposed before stalls for sale;) showglass; spot for showing or manner of showing horses; show, ostentation, parade; appearance; review, muster; soldier's pay when they are mustered; (d'orgues) out-side; dial; watch.

base, bût : ièune, mênte, benro : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

to teach, instruct in. Montrer à faire, to teach ! how to do. Montrer à écrire, etc. to teach writing, etc. Montrer du doigt, to point at with one's fingers. Montrer au doigt, to point at or out; also laugh at. Montrer les talons, to make off, run away. Se montrer, to show one's self, appear, to show, let see, discover.

MONTUEU-x, SE, mon-tu-eu, euz, adj. hilly,

mountainous.

MONTURE, mon-tur, s. f. beast for the saddle or to ride upon; (de scie) wooden frame; (d'arme à feu) stock; (d'éperon) leather; mounting, setting; also workmanship.

MONUMENT, mo-nu-men, s. m. monument.

MOQUE, s. f. Mar. heart, bull's eye, deadeye; (those excepted which are used in set-

ting up the shronds.)
MOQUER, (SE) se-mô-ka, v. r. to laugh at, ridicule, mock, scoff or deride, scorn, make nothing of; baffle or fool; jeer, be in jest. Sans se moquer, seriously, in good earnest. Réfléchi.

MOQUERIE, mok-rl, s. f. mockery, raillery, jest, banter; also silly thing. Faire des mo-queries de, to ridicule, jeer; banter, deride. MOQUETTE, s. f. kind of stuff.

Moqueu-R, se, mô-kêur, keuz, s. m. & f. mocker, jeerer, jeering man or woman, ban-

MORAILLES, mô-ral, s. f. pl. barnacies, sort

of pincers to hold the upper lip of a horse.

MORAILLON, mo-ra-lon, s. m. hasp.

MORAINE, s. f. wool of dead animals taken off with lime.

Moral, E, mô-rål, adj. moral.

MORALE, s. f. morals or morality, moral philosophy, ethicks.

MORALEMENT, mo-ral-men, adv. moral-

MORALISER, mô-râ-lî-zå, v. n. to make moral reflections, moralize, descant.

MORALISEUR, mo-ra-li-zeur, s. m. moralizer.

MORALISTE, mo-ra-list, s. m. moralist.

MORALITÉ, mô-rå-lî-tà, s. f. morality, moral reflection. Moralité d'une fable, moral of a fable: pl. ancient theatrical pieces.

MORBIDE, mor-bid, adj. of a bright or lively carnation (in painting.)
MORBIFIQUE, mor-bi-fik, adj. morbifick.

MORBIEU or MORBLEU, môr-bleu! zooks! zounds, odslive!

MORCEAU, inor-so, s. m. piece; bit, scrap, morsel, gobbet, mouthful. Morceau trempé, sop. Morceau de toile pour fourrer, Mar. parcelling.

Morceler, mors-la, v. a. une terre, to

cautle or disjoint or divide an estate.

MORDACHE, s. f. gag tongs, pincers.

MORDACITÉ, môr-dà-sì-tà, s. f. corrosive-

ness, mordacity; also sharpness, biting, bitterness of speech.

MORDANT, E, mor-den, dent, adj. biting,

sharp, smart, satirical.

MORDANT, s. m. saddler's two-pointed nail; (in printing) visorium; sort of varnish to fasten gilding.

MORDICANT, E. adj. sharp, corrosive; also smart, biting, nipping, satirical.

MORDIENNE, adv. à la grosse mordienne,

with sincerity, frankly.

MORDILLER, v. a. to bite a little and often, carp at.

MORDRE, mordr, v. n. & a. to bite; to corrode, gnaw; carp, find fault; censure, slander, rail at. L'eau forte mord sur les métaux, aqua fortis eats into metals. Mordre à la besogne, to fall to work, set one's hands to it. rue or repent it. It s'en mord les doigts or les pouces, he will rue or repent it. It s'en mord les doigts, he is mad at it. J'ai beau mordre mes doigts, in vain I trouble myself. Mordre la poussière. to bite the dust or ground, be killed. Mordre, Mar. to bite, take fast hold (said of the anchor.)

MORDU, E, adj. bit or bitten, etc. V. Mor-

More, mor, s. m. Moor, black-moor, black or negro; Moorish speech or tongue.

MOREAU, mô-rò, s. m. black, shining black : s. m. small basket or bag for cattle to eat in

while travelling.
MORELLE, mo-rel, s. f. morel, petty morel

garden nightshade.

Moresque, mô-resk, adj. Moorish: s. f. she-moor or black-moor, black; morris or morris dance; moorish work in painting

MORFIL, mor-fil, s. m. wire-edge, thread,

rough edge; also elephant's teeth.

Morfondre, morfondr, v. a. to make (one) catch cold: v. n. or se morfondre, v. r. to eatch cold; wait in vain, dance attendance, spend one's self.

Morfondure, mor-fon-dur, s. f. cold tak-

en after being heated.

MORGELINE, s. f. chick-weed.

MORGUE, morg, s. f. proud or big or stately look, surliness or surly look; little grated room (in which a new prisoner is set, and must continue some hours, that the jailer's ordinary servants may the better take notice of his face;) bone-house or place where persons found dead are laid, that they may be owned by their friends. Tenir sa morgue, to look surlily or laughtly, look big.

MORGUER, mor-ga, v. a. to brave, bully.

huff, dare or defy.

MORGUEUR, s. m. insolent man, huff, hector, turnkey who looks attentively at a prisoner to know him again.

Moribond, E, mo-ri-bond, adj. dying, in

a dying condition.

Moricaud. E, mo-ri-ko, kod, adj. & s.

black man or woman, brownish.

Morigéner, mo-ri-za-na, v. a. to tutor. to bring up or educate; also to correct, reprimand, school.

MORILLE, mo-ril, s. f. morel (sort of mush

MORILLON, s. m. sort of sweet black grape.

sort of duck: pl. rough emeralds.
MORINE, s. f. sort of plant.

Morion, mo-ri-on, s. m. morion (sort of head piece;) also sort of military punishment. MORNE, morn, adj. dull, sad, sullen,

cloudy, pensive.

MORNE, s. f. ferret (in heraldry;) mountain or high hill (in the language of the inha-

bitants of the French West India Islands.)
MORNE, E. adj. tipped or tipt; blunt or blunted. Une baguette mornée d'argent, a rod tipt with silver.

MORNIFLE, mor-niff, s. f. box on the ear,

slap on the chaps.
Morose, morose, adj. morose. Morosité, s. f. moroseness

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Morpion, mor-pion, s. m. crab-lonse Mors, mor, s. m. (d'un cheval) bit; (d'étau)

chaps.

MORSURE, mor-sur, s. f. mark of a bite. MORT, E, mor, mort, adj. dead, deceased. Eau morte, standing water. Morte eau, Mar. dead water. Morte-marée, Mar. neap tide.

Couleur morte, dead or pale or faint colour. Argent mort, money that lies dead. Un fonds mort, a piece of land held in mort-main. Mort-né, e, adj. still born. Morte paye, s. f. soldiers in ordinary pay during life. Morte saison, s. f. dead time of the year.

MORT, E, s. m. & f. dead body, dead man or woman. Les vivans et les morts, the quick and the dead. La fête des morts, All-sonl's-

MORT, s. f. death, decease; bane; great or violent pain. A mort, to death, mortally, extremely. Mort aux rats, rat's-bane. Mettre la mort au cœur, donner la mort, to break one's heart. Faire une belle mort, to die well, to die like a good christian; also to die nobly or honourably. Mourir de sa belle mort, mourir de sa mort naturelle, to die a natural death. Mort de ma vie! Par la mort! 'sdeath! blood

MORTADELLE, mor-ta-del, s. f. sort of

sausage.

MORTAISE, mor-tez. V. Mortoise.

MORTALITÉ, môr-tà-lî-tà, s. f. mortality,

f-equency of death.
MORTEL, LE, mor-tel, adj. mortal; perishable; deadly; great, grievous, bitter, exueme, cruel.

MORTEL, LE, s. m. & f. mortal, mortal

man or woman.

MORTELLEMENT, mor-tel-men, adv. mortally, deadly; cruelly, bitterly, grievously.

MORTIER, mor-tia, s. m. mortar; a mortar; sort of cap. Mortier or mortier de cire, piece of wax with a wick.

MORTIFÈRE, adj. mortiferons. Mortifiant, E, mor-ti-fi-en, ent, adj.

mortifying, unpleasant, sad, grievous.

Mortification, mortification; s. f. mortifying or mortification; grief, shame,

trouble, cross, misfortune

MORY IFIER, mor-ti-fi-a, v. a. to mortify, subduc, conquer, vex, trouble; (la viande) to make tender.

MORT-11SE, s. f. mortise. Mortoise de gouvernail, Mar. mortise of the rudder.

MORT GAIRE, mortuaire, adj. funeral, funeral. Dr. ap mortuaire, pall. Cloche mortuaire, knell or passing bell. Livre mortuaire, register book of burials.

MORUE, mo-ru, s. f. cod or codfish. Morue fraiche, green fish. Morue salee, salt fish.

Morve, morv, s. f. mucus of the nose, snot;

glanders (a horse disease.)

MORYEU-X, SE, mor-ven, venz, adj. snotty. Cheral morreux, horse that has the glanders. Petit morveux, slovenly, snotty boy. Petite morveuse, a snotty-nosed girl, young

Mosaïque, mô-za-ik, s. f. mosaick work. Ouerage à la mosaique, mosaick work, work

of small inlaid pieces.

MOSCATELINE, s. f. moscatel. Mos TIE, s. f. Muscovy.

Moscovite, adj. & s. Muscovite. Mosquer, mos-ka, s. f. mosque.

Moт, mo, s. m. word; saying, apothegm or sentence; motto. Bon-mot, bon-mot, witty saying, smart repartee. Mot du guet or mot de guerre, watch-word. En un mot, in a word.

in short. Mot à mot, word for word.

Motelle or Motelle, s. f. eelpout

MOTET, mo-te, s. m. anthem.

Mot-Eur, Rice, mo-teur, tris, s. m. & f.

mover; contriver, author.

Motif, mô-ilf, s.m. motive, incitement, encouragement; end, aim or design; motive, cause, occasion.

MOTION, mô-slon, s. f. motion. MOTIVER, mô-sl-và, v. a. to explain the motives which led to the making of a decree or an edict.

MOTRICE, adj. f. Ex. La faculté motrice,

the motive faculty.

MOTTE, mot, s. f. clod, lump of earth; little hill or eminence. Motte à brûler, peat, turf or lump of tan.

MOTTER, (SE) se-mô-ta, v. r. to lurk be-

hind a turf or clod (as a partridge.)

Morus, interj. hush, not a word Mou, Molle, môo, môl, adj. soft, tender; flabby; mellow; close, faint; sluggish, slow, dull, lazy, inactive, faint; easy, weak; vo-Inptuous, effeminate, loose, womanish.

Mou, s. m. soft part: lights (of a calf or lamb.) Mou de l'oreille, tip or lug or soft part

of the ear.

Mou, adj. & s. m. Mar. slack. Embraque le mou de l'écoute de misaine, haul in the slack of the fore sheet. V. Embraquer. Embraque le mou de la drisse sons le vent du grand hunier, haul down the slack of the lee main top-sail haliards. Donne du mou à la croupière, slack out the stern-port. Il y a beaucoup de mou dans nos amarres, we are very slack moored. Le bâtiment est-il mou? does the ship carry a slack helm?
MOUCHARD, moo-shar, s. m. spy, observer,

informer, setter, bumbailiff.

MOUCHE, moosh, s. f. fly; patch (for the face;) spy, setter, humbailiff. Une fine mouche, a sly blade, a cunning gipsy. Mouche à miel, bec. Elle vous sert de mouche, she is a fool to yon. Pieds de mouche, pot-hooks and hangers, scrawlings. Prendre la mouche. V. Prendre la chèvre at Chèvre. Etre tendre aux mouches, to be touchy or exceptions. Quelle mouche l'a pique? what ails him? La mouche y est, (said of meat) it is fly-blown.

MOUCHER, moo-sha, v. a. to blow the nose of; (la chaudelle) to snnff. Se moucher, v. r. to blow one's nose. Ne se moucher pas du pied,

to be no fool.

MOUCHEROLLE, s. m. a sort of little bird. MOUCHERON, moosh-ron, s.m. gnat, little fly; also snuff of a candle.

MOUCHET, s. m. tarsel.

MOUCHETÉ, E, adj. spotted, pinked; V. the verb. Cheval moucheté, flea-bitten horse.

MOUCHETER, moosh-ta, v. a. to spot; pink, mark with small spots.

MOUCHETTES, inoo-shet, s. f. pl. snuffers;

also joiner's plane. MOUCHETURE, moosh-tur, s. f. spot; spot-

ted work, pinking, cutting with small spots
MOUCHEUR, moo-sheur, s. m. Moucheur de chandelles à la comedie, candle snuffer at the play-house.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

Mouchoir, moo-shwar, s. m. handkerchief; (de cou) kerchief.

Mouchure, moo-shar, de chandelle, s. f. snuff of a candle.

MOUDRE, moodr, v. a. to grind. Moudre de coups, to maul, beat soundly, bruise.

Moue, moo, s. f. mouth, wry face. Faire la moue, to pout, make mouths.

MOUETTE, moo-et, s. f. sea-mew, gull. MOUFETTE, s. f. foul air (in mines;) animal of the martin kind.

MOUFLARD, E, moo-flar, flard, adj. bloated face.

MOUFLE, moofl, s. m. mitten; bloated face; assemblage of pullies; sort of chymical vessel.

Mouillage, moo-laz, s. m. Mar. anchorage, anchoring place or station. Bon mouillage, good anchoring ground. Maurais mouil-lage, foul ground, bad anchoring ground. Le mouillage étoit si maurais que nous y perdimes nos deux ancres de poste, the ground was so foul that we lost both our bowers. Nous aurons de là peine à déplanter, lant ce mouillage est bon, we shall have some trou-ble in starting the anchor from such good ground. Prendre un mouillage, to take up an anchorage. V. Fatiguer. Venir au mouillage, to come to an anchorage. Le vent nous refusant, nous ne pûmes gagner le mouillage, the wind scanting upon us, we could not fetch the anchorage.

MOUILLER, moo-là, v. a. to wet or moisten, bathe, soak, dip in the water. Pluie qui mou-

ille, soaking rain.

Mouiller, v. a. & n. Mar. to anchor, drop anchor, cast anchor, come to an anchor, bring up, etc. Moniller une ancre, to let go an au-chor. Etre mouillé, to ride at anchor. Netre mouillé que sur une seule ancre, to be only at single anchor. V. Travers. Mouille, let go the anchor. Mouiller en barbe, to come to with two anchors a-head. Mouiller en cron-pière, to moor head and stern. Mouiller en pagaie, to come to all standing. Mouiller en faisant embossure, to bring up with a spring on the cable. Mouiller en pate d'oie, to moor with three anchors a-head (equally distant from each other.) Mouiller avec la quille, to stick hard and fast. Nous mouillerons au large des frégates, et en terre de tous les vaisseaux de ligne, we will come to without the frigates, and within all the line of battle ships. Mouiller les voiles, to wet the sails. Mouiller les ponts, to wet the decks.

MOUILLETTE, moo-let, s. f. long narrow slice of bread to dip in eggs boiled soft.

MOUILLOIR, moo-lwar, s. m. little vessel of water for spinners to wet their fingers in. MOUILLURE, moo-lur, s. f. wetting or be-

ing wet. Moulage, moo-laz, s. m. moulds; part of the mill which sets the mill-stones agoing; fee for grinding in a publick mill.

Moule, mool, s. m. mould; model, pat-tern. Il y laissa le moule du pourpoint, there he was killed, he left his carcass there.

MOULE, mool, s. f. muscle, a kind of shellfish. Monles, shells to make grottoes.

Moulé, E, adj. moulded, cast into a mould; printed.

Mouler, moo-la, v. a. to mould, cast into a mould, to print; (du bois) to pile up wood | Mar. a foaming billow.

for measuring it. Se mouler sur quelqu'un, to frame or square one's life by another man's.

Moulettes, moo-let, s. f. pl. small shells. Mouleur, moo-leur, de bois, s. m. assizer or meter of wood

Moulin, moo-lin, s. m. mill.

Moulinage, moo-li-naz, s. m. last dress-

ing of silk before it is dyed.

MOULINET, moo-li-ne, s. m. mill (to coin money;) milled money, a turn-stile, hand-mill. Moulinet de chocolatière, choeolate stick or mill. Moulinet à bitord, Mar. spun-yarn winch.

*Moult, adv. much, very much.
Moulu, r, adj. ground, bruised. Or moulu,
water gold, painter's gold.
Moulure, moolder, s. f. moulding. Mou-

lures des bouteilles, Mar. gallery rim.

MOURANT, E, moo-ren, rent, adj. dying; languishing or lingering; pale or faint.

Mourir, moorir, v. n. to die; to go out. Faire mourir, to put to death, kill. Faire monrir de chagrin, to vex to death. Mourir d'envie de faire, to long to do. Se mourir, v. r. to be dying, be at the point of death.

Mouron, moo-ron, s.m. chick weed, pimpernel; also yellow lizard with black spots. MOURRE, s. f. morra (the Italian play of

love with the fingers.)

Mousquet, moos-kê, s. m. musket. *Mousquetade, moosk-iad, s. f. musketshot

Mousquetaire, moosk-ter, s. m. musketeer. Mousquetaires, mousquetaires (horse-

Mousqueterie, moos-ke-trl, s. f. volley of musket shot, small shot. Un feu de mousqueterie soutenu, a constant fire with small arms.

Mousqueton, moosk-ton, s. m. musketoon, blunderbuss.

Mousse, moos. s. f. moss; lather, froth. Mousse, s. m. Mar. younker, youngster, ship-boy. Mousse de chambre, cabin-boy. Mousses destinés à aider le cog, shifters. "Mousse, adj. dull, blunt.

Mousseline, moos-lin, s. f. muslin. Mousser, moo-sa, v. n. to lather, froth

Mousseron, moos-ron, s. m. white kind of mushroom.

Mousseu-Y, se, moo-seu, seuz, adj. lathering, frothy, foaming.

Mousson, moo-son, s. f. Mar. monsoon. Moussu, E, moo-su, su, adj. mossy, full of

MOUSTACHE, moos-tash, s. f. whiskers. Moustaches de la civadière, s. f. pl. Mar. sprit-sail lifts, standing lifts of the sprit-sail yard. Moustaches de la rergue sèche, standing lifts of the cross jack yard.

Mout, moo, s. m. must, new or sweet wine. MOUTARDE, moo-tard, s. f. mustard. Su crer sa moutarde, to qualify one's jest, take off the edge of. S'anviser à la moutarde, to stand

trifling.
MOUTARDIER, moo-tar-dia, s. m. mustard

MOUTIER, moo-tia, s. m. church, monaste-

ry, convent.
Moutor, indo-ton, s. m. wether, sheep, mutton, sheep's leather; standard (to support the bruces of a coach;) beetle or rammer. bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleid, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

MOUTONNAILLE, moo-to-nal, s. f. flock of

MOUTONNE, s. f. tower of false hair.

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MOUTONNER, moo-to-na, v. a. to frizzle, curl. Moutonner, v. n. Mar. to foam or froth.

La mer moutonne, the sea foams. MOUTONNIER, E, môo-tô-nia, nier, adj. fleecy, bleating, led by example like sheep.

MOUTURE, moo-tar, s. f. grinding; corn ground; miller's toll for grinding.

Mouvance, moo-vens, s. f. Ex. Mouvance de fief, dependence of a fee upon another. MOUVANT, E, moo-ven, vent, adj. moving. Sable mouvant, quick-sand. Fief mouvant, fee

holding or depending upon another. MOUVEMENT, moov-men, s. m. motion,

moving; movement, manœuvre; time, measure : impulse, disposition, inclination. Mouremens, commotions, troubles, broils. Les mouremens qu'a faits l'escadre aujourd'hui ont été bien exécutés, the manoeuvres of the fleet have been well executed to day. Votre bâtiment a les mouvemens bien durs, yours is a very uneasy ship.

MOUVER, v. a. (in gardening) to stir up

(the mould in a pot,) etc.

Mouvoir, moo-vwar, v. a. to move or stir; incite, stir up; (une question) to start. Mouvoir querelle, to pick a quarrel. Se mouvoir,

v. r. to move, stir or wag.

MOYEN, s. m. means, course, way, expedient, power; possibility, argument, (in plural) means, riches, etc. Il n'y a pas moyen de leur parler, there is no speaking to them, there is no possibility of speaking to them. Y a-t-il moyen de leur parler? Is there any speaking to them? is there any possibility of speaking to them? Le moyen que cela soit? how can that possibly be? Le moyen de lui parler? how can one speak with him? Au moyen de, by means of, in consequence of, in consideration of.

Moyen, ne, mwå-yèn, yèn, adj. middle, mean. Temps moyen, apparent time. Moyen age, the middle or dark ages. Moyenne lati-nité, from the reign of Severus to the fall of

the empire.

MOYENNANT, mwa-ye-nen, prep. for, by means of. Moyennant que, provided, provided

MOYENNÉ, E, adj, mediated, procured. MOYENNEMENT, adv. indifferently, so so.

MOYENNER, mwa-ye-na, v. a. to mediate

or procure.
MOYENNEUR, s. m. mediator.

MOYER, v. a. to saw free stones.

MOYEU, mwa-yeu, s. m. nave or stock (of a wheel;) yolk (of an egg;) also sort of plum.

Mu, E, adj. (from Mouvoir) moved, started,

MUABLE, md-abl, adj. mutable, changeable, inconstant.

MUANCE, mu-ens, s. f. change of note (in

Mucilage, mů-sî-låz, s. m. mucilage MUCILAGINEU-x, SE, må-si-la-zi-neu, neuz,

adj. mucilaginous. Mucosite, mu-kô-zî-ta, s. f. mucous-

MUDER, v. n. Mar. to gibe.

MUE, mi, s. f. moulting, muing; slough, skin; moulting time, etc. mew coop.

MUER, mu-å, v. n. to moult, mew, cast horns or skin or slough; (parlant de la roix) to break,

MUET, TE, mu-e, et, adj. dumb, speechless, mute; (in grammar) mute, unpronounced, not heard, not sounded. Rendre muet, to put to silence or non-plus.

MUET, TE, s. m. & f. mute, dumb man or

woman.

MUETTE, s. f. place for stags' horns that are east.

MUFLE, mafl, s. m. muzzle. Il lui a donne bien serré sur le muste, he gave him a good slap on the chaps.

Muge, můz, s. m. mullet (a fish.) Muger, mů-cîr, v. n. to bellow or to low; to roar (said of the sen.)

Mugissement, mů-: ?s-mên, s. m. bellow

ing or lowing; roaring (of the sea.)
MUGUET, mu-gê, s. m. lily of the valley; spark, beau, fop.

MUGUETER, mug-ta, v. a. to cajole, wheedle, court, make love to, have an eye upon, aim at.

Muid, mui, s. m. sort of measure for corn, salt, etc. (de blé) about five quarters; (de vin) about 60 gallons.

MULATRE, mu-latr, adj. & s.m. & f. mulatto.

MULCTE, mulkt, s. f. mulct, fine.

MULETER, mulk-ta, v. a. to fine. MULE, mul, s. f. mule, she-mule; slipper; Mules traversières or traversines, (au kibe.

boulet du cheral) kihes. MULET, mu-le, s. m. moyle, great mule; (sea fish) mullet. Garder le mulet, to dance attendance.

MULETIER, můl-tíå, s. m. muleteer. MULETTE, mû-lêt, s. f. maw of a calf, etc

craw (of birds.)
MULOT, mu-lo, s. m. field-mouse.

MULOTTER, v. n. to dig into the holes made by field-mice.

MULTIPLE, mul-tipl, adj, multiple. MULTIPLIABLE, mul-if-plf-abl, adj. mul-tipliable, that may be multiplied.

MULTIPLIANS, s. m. Adamites (a sect.) MULTIPLICANDE, mul-ti-pli-kand, s. f.

multiplicand, MULTIPLICATEUR, mul-ti-pli-ka-teur, s.

m. multiplicator. MULTIPLICATION, mul-ti-pli-ka-sion, s. f.

multiplying, multiplication. MULTIPLICITÉ, můl-tî-plî-sî-tà, s. f. multiplicity, multitude.

MULTIPLIER, můl-tî-plî-å, v. a. & n. to

multiply, increase. MULTITUDE, mål-ti-tåd, s. f. multitude,

great number, mob. Muni, E, adj. (from Munir) stored, furnished, enjoyed or possessed.

MUNICIPAL, E, mu-ni-si-pal, adj.municipal. Le droit municipal, municipal law, common

law. Ville municipale, corporation town.
MUNICIPALITE, s. f. municipality.
MUNIFICENCE, munificence, s. f. munificence, liberality, bounty.

MUNIR, mu-nir, v. a. to turnish, store or provide. Se munir de, to furnish one's self with, provide, arm one's self with.

MUNITION, min-ni-sion, s. f. ammunition.

Pain de munition, ammunition bread. Munitions, stores. Munitions de bouche, provi-sions. Munitions, Mar. stores. buse, but: jeune, meute, beurre: enfant, cent, lien: vin: mon: brun.

MUNITIONNAIRE, md-nî-siô-ner, s. m. commissary of the store, officer that provides ammunition for the army.

Muqueu-x, se, ad: mucous.

MuR, mar, s.m. wall.

Mun, mur, adj. ripe, mellow, mature. Un

homme mûr, a discreet, sober, staid man.

MURAILLE, mû-râl, s. f. wal!.

MURALE, mû-râl, s. f. Ex. Couronne murale, mural crown.
MORE, mur, s. f. mulberry.

MÛREMENT, mùr-mên, adv. ripely, maturely

MURÈNE, mid-ren, s. f. sort of lamprey.

MURENGER, s. m. murenger.

MURER, mu-ra, v. a. to wall, wall about or up, mure up.

MORIER, mù-ria, s. m. mulberry-tree. MORIR, mù-rîr, v. n. to ripen, grow ripe.

Marir, v. a. to ripen, make ripe.

MURMURATEUR, mur-mu-ra-teur, s. m.

murmurer, grumbler. MURMURE, mur-mur, s. m. murmur, buzzing or humming noise; mumbling, murmuring, grumbling; (des ruisseaux) murmur or purling; (du ventre) rumbling; (des zéphyrs,

des arbres) whispering; also a humming bird. MURMURER, mur-mu-ra, v.n. to murmur, grumble, mutter; to purl, warble; to whisper.

MUSARAIGNE, må-zå-regn, s. m. shrewmouse.

Musard, E, mu-zar, zard, adj. & s. loiter-

ing, loiterer. Musc, måsk, s. m. musk-cat, musk.

Muscade, mås-kåd, s. f. nutmeg. de muscade, mace.

Muscade, adj. f. musky: Rose muscade,

Muscapet, můs-kå-dě, s. m. muscadel or muscadine.

Muscadier, s. m. nutmeg-tree.

Muscadin, můs-kå-din, s. m. sort of musk pastil; also fop, sweet-scented beau

Musca-t, DE, adj. musky. Vin musc uscadine wine. Noix muscade, nutmeg. Vin muscat, muscadine wine.

Muscat, můs-kå, s. m. muscade or muscadine.

Muscle, můskl, s. m. muscle.

Muscosité, s. f. muscosity.

Musculaire, můs-ků-lèr, adj. muscular. Musculeu-x, se, můs-ků-lèu, lèuz, adj.

musculous. Muse, muz, s. f. muse.

Museau, mů-zò, s. m. the muzzle, snout,

nose or face, mouth (of some things.)
Musee, mi-za, s. m. museum.

Muselière, muz-lièr, s. f. & a. muzzle. "Muser, mu-za, v. n. to loiter, trifle.

MUSEROLLE, muz-rol, s. f. nose-band of a horse bridle.

MUSETTE, må-zet, s. f. bag-pipe.

Muséum, s. m. museum.

Musical, E, mů-zî-kal, adj. musical, harmonious.

MUSICALEMENT, mů-zî-kål-ınen, adv. musically.

Musicien, ne, må-zî-sîên, sîên, s. m. & f.

Musique, mů-zík, s. f. musick.

Musqué, E, adj. musky, perfumed with musk, that smells of musk. Paroles musquees, fair words, compliments.

Musquer, mus-ka, v.a.toperfume with musk.

*Musser, (se) v. r. to lurk in a corner. A musse-pot, in secret.

Musulmán, mů-zůl-mên,s. m. Mussulman.

MUSULMAN, E, adj. Turkish, Mahometan. MUTABILITÉ, mů-tå-bî-lî-tà, s. f. mutabi-

MUTATION, mutation, s. f. mutation, change.

MUTILATION, mu-ti-la-sion, s. f. mutila-

MUTILER, mů-ti-là, v. a. to mutilate, maim,

curtail; to castrate or geld.

MUTIN, E, mů-tin, tin, adj. & s. refractory, headstrong, froward, stubborn, sullen, seditious, mutinous, factious, rebellious; mutineer,

factious or seditious person, stubborn person.

MUTINER, mô-d-nå, v. n. to mutiny or rise
up in arms. Se mutiner, v. r. to be froward
or refractory; to rage; to mutiny, rise up in

MUTINERIE, mutin-rl, s. f. mutiny, commotion, sedition, revolt, frowardness, refractoriness, peevishness, perverseness.
*Mutin, mu-tir, v. n. to mute.

MUTISME, s. m. dumbness, muteness. MUTUEL, LE, mn-tu-el, adj. mutual, reci procal, interchangeable.

MUTUELLEMENT, mu-tu-el-men, adv. mu-tually, reciprocally, interchangeably.

MUTULE, s. f. corbel, or bracket (in archi-

tecture.) MYAGRUM, s. m. myagrum (sort of plant.) MYOLOGIE, mi-ô-lô-zi, s. f. myography,

myology.

MYOPE, mi-op, s. m. & f. myops, near or short-sighted person.

MYOPIE, mi-ô-pl, s.f. myopy. MYOTOMIE, s. f. myotomy. MYRIADE, mi-ri-ad, s. f. myriad.

Myrobolan, mî-rô-bô-lên, s. m. myroba-

MYROBOLANIER, s. m. myrobalan-tree. MYRRHE, mlr, s. f. myrrh.

Myrrhis, s. m. sort of fragrant chervil MYRTE, mirt, s. m. myrtle-tree.

MYRTIFORME, adj. myrtiform.

MYSTAGOGUE, s. m. mystagogue. MYSTÈRE, mis-tèr, s. m. mystery, sccret. Sans autre mystère, without any more ado.

Mysterieusement, mis-ta-ri-euz-men, adv. mysteriously.

Mystérieu-x, se, mîs-ta-rî-eu, euz, adj. & s. mysterious, mystical, obscure; hidden, secret; mysterious or reserved person.

Mysticité, mis-ti-si-tà, s. f. mysticalness. Mystique, mis-tik, adj. & s. mystical, mysterious, emblematical, sacredly obscure, refining in matters of devotion; mystick person who professes a sublime and perfect devo-

MYSTIQUEMENT, mis-tik-men, adv. mystically.

MYSTRE, s. m. sort of liquid measure among the ancient Greeks.

MYTHOLOGIE, mi-to-lo-zl, s. f. mythology. MYTHOLOGIQUE, mî-tô-lô-zîk, adj. mythological.

MYTHOLOGISTE, mî-tô-lô-zîst, s. m. mythologist.

MYURE, adj. Ex. Pouls myure, pulse that gradually weakens.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

N, en, (anciently) ne, (recently) s. f. four-teenth letter of the French alphabet.

NABOT, E, nã-bỏ, bột, s. m. & f. dwarf,

little person.

NACARAT, E, nå-kå-rå, råt, adj. & s. m. of a lively orange red (without s in plural.)

NACELLE, na-sel, s. f. boat, small skiff or wherry (without mast or sail.) La nacelle de S. Pierre, the Roman catholic church.

NACRE, nåkr, or NACRE DE PERLE, S. f.

mother of pearl

NADIR, nå-dir, s. m. nadir.

NAFFE, naf, s. f. Eau de naffe, orange-flow-

NAGE, naz, s. f. Mar. row lock (of a boat.) Donner la nage, to pull the stroke oar. ner une nage, to give a stroke (in rowing.) Etre en nage or tout en nage, to be all in a sweat. A nage pataud, swimming like a cur; also in plenty. A la nage, swimming or by swimming. Se jeter à la nage, to throw one's self into the water. Passer une rivière à la nage, to swim over a river.

NAGEOIRE, na-zwar, s. f. fin (of a fish,) bladder or any other thing to hold up one that learns to swim; thin piece of wood floating in the pail of a water-bearer (to prevent him

from being splashed.)

NAGER, na-za, v. n. to swin; (dans son sang) to welter. Nager entre deux caux, to trim, be a trimmer. Nager en grande eau, to swim in deep water. Mon pied nage dans mon soulier, my shoes are a great deal too big for my feet. Nager, v. n. Mar. to swim; to pull or row. Nager sec or à sec, to row dry, row aground, touch the bottom with the oars in rowing. Nager debout, to row standing with the head towards the boat's head. Nager en arrière, to back a-stern. Nage à Nage venir sur tribord, pull 'to starboard. tribord, pull the starboard. Nage de force, stretch out. Nage à bord, come aboard in the boat. Nage à faire abattre, pull to lee-ward. Nage à venir sur bâbord, pull to port. Nage an vent, pull to windward. Nage ensemble, pull together.

Nageur, na-zeur, s. m. swimmer; water-man, rower; s. m. pl. an order of birds. *Naguère or Naguères, na-ger, (con-

traction de il n'y a guère) newly, but newly, a little while ago, lately.

NAIADE, nå-yåd, s. f. naiad. NAIF, ve, nå-if, lv, adj. genuine, plain, native. natural, not counterfeit, true, lively, ingenuous, downright, open, fair, candid, inno-cent, simple, silly. Au narf, to the life. Peindre au narf, to draw to the life.

NAIN, E, nin, nen, s. m. & f. dwarf, shrimp. Naine, s. f. sort of beau. Un arbre nain, a

dwarf tree, a dwarf.

NAISSANCE, ne-sens, s. f. birth; nativity, rise, spring, beginning; extraction, descent; noble birth, or extraction; (in architecture) roof of a vault or of a corbel, etc.

NAISSANT, E, ne-sen, sent, adj. growing, rising, newly born, coming forth, primitive;

(in heraldry) naissant.

Naître, netr, v. n. to be born or to come into the world, breed, come out; spring, grow. arise, proceed, be bred, begin, take rise, come forth. Faire maitre, to breed, produce, cause, give rise or beginning to, occasion; (des raisons) to suggest; (une occasion) to start.

NAIVEMENT, na-ly-men, adv. ingenuously,

plainly, downright. NAIVETÉ, nå-lv-tå, s. f. ingenuousness,

plainness, sincerity; simplicity, innocence; naturalness, simplicity of expression.

NANTI, E, nen-ti, ti, adj. possessed of. NANTIR, nen-tir, v. a. to give to, lay down, deliver into the hands of, ensure. Se nantir de, v. r. to seize upon, secure (a debt;) to provide one's self with, make sure of, secure.

NANTISSEMENT, nen-tis-men, s. m. secu-

rity (for a debt.) Napolitain, E, adj. & s. Neapolitan. Napthe, s. f. naphtha.

NAPPE, nap, s. f. cloth, table cloth; deer's skin; sort of net to catch wild fowls with; (d'eau) sheet; (de blé) show.

NAQUETER, v. n. to dance attendance

(upon the great.)

NAQUETTE, s. f. milliner. NARCISSE, når-sis, s. m. narcissus.

NARCOTIQUE, når-kô-tik, adj. narcotick.

NARD, nar, s. m. nard, spikenard.
NARGUE, de, narg-de, s. f. a fig for. Dire
wargue de, to laugh at. Faire nargue à, to
excel, heat or surpass, be far superiour to.

Faire nargue aux autres, to excel, etc. NARGUER, når-gå, v. a. to scorn, defy, set

at defiance.

NARINE, nå-rîn, s. f. nostril.

NARQUOIS, E, når-kwå, kwaz, s. m. & f. sharper. Parler narquois, to use cant lan-

NARRATEUR, na-ra-teur, s. m. relater, tel-

NARRATI-F, VE, na-ra-tif, tiv, adj. narrative, declarative.

NARRATION, na-ra-sion, s. f. narration, relation, account, report, recital.

NARRATIVE, na-ra-tiv, s. f. way of relating or making or telling a story.

NARRÉ, E. adj. related, told, reported. NARRÉ, nà-rà, s. m. narration, narrative, recital.

NARRER, nå-rå, v. a. to relate, make a narrative of, tell or report.

NARVAL, s. m. great fish of the frozen sea,

nar-whale. NASAL, E., na-zal, adj. nasal; s. m. part of

a lielmet that covers the nose. NASALEMENT, adv. with a nasal sound.

NASARD, E, na-zar, zard, adj. that speaks through the nose. Lire d'un ton nasard, to read through the nose.

NASARRE, nå-zård, s. f. fillip, rap on the nose.

NASARDER, nå-zår-då, v. a. to fillip or rap on the nose; to banter, jeer.

NASEAU, na-zo, s. m. nostril (of a beast.) NASILLARD, E, na-zi-lar, lard, adj. & s.

that speaks through the nose. NASILLER, nå-zi-lå, v. n. to speak through

NASILLEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. that speaks

through the nose.

NASILONNER, v. n. to speak through the nose (diminutive of Nasiller.) NASSE, nas, s. f. sort of net of osiers, weel:

also lurch, plunge, scrape; univalve shell. NATAL, E, na-tal, adj. native. Respirer l'air natal, to breathe one's own country's air

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : eniant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

swimming.

VATI-F, VE, nå-tif, tlv, adj. native, born. NATION, na-slon, s. f. nation, people; also race (ironically.) Les nations, the nations, the heathens, the gentiles.

NATIONAL, E, nå-síð-nål, adj. national.

NATIONALEMENT, adv. nationally. NATIVITÉ, na-ti-vi-ta, s.f. nativity, birth. NATTE, nat, s.f. mat; twist, braid.

de rheveux, twisted or plaited hair. NATTER, nå-tå, v. a. to mat; to twist.

braid, plait.

NATTIER, nå-tiå, s. m. mat-maker.

NATURALISATION, nå-tů-rå-lî-zå-sion, s. f. naturalization.

NATURALISER, nå-tů-rå-li-zå, v. a. to naturalize.

NATURALISME, s. m. naturalness.

NATURALISTE, s. m. naturalist, natural philosopher.

NATURALITÉ, nå-tů-rå-lî-tå, s. f. naturali-

NATURE, nå-tur, s. f. nature, universe, world, property, natural reason, temper, humour, condition, essence, sort, kind, situation; (in Marmontel's works) parent, parents, father or mother, father and mother.

NATUREL, LE, nå-tů-rel, adj. natural, native; plain, downright, right, not counterfeit, easy, free, unaffected. Juge naturel, a proper judge. Fils naturel, natural or base son, bastard.

NATUREL, s. m. nature, propriety, temper, constitution, natural affection, natural parts, talent, aptness, genius, disposition, inclination, humour, life; also native or original inhabitant. D'un bon or mauvais naturel, good or ill-natured, good or ill-humoured. De son naturel, de mon naturel, etc. naturally. Imiter le naturel, to imitate life. Prendre au naturel, to draw to the life.

NATURELLEMENT, nå-tů-rêl-mên, adv. naturally, by nature, plainly, freely, openly,

frankly.

NAUFRAGE, no-fraz, s. m. shipwreck, ruin, wreck. Faire naufrage, to be cast away, suffer shipwreck, be wrecked.

NAUFRAGÉ, E, no-fra-za, adj. Mar. east away, wrecked. Bâtiment naufragé, wreck. NAULAGE, no-laz, s. m. naulage.

NAUMACHIE, no-må-shi, s. f. naumachy. NAUSÉE, no-zå, s. f. qualm, retching to

vomit. NAUTIQUE, no-tik, adj. nautick, nautical.

NAUTONIER, no-to-nia, s. m. sailor, mariner (in poetry.)

NAVAL, E, na-val, adj. naval, of or belonging to the sea or ships. Armée navate, fleet of men of war. Forces navales, sea forces. Combat naval, bataille navale, sea-fight.

YAVÉE, nå-vå, s. f. barge full.

NAVET, nå-ve, s. m. turnip. NAVETTE, nå-vet, s. f. rape or wild turnip; also rape-seed; (de tisserand) shuttle; (de plomb) wedge; (de l'encensoir) pan or box.

NAVIGABLE, na-vi-gabl, adj. navigable.

NAVIGATEUR, na-vi-ga-teur, s. m. naviga-

tor, sailor, sea-man, sea-faring man.

NAVIGATION, na-vl-ga-slon, s. f. navigation, sailing, voyage. Aprés douze jours de narigation, nous donnâmes dans le détroit de Gibraltar, after 12 days sail we entered the

NATATION, s. f. natation, the art or aet of || straits of Gibraltar. Notre navigation a etc fort heureuse, we have met with no crosses (or accidents) at sea.

NAVIGUER, na-vi-ga, v. n. to sail, navi-

gate, travel by sea. Depuis vingt ans que je navigue. je n'ai jamais été si près de me perdre, during 20 years that I have been at sea I never was so near being lost. Naviguer à rue de terre, to coast within sight of land. Naviguer, v. a. to navigate, direct the course of.

NAVIRE, na-vir, s. m. ship, vessel, sail. Un navire marchand, a mcrchantman. Navire au vent à nous, a sail to windward (the sight of a vessel is thus announced from the mast head, on board of French men of war.) V. Bâtiment and Vaisscan. Navire, s. f. Ex.

La navire Argo, the ship Argo.

*NAVRER, nå-vrå, v. a. to wound, grieve.

PANKER, ha-vra, v. a. to wound, grieve. Pen ai le cœur næré, I am very sorry for it.
NE, nê, adv. no. V. Pas, adv. Je n'en sais rien, I know nothing of it. Je ne l'aime ni ne le crains, I neither love nor fear him. Il dit plus qu'il ne fait, he talks more than he does.
NÉ, E, nã, adj. (from naître) born. Une âme bien née, a generous soul. Mort-né, still-

NÉANMOINS, na-èn-mwin, adv. neverthe-

less, and yet, for all that, however.

NEANT, na-en,s.m.nothing, nought, nothingness, little worth, insignificance or insignificaney, trifle, trifling thing, inconsiderable matter. Mettre an nount, to make void or of no effect,

NÉBULEU-X, SE, nã-bû-lêu, lèuz, adj.

cloudy, dark, gloomy, overcast.
NÉCESSAIRE, na-se-ser, adj. necessary, needful, requisite, indispensable, infallible, inevitable, unavoidable. Nécessaire, s. m. necessaries, competency; also box or case with the things necessary or convenient upon a journey. Faire le nécessaire, to be a busybody or an intermeddier.

NÉCESSAIREMENT, nã-sé-ser-mên, adv. necessarily, needs, of necessity, infallibly.

NÉCESSITANTE, no sé-sî-tent, adj. Ex. De nécessité nécessitante, of an absolute or indis-pensable necessity, by all means.

NKCESSITÉ, nã-số-sĩ-tâ, s. f. necessity, want, need, indigence, poverty, compulsion. Aller à ses nécessités, to go to do one's needs. Nécessités de la vie, necessaries of life. De nécessité, of necessity, needs, necessarily.

NÉCESSITER, na-sé-sí-ta, v. a. to necessi-

tate, force, compel.
NECESSITEU-X, SE, nå-sê-sî-teu, teuz, adj. needy, poor, in want, indigent.

NECROLOGE, nå-krô-loz, s. m. register of the dead.

NÉCROMANCE or NÉCROMANCIE, nå-kråmen-si, s. f. neeromancy.

NÉCROMANCIEN, NE, nå-krô-men-siên, sien, s. m. & f. necromancer, conjurer.

NEETAR, nek-tar, s. m. nectar. NEF, nef, s.f. (in poetry) a ship, sail; (d'une église) nave or body; (du roi) vase in the form of a ship (where the king's and queen's napkins are kept.)

NÉFASTE, adj. Ex. Jour néfaste, unlucky or inauspicious day.

NEFLE, nefl, s. f. medlar.

NÉFLIER, nå-fliå, s. m medlar-tree.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig; robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

NÉGATI-F, VE, na-gà-tif, tiv, adj. negative

La nogative, s. f. the negative.
NEGATION, na-ga-sion, s. f. negation. NEGATIVEMENT, nå-gå-tly-men, adv. ne-

gatively.

NEGLIGE, E, adj. (from Negliger) neglected, slighted, etc. also careless, in an undress, incorrect.

NÉGLIGÉ, nå-glî-zå, s. m. undress, careless

dress

NÉGLIGEMENT, s. m. the act of neglecting

intentionally.

NÉGLIGEMMENT; nå-gli-zå-men, adv. ne-

gligently, carelessly, supinely.

NEGLIGENCE, na-gli-zens, s. f. negligence, neglect, carelessness, heedlessness, supineness. Avoir des négligences dans son style, to be incorrect or careless in one's style.

NÉGLIGENT, E. nå-gll-zèn, zènt, adj. ne-gligent, neglectful, careless, supine. NÉGLIGER, nå-gll-zà, v. a. to neglect, not to take care of, let go, let slip. Négliger quelqu'un, to slight one. Se négliger, v. r. to neglect one's self, not to take care of one's self. Se négliger en, to grow slack or careless or negligent in.

NÉGOCE, na-gos, s. m. trade, trading, commerce, traffick, intrigue. Faire le négoce, to carry on trade, be a merchant. Faire un

grand négoce, to drive a great trade.

NÉGOCIABLE, nã-gô-slabl, adj. negotiable. NÉGOCIANT, na-go-sien, s. m. mérchant,

dealer by wholesale. NEGOCIATEUR, nã-gô-sĩà-teur, s.m. nego-

tiator. NÉGOCIATION, nã-gô-sià-sion, s. f. nego-

tiation. NEGOCIATRICE, s. f. negotiatrix.

NÉGOCIER, nã-gổ-sĩ-a, v. a. & n. to trade, deal, drive a trade; to negotiate, manage,

negotiate for. Nègre, negr, s. m. negro-man. Négrerie, ne-gre-ri, s. f. negro-yard; place where negroes are kept for sale.

NÉGRESSE, ne-gres, s. f. negro-woman. NÉGRIER, adj. m. Éx. Vaisseau négrier, a slave-ship.

NÉGRILLON, NE, na-gri-lon, lon, s. m. &

f. negro-boy, negro-girl. Neige, nez, s. f. snow; whiteness; sort of lace in fashion some years since. Il tombe de la neige, it snows.

Neiger, ne-2å, v. a. to snow.

Neigeu-x, se, nê-zeu, zeuz, adj. snowy, full of snow.

NÉMÉENS, adj. pl. Ex. Les jeux Néméens, the Nemean games. NÉNIES, nà-nl, s. f. pl. nenia (funeral songs

among the Romans.)

NENNI, no-ni, no, no forsooth, not at all. Nénuphar, na-na-far, s. m. nenuphar,

water lily, or water rose NÉOGRAPHÉ, s. m. who admits of a new

orthography. NÉOGRAPHISME, s. m. new orthography.

NÉOLOGIE, nã-ô-lô-zl, s. f. neology, art of making and introducing new words or of using old ones in a new sense.

NÉOLOGIQUE, nã-ô-lô-zík, adj. neologick, consisting of new coined words and phrases.

Néologisme, nã-ô-lô-zîsm, s., m. neologism, affected coining of words and phrases

NÉOLOGUE, nã-ô-lôg, s. m. neologist, one fond of introducing new words and expres-

NÉOMÉNIE, s. f. new moon, feast at new

moon

NÉOTÉRIQUE, adj. new, modern.

NÉOPHYTE, nã-ô-fit, s. m. & f. neophyte new convert.

NÉPHRÉTIQUE. nå-frå-tik, adj. nephritick NÉPOTISME, nå-på-tism, s. m. nepotism. NÉRÉIDES, na-ra-id, s. f. pl. Nereids, sea-

nymphs; sort of sea-worm.

NERF, nerf, s. m. nerve, sinew; sinews, strength; (of books) band. Nerfs, pl. is pronounced ner. Nerf ferure, s. f. upper attaint. NERPRUN, ner-prun, s. m. buckthorn.

NERVER, ner-va, v. a. to cover with sinews. NERVEU-x, se, něr-vèu, vèuz, adj. sinewy, nervous, strong, lusty, brawny.

NERVIN, E, adj. good for the nerves. NERVURE, ner-vur, s. f. raised parts of a moulding; bands (of a book;) fibre (in the

leaves of plants.)

NET, TE, net, adj. clean; pure, cleanly, neat; clear, innocent, blameless, unspotted; smooth, fair; easy, plain; downright; empty, clear. Sain et net, fresh and sound; sound. telle fit roui d'en avoir le cœur net, she vowed to ease herself of it. J'en ai le cœur net, I wash my hands of it, I am satisfied.

NET, s. m. Ex. Mettre au net, to write or

draw a fair copy of.

NET, adv. plainly, freely, openly, clean, everly. Cela s'est cassé tout net, it snapt cleverly. short.

NETTEMENT, net-men, adv.clearly, purely,

neatly, plainly, freely, fairly, frankly.

NETTETÉ, net-ta, s. f. cleanness, cleanliness, clearness, neatness, pureness, plainness. NETTOIEMENT, net-wa-men, s. m. clean-

ing, cleansing, clearing, scouring. NETTOYER, ne-twa-ya, v. a. to clean, make clean, cleanse, clear, scour, sweep away. Se nettoyer, Mar. Ex. L'horizon se nettoye, the horizon is getting fine.

NEUF, ve, neuf, neuv, adj. new; also raw, unexperienced, simple, silly. Refaire à neuf, to rebuild, build up anew or again. S'habiller de neuf, to put on new clothes. Tout battant neuf, brand new. Neuf, adj. (indeclinable) nine; the ninth; ninth. The F is pronounced when not followed by a nown or adj.; before a nown beginning with a vowel or silent H it sounds like V. Charles neuf, Charles the Ninth. Neuf hommes, nine men.

NEUF, neuf, s. m. nine. Neuf de chiffre, figure nine.

NEUTRALEMENT, neu-tral-men, adv. neutrally, in a neutral manner or sense.

NEUTRALISATION, s. f. neutralization.

Neutraliser, v. a. to neutralize. Neutralité, neu-trâ-lî-tâ, s. f. neutrality. NEUTRE, neutr, adj. neuter, neutral.

NEUVAINE, neu-ven, s. f. nine days devotion.

NEUVE, the fem. of Neuf.

Neuvième, nêu-vîèm. adj. a ninth. Neuvième, s. m. ninth day, ninth part. Neuvièmement, nêu-vîêm-mên, adv. NEUVIÈMEMENT, ninthly.

NEVEU, ne-veu, s. m. nephew. Petit nereu, grand nephew. Nos nereux, our offspring, after ages, posterity

NEVRITIQUE, adj. good for the nerves.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre . enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

NÉVROLOGIE, s. f. neurology.

NEZ, nã, s. m. nose; face; scent. Aroir toujours le nez sur quelque chose, to pore over a thing. Avoir bon nez, to have a good nose, be sagacious or cunning. Rire au nez, to laugh in (one's) face. Nez, s. m. Mar. head, beak, bow, fore part (of a ship.) Notre bâtiment est trop sur le nez, our ship is too much by the head. Nous virâmes le nez sur les brisans, we put about with the breakers close a-head of us.

NI, ni, conj. nor, neither. Il n'est ni bon ni maurais, he is neither good nor bad. Je ne l'ai jamais trouvé ni bon ni mauvais, I never found him either good or bad, I always found

him neither good nor bad.

MIABLE, nl-èd, adj. deniable.

NIABLE, nl-èd, èz, adj. & s. silly, dull, simple, innocent, foolish, silly man or woman, simpleton. Un funcon niais, a nias lawk.

NIAISEMENT, nl-èz-mên, adv. simply, sillily,

innocently.

NIAISER, nî-è-zã, v. n. to play the fool,

stand trifling or fooling.
NIAISERIE, ni-ez-rl, s. f. silly thing, trifle,

foolery, nonsense, silliness.
Nice, adj. foolish, silly (obsolete.)

Niche, nish, s. f. niche; spiteful trick. Niche, e. adi. placed, put. Nichee, ni-sha, s. f. whole nest, brood. Nicher, ni-sha, v. a. to place or put.

Nicher, v. n. or se nicher, v. r. to nestle, build or make one's nest.

NICHET, s. m. nest-egg.

NICHOIR, ni-shwar, s. m. a canary bird's breeding-cage.

NICOLATTES, s. m. pl. Nicolaitans,

NID, nî, s. m. nest. Il n'y a plus que le nid, the birds are flown. Nid à rats, a mean

NIDOREU-X, SE, adj. that smells rotten or burnt.

Nièce, nies, s. f. niece.

NIELLE, niel, s. f. mildew or blasting, gith, bishop's wort, St. Catherine's flower, cockle. NIELLER, nie-la, v. a. to blast.

NIER, nl-a, v. a. to deny, gainsay, dis-

own. NIGAUD, E, nî-gô, gôd, adj. & s. silly, simple, foolish; simple man or woman, simpleton, tool; sort of cormorant.

NIGAUDER, nl-go-da, v. n. to stand fooling

or trifling, play the fool. NIGAUDERIE, ni-god-ri, s. f. silliness, fool-

NIL, s. m. (fleure d' Egypte) Nile.

NILLE, nil, s. f. tendril, twining-sprig of a

NIMBE, ninb, s. f. glory or circle of light (around the head of saints, etc.)

NIPPER, nî-pà, v. a. to rig out, fit up. Se cipper, v. r. to rig one's self out.

NIPPES, nip, s. f. pl. clothes, dress, goods. NIQUE, nik, s. f. Ex. Faire la nique à, to laugh at by a slighting gesture, not to care

for, slight. NITOUCHE, nf-toosh, hypocrite. Ex. Faire la sainte nitouche, to look demure as if butter

would not melt in one's mouth. NITRE, nîtr, s. m. nitre.

NITREU-X, SE, nî-trèu, trèuz, adj. nitrous. NITRIÈRE, nI-trier, s. f. nitrous vein of earth

NIVEAU, ni-vo, s. m. level. De niveau arec, au nireau de, level with, even with, upon a level with.

NIVELER, niv-la, v. a. to level, take the level; also to trifle.

NIVELEUR, niv-leur, s. m. leveller, also trifling man, one that stands upon trifles.

NIVELLEMENT, nî-vêl-mên, s. m. level-

ling, surveying.

NIVET, s. m. a discount allowed one who purchases on commission.

NIVOSE, 4th month of the French calendar. Nobiliaire, no-bî-lî-èr, s. m. peerage, history of peerage.

Noble, nobl, adj. & s. noble, excellent, ustrious; nobleman. Une terre noble, a illustrious; nobleman. Une terre noble, a lordship. Les nobles, the nobility. Noble à la rose, s. m. noble (gold coin.)

NOBLEMENT, nobl-men, adv. nobly, gentleman-like, excellently.

NOBLESSE, no-bles, s. f. nobleness, nobility, gentility, excellence or excellency, loftiness; also noblesse or nobility and gentry.

Noce, nos, s. f. nuptials, marriage. Noce or Noces, wedding, marriage; the company

at a wedding.

Nochen, no-sha, s. m. pilot or steersman, boatswain of a man of war (in the dialect of Provence.) Caron, le pâle nocher, Charon, the grim ferry-man.

*Nocier, E, adj. nuptial, that presides at

a wedding.

NOCTAMBULE, nok-ten-bul, s. m. & f. one that walks in his sleep.

NOCTAMEULISME, s.m. the disease of those

who walk in their sleep. Noctiluque, nok-ti-luk, adj. & s. noctiluce, that shines or glows in the night. Les vers luisans sort des noctiluques, glow-worms are noctiluces.

Nocturlabe, s. m. a nocturnal. Nocturne,nok-türn,adj.nocturnal, nightly. NOCTURNE, s. m. nocturnal part of the church-service among the papists.

Nonus, no-dus, s. in. node (swelling.) Noel, no-el, s. m. Christmas; carol or

Christmas-song.

NŒUD, neu, s. m. knot, knob, knuckle, joint, tie, band, stress, difficulty, main or chief point. Næuds (d'une planète) nodes. Næud, s. m. Mar. knot, bend, hitch, marine mile or knot. Novud marin, reef knot. Novud plut or de garcette, carrick bend. Næud d'an-guille, timber hitch. Næud de bois, jamming hitch or knot. Næud d'agui à élingue, standing bowline knot. Næud de bouline, hitch or knot. Næud standing bowline knot. bowline bend or knot. Nœud de haubans, Nœud d'écoute, sheet knot. shroud knot. Nœud de vache, granny's knot. Nœud de diamant, diamond knot. Nœud de rose, rose knot. Nœud à plein poing, overhand knot. Nœud dans un mâtereau, etc. knot in a spar, etc. Nœud de la grande ligne de sonde, knot of the deep sea-line. Nœud de la ligne de loch, knot of a log-line or marine milc.

Nous filons neuf nœuds, we are going nine knots. La grande voile nous donne deux nœuds de pius, we sail two knots faster with the main sail set.

Noir, nwar, adj. black, blackish, brown, dark, darkish, gloomy, sad, dismal, sullen, melancholy, black and blue, foul nasty, filthy,

wicked, base,

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Noir, s. m. black, negro. Noir à noireir, blacking-ball.

NOIRATRE, nwå-ratr, adj. blackish, some-

what black. NOIRAUD, E, nwa-ro, rod, adj. & s. m. &

f. black, black man or woman. Noirceur, nwår-seur, s. f. blackness, black

spot, heinousness, atrocity.

Noireir, nwar-sir, v.a. to black, blacken, make black, disgrace, defame, asperse. Noircir, v. n. & Se noircir, v. r. to blacken, grow black.

Noireissure, nwar-si-sur, s. f. blacken-

ing, black spot.
Noire, nwar, the fem. of Noire. Noire, s. f. crotchet, black note (in musick.

Noise, nwaz, s. f. strife, squabble, quarrel, dispute.
NOISETIER, s. m. small nut-tree, hazel-tree,

filbert-tree. Noisette, nwå-zêt, s. f. small nut, hazel-

nut, filbert. Noix, nwa, s. f. nut, walnut; (du genou)

knec-pan. NOLI ME TANGERE, (latin) s. m. (touch

me not) sort of plant; bad uleer.
*Nolis, no-ll, s. m. freight or hire (of a

vessel, in the dialect of Provence.) *Noliser, no-li-za, v. a. to freight. *Nolissement, s. m. act of freighting.

Nom, non, s. m. name, quality, title, reputation, renown, character; (in grammar) noun. Nom de guerre, supposititious name, travelling name, niekname.

Nomade, no-mad, adj. & s. wandering,

errant, without a fixed habitation.

NOMANCE OF NOMANCIE, s. f. divination by the letters that go into one's Christian name.

NONBLES, s. m. pl. numbles (of deer.)

Nombre, nonbr, s. m. number; a great umber, a world, a multitude; harmony. number, a world, a multitude; harr Nombre d'or, golden number. Non (tivre de Morse) book of Numbers. Nombres, nombre de, au nombre de, of or in the number of, among. Nombrer, non-brå, v. a. to number, sum

up, tell, count, computé. Nombreu-x, se, non-bréu, bréuz, adj. numerous, great, manifold; harmonious

NOMERIL, non-bri, s. m. naval. Nombril de l'écu, nombril of the escutebeon.

Nomenclateur, no-men-kla-teur, s. m.

nomenclator, remembrancer. Nomenclature, no-men-klå-tur, s. f. no-

menclature, vocabulary, word-book.

NOMINATAIRE, no-mi-na-ter, s. m. the

king's presentee.

Nominateur, no-mi-na-teur, s. m. patron, that has the right of presenting to a benefice. NOMINATIF, no-mi-na-tif, s. m. nominative,

nominative case.

NOMINATION, no-mi-na-sion, s. f. nomination, naming, appointing, right of naming,

Nommé, adj. à point nommé, adv. in the

nick of time.

Nommément, no-ma-men, adv. namely, particularly, specially, expressly.

NOMMER, no-ma, v. a. to name, give a name to. nominate, appoint, eall. Senosumer, v. r. to be called, go by the nar e of

N. y, non, adv. no, not, lay.

Non, s. m. Ex. Ils se sont querelles pour uis

non, they quarrelled for a no. Nonagenaire, no-na-za-ner, adj. fourscore and ten years of age.

*Nonante, no-nent, adj. ninety.

*Nonantième, adj. ninetieth.

Nonce, nons, s. m. nuncio.

Nonchalamment, non-sha-la-men, adv. earclessly, supinely, negligently.

Nonchalance, non-sha-lens, s. f. carelessness, supineness, negligence.

Nonchalant, E, non-sha-len, lent, adj. & s. careless, supine, negligent, idle; careless, idle man or woman.

Nonciature, non-sià-tur, s.f. nunciature. NONCONFORMISTE, non-kon-för-mist, s. m. & f. non-conformist, dissenter.

NONE, nön, s. f. None, one of the popish

eanonical hours.

Nones, non, s. f. pl. the nones of every month (among the Romans.)

NONNAIN or NONNE, no-nin, non, s. f. nun. Nonnette, no-net, s.f. young nun.

Nonobstant, no-nobs-ten, prep. notwithstanding. Nonobstant que, for all that.

Non-PAIR, non-pèr, adj. odd, not even. Nonpareil, le, non-pa-rêl, adj. mateh-

less, incomparable, unparalleled.

NONPAREILLE, s. f. crimp riband; kind of small sugar plum; nonpareil (small size of

NONUPLE, adj. that contains nine times. NONUPLER, v. a. to repeat nine times.

Non-valer, non-û-zâz, s. m. disuse.
Non-valeur, non-vâ-lêur, s. f. waste, deficiency (said of the produce of land.)
Non-vue, s. f. Mar. thick fog.
Nord, nôr, s. m. north. Nord-est, s. m. north-east.
Nord-ouest, s. m. north-west. Du nord, northern, northerly. Vent du nord, northerly wind. Vent de nord-est, north-eastern. Vent de nord-ouest, north-western. Le plus an nord, northernmost. An nord, vers le nord, northward. Nord-est 3 degrés est, northeast 1-4 east. Entre le nord-ouest et le nord-ouest quart de nord, north-west 1-4 north.

Nordester, nor-des-ta, v. n. to vary towards the east (speaking of the magnetick neeille.)

NORDOUESTER, v. n. to decline towards the west (speaking of the magnetick needle.)

NORMAL, E, adj. (in geom.) perpendicular. Ecoles normales, schools where the art of teaching is acquired.

NORMAND, E, nor-men, mend, adj. Norman, of Normandy

Norvège, nor-vêz, s. f. Norway.

Norvegien, NE, adj. Norwegian, of Norway. Nos, no, the pl. of notre, our. Nota, no-ta, note, mark.

NOTA, s. m. note.

NOTABLE, no-table, adj. notable, remarkable, eminent, considerable, excellent, singular.

NOTABLES, s. m. pl. chief men, notables. NOTABLEMENT, no-tabl-men, adv. nota-

bly, considerably, very much.
Notaire, no-ter, s. m. notary, scrivener.

NOTAMMENT, no-ta-men, adv. especially, particularly.

NOTARIAT, no-ta-ria, s. m. notary's place or office; time during which one has been notary.

buse, but : jeune, meute, oeurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Note, not, s. f. note, mark, remark, anno- || new. tation.

tion. Notes, notes, short-hand. Noter, no-ta, v. a. to note, take notice of, observe, mark; to prick (an air in musick.)

Noteur, s. m. copier of musick. Notice, notis, s. f. Ex. La notice de l'empire, an account of the present state of the

empire. NOTIFICATION, no-ti-fi-ka-sion, s. f. notifi-

cation. Notifier, no-ti-fia, v. a. to notify, signi-

fy, make known, give notice of.
Notion, no-sion, s. f. notion, idea, know-

ledge, conception. NOTOIRE, no-twar, adj. notorious, evident.

plain, manifest. NOTOIREMENT, no-twar-men, adv. notori-

ously, openly, manifestly. Noтовієтє, no-to-ri-a-ta, s. f. notorious-

ness; evidence, affidavit.

When joined to a NOTRE, notr, adj. our. noun it always precedes it, when alone it takes the article and circumflex accent. Notre père, noire mère. Le nôtre, la nôtre, les nôtres, ours, our own. Du nôtre, de la nôtre, des nôtres, of ours, of our own. Au nôtre, aux nôtres, to ours, to our own. Les nôtres, our people. Des nôtres, of us, of our compa-

Nour, noo, s. f. pantile; rich field. Noué, E, adj. tied, knotted. Etre noué, to be tied; also to be rickety or have the rickets.

*Nouement, noo-men, s. m. tying.

Nouer, noo-a, v. a. to tie, knit. Nouer, v. n. or Se nouer, v. r. (en parlant des boutons des arbres) to set or to knit; (parlant de la goutte) to knot or grow knotted; (parlant des enfans) to grow rickety.
NOUET, noo-è, s. m. rag in which some

drug is tied to make an infusion.

Noueu-x, se, noo-eu, euz, adj. knotty.

Nougat, s. m. sort of cake.

Nourrain, noo-rin, s. m. young fry. Nourra, E, adj. nourished, kept, etc. V. Nourrir.

Nourri, s. m. Ex. Faire un petit nourri dans une maison de campagne, to keep poultry, hogs, and cows, in a country house. NOURRICE, noo-ris, s. f. nurse.

NOURRICIER, noo-ri-sia, adj. mutritive. Un nourricier or un père nourricier, a foster-fa-

ther, a nurse's husband.

Nourrir, noo-rir, v. a. to nourish, feed, keep, maintain, nurse up, bring up, nurture, educate, instruct, find victuals for, entertain : nurse or suckle (a child.) Se nourrir de, v. r. to live or feed upon.

Nourrissace, s. f. feeding or raising (of cattle.)

Nourrissant, E, noo-ri-sen, sent, adj. nourishing, nutritive.

Nourrisson, noo-ri-son, s. m. nurse-child, toster-child, pupil, scholar. Les nourrissons des muses or du Parnasse, Apollo's sons, poets, bards.

Nourriture, noo-ri-tur, s. f. nourishment, food, sustenance, nurture, education.

Nous, noo, pron. we, us, to us : pl. of Je or Moi.

Nouveau, m. before a consonant, nouvel, ze. before a vowe or h mute, nouvelle, f. and for the plural no weaux, m. nouvelles, f. adj.

De nouveau, again, over again, newly, lately

Nouveau, noo-yo, adv. newly, new.

Nouveauté, noo-vo-ta, s. f. newness, no-

velty, new thing, innovation, change.
Nouvel or Nouvelle, noo-vel, adj. V.

Nouveau.

NOUVELLE, s.f. news, tidings, intelligence, account; a novel. Munder or donner de ses nouvelles à une personne, to let a person hear Vous aurez de mes nouvelles, you from one. shall hear from me. Dire des nouvelles de l'école, to tell tales out of school.

Nouvellement, noo-vel-men, adv. new-

Nouvelliste, nôo-vê-lîst, e. m. news-monger, intelligencer, news-writer. Novale, nô-vâl, s. f. new ploughed land. Novateur, nô-vâ-têur, s. m. novator, in-

novator. NOVATION, s. f. novation.

Novelles, no-vel, s. f. pl. novels of the civil law (of Justinian.)

Novembere, no-venbr, s. m. November. Novice, no-vis, adj. & s. raw, unexperienced, unskilled; novice, new beginner,

probationer, new monk or nun; also young sailor, younker, green-hand.

Noviciat, no-vi-sia, s. m. noviciate.

Novissimé, nô-vî-sî-mâ, adv. lately, just now.

NOYALE, nwå-yål, s. f. hemp-cloth to make sails.

Novau, nwa-yo, s. m. stone of a fruit; kernel in the stone; mould within a piece of ordnance when it is east; newel (of a wind-

Noyer, nwa-ya, v. n. to drown, put under water; (lu boule de son adversaire) to throw out of the green or into the ditch. Se noyer, v. r. to be drowned, be drowning, drown one's self. Noyer, Mar. Noyer la terre, to lay or settle the land. Nover un bâtiment, to drop a vessel, lose sight of a vessel by degrees, run a ship entirely out of sight. Votre bâtiment a ses préceintes noyées, your ship is very much down in the water. Le raisseau a sa batterie noyée, this ship carries her guns very low. En visitant nos poudres, nous les trouvûmes toutes nouées, on examining our powder, we found it all wet. Nous eumes trois gabiers de noyés par la clinte de notre petit mât de hune, we had three top-men drowned by our fore

top mast going over the side.
NOYER, s. m. walnut-tree, walnut-wood. Novon, nwa-yon. s. m. ditch of a bowling-

green.

Nu, s. m. naked part. A nu, naked, bare, plainly, freely, openly, ingenuously. Monter à cheval à nu, to ride a horse bare backed.

NUAGE, nu-az, s. m. cloud, mist; crowd, multitude; doubt, obscurity, darkness. Les muages chassent du sud-ouest, Mar. the clouds come from the south-west

NUAGEU-X, SE, adj. cloudy. NUAISON, nû-ê-zon, s. m. Mar. wind set in, steady wind. Un nucison de nord-est nous fit lientôt gagner les vents alisés, a steady north-easter soon ran us into the tradewinds.

NUANCE, nd-Ans, s. f. gentle gradation (of colour,) shadowing with light colours upon dark of the same kind or with dark colours

bar, but, base : thère, ebb, over : flela, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

upon lighter of the same kind, shade of differ-Nuances de langage, neat variety of expressions.

NUANCER, nd-en-så, v. a. to mix with different colours

NUBILE, nå bil, adj. marriageable.

NUBILITÉ, s. f. quality of being marriageable.

Nud, V. Nu. Nudité, nã-di-ta, s. f. nakedness; nudity. NUE, E, nů, nů, adj. naked; bare, uncovered; plain; plain, open, without disguise; épée nue, drawn sword. Nue, nu, s.f. cloud. V. Nu.

Nuée, na-å, s. f. cloud; crowd (of people;) flock or flight (of birds.)

NUEMENT, nú-men, adv. nakedly, plainly, freely, ingenuously.

NUER, nu-å, v. a. to shade with colours.

Nuire, nulr, v. n. (See the table at wire) to hurt, prejudice, do hurt or harm or mis-

*Nuisance, nůi-zens, s. f. nuisance, au-

noyance, damage.

NUISIBLE, nul-zibl, adj. harmful, hurtful, prejudicial, obnoxious, noisome, offensive,

mischievous, dangerous.

Nutr, nůl, s. f. night, darknoss. A nuit fermée, à nuit close, when quite dark. De nuit, in the night. Se mettre à la nuit, to be

benighted. NUITAMMENT, noil-tà-mên, adv. by night,

in the night.

Nuite, nůi-tå, s. f. night's lodging ; night's work.

NUL, LE, nul, adj. void, that does not stand good in law, of no force; no, not one, not any, (if the sentence he already negative) any.

NULLE, s. f. dish made of yolks of eggs and sugar; null, cipher, standing for nothing.

NULLEMENT, indl-men, adv. no, by no means, in no wise, not at all.

NULLITÉ, nullity, invalidity, error.

Numéraire, nû-må-rer, adj. numerary. Numéral, E, nû-mâ-râl, adj. numeral. NUMÉRATEUR, no-ma-ra-teur, s. m. nu-

Numération, nu-ma-ra-sion, s. f. nume-

ration, payment of money.

NUMÉRIQUE, nů-mà-rík, adj. numerical. NUMÉRIQUEMENT, adv. numerically.

Numéro, nú-mã-ro, s. m. number. Ex. Voyez le numéro cinq, see number five. Numéroter, nú-må-rô-tå, v. a. to num-

ber, mark with a number. Numismatique, nå-mås-må-tik, adj. numismatick.

NUMISMATOGRAPHIE, s. f. numismatogra-

phy, description of ancient medals. NUMMULAIRE, num-mu-ler, s. f. money-

wort, called also monoyère. NUNCUPATI-F, VE, nun-ků-på-tíf, tlv, adj.

nuncupative, verbal or nominal.

NUNDINALES, adj. f. pl. Lettres nundinales, nundinal or nundinary letters (indicating the

market-days among the Romans.) NUPTIAL, E, nup-sial, adj. nuptial, bridal, belonging to a wedding.

NUQUE, nuk, s. f. nape (of the neck.)

NUTATION, s. f. balancing (in astronomy;) turning (of plants) towards the sun.

NUTRIE -F, v E, nu-tri-tif, the, adj. nutritive. I little value, coin.

NUTRITION, nu-tri-sion, s. f. nutrition.

NUTRIUM, s. m. sort of ointment.

NYCTALOPE, s. m. nyctalops, one who sees best in the night.

NYMPHE, ninf, s. f. nymph, lady, beauty, goddess; chrysalis; nymphæ.

O, o, s. m. 15th letter of the French alphabet, also cipher standing for nothing. Les O de Noel, Christmas anthems.

O! int. oh! O çà; now. OBÉDIENCE, ô-bà-dîèns, s. f. obedience. OBÉDIENCIEL, LE, ô-bà-dièn-sièl, adjobediential.

OBÉDIENCIER, č-bå-dl-èn-slå, s. m. obcdientiary, priest who is to obey his superiour. OBÉIR, ô-bà-îr, v. n. to obey, be obedient

or dutiful, yield, submit, bend, be pliant, yield. Se faire obeir, to make one's self be obeyed. OBÉISSANCE, ô-ba-i-sens, s. f. obedience. dutifulness, subjection, submission. Se ran-

ger sous l'obéissance de, to submit to. Les lerres de son obéissance, his dominions.
OBÉISSANT, E, Ö-bà-l-sen, sent, adj. obe-

dient, obsequious, dutiful, subject, pliant.
OBÉLISQUE, d-bå-lisk, s. m. obelisk.
OBÉRÉ, E, adj. greatly indebted, in debt

over head and ears.

OBÉRER, ô-bå-rå, v. a. to run in debt. Soberer, v. r. to run one's self in debt.
Soberer, v. r. to run one's self in debt.
Obesité, ô-bâ-zî-tâ, s. f. obesity.
Obitr, ô-bî, s. m. obit, dirge.
Obituaire, ô-bî-tâ-er, s. m. book of busitely bestern.

rials, register book of the dead.

OBJECTER, Ob-zek-tå, v. n. to object, make an objection, oppose, reproach, cast in the teeth of.

Objective, ideal; object-glass.
Objection, objection, s. f. objection,

difficulty.

OBJET, ob-ze, s. m. object, subject, matter, aim, end, prospect, view, consideration, motive. Un objet de risée, a laughing stock-OBJURGATION, s. f. violent reproach, ob-

jurgation, reprimand.
Onlat, ô-bla, s. m. oblat, disabled soldier

maintained as a monk in an abbey.

OBLIGATION, ô-blà-sion, s. f. oblation, offering. OBLIGATION, ô-bli-gà-sion, s. f. obligation, tie, engagement, bond, duty.

OBLIGATOIRE, ô-bli-ga-twar, adj. obligatory, binding.

Овы GEAMMENT. d-bli-za-men, adv. ob-

ligingly, courteously, kindly, officiously, friendly.

OBLIGEANCE, s. f. inclination to oblige.

OBLIGEANT, E, ô-bll-zên, zênt, adj. obliging, courteous, kind, officious, friendly.

OBLIGER, ô-bll-zê, v. a. to oblige, force, compel, bind, lay an obligation upon, do a kindness or good turn to.

OBLIQUE, ô-blik, adj. oblique, slope, awry, across; ill, wicked, fraudulent, indirect.

OBLIQUENENT, â-blik, mêz, ady. obligue.

OBLIQUEMENT, ô-blik-mên, adv. obliquely, awry, sloping; fraudulently; indirectly.
Obliquité, ô-bli-ki-tà, s. f. obliquity.
Oblitérer, v. a. to obliterate, efface.

OBLONG, UE, ôb-lon, long, adj. oblong. OBOLE, ô-bôl, s. f. obole, a copper coin of

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

OBREPTICE, op-rep-tis, adj. subreptitious. OBREPTICEMENT, adv. in a subreptitious manner

OBREPTION, op-rep-slon, s. f. obreption; omission or concealment of part of the truth.

OBSCENE, Ob-sen, adj. obscene, filthy,

bawdy, smutty.

OBSCÉNITÉ, Öb-så-nî-tå, s. f. obscenity, filthiness, smuttiness, bawdry.

OBSCUR, E, Obs-kor, kur, adj. dark, full of darkness, gloomy; dark and deep; diffi-

cult, obscure; private, retired.

Obscureir, obs-kur-sir, v. a. to darken, bedim, obscure, cloud, eclipse, drown; (la vue) to dim. S'obscurcir, v. r. to darken, grow dark or gloomy or overcast, be obscured, or eclipsed, grow clouded.
OBSCURCISSEMENT, ôbs-kûr-sîs-mên, s. m.

an obscuring or darkening or dimming

OBSCURÉMENT, adv. obscurely, in the dark. OBSCURITÉ, Öbs-kû-rî-là, s. f. obscurity, darkness, gloominess; (de vue) dimness.
OBSÉCRATION, Öb-så-krå-sion, s. f. obse-

Obséder, ôb-så-då, v. a. to beset.

OBSEQUES, ôb-sek, s. f. pl. obsequies, funeral, funeral rites.

OBSÉQUIEU-X, SE, adj. obsequious.

OBSERVABLE, adj. observable. OBSERVANCE, ob-ser-vens, s. f. obser-vance or rule (in a monastery;) ceremony,

OBSERVANTIN, s. m. observant or obser-

vantin (sort of monk.) OBSERVAT-EUR, RICE, ob-ser-tris, s. m. & f. observer, observator. RICE, ob-ser-va-teur,

OBSERVATION, ôb-sêr-va-slon, s. f. observance, keeping, remark, observation. en observation devant un port, Mar. to be off a port, watching the enemy's motions within. Faire des observations de distance. Mar. to take lunar observations.

OBSERVATOIRE, ôb-sêr-vâ-twar, s. m. ob-

servatory.

OBSERVER, ôb-sêr-vå, v. a. to observe, keep, follow, consider, study, contemplate. watch, spy, eye, have a strict eye over. Qui observe les signaux que fait le général? Mar. who is looking out for the admiral's signals? Nous ne pouvons, depuis quinze jours, observer la latitude, Mar. we have not been able to get an observation this fortnight. S'observer, v.r. to look to one's self, be weary or cautious or circumspect. V. Réfléchi.

Obsession, ob-se-sion, s.f. obsession; pos-

session (by an evil spirit.) .
OBSIDIONALE, obsidied of the constant of the co dional.

OBSTACLE, obs-takl, s. m. obstacle, hin-

derance, let, rub, impediment, bar. OBSTINATION, obs-ti-na-sion, s. f. obstina-

cy, wilfulness, stubbornness.
OBSTINE, E, Öbs-tl-nå, adj. & s. obstinate, wilful, stiff necked, stubborn, self-willed, wilfully resolved, stiff, firm (in a design,) obstifully resolved, stiff, firm (in a design,) obstinate or stubborn person.

OBSTINÉMENT, ôbs-ti-nà-mên, adv. obsti-

nately, wilfully, stubbornly, stiffly.

OBSTINER. Obs-11-na, v. a. to make obstinate or stubborn, maintain stiffly, stand out. N'obstiner, v. r. 'o be obstinate or stubborn, be obstinately reso red, insist upon. S'obstiner contre quelqu'un to be stiffly bent against one.

OBSTRUCTI-F, VE, obs-truk-tif, tlv, adj. obstructive, stopping, that makes a stoppage

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OBSTRUCTION, Obs-truk-sion, s. f. obstruc tion, stoppage.

OBSTRUER, v. a. to obstruct.

*OBTEMPÉRER, ôb-tên-på-rå, v. n. to ob temperate, obey.

Obtenir, ôb-tê-nîr, v. n. (like tenir) to

obtain, get, gain, or have.

OBTENTION, Ob-ten-slon, s. f. obtaining.

OBTENU, E. adj. obtained, got, had. OBTUS, E. őb-tű, túz, adj. obtuse. OBTUSANGLE, adj. obtusangular.

OBUS or OBUSIER, ô-bû-zî-â, s. m. howit-

OBVENTION, s.f. obvention; ecclesiastical

OBVIER, ôb-vî-å, (à,) v. a. to obviate, pre-

vent, hinder. Occase, s. m. westerly (said only of ampli-

tude, in astronomy.)
Occasion, ô-kâ-zîon, s. f. occasion; opportunity; cause, pretence, reason, matter, nancie to do a thing, action or fight. A l'oc-casion de, on account of, in the behalf of. Prendre l'occasion, to take or improve the opportunity. Par occasion, occasionally.
Occasionnel, LE, o-ka-zio-nel, adj. oc-

casional.

Occasionnellement, &-kå-zlo-nel-men, adv. occasionally.

Occasionner, ô-kâ-zỉô-nã, v. a. to occasion, cause.

OCCIDENT, ôk-sî-dên, s. m. west; setting. D'occident or à l'occident, western, westerly,

OCCIDENTAL, E, ok-sî-den-tâl, adj. west. westerly, western, occidental

Occipital, E., ôlt-si-pi-tal, adj. occipital. Occiput, ôk-si-pūt, s. m. occiput. *Occire, ôk-sir, v. a. (occisant, occis,) to

slay or kill.

*Occis, E, adj. slain, killed.

*Occision, s. f. slanghter, murder.

Occultation, ô-kûl-tâ-sîon, s. f. occultation.

Occulte, o-kalt, adj. occult, secret, hidden. OCCUPANT, E, &-ku-pen, pent, s. seizer, possessor, occupier

Occupation, 8-ku-pa-slon, s. f. occupation, employment, business.

Occupé, E, adj. busy, taken up, employed; taken up, possessed, etc.
Occuper, ô-kû-pa, v. a. to busy or em-

ploy,occupy, possess, be seized or possessed of, take up, hold. Occuper, v.n. to plead.

cuper, v.r. to be busy, employed or taken up. Occurrence, o-kh-rens, s. f. occurrence,

occasion, emergency, accident. Occurrent, E, ô-kû-ren, rent, adj. occurring, accidental, emergent.

Océan, ô-sa-en, s. m. ocean. Les ports de l'Océan, the sea-port towns (in France) situated on the Ocean (in opposition to those of the Mediterranean.)

OCÉANE, ô-så-an, adj. Ex. La mer océane,

the Ocean

Ocre, okr, s. f. ochre. Остаерке, ok-tå-edr, s. f. octoedrical. OCTAÉTÉRIDE, s. f. eight years (in astronomy.)

OCTANT, ok-ten, s. m. Mar. quadrant. *OCTANTE, ok-tent, adj. fourscore, eightybar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

*OCTANTIÈME, ok-ten-tiem, adj. eightieth. ||

OCTAVE, ôk-tav, s. f. octave. OCTAVO, ôk-ta-vo, s. m. octavo.

Остіг, adj. octile. Остовке, ôk-tôbr, s. m. October. Остобематке, ôk-tô-zā-ner, adj. & s.

fourscore years old. Остобоме, ôk-tô-gôn, adj. octangular,

octagonal.

OCTOGONE, s. m. octagon.

OCTROI, ok-trwa, s. m. grant. Derniers d'octroi, toll or tax levied to pay city expen-

OCTROYER, ôk-trwå-yå, v. a. to grant.

OCTUPLE, adj. eightfold.

OCTUPLER, v. a. to repeat eight times. OCULAIRE, adj. ocular. Témoin oculaire, ocular or eye witness

OCULAIRE, ô-kû-ler, s. m. or verre oculaire,

eye glass of a telescope.

Oculairement, &-kå-ler-men, adv. visi-

bly. sensibly, plainly.
OCULISTE, ô-kû-lîst, s. m. oculist.
OCULUS-CHRISTI, s. m. (sort of flower.)

ODE, ôd, s. f. ode.
ODEUR, ô-dêur, s. f. odour, smell, scent,
flavour; reputation, name, fame.
ODIEUSEMENT, ô-df-éuz-mên, adv. odious-

ly, in an odious manner; maliciously. ODIEU-X, SE, &-di-eu, euz, adj. odious,

hateful, heinous. ODOMÈTRE, s. m. odometer, instrument for measuring the distance travelled.

ODONTALGIE, s. f. tooth-ache. ODONTALGIQUE, adj. good for the toothache.

ODONTOIDE, adj. that is formed like a tooth. ODORANT, &-do-ren. V. Odoriferant.

ODORAT, ô-dô-ra, s. m. smelling, the smell, one of the natural senses.

ODORIFÉRANT, E, Ö-dő-ri-få-ren, rent, adj. sweet, sweet-smelling, that smells sweet,

fragrant, odoriferous, odorous.

ŒCONOME, etc. V. Econome, etc.

ŒCUMÉNICITÉ, s. f. quality of being œcumenical.

Œcuménique, adj. œcumenical.

Œcuméniquement, adv. in an œcumenicai manner.

ŒDÉMATEU-X, SE, adj. œdematous.

EDEME, s. m. cedema.

EII., ĉul, s. m. cyc; (of plants) bud; (of cloths) gloss, lustre; (of pearls) water; (de la rolnte) eyc; (du mors) eye. Eil de bouf, (in architecture) oval; (en termes de marine,) ox-eye. A vne d'œil, by the sight, by looking upon; also visibly, plainly. Avoir bon pied, bon œil, to be brisk, and vigorous; also to have a watchful eye. V. Yeux, the plural.

Ceillade, cu-dad, s. m. look, cast or glance of the eye; ogle; sheep's eye.

ŒILLADER, v. a. to cast a sheep's eye on,

ŒILLÈRE, eu-ler, adj. f. Ex. Les dents

œillères, the eye-teeth.

EILLERE, S. f. eye-flap (of a horse.)
EILLET, &u-le, s. m. pink, eylet-hole.
Eillet d'Inde, African. Eillet de poète, sweet-william.

Œillet, s. m. Mar. eye (spliced on the head of any rope.) Eillet de fer, eye of an iron bolt. Eillet de l'ancre, eye of the anchor. Eillet d'estrop de poulie, eye of a block strop. Œillet d'étai, eye of a stay. Œillets de roile, eyelet holes. Œillets des ris, eyelet holes of the reef bands. Œillets de tournevire, eyes, of the messenger.

CLILLETERIE, s. f. spot planted with

pinks or carnations.

ŒILLETON, êul-ton, s. m. young sucker of a pink or artichoke.

Enas, s. m. wild pigcon; kind of insect. Esophage, a-zô-faz. V. Esophage. Eur, euf, s. m. egg. Eufs de poissons. spawn of fishes. Pl. pron. eu.

Œuvé, E, êu-va, adj. having roe. ŒUVRE, euvr, s. f. work, workmanship, deed, action; bezel or collet; church war den's pew, church reparations or fabrick lands. Œuvre pie, charitable deed, charitable uses. L'œuvre de chair, carnal copulation. Œuvres, (ourrages d'esprit) works, composures. Œurres mélées, miscellanies. des œuvres, overseer. Maître des Maître des œuvres, overseer. des Maître des œuvres, hangman, executioner. basses œurres, nightman; also cleanser of wells. Dans œucre, (in architecture) without the clear. Hors d'œuvre, m. means also, outwork, digression, out of its place; and by dish, ickshaw. Se jeter hors d'œuvre, to jet out. Reprendre un mur sous œuvre, to underpin a wall. Œuvres mortes, Mar. upper works or dead works of a ship (all that part which is above water.) Œuvres vives, Mar. quickworks or lower works (all that part which is under water.) Œuvres de marée, graving, calking or repairing of a ship's bottom (when left dry aground during the recess of the tide) called also tide-work. V. Œuvre, m.

Œuvre, s. m. (parlant des ouvrages des musiciens or des graveurs) work. musiciens or des graveurs) work. Le grand œuvre, the philosopher's stone; (dans le style soutenu) ce grand œuvre, that great or admira-ble work. Un si grand œuvre, so stupendous a work. Hors d'œuvre, see under Œnvre, f.

OFFENSANT, E, &-fen-sen, sent, adj. offen-

OFFENSE, S. m. injured party.

OFFENSE, S. m. injured party.

Offenser, ô-fen-så, v. a. to offend, sin against, wrong, injure, abuse, hurt, wound. S'offenser de, v. r. to be offended or angry at. OFFENSEUR, ô-fen-sêur, s. m. injurer, offender.

Offensi-F, ve, o-fen-sif, siv, adj. offen-

OFFENSIVEMENT, 8-fen-slv-men, adv. offensively.

OFFERT, E, adj. offered, etc. V. Offrir.
OFFERTE, ô-fert, s. f. offering.
OFFERTOIRE, ô-fer-twar, s. m. offertory.
OFFICE, ô-fis, s. m. office; duty, part, busincss, devoir; pleasure, turn or good turn, service, benefit, kindness, courtesy; place, employment; divine service. Le saint office, the inquisition. Faire une chose d'office, to do a thing of one's own accord. Office, s. f. office, buttery, pantry.

Official, o-fi-sial, s. m. official (judge

of a bishop's court.)
OFFICIALITÉ, 8-f1-s1-å-l1-tå, s. f. officialty.
OFFICIANT, 8-f1-sièn, adj. or s. m. officiating priest.

OFFICIEL, LE, adj. official. OFFICIELLEMENT, adv. officially. buse, but: jeune, meute, beurre: enfant, cent, lien: vin: mon: brun.

OFFICIER, ô-fi-sià, s. m. officer; (de mai-son) buller. Officier, Mar. Officer: Officier charge du détail, first lieutenant (of a man of war.) Officier de garde, officer of the deck (in harbour.) Officier de quart, officer of the watch (at sea.) Officier de manœuvre, officer (selected from among the lieutenants of a French man of war) to assist the captain on the quarter-deck in time of action. de ronde, officer that rows guard (in a port or Officiers de port, officers (in a elsewhere.) dock yard) appointed to see that the ship be properly moored, masted, rigged, ballasted, etc. V. Rendre. Officiers majors, principal officers (of a fleet or of each particular ship.) Officiers de santé, officers who superintend the affairs relating to quarantine in a

Officier, v. n. to officiate, read the di-

vine service.

Officieusement, ô-fî-sieuz-mên, adv. officiously, friendly, courteously, obliging-

ly.
Officieu-x, se, ô-fî-sîeu, sîeuz, adj. officious, kind, friendly, serviceable, courteous. Offrande, ô-frend, s. f. offering, oblation.

OFFRANT, adj. bidder. Au plus offrant, to the highest bidder.

OFFRE, ôfr, s. f. offer, proffer, tender. OFFRIR, ô-frîr, v. a. to offer, tender, prof-fer, bid, expose to view, put or present before

ne. S'offrir, v. r. to present one's self, etc. Offus Quer, o-fus-ka, v. a. to dim, dark-

en or cloud, dazzle, eclipse; affront, displease.
OGIVE, ô-zlv, s. f. ogee (in architecture.)
OGNON, ô-gnon, s. m. onion, bulbous root.

OGNONIÈRE, s. f. spot planted with onions. OGRE, s. m. ogre (an imaginary monster.) Ex. Il mange comme un ogre, he eats immoderately.

Oн, o, interj. ho! oh!

OIE, wa, s. f. goose. Petite oie, giblets, goose giblets; trimmings (as stockings, hat, gloves, to complete a suit of clothes;) also the small favours which a lover receives from his mistress.

*OIGNEMENT, s. m. anointing. OILLE, ol, s. f. oglio.

OINDRE, windr, v. a. (see the table at oindre) to anoint or grease. OING, win, s. m. Ex. Vieux oing, hog's

grease.

OINT, E, win, wint, adj. anointed. OINT, S. m. Ex. L'oint du Seigneur, the Lord's anointed.

OISEAU, wh-zo, s. m. bird, fowl; hawk; (or Augeot) hod. A vol d'oiseau, in a straight line. Plan à vue d'oiseau, bird's eye view.
OISELER, whz-la, v. a. to bring up (a hawk,) to lay snares, etc. (for birds.)

OISELER, v. n. to fowl.

*OISELET, s. m. little bird.

OISELEUR, waz-leur, s. m. fowler, birdcatcher.

OISELIER, waz-lla, s. m. bird-seller. OISELLERIE, wa-zel-ri, s. f. bird-trade, fowling.

OISEU-X, SE, wa-zeu, zeuz, adj. idle. Oisi-F, v.E., wa-zif, zlv, adj. idle; that lies dead or useless.

Oisillon, wa-zi-lon, s. m. young or small bird.

OISIVEMENT, adv. idly.

OISIVETÉ, wã-zlv-ta, s. f. idlencss, sloth, laziness.

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Oison, wa-zon, s. m. gosling, green or young goose; also noodle, ninny, simpleton. OLEAGINEU-X, SE, ô-lâ-â-zl-nèu, nèuz, adj. oleaginous, oily. Ex. Une liqueur oléagi-

neuse, an oily liquor.
OLEANDRE, s. m. oleander, rose bay.

OLFACTI-F, v.E., adv. olfactory. OLFACTOIRE, öl-fåk-twår, adj. olfactory. OLIGARCHIE, ö.H.går-shl, s. f. oligarchy. OLIGARCHIQUE, ö.H.går-shlk, adj. oligar chical.

OLIM, adj. formerly.

OLINDE, s. f. a sword-blade.

OLINDER, v.a. to fence, fight with a sword.

OLINDEUR, s. m. bully, hector. OLIVAISON, ô-lî-vê-zon, s. f. crop of olives,

clive season. OLIVÂTRE, ô-lî-vatr, adj. olive-coloured. OLIVE, ô-liv, s. f. olive; olive-tree. Olives

(sorte d'embouchure) olive bit.
OLIVET, ô-lî-vê, s. m. olive yard.
OLIVETTE, ô-lî-vêt, s. f. dance (after the

olives are gathered.)

OLIVIER, & ll-vla, s. m. olive-tree.

OLOGRAPHE, ô-lô-graf, adj. Ex. Testa-ment olographe, holograph (a will written with the testator's own hand.)

OLYMPE, ô-lînp, s. m. sky, heaven. OLYMPIADE, ô-lîn-pîâd, s.Olympiad(space

of four years among the Grecians. OLYMPIEN, NE, ô-lin-piền, piến, adj.

Olympian. OLYMPIQUE, ô-lin-pîk, adj. Ex. Les jeux

Olympiques, the Olympic games.

OMBELLIFÈRE, on-bêl, s. f. umbel. OMBELLIFÈRE, on-bêl-lî-fèr, adj. umbelliferons.

OMBILIC, on-bî-lîk, s. m. navel.

OMBILICAL, E, on-bi-li-kal, adj. umbilicul. OMBRAGE, on-braz, s. m. shade, shady place; umbrage, suspicion, jealousy, distrust or mistrust.

Ombrager, on-brå-zå, v. a. to shade or

shadow.

OMBRAGEU-X, SE, on-bra-zeu, zeuz, adj.

starting, apt to start, skittish; suspicious, dis-trustful or mistrustful; jealous. Ombre, onbr, s. f. shadow or shade; pro-

tection, patronage; colour, pretence; shadow, appearance; sign, figure, shadow; shade, ghost, spriit; (poisson) gray ling. Les ombres de la muit, the shades or darkness of the night. Ombres, (in painting) shadows, shadowing. V. Hombre.

OMBRER, on-brå, v. a. to shadow.

OMEREU-X, SE, on-brêu, brêuz, adj. shady.
OMELETTE, Ôm-lêt, S. f. omelet.
OMETTRE, ô-mêtr, v. a. (like mettre) to
omit, pass by or over; forgot or leave out, take no notice of.

OMIS, E, adj. omitted, passed by, forgot-

ten, left out, etc.

OMISSION, &-mi-sion, s. f. omission, neglect OMNISCIENCE, s. f. omniscience.

Oморцать, 3-m3-plat, s.m. shoulder-blade Омриацорткь, adj. omphaloptick.

OMRAS, s. m. title of the lords belonging to the court of the Mogul.

On, on, (a contraction of homme into hom and then on; or of l'homme, l'hom and l'on) man, any man, one, any person, somebody, bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rôb, lôrd: mood, good.

any body, every body, men, people, they, we, a woman, women, etc. This on or Pon which is considered an indeterminate pronoun, is always singular in French, and only used in the nominative. It is often repeated in complex phrases, but care must be taken that the repetition does not refer to different persons from the first on. This is particularly em-Ployed to avoid the passive form. V. Réféchi.
As on or l'on (the l' being added for the sake
of euphony) is indeterminate, it must be
rendered indeterminately in English, Ex. On
dit people say though dit, people say, they say, it is said. On his parle, somebody speaks to him (or to her,) he (or she) is spoken to. Qu'en dira-t-on, what will the world say about it? Se moguer du qu'en dira-t-on, être audessus du qu'en properties de la company de la comp dira-t-on, not to care what the world will say. On dit et l'on assure que, people say and assure that. On ne me persuadera jamais le contraire, nobody will ever persuade me to the contrary. Quand on s'est écarté du sentier de la vertu, on doit tâcher d'y rentrer, when one has deviated from the path of virtue, he (or she) ought to endeavour to get into it again. On a souvent besoin d'un plus petit que soi, one has often need of his inferiour's assistance. On peut être belle, et par son affecta-tion, se faire mépriser, a woman may be handsome, and yet make herself despised through her affectation.

ONAGRE, s. m. wild ass; ancient warlike

engine.
*Onc, onk, adv. V. Jamais.

ONCE, ons, s. f. ounce; lynx, ounce. Une once de sens commun, a grain of sense

ONCLE, onkl, s. m. uncle. Oncle à la mode de Bretagne, cousin once removed.
*ONCQUES, V. Jamais.

ONCTION, onk-sion, s. f. unction.

ONCTUEUSEMENT, adv. with unction. ONCTUEU-x, se, onk-tû-èu, èuz, adj. unctuous, oily.

ONCTUOSITÉ, onk-tå-ô-zî-tå, s. f. unctuosity. ONDE, ond, s. f. wave, surge, billow; water

tide; undulation, undulating ray; (du bois) grain. Camelot à ondes, watered camelot. ONDE, E, adj. undulated, made in fashion of waves, watered (speaking of stuffs,) grained (speaking of wood,) wavy or waving (in heraldry.

ONDÉE, on-da, s. f. shower.

ONDOIEMENT, s. m. private baptism ..

ONDOYANT, E, adj. waving, undulary, undulatory.

Ondoyé, E, adj. sprinkled or christened,

or baptized privately

ONDOYER, on-dwa-ya, v. n. to rise in waves, swell with waves or billows, undulate, wave, wave to and fro. Ondoyer, v. a. to sprinkle or christen or baptize (a child) privately.

ONDULATION, on-dd-ld-slon, s. f. undulation.

ONDULATOIRE, adj. undulatory.

ONDULER, v. n. to undulate.

ONDULEU-X, SE, V. Ondoyant. ONERAIRE, 8-na-rer, adj. Ex. Tuteur one-

raire, guardian in trust. On ÉREU-x, se, ô-nå-reu, reuz, adj. bur-

densome, heavy, hard, chargeable.

ONGLE, ongl, s. m. nail (of a finger or toe;) claw. Boire la goutte sur l'ongle or boire wis sur l'ongle, to drink supernaculum

ONGLÉ, E, adj. armed (in heraldry.)
ONGLÉE, on-glà, s. f. whitlow; numbness at the finger's ends (caused by cold.)
ONGLET, on-glè, s. m. sharp graver; (in book binding) guard; lower part of a petal.

ONGUENT, on-gan, s. m. salve, ointment. ONIROCRITIE, &-nî-rô-krî-si, s. f. interpretation of dreams.

ONIROCRITIQUE, 8-nî-rô-krî-trîk, adj. &

s. m. oneirocritical, oneirocritick. ONIROCRITIQUE, s. m. oneirocriticism,

act of interpreting dreams. ONOCROTALE, s.m. fenny bird larger than

a goose, pelican. Опоматоре́е, д-nд-må-tд-på, s. f. onoma-

topæia.

ONQUES, V. Jamais. ONTOLOGIE, s. f. ontology.

ONYX, ô-nîks, s. m. onyx.

ONZE, onz, adj. eleven, (in dates) eleventh. Before onze the final consonant is never pronounced, nor the rowel cut off.

ONZE, s. m. eleven. Le onze du mois. ONZIÈME, on-ziem, adj. eleventh.

ONZIÈME, s. m. eleventh part. V. obs. at onze which applies also to onzième.

ONZIEMEMENT, on-zîêm-mên, adv. eleventhly, in the eleventh place.

OPACITÉ, ô-pâ-sì-ià, s. f. opacity. OPALE, s. f. opal. OPAQUE, ô-pâk, adj. opaque. OPÉRA, ô-pâ-rà, s. m. (It takes no s in the plural) opera; opera-house; master-piece; hard matter.

OPÉRATEUR, ô-på-rå-teur, s. m.(in surgery) operator; empirick, quack.
OPÉRATION, ô-pa-ra-slon, s. f. operation,

action, working, effect.

OPÉRATRICE, ô-pà-rà-trîs, s.f. she-empirick.

OPÉRER, ô-pà-rà, v. a. to operate, work or

OPES, s. m. holes in a wall of a house that

is repairing for scaffolding.

OPHTHALMIE, of-tal-mi, s. f. ophthalmy. OPHTHALMIQUE, Of-tal-mik, adj. ophthal-

OPIAT, s. m. or OPIATE, &-pi-at, s. f. opiate. OPILATI-F, VE, &-pî-lâ-tîf, tlv, adj. oppila-tive, obstructive.

OPILATION, ô-pî-lâ-sîon, s. f. oppilation. OPILER, ô-pî-lâ, v. a. to obstruct.

OPINANT, ô-pî-nên, s. m. voter. OPINER, ô-pî-na, v. n. to opine, vote, give

in one's vote or opinion.
OPINIATRE, o-pi-niatr, adj. & s. opiniative, obstinate, stubborn, wilful, stiff, self-will-

ed, heady; opiniator, obstinate man or woman.
OPINIATRÉ, E, adj. obstinate, obstinately maintained.

OPINIÂTRÉMENT, ô-pî-nîa-tra-mên, adv.

obstinately, wilfully, stiffly, stubbornly.

Opiniatree, 8-pi-nia-tra, v. a. obstinately to maintain, be stiff or obstinate in; make stubborn. S'opiniatrer, v. r. to be obstinate to the beautiful to the stubborn.

or stubborn, be bent or obstinately resolved. Opiniatreté, ô-pl-niatr-tà, s. f. obstinacy, stubbornness, headiness, stiffness in opinion, wilfulness.

OPINION, &-pl-nlon, s. f. opinion, mind, thought, sentiment, belief; vote; conceit, thoughts.

OPIUM, d-pfdm, s. m. opium.

OPOBALSAMUM, s. m. opobalsamum.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

OPPORTUN, E. d.-por-tan, tan, adj. opportune, convenient, seasonable, favourable.

*Opportunité, ô-pôr-tů-nî-tà, s. f. oppor-

tunity, convenient time.

Opposant, ô-pô-zèn, s. m. opponent. Opposant, e, ô-pô-zèn, zènt, adj. & ś. one that accepts or protests against an order of the court.

Opposé, E, ô-pô-zà, adj. opposed, set against, etc. opposite, contrary. Bordées op-

posées, Mar. contrary tacks.

OPPOSÉ, s. m. opposite, contrary.
OPPOSER, ô-pô-zâ, v. a. to oppose, set against, object, allege, put in competition, set in balance against. S'opposer à, v. r. to oppose, hinder, set, set one's self against.

*Opposite, ô-pô-zît, adj. & s. f. opposite, contrary. A l'opposite de, opposite to, over

against.

Opposition, ô-pô-zî-sîon, s. f. opposition, hinderance; rub, stop, obstacle, contrariety, disagreement; (in law) exception, protesta-

OPPRESSER, ô-prê-så, v. a. to oppress, overload, stifle.

OPPRESSEUR, 3-prê-sêur, s. m. oppressor. OPPRESSION, 3-prê-sîon, s. f. oppression. OPPRIMER, 3-prî-mâ, v. a. to oppress. OPPROBRE, 3-prôbr, s. m. reproach, igno-

miny, shame, blemish, disgrace, opprobrium.

OPTATIF, op, tå-tif, s. m. optative, optative mood. V. Subjouctif.

OPTER, op-ta, v. a. to choose. OPTICIEN, op-ti-sien, s. m. optician.

OPTIMISME, op-ti-mism, s. m. optimism. OPTIMISTE, op-ti-mist, s. m. optimist. OPTION, op-sion, s. f. option, choice.

OPTIQUE, op-tik, adj. optick, pertaining to sight.

OPTIQUE, s. f. optick. OPULEMMENT, ô-pů-là-mên, adv. opulently, plentifully, richly.
OPULENCE, 8-på-lens, s. f. opulence,

wealth, riches. OPULENT, E, ô-pû-lên, lênt, adj. opulent,

wealthy, rich. OPUSCULE, ô-pås-kål, s. m. little book;

small piece. OR, or, s. m. gold, golden coin; or (in heraldry.) Siècle d'or, golden age.

OR, conj. now, but. Or çà, now or well Or sus, come on.

ORACLE, ő-rakl, s. m. oracle.

ORAGE, Ö-råz, s. m. storm, tempest, broils, troubles (in a state.)

ORAGEU-x, se, ð-rå-zeu, zeuz, adj. stormy,

tempestuous.

Oraison, ô-rê-zon, s. f. oration, speech, harangue; prayer, collect. Parties d'oraison, parts of speech. Oraisons funèbres, funeral

Oral, E, ô-ral, adj. oral. Orange, ô-renz, s. f. orange. Orangé, E, ô-renza, s. f. & adj. orangecoloured, orange-colour.

ORANGEADE, ô-rèn-zad, s. f. sherbet, sort

of cooling liquor.

ORANGEAT, ô-rên-2â, s. m. orange-peel.

ORANGER, ô-rên-2â, s. m. orange-tree.

ORANGERIE, ô-rênz-rl, s. f. orangery.

ORATEUR, ô-rå-téur, s. m. orator, spokes-

man; speaker.

ORATOIRE, ô-râ-twâr, adj. oratorical, of or belonging to an orator.

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ORATOIRE, s. m. oratory

ORATOIREMENT, d-rå-twar-men, orator-like, like an orator, rhetorically, eloquently.

ORBE, orb, s. m. orb, orbit.

ORBE, adj. Ex. Coup orbe, heavy olow, contusion.

ORBICULAIRE, ôr-bî-kû-lêr, adj. orbicular,

ðr-bi-ku-ler-men. ORBICULAIREMENT, adv. orbicularly

ORBITE, or-bit, s. f. (d'une planète) orbit;

(de l'wil) socket. ORCADES, &r-kad, s. f. pl. Orkney-islands.

ORCANÈTE, s. f. orchanet (a plant.) ORCHÉSOGRAPHIE, s. f. art and descrip-

tion of dancing.

ORCHESTIQUE, s. f. art of dancing and throwing off the tennis-ball.
ORCHESTRE, ôr-kêstr, s. f. or m. orchestra.
ORCHIS, s. m. sort of plant.

*ORD, E, adj. filthy, nasty. ORDALIE, s. f. ordeal.

ORDINAIRE, adj. ordinary, common, usual, wonted, vulgar, indifferent; in ordinary. common.

ORDINAIRE, or-df-ner, s. m. common way or practice, custom; (diocesan bishop) ordi-nary; ordinary, eating-house; commons; post, courier. L'ordinaire des guerres, the fund established to pay the troops. Ordinaires, (des femmes,) monthly courses. D'ordinaire, pour l'ordinaire, commonly, usually, ordinarily, most commonly, generally, most times, mostly. A l'ordinaire, at the old rate, at the usual rate, as before, as formerly.

ORDINAIREMENT, or-di-ner-men, adv. commonly, usually, ordinarily, generally,

most commonly.

ORDINAL, E, or-df-nal, adj. ordinal Ex. Les nombres ordinaux, the ordinal numbers. ORDINAND, s.-m. one who applies for or-

ORDINANT, or-di-nen, s. m. bishop who

confers holy orders.

ORDINATION, or-di-na-sion, s. f. ordina-

tion, putting into holy orders. ORDONNANCE, or-do-nens, s. f. ordinance, decree, order, law, statute; ordonnance, order; (de payer une somme) order, warrant; (d'un médecin) prescription. Habit d'ordonnance, uniform, regimentals. Compagnies d'ordonnance, free companies. Ordonnances de la marine, regulations of the navy.

ORDONNATEUR, ôr-dô-nâ-têur, s. m. order-er, disposer, setter in order.

Ordonner, or-do-na, v. a. to set in order, dispose; to order, enjoin, command; to prescribe; to ordain, confer holy orders. Ordonner d'une chose, to dispose of a thing, have the disposal or command of a thing.

Ordre, ordr, s.m. order, disposition, command, method, warrant, ordinary course, rate, rank; orders, word (of command.) Mal en ordre, disordered, out of order. En sous ordre, in subordination to another, subordinately. Ordre, Mar. Ordre de bataille, order of battle. Ordre de croissant, line of battle formed in the shape of a crescent or half Ordre de front de bandière, line of moon. battle abreast at half a cable's length. Ordre renversé, line inverted. Ordre de marche,

bar, bat, base: thère, èbb, over: fleld, rig: robe, rôb, lord: mood, good.

order of sailing. Ordre de marche en échiquier, bow and quarter line. bow and quarter line. Ordre de re-order of retreat. On a donné à l'ordre que l'escadre se tint toujours prête à mettre sous voile, orders are given for the fleet to keep in constant readiness for sailing.

Ordure, or-day, s. f. filth, dirt, dust, excrements, matter, filthy stuff, lewdness, filthiness, dishonesty, filthy or smutty expression.

Ordures, (balayures) sweepings.

ORDURIER, ôr-dô-rià, s. m. dust-basket; also obscene talker or writer.
*ORÉE, ô-rà, s. f. border or skirts of a wood

or forest.

OREILLARD, E, adj. V. Orillard.
OREILLE, ô-rêl, s. f. ear; (de livre) dog's ear; (de soulier) latchet. Oreille d'ours, auricula. Avoir les oreilles délicates, to be touchy or exceptious. Vin à une oreille, good wine.

or exceptions.

Vin à deux oreilles, bad wine.

Oreilles, s. f. pl. Mar. Oreilles d'une ancre, flukes of an anchor.

Oreilles d'âne, kevels. flukes of an anchor. (for belaying the tacks and sheets.) de lievre or à tiers point, lateen sail. Oreille

ORBILLER, ô-rê-lâ, s. m. pillow.
OREILLETTE, ô-rê-lâ, s. f. wire in a woman's ear; rag put behind a child's ear.
Oreillettes du cœur, auricles of the heart.

OREILLONS, &-re-lon, s. m. pl. imposthume or swelling about the ears, mumps.

ORÉMUS, s. m. orison, collect, prayer. ORFÈVRE, ôr-fêvr, s. m. goldsmith. ORFÈVRERIE, ôr-fê-vrê-ri, s. f. goldsmith's

trade or warc.
ORFRAIE, or-fre, s. f. osprey.

ORFROI, ôr-frwå, s. m. broad welts of gold, silver embroidery

ORGANE, or-gan, s. m. organ, means, in-

ORGANEAU, s.m. Mar. ring (of an anchor, etc.)

ORGANIQUE, ôr-gå-nik, adj. organical. ORGANISATION, Or-ga-ni-za-sion, s. f. organization.

ORGANISER, ôr-gå-nî-zå, v. a. to organize. S'organiser, v. r. to be or become organized. Organiste, or-gå-nist, s. m. organist.

ORGANSIN, s. m. twisted silk.

ORGANSINER, v. a. to twist twice, pass twice through the twisting mill. ORGASME, s. m. orgasm.
ORGE, ôrz, s. f. barley. Futaine à grains

d'orge, napped fustian.

Orge, s. m. Ex. Orge mondé, cleaned bar-

ley. Orge perlé, hulled barley.
ORGEADE, s. f. or ORGEAT, ôr-zâ, s. m.
orgeat, drink made of water, sugar, and almonds.

ORGIES, ôr-1, s. f. pl. orgies.
ORGUE, s. m. Orgues, ôrg, s. f. organ, pair
of organs. Orgues à eau, water-organs. Orgues, port-cullis; Mar. scuppers or scupper holes.

Orgueil, ör-geul, s. m. pride, haughtiness, vanity, presumption, loftiness, arrogance. Noble orgueil, noble spirit. ORGUEILLEUSEMENT, or-geu leuz-men,

adv. proudly, loftily, haughtily, arrogantly.
ORGUEILLEU-X, SE, ôr-gêu-leu, leuz, adj. & s. proud, haughty, arrogant, presumptu-ous, lofty; proud man or woman.

ORIENT, ô-rien, s. m. east. Ve s l'orient, eastward.

ORIENTAL, E, ô-rlèn-tâl, adj. oriental, st, eastern. Les orientaux, s. m. pl. the east, eastern. eastern nations.

ORIENTÉ, E, adj. that faces the east, placed eastward, situated towards the east. carte bien orientée, a map exactly drawn.

ORIENTER, 3-rien-tå, v. a. to set towards the east, to mark the east upon. S'orienter, v. r. to find out the east of the place a man is in, to consider where one is; consider the matter in every point of view.

Orienter, v. a. Mar. to brace up, trim. Orienter les voiles, to trim the sails. Les voiles d'avant sont mal orientées, the head sails are badly trimmed. Notre vaisseau oriente bien, our ship's yards brace up very sharp. Oriente au plus pres partout, trim all sharp fore and aft. Oriente le grand hunier, brace up the main-yard.

ORIFICE, &-ri-fis, s. m. orifice, opening, hole.

ORIFLAMME, Ö-ri-flam, s. f. oriflamo.

ORIGAN, 8-ri-gan, s. m. origan. ORIGINAIRE, Ö-rî-2î-ner, adj. originally come from.

ORIGINAIREMENT, ô-rî-zî-ner-mên, adv.

originally, primitively.
ORIGINAL, E, ô-rî-zî-nâl, adj. original,

first, primitive. ORIGINAL, s. m. original, pattern, model; ngular man, au original. Savoir une chose singular man, an original. d'original, to have a thing from the first hand.

ORIGINALEMENT, adv. in an original

ORIGINALITÉ, Ö-rî-zî-nâ-lî-tâ, s. f. originalness, originality. .
ORIGINE, &-rl-2ln, s. f. origin, original.
beginning, first rise, pedigree, extraction,

cause, occasion, ctymology.

Originel, E, ô-rî-zî-nêl, adj. original.
Originellement, ô-rî-zî-nêl-mên, adv.

originally, from the beginning.
ORILLARD, E, o-ri-lar, lard, adj. that has long ears or that flaps his ears (speaking of a horse.)

Orillons, s. m. pl. kind of casemate {in fortification.} Ecuelle à orillons, eared porringer. V. Oreillons.

ORIN, s. m. buoy rope.

Orion, 8-rion, s. m. Orion (constellation.) Oripeau, 6-ri-po, s. m. brass leaf, tinsel. Orle, s. m. orl (in heraldry.)

ORME, orm, s. m. elm.

ORMEAU, ôr-mò, s. m. young elm.

ORMILLE, s.f. bed or nursery of young elms. ORMIN, s. m. sort of clary (an herb.) ORMOIE, or-mwa, s. f. elm plot.

ORNE, orn, s. m. wild ash.

ORNEMENT, orn-men, s. m. ornament, set off, finery, dress, attire, grace, set off, beauty, commendation, flourish; figure embellishment.

Ornemens de la poulaine, Mar. mouldings or carved work of the head.

Orner, ôr-nâ, v. a. to adorn, set off, trim up, grace, beautify, attire; embellish. Ornière, ôr-nêr, s. f. rut of a wheel.

ORNITHOGALE, s. f. star of Bethlehem (a flower.)

ORNITHOLOGIE, s. f. ornithology.

ORNITHOLOGISTE, s. m. ornithologist. OROBANCHE, s. f. choke-vetch or weed, strangle-weed, broom-rape.

ORPHELIN, E. orf-lin, lin, s.m. & f. orphan.

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buse, bût : jenne, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ORPHELINAGE, s. m. orphanage. ORPIMENT or ORPIN, or-pin, s. m. (mine-

ral) orpiment; (plant) orpine.

ORRE, Mar. luff (in the dialect of Pro-

vence and Italy.)
ORT, s. m. Ex. Peser ort, to weigh with the packing-cloth.

ORTEIL, Ör-têl, s. m. great toe.
ORTHODOXE, Ör-tê-döks, adj. & s.orthodox. ORTHODOXIE, or-to-dok-sl, s. f. orthodoxy. ORTHODROMIE, s. f. orthodromy

ORTHOGONAL, E, adj. orthogonal. ORTHOGRAPHE, or-to-graf, s. f. orthogra-

phy, spelling.

ORTHOGRAPHIE, s. f. orthography. ORTHOGRAPHIER, or-to-gra-fia, v. a. to

spell, write correctly.

ORTHOGRAPHIQUE, ôr-tô-grâ-fîk, adj. or-

thographical.

ORTHOGRAPHISTE, s. m. orthographer. ORTHOPNÉE, s. f. orthopnæa.

ORTIE, or-tl, s. f. nettle.

*ORTIER, v. a. to nettle.

ORTIVE, adj. f. ortive, easterly (speaking of amplitude.)

ORTOLAN, or-to-len, s. m. ortolan. ORVALE, s. f. clary (sort of herb.) ORVIÉTAN, ôr-vîâ-tên, s. m. orvietan.

Os, ò, s. m. bone. Il ne fera pas de vieux os, he will not live long, he will die young. Oscillation, ô-sil-lâ-sîon, s. f. oscillation.

OSCILLATOIRE, ô-sîl-lâ-twar, adj. oscilla-

ÖSCILLER, Ö-sîl-la, v. n. to move backward and forward like a pendulum.

Os É, E, ò-zå, adj. bold, daring.

OSEILLE, ô-zêl, s. f. sorrel.

OSER, ò-zà, v.a. & n. to dare, be so bold as to. OSERALE, òz-rè, s. f. willow-plot.

OSIER, 8-zíà, s. m. osier, water-willow, twig of ozier.

OSMONDE ROYALE, s. f. sort of plant.

Osselet, os-le, s. m. small or little bone,

cockle; tumour on a horse's leg.
OSSEMENS, ôs-mèn, s. m. pl. bones.
OSSEU-X, se, ô-seb, seuz, add, bony.
OSSIFICATION, ô-sl-fl-ka-slon, s. f. ossifica-

Ossifier, &-sî-fî-à, (s') v. r. to ossify. Ossifrague, ô-sî-frag, s. m. ossifrage. Ossu, E, o-su, su, adj. bony, full of bones,

large-boned.

*Ost, ôst, s. m. host, army.
Ostensible, ôs-tên-sîbl. adj. Ex. Lettre ostensible, letter written on purpose to be shown,

OSTENSIBLEMENT, adv. ostensibly. OSTENTATEUR, adj. & s. m. proud, boast-

OSTENTATION, ÖS-ten-ta-sion, s. f. osteutation, boasting, vain-glory, bragging, vaunt-

ing, cracking, parade.
OSTE, s. f. Mar. sort of brace used to steady a lateen yard.

OSTÉOCOLE, Os-tà-O-kôl, s. f. osteocolla. Ostéologié, ôs-tå-ô-lô-zl, s. f. osteology. OSTRACÉ, E, adj. ostraceous.

OSTRACISME, Os-tra-sism, s. m. ostracism.

OSTRA HTE, s. f. ostracites. OSTRÉLIN, s. m. easterling, people who

live east of England.
OSTROGOT, OS-tro-go, s. m. out-landish man; barbarian; Ostrogoths or Eastern-goths.

OTAGE, o-taz, s. m. hostage, tage, cautionary towns.

OTALGIE, d-tal-21, s. f. ear-ache.

OTÉ, E, adj. taken, put away, removed,

etc. also save, except, but.

Oter, ò-tà, v. n. to take away, remove, cut off, diminish, curtail, rob, deprive, bereave, fetch out, cure, get out, beat out, take off, pull off. S'ôter, to get off, get away, remove, get out of

Oter, v. a. Mar. Oter la fourrure d'un câble, to take the service off a cable. Ote les cabrions de la batterie, unquoin the guns. Ote les élinguets, take out the pawls. Ote les barres des sabords, unbar the ports. Oter du monde à un bâtiment, to take away men from a ship. Oter à un officier le commandement d'une escodre, to deprive au officer of the command of a squadron. Le mât de misaine étant trop porté de l'avant, nous ôte de la marche, our foremast standing too far forward impedes our sailing.

Ou, do, conj. or, either, else.

Où, adv. where, whither; wherein, in which, to what, to which, etc. D'où, whence, wherefrom, from which. Par où, whereby, wheterloth, also which way. Partout ou, wherever. Par où va-t-on à? which is the way to? Où suis-je? where am 1? Où alez-vous? where or whither do you go? La prison où il fut mis, the prison wherein he was put. Où me réduisez-rous? what do you reduce ine to? D'où étes-vous? what country-man are you? OUAICHE, wesh, s. m. Mar. track or wake (of a ship.) Tirer un vaisseau en ouaiche,

to tow a ship.

*Oualle, doal, s. f. sheep (speaking of a Christian in regard to his pastor.) Ouals, we, interj. hey-day!

OUATE, do-at, s. f. wad, wadding (to line garments.)

OUATER, do-a-ta, v. a. to furnish or stuff

with wadding.
OUBLI, do-bli, s. m. forgetfulness, oblivion. Mettre en oubli, to forget.

*Oublie, do-bil, s. f. forgetfulness.

Oublie, do-bil, s. f. wafer.

Oublie, e, adj. forgot, forgotten, out of one's mind or memory, etc. also out, left out.

OUBLIER, co-bli-à, v. a. to forget, neglect, leave behind, leave out, omit, be wanting in. Oublier qui l'on est, to forget one's self, grow proud. S'oublier, v. r. to forget one's self, forget one's sromises, be forgetten.
OUBLIETTES, ôo-bligt, s. f. pl. dungeon.

OUBLIEUR, do-bli-eur, s. m. one who

makes and vends wafers

OUBLIEU-X, SE, do-bli-en, euz, adj. for-getful, unmindful, apt to forget.

Ouest, do-est, s. m. west. D'ouest, westerly. De l'ouest, à l'ouest, western. Le plus à l'ouest, westernmost. Vers l'ouest, westermward. Vent d'ouest, westernmost. Vers l'ouest, westernward. Our, dof, interj. (of pain) oh!
Our, wi, doi, adv. yes; ay. Cela est-il vrai? is that true? oui, yes. On lui dit que qui or agint pagnis he was told so. Le croic que

oui or qu'oui, he was told so. Je crois que oui or qu'oui, I believe so. Il a dit telle chose, oui? he said such a thing, is it true? or nossible? or did he so?

Oui, s.m. yes. Le oui et le non. Oui, E, (from Ourr) heard.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

OUY-DIRE, wi-dlr, s. m. hearsay. Par || to over-ride, jade. Vous outrez les choses, you our-dire, by hearsay.

Oute, do-1, s. m. hearing; (d'un instrument de musique) sound-hôle. Les outes d'un poisson, the gills of a fish. Outlet, V. Oille. Outle, oo-ir, v. a. (hardly used, except in

the infinitive, preterite and compound tenses) to hear, grant a hearing.

Ouragan, ôo-râ-gan, s. m. hurricane. Ourdir, ôor-dir, v. a. to warp; frame,

brew, plot.

OURDISSOIR, oor-di-swar, s. m. loom. OURDISSURE, oor-di-sar, s. f. warp, warp-

OURLER, ôor-lâ, v. a. to hem.
OURLET, ôor-lê, s. m. hem.

OURQUE, oork, s. f. ork (a great sea-fish.)

Ourse, dors, s. m. bear. Ourse, dors, s. f. she-bear. Ourses d'artimon, Mar. mizen bowlines.

OURSIN, s. m. sea hedge-hog. Ourson, ôor-son, s. m. bear's cub. Outarde, ôo-târd. s. f. bustard.

OUTARDEAU, do-tar-do, s.m. young bus-

OUTIL, do-ti, s. m. tool.

OUTILLÉ, E, co-ti-là, adj. furnished with tools.

OUTILLER, v. a. to furnish with tools. OUTRAGE, do-traz, s. m. outrage, abuse, affront, offence, contumely, wrong, injury.

OUTRAGEANT, E, co-tra-zen, zent, outrageous, abusive, injurious, contumelious.

OUTRAGER, ôo-trâ-zã, v. a. to abuse, affront, revile, offend, wrong, injure, rail at. OUTRAGEUSEMENT, ôo-trå-zeuz-men,adv.

outrageously, injuriously.

OUTRAGEU-X, SE, co-tra-zen. zeuz, adj. abusive, offensive, contumelious, wrongful, injurious.

OUTRANCE, do-trèns, s. f. Ex. A outrance, à toute outrance, to the utmost, to the utmost rigour, beyond or out of measure.

OUTRE, dotr, prep. besides, above, over

and above; beyond.

OUTRE, adv. beyond, further. Tout outre, quite through. En outre, moreover. D'outre en outre, through, quite through. Outre que, besides that.

OUTRE, s. f. leather-bottle (usually made of

goat-skin.

OUTRÉ, E, do-trà, adj, incensed, urged, provoked, vexed, exasperated, enraged, furious, extravagant: over-strained, over-done, over-stretched, etc. V. Outrer. Cheval outre, a horse jaded or over-ridden. Papiste outré, rank papist.

*OUTRECUIDANCE, s. f. presumption, pride, arrogance, insolence.
*Outrecuide, E, adj. proud, foolish, pre-

sumptuous *Outrément, do-tra-mên, adv. beyond

measure, excessively. OUTREMER, dotr-mer, s. m. ultramarine

(the finest sort of blue.)

OUTREMESURE, s. f. beyond measure. OUTRE-PASSER, ootr-pa-sa, v. a. to transgress, go beyond.

OUTRER, do-tra, v. a. to over-load, over-work, over-harass; to incense, urge, provoke, exasperate, enrage; to stretch too far, over-stretch, over-strain, over-do : (un cheval)

run upon extremes. S'outrer, v. r. to strain, overdo or to over-strain one's self.

OUVERT, E, adj. (from Ouvrir) open, free, open-hearted, free-hearted, frank, candid, sincere. Ella a la gorge ouverte (or nue) her neck is bare. Nous sommes à l'ouvert de la Manche, Mar. we have the channel open, or we are open with the channel.

OUVERTEMENT, ôo-vêrt-mên, adv. openly,

publickly, in open view, freely, frankly.
OUVERTURE, Jo-ver-tur, s. f. opening hole, slit, chink, gap; overture, proposal; way, means, opportunity; hint, insight, light; penetration, parts, genius, apiness to learn. Ouverture de cœur, openness of heart, sincerity, frankness.

OUVRABLE, do-vrabl, adj. Ex. Jour ouvra-

ble, work-day, working-day.
OUVRAGE, ôo-vraz, s. m. work, piece of work: workmanship; production (of the mind.)

OUVRAGÉ, E, čo-vrå-zå, adj. wrought,

figured, flowered.

OUVRANT, E, adj. opening. A portes ouvrantes, at the opening of the gates. A jour ourrant, at or by break of day.

Ouvré, E, čo-vra, adj. diapered. ouvré, diaper. Fer ouvré, wrought iron.

OUVRER, v. n. & a. to work; (la monnoie)

to coin. OUVREU-R, SE, do-vreur, vreuz, s. m. & f. Ouvreur de loge, box-keeper (at opener.

the theatre. OUVRIER, s. m. work-man, artificer, worker, labourer; author, maker. Dieu est l'ou-vrier de toutes choses, God is the maker of all

things. Ouvriers, Mar. artificers.
Ouvriers, Mar. artificers.
Ouvrier, E, ôo-vri-à, er, adj. Un jour ouvrier. V. Ouvrable. Cheville ouvrière, poleboli (of a coach.)

OUVRIÈRE, s. f. work-woman, contriver.

OUVRIR, do-vrir, v. a. to open, set open, (l'appétit) to whet, sharpen; (les bras, les jambes) to open, stretch; (la terre) to break up; (la compagne) to open, begin; (le parle-ment) to open. Ouvrir un avis, to make a motion, move or propose a thing. Ouvrir, v. n. to open. Cette porte n'ouvre jamais, that door never opens. S'ouvrir, v. r. to open, get opened; to declare or lay open one's mind. Ouvrir, Mar. Ouvre les hublots, open the scuttles. Ouvre les écoutilles, take off the hatches. Ouvre les sabords, hanl up the ports. Ourrir les ports, to take off the embargo. Nous ouvrimes assez la baie pour découvrir des bâtiments s'il y en avoit en, we opened the bay enough to see vessels, if any had been lying there. Il ne nous faut pas ouvrir les amers de plus de la largeur d'une voile, we must not open the marks more than a sail's breadth.

OUVROIR, do-vrwar, s. m. work-shop, workhouse.

OVAIRE, s. m. ovary, ovaria.

OVALAIRE, adj. that has an oval shape. OVALE, adj. oval. OVALE, ô-vâl, s. m. oval. OVATION, ô-vâ-sîon, s. f. ovation.

OVE, ov, s.m. egg (ornament in architec

OVIPARE. O-vi-par, adj. oviparous. OXYCRAT, ôk-sî-krå, s. m. oxycrate. OXYGONE, ok-si-gon, adj. oxygon.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre ; enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

OXYMEL, ôk-sî-mêl, s. m. oxymel. OXYRRHODIN, ok-si-ro-din, s. m. oxyrrho-

OYANT, E, adj. & s. before whom an ac-

count is examined, auditor. OYEZ, (imperat. of Outr) hear!

OZÈNE, s. m. ozœna, ulcer in the nose.

P, på, s. m. 16th letter of the French alpha-

Pacace, på-kåz, s. m. pasture, pastureground.

PACAGER, v. n. to feed, graze. PACE, (IN) s. m. prison for life in a monas-

*PACFI, påk-fl, s. m. Mar. Le grand pacfi, the main course. Le petit puch or le puch de bourset, the foremost sail.

Pacificateur, på-sî-fî-kâ-têur, s. m. pacifier, peace-maker, appeaser, reconciler.

Pacification, pa-si-fi-ka-sion, s. f. pacification, peace-making.

Pacifier, på-si-fi-å, v. a. to pacify, make

peace, appease.

PACIFIQUE, på-sl-fik, adj. pacifick, peaceable. Mer Pacifique or Mer du Sud, Pacifick or South Sea.

PACIFIQUEMENT, på-sî-fîk-mên, adv. peaceably, quietly, in peace.
PACOTILLE, på-kô-fîl, s. f. small quantity

of goods, venture.
PACTE, pakt, s. m. pact, paction, covenant,

bargain, agreement, treaty, contract.
PACTION, s.f. V. Pacte.
*PACTISER, v. n. to covenant, bargain,

agree, make a contract.

Papou, pa-dôo, s. m. sort of ferret or ribbon (half thread, half silk.)

PAGAIE, på-ge, s. f. Mar. paddle.

PAGANISME, på-gå-nism; s. m. paganism, heathenism.

PAGAYER, v. a. to paddle.

PAGE, paz, s. m. page (an attendant.) Etre hors de page, to be free or at liberty, be one's own man. Mettre hors de page, to unboy, make independent.

Page, s. f. page or side of a leaf. PAGINATION, s. f. paging of a book.

PAGNE, s. m. pungar (seafish;) also wrap-per (piece of cotton cloth with which negroes cover themselves from the girdle down to the knees.)

PAGNON, s. m. sort of superfine black cloth. PAGNOTE, på-gnôt, s. m. & f. coward. Mont pagnote, place out of harm's way (to

see un attack or a battle.)

PAGNOTERIE, på-gnôt-ri, s. f. cowardice; silly thing, impertinence, bull, Oxford jests. PAGODE, på-god, s. f. pagod, pagoda.

PATEN, NE, adj. & s. pagan, heathenish,

heathen.

PAILLARD, E, på-lar, lard, adj. & s. lecherous, wanton, lascivious, lewd, lecher, harlot. *PAILLARDEMENT, adv. lasciviously, lewdly.

*PAILLARDER, på-lar-dà, v. n. to whore, commit whoredom. La loi de Dieu defend de paillarder, the law of God prohibits whoredoin.

PAILLARDISE, på-lår-dlz, s. f. whoredom,

fornication, lecher

PAILLASSE, på-lås, s. f. straw-bed, whore.

PAILLASSON, på-lå-son, garden mat 'or layer of straw (to defend plants from the cold;) umbrella for windows; mat (to clean the feet

Paille, phl, s. f. straw; chaff; (dans les métaux, les diamans, etc.) flaw. Feu de paille, suddeu blaze, flash of fire. Homme de paille, man of straw, mean pitiful fellow. Rompre la paille arec quelqu'un, to fall out with one. Tirer à la courte paille, to draw cuts. dans la paille jusqu'au ventre, or il vit comme rat en paille, he lives in clover. Si j'y vais jamais, croix de paille, if ever I go there, 1 will make a cross.

PAILLE-EN-CUL, s. m. Mar. gaff top-sail or

driver.

PAILLER or PAILLET, s. m. Pailler, farm

yard, barn door. Mar. mat. PAILLET, på-lê, adj m. Ex.

Vin paillet. pale wine.

PAILLETTE, på-let, s f. spangle, goldsand or dust; (de fer) flaw

Pailleu-R, se, på-leur, leuz, s. m & f.

seller of straw. PAILLEU-X, SE, pâ-leu, leuz, acj. brittle. flawy (metal.)

PAILLIER, V. Pailler or Palier.

PAILLON, på-lon, s.m.small piece of solder. PAILON, pin, s. m. bread; bread, livelihood; (of bread, sugar, etc.) loaf; (de blanc à blanchir) ball; (de bougie) book or roll. Pain d'un sou, penny loaf. Un petit pain, a roll. Pain d'rince, ginger-bread. Pain d'rincer, seller of ginger-bread. Pain bénit, holy bread. Pain à cacheter, wafer. Pain à debeter usefur fer le le comment. chanter, wafer for the communion. mouton, sort of cake. C'est pain benit pour lui, it is nuts to him. De tout s'avise à qui pain faut, want is the mother of industry. 'Il écrit pour du pain, he writes for bread or to get a livelihood. Je lui ai mis le pain à la nutin, I put him into a way to live.

PAIR, per, adj. even; peer, equal; mate (of birds.) Pair ou non, or pair ou non pair, even or odd. Pair à pair, even. Sans pair, peerless, matchless. Le change est au pair, peerless, matchless. Le change est au pair, change is at par. De pair or du pair, upon the square, without odds. Aller de pair avec quelqu'un, to be upon the level with one. tirer du pair, to set one's self above the com-mon level, distinguish one's self. Tirer du

pair, to get out of a plunge.

PAIR, s. m. peer. Jugé par ses pairs,

judged by his peers.

PAIRE, per, s. f. pair, two of a sort, couple.
PAIRE, per, s. f. peerdom, peerage.
PAIS, V. Pays.
PAISLELE, perzibl, adj. peaceful, peacea-

ble, still, quiet, calm, gentle.

Paisiblenent, pê-zîbl-mên, adv. peacefully, peaceably, in peace, quietly, calmly.

Paisseau, pê-sô, s. m. prop (for vines.)

Paisseler, v. a. to prop vines.

Paisson, pe-son, s. f. mast; browse.

Paisson, s. m. stretcher (for skins.)

PAISSONNER, v. a. to stretch (a skin.) PAÎTRE, pêtr, v. a. to feed, graze, feed upon; to feed (one.)

PAITRE, (SE) de, v. r. to feed upon.

pe, s. f. peace: treaty of peace; quiet, PAIX. tranquillity; concord; (des catholiques ro-mains) pax; (de mouton) shoulder-blade. Laisser quelqu'un en paix to let one alone, bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good,

let him be quiet. Dieu lui fasse paix, God rest his soul. Tout est en paix, all is quiet.

PAIX! peace, hist, be quiet, hush, make no noise, silence!

PAL, s. m. pale (in heraldry.)

PALADIN, på-là-din, s. m. knight-errant. PALAIS, på-lè, s. m. palace; (de la bouche) palate or roof; tasto; court, hall. Gens de Gens de

palais, lawyers. Jours de palais, court days.

Terme de palais, law term.

PALAN, s. m. Mar. tackle. Palan simple, single tackle. Palan double, two-fold tackle. Palan à fouet, tail tackle, jigger. Palan d'amure, tack tackle. Palan de bont de ver-Palan de candelette, fore gue, yard tackle. tackle. Palan de drosse, truss tackle. Palan d'étui, stay tackle. Palan de sabord, port tackle. Palan d'écoute de brigantine, spanker sheet. Palan derretenue, vang or relieving tackle (used in heaving down a ship.) Palan de roulis, rolling tackle. Palan de guinderesse, top tackle. Palan de surpente, tackle of a guy (used to hoist in and out the cargo of a merchantman.) Palan de ris, reef tackle. Palan de canon, gun tackle. Palan de retraite en de receil des enconses terres tackle. de retraite or de recul des canons, train tackle or relieving tackle for the guns.

PALANQUE, på-lènk, s. f. piece of fortification made with poles or stakes.

PALANQUER, v. a. & n. to bowse or draw (any thing by means of a tackle.). Palanque Palanquer les haubans, hardi, bowse hearty.

to set up the shrouds

PALANQUIN, på-lèn-kin, s. m. palanquin, Mar. small tackle, burton. Palanquins de ris, reef tackles. Palanquins de sabords, port tackles. Palanquins des mâts de hune,

PALATIN, på-lå-tin, adj. & s. m. palatine ;

also relating to the palate.
PALATINAT, pa-la-il-na, s. m. palatinate. PALATINE, på-lå-tin, s. f. countess palatine; tippet.

PALE, pal, adj. pale, sallow, wan, bleak. Pale, s. f. square pasteboard, covered with a white cloth laid upon the chalice; dam,

flood gate; broad and flat end of an oar. Palée, på-lå, s. f. broad and flat end of an

oar; piles of a wooden bridge.

PALEFRENIER, pål-fre-niå, s. m. groom (of the stable.)

*Palefroi, pål-frwå, s. m. palfrey. PALÉOGRAPHIE, s. f. knowledge of ancient

writings.

PALERON, pål-ron, s. m. shoulder-blade. PALESTRE, på-lestr, s. f. place for wres-

lling, etc., the exercise itself.

PALET, på-lê, s. m. coit or quoit.

PALETTE, på-lêt, s. f. battledore; (de peinture) pallet; (d'imprimeur) slice; porringer to receive the blood out of an opened vein.

PALEUR, på-lĉur, s. f. paleness. PALIER, på-lĉa, s. m. platform (on a stair-

Palingénésie, s.f. palingenesia, regeneration.

PALINODIE, på-li-no-di, s. f. palinody, recantation. Chanter la palinodie, to retract. PALINTOCIE, s. m. payment of interest;

second nativity of Bacchus. PALIR, pa-lir, v. n. to grow or turn pale, v. a. to cause to look pale.

Palis, på-ll, s. m. pale; pale-fence. Palissade, på-ll-såd, s. f. palisade. Pa-lissade d'arbres, hedge row of trees set close

together.
PALISSADER, på-li-så-då, v. a. to palisade PALISSER, på-li-så, v. a. to fasten the branches of trees to a wall.

Palle, s. f. sort of vessel built in the East Indies. V. Pale.

PALLIATI-F, VE, pål-liå-tif, tlv, adj. pal-

liative. PALLIATION, pål-lia-sion, s. f. palliation.

palliating, mitigation.

PALLIER, pal-lia, v. a. to palliate, colour, cloak. Pallier te mal, to palliate or patch up a disease.

PALLIUM, pål-li-om, s. m. pall.

PALME, palm, s. m. palm or hand's breadth; (d'une rame) blade.

Pulme, s. f. branch of a palm-tree. Remporter la palme, to carry the day, get the vic-tory. Palme de Christ, s. f. palma-Christi. Palme, s. f. Mar. Palm (measure for mea-

suring masts in the rough.)

PALMIER, pål-miå, s. m. palm-tree, date-

tree. PALMISTE, s. m. sort of squirrel; sort of merlin.

PALMITE, s. f. palm-tree pith.

PALOMBE, på-lonb, s. f. kind of pigeon. PALONNEAU or PALONNIER, på-lô-nià, s m. spring-tree bar (of a coach.)

PALOT, s. m. clown, churl, lubberly fellow,

PALPABLE, pål-påbl, adj. palpable, plain, clear, manifest, evident.

PALPABLEMENT, pål-påbl-men, adv. palpably, plainly, evidently

PALPER, v. a. to feel, touch.

Palpitant, E, pål-pl-ten, tent, adj. panting, palpitating.
PALPITATION, pål-pl-tå-slon, s. f. palpita-

tion, panting.
PALPITER, pal-pi-ta, v. n. to pant, go pit-

a-pat, palpitate.
PALSAMBLEU, interj. by the blood of Dagon, zounds.

PALSANGUÉ, interj. ods-buds, zookers.

PALTOQUET, pål-to-ke,s. m. clownish, awkward fellow.

Palus, på-lås, s. m. marsh, moor, fen. PAMER, pa-ma, v. n. Se pamer, v. r. to swoon, swoon away, fall into a swoon, faint. PAMOISON, pa-mwa-zon, s. f. swoon, faint-

PAMPHLET, pen-fie, s. m. pamphlet. PAMPRE, penpr, s. m. vine-branch full of

PAMPRÉ, E, adj. decked with vine leaves. PAN, pen, s. m. pane, flat front or face; (de robe) skirt, flap or flaps, lappet.

PANACÉE, på-nå-så, s. f. panacea. PANACHE, på-nåsh, s. f. pea-hen.

Panache, s. m. plume or bunch of feathers; pretty mixture of colours in a flower.

PANACHÉ, E, adj. of several colours, set out or diversified with several colours. PANACHER, på-nå-shå, v.n. Se panacher,

v. r. to begin to be streaked with several colours. PANADE, på-nåd, s. f. panado. Se panader, se-på-nå-då, V. Se pavaner.

Panais, pa-nė, s. m. parsnip.

bûse, bût : jèune, mêute, bêurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

PANARIS, på-nå-rl, s. m. felou or whitlow (at the end of the finger.)

PANATHÉNÉES, s. f. pl. feasts at Athens in

honour of Minerva. PANCARTE, pên-kârt, s. f. paper or sign-board containing the rates of toll. Vieilles pancartes, old writings.

PANCRÉAS, pen-krå-ås, s. m. pancreas.

PANGRÉATIQUE, adj. pancreatick.
PANDECTES, pèn-dèkt, s. f. pl. pandects or digests (body of the civil law.)
PANDÉMIE, PANDÉMIQUE, V. Epidémie,

Epidémique.

PANDORE, s. f. pandore, sort of lute.
PANDOURE, s. m. Hungarian soldier.
PANÉ, E, adj. covered with crumbs of bread. De l'eau panée, toast and water.

PANÉGYRIQUE, på-nå-zi-rik, s. m. pane-

PANÉGYRIQUE, adj. panegyrical. PANÉGYRISTE, på-nå-zl-rlst, s. m. pane-

PANER, på-nå, v. a. to strew over with crumbs of bread. Paner des cotelettes, to dress cutlets with crumbs of bread.

PANERÉE, pån-rå, s. f. basket full. PANET, V. Panais.

PANETERIE, pan-trl, s. f. the king's pan-

PANETIER, pån-tfå, s. m. pantler, master

of the pantry to his majesty.

PANETIÈRE, pan-der, s. f. shepherd's scrip, bag or poke wherein the shepherd puts his

bread. PANETON, pan-ton, s. m. key bit.

PANIC, på-ni, or PANICUM, s. m. pannick or pannicle (kind of millet) PANIER, på-ni å, s. m. basket, hamper, pannier; (of a petticoat) hoop. Jupe à panier, hoop petticoat.

PANIQUE, på-nik, adj. f. panick. Ex. Terreur or frayeur panique, panick, fear, or ter-

PANIS, V. Panic.

PANNE, pan, s. f. plush, shag; (de la peau du cochon, ctc.) fat; (de charpenterie) beam that supports the rafters. En panne, Mar, lying to or by. Un vaisseau en panne, a ship lying to. L'escadre ememie est en panne, the enemy's fleet is lying to or by. Mettre en panne, to lie by or to.

PANNEAU, pa-no, s. m. pane, pannel; (de vitrage or de lambris) pane; (de selle or de bât) pannel; snare, gin, trap. Donner dans le panneau, to be trapped, fall into the snare. Panneau, Mar. hatch, cover or lid of a hatch-

way. Les panneaux, the hatches.
PANNEAUTER, v. a. to lay snares.

PANNICULE, s. f.fleshy membrane. PANONCEAU, pa-non-so, s. m. escutcheon (on a paper posted up to give it the stamp of

authority, or on a post to mark a jurisdiction.)

PANSART . pen-sar, adj. V. Punsu. Panse, pens, s. f. paunch, belly, maw, guts.

Panse d'a, oval of an a. Il n'a pas fait une panse d'a, he has not written a single letter. PANSEMENT, pens-men, s. m. dressing. PANSER, pen-så, v. a. to dress (a wound,)

look to or after, take care of.

PANSU, E, pen-su, su, adj. paunch-bellied, that has a great paunch

Pantalon, pen-ta-lon, s m. pantaloon, buffoon; pantaloons.

Pantalonnade, pen-ta-lô-nad, s. f. pan-taloon's dance, drollery, buffoonery.

*PANTELANT, E, pent-len, lent, adj. panting.

*PANTELANT, Espectivent, etc., pant. PANTELER, pent-la, v. n. to pant. PANTENNE, Mar. Ex. Mettre une voile en pantenne, to top a yard. Ce bâtiment a ses vergues en pantenne, that ship's yards are hanging up and down. Voiles en pantenne,

sails flying about or hanging in disorder.
PANTHEON, per-ta-on, s. m. pantheon.
PANTHERE, per-ter, s. f. panther.
PANTIÈRE, per-tier, s. f. draw net for

woodcocks.

PANTIN, s. m. dancing jack (a toy.) PANTOIMENT, s. m. difficulty of breathing

in a hawk.
*Pantois, E, pen-twå, twåz, adj. short-

winded, out of breath.

PANTOMIME, pen-to-mim, s. m. panto-

mime; s. f. the pantomimick art. PANTOUFLE, pen-toofl, s. f. slipper. Soulier

en pantouste, slip shoe. Mettre son soulier en pantouste, to slip one's shoe on. Raisonner pantouste, to talk idly. En pantoustes, at

PANTURE or PENTURE, s. f. the iron work of a door or window.

PAON, pen, s. m., peacock; sort of butterfly. Paonne, pan, s. f. pea-hen.
PAONNEAU, pa-nò, s. m., young peacock.
PAPA, pa-pa, s. m. papa, father.
PAPABLE, pa-pabl, adj. m. that may be

made a pope. PAPAL, E, på-pål, adj. papal, of or belonging to the pope. Couronne papale, pope's

triple crown.
PAPAUTÉ, på-pò-tà, s. f. papacy, popedom.

the pope's dignity.

PAPE, pap, s. m. pope.

PAPEGAI, pap-ge, s. m. popinjay, wooden bird to be shot at; paroquet

PAPELARD, pap-lar, adj. & s. m. hypocritical, hypocrite or false zealot.

*PAPELARDER, v.n. to play the hypocrite. PAPELINE, s. f. poplin (kind of cloth.)

PAPERASSE, påp-rås, s. f. waste paper, old dusty manuscripts. PAPERASSER, pap-ra-sa, v. n. to rummage

papers; also to scribble, or waste paper.
PAPERASSIER, s. m. a man who is fond of

rummaging old and useless papers. *PAPESSE, på-pes, s. f. she-pope. Ex. La

papesse Jeanne, pope Joan. PAPETERIE, pap-trl, s. f. paper-mill; also paper-trade.

PAPETIER, påp-tlå, s. m. paper-maker; stationer. Papetier-colleur, s. m. paste-board-

Papier, på-plå, s. m. paper; book; bills, notes, paper securities. Papier à écrire, writing paper. Papier gris, brown paper. Papier nouvelle, newspaper. Papiers, pa-Papiers, pa-Papiers et enpers, writings, manuscripts. seignemens, Mar. papers of a ship (comprehending the billsof lading, manifests, cockets, etc.) Etre sur les papiers de quelqu'un, to be in one's books, owe one money.

PAPILLON, pa-pi-lon, s. m. butterfly. Papillonnacée, på-pi-lô-na-sa, adj. papilionaceous

Papillonner, på-pl-lo-nå, v. n. to flutter about.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good

PAPILLOTAGE, på-pf-lo-tåz, s. m. curling (of hair in papers; also twinkle or twinkling of the eyes

PAPILLOTE, pa-pî-lôt, s. f. paper to keep the hair in curl; also spangle.

PAPILLOTER, på-pi-lo-ta, v. a. to put hair in paper, curl hair: also to twinkle, dazzle.

PAPIN, s. m. V. Bouillie.

PAPISME, på-pism, s. m. popery.

PAPISTE, på-pist, s. m. & f. papist or Ro-

man catholick.

PAPYRUS, s. m. sort of plant used ancient-

ly instead of paper.
PAQUE, s. f. passover. Pâque (or oftener)
Pâques, s. f. Easter. V. Pâques.
PAQUEBOT, pâk-bô, s. m. Mar. packet-

boat, packet.

PAQUERETTE, påk-rêt, s. f. Easter-daisy. PAQUES, pak, s. f. Easter devotions. Ex. Pâques closes, Rogation Sunday. fleuries, Palm Sunday. V. Pâque.

PAQUET, på-ke, s. m.bundle, parcel, packet. Donner le paquet à quelqu'un, to father a thing upon onc. Donner à quelqu'un son paquet, to return one a sharp answer. Faire son paquet, to pack off. Le grain nous força d'amener nos voiles en paquet, the squall forced us to let the yards go amain as quick as we could.

PAQUET-BOT, V. Paquebot.

PAQUETER, v. a. Mar. to roll up. Paquète bien la voile, roll the sail snug up.

*PAQUIS, s. m. pasture, pasture-ground. PAR, par, prep. by; out of, from, through; for; pour, by means of; about; during, in, while it is, while there is; with; for every, by the, per, a or an. Par ici, this way, through this place. Par là, that way, yonder, through that place; also by that, thereby. Par ci par là, here and there, now and then. Par de cà, this side, on this side. Par de là, that side, on that side, on the other side. Par dedans, within, through. Par dehors, without. Par auprès, by. Par derrière, par devant, par devers. V. Derrière, devant, devers. Par-dessous, under, underneath. Par-dessus, above, beyond, over and above, besides. Par haut, upwards. Par le haut, par en haut, up-wards, towards the top, by the top. Par le bas, par en bas, downwards. Par haut et par bas, upwards and downwards. Partout, every bas, upwards and downwards. I around the where. Par trop, a great deal too much. Par terre et pur mer, by land and water. De par le roi, by the king, by the king's command. Par ordre du roi, by the king's order. Par mon moyen, through my means. Je l'ai fait par cette raïson, I did it for that reason. Par passe-temps, by way of diversion. Il a passe par Paris, he went through Paris. Il se promène par la rue, he walks about the street. Jeter par la fenêtre, to throw out of the window. Tant par semaine, so much a week. Par, Mar. in, on, etc. Nous mouillâmes par 10 brasses, fond de vase, we brought up in 10 fathoms over a muddy bottom. Par quelle latitude aviez vous établi votre croisière? in what latitude did you cruise? Ce bâtiment par le bossoir, that vessel on the bow. Partout, fore and aft.

PARABOLE, på-rå-bôl; s. f. parable or similitude; parabola or crooked line made by

PARACENTÈSE, på-rå-sen-tez, s. f. para

PARACENTRIQUE, adj. paracentrick. *PARACHÈVEMENT, PARACHEVER. V Achèvement, Achever.

PARACHRONISME, s. m. parachronism.

PARACHUTE, s. m. parachute.
PARACLET, på-rå-klè, s. m. paraclete,
Comforter (a title of the Holy Spirit.)
PARADE, på-råd, s. f. parade, show, state,

ostentation; parrying or putting by; (terme de guerre) stop or stopping; (de bateleurs) bur-lesque prelude. Lit de parade, bed of state. Habit de parade, robe of state. Mar. Ex Les avirons en parade, toss your oars up.

PARADIGME, på-rå-digm, s. m. paradigm. PARADIS, på-rå-di, s. m. paradise, heaven, place of bliss; (dans les théatres) upper gallery, slips. Le paradis terrestre, the paradise

or garden of Eden.
PARADISIER, s. m. bird of paradise. PARADOXAL, E, adj. paradoxical PARADOXE, på-rå-doks, s. m. paradox

PARADOXE, adj. paradoxical.
PARAFE, på-råt, etc. V. Paraphe, etc.
*PARAGE, på-råz, s. m. lineage, descent. Mar. latitude, space of sea comprehended be tween two parallels of latitude; part of the sea near a coast. Etre en parage, to be in a latitude and longitude assigned for a rendez-

PARAGOGE, s. f. paragoge.

PARAGOGIQUE, adj. paragogical.
PARAGORIQUE, adj. paragogical.
PARAGRAPHE, på-rå-gråt, s.m. paragraph.
PARAGUANTE, på-rå-goo-ånt, s. f. pair of gloves, present for a service renderred.

PARALLACTIQUE, adj. parallactick. PARALLAXE,på-rå-låks,s.m. & f. parallax. PARALLÈLE, på-rå-lål, adj. parallel,

equally distant.

PARALLÈLE, s. f. parallel line. Parallèle, s. m. parallel, circle of the sphere; parallel, comparison, competition. Mettre en parallèle, to put in competition, compare

Parallélipipède, s. m. parallelopiped. PARALLELISME, på-rå-lå-lism, s. m. pa-

rallelism.

PARALLÉLOGRAMME, på-rå-lå-lå-gråm, s. m. parallelogram.

PARALOGISME, på-rå-lô-aism, s. m. para-

PARALYTIQUE på-rå-lî-tîk, adj. & s. paralytick; man or woman troubled with the palsy.

PARANGON, pa-ren-gon, s. m. comparison, parallel; paragon, model, pattern; sort of black marble; (sort of type) primer.

*Parangonner, v. a. to compare.

PARANT, E, adj. adorning.

PARANYMPHE, på-rå-ninf, s. m. paranymph, bride-man; also solemn speech at the university in praise of those that are commencing doctors.
PARAPEGME, s. m. parapegm.

PARAPET, på-rå-pê, s. m. parapet, breastwork.

PARAPHE, s. m. paraph, mack or flourish after one's signature.

PARAPHER, v. a. to mark with a paraph. the cutting of a cone or cylinder. PARAPHERNAUX, på-rå-fer-no, s. m. PARABOLI: UE,på-rå-bò-lik,adj.parabolic. Ex. Biens paraphernaux, paraphernalia. PARAPHERNAUX, på-rå-fer-no, s. m. pl. buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

PARAPHIMOSIS, s. m. paraphimosis. PARAPHRASE, på-rå-fråz, s. f. paraphrase. PARAPHRASER, på-rå-frå-zå, v. a. to paraphrase, comment upon; to amplify, romance, add to a story.

PARAPHRASEUR, s. m. commenter, ex-

plainer (term of reproach.)
PARAPHRASTE,på-rå-fråst,s.m.paraphrast. PARAPLUIE, på-rå-plůl, s. m. umbrella.

PARASANGE, s. f. parasang. PARASÉLÈNE, s. f. paraselene, mock moon,

false appearance of a moon.

PARASITE, på-rå-zît, s. m. parasite, spun-ger, smell-feast, hanger on, trencher-friend, shark.

PARASITIQUE, s. f. parasitick art.

PARASOL, på-rå-sôl, s. m. parasol, small canopy to screen from the sun

PARATITLES, s. m. pl. summary explica-tion of the law titles or law books.

PARATONNERRE, s. m. conductor, (light-

PARAVENT, på-rå-ven,s. m.screen (against wind) folding screen, outside shutter. PARBIEU, PARBLEU, pår-bleu,

zookers, udsbuddikins.

PARBOUILLIR, pår-boo-lir, v. a. (like bou-

illir) to parboil.

Parc, park, s. m. park; fold, pen, sheep-fold, grazier's fold. Parc d'artillerie, park of artillery. Mar. Parc de construction, dock-yard. Parc à moutons, sheep-pen. Parc à boulets, shot locker.

PARCAGE, pår-kåz, s. m. time that sheep remain upon a field; acknowledgment paid

for the liberty of having a park.

PARCELLE, par-sel, s. f. a small parcel, particle

Parce que, pårs-ke, conj. because.

PARCHEMIN, parsh-min, s. m. parchment. PARCHEMINERIE, pårsh-min-ri, s. f. place where parchment is made or sold, parchmentmaking, parchment-trade.

PARCHEMINIER, parsh-mi-nia, s.m. parch-

ment-maker or seller.

PARCIMONIE, s. f. savingness, parsimony. PARCOURIR, pår-kôo-rîr, v. a. (like courir) to travel or run over, survey, read cursorily. Mar. Ex. Parcourir l'horizon avec une lunette, to sweep the horizon with a spying-glass. Parcourir les coutures, to try the seams with a calking-iron. Nous avons parcouru toutes les mers du Nord dans cette campagne, we ran all over the north sea in that cruise.

PARDON, par-don, s. m. pardon, forgiveness. Pardons, indulgences (of the pope.)

PARDONNABLE, pår-då-nabl,adj. pardon-

able (said of things.)

PARDONNER, pår-dô-nå, v. a. & n. to pardon, forgive; excuse. La mort ne pardonne à

personne, death spares nobody.

PARÉ, E, adj. set out, etc. V. Parer.

PARÉATIS, på-rå-å-tis, s. m. writ or warrant in chancery.

PARÉGORIQUE, adj. paregorick. PAREIL, LE, pa-rel, adj. like, equal.

PAREIL, s. m. equal, match.
PAREILLE, (LA) s. f. Rendre la pareille, to requite, render like for like, be even with A la pareille, je vous le rendrai à la

pareille, I shall be even with you. PAREILLEMENT. på-rel-men, adv. like-

wise, in like manner.

PARÉLIE, på-rå-ll, s. m. parhelion. PARELLE, s. f. bastard rhubarb.

PAREMENT, pår-men, s. m. altar-ornament; surface of a stone; facing of a garment; speckle (on a bird's wings.) Parement de muraille, course of stones.

PARENCHYME, s. m. parenchyma.

PARÉNÈSE, s. f. parenesis, moral discourse PARÉNÉTIQUE, adj. that relates to morality. PARENT, på-ren, s. m. relation, kinsman. Parens, parents, ancestors.
*PARENTAGE, pa-ren-taz, s.m. parentage,

kindred.

PARENTE, på-rent, s. f. kinswoman. PARENTÉ, på-rentå, s. f. kindred, consan-

PARENTÉ, på-rén-tà, s. f. kindred, consanguinity, relations, kinsfolk; parentage, family.

*PARENTELLE, på-rén-tèl, s. f. V. Parenté.
PARENTHÈSE, på-rèn-tèz, s. f. parentliesis.
PAREN, på-rà, v. a. to set off, set out, deck, adorn, trim, trick, prink up, embellish; to parry, put by or keep off, ward off; (des cairs) to dress or curry; (le pied d'un cheval) to pare a horse's hoof. Parer or fuire parer un cheval to the set of t cheval, to stop a horse. Se parer de, to deck one's self with; also to screen one's self from, guard against. Parer, v. n. (un cheval) to stop; (un coup) to parry. Parer, v. a. Mar. stop; (un coup) to parry. Parer, v. a. Mar. Parer un bâtiment, to dub a ship; (un bâtiment) to get clear of a ship. Parer un écueil, to clear a shoal, give a good birth to a shoal. Parer une ancre, to get an anchor all clear for running. Parer la batterie, to cieda la deck. Parer la lampe d'habitacle, to trim the binnacle-lamp. Parer un câble, to see a cable clear. L'ancre est-ellé parée? is the anchor clear? Le câble est-il paré? is the cable all clear ? Pure à mouiller, see all clear for coming to. Pare à virer, ready about. Pare à virer lof pour lof, see all clear for wearing ship. Pare les galhanbans de la hune, bear the back stays clear of the top-brim. Pare manceuvres, coil the ropes up. Avant qui à paré, give way with the oars that are shipped. Pare le grand canot, get the barge ready. V. Toucher.
PARÈRE, s. m. opinion of merchants upon

commercial questions.

Paresse, på-res, s. f. laziness, idleness, sloth, slothfulness, sluggishness.

PARESSER, v. n. to play the eluggard. PARESSEU-X, SE, på-rê-scu, scuz, adj. & s. lazy, idle, slothful, sluggish, a sluggard, lazy-

bones: s. m. the sloth (animal. PARFAIRE, pår-fer, v. a. (like faire, but

seldom used except in the infinitive and parti-ciple) to perfect or bring to perfection, finish. Faire et parfaire le procès à un criminel, to arraign and convict a criminal.

PARFAIT, E, par-fe, fet, adj. perfected, brought to perfection, finished; perfect, complete, excellent, accomplished

PARFAITEMENT, par-fet-men, adv. perfectly, rarely, well, entirely, wholly.

PARFOIS, par-fwa, adv. sometimes, now and then.

PARFONDRE, v. a. to men; to blend uniformly (in enamelling.)

PARFOURNIR, v. a. to complete.

PARFUM, pår-fun, s. m. perfume.
PARFUMER, pår-fu-må, v. a. to perfume,
reeten. Parfumer un båtiment, Mar. to sweeten. smoke or fumigate a ship.

PARFUMEU-R, SE, par-fu-meur, meuz, s. m. & f. perfumer.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

PARI, på-ri, s. m. wager, bet. PARIADE, på-rl-åd, s. f. pairing time, brace of partridges.
PARIER, på-rî-å, v. a. to bet, lay, lay a

PARIÉTAIRE, på-rlå-ter, s. f. pellitory of the wall (herb.) PARIEUR, på-ri-eur, s. m. bettor (that

PARISIEN, NE, på-rî-zîên, zîên, adj. Parisian. Parisienne, small character a size above pearl (in printing.)

PARITÉ, på-rl-tå, s. f. parity, equality. PARJURE, pår-zur, adj. & s. m. perjury;

also perjurer. PARJURER, (SE) sê-par-zû-ra, v. r. to be

forsworn, to forswear one's self.

PARLAGE, s. m. verbosity.
PARLANT, E, adj. speaking. Ex. Unetrompette parlant, a speaking-trumpet. Portrait parlante, striking likeness.

PARLEMENT, parl-men, s. m. parliament, supreme court of judicature; session or term

(during which the parliament sits.)

PARLEMENTAIRE, pårl-men-ter, adj. & s. parliamentary; round-head, whig. Bateau or bâtiment parlementaire, Mar. cartel, flag of

PARLEMENTER, parl-men-ta, v. n. to par-

ley, to come to a parley.

PARLER, par-là, y. n. to speak, talk. Je lui apprendrui à parler, I will teach him to rule his tongue. Jeu ai out parler, I have heard of it. On en parle fort, it is a thing much talked of. On n'en parle plus, there is no more talk of it. Trouver à qui parler, to meet with one's match. Nous parlerons à ce bâtiment avant de prendre des ris, Mar. we will speak with that vessel before we reef.

Parler, v. a. to speak. Ex. Parler françois or la langue françoise, to speak French. Parler françois, to speak plain. Parler chicane, to use law-terms. Se parler, v. r. to speak to one another, talk together, talk to one's self, also to be spoken. La langue françoise se parle par toute l'Europe, the French tongue is spoken

all over Europe.

PARLER, s. m. speech or manner of speak-

ing. PARLERIE, pårl-rl, s. f. prating, talkative-

PARLEU-R, SE, par-leur, leuz, s. in. & f. talker. Un beau parleur, a well-spoken man, a good spokesman or speaker.

PARLOIR, pår-lwar, s. m. parlour (of a monastery.)

PARMESAN, s. m. Parmesan; Parmesan cheese.

PARMI, par-mi, prep. among, amongst, amidst. It is only joined to an indefinite plural of more than two or to a collective singular. Ex. Parmi mes livres, amongst my books. Parmi la foule, amidst the crowd.

PARNASSE, par-nas, s. m. Parnassus, poe-

try, poets.

PARODIE, på-rð-dl, s. f. parody.

PARODIER, på-rð-dlå, v. a. to parody.

PARODISTE, på-rð-dlst, s. m. writer or
maker of parodies.

PAROI, på-rwå, s. f. wall, partition. Paroi, s. m. coat (of the stomach :) bridge

(of the wose.)

PAROIR, s. m. farrier's buttress.

PAROISSE, på-rwas, s. f. parish; parish-

church; parishioners.

PAROISSIAL, E,på-rwå-slål, adj. parochial, of or belonging to the parish. Une église paroissiale, a parochial or parish church.

PAROISSIEN, NE, på-rwå-sien, sien, s. m.

& f. parishioner. PAROÎTRE, på-retr, v. n. (See the table at oitre) to appear, be seen; to appear in the world; make a show or some figure; to appear, to seem or look. Son esprit paroit creela, he shows his wit in that. Faire paroitre, to show, bring forth, declare, discover. Il paroit bien quel parti it a pris, it appears how he rou men que para it à pravoit, here are the marks or prints of it. Vraiment, il y paroit peu, troth, there is little sign of it. Il paroit peu, troth, there is little sign of it. Il paroit un beau livre, there is a fine book come out. Paroître, v. n. Mar. Paroître dans le brouillard or dans le lointain, or par le mirage, to loom. La terre paroît très-elevée par le mirage, the land looms very high. Le mirage fait paroétre très-gros ces batimens, those vessels loom very large. Cette voile inconnue paroit être un bâtiment de guerre, that strange sail has the

appearance of a man of war.

PAROLE, på-rol, s. f. speech; discourse; word; saying; promise, parole. Porter la parole, to speak, be the spokesman. Represdre la parole, to resume the discourse. Prendre la parole, to answer, reply. Tenir parole or sa parole, to be as good as one's word-Avoir la parole à commandement, to have one's tongue well hung, be well-spoken. La parole éternelle, incrée or incarnée, the eternal Word. Jesus Christ. Paroles, words, hard words; (d'un air, d'une chauson) words. Se prendre de paroles, to rail at one another.
PAROL1, på-rð-ll, s. m. paroli.

PARONOMASE, s. f. paronomasia.
PARONOMASE, s. f. paronomasia.
PARONYCHIE, s. f. felon or whitlow.
PAROTIDE, på-rô-tld, s. m. parotid.
PAROXISME, på-rôk-slsm, s. m. paroxysm.
PARPAILLOT, E. pår-på-lò, lôt, s. m. & f.
nickname given to French protestants; impi-

PARPAING, par-pin, s. m. large stone in a building as thick as the wall.

PARQUE, park, s.f. Destiny, one of the fa-

PARQUER, pår-kå, v. a. to park, enclose in a park; (des moutons) to fold. Faire parquer, to fold.

PARQUET, par-ke, s. m. bar (of a court of

judicature;) pew where the French ministers and elders sit together; inlaid floor.

PARQUETAGE, pårk-tåz, s. m. inlaid work. PARQUETER, pårk-tå, v. a. to inlay. Ex. Parqueter une chambre, to inlay a room.

*PARQUOI, conj. therefore.

PARRAIN, pa-rin, s. m. god-father; one chosen by a soldier about to be shot to blind his eyes.

PARRICIDE, pa-rl-sid, s. m. parricide. PARRICIDE, adj. parricidal, murderous. PARSEMER, pars-må, v. a. to strew seed;

spread or scatter

PART, par, s.f. part; share, portion; con-cern; side; place. Quelque part, some place, somewhere, somewhere or other. Autre part or quelqu'autre part, somewhere else. En quelque part que, wherever, whitherso-ever. Nulle part, no where. De part et buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

d'autre, on each side, on both sides. De a dure, on each side, on both sides. De part en part, through and through. La plus part. V. Plupart. A part, aside, separately, to one's self, apart, by one's self, by itself, by themselves. Raillerie à part, seriously, without jesting, in good earnest. A part soi, to one's self. Mettre à part, to lay aside or by. Tirer à part, to take aside. Faire bande à part, to part from the company. Faire lit à part, to have a separate bed or separate beds. De la part de, on the part of, by the desire of, commissioned by, from. Venez-vous ici of, commissioned by, from. Venez-vous ici de la part de M. votre père? Do you come here by your father's desire? De ma part, for my part, as for me. Saluez le de ma part, remember me or present my service or respects to him. Je le sais de bonne part, I have it from good hands. Prendre en bonne part, It from good names. Frenure en bonne part, to take well. Prendre en mauvaise part, to take ill. Avoir part à, to have a share or hand in, be concerned in, contribute to. V. Partager. Faire part de, to impart. Etre à la part, Mar. to have a share in the profits of

Part, s. m. (law term) birth, child, infant. Supposition or suppression de part, concealed

delivery.

PARTAGE, partiaz, s. m. parting, partition, sharing, dividing, division; lot, share. C'estlà votre partage, that is fallen to your lot or share. Il y a partage (les juges sont partagés)

the court is divided.

PARTAGER, pår-tå-zå, v. a. to part, sliare, divide, make parts, give a share; (prendre part à) to take part with, be concerned for, share in. Partagez mon amour, return my love. Are partage des dons du corps et de l'âme, to be endowed with the gifts of the body and mind. Je sens votre surprise et je la partage, I am sensible how much you are surprised, and I am as much so. Son père l'a partagé en aîné, his father gave him an elder brother's share. La nature l'a bien partagé, he has good natural parts or accomplishments.

PARTANCE, par-tens, s. f. Mar. setting sail or sailing from a place, time and act of sailing or departing from a place. Le coup de partrace, the sailing gun. Etre en partance, to be ready for sailing. Faire une belle partance, to sail with a fair and steady breeze.

*PARTANT, par-ten, adv. therefore, where-

fore, consequently.

*PARTEMENT, s. m. V. Départ.

PARTERRE, par-ter, s. m. parterre, level or even plot of ground; flower-garden; pit (in a play-house,) people that are in the pit. Parterre de gazon, green or grass plot.

PARTI, E, adj. gone, gone away, departed, parted, divided; party (in heraldry.)
PARTI, par-tl, s. m. party, side; match; offer, conditions, terms; body, detachment; expedition, way, means; business, calling, profession resolution, choice, course, course of life, line of conduct; contract, farming; (chef de parti) ringleader. Prendre le parti de quelqu'un, to take one's part or defence. Prendre le parti des armes, de l'église, etc. to take to the army, to the church, etc. Prendre parti dans les troupes, to list one's self a sol-dier. Prendre son parti, to come to a deter-mination, be reso ved upon it. Tirer parti de quelqu'un or de quelque chose, to reap some advantage by a person or thing. Il faut prendre un parti, I (you, we, etc.) must take to some profession or other, I (you, we, etc.) must come to some resolution or other. parti qu'il prend, the resolution he takes; also the line of conduct he takes to, the course he takes to. Elle a pris parti ailleurs, she has provided elsewhere for herself. J'ai pris parti ailleurs, I am engaged another way. Jai pris le parti du silence or de me taire, I chose to be

PARTIAL, E, pår-siål, adj. partial, not total; biassed to one's party or interest.

Partialement, par-sial-men, adv. par-

Partialiser, (sr) se-par-sia-li-za, v. r. to be partial or biassed to a party.

Partialité, par-sia-li-ta, s. f. partiality.

PARTICIPANT, E, par-ti-sî-pen, pent, adj. partaking.

PARTICIPATION, par-ti-si-pa-sion, s. f. par-ticipation, share. Sans ma participation, unknown to me, without imparting it to me.

PARTICIPE, pår-ti-sip, s. m. participle;

partner.

Participer, par-ti-si-pa, à, v. n. to participate or partake of, have a share in, take part with, be concerned for. Participer de, partake of the nature or properties of

PARTICULARISER, pår-ti-ků-lå-ri-zå, v. a. to particularize, insist on particulars, give a

particular account of.

PARTICULARITÉ, par-ti-ků-là-ri-tà, s. f. particular or particularity

PARTICULE, par-ti-kul, s. f. particle; small

or little part, crumb.

PARTICULIER, E, pår-ti-cû-lîa, lîer, adj. particular, proper, peculiar, singular, extraordinary, uncommon, private.

PARTICULIER, s. m. private man. En particulier, in particular, apart, aside, privately, in private. Virre en particulier, to live a private life. Etre en son particulier, to be private. En mon particulier, for me, for my

PARTICULIÈREMENT, pår-ti-kû-lièr-mên, adv. particularly, especially, in a particular or

special manner

PARTIE, partil, s. f. part; client; party; (de joueurs) match, party; game; combination; sum, sum of money; (d'un compte) article. Partie adverse, adverse party, adversary, antagonist, opposer. Partie double (au jeu) lurch. Etre de la partie, to be one of the company, put in for one. Parties, parts, qualifications, accomplishments; (compte) bills. Vous êtes sur mes parties, I remember you. Pour fin de toutes parties, in full of all demands Faire les parties d'une sentence, to parse a sen tence. Partie or en partie, adv. partly, in part Partie, the feminine of Parti. V. Parti.

PARTIEL, LE, adj. not the whole, partial. *PARTIR, par-tir, v. a. (only used in the infinitive) to part, divide. Ils ont toujours maile à partir, they have always a crow to

pluck, they are always squabbling.

Partir, v. n. to go, go away, set out or forth, depart; to come or proceed, to flow or result, be the effect; to come or go out, dart; (parlant d'un lièvre) to start; (parlant d'un personne) to spring. Faire partir, to send or send away; (un lièvre) to start; (une perdrix)

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Un coup de to spring; (un cheval) to put on. canon étant parti du vaisseau ennemi, one gun being discharged from the enemy's ship.

PARTIR, s. m. departure, setting out ; (d'un

cheval) starting.

PARTISAN, par-ti-zen, s. m. partisan, stick-ler, favourer of a party; contractor, farmer, leader, commander, partisan. Chaque parti avoit d'honnéles gens pour ses partisans, each party had honest men on its side.

PARTITI-F, VE, par-ti-tif, tiv, adj. partitive,

denoting only part

PARTITION, par-ti-slon, s. f. partition.
PARURE, par-tir-slon, s. f. set-off, ornament, finery, attire, dress. Une parure de diamans, a set of diamonds. Parures, shags or parings.
PARVENIR, parv-nir, v. n. (like venir) to

arrive, come, get, attain, reach, come to pre-ferment, make one's fortune.

PARVENU, E, adj. arrived, etc. V. Parvenir. Il est parvenu à sa fin, he has got his aim. Le paysan parvenu, the fortunate countryman. Un officier parvenu, an officer who had been a common soldier, etc. Un parvenu, an up-

PARVIS, s. pår-vl, s. m. court before a

church, porch.

Pas, pa, s. m. pace; step; sill, threshold; stile; going backward and forward, labour, passage, defile. Pas-d'âne, colt's-foot (a plant i) sharp bit; basket hilt. De ce pas, tout de ce pas, straight, presently. Pas à pas, step by step. Cheval qui va bien le pas, a horse that paces well. Cheval de pas, pacing horse, pad. Aller d'un bon pas, marcher à carronds sas to gro na la geod rate, to well. grands pas, to go on at a good rate, to walk at a great rate. A petils pas, à pas serrés, with short and thick steps. Marcher à pas de loup, to go softly or gingerly. Marcher à pas comptés, to go stately on, go with a great deal of gravity. Pas à pas on va bien loin, fair and softly go far. Aller à la mort d'un pas ferme, to encounter death with great reso-Retourner sur ses pas, to go back, go back again, go the same way one came. A quatre pas d'ici, hard by. Faire un pas, to make or set a step. Faire un faux to make a false step, slip, trip, missone's footing. Avoir le pas, to go first, have the precedency. Prendre le pas devant, to go first. Porter ses pas à or vers, to walk to or towards. Où portez-vous vos pas? where are you going? Porter ses pas tremblans à or rers, to totter to or towards. Nous ne sommes encore qu'au premier pas, we are yet but at the be-ginning of all. Le Pas de Calais, the straits of Dover.

Pas, adv. no, not. Non pas, not. Cela n'est pas bon, that is not good. Pas un, no, not

Pascal, E, pas-kal, adj. paschal, of or belonging to the passover or Easter. L'agneau pascal, the paschal lamb; the passover.

*PASQUIN, s. m. old mutilated statue at

Rome to which placards are attached.

PASQUINADE, pas-kî-nad, s. f. pasquin, pasquinade, lampoon. PASSABLE, på-sabl, adj. passable, tolerable, indifferent.

PASSABLEMENT, på-såbl-men, adv. tolerably, indifferently, so so. Faire des vers passablement bons, to make indifferent verses.

PASSACAILLE, s. f. sort of tune and dance. PASSADE, pas-sad, s. f. passing, going through; (d'un cheval) turn, course backward and forward; relief or alms to a poor passenger. Il n'y a fait qu'une passade, he only went through it. Demander la passade, to beg one's way.

PASSAGE, på-såz, s. m. passage, way, avenue, liberty to pass; passage-money or toll; (in musick) trill, quaver. Passage, Mar. pas-Bateau de passage, passage boat. J'ai payé 20 louis pour mon passage, I paid 20 guineas for my passage. Passage de la lune guineas for my passage. Passage de la lune au méridien, southing of the moon. PassaGen, E, pasa-2a, 2er, adj. transito-ry, transient, temporary. Oiseaux passagers,

birds of passage.

Passager, s. m. passenger (of a coach,

PASSAGER, v. a. un cheval, to manage a

horse in turning.

PASSAGÈREMENT, adv. transitorily, transiently.

PASSANT, E, pa-sen, sent, adj. Ex. Chemin passant, rue passante, thoroughfare. En passant, going along, by the by, by the way, slightly, cursorily.

PASSANT. s. m. passenger, traveller. V.

Passager.

assager.
Passation, s. f. act of making a deed.
Passation, v. Passe-avant.
Passe, pas, s. f. (in fencing) pass, push, thrust; (at billiards) port; (at play) stake.

Passe des monnoies, odd money, overplus.

Etre en belle passe, to have a fine prospect, be in a fair way. Etre en pusse d'avoir quelque emploi, to be in a fair way to get, or stand fair for getting an employment. Passe, Mar. channel between two banks.

PASSÉ, E, pà-så, adj. past, etc. V. Passer, past, over, last; out, out of use, out of fashion;

out of doors; dead and gone.

PASSÉ, (LE,) s. m. the time past. Par le passé, in time past, formerly, heretofore; things past.

PASSE-AVANT, pas-à-ven, s. m. pass for one to continue his journey, permit to land goods. Passe-arant, Mar. gangway.

PASSE-CHEVAL, s. m. ferry for horses. PASSE-DROIT, pas-drwa, s. m. favour; in-

justice, wrong

Passée, pa-sà, s. f. passage (of troops through a place or of birds of passage.)
Passe-fleur, V. Anémone.
Passement, pas-mên, s. m. lace.

PASSEMENTER, pas-men-ta, v. a. to lace PASSEMENTIER, pas-men-tia, s. m. lace maker.

Passe-parole, s. m. pass parole.

PASSE-PARTOUT, pas-par-too, s. m. master-key, double key, key that opens many doors, saw fit to saw great trees.

PASSE-PASSE, s. m. juggler's tricks, leger-main. Faire des tours de passe-passe, to juggle. Un joueur de passe-passe, a juggler.
PASSE-PIED, pas-pla, s. m. sort of jig.

PASSE-PIERRE, pas-pier, s. f. sea-fennel PASSE-POIL, pas-pwal, s. m. chain lace or

edging. PASSE-PORT; pas-por, s. m. pass or pass-

Passer, pa-sa, v. n. & a. to pass, come or go through, come or go by, come or go over;

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

to go beyond, exceed, pass, surpass, excel, out-do, go or run away; to run, run through; to go over, be transferred; to pass on, come to; to be over, cease, leave off; to skip, leave out; pass over, omit, not to speak of; to satisfy, gratify; to dissipate, drive away; to spend, employ; to strain; to bolt, sift; to go away, die, expire ; (faire par-devant notaire) to draw; to fade away, decay; to last, serve; (au jeu) to pass or not play; out-go, outstrip; to pass or go, be reputed or accounted or looked upon; (un peau) to dress; to be taller than, overtop; to pass, be admitted, commence; to go or become current; to sharpen, set; to allow; (une piece de monnoie) to put off, make go; (dans une assemtlee) to pass, be resolved upon or carried; to touch lightly; to touch, glance upon; to be beyond or above the reach or capacity of; to pass, carry over; to be communicated or imparted. Passer sur quelqu'un, to make a pass at one. Passer par-dessus une chose, to over-look a thing. Passer par-dessus quelqu'un, to trainple upon one. En passer par-là, to submit to that. Passer à la montre or en retue, to pass muster, be mustered or reviewed. Passer le pas, to die, kick the bucket, kick up one's heels, go the way of all flesh. It faut passer le pas, it must be so, there is no help for it. Passer mattre, to make a freeman; to be made a freeman. Passer par les mains de quelqu'un, to fall into one's hands, have need of him. Passer de mode, to be out of fashion. Passez par ici, come this way. Passez par-là, go that way. Passez devant, go before. Passez plus avant, go farther. Passer outre, to go on, go forward, proceed. Passer une rivière, to go over a river. Passer le temps, to pass away the time, divert one's self. Passer mal son temps, to have an ill time of it, suffer. Faire passer un mal, to cure a distemper. Il ne passera pas l'année, he will not live the year out. Passe, let that pass, be it so, I grant it. Passe pour cette fois-ci, mais qu'il n'y revienne pas, I excuse him for this once, but let it be the last.

Passer, v. a. Mar. to pass, etc. Faire passer du monde sur le bord, to man the side. Passer du monde sur une manœuvre, to man a rope. Passe du monde à la sonde, pass the line along and man the guns. Passe du monde aux palans d'étai, man the stay tackles. Passer une manœuvre dans ses poulies, etc. to reeve a rope. Passer les manœuvres des bonnettes, to reeve the studding-sail gear. Passer la clef dans un mât de hune or de perroquet, to fid a top-mast or top-gallant mast. La clef est-elle passée dans le mât? is the mast fidded? Faire passer sur son bord les prisonniers d'une prise, to shift the prisoners from a prize. Nos mâts de perroquet sont passés sur l'arrière, our topgallant masts go abaft the top-masts. général a passé son pavilon sur une frégate, the admiral has shifted his flag to a frigate. Passer des canons de chasse or de retraite, to run out bow or siern chasers. Passer des canons d'un bord à l'autre, to shift guns over from side to side. En passant quelques canons, nous nous battons à 80, by shifting some guns over, we fight as many on one side Passion, på-sion, s. i. passion, love, affecas an 80 gun ship. Passer wun ordre à un tion, strong desire or inclination, foudness,

autre, to change the disposition of a fleet or squadron from one order of sailing or of battle to another. Passer des proudres, to hand along powder. Passer du lest volant, to move shifting ballast. Passer en consommation des vivres, munitions, etc. to expend provisions, stores, etc. Passer à poupe or sous le beaupré d'un bâtiment, to pass closo a-stern or a-head of a ship. Passer à vue d'un cap, d'une île, etc. to pass in sight of a cape, of an island, etc. Passer un détroit, to pass through a strait. Passer sur un danger, to go over a shoal. Passer au large or en terre d'un écueil, to go without or within a shoal. Passer sur des banes de poisson, to run through shoals of fish. Passer pardessus un bâtiment, to run down a ship Passer sous le vent d'un vaisseau, to go to leeward of a ship. Passer au vent d'un bâtiment, to go to windward of a vessel. weather a ship. Passer au travers d'une escadre ennemie, to pass through an enemy's fleet. Passer sur un bâtiment or à bord d'un bâtiment, to take a passage on board a vessel, go on board for the completion of a voyage Passer la ligne or les tropiques, to cross the line or the tropicks. Passer une barre, to cross the bar of a harbour. Passer la revue, to be mustered. Passer, to founder. Passer l'hiver, to winter. Passer un raban aux barres du cabestan, to swift the capstan bars. Passer un mât de hune or de perroquet, to point a top-mast or top-gallant mast through the cap. Les vents ont passé à l'est, the wind has got round to the eastward. Le fort du vent est passé, the height of the gale is over. Le grain nous passera de l'avant, the squall will go a-head of us. Combien passe-t-il? what is the glass running for? Nous passâmes trois jours et trois nuits en branlebas, we were three days and three nights at quarters. Votre bâtiment passe pour bon voilier, your ship is reckoned a fast sailer.

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Passer, (se,) v. r. to pass, be doing, happen; to fade away, decay: to pass, go or run away. Se passer de or à, to be contented ro satisfied with, make shift with. Se passer de, to forbear, make shift without, be contented with-

PASSERAGE, s. f. (herb) dittany.

Passereau, pas-ro, s. m. sparrow. Passe-rose, s. f. hollyrose.

PASSE-ROUTE, s. f. master (or main) trick. Passe-TEMPs, pas-ten, s. m. pastime, sport, recreation, diversion.

Passe-velours, s. m. amaranth, flowergentle, velvet-flower.

PASSE-VOGUE, s. f. rowing amain. Faire passe-vogue, to row amain, ply one's oars amain.

Passe-volant, pas-vo-len, s. m. fagot (at a muster.)

Passe-volant, Mar. false muster on the

ship's books; pl. Passe-volans.

Passeur, pa-seur, s. m. ferry-man.

Passibilité, på-sl-bl-ll-tå, s. f. passibi-

PASSIBLE, på-sîbl, adj. passible. PASSI-F, VE, på-sif, slv, adj. passive. Dette passive, debt owing to another.

PASSIF, s. m. passive verb. PASSION, pa-sion, s. f. passion, love, affec-

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

suffering; sermon preached on Good Friday

upon Christ's passion.
Passionné, É, adj. passionate, affectionate, fond, amorous, passionately in love, prepossessed. Passionné pour, greedy or desirous or ambitious or fond of.

Passionnément, på-síð-nå-mên, adv. pas-

Passionner, på-sid-nå, v. a. to humour (as a good singer or good actor.) Se passionner, v. r. to have a strong passion or desire; also to fly out into a passion.

PASSIVEMENT, på-siv-men, adv. passive-

ly, in a passive manner or sense.

Passoire, pas-war, s. f. colander.

Pastel, pas-tel, s. m. woad; pastel or era-

yon, picture in crayons.

PASTENADE, V. Panais.

PASTEUR, pas-teur, s. in. shepherd; pastor

or minister.

PASTICHE, s. m. picture in which the co-louring of a painter is imitated; opera com-posed of parts of others.

PASTILLE, pås-til, s. f. pastil.
PASTORAL, E, pås-til-rål, adj. pastoral, of or belonging to a shepherd or pastor.

PASTORALE, s. f. pastoral

PASTORALEMENT, pas-to-ral-men, adv. like a good pastor.

Pastour-eau, elle, pas-too-ro, rel, s., m. & f. little shepherd or shepherdess, swain, lass.

PAT, pa, s. m. stale mate (at chess.) PATACHE, på-tåsh, s. f. tender, revenue cutter. Patache d'avis, advice-boat.

Patagon, på-tå-gon, s. m. patacoon. Pataraffe, på-tå-råf, s. f. dash in writ-

ing, scrawl.
PATARAS, s. m. pl. Mar. preventer shrouds.

PATARASSE, s. f. Mar. horsing iron; calking iron.

PATATE, s. f. potetoe.

PATAUD, s. m. thick-footed young whelp

Pataud, e, på-to, tod, s. m. & f. great plump or chopping boy, young plump girl, ill shaped person.

PATAUGER, på-tò-zå, v. n. to walk in the

mud or mire.

PATE, pat, s. f. paste, dough; constitution, temper; lute, clay, loam. C'est une bonne pâte d'homme, he is a good honest soul. Tandis que vous avez lu main à la pâte, while your hand is in; also while you have the fingering of the money.

PATÉ, pà-tà, 's. m. (with printers) pie; (d'encre) blot; (sorte de fortification) pate. Paté de venaison, venison-pasty. Des petits

pâtés, petty-patties.

PATÉ, E, adj. pasted over. PATÉE, på-tå, s. f. paste (wherewith poul-

try is fattened.) PATELIN, påt-lin, s. m. wheedler sharper,

tricker, tricking fellow PATELINAGE, påt-li-nåz, s. m. sharping,

tricking, wheedling.

PATELINER, påt-ll-nå, v. a. to wheedle, gull, inveigle or decoy, trick. Pateliner, v. n. to trick.

PATELINEU-R, se, pat-li-neur, neuz, adj.

wheedler, crafty man or woman. PATÈNE, på-ten, s. f. patine.

PATENÔTRE, påt-nôtr, s. f. pater noster or Lord's prayer; prayer. Patenôtres, beads.

PATENÔTRIER, påt-nô-tríå, s. m. bead or chaplet maker or seller, button-maker.

PATENT, E, adj. patent. Lettres-patentes. letters patent.

PATENTE, pa-ient, s. f. or LETTRES-PA-TENTES, patent, letters patent.

PATER, s. m. pater or pater noster, great bead of a chaplet; father.

PATER, pa-ta, v. a. to paste. Pâter a talon de soulier, to paste the heel of a shoe. Pâter un

PATÈRE, s. m. kind of ancient cup. PATERNEL, LE, på-ter-nel, adj. paternal, fatherly. Parens paternels, relations on the

father's side. Paternellement, på-ter-nel-men, adv.

paternally, like a father PATERNITÉ, på-ter-nî-ta, s. f. paternity

PATERNOSTER. S. m. paternoster.
PATEU-X, SE, på-lèu, ièuz, adj. clammy
PATHÉTIQUE, på-tê-tîk, adj. pathetical.
PATHÉTIQUEMENT, på-tê-tîk-mên, adv.

pathetically.

Pathognomonique, adj. pathognomonick. Pathologie, på-tô-lô-zl, s. f. pathology. PATHOLOGIQUE, på-tô-lô-zik, adj. patho-

logical. Ратноs, på-tos, s. m. pathos.

PATIBULAIRE, på-ti-bû-ler, adj. patibu-ry. Mine patibulaire, a gallows-look.

PATIEMMENT, på-slå-men, adv. patiently. PATIENCE, på-slèns, s. f. patience; quietdock (an herb.) Demeurer en patience, to be Patience! have a little patience, paquiet. tience, well and good.

PATIENT, E, på-sien, sient, adj. patient, suffering, enduring, constant,

PATIENT, s. m. patient, prisoner, condemned to die and going to be executed: sick per-

PATIENTER, på-sièn-tå, v. n. to take patience.

PATIN, på-tin, s. m. patten, elog; skate; sort of horse-shoe

PATINER, på-d-nå, v. a. to feel, fumble, paw. Patiner, v. n. to skate.

Patineur, på-ti-neur, s. m. fumbler, palmer; skater

PATIR, på-tir, v. n. to suffer.

PATIS, pa-tl, s. m. pasture-ground, pas-PATISSER, på-ti-så, v. a. to make pastry

or pastry-work. PATISSERIE, pa-tis-ri, s. f. pastry, pastry-

work, pastry-trade.

Patissier, e, på-tî-sîå, sier, s. m. & f. pastry-cook.

PATISSOIE, s. f. padasuoy.

PATOIS, på-twå, s. m. gibberish, provincial dialect.

Paton, pa-ton, s. m. inside leather, piece of leather wherewith the toe of a shoe is lined, also paste to fatten poultry.

PATRAQUE, s. f. gewgaw, old stuff. PATRE, patr, s. m. herdsman, shepherd.

PATRES, (AD) Ex. Aller ad patres, to die, go the way of all flesh. Envoyer ad patres, Envoyer ad patres, to send (one) to sleep with his fathers.

PATRIARCAL, E, på-trî-år-kål, adj. patriarchal.

PATRIARCAT, på-trì-år-kå, s. m. patriar-chate, dignity of a patriarch.

PATRIARCHE, på-tri-årsh, s. m. patriarch. PATRICE, på-tris, s. m. patrician.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

PATRICIAT, på-tri-siå, s. m. patriciate, patrician's dignity.

PATRICIEN, NE, på-trl-sien, sien, adj. patrician, noble, descended of Roman senators.

PATRICIEN, s. m. patrician. PATRIE, pa-trl, s. f. one's native country,

one's native soil, one's own country.

PATRIMOINE, pa-tri-mwan, s. m. patrimo-

PATRIMONIAL, E, på-tri-mô-nial, adj. pa-

PATRIOTE, pa-tri-ôt, s. m. patriot, publick-

spirited man.
PATRIOTIQUE, på-tri-ô-tîk, adj. patriotick. PATRIOTIQUEMENT, adv. patriotically. PATRIOTISME,pa-tri-o-tism, s.m. patriotism.

*PATROCINER, på-tro-si-nå, v.n. to argue,

to preach.
PATRON, på-tron, s. m. pattern, model, example; patron, protector, defender; he that has the gift of a benefice. Patron, Mar. master or commander of a merchant ship or boat (in the dialect of Provence and Languedoc.) Patron de chaloupe, cockswain, patron of the launch, patron of the long boat (of a man of war.) Patron de canot, cockswain of a boat.

Patronage, på-trô-nåz, s. m. advowson,

right of patronage.

PATRONAL, E, adj. patronal, of or belong-

ing to the patron.

PATRONIMIQUE, på-trô-nî-mîk, adj. patronymick.

PATRONNE, på-tron, s. f. patroness.

PATROUILLAGE, på-troo-laz, s. m. puddle, paddling.

PATROUILLE, på-trool, s. f. patrole, rounds.
Aller en patrouille, to patrole.

PATROUILLER, på-troo-la, v.n. to puddle, paddle; to paw or fumble; to patrole.

*PATROUILLIS, på-troo-ll, s. m. puddle. PATTE or PATE, pat, s. m. paw; (d'une pêche) flap; (d'un verre) foot.

Patte or pate, s. f. Mar. Pattes (d'une ancre) flukes; (de bouline) bridles. Pattes d'élingues, Pattes de voiles, tabling of the can-hooks.

PATTÉ, E, or PATÉ, E, (in heraldry) patec.
PATTÉ er PATÉ, E, or PATÉ es, f. rap with a ferula.
*PATTÉ-PELU, E, or PATTE-VELU, E, pât-

vělů, lù, s. m. hypocrite, treacherous villain.
PATTU, E, or PATU, E, på-tů, tů, adj. Pigeon pattu, pigeon with feathers down to his

Paturage, på-tů-råz, s. m. pasture, pasture-ground, feeding.

PATURE, pa-tur, s. f. food, meat; also pas-ture, pasture-ground, provender.

PATURER, på-tů-rå, v. n. to feed. *PATUREUR, på-tů-rêur, s. m. one that leads horses to grass.

PATURON, pa-tu-ron, s. m. pastern of a

PAULETTE, po-let, s. f. paulet, kind of yearly tax paid to the king.

PAULETTER, v. n. to pay the paulet.
PAUME, pom, s. f. palm of the hand; hand (in measuring the height of a horse;) tennis.
PAUMELLE, s. f. sort of barley; (de portes

légerès) hinges, Mar. (de voilier) palm; (de cordier) list.

*Paumer, v. a. to slap, Ex. Je te paumerai

la gueule, I shall give thee a slap on the chaps.

PAUMIER, pò-mià, s. m. tennis-court-keeper, master of a tennis-court.

Paumière, s. f. she-keeper of a tennis-court.

wife of the master of a tennis-court.

PAUMOYER, V. Pomoyer.

PAUPIÈRE, pò-plèr, s. f. eye-lid; hair of the eve-lid.

PAUSE, poz, s. f. pause, stop, rest.

PAUSER, po-za, v. n. to pause, make a pause or stop.

PAUVRE, povr, adj. poor, needy, in want, not rich, not copious, sorry, pitiful, wretched. Pauvre en amis, destitute of friends.

PAUVRE, s. in. & f. poor man or woman, beggar Les pauvres, the poor, the poor sort

of people.

PAUVREMENT, povr-men, adv. poorly,

beggarly.
PAUVRESSE, s. f. a poor woman who begs

in the street.

PAUVRET, TE, pò-vrè, vrèt, adj. & s. m. & f. poorish, needy, in want; poor creature. PAUVRETE, pòvr-tà, s. f. poverty, want,

PAUVRETÉ, povr-tå, s. f. poverty, want, need, indigence, poorness, silly thing, impertinence.

PAVAGE, pa-vaz, s. m. paving.

PAVANE, på-vån.s. m. sort of dance. PAVANER, (SE) sê-på-vå-nå, v. r. to strut,

have a proud gait. PAVE, på-vå, s. m. pavement, stones of a paved place; paved place. Le haut du paré, the wall. Etre sur le pavé, to be out of office.

PAVEMENT, s. m. paving, pavement, paved floor.

Paver, på-vå, v. a. to pave.

PAVESADE, påv-zåd, s. f. Mar. nettings.

PAVEUR, på-veur, s. m. pavior. PAVIE, på-vl. s. m. nectarine.

PAVIERS, på-vi-å, s. m. Mar. nettings.

PAVILLON, på-vî-lon, s. m. pavilion; tent-bed; side of a house; (de trompette) broad

end Pavillon blanc, flag of truce.
Pavillon, Mar. flag; also flag-ship. Pavillon national or pavillon distinctif de chaque thi hadama of partitor actives; mation, colours. Pavillon de commandement, flag. Pavillon de heaupré, jack. Pavillon de poupe, ensign. Pavillons de signaux, signal flags. Pavillons supérieurs, superior flags. llags. Pavillons inférieurs, inferior flags. Vaisseau pavillon, flag ship. Bâton de pavilflags. lon, flag staff. Sur quel vaisseau le général doit-il hisser son pavillon? on board what ship is the admiral to hoist his flag?

Pavois, på-vwå, s. m. great shield. Pavois, Mar. waist cloths, quarter cloths. Parois de hune, top armours, top armings.

PAVOISER, på-vwå-zå, un batiment, v. a. to dress a ship with nettings and a variety of flags, pendants, etc.

PAYOT, på-vå, s. m. poppy.
PAYABLE.pê-yabl, adj. payable, to be paid.
PAYE, pè, s. f. pay; pay-master.
PAYEMENT, pè-mèa, s.m. payment, paying.

PAYER, pê-yà, v. a. to pay, pay off. Payer de sa personne, to show one's self a man. Payer de raison, to give good reasons. Payer d'ingratitude, to repay with ingratitude. Payer d'effronterie, to get out of a scrape by dint of impudence, stand it out.

PAYEUR, pê-yêur, s. m. pay-master. Payeuse, pê-yeuz, s. f. pay-mistress. Pays, pê-î, s. m. country, land, region, native land, native soil, also country-man. Le pays Latin, the school or university. Vous étes bien de votre pays, what a silly man you are! Etre en pays de connoissance, to be among acquaintances, to be known.

PED

PAYSAGE, pê-î-zaz, s. m. landscape.

PAYSAGISTE, pê-î-zå-zîst, s. m. landscape-

PAYSAN, pe-1-zen, s. m. peasant, countryman, clown, country clown; (d'Allemagne) boor; clown, churl. Manière de or qui sent le paysan, clownish or rustical way.

Paysanne, pê-î-zan, s. f. country-woman, clownish or rustical woman. A la paysanne,

country-like, like a clown.

PÉAGE, på-åz, s. m. tolt, custom, toll-booth,

custom-house, turnpike.

PÉAGER, på-å-zå, s. m. toll-gatherer, publican, turnpike man.

PEAU, po, s. f. skin; hide; rind; peel. Crever or enrager dans sa peau, to fret, be mad.

PEAUSSERIE, s. f. skinner's trade or ware. PEAUSSIER, pò-sià, s. m. skinner, fellmon-

PEC, adj. m. Ex. Hareng pec, pickled her-

PECCABLE, pê-kabl, adj. peccable. PECCADILLE, pc-ka-dil, s. f. peccadillo, small fault, venial sin.

Peccant, E, pê-kan, kant, adj. peccant. Ex. Une humeur peccante, a peccant humour. Peccavi, pê-kâ-vî, s. m. Ex. Un bon pec-

cari, a sincere contrition, a true repentance. PECHE, pesh, s. f. peach; fishing. La pêche,

etc. the fishery

PÉCHÉ, på-shå, s. m. sin.
PÉCHÉR, på-shå, v. n. to sin, offend; commit a fault, be wanting.

Pêcher, pè-shå, v. a. to fish; (un étang) to draw; to fish up. Pêcher à la ligne, to angle, fish with a line; to fish, try for fish. Pecher une ancre, Mar. to sweep an anchor.

PÉCHER, s. m. peach-tree. PÉCHERESSE, pash-rés, s. f. sinner, sinful woman.

PECHERIE, s. f. fishery, spot for fishing. PÉCHEUR, på-sheur, s. m. sinner, sinful

PÈCHEUR, s. m. fisher, fisherman. Bateau

pêcheur, fisherman, fishing beat.

PÉCORE, på-kor, s. f. animal, beast; (also) blockhead, fool.

PFCQUE, pek, s. f. silly or impertinent wo-PECTORAL, E, pêk-tô-râl, adj. pectoral,

good for or belonging to the breast. PECTORAL, s. m. breast-plate. PÉCULAT, på-kû-lå, s. m. peculation, em-

bezzling of the public treasury.

Pécule, på-kûl, s. m. estate got by saving

and honest industry. PÉCUNE, på-kun, s. f. ready money.

PÉCUNIAIRE, på-kû-nier, adj. pecuniary. PÉCUNIEU-X, SE, på-ků-níeu, nieuz, adj. monied, full of money

PÉDAGOGIE, på-då-gô-zl, s. f. pedagogy, instruction of youth.

PÉDAGOGIQUE, på-då-gå-zik, adj. pedagogical. PÉDAGOGUE, på-då-gåg, s. m. pedagogue

ÉDAIRE, adj. Pedarian.

PÉDALE, på-dål, s. f. pedal, low key of organs.

PÉDANÉ, på-då-nå, adj. m. Ex. Juge nédané, pedaneous judge, country judge, inferior judge.

PÉDANT, på-den, s. m. pedant, school pedant, pedantick or peremptory coxcomb, sirpositive in all things

PÉDANT, adj. pedantick.

PÉDANTE, på-dènt, s. f. pedantick woman. PÉDANTER, på-den-tå, v. n. to be a school pedant.

PÉDANTERIE, på-dent-rl, s. f. pedantry, pedantick way or humour, profession of a school-master.

PÉDANTESQUE, på-dèn-tesk, adj. pedantick. PÉDANTESQUEMENT, på-dén-tésk-men, adv. pedantically, like a pedant.

PÉDANTISER, på-den-ti-så, v. n. to play or act a pedant's part.

PÉDANTISME, på-dèn-tism, s. m. pedantry. PÉDÉRASTE, s. m. sodomite.

PÉDERASTIE, s. f. sodomy. PÉDESTRE, adj. pedestrious. PÉDESTREMENT, adv. on foot.

PÉDICULAIRE, på-dî-ků-lèr, adj. pedicular, lousy.

PÉDICULE, på-dî-kůl, s. m. pedicle, stalk of fruits and plants.

PÉDON, s. m. foot-courier.

PÉGASE, på-gåz, s. m. Pegasus.-PÉGOLIÈRE or PÉGOULIÈRE, s. f. Mar. house or shed where they melt and heat pitch in a dock yard; also boat (furnished with a furnace and kettle) employed for the same

purpose.
Peigne, pêgn, s. m. comb; (nour la laine) vre) brake; also a sort of shell. Peigne de

cheval, crown scab.

PEIGNER, pê-gnâ, v. a. to comb, comb the head of; (de la laine) to comb or card; (du lin) to hackle; (du chanvre) to hatchel. Se peigner, v. r. to comb one's head.

Peignier, pê-gnîa, s. m. comb-maker. Peignoir, pe-gnwar, s. m. cloth put over

the shoulders when combing the head.

Peignures, pe-gnur, s. f. pl. combings of hair, hair combed off.

PEINDRE, pindr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to paint, draw, set in colours; to daub; to write; to describe. Se peindre, v. r. to paint. Se faire peindre, to sit for one's picture. Cela vous va à peindre, that becomes you very well. Fait à peindre, remarkably handsome, very well made. Ce bâtiment est peint de frais, Mar. that ship is newly painted.

PEINE, pen, s. f. pains, trouble, toil, labour; ado, difficulty. punishment; pain, suffering, torment, affliction, grief, sorrow; anxiety, con-A peine, with pain, hardly, scarce, but A grand' peine, with much ado. J'ai just. peine à croire cela, I can hardly believe that. Etre en peine, to be in trouble; also to be in pain, be troubled or concerned. Se mettre en peine, to trouble one's self, trouble one's head.

Peiné, E, pê-nà, adj. pained, etc. V. Pei-Un ouvrage peiné, an elaborate piece ner. of work.

Peiner, pê-na, v. a. to pain, trouble, put to trouble.

Peiner, v. n Se peiner, v.r. to take pains,

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : cnfaut, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

*Peineu-x, se, pê-nêu, nêuz, adj. V. Pé- j nible. La semaine peineuse, the holy week.

PEINT, E, adj. painted, drawn, etc. V. Peindre.

PEINTRE, pintr, s. m. painter, picturedrawer.

PEINTURAGE, s. m. the act of painting only

with one colour, daubing.
PEINTURE, pin-tur, s. f. painting, art of

painting; picture, piece of painting; picture, description; (au jeu) court card. En peindescription; (au jeu) court card. ture, imaginary, fictitious, dull.
PEINTURE, E, adj. painted only with one

colour, daubed.

PEINTURER, v. a. to daub, paint with one colour only.

PEINTUREUR, s. m. dauber. PELADE, pê-låd, s. f. falling off of the hair. PELAGE, pê-låz, s. m. colour of the hair (of

horses, deer, etc.)
PÉLAMIDE, på-lå-mid, s. f. pilcher or sprat.
PÉLAMD, på-låtr, adj. Ex. Bois pélard, wood stripped of its bark.

PÉLATRE, s.m. pan or broad end of a shovel. PELÉ, E, pê-lâ, adj. bald; also peeled, bianched, etc. V. Peler.

Pelé, s. m. bald pated fellow. Péle-Mêle, pèl-mèl, adv. pell-mell, in a

confusion, confusedly.

Peler, pê-là, v. a. (le poil) to make bald; (un cochon de lait) to scald; (l'écorce) to peel; (des amandes) to blanch; (des allées de jardin) to mow or shave the grass of; (la terre) to take off the turf.

PÉLERIN, E, pal-rin, rin, s. m. &. f. pilgrim.

im. *Une bonne pelerine*, a cunning gipsy. PÉLERINAGE, pål-rî-nåz, s.m. pilgrimage. PÉLIGAN, på-lî-kån, s.m. pelican (large fowl;) also sort of chymical vessel, and dentist's instrument

Pélican, Mar. iron dog (to steady and con-

fine pieces of wood.)

Pelisse, pelis, s. f. furred robe or cloak.

Pellsson, s. m. furred petticoat.
Pelle, pel, s. f. shovel. Pelle de four,
oven-peel. Pelle, (d'aviron) Mar. blade or

wash (of an oar.) Pellée or Pellerée, pê-lå, pêl-rå, sho-

vel-full.

Pelleron, s. m. little oven-peel. Pellerée, pêl-tâ, s. f. shovel-full. Pellererie, pêl-tê-rl, s. f. peltry, skins *or* furs : furrier's or skinner's trade.

PELLETIER, E, s. m. & f. skinner, furrier, fell-monger.

Pellicule, pê-lî-kûl, s. f. pelliele, cuticle, thin skin.

PELOTE, plot, s. f. ball; clew (of thread, etc.;) pellet; pin-cushion; star (on a horse's forehead.)

PELOTER, plo-ta, v. n. to play at tennis for amusement; to throw snow-balls. Jeter des nelotes de mangeaille aux poissons, to throw baiting-pellets for fishes. Peloter, v. a. to

cuff, beat, bang.
PELOTON, plō-ton, s.m. bottom or clew (of thread, ct.;) (à épingles) pin-cushion; (d'infunterie) platoon, sunall division; (de mouches à miel) cluster; (de personnes) knot: a tennis-oall not covered. Cette volaille est un peloton de graisse, that is a very fat fowl.

PELOTONNER, v.a.to run into heaps, cluster. Pelouse, plooz, s. f. mossy ground, down. I in.

Pelu, e, pê-lů, là, adj. hairy. pelue, a sly fellow, a treacherous villain.
PELUCHE, plush, s. f. shag; tuft; plush.

PELUCHÉ, E, plů-shå, adj. tufted

Pelure, plur, s. f. paring; (d'ognon)

peel. PENAILLON, pe-nå-lon, s. f. rag; monk or

friar PÉNAL, E, på-nål, adj. penal.

PÉNARD, på-nar, s. m. Ex. Un vieux pénard, old fusty fellow, old dotard or liber-

PÉNATES, på-nåt, adj. pl. Ex. Dieux pe-

nates, household gods.

PENAUD, E, pe-no, nod, adj. speechless,

dashed out of countenance, dejected, abashed.
Penchant, E, pen-shen, shent, adj. leaning or bending downward, inclining, stooping, shelving; also deelining.

PENCHANT, s. m. steepness, deelivity, bending, shelvingness, bias, brink, deeline, inclination, proneness; propension, propensity. Donner du penchant à un corps, to bias a

PENCHÉ, E, adj. bent, bowed down, etc. V. Pencher. Un air penché, lolling. Se donner des airs penchés, to loll.

PENCHEMENT, pensh-men, s. m. bending, bowing, leaning. Penchement de tête, nod.

PENCHER, pen-sha, v. a. to bend or bow down, make to lean; to incline. v. n. to lean or bend down, bend downwards, hang; to lean, incline, be inclined. Se pencher, v. r. to bow or bend down, stoop, lean, loll. PENDABLE, pen-dabl, adj. hanging,

deserves hanging. Un cas pendable, a hang-

ing matter.
PENDAISON, pên-dê-zon, s. f. hanging, execution.

PENDANT, E, pen-den, dent, adj. hanging, depending, left undecided.

PENDANT, pen-den, prep. during. Pendant que, conj. whilst, while.

PENDANT, s. m. companion (picture or painting;) (de baudrier) hanger; (d'oreille,) pendant, ear-knob; (d'un navire) pendant, streamer. V. Pendeur.

PENDARD, pen-dar, s. m. rogue, villain,

knave.

Pendarde, pen-dard, s. f. villainous jade. PENDELOQUE, pend-lok, s. f. bob, dangling jewels.

*PENDERIE, V. Pendaison.

PENDEUR, s. m. Mar. pendant. Pendeurs ue Dras, brace pendants. Peudeur de la caliorne de misaine, fore-tackle pendant, fore-tunner pendant. Pendeur de grande caliorne or du grand palan, main-tackle-pendant, main-runner-pendant. Pendeur de palan du grand étai, main-stay-tackle-pendant. Pen-deurs de palanquins du mât de hune, burton pendants. Brider les pendeurs de caliorne, to span in the runner-pendants.

PENDILLER, v. n. to dangle to and fro, hang danglingly, bob.

PENDOIR, s. m. cord to hang a flitch of

PENDRE, pendr, v. a. to hang, hang up. Il m'a dit pis que pendre, he has railed at me most bitterly.

Pendre, v. n. to hang from, to hang down or fall. Les joues lui pendent, his cheeks fall bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

PENDU, E, pen-du, du, adj. hanged, hung. 1 Procès pendu au croc, lawsuit that is at a stand.

PENDU, s. m. one that is hanged. PENDULE, pen-dal, s. m. pendulum. Pendule, s. f. pendulum clock.

PÊNE, pen, s. m. bolt. Serrure à pêne dormant, stock lock.

PÉNÉTRABILITÉ, på-nå-trå-bî-lî-tå, s. f. penetrability.

PÉNÉTRABLE, på-nå-trabl, adj. penetra-

PÉNÉTRANT, E, på-nå-trèn, trènt, adj. penetrating; penetrant, penetrating, piercing, quick, sagacious, sharp.

PÉNÉTRATI-F, VE, på-nå-trå-tif, tlv, adj. penetrative, penetrating.
PÉNÉTRATION, på-nå-trå-sion, s. f. penetration, sagacity, quickness.

PÉNÉTRER, på-uå-trå, v. a. & n. to penetrate; to go or get through or into, pierce into or through; to apprehend, understand, find out, discover, dive or pierce into; to move, affect, work upon. La pluie pénétré mon justaucorps, the rain has soaked through mycoat. Nons pénétrâmes au travers des glaces jusqu'à Cuxhaven, we got through the ice into Cuxhaven.

PÉNIBLE, på-nibl, adj. painful, toilsome, troublesome, hard, laborious.

PÉNIBLEMENT, på-nîbl-mên, adv. pain-

fully, with much pains. Penil, s. m. os pubis.

PÉNINSULE, pà-nin-sůl, s. f. peninsula. PÉNITENCE, på-nî-tèns, s. f. penitence, re-

pentance, penance, punishment PÉNITENCERIE, pa-ni-tens-ri, s. f. peniten-

tiary's court or dignity.
PÉNITENCIER, på-ni-tèn-sià, s. m. penitentiary.

PÉNITENT, E, på-nî-tèn, tènt, adj. & s.

penitent, sorrowful, repenting.

PÉNITENTIAUX, på-nî-tèn-siò, s. m. pl.Ex. Les psaumes pénitentiaux, the penitential psalms.

PÉNITENTIEL, LE, adj. penitential.

PÉNITENTIEL, s. m. penitential, penance

PENNAGE, pê-naz, s. m. feather of a hawk. PENNAUT, Mar. Faire pennaut, to cock-

bill the anchor.

PENNE, pen, s. f. beam feather (of a hawk.) Panne d'une antenne or vergue latine, Mar. peek of a lateen yard.

Pennon, pennon, s. m. pennon.

PÉNOMBRE, s. f. penumbra. PENON, s. m. Mar. dog-vane. Change le penon, shift the dog-vane over. PENS, V. Guet

PENSANT, E, adj. thinking. Mal pensant, that has ill or uncharitable thoughts.

PENSEE, pen-så, s. f. thinking, thought, thoughts, meaning, notion, mind, opinion, belief, design, fancy, sketch, first draught;

pansy (a little flower.)

PENSER, pen-sa, v. n. to think, conceive in one's mind, consider, reflect, make reflection, remember, imagine, suppose, believe. Pensez à rous, look to yourself, have a care. Donner à penser à quelqu'un, to put one to his trumps. Penser, (followed by an infinitive,) to be like to, be within a hair's breadth of, etc. Faillir & Manquer.

Penser, v. a. to think, have in one's thoughts. Qu'en pensez-vous? what do you think of it? *Penser, s. m. (pensée) thought.

PENSEUR, s. m. thinker.

Pensi-r, ve, pen-sif, slv, adj. pensive, thoughtful, in a brown study, sad.

Pension, pen-sion, s. f. board, boarding-place, pension, yearly allowance. Pension viagère, annuity, yearly pension during life. Presides en pension, to board. Vivre en pension sion, to board. Se mettre en pension, to go to board. Mettre en pension, to put on board, also to pawn. Etre en pension, to board; also to be in pawn. Demi-pension, half board.

Pensionnaire, pen-sid-ner, s. m. & f.

boarder, pensioner.

PENSIONNAT, s. m. boarding-school.

Pensionner, v. a. to gratify with a pension, allow a pension. Pensum, pin-son, s. m. additional task re-

quired of a scholar.

PENTACORDE, s. m. pentachord. PENTAGONE, pen-ta-gon, adj. pentagonal

PENTAGONE, s. m. pentagon.

PENTAMÈTRE, pen-tå-metr, adj. & s. m. pentameter, verse of five feet.

PENTATEUQUE, pen-ta-teuk, s. m. Penta-

PENTE, pènt, s. f. declivity, propensity, in-clination; (de lit) valance. Pente de tente, Mar. side of an awning. V. Penchant, s. m. PENTECOTE, pènt-kôt, s. f. Whitsunday or Pentecost. Le temps de la Pentecôte, Whit-

sun-tide. PENTURE, pèn-tur, s. f. iron work (of a door or window.) Penture, Mar. hinge. Pen-

tures de sabords, port-hinges, googings of the Pentures en fer à cheval, scuttle port-lids. hinges. PÉNULTIÈME, pà-nůl-tièm, s.f. penultima. PÉNULTIÈME, adj. penultimate.

P fotte, på-ot, s. f. round vessel much used in the gulf of Venice.

PÉPASTIQUE, adj. & s. m. peptiek, pepastick

PÉPIE, pà-pl, s. f. pip. Oler or arracher

la pepie à une poule, to pip a hen. Pépien, pâ-pî-à, v. n. to pip or chirp (as a sparrow.)

Pépin, pa-pin, s. m. kernel (of apples, pears, and such like fruit.) Pépin de raisin,

grape stone. PÉPINIÈRE, pà-pl-nièr, s. f. nursery, seed-

plot, seminary.
PÉPINIÉRISTE, s. m. nursery-gardener.

PEPTIQUE, pep-tik, adj. peptick. PÉQUE, V. Pecque.

PERCANT, E, per-sen, sent, adj. piercing. boring, sharp, acute, penetrating, quick. Voix perçante, shrill voice.

PERCE, pers. Ex. Mettre en perce, to pierce, coach. Etre en perce, to be broached.

Percé, E, adj. bored, etc. V. Percer PERCE-FEUILLE, s. f. a sort of umbelliferous plant,

Perce-rorêt,pêrs-fô-re,s.m.great hunter. Perce-lettre, pers-lêtr, s m. piercer (steel instrument for making holes for the cord to which the seal of letters was affixed.)

PERCEMENT, s. m. the act of boring.

piercing.

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

PERCE-NEIGE, pers-nez, s. f. snow-drop

Perce-oreille, per-so-rel, s. m. ear-wig. PERCE-PIERRE, pers-pier,s. f. parsley-pert. Percepteur, s. m. tax-gatherer, collector. Perceptibilité, s. f. perceptibility. Perceptible, per-sép-tibl, adj. percepti-

Perception, per-sep-sion, s. f. receipt,

collection (of rents, revenues, etc.) perception.
Percer, per-sa, v. a. to pierce, bore, make a hole into, tap or broach, run through, break through, break, penetrate, peep through. Perthrough, treat, percentage, the come cer l'avenir or dans l'avenir, to foresee things to come. Percer les haliers, les forêts, to go through the thickets or forests. Percer avec through the thickets or forests. le lec, to peck through. Percer un apostème, to lance or open an imposthume. Percer des salords à un bâtiment, Mar. to scuttle a ves-sel. La prise est percée à 21 canons, the prize is pierced for 24 guns. Notre vaisseau est percé à 15 et à 16, our ship has 15 ports of a side on the lower, and 16 on the upper deck. Percer, v. n. (said of teeth, horns) to peep through, appear; (of an abscess) to break. Maison qui perce d'une rue à une autre, house which is a thoroughfare.

PERCEUR, s. m. Mar. artificer that bores · the holes for the tree-nails, bolts, and all iron

work of a ship.

PERCEVOIR, pers-vwar, v.a. (like concevoir) to receive or collect (revenues, etc.) to perceive.

Perche, persh, s. f. pole, perch, rod; perch (a fish.) Perche de tête de daim, beam of a buck's head. Perche de tête de cerf, branch of a stag's head.

PERCHER, per-sha, v. n. or Se percher, v. r. to perch, roost.

PERCHOIR, per-shwar, s. m. perching stick or roost. Perclus, E, per-klå, kluz, adj. impotent, that has lost the use of his limbs. Avoir le cer-

veau perclus, to be crack-brained. PERCOIR, per-swar, s. m. piercer. Percu, E, adj. received or gathered.

Parcussion, per-kå-sion, s. f. percussion, knocking, stroke.

PERDANT, per-den, s. m. loser. Le perdant,

Mar. the ebb. Perdition, perdition, s. f. perdition, dam-nation, destruction. Tout son bien s'en va à perdition, all his estates go to wreck. Etre en perdition, Mar. to be on the point of being lost or cast away. Nous restâmes en perdition sur la côte pendant la durée du coup de vent, we were in the most imminent danger of being cast away on the coast while the gale

lasted. PERBRE, pêrdr, v. a. to lose; throw away, waste, spend foolishly; to let slip; to ruin, corrupt, debauch; to spoil; to undo, bring to ruin. Perdre courage, to be discouraged or disheartened despand. Perdre le vive so lose disheartened, despond. Perdre de vue, 10 lose sight of. Perdre de réputation, to defame. Se perdre de réputation, to lose one's charac-Perdre son procès, to be cast. Perdre, v. n. to lose, be a loser. Se perdre, v. r. to lose one's self, lose one's way, not to know where one is, be dashed out of countenance, oe lost, wander, have a rambling way of arguing, etc. according to the different significa-Ums of Perdre.

Perdre & Se perdre, Mar. to lose, be lost or cast away, etc. Perdre de vue, to lose sight of. Perdre du monde, to lose men. Perdre ses voiles, to have the sails blown away. Perdre sa mâture, etc. to lose one's masts, etc. Ferdre une saison, to lose a fair and steady wind. Perdre une marée, to lose a tide. Perdre son poste dans la ligne, to lose one's station in the line of battle. Perdre l'avantage du vent, to lose the weather gage. Perdre sur un bord et gagner sur l'autre, to lose upon one tack and gain upon the other. Perdre en virant vent devant, to lose ground in stays. Perdre la sonde or le fond, to lose all bottom, get out of soundings. Perdre fond, to drive with the anchors. Perdre d'un or to drive with the anchors. Perdre a in or dephisieurs quarts, to break off one or more points. Perdre à l'accalmie, to fall to lecward for want of wind, to keep close to. La mer a perdu, the tide has fallen. Cette frégate a beaucoup perdu de sa marche, that frigate has much fallen off in her sailing. Le bâtiment commence à perdre son air, the ship begins to lose her way. Le vaisseau à trois ponts ne perdit pus un boulet de notre volée, not a shot of our broadside missed the three decker. Deux bâtimens se sont perdus, corps thetker. Beate valueurs see soft perais, corps, et biens, sur les sortingues, two ships, with their crews, have been entirely lost upon Scilly. L'Apollon se perdit sur la côte de Hollande, mais son équipage se saura, the Apollo was lost on the coast of Holland, but her crew was saved.

PERDREAU, per-dro, s.m. young partridge. PERDRIGON, per-dri-gon, s. m. sort of

plum.

PERDRIX, per-drl, s. f. partridge.

PERDU, E, per-du, du, adj. (from Perdre) lost, thrown away, not to be found, etc. V. Perdre, lewd or debauched. Perdu de dettes, in debt over head and ears. Clous à tête per-Heures perdues, odd hours, due; brads. spare time.

PERDUE, s. f. abandoned whore, lewd woman, prostitute.

*PERDURABLE, adj. perdurable.

PERE, per, s. in. father. Nos pères, our forefathers or ancestors.

*Pérégrination, pà-rà-grì-nà-sion, s. f. peregrination.

PÉRÉGRINITÉ, s. f. quality of being fo-

PÉREMPTION, pa-renp-slon, s. f. Ex. Péremption d'instance, non-suit.

Péremproire, på-rénp-twar, adj. per-

emptory. Péremptoirement, på-renp-twar-men, adv. peremptorily.

PERFECTIBILITÉ, adj. quality of being

brought to perfection. PERFECTIBLE, adj. that can be brought to perfection.

PERFECTION, per-fek-sion, s. f. perfection, perfectness, accomplishment. En perfection,

Perfective, rarely well.

Perfectionne, E. adj. perfect, brought to perfection, finished, improved.

Perfectionnement, s. m. perfecting.

perfectness, act of making perfect.

PERFECTIONNER, per-fek-slo-na, v. a. to perfect, make perfect, bring to perfection, finish. Se perfectionner, v. r o improve grow perfect, etc.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Perfide, per-fid, adj. & s. perfidious,

tréacherous, false; base or perfidious wretch.
PERFIDEMENT, pêr-fîd-mên, adv. perfidiously, basely, treacherously.

Perfilie, perfidus, s. f. perfidiousness, baseness, treachery, falsehood.

PERFORATION, s. f. perforation.

*PERFORER, per-fo-ra, v. a. to perforate. PÉRI, E, adj. perished. V. Périr.

PÉRICARDE, pà-rì-kàrd, s.m. pericardium. PÉRICARPE, pà-rì-kàrp, s.m. pericarpium. PÉRICLITER, på-ri-klî-tà, v. n. (terme de palais) to be in jeopardy or danger.

PÉRICRANE, på-ri-kran,s. m. pericranium. PÉRIDOT, s. m. peridot, green coloured

stone

PÉRIGÉE, s. m. perigee.

PÉRIGRÉE, på-ri-grå, s. m. perigree. PÉRIHÉLIE, på-ri-å-il, s. m. perihelium. PÉRIL, på-ril, s. m. peril, danger, hazard. PÉRILLEUSEMENT, pa-ri-leuz-men, adv.

perilously, dangerously

PÉRILLEU-X, SE, på-ri-leu, leuz, adj. perilous, dangerous, hazardous. Sant périlleux, somersault, somerset.

PÉRIMÉ, E, adj. Ex. Instance périmée, non-

PÉRIMER, pà-ri-mà, v.n. Ex. Laisser périmer l'instance, to let fall a suit, be non-suited. PÉRIMETRE, på-rî-mêtr, s. m. perimeter.

PÉRINÉE, på-rî-na, s. m. perinæum. PÉRIODE, på-rî-od, s. f. period.

Période, s. m. pitch, summit, end. PÉRIODIQUE, pa-riò-dik, adj. periodical. Style périodique, full style.

PÉRIODIQUEMENT, på-riô-dik-mèn, adv.

periodically.

PÉRIOECIENS, s. m. Periœci, people who live under the same parallel.

PÉRIOSTE, på-riost, s. m. periosteum. PÉRIPATÉTICIEN, NE, på-rî-på-tå-tî-siên, siên, adj. & s. m. & f. peripatetic, follower of

Aristotle. PÉRIPATÉTISME, s. m. Aristotle's philo-

PERIPÉTIE, på-rl-på-sl, s. f. sudden turn of fortune, unexpected chance.

PÉRIPHÉRIE, s. f. periphery. PÉRIPHRASE, pà-rl-fràz, s. f. periphrasis, reumlocution. Cette manière de parler tient circumlocution. de la périphrase, this manner of speaking is periphrastical. Dir. une chose pur périphrase, to speak a thing periphrastically.
PÉRIPHRASER, på-rî-frā-zā, v. n. to peri-

phrase, use circumlocutions, speak periphras-

tically.

PERIPNEUMÖNIE, på-rîp-nêu-mô-nl, s. f. peripheumony, inflammation of the lungs.

PERIPNEUMONIQUE, adj. peripneumonical. PÉRIR, pê-rîr, v. n. to perish, go to ruin or wreck or decay, be ruined, go down the wind, die, come to one's cold. Faire périr, to destroy. Périr, v. n. Mar. to perish, be cast away. · Plusieurs bâtimens ont péri sur la côte d'Irlande, several vessels have been cast away upon the Irish coast.

PÉRISCIENS, s. m. Periscii, inhabitants of the frigid zones (so called becouse at certain

seasons their shadow goes round them.) PÉRISSABLE, pa-ri-sabl, adj. perishable.

of no duration, frail, brittle.

PÉRISTALTIQUE, adj. peristaltick. PÉRISTYLE, pa-ris-til, s. m. peristyle.

PÉRISYSTOLE, S. f. perisystole. PÉRITOINE, pà-ri-lwàn, s. m. peritoneum. PERLE, pèrl, s. f. pearl. Perle d'arbalèle, m of a cross-bow. Herbe aux perles, stone aim of a cross-bow.

crop. Penle fine, real pearl.

PERLÉ, E, pêr-là, adj. pearled, set out with pearls; (du bois des cerfs) curled. Bouillon

perlé, good jelly broth.

PERLURES, per-lur, s. f. pl, curlings (of a deer's horns.)

PERMANENCE, per-ma-nens, s. f. perma-

nence, permanency

PERMANENT, E, per-ma-nen, nent, adj. per-manent, constant, durable, continuing, lasting. PERMÉABILITÉ, s. f. quality of being permeable.

PERMÉABLE, adj. permeable.

PERNETTRE, pêr-mêtr, v. a. (like mettre) to permit, suffer, let, allow, give leave, indulge in, wink or connive at, tolerate.

Permis, E, per-mi, mlz, adj. permitted, etc. lawful. A vous permis, you may do what you please.

PERMISSION, per-mi-sion, s. f. permission,

allowance, leave. PERMUTANT, per-mu-ten, s. m. permuter PERMUTATION, per-mu-ta-sion, s. f. per-

mutation or exchange (of livings.)

Permuter, për-må-tå, v. a. to permute

or exchange (livings.)

Pernicieusement,pêr-nî-sîeuz-mên,adv.

permiciously, mischievously.

PERNICIEU-x, se, pêr-nî-sîèu, sîèuz, adj. pernicious, dangerous, destructive, mischiev-· PÉRONNELLE, på-rô-nêl, s. f. silly woman.

PÉRORAISON, pa-rô-rê-zon, s. f. peroration. PÉROU, s. m. Peru.

PERPENDICULAIRE, pêr-pen-dî-kû-ler, adj. perpendicular.
PERPENDICULAIRE,s.f.perpendicular line.

PERPENDICULAIREMENT, per-pen-di-kulèr-men, adv. perpendicularly.

PERPENDICULARITÉ, s.f. perpendicularity. PERPENDICULE, per-pen-di-kul, s. m. perpendicular.

PERPÉTRER, per-pa-tra, v. a. to perpetrate, commit.

Perpetuation, s. f. perpetuation.

PERPETUÉ, E, adj. perpetuated, eternized. PERPÉTUEL, LE, pêr-pâ-tû-ĉl, adj. per petual, continual, constant, eternal, endless. PERPÉTUELLEMENT, pêr-pâ-tû-êl-mên, adv. perpetually, continually, without inter-

mission, always.

PERPÉTUER, pêr-på-tů-å, v. a. to perpetuate, or eternize. Se perpétuer, v. r. to be perpetuated.

Perpetuité, per-pa-ta-i-ta, s. f. perpetuity, perpetual duration, endlessness. A perpé-tuité, adv. for ever and ever.

PERPLEXE, për-plêks, adj. perplexed, wavering, irresolute, uncertain what to do.

Rendre perplexe, to perplex, confound.

PERPLEXITÉ, për-plêk-si-tà, s. f, perplexivi, irresolution.

ity, irresolution, uncertainty, doub, trouble. quandary.

PERQUISITION, per-ki-zi-sion, s. f. perquisition, diligent search, strict inquiry,

PERRIÈRE, s. f. (provincial word used for carrière) quarry.

PERRON, pe-ron, s. m. steps, steps raised before the door of a great house, etc.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Perroquet, pê-rê-kê, s. m. sortof parrot; folding-chair with a back. Soupe à perroquet, bread dipped in wine. Perroquet, Mar. Ex. Perroquets, fore and main top-gallant sails.

Perroquets voluns, royal sails. Le petit perroquet volant, the fore top-gallant royal. grand perroquet volant, the main top-gallant royal. Le petit perroquet, the fore top-gal-lant sail. Le grand perroquet, the main topgallant sail. Le perroquet de fongue, the mizen top sail. La voile du perroquet, the top sail. Temps à perroquet, fine weather. V. Serrer.

PERRUCHE, pê-rûsh, s. f. parroquet. Perruche or Perruche d'artimon, Mar. mizen

top-gallant-sail.

PERRUQUE, pê-růk, s. f. peruke, periwig,

wig.
PERRUQUIER, pê-râ-klà, s. m. perukemaker. Perruquier is often used in familiar conversation, in the sense of hair-dresser.

Perruquière, s. f. peruke-maker's wife. PERS, E, per, pers, adj. bluish gray. Persan, ne, per-sen, san, adj. Persian,

of Persia.

PERSE, pers, s. f. Persia. Perse or toile de

Perse, chints.

PERSÉCUTANT, E, pêr-så-ků-tèn, tènt, adj.

persecuting, troublesome, teasing.
Persécuter, per-så-kû-tå, v. a. to perse-

cute, vex, torment, trouble, haunt, dun.
PERSÉCUT-EUR, RICE, pêr-sâ-kû-têur,
ris. s. m. &f. persecutor, troublesome person.
PERSÉCUTION, pêr-sâ-kû-sîon, s. f. perse-

cution. PERSÉVÉRAMMENT, adv. with persever-

ance, perseveringly.

Persévérance, per-sà-và-rens, s. f. perseverance, constancy, steadiness, resolution. Persévérant, e, per-sa-va-ren, rent, adj.

persevering, steadfast, steady, constant, reso-Persévérer, per-sa-va-ra, v. n. to per-

severe, persist, continue, be steadfast, hold on

constantly, be constant.

Persicaire, per-si-ker, s. f. arse-smart. Persicot, per-si-kô, s. m. kind of spirituous liquor.

Persienne, pêr-siên, adj. Persian.

PERSIENNE, s. f. Venetian window blind. PERSIFLAGE, per-si-flaz, s. m. idle talk, nousense, jeering. PERSIFLER, per-sl-fla, v. a. & a. to jeer,

ridicule, talk nousense.

PERSIFLEUR, per-si-fleur, s. m. jeerer, one who purposely talks nonsense.

Persil, per-si, s. m. parsley; (d'eau or de marais) wild parsley; (de Macédoine) ce-

lery.
PERSILLADE, per-si-lad, s. f. seasoning made with parsley. Dubœuf à la persillade,

Persillé, per-si-là, adj. Ex. Fromage

persillé, parsley cheese, green cheese.
Persique, s. f. large peach; order in architecture. Golfe persique, Persian gulf.
Persister, pér-sis-lay.n. topersist, con-

tinue, stand or hold on.

Personnage, per-so-naz, s. m. person, man, personage; (d'un théâtre) character; part. Un set personnage, a silly fellow. Tamisserie à personnages, imagery. Faire personnage, us stand it out, face it down; also to dissemhle. Faire le personnage de, to personate. Jouer le personnage d'un sot, to play the fool. Personnaliser, per-so-na-fi-za, v. a. to

personify.

PERSONNALITÉ, per-sô-na-ll-ta, s. f. per-

sonality; also abuse, ill name.

Personnat, per-so-na, s. m. sort of benefice or title in a collegiate church.

Personne, per-son, s. f. person, man or woman; figure, personal appearance. Ma personne, ta personne, êtc. pour moi-même, toi-même, etc. myself, thyself, etc. Il aime sa personne, he loves his dear self or his carcass. Il est bien fait de sa personne, he is a handsome man.

Personne, s. m. no person, no body man, no one, none or not any person, not any body, not any man, not any one; never any person, etc. (in interrogations) any person, any man, any one, any body. Personae oseratil nier? Y a-t-il quelqu'un ici? personne. Personnell, lef, adj. personal. Action personnelle, action in personality.

PERSONNELLEMENT, per-sô-nel-men, adv personally, in person, in one's own person.
Personnifier, per-so-ni-fia, v. a. to personify.

PERSPECTI-F, VE, adj. perspective.

PERSPECTIVE, pêrs-pêk-tlv, s. f. perspec-tive; landscape; vista, prospect, expectation. PERSPICACITÉ, pêrs-pl-kå-sl-tå, s. f. per-

spicacity, quickness of apprehension, sagacity, penetration.

Perspicuité, perspi-ků-î-tà, s. f. perspicuity, clearness, plainness.

PERSPIRATION, pers-pi-ra-slon, s. f. perspiration.

Persuadant, E, adj. persuading, persua sive.

PERSUABER, per-su-a-da, v.n.to persuade, satisfy, make to believe; advise, put one upon Se persuader, v. r. to persuade one's induce. self, think, fancy, imagine, believe.

PERSUASIBLE, adj. persuadable.

Persuasi-f, ve, per-su-a-zif, zlv, adj. persuasive, persuasory Persuasion, persua-zion, s. f. persuasion, opinion, belief.

PERTE, pêrt, s. f. loss, lôsing, damage, prejudice, disadvantage, detriment, ruin. Faire une perte, to have a loss. Perte au jeu, loss, losings. Se retirer sur sa perte, to go of a losser de loss. a loser. A perte, to lose, with loss. A perto de rue, farther than the eye can reach. Discourir à perte de rue, to discourse at random. Vendre à perte, to sell at loss, lose by what one sells.

Pertinemment, per-ti-na-men, adv. per-

tinently, to the purpose.

PERTINENT, E, per-i-nen, nent, adj per-tinent, pat, fit, to the purpose. PERTUIS, per-tul, s. m. hole, defile, narrow pass, dam, strait, narrow channel. Le pertuis

d'Antioche, the channel of Antioch PERTUISANE, pêr-tůl-zån, s. t. partisan,

kind of halberd.

Pertuisanier, s. m. partisan-bearer. Pertuisaniers, guards of the galley-slaves in the French dock-yards.

PERTURBAT-EUR, RICE, per-tur-ba-teur tris, s. m. & f. perturbator, disturber. Perturbation, per-tur-ba-sion, s. f. per-

turbation, disturbance, troubte

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

PERVENCHE, s. f. periwinkle.

PERVERS, E. per-ver, vers, adj. perverse, wicked, froward, untoward. Les pervers, s. m. pl. the wicked, wicked men.

PERVERSION, per-ver-sion, s. f. perverse-

ness, corruption.
PERVERSITÉ, per-ver-si-ta, s. f. perverseness, or perversity, frowardness, untowardness, malice, wickedness.

PERVERTIR, per-ver-tir, v. a. to pervert,

seduce; deprave, spoil, deb auch, corrupt.
PERUVIEN, NE, adj. Peruvian.
PESADE, S. f. pesade (said of a horse's fore feet.)

PESAMMENT, pe-za-men, adv. heavily. PESANT, E, pe-zen, zent, adj. heavy, weighty, ponderous; unwieldy; heavy, dull, slow, troublesome, burdensome, eumbersome. Un cheval pesant à la main, a hard mouthed horse.

PESANT, s. m. weight. Il rant son pesant d'or, he is worth his weight in gold. Elle en a ringt livres pesant, she has twenty pounds weight of it. Un mulet portant cinq cents pesant, a mule that carries rive hundred weight.

PESANTEUR, pe-zen-teur, s. f. weight, gravity, heaviness, unwieldiness; dulness,

slowness.

PESE-LIQUEUR, s. m. aerometer. PESÉE, pê-zå, s. f. weighing. Faire une pesée, to weigh. Faire plusieurs pesées, to

weigh at several times.

PESER, pê-zâ, v. a. to weigh, ponder, examine, consider v. n. to weigh, be heavy, be of weight: also to dwell or remain long. Peser, v. n. Mar. Peser sur une manœuvre, to hang on or haul downward upon a rope (over head.) Peser sur un levier, to heave or purchase with a handspike. Pèse sur la balancine de gui, top up the spanker boom. Pèse sur les balancines de misaine, bowse taught the fore-lifts. Pèse sur les palanquins de ris, haul out the reef tackles. Pèse sur les carguefonds de grande voile, haul up the main bunt-

Peseur, pê-zêur, s. m. weigher. PESON, pe-zon, s. m. steel-yard; (de fuseau)

whirl.

Pessaire, s. m. pessary.

Pesse, pes, s. f. pitch-tree. Pestard, pes-tar, s. m. tell-tale.

Peste, pest, s. f. pest, plague, pestilence, sickness; also pestiferous or dangerous person. Peste, deuce. Peste or la peste soit du fou, Peste, interj. I deuce take him for a fool. swear, bless me.

PESTER, pes-ta, v. n. to be mad or enraged,

storm, bluster, inveigh.

Pestifère, pes-ti-fer, adj. pestiferous, in-

fectious, contagious

PESTIFÉRÉ, E, pes-ti-fa-ra, adj. infected ith or that has got the plague. Un pestiwith or that has got the plague. féré, s. m. a person infected with the plague.

PESTILENCE, pes-ti-lens, s. f. pestilence,

PESTILENT, E, pes-ti-len, lent, adj. pestilent, pestiferous, pestilential, infectious, con-

tagious.

Pestilentiel, le, or Pestilentieu-x, se, pes-û-len-siêl, pes-û-len-siêu, sieuz, adj. pestilent, pestilential, infectious, contagious.

PET, pe, s. m. fart; bounce, report, crack; |

sort of puffed fritter. Faire or lacher un vet. to fart, let a fart; break wind behind.

PÉTALE, på-tål, s. m. (in botany) petal. PÉTALISME, s. m. petalism (mode of ba-

nishment in Syracuse.)
PÉTARADE, på-lå-råd, s. m. a horse's fart ing and yerking; also similar noise made with the mouth.

PÉTARD, på-tar, s. m. petard ; cracker. PÉTARDER, på-tår-då, v. a. to blow up

with a petard.

PÉTARDIER, på-tår-diå, s.m. one who applies the petard.

PETASE, pe-taz, s. m. Mercury's winged . hat. PETAUD, pe-tò, s. m. Ex. La cour du roi

Petaud, Dover-court, where all are speakers and none hearers.

PETAUDIÈRE, peto-dier, s.f. hurly-burly, bear-garden. Cette maison-là est une petau-

dière, that house is a bear-garden.

PETECHIES, s. f. pl. pestilential spots, the

PETER, pê-tå, v. n. to fart, let a fart, break

wind; bounce, crackle.

PETEU-R, SE, pê-têur, teuz, s. m. & f. farter, farting person.

PETILLANT, E, pe-ti-len, lent, adj. craekling, sparkling. Petillement, pê-tîl-mên, s. m. eraekling,

sparkling.

PETILLER, pe-ti-la, v.a. to erackle, sparkle. Petiller de faire, to long to do, be eager to be at.

Petit, e, pê-tî, tît, adj. little, small, short, young; petty; small birds good to eat. Petit feu, gentle or slow fire. Brûler quelqu'un à petit feu, to make one linger or pine away.

Petit à petit, by degrees, by little and little.
PETIT, s. m. little one; young one. Les petits et les grands, the little and the great ones. Les petits, the young (of any animal.)
Faire des petits, (parlant des bêtes) to bring forth young range. forth young ones.

Petit-Gris, s. m. sort of fur. Petitement, pe-tit-men, adv. little; mean-

ly, poorly.
PETITESSE, pe-ti-tes, s. f. littleness, smallness, low stature; meanness, lowliness; slen-

PÉTITION, pa-ti-sion, s.f. petition, demand;

postulate.

PÉTITIONNAIRE, s. m. & f. petitioner. PÉTITOIRE, pa-ti-twar, s. m. demand.

PETON, pê-ton, s. m. little foot. PÉTONCLE, pâ-tonkl, s. f. cockle. PÉTRÉE. pâ-trà, adj. f. stony.

pétrée, Arabia Petræa.

PETRI, E, adj. kneaded; full.

PETRIFICATION, på-tri-fi-kå-sion, s. f. petrification.

PÉTRIFIER, på-trì-flå, v. a. to petrify. Se

pétrifier, v. r. to petrify. PETRIN, på-trin, s. m. baker's kneading-

trough.

PETRIR, på-trir, v. a. to knead, to form. PÉTRISSEU-R, SE, s. m. & f. kneader.

PÉTROLE, s. m. petrol.

PÉTULAMMENT, på-tå-lå-men, adv. petulantly, saucily, malapertly.

PÉTULANCE, på-tů-lens, s. f. petulance, sauciness, malapertness.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

PÉTULANT, E, på-tů-lèn, lènt, adj. petulant, saucy, malapert.

*Pétun, på-tun, s. m. tobacco.

*Pétuner, på-tů-nå, v. n. to smoke, take

tobacco.

PEU, pèu, adv. little, but little, but a little. Peu de, (before a subst. sing.) little, but little; (before a subst. pl.) sew, a sew, but sew. Manger peu, to eat little, but little or but a little. Elle a reu despuir che hea bet little. d'amis? Elle n'en a que peu, Has she many friends? She has but few. Peu de chose, a friends? She has but few. Peu de chose, a small matter. Peu de santé, craziness. Tant soit peu, ever so little. Peu or point, little or nothing. A peu près, nearly, near, almost, thereabout, about. A peu de chose près, within a small matter. Si peu que rien, very little. Dans peu, within a little while, soon, speedily. Peu souvent, seldom, not often. Peu à peu, by degrees, by little and little. Pour peu que rous mangiez, if you eat ever so little, though you eat ever so little. V. Observ. on Falloir

PEU, s. m. little. Un peu, a little, some, somewhat, a small matter. Le peu, the little,

the few.

PEUILLE, s. f. piece of new coin broke off

for an essay.

PEUPLADE, pêu-plad, s.f. colony, plantation. PEUPLE, peupl, s. m. people; nation; folks; the people, commonalty, meaner sort, mobile,

vulgar; fry (to stock a pond.)

Peupler, pêu-plå, v. a. to people; (un étang) to stock: v. n. to increase or multiply. PEUPLIER, peu-plia, s. m. poplar, poplar-

tree. PEUR, peur, s. f. fear, fright, dread. Avoir peur, to stand in fear, fear, be afraid. Avoir grand' peur, to be in great fear. Faire peur, to fright, make afraid, put in fear. De peur de, for fear of. De peur que, (with the subj. and ne) for fear, for fear that, lest.

PEUREU-X, SE, pêu-reu, reuz, adj. fearful, Cheval peureux, timorous, faint-hearted.

starting-horse.

PEUT, V. Pouroir. PEUT-ÊTRE, pêu-têtr, adv. may be, it may be, perhaps.

De, регнара.

Реит-Étree, s. m. may be.

Реих, V. Pouvoir.

Рнаетов, få-å-ton, s. m. a light chaise; sort of water fowl. PHAGÉDÉNIQUE, adj. phagedenick, cor-

rosive. PHALANGE, fà-lènz, s. f. phalanx; bones

of the fingers and toes.

PHALANGITE, s. m. phalangarian. PHALÈNE, fâ-lên, s. f. night butterfly. Рнакаон, få-rå-on, s. m. a game at cards,

faro. PHARE, får, s. m. Mar. light-house.

PHARISAIQUE, få-rî-zå-îk, adj. pharisaical. PHARISAISME, få-ri-zå-ism, s. m. hypocri-

PHARISIEN; fà-rì-ziên, s. m. pharisee. PHARNACEUTIQUE, adj. pharmaceutick. PHARMACEUTIQUE, s. f. pharmacy. PHARMACIE, far-ma-sl, s. f. pharmacy.

PHARMACIEN, får-må-slån, s. m. preparer

of medicines, apothecary.

PHARMACOPÉE, får-må-kô-på, s. f. dispen-

*PHARMACOPOLE, får-må-kô-pôl, s. m.

pharmacopolist, apothecary.

PHARYNGOTOME, s.m. instrument for making an incision into the windpipe.

HARYNGOTOMIE, s. f. pharyngotomy.

PHARYNX, s. m. windpipe.

PHASE, S. f. phasis.
PHÉBUS, få-bůs, s. m. Apollo; bombast. Parler phébus, donner dans le phébus, employ-er le phébus, to speak (or write) bombast or fus-

PHÉNISSEAU, s. m. young phenix.

PHENIX, få-niks, s. m. phenix.
PHENOMENE, få-nô-men, s. m. phenomenon, wonder. Des phénomènes, phenomena PHILANTHROPE, fi-len-trop, s. m. philan-

thropist. PHILANTHROPIE, fî-lên-trô-pl, s. f. phi-

lanthropy. PHILANTÉE, s. f. self-love.

PHILIPPIQUE, s. f. philippick. PHILOLOGIE, fî-lô-lô-zł, s. f. philology. PHILOLOGIQUE, fi-ld-ld-zik, adj. philological.

Philologue, fî-lô-lôg, s. m. philologer. Philomèle, fî-lô-mêl, s. f. philomel, phi-

lomela, nightingale.

PHILOSOPHAL, E, fî-lô-zô-fâl, adj. Ex. La pierre philosophale, the philosopher's stone. PHILOSOPHE, fi-lo-zof, s. m. philosopher, wise man, student in philosophy, free thinker, chymist.

PHILOSOPHE, adj. philosophical.
PHILOSOPHER, fi-lô-zô-få, v. n. to philosophize, speak or write philosophy, argue like a philosopher, moralize or talk morals; subtilize or talk with too much refinement.

*PHILOSOPHERIE, s. f. affectation of philo-

sophizing.

PHILOSOPHIE, fî-lô-zô-fi, s. f. philosophy; also a sort of type.

PHILOSOPHIQUE, fî-lô-zô-fîk, adj. philo-

sophical. Philosophiquement, fî-lå-zå-fîk-mên,

adv. philosophically, philosopher-like.
*Philosophiser, v. n. to play the philo-

sopher, philosophize.
*Philosophisme, s.m. false philosophy. PHILOSOPHISTE, s. m. pretender to philosophy.

PHILTRE, filtr, s m. philter.

Phimosis, s. m. phimosis. Philébotomie, flà-bô-tô-ml, s.f. phiebotomy PHLÉBOTOMISER, flå-bô-tô-mi-zå, v. n. to

phlebotomize, open a vein.

PHLEGMASIE, s. f. inflammation.

Phlogistique,flo-zîs-tîk, s. m. phlogiston. PHOENICURE, s. m. a sort of nightingale with a red tail.

PHOQUE, s. m. phoca, the seal. PHOSPHORE, fos-for, s. m. phosphorus. PHOSPHORIQUE, adj. of or belonging to

phosphorus. PHRASE, fraz, s. f. phrase, sentence.

PHTHISIE, fti-zl, s. f. plithisick, consump-

tion. PHTHISIQUE, ftl-zik, adj. phthisical, consumptive.

PHYLACTÈRE, fî-lak-ter, s. m. phylactery. Physicien. fi-zî-siên, s. m. natural philosopher, one who studies natural philosophy.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Physiologie, fl-zl-o-lo-zi, s. f. physiology. PHYSIOLOGIQUE, adj. physiological. Рнузіоводіять, s. m. physiologist. Рнузіономіь, fi-zi-ô-nd-ml, s. f. physiog-

PHYSIONOMISTE, fî-zî-ô-nô-mîst, s. m. physiog nomist.

HYSIQUE, fî-zîk, s. f. physicks, natural

philosophy. Physique, adj. physical, natural.

PHYSIQUEMENT, fi-zik-men, adv. physi-

eally, naturally.

Piaculaire, piå-ků-lèr, adj. piacular, piaculous.

PIAFFE, plaf, s. f. strutting, vain-glorious show, parade, state.

Piaffer, piå-få, v. n. to strut, make a vainglorious show of one's self, take upon one; to strive to go on although restrained by the bridle.

PIAFFEUR, plaf-feur, s. m. (cheval piaffeur)

proud or stately horse.

PIAILLER, pia-la, v. n. to pip (as a hen;) to squall, brawl, scold.

PIAMLERIE, pial-ri, s. f. squalling, brawl-

ing, scolding.
PIAILLEU-R, SE, pia-leur, leuz, s. m. & f. brawler, squaller, brawling man or woman. *PIAN, s. m. venereal disease.

Piano, pla-no, (in musick) piano.

*PIASTE, s. m. one originally descended from an ancient Polish family.

PIASTRE, piastr, s. m. piaster (coin.)
*PIAULER, piò-là, v. a. to squall, bawl; to

cry as chickens do.

*PIAUTRE, s. m. Ex. Envoyer quelqu'un au piautre, to send one packing (in contempt.)
PIBLE, V. Mat & Mate.

Pic, pik, s. m. pick-ax; peak (of a mountain;) wood-pecker; (at piquet) peak. Faire pic, to peak. A pic, perpendicularly. Pic, Mar. gaff. Pic d'artimon, mizen peak. A pic, a peak; also under foot. Ce bâtiment est à pic, that ship is a-peak or up and down. Nous laissames tomber à pic une seconde ancre quand le coup de vent commença, we let go another anchor when the gale began.

PICA, s. m. longing. PICARD, E, adj. & s. of Picardy.

PICHOLINE, pi-kô-lin, s. f. sort of small clive.

Picorée, pi-kô-rå, s. f. plundering. Ex. Aller à la picorée, to go marauding.
Picorer, pi-kô-ra, v. n. to plunder, go

plundering about.

PICOREUR, pf-kô-rêur, s. m. freebooter, marauder; plagiary.
PICOT, pi-kô, s. m. (de dentelle) purl; (de bois) prickly bit on wood that has not been

cut even. PICOTANT, E, adj. prickling, stimulating.

PICOTE, E, adj. marked with the small pox. Picoter. PICOTEMENT, pî-kôt-mên, s. m. pricking. PICOTER, pî-kô-tà, v. a. to prick, to stimu-

late; to peck; to tease, provoke, anger. PICOTERIE, pl-kot-ri, s. f. bickering, quar-

Picotin, pi-kô-tín, s. m. peck. Picotin

"aroine, peck of oats.

PICTORESQUE, V. Pittoresque. Pie-grieche, Pie, pl, s. f. pic, magpie. speckled magpie; shrew, a very scold: broil-

ed blade-bone of mutton; (cheval pie) pied horse, piebald horse. Pie de mer, bird of the size of a crow, with red beak and feet, and piebald feathers. Elle cause comme une pie borgne or comme une pie dénichée, she is a prattling one. Il croit avoir trouvé la pie au nid, he thinks himself cock-sure.

PIE, adj. pious, godly, holy, charitable. Ex. Fraude pie, holy cheat. Œuvres pies, good

PIE, V. Pied.

PIECE, pies, s. piece; bit, part; (de viande, de terre, etc.) piece; (de blé, etc.) field; (de vin) butt; patch; stomacher; (at chess) piece; trick, roguish trick; writing, paper, document; sum. La pièce, a-piece, each, for every one. Donner la pièce à quelqu'un, to grease the fist of one, bribe him. La petite pièce, the Cette fille est une grosse pièce de chair, that girl is a great lump of flesh. C'est une bonne pièce, une fine pièce, une méchante pièce, he or she is a cunning or sharp blade. Hest bien près de ses pièces, he is very low in cash. Mettre or tailler en pièces, to cut to pieces, rout. defeat.

Pièce, Mar. piece. Pièce d'artillerie, piece of ordnance. Pièce de bois, piece of timber. Pièce de construction, piece of timber fit for ship-building. Pièce de tour, piece of crooked timber (such as is fit to be sawed into planks for the harpings.) Pièces de quartier, harpings. Pièce de quille, piece of straight timber (fit for a ship's keel.) Pièces à l'eau, watercasks. Pièce de quatre, tun, four hogsheads. Pièce de trois, pipe. Pièce de deux, butt. Petites pièces d'arrimage, small casks for wingers. Le corsaire fut mis en pièces, the privateer went to pieces or was dashed

to pieces.
PIED, pia, s. m. foot; pass, condition; track.
Pied, pia, s. the rate of. Pied cornier, Sur le pied de, at the rate of. Pied cornier, main pillar of a coach; tree left at the end of an estate as a boundary. Pied à pied, gradually, by degrees, by little and little, as well as foot by foot. Un vase à trois pieds, a threefooted vessel. Une bête à quatre pieds, a four-footed beast. Des pieds de mouton, trotters. Des pieds de cochon, pettioes. Haut le pied, away. Gens de pied, foot, foot-soldiers. Valet de pied, footman, footboy, lackey. Pied droit, square pillar, part of which is in the wall; also post of a door or window. Porter bien le pied, to stand handsomely. Porter son pied en dedans or en dehors, to turn onc's toes in or ont. Faire un pied de nez à quelqu'un, to make a fool of or laugh at one. Avoir un pied de nez, to come off pitifully or un-successfully, to be laughed at or derided. Cinq cents pieds d'arbres, five hundred trees. Si vous hid donnez un pied il en prendra quatre, give him an inch and he will take an ell. Aller pied à pied, to act with delibera-tion. Prendre pied, to come within one's depth, find footing. Une coutume qui prend pied, a custom that gets footing. Prendre quelqu'un pied leré, to take or snap one up.
Il y ra bien d'un autre pied, he takes another course. Mettre quelqu'un sur le hou pied, to order one right. Mettre une armée sur pied, to raise an army. Entretenir une armée sur pied, to keep a standing army. Avoir bon pied, to be a good footman or a stout walker. Faire le pied de veau, to make a

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

bow, scrape. Sentir le pied de messager, to stink, have a stinking smell. Chercher à pied

et à cheval, to look every where.

Pied, Mar. Pied de mât, heel or foot of a mast. Le pied de l'étambord, the heel. Pied drcit, stauchion, any piece of timber uprignt or an end. Avoir le pied marin, to have sea-legs, tread the deck like a sailor. Nous arrivâmes à Brest avec six pieds d'eau dans la cale;

we arrived at Brest with six feet water in the hold. PIÉDESTAL, pià-des-tal, s. m. pedestal. PIÉDOUCHE, pla-dosh, s. m. little stand,

pedestal. Prége, plaz, s. m. snare.

PIÉMONT, s. m. Piedmont, PIÉMONTOIS,E, adj. & s. Piedmontese. PIERRAILLE, plè-rål, s. f. heap of pebbles, small stones.

PIERRE, pier, s. f. stone. PIERRÉE, pierà, s. f. drain.

PIERRERIES, pier-rl, s. f. pl. jewels, precious stones.

PIERRETTE, s. f. little stone. Jouer à la

pierrette, to play at marbles. Pierreu-x, se, piè-rèu, rèuz, adj. stony,

full of stones. Pierrier, pie-ria, s.m. swivel, swivel gun.

Pierrière, s. f. quarry. PIÉTÉ, pla-ta, s. f. piety, godliness, religion, devotion; also natural affection or love. Gens

ns. piété, ungodly men.
PIÉTER, piå-tå, v. n. to take one's stand.
x. D'où piéterons-nous? what place shill we play from ? Piétez bien, stand fair. Piéter l'étrave et l'étambord, Mar. to mark the stem and stern post with feet (in order to ascertain the ship's draught in water.)

PIÉTINER, přá-tř-ná, v. n. to kick about,

keep moving the feet.
PIÉTON, NE, pla-ton, ton, s. m. & f. walker : foot-soldier

PIÈTRE, pietr, adj. sorry, wretched, piti-

ful, paltry.
PIÈTREMENT, p
wretchedly, pititully pîê-trê-mên, adv. sorrily,

PIÈTRERIE, pie-tre-ri, s. f. sorry or pitiful thing, wretched or paltry stuff.

PIETTE, s. f. a sea-fowl.
PIEU, pièu, s. m. stake.
PIEUSEMENT, pi-èuz-mên, adv. piously, godly, religiously

Pieu-x, se, pi-èu, èuz, adj. pious, godly, devout, religious.

PIFFRE, s. m. Piffresse, plfr, pl-fres, s. f. swag-bellied person, fat guts.

PIFFRER. (SE) V. S'empiffrer.

PIGEON, pl-zon, s. m. pigeon, dove; dupe, gull. PIGEONNE, s. f. Ex. Venez ici, ma petite pigeonne, come hither my little dove or my duck.

Pigeonneau,plad-no, s. m. young pigeon. PIGEONNIER, pl-zo-nià, s.m. pigeon-house, dove-cote.

PIGNOCHER, pl-gno-sha, v. n. to piddle,

eat squeamishly. Pignon, pl-gnon, s/m. gable end or cope of the ridge of a house; (of the pine apple) ker-

nel; small cog-wheel

PIGNORATI-F, VE, adj. Ex. Contrat pignoratif, sale of an estate with perpetual right of redemption and leasing of it to the seller for the interest of the purchase money

PILASTRE, pî-lâstr, s. m. pilaster. PILAU, s. m. rice boiled in butter or put into broth.

PILE, pil, s. f. pile; also grinding or pounding stone; side of a coin on which the arms

PILER, pî-lå, v. a. to beat, pound, bruise,

bray

PILEUR, pi-leur, s. m. Ex. C'est un grand pileur, he is a great trencherman or feeder or eater.

PILIER, pî-lîå, s. m. post; pillar. Piliers

des bittes, Mar. bitt heads.

PILLAGE, pî-laz, s. m. plunder, pillage. PILLARD, E, pî-lar, lard, adj. & s. thievish, pillager, filching; robber, spoiler, plunderer. Piller, pi-la, v. a. to plunder, pillage; to

set a dog on or at; (at cards) to take in. Piller les auteurs, to play the plagiary, pirate. Pille chou, pille, (said to a dog) take it up,

snap. PILLERIE, pîl-rl, s. f. plundering, robbery,

extortion.

PILLEUR, pî-leur, s. m. plunderer, robber, extortioner; plagiary.
PILON, pî-lon, s. m. pestle.
PILORI, pî-lo-rî, s. m. pillory.

PILORIER, pî-lô-rî-a, v. a. to set in the pillory.

PILORIS, s. m. musk-rat good to eat.

PILOSELLE, pî-lô-zêl, s. m. mouse-ear (sort of herb.)

PILOTAGE, pi-lo-taz, s. m. piling or pilework, thing made of or strengthened with piles: Mar. pilotage.

PILOTE, pl-lôt, s.m. pilot. Pilote côtier, coasting-pilot. Pilote hauturier, sea-pilot. Pilote pratique, harbour or river-pilot. V. Pratique, adj. Prendre un pilote, to take a

PILOTER, pi-lo-ta, v. a. & n. to strengthen

with piles, drive in piles. Piloter un vaisseau, Mar. to pilot a ship.

PILULE, pî-lô-tî, s. m. pile, wooden stake. PILULE, pî-lûl, s. f. pill. Dorer la pilule,

to gild the pill.
PIMBECHE, pin-besh, s. f. impertinent or silly woman.

PIMENT, pî-mên, s. m. pimento.

PIMPANT, E, pin-pen, pent, adj. fine, spruce, gaudy, flaunting.

PIMPESOUÉE, s. f. fine lady, formal piece. PIMPRENELLE, pin-pré-nél, s. f. pimpernel. PIN, pin, s. m. pine-tree. Pomme de pin, pine-apple.

PINACLE, pî-nakl, s. m. pinnacle, battlement.

PINASSE, pî-uas, s. f. Mar. pinnace.

PINASTRE, s. m. wild pine-tree.
PINCE, pins, s. f. crow, lever, iron bar; (de pæeur) twibil; sharp pointed plait; pincers, nippers; (du pied du cheral) toe. Les pinces, (d'un cheral) toe. (d'un cheval) the gatherers. Les pinces des bêtes fauves, edge of a deer's hoof.

PINCEAU, pin-sò, s. m. pencil, brush. Pin-

ceau à goudronner, tar-mop.

PINCÉE, pin-så, s. f. pinch. PINCELIER, s. m. any thing wherein a

painter cleans his pencils

PINCE-MAILLE, s.m. pinch-penny, pinch fist. PINCER, pin-så, v. a. to pinch, to nip off, pinch off; to nip, jeer, play upon, give a wipe, Pincer tes cordes d'un instrumen. bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleta, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

de musique, to play upon a musical string-in- ! Pincer le vent, Mar. to hug or strument. haul the wind.

PINCETER, pins-ta, v. a. to nip off (the

PIQ

hair.)

PINCETTE or PINCETTES, pin-set, s. f. nippers, tweezers; tongs, pair of tongs; pincers. Pinchina, pin-shi-na, s. m. sort of coarse

woollen cloth

Pincon, s. m. mark on the skin after being pinched. V. Pinson. PINDARIQUE, pin-da-rik, adj. (qui est à

l'imitation de Pindare) Pindarick.
PINDARISER, pin-dà-rì-zà, v. s. to speak affectedly, have an affected way of speaking. PINDARISEUR, pin-då-rî-zeur, s. m. one that speaks affectedly.
PINEALE, pî-na-al, adj. Ex. Glande pine-

ale, pineal gland. Pingoin, s. m. sea-fowl that cannot fly because of the shortness of its wings, penguin.

PINNULE, pi-nul, s. f. pinnule, piece of copper at each end of an alidada.
Pinocher, V. Pignocher.

PINQUE, pink, s. m. Mar. pink PINSON, pin-son, s. m. chaffinch.

Pinsonne, s. f. hen chaffinch. PINTADE, pin-tad,s.f. kind of speckled hen.

PINTE, pint, s. f. pint. PINTER, pin-ta, v. a. to tipple, guzzle. PINTERAU, s. m. sorry painter, dauber. PIOCHE, plosh, s. f. kind of pick-axe. PIOCHER, plosh, v. a. to dig or break up

the ground with a pick-axe.
*PIOLE.E, adj. speckled, spotted.

Pion, pion, s. m. pawn (at chess,) man (at draughts.)

PIONNIER, plo-nia, s. m. pioneer. PIOT, s. m. wine.

PIPE, pîp, s. f. pipe, tobacco-pipe; pipe (a wine-vessel.

PIPÉ, E, adj. V. Piper.

PIPEAU, pî-pò, s. m. pipe or oaten pipe, bird-call.

PIPÉE, pî-på, s. f. way of catching birds with a bird-call.

PIPER, v. a. (des oiseaux) to trepan with a bird-call, counterfeit the voice of birds in order to catch them; (an jeu) to bubble, cheat; also to excel. Piper les dés or le dé, to cog the dice.

PIPERIE, pîp-rl, s. f. trick, flight, cheat.

*PIPETTE, s. f. little pipe.

PIPEUR, pî-pêur, s. m. cheat, sharper. PIQUANT, E, pî-kan, kant, adj. pricking, stinging, nipping, prickly, sharp, tart, biting, cuting, satirical, keen, poignant, piquant, abusive, bitter; smart, pleasing, enticing.
PIQUANT, s. m. prickle (of some plants.)
PIQUE,pik, s. f. pike, pike-man; pique,

spleen, grudge.

Pique, s. m. spade (at cards.)

PIQUÉ, E, adj. pricked, etc. V. Piquer. Un bâtiment piqué de vers, Mar. a worm-eaten vessel.

Pique-Boeuf, pik-beuf, s. m. ox-driver, drover.

Pique-nique, pîk-nîk, s. m. clubbing. Faire un repas à pique-nique, to club for a dinner or supper.

PIQUE-PUCE, pik-pus, s. m. order of Fran-

ciscan friars.

Prquer, pi-ka, v. a. to prick; sting; to

mark; to lark; to stitch; to nettle, touch, of fend, exasperate; to spur on, stir up, encou tend, exasperate, to sput on, sin up, eacourage, animate; (un cheval) to spur, put on; (des pierres) to indent; (du laffetus) to pink; (une jupe) to quilt. Piquer un matelas, to make a quilt. Piquer la mazette, to ride a lane jupe, make a quilt. Piquer la muzeue, to bad horse. Piquer quelqu'un d'honneur, to bad horse. Piquer quelqu'un d'honneur, to nettle one's honour, persuade one that his honour requires his doing or not doing a thing. Piquer l'horloge, Mar. to strike the bell. Piquer six, strike the bell six,

PIQUER, v. n. to be sharp, tart or poignant. Se piquer, v. r. to be offended, to take in dudgeon, to take pet, be angry; (with de) to pretend to, set up for. Se piquer d'honneur, to stand upon the point of honour; also to wish not to be thought behind others (in generosity, or in doing a good action, or in cutting a figure, etc.) Se piquer au jeu, to be obstinate in playing on though a loser. Se piquer, (in printing) to mildew.

Piquet, pi-ke, s. m. stake, peg; minute-

men, piquet.

PIQUETTE, pi-keu, s. m. bad wine.
PIQUEUR, pi-keur, s. m. pricker, huntsman
on horseback; larder of meat; overseer of buildings; rook (one who lends to players.)
PIQUIER, pi-kia, s. m. pike-man.

Piqure, pi-kur, s. f. prick, sting, quilting, pinking, mark, etc. hole made by insects. V.

Piquer.

Pirate, pî-rat, s. m. pirate.

PIRATER, pî-ră-tă, v. n. to pirate, exercise

or commit piracy.

PIRATERIE, pl-rât-rl, s. f. piracy.

PIRE, plr, adj. worse. Le pire, the worst.

PIROGUE, pl-rôg, s. f. canoe. Pirogue à balanciers, canoe with out-riggers.

PIROLE, pi-rol, s. f. winter green. PIROUETTE, pi-rwet, s. f. whirligig; whirl-

ing about, turning on one leg.
Pirouetter, pi-rwe-ta, v. n. to whirl about, turn on one leg.

Pis, pi, s. m. udder, dug; breast. Pis, adv. worse. Le pis, the worst. pis en pis, worse and worse.

Pis, s. m. worse or worst. Faire du pis qu'on peut, to do one's worst. Le pis aller, the worst that can come or happen. son pis aller, that will be his last resource. Au pis aller, at the worst, let the worst come to the worst.

Piscine, pi-sin, s. f. pool or pond.

Pissat, pi-sa, s. m. piss, urine. Pissat de cheval, horse-piss or stale

Pisse en Lit, pi-sen-li, s. m. piss-a-bed.

Pissen, pi-sa, v.a. & n. to piss, make wa-

ter, urine; to stale.
Pisseu-R, se, pi-seur, seuz, s. m.& f. pisser. Pissoin, pi-swar, s. m. pissing-place. Pissoter, pi-so-ia, v. n. to piss often.

PISSOTIÈRE, s. f. pissing-place, water-spout. PISTACHE, pis-tash, s. f. pistachio, pistachio-nut.

PISTACHIER, pis-tà-shià, s. m. pistachio-

PISTE, pist, s. f. track, print of the foot, footing

PISTIL, s. m. (in botany) pistil.

PISTOLE, pis-tol, s. f. pistole (sort of gold coin.) Cousu de pistoles, rich.

PISTOLET, pis-tô-lê, s. m. pistol. Mar. pistol, also bumpkin.

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon: brun,

PISTOLIER, pis-tô-lià, s. m. Ex. Bon pistotier, one that shoots well with a pistol, good marksman.

Piston, piston, s. m. piston; sucker of a pump. Piston de pompe, s. m. upper box of a pump.

PITANCE, pî-tens, s. f. pittance, monk's mess, commons, allowance for a meal.

PITANCIER, s. m. pittancer.

PITAUD, pi-to, s. m. country lob, clown, lubberly fellow. Pitaude, pi-tod, s. f. coarse woman.

*PITE, pit, s. f. base coin of old, mite.

PITEUSEMENT, pl-teuz-men, adv. sadly, grievously, pitifully, wofully, wretchedly, lamentably.

PITEU-X, SE, pî-teu, teuz, adj. sad, griev-ous, pitiful, woful, wretched, lamentable.

ous, pitiut, wolut, wereneu, rameman.

Pitié, pi-lià, s. f. pity, compassion, commiseration, concern. Avoir pité de, to pity, take pity. Il cant mieux faire envie que pitié, better be envied than pitied. Par pitié better be envied than pitied. Par pitié pour, in pity to. A faire pitié, wrong, badly, wretchedly, miserably, so as to make one's heart ache. Fuire pitié à quelqu'un, to make one's heart ache, to make one laugh in his sleeve. Ce petit homme remnant me fait une pitié que je ne saurois dire, that bustling little fellow is offensive to me beyond expres-

Piton, pi-ton, s. m. nail with a hole in its

head.

PITOYABLE, pî-tô-yabl, adj. pitiful, com-passionate, tender-hearted, woful, sad, lamentable, to be pitied; wretched, miserable.

Pitovablement, pl-tô-yâbl-mên, adv. sadiy, wretchedly, piifully, miscrably. Pitronfsque,jl-dr-fsk, adj. picturesque, Pitronesquement, pl-tô-rêsk-mên, adv.

in a picturesque manuer. PITUITAIRE, pl-tdi-ter, adj. belonging to the pituita or philegm.

PITUITE, pi-tuit, s. f. phlegm.

Pituiteu-x, se, pî-tůî-teu. teuz, adj. & pituitous, phlegmatick, waterish, phlegmatick person.

Pivert, pî-vêr, s. m. wood-pecker or green beak.

PIVOINE, pl-wan, s. m. gnat-snapper.

Piroine, s. f. peony.
Pivot, pî-vò, s. m. pivot; (de meule de moulin) trendie; (d'arbre) great perpendicular root.

Pivot de cabestan, Mar. spindle of the cap-Pivot de boussole, brass center pin of a compass.

PIVOTER, pi-vo-ta, v. n. to sink the main root perpendicularly into the ground.

PLACAGE, pla-kaz, s. m. veneering (a sort joiner's work.) PLACARD, pla-kar, s. m. bill or paper post-

ed up; libel posted up or dispersed about, placard or proclamation.

PLACARDER, plå-kår-då, v. n. to post or hbel (one.)

PLACE, p.as, s. f. place; room; town, hold, fortress; square, place; exchange; office, employment, dignity. Place dri marché, mar-ket-place. Jour de place, exchange-day. Il fut tué sur la place, he was killed upon the spot. Mettre en place le gouvernail, to ship or hang the rudder. Mettre en place la harre du gouvernail, to ship the tiller. Mettre en

place un foc or une voile d'étai, to bend a jib or stay-sail. Mettre en place l'arcasse ou l'étrave, to raise the stern frame or the stern Mettre en place des munitions, vivres, etc. to stow away stores, provisions, etc. Mettre en place les caillébotis, to lay over the gratings. En place les caillebotis, lay over the gratings

PLACE, E, adj. placed, put, laid; that has got a place or an employment, in place. V.

Placer.

PLACEL, s. m. Mar. rocky shoal, near the surface of the water and of great extent. PLACEMENT, s. m. the act of letting or lay-

ing out money; money placed at interest.
PLACER, pla-sa, v. a. to place, put, lay, seat; (de l'argent) to place at interest. Pla-cer hien ses charités, to bestow well one's charities. Plucer quelqu'un, to get one a place or employ, put one in a place. Se placer, v. r. to place one's self, take one's

PLACET, pla-se, s. m. stool, low stool; peti-

tion.

PLACIER, E, s. m. & f. owner of a marketplace.

PLAFOND, pla-son, s. m. ceiling; (d'un bâ-timent) Mar. soor or bottom. Plafonner, pla-fő-nå, v. a. to ceil, make

a ceiling.

Plage, plaz, s. f. country, climate, place; gion. Plage, Mar. strand, beach, sandy region. beach, flat shore (without any capes or head lands to form a road or bay for ships to anchor Voilà un bâtiment jeté sur la plage, there is a ship stranded upon the beach.

PLAGIAIRF, pla-21-èr, s. m. plagiary. PLAGIAT, pla-21a, s. m. plagiarism. PLAGIAT, Plaids.

PLAIDANT, adj. m. Ex. Avocat plaidant.

barrister, pleading counsellor.
PLAIDER, ple-da, v.n. to plead, be at law. Plaider, v. a. to plead; (quelqu'un) to sue at law, go to law with; (une cause) to defend; (nne succession) to claim, demand.
PLAIDEU-R, SF, plê-deur, deuz, s. m. & f.

litigious person, one that has a lawsuit or is

at law.

PLAIDOIRIE, ple-dwa-rl, s. m. pleading,

law, law-suit, term, term time.
PLAIDOYABLE, ple-dwa-yabl, adj. Ex.
Jour plaidoyable, court-day. PLAIDOYER, ple-dwa-ya, s. m. pleading,

brief. PLAIDS, ple, s. m. court-leet. Les plaids

tenans, the court sitting.

PLAIF, s. f. wound, sore, trouble or affliction. It no demande que plaie et hosse, he is al-ways for mischief. Les plaies d'Egypte, the plagues of Egypt. Les plaies de son cour se rouvrirent, his or her heart bled afresh. PLAIGNANT, E, plognon, gnent, s. m. & f.

plaintiff.

PLAIN, E, plin, plen, adj. plain, even, flat. Chambres de plain pied, rooms on a floor. y a beaucoup de plain pied dans cette maison, there are a great many rooms on a floor in that house. En plain champ, en plaine cam pagne, in the open country. Velours pagne, in the open country. Velours plain, cut velvet. Linge plain, undamasked

PLAINDRE, plindr, v. a. (See the table at aindre) to pity, bewail, bemoan, lament, be sorry or concerned for; to grudge, repire at

bar, bat, base: there, et b, over: fleid, tig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Se plaindre, v. r. to complain, lament, groan, bemoan one's self, expostulate; also to grudge to one's self. Il est à plaindre, he is to be pitied.

PLAINE, plen, s. f. plain. Les plaines liquides, humides, salées, or azurées, the main,

the sea.

PLAINT, E, adj. pitied, etc. V. Plaindre. PLAINTE, plint, s. f. complaint, groan, lamentation, expostulation.

PLAINTI-F, VE, plin-tif, tiv, adj. moanful, doleful, groaning, whining, whimpering.
PLAINTIVEMENT, plin-tlv-men, adv.inoan-

fully, dolefully, whiningly.

PLAIRE, pler, v. n. to please, be acceptable or agreeable; to please, will, be pleased. Il a plu à Dieu de l'affliger, it pleased God to If a plu a Buen we rappager, it pleased God to afflict him. Plaise an roi, may it please his majesty. A Bien ne plaise, God forbid. Plat a Dien que, would to God that. Still leur plat, if they please, if it is their pleasure Il leur plat de faire cela, they please or it is their pleasure to do that. Se plaire à, v. r. to be pleased with, like or love, delight or take pleasure in. Se plaire en or dans, to like, love, delight in; also to thrive in.

Plaisamment, ple-za-men, adv. plea-

santly, merrily, comically, ridiculously.

PLAISANCE, plê-zens, s. f. Ex. Un jardin, une maison, un lieu de pluisance, a garden, a house, a place of pleasure or which is delight-

PLAISANT, E, ple-zen, zent, adj. pleasant, pleasing, agreeable, sweet; merry, comical, ridiculous, impertinent.

PLAISANT, s. f. jester, buffoon. PLAISANTER, plê-sên-tâ, v. n. to jest, joke, droll, banter.

· PLAISANTERIE, ple-zent-ri, s. f. pleasantry, jest, joke, banter, humour, drollery, bufloonery.

Pluisanterie à part, seriously, in good earnest. PLAISIR, ple-zir, s. m. pleasure; joy, de-light, satisfaction, content; pastime, diversion, divertisement, recreation, sport; will, approbation, consent; favour, kindness, good turn, friendly office, courtesy. Les pldisirs du roi, the king's game or liberties. A plaisir, at pleasure, at one's ease, carefully, so as to give pleasure. Par plaisir, for sport's sake, for pastime or recreation; also by way of trial. Prendre plaisir à, to be pleased with, love, delight or take pleasure in. Donner duplaisir, to please, be pleasing, delight.

PLAMÉE, s. f. line (to take luir from

skins.)

PLAMUSE, s. f. box on the ear, euff.

PLAN, plen, s. m. plan; draught, model, ground-plot; design, scheme, project; plane, superficies. *Plan*, s. m. Mar. plane, draught, etc. Plan d'elévation, sheer draught, plane of elevation. Plan horizontal, horizontal plane. Plan de projection or plan vertical, vertical plane. Plan d'arrimage, tier. Premier plan, ground tier. Second et troisième plan, second and third tier. Plan du milieu, middle tier.

Plan supérieur, upper tier.
Plan supérieur, upper tier.
PLAN, E, adj. plain. Carte plane, Mar.
plain chart. Navigation plane, plain sailing.
PLANCHE, plènsh, s. f. plank, board, shelf;
(de jardin) bed, border; plate, copper-plate,

print; precedent.

Planche, s. f. Mar. plank. board; wainseot. Plouches de doublage, stuff. Planche à de-

barquer, gang board (of a boat.) Hale las planche dedwis, haul in the gang board Planches de routis, side boards of a standing bed-place. Planches à feu, boards put on a vessel's bottom to prevent the flames from rising beyond them while the ship is breaming.

PLANCHÉIER, v. a. to board PLANCHER, plen-sha, s. m. (d'une chambre) Plancher, Le plancher des vaches, the land. Plancher, s. m. Mar. platform, etc., Plancher de la cale, platform of the hold. Plancher de la fosse aux poudres, platform of the magazine. Plancher de la fosse aux câbles, platform for the cables, cable-stage, eable-tier. Plancher de la poulaine, gratings of the head. Plancher des malades, cock-pit.

PLANCHETTE, plen-shet, s. f. little board or shelf.

PLANÇON, plen-son, s. m. set or twig, slip, sucker. Plançon, s. m. Mar. plank timber.

PLANE, plan, s. m. plane-tree. Plone, s. f. plane (a tool.)

PLANER, pla-na, v. n. to hover; to trim, Planer, v. n. to plane; (de la be a trimmer. raisselle) to planish.
PLANÉTAIRE, plå-nå-ter, adj. planetary.

PLANÉTAIRE, s. m. errery, planetarium. PLANÈTE, plå-net, s. f. planet.

PLANEUR, plå-neur, s. m. planisher. PLANIMÉTRIE, plå-ni-må-tri, s. f. planime-

try.
PLANISPHÈRE, planis-fèr, s. m. planisphere.
Planisphère plant set: also nursery. PLANTAGE, plen-taz, s. m. planting; (de sucre, de tabac, etc.) plantation.

PLANTAIN, plen-tin, s. m. plantain. PLANTARD, plen-tar, s. m. set or twig (to

be planted.)
PLANTATION, s. f. plantation; planting.

PLANTE, plênt, s. f. plant, vegetable; vine-yard newly set; (des pieds) sole. PLANTER, plên-tâ, v. a. to plant, set, set up. Se planter, v. r. to set or place or put

one's self. PLANTEUR, plen-teur, s. m. planter or

PLANTOIR, plen-twar, s. m. planting or setting-stick, dibble.

PLANTUREUSEMENT, plon-tů-reuz-men, adv. plentifully, in abundance.

PLANTUREU-X, SE, plen-tů-reu, reuz, adj. plentiful, abundant.

PLANURE, pla-nur, s. f. shaving, chip; level,

plain, even ground.

PLAQUE, plak, s. f. (de métul) plate : (de la garde d'une épée) shell ; (de feu or de chemi-née) back ; (d'une perruque) crown; plate or hand eandlestick.

PLAQUER, plå-kå, v. a. to clap on. Plaquer un soufflet, to give a slap on the chops. Vais-

selle plaquée, plated ware.
PLASME, s. f. an emerald used in medicine.

PLASTIQUE, plas-tik, adj. plastick. PLASTRON, plas-tron, s. m. plastron.

PLASTRONNER (SE) v. r. to put on a plas

PLAT, E, pla, plat, adj. flat; low, mean, common, ordinary, insipid, dull. It est bien plat, sa bourse est bien plate, he is very low, his purse is very low. Avoir le ventre plot, to have an empty belly. Un pied plut, a poor to have an empty belly. Un pied plat, a poor wretched fellow. A plate terre, flat upon the ground. Plate-bande, plat-band (in archibuse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

tecture;) bed or border (of a flower garden.) Plate-forme, flat-roof, platform. Vaisselle plate, plate in one piece. Rimes plates, cou-plets. Plat, adj. Mar. Côte plate, flat coast. Bâtiment à varangues plates, tlat-floored vessel. Bateau plut, flat-bottomed boat, flat boat. Plate-forme, platform. Plate-bande d'affût, cap-square or clamp of a gun carriage. Plutbord, gumel or gunwale. Nous arions le plat-bord à l'eau dans la chaloupe en renant à berd, we were gunnel to in coming on board in the launch. Borde l'artimon tout plat, haul the mizen sheet flat aft. Le grand foc est-il bordé tout plat? Is the jib sheet flat aft ?

PLAT, s. m. dish; dish, mess; flat side; (d'une balance) scale. Plat de son métier or de sa façon, trick of trade, trick of one's own.

Plat, s. m. Mar. Plat d'un aviron, blade or
wash of an oar. Plat des rarangues, flat or horizontal part of the floor timbers. Plat, Plats de maîtres, warrant officer's mess. mess. Plat des malades, the sick mess. Plat de matelots, sailors' mess. Plat de l'équipage,

mess for seven men.

Tout à plat, flatly, Tont plat, adv. flat. nat and plain, freely, plainly, downright. PLATANE, pla-lan. V. Plat, adj. m. plane

tree, platane.

PLATEAU, pla-to, s. m. a wooden scale; trencher; tea-board. Plateaux, dung of deer. PLATÉE, s. f. dish-full.

PLATEMENT, adv. meanly, commonly. PLATFOND, V. Plafond.

PLATINE, pla-tin, s. f. round copper plate; (de montre) plate; (de presse d'imprimeur) platen; (de serrure) scutcheon; (d'arme à feu) plate, brass plate; (de canon,) Mar. apron. PLATITUDE, pla-ti-tud, s. f. flatness, dul-

ness, nonsense.

PLATONICIEN, NE, s. m. & f. platonist. PLATONIQUE, pla-tô-nik, adj. platonick. PLATONISME, pla-tô-uism, s. m. platonism. PLATRAGE, pla-traz, s. m. plaster work. PLATRAS, pla-tra, s. m. rubbish, pieces of

old and dry plaster. PLATRE, platr, s. m. parget, white lime

plaster; paint (for the face.)
PLATICE, E, adj. pargettee
Paix platree, patched up peace. pargetted, plastered.

PLATRER, pla-tra, v. a. to plaster, parget; to patch up; to palliate, cloak, daub over, patch up. Se platrer, v. r. to paint (one's face.)
PLATREU-X, SE, platreu, treuz, unixed with reddish chalk or clay.

PLATRIER, pla-tri-a, s. m. plasterer.

PLATRIÈRE, pla-trî-èr, s. f. place where plaster is made.

PLAUSIBILITÉ, plo-zî-bî-lî-ta, s. f. plausibleness.

PLAUSIBLE, plo-zibl, adj. plausible, spe-

cious, fair, PLAUSIBLEMENT, plò-zibl-men. adv. plau-

sibly, in a plausible manner

Plébélen, ne, plå-bå-yen, yeu, adj. ple-

beian. PLÉBISCITE, pla-bî-sît. s. m. decree from the body of the Roman people.

PLÉIADES, plà-yad, s. f. pl. Pleiads. PLEME, s. m. pledge, surety, bail.

*Pleigen, v. a. to bail, be or become a pledge or surety.

PLEIN, E. plin, plen, adj. full; abounding

with; covered, close, set, worked close; entire, absolute, whole, unlimited. Pleine, with young, great with young. En plein, en pleine, in full, openly, in the middle or midst of. A plein, fully, to the full. A pleines mains, liberally, largely. A pleine tête, à pleine gorge, (with crier, etc.) as loud as one can, with all one's might.

Plein, Mar. Les roiles de l'arrière sont pleines, the after-sails are full. Plein la voile, keep her full. Voguer à pleines roiles, to go full sail, drive before the wind. Près et plein, full and by. Les roiles portent à plein, the sails are full.

PLEIN, s. m. full; (or espace plein) full space. Le plein de la lune, the full of the La l'une est dans son plein, the moon moon. is at the full.

Avoir de l'argent plein PLEIN, prep. full. ses poches, or avoir plein ses poches d'argent, to have one's pockets full of money. Tout plein de, a great deal of, a great many, abou dance of, a world of. Tout plein, a great deal, a great many, abundance.
PLEIN, adv. full, entirely, absolutely, per-

fectly.

PLEINEMENT, plên-mên, adv. fully, entire-

ly, to the full, abundantly.
PLÉNIER, E, pla-nia, nièr, adj. plenary.

Plénière, adj. f. full, plenary.

PLÉNIPOTENTIAIRE, plà-nî-pô-ten-sier, s

m. plenipotentiary.
PLÉNITUDE, pla-nî-tůd, s. f. foluess, plenitude.

PLEONASME, pla-ô-nasm, s. m. pleonasm PLETHORE, pla-tôr, s.f. plethora.

PLEURANT, E, adj. crying, weeping. PLEURE-MISÈRE, S. m. said of a covetour man who always complains.

PLEURER, plen-ra, v. n. to weep, cry, shea tears; (parlant de la rigne) to drop. Pleurer, v. a. to weep or cry or shed tears or lamen for, lament, bemoan, bewail. Il pleure le pain qu'il mange, he grudges himself what he

Pleurésie, pléu-rå-zl, s. f. pleurisy.

PLEURÉTIQUE, pleu-râ-tîk,adj. pleuritick PLEUREU-R, SE, plêu-rêur, reuz, s. m. & f. crying, weeping, weeper, one apt to cry. Les pleureuses weepers, open sleeves; also women hired to weep at funerals.

PLEUREU-X, SE, adj. crying, weeping. PLEURNICHER, v. n. to feign weeping.

PLEURS, pleur, s. m. tears.

PLEUTRE, adj. & s. witness, simpleton.
PLEUVOIR, pleu-vwar, v. n. to rain, fall as
the rain does. Pleuvoir à petites goutes, to Pleuvoir à verse or en grande drizzle. quantité, to pour down, pour down rain. V. Verse.

PLEVRE, plevr, s. f. pleura.

PLEYON, ple-yon, s. m. osier or twig. PLI, pli, s. m. plait or fold; rumple; habit or custom; (dn conde, dn jarret) bending, bent; (de cable, Mar.) fake, coil.

PLIABLE, pli-abl, adj. pliant, pliable, flex-

ible, that bends easily.

PLIAGE, s. m. folding or folding up.

PLIANT, E. adj. phant, pliable, flexible, that bends easy, supple. Siege pliant or unpliant, s. m. a folding chair.
PLICA, V. Plique.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleid, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

PLIE, pll, s. f. plaice (a sea-fish.)
PLIER, pllå, v. a. to fold or fold up, plait;
to bend or bow; (les voiles) to furl. Plier, v. n. to bend, bow or sink, yield, stoop; to lose or give ground. Faire plier l'infanterie, to beat back the foot. Plier, Mar. to heel, lie along, etc. Plier à la bande, to heel. V. Bonde. Le bâtiment plie beaucoup, the ship lies along very much. L'ennemi a plié, the enemy has bore up. Faire plier l'ennemi, to make the enemy bear up.

PLIEU-R, SE, pil-eur, euz, s. m. & f. a fold-

er (of books;) plaiter (of clothes.)

PLINTHE, s.m. plinth, square foot of a pillar. PLIOIR, pli-war, s. m. folding-stick. PLIQUE, s. f. or plique polonoise, plica (a disease of the hair common in Poland.)

PLISSER, pli-sa, v. a. to plait, make plaits, fold. Plisser, v. n. Se plisser, v. r. to plait.

PLISSURE, pli-sur, s. f. plaiting, folding. PLoc, s. m. Mar. sheathing hair, hair and

tar put between the bottom planks of a ship

and the sheathings.

PLOMB, plon, s. m. lead; plummet, plumbline, level; bullets, leaden bullets, shot. Mine de plomb, lead and silver ore. A plomb, directly, perpendicularly; also by the level. Jere son plomb sur, to have a design upon, have in one's eye. PLOMB, Mar. lead. Plomb de sonde, lead. Petit plomb de sonde, handlead. Grand plomb de sonde, deep sea-lead. Plombs des écubiers, hawse pipes. PLOMBAGINE, plon-ba-zîn, s. m. plumba-

gin, lead and silver ore.

PLOMBÉ, E, plon-bå, adj. (from plomber) leaded, etc. Avoir le visage or le teint plombé,

to have a livid complexion.

PLOMBER, plon-ba, v. a. to lead; cover or colour with lead; mark or stamp with lead,

level by the plummet.

PLOMBERIE, plonb-rl, s. f. plumbery. PLOMBIER, plon-biå, s. m. plumber. PLONGÉ, E, adj. dipped or dipt, plunged, involved.

PLONGEON, plon-zon, s.m. plungeon. Plongeon de mer, puffin. Faire le plongeon, to dive, to stoop as a coward on hearing the report of

PLONGER, plon-zå, v. a. to dip, duck, immerse, plunge, overwhelm, cast into. Plonger un poignard dans le cour, to stab, strike a dagger into the breast. Se plonger, v. r. to dive or duck under water. Se plonger dans, to plunge or run one's self into. Plonger, v. n. to dive or duck. Le canon plonge, the gun is pointed too low. Tirer (une arme) en plongeant, to shoot downwards.

PLONGEUR, plon-zeur, s. m. diver.

PLUYER, plwa-ya, v. a. to bend, bow. V.

PLOQUER, v. a. Mar. to apply the sheath-

ing hair to the bottom of a ship.
PLU, V. Pleuvoir and Plaire.

Pluie, plû-l, s. f. rain. Temps de pluie, rainy weather. Pays sujet à la pluie, rainy country. Vent de pluie, southerly wind.

Plumage, plů-måz, s. m. plumage, feathers of a bird.

PLUMART, s. m. fcather-broom.

PLUMASSEAU, plů-mã-sò, s. m. pledget (for a wound,) also quill (for musical instruments,) ond broom of feathers.

Plumassier, plu-ma-sia, s.m. feather-man.

PLUME, plume, s. f. feather; plume, plume of feathers; quill; (taillée) pen; style, manner of writing; writer, author. Donner des plumes à un cheral, to rowel a horse. Etre au poil et à la plume, to be fit to hunt hares and partridges, etc. hence, to be fit for any thing.

PLUMÉE, plů-må, s. f. penful of ink. Plumer, plume, v. a. to pick or plume.

Plumer quelqu'un, to fleece one.

Plumet, plume, s. m. plume, feather; beau; a spark; porter, lighterman.

PLUMETIS, s. m. foul paper.

*PLUMEU-X, SE, adj. feathery. PLUMITIF, plu-mi-tif, s. m. minutes or

minute book. PLUPART, plu-par, s. m. most, most part, the greatest part. La plupart du temps, most times, mostly, generally. Pour la plupart,

for the most part, generally. PLURALITÉ, plů-rà-li-ià, s. f. majority.

PLURIEL, LE, plů-rî-êl, adj. plural. PLURIEL, s. m. plural or plural number.

Plus, plu, adv. more; besides, moreover, item. Plus de, more; more than, above; past. De plus, furthermore, moreover, besides, again. Au plus, tout au plus, at the most. De plus en plus, more and more. Is yu plus, more than that. Peu plus, peu moins, more or less, or thereabouts. Plus marks the comparative, and Le plus the superlative in French. Ex. Plus loin, farther. Le plus loin, the farthest, etc. V. Plus tôt, & Plusloin, part.

Plusieurs, plu-sieur, adj. & s. pl. many, a great many, abundance, many people.

PLUTÔT, phủ-to, adv. sooner. Le plutôt, the sconest. Au plutôt, as soon as possible. Le pluôt que rous pourrez, as soon as possibly you can. Pluôt mourir que de faire une lacheté, rather or sooner die than commit a bad action.

PLUVIAL, plů-víål, s. m. pluvial, a priest's.

PLUVIALE, plů-víál, adj. Ex. Eau pluviale, rain-water.

PLUVIER, plů-víå, s. m. plover (a bird.) PLUVIEU-x, SE, plu-vi-eu, euz, adj. rainy,

PNEUMATIQUE, pneu-ma-ik, adj. pneumatick.

PNEUMATOLOGIE, pneu-ma-tô-lô-al, s. f. pneumatology.

PNEUMONIQUE, pnêu-mô-nîk, adj. & s. m. pneumonick.

Poche, posh, s. f. pocket; poke, pouch, bag; purse-net; (d'oisean) erop, eraw; round stroke of a pen, round top or bottom of a let-ter; kit, (a small fiddle.) Mettre en poche, to pocket up.

POCHER, po-sha, v. a. (les weux à quelqu'un) to beat one's eyes black and blue; (une lettre) to make a round top or bottom to; (des œufs)

to poach.

Pocheter, posh-tå, (des fruits) v. a. to pocket (fruit,) mellow fruit in one's pocket. POCHETTE, po-shet, s. f. (diminutive of poche) pocket, little pursenet, also kit.

PODAGRE, po-dagr, adj. & s. m. gouty,

gouty man.

Podestat, pô-dés-ta, s. m. podestate (a kind of magistrate.)

Poèle, pwal, s. m. stove; stove-room canopy; pall.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre . enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Poêle, pwel, s. f. frying-pan.

Poêlier, pwe-lia,s.m.pan-maker,brazier. Porlon, pwe-lon, s. m. sauce-pan, skillet. PoêLonnée, pwa-lo-na, s. f. skillet-full. Poème, pô-êm, s. m. poem, piece of poetry,

copy of verses.
Poesie, po-a-zl, s. f. poesy, poetry, poem, Poète, po-et, s. m. poet.

Poétereau, pô-ât-ro, s. m. poetaster, a

paltry poet or rhymer.
Poettesse, s. f. poetess.
Poettique, pô-å-ilk, adj. poetick, poetical.

POÉTIQUE, s. f. poeticks, art of poetry. POÉTIQUEMENT, pô-à-tik-mên, adv. poetically, poet-like, like a poet.

POÉTISER, pô-â-tl-za, v. n. to poetize, rhyme, make verses.

Poge, pôz, s. m. Mar. (in the Levant) starboard.

Poins, pwa, s. m. weight; load, burden, . ponderosity; a weight; importance, moment, consideration; force, authority. Poids de marc, avoir-du-pois, avoirdupois weight. Poids ro-main, troy or troy weight. Poids brut, gross weight. Poids à peser l'eau, water-poise. Au poids de l'or, excessively dear. Avec poids et mesure, with circumspection, by rule and compass. Personne de poids, person of weight or of consequence. Courbé, (gémissant,) etc., sous le poids de, sinking or crouching (groaning, etc.) under the pressure or weight or burden of. Donner du poids or plus de poids à un signal, Mar. to enforce a signal. POIGNANT, E, pwå-gnen, gnent, adj. poi-

gnant, sharp.

Poignard, pwa-gnar, s. m. dagger, poi-

gnard. Con, de poignard, stab. Poignarder, pwå-gnår-då, v. a. to stab,

wound, grieve to the heart.

Poignée, pwå-gnå, s. f. handful, grasp; (d'une épée, d'un pistolet) handle.

Poignet, pwa-gne, s. m. wrist; wristband. Poir, pwal, s. m. hair; beard, nap. Etoffe à poil long, high-napped or shagged cloth. De poil d'etourneau, (a colour) flea-bitten. Re-prendre du poil de la bête, to take a hair of the same dog.

Poiloux, pwå-loo, s. m. wretch, wretched

fellow.

Poilu, E, adj. hairy.

Poincon, pwin-son, s.m. bodkin; a punch;

puncheon.

*Poindre, pwindr, v. a. to prick, sting, Oignez vilain, il vous poindra, save a thief from the gallows, he will cut your throat. Poindre, v. n. (used only in the infinitive, and speaking of day-light, herbs and the beard) to peep, shoot, dawn.

Poing, pwin, s. m. fist; hand. Se battre à coups de poing, to box, fight with the fist, go

to cuffs.

POINT, pwin, s. m. point; stitch; point (lace;) (at cards) count; point; ruff; stitch (pain;) hole (for the tongue of a buckle,) point, pass, state, case, condition; (d'honneur) point; height, pitch, degree, period; moment; (du jour) point, clawn; (d'un discours) point, part, head; (d'une offaire) point, thing, matter, bu-siness, subject; mark; dot, tittle (over letter 1, etc.) (in punctuation) point, stop. Point à ta fin d'une période, stop, full point. Les deux

Le point et la virgule, a sepòints, a colon. micolon. Le point interrogant, a point or note of interrogation. Le point admiratif, a point or note of admiration. Les figures valent dix points, the court cards are worth ten. Com-bien de points arez-vous? how many arc you, what is your count? En combien de points va la partie? how many are up? A combien de points se chausse-t-il? of what size are his shoes? Sur le point de mourir, at the point of death. Etre sur le point de faire, to be near doing or ready to do. Au dernier point, to the highest degree, extremely. A point nomme, tout à point, in time, in the nick of time. De tout point, totally, utterly, quite and clean. De point en point, exactly, to the full. De point en blanc, point-blank, directly.

Point, Mar. day's work; also the ship's place pricked on a nautical chart. Faire le point, to work a day's work. Point de depart or de partance, place from which the de-parture is taken. Point d'une voile, clue of a sail. Point du vent, weather-clue of a sail; also speaking of the main sail and fore sail tack. Point rélique, (dans une route directe) point in a perpendicular (raised from the centre of gravity of the horizontal surface of the ship at the floating-line) which is intersected by the direction of the absolute impulse of the sea on the vessel's head (in a direct

course.)

Point, adv. no, not. Point d'argent, point de Suisse, no money, no pater-noster. V.

POINTE, pwint, s. f. point, sharp end; top, peak, sharp-top; mourning coif; (de chemise) gore; print, graving-tool for etching; sprig, nail without a head; (d'imprimeur) bodkin; quick taste; (des humeurs, des fruits, etc.) edge, sharpness, acrimony, point; design, aim (de jour) break, dawn. Tailler en pointe, to cut pointwise. Se terminer en pointe, to end in a point, have a sharp top. Murcher sur la pointe du pied, to walk on tip-toe. Tourner la pointe du pied en dedans or en dehors, to turn one's toes in or out. Pointe d'esprit, quibble or quibbling, clench, pun, joke, wit, witty conceit or fancy. Etre en pointe de vin, to be a little elevated with the juice of the grape, be boozy

Pointe, toile de pointe, Mar. gore or goring or goring-cloth. Voile qui a beaucoup de toile de pointe, a sail cut with a great deal of gore.

Pointe de compas, point of the compass

Peinte (de terre) point, foreland. La pointe orientale de l' Re Longue, the cast end of Long-Island. S'en aller avec la pointe du vent, to

gale away.

POINTER, pwin-ta, v. a. to prick or stick ; to dot; (un canon, un niveau) to point, level. Pointer, v. n. to tower, soar ligh. Pointer, Mar. to point. Pointer la carte, to prick the

Pointeur, pwin-teur, s. m. pointer (of a canon.)

Pointillage, pwin-ti-laz, s. m. dotting (a manner of engraving.)

*Pointille, s. f. punctilio, cavil.

Pointiller, pwin-ti-là, v. n. & a. to dot, to prick; to cavil, carp, quarrel.

POINTILLERIE, pwin-til-ri, s. f quarrel bickering.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: tieia, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Pointilleu-x, se, pwin-ti-lèu, lèuz, adj cavilling, carping, captious, exceptious, full of cavils.

Pointu, E, pwin-tů, tů, adj. pointed, sharp, that has a point, sharp pointed; also full of

POINTURE, V. Raban.

Poire, pwar, s. f. pear; (à poudre) powder-horn.

Poiré, s. m. perry.

POIREAU, s. m. (herb) leek; wart. POIRÉE, pwa-ra, s. f. beet, white-beet.

Poirier, pwå-riå, s. m. pear-tree. Pois, pwå, s. m. pea, peas. Pois Pois hâtifs.

green hastings.

Poison, pwa-zon, s. m. poison, venom, stink, deadly stink; evil, mischief.

Poissard, e., pwå-sar, sård, adj. Ex. Style poissard, billingsgate style.
Poissarde, s. f. fish-woman; also nasty

v jade.

Poissen, pwa-sa, v. a. to pitch, do over

with pitch; to daub, glue.

Poisson, pwa-son, s. m. fish; also measure containing about a quarter of an English pint. Poissons, Pisces. Poisson d'avril, april fool. Donner un poisson d'avril à quelqu'un, to make one an april fool.

Poissonnaille, pwa-sô-nal, s. f. fry,

young fish.

Poissonnerie, pwa-son-ri,s. f. fish-market. Poissonneu-x, se, pwa-sô-neu, neuz, adj. fishy, full of fish.

Poissonnier, pwa-sô-nia, s. m. fish-mon-

Poissonnière, s. f. fish-woman; fish-pan.

POITRAIL, pwå-trål, s. m. breast of a horse; poitrel; architrave.

POITRINAIRE, adj. & s. one disordered in the breast or lungs.

POITRINAL, E, adj. that affects the breast or lungs. POITRINE, pwa-trin, s. f. breast, chest,

lungs, voice.

POIVRADE, pwå-vråd, s. f. sauce in which pepper predominates. Porvice, pwayr, s. m. pepper.

Potvnée, pwå-vrå, s. f. pepper-wort. Polyner, pwa-vra, v. a.to pepper, season

with pepper; also infect with the venereal disease.

POIVRETTE, s. f. bishop's wort.

Polyrier, pwa-vria, s. m. pepper plant, also pepper-box; and one who sells pepper.

Polyrière, pwa-vrier, s. f. spice-box. Poly, pwa, s. f. pitch. Poix-résine, rosin,

POLACRE, po-lakr, s. f. Mar. polacre; also foresail, or jib of a fishing boat (in the dialect of Provence.)
Polucre, s. m. Polish horseman.

POLAIRE, pô-lèr, adj. polar, near the pole. POLAQUE, pô-lâk, s. m. & f. V. Polacre.

Pole, pol, s. m. pole.
Pole, pol, s. m. pole.
Polemtoue, pol-lå-mik, adj. polemical.
Pol1, E. pol-lå, ll. adj. polished, smoothed ;
polished, clear, bright; (style) neat; polite, genteel, accomplished, civil, well bred, complaisant.

Poll, s. m. gloss, lustre, brightness, polish. Pollee, pô-lis, s. f. police, civil government. Inge de police, civil judge. Chambre or cour de police, civil court. Police, Mar.

Police d'assurance, policy of insurance. Police de chargement, bill of lading.

POLICER, po-li-sa, v. a. to govern or order by the laws of police.

Polichinelle, po-li-shi-net, s. m. pun

POLIMENT, po-li-men, s. m. polishing,

brightness, lustre, polish.

POLIMENT, adv. politely, neatly, finely. POLIR, po-lir, v. a. to polish, smooth brighten, make clear or bright, burnish, make polite, civilize.

Polisseu-R, se, po-li-seur, seuz, s. m. & f. polisher.

Polissoir, po-li-swar, s. m. polisher, polishing-iron.

Polissoire,po-li-swar, s. f. soft shoe brush Polisson, po-li-son, s. m. blackguard slovenly boy, wag, rakish youth.

POLISSONNER, pô-li-sô-nä, v. n. to fool, to play the wag or blackguard, play pranks or

wanton tricks, play apish or monkey tricks.
POLISSONNERIE, po-li-son-ri, s. f. blackguard trick, fooling, waggery, waggish or wanton trick, prank, apish or monkey trick.

Polissure, po-li-sur, s. f. polish, politure,

polishing, smoothing, gloss.
Politesse,po-li-tes, s. f. politeness, good manners. Avoir de la politesse, to be polite.
POLITIQUE, pò-lî-tîk, adj. politick or poli

tical; crafty, subtle, cunning

POLITIQUE, s. m. a politician, statesman; also a politick, crafty, subtle or cunning man Politique, s. f. politicks or polity; conduct, policy.

Politiquement, po-li-tik-men, adv. po

litically, politickly, cunningly.
POLITIQUER, pô-lî-tî-kâ, v. n. to talk politicks; settle the state.

Pollicitation, s. f. engagement, made by one without being accepted by the other

*Pollu, E, adj. polluted, defiled, unclean Polluen, pôl-lu-à, v. a. to pollute, defile,

profane. POLLUTION, pol-lu-sion, s. f. poilution, uncleanness, profanation.

Pologne, pologn, s. f. Poland. Poltron, ne, pol-tron, tron, adj. & s. cowardly; poltroon, coward.

POLTRONNERIE, pôl-tron-ri, s. f. coward-

e, cowardliness, cowardly act. Рогультныл, po-lien-tā-ā, s. m. polyanthes; common-place book.

POLYANTHÉE. pô-lièz-là, adj. bearing many flowers, polyanthus.
Polychreste, s. m. polychreston.

POLYELOTTE, S. fr. polyedron.
POLYGAME, pô-ll-gâ-m, s. fr. polygamist.
POLYGAMIE, pô-ll-gâ-ml, s. fr. polygamy.
POLYGARCHIE, s. fr. polygachly.
POLYGLOTTE, pô-ll-glôt, adj. polyglot.
POLYGLOTTE, s. fr. polyglot bible, bible in

several languages Polygone, på-li-gån, adj. polygonal.

Polygone, s. m. polygon.

Polygone, Mar. sort of sham battery where young quarter gunners are trained to the exercise of gunnery.

Рогускарие, s. m. polygrapher. Рогускарите,pô-ll-gra-fl,s.f.polygraphy. POLYPE, po-lip, s. m. polypus.

POLYPÉTALE, adj. polypetalous.

buse, bût: jeune, meute, beurre: entant, cent, lien: vin: mon: brun.

POLYPODE, s. m. polypody.

POLYSPASTE, s. m. polyspast. Polysyllabe,pô-ll-sî-lab, adj. & s. m. polysyllabical; polysyllable.

POLYTHÉISME, po-li-tà-ism, s. m. polytheism.

Polythéiste, pô-lî-tà-îst, s. m. polytheist. POMMADE, pô-måd, s. f. pomatum, also pomada, vaulting trick (on horseback.)

POMMADER, (SE) se-pô-mâ-dâ, v. r. to use

POMME, pôm, s. f. apple; (de canne, de chou, de laitue) head; (de lit) cup. Pommerainette, pippin. Pomme sauvage, crab. Pomme de pin, pine-apple. Pomme d'Adam, Adam's apple, protuberance in the throat. Pomme dorée or pomme d'amour, love apple.

Pomme de terre, potato.

Pomme, Mar. truck, mouse, etc. Pomme d'étai, mouse of a stay. Pommes de tournevire, mouses of the messenger (not used o.: the messengers of English men of war.) Pomme du bâton de pavillon, truck of the ensign staff. Pomme de racage, parrel trucks. Pommes gougées, seizing trucks or trucks of the shrouds. Pommes de girouettes, trucks of the mast head or vane trucks. Pomme de flamme or de girouette, acorn.

Ромм́е, E, pô-mã, adj. headed ; pomed. Laitne pommée, headed lettuce, eabbage let-

Ромме́, s. m. cider.

POMMEAU, pô-mò, s. m. pommel, knob. Pommelé, E, adj. dapple. Cheval gris pommelé, a dapple grey horse. Ciel pommelé, eurdled sky.

POMMELER, (SE) se-pôm-là, v. r. (des chevaux) to grow dapple; (du ciel) to curdle.

POMMELLE, po-mel, s. f. plate of lead (with holes) fixed at the top of a pipe to prevent filth from going through.
POMMER, pô-må, v. n. to cabbage, grow

into a head, pome.

POMMERAIE, pom-re, s. f. orehard of apple-trees. Роммете́, е, adj. pometty.

Ромметте, pô-mêt, s. f. ball, knob; eheek bone; knotted work on wristbands.

POMMIER, po-mia, s. m. apple-tree, appleroaster.

POMONE, s. f. Pomona.

POMOYER un câble, Mar. to under-run a

POMPE, ponp, s. f. pomp, solemnity, glory

state, magnificence, pageantry; $(du \ style)$ loftiness; a pump.

loftiness; a pump.

Pompe, Mar. pump, well, engine. Pompe à Pompe de l'Anglaise, chain pump.

Pompe de la prisonne. head pump.

Pompe de l'avant du vaisseau, head pump. Pompe d'incendie, fire-engine. Pompe pour futailles, hand pump. Pompe de mer trombe, waterspout. La pompe est franche, the pump sucks. La pompie est-elle chargée? is the pump fetched? La pompe est prise, the pump is fetched. Etre à une pompe, (à plusieurs pompes) to have one pump (several pumps) constantly going. Plusieurs boulets entre deux coux nous mirent à toutes pompes, several shots between wind and water made us keep all our pumps

Pompée, 3. m. V. Embarquer.

POMPER, pon-på, v. n. & a. to pump.

POMPEUSEMENT, pon-peuz-men, adv. with great pomp or state, pompously, stately.

POMPEU-X, SE, pon-peu, peuz, adj. pompous, stately, glorious, magnificent, lotty. POMPIER, s. m. pumper, pumpmaker.

Pompon, pon-pon, s.m. ornanient in a wo-man's head dress.

POMPONNER, v. a. to adorn with trinkets PONANT, po-nen, s. m. backside, arse. Le

ponant, Mar, the western ocean; also the west, the west wind, the western parts and coasts of France (in the language of the Mediterra Ponant et lebèche, west-south-west. nean.) V. Lébèche.

PONANTIS or PONANTIN, adj. & s. m. that serves upon the western ocean, seamen of the

western coasts of France.

Ponce, pons, s. f. pounce, eoal-dust, pumice. Pierre-ponce or pierre de ponce, pumice

Poncé, E, adj. pounced, rubbed over with a pumice stone; porous, rough (stone.)

PONCEAU, pon-sò, s. m. red or shadow

poppy, corn rose; searlet. PONCEAU, adj. scarlet.

PONCER, pon-så, v. a. to pounce, sprinkle with pounce, rub over with the pumice stone or with coal-dust.

PONCHE, ponsh, s. m. punch. PONCIRADE, s. f. briony.

PONCIRE, pon-sir, s. in. sort of large le-

Poncis, pon-si, s. m. design pricked and rubbed over with coal-dust.

PONCTION, ponk-slon, s. f. tapping, punc-

PONCTUALITÉ, ponk-tů-å-lî-tå, s. f. punctuality.

PONCTUATION, ponk-tů-à-sion, s. f. pune-

Ponctué, E, adj. pointed, s. m. lizard. PONCTUEL, LE, ponk-tů-ěl, adj. punetual,

Ponctuellement, ponk-tů-ěl-měn, adv.

punetually, exactly. PONCTUER, ponk-tů-à, v. a. to point, to

make stops. *PONDAGE, s. m. poundage.

PONDERATION, s. f. ponderation.

*PONDEUSE, S. f. egg-layer.
PONDRE, pondr, v. a. & n. to lay eggs.
PONDU, E, adj. laid (speaking of eggs.)
PONENT, V. Ponant.

PONT, pon, s. m. bridge. Pont l'Eveque, sort of cheese made in Normandy. Pont, Mar. deck. Premier pont, main deck, lower deck, lower gun-deck. Second pont, upper deck (in a ship with two decks,) middle deck (of a three decker.) Troisième pont, upper deck (of a three decker.) Pont entier, flush deck. Pont arqué, cambered deck. Pont conpé, deck open amidships. Pont sur gueule, spar-deck run across from the quarter deck to the forecastle of a deep waisted vessel. Pont flottant, floating stage. Pont flottant de carène, punt. Pont rolant, hanging stage. Vaisseau à trois ponts, three decker.

PONTAGE, V. Pontonage.

PONTE, pont, s. m. punter (at basset,) punto (at ombre.)

Ponte, s. f. laying of eggs, laying time. La ponte des oiseaux, birds' eggs.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good,

Ponté, pon-tà, adj. m. Mar. decked. Bâtiment ponté, decked vessel. Bateau non-ponté, open boat.

Ponter, pon-tà, v. n. (au jeu de bassette) to be the punter, to punt.

PONTIFE, pon-tif, s. m. pontiff. Souverain pontife, the pope.

PONTIFICAL, E, pon-ti-fi-kal, adj. pontifical, priestly.

PONTIFICAL, s. m. pontifical, book of pon-

tifical rites. PONTIFICALEMENT, pon-ti-fi-kål-men,

adv. pontifically.

PONTIFICAT, pon-ti-fi-kå, s. m. pontificate. Ponton, pon-ton, s. m. ponton, bridge of boats; ferry boat.

Ponton, Mar. ponton for careening or de-

livering ships; also sort of lighter. Ponton à curer. V. Machine à curer. Pontonage, pon-tô-naz, s. m. pontage,

bridge-toll. PONTONIER, pon-tô-nia, s. m. ferry-man;

lighter-man. POPE, s. m. priest (in Russia.)

POPLITAIRE or POPLITÉ, E, adj. poplitic,

belonging to the ham.

POPULACE, pô-på-lås, s. f. populace, rabble, common people, vulgar or mobile or mob.

POPULAIRE, po-på-ler, adj. popular, of or belonging to the people, mean, low, vulgar; also that has or courts the favour of the people. Maladie populaire, epidemical disease.

POPULAIREMENT, pô-pů-lèr-mên, adv. popularly, in a popular manner, vulgarly. Popularité, pô-pů-lå-rl-tà, s. f. popula-

rity.

POPULATION, s. f. population.

POPULEU-X, SE, adj. populous. POPULO, pô-på-lò, s. m. sort of beverage; also plump, little boy.

Poracé, po-ra-sa, V. Porracé.

Porc,pork, s. m. hog; swine or boar; pork; sea-hog. Porc-épic, porcupine. Porc-sanglier, wild boar.

Porcelaine, pors-len, s. f. porcelain; china, china-ware; sea-snail or Venus shell, purple fish; purslain.

Porchaison, por-she-zon, s. f. season fit for eating wild boar.

Porche, porsh, s. m. porch. Porcher, e, por-sha, sher, s. m. & f. swine-herd.

Pore, pôr, s. in. pore. Poreu-x, se, pô-rèu, rèuz, adj. porous. Porosité, pô-rô-zî-tâ, s. f. porosity. PORPHYRE, por-fir, s. m. porphyry.

PORPHYRISER, v. a. to grind or pound on porpliyry.

PORQUES, s. f. pl. Mar. riders. Porques acculées, aftermost and foremost riders. Porques de fond, floor riders, midship riders.

Porrace, e, adj. green, leek green. Porreau, V. Poireau. Porree, V. Poiree.

PORRECTION, s. f. porrection.

PORT, por, s. m. burden, portage, carriage, bringing, wearing, etc. (de lettres) postage; fare for carriage; carriage, gait, presence, countenance; (at cards) going out; haven, harbour, shelter, place out of danger. Mar. port, sea-port, harbour, haven; (d'une rivière) wharf; (d'un vaisseau) burden, tonnage. Port en tonneaux, tonnage Port de

barre, harbour with a bar. Port franc, free port. Port franc or port permis, tonnage or space allowed to officers in East Indiamen. Vaisseau de grand port, ship of great burden. La Junon, du port de 400 tonneaux, the Juno, burden 400 tons. Etre dans le port, to be in harbour. Prendre port, entre dans le port, to come or get into harbour. en bon port, to come or arrive safe.

PORTAGE, pôr-taz, s. m. portage, carriage; space allowed officers or sailors in a vessel PORTAIL, pôr-tal, s. m. front gate of a

church.

PORTANT, E, adj. bearing, etc. V. Porter. L'un portant l'autre, le fort portant le foible, one with another.

PORTANT, s. m. handle or ring of a trunk

(or the like.)

PORTATI-F, VE, pôr-tâ-tîf, tlv, adj. porta-ble, that may easily be carried.

PORTE, port, s. f. door, gate; frontier-town; strait, narrow passage; Porte, Grand-Seignior's court; door, gap, occasion. C'est ourrir la porte à toutes sortes de crimes, this opens a door to (this makes way for) all manner of Forcer la porte de quelqu'un, to crimes. force one's way to one, go up to one in spite of the servant or servants. Portes de proue, Mar. head doors of a ship. Portes de bassin, gates of a dock. Porte in initial composition denotes bcarer or supporter of; and the com-pound word is then masculine. Those belong-ing to the navy, will be found after the others. Porte-arquebuse, the king's gun-bearer. Porte-assiette, stand to set a plate or dish upon. Porte-balle, pedlar. Porte-bouquet, stand to lay nosegays upon. Porte-chape, cope-bearer. Porte-crayon, pencil case. Porte-croix, cross-bearer. Porte-crosse, crosier-bearer. Porte-Dieu, priest that carries the host to sick peo-Porte-diner, vessel used to carry in the dinner to workmen. Porte-drapeau, colourbearer. Porte-enseigne, ensign, ensign-bearer. Porte-épée, belt. Porte-étendard, standardbearer. Porte-faix, porter, street-porter. Portefeuille, port folio, pocket-book. Porte-immondice, dust-basket. Porte-lettre, letter-case, pocket-book. Porte-mail, the king's mailbearer. Porte-manteau, cloak-bearer, trainbearer, portmanteáu, peg. Porte-missel, massbook desk. Porte-mitre, mitre-bearer. Portemouchettes, snuffers-pan. Porte-mousqueton, swivel. Porte-pièce, shoe-maker's punch. Porte-presse, book-hinder's shaving tub. Portetapisserie, frame fixed to the top of a door and covered with tapestry. Porte-vent, pipe of a bag-pipe or of an organ. Porte-verge, verger. Porte-voix, speaking trumpet. Porte-bossoire, Mar. supporter of the cat-head. Porte-colliers. V. Taquets de mât. Porte-haubuns, chainwales, chains, channels. Porte-haubans de misaine, fore chains. Porte-haubans d'artimon, mizen chains or mizen chain-wales. Les grands porte-haubans, the main chains or

main chain-wales. Porte-vergues, iron horse. PORTÉE, por-ta, s. f. brood or litter of an animal; reach, shot; ability, capacity; length; that part of a piece of timber, that bears upon a wall or pillar. Portée, houghs which a deer bru ses or hears down with his head in traversing thickets. A la portée de, within the reach of. Hors de la portée de, beyond the

reach of. A la portée du fusil, within mus

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : entant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

ket shot. A la portée du canon, within cannon ! shot. Cela n'est pas à la portée de mon bras, that is above or beyond my reach. A la portée de la voix, within hearing, within call. Portée, s. f. Mar. range, etc. Portée des ca-nons, range of cannon. Portée des mortiers, range of mortars. Portée entière, random shot. Portée de but en blanc, point blank range. Etre à portée de canon, to be within gun shot. Venir à demi-portée de canon, to come within haif gun shot. A portée de canon au vent à nous, on voit des brisans, there are breakers in sight to wind-ward of us, within gun shot. A portée de pistolet de l'île, il y a un brassiage consi-dérable, within pistol shot of this island, there is a considerable depth of water. Tenezvous à portée de voix de nous, keep within hail of us. Venir à portée de la voix, to come within hail.

PORTER, por-ta, v. a. to bear; to carry; to have about one; to wear; to bear, bring forth, yield, produce; to breed, be breeding, got with child or with young; to bear up, countenance, support or uphold; to suffer, endure, abide; (at piquet) to go out with; to import; to direct; to fix, bend; (un coup de bâton, de hache, etc.) to give, strike, aim at with; (malheur) to bring; (amitié, etc.) to bear; (son jugement) to give; to incline, put forward, induce; move, persuade, incite; suffer, permit, give leave; to contain, mention, say. Ainsi qu'il est porté sur la lettre ci-incluse, according to the list enclosed. Le porter haut, to carry it high, set up for a man of quality. Le porter beau, le porter en beau lieu, to go fine, neat or genteel; make a figure. Porter la main au chapeau, to put the hand to one's hat. Porter la main à l'épée, to lay one's had, upon one's sword. If porte la mine d'avoir fait cela, he looks as it he had done that. Vous en porterez le péché, the sin will lie at your door. Porter, v. n. to carry, bear, rest, lie, lean; to reach; to import. Il porte d'azur au lion d'argent, (in heraldry) he bears azure a hon argent.

Porter, v. a. & n. Mar. Porter bien la roile, to carry sail stiffly. Porter mal la voile, to be crank. Toutes nos voiles portent bien, all our sails draw well. Les voiles d'avant ne pertent pas, the head sails do not stand. Porter plein, to keep the sail full. Faire porter, to keep the sails full. Fais porter, keep her full. Nous avons de la voile tant que le bâtiment en peut porter, we have as much sail out as the ship can carry. Le brig au vent fait porter sur nous, the brig to windward is edging down to us. Porter sur l'ennemi, to run or bear down upon or stand after the enemy. Nous recûmes tout le feu de l'ememi en nous portant (or en portant) sur lui, we received the whole of the enemy's fire as we bore down. La quille porte de long en long, the keel takes the ground fore and aft. Porter dehors une amarre, to run out a hawser. Porter une ancre au large, to carry out an anchor. Porter en route, to stand on upon the course. Porter an large, to stand off, stand off shore. Porter à terre or porter la bordée à terre, to stand in for the land or in shore. Porter an vent or sous le vent d'un navire, to look up for going to wind-ward or to leeward of a ship. Nous portons bisn

au vent du cap, we work well up to wind-ward of the cape. Porter au nord, au sud, à l'est or à l'ouest, to stand to the northward, southward, eastward, or westward. Cette voile inconnue porte au sud-est, that strange sail is standing to the south-west. La marée portera au vent jusqu'à midi, the tide will run to windward till noon. Les courans portent dans la baie, the current sets into the bay. Portés par les courans, nous perdimes bientôt la terre de vue, drifted by the currents we soon lost sight of the land. Porter à 11 quarts sur ies deux bords, to lie within 5 1-2 points of the wind on each tack. Ce cutter peut porter à cinq airs de vent, this cutter will lie within five points of the wind. Notre vaisseau porte du 32 et du 24, our ship carries 32 and 24 pounders. Cette frégate ne porte que du 18, that frigate carries only 18 pounders. Le vice amirul doit porter son pavillon sur votre bâtiment, the vice-admiral is to shift his flag to your ship. Porter des dépêches à un géneral, to carry despatches to an admiral. Porter la flamme et le pavillon, to wear the colours of a man of war. Porter des secours à un bâtiment, to assist a ship. Porter des troupes, munitions, etc. to carry troops, stores, etc. Porter une personne sur le rôle d'équipage, to put a person on the ship's books.

Se porter, v. r. to be or do (in point of health; to be inclined, tend, incline, apply one's self; to carry or bear or behave one's self; to go, repair; to run (into), give one's self up (to.) Se porter pour appelant, to enter an appeal. Se porter pour accusateur, to impeach. Se porter pour héritier, to bear one's self as heir, declare one's self heir, claim the succession. Il y a tant de monde à la comédie qu'on s'y porte, there are so many people at the play-house that they seem to be on the top of one another,

PORTERIE, s. f. porter's lodge.
PORTEU-R, SE, pôr-têur, têuz, s. m. & f.
porter, bearer, carrier; the postillion's horse, PORTIER, por-tia, s. m. porter, door-keep-

Portière, por-tier, s. f. door-keeper; door (of a coach;) piece of a tapestry, etc. hung before a door to keep out the wind.

Portion, por-sion, s. f. portion, share,

part, piece, allowance.

PORTIQUE, portik, s. m. portico, piazza, Le Portique, Zeno's sect.

PORTOR, s. m. black marble variegated

with veins like gold. *PORTRAIRE, por-trer, v. a. (used only in

the infinitive) to portray. PORTRAIT, por-tre, s. m. picture, pertrait;

portraiture, description.

*Portraiture, por-tre-tur, s. f. portraiture, Livre de portraiture, drawing-book.

Pontugais, E, adj. & s. m. & f. Portuguese, of Portugal.

PORTUGAISE, s. f. Mar, cross lashing of the head of a pair of sheers.

Posage, s. m. or Pose, pô-zaz, pôz, s. f, laying (of a stone, etc.)

Posé, E, pô-zå, adj. laid, set; sober, staid,

Posément, pô-zà-mên, adv. softly, giu gerly; gravely, with deliberation. Poser, pô-zà, v. a. to lay, put, set; to lay

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

down; to take for granted; to grant, suppose, admit. Poser, v. n. to hear, rest, lean, lie.

Poseur, s. m. layer of stones.

Positi-F, ve, pô-zî-tîf, tlv, adj. positive, certain, constant, sure, true, real.

Positif, s. m. (degré positif) positive, po-

sitive degree.

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Position, pô-zl-slon, s. f. position, situa-tion; laying down; position, maxim, assertion. Position de la clef de musique, setting of a song to the right key.
Positive, s. f. (or théologie positive) dog-

matick theology.

Positivement, pô-zî-tiv-mên, adv. positively, plainly, certainly, assuredly. POSPOLITE, s. f. the armed Polish nobility.

Possédé, E, pô-så-då, adj. possessed, en-

joyed, held; possessed with or by the devil.
Possene, E, s. m. &. f. man or woman possessed with or by the devil; also bedlamite,

madman.

Posséder, pô-sà-dà, v. a. to possess, have, enjoy, be in possession of, be possessed of; to be master of, have the mastery or command of, understand. Se posséder, v. a. to command (have an entire command of) one's self; master (or have the mastery of or over) one's passions, keep one's temper. Il se possède à mer-veille, he has a wonderful temper or presence of mind.

Possesseur, po-se-seur, s. m. possessor.

Possessier, po-se-sif, adj. possessive. Possession, po-se-sion, s. f. possession, enjoyment, possessing, fruition; being possessed by the devil; induction or installation. Possessions, possessions, estates.

Possessoire, pô-sê-swar, adj. & s. m.

Possessoirement, adv. possessorily. Possibilité, pô-sî-bî-lî-tâ, s. f. possibility,

likelihood. Possible, possible, likely,

that may be: adv. perhaps.

Possible, s. m. power, might. De tout mon possible, with all my power or might.

*Posson, s. m. V. Poisson.

Post-communion, post-ko-mu-nion, s. f.

post-communion.

*Postcrit, s. m. postscript.

POSTE, post, s. m. post, station, standing; place, employment. Un petit poste, a sprightly boy, a restless boy, a wag. Poste, Mar. birth, station, etc. Poste des maludes, sick birth. Poste des chirargiens, the surgeon's birth. Postes de combat, quarters. Poste d'un vaisseau, station of a ship (in a fleet or squadron.) Dix hommes sont entrés au poste aujour-d'hui, ten men are come into the sick birth to-day. Les ancres sont à poste, the anchors are stowed clear for running. V. Demeure. Mettre une ancre à poste, to stow an anchor so that it may be got ready for letting go at the shortest notice. Prendre poste dans la ligne, to get into the line of battle without regard to station. Prendre son poste dans la ligne, to get into one's station in the

Poste, s. f. post: post-house or post-office, stage, post-boy: hail-shot or small shot. postage, post-boy: hail-shot or small shot. Bateau de poste, po ket-boat. La poste (jeu) skip-frog or leap-frog. A poste, at fixed or limited terms. A sa poste, to one's mind or humour or liking.

Poster, pos-ta. v. a. to post, put in post; place, put in place or employment. Poster, v. n. to run up and down. Se poster, v. r. to post one's self, take a post. Se bien poster, to iake a good place.

Postère, s. m. backside, posteriors. Postérieur, E, pos-ta-ri-éur, adj. later, that comes after; hind, hinder.

Postérieurement, pos-ta-ri-eur-mên. adv. after.

Postériorité, pôs-tà-rî-ô-rî-tà, s. f. posteriority, being or coming after.

Postérité, s. f. posterity, offspring, issue,

children, after-times, after-ages.

Posthume, posthumous child.

POSTICHE, pos-tish, adj. added, done after, preposterous, borrowed, false, sham, fictitious, out of place. Dents postiches, false teeth.

Postillon, post-lon, s. m. postillion, post-

*Postiquerie, s. f. waggish trick. *Postroser, v. a. to disregard, make less account of, esteem less.

Post-scriptum, s. m. postscript.

POSTULANT, adj. Ex. Un avocat postulant,

an exercent or practising barrister.

Postulant, E, pos-th-len, lent, s. m. & f. candidate, one that stands for preferment. one that demands admittance into a monas-

Postulation, s. f. functions of a barrister

at law.

Postuler, postulla, v. a. & n. to sue or stand for preferment; demand admittance into a monastery; (in law) to plead.

Posture, posture, s. f. posture. Il est en bonne posture de faire fortune, he is in a fair

way of making his fortune.

Рот, po, s. m. pot. Un pot en tête, a head-piece. Pot à feu, pot or hand grenado. Decouvrir le pot aux roses, to find out or unfold the mystery; also to reveal all, blab a secret. Un pot pourri, medley, hotch-potch; flower-pot filled with a variety of flowers. Pet à brai, Mar. pitch-pot.

POTABLE, po-tabl, adj. potable, drinkable. Potage, pô-taz, s. m. pottage, broth. Pour tout potage, upon the whole, in all, when

all is done and said

POTAGER, E, po-ta-zà, zèr, adj. belonging to or for soup or broth. Herbe potagère, pot Jardin potager, kitchen-garden.

Potager, po-ta-za, s. m. kitchen-garden; stove; earthen or pewter vessel; kitchen offi

cer in the king's house.

Potasse, po-tas, s. f. pot-ash. Pote, pôt, adj. Main pote, swollen hand. POTEAU, pô-tô. s. m. post, stake.

Potée, s. f. potful; putty. Potelé, e, pôt-là, adj. plump, full.

POTELET, s. m. little post.

Potence, po-tens, s, f. three posts or pieces of wood in the form of a gibbet; gallows, gibhet, crutch; iron work of a sign. Potence, Mar. gallows bitts. Potence de pompe, ful-crum (of a common pump.)

Potencé, E, adj. potent (in heraldry.) Croix potencée, cross with a cross-piece at

both ends.

POTENTAT, po-ten-ta, s. m. potentate, monarch, king.

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

POTENTIEL, LE, pô-ten-siel, adj. potential. []

POTENTIELLEMENT, adv. potentially. POTERIE, pôt-rl, s. f. potter's ware, earthen ware; a potter's work-house.

POTERNE, pô-tern, s. f. postern gate, back-

door.

POTIER, po-tià, s. m. potter. Potier d'étain, pewterer.

Potin, pô-tin, s. m. brittle brass.

Potion, po-sion, s. f. potion, draught. POTIRON, po-ti-ron, s. m. mushroom, toad stool, pompion.

Pou, poo, s. m. louse. Des poux, lice. Pou de soie, sort of ferandine.

Pouncre, pwåkr, adj. & s.m. nasty, beastly, slovenly, filthy; nasty fellow, etc. POUACRERIE, s. f. nastiness, beastliness,

filthiness, nasty or beastly or filthy thing. POUACRESSE, s. f. nasty slut.

POULH, pwa, interj. fy! fy upon! foh! POUCE, poos, s. m. thumb, inch.

POUCIER, s. m. thumb-stall.

POUDING, s. m. pudding, plum pudding.

POUDRE, poodr, s. f. powder; dust; (for paper) sand. Poudre à canon, gun powder. Jeter de la poudre uux yeux, to cast a mist before the eyes, to blind.

POUDRER, pôo-drà, v.a. to powder; make

dust fly about.

POUDREU-X, SE, pôo-drèu, drèuz, adj. dusty. Poudrier, pôo-dria, s. m. powder or sand-box; gun-powder-maker.

Pour! interj. plump! bang! s. m. sort of

head-dress.

Pouffer, pôo-fà, v. n. (de rire) to burst

out a laughing.
Poullié, pôo-là, s. m. register of livings. *Pouller, poo-la, v. a. to rail at, call names. Se pouiller, v. r. to louse one's self.

POUILLES, pool, s. f. pl. railing names. POUILLEU-X, s. e., poo-leu, leuz, adj. & s. lousy, full of lice; lousy one.

POUILLEUSE, s. f. Mar. main stay sail. POUILLIER or Pouillis, poo-li, s. m. pal-

try inn, hedge ale-house.

Poulailler, poo-la-la, s. m. hen-house; poulterer; party of gossips. Poulain, pôo-lin, s. m. colt or foal, bubo

or swelling in the groin; pulley.

Poulaine, s. f. Mar. head of a ship. V. Batayole.

POULARDE, poo-lard, s. f. pullet, large and fat pullet.

Poule, pôol, s. f. hen; (at play) pool. Poule d'eau, moor-hen, fon-duck coot. Poulet, poo-le, s.m. chiek, chieken; love-

letter. POULETTE, poo-let, s. f. young hen. Poulevrin, s. m. priming powder.

POULEYEN, S. m. priming powdere.
POULICHE, pôo-lish, S. f. young mare.
POULIE, pôo-lish, S. f. pulley. Mar. block.
Poulie simple, single block. Poulie simple à
fouet, or poulie estropiée à fouet, tail-block.
Poulie simple à croc, single hook-block. Poulie double, double block. Poulie double de
palan, long-tackle block. Poulie à d'ent or coupée, snatch-block. Poulie de or à capon, est block. Poulie à moque, dead block. Poulie à tourniquet, swivel block, iron bound Poulie de tourniquet, swivel block, iron bound block with a swivel hook. Poulie de guinderesse, top block. Poulie de conduite or de retour, leading block. Poulie de drisse à l'estat for?—to oblige you, (he will do any thing, why? or what for?—to oblige you,) il fera tout pour

caliorne, jeer block. Poulie de drisse des bonnettes, jewel block. bonnettes, jewel block. Poulie de bout de vergue, top sail sheet block. Poulie de sousvergue, clue line block. Poulie de balancine, lift block. Poulie de cargue-point. clue-Poulie de cargue-point, eluegarnet-block. Poulie de tournevire, block. Poulies d'itague de drisse des hu-niers, hollock blocks. Poulies accouplées, sister blocks. Poulies à trois rouets, treble blocks. Situation d'un palun dont les deux poulies se touchent ou se brisent, block and block. Poulie d'amure de la grande voile. V. Pouliot.

POULIER, v. a. to hoist.

Poulière, s. f. Mar. shop where blocks are made.

POULIEUR, s. m. Mar. block-maker. Pouline, s. f. young mare.

Pouliner, pôo-li-na, v. n. to foal, bring forth a colt.

POULINIÈRE, pôo-li-nièr, adj. f. Jument moulinière, mare for breed. Une bonne poulinière, a good breeder.

Poultot, s.m. penny-royal. Pouliot d'armure, Mar. chestree or chesstree.

POULPE, poolp, s. f. pulp.

POULPETON, s. m. sort of hashmeat.

Pouls, pôo, s. m. pulse. Tâter le pouls à quelqu'un, to feel one's pulse.

Poumon, poo-mon, s. m. lungs.

*Pourard, pôo-par, s. m. babe, child; baby or doll

Poupe, poop, s. f. Mar. stern. Sometimes poop. Poupe étroite, pink stern. Partie inférieure de la poupe or fesses d'un bâtiment, tuck. Poupe carrée, square tuck, or square stern. Nous reçumes à bord par la poupe un gros coup de mer, we were pooped by a very heavy sea. Vent en poupe, wind right aft. Hence, avoir le vent en poupe, to have good luck or good fortune, be in favour.

Pourke, pôo pà, s. f. baby or doll; rag about a sore finger.

POUPELIN, poop-lin, s. m. sort of soft cake. Pourin, E, pôo-pin, pin, adj. beauish, spruce.

Poupon, NE, pôo-pon, pôn, s. m. & f. babe, chubby-cheeked child.

POUPONNE, s. f. honey, duck, child, love. POUR, poor, prep. for, because of, upon the account of, for the sake of, considering, in favour of, in behalf of, on the side of. Pour cela, nevertheless, for all that. Pour cette raison, for that reason, therefore. Pour cet effet, therefore, and therefore. Pour le raison, for interesting, interesting, effet, therefore, and therefore. Pour le moins, at least. Pour lors, then, at that time. Pour l'heure, (le présent) for the present, as for now. Chambre pour chambre, f'aime mieux celle-ci que l'autre, since I like must have one of these two rooms, I like this better than the other. Mourir pour mourir il vaut mieux mourir en combattant, qu'en fuyant, when a man must die, it is Mourir pour better for him to die fighting than running away. Pour will, in general, be properly used with respect to verbs;—1st. when asking the question why or what for? after what precedes, the infinitive will come in answer, though the English corresponding

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

vous chliger. Men are born to work as birds to fly, les hommes sont nés pour travailler, comme les oiseaux pour voler.-2dly. When what precedes the infinitive implies sufficiency or excess. He has not health enough to undertake that, il n'a pas assez de santé pour He has too much good entreprendre cela. sense to do a thing which would mejudice his family, il a trop de bon sens pour faire une chose qui feroit tort à sa famille. He is very weak to ride on horseback, il est bien foible pour monter à cheval.—3dly. When the agent of the second verb is the very agent of the first, the infinitive may be used with the second; but if the agent of the second be different, the infinitive should not come in, unless we speak undeterminately. Now when the use of the infinitive is to be avoided, because that which is the agent is to be expressed, pour que may be introduced with the subjunctive. I was too unlucky for such a thing to happen to me, j'étois trop malheureux pour qu'une telle chose m'arrivât.—4thly.Sometimes we find one infinitive with pour or afin de, and then another verb in the subjunctive with que (instead of pour que or afin que) because the agent of the second verb is the very agent of the first, but the agent of the third is a different person or thing. Ce que j'en fais c'est pour (afin de) vous convaincre, et que vous n'en doutiez plus, the reason why Lachtie is that I may convince you and that I do this is that I may convince you, and that you should doubt it no longer.—5thly. Pour ne pas or afin de ne pas, may denote fear. Il a pris des mesures pour ne pas échouer dans son entreprise, he has taken measures for not miscarrying (for fear of miscarrying), that he might he might be a second to the contract of the miscarry ing. that he might not miscarry, lest he should miscarry) in his enterprise.—6thly. Pour, with the infinitive, may be used in other circumstances which the following examples will cheridate. Les Sauthes when the sauther than the sauther that the sauther than the sau will elucidate : Les Scythes, pour être (encore qu'ils soient, parce qu'ils sont) Scythes, cessent-ils d'être des hommes, et pour avoir été (parce qu'ils ont été) nos ennemis, sont-ils indignes de compassion? are not the Scythians men, although Scythians; and because they have been our enemies, are they unworthy of our compassion? Corée n'attendoit pas qu'elle achevât pour avouer (avant qu'il avouât, mais il avoua aussitôt) qu'il avoit tort, Coree did not wait till she had done before he confessed (but readily confessed) that he was in the wrong. Souvent pour vouloir (en voulant, parce qu'on veut) être poli, on donne dans l'affectation, oftentimes in wishing (because one wishes, while one wishes) to be polite, one sinks into affectation. Il faut que vous m'aimies bien peu, pour vous défier (vous qui vous défier) ainsi de moi! you must love me very little, who can thus distrust me!—7thly. Pour, before an adjective or adverb with que and the subjunctive is equivalent to quelque que or tout que. Pour protégé qu'il soit, (quelque protégé qu'il soit, tout protégé qu'il est,) however protected he may be, let him be ever so well protected, protected as he is. Pour aimable qu'il puisse être, however amiable he may be, how amiable soever he may be, let him be ever so amiable, amiable as he may be. (See the observation on Aroir POURVOYEUR bean at Bean.) Hence it is that pour pen veyor, provider.

que with the subjunctive may be Englished by if ever so little. Pour peu que je m'étendisse sur cette matière, je pourrois faire voir, etc., if I enlarged (were I to enlarge) ever so little

on that subject, I could show, etc.

POUR, s. m. Ex. Savoir le pour et le contre, to know the pro and con. V. Contre, s. m.

Pourboire, s. m. drinkmoney.

Pourceau de mer, sea-hog, porpoise. Pourceau de St. Antoine, spunger.

*Pourchas, s. m. purchase (obtained after

long pursuit.)
*POURCHASSER, pôor-shâ-så, v. a. to seek, seek after, pursue, follow after.

POURFENDEUR, s. m. splitter, one who cuts in two (a man.)

*Pourfendre, poor-fendr, v. a. to cut in

two, split down (a man.)

Pouri, E, adj. corrupted.

Pouri, s. m. Ex. Sentir le pouri, to smell

rotten. Pourir, pôo-rîr, v. a. to rot, corrupt, make to rot. Pourir, v. n. Se pourir, v. r. to rot, grow rotten, putrefy.

POURITURE, poo-ri-tur, s. f. rottenness, pu-

trefaction.

Pourparler, pôor-pâr-lâ, s. m. parley, conference, treaty.

Pourpier, poor-pia, s. m. purslain.

Pourpoint de pierre de taille, a stone doublet,

*Pourpointerie, s. f. doublet-making. *Pourpointier, s. m. doublet-maker POURPRE, poorpr, s. m. (colour) purple; purples, spotted fever. Pourpre, s. f. (dignité

de roi, etc.) purple. Pourpré, E, pôor-prå, adj. purple, of a purple colour. Fièrre pourprée, spotted fever,

the purples.
*Pourpris, pôor-pri,s. m. enclosure, whole

compass of a ground or place.

Pourquoi, poor-kwa, conj. why, for why, upon what account, wherefore.

POURSUITE, poor-suit, s. f. pursuit, running after, proceeding, prosecution.

Poursulvant, poor-sûl-ven, s. m. candidate, one that stands or puts in for a thing.

Poursuivi, E, adj. pursued, prosecuted. Poursuivi, E, adj. pursued, prosecuted. Poursuivire, pôor-sûlvr, v. a. like suivre, to pursue; go or run after; to go on, prosecute; to stand or put in for. Poursuivre en justice, to prosecute at law. Nous poursuivimes cette goëlette jusques sous les batteries. Mar, we chased that schooner close under the patteries. Poursuivre v. n. to pursue go batteries. Poursuivre, v. n. to pursue, go on. POURTANT, poor-ten, conj. however, how-

soever, yet, for all that.

Pourtour, poor-toor, s. m. compass, circumference, periphery.

Pourvoir, poor-vwar, v. n. to provide, see, look, take care.

Pourvoir, v. a. to provide, supply or furnish with, gratify with, bestow or conferupon. Pourvoir ses enfuns, to provide for one's children. Se pourvoir en justice, v. r. to sue at law. Se pourvoir, to make application for redress, complain.

POURVOIRIE, s. f. procurement of victuals, purveyance.

Pourvoyeur, poor-vwa-yeur, s. m. pur

buse, bût : jêûne, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

Pourvu, E, adj. provided, furnished, that is, etc. Pourvu que, provided, provided has, etc.

Pourvu, pôor-vå, s. m. incumbent.

Pousse, poos, s. f. short wind, pursiness; shoot (of a tree.)

Poussé, E, adj. pushed, thrust, etc. V. onsser. Vin poussé, vine that is turned. Pousse-oul, s. m. bum bailiff, catch-pole. Poussée, pôo-så, s. f. flying out or spread-

ing of any thing. Poussée de la terre, swelling of the earth. Donner lu poussée à queling of the earth. Donner la poussée à quel-qu'un, to put a flea in one's ear, make one

take to his heels.

Pousser, poo-sa, v. a. to push, thrust, shove; to carry on, extend, enlarge; to spur or put on, put forward, egg on; to induce, move, entice, persuade, encourage; to urge, provoke; to push or put forward, prefer; to thrust or drive; to drive out or back, expel; (sa voix) to raise or lift up; (le dé) to throw. Pousser une matière, to dive into, discuss or examine a subject. Pousser les beaux sentimens, to make fine speeches to the ladies. Pousser la raillerie trop loin, to carry one's jest too far. Pousser, v. n. to shoot or bud, bourgeon, sprout out, blossom; to jut. Pousser, to be pursy. Pousser à la roue, to help on or forward, be a second. Poussons jusque là, let us go to that place. Se pousser, v. r. to push one's fortune, put one's self forward.

Pousser, Mar. pousser dehors un bûton de foc or un boute-hors de bonnette, to got out a jib-boom or rig out a studding-sail boom. Pousse dehors le boute-hors de bonnette du petit hunter à tribord, rig out the starboard fore top mast studding sail boom. Pousser au large, to shove off, put off.

Poussette, s.f. push-pin. Jouer à la pous-

sette, to play at push-pin.

Pousseu-R, se, s. m. & f. pusher or shover. Pousseur de beaux sentimens, one that makes fine speeches to the ladies

Poussier, s. m. coal dust.

Poussière, pôo-sièr, s. f. dust. V. Pondre. Poussière d'eau de mer, Mar. (qui couvre toute la surface des eaux dans un coup de vent) spoondrift.

Poussi-F, ve, pôo-sîf, siv, adj. pursy, broken winded, short-winded.
Poussi, pôo-sin, s.m. little or young chick.
Poussin ere, pôo-si-nier, s. f. the seven stars, the Pleiads.

POUTRE, pootr, s. f. beam, great piece of

timber.

Poutrelle, poo-trel, s. f. small beam. Pouvoir, poo-vwar, v. n. & a. (see the table) to be able, may, can, may do, can do. Se pouvoir, to be possible. Il y peut or il peut dans cela, (cela peut contenir,) that may hold,

there is room for. Pouvoir, s. m. power, authority, ability,

interest, credit, possession, keeping. POUZZOLANE, s.f. pozzolana (kind of sand.) PRAGMATIQUE, prag-ma-tik, adj. & s. m. Ex. La pragmatique sanction or la pragma-

tique, the pragmatic sanction. PRAIRIE, pre-rl, s. f. meadow.

PRALINE, prå-lin, s. f. or Amande à la pra-

line, crisp almond (sugared.)

Prame, s. f. Mar. prame, sort of lighter.
Pranticable, prå-ti-kabl, adj. practicable, feasible, possible.

PRATICIEN, pra-ti-sien, s. m. practitioner (in the law.)

PRATIQUE, prå-tik, adj. practical. Pra-tique, Mar. skilled in piloting. Ex. Etre pratique d'un lieu, to be a good pilot for a place; be well acquainted with the marks for going in or out, with the soundings, setting of the

tide, etc.

PRATIQUE, s. f. practice; practical part; custom, usage; custom, customer, customers; frequenting or keeping company, intercourse, converse; experience, skill, use, exercise, work, intrigue, device, plot, design; practice, course of pleading, law or rules of law; all the business of an attorney or of a notary. Terme de pratique, law-term. Donner matique à un vaisseau, Mar. to allow or permit a ship free intercourse with the inhabitants of the country.

PRATIQUEMENT, adv. practically.
PRATIQUER, pra-ti-ka, v. a. to practice; put into practice; to exercise; to frequent, converse, keep company with; to practise upon and endeavour to bring over, win, bribe, corrupt, tamper with, solicit; to contrive. tiquer des intelligences, to get intelligence. Pratiquer des cabales, lo contrive cabals, plot, cabal. Pratiquer, Mar. to have free intercourse with the inhabitants of the country after having obtained permission. Se pratiquer, v. r. to be in use or practice, be practised, be practicable, etc.

PRÉ, prå, s. m. meadow, green field. Se porter sur le pré, to go to the place appointed

for a duel.

PRÉ-ADAMITE, s. m. Pre-Adamite.
*PRÉALABLE, prà-à-labl, adj. & s. m. &
f. previous, going before; previous thing. Au préalable or préalablement, adv. previously, first of all, in the first place. La question préalable, the previous question.

PREALLEGUE, E, adj. before quoted, be-

fore-alleged.

PRÉAMBULE, prå-en-bål, s. m. preamble,

Preface, prologue.
Préau, pra-o, s. m. little meadow; green before a prison; open place in the middle of a cloister or monastery

PRÉBENDE, prå-bend, s. f. prebend.

PRÉBENDÉ, adj. m. Ex. Chanoine prebende, prebendary, canon.

PRÉBENDIER, prå-ben-dià, s. m. preben dary, one that has a prebend.

PRÉCAIRE, prå-ker, adj. & s. precarious, precarious thing or things. Pur précaire, precariously, upon sufferance.

PRÉCAIREMENT, prå-ker-men, adv. precariously.

PRÉCAUTION, prd-kô-sion, s. f. caution, precaution, foresight, provident care.
PRÉCAUTIONNÉ, E. adj.wary, considerate. PRÉCAUTIONNER, (SE) se-pra-ko-sio-na, v. r. to provide, be cautious, take a provident care, guard against.

Précédemment, prà-sà-dâ-mên, adv. for-

merly, heretofore.

Précédent, E. prå-så den, dent, adj.

foregoing, preceding, former.
Précéder, prå-så-då, v. a. to go before, go first, precede, have the precedency, to surpass, precede, excel.

PRÉCEINTE, s. f. Mar. wale. Préceinte basse or plus basse préceinte or préceinte du bar, bat, base ; there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

fort, main wale. Préceinte de vibord, sheer Préceinte supérieure or seconde et troisième préceintes, channel wale (this is separated in two on board French ships of war.)

PRÉCENTEUR, s. m. precentor. PRÉCEPTE, prà-sépt, s. m. precept, rule,

lesson, command.

PRÉCEPTEUR, prà-sép-téur, s. m. preceptor, tutor or master.

l'RÉCEPTORAL, E, adj. of or belonging to

the preceptor. PRÉCEPTORAT, prå-sép-tő-rå, s. m. tutor-

ship, tutor's place, preceptorship.

PRÉCEPTORIALE, prà-sép-tő-riál, adj. & s. f. Une préceptoriale or une prébende préceptoriale, adj. preceptorial prebend. Preceptoriale, adj. preceptorial PRÉCESSION, prå-se-sion, s. f. (terme d'as-

tronomie) precession.

PRÊCHE, presh, s. m. sermon; also meet-

ing or church or chapel.

PRECHER, pre-shå, v. a. & n. to preach; to cry up, praise, extol, to maintain.

PRÉCHEUR, prè-sheur, s. m. preacher. PRÉCIEUSEMENT, prà-sieuz-men,

ehoicely, charily.
PRÉCIEU-X, SE, prå-sièu, sièuz, adj. precious, of great price or value; dear; affected, Une précieuse, an finical, over-nice, precise. affected, finical or precise woman.

*Preciosité, s. f. affectation, preciseness,

prudery.

PRÉCIPICE, prà-sî-pîs, s. m. precipice. PRÉCIPITAMMENT, prå-sî-pî-tå-mên, adv. with precipitation, hastily, in haste, rashly.

PRÉCIPITATION, pra-si-pi-ta-sion, s.f. pre-

cipitation.

Precipitate, E, prå-si-pi-tå, adj. precipitated, thrown or fallen headlong into a precipice, rash, over hasty, precipitate, abrupt, hurried. PRECIPITÉ, pra-si-pi-ta, s. m. (in chemis-

try) precipitate.
PRÉCIPITER, prå-sî-pî-tà, v. a. to precipitate, throw or cast down headlong; hurry, over-hasten, do in haste; (in chemistry) to precipitate. Se précipiter par or dans, to run swiftly or with violence upon or into, rush upon or into; make a stoop at.

PRÉCIPUT, prà-si-pů, s. m. (in law.) Le préciput d'une femme, a woman's jointure.
PRÉCIS, E, prà-si, slz, adj. precise, certain, fixed, particular, distinct, exact.

Précis, s. m. substance, summary. Précisément, prå-sî-zà-mên, adv. pre-

cisely, exactly.
PRÉCISION, prà-si-zion, s. f. precision.

Avec précision, precisely.

PRÉCOCE, prå-kôs, adj. forward, soon ripe,

early ripe.
PRÉCOCITÉ, prå-kô-sî-tà, s. f. precosity. PRÉCOMPTER, prå-kon-tå, v. a. to discount,

deduct. PRÉCONISATEUR, s. m. (celui qui préconise.)

V. Préconiser.

*PRÉCONISATION, prâ-kô-nî-zâ-sîon, s.f. (l'action de préconiser.) V. Préconiser.

*PRÉCONISER, prâ-kô-nî-zâ, v. a. to make son presented to a benefice is qualified for it; ulso to cry up, praise extravagantly.

PRÉCONISEUR, s. m. extoller, praiser. PRÉCURSEUR, prå-kår-seur, s. m. forerunner, harbinger.

PRÉDÉCÉDER, prå-då-så-då, v. n. to de cease or die before

Predecès, prå-då-se, s. m. decease or death before that of another. PRÉDÉCESSEUR, prå-då-sê-sêur, s. m. pre-

decessor.

PRÉDESTINATION, prå-des-ti-nå-sion, s. f. predestination.

PRÉDESTINÉ, E, prå-des-ti-nå, adj. pre-destinated. Les prédestinés, s. m. those that are predestinated.

PRÉDESTINER, prå-des-ti-na, v. a. to predestinate.

PRÉDÉTERMINATION,

prå-då-ter-mi-nasion, s.f. predetermination.

PRÉDÉTERMINER, v. a. to predeterminate. PRÉDICABLE, prà-di-kabl, adj. predicable. PREDICAMENT, prà-di-kà-mèn, s. m. pre-dicament (in logick.) Etre en bon or mauvais prédicament, to have a good or an ill name. PREDICANT, prà-di-kàn, s. m. protestant pracaches (in contemt)

preacher (in contempt.)

prå-dî-kå-teur, s. PRÉDICATEUR,

preacher. PRÉDICATION, prå-dî-kå-sîon, s. f. preach-

ing; sermon.
Prédiction, prå-dik-sion, s. f. prediction,

prophecy.

PRÉDILECTION, prå-di-lêk-sion, s. f. par-tiality; preserence of affection.

PREDIRE, pra-dlr, v. a. (like dire, except in the second pers. of the pres. of the indicat. vous prédisez, and of the imperative prédisez,) to foretel or prophesy.

PRÉDOMINANT, E, prà-dô-mî-nen, nent, adj. predominant, prevailing.
PRÉDOMINER, prà-dô-mî-nà, v. n. to predominate, prevail.

Prééminence, prà-à-mî-neus, s. f. preeminence, advantage, prerogative.
PRÉÉMINENT, E, prå-å-ml-nen, nent, adj.

pre-eminent.

PRÉÉTABLIR, v. a. to pre-establish.

PRÉEXISTANT, E, adj. pre-existent. PRÉEXISTENCE, prå-êg-zîs-têns, s. f. pre-

PRÉEXISTER, v. n. to pre-exist.

PRÉFACE, pra-fas, s. f. preface, preamble. PRÉFECT, V. Préfet.

PRÉFECTURE, prå-fék-tur, s. f. prefec

PRÉFÉRABLE, prå-få-rabl, adj. preferable.

PRÉFÉRABLEMENT, prå-få-råbl-men,adv. preferably, by preference.

PRÉFÉRENCE, prå-få-rens, s. f. preference. PRÉFÉRER, prå-få-rå, v. a. to prefer, make more account of, esteem more, set more by.

PRÉFET, pra-fe, s. m. prefect; overseer or

chief master (of a college.)

PRÉFINIR, v. a. to set, determine, or appoint (law-term.)

PREFIX, E, prå-fiks, adj. prefixed, appointed, determined, set, settled.

PRÉFIXION, prå-fik-sion, s. f. (law term) prefixion. Pour tout préfixion de délai on lui a donné deux mois, the farthest time the court has allowed him is but two months.

PREGNANT or PREIGNANT, E, adj. acute, violent, sharp.

Préjudice, prà-zù-dis, s. m. prejudice, damage, hurt, harm, detriment, loss

*PRÉJUDICIABLE, prå-zů-dî-slabl, prejudicial, hurtful.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon: brun.

PRÉJUDICIEL, LE, adj. Ex. Question préiudicielle, to be determined before the main

question. PRÉJUDICIER, prå-zů-dî-sîå, v. n. to pre-

judice, hurt, be hurtful. PRÉJUCE, prå-zů-zå, s. m. precedent ; sign, omen, presage; prejudiciate opinion, prepossession, prejudice.

PRÉJUGER, prå-zů-zà, v. a. to prejudge, judge beforehand; to conjecture, guess at. PRELART, Mar. V. Prélat.

*PRÉLASSER, (SE) se-prå-la-så, v. r. to

strut, walk with great gravity.

PRELAT, pra-la, s. m. prelate, dignitary.

Prélat, Mar. tarpauling. Prélat à cauot, boat's covering. Prélats de bastingage, Prélats des passe-avants, hammock cloths. waist eloths.

PRÉLATION, s.f. prelation, preference given to one whose father held the same office.

PRÉLATURE, prå-lå-tur, s. f. prelacy, pre-

lature

PRÈLE, prèl, s. f. shave-grass or horsetail. PRÉLEGS, prà-le, s. m. legacy to be dis-eharged before any other.

PRÉLÉGUER, prå-lå-gå, v. a. to make a bequest to be discharged before any other le-

gacy.
PRÊLER, pre-lå, v. a. to rub with shavegrass or horse-tail.

PRÉLÈVEMENT, s. m. deduction. PRÉLEVER, prål-vå, v. a. 10 deduct.

PRÉLIMINAIRE, prå-li-mi-ner, s. m. preliminary.

PRÉLIMINAIREMENT, adv. previously. PRÉLIMINAIRES, s. m. pl. preliminaries. PRÉLIMPINPIN, s. m. Ex. De la poudre de prélimpinpin, powder of post, medicine that neither does hurt nor good.

PRÉLUDE, prå-låd, s. m. prelude, flourish;

fore-runner.

PRÉLUDER, prà-lå-då, v. n. to prelude,

put an instrument in tune.

PRÉMATURÉ, E, prå-må-tů-rå, adj. forward, early, soon ripe, untimely. PRÉMATURÉMENT, pra-ma-tu-ra-men,

adv. prematurely, untimely, before due time. PRÉMATURITÉ, s. f. prematurity.

PREME d'émeraude, s. f. base or coarse kind

of emerald.

PRÉMÉDITATION, prå-må-di-tå-sion, s. f. premeditation.

PRÉMÉDITER, prå-må-dì-tà, v. a. to pre-meditate, think of before-hand, design, pur-

PRÉMICES, prå-mis, s. pl. first fruits.
PREMIER, E., prå-miå, mièr, adj. first, former, chief, priucipal; imperfect. Le premier.

né, the first born.
*PREMIER, s. m. Ex. Monsieur le premier, the first gentleman of the horse to his ma-

PREMIER-NÉ. s. m. first born.

PREMIÈREMENT, pre-mier-men, adv. first, in the first place, first of all, first and fore-

PRÉMISSES, prà-mis, s. f. pl. the premises.

PRÉMOTION, s. f. predetermination. PRÉMONTRÉ, E, s. m. & f. Norbertin friar

PRÉMUNIR, prå-mů-nîr, v. a. to forewarn. Se prémunir, v. r. to fortify one's self beforehand, provide one's self with

PRENABLE, prê-nabl, adj. that may or can be taken (said of a city;) that may be seduced, or bribed (of persons.)

PRENANT, E, pre-nen, nent, adj. (from

prendre) taking, etc.

PRENDRE, prendr, v. a. to take; to lay hold of; to snap at or up; to seize upon, eatch; arrest, apprehend; to receive, accept of; to swallow down; to taste, drink, cure; to take or snuff up; to take away, steal; to put on (clothes ;) to take up, engage in ; to interpret, construe, put a construction upon; to understand, apprehend, conceive; to get; to a: sume, take upon one's self, arrogate to one's self, claim or seize uninstly; to consider; to deal with; to suppose; to collect or levy (taxes;) to charge (for work;) to attack, fall upon; to search, fetch, look for. Je n'y prends ni n'y mets, I neither meddle nor make with it. Se luisser prendre, to yield, to give way.

Prendre naissance, to be born. Prendre vie,
to come to like. Prendre à houte, to be to come to life. Prendre sur soi, to take upon one's self, undertake, warrant, to get the better of one's self. Prendre sur son nécessaire, to take from or abridge one's self of ne-Prendre à témoin, to call to witcessaries. ness. Prendre pour, to take for, mistake for. Il fallut un peu prendre sur lui pour se défaire de sa passion, it was a great self denial or mortification to him to part with his passion. L'absence n'a rien pris sur l'amitié qu'il a pour vous, absence has not in the least abated, lessened or impaired the friendship he has for you. Prendre, v. n. to catch at, seize on. Prendre, (prendre racine) to strike, strike root. Se prendre, v. r. to be taken; to thicken, coagulate, settle; to be frozen up. Se prendre a, to begin, set about. Sy prendre bien or mal, to go the right or wrong way to work, take a right or wrong course. Sen prendre à, to lay the blame or fault upon, blame, com plain of, charge with; to catch at, take, lay hold of, seize on. On a tout de moi quand on s'y prend de la honne sorte, one may have any thing of me by fair means. S'il ne me paye, je m'en preudrai à vous, if he does not pay me, I shall come upon you. Je ne m'en prends pas a rous, I do not complain of you, I do not

quarrel with you for it. Prendre, v. a. Mar. to take, take in, get in, get up, take up, etc. Prendre des prisonniers à son bord, to take on board prisoners. Prendre langue, to get intelligence. Prendre son artillerie et ses poudres, to take on board the guns and powder. Prendre in bâtinent par la hanche or par le bossoir, to lie upon a ship's quarter or bow. Prenant les omures à bâbord nous gagnâmes le large pour la nuit, hauling upon the larboard tack, we gained an offing for the night. Pris de calme, notre corps de bataille ne put soutenir l'arant-garde qui combattoit, being becalmed, our center could not support the van which was engaged. Nous arons pris denx hâtimens marchands et un corsaire, we have taken two merchant-men and a privateer. On dit que Penlinscade est prise, it is said that the ambuscade is taken. Nous prines votre corrette pour une frégate, we took your sloop for a frigate. Ce bâtiment est bien pris, that ship will certainly stay. Les bâtimens ciarlonviers sont pris par les gluces the colliers are bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

La rivière etoit-elle prise? was the river frozen?

PRENEUR, prê-neur, s. m. taker; (in law) lessee. Preneur de tabac, snuff-taker. Preneur de taupes, mole-catcher. Preneur de café, coffee drinker. Preneur, Mar. captor. Vaisseau preneur, captor.

PRÉNOM, prà-non, s. m. prænomen, first

name, proper name.

PRÉNOTION, prà-nô-sion, s. f. prenotion, surmise, conjecture.

PRÉOCCUPATION, prå-ò-kù-på-sion. s. f. preoccupation, prejudice, prepossession.

Préoccuper, prå-ô-kû-på, v. a. to prepos-

sess, prejudice, possess with a conceit.

PRÉOCCUPER, (SE) v.r. to be prepossessed or prejudiced or conceited.

Préopinant, pra-ô-pl-nen, s. m. he that votes before another.

Préopiner, prå-ô-pi-na, v. n. to vote first, vote before another. PRÉPARANT, E, adj. preparative, prepar-

ing. Ремеракаті-ғ, ve, prå-på-rå-tíf, tlv, adj.

preparatory, preparative. PRÉPARATIF, s. m. preparation.

PRÉPARATION, s. f. preparation.

PRÉPARATOIRE, prå-på-rå-twar, adj. preparatory.

PRÉPARER, prå-på-rå, v. a. to prepare, get or make ready, fit or fit up. Se préparer, v. r. to prepare, prepare one's self, get or make one's self ready.

PRÉPONDÉRANCE, s. f. preponderancy.

PRÉPONDÉRANT, E, prå-pon-då-ren, rent, Voix prépondérante, preponderating. casting vote

Préposé, prá-pô-zå, s. m. overseer.

PRÉPOSER, prå-pô-zå,v. a. to prepose, set pefore; to set over, give one the charge of, appoint as overseer.

PRÉPOSITION, prà-pô-zî-sion, s. f. prepo-

PRÉPUCE, prà-pus, s. m. prepuce.

PRÉROGATIVE, prà-rô-gå-tlv, s. m. prerogative, privilege.

gauve, privilege.

Près, de, prè, prep. near, almost, nearly, hard by, nigh. It y a près de vingt ans, it is almost 20 years. Sometimes de is suppressed before words of several syllables.

Près le pont de Westminster, near Westminster bridge. Près, de près, adv. near, nearly, near by hard by near at land, close a classe. near by, hardby, near at hand, close or closely. Pres à près, close, close together, near each other. Plus près à près, closer. A cela près, save or except that, that excepted. A peu près, nearly, near about, almost

Près, Mar. near, etc. Au plus près, close hauled. Près et plein, full and by. Ce bâtiment au large est orienté au plus, près, that vessel in the offing is close hauled. Trop

près du vent, too near the wind.

PRÉSAGE, prà-zaz, s. m. presage, omen, sign, portent, conjecture, prognostication. De mauvais présage, ominous.

PRÉSAGER, prà-zà-zà, v. a. to presage, portend, bode, betoken, conjecture, foretel, prognosticate.

PRESBYTE, pres-bit, s. m. & f. one who can see only at a distance.

PRESBYTÉRAL, E, prês-bî-tâ-râl, adj. of or be anging to a priest.

PRESBYTÈRE, près-bî-tèr, s. m. the priest's house or parsonage.

PRESBYTÉRIANISME, prés-bî-tà-rîà-nîsm s. m. sect and tenets of the presbyterians.

PRESBYTÉRIAT, s. m. eldership, office of an elder among presbyterians, presbytership. PRESENTÉRIEN, NE, prês-bî-tâ-riên, riên, adj. & s. presbyterian.

Prescience, pre-si-ens, s. f. prescience, foreknowledge, foresight.

PRESCRIPTIBLE, pres-krip-tibl, adj. pre-

scriptible.

Prescription, pres-krip-sion, s. f. pre-scription; right of property acquired by possession. PRESCRIRE, prês-krlr, v. a. (like écrire) to

prescribe, order, ordain; get by prescription. Se prescrire, v. r. to be held by prescription; also to prescribe to one's self.

PRESCRIT, E, adj. prescribed, ordered, got by prescription.

Préséance, prà-sà-ens, s. f. precedency or taking place before. PRÉSENCE, prå-zens,s.f. presence; (d'esprit, de mémoire) readiness. Chambre de presence,

the presence or presence-chamber. présence de l'ennemi, Mar. to be in sight of the

PRÉSENT, prà-zèn, adj. present. La pré-sente lettre or la présente, s. f. this present. Il a l'esprit présent, he has a ready wit.

PRÉSENT, prå-zen, s. m. present, gift; present or present time; present tense. De présent, at present, at present, now, at this time. Dés à présent, now, from this very instant, from this time for-Pour le présent, for the present, wards. now.

PRÉSENTABLE, adj. presentable.

PRÉSENTAT-EUR, RICE, prå-zen-tå-teur, tris, s. m. & f. patron of a living.
PRÉSENTATION, prå-sen-tå-sion, s. f. pre-

senting; presentation to a living; attorney's appearance in court in his client's behalf, bill in a court.

Présentement, prå-sent-men, adv. now,

at this time, at present.

PRÉSENTER, prå-zen-tå, v. a. to offer, present or tender, to put up; to present or introduce. Se présenter, v. r. to come or appear; to offer or present one's self. Présenter, Mar. Présenter le tracers, to show the broad-side or length of a ship. Présenter un bordage, une allonge, etc. to apply a plank, a futtock, etc. to the place for which it is intended (to see whether it fits.) Présenter un mût de hune or de perroquet, to get a top-mast or top-gallant mast on end (ready for pointing through the Présenter les canons aux sabords, to cap.) place the guns in the ports (ready for running Nous présentons au nord-est quarte de nord, we look north east by north. Ce bâtiment présente de deux quarts plus au vent que nous, that vessel lies up two points to windward of us. Présente la tireveille, swing off the side-rope.

PRÉSENTES, s. f. pl. presents.

PRÉSERVATI-F, VE, prà-zer-và-tif, tlv, adj. preservative.

Préservatif, s. m. preservative, counter-poison. PRÉSERVER, prå-zer-vå v. a. to preserve

or keep (from evil.)

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun

PRÉSIDENCE, prå-zî-dens, s. f. presidentship, presidency.

PRESIDENT, pra-zî-den, s. m. president; chairman; speaker.

Présidente, pra-zî-dent, s. f. president's

lady.

PRÉSIDER, prå-zî-då, v. n. and sometimes a. to preside or be president; have the rule, tuition, care or management of, overrule.

PRÉSIDIAL, prà-zì-dial, s. m. presidial, a court of judicature.

PRÉSIDIAL, E, adj. of or belonging to the presidial court.

PRÉSIDIALEMENT, prå-zî-dîàl-mên, adv. peremptorily, without appeal.

PRÉSIDIAUX, s. m. pl. judges of the presi-

dial court.
PRÉSOMPTI-F, VE, prá-zonp-tíf, tlv, adj. presumptive, apparent. PRÉSOMPTION, prå-zonp-slon, s. f. pre-

sumption, conjecture, suspicion, pride, arrogance, self-conceit.

PRÉSOMPTUEUSEMENT, prå-zonp-tů-euzmen, adv. presumptuously, proudly.

Presomptueu-x, se, pra-zonp-tu-eu, euz, adj. presumptuous, proud, vain, self-conceited. PRESQUE, presk, adv. almost, even, very

PRESQU'ILE, pres-kll, s. f. peninsula. PRESSAMMENT, pre-sa-men, adv. pressing-

ly, earnestly.
PRESSANT, E, pre-sen, sent, adj. pressing,

urgent, earnest; troublesome.

PRESSE, pres, s. f. press, crowd, throng (machine) press, mangle; kind of peach. tirer de la presse, to slip one's neck out of the collar. Presse, s. f. Mar. press. V. Matelot. Pressé, e, prê-så, adj. (from presser) pressed, crowded; in haste.

PRESSEMENT, pres-men, s. m. pressing, compression.

Pressenti, e, adj. V. Pressentir. Pressentiment, pre-sen-ti-men, s. m. surmise, guessing, or foresight. J'en ai le pres-

sentiment, something tells me so.

PRESSENTIR, pre-sen-ur, v. a. (like sentir) to foresee, perceive beforehand, have a foresight of, try to discover, endeavour to find out. Pressentir quelqu'un, to feel one's pulse, try to discover the intention or disposition of

one. PRESSER, pre-så, v. a. to press, squeeze or crowd; to set or put close; to urge or press be in earnest or pressing with; to press, follow close, haunt or dun; to press or hasten; to press hard, follow close; (une entreprise) to carry on or push with vigour; (un cheval) to ride hard; (les coutures) to smooth with a hot iron; (le siège) to carry on vigorously. Pres-ser quelqu'un dans ses bras, to clasp a person in one's arms. Pressez un peu vos rungs, close your ranks a little. Pressez un peu plus votre écriture, write a little closer. L'affaire presse, the business requires haste, it is an urgent business. Se presser, v. r. to crowd, to lie close, be in haste, make haste.

Pressier, pre-sia, s. m. pressman (in

printing.)

PRESSION, pre-sion, s. m. pression.

Pressis, pre-si, s. m. gravy squeezed out of meat, juice out of herbs.

PRESSOIR, pre-swar, s. m. press (for eider, *rine, etc.) press-h · ise, salting-tub for bacon.

PRESSURAGE, pre-så-råz, s. m. pressing. any liquor extracted with a press. Pressurage de vin, press wine. Droit de pressurage, see to the owner of a common press.

Pressurer, pre-sû-rå, v. a. to press,

wring, squeeze. PRESSUREUR, prê-sû-rêur, s. m. pressman (at a wine-press.)

PRESTANCE, pres-tens, s. f. presence, noble carriage, dignified mien.

PRESTATION, pres-ta-sion, s. f. Ex. Prestation de serment, oath, taking of an oath.

Preste, prest, adj. quick, nimble. PRESTE, adv. quick.

PRESTEMENT, prest-men, adv. bluntly,

liastily. PRESTESSE, prês-tês, s. f. agility, nimble-

ness, quickness, slight of hand. PRESTIGE, pres-tiz, s. m. prestige, delu-

sion, imposture, deceit.

PRESTO, adv. (in musick) presto, quick. PRESTOLET, pres-tô-le, s. m. priest without birth or preferment (used in contempt.)

Présumer, pra-zû-ma, v. a. to presume, think, conjecture, suppose, imagine. Présupposer, pra-sû-pô-za, v. a. to pre-

suppose, suppose, take for granted.

Présupposition, prá-sú-pô-zí-sion, s. f. présupposition, supposition.

PRÉSURE, prå-zur, s. f. runnet.

Prét, r., pré, prèt, adj. ready, in readiness, at hand, prepared. Elle est prête à accoucher, she is near her time. Votre bâtiment est-il prêt à mettre sous voile? Mar, is your ship ready for sea?

PRET, s. m. loan, money lent, lending money advanced to soldiers before pay-day.

*PRÉTANTAINE, s. f. Ex. Courir la prétantaine, to ramble about, gad up and down. PRÉTENDANT, E, pra-tén-den, dent, s. m.

& f. candidate, competitor, pretender.

PRETENDRE, pra-tendr, v. a. to claim,

challenge, demand, expect.

Prétendre, v. n. to pretend to, aim or as-

pire at, stand for; to pretend, maintain, af-firm; to intend, design, mean, purpose; to pretend, expect; to will, command, insist upon.

PRÉTENDU, E, prå-ten-dů, dů, adj. (from prétendre) claimed, etc. pretended, supposed,

PRÉTENTION, prå-tèn-slon, s. f. pretension, claim, aim, design.

PRETER, pre-ta, v. a. to lend; to give, afford; to ascribe, father. Prêter l'oreille, prêter audience, to lend an ear, give a hearing. Prêter serment, to take an oath, to swear. Vous leur prêtez cela, yeu father that upon them. Prêter le côté à un bâtiment, Mar. to range a-breast of a ship (in order to give her a broadside.) Prêter, v. n. to stretch. Se prêter, v.r. to give one's self up to, comply with, fall in with, become a tool to; humour, grati-

fy, countenance, back, support, undergo. PRETER, pre-ta, s. m. lending, loan. PRETERIT, pra-ta-ri, s. m. preterit.

PRÉTÉRITION, s. f. leaving out of an heir's name in a will; feigned omission of something mentioned.

PRÉTEUR, s. m. prætor (among the Ro-

PRÉTEU-R, SE, prà-téur, teuz, s. m. & f. lender, given to lend. Préteur sur gages pawnbroker.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

PRÉTEXTE, prå-tekst, s.m. pretence, pretext, cloak, colour, blind, show, appearance. PRÉTEXTER, prå-teks-tå, v. a. to pretend,

to cloak under a pretence. PRÉTINTAILLE, s. f. woman's trimmings,

trinkets, gewgaws, etc.
*PRÉTINTAILLER, v. a. to furbelow, trim.
PRÉTOIRE, prå-twar, s. m. prætor's house
or palace; judgment hall, common hall; place where the prætorian bands were lodged.

Prétonien, ne, prå-to-rien, rien, adj.

prætorian.

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PRÉTRAILLE, s. f. injurious name used by those who rail at priests.

PRÊTRE, pretr, s. m. priest.

Prêtresse, prè-três, s. f. priestess. Ряётнік, prè-triz, s. f. priesthood. Ряётияе, prâ-tur, s. f. prætorship, præ-

tor's dignity.

PREUVE, preuv, s. f. proof, argument, evidence, ordeal.

*PREUX, preu, s. m. brave, stout. Les neuf preux, the nine worthies.

PRÉVALOIR, prå-vå-lwar, v. n. to prevail, be prevalent, carry it. Se prévaloir de, v. r. to take advantage of, make use of, glory or

pride in, value one's self upon.

PRÉVARICATEUR, prå-vå-rî-kå-teur, s. m.
prevaricator, double dealer, jack of both

sides, ambidexter.

PRÉVARICATION, prà-và-rì-kà-sion, s. f. pre arication, collusion, double dealing.

PRÉVARIQUER, prà-vå-rî-kå, v. n. to pre-

varicate, betray a cause.

PRÉVENANCE, prav-nens, s. f. officious-ness, readine s to do a service before it is asked or expected.

PRÉVENANT, E, prav-nen, nent, adj. preventing; agreeable, pre-engaging, kindly officious, obliging, ready to do a service betore it is asked or expected. Soins prévenans. engaging ways or manners or attentions

PRÉVENIR, pràv-nîr, v. a. (like venir) to guard against, prevent, obviate, come before, outstrip or get the start of, anticipate, be be-forchand (with one in or by doing.) pre-en-gage, preposses, prejudice, vias, acquain (one with), inform (one of.) Cette femme le prévint par des attentions flattenses, that woman came forward and met him with a flattering show of kindness. Ici pourtant tous mes væux sont prévenus et satisfaits, here

PRÉVENTION, pra-ven-sion, s. f. prevention, forestalling, anticipation; prejudice, prepossession. Condamner par prevention, to

condenn before a due trial.

PRÉVENU, E, prav-nů, nů, adj. preventca, etc. V. Prévenir · also accused, arraigned, at-

tainted and forestalled.

Prévision, pra-vi-zion, s. f. foresight, foreseeing, foreknowledge.
PRÉVOIR, pra-vwar, v. a. to foresce, fore-

know, expect.

Prévôt, pra-vô, s. m. provost. Prévôt des aréchaux, provost-marshal. Prévôt d'équimaréchaux, provost-marshal. Prévôt d'équi-page, Mar. loblolly boy (en board French men of war, who is also employed to inflict punishments on the crcw.)

PRÉVÔTAL, E, prå-vô-tål, adj. belonging to the jurisdiction of the provost. prévôtal, a crime punishable by the provostmarshaf.

Prévôtalement, prå-vô-tål-men, adv.

by the provost, in the provost's court.

Prévôté, prå-vô-tå, s. f. court of a provost-marshal; precincts and jurisciction of a provost-marshal; provost's office or dignity.

PRÉVOYANCE, prå-vwå-yens, s. f. foresight

or forecast.

PRÉVOYANT, E, prå-vwå-yen, yent, adj. provident, wary. PRIAPE, s. m. Priapus (lascivious god of

gardens.) PRIAPÉES, s. f. pl. bawdy or smutty verses.

PRIAPISME, s. m. priapism

Prif, prî-å, s. m. guest. V. Prier. Prif-Dieu, prî-dîêu, s. m. private chapel;

desk to kneel and pray upon.

PRIER, pri-a, v. a. to pray, beseech, entreat, beg, desire, intercede, pray to, call upon; invite, bid. *Prier quelqu'un*, to ask Prier pour quelqu'un, to intercede for Prier au ciel, to pray to heaven. Prier one. à dîner, to invite to dine.

PRIÈRE, pri-èr, s. f. prayer, supplication, entreaty, request, desire, petition.

PRIEUR, prî-êur, s. m. prior.

Prieure, s. f. prioress. Prieuré, pri-éu-rå, s. m. priory, prior s house.

PRIMAT, prl-ma, s. m. primate, metropolitan.

PRIMATIAL, E, adj. belonging to a primate.

PRIMATIE, pri-ma-si, s. f. primacy.

PRIMAUTÉ, pri-mò-tå, s. f. pre-eminence, priority; the being elder (at play.)

PRIME, prim, s. f. primero; prime. prime abord, at first, at first sight, at first blush. Prime (d'assurance,) premium of insurance.

PRIMER, pri-ma, v. n. to be the first, excel others (top or overtop or surpass others.) Primer. v. a. to prevent, get the start of, be beforehand with.

PRIMEUR, pri-meur, s. f. first coming in (of certain fruits.) Du vin dans la primeur, new wine.

PRIMEVÈRE, prîm-ver, s. f. cowslip.

PRIMICÉRIAT, s. m. deanery

PRIMICIER, pri-mi-sia, s. m. dean (of some churches.)

PRIMIPILE, s. m. first centurion among the

Primiti-f, ve, prî-mî-tîf, tlv, adj. primitive, first.

PRIMITIF, s. m. primitive, radical. PRIMITIVEMENT, pri-mi-tiv-men,

primitively. PRIMO, adj. firstly, in the first place.

adv.

PRIMOGÉNITURE, pri-mô-zà-ni-tur, s. f birth right, primogeniture.

PRIMORDIAL, E, prì-mòr-dial, adj. primi tive or primordial.

PRIMORDIALEMENT, adv. primitively.

PRINCE, prins, s. m. prince.
PRINCERIE, s. f. deanery, deanship.
PRINCESSE, prin-sés, s. f. princess; mistress, miss. lady of pleasure.

PRINCIPAL, E, prin-si-pal, adj. principal.

chief, main

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon ! brun.

PRINCIPAL, s. m. principal, main thing, main business or point or chance; head mas-

PRINCIPALEMENT, prin-sî-pål-mên, adv. principally, chiefly, mainly, above all, par-

Principalité de collège, place of a principal or head master of a college.

PRINCIPAUTÉ, prin-sî-pô-ta, s. f. principal-

PRINCIPE, prin-sîp, s. m. principle, first cause, maxim, undoubted truth, motive, first

rule or precept, element. PRINCIPION prin-sî-pîon, s. m. petty

prince.

PRINTANIER, E, prin-tâ-niâ, nier, adj. spring, of or belonging to the spring.

PRINTEMPS, prin-ten, s. m. spring, spring

PRIORITÉ, prî-ô-rî-tâ, s. f. priority.
PRIS, E, adj. (from Prendre) taken, etc.;
frozen up. Bien pris, well-shaped.
PRISE, prlz, s. f. taking; hold; scuffle, quarrel, bickering; (de médecine) dosc; (de café) dish; (de tabac) pinch. Prise de corps, décret de prise de corps, warrant. Prise de possession, entering into or taking possession; induction. Prise d'habit, ceremony performed at one's taking of a monk's or nun's habit. Etre en prise, to lie open or exposed, be in danger. Lâcher prise, to let go one's hold. Donner prise, to give an advantage or opportunity, give a hold, expose one's self. aux prises, to be engaged. En venir aux prises, to engage, fight, come to blows, fall to loggerheads. Prise, Mar. prize. Feire une prise, to make a prize or capture, Prendre possession d'une prise, to take possession of a prize. Mettre du monde à bord d'une prise, to put people on board a prize. Nous con-duisous nos prises à Falmouth, we carry our prizes to Falmouth. Déclarer de bonne prise, to declare a prize. Rester en possession to declare a prize. d'une prise, to remain in possession of a

PRISÉE, pri-za, s. f. prizing, valuing, rat-

ing, appraising.
PRISER, pri-zå, v. a. to prize or appraise,
value, rate, set a price on; value or esieem.
PRISEUR, pri-zeur, s. m. appraiser, auctioneer.

PRISMATIQUE, pris-ma-tik, adj. prismatick.

PRISME, prism, s. m. prism.

PRISON, pri-zon, s. f. gaol or jail, prison, custody, hold; imprisonment, confinement.

PRISONNIER, E, pri-zô-nia, nièr, s. m. & f. prisoner.
PRITAINE, s. m. sort of magistrate at Ath-

PRIVABLE, adj. deprivable.

*PRIVANCE, s. f. intimacy (with great peo-

PRIVATI-F, VE, pri-va-tif, thv, adj. priva-

PRIVATION, pri-va-sion, s. f. privation, want; privacy.

PRIVATIVEMENT, pri-va-tiv-men, adv. exclusively.

PRIVAUTÉ pri-vo-ta,s. f. privity, intimacy, familiarity, private commerce

Privé, E. pri-và, adj. deprived, bereft;

privy; familiar, privy; tame.

PRIVÉ, s. m. privy, a house of office, necessary house.

PRIVÉMENT, prî-vâ-mên, adv. familiarly, intimately, freely.

PRIVER, pri-va, v. a. to deprive, bereave, rob, withhold from. Se priver, v. r. to deprive one's self, abstain.

Privilége, prî-vî-lêz, s. m. privilege, prerogative, special grant, pre-eminence, li-

Privilégié, E, pri-vi-là-zià, adj. & s.

privileged, privileged person.

PRIX, pri, s. m. price, rate; value, worth; expense. De prix, dear, precious, of value. Hors de prix, qui n'a point de prix, extraordinary dear, invaluable, inestimable. A prix d'argent, by dint of money. An prix de, in comparison of, when compared with. Prix

pour prix, according to the value of things.
PROBABILITÉ, pro-bå-bi-li-ta, s. f. proba-

bility, likelihood.

PROBABLE, pro-babl, adj. probable, likely. PROBABLEMENT, pro-babl-men, adv. probably, likely.

*PROBAGE, s. m. layer of a vine.

PROBANTE, pro-bent, adj. f. En forme pro-bante, in an authentical form. Raison probante, convincing reason.

PROBATION, pro-ba-sion, s. f. probation, trial.

PROBATOIRE, adj. probatory. PROBITÉ, pro-bl-ta, s. f. probity, honesty, integrity, uprightness, goodness.

PROBLÉMATIQUE, pro-bla-ma-tik, adj. problematical.

PROBLÉMATIQUEMENT, prô-blå-må-tîk-mån, adv. problematically. PROBLÊME, prô-blèm, s. m. problem.

PROBOSCIDE, s. f. proboscis. PROCATHARTIQUE, adj. procathartick.

Procede, pro-sa-da, s. in. proceeding, procedure, dealing, carriage; quarrel, dispute; (en chimie) process.

PROCEDER, pro-sa-da, v. n. to proceed, come, be derived, spring, rise; to proceed act, deal, behave; (en justice) to proceed (in course of law.)

PROCEDURE, pro-sa-dur, s. f. proceeding, course of pleading, process, practice or rules of a court.

Proces, pro-se, s. m. action, suit, law-suit, eause, process, case; quarrel; particulars of a case, papers, writings belonging to a law-suit. Procès verbal, verbal process. Faire le procès à, to condemn, reject. Faire un procès à quelqu'un, to enter an action against one, sue one at law. Faire le procès à quelqu'un. to try or arraign one. Juger un procès en fureur de quelqu'un, to give judgment in one's behalf.

Processi-F, ve, pro-se-sif, slv, adj. litigious or quarrelsome.

Procession, pro-se-sion, s. f. procession; (in theology) proceeding.

Processionnal, pro-se-sio-nal, s. m. processional book.

Processionnellement, pro-se-sio-nelmen, adv. in a procession.

Prochain, E, pro-shin, shen, adj. next nigh or near at hand.

PROCHAIN, s. m. neighbour; also fellow

ereature. *Prochainement,pro-chen-men,adv.next bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

PROCHE, prosh, adj. near, next; near at |

hand; s. m. near kinsman, relation.

Proche de, tout proche de, prep. near, next, hard by, close to. The observation on près is applicable to proche.

PROCHE, adv. hard by, just by. De proche

en proche, close, one after another.

PROCHRONISME, s. m. prochronism (dating of a fact too far back.)

PROCLAMATION, pro-kla-mā-sion, s. f. pro-

clamation, proclaiming Proclamer, prô-klå-må, v. a. to proclaim,

publish.

Proconsul, pro-kon-sůl, s. m. proconsul. PROCONSULAT, pro-kon-su-la, s. m. proconsulship.

Procréation, prô-krà-å-slon, s. f. procreation.

PROCRÉER, prô-krå-å, v. a. to procreate,

beget. Procurateur, prô-ků-rå-teur, s. m. pro-

curator. PROCURATION, pro-ku-ra-sion, s. f. letter

or power of attorney. PROCURATRICE, prô-ků-rå-trîs, s.f. proxy. PROCURER, prô-ků-rå, v. a. to procure,

get, help to, cause, draw or bring upon. PROCUREUR, pro-ku-reur, s. in. attorney;

proxy. Procureuse, pro-ku-reuz, s. m. attorney's

wife.

Prodigalement, pro-di-gāl-mên, adv. prodigally, profusely, lavishly, wastefully. Prodigalité, pro-di-gā-li-tā, s. f. prodi-

gality, profuseness, lavishness, wastefulness. PRODICE, pro-diz, s. m. prodigy, prodi-

gious or wondrous thing, wonderful piece of, wonderful person for. Un prodige de cruauté, a monster of cruelty.

pro-di-zieuz-men, PRODIGIEUSEMENT, adv. prodigiously, wonderfully, extremely, vastly.

Prodicieu-x, se, pro-di-zieu, zieuz, adj.

prodigious, wondrous, extreme, vast.
PRODIGUE, prô-dig, adj. & s. prodigal, profuse, lavish, wasteful, riotous; spendthrift.

PRODIGUER, prô-di-gà, v. a. to spend pro-digally, consume, lavish, be prodigal or lavish of, waste. Prodiguer sa vie, to expose or venture or hazard one's life.

Proditoirement, pro-di-twar-men, adv.

traitorously.

PRODUCTION, pro-duk-sion, s.f. production, product, work; proof or evidence produced. PRODUIRE, pro-dulr, v. a. (See the table

at uire) to produce, yield, bring forth; to yield, be worth; to beget; to cause, occasion; to make, write, compose; to show; to introduce, make known; to prostitute, expose. Se pro-duire, to make one's self known, put one's self forward.

PRODUIT, E, adj. (from produire) produced, yielded, brought forth, etc.
PRODUIT, prô-dûî, s. m. product, produce.

*PROEME, s. m. proem.

PROÉMINENCE, s. f. prominency.

Proéminent, adj. prominent. Profanateur, pro-fâ-nâ-têur, s. m. profaner.

PROFANATION, pro-få-nå-sion, s. f. profanation.

PROFANE, pro-fan, adj. profane, irreligious, impious.

PROFANE, s. m. profane, ungodly or impious man.

PROFANER, pro-få-nå, v. a. to profane or abuse.

PROFÉRER, pro-fa-ra, v. a. to utter, speak. Prorès, se, pro-fe, fes, s. m. & f. a pro-fessed monk or nun.

PROFESSER, prô-fê-så, v. a. to profess, be

professor of, teach, practise. PROFESSEUR, pro-fe-seur. s. f. professor,

a publick reader. PROFESSION, pro-fe-sion, s. f. profession, calling: condition, trade, art, entering into any religious order, confession or acknow-Faire profession d'une religion, to ledgment. profess a religion.

PROFESSORAL, E, adj. belonging to a professor.

PROFESSORAT, s. m. professorship.

PEOFIL, pro-fil, s. m. profile, side (of a thing.)

PROFILER, pro-fi-la, v. n. to draw or paint

in a profile.

PROFIT, pro-fi, s. m. profit, gain, benefit, emolument, advantage, interest; progress, advancement, proficiency, improven Faites-en votre profit, make the best of it. improvement.

PROFITABLE, pro-fil-tabl, adj. profitable, useful, beneficial, advantageous.

PROFITER, pro-ff-ta, v. n. to get, profit be profitable, reap advantage, take advantage improve, thrive, make some progress, get (by a thing.) Profiter du temps, to take advantage of the times.

PROFOND, E, pro-fon, fond, adj. deep, not shallow, profound, high, great, deeply learned; low, abstruse, difficult.

Profondément, pro-fon-da-men, adv. deeply, deep, profoundly, very low. PROFONDEUR, prô-fon-deur, s. m. deep-

ness, depth, profundity, height.
PROFUSÉMENT, pro-fu-za-men, adv. pro-fusely, prodigally, lavishly.

Profusion, pro-fû-zion, s. f. profuseness, profusion, lavishness, prodigality, plenty, excessive plenty.

PROGNOSTIC, V. Pronostic.

PROGRAMME, pro-gram, s. m. bill set up to give publick notice of the exercise to be performed in the school or college.

PROGRÈS, pro-gré, s. m. progress. PROGRESSI-F, VE, pro-gré-sif, slv, adj.

progressive.

PROGRESSION, pro-gre-sion, s. f. progression. PROGRESSIVEMENT, adv. progressively. PROHIBER, pro-i-ba, v.a. to prohibit, forbid

PROHIBITI-F, VE, adj. prohibitory. PROHIBITION, pro-î-bî-sîon, s. f. prohibi-

tion.

Proie, prwd, s. f. prey, booty. Etre en proie à, to be a prey to, be exposed to.
Projectile, pro-zêk-tîl, adj. & s.m. pro-

Projection, pro-zek-sion, s. f. projection,

casting. Poudre de projection, projectionpowder.

PROJET, pro-ze, s. m. project, design, pur pose, intent; rough draught, scheme.

PROJETER, prôz-tå, v. a. to project, de sign, purpose or intend.

PROLATION, pro-la-slon, s. f. prolation

buse, but : jeime, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

Prolégomènes, pro-là-go-men, s. m. pl. | PROLEPSE, s. f. prolepsis.

PROLIFIQUE, pro-li-fik, adj. prolifick. PROLINE, pro-liks, adj. prolix, long, tedious. PROLINEMENT, pro-liks-men, adv. tedious-

PROLIXITÉ, pro-lik-sî-tà, s. f. prolixity.

Prologue, pro-log, s. m. prologue. Prolongation, pro-lon-ga-sion, s. f. pro-

longing, lengthening, delay.
PROLONGEMENT, adv. extension, continu-

PROLONGER, pro-lon-za, v. a. to prolong,

lengthen, spin or stretch out.

Prolonger, Mar. Prolonger un bâtiment, to lay a ship along side of another. Il fant prolonger notre bordée jusqu'à terre, we must stretch close in shore. La côte se prolonge dans le sud-est, the coast stretches to the south-east.

PROMENADE, prom-nad, s.f. walk, walking. PROMENER, prom-na, v. a. to walk, lead about. Promener sa rue sur plusieurs objets, to carry one's sight from one object to another. Promener son esprit sur, to 'run over in one's mind. Se promener, v. r. to walk,

take a walk; to take an airing; (en voiture, à cheval) to ride; (sur l'eau) to go in a boat, etc. Envoyer promener quelqu'un, to send one a packing.

Promenoir, prom-nwar, s. m. walk, walk-

ing-place. Promesse, pro-mes, s. f. promise; note of hand.

Prometteu-R, se, prô-mê-têur, teuz, s. m. & f. promiser; one that promises much and performs but little.

PROMETTRE, pro-metr, v. a. (like mettre) to promise, engage, give hopes, give reason to expect. Se promettre, v. r. to promise one's self, hope, expect, be resolved.

PROMINENCE, s. f. prominency. PROMINENT, adj. prominent.

PROMINER, v. n. to rise above a thing. PROMIS, E, adj. (from Promettre) promised, etc.

Promission, s. f. Ex. La terre de promission, the promised land.

Promontoure, pro-mon-twar, s. m. pro-montory, cape, head land. PROMOTEUR, pro-ino-teur, s. m. promoter; proctor (in an ecclesiastical court;) overseer (of the schools.)

PROMOTION, pro-mo-sion, s. f. promotion,

advancement.

*Promouvoir, pro-moo-vwar, v. a. (like monvoir) to promote, raise, advance, prefer.

PROMPT, E, pron, prom, adj. quick, sudden, speedy, swift, ready, nimble, active, hasty, soon angry, passionate.
PROMPTEMENT, pront-men, adv. readily,

quickly, nimbly.

PROMPTITUDE, pron-ti-tud, s.f. readiness, quickness, speed, haste; hastiness; passion, fit of anger.

PROMPTUAIRE, s. m. abridgment (of the civil law.)

PROMU, E, adj. promoted, etc. V. Promouvoir. PROMULGATION, pro-mull-ga-sion, s. f. pro-

mulgation.

PROMULGUER, pro-mul-ga, v. a. to promulgate, promulge.

*Pronation, pro-na-slon, s. f. pronation. Prone, pron, s. m. a kind of homily or discourse made every Sunday by the priest for the instruction of his parishioners : preaching, lecture, remonstrance.

*Prôner, pro-na, v. n. to make a discourse,

Prôner, v. a. to praise, cry up, preach up; to preach, hold forth.

PRÔNEU-R, SE, prò-neur, neuz, s. m. & f. greattalker; also praiser.

Pronom, pro-non, s. m. pronoun.

PRONOMINAL, E, pro-no-mi-nal, adj. pronominal

PRONONCER, pro-non-sa, v. a. to pronounce speak, deliver; to pass one's verdict or judg-ment, decide. Prononcer la sentence à un criminel, to pass sentence upon or read the sentence to a criminal. Traits prononces, striking features.

Prononciation, pro-non-sia-sion, s. f. pro-nunciation, pronouncing, speaking, delivery:

(d'une sentence) reading. Pronostic, pro-nos-tik, s. m. prognostick, presage, omen, conjecture.

*Pronostication, s. f. prognostication,

prognostick.
Pronostiquer, pro-nos-ti-kå, v. a. to

prognosticate, presage, foretel, conjecture. pro-nos-ti-keur, s, m. PRONOSTIQUEUR, pr prognosticator, foreteller.

PROPAGANDE, pro-på-gånd. s. f. society for the propagation of the gospel.

PROPAGATEUR, pro-på-gå-teur, s. m. pro-

pagator. Ркорасатіон, prô-pâ-gâ-sion, s.f. propa-

PROPAGER, (SE) v. r. to spread, extend

itself, increase. PROPENSION, pro-pension, s.f. propension, propensity, inclination.

PROPHÈTE, pro-fet, s. m. prophet. Prophetesse, pro-fa-tes, s. l. prophetess.

Prophétie, prô-fà-si, s. f. prophecy. Рворнетіque,prô-fà-lik, adj. prophetick. Рворнетіquемент, prô-fà-lik-mên,adv.

prophetically. PROPHÉTISER, prô-fà-tî-zà, v. a. to pro-

phesy. PROPHYLACTIQUE, s. f. prophylactick.

PROPICE, pro-pls, adj. propitious. Dien me soit propice, so help me God.

PROPITIATION, pro-pi-sia-sion, s. f. propitiation, atonement

Propitiatoire, prô-pl-sià-twar, adj. &

s. in. propitiatory. PROPOLIS, s. f. wax (with which bees stop

the cracks of their hires.)

PROPORTION, pro-por-sidn, s.f. proportion. Compas de proportion, sector. A proportion de, adv. proportionable, proportionably or according to.

PROPORTIONNALITÉ, s. f. proportionality. Proportioned, proportionable, commensurate,

PROPORTIONNÉMENT, adv. proportiona-

bly, with or in proportion.
PROPORTIONNEL, LE, pro-por-sio-nel, add. proportional.

PROPORTIONNELLEMENT, pro-por-sid nel-men, adv. proporticably, with or in pro

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

Proportionner, pro-por-sio-na, v. a. to !

proportion, adjust, fit, proportionate. Propos, pro-po, s. m. discourse, words, talk; purpose, design, resolution; also proposal. A propos, fit, fitting, convenient, proper; to the purpose, opportunely, seasonably, in time, partly, a-propos; now I think of it (and similar expressions implying recollection.) A propos de bottes, without sense or reason. propos de rien, without any relation to what went before, without any introduction, for nothing at all. A tout propos, ever and anon, at every turn. Hors de propos, mal à propos, unfit, improper, impertinent, unseasonable; and adverbially, improperly, unseasonably, preposterously, without a cause.

Proposable, pro-po-zabl, adj. that may be proposed or offered or moved.

Proposant, pro-po-zen, s. m. one that offers; also student in divinity so far a proficient as to make sermous.

Proposer, prô-pô-zà, v. a. to propose,

propound, offer, set forth, move.

Proposer, v. n. to propose, to offer for examination or trial. Se proposer, v. r. to purpose, mean, intend, design.

Proposition, prô-pô-zî-sîon, s. f. proposition; proposal; motion; (sermon de proposant) trial-sermon. Proposition d'erreur, writ

of erronr. Pain deproposition, shew-bread. Propre, propr, adj. proper; peculiar, particular; fit, convenient; good; apt; neat, de-cent, spruce, fine, genteel; very, very same, own. Ses propres paroles, his own words. Le nom propre, the family name.

PROPRE, s. m. natural disposition, property, part; proper sense or signification; estate of inheritance, real estate. Posséder en Posséder en

propre, to be the rightful owner.

PROPREMENT, propr-men, adv. properly, proper, in a proper sense, in a clean manner, finely. A proprement parler, strictly speaking.

PROPRET, TE, pro-pre, pret, adj. neat,

spruce.

PROPRETÉ, propr-tà, s. f. neatness, cleanness, cleanliness.

PROPRIÉTAIRE, pro-pri-à-ter, s. m. & f.

proprietor, proprietary, owner, possessor, landlord or landlady.
PROPRIETE, pro-pri-à-tà, s. f. property, right, exclusive right, natural virtue or quali-

ty, essential quality; propriety.
PRORATA, (AU) de, o-pro-ra-ta-de, in pro-

portion of, proportionably to. Proposition, pro-ro-ga-sion, s. f. proro-gation, putting off, delay.

PROROGER, pro-ro-za, v. a. to prolong, prorogate, put off, (le parlement) to prorogue. Pros, s. m. Mar. proa (boat peculiar to the Ladrones or Marianne islands.)

Prosafque, pro-za-ik, adj. prosaick. PROSATEUR, pro-za-teur, s. m. prose-wri-

ter, writer in prose.

Proscription, pros-krip-sion, s. f. proscription, out-lawry

PROSCRIRE, pros-krir, v. a. (like écrire) to proscribe, out-law, banish; (un mot) to ex-

PROSCRIT, E., pros-kri, krit, adj. proscribed, out-lawed, banished; (mot proscrit) word | out of use, obsolete expression

PROSCRIT. S. m. out-law

PROSE, proz, s. f. prose.

PROSELYTE, pro-za-lit, s. m. & f. proselyte. new convert

PROSELYTISME, s. m. proselytism. PROSODIE, prô-zô-di, s. f. prosody.

PROSODIQUE, pro-zo-dik, adj. of or belonging to prosody

Prosoporée, pro-zo-po-pa, s. f. prosopopœia.

PROSPECTUS, pros-pêk-tus, s. m. plan or specimen of an intended publication.

PROSPÈRE, pros-per, adj. propitious, favourable, prosperous.

PROSPÉRER, pros-pa-ra, v. n. to prosper, thrive, be fortunate or successful, Faire pros-

perer, to prosper.
Prosperite, prôs-på-ri-tå, s. f. prosperity, happiness, good luck, good fortune, good success. Sucrifice de prospérité, sacrifice of peace-offering.

PROSTERNATION, proster-na-sion, s. f.

prostration.

Prosterné, e, adj. prostrate.

PROSTERNEMENT, pros-tern-men, s. m. prostration.

PROSTERNER, (SE) sê-prôs-têr-nã, v. r. to prostrate one's self, to cast one's self at a person's feet.

Prostitué, E, pros-ti-tu-à, adj. prostituted, exposed, devoted, addicted.

Prostituke, s. f. prostitute, whore, common strumpet.

PROSTITUER, prôs-ti-tů-à, v. a. to prostitute, expose, make prostitute of.

PROSTITUTION, pros-ti-tu-sion, s. f. life of a prostitute, lewdness, prostitution. PROSTRATION, s. f. prostration.

PROTASE, pro-taz, s. f. protasis.

PROTE, prot, s.m. corrector of the press. PROTECTEUR, pro-tek-teur, s. m. protec-

tor, defender, PROTECTION, pro-tek-sion, s. f. protection, defence, patronage. Le bâtiment chassé se retire sous la protection de ce fort, Mar. the chase gets under cover of that fort.

PROTECTRICE. prô-têk-trîs,s.f. protectress. PROTÉE, prô-tâ, s. m. Proteus; also a kind

of reptile, animalcule and plant.

Protegé, E, prô-tà-zà, adj. & s. protected, desended; countenanced, patronised, one

who is protected, etc. PROTEGER, pro-tà-za, v. a.to protect, defend, countenance, patronise. Nous devons protéger le débarquement des troupes, Mar. we

are to cover the landing of the troops.

PROTEST, V. Protêt.

PROTESTANT, pro-tes-ten, tent, adj. & s. protestant.

PROTESTANTISME, pro-tes-ten-tism, s. m.

protestant religion. PROTESTATION, pro-tes-ta-slon, s. f. protestation, declaration; solemn promise or vow.

PROTESTER, pro-tes-ta, v. n. to protest, solemnly to promise, affirm, declare, vow or swear; (une lettre de change) to protest.

PROTÊT, pro-te, s. m. protest.

PROTOCOLE, pro-to-kol, s. m. protocol. PROTONOTAIRE, pro-to-no-ter, s. m. prothonotary.

PROTOTYPE, pro-to-tip, s. m. prototype, model, original.

PROTUBÉRANCE, pro-tu-ba-rens, s. f. protuberance.

PUC

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

*Prou, proo, adv. enough, sufficiently,

much, many.

PROUE, s. f. Mar. prow, beak; also head or fore part of a ship. Voir par proue, to see before one.

*Prouesse, proo-es, s. f. prowess, valiant or mighty act, exploit (in pleasantry.)

PROUVER, proo-va, v. a. to prove, make

good, make out, evince. PROVEDITEUR, pro-vå-di-têur, s. m. prove-ditor (a magistrate of Venice.)

PROVENANT, E, prov-nen, nent, adj. proceeding, issuing out, coming, accruing.
PROVENÇAL, E, adj. & s. of or belonging to

*PROVENDE, s. f. provender, provisions.

PROVENIR, prov-nir, v. n. (like venir) to come, proceed, issue, accrue.

PROVENU, E, prov-nů, nů, adj. come or proceeded.

PROVENU, s. m. profit, produce. Net prove-

nu, neat proceeds.

Proverbe, prô-vêrb, s. m. proverb, say-

ing, common saying.
PROVERBIAL, E, prô-vêr-bîal, adj. proverbial.

PROVERBIALEMENT, pro-ver-bial-men, adv. proverbially, by way of proverb.

PROVIDENCE, pro-vi-dens, s.f. providence. Provigné, e, adj. propagated, laid down or set for increase.

PROVIGNER, pro-vi-gna, (la vigne) v. a. to propagate the vine, lay a vine-stock in the

ground that others may come from it. Provigner, v. n. to breed, increase, multiply. Provin, pro-vin, s. m. layer of a vine; new

vine-sprig. PROVINCE, pro-vins, s. f. province; county, shire; the country. Gens de province, coun-

Terme de province, provincial or try-people. country word. PROVINCIAL, E, prô-vin-slal, adj. provin-

cial, of or belonging to a province; country-like. PROVINCIAL, s. m. a provincial. Provincial, e, s. m. & f. one born and bred in the country, country-man or woman.

Provincialat, pro-vin-sià-là, s. m. provincial's dignity, provincialship.

PROVISEUR, prô-vî-zêur, s. m. provisor or

master of a college. Provision, pro-vi-zion, s.f. provision, stock: grant or patent, nomination, presentation. Provision alimentaire, provision for one's mainte-nance, estover. Provisions de guerre et de bouche, stores, provisions and warlike stores.

Provisionnel, le, prô-vî-zîô-nêl, adj. provisional.

Provisionnellement, pro-vi-zio-nelmen, adv. provisionally, by provision.

Provisoire & Provisoirement, pro-

vi-zwar, pro-vi-zwar-men. V. Provisionnel, Provisionnellement.

PROVOCATION, pro-vo-ka-sion, s. f. provo-

Provoquer, pro-vo-ka, v. n. to provoke,

urge, challenge, stir up, cause.
PROXENETE, s. m. broker (in a bad sense.) PROXIMITÉ, prôk-sî-mî-tā, s. f. proximity, nearness; kindred.

PRUDE, prud. adj. & s. discrect, wise, sober, staid, precise man or woman.

PRUDEMMENT. prå-då-men, adv. prudent ly, wisely, discreetly, advisedly.

PRUDENCE, prů-dėns, s. f. prudence, wisdom, discretion, advisedness

PRUDENT, E, prå-den, dent, adj. prudent wise, discreet, advised.

PRUDERIE, průd-rl, s. f. prudery, precise ness, affected virtue, reserve, shyness.

*PRUD'HOMME, prů-dôm, s. m. (law term)

viewer, skilful person.

*PRUD'HOMMES, s. m. pl. Mar. men chosen from the oldest and most reputable fishermen (in a French sea-port) to have an authority over the rest, and to keep good order among

*Prun'hommie, prů-dô-mi,s. f. probity, honesty, prudent carriage or behaviour.

PRUNE, prun, s. f. plum. Ce ne sont pas là des prunes, those are no trifling things.

PRUNEAU, prů-no, s. m. prune. PRUNELAIE, prun-lè, s. f. field planted

with plum-trees.

PRUNELLE, prů-něl, s. f. sloe, bullace, wild plum; (de l'œil) apple, ball or sight. Jouer de la prunelle, to cast sheep's eyes, leer

PRUNELLIER, prů-nê-lîà, s. m. sloe or bullace-tree.

PRUNIER, prů-nià, s. m. plum-tree. PRURIT, prå-ri, s. f. itch or itching

PRYTANEE, s. m. council-house at Atheus PSALMISTE, psål-mist, s. m. psalmist. PSALMODIE, psål-mo-dl, s. f. psalmody.

PSALMODIER, psål-mo-diå, v. n. to sing psalms.

PSALTÉRION, psål-tå-rlon, s. m. psaltery. PSAUME, s. m. psalm.

PSAUTIER, pso-tia, s. m. psalter.

PSEUDONYME, pseudonymous.

Psora, s.m. itch.

Psorique, adj. having the nature of the itch. Psycologie, psi-kô-lô-zi, s. f. psychology. PTISANE, V. Tisane.

PTYALAGOGUE, adj. & s. m. ptysmagogue.

PTYALISME, s. m. ptyalism. PUAMMENT, på-å-men, adv. stinkingly, in stinking manner. Mentir puamment, to tell

a stinking manner. a great or an impudent or a rousing lie.

PUANT, E, pu-èn, ent, adj. & s. stinking, strong; stinking man or woman. Devenir puent, to begin to stink.

PUANTEUR, pů-èn-têur, s f. stink or steuch, ill or strong smell.

PUBÈRE, pů-bèr, adj. of age for marriage, pubescent.

PUBERTÉ, pů-ber-ta, s. f. puberty.

Public, Que, pû-hlîk, adj. publick or common; publick, publickly known.
Public, s. m. publick. En public, in pub-

lick, publickly.

PUBLICAIN, pů-bli-kin, s. m. publican.

PUBLICATION, på-bli-kå-sion, s. f. publication.

Publiciste, på-blî-sîst, s. m. one who writes or makes lectures on the common law.

Publicité, pů-bli-sî-tå, s. f. (d'un crime) publickness, notoriousness or notoriety

PUBLIER, på-bli-å, v. a. to publish, make publick, make known, divulge, noise abroad. PUBLIQUEMENT, på-blik-mån, adv. pub-lickly, in publick, openly, before all the workl.

PUCE, pas, s. f. a flea. Herte aux puces, flea-bane, flea-wort.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

PUCEAU, på-so, s. m. man that retains his purity.

PUCELAGE, pås-låz, s. m. maiden-head,

virginity.
PUCELLE, pů-sěl, s. f. maid, virgin.

PUCKRON, pås-ron, s. m. vine-fretter.

PUDEUR, på-deur, s. f. pudicity, chastity, modesty, virtue, honesty, bashfulness, shame-

PUDIBOND, E, på-di-bon, bond, adj. bashful. modest.

Pudicité, pů-dî-sî-tå, s. f. pudicity, chastity, modesty, virtue, honesty.
Pudique, på-dik, adj. chaste, modest, ho-

PUDIQUEMENT, på-dik-men, adv. chaste-

ly, modestly, honestly. Puer, på-å, v. n. to stink, to smell strong. This verb has no preterit, and its singular in the present indicative was je pus, tu pus, il put, but is now je pue, tu pues, il pue. It is considered an indelicate word, and Sentir mauvais is used in its stead.
PUÉRIL, E, pů-à-ril, adj. puerile.

Puérilement, på-å-ril-men, adv. child-

ishly, like a child.
PUÉRILITÉ, pů-å-rî-lî-tå, s. f. puerility, ehildish trick.

Pugilat, pů-zî-là, s. m. boxing.

Pugile, s. m. pugil, a pinch (of any thing.)

Puink, E, pui-nà, adj. & s. younger. Puis, pui, adv. then, after that, afterwards. Puisard, půl-zar, s. m. waste well, drain-

ing well.
Puiser, půl-zå, v. a. & n. to draw up. Puiser à la source, to go to the fountain head, consult the original authors.

Pulsné, V. Puíné. Pulsque, půlsk, conj. seeing, since, seeing

that, since that.

Puissamment, pul-sa-men, adv. with main force, powerfully, mightily, extremely, very much.

Puissance, pul-sens, s. f. power, authority, might, dominion, empire, sway, state or sovereign state, virtue, faculty, natural quality. Puissance du gluire, power of life and death. Puissance des clefs, power to remit sins.
Puissant, E, pui-sen, sent, adj. power-

ful, mighty, puissant, potent; strong, stout, lusty, enforcing, forcible, efficacious. Puits, pui, s. m. well. Mar. pit.

PULLULER, půl-lů-lå, v. n. to pullulate, increase, multiply,

PULMONAIRE, půl-mô-ner, adj. pulmonary. PULMONAIRE, s. f. lung wort, lady's wild

wort.

PULMONIE, půl-mô-nl, s. f. consumption. PULMONIQUE, půl-mô-ník, adj. & s. consumptive, consumptive person. Pulsation, pulsa-sion, s. f. pulsation or

beating of the pulse.

PULVERISATION, s. f. pulverization.

Pulvériser, půl-vå-rî-zå, v.a. to pulverize, reduce to or beat into powder.

Pumicin, s. m. palm-oil. Punais, E, pů-nè, nèz, adj. & s. that has a stinking nose.

Punaise, s. f. bed-bug. Punique, adj. punick, false. PUNIR, ph-nir, v. a. to punish, bring to punishment, indict a punishment. Punissable, pů-ni-sabl, adj. punishable.

PUNISSABLE, purissand, act; punishment.
PUNITION, purisson, s. f. punishment.
PUPILLAIRE, purisson, s. f. punishment.
PUPILLAIRE, purisson, s. f. punisson, s. punisson, s. punisson, s. punisson, s. punisson, s. punisson, s. f. punisson, s. f. punisson, s. f. eyeball, s. f. eyeball

or apple of the eye.

PUPITRE, pû-pîtr, s. m. desk.
PUR, E, pûr, pur, adj. pure, unmixed,
without mixture, clear, downright, entire, whole, honest, innocent, upright, clean, neat, fair, unspotted. En pure perte, in vain, to no purposes. A pur et à plein, to all intents and purposes, entirely.

PURÉE, pů-rå, s. f. pease-soup or peasc-

porridge.

PUREMENT, pår-men, adv. uprightly, honestly, innocently; purely, neatly, exactly; wholly, fully, entirely; merely, clearly.

PURETÉ, pur-ta, s. f. pureness, clearness, uprightness, neatness, exactness, purity, integrity, honesty, innocence; chastity, modes-

ty. Purgati-f, ve, pår-gå-tif, tlv, adj. pur-

gative, purging.

PURGATIF, s. m. purge, purging medicine. PURGATION, pur-ga-sion, s. f. purge, purg-

ing medicine.
PURGATOIRE,pur-ga-twar,s.m. purgatory. PURGER, pûr-sâ, v. a. to purge, clear, cleanse, refine. Se purger, v. r. to take a purge, take physick; clear one's self from the imputation of. Purger la côte, to scour the

coast. PURIFICATION, pů-rî-fî-kà-slon, s. f. puri-

fication. PURIFICATOIRE, pů-rî-fî-ka-twar, s. m.

purificatory. PURIFIER, på-ri-fi-à, v. a. to purify, rifyone's sell, be purified or cleansed or cleared.

Purim, s. in. (Jewish festival) purim.

Purim, p. parism, s. in. the being over nice

in point of language.
PURISTE, purist, s. m. purist.

PURITAIN, puritan, presbyterian.

PURITANISME, s. m. puritanism, the notions of a puritan.

PURPURIN, E, půr-pů-rin, rîn, adj. pur-

PURULENCE, s. f. purulency.

PURULENT, E, på rå-len, lent, adj.purulent.

Pus, pů, s. m. matter, corruption. Pusililanime, pů-zîl-lâ-nîm, adj. pusillanimous, faint-hearted, cowardly

Pusillanimité, pů-zîl-là-nî-mî-tà, s. f. pusillanimity, faint-heartedness, cowardice.

PUSTULE, pås-tål, s. f. blister, wheal, pimple.

PUTAIN, s. f. whore, wench, harlot, prostitute, strumpet, doxy.

PUTANISME, s. m. whoring, wenching, whoredom.

PUTASSERIE, s. f. whoredom.

PUTASSIER, s. in. whoremaster, wencher, fornicator.

PUTATI-F, VE, på-tå-tif, tiv, adj. reputed, supposed. Ext. Un père putatif, a reputed or supposed father. Putois, pa-twa, s. m. pole cat.

PUTRÉFACTION, pů-tra-fak-sion, s. f. pu trefaction, rottenness, corruption.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

PUTRÉFAIT, E, pů-trå-fê, fêt, adj. putrefied, rotten, corrupt, stinking.

PUTRÉFIER, pů-trå-ffå, v. n. to putrefy, rot, corrupt. Se putréfier, v. r. to putrefy, corrupt, rot, grow rotten.

PUTRIDE, pu-trid, adj. putrid.

Pygmée, pig-må, s. m. pigmy, dwarf.

PYLORE, pl-lor, s. m. pylorus

PYRAMIDAL, E, pl-ra-mi-dal, adj. pyra-midal, pyramidical.

Pyramide, pi-ra-mid, s. f. pyramid, heap,

funeral pile.

Pyrénées, (LES) s. f. pl. or les monts Pyrénées, s. m. pl. the Pyrenees, the Pyrenean hills.

Pyrite, pl-rit, s. f. pyrites.

PYROBOLISTE, s. m. fire worker.

Pyromancie, pi-rô-man-si,s. f. pyromancy. Pyrophore, s. m. pyrophorus

Pyrotechnie, pî-rô-têk-ni, s. f. pyro-

Pyrotechnique, pî-rô-têk-nîk, adj. pyrotechnical.

Pyrotique, adj. & s. m. pirotick, caus-

PYRRHIQUE, s. f. sort of military dance. Pyrrhonien, ne, pi-rô-niên, niên, adj.

& s. pyrrhonian, sceptick. PYRRHONISME, pi-ro-nism, s. m. pyrrhon-

ism, scepticism.

PYTHON, pi-ton, s. m. Python, familiar and prophesying spirit or one possessed there-

Pythonisse, pî-tô-nîs, s. f. pythoness, sorceress, witch, prophetess.

Q, ku, s. m. 17th letter of the French alphabet.

QUADERNES, s. m. two fours.

QUADRAGÉNAIRE, kwa-dra-za-ner, adj. forty years old.

QUADRAGÉSIMAL, E, kwå-drå-zå-zl-mål, adj. quadragesimal, of or belonging to Lent.
QUADRAGÉSIME, kwå-drå-zå-zim, s. f.

QUADRAGÉSIME, kwå-drå-zå-zim, quadragesima, the first Sunday in Lent. QUADRAIN, V. Quatrain.

QUADRANGLE, kwå-drengl, s. m. quad-

Quadrangulaire, kwā-drėn-gu-lėr, adj.

quadrangular. QUADRAT, kå-drå, s. m. (in printing)

quadrat; (in astrology) quartile.

QUADRATURE, kwå-drå-tur, s. f. quadra-

QUADRIFOLIUM, s. m. sort of four-leaved grass.

QUADRIGE, s. m. two wheeled car drawn

by four horses, a sort of bandage.
QUADRILATÈRE, kwå-dri-lå-tèr, s. m.

quadrilateral figure.

QUADRILLE, kå-drll, s. m. troop of horse for a carousal or tournament; four-handed game at cards.

QUADRUPÈDE. kwå-drå-ped, s. m. quadruped or four-footed beast.

QUADRUPLE, kwå-drupl, s. m. quadruple, four-fold, double Spanish pistole.

QUADRUPLER, kwa-dru-pla, v. a. & n. to quadruplicate, be increased four fold.

QUAI, sê, s. m. quay, key, wharf. QUAICHE, kêsh, s. f. Mar. ketch.

QUAKER or QUACRE, kwåkr, s. m. quaker. Quaqueresse, kwå-kres, s. f. quaker-woman, QUAKERISME, kwå-kå-rism, s.m. quakerism, the sect and doctrine of the quakers.

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QUALIFICATEUR, kå-lî-fî-kå-teur, s. m. qualificator; an officer of the Inquisition.

QUALIFICATION, kå-li-fi-kå-sion, name, character.

QUALIFIER, kå-ll-si-å, v. a. to qualify, call, give the character of, describe; give a title, entitle. Se qualifier gentilhomne, to call or entitle one's self a gentleman, take upon

one's self or assume the quality of gentleman. QUALITÉ, kå-lî-tå, s. f. quality, condition,

property, nature, title, noble birth. Quanu, kan, adv. when. Quan Quand or quand même, though, although. Jusques à quand? how long? Quand et quand, at the same time with, together with.

Quanquan, kan-kan, s. m. Ex. Faire un grand quanquan pour peu de chose, to make a great noise about a triffc.

QUANT à, kan-ta, prep. as to, as for, con-

cerning, touching.

*QUANTES, kant, adj. f. pl. Ex. Toutes fois et quantes que vous voudrez, whenever and as often as you please.

QUANTIÈME, kan-tièm, adj. & s. m. what or which day, what or which place.
QUANTITE, kan-ti-ta, s.f. quantity, bigness,

extent; a great quantity, abundance, a world.
QUARANTAINE, ka-rèn-tên, s. f. forty.
Une quarantaine de, forty or about forty.

Quarantaine, Mar. quarantine. Faire quarantaine, to perform quarantine. Prendre quarantaine, to commence quarantine. Mettre un bâtiment en quarantaine, to put a vessel under quarantine.

QUARANTE, kå-rent, adj. forty.

QUARANTENIER, s. m. Mar. rattling, stuff for rattling.

QUARANTIE, s. f. (court of judicature at Venice) quaranty.

QUARANTIÈME, kå-rèn-tlèm, adj. fortieth. QUARRÉ, etc. V. Carré, etc. QUART, kår, s. m. quarter or fourth part. Le tiers et le quart, every body. Quart de rond, moulding. Quart de rang, quarter rank. Quart de cercle, quadrant. Quart de vent or quart de rumb, quarter wind or point of the compass. Quart, Mar. watch; also point (of the compass.) Faire bon quart, to keep a good watch, look well out. Bon quart, all's well. Fais bon quart de l'avant, look well out ahead there. Nous avons gagné de trois quarts, we have come up three points.

QUART, E, adj. fourth. Le quart demier, the fourth penny. La fièrre quarte, a quartan ague. QUARTAINE, adj. Ex. * Vos fièvres quar-

taines, pox take you.

QUARTANIER, s.m. wild boar four years old QUARTATION, s. f. quartation, a chymical

operation (4 of gold with 3 of silver.)

QUARTAUT, kar-to, s. m. fourth part of a hogshead.

QUARTE, kart, s. f. quart; (in musick) fourth; (at piquet) quart or fourth. V. Quart,

QUARTENTIR, V. Quartinier. QUARTERON, kart-ron, s. m. quarter of a pound or of a hundred.

QUARTERON, NE, s. m. & f. name given to the offspring of a mulatto and a white.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

QUARTIER, kar-tfa, s. m. quarter, fourth part; (de soulier) quarter piece; (d'une ville, etc.) part; ward, neighbourhood, quarter; quarter's rent ; quarterage ; quarter-allowance, quarter-salary or wages; descent; Faire quartier, to spare, give quarters. Quartier d'assemblée, rendezvous. quarter. Quartiers (d'une province, etc.) parts, country, coast, etc. Par quartier, by the quarter, quarterly. A quartier, out of the way, aside. Faire or donner quartier, to spare, give quar-Demander quartier, to beg quarter.

Quartier-maître, quarter-master.
Quartier, Mar. Ex. quartier anglois, quadrant.
Quartier sphérique, spherical quadrant.
Quartier de réduction, sinical quadrant. rant (used by the French pilots in working

their day's work.)
QUARTILE, adj. quartile.

QUARTINIER, kår-ti-niå, s. m. alderman of a ward.

QUARTO, (1K) in-kwar-to, s. m. a quarto, a book in quarto (having four leaves to a sheet.)
QUASI, ka-zi, adv. almost, in a manner, even; s. m. piece of a fillet of veal.

QUASIMODO, s. f. Low Sunday.

QUATERNAIRE, adj. quaternary. *QUATORZAINE, s. f. space of fourteen

QUATORZE, kå-torz, adj. fourteen; (in

dates and surnames) fourteenth. QUATORZE, s. m. quatorze or fourteen

(at piquet.)
QUATORZIÈME, kå-tor-zièm, adj. & s.

fourteenth; a fourteenth.

QUATRAIN, kå-trin, s. m. quatrain; also farthing.

QUATRE, katr, adj. four. Il se met en quatre pour ses amis, he will do any thing to serve his friends. Henri Quatre, Henry

Fourth. QUATRE, s. m. four; (aux dés) cater. Le quatre du mois, fourth of the month.

QUATRE-VINGT, or QUATRE-VINGTS, adj. fourscore, eighty.

QUATRE-VINGTIÈME, adj. cightieth.

QUATRIÈME, kå-tri-èm, adj. fourth. QUATRIÈME, s. m. fourth or fourth part. Il loge du quatrième, in the fourth story.

Quatrième, s. f. (au piquet) fourth. QUATRIÈMEMENT, ka-tri-èm-mên, adv. fourthly, in the fourth place.
QUATRIENNAL, F, ka-tri-èn-nal, adj. eve-

ry fourth year, quadrennial. QUAYAGE, kê-yaz, s. m. wharfage.

Que, ke, (accusative singular & plural of Qui) that, which, whom; what; (used as a conjunction) that; (for jusques à ce que) till; (after aussi, autant, si, tant) as; (after plus, accusation) moins, moindre, mieux, meilleur, pis, pire) than; (after le plus, le moins, le moindre, etc.) that; (preceded by ne) but, only; nothing but; (followed by ne, it has the sense of the following adverbs, viz.) but; (lorsque) when; (afin que) that, in order that, to the end that; (depuis que) since ; (comme) as ; (si) if ; (pour-(depus que) since; (comme) as; (s) ii; (pourquoi) why; (de peur que, de crainte que) lest, for fear; (marking the third persons of the imperative) let; how; (followed by si) de) how much, how many; (followed by si) but if, now if; (after a num or adverb of place or time) where; wher; (after tant) both. Que, of whom, of wh h, from whom, from which to

whom, to which, etc. The que, whether accusative, or conjunction, is often suppressed in English; Ex. La personne que vous con-noissez, the person you know. Je crois qu'il viendra, I think he will come. In exclamations que may supply the place of a tense of the verb être. Ex. Le grand homme que ce général! what a great man that general is! C'est un trésor qu'un ami, a friend is a trea-Ce seront toujours des tourmens que les d'sirs, desires will ever be torments. Qu'estce que cela (qu'est-ce que c'est que cela?) what is that? Qu'est-ce que nous (qu'est-ce que c'est que nous?) what are we? C'est une grande folie que de se croire infaillible, to believe one's self infallible is a great folly.

QUEL, QUELLE, pl. QUELS, QUELLES, kêl, Quel que soit, quels que soient, etc. whatever or whatsoever be or may be.
QUELCONQUE, kêl-konk, adj. whatever,

whatsoever, any; none, none at all.
QUELLEMENT, kêl-mên, V. Tellement.
QUELQUE, kêlk, adj. some, any; (followed by qui or que & the subjunctive) etc. whatevci, whatsoever, any, any whatever; a little. Quelque peu, a little. Quelque purt, somewhere. Quelque autre, some other and substantirely somebody else, something else, etc. Quelque chose, something, any thing. Quelqu'un, quelqu'une, (pl. Quelques-uns, quelques-unes) some, any. Quelquefois, sometimes, unes) some, any. Quelquefois, sometimes, now and then. En quelque lieu qu'il soit, wherever he is or may be. En quelque temps que ce soit, at any time.

QUELQUE, adv. about; (with que & the subjunctive) however, howsoever, etc. V. Observation on Aroir beau at the word Beau.

Quémander, v. n. to beg secretly (particularly said of those who go and beg in private houses.)

QUÉMANDEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. he or she who begs in private houses.

QUENOTTE, ke-not, s. f. tooth (in nursery)

language.)

QUENOUILLE, ke-nool, s. f. distafi; (de lit) bed post. Le royaume de France ne tombé point en quenouille, the kingdom of France never falls to a woman.

QUENOUILLÉE, s. f. distaff-full.

QUENOUILLETTE de trelingage, s. f. Mar. futtock staff, foot-hook staff.

QUERATS, s. m.pl. Mar. shares into which the property of a ship is divided between the owners, masters, etc. (in the Mediterranean.)

QUERELLE, ke-rel, s. f. quarrel, difference, dispute, debate, strife, variance, wrangling, falling out.

QUERELLER, kê-rê-lâ, v. a. to pick a quarrel with, quarrel with one, scold at.

QUERELLEU-R, SE, kê-rê-lêur, leuz, s. m.

& f. quarrelsome man or woman. Quérimonie, s. f. complaint to an ecclesiastical court

Quérir, kå-rir, v. a. (is only used in the infinitive with the verbs aller, envoyer, & venir, and signifies chercher) to fetch. Aller

quérir, to fetch, go for.

QUESTEUR Auestier, s. m. questor (among the ancient Romans;) burser or purser (in a

university.) QUESTION, kes-tion, s. f. question, interrogation, demand; proposition, query; matter, buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

business, question; rack, torture.) Plus d'un an avant qu'il fut question de lui, above a year before he was talked of.

QUESTIONNAIRE, kes-tio-ner, s. m. tor-

mentor. QUESTIONNER, kes-tio-na, v. a. to ques-

tion, interrogate, examine, ask questions of.
QUESTIONNEU-R, SE, kes-tio-neur, neuz, s. m. & f. questioner, examiner, one that is full of questions.

QUESTURE, kůčs-tůr, s. f. questor-ship.

QUÊTE, ket, s. f. quest, search; (pour les pauvres) gathering, collection. Quête, Mar. rake. Vaisseun qui a beaucoup de quête, ship that has a great rake in the stern. Ce bàtithat has a great roke in the stern. Ce neument a beaucoup de quête, that vessel's stern rakes a great deal. Quête de l'étambord, rake of the stern post. Quête de lu poupe, rake of the stern or length of the rake abaft.

QUÊTER, kê-ta, v. a. & n. to quest, go in

quest of, hunt, to beg, go a begging (as mendicant friars do,) make a gathering or collec-

Quêteu-R, se, ke-teur, teuz, s. m. & f. one that makes a gathering or that goes beg-

ging; also mendicant friar.

Queue, kèu, s. f. tail; (d'un paon) train; (d'une robe) train; (de mouton) loin; (de poèle) handle; (des lettres de chancellerie) la-bel; (de moulin) handle; (d'une armée) rear; (de quelque chose) end, latter end ; (d'un prince, etc.) train, retinue; (d'une affaire) tail, consequence; (an billard) cue; (d'un animal) cue, tail; (à aiguiser) hone, whot-stone; (futaille) vessel holding a French hogshead and a half. Queue à faux, rubber. Queue à queue, one after another, one by one, on the neck of another. Queue, Mar. Ex. Queue d'un grain, tail of a squall. Queue d'une armée neuele, rear of a fleet of ships of war. Queue de rat, point, pointing. Manœuvre en queue de rat, pointed rope. Mettre un câble ou une manœuvre en queue de rat, to point a cable or a rope. Etre en queue d'une rude, to lie in the inner-most part of a road-stead. Flumme blanche à queue ronge, white pendant with a red fly. Queue d'aronde or d'hironde. V. Aronde. Vaisseau de queue d'une escudre, sternmost ship of a fleet or squadron.

QUEUSSI-QUEUMI, adv. quite the same.

*QUEUX, keu, s. m. Ex. Muitre queux, the

king's master cook.

Qui, ki, relative pronoun, m. & f. who, which, that; (when an accusative case or governed by a preposition) whom; which; he who, he that, whoever, whosever, him who or whom, etc. A qui (with a tense of être) whose. De qui, whose or of whom. V. Doru, Qui que ce soit, qui que ce puisse être, whoever he may be. Qui que ce soit (used negatively) nobody, nobody whatever. Qui que ce soit qui (in the nominative) qui que ce soit que or qui que (in the other cases,) whoever, whosoever, whomever, whomsoever, any one who or whom, all those who or whom, etc. Un je ne sais qui, one I do not know whom, a mean low bred fellow. C'est à qui le fera, each tries who shall do it. Qui-va-là? who's there? who goes there? Aroir réponse à tout hormis à qui-ra-là, to be unable to answer a

Quia, kůl-à. Ex. A quia, at a stand, to a stand, at a nonplus, to a nonplus.

QUICONQUE, ki-konk, pron. m. & f. whoever, whosoever, any one who.

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QUIDAM, s. m. Quidane, ki-dan, dan, s. f a certain man or woman, a certain person.

kQviet, e, adj. quiet, at rest. Qvietisme, kûl-å-dsm, s. m. quietism. Qvietiste, kûl-å-dst, s. m. quietist.

QUIÉTUDE, kůl-à-tůa, s. f. quietness, quiet repose, rest.

Quignon, ki-gnon, s. m. great lunch o. piece of bread.

QUILLAGE, s. m. Mar. ship toll. QUILLE, kil, s. f. nine-pin or kayle. Jeu de quilles, nine-pins, kayles; skittle-ground. V. Rabat. Quille, Mar. keel. Nous arons ici de l'ean sous luquille, there is no fear of our

touching the ground here.

QUILLER, ki-la, v. n. to throw at the bowl with pins to know who and who are toge-

ther.

QUILLETTE, s. f. planting of slips of osier. QUILLIER, ki-sià, s. m. square or place for nine-pins.

QUILLON, ki-lon, s. m. cross bar of the hilt

of a sword.

Quina, V. Quinquina.

QUINAIRE, s. m. quinary, consisting of

*Quinaud, E, adj. that looks silly, abash-

ed, ashamed, out of countenance. Quincaille, Quincaillerie, Quin-caillier, kin-kal, kin-kal-ri, kin-ka-lia, V. Clincaille, etc.

QUINCONCE, kin-kons, s. m. quincunx.

QUINCONNEAU, s. m. Mar. toggel.

QUINDÉCAGONE, kin-då-kå-gon, s. quindecagon.

Quine, kin, s. m. pl. two cinques or two fives at dice.

Quinola, ki-no-la, s. m. knave of hearts at the game called Reversis, the same as Pam is at Loo. Quinquagénaire, kůin-kwå-2å-ner, adj.

fifty years old.

Quinquagésime, kůin-kwå-2å-zîm, quinquagesima Sunday. QUINQUENNAL, E, kůin-kůen-nal, adj.

quinquennial.

QUINQUENNIUM, s. m. five years' course of study (two in philosophy, and three in theology.)

QUINQUENOVE, s. f. quinquenove (a kind of game with two dice.)

QUINQUILLE, s. m. sort of ombre at five.

Quinquina, kin-ki-na, s. m. jesuit's powder or bark.

QUINT, kint, adj. fifth. Ex. Charles-Quint, Charles the fifth. Le quint denier or le quint. the fifth penny.

QUINTAINE, s. f. quintin.

QUINTAL, kin-tal, s. m. quintal or hundred

weight; stone pitcher.

QUINTE, kint, s. f. quint (at piquet;) fifth (in musick;) humour, fancy, pet, whim, crotchet, freak, caprice; great cough.
QUINTEFEUILLE, s. f. cinquefoil or five-

leaved grass.

QUINTELAGE, s. m. Mar. ballast.

QUINTESSENCE, kin-tê-sens, s. f. quintessence, substance.

QUINTESSENCIER, kin-tê-sên-slà, v. n. to refine, be nice or critical.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

QUINTEU-X, SE, kin-tèu, tèuz, adj. hu- || the nominative,) quoi que ce soit que or quoi moursome, fanciful, whimsical, pettish, mag || que (in the other cases with the subjunctive) goty, freakish.

QUINTIL, adj. quintile.

QUINTIN, s. m. kentin or kentin-cloth (so called from Quintin in France.)

QUINTUPLE, kuin-tupl, adj. & s. m. quin-

tuple. QUINTUPLER, v. a. to repeat five times. Quinzain, kin-zin, s. m. (au jeu de paume)

fifteen all round.

QUINZAINE, kin-zen, s. f. fifteen, about fif-

teen; (quinze jours) fortnight. QUINZE, kinz, adj. fifteen. Quinze jours. fifteen days, a fortnight; (after names and dates) fifteenth.

QUINZIÈME, kin-zièm, adj. fifteenth.

"QUINZIÈME, s. m. a fifteenth or fifteenth

QUIPROQUO, ki-pro-ko, s. m. blunder, mis-

take, wrong medicine.

Quis, s. m. a sort of marcasite.

QUITTANCE, ki-tens, s. f. acquittance or receipt.

QUITTANCER, kî-tèn-sã, v. a. to write a

receipt.

QUITTE, kît, adj. quit, clear; free, rid. Je vous tiens quitte pour dix écus, I excuse or acquit you for ten crowns. Nous sommes quittes or à quitte or quitte à quitte, we are quit. être quitte pour, to be excused in considera-tion of, to come off or get clear with no other (without suffering any other) punishment or harm or loss than. En être quitte à bon marché, to come off easily.

QUITTEMENT, kit-men, adv. (in law)

clear.

QUITTER, kî-ta, v. a. to quit; leave, forsake, go from or part with; to pull or cast off; to leave off, quit, give over, leave, lay down; to break one's self of; to quit, yield. part with or give up; to let go; to give over, desist from; to forgive, excuse. Quitter, L'ancre a quitté, the anchor is a-trip. Quitter le commandement d'un vaisseau, to give up the command of a ship. Notre matelot d'arrière quitta son poste dans le combat, our second a-stern left her station in the action.

QUITUS, s. m. receipt in full, full discharge.

QUI-VA-LA, who's there? QUI-VIVE, Etre sur le qui-rive, to be very attentive to what is doing, or to be uneasy and fearful.

QUOAILLER, v. n. to shake one's tail (said

of a horse.)

Quoi, kwa, pron. that, which, what. je ne sais quoi, a something I know not what. A quoi bon, why, of what service is or are. A quoi, how. Quoi! what! how! He quoi! how! what! De quoi, of what, about what, etc. wherewith, enough, sufficiently, plenty, matter enough; reasons enough; reason, cause; wealth, riches, money. Avoir de quoi, to have it in one's power, to be able, can; also to have enough or a sufficiency, etc. Voilà bien de enough or a sufficiency, etc. quoi se fácher, those are great reasons for making one angry. Iln'y a pas de quoi, there is no occasion for it or for this, I don't see why such a trifle should, etc. Quoi que ce soit, quoi que ce puisse être, whatever it may Quoi que ce soit, (negatively) nothing, nothing whatever. Quoi que ce soit qui (in

whatever, whatsoever, any thing which, all those things which.

QUOIQUE, kwak, conj. (with the subjune

tive) though, although.
QUOLIBET, kô-lî-bê, s. m. jest, quirk, joke

QUOLIBÉTIQUE, adj. abounding or over loaded with puns.

QUOLIBÉTISTE, s. m. punster. QUOTE, kôt, adj. f. Ex. Quote part, quota. QUOTER, kô-tà. V. Coter.

QUOTIDIEN, NE, kô-tỉ-diễn, diễn, adj. daily,

quotidian.

QUOTIENT, kô-siên, s. m. quotient. QUOTITÉ, kô-tî-tã, s. f. (le pro rata de cha-

cun) quota.

R.

R, er, re, s. f. 18th letter of the French alphabet.

RABACHAGE, rå-bå-shåz, s. m. tiresome repetition of what has been said already by way of reproach.

RABACHER, rå-ba-shå, v. n. to tease or fa-

tigue one with tiresome repetitions. RABACHEU-R, SE, rå-bå-sheur, sheuz, s. m. & f. he or she who teases with tiresome

repetitions. RABAIS, rà-bè, s. m. abatement, lessening,

RABAISSEMENT, rå-bes-men, s. m. pulling down, humbling, humiliation, fall, lessen-

RABAISSER, rå-bê-så, v. a. to bring down, abate; to pull or bring down, check, humble. Se rabaisser, v. r. to debase or humble one's self.

Rabaisser, v. n. de prix, to fall in price or value.

RABAN, s. m. Mar. gasket, earring, knittle, Rabans de ferlage, gaskets, furling-lines. Rabans de tétière, rope-bands. Rabans de pointure, earrings. Passe le raban aux barres du cabestan, swift the capstan bars.

RABANER une voile, Mar. to fit a sail with rope-bands, earrings and points, ready for

bending it to its yard.

RABAT, rh-bå, s. m. (pour le cou) band; u jeu de quilles) tipping. J'ai fait cinq quilles de venue et six de rabat, I have carried five pins and tipped six.

RABAT-JOIE, ra-ba-zwa, s. m. a trouble-some guest, one that spoils the sport of the company; any thing that checks our joy, dis-

comfort, disappointment, balk.

RABATTRE, rå-båtr, v. a. (like battre) to bate, abate, beat down, break, ward off, parry, put by, pull or bring down, press down, lay, rebate, quell, check; beat down again, demolish; (au jeu de quilles) to tip. Rabattre, v. n. to turn, bend one's march or steps. Rabattre de, to yield, give up. Se rabattre, v. r. to fall down or upon, light, descend, come

RABATTU, E, adj. bated, abated, etc. V Rabattre.

RAPATTUES, s. f. pl. Mar. hances or falls of the rails (from the stern to the gangways; also from the forecastle to the gangways.)

RABBIN, ra-bin, s. m. rabbin, rabbi.

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

RABBINAGE, ra-bl-naz, s. in. study of the Jewish rabbis.

RABBINIQUE, adj. rabbinical.

RABBINISME, rå-bi-nism, s. m. rabbinism, the rabbis' opinion or doctrine.

RABBINISTE, rå-bî-nîst, s. m. rabbinist.

RABDOMANCE, s. f. rhabdomancy. RABÊTIR, rå-be-tir, v. n. to grow dull or stupid, be stupified or besotted, v. a. to dull, stupify, besot, make dull or stupid.

RABLE, rabl, s. in. back or loins of a hare

or rabbit; rake for an oven.

RABLU, E, rà-blu, blu, adj. that has a good

back, strong-backed, vigorous. RABLURE, s. f. Mar. rabbet or rabbit.

*RABOBELINER, v. a. to botch, patch up, piece again.

RABONNIR, rå-bô-nîr, v. a. to meliorate, improve.

Rabot, rå-bô, s. m. joiner's plane, plas-

terer's beater.

Raboter, rå-bð-tå, v. a. to plane, make smooth with a plane; polish; (le mortier) to

RABOTEU-X, SE, rå-bô-têu, têuz, ac rough, rugged, uneven, coarse, unpolished.

RABOUGRIR, rå-boo-grir, v. a. to stunt. Se rabougrir, v. r. to grow stunted, grow crooked and low.

RABOUILLÈRE, rà-bôo-lèr, s. f. rabbit's

RABOUTIR, rå-boo-tir, v. a. to piece, patch. RABROUER, rå-brôo-å, v. a. to snub, give a sharp or crabbed answer.

RABROUEU-R, SE, adj. or s. snappish man or woman.

RACAGE, s. m. Mar. parrel. RACAILLE, rå-kal, s. f. the riff raff, rabble, mob, rascality; sad paltry stuff, trash.
RACAMBEAU, s. m. Mar. traveller, iron

Racambeau du grand foc, jib tratraveller. veller, jib iron.

RACCOISER, râ-kwâ-så, v. a. to quiet, calm. RACCOMMODAGE, rå-kô-mô-dåz, s. m. mending, piecing, patching, botching. Raccommodement, rå-kð-môd-mên, s. m.

reconcilement, reconciliation.

RACCOMMODER, rå-kô-mô-dà, v. a. to mend, piece, patch, botch, repair; set right, adjust, correct, amend, make up, make amends for, make friends again, reconcile. Seraccommoder, v. r. to be friends again, be reconciled.

RACCOMMODEU-R, SE, rå-kô-mô-dêur, deuz, s. m. & f. mender, patcher, botcher. RACCORDEMENT, s. m. (in architecture)

levelling.

RACCORDER, ra-kor-da, v. n. (in architecture) to make a levelling (of old work to new.)
RACCOURCI, E. rå-koor-si, si, adj. short-

ened, made shorter, abridged. RACCOURCI, s. m. abridgment; (in paint-

ing) fore-shortening. Peindreen raccourci, to

fore-shorten. RACCOURCIR, rå-koor-sir, v. a. to shorten, make or cut shorter, abridge; (in painting) to

fore-shorten. RACCOURCISSEMENT, rå-koor-sis-men, s. m. shortening, abridging; (in painting) fore-

RACCOUTREMENT, s. m. mending. *RACCOUTRER, rå-koo-trå, v. a. to mend. RACCOUTUMER, (SE) se-ra-kôo-tů-ma. v.

r so use one's self again, to resume a habit.

RACCROC, s. m. Coup de raccroc, lucky chance which repairs a misfortune.

RACCROCHER, rå-krô-shå, v. a. to hook again; catch or get again, recover; also, to act the bawd or procuress. Se raccrocher, to get reconciled, be friends again.

RACCROCHEUSE, s. f. bawd, procuress.

RACE, ras, s. f. race, family, stock, generation, sort, kind, breed. La race future, les ruces futures, future or after-times, posterity.

RACHALANDER, rå-shå-len-då, v. a. to get back or retrieve custom or customers.

RACHAT, rå-shå, s. m. redemption, re-deeming, recovery, deliverance.

RACHE, s. f. sediment of tar; scurf on the head.

RACHETABLE, rash-tabl, adj. redcemable. RACHETER, råsh-tå, v. a. to redeem, buy again, buy off, recover.

RACHEU-X, SE, adj. that has a scald head RACHITIQUE, ra-shi-tik, adj. rickety.

RACHITIS, rå-shî-ti, s. m. rickets

RACHITISME, s. m. the disease of the rick ets (in grain.)

RACINE. ra-sin, s. f. root; principle, be ginning, radical or primitive word.

RACINER, v. n. to spring up, dye with roots.

RACLE, s. f. Mar. scraper.

RACLER, rå-klå, v. a. to scrape; to strike (corn,) level.

RACLEUR, rå-kleur, s. m. (de violon) scurvy_player.

RACLOIR, rå-klwar, s.m. scraper or grater; (de jardinier) rake.

RACLOIRE, s. f. strickle.

RACLURE, rå-klur, s. f. scrapings.

RACOLAGE, rå-kô-låz, s. m. the enticing men to list themselves.

RACOLER, rå-kô-lå, v. a. to entice men to list themselves.

RACOLEUR, rå-kð-leur, s. m. one who entices men to list themselves.

RACONTER, rå-kon-tå, v. a. to tell or relate,

give an account of. RACONTEU-R, SE, rå-kon-teur, teuz, s. m.:

& f. relater, teller.

RACORNIR, rå-kor-nir, v. a. to make hard or tough as horn. Se racornir, to grow tough and hard, shrivel (in the fire as leather does.)

RACORNISSEMENT, s. m. the shrivelling, the growing hard and tough.

RACQUITTER, ra-kl-ta, v. a. to win back, bring or get home again, indemnify, make up for, make amends for. Se racquitter, v. r. to win one's money back again, get home, be

brought home, retrieve or recover a loss.

RADE, rad, s. f. Mar. road, road-stead Grande rade, great road, outer road. Petite rade, little road. Mettre en rade, to go out of the harbour, into a neighbouring road-Etre en rade, to be in a road-stead stead. (near the harbour that a ship has recently left.)

RADEAU, ra-do, s. m. float of timber, raft. Mar. Radeau de bois de construction, rast of timber for ship-building. Radeau de carène, floating-stage

RADER, rå-då, v. a. Mar. to bring a ship into a road, anchor in a road. Rader. v. a. to level the top in measuring salt.

RADEUR, s. m. salt-meter. RADOIRE, s. f. strickle for salt 426

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

RADIATION, rå-diå-sion, s. f. cross, crossing or striking out; radiation.

RADICAL, E, rå-di-kål, adj. radical. RADICALEMENT, rå-dî-kål-mên, adv. ra-

dically, originally.

RADICULE, rå-dl-kål, s. f. radicule. RADIÉ, E, rå-dî-å, adj. radiated. RADIER, s. m. Mar. apron in a dock.

RADIEU-X, SE, rå-dl-èu, èuz, adj. radiant, shining, glittering, beaming.

Radis, rå-di, s. m. kind of radish. RADIUS, s. m. radius (a bone of the arm.) RADOTAGE.ra-20-taz, s. m. dotage, raving. RADOTER, rå-dô-tå, v. n. to dote, rave, talk idle.

RADOTERIE, rå-dot-rl, s. f. dotage, extra-

agance.

RADOTEU-R, SE, rå-då-teur, teuz, s. m. &

f dotard, doting man or woman.

RADOUB, s. m. Mar. repair; partial re-Notre bâtiment est en radoub, our ship is repairing.

RADOUEER, rå-doo-bå, v. a. Mar. to re-

pair. Se radouber, to be repairing.
RADOUBEUR, s. m. Mar. one employed in

repairing ships.

RADOUCIR, rå-doo-sir, v. a. to sweeten, soften, make milder, appease, allay; mitigate, pacify. Se radoucir, v. r. to grow mild, be appeased, relent, grow gentle, be sweet; to be amorous.

RADOUCISSEMENT, râ-dôo-sis-mên, s. m.

softening, allaying, mitigation, diminution, (of heat or cold.)

RAFALE, s. f. Mar. squall, squall of wind. Forte rafale, hard squall. Le vent est par rafules, it blows hard in the squalls.

RAFFAISSER, (SE) se-ra-fe-sa, v. r. to sink

again.

RAFFE, V. Rafle.

RAFFERMIR, rå-fer-mir, v. a. to strengthen, fasten, make more fast or firm, fortify, harden, make hard, stiffen, establish, confirm, settle, secure, corroborate, keep up. Se raffermir, to grow stronger, gather strength, be confirmed or settled.

RAFFERMISSEMENT, rå-fer-mis-men, s.m.

establishing, confirmation, settlement.

RAFFINAGE, ra-fi-naz, s. m. refining; refined sugar.

RAFFINÉ, E, adj. & s. refined, subtle, nice, critical, cunning or shrewd person, sharp

RAFFINEMENT, rå-fin-men, s. m. fineness,

refining, subtilty, nicety.

RAFFINER, rå-fi-nå, v. a. & n. to refine, be nice or full of niceties, be critical. Rafiner, (se) v. r. to grow sharp, learn wit; be or get refined.

RAFFINERIE, rå-fîn-ri, s. f. sugar baker's

house.

RAFFINEUR, ra-fl-neur, s. m. refiner, one that is too nice or over critical, hypercritic. Roffineur de sucre, sugar-baker.
RAFFOLER, rå-få-lå, v. n. to be passion-

ately fond, be distractedly in love.

*RAFFOLIR, ra-fô-fir, v. n. Ex. Vous me feriez raffolir, you would make me mad. RAFLE, raff, s. f. stalk, stem; (jeu aux dés) pair royal, doublets. Faire rafle, to sweep off the whole, sweep-s akes.

RAFLER, ra-fla, v a. to sweep away the

whole

RAFRAICHIR, ra-fre-shir, v. a. & n. to cool, make cool, grow cool, refresh; (une muraille) to repair; (une tapisserie) to mend; (un tableau) to varnish; (sa douleur) to renow, re-vive; (une place) to recruit; (les chereux) to crop. Se faire rafraíchir les chereux, to get one's hair cropped. Se rafraîchir, v. r. to cool, grow cool, take some refreshment. Se rafraîchir la mémoire, to refresh one's memory, call to mind. Refraîchir, Mar. to fresh-en. Ex. Nous profiterons de la première accalmie pour rafraîchir le câble, we shall take advantage of the first lull to freshen the hawse.

RAFRAÎCHISSANT, E, ra-fre-shî-sen, sent,

adj. cooling.

RAFRAÎCHISSEMENT, râ-frê-shîs-mên, s. m. cooling, refreshment, provisions. Rafrai-chissemens, Mar. supply of fresh provisions, stores supplied for the use of the sick on board.

RAGAILLARDIR, rå-gå-lår-dir, v. a. to

brisk up, make merry.

RAGE, raz, s. f. madness of hydrophobia; rage, fury, madness. Avoir la rage de, to be mad for or after. Fure rage contre, to be mad at or enraged against. Fure rage en faveur de, to be eager or leave no stone un-turned to serve. Faire rage en sa profession, to do wonders in one's profession. Faire rage des pieds de derrière, to be eager, leave no stone unturned. Dire rage de, to rail most bitterly at.

RAGOT, TE, ra-go, got, adj. & s. little and short, or thick and short, little man or woman,

shrimp. ..

RAGOUT, ra-goo, s. m. ragout; incitement, incentive, provocative, pleasure, delight.

RAGOUTANT, E. ra-goo-len, tent, adj. re-lishing, agreeable, pleasant, pleasing, de-lightal, savoury. Mets rogolitant, tit-bit. RAGOUTER, ra-goo-ld, v. a. to revive the appetite; also to quicken, stir up, provoke

(desire.)

RAGRAFER, ra-gra-fa, v. n. to new clasp. RAGRANDIR, v. a. to make larger what was already large.

RAGRÉER, ra-gra-a, v. a. to pick over the front of a wall; to finish (a piece of joiner's work;) to repair.

RAGREMENT, rå-grå-men, s. m. finishing,

touching up.

RAGUER, v. n. Mar. to chafe, rub. Votre second câble esttout ragué près de l'étalingure, your best bower-cable is very much rubbed near the clinch.

RAIE, re, s. f. line; (sur les marbres, etc.) streaks; (sur une étofic) stripe; (des cheveux) seam or parting; (des sillons) furrow; (du cul) cleft; ray (a fish;) thorn-back. Etofic à raies, striped stuff. A la raie, one with another.

RAIFORT, re-for, s. in. horse-radish.

RAILLER, rå-lå, v. a. & n. to rally, play upon, jeer, banter, joke, droll, jest. Se railler, v. r. to jeer or banter, jest, be in jest, mock, laugh at.

RAILLERIE, ral-rl, s. f. raillery, bantering, jeering, jesting, jeer, jest, joke, banter. Il traitoit de raillerie l'autorité royale, he made a jest of the king's power. Il n'entend pas raillerie, he cannot take a jest.

RAILLEU-R, SE, rå-leur, leuz, adj. & s. jeering, bantering; jester, banterer, jeerer

RAINCEAU, V. Rinceau.

*RAINE, s. f. frog. RAINETTE, s. f. a sort of apple; French

RAINURE, rê-nûr, s. f. groove.
RAIPONCE, rê-pons, s. f. rampions (salad.)
*RAIRE, rêr, v. a. to shave or trim. A barbe de fou on apprend à raire, by trimming fools a barber's prentice learns his skill. Réer.

RAIS, re, adj. (from Raire.) Il ne se soucie des rais ni des tondus, he cares for nobody. RAIS, s. m. ray, beam of light; spoke of a

wheel, point of a star. RAISIN, re-zin, s. m. grape. Raisins secs, raisins. Raisins de Corinthe, dry currants.

RAISINÉ, rê-sî-na, s. m. thick confection

RAISON, re-zon, s. f. reason, reasoning faculty, sense, judgment, proof, argument, cause, matter, account, motive, consideration, right, justice, equity, proportion, reparation, satisfaction. A plus forte raison, much more; also much less. Pour raison de quoi, wherefore, for which cause. A raison de, at the rate of.

RAISONNABLE, re-zo-nabl, adj. rational, reasonable; just, right, conscionable; wise; competent, moderate, of a good size, pretty

good, pretty large, etc.

RAISONNABLEMENT, rê-zô-nabl-mên, adv. rationally, reasonably, justly, indifferently well, pretty well, moderately, competently.

RAISONNÉ, E, rê-zô-na, adj. rational, ac-

curate, argumentative

RAISONNEMENT, re-zon-men, s. m. reason, judgment, reasoning, argument, rational discourse.

RAISONNER, rê-zô-nã, v. n. to speak sense, discourse, reason, argue, contend with reasons, chop logick, argue the case. Mar. to give an account of one's self before coming to anchor.

RAISONNEU-R, SE, rê-sô-nêur, neuz, s. m. & f. arguer, impertinent prater. Taisez-vous, et ne faites pas ici le raisonneur, hold your tongue, and do not stand arguing the case or chopping logick with me. RAIZ, V. Rez.

RAJEUNIR, rå-zču-nír, v. a. & n. to make young again, make look younger, grow young again; (les arbres) to prune, or lop; (les cheveux) to colour.

RAJEUNISSEMENT, s. m. growing young

RAJUSTEMENT, rå-zůst-měn, s. m. reconciliation or reconcilement, adjustment.

RAJUSTER, rå-zůs-tå, v. a. to set in order again, set to rights again, reconcile, make friends again; retrieve (one's affairs.)

RALE, s. m. rail (a bird.)

RALE or RALEMENT, ral, ral-men, s. m.

rattling in the throat.

RALENTIR, rå-len-tir, v. a. to make slow, slacken or slack, abate, lessen, diminish. ralentir, to slacken, grow cold or remiss, re-

RALENTISSEMENT, rå-len-tis-men, s. m. slackening or relenting, remissness.

RALER, rå-lå, v. n. to rattle, have a rat-

Ralingue de tétière, headrope. Mettre une voile en ralingue, to shiver a sail. En ralingue le meralingue, to If fond, foot-rope. En ralingue le perroquet de fougue, shiver the mizen topsail.

RALINGUER, v. a. & n. Mar. to lift and shiver (speaking of the sails.) Raling wer une voile, to sew the bolt-ropes to a sail. Lof à

ralinguer, luff and touch her.

RALLIEMENT, rå-li-men, s. m. rallying. RALLIER, rå-lî-å, v. a. to rally. Se rul-

lier, to rally.

Rallier, se rallier, Mar. to rally, etc. R. l-lier au vent, to haul the wind. Vaisseau qui rallie bien au vent, weatherly ship. Rallier la terre, to stand in for the land. Plusieurs bâtimens ont rallié 'Pescadre, several vessels have stood in to the fleet. Nous ne ralliames que dix vaisseaux de ligne le lendemain du combat, we mustered only ten sail of the line the day after the action. Rallier un bâtiment, to stand towards a ship. V. Se courrir.

RALLONGER, v. a. to lengthen. Se longer, v. r. to grow longer, lengthen.

RALLUMER, rå-lå-må, v. a. to kindle or light again, stir up again. Se rallume, v. r. to kindle again, break out again.
RAMADAN, rå-må-den. V. Ramazan.

RAMAGE, rå-måz, s. m. singing, chirping, arbling; flowering. Ouvrage à ramage, warbling; flowering. flowered work.

RAMAGER, rå-må-zå, v. n. to sing, chirp or warble.

RAMAIGRIR, rå-mê-grîr, v. a. & n. to

make leaner, grow lean again.
RAMAS, rā-mās, s. m. collection, heap.
RAMASSE, rā-mās, s. f. sledge (used on mountains;) also low, vulgar language. Ex.
Donner la ramasse à quelqu'un, to belabour one, to curry one's hide, abuse one.

RAMASSÉ, E, adj. gathered, got together,

etc.; also well set, short and stout.

RAMASSER, rå-må-så, v. a. to gather, get together, collect; to take up, pick up; to draw in a sled or sledge; to cuff, bang. Ra-masser, Mar. V. Rester. Se ramasser, v. r. to gather or get together, gather one's self or gather, knit (as a horse does.)

RAMASSEUR, rå-må-seur, s. m. driver of a

sledge.

RAMASSIS, ra-ma-si, s. m. confused collection.

RAMAZAN, s. m. fasting month of the

RAMBADE, s. f. bend or wale of a galley. RAMBERGE, s. f. ramberge, (kind of advice-boat.)

RAMBOUR, s.m. Pomme de rambour, summer apple, kind of russetting.

RAME, ram, s. f. (de papier) ream; (to prop vines) stick or stake; oar or scull. Tirer à la

rame, to tug at the oar. RAMÉ, E, adj. rowed. Pois ramés, pease

that grow upon sticks or stakes. Balle runce, cross bar-shot.

RAMEAU, ra-mo, s. m. bough; branch. Ie dimanche or le jour des rameaux, palm-sunday. Rameaux, branches of veins or arte-

Ramée, rå-må, s. f. green arbour, boughs, branches with their leaves.

tling in the throat (said of the dying.)
RALINGUE, rh-ling, s. f. Mar. bolt-rope.
Ralingue oe chite, leech-rope. Ralingue de also to mend, improve. Il n'a pas ramende

RAN RAP

bar, bat. base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

son marché, he did not mend his bargain, he got nothing by it.

RAMENER, ram-na, v. a. to bring again, bring back; (an jeu de dés) to fling; (quelqu'un) to reclaim.

RAMENTEVOIR, v. a. to recollect, remem-

RAMEQUIN, ram-kin, s. m. toasted cheese and bread or toast and cheese, Welsh rabbit.

RAMER, rå-må, v. n. to row, pull, tug at the oar, to work hard, labour, toil, ply. Nager. Ramer, v. a. (ramer des pois, du lin, etc.) to set up sticks (for pease, flax, etc. to grow upon.)

RAMEREAU, ram-ro, s. m. young ringdove or stock-dove.

RAMEUR, rå-meur, s. m. rower.

RAMEU-X, SE, rå-meu, meuz, adj. ramous, branchy.

RAMIER, rå-miå, s. m. or Pigeon ramier, ring-dove or wood-pigeon.

RANIFICATION, rå-mi-fi-kå-sion, s. f. ra mification, branching out.

RAMIFIER, rå-mi-fil-å, v. n. Se "amifier, v. r. to ramify.

RAMINGUE, rå-ming, adj. resuff (speak-

ing of a horse.) -RAMOINDRIR, V. Amoindrir. RAMOITIR, rå-mwå-tir, v a. to moisten. make damp.

RAMOLLIR, rå-mô-lir, v. a. to soften, make soft or softer; to unman, enervate. Se ra-mollir, to soften, grow softer.

RAMOLLITI-F, VE, adj. emollient, mollify-

ing.
RAMON, s. m. broom or besom. RAMONER, rå-mô-nå, v. a. (une cheminée) to sweep.

RAMONEUR, rå-mô-neur, s. m. chimney-

sweeper.

RAMPANT, E, rèn-pen, pent, adj. creeping, erawling; rampant; cringing, crouching, humbie, servile, mean. Lierre rampant, ground ivy.

RAMPANT, s. m. kind of truss used by sur-

geons.

RAMPE, renp, s.m. Rampe d'escalier, flight in a stair-case, steps from one landing-place to another; balustrade; (dans un jardin) slope, bank.

RAMPEMENT, renp-men, s. m. creeping,

crawling.

RAMPER, rèn-pa, v. n. to creep or crawl; creep and crouch, cringe, be low in the world, write in a low style.

RAMURE, ra-mur, s. f. branches; also horns

(of a deer)

RANCE, rens, adj. rancid, musty. Ex. Du lard rance, musty bacon.

RANCE, s. m. Lard qui sent le rance, bacon that smells musty.

RANCÉ, E, adj. Mar. Ex. Bâtiment rancé,

old ship strengthened with timbers (fayed on from the sheer rail to the top of the bends.) RANCHER, s. m. a sort of ladder.

RANCI, E, adj. musty, grown musty.

RANCIDITÉ, s. f. rancidity, rancidness, mustiness.

RANCIR, ren-sir, v. n. to grow musty or ranc'd. RANCISSURE, ren-si-sur, s. f. mustiness,

musty part or parts. RANÇON, ren-son, s. f. ransom. Mettre à rançon, to set a ransom upon, to ransom.

RANCONNEMENT, ren-son-men, s. m. ransoming; exacting, extortion, exaction.

RANÇONNER, ren-sô-na, v. a. to ransom:

exact from, extort money from. RANÇONNEU-R, SE, ren-so-neur, neuz, s.

m. & f. exacter, extortioner. RANCUNE, rèn-kun, s. f. grudge, feud, ani-

mosity, spleen, spite, inveterate hatred.

RANCUNIER, E, ren-ků-niå, nier, adj. ran-

corous, spiteful.

*RANDON, s. m. great gush or gushing, spouting, plenty.

RANDONNÉE, s m. course or coursing (of hunters.) RANG, ren s. m. row, range; (de soldats)

rank; place; turn, order; rank, ac, Paroître quality, rate. De rang, a-breast. Paroître sur les rangs, to enter the lists. Mettre au rang de, to put (rank, place, reckon) amongst. Rung, Mar. rank; (de canons) tier; (de câtelle raisseaux) rate, etc. Vaisseaux rank; place; turn, order; rank, degree, note,

Me) tier; (at timestate), 100, and at premier rang, first rate ship.

Rangé, E, adj. ranged, ordered, set, placed, disposed, drawn, etc. V. Ranger. Bataille rangée, pitched battle. En bataille rangée, in battle array. Un homme rangé, an orderly

man, a regular or punctual man.

RANGÉE, rên-2å, s. f. row.
RANGER, rên-2å, v. a. to range, put, set. place or order; to rank or put or place or reckon amongst; to draw or pull back. Ranger ses troupes sur deux lignes, to draw one's troops up in two lines. Ranger une armée en bataille, to draw up an army in battalia. Ranger à la raison, to bring to reason. Ranger sous sa domination or puissance, to subdue, bring into subjection. Se ranger, to draw or step aside, fall back, stand by. Se ranger du côté de or auprès de quelqu'un, to side or take part with or go over to one. Ranger et se ranger, Mar. Ex. Ranger une côte, to range along a coast, coast along, keep close to shore. Le vent se range au nord, the wind veers to the north. Le vent se range de l'avant, the wind hauls forward. Le vent se range de l'arrière, the wind draws aft. On peut ranger cette côte à jeter une pierre à terre, you may range along this coast within a stone's throw of the shore. Ranger à honneur un écueil, to give a good birth to a shoal. Se ranger sur une vergue, to lay out upon a yard. Faire ranger du monde sur les rergues, to man the yards. Ranger du monde sur une manœuvre, to man a rope. Range du monde sur la vergue du petit hunier, lay out upon the fore top-sail yard. Range du monde sur les cargues des huniers, man the fore and main top-sail clue-lines and buntlines. Range du monde sur les palans de bout de vergue, man the yard tackles. Range à carguer la grande voile, clap on the main cluegarnets briskly.

RANGETTE, s. f. Ex. A la rangette, in or-

der, one after another.

*RANGIER, s. m. rein-deer.

RANIMER, rå-nî-må, v. a. to re-animate, revive, spirit again, re-inflame, stir up.
RANULAIRE, ra-nû-lêr, adj. ranular.
RANULE, ra-nûl, s. f. ranula.

RAPACE, ra-pas, adj. rapacious, ravenous, greedy.

RAPACITÉ, rà-pà-sì-tà, s. f. rapacity, rapaciousness, greediness, ravenousness.

RAPATELLE, s. f. hair cloth

RAPATRIAGE or RAPATRIEMENT, rå-på- [] trì-az, rà-pà-trì-men, s. m. reconciliation, reconcilement.

RAPATRIER, rå-på-trî-å, v. a. to reconcile,

set to rights, make friends again.

RAPE, rap, s. f. grater, rasp, raspatory, rrier's rasp. Donner de la rape douce, to farrier's rasp. coax or flatter.

RAPÉ, E, adj. grated.

RAPÉ, rá-på, s. m. grapes put in a vessel of spoiled wine to mend it, wine that has been mended by putting grapes into the vessel; (tabac rapé) rappee. Rapé de copeaux, chips (tabac râpé) rappee. Rân

RAPER, ra-på, v. a. to grate.

RAPETASSER, råp-tå-så, v. a. to patch,

piece, botch.

RAPETISSER, rap-ti-sa, v. a. & n. to lessen, shorten, make less or shorten; grow less or short. Se rapetisser, v. r. to shorten, grow less or short, lessen; to shrink (said of cloth.)

RAPIDE, rå-pid, adj. rapid, swift, violent,

quick.

RAPIDEMENT, rå-pld-men, adv. rapidly,

swiftly, fast.

RAPIDITÉ, rã-pî-dî-tà, s. f. rapidity, swift-

RAPIÉCER, rå-plå-så, v. a. to patch, piece, RAPIÉCETAGE, rà-plas-taz, s. m. patched work, clothes full of patches or pieces.

RAPIÉCETER, rá-plas-la. V. Rapiécer.
RAPIÈRE, rá-pler, s. f. rapier.

RAPINE, ra-pin, s. f. rapine, robbery, ran-cking, pillaging. Oiseau de rapine, ravensacking, pillaging. ous bird, bird of prey

RAPINER, rå-pl-nå, v. a. to use rapine and

extortion, steal or rob, get by rapine.

RAPIQUER, v. a. Mar. to peek again. Rapiquer au vent, to haul the wind again (after having bore up.)

RAPAISER, v. a. to pacify or appease again. RAPPAREILLER, v.n. Mar. to set sail again. RAPPEL, ra-pel, s. m. recall, recalling, be-

ing recalled; (d'une cause) second calling. RAPPELER, rap-la, v. a. to call over and over; to call back; (lu sève) draw back again; (un ambassadeur, etc.) to recall, call home; (dans sa mémoire) to recall to memory, call to mind; to direct, assume; (ses sens) to recover, come again to. Se rappeler, v. r. to call or trace back, recollect, recall to memory, call to mind, rub up one's memory.

RAPPETISSER, V. Rapetisser.

RAPPLIQUER, rå-pli-kå, v.a. to apply again. Se rappliquer, v. r. to apply one's self again.

RAPPORT, ra-por, s. m. report, account, relation, information; report or false report, tale, story; relation, respect, regard; affinity, likeness, proportion, resemblance, conformity, agreeableness; (vapeur désagréable qui monte à la bouche) rising; produce, revenue. Terre de grand rapport, very fruitful soil. Pièces de rapport, inlaid work. Par rapport à, as to, in comparison of, in regard to.

RAPPORTÉ, E, adj. brought back,

Ouvrage de pièces rapportées, inlaid work.

RAPPORTER, ra-pôr-ta, v. a. to bring back; to bring along or out with one; to report, relate, tell, say, give an account of; to report, tell again; to tell tales or stories, make false reports; to draw, reap, get; (l'état d'un proces) to report, make the report of; to deduce, refer, race back, ascribe; to allege; I the water.

quote, cite, relate, bring in; to yield, bring forth, bear; to direct, ascribe, refer; (dujournal au grand livre) to post (from the journal to the ledger.) Se rapporter, v. r. to relate, answer, be agreeable or answerable; to relate to; (an jugement de quelqu'un) to refer or leave or put (a thing to one's judgment.) Je m'en rapporté à vous, I refer or leave it (the matter) to you. Je m'en rapporte à votre serment, I put it to your oath. Rapporter, Mar. to yield, etc. La mer rapporte, it is flood. Rapporter des relèvemens, distances, etc. sur une carte, to set off bearings, distances, etc. upon a chart. La sonde, à 65 brasses, a rapporté fond de sable et de coquillages brisés, we sounded in 65 fathoms over a bottom of sand and broken shells.

RAPPORTEUR, rå-por-teur, s. m. one that reports a case; tell-tale or tale-bearer; pro-

tractor.

Rapporteuse, s. f. tell-tale or tale-bearer. RAPPRENDRE, ra-prendr, v. a. (like prendre) to learn again, learn anew.

RAPPRIS, E, adj. learnt again, new-learnt. RAPPRIVOISER, v. a. to tame again.

RAPPROCHEMENT, rå-prösh-men, s. m drawing near again, state of being drawn near again; reconcilement, accommodation.

RAPPROCHER, rå-prô-shà, v. a. to draw near again; bring together, bring together for a reconciliation. Les vents rapprochent toujours, Mar. the wind keeps scanling upon us. V. Sillage. Se rapprocher, v. r. to approach, draw near again; draw towards a reconciliation.

RAPSODE, s. m. name given to those who used to go from town to town and sing un-

connected parts of Homer's poetry. RAPSODIE, rap-so-dl, s. f. rhapsody.

RAPSODISTE, rap-so-dist, s. m. rhapsodist. RAPT, rapt, s. m. rape. Faire un rapt, to commit a rape.

RAPURE, ra-pur, s. f. raspings, gratings. RAQUETIER, råk-tlå, s. m. racket-maker RAQUETTE, rå-ket, s. f. racket; snow-shoe.

RAQUITTER, V. Racquitter.

RARE, rar, adj. rare; uncommon, unusual, extraordinary, that happens but seldom; excellent, extraordinarily good, exquisite; scarce, hard to be got; thin, loose, not compact.

Pouls rure, slow pulse.

RAREFACTI-F, VE, ra-ra-fak-tif, tiv, adj.

rarefactive.

RARÉFACTION, rå-rå-fåk-slon, s. f. rarefaction,

RARÉFIANT, E, adj. rarefacient. RARÉFIER, ra-ra-fi-a, v. a. to rarefy. Se raréfier, v. r. to rarefy, grow thin.
RAREMENT, rar-mên, adv. rarely, sel-

dom, not often.

RARETÉ, rar-ta, s. f. rarity, rareness, scarceness, uncommonness, unusual or uncommon thing.

*RARISSIME, adj. very rare, very scarce. RAS, E, ra, raz, adj. shaved close. Velours ras, cut velvet. Etofe rose, bare cloth or stuff without wool. Or ras, smooth gold. Rase campagne, open field. Couper ras, to cut off close. Ras, Mar. Bateau ras, open boat. Cette frégute est arrivée rase comme un ponton, that frigate came in without a stick standing. Vaisseau ras, ship that sits low on

bar, bat, base : thère, ébb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

RAS, s. m. Ex. Ras de Châlons, shalloon. Rus, s. m. Mar. race, etc. Le ras de Port-land, the race of Portland. Le ras des saints, the race of the saints. Ras de carene, punt, floating stage. Ras de courant, race. Ras de marée, race, tide-gate, tide-way.

RASADE, rå-zåd, s. f. brimmer, bumper. RASE, V. Raze.

RASEMENT. raz-mên, s. m. razing, demo-

lishing, pulling down.

RASER, ra-za, v. a. to shave, trim or barb; to raze, lay even with the ground, pull down; to graze or glance upon. Raser, v. a. Mar. Ruser un vaisseau, to cut down a ship. Raser la côte, to coast along, keep close to the

*RASIBUS, adv. close; (du nez) under (one's

nose)

RASOIR, ra-zwar, s. m. razor.

RASSASIANT, E, ra-sa-zi-en, ent, adj. filling, cloying.
RASSASIE, E, adj. satisfied, full, filled, that

has his belly full.

RASSASIEMENT, rå-så-zi-men, s. m. satisfying or filling of one's belly, satiety, being RASSASIER, rå-så-zì-å, v. a. to satisfy, fill,

fill one's belly, cloy or glut. Se rassasier, to fill one's belly, eat one's belly full. Ne pas se russasier de, not to be tired of.

RASSEMBLEMENT, s. m. meeting, joining,

gathering together.

RASSEMBLER, rå-sen-blå, v. a. to join or put or clap together again, gather together; to reassemble or call together again. Serassembler, to reassemble, meet or get or gather together again. Rassembler, Mar. Nons rassemblâmes le convoi avant le coucher du soleil, we collected the convoy before sun-set. L'escadre doit se rassembler à Torbay, the fleet is to rendezvous at Torbay.

RASSEOIR or RASSOIR, ra-swar, (like asseoir) v. n. to settle; (un fer de cheval) to fix on, fasten. Se rasseoir, to sit down again.

RASSÉRÉNER, v. a. to make serene, clear (the weather.) Se rasséréner, v. r. to clear up, grow serene and clear; clear onc's brow, look cheerfully.

RASSIÉGER, v. a. to besiege again, lay a

new siege to.

RASSIS, E, rå-så, slz, adj. scttled; scdate, sober, staid. De sens rassis, with a sound judgment, in one's right senses. Du pain rassis, stale bread.

RASSOTER, rå-so-tå, v. a. to infatuate, intoxicate, besot.

RASSURER, rå-så-rå, v. a. to encourage; hearten, put in heart again, remove one's fears, keep up. Se rassurer, v. r. to take courage again, cheer up again, take fresh courage, pluck up a heart, recover one's self; settle (speaking of the weather.)

RAT, ra, s. m. rat. Mort oux rats, ratsbane. Avoir des rats, to be maggoty or whimsical. Prendre un rat, to flash in the

pan, miscarry, miss one's aim.

RATAFIA, rå-tå-f få, s. m. ratafia. RATAN, V. Rotin.

RATAN, V. Rotin. RATATINÉ, E, adj. shrivelled, shrunk in. RATATINER, (SE) v. n. to shrink, shrivel.

RATE, råt, s. f. spleen. S'épanouir la rate, to be merry.

RATEAU, ra-to, s. m. rate; ward of a lock. Rateau, s. m. Mar. rack. Rateau en poulies, rack with running sheeves. Rateaux à che-villots, cross pieces. V. Ratelier.

RATELÉE, rat-là, s. f. raking (as much hay, grass, etc. as is taken at once with a rake.) Dire sa ratelée, to tell freely one's story or tale,

speak what one knows or thinks. RATELER, rat-la, v. a. to rake.

RATELEUR, rat-leur, s. m. raker.

*RATELEU-X, SE, rat-leu, leuz, adj. splenetick, troubled with the spleen.

RATELIER, råt-liå, s. m. rack to put hay in for horses to feed on; rack to set or hang things on; set of teeth. Ratelier, s. m. Mar. rack, etc. Ratelier du beaupré, rack or range (of blocks placed on each side of the gammoning) of a ship's bowsprit. Rateliers à chevillots, cross-pieces (of a windlass,) ranges fixed to the shrouds, etc. (in which belaying pins are inserted.)
RATER, rå-tå, v. n. & a. to miss, miscar-

ry, snap, flash in the pan. RATIER, E. rå-flå, tler, adj. maggoty, whimsical.

RATIÈRE, rå-tier, s. f. rat or mouse trap. RATIFICATION, ra-ti-fi-ka-sion, s. f. ratification.

RATIFIER, rå-tl-f i-å, v. a. to ratify.

RATINE, rå-tin, s. f. rateen.

RATIOCINATION, s. f. ratiocination, reasoning, discourse, argument.

RATIOCINER, v. n. to ratiocinate, reason or argue.

RATION, rå-slon, s. f. daily allowance (of provisions or forage.) Demi-ration, half allowance. Mettre l'équipage à demi-ration, to put the crew on half allowance. V. Réduire.

RATIONNEL, LE, rå-síð-nel, adj. rational. RATISSER, rå-tl-så, v. a. to scrape or rake

RATISSOIRE, rå-ti-swar, s. f. iron-rake. RATISSURES, rå-tf-sur, s. f. pl. scrapings. RATON, s. m. penny or half-penny tart,

cheese-cake, young rat.
RATTACHER, rå-tå-shå, v. a. to tie again. RATTEINT, E, adj. overtaken again.

RATTEINDRE, ra-tindr, v. a. (see the table

at eindre) to over-take, catch again. RATTRAPER, rå-trå-på, v. a. to catch or overtake again, come up with, recover, re-

trieve or regain. RATURE, rå-tur, s. f. erascment, rasure, dash (through any writing.) Reparchemin, scrapings of parchment.

RATURER, rå-tå-rå, v. a. to blot, rase, put

or scratch out; (le parchemin) to scrape.

RAUCITÉ, rô-si-tà, s. f. raucity, boarseness.

RAUQUE, rôk, adj. hoarse, harsh.

RAYAGE, râ-vâz, s. m. havock, waste, spoil, ruin, devastation; bustle.

RAVAGER, rå-vå-2å, v. a. to ravage, spoil,

ransack or lay waste. RAVALEMENT, rå-vål-men, s. m. plastering or rough casting (of a wall;) fall, dis-

grace, contempt, disparagement. Ravalement. Mar. fall (of a ship's deck.)

RAVALER, rå-vå-lå, v. a. to swallow down again; to put or bring lower; to under-value, vilify, debase; (un mur) to finish or perfect; (de prix) to fall (in its price.) Faire rander une parole à quelqu'un, to make onc cat his

words, make one recant. Se ravaler, v. r. to under-value or debase one's self; descend.

RAVAUDAGE, rå-vô-dåz, s. m. mending, botching, botched or bungled work.

RAVAUDER, rå-vô-då, v. a. & n. to botch, mend, bustle about in the house, rattle or

scold at, teaze or plague. RAVAUDERIE, rå-vô-drl, s. f. silly or im-

pertinent or idle stuff, nonsense, impertinence. RAVAUDEU-R, SE, rå-vo-deur, deuz, s. m. & f. botcher, impertinent, nonsensical crea-

RAVE, rav, s. f. radish; turnip.
RAVELIN, rav-lin, s. m. ravelin.
RAVI, E, ra-vi, vi, adj. ravished, etc. according to Raviv.
Ravi de, ravished with,

wrapped up in, glad of.
RAVIGOTE, s. f. scallion sauce.

RAVIGOTER, rå-vî-gô-tå, v. a. to brisk up again, revive.

RAVILIR, rå-vi-lir, v. a. to debase, vilify; disgrace or under-value, disparage, make or render despicable.

RAVIN, rå-vin, s. m. gutter made by a flood or torrent.

RAVINE, ra-vîn, s. f. flood, great flood; gutter made by a flood.

RAVIR, ra-vir, v. a. to ravish, rob, steal, snatch away, take by force, wrest from; (par un excès de joie) to ravish, charm, please exceedingly, rapture. A ravir, to admiration, wonderfully well.

RAVISER, (SE) se-râ-vî-să, v. r. to change one's mind, bethink one's self, think better

of it. RAVISSANT, E, rå-vi-sen, sent, adj. ravenous, rapacious; ravishing, admirable, charm-

RAVISSEMENT, rå-vis-men, s. m. ravishing or ravishment, carrying off by force, rape; rapture, ecstasy.

RAVISSEUR, râ-vî-sêur, s. m. ravisher, one that has committed a rape; robber.

RAVITAILLEMENT, ra-vi-tal-men, s. m. supplying of a place with fresh provisions or ammunition, supply of provisions and ammu-

RAVITAILLER, rå-vî-tà-lå, v. a. to victual,

supply with provisions.

RAVIVER, rå-vi-vå, v. a. to revive, brisk up. RAVOIR, ra-vwar, v. a. (only used in the infinitive) to have again, recover, get again. Se ravoir, v.r. to recover, gather new strength;

pick up one's crumbs.

RAYÉ, E, rể-yầ, adj. blotted, scratched; crossed out, barred, etc. striped, full of stripes;

(said of fire-arms) screwed or rifled.

RAYER, rê-yh, v. a. to bar, cross or strike out, erase, cancel; to streak, make streaks or lines, furrow; (une arme à feu) to rifle or screv. RAYON, rê-yon, s. m. beam, ray; (d'un cercle) radius; radius (larger bone of the fore-

arm; furrow; (d'une roue) spoke; (terme de monnoie) bar; (de bon sens) grain. Rayon de miel, honcy-comb.

RAYONNANT, E, rê-yô-nên, nênt, adj. radiant, beamy, sparkling, shining.

RAYONNEMENT, re-yon-men, s. m. radiation, casting forth of beams.

RAYONNER, rê-yô-na, v. n. to cast forth beams, radiate, shine; spread.

RAYURE, re-yur, s. f. (dans une étoffe) stripe or stripes; (dans une arme à feu) rifle. !! RAZE, s. f. calking pitch; kind of serge.

RÉ, rå, s. m. adj. musical note. RÉACTION, rå-åk-sion, s. f. reaction.

RÉAGGRAVE, rà-à-grav, s. m. last threat-

RÉAGGRAVER, rå-å-grå-vå, v. a. to reaggravate. V. Réaggrave.

RÉAGIR, v. n. to act again, re-act. RÉAJOURNEMENT, ra-a-zoorn-mên, s. m. new summons or re-summons.

RÉAJOURNER, rå-å-20or-nå, v. a. to summon again.

RÉAL, rå-ål, s. m. (réaux, pl.) Réale, s. f. (réales,) pl. real (Spanish coin.)

REALE, s. f. the commander's galley.

RÉALGAR, s. m. realgar.

RÉALISATION, s. m. realizing. RÉALISER, rå-å-ll-zå, v. a. to realize, make

real

RÉALITÉ, rå-å-lî-tå, s. f. reality, real existence, real presence.

RÉAPPOSER, v. a. Ex. Réapposer le scelle,

to seal again.

RÉASSIGNATION, rå-å-sl-gnå-sion, s. f. new assignment; new summons into court, resummons.

RÉASSIGNER, rå-å-sl-gnå, v. a. to assign anew; summon again.

REATU, (être in) to be impeached of a crime.

REBAISER, re-bê-za, v. a. to kiss again. REBANDER, re-bên-da, v. a. (un arc) to new-bend or bend again; (un pistolet) to cock

again; (une blessure) to bind up again.
REBAPTISER, re-ba-tl-za, v. a. to re-bap-

tize, baptize again. RÉBARBATI-F, VE, rå-bår-bå-tif, tiv, adj. snappish, crabbed, sour, cross.

REBATER, v. a. to put on the pack saddle again.

REBATIR, re-ba-tir, v. a. to rebuild, build up again.

REBATTRE, re-batr, v. a. (like battre) to over and over; (les cartes) to shuffle again. beat again, beat over and over; repeat, tell

REBATTU, E, adj. beaten again, etc. Rebuttre.

REBAUDIR, v. a. (terme de chasse) to caress

(dogs.) Kebec, s. m. rebeck. Rebelle, rê-bêl, adj. & s. rebellious, dis-Mitana rebelles, hard to be melted.

Rebeller, (se) se-re-be-la, v. r. to rebel,

rise up, revolt. RÉBELLION, rã-bê-lion, s. f. rebellion, revolt, rising, insurrection.

REBÉNIR, rê-bå-nîr, v. a. to new-consecrate. REBÉQUER, (SE) sê-rê-bâ-kâ, v. r. to make

repartees, be saucy or malapert.
REBLANCHIR, re-blen-shir, v. a. to new-

wash or wash again; new white or white again. REBOIRE, re-bwar, v. a. (like boire) to

drink again. Reboire sa sueur, to soak in one's sweat. REBONDI, E, rê-bon-dî, di, adj. round,

plump and hard. REBONDIR, re-bon-dîr, v. n. to rebound,

bounce up again. REBONDISSEMENT, re-bon-dis-men, s. m. rebounding, rebound, rebouncing.

REBORD, re-bor, s. m. border, edge, hem. (in architecture) border or ledge.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over : field fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

REBORDER, re-bor-da, v. a. to new-border or new-bind.

REBOTTER, rê-bô-tâ, (se) v. r. to put on boots again.

REBOUCHEMENT, s. m. blunting.
REBOUCHER, re-bôo-sha, v. a. to stop
again: blunt, make blunt or dull. Se rebouto stop cher, to grow blunt or dull.

REBOUILLIR, rê-bôo-lir, v. a. (like bouil-

lir) to boil again.
REBOURGEONNER, v. n. to bud or shoot

again.

REBOURS, re-boor, s. m, wrong side of a stuff; also contrary sense and meaning. A rebours or au rebours, the wrong way, pre-posterously, cross, quite contrary. A rebours de poil, against the hair, the wrong way.

REBOURS, E, adj. cross, cross-grained.

Rebouse, s. f. Mar. starting bolt. Reboutonner, re-boo-to-na, v. a. to but-

ton again.

REBRASER, v. a. to solder again.

REBRASSER, re-bra-sa, v. a. & n. to brew *Se rebrasser, to tuck or turn up one's again. sleeves.

REBRIDER, rê-brî-dâ, v. a. to bridle again. REBRODER, v. a. to embroider over again. REBROUILLER, re-broo-la, v. a. to jum-

ble, mix, entangle, embroil, confound again.
REBROUSSE POIL, (A) adv. against the hair or the grain, the wrong sense, the con-

trary sense or meaning.
REBROUSSER, rê-broo-så. v. a. & n. (les cheveux) to turn up; (chemin) to turn or go

back, return. REBROYER, rê-brwâ-yâ, v.a. to grind again. REBRUNIR, re-bru-nir, v. a. to burnish

again, new-burnish. REBUFFADE, rê-bû-fâd, s. f. rebuff, re-

pulse, denial, snappish answer. REBUS, s. m. rebus, clinching, witticism or device; silly pun, foolish conceit, imperti-

nence, nonsense. Rebut, re-bu, s. m. repulse, rebuff, foil, denial; outcast, refuse, trash, riff-raff, sad paltry stuff. De rebut, unfit for service, cast

f. Papier de rebut, waste or refuse paper. REBUTANT, E, rê-bû-tên, tênt, adj. loathsome, tedious, crabbed, hard, discouraging; forbidding, odious, hateful, disagreeable, crabbed.

Rebuter, re-bu-ta, v. a. to repulse, reject, deny, refuse, thrust or turn away; to dishearten, discourage, dispirit, deter, forbid, disgust, tire. Se rebuter, v. r. to despond, be discouraged or disheartened.

RECACHER, rê-kâ-shâ, v. a. to hide again. RECACHETER, rê-kâsh-tâ, v. a. to seal up

RÉCALCITRANT, E, rå-kål-sî-trèn, trènt, adj. reluctant, refractory. **RÉCALCITRER, v. n. to be averse or re-

luctant or refractory.

RÉCAPITULATION, ra-ka-pi-tu-la-sion, s. f. recapitulation, summing up. RÉCAPITULER, rå-kå-pî-tû-lå, v. a. to re-

capitulate, sum up. RECAPRELER, rê-kar-là, v. a. to new-pave.

Recéder, v. a. to give back.

RECÉLÉ, or RECÈLEMENT, s. m. conceal-

ment or concealing.

RECÉLER, rês-là, v. a. to conceal or receive (stolen things,) secrete, harbour.

RECÉLEU-R, SE, res-leur, leuz, s. m. & f. receiver of stolen things, one that harbours or lodges or receives stolen things.

RÉCEMMENT, ra-så-men, adv. recently,

newly, lately, freshly, of late.

RECENSEMENT, re-sens-men, s. m. hearing or examination of witnesses; also new verification of goods (of their quality, quantity or weight.)

RECENSER, re-sen-sa, v. a. to hear wit-

nesses, verify goods again.

RÉCENT, E, rà-sen, sent, adj. recent, new, fresh, lately done or happened. Etre récent Etre récent d'une lecture, to have that fresh in one's memory which has been read lately,

RECEPAGE, res-paz, s. m. lopping a tree

of its branches.

RECEPÉE, s. f. that part of the wood that has been lopped.

RECEPER, rês-på, v. a. to lop. RÉCÉPISSÉ, rå-så-pĵ-så, s. m. receipt. RÉCEPTACLE, rå-sép-takl, s. m. sink, sewer or common shore; also receptacle, shelter,

RÉCEPTION, s. f. reception or receiving, receipt; welcome, entertainment, reception; admittance.

RECETTE, re-set, s. f. receipt; the re-

ceiver's office; recipe. RECEVABLE, res-vabl, adj. receivable, fit to be admitted, good, right, lawful, allowable. RECEVEU-R, SE, res-veur, veuz, s. m. & f.

receiver; (d'un seigneur) steward; (d'une ville) chamberlain or treasurer.

RECEVOIR, res-vwar, v. a. (see evoir at concevoir) to receive; take; admit, allow or approve of; to welcome, entertain or trent, make a reception; to lodge or harbour; to accept, accept of, like; to feel; (une opinion) to take up. Recevoir, Mar. to receive, etc. Vous reçûtes plusieurs boulets dans votre màture, you received several shots in your masts Recevoir une grosse lume à bord, and yards. to ship a heavy sea

RECEZ, s. m. Ex. Le recez de l'empire d'Allemagne, the register of the resolutions of

the Imperial diet.

RÉCHAFAUDER, rå-shå-fò-då, v. a. to make

fresh scaffolding, new-scaffold.

Rechange, re-shenz, s. m. (terme de négoce) re-change. Mar. spare stores and rigging. Rechanges du maître, the boatswain's spare stores. Voiles de rechange, spare sails. Mâts et vergues de rechange, spare masts and yards.

RECHANGER, re-shen-za, v a. to change

again. RECHANTER, re-shen-ta, v. a. to sing again,

sing over and over, tell over and over, tell often. Řéchapper, rå-shå-på, v. n. to escape, re-cover. Réchappé de la potence, scape-gallows, RECHARGE, rë-shërz, s. f. additional tax, increase of taxes; (d'une arme à feu) second

RECHARGER, re-shar-za, v. a. to charge or load again; (l'ennemi) to make a second

charge upon; to repeat an order. RECHASSER, re-shå-så, v. a. to beat back,

drive back again, turn out again; also to hunt again.

RÉCHAUD, rà-shò, s. m. chafing-dish. RÉCHAUFFEMENT, s. m. new coat of fresh manure applied to a hot-bed.

RÉCHAUFFER, rå-shò-få, v. a. to warm or heat again, make or keep warm; to stir up or kindle again, to give new life or warmth or spirit to; (le combat) to renew. Se réchauffer, v. r. to warm one's self or get one's self warm again, grow warm again; also to break out or be kindled again. Rеснаигготк, ra-sho-fwar, s. m. kind of

stove to warm again the dishes brought from

a distant kitchen.

RECHAUSSER, re-sho-sa, v. a. to put on again; to beat over again (a metal.) Ex. Il rechaussa ses bas, he put on his stockings again. Rechnusser un arbre, to lay new earth about

the root of a tree.

RÉCHAUT, V. Réchaud.

RÈCHE, adj. rough, rude.

RECHEOIR, V. Rechoir.

RECHERCHE, re-shersh, s. f. search, research, inquiry, quest, seeking after, curious research or observation; affectation; (des actions) calling to an account, bringing into question; courting, wooing, making love, amorous addresses. D'Entrecesteaux fut envoyé à la recherche de l'infortuné La Pérouse, D'Entrecasteaux was sent in quest of the unfortunate La Perouse. Faire la recherche

d'une chose, to inquire into a thing.

RECHERCHÉ, E, rè-shêr-shâ, adj. sought or inquired after, searched into, etc. V. Rechercher, laboured; affected. Pensee trop re-

cherchée, far-fetched thought.

RECHERCHER, rê-shêr-shâ, v. a. to seek again, to look a second time for, call to an account; to court, sue for; (un tableau, etc.) to correct, finish, polish.

RECHIGNÉ, E, rê-shî-gnà, adj. & s. grim, gruff, grim-faced, pouting, gruff or grim-faced

RECHIGNER, rê-shî-guå, v. n. to look grim or gruff or crabbed, have a sour look, pout. RECHOIR, re-shwar, v. n. (like choir) to

fall again; also to fall sick again, relapse.

Rechu, r, adj. fallen again, relapsed.

Rechute, rê-shût, s. f. second fall; also

RÉCIDIVE, rå-sî-dlv, s. f. recidivation, relapse.

RÉCIDIVER, rå-sî-dî-vå, v. n. to relapse. Récipé, rå-si-på, s. m. recipe, physician's prescription.

RÉCIPIENDAIRE, rå-sì-pièn-dèr, s. m. one who stands to be admitted into some office,

RECIPIENT, ra-sî-pî-en, s. m. recipient. RÉCIPROCATION, rå-sî-prô-kå-sîon, s. f. re-

ciprocation, interchanging. RECIPROCITÉ, rå-sî-prò-sî-tå, s. f. recipro-

RÉCIPROQUE, rã-sî-prok, adj. reciprocal, mutual, interchangeable. I A verb is called Reciprocal when the pronouns Se, Nous, Vous, mean one another or each other. But reciprocity is expressed in some verbs by S'entre, nous entre, vous entre, instead of the simple se, nous, rous, which might appear ambiguous without the word mutuellement or reciproquement, which are equivalent to entre, which becomes entr' when the verb begins with a vowel. We may say in French, s'entr'aimer, to love one another, nous nous entr'aimons, we Vous vous entr'aimez, you love one another. love one 2 other. Ils s'entr'aiment, or elles

s'entr'aiment, they love one another. And so of the other tenses, s'entre-blesser, nous nous entre-blessons, vous vous entre-blessez, ils s'entre-blessent. If we say simply s'aimer, it would not only signify to love one another, but also to love one's self; then nous nous aimons would signify both we love one another, and we love ourselves. This remark will apply to all infinitives with s'entre or s'entr', since to the meaning of the infinitive, which may be found at its proper place in the alphabet, it is only necessary to add one another, each other, and sometimes to one another, to each other, as in s'entre-parler, to talk to each other or together.

RÉCIPROQUE, s. m. return, like for like. Je rous rendrai le réciproque, I shall make you a return, I shall requite you, I shall be even with you.

RÉCIPROQUEMENT, rå-sî-prôk-mên, adv. reciprocally, mutually, interchangeably.

RÉCIPROQUER, v. n. to reciprocate, re-

quite, be even with.

RÉCIRER, rå-si-rå, v. a. to new-wax, to

wax again. Récision, rå-sì-zìon. V. Rescision.

RECIT, ra:si, s. m. recital, account, relation,

report, narration; (in musick) recitative. RÉCITATEUR, rå-sî-tâ-têur, s. m. reciter, rehearser.

RÉCITATIF, ra-si-tâ-tif, s. f. recitative.

RÉCITATION, ra-si-ta-sion, s. f. recitation. RECITER, rå-sî-tå, v. a. to recite, rehearse; tell or relate.

RÉCLAMATION, rå-kla-må-slon, s. f. recla-

RÉCLAME, rå-klåm, s. f. (in printing,) catch word.

RÉCLAME, s. m. (in falconry) reclaiming. Oiseau qui revient au réclame, bird that returns readily to the lure.

RECLAMER, ra-Kia-ma, v. a. for, challenge, for, implore, call upon; to claim, challenge, RÉCLAMER, rå-klå-må, v. a. to sue or beg demand or sue; (un oiseau) to reclaim. Ré-clamer, v. n. to contradict or gainsay, com-plain, expostulate, protest. Se réclamer de quelqu'un, v. r. to make use of one's name. say that one belongs to him, challenge one's acquaintance with him.

RECLAMPER, re-klen-på, v. a. Mar. to re-

pair a broken mast or main yard.

RECLINANT, E, adj. reclining.

RECLINER, v. n. to recline. RECLOUER, rê-klôo-â, v. a. to nail again RECLURE, rê-klûr, v. a. (part. reclus) (onlaused in the infinitive and compound tenses) to cloister up, shut up in a cloister.

RECLUS, E, re-klu, kluz, adj. & s. cloister-

ed up, recluse.

RECOGNER, re-kô-gnå, v. a. to knock or thrust in again; also to drive or beat back, give a warm or smart reception to, pay off.

RECOIFFER, re-kwa-fa, v. a. to dress one's head again.

RECOIN, rê-kwin, s. m. corner, nook, by-

place, recess. Récolement, ra-kôl-men, s. m. re-exa-

RÉCOLER, rå-kô-lå, v. a. to re-examine

(witnesses.) RÉCOLLECTION, rå-kô-lêk-sîon, s. f. re-

collection. RÉCOLLET, TE, s. m. & f. Recollect, Fran-

ciscan friar or nun.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

RECOLLER, re-ko-la, v. a. to paste or glue

again. "Récolliger, (se) sê-râ-kô-lî-zâ, v. r. to

recollect one's self.

RÉCOLTE, rå-költ, s. f. crop, harvest.

RÉCOLTER, v. a. to reap, obtain. « RECOMMANDABLE, re-ko-men-dabl, adj.

commendable, praise-worthy, estimable.
RECOMMANDARESSE, rê-kô-men-dâ-rês, s.

f. woman that keeps an office of intelligence, RECOMMANDATION, re-kô-men-da-sion, s. f. recommendation, recommending; esteem, value, request; (in law) detainder; (for stolen goods) advertisement, notice. Aroir l'hon-

neur en recommandation, to value one's he nour. RECOMMANDER, rê-kô-mên-dâ, v. a. to recommend; to desire, charge; to recommend or leave to the care of; (in law) to lodge a detainer against; to send an advertisement or a notice (about stolen goods.) Recommunder quelqu'un aux prières de l'église, to pray for one at church. Se recommander à, v. r. to commend or recommend one's self to, implore the protection of.

RECOMMENCER, rê-kô-mên-sâ, v. a. & n.

to begin again, begin anew, renew.
RÉCOMPENSE, rå-kon-pens, s. f. recompense, reward, requital, compensation, punishment. En récompense, to make amends, by

way of recompense, etc. Récompenser, rå-kon-pën-så, v. a. to recompense, reward, requite; reward or punish,

make up for, make up. Rесомроѕев, rê-kon-pô-zâ, v. a. to com-

pose again, set again, recompose. RECOMPOSITION, rê-kon-pô-zî-sîon, s. f.

(terme de chimie) recomposition. RECOMPTER, rê-kon-tâ, v. a. to tell over

or reckou again.

RÉCONCILIABLE, rå-kon-sî-ll-abl, adj. reconcileable.

RÉCONCILIAT-EUR, RICE, rà-kon-sî-lî-àteur, tris, s. m. & f. reconciler.

RÉCONCILIATION, rà-kon-sì-lì-à-sìon, s. f. reconcilement, reconciliation. Réconciliation d'une église, new-consecrating of a church.

RÉCONCILIER, rå-kon-sî-lî-à, v. a. to reconcile; (une église) to new-consecrate. Se réconcilier (avec) v. r. to reconcile one's self, make one's peace, be reconciled (with.)

*RECONDUCTION, s. f. Ex. Tacite réconduction, enjoyment of the premises upon the same condition as before, without a renewal of the lease.

RECONDUIRE, rê-hon-dûlr, v. a. (see the table at nire) to wait upon (one) back, recon-

Cuct; also to drive away, send packing.
RECONDUIT, E, adj. brought back again, reconducted.

*Reconfirmer, re-kon-fir-ma, v. a. to confirm again.

*Réconfort, rå-kon-för, s. m. comfort, consolation.

RÉCONFORTATION, s. f. the act of comforting.

*Réconforter, rå-kon-for-tå, v. a. to comfort, console.

RÉCONFRONTATION, rà-kon-fron-tà-sion, e. f. confronting again.

RÉCONFRONTER, râ-kon-fron-tà, v. a. to confront again, bring again face to face.

RECONN HISSABLE, re-ko-ne-sabl, adj. casy to be know a again

RECONNOISSANCE, rê-kô-nê-sens, s. f. acknowledgment or knowing again, recognition, recognizance, discovery; acknowledg ment, gratitude, thankfulness; requital, reward; acknowledging, acknowledgment, own. ward; acknowledging, acknowledging; confession, recognizance, bond. Reconnoissance, s. f. Mar. mark, sea-mark, landwark, also the act of reconnoiting. Reconnoissance mark; also the act of reconnoitring. Reconnark; Reconnoissance qui cadrant avec une autre, détermine la position où l'on doit être, thwart mark. Le volçan de l'île de Bourbon est un bon point dereconnoissance la nuit, the volcano of the isle of Bourbon is an excellent land-mark by night. RECONNOISSANT, E, rê-kô-nê-sên, sent,

adj. grateful, thankful. RECONNOITRE, re-ko-netr, v. a. (see the table at oitre) to know or know again; to find out, see, discover, perceive, be satisfied; to acknowledge, own or confess; to consider, be thankful or grateful for; to reconnoitre, observe, view, take a view of. Reconnoitre une rente, to recognise a rent. Se reconnoître, v. r. to come to one's self; repent or acknowledge one's fault; know where one is; to recognise one's self: v. a. Mar. to reconnoitre, make out, etc. Reconnoître la terre, to reconnoitre the land. Depuis que le bâtiment par la hanche nous a reconnu, il est arrivé, since the ship on the quarter has made us out, she has bore up. Reconnoître un bâtiment, to approach a vessel in order to discover her force and of what nation she is.

RECONNU, E, adj. known, acknowledged,

etc. V. Reconnoître.

RECONQUÉRIR, rê-kon-kā-rīr, v. a. (see the table at quérir) to conquer again.
RECONQUÍS, E, adj. conquered again.
RECONSTRUITION, S. f. building again.
RECONSTRUIRE, rê-kons-trûlr, v. a. (see the table at nire) to build up again.

RECONSULTER, re-kon-sůl-tå, v. a. to con-

sult again.

RECONTER, rê-kon-tå, v. a. to relate or tell RECONVOQUER, re-kon-vô-ka, v. a. to con-

vene again, call together again, reassemble.
RECOPIER, rê-kô-pla, v. a. to copy again, write fair again.

RECOQUILLÉ, E, adj. curled, curled up, turned up.

RECOQUILLEMENT, rê-kô-kîl-mên, s. m curling up, shrinking, turning up. RECOQUILLER, rê-kô-kî-lâ, v. a. to curl curl up, turn up, shrink up, shrivel; (son cha peau) to cock up. Se recoquiller, v. r. to cur.

or curl up, shrink up, turn up.
RECORDER, re-kor-da, v. a. (quelqu'un)
to instruct; (sa leçon) to get without book(in law) to record. Exploits recordés, sum

mons before two witnesses.

RECORRIGER, rê-kô-rî-zà, v. a. to correct again, revise.

RECORS, re-kor, s. m. sergeant's or bailiff's assistant, setter.

RECOUCHER, re-koo-sha, v. a. to put to bed again.

RECOUDRE, rê-koodr, v. a. (like coudre) to sew, sew up again.

RECOUPE, rê-kôop, s. f. waste, shards rubbish or stones; middle sort of brau.

RECOUPER, re-kôo-på, v. a. to cut again.

RECOURBER, v. as to crook, make crook-l, to bend. Se recourber, v. r. to grow ed, to bend. crooked, to bend

RECOURIR, re-koo-rir, v. n. (like courir) to run again; have recourse, fly for succour or help or relief. Mar. Faire recourir une manaeure, to light along a rope. Recourir les coulures d'un bâtiment, to run over the seams of a ship (in calking.)

*Recourre, rê-koor, v. a. (only used in the infinitive and participle recous) to rescue

(a prisoner.)

Recours, rê-koor, s. m. recourse, refuge;

relief, remedy, redress.

*Recousse, re-koos, s. f. rescue, help. RECOUSU, E, adj. (from Recoudre) sewed

again.

RECOUVER, re-kôo-va, v. a. to brood or

sit on again. RECOUVERT, E, adj. covered again, new covered; recovered. V. Recouver.
RECOUVEABLE, re-kôo-vrábl, adj. reco-

verable.

RECOUVREMENT, re-koovr-men, s. m. recovery, recovering, regaining, re-obtaining;

gathering, levy, receipt (of laxes.)
RECOUVEER, re-koo-vra, v. a. to recover,

regain, retrieve, levy, gather.
RECOUVRIR, rê-kôo-vrîr, v. a. (like cou-

vrir) to cover again, new cover. RECRACHER, rê-ki a-sha, v. n. & a. to spit

often, spit out again.

RECRÉANCE, re-kra-èns, s. f. provisional possession given in a suit to one of the parties till the cause be determined. Lettres de récréance, recredentials.

RÉCRÉATI-F, VE, rà-krå-à-tìf, tiv, adj. recreative, diverting, pleasant, delightful, enter-

RÉCRÉATION, rà-krà-à-sion, s. f. recreation, refreshment, sport, diversion.

RÉCRÉDENTIAIRE, rå-krå-den-sler, s. m. recredentiary, one who holds a living in liti-

gation conditionally.

RÉCRÉER, rà-krå-à, v. a. to recreate, refresh, divert or delight, make merry, enliven, relieve. Se récréer, v. r. to recreate or divert or refresh one's self, unbend one's spirit. RÉCRÉMENT, s. m. recrement.

RECRÉPIR, v. a. to parget or plaster again. RECREUSER, re-kreu-za, v. a. to dig up

again or deepen.

RECRIBLER, rê-krî-bla, v. a. to shift again. RÉCRIER, (SE) se-râ-kri-à, v. r. (contre or sur) to cry out upon, exclaim at, clamour against.

RÉCRIMINATION, ra-kri-mi-na-sion, s. f.

recrimination.

RÉCRIMINER, rå-kri-mi-nå, v. n. to recriminate, return an accusation

RÉCRIRE, rå-krir, v. a. (like écrire) to write again, write over again, answer or write an answer.

RÉCRIT, E, adj. writ over again.

RECROÎTRE, v. n. to grow again. RECROQUEVILLER, (SE) se-re-krok-vi-la, v. r. to curl or turn or roll up; to rivel, shrivel. shrink up.

RECROTTER, (SE) se-re-kro-ta, v. r. to get

fresh dirt, be dirty again.
RECRU, E, rê-k û, krû, adj. nred, weary, spent, out of hear , jaded.

RECRUE, rê-krà, s. f. recruit, recruiting. RECRUTER, rê-krů-tå, v. a. to recruit or RECRUTEUR, s. m. one who recruits sol-

diers.

RECTA, rek-ta, adv. directly, punctually. RECTANGLE, rêk-tengl, adj. rectangular; s. m. rectangle.

RECTANGULAIRE, adj. rectangular.

RECTEUR, rêk-têur, s. m. rector. RECTIFICATION, rêk-tî-fî-kâ-sîon, s. f. rec-

tification, rectifying or refining.

RECTIFIER, rek-ti-fi-a, v. a. to rectify, rorrect, redress, mend, better, set to rights again;

(in chymistry) to rectify or refine. RECTILIGNE, rek-ti-lign, adj. rectilineal,

rectilineous.

RECTITUDE, rek-ti-tud, s. f. uprightness, rectitude, honesty, probity, integrity; (de la vue) directness.

Кесто, rek-to, s. m. first page of a leaf.

RECTORAL, E, adj. rectorial. RECTORAT, rêk-tô-râ, s. m. rectorship. RECU, E, adj. received, admitted, etc. V. Recevoir.

REÇU, rê-sû, s. m. receipt or discharge.

RECUEIL, rê-këul, s. m. collection. RECUEILLEMENT, rê-këul-mên, s. m. re-

collection.

RECUEILLIR, rê-kêu-lîr, v. a. (like cueillir) to gather, reap, get in, get; to get together; to select, pick out, compile; to receive or entertain; to gather or infer; (les bruits) to pick up; (ses esprits) to recollect one's self. Se recueillir, to recollect one's self; also to sum up or recapitulate what one has said before

RECUIRE, re-kûlr, v. a. (see the table at uire.) Recuit, to broil or bake or roast again;

to neal (metals.)

RECUIT, TE, re-kůl, kůlt, adj. boiled or baked or roasted again; nealed; (trop cuit) over-boiled or baked or roasted, over-done.

RECUIT, s. m. Recuite, s. f. nealing, baking. RECUITEUR, rê-kûl-têur, s. m. blancher or boiler (in the mint.)

RECUL, re-kål, s. m. recoil, recoiling (of

cannon.) RECULADE, rê-kû-låd, s. f. drawing backwards (as of a carriage or carriages;) putting

off (of a final settlement.) RECULÉ, E, rê-kû-la, adj. put or pulled or drawn back, etc. remote, far.

*RECULÉE, s. f. Ex. Fen de reculée, scorch-

ing fire that makes people draw back.

RECULEMENT, re-kul-men, s. m. delaying, delay, putting off; breeching (of a harness.)

RECULER, re-ku-la, v. a. to put or pull or draw back; to put off, delay, retard; to put off, remove; to extend, enlarge, carry far-ther: v. n. to go or fall or draw back; give ground, recoil; to go back, hang an arse, shift. Il n'y a plus moyen (or il n'est plus per mis) de reculer, there is no going back. Se reculer, to go or fall or draw back.

RECULONS, (A) år-ku-lon, adv. backward;

down the wind, cross, preposterously.

RÉCUPÉRER, (SE) se-ra-ku-pa-ra, v. r. to recover, retrieve, make up (one's losses.)
Récusable, rà-kû-zabl, adj exceptiona-

ble, liable to exception.
"RECUSATION, ra-kd-za-sion, s. f challenge, exception in law.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

RÉCUSER, rå-ků-zå, v. a. to challenge, except against.

RÉDACTEUR, rå-dåk-teur, s. m. compiler, digester.

RÉDACTION, rå-dåk-sion, s. f. digesting. REDAN, re-den, s. m. redan (in fortifica-

RÉDARGUER, rê-dâr-gû-à, v. a. (pron. the

u) to rebuke, reprove:

REDDITION, red-di-slon, s. f. (d'une place) reddition, surrender. surrendering; (de comptes) giving in, rendering.

REDEBATTRE, v. a. irr. (like battre) to debate or examine or canvass again.

REDÉCLARER, re-da-kla-ra, v. a. to declare again.

REDEDIER, rê-dâ-dî-â, v. a. to dedicate

REDÉFAIRE, rê-dà-fer, v. a. (like faire) to undo again.

REDÉJEUNER, rê-dâ-zêu-na, v. a. to eat a second breakfast.

REDÉLIBÉRER, v. a. to reconsider, to de-

liberate again upon.

REDÉLIVRER, rê-dâ-ll-vrå, v. a. to set at

liberty a second time.

REDEMANDER, red-men-da, v.a. to demand again; require back (any thing lent or given.)
REDÉMOLIR, re-da-mo-lir, v. a. to demolish or pull down again.

RÉDEMPTEUR, rå-denp-teur, s. m. Re-

deemer or Saviour.

RÉDEMPTION, rà-dènp-sion, s. f. redemption, redeeming.

REDEPÊCHER, v. a. to despatch again. REDESCENDRE, re-de-sendr, v. n. to come down again.

REDEVABLE, red-vabl, adj. who is still in one's debt, indebted; beholden, bound, obliged. REDEVANCE, red-vens, s. f. duty, rent or service (paid or rendered unnually.)

REDEVANCIER, E, rêd-ven-sîà, sièr, s. m.

& f. tenant or homager.

REDEVENIR, re-dev-nir, v. n. (like venir) to grow or become again (what one was before.) REDEVENU, E, adj. grown or become again. REDÉVIDER, rê-dâ-vî-dâ, v. a. to wind again (a clue of thread, etc.)

REDEVOIR, red-vwar, v. a. (like devoir)

to remain in one's debt, owe still.

REDHIEITION, s. f. redhibition. REDHIEITOIRE, adj. redhibitory.

RÉDIGER, rà-dl-2å, v. a. to digest, put into order. Rédiger par écrit, to write or write down, couch in writing, commit to writing. RÉDIMER, (SE) sê-râ-dî-mâ, v. r. to free or

exempt one's self.

REDINGOTE, re-din-gôt, s. f. riding-coat, great coat.

REDIRE, re-dlr, v. a. (like dire) to repeat, say or tell over again, tell again, blab. Trouver à redire à, to find fault with.

REDISEUR, s. m. a repeater or rehearser; a tell tale.

REDISTRIBUER, re-dis-tri-bu-a, v. a. to distribute again.

REDISTRIBUTION, s. f. new distribution. REDITE, rê-dît, s. f. repetition, tautology. REDCUPTER, v. a. to subdue again.

RED NDANCE, re-don-dens, s. f. redundance, superfluity.

REDONDANT, E, rê-don-den, dent, adj. re-Aundant, superfluous

REDONDER, re-don-da, v. n. to redound be superfluous.

REDONNER, rê-dô-na, v. a. to give again. give over and over, give back again, restore.

Redonner, v. n. to fall on again, charge again; to redouble.

REDORER, rễ-dỗ-ra, v. a. to gild over again, new-gild.

REDORMIR, rê-dôr-mîr, v. n. irr. (like dormir) to sleep again.

REDOUBLEMENT, re-doobl-men, s. m. in-

erease, redoubling. REDOUBLER, re-doo-bla, v. a. to new-line or line again (a garment;) redouble, double, increase, reiterate. Redoubler, (de jambes) v. n. to redouble or increase (one's speed.)

REDOUTABLE, re-doo-tabl, adj. dreadful,

formidable. REDOUTE, rë-doot, s. f. redoubt.

REDOUTER, re-doo-ta, v. a. to fear, dread. -

REDRESSEMENT, s. m. reforming. REDRESSER, re-dre-sa, v. a. to make straight, make straight again, put in the right way, set up again; (les torts) to redress, reform, correct; to redress, rectify, set to rights again; (au jeu) to over-reach, nick. Se re-dresser, v. r. to grow straight again, get up again; also smug up, trim up one's self. Redresser, v. a. se redresser, v. r. Mar. to right. Ex. Redresser un vaisseau, to right a ship. Le bâtiment ne se redressa qu'après que nous esmes coupé tous nos mâts, the ship did not

right till we had cut away all our masts.
*REDRESSEUR, rë-drë-sëur, s.m. cheat,
swindler; also redresser. Ex. Les cheroliers
errans se disoient redresseurs de torts, knightserrant called themselves redressers of wrongs.

RÉDUCTIBLE, rà-důk-tibl, adj. reducible. RÉDUCTI-F, VE, rà-duk-fl, tiv, adj. re-ductive. Ex. Sel réductif, reductive salt. RÉDUCTION, rà-duk-slon, s. m. reduction.

reducing, being reduced.

RÉDUIRE, rà-duir, v. a. (See the table at uire) to reduce; to subdue, bring to subjection; force, compel; to reclaim, reform; to digest; to confine; to diminish, abridge; to turn; (à la raison) to bring; (au désespoir) to drive; (un cheval) to break; (son avis) to sum up. Réduire quelqu'un au petit pied, to bring one into (reduce one to) straits. réduire, v. r. to be reduced; confine of confine one's self; come or amount; be reclaimed, to mend or reform.

Réduire, v. a. Mar. to reduce, etc. Tout l'équipage fut réduit à un tiers de rotion par la longueur de la traversée, the whole ship's eompany was reduced to one third allowance by the length of the passage. Le fort fut réduit par deux de nos vaisseaux de ligne, the fort was reduced by two of our line of battle

RÉDUIT, E, adj. (from réduire) reduced.

RÉDUIT, rå-důl, s. m. by-place, nook, cor-

ner , intrenchment. RÉDUPLICATI-F, VE, rå-dů-plî-kå-tif, tiv. adj. reduplicative.

RÉDUPLICATION, rà-dù-plì-ka-sion, s. f.

reduplication. RÉEDIFICATION, rà-à-dì-fì-kà-sìon, s. f.

re-edifying, rebuilding RÉÉDIFIER, rà-à-dì-fià, v. a. to re-edify build again.

RÉEL, LE, rà-êl, adj. real, true, that is indeed. Monnoie réelle, current coin or money. RÉ-ÉLECTION, rå-å-lêk-sìon, s. f. re-elec-

tion, or second election.

RÉELLEMENT, rå-el-mên, adv. really, in-RÉENGENDRER, rå-èn-zèn-drå, v. a. to re-

generate. RÉER, rà-à, v. n. (terme de chasse) to bel-

low (as a red deer.) to croyn (as a fallow deer.)
REFAIRE, re-fer, v. a. (like faire) to do
again, do over again; make again; begin again; mend, repair, recover, refresh; also deal again. Se refaire, v.r. to recover, mend, recruit or refresh one's self.

REFAIT, E, re-fe, fet, adj. done over again,

Un gueux refait, an upstart.

REFAIT, s. m. drawn game; new horns (of deer.)

RÉFECTION, rà-fêk-sîon, s. f. repair or repairing; refection.

RÉFECTOIRE, rà-fêk-twar, s. m. refectory. RÉFECTORIAIRE, s. f. nun that takes care

of the refectory, house-keeper (in a nunnery.)
REFEND, re-fen, s. m. Ex. Mur de refend, partition wall. Bois de refend, wood sawed lengthwise.

REFENDRE, rê-fendr, v. a. to cleave, split,

cut, divide in two; saw lengthwise. RÉPÉRÉ, rå-få-rå, s. m. report. RÉPÉRENDAIRE, rå-få-rénder, s. m. re-ferendary. Tiers référendaire, referce.

RÉFÉRER, rå-få-rå, v. a. to refer. fercr le serment, to put it to one's oath. Référer, v. n. to report, make a report. Se référer, v. r. to be referred.

REFERMER, rê-fêr-mâ, v. a. to shut again; close up again. Refermer, v. n. or se refer-

mer, v. r. (une plaie) to close up again. Referrer, re-fe-ra, v. a. Ех. Referrer

un cheval, to new-shoe a horse. REFICHER, re-fi-sha, v. a. to drive or stick

REFIXER, v. a. to fix or settle again. RÉFLÉCHI, E, rå-flå-shi, shi, adj. reflecting, reflective. Reflective verbs commonly drop the pronoun which marks reflection after faire, voir, laisser, our or entendre, which gives them the appearance of neuter verbs. V. Cabrer. There are few active verbs which may not be made reflective; and they espeeially become so when the neuter verb is wanting in French, and a neuter sense is to be expressed. This is also the ease when the object is to avoid the passive form without employing on or l'on, which are used for the same purpose. But the French naturally seek to give their expressions the same activity which characterises themselves, and hence many phrases passive in English have the reflective form in French, which in fact is a verb active, for the agent is found not only in the nominative but in the accusative also. Retirer, v. a. signifies to draw back, v. a. or to withdraw, v. a. but Retirer cannot be neuter. The French, to express to retire or withdraw, v. n. use se retirer, the true meaning of which is to draw one's self back or to withdraw one's self. In English, the agent is sometimes understood and the verb passive, when in French the indeterminate on or l'on is introduced, rendering what was the nominative in English the accusative in French, as well as in

cases, where, rendering the verb reflective.it gives it for nominative what was the nomina-tive in English, and for the accusative a pronoun which relates to the same nominative. On dira cela demain or cela se dira demain is equivalent to that will be told or mentioned tomorrow, or people will tell or mention that tomorrow; and ces has se font à Boston or on fait ces bas à Boston is the same as these stockings are made at Boston. Observe, moreover, that often, in French, when the agent may be understood, it is used for the nominative of a reflective verb, placing what would naturally be the nominative of the reflective verb where the accusative would be placed; and this kind of construction is a new proof that the genius of the French tongue employs circumlocutions where the verb appears active. Frenchman, to say in his language, a considerable fleet is fitting out at Boston, would naturally say, il s'équipe à Boston une flotte considerable; to render into his language, men are found or there are men found of that very disposition, he would say, il se troure des hommes de ce même caractère, or on trouve des hommes de ce même caractère. And, things which never happen to others are daily happening to me, would be, it m'arrive tous les jours des choses qui n'arrivent jamais aux autres. V. the remark on A and De. The remark just made will be so much the more useful as more than half the reflective verbs are omitted in dietionaries, and the grammars do not explain the different ways in which the genius of the French language endeavours to avoid the ambiguities which would result from the too frequent repetition of on or l'on, whether to avoid confounding ce qui se fait with ce qui est fait, or to avoid a departure from the true character of the French people, which, as we have said, is activity.

RÉFLÉCHIR, rå-flå-shîr, v. n. to reflect; to be reflected or beaten back; to reflect or return; (penser mûrement) to consider, think. Réfléchir, v. a. to reflect, reverberate. Se réfléchir, v. r. to reflect, be reflected.

RÉFLÉCHISSEMENT, rå-flå-shis-men, s. m. reflection, reverberation, resilition or turning

back,

Reflet, re-fle, s. m. reflex or reflection (of the light, which one object throws upon another) (in painting.)
REFLETER, re-fla-ta., v. a. (in painting)

to reflect or throw (the light or colour on the nearest object.)

REFLEURIR, rê-flêu-rîr, v. n. to blossom again; flourish again.

RÉFLEXIBILITÉ, rå-flêk-sî-bî-lî-tå, s. f. reflexibility.

RÉFLEXIBLE, rå-slèk-sibl, adj. reslexible REFLEXION, ra-flek-sion, s. f. reflection,

returning back, meditation, consideration.

Refluer, re-flu-å, v. n. to reflow, run back.

Reflux, re-flu, s. m. reflux, ebb or ebbing, vieissitude.

REFONDER, re-fon-da, v. a. les dépens, to refund or pay back the charges or costs.

REFONDRE, re-fondr, v. a. to melt or cast again, new-cast; to reform or new-mould. Refondre un bâtiment, Mar. to give a vessel a thorough repair.

REFONDU, F adj. melted or cast again

new-east.

bar, bat, base: thère èbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

REFORTE, re-font.s. f. melting down again, etc. new-coining. Refonte, Mar. complete or thorough repair. Etre en refonte, to be undergoing a thorough repair.

REFORCER, v. a. to force or compel or

press again.

REFORGER, re-for-za, v. a. to forge anew, new hammer and forge.

REFORMABLE, adj. that may be reformed. RÉFORMAT-EUR, RICE, s. m. & f. reformer. RÉFORMATION, rå-for-må-sion, s. f. re-

tormation, reforming, reform.

RÉFORME, ra-form, s. f. reform, reforming or reformation; (des troupes) reduction, disbanding.

Réformé, e, rå-for-må, adj. & s. reformed, etc. puritan; protestant; reformist.

Officier reforme, half-pay officer.
REFORMER, rå-för-må, v. a. to reform, redress, improve; (des troupes) to reduce, disband.

REFORTIFIER, re-for-ti-fia, v. a. to refor-

tify or new-fortify.

REFOUETTER, re-fwa-ta, v.a. to whip again. REFOUILLER, re-foo-la, v. a. to rake up

again, trench again, etc.

REFOULER, re-foo-la, v. a. to full again; (la rendange) to stamp again. Refouler la marée, Mar. to stem the tide. La marée refoule, it is ebb tide

REFOULOIR, re-foo-lwar, s. m. rammer.

Refouloir de corde, Mar. rope-rammer. REFOURBIR, rê-foor-bir, v. a. to new fur-

bish, furbish again. REFOURNIR, re-foor-nir, v. a. to stock or

furnish again.

RÉFRACTAIRE, rå-fråk-ter, adj. refractory, rebellious, froward.

REFRACTER, v. a. to refract, break the natural course of rays.

REFRACTION, rå-fråk-slon, s. f. refraction. REFRAIN, re-frin, s. m. burden (of a song.) Refrains de la mer, continual tossing of the

RÉFRANGIBILITÉ, rà-frèn-21-bî-lî-tà, s. f.

refrangibility."

RÉFRANGIBLE, rå-frèn-zîbl, adj. refrangible.

REFRAPPER, re-fra-pa, v. a. to strike again, new-stamp or stamp again.

REFRAYER, re-fre-va, v. a. to polish or smooth (pottery before baking at.)
REFREIN. V. Refrain.
REFRENER, re-fra-na, v. a. to refrain or

restrain, curb, bridle or repress RÉFRIGÉRANT, E, rå-fri-zà ên, rent, adj.

refrigerant, cooling. REFRIGÉRANT, s. m. cooler refrigeratory

vessel.

RÉFRIGÉRATI-F, VE, s. m. & adj. cooler, cooling medicine.

RÉFRIGÉRATION, rå-frì-zå-rå-sion, s. f.

refrigeration, cooling. RÉFRINGENT, E, rà-frin-zèn, zènt, adj. refractive.

REFRISER, v. a. (like frire) to fry again. REFRISER, re-fri-za, v. a. to curl again.

Refrogné, e, rê-frô-gnà, adj. & s. grim, grim-faced, gruff, that has a sour or crabbed

countenance, grim-faced man or woman. Refrognement re-fregn-men, s. m. sour, erabbed, dogged, sallen look; bending or knitting of one's brows.

REFROGNER, (SE) se-re-fro-gna, v. r. to put on a sour look or grim countenance, to bend or knit one's brows.

REFROIDIR, re-frwa-dir, v. a. & n. to make cold, cool, take away the heat; slacken, relent, lessen, cool or grow cold. Se refroidir, v. r. to cool, grow cool, lose its heat; relent. lessen, grow colder or less.

REFROIDISSEMENT, re-frwa-dis-men.s.m.

cooling; coldness, refenting. Refrotter, re-fro-ta, v. a. to rub again. Refuge, re-fuz, s. m. refuge, shelter, sanctuary, pretence or excuse.
REFUGIE, E, ra-fû-zî-a, adj. & s. sheltered,

fled to a place of refuge, refugee.

RÉFUGIER, (SE) se-ra-fû-21-a, v. r. to fly

(to a place or to one) for shelter or refuge, take sanctuary.

REFUIR, v. n. (like fuir.) Ex. Le cerf re-

fuit sur soi, the stag doubles.

REFUITE, rê-fûit, s. f. the doubling of the

stag; shift, evasion.
REFUS, re-fu, s. m. refusal, denial, repulse; refuse, thing refused (by others.) . Une chose qui n'est pas de refus, a thing not to be refused. Avoir une chose on refus de quelqu'un, to have the refusal of another. Cela n'est pas à votre refus, it is not in your choice

REFUSER, re-fû-za, v. a. to refuse, deny. Se refuser quelque chose, to deny one's self a thing, deprive or abridge one's self of a thing. Refuser, Mar. to refuse. scant, head. Le bâliment refuse à virer, the ship refuses or misses stays. Les vents nous refusent, the wind heads us. V. Adonner & Mouillage.

REFUSION, s. f. (law term) refunding or paying back.

RÉFUTATION, ra-fu-ta-sion, s. f. refutation, confutation.

RÉFUTER, rå-få-tå, v. a. to refute or confute. REGAGNER, rê.gà-gna, v. a. to regain, re-cover, win back, get again; (un lieu) reach; (le chemiu) to get again into, return to. Regagner, v. a. Mar. Le César fuit de la voile pour regagner son poste, the Cæsar is making sail to regain her station. Nous regagnerons dans ce bord-ci ce que nous avons perdu dans l'autre, we shall regain upon this tack what we lost upon the other.

REGAILLARDIR, v. a. to revive, make cheerful or merry, cheer up.

REGAIN, re-gin, s. m. after-grass, aftermath

RÉGAL, rå-gål, s. m. regale, noble treat or entertainment; entertainment, divertisement. Envoyer un régal de vin, to send a present of wine

RÉGALE, rà-gàl, s. f. regale or prerogative of the king of France of disposing of benefices during the vacancy of an episcopal see.

Régale, s. m. regal (sort of portable organ.) RÉGALE, adj. Ex. L'eau régale, aqua regalis.

RÉGALÉ, E, adj. regaled, treated, nobly treated or entertained, etc.

RÉGALEMENT, rå-gål-mên, s. m. assess-ment; also levelling or laying even.

RÉGALER, rå-gå-lå, v. a. to regale, treat,

feast or entertain, divert; to present; (les tailles) to assess; to level, lay or make even. Récallen, raga-lièn, adj. m. Ex. Droits régaliens, the royalties, the king's preroga tives, regale, regalia.

RÉGALISTE, rå-gå-list, s. m. incumbent of a benefice by virtue of the king's gift and pre-

rogative of regale.

REGARD, re-gar, s. m. look, view, eyes, glance of the eyes; looks, countenance; (des astres) aspect; (in painting) two pictures that look at one another; opening in an aque-Au regard de, in comparison with or

'REGARDANT, re-går-den, s. m. looker on,

REGARDANT, adj. too saving, close, nig-

gardly; (in heraldry) regardant.

REGARDER, re-gar-da, v. a. to look upon, see, behold; to face, front, be situated over against; to look, mind, take heed or notice of, consider, to concern. Regarder fixement, to stare at, look steadfastly. Regarder avec admiration, to gaze at. Regarder de près, v. n. to be short-sighted; also to look narrowly or nicely into things, be too nice, be close or near. Regardez à ce que vous allez dire, mind what you are going to say. Regarder du hant en bas, to serutinize (one) contemptuously. Regarder en pitié, to look upon with contempt.

REGARNIR, re-går-nir, v. a. to furnish

again, to new-trim

REGELER, rez-là, v. a. & n. to freeze again. REGENCE, ra-zens, s. f. regency, administration of the government; the regent, the lords deputies during the king's absence; also

school-mastership. RÉGÉNÉRATEUR, s. m. one who regene-

rates

RÉGÉNÉRATION, rå-zå-nå-rå-sion, s. f. regeneration, reproduction, growing again.

RÉGENÉRÉ, E, adj. & s. regenerated, newborn ; regenerated person.

RÉGÉNÉRER, rå-zå-nå-rå, v. a. to regene-Se régénérer, to grow again.

RÉGENT, E, ra-zen, zent, adj. & s. regert; protector; lord deputy; teacher, master.

RÉGENTER, rå-zèn-tå, v. a. & n. to teach, be a school-master; domineer, rule, master. Régenter unc classe, to teach a form. REGERMER, re-zer-ma, v. n. to bud or

grow again.

RÉGI, E, adj. (from régir) governed, ruled.

RÉGICIDE, rå-zî-sîd, s. m. regicide. RÉGIE, rå-zl, s. f. administration, management.

REGIMBEMENT, re-zinb-men, s. m. kicking. REGIMBER, re-zîn-ba,v. n. to kiek or wince. RÉGIME, rà-zîm, s. m. diet, course of diet, regimen, government, administration; (in grammar) regimen, case governed.

RÉGIMENT, rà-zì-mên, s. m. regiment. *RÉGINGLETTE, rå-zin-glet, s. f. gin or

trap (to eateh birds.)

REGION, ra-zion, s. f. region; country; (d'une carte géographique) quarter; (ducœur)

region or seat.

Régir, rà-zir, v. a. to govern, rule. RÉGISSEUR, rå-zî-seur, s. m. manager, ad-

ministrator.

REGISTRE, re-zistr, s. m. register, registerbook or record, chronicle, history; stop of an organ; (in printing) register. Il es registres, I have him in my books. registre, Mar. Spanish register ship. Il est sur mes Bâtiment

REGISTRER, rê-zîs ra, v a. to register,

enrol, record.

REGITRE & REGITRER, V. Registre, Re-

RÈGLE, regl, s. f. rule; ruler; precept; law, statute, institute; eustom, common practice; example, model, guide, pattern; regularity, order, method. Règles, (des femmes) monthly terms, menses.

RÉGLÉ, E, rå-glå, adj. ruled; determined, settled, agreed upon; set, certain, regular; regulated, ordered, governed, orderly, sober. Horloge bien réglée, clock that keeps good time. Vent réglé, Mar. trade-wind.

REGLEMENT, regl-men, s. m. regulation,

law, statute.

REGLÉMENT, adv. regularly, strictly, by rule, constantly, always.

RÉGLÉMENTAIRE, adj. of or belonging to

RÉGLER, rå-glå, v. a. to rule; to regulate, order, direct, guide, frame or square; to decide, determine, settle; (une horloge) to set right. Régler les parties sur leur différent, to give a rule in a cause. Se régler sur, to imitate, follow, go by. Régler. Mar. Votre octant est-il bien réglé? is your quadrant well adjusted? Le commandant a réglé sa voilure pour la nuit. the commodore has regulated his sail for the night.

RÉGLET, rå-glê, s. m. rule or ruler; (in architecture) small fillet.

RÉGLEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. ruler (of paper or books.)

RÉGLISSE, rå-glic, s. f. licorice. RÉGLURE, s. f. ruling or drawing of lines with a rule, the lines themselves.

RÉGNANT, E, rå-gnèn, gnènt, adj reigning. Le goût régnant, the present taste Vents

régnans, Mar. prevailing winds. Règne, règn, s. m. reign; vogue, fashion; (du pape) triple-erown; kingdom, genus. Le règne animal, the animal kingdom.

RÉGNER, rà-gnà, v. n. to reign; be a king, rule as a king; to sway or bear sway, rule or bear rule, have the upper hand, to be in great favour or credit, have great interest; to be in vogue or fashion, be cried up; to reach along; to abound.

RÉGNICOLE, re-gni-kol, s. m. & f. native or inhabitant of a kingdom. Etranger regnicole, denizen.

REGONFLEMENT, re-gonfl-men, s. m. swelling of waters stopt by some obstacle.

REGONFLER, re-gon-fla, v. n. to swell or overflow (as waters stopped.)

REGORGEMENT, re-gorz-men, s. m. over-

REGORGER, re-gor-za, v. n. to overflow or run over; to vomit or east up; (de quelque chose) to abound with, swim in, be full of.

REGOULER, v. a. to snub, give a sharp or crabbed answer; to glut, cloy.

REGOURMER, v. a. to box or cuff again. REGOUTER, re-goo-ta, v. a. to taste again. REGRAT, re-gra, s. m. regrating, huck-

ster's commodities or trade.

REGRATTER, re-gra-ta, v. a. to scratch again; to new-vamp; to mend or new-vamp. correct, criticise upon; (une muraille) to rub or finish down; (une maison) to scrape or new point. Regratter, v. n. to regrate, dr. huckster's trade; also stand upon trifles. drive a

REGRATTERIE, s. f. regrating, huckster's

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

REGRATTIER, E, regra-tia, tier, s. m. & f. regrater or huckster, huckstress. Regrattier de livres, stall bookseller.

REGRÉER, v. a. Mar. to rig again. REGREFFER, rê-grê-fâ, v. a. to graft again.

REGRE's, re-gre', s. m. regress or return into a benefice one had resigned.

REGRET, re-gre', s. m. regret, grief, sorrow, affliction, concern, repining at, grudging; grief, sorrow, discontent, pain. Regrets, lamentation, complaints, wee. Avoir bien du regret de, to be very sorry for. J'ai tous les regrets du monde d'être obligé, etc. it grieves me exceedingly that I am forced, etc. A regret, with regret, hardly, with reluctancy,

against the grain, grudgingly.
REGRETTABLE, re-gre-tabl, adj. to be

lamented.

REGRETTER, rê-grê-ta, v. a. to regret, mourn, lament, bewail, miss or want, be sor-

ry for, grudge.

REGUINDER, v. a. to hoist or lift up again. Reguinder, v. n. to soar again (as a hawk does.) REGULARITE, rå-gu-lå-ri-tå, s. f. regula-

rity, exactness, strictness. RÉGULE, s. m. regulus. RÉGULIER, E, rå-gû-liå, lièr, adj. regular, done according to some rule; exact, punctual; (dans les mœurs) sober, steady; (le clergé)

regular.

Régulier, s. m. regular monk.

Régulierement, rå-gå-fler-mên, adv. regularly, according to rule, punctually, constantly.

RÉHABILITATION, rå-å-bî-lî-tå-sion, s. f.

re-enabling.

RÉHABILITER, rå-å-bî-lî-tå, v. a. to reenable, re-instate, restore, re-establish.

RÉHABITUER, (SE) se-ra-a-bi-tua, v. r. to use one's self again. Rенаснея, rê-â-shâ, v. a. to mince

again, mince smaller. REHANTER, v. a. to frequent again, keep

again company with.

REHASARDER, v. n. to venture again. REHAUSSE, S. f. (des monnoies) raising. REHAUSSEMENT, re-os-men, s. m. raising, augmentation in value or amount.

REHAUSSER, re-ò-sa, v. a. to raise; to

heighten, advance, set off.
REHAUTS, re-o, s. m. pl. (in painting) skies or sky parts, places where the colours are most lively.

REHEURTER, v. a. & n. to knock or hit or

run a second time against.

RÉIMPOSER, rå-in-pô-zå, v. a. to re-assess.

RÉIMPOSITION, rå-in-pô-zå-sion, s. f. reassessment.

RÉIMPRESSION, ra-in-pré-sion, s. f. re-

printing, new edition.

RÉIMPRIMER, rà-in-prî-mà, v. a. to reprint. REIN, rin, s. m. rein or kidney. Reins, (les lombes) reins, loins, back.

REINE, ren, s. f. queen. Reine-claude, rcen gage (sort of plum.

RÉINFECTER, rà-in-fêk-tà, v. a. to infect or taint again.

REINTE, E, rin-ta, adj. Ex. Un chien bien

reinté, strong backed dog.

REINTÉGRANDE, ra-in-ta-grend, s. f. replevy, replevin.

REINTEGRATION, s. f. restoring of one to his own.

RÉINTÉGRER, rå-in-tå-grå, v. a. to restore (one) to his own.

RÉINTERROGER, v.a. to interrogate again, re-examine, cross examine.

RÉINVITER, v. a. to re-invite, invite again. REISTRE, V. Restre. RÉITÉRATION, rà-î-tà-rà-sîon, s. f. reitera-

tion, repetition.

RÉITÉRER, rå-1-tå-rå, v. a. to reiterate, repeat.

REJAILLIR, re-za-lir, v.n. to spirt or spout, spirt out or up, spout out or up, rebound, fly or turn back, reflect or return. REJAILLISSANT, E, adj. spirting up or out.

REJAILLISSEMENT, re-za-lis-men, s. m.

resiliation, flying or turning back.
REJAUNIR, re-20-nir, v. a. & n. to make or grow yellow again.
REJET, rê-zê, s. m. new assessment of a

tax; also young shoot, sprig, sprout, sucker.
REJETABLE, adj. that deserves to be re-

REJETER, rêz-tâ, v. a. to throw again, cast up or vomit, throw back, cast out, shoot again, make over, transfer, to reject, slight, despise; (une taxe) to lay or assess a second time; (une fante sur quelqu'un) to lay or cast upon, shift or shuffle off (to.) Rejeter, v. n. to shoot again.

REJETON, rez-ton, s. m. young shoot, suck

er, sprig, offspring, new swarm (of bees.)
REJOINDRE, re-zwindr, v. a. to join again. rejoin, come again to, get together, put or set together again. Se rejoindre, to come together again, be joined together again, meet again. Lescadre Russe nous rejoignit hier, the Rus sian squadron rejoined us yesterday

REJOINT, E, adj. (from Rejoindre) joined

again, rejoined, etc.
REJOUEE, rê-20-3, v. a. to play again.
REJOUEE, rê-20-1, l, adj. & s. joyful.
overjoyed, full of joy, glad, pleased; merry or joyial man or woman.

ŘÉJOUIR, rã-zôo-îr, v. a. to rejoice, overjoy, divert, make merry, cheer up, revive, exhilarate. Seréjouir, v. r. to rejoice, be or make merry, take one's pleasure, be glad or over-joyed. Se réjouir arec quelqu'un de, to wish one joy about.

RÉJOUISSANCE, rå-zôo-î-sens,s. f. rejoicing, joy, merry-making. Cris de réjouissance,

shouts of joy, huzzas.

RÉJOUISSANT, E, rå-zôo-î-sèn, sènt, adj. rejoicing, cheering, comfortable, that has a good deal of humour.

REJOUTER, v. n. to just or tilt again. RELACHE, re-lash, s. m. intermission, discontinuance, relaxation, rest, respite, refreshment, breathing-time, abating of a disease, good interval. Relâche, s. f. Mar. touching at or putting into a port, shelter, refreshing-place, stay a ship makes in a port. Faire une relâche, to put into a port. La baie de Cro-markie est la seule relâche sur la côte du nordest de l'Ecosse, Cromarty bay is the only shel-ter upon the north-east coast of Scotland Les iles de Sandwich seroient une bonne re lâche pour les galions, the Sandwich islands would be a good refreshing-place for the galleons. Nous fimes une relâche de dix jours à Gibraltar, we staid ten days at Gibraltar. Le contre-amiral ne fera aucune relâche qu'en cas de nécessité absolue, the rear

admiral will not put into any port but in case of absolute necessity

RELACHE, E, re-la-sha, adj. (from relacher)

slackened, etc.; also loose, remiss.

Relachement, re-lash-men, s. m. unbending, slackened, loosening, relaxation, diversion, rest, refreshment, remissness, looseness of manners or discipline, slackness, or negligence, concession, yielding; (de froid) abatement; (de la piété) decay; (de courage)

faint heartedness.

RELACHER, re-la-sha, v. a. to slacken, loosen, unbend, relax, release, let go, set at liberty, remit, yield, forego, give up, bate or abate, forgive. Relacher de, v. n. to fail in, fall from, remit or abate of, grow slack or remiss in. Se relâcher, v. a. to slacken, grow slack or remiss, abate, yield or remit, forego. Se relâcher l'esprit, to unbend one's mind, give it some relaxation. Relacher, v. n. Mar. to touch (at,) put (into,) stand in (for,) be driven La tempête nous fit relâcher dans ce havre, the storm drove us into that harbour. L'escadre ne relâcticra pas à Lisbonne avant de se rendre devant Cadiz, the squadron will not touch at Lisbon before it goes off Cadiz. Relacher un bâtiment, to suffer a detained ship to

proceed on her voyage.

RELAIS, rè-lè, s. m. fresh horse or horses, relay; fresh dog or dogs, cry or kennel of fresh hounds, place where fresh hounds are kept, stage where the horses are changed or where fresh horses are kept. Chevaux de re-lais (or de louage,) hackney horses. Etre de relais, to stand idle; have nothing to do.

RELAISSER, v. a. Relaisser un lièvre, tore-

cover a hare.

RELANCÉ, E, adj. imprimed (as a deer,)

recovered (as a hare, etc.)

RELANCER, re-len-sa, v. a. to imprime (a deer,) recover (a hare,) repulse or beat back (the enemy;) also beat the quarters of or fetch out; and pay off with a sharp answer, fit with a smart reply.

RÉLANT, V. Rélent.

RELAPS, re-laps, s. m. Relapse, s. f. relapse, one that has relapsed into heresy. RÉLARGIR, rå-lår-zir, v. a. to make wider

again. RELATER, v. a. to relate, tell.

RELATI-F, VE, re-la-tif, tlv, adj. relative.

RELATIF, s. m. relative (in grammar.)

RELATION, re-la-sion, s. f. relation or reference; acquaintance, correspondence, account, narration.

RELATIVEMENT, re-la-tlv-men, adv. relatively, with relation.

RELATTER, v. a. to new-lath. RELAYER, re-la-va, v. a. to wash again. RELAXATION, re-lak-sa-slon, s. f. relaxation.

RELAXÉ, E, adj. relaxed.

RELAXER, re-lak-så, un prisonnier. V. Relâcher.

RELAYER, re-le-ya, v. n. to take fresh horses or dogs. Relayer, v. a. to relieve. Se relayer, v. r. to rest, refresh one's self; relieve one another.

Relégation, re-là-gà-sion, s. f. confine-

ment, banishment.

RELEGUER, re-là-gà, v. a. to hanish, exile, send away, confine to a place at a distance.

RF :ENT, re-len, s. m. fusty or musty smell. | term.)

Sentir le relent, to have a musty or fusty smell.

RELEVAILLES, rel-val, s. f. pl. churching

of a woman after childbirth.

Relevé, E, rêl-vå, adj. raised, listed, got or taken up again, etc. V. Relever; high; high, lofty, sublime, elevated. Mine relevée, great or noble look.

RELEVÉE, rel-va, s. f. (law term) the afternoon. A deux heures de relevée, at two o'clock

in the afternoon.

RELÈVEMENT, rê-lêv-mên, s. m. raising up again. Mar. Relèvement du pont, sheer of a ship's deck, gradual spring of the deck afore and abaft. Relèvement d'une côte, survey of a coast. Faire or prendre des relèvemens, to take bearings. Prendre les relèvemens d'une côte, d'une île, etc. to survey a coast, an island, etc. Les relèvemens que nous fimes ne laissent rien à désirer, the bearings we took were as satis-

factory as we could desire.

RELEVER, rel-vå, v. a. to raise, get or take up again; (une femme oprès ses couches) to church; (une muraille) to raisc, build up again; (ses monstaches) to turn up; (un service de table) to take away in order to serve up another course; (le courage) to raise up, heighten, increase; (une ruine) to repair, raise up again: to heighten, set off, advance; to ery up, extol, heighten; to relieve, ease, comfort; to take away, take off; to reprimand or take up; (in war) to relieve; (in law) to relieve, restore. Relever un appel, sue an appeal, to bring a cause before a judge appealed unto. Se faire relever de ses voux, to get one's vows annulled. Relever, v. n. (être dans la féodalité) to hold; (parlant des terres) to be held. Relever de maladie, to re-cover, be on the mending hand. Relever de couche, to be churched, be up, go out after lying-in. Se relever, v. r. to get up, rise, get up again, appeal. Se relever de quelque perte, to recover or repair or retrieve a loss.

Relever, se relever, Mar. Ex. Relever une

ancre, to weigh an anchor again. Relever une côte, to survey a coast. Relever une sen-tinelle, to relieve a sentry. Relever le quart or la garde, to relieve the sea-watch, or the anchor watch; (relever le quart is also to set the watch.) Relever la terre orec la boussole, to set the land by the compass. Relever un bâtiment coulé, to weigh a vessel that is sunk. Relever un bâtiment échoué, to bring or set a ship affoat (after having lain a-ground.) Relever un bâtiment or une escadre, to relieve a ship or a squadron. Vaissean qui se relève, a ship which rights. ver le monde à la pompe, to spell the pump. Il faut forçer de voiles pour nous relever de la côte, we must carry a press of sail to beat off the coast. La variation nous relève de la dérive, the variation makes up for our lec-

RELIAGE, re-ll-az, s. m. new-hooping (of

casks.)

RELIÉ, E, V. Relier.

RELIEF, ré-lièf, s. m. relief, relievo, embossed work; embroidery work: (in painting) relief, seeming prominence; foil to set off; lustre, consideration, rank in the world; fine, money paid by a tenant to his landlord upon first entry; (d'oppel) relief, remedy (lau bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good,

RELIER, re-li-à, v. a. to tie again; (un livre) to bind, bind up; (une futaille) to newhoop, hoop again.

RELIEUR, re-Il-eur, s. m. binder or bookbinder.

RELIGIEUSE, V. Religieux.

RELIGIEUSEMENT, re-li-zîeuz-mên, adv. religiously, godly, piously, strictly, exactly, punctually

RELIGIEU-X, SE, re-lî-zîeu, zîeuz, adj. & s. religious, pious, godly, devout, strict, punc-

tual; monastick friar or monk, nun.

Religion, re-li-zion, s. f. religion, worship of a deity; reformed or protestant religion; justice, equity, piety, godliness, devotion, religious order; religious house, monastery; convent; order of Malta. La religion du serment, the sacredness of an oath.

RELIGIONNAIRE, re-lî-ziô-ner, s. m. one

of the reformed religion, a protestant.

Relimer, re-li-ma, v. a. to file again.

Reliquaire, re-li-ker, s. m. shrine for

relicks.

Reliquat, re-lî-ka, s. m. remainder. Reliquats de viande, scraps, table remnants, offals.

RELIQUATAIRE, rê-lî-kâ-ter, s. m. one be-

hind-hand in his accounts.

RELIQUE, re-lik, s. f. relick or relicks. Reliques, relicks or remainders.
Relire, re-lir, v. a. (like lire) to read over

again.

RELIURE, re-li-ur, s. f. binding.

RELOGER, re-lo-2a, v. n. to lodge or dwell

or live again (in the same place.) RELOUER, re-loo-a, v. a. to under-let, let

RELUIRE, re-luir, v. n. (see the table at uire) to shine, glitter, glisten, be conspicu-

RELUISANT, E, re-lui-zen, zent, adj. shin-

ing, glittering, glistening.
RELUQUER, v. a. toogle, cast sheep's eyes, or leer upon.

Remacher, rema-sha, v. a. to chew again, revolve in one's mind.

REMAÇONNER, v. a. to repair (as a brick-

layer does.)

REMANDER, re-men-da, v. a. to send word again; send for back.

REMANGER, rê-men-za, v. a. to eat again. REMANIEMENT, rê-mâ-nl-mên, s. m. handling again ; (en termes d'imprimerie) running

of a sheet over again. REMANIER, rê-mâ-nî-â, v. a. to handle again; (in printing) to alter the types accord-

ing to the proof. REMARCHANDER, re-mar-shen-da, v. a. to cheapen again.

REMARCHER, v. n. to walk again.

REMARIER, rê-må-rî-å, v. a. & se remarier, v. r. to marry again.

REMARQUABLE, re-mar-kabl, adj. re-markable, observable, notable.

REMARQUE, re-mark, s. f. remark, obser-Remarque, s. vation, taking notice of, note. f. Mar. land-mark. Faire des remarques, to

take minutes, make remarks.

Remarquer, re-mar-ka, v. a. to mark, remark, mind, consider, observe or take notice of; to mark a second time, make another mark. Se faire remarquer, to be remarkable, to be taken particular notice of.

REMASQUER, (SE) sê-rê-mâs-ka, v. r. to put on one's mask again.

REMBALLER, rèn-bå-lå, v. a. to pack up

REMBARQUEMENT, ren-bark-men, s. m re-embarking, shipping or embarking again.

REMBARQUER, ren-bar-ka, v. n. to ship or embark again, re-embark; to embark or engage a-new, draw in again. Se remburquer, v. r. to re-embark, take shipping again; also to re-embark or re-engage one's self. Rembarque le canot, hoist the boat in again. troupes se rembarquèrent dans la nuit, the troops were re-embarked in the night.

REMBARRER, ren-ba-ra, v. a. to beau back or repulse; to pay off, fit with a smart or sharp answer.

REMBLAI, s. m. the bringing of dirt for a bank or causey or to fill up a ditch. REMBLAVER, ren-bla-va, v. a. to sow

again with grain. REMBOÎTEMENT, rên-bwat-mên, s. m. set-

ting into joint again. REMBOITER, ren-bwa-ta, v. a. to put into

joint again. REMBOURREMENT, ren-boor-men, s. m

stuifing up. REMBOURRER, ren-boo-ra, v. a. to stuff up

stop up with flocks. REMBOURSEMENT, ren-boors-men, s. m.

re-imbursement, paying off. REMBOURSER, ren-boor-sa, v. a. & n. to

re-imburse, pay again. REMERAQUER, v. a. to haul taught. Rem

braque la grande écoute, haul in the slack of the main sheet. REMBRASER, rên-bra-za, v. a. to rekindle

kindle again. REMBRASSER, ren-bra-sa, v. a, to re-em

brace. REMBROCHER, ren-bro-sha, v. a. to spi

or lay on the spit again. REMBRUNI, E, adj. made darker. Un tein.

rembruni, a sallow complexion. REMBRUNIR, ren-brû-nîr, v. a. to make darker.

REMBRUNISSEMENT, ren-brû-nîs-mên, s m. being darker.

REMBUCHEMENT, s. m. driving back (of a stag) into the lair.

REMBUCHER, v. a. to drive back into the lair. Se rembucher, v. r. to go back into the lair; to hide one's self, skulk.

REMEDE, re-med, s. m. remedy, physick cure, medicine, remedy, cure, help, ease, com fort; clyster. Grands remèdes, salivation fort; clyster. Grands remèdes, s Mal sans remède, incurable disease. Remède Remède de

à tous maux, plaster for all sores. Remède de droit, remedy, redress, relief at law. REMEDIER, re-mà-dl-à, v. n. to remedy cure, help. On a remédié à la voie d'ean, Mar the leak is stopped in a temporary manner.

REMÊLER, rê-mê-lå, v. a. to mix again

(les cartes) to shufile again.
*REMEMBRANCE, s. f. remembrance, me

REMÉMORATI-F, VE, rê-mã-mô-râ-tîf, tiv adj. that puts in mind or brings back to re . membrance.

*Remémorer, rê-mâ-mô-rå, v. a. to put in mind. Se remémorer, to recollect.

REMENER, rem-na, v.a. to carry back again REMERCIER, re-mer-si-a, v. a. to thank re

turn or give thanks, acknowledge a kindness; ||

refuse handsomely or courtier-like.
REMERCÎMENT, rê-mêr-sî-mên, s.m. thanks, acknowledgment. Faire des remercimens, to thank. Faire mille remercimens, to thank a thousand times.

Réméré, rå-må-rå, s.m. power of redemp-

REMESURER, rêm-zû-râ, v. a. to measure

REMETTRE, rê-mêtr, v. a. (like mettre) to put or set again, etc.; to restore; to deliver up; to remit; to drive or put off, delay; to communicate, lay before; to remit, to for-give; to remit or forgive part of a debt; to put into the hands of, commit to, trust with, to recover, make well; to recover spirit again, hearten, put in heart again; (son épée) to put up; (un os) to set again; (un bénéfice) to resign, make a resignation of. Remettre des troupes sur pied, to raise new forces. mettre les rangs et les files, to bring back into rank and file. Remettre à l'a, b, c, to make begin again. Remettre devant les yeux à begin again. Remettre devant les yeux à quelqu'un, to lay before one, remonstrate with one. Remettre un dégoûté en appétit, to get one a good appetite who had none at all. Se remettre, to recover one's self, come to one's self again; to surrender one's self; to recover, grow well again, be on the mending hand; to remember, call to mind, know again, recollect; (purlant des perdrix) to light. Se remettre ù, to fall to again, set one's self again to. Se remettre en sa pluce, to take one's place again. Se remettre d'une chose à quelqu'un, to leave or refer a thing to one, make one the judge of a thing. Se remeure bien avec quelqu'un, to be reconciled to

Remettre, v. a. Mar. Remettre un bâtiment à flot, to bring a ship afloat again. Remettre à la roile, to sail again, set sail again. Remettre en route, to stand on again. Remettre la garde, to give up the charge of the deck in harbour. Remettre le quart, to deliver up the charge of the watch at sea. Remets en place la bitture du maitre câble, pay down the range of the sheet cable.

REMEUBLER, rê-mêu-blà, v. a. to furnish

again, new-furnish.

Réminiscence, rå-mi-ni-sèns, s. f. remeinbrance, memory

REMIS, E, adj. (from remettre) set again,

restored, etc. REMISE, re-mlz, s. f. delay, put off; coachhouse; place where a partridge lights; thicket; (d'argent) remittance; abatement; surrendering one's self as prisoner.

REMISER, v. a. to back, put into the coach-

RÉMISSIBLE, rà-mî-sîbl, adj. remissible, pardonable, to he remitted, forgiven.

RÉMISSION, ra-mi-sion, s. f. remission, pardon, forgiveness; (in medicine) abatement, relaxation.

RÉMISSIONNAIRE, rå-mî-sîô-nèr, s. m. & f. party who has obtained a pardon,

REMMAILLOTER, rèn-mà-lô-tà, v. a. to

wrap up in swaddling clothes again. REMMANCHER, ren-men-sha, v. a. to newhaft, set a new handle on.

REMMETER, renm-na, v. a. to carry back.

RÉMOLI DE, ra-mo-lad, s. f. kind of sharp | fence or intrench one's self.

sauce; also application to cure sprains in horses.

RÉMOLE, rå-mol, s. f. Mar. whirlpool, eddy

RÉMOLLIENT, E, adj. RÉMOLLITI-F, VE,

adj. emollient, mollifying, softening.

REMONTE, rê-mont, s. f. new horses.

REMONTER, rê-mon-tå, v. n. to go or get

up again; to run back, turn back, ascend, rise; to trace back or up higher. Remonter sur sa bête, to recover one's loss. Remonter, v. a. to go or get up again; (un montre) to wind up again; to put together again; (un pistolet) to new-mould; (des bottes) to newsole; (un instrument de musique) to new string; (les caraliers) to remount, give new horses to; to stock anew or again, set up again.

Remonter, Mar. Remonter une rivière, to go up or turn up a river. V. Scnde. monter à la faveur de la morée, to tide it up. Les vents remontent au nord, the wind is get-ting round to the northward. Nous avons remonté la côte de Malabar du cap Comorin à Surate, we went up the coast of Malabar from cape Comorin to Surat. L'escadre remonta de St. Domingue à la Martinique vent largue, the squadron went up from St. Demingo to Martinico with a leading wind.

REMONTRANCE, rê-mon-trèns, s. f. advice, counsel, admonition, warning; remonstrance; a president's speech at the opening of a court of Parliament.

REMONTRER, re-mon-trà, v. a. to remonstrate, show by reason and instances, make

арреат, lay before.

В Éмова, га mô-га, s. m. remora, or sea-lamprey; also let, obstacle, hindrance, pull

REMORDRE, re-mordr, v. a. (like mordre) to bite again.

REMORDS, re-mor, s. m. remorse, check,

sting of conscience.

RÉMORE, s. f. V. Rémora.

REMORQUE, rê-môrk, s. f. Mar. tow-rope.

Donner la remorque, to tow. Etre à la remorque, to be in tow. Prendre un bâtimem à la remorque, to take a vessel in tow. Rémener à la remorque, to bring back in tow.

REMORQUER, re-mor-kå, un bâtiment, Mar. to tow a vessel, take a vessel in tow.

REMOUTIS, A REMOTIS, by, aside. Mettre à remotis, to lay or put by, set aside.

REMOUCHER, rê-môo-shâ, v. a. to blow again the nose of; (une chandelle) to snuff again. Se remoucher, to blow one's nose again.

Remoudre, re-moodr, v. a. (like moudre) to grind again.

REMOUILLER, re-môo-la,v. a. to dip again. Mar. to anchor again. Removiller une ancre,

to let an anchor go again.
REMOULADE, s. f. hotch-potch. REMOULEUR, s. m. grinder.

Remoulu, E, adj. ground again. Remous, s. m. Mar. eddy, eddy water. Remons du sillage d'un vaisseau, dead-water.

REMPAILLER, v. a. des chaises, to bottom chairs with straw.

REMPASILLEU-R, SE, s.m. & f. chair-mender. REMPAQUETER, ren-pak-ta, v. a. to pack up_again.

REMPARÉ, E, adj. fenced, intrenched.

REMPARER, (SE) sê-rên-pâ-râ, v. r. to

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleid, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

REMPART, ren-par, s. m. rampart; fence, |

REMPLACEMENT, ren-plas-men, s. m. re-Remplacing, compensation, recompense. placement, Mar. supply. rivres, supply of provisions. Remplacement de

REMPLACER, ren-plå-så, v. a. to replace, fill up again, make up, make amends, compensate; (une personne) to be instead of, succeed; (son argent) to lay out again, let out again or buy something with.

REMPLAGE, s. m. filling up of a wine-ves-l. Fuire le remplage, to fill up a wine-vessel that has leaked, etc.; (de muraille.) V. Remplissage.

REMPLI, E, ren-pli, pli, adj. full, filled up,

etc. V. Remplir.

REMPLIER, rèn-plî-å, v. a. (in tailoring) to

turn in or down.

REMPLIR, rên-plîr, v. a. to fill or fill up; to fill again; (un écrit) to fill up; (une place) to fill, be in; (l'espérance de quelqu'un) to answer; (son devoir) to discharge or do, acquit one's self of; (de lu deutelle) to mend. Rem-plir, v. a. Mar. Remplir d'étoupe une couture or une fente, to chinse. Il faut remplir toutes nos pièces vides, we must fill up all our empty casks.

REMPLISSAGE, ren-plf-såz, s. m. filling up; (de dentelle) mending. Remplissage de nur-raille, ragged stone, with which the inside of a wall is filled up. Remplissage, Mar. filling piece, piece of timber employed to fill up a vacancy in ship-building.

REMPLISSEUSE, ren-plî-seuz, s. f. (de den-

telle or de point) mender.

REMPLOI, ren-plwa, s. m. compensation or filling up again, replacing (of money,) laying er letting out (of money) again.

REMPLOYER, rèn-plwa-ya, v. a. to employ

or use again.

REMPLUMER, ren-plů-må, v. a. to new feather. Se remplumer, v. r. to put on new feathers; (rétablir ses affaires) to mend one's affairs or circumstances, thrive, amend.

REMPOISONNER, ren-pwa-zô-na, v. a. to

poison again.

REMPOISSONNER, rên-pwâ-sô-na, v. a. to new-stock with fish.

REMPORTER, rèn-pôr-tà, v. a. to carry back or away; to get or obtain, carry off.

REMPRISONNER, ren-pri-zô-na, v. a. to remand to prison, confine again.

REMPRUNTER, ren-prun-tå, v. a. to bor-

row again. REMUAGE, s. m. the act of moving or stir-

ring (any thing.) REMUANT, E, re-må-en, ent, adj. stirring, active, lively, sprightly; also stirring, factious, seditious, unquiet, restless.

Remué, E, adj. removed, stirred, jogged, etc. V. Remuer. Cousin remué de germain, cousin once removed, second cousin.

REMUEMENT, re-mu-men, s. m. motion, stirring or jogging, turning up; (d'humeurs) fermentation; stir, trouble, hurly-burly, dis-

Remur-ménage, rê-mû-mâ-nâz, s. m. removing, change, confusion, disturbance, hur-

ly-burly.

REMUER, rê-mû-â, v. a. to move, stir, rock, jog, wag; (la terre) to turn up, dig; (un enfant) to tonswe be and dress; (les ressions) to move, affect, work upon. ciel et terre, to leave no stone unturned. remué ciel et terre contre moi, he has done his worst against me. Remuer, v. n. to stir, move; to stir or rise, make a disturbance. Faire remuer les puissances, to set the great Se remuer, to stir, bestir springs a-going. one's self.

REMUEU-R, SE, rê-mû-èur, èuz, s. m. & f. one who rocks a cradle. Remueuse, means also the woman that dresses and cleans a

REMUGLE, re-mugl, s. m. mustiness. Sentir le remugle, to smell musty.

REMUNERATEUR, rå-må-nå-rå-téur, s. m. remunerator, requiter or rewarder.

RÉMUNÉRATION, rå-mů-nå-rå-sîon, s. f. remuneration, recompense, reward.

REMUNÉRATOIRE, adj. given in lieu of a

RÉMUNÉRER, rå-mů-nå-rå, v. a. to remunerate, recompense, reward, requite.

RENACLER, v. n. to snuffle, to breathe hard through the nose, snore.

RENADER, V. Renasquer.

RENAISSANCE, re-ne-sens, s. f. new-birth, regeneration.

RENAISSANT, E, re-ne-sen, sent, adj. newborn or springing up again.

RENAITRE, rê-uetr, v. n. (like naître) to be born again or new born, grow or spring up again, be re-produced. Renaître par la grâce, to be new-born or regenerated by La nature renaît au printemps, nagrace. ture renews or is revived in the spring. Cette rivière se perd sous terre et renaît en cet endroit, that river loses itself under ground, and rises again at such a place. Cela a fait renaître les soupçons d'untrefois, that has revived the former jealousies.

RENARD, re-nar, s. m. fox; cunning fox, v cunning man. Ecorcher le renard, to spue sly cunning man. after excessive drinking. Le renard prêche aux poules, the devil rebukes sin. Renard, Mar.

dog, canthook, traverse board. Renarde, re-nard, s. f. she-fox.

RENARDEAU, re-nar-do, s. m. fox's cub. RENARDIER, re-nar-dla, s. m. fox-catcher. Renardière, re-nar-dier, s. f. fox's hole. RENASQUER, v. n. to snuff or snuffle.

RENCHAÎNER, rên-shê-na, v. a. to chain up again.

RENCHÉRI, E, rèn-shà-rì, rl, adj. risen, grown dearer. Faire le renchéri or la renchérie, to take upon one, be shy. Etre renchéri, to be reserved.

RENCHÉRIR, rèn-shà-rìr, v. a. to raise the price of. Renchérir, v. n. to rise or grow dear. Renchérir sur, to out-do, top upon, go beyond, excel.

RENCHÉRISSEMENT, rên-shâ-rîs-mên, s. m. raising of the price (of a commodity.)

RENCOGNER, v. a. to push, drive (one) into a corner.

RENCLOUER, (SE) v. r. to get a nail again

in the foot (speaking of a horse.)
RENCONTRE, ren-kontr, s. f. meeting, rencounter; accident, chance, hit, adventure; rencounter, accidental fight; occasion, op-portunity; pun, quibble; joke, jest; (des planèles) conjunction. Rone de rencenche balance-wheel of a clock or watch. Acketer quelque chose de rencontre, to meet with a

J'ai acheté une robe de rencontre, I bargain. bought a gown that was offered me by chance. bought a gown that was othered the by chance. It a fait remontre d'une femme fort jolie et fort riche, he had the luck to find (or to marcy) a very, pretty woman and a fortune. Dans cette rencontre d'affaires, in this juncture of affairs. Aller or venir à la rencontre de, to go

or come to meet, go or come and meet.
RENCONTRER, ren-kon-tra, v. a. to meet, meet with, find, light upon; to pun; to hit or guess. Vous avez bien rencontré, you hit the nail on the head, you guessed right. Se rennail on the head, you guessed right. Seven-contrer, v. r. to meet ev meet with; to hit upon the same thought. Rencontrer, & Se rencontrer, Mar. to fall in with, meet, etc. Rencontre, meet her. Les escadres se rencon-trèrent à la hauteur du cap Spartel, the fleets met off cape Spartel. Une de nos frégutes rencontra le convoi par 46 30 de lat. N. et 8 de large. Q. con of our frierate sell in with 8 de long. O. one of our frigates fell in with the convoy in lat. 46 30 N. and long. 8 W.

RENCORSER, ren-kôr-sà, v. a. to make a

new boddice or stays.

RENCOURAGER, rên-kôo-râ-zâ, v. a. to spirit up again, give fresh courage.

RENDETTER, (SE) se-ren-de-ta, v. a. to

run in debt again.

RENDEZ-vous, ren-da-voo, s. m. rendezvous, assignation, appointment, meeting; meeting-place.

RENDORMI, E, adj. lulled or failen asleep

RENDORMIR, ren-dor-mîr, v. a. (like dormir) to lu!l asleep again. Se rendormir, v. r. to fall asleep again.

RENDORMISSEMENT, s. m. falling asleep

again.

RENDOUBLER, rên-dôo-blå, v. a. to turn in or down; (une serviette) to fold up.

RENDRE, rendr, v. a. to restore, return, give back again, repay, pay again, make restitution; to render, to make; to deliver, give up, surrender; to render, turn, translate; to express; to carry. Rendre, (une lettre) to deliver; to yield, bear, produce; (une sentence) to give or pass; (un arrêt) to make; (une visite) to give or pay; (grâces) to give, return. V. Grâces: (hommoge) to pay or make; (la justice) to administer; (justice) to do; (service) to do; (comme l'écho) to return, repeat; to cast, void; to cast up, vomit, void upwards; (raison or compte) to give; (scs comptes) to render, give in, deliver. Rendre le sang par le nez, to bleed at the nose. Rendre par en bas, to void downwards. Rendre l'esprit or l'âme, to give up the ghost, expire, die. Rendre le pain bénit, to make the bread offering; also to distribute the bread offering. Rendre le rest d'une pièce de monnoie, to give the change. Rendre, v. n. to lead, go. Se rendre, v. r. to yield, lay down one's arms, surrender, submit; to render or make one's surrender, summit; to render or make one's self, become, turn; to repair, resort, go; to be spent, be tired, give up. Les fleuves se rendent à la mer, the large rivers run into the sea. Rendre, Se rendre, Mar. to return, strike or surrender, etc. Le fort nous rendit le salut coup pour coup, the fort returned our salute gun for gun. Le Tigre se rendit à notre vaisseav, the Tiger struck to our ship. Rentre up diffuser de conficience de pour le deliver. dre un hâtiment aux officiers de port, to deliver a ship into the charge of the officers of the put up; forbear saying (what one was going

Rendre le bord, to cast anchor, drop anchor, come to an anchor.

RENDU, E, adj. restored, returned, etc. V. Rendre, come, arrived. Le vin de Bordeaux coûte tant, rendu à Paris, Burgundy costs so much delivered (or all charges paid) at Pa

RENDURE, ren-dulr, v. a. (see the table at uire) to new-plaster, daub over again.

RENDUIT, E, adj. new-plastered, daubed over again.

RENDURCIR, rên-dûr-sîr, v. a. to harden

make harder or tougher.

Rène, rèn, s. f. rein. Renégat, e, rè-nå-gå, s. m. & f. rene gade.

RENEIGER, re-na-za, v. n. to snow again

RÉNETTE, s. f. pippin. RENETTOYER, rễ-nể-twâ-yẫ, v. a. to clean

RENFAÎTER, rên-fê-tâ, v. a. to mend the

top of a house, new-tile it.

Renfermé, e, rèn-fêr-må, adj. shut up again, hid or lying hid, shut up; also close, mustv

RENFERMÉ, s. m. Ex. Il sent ici le ren-

fermé, here's a musty smell.

RENFERMER, ren-fer-ma, v. a. to shut up again; to enclose; to shut up, confine; to include, contain, comprchend; to reduce. renfermer en soi, to recollect one's self. Se renfermer en soi seul, to be all for one's self. RENFILER, rèn-f]-là. v. a. to thread again.

RENFLAMMER, ren-flå-må, v. a. to set on

fire again, re-kindle, re-inflame.

RENFLEMENT, renfl-men, s. m. belly or swelling (of a pillar before it begins to di-

RENFLER, ren-flà, v. a. to swell again.

Se renfler, v.r. to swell again.

RENFONCEMENT, ren-fons-men, s. m. deep or hollow place.

RENFONCER, ren-fon-så, v. a. to set a new head or bottom to a cask.

RENFORCÉ, E, adj. re-enforced, strength-cned, fortified, thick, strong, made thicker; also downright.

RENFORCEMENT, ren-fors-men, s. m. re-

enforcing, strengthening. V. Renfort.
RENFORCER, ren-for-så, v. r. to re-enforce, strengthen, fortify; to increase, add to; (sa voix) to raise. Se renforcer, to gather strength, recruit one's self, to increase, grow stronger. Renforcer, v. a. Mar. Renforcer une vergue, to strengthen a yard. Renforcer les coutures des voiles, to prick the sails. Notre escadre est renforcée de quatre vaisseaux de ligne, our squadron is re-enforced by four sail of the

Renfort, ren-for, s. m. re-enforcement, supply, recruit, relief, succour.

RENFROGNEMENT, SE RENFROGNER, V. Refrognement, se refrogner.

RENGAGEMENT, ren-gåz-men, s. m. re-cugagement.

RENGAGER, ren-gå-zå, v. a. to re-engage or engage again; to pawn or mortgage again, etc. V. Engager. Le combat se rengagea un petit point du jour, Mar. the action was re-

newed at the very dawn of day.

RENGAINER, ren-ge-na, v. a. to sheath or

bar, bat, base; there, cbb, over; field, fig; robe, rob, lord; mood, good,

your compliments, forbear compliments.

RENGORGER, (SE) se-ren-gor-za, v. r. to bridle, bridle up, bridle it.

RENGOUFFRER, (SE) v. a. to get into again, he ingulphed again.

RENGOURDI, E, adj. benumbed, grown

stiff again.

RENGOURDIR, (SE) se-ren-goor-dir, v. r. to grow stiff again. RENGRAISSER, ren-gre-sa, v. a. to fatten,

make fat again. Se rengraisser, v. r. to grow fat again.

*RENGRÉGEMENT, rèn-gråz-men, s. m. increase or exasperating (of a disease or pain.) *Rengréger, ren-gra-za, v. a. to increase, make worse or exasperate one's disease. Se

agréger, y. r. to increase or grow worse. RENGRÉNER, ren-gra-na, v. a. to put grain again into the mill hopper; to restamp a mc-

dal that has taken a bad impression.

RENHARDIR, rên-âr-dîr, v. a. to spirit up again. Se renhardir, v. r. to pluck up one's spirit.

RENIABLE, rê-nî-abl, adj. that may be de-

ried or disowned.

RENIEMENT, re-nl-men, s. m. disavowing,

renouncing, abjuration.

RENIER, re-ni-à, v. a. to deny or disown; to deny, forswear, abjure.

RENIEU-R, SE, rê-nî-êur, euz. s. m. & f. blasphemer, swearer.

KENIFLEMENT, s. m. snuffing up. RENIFLER, re-ni-fla, v. n. to snuff up; snuffle (at.)

RENIFLERIE, s. f. snuffing up

RENIFLEU-R, SE, re-ni-fleur, ileuz, s. m. & f. snuffler.

RENIVELER, rë-niv-là, v. a. to take again the 'evel.

RENNE, ren, s. f. rein-deer. RENOIRCIR, re-nwar-sir, v. a. to blacken again.

RENOM, re-now, s. m. renown, name, fame,

note, reputation.

RENOMMÉ, E, adj. renowned, famous, noted. RENOMMÉE, rê-nô-må, s. f. fame, reputation, name, common report, renown.

RENOMMER, rê-nô-mâ, v. a. (only used in the infinitive with a tense of faire; hence faire renommer) to get a name or fame, to make one's name famous. Se renommer de quelqu'un, to make use of one's name, challenge or claim acquaintance with one.

RENONCE, re-nons, s. f. Ex. Je renonce à pique, I trump spades. Se faire une renonce, to throw away a card with a design to trump

when that suit is played.

RENONCEMENT, rê-nons-mên, s. m. re-nouncing, denial, forsaking. Renoncement à

soi-même, self denial.

RENONCER, re-non-så, v. a. to renounce, deny, disown. Renoncer à, v. n. to renounce, quit, forsake, give over, wave; (au jeu de cartes) not to follow suit.

RENONCIATION, re-non-si-à-sion, s. f. re-

nunciation.

RENONCULE, re-non-kûl, s. f. ranunculus. RENOVATION, re-no-va-sion, s.f. renovation. RENOUEMENT, rè-noo-inën, s. m. renewing, renewal.

Renouer, re-noo-a, . . a. to tie again; to renew; to resume, take again in hand, re- boute-hors de bonnette, to rig in a studding-

Rengainez votre compliment, put up | assume ; (amitié) to renew, join or knit again ; to patch up. Renouer l'amitié entre, to reconcile, make friends again. Renouer, v. n. to be reconciled.

RENOUEUR, re-noo-cur, s. m. bone-setter. RENOUVEAU, re-noo-vo, s. m. spring, new

season of the year.

RENOUVELER, rê-ndov-lâ, v. a. to renew. revive, regenerate, begin afresh, refresh, repeat, change. Renouveler, v. n. or Se re-nouveler, v. r. to renew, revive, be renewed or revived. Renouveler de jambes, to walk briskly again. Renouveler d'appétit, to fall to afresh.

RENOUVELLEMENT, rê-nôo-vêl-mên, s. m. renewing, reviving, setting on foot again; re-

peating, repetition, reiteration.

RENSEIGNEMENT, ren-segn-men, s. m. mark, token, information, hint, document.

RENSEIGNER, v. a. to teach again, Rensemencer, rens-men-så, v. a. to sow

again, new-sow. RENTAMER, ren-tâ-mã, v. a. to cut again,

begin again. RENTASSER, ren-ta-sa, v. a. to heap up

again.

RENTE, rent, s. f. rent, yearly revenue or income. Il a dix mille écus de rente, he has ten thousand crowns a year. Rente riagère Rente féodale, rentor constituée, annuity.

service, fee-farm, rent.
RENTÉ, E, adj. endowed; that has a year-

ly income.

RENTER, ren-ta, v. a. to endow.

RENTERRER, rên-tê-râ, v. a. to bury again. RENTIER, E, ren-tia, tier, s. m. & f. annuitant: also tenant.

RENTOILER, ren-twa-la, v. a. to put other

RENTONNER, v. a. to barrel up again.

RENTORTILLER, ren-tor-ti-la, v. a. to twist again. V. Entortiller.

RENTRAÎNER, v. a. to carry back, force again away.

RENTRAIRE, rèn-trèr, v. a. (like traire) to fine-draw; to darn.

RENTRAIT, E, adj. fine-drawn, darned. RENTRAITURE, ren-tre-tur, s. f. fine-draw-

ing, darning. RENTRAYEU-R, SE, rên-trê-yêur, yêuz, s.

m. & f. fine-drawer

RENTRÉE, ren-trà, s. m. (d'une parlement, etc.) opening of the session, beginning of the term; (an jeu de cartes) taking in; (in hunt-ing) return. Rentrée, s. f. Mar. Rentrée, (des œuvres mortes) housing in, tumbling home, tumbling home of the top timbers. Vaisseau qui a de la rentrée, ship the upper works of which tumble in considerably.

RENTRER, ren-tra, v. n. to come or go or get in; to retouch with the graver. Rentrer en soi-même, to recollect one's self, descend into one's self. Rentrer en son bon sens, to come to one's senses again. Rentrer dans le deroir, to return to one's duty or obedience Rentrer dans les bonnes grâces de quelqu'un, Faire rentrer un to regain one's favour. homine dans son néunt, to put a man in mind of his nothingness. Rentrer, v. a. to get in Faire rentrer, to get in, drive in, etc. Rentrer, v. n. Mar. Rentrer un láton de

foc, to rig in a jib-boom. Faire rentrer un

Rentre la bonnette du grand huall boom. nier à tribord, hauf down the starboard main top-mast studding-sail. Rentre de dessus la vergue du petit hunier, lay in off the fore topsail yard. Rentre dedans, lay in off the fore top-grand for à mi-baton, get the jib half boom in. Kentre la house boat. Rentre la bouse, haul in the buoy. tre ce cordage, haul in that rope. Rentre les canons, run in your guns. Rentre les avirons, boat your oars. L'armée ememie est rentrée, re enemy's ficet is returned to port.

RENVAHIR, ren-va-ir, v. a. to invade again. RENVELOPPER, rèn-viô-pà, v. a. to wrap

up again.

RENVENIMER, renv-ni-ma, v. a. to make

a sore fester again.

RENVERSE, (A LA) ren-vers, adv. back-ward, upon one's back.

Renversé, r., adj. thrown down, over-brown, etc. V. Renverser. Une famille ren-rersée, a ruined or decayed family. Renversé sens dessus dessous, turned upside down ar opsy-turvy. Il a la cervelle renversée, his Grains are turned.

RENVERSEMENT, ren-vers-men, s. m. pulling down, destroying, overturning, overthrow,

ruin, disorder, confusion, subversion.

Renverser, rén-vér-sá, v. a. to throw or pull or lay down; to defeat, overthrow, ront; to break; to ruin, destroy; to turn upside down or topsy-turvy, confound, overturn, sub-vert, pervert. Des tranpes qui se reuverseut les nues sur les autres, troops that tread upon or overturn one another. Cela lui reinversera la cervelle, this will turn his brain.

RENVI, ren-vi, s. m. a revie (at play.) RENVIER, ren-vi-a, v. n. to revie (at play.)

Renrier sur quelqu'un, to go beyond one, exceed one.

Renvon, ren-vwa, s. m. sending back or returning; reference; let-in; (in law) reference to another judge; dismission, leave or order to be gone. Marchandise de renroi, returnable commodity. Chevoux or chaise de

renroi, return horses or chaise.

RENVOYER, rên-vwa-ya, v. a. to send again, send back, send back again, return; to dismiss; to refer; to put off; to deny, re-pulse; to push or drive back, reflect. Renroyer de Carphe à Pilate, to bandy from one to another. Renroyer quite et absons, to clear and acquit. Renroyer un domestique, to dismiss a servant.

REGREDINATION, ra-or-di-na-sion, s. f. re-

ordaining or re-ordination.

RÉORDONNER, rå-or-do-nå, v. a. to re-ordain, confer holy orders a second time.

REPAIRE, re-per, s. m. haunt or den (of a wild beast.) receptacle, shelter, nest, lurking hole (of thieves;) crotels or dung (of rabbits, etc.)

REPAIRER, v. n. to haunt.

REPAISSIR, v. a. & n. to thicken again.

REPAISIR, v. a. of the different again.
Repaire, v. a. (like paire) to feed, ear; to bait. Repaire, v. a. to feed.
Se repaire, to feed one's self (de is then with.)

RÉPANDILE, rà-pendr, v. a. to spill, shed; to scatter, distribute; to spread, diffuse, disperse. Repandre, (des fleurs) to strew. pandre, v. n. to run or leak. Se rependre, v. r. to spread, diffuse, spread itself. Se repandre en, to lau ich forth or out into, run into, engage in.

RÉPANDU, E, adj. spilt, shed, etc. RÉPARABLE, ra-pa-rabl, adj. reparable. RÉPARATEUR, rà-pà-rà-tcur, s. m. restorer.

RÉPARATION, rà-pà-rà-sion, s. f. repair-

ing; also reparation, satisfaction.

REPAREN, rh-på-rå, v. a. to repair, give satisfaction, make amends, make up, retrieve, restore, recover, recruit; (les torts) to redress. Reparer Phonneur de quelqu'un, to repair one's honour, to make him a reparation. Re-parer, v. a. Mar. to repair, put in order, etc. Réparer le gréement or la voilure d'un bâtiment, to refit. Notre gréement sera réparé en entier d'ici à trois jours, our rigging will be

completely put in order in three days.
REPARLER, ra-par-la, v. n. to speak again.
REPARDITER, ra-par-etr, v. n. (see the table at oitre) to show one's self or appear

again. Réparti, E, adj. (from répartir) shared,

divided again, etc.

REPARTIE, s. f. repartee, reply, answer. RÉPARTIR, rà-par-tir, v. a. to share, divide again, assess; to reply, answer again. Les prisonniers seront répurtis sur nos six vaisseaux, the prisoners will be distributed among our six ships.

REPARTIR, re-par-tir, v. n. (like partir)

to set out again.

RÉPARTITION, rå-par-ti-sion, s. f. reparti-

tion, subdivision, assessment.

REPAS, re-pa, s. m. meal, repast, dinner, supper. Repus prié, entertainment. Fus ses quatre repus, to make four meals a day.

REPASSER, re-pa-sa, v. a. to repass, pass or go or cross again; to carry or ferry over again; to consider, reflect upon, ponder or revolve; to repeat; (la lime sur) to file over again, smooth, polish, revise, correct; to set, whet; to trim, cudgel, give a dressing to; to chide, reprimand, scold at; (des cuirs) to dress or curry a second time; (du linge) to iron; (les allées d'un jardin) to rake over. Repusser, v. n. to repass, pass or go or cross again. Cela me repasse souvent dans l'esprit, that often runs in my mind. Repusser, v. a. Mar. Repasser des manœurres, to reeve running rigging in lieu of any which has been cut in action. A peine actions-nons repasse nos mids de lune que le combat commença, we had hardly shifted our fore and main top-masts

when the action was renewed. REPAVER, re-ph-va, v. a. to new pave. REPAVER, re-pe-ya, v. a. to pay a second

time. REPÈCHER, rë-pè-shā, v. a. to fish up

again, take out of the water.

REPEIGNER, re-pe-guà, v.r. to comb agaia. REPEINDRE, v. a. to paint again.

REPENDRE, rê-pêudr, v.a.to hang up again.

REPENDU, E, adj. hung up again. REPENSER, re-pen-sa, v. n. to think again,

revolve in one's mind. Jy ai pense et repense,

1 have considered it over and over.

REFENTANCE, re-pen-tens, s. f. repentance, sorrow for one's faults, penitence.

REPENTANT, E, re-pen-tens, tent, adj. penitent, sorry for his faults, repentant.

REPENTANT, and its effection to the continuous tensors to adj. s. effections to the continuous tensors tensors to the continuous tensors
REPENTI, E, adj. & s. f. repenting. repenties, the repenting maids; also Magdalen or Magdalen house.

REPENTIR, re-pen-tir, s. m. repentance,

sorrow.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

REPENTIR, (SE) se-re-pen-tir, v. r. to repent, be sorry.

REPERCER, re-per-sa, v. a. to new pierce

or pierce again. Répercussi-r, ve, rå-për-kö-sif, siv, adj.

repercussive.

RÉPERCUSSION, rå-per-ku-slon, s. f. repereussion.

RÉPERCUTER, rå-per-kå-tå, v. a. to repercuss, drive or strike back, reflect.

REPERDRE, re-perdr, v. a. to lose again. REPERE, s. m. a mark (on parts to show

how they should be put together.) REPERTOIRE, ra-per-twar, s. m. repertory. REPESER, v. a. to weigh over again, new-

weigh.
RÉPETAILLER, v. a. to repeat over and

RÉPÉTER, rã-på-tå, v. a. to repeat, to tell over and again, say over again, rehearse; (en instice) to recover (and then sur is from.) Gagner sa vie à répéter la philosophie, to get one's livelihood by teaching philosophy in private Se répéter, to say the same things over again.

REPETITEUR, rå-på-tl-teur, s. m. tutor, a private master, one that teaches (in private) Greek. Latin, philosophy, etc. Repetiteur, s. m. Mar. repeater, ship that repeats signals

in a fleet or squadron.

RÉPÉTITION, rå-på-ti-sion, s. f. repetition, tautology, rehearsal; (at law) recovery; (montre à répétition) repeater, repeating watch or clock.

REPEUPLEMENT, s.m. the act of repeopling. REPEUPLER, rë-pëu-plà, v. a. to repeople, people again, (in étang) to new stock.

REPIC, re-pik, s. m. repeek (at piquet.)

Fuire repic, to repeck.

REPHER, rê-pî-lû, v. a. to repound, beat again in a mortar.

RÉPIT, ra-pi, s. m. respite, delay, rest, continuation of time.

REPLACER, rê-plâ-sã, v. a. to place again, put in its place again.

REPLAIDER, re-ple-da, v. n. to go to law

again. REPLANCHÉVER, rê-plên-shê-ya, v. a. to

new-floor, new-board.

REPLANTER, rê-plen-th, v. a. to replant, transplant, plant or set again. Replanter des fleurs were le doigt, to set out flowers with one's finger.

REPLATRAGE, s. m. new plastering, patch-

REPLATRER, re-pla-tra, v. a. to new-plaster. new-parget; also to mend, cover, patch up. REPLET, TE, re-ple, plet, adj. too fat (ne-

RÉPLÉTION, rå-plå-sion, s. f. repletion;

surfeit.

REPLI, re-pli, s. m. fold; (de la peau) wrinkle; (d'une rivière) the winding or turning; (du cœur humain) winding of turning, recess.

REPLIER, re-pll-a, v. a. to fold again or turn in. Se replier, v. r. (as a serpent) to wriggle; (said of troops) to fall back.

REPLIQUE, ra-plik, s. f. reply, answer. repartee. Réplique or répliques, (in law) re-

REPLIQUER, rh-pli-ka, v. a. to ceply, answer, make a reply or repartee.

REPLISSER, re-pli-sa, v. a. to plait again. REPLONGER, re-plon-za, v. a. to dip or duck again. Replonger, v. n. or Se replon-

ger, v. r. to dive again.

REPOLI, E, adj. polished again. REPOLIR, re-po-fir, v. a. to polish again, polish over and over.

REPOLON, s. m. (said of horses) half volt. RÉPONCE, s. f. rampions.

RÉPONDANT, rå-pon-den, s. m. bail, security, surety; respondent.

REPONDRE, rå-pondr, v. a. & n. to answer, reply, make answer; to answer, agree; to lead or go or strike into; to warrant, he responsible or accountable or answerable, he bound to make good; to equal, he answerable; to answer, correspond, make a suitable return, return; (parlant de l'écho) to answer again; (soutenir des thèses) to be a respondent. Répondre pour quelqu'un, to bail one, pass one's word or be security for one. vous en réponds, I warrant you, I pass my word for it. Répondre à l'ottente de, to come up to or answer the expectation of; fall out or succeed according to the expectation of. Pour répondre à votre lettre, in answer to your letter. Ces hâtimens un vent ne répondent pas an signal de recommissance, those ships to windward do not answer the private signal.

RÉPONDU, E, adj. answered, etc.

REPONS, ra-pon, s. m. response (in divine service.)

RÉPONSE, ra-pons, s. f. answer. Faire réponse à, to answer, write or give an answer to.

REFORTER, re-por-ta, v. a. to carry back. REPOS, rê-pô, s. m. rest, repose, quiet, peace, quietness; quiet life, repose, sleep; fanthig-place or broad step; (in poetry) pause; being uncocked, (said of fire-arms.) REPOSEE, rê-pô-zã, s. f. lodge or lair (of a

deer.)

REPOSER, rê-pô-zà, v. n. to get rest, rest one's self; to rest or repose, sleep or slumber; to lie, be buried; (said of liquor) to set-Laisser reposer un ouvrage, to let a piece of work lie by. Laisser reposer une terre, to let a piece of ground he fallow. Se reposer, v. v. to rest, take rest, rest one's self, be or lie still; (said of birds, etc.) to rest, light, settle. Se reposer sur quelqu'un de quelque affaire, to rely upon one about a concern, trust or entrust him with it, commit or leave it to his care. Reposer, v. a. to rest, lay. Cela repose le teint, that gives a fresh complexion.

REPOSOIR, re-pô-zwar, s. m. altar for the Corpus Christi procession; resting-place.

RÉPOUSER, v. a. to marry again.

REPOUSSANT, adj. disgusting. REPOUSSEMENT, re-poos-men, s. m. re-

pulsing, repelling, recoiling.

REPOUSER, re-pôo-sa, v. a. to repulse, push or beat or force or thrust or drive back, repel. Arbre qui repousse des brunches, a tree that shoots new branches. Nous repoussames Femiemi à l'abordage, we repulsed the enemy when they boarded us. Repousser, v. n. to spring; recoil; bourgeon; shoot or bud again.

Repoussoir, re-poo-swar, s. m. dentist's instrument to extract stumps; a farrier's teol; light objects in the fore-ground of a picture to make the others appear more distant. Mar

drive-bolt or driving-bolt. Repoussoir à man-

RÉPRÉHENSIBLE, rå-prå-èn-sîbl, adj. re-

prehensible.

RÉPRÉHENSIBLEMENT, adv. reprehensibly. RÉPRÉHENSION, ra-pra-en-sion, s. f. reprehension, reproof, reprimand, rebuke

REPRENDRE, re-prendr, v. a. (like prendre) to retake, take again, recover; to resume, begin again, renew, take in hand again, set on foot again; (des mailles) to take up; to re-buke, check, blame, reprimand, chide, reprove, find fault or amiss, carp, criticise. Reprendre le chemin de, to return or go back to. Reprendre haleine, or son haleine, to fetch breath again. Reprendre sa purole, to recal one's word or promise. Reprendre une route, one's word or promise. Reprenare unerous, to go the same way again. Reprenons ha ethose d'un peu plus loin, let us go a little higher, let us resume or fetch the thing a little higher. Reprendre, v. n. to return or come or seize again upon; to reply, auswer, rejoin, resume; to take root again. Se reprendre

v. r. to close up again; to recollect one's self.

Reprendre, v. a. Mar. Reprendre un palan,
to fleet or shift or overhaul a tackle. Reprendre un hauban, or un étai, to fleet a shroud or stay. Reprendre les pendeurs des palans de bout de vergue, to take up the yard tackle pendants. Reprendre les enfléchures des haubans, to square the rathings. A reprendre, break off and elap on again. Reprendre un bâtiment, to retake a vessel. Reprendre son poste, to resume one's station. La frégate, après le coup de vent, reprendra notre prise à la remorque, the frigate will take our prize in tow again after the gale of wind. Notre gréement neuf aura bientôt besoin d'être repris, our new rigging will soon want fleeting

*REPRENEUR, s. m. carper, fault-finder. REPRÉSAILLES, re-pra-zal, s. f. pl. repri-ls. Par le droit de représailles, by way of

retaliation, by way of reprisals. REPRÉSENTANT, re-prà-zen-ten, s. m. re-

presentative, proxy.

REPRÉSENTATI-F, VE, re-pra-zen-ta-tilv, adj. representative (only applied to things.)

REPRÉSENTATION, rê-pra-zen-ta-sion, s. f. representation; presence, figure; effigy of a dead person. Représentation d'une personne en justice, forthcoming or bringing forth of one before a judge. Donner la représentation d'une pièce de théâtre, to represent or act a play. C'est la première représentation de la pièce, this is the first acting or the first time that

this play was acted.

REPRÉSENTER, rê-prå-zen-ta, v. a. to bring forth produce, lay before, represent, describe, express; to represent, lay before, let see, show; (une pièce de théâtre) to act; to act the part of; to put in mind of; to look like; (tenir la pluce) to represent, hold or be in the place of, the representative or proxy of, personate. François T. représente trèshumblement à Votre Majesté, to the King, Francis T. humbly showeth. Représenter, v. n. to personate, to make a figure. Représenter. senter bien, to have a fine presence; also to act up to one's self or to one's character. Se représenter, v. r. to recollect, to fancy ; to look upon; (in law) to be forthcoming, make one's appearance.
REPRESSI-F, VE, adj. repressive.
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REPRÉTER, rê-prê-tà, v. a. to lend again. REPLIER, v. a. to pray again.

REPRIMABLE, adj. that may or ought to

be repressed, restrained.

REPRIMANDE, ra-pri-mend, s. f. reprimand, rebuke, reproof, check, chiding, lecture. RÉPRIMANDER, rã-pri-men-dà, v. a. to reprimand, rebuke, reprove, check, chide.

RÉPRIS, E, adj. retaken, taken again, etc. V. Reprendre.

REPRISE, re-priz, s.f. retaking; (d'un proces) renewing or reviving; (de chansons) repetition or burden; (de maludie) return; (au jen d'ombre) party game; (in architecture) underpinning; a time. A diverses reprises, at several times, by fits and starts, by snatches, by degrees. Reprise, s. f. Mar. retaken vessel. Reprisers, re-pri-za, v. a. to appraise again, new-prize.

RÉPROBATION, rå-prô-bà-slon, s. f. repro-

bation. REPROCHABLE, re-pro-shabl, adj. re-proachful, shameful, dishonest; that may be

excepted against.

REPROCHE, re-prosh, s. m. reproach, imputation; exception or charge against a witness; twitting in the teeth. Faire des repro-ches à 1 reproach or upbraid, to twit in the teeth with a thing. Sans reproche, blameless, unblameable, unspotted, without blemish. Sans reproche, je l'ar aidé dans sa misère, without any reflection upon him I have assisted him in his distress.

REPROCHER, re-pro-sha, v. a. to upbraid or reproach, twit, tax; charge, lay to one's charge, fling into one's dish; also to grudge. Reprocher des témoins, to except against wit-

REPRODUCTIBILITÉ, s. f. quality of being reproduced.

REPRODUCTIBLE, adj. that can be repro-

duced. REPRODUCTION, re-pro-duk-sion, s. f. re-

production.

REPRODUIRE, rê-prô-důlr, v. a. (see the table at uire) to reproduce. REPROMETTRE, re-pro-metr, v. a. (like

mettre) to promise again or over and over.

RÉPROUVÉ, E, ra-prôo-va, adj. & s. re-proved, rejected, reprobated; reprobate. RÉPROUVER, ra-prôo-va, v. a. to reprove,

reject, disallow, disown; also to reprobate, and to prove again.

REPTILE, rep-til, adj. creeping.

REPTILE, s. m. reptile, creeping animal. RÉPUBLICAIN, E, rå-på-bli-kin, kên, adj. & s. republican; commonwealth's man, member of a commonwealth. Avoir l'esprit républicain, to be a republican, be a common-

wealth's man. RÉPUBLIQUE, rå-på-blik, s. f. republick,

commonwealth. RÉPUDIATION, rå-på-dî-å-slon, s. f. repu-

diation. RÉPUDIER, rå-pů-dî-å, v. a. to put away,

divorce or repudiate.

RÉPUGNANCE, rà-pû-guèns, s. f.repugnancy, contrariety or being contrary, contradiction, reluctancy, averseness. Il fait cela avec tant de répugnance, he does it so much against the grain.

bar. bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : rôbe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

RÉPUGNANT, E, rå-på-gnèn, gnènt, adj. |

RES

repugnant. contrary, opposite.

Répugner, ra-pa-gnà, v. n. to repugn, be contrary or against, clash with. Cette boisson répugne à mon tempérament, that drink goes against my stomach. Cela répugne, that contradicts itself.

RÉPULLULER, rå-půl-lå-lå, v. n. to re-pullulate, bud afresh, sprout anew. RÉPULSI-F,VE, rå-půl-sîf, slv, adj. repul-

RÉPULSION, rå-pål-sion, s. f. repulsion. REPURGER, re-pår-zå, v.a. to purge again. RÉPUTATION, ra-pu-ta-slon, s. f. reputa-

tion, fame, report, credit, name. Etre en re-putation de bel esprit, to pass for a wit. RÉPUTER, ra-pû-ta, v. a. to repute, think,

count, look upon as.

REQUERABLE, adj. demandable. REQUERANT, E, re-ka-ren, rent, s. m. & f.

suitor, plaintiff.

REQUÉRIR, rê-kà-rîr, v. a. (see the table at Quérir) to request, require, pray, beg ; (en justice) to require, demand; (after aller, ve-

nir, emoyer) to fetch again. Cela requiert cellerité, that requires despatch. REQUÊTE, rê-kêt, s. f. request, supplica-tion, petition. Maître des requêtes, master of Chambre des requêtes, court of re-Les requêtes de l'hôtel chez le roi, the quests. court of the green cloth. Etre de requête, to be in request ar much in vogue.

REQUÊTER, v.a. (in hunting) to quest again.

REQUIEM, s. m. requiem, rest, quiet, peace. REQUIN, rê-kin, s. m. shark. REQUINQUER, (se) sê-rê-kin-kå, v. r. to smug or trim one's self up. REQUINT, rê-kin, s. m. fifth part of a fifth

RÉQUIPER, v. a. to new-rig. REQUIS, E, rê-kî, klz, adj. (from Réquerir) required, requested, etc. requisite; necessary, convenient. REQUISE, s. f. request. Cela sera de requise,

that will be in request or scarce.
REQUISITION, ra-kl-zl-sion, s. f. request,

petition.

RÉQUISITOIRE, rå-kî-zî-twar, s. m. suit, request.

RERE, V. Réer.

RESACRER, V. a. to re-consecrate. RESAIGNER, V. Ressaigner. RESAISIR, V. Ressaisir. RESALER, v. a. to salt or powder again.

RESALUER, v. a. to re-salute, salute anew.

RESARCLER, v. a. to weed again.
RESASSER, V. Ressasser.
RESCELLER, re-se-la, v. a. to seal again.
RESCINDANT, re-sin-den, s. m. demand to obtain a rescision.

RESCINDER, rê-sin-dâ, v. a. to rescind,

cancel, null, vacate, make void.

Rescision, re-si-zion, s. f. rescision, rescinding, abrogating, cancelling; also execution of a rescissory demand.

RESCISOIRE, re-si-zwar, s. m. execution

of a rescissory demand.

RESCRIPTION, s. f. order for paying a sum to one.

RESCRIRE, V. Récrire. RESCRIT, res-kri, s. m. a rescript (chiefly from the Pope or Emperor.)

RÉSEAU, s. m. little net, bag-net; net-work.

RESÉCHER, V. Ressécher, .. a. & n. to dry

RÉSÉDA, s. m. reseda, a sort of odoriferous plant.

RESELLER, V. Resseller. RESEMELER, V. Ressemeler. RESEMER, V. Ressemer. RESERRER, V. Resserrer.

RÉSERVATION, ra-zer-va-sion, s. f. reservation.

RÉSERVE, rã-zerv, s. f. reservation, re-serve, proviso or caveat (in law;) reserve, reservedness, discretion, caution, circumspection. Corps de réserve, reserve or body of reserve. Une chose de reserve, a spare thing. Temps de réserve, spare time. Poires de re-serve, pears that will keep, winter-pears. A laréserve de, except, reserving, but. Sans réserve, without exception or reserve. sans réserve, to give freely or prodigally. En réserve, adv. in store. Il a toujours quelque argent en réserve, he has always some money in store. Mettre en réserve, to lay up.

RÉSERVÉ, E, rå-zer-vå, adj. reserved, laid up, saved, excepted; reserved, close, wary,

shy, cautious.

Réservé, E, s. m. & f. Ex. Il fait bien le réserré, he is a very close or reserved man. Elle fait bien la réservée, she is very shy, coy or reserved.

RÉSERVER, rå-zêr-vå, v. a. to reserve, keep, lay up, except, save. Se réserver, v. r. to reserve or keep one's self. Se réserver à faire quelque chose, to delay doing a thing till it is convenient. Le général réserva son feu pour deux vaisseaux à trois ponts qui se sui-voient, the admiral reserved his fire for two three-deckers that were following each other.

RÉSERVOIR, rå-zer-vwar. s. m. reservoir (for water,) also fish-pond; (d'un bateau pêchenr) well.

RESEUIL, V. Réseau.

RÉSIDANT, E, rå-zi-den, dent, adj. resic-

ing dwelling.

RÉSIDENCE, rå-zî-dens, s. f. residence, dwelling in a place, abode, dwelling place, residentship; (de liqueur) sediment, grounds,

RESIDENT, rå-zî-den, s. m. resident.

RÉSIDER, rå-zi-då, v. n. to reside, stay, continue, abide.

RÉSIDU, ra-zi-du, s. m. residue, remainder. RÉSIGNANT, ra-zi-gnèn, s. m. resigner.

RÉSIGNATAIRE, rà-zì-gnà-ter, s.m. resignee. Résignation, ra-zi-gna-sion, s.f. resigna-

RÉSIGNER, rå-zì-gnå, v. a. to resign, yield up, surrender, make over. Se resigner, to

resign or give up or submit one's self.

Résiliation, rå-zî-lî-å-sîon, s. f. cancel

ling, annulling, making void. RÉSILIER, rå-sì-lî-å, v. n. to cancel, an-

nul, make void.

RÉSINE, rà-zîn, s. f. or poix résine, resin,

RÉSINEU-X, SE, rà-zl-nen, neuz, adj. re-

RÉSIPISCENCE, rà-zî-pîs-cns, s. f. resipiscence, amendment of life

RÉSISTANCE, ra-zis-tens, s. f. resistance, opposition. Pièce de résistance, piece of meat where you may cut and come again.

RÉSISTEP à, rå-zîs-tå, v. n. to resist, be

proof against, withstand, be against, oppose, bear, endure. Résister, to resist, oppose force to force, defend ore's self. On ne peut résister à la fumée, there is no bearing smoke.

RÉSOLU, E, rå-zô-lů, lů, adj. resolved, etc. V. Résoudre, resolute, stout, bold. Résolu, s.m.

Ex. Vous fuiles bien le résolu, you are very stout. Résoluble, adj. that may be resolved. Résolument, rå-2ô-lů-mên, adv. resolutely, stoutly, boldly; absolutely, peremptorily, obstinately. It veut résolument ce qu'il veut, he is a peremptory man, what he will have he must have.

RÉSOLUTI-F, VE, rå-zô-lů-tíf, tlv, adj. re-

solutive, dissolving.

RÉSOLUTIF, s. m. resolutive or dissolving

medicine.

RÉSOLUTION, rã-zô-lů-sîon, s. f. resolution, resolve, determination, mind, full purpose or intention, courage, stoutness, decision, determination; (d'un corps en ses principes) resolution, reduction ; (d'un contrat) cancelling, annulling, making void; (d'une tumeur) discussion.

RESOLVABLE, adj. that may be resolved

or determined.

RÉSOLVANT, E, ra-zôl-vên, vênt, adv. re-solving, solving, clearing up. Un résolvant, a resolvent.

RÉSONNANCE, s. f. resonance, sound.

RESONNANT, E, ra-zô-nen, nent, adj. sounding, that makes a sound; that sounds again, resounding, ringing.
RESONNEMENT, ra-zôn-inen, s.m. resounding.

RESONNER, rå-zô-nå, v. n. to resound, make

or yield a sound, sound or ring again.
RÉSOUDRE, ra-zoodr, v. a. (See the table at Soudre) to resolve; to persuade or induce or bring to; to resolve upon, determine; to solve, clear, determine; to soften, dissipate or melt; to reduce, turn; to null, make void. soudre, v. n. or Se résoudre à, v. r. to resolve, be resolved, determine, purpose. Je ne sau-rois m'y résoudre, I cannot find in my heart to do it. Se résoudre, to resolve or turn; be resolved or reduced.

Résous, adj. m. Ex. Brouillard résous en pluie, mist resolved into rain.

RESPECT, res-pe, s. m. respect, consideration, regard; reverence, veneration. Rendre ses respects à quelqu'un, to pay one's respects or duty to one. Se faire porter respect, to keep in awe. *Au respect de, in respect of, in comparison to.

RESPECTABLE, rês-pêk-tabl, adj. respectable. venerable, to be respected or reverenced.

RESPECTER, res-pek-ta, v. a. to respect; honour, regard, revere, show respect to; to reverence, spare. Se respecter, to maintain one's dignity, act suitable to one's station or age or character.

RESPECTI-F, VE, rês-pêk-tîf, tiv, adj. respective, mutual, reciprocal, relative.

RESPECTIVEMENT, res-pek-tlv-men. adv. respectively, mutually, interchangeably, reciprocally.

res-pek-tů-euz-RESPECTUEUSEMENT,

men, adv. respectfully, humbly

RESPECTUEU-X, SE, res-pêk-tû-eu, euz, adj. respectful, full of respect, humble, sub-

RESPIRABLE, adj. that may be breathed. RESPIRATION, res-pl-ra-slon, s. f. respiration, breath, breathing.

RESPIRER, res-pi-ra, v. a. to breathe, breathe in, suck in; to breathe or gape after, be bent upon. Respirer, v. n. to breathe, fetch one's broath; to have a respite or breathingtime. Respirer après, to gape after, long for. *RESPLENDEUR, s. m. brightness.

RESPLENDIR, res-plen-dir, v. n. to shine,

glitter, glister.

RESPLENDISSANT, E, res-plen-di-sen, sent, adj. shining, glistering or glittering, bright. RESPLENDISSEMENT, res-plen-dis-men, s. m. brightness.

RESPONSABILITÉ, s. f. responsibility.

RESPONSABLE, res-pon-sabl, adj. responsible, answerable, accountable. RESSAC, s. m. Mar. surf.

RESSAIGNER, v. a. to bleed or let blood again.

RESSAISIR, v. a. to seize again. RESSASSER, re-sa-sa, v. a. to sift-again; also to call one to an account.

Ressécher, v. a. to dry up again. Resseller, v. a. to saddle again.

RESSAUT, s.m. a jutty or jutting out. RESSEMBLANCE, re-sen-blens, s. f. resemblance, likeness, similitude, picture.

RESSEMBLANT, E, re-sen-blen, blent, adj.

resembling, like.

RESSEMBLER. re-sen-bla. v. n. to resemble. be like, favour. Ils se ressemblent fort, they are

much alike, they favour one another much.
RESSEMELER, re-sem-la, v. a. (des souliers) to new-sole; (des bas) to new-foot.

RESSEMER, v. a. to sow again. RESSENTIMENT, re-sen-ti-men, s. m. return, grudging, relicks of a disease; (d'une

injure) resentment, sense; formerly, gratitude, gratefulness, thankfulness, acknowledgment. RESSENTIR, re-sen-tir, v. a. (like sentir) to feel, resent, be sensible of, have a deep sense of, acknowledge; (un affront) to resent. On ressent ici toute la force du courant, the whole strength of the current is felt bere. Se resentir (d'injure) to resent, show one's re-sentment for, be sensible of, take to heart, stomach, feel for; (de mal, de perte,) to fect still, have still some grudging or relicks of, not to be well recovered of; to share in, suf-

fer or be affected by. RESSERREMENT, rê-ser-mên, s. m. oh-struction, stoppage; (de cœur) oppression. RESSERRER, rê-se-râ, v. a. to lay up, lay

up again; tie tighter, bind up, fasten, contract, bring into a narrow compass; (un prisonnier) to keep closer than before; (le ventre) to bind, be binding; to bind, restrain, limit, check. Se resserver, to contract itself, lie or stand close together.

RESSIF, s. m. Mar. reef, ridge. Deux bâtimens marchands se sont brisés sur le ressif au large, two merchant ships are gone to pieces on the reef in the offing.

RESSORT, re-sor, s.m.spring; wheel, secret way, resort; jurisdiction, district or extent of

a jurisdiction; verge or cognizance or province.
RESSORTIR, re-sor-tir, v. n. (like sortir, sortant) to go out again; (like bâtir, bâtissant) to be under the jurisdiction of.

RESSORTISSANT, E, rê-sôr-tî-sên, sênt, adj.

belonging to or lying under a jurisdiction.

RESSOUDER, rè-sdo-dà, v.a. to solder again.

RESSOURCE, rè-sdors, s. f. resource, shift, remedy, help, refuge, aftergame. Malhew

bar, bat, base: thère, ëbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

sans ressource, irreparable or irrecoverable. J'ai fait une perte qui n'a point de ressource, I sustained a loss without hopes of recovery.

RESSOUVENIR, re-soov-nir, s. m. remembrance, memory, touch, resentment. Se ressouvenir de, v. r. (like venir) to remember, call to mind. Faire ressouvenir, to remember or put in mind of.

RESSUAGE, s. m. sweating; also separating of silver from copper (by means of lead.) RESSUER, re-su-a, v. a. to sweat; also to

part silver from copper. RESSUI, re-sûî, s. m. lair (of a deer.) RESSUSCITÉ, E, adj. risen, raised from the

RESSUSCITER, rê-sû-sî-tâ, v. a. to raise, raise from the dead; bring to life again; to revive, renew. Ressusciter, v. n. to rise again from the dead. Faire ressusciter, to revive.

RESSUYER, rê-sůî-yå, v. a. to wipe again. RESTANT, E, res-ten, tent, adj. remaining,

RESTANT, s. m. remainder.

RESTAURANT, res-tô-ren, s. m. restorative,

RESTAURATEUR, rês-tô-râ-têur, s. m. re-

storer, re-establisher; sort of victualler. RESTAURATION, res-to-ra-sion, s. f. restoration, re-establishment.

RESTAURER, res-tô-ra, v. a. to restore, repair; (ses forces) to recover, pick up.

RESTE, rest, s. m. rest, remainder, remnant. scrap, residue, remains; leavings, refuse. Etre en reste, to be behind, be in arrears, be still in debt, be behind hand with one. reste, du reste, as for the rest, besides, and besides, nevertheless, otherwise, in other respects. Les restes d'un heros, his ashes. Reste de potence, hang dog, Newgate bird. A ce coup de dé il joue de tout son reste, this very cast of the dice runs for all. If y va de notre reste, all we have lies at stake. If n'y a rien de reste, there's nothing left. Pen ai de reste, I have more than enough, I have some to spare. It

y parviendra de reste, he will get it fast enough.
*RESTE, s. f. Ex. A toute reste, with might

and main.

RESTER, res-ta, v. n. to be left, remain, be extant; to stay, remain, continue. Le nom lui en est reste, he was afterwards called by that name. Rester sur la place, to be killed on the spot. Une reste à vous dire que, etc. I have still to tell you that, etc. Rester, Mar. Rester à la mer, to remain at sea. Rester à l'ancre, to remain at anchor, lay fast. Rester à pic, to remain a-peak or up and down. Rester à long pic, to ride short. Rester à sec de voiles, to continue under bare poles. Rester à sec sur le rivage, to remain high and dry a-ground. Rester en branle bas, to keep the hammocks stowed, and the ship clear for action. Rester en station, to remain on a particular station. Rester de l'arrière, to remain astern (through the inferiority of the ship's sailing.) Rester de l'arrière, (pour couvrir un convoi) to remain astern (for the protection of a convoy.) Rester en croisièré, to remain to cruise or cruising. Rester en panne, (pour attendre le convo) to continue lying to (to wait for the convoy.) Rester en calme, to lie becalmed. Rester an movillage, (pour ramasser les hommes qui sont à terre) to remain at anchor (to pick up the people that are ashore.)

Rester sur rade, (pour ramasser un convoi) to remain in a road-stead (in order to collect a convoy.) Rester en présence de l'ennemi, to remain in sight of the enemy. Rester en ob servation devant un port, to remain off a port watching the enemy's motions within. nous restent ces voiles incrnues? how do those strange sails bear? Un bûtiment nous reste par le travers, a vessel is on the larboard beam. Selon l'estime, le cap Finisterre nous reste au sud-ouest, by our reckoning, Cape Finisterre bears south-west.

RESTITUABLE, res-ti-tu-abl, adj. restora-

RESTITUER, rês-tî-tû-â, v. a. to restore, return, give back again, refund, make good,

RESTITUTEUR, rês-tî-tû-têur, s. m. restorer, critick that restores the passages of an author.

RESTITUTION, res-ti-tu-sion, s. f. restitution, refunding, making good; (d'un passage) restoring.

RESTREINDRE, res-trindr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to bind, astringe, be astringent; to confine, stint, limit, abridge. restreindre, v. r. to use a restriction.

RESTREINT, E, adj. bound, confined, stint-

ed, limited, abridged.

RESTRICTI-F, VE, res-trik-tif, tiv, adj. restrictive, binding.

RESTRICTION, res-trik-sion, s. f. restriction, limitation.

RESTRINGENT, E, res-trin-zen, zent, adj. restringent, binding, restrictive:

RESTRINGENT, S. m. restringent. RÉSUER, V. Ressuer.

RÉSULTANT, E, rã-zůl-ten, tent, adj. re-

RÉSULTAT, ra-zûl-tå, s. m. result, upshot, resolve, consequence.

RÉSULTER, rå-zůl-tå, v. n. to result, follow. RÉSUMÉ, rå-zů-må, s.m. Ex. Le résumé d'un discours, the summary or recapitulation of a discourse.

RÉSUMER, rå-zů-må, v. a. to resume, recapitulate, sum up.

RÉSUMPTE, s. f. act of a doctor of divinity.

RÉSUMPTION, rå-zonp-sion, s. f. recapitulation, summing up.

RÉSURRECTION, rå-zů-rěk-síon, s. f. resurrection.

RETABLE, s. m. altar piece.

RÉTABLIE, rã-tâ-blîr, v. a. to repair, re-store, re-instate, re-establish, recover, renew, retrieve, set up again. Rétablir, Mar. Réta-blir les branles, to hang up the hammocks again. Rétablir l'ordre dans la ligne, to form the line again (after it has been broken.)

RÉTABLISSEMENT, rå-tå-blis-mên, s. m. repairing, restoration, re-establishment, reco-

very, renewing.

RETAILLEMENT, s. m. recutting

RETAILLER, re-ta-la, v. a. to cut again. RETAILLES, re-tal, s. f. pl. shreds.

RETAFER, re-ta-pa, v. a. (un chapeau) to cock up, mould the form (of a hat.) Un chapeau bien retape, a well cocked hat.

RETARD, re-tar, s. m. or RETARDATIONS,

s. f. delay, putting off (in law.)

RETARDEMENT, re-tard-men, s. m. stay, stop, delay, hinderance

RETARDER, re-tar-da, v. a. to retard, hinder, stop, keep or put off, delay, obstruct. Retarder, v. n. to go too slow, come later. Re-tarder, Mar. to delay, etc. Les charrettes du convoi nous ont beaucoup retardés dans la traversée, the heavy sailing-ships of the convoy

delayed us very much in the passage.

RETATER, re-ta-ta, v. a. to feel or touch again, taste again; (un ouvrage d'esprit) to

revise, look over again.

RETAXER, re-tak-sa, v. a. to re-assess. RÉTEINDRE, rå-tindr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to extinguish, put out again.

RETEINDRE, re-tindr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to dye again.

RETEINT, E, adj. dyed again.

RETENDRE, rå-tendr, v. a. to stretch or pull

out again.

RETENIR, re-tnir, v. a. (like tenir) to get hold again; to keep, detain, withhold; to keep to one's self, reserve; to stop, stay; to hire, bespeak, take; to retain, remember, mind; (in arithmetick) to carry; to hold back, hinder; to restrain, curb, bridle, keep in, contain. Retenir, Mar. Ce vent nous retiendra au mouillage, this wind will keep us at anchor. Nons avons retenu un bâtiment neutre pendant plusieurs jours, we detained a neutral vessel several days. Retenir, v. n. to conceive; to keep the carriage or eart steady going down hill. Se retenir, to forbear, contain one's self. Se retenir à, to get hold of.

RETENTER, v. a. to try again, make a fresh

trial or attempt.

RETENTI-F, VE, adj. retentive.

RETENTION, ra-ten-sion, s. f. reservation; (d'urine) retention.

RETENTIR, re-ten-tir, v. n. to ring or echo again, resound, ring with. Toute la terre re-tentit de ses louanges, the whole world resounds with his praises.

RETENTISSANT, E, re-ten-ti-sen, sent, adj.

ringing, echoing, resounding. RETENTISSEMENT, re-ten-tis-men, s. m.

sound, great sound. RÉTENTUM, s. m. clause, proviso, tacit

clause or reservation. RETENU, E, ret-nu, nu, adj. (from Retenir) kept or retained, etc. staid, sober, discreet, grave; reserved, circumspect, eautious, shy,

RETENUE, ret-nu, s. f. moderation, soberness, wariness, discretion, caution, circumspection, reservedness, modesty, decorum. Qui n'a point de retenue, rash, indisereet. Vivre dans l'ordre et dans la retenue, to live a sober or regular life.

RÉTICENCE, rà-ti-sens, s. f. reticence ; con-

cealing or concealment.

RÉTICULAIRE, adj. reticular. RÉTI-F, VE, ra-tif, thv, adj. restiff, that will not go forward, stubborn, froward. Rétif aux remèdes, averse to physick.

RÉTINE, ra-tin, s. f. net-like tunicle (of the

eye,) retina.

RETIRADE, re-ti-rad, s. f. intrenehment.

RETIRATION, s. f. turning of a sheet to print the other side.

RETIRÉ, E, re-tî-ra, adj. drawn out, etc. retired, solitary, lonesome.

RETIREMENT, re-tir-men, s. m. (des nerfs) contraction, shrinking.

RETIRER, re-ti-ra, v. a. to draw, take, fetch, get out; to get or take off; to fetch out of pawn, redeem; to get, recover, get again; (sa parole) to call in, call back; to draw or pull again; (arec une arme) to shoot again; to harbour, lodge, shelter, entertain, receive; to draw, get, reap; (in law) to redeem, re-lease. Se retirer, v. r. to retire, withdraw, depart, go away, be gone; to retire, make one's retreat; to shrink; to draw or fall or go back, stand by. Se retirer de, to retire or withdraw from, leave, leave off, quit, forsake; to retire or go home. Retirez-vous d'ici, get you gone. Se retirer de la foule, to go out of the crowd. Faire retirer la foule, to disperse the crowd. Tout le monde fut retiré de la frégate avant qu'elle sautât, Mar. every body was got out of the frigate before she blew up.

RÉTIVE, V. Rétif.

RETOISER, re-twa-za, v. a. to measure over again.

RETOMBÉE, s. f. declivity (in architecture.) RETOMBEE, rê-lon-bâ, v. n. to fall again, get another fall, fall siek again, relapse. Porte qui retombe, a pulley door. Le blâme retombera sur lui, the blame will fall upon him. Retomber, Mar. to fall back, etc. Les vents retomberont au sud-ouest, the wind will go round again to the southwest. Le lougre est retombé en calme, the lugger is again becalmed.

RETONDRE, re-tondr, v. a. to shear again.

RETONDU, E, adj. shorn again.

RETORDEMENT, s. m. twisting again (in a manufacture.)

RETORDRE, re-tordr, v. a. to twist again; wring again.

RETORQUER, re-tôr-ka, (un argument) v.

a. to retort or turn against one.
RETORS, E, re-tor, tors, adj. writhed, twisted, wrung again, also shrewd, cunning.

RETORSION, re-tor-sion, s.f. (d'argument) retortion.

RETORTE, re-tort, s. f. retort, (a chemical vessel.)

RETOUCHE, s. f. revising.

RETOUCHER, rê-tôo-sha, v. a. to touch again; also to revise again.

RETOUR, re-toor, s. m. return or coming back, arrival, turn, return, vicissitude, change; decline, turn; return, suitable return; repentance, repenting, conversion. Faire retour or un retour à Dieu, to turn to God, be converted. Beauté sur le retour, declining or decaying or antiquated beauty. Etre sur le retour de l'âge, to be in a declining age, be old. Arbre sur le retour, old tree. Il a de fâcheux retours, he is a cross or peevish sort of a man. Tours et retours, turnings and windings. De retour, to boot; back again. Retour, Mar. Retour de courant, eddy of a stream. Retour de marée, turn of the tide. Retour d'une manœuvre, hauling part of a rope (which is led through a leading block.) Prendre un retour arec une manœuvre, to take a turn with a rope (for the purpose of holding on.) Ces bâtimens sont sur leur retour, those ships are homeward bound.

RETOURNE, rê-tôorn, s. f. trump or turned up card.

RETOURNER, rê-tôor-na, v. n. to return, go . back. Retournous à notre propos, let us rebar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

turn to '(or resume) our former discourse. Non, je n'y retournerai plus, no, I will do so no more. Retourner à Dieu, to turn to God, be converted. Y retourner, to commit the same fault, do it over again. Retourner, v. a. to turn or turn up. Se retourner, v. r. to turn, face about; also to fly to or find an expedient. S'en retourner, to return, go back, go home. Retourner, s'en retourner, Mar. L'armée doit retourner en croisière, the fleet is to go upon another cruise. Voilà le capitaine qui s'en retourne à bord, the captain is going on board again. Pes vents contraires on fait retourner le convei, contrary winds have made the convoy put back. Les vents sont retourne's au sud-est, the wind has got back to the south-

RETRACER, re-tra-sa, v. a. to draw again; also to relate, describe, recount.

RÉTRACTATION, rå-truk-tå-sion, s. f. re-

tractation, recantation.

RÉTRACTER, rå-tråk-tå, une opinion or se rétracter d'une opinion, v. r. to retract an opinion, recant.

RETRAIRE, rê-trer, v. a. (like traire) to rc-

deem (law term.)
RETRAIT, rê-trê, adj. (parlant des blés)

RETRAIT, s. m. redemption, redeeming; privy, house of office. Cureur de retrait,

nightman.

RETRAITE, re-tret, s. f. retiring or going home; (du tambour) tattoo; retreat; retirement, privacy, private life; retiring place; re-fuge, shelter, sanctuary, harbour; receptacle, nest, lurking hole; (in architecture) diminish-ing or lessening of a wall, making of it thinner. Donner retraite, to shelter, harbour. Faire retraite, to retire, go home. Cloche qui sonne la retraite, cursew bell. Se battre en retraite, to maintain a running fight. Coup, Mar.

RETRAITER, v. n. to retreat, retire from a

superiour enemy.

RETRANCHEMENT, re-trensh-men, s. m. retrenching, lessening, diminishing, abridging, retrenchment; bye-place, corner; refuge; in-

treuchment.

RETRANCHER, rê-trèn-shâ, v. a. to retrench, lessen, diminish, cut off, abridge; to lessen, suppress, retrench. Retrancher, to take away, cut off; to intrench, fortify. Les médecins lui ont retranché le vin, the physicians have forbidden him wine. Se retrancher, v. r. to confine one's self; to retrench one's expenses, abridge one's self, live within compass, pinch; to intrench, fence or fortify one's self.

RETRAYANT, E, rê-trê-yen, yent, adj. that redeems, redeeming. V. Retraire.

RÊTRE, s. m. reister (sort of German trooper.) C'est un vieux rêtre, he is an old fox or a cunning fellow.

RÉTRÉCI, E, adj. straitened, shrunk, etc.

RÉTRÉCIR, rà-trà-sìr, v. a. to straiten; make straiter, make narrow or narrower, cramp. Se rétrécir, v. r. to grow strait or narrow or straiter or narrower, shrink.

RÉTRÉCISSEMENT, rå-trå-sls-mên, s. m.

shrinking, contraction, taking in.

KETREINDRE, rå-trindr, v. a. (see the table at eindre) to raise (a piece of metal with a mal-Let.)

RÉTRÉINT, E, adj. raised.

RETREINT, s. f. raising (of metal.) RETRESSER, v. a. to new-weave.

*RÉTRIBUER, v. a. to retribute, requite, repay, reward.

RÉTRIBUTION, rà-trì-bû-sion, s. f. retribution, requital, recompense, reward, fees

RÉTRILLER, rà-trì-là, v. a. to curry again. RÉTROACTI-F, VE, rå-trô-åk-tif, tiv, adj. retroactive, driving back.

RETROACTION, s. f. effect of what is retro-

RÉTROCÉDER, rà-trô-sà-dà, v. a. to make

over again. RÉTROCESSION, rå-trô-sê-slon, s. f. making over again;

RÉTROGRADATION, rå-trð-grå-då-síon, s.

retrogradation.

RÉTROGRADE, adj. retrograde. RÉTROGRADER, rå-trô-grå-då, v.n. to re-

trograde.

RETROUSSÉ, E, adj. cocked up, turned up, tucked up. Un nez retroussé, a nose that

turns up.

RETROUSSEMENT, s. m. turning or tucking up again, cocking up. RETROUSSER, rê-trôo-sà, v. a to cock or

turn or tuck up.

RETROUSSIS, re-trôo-sî, s.m. cock (of a hat.) RETROUVER, re-trôo-vâ, v. a. to find, to find again, recognise. Nous retrourames l'escudre après avoir buttu les mers pendant dix jours, Mar. we found the squadron again after hav-

ing beat the seas for ten days. Rets, re, s. m. net, snare.

RÉTUDIER, rà-tủ-di-à, v.a. to study or learn

RÉTUVER, v. a. to bathe over and over, foment.

RÉUNION, rà-û-nîon, s. f. re-union, re-unit-

ing, re-annexing, reconciliation. Réunir, rà-à-nlr, v. a. to re-unite, join together again, re-annex, unite, annex; to recon-

le. Se réunir, v. r. to unite, centre, agree. RÉUSSIR, ra-d-sir, v. n. to succeed, thrive or prosper, come to a good issue, have good success.

RÉUSSITE, rà-û-sît, s. f. success, good suc-

cess, issue.

REVALOIR, (SE) se-re-va-lwar, à quelqu'un. v. n. (like valoir) to be even with one, return one like for like.

REVANCHE, re-vensh, s. f. revenge; re turn, requital, retaliation. En revanche, in return or requital. En revanche de, by way of retaliation for. Il m'a maltraité, j'en aurai ma revanche, he has used me ill, I will be reveng-Vous m'avez donné de bons offices, je tàed. cherui d'en avoir ma revanche, you have done me several good offices, I will endeavour to re-

turn (requite, acknowledge, repay) them. REVANCHER, re-ven-sha, v. a. to take the part of, espouse the quarrel of, side with. Se revancher, to defend one's self, strike again, make one's party good, return like for like; be even with one, retaliate. Se revancher de, to be revenged on, retaliate, requite, return, acknowledge. repay.

*Revancheur, rê-ven-sheur, s. m. re-

venger, requiter.

RÊVASSER, re-va-sa, v. n. to have a great many dreams; also to be full of thought, be in a brown study.

REVE, rev, s. m. dream; chimerical idea. REVECHE, re-vesh, adj. harsh, crabbed, rough; unruly, stubborn, heady, froward.

REVÊCHE, s. f. baize.

RÉVEIL, râ-vêl, s. m. the time when one awakes. A mon réveil, when I am awake. A l'heure de son réveil, when he or she wakes.

RÉVEILLE or RÉVEILLE MATIN, s. m. larum watch or clock; also awaker, bell-man.

V. Réveilleur.

RÉVEILLER, rå-vê-lå, v. a. to awake or wake, rouse from sleep, call up; to stir up, revive, raise or quicken; to renew Il reveilla tout son courage pour cette entreprise, he summoned all his courage for that enterprise. Se réreiller, v. r. to awake or wake; begin anew, ne revived.

RÉVEILLEUR, s. m. awaker, bell-man.

RÉVEILLON, rã-vê-lon, s. m. meal just after midnight, small collation between supper and bed-time (when people sit up late.) V. Médianoche.

RÉVÉLATION, rå-vå-lå-sion, s. f. revelation, revealing. La révélation d'un secret, the re-

vealing or disclosing of a secret.

Révéler, rå-vå-lå, v. a. to reveal, dis-

close, discover, lay open.

REVENANT, E, revenen, nent, adj. (from revenir) coming back, etc. likely, taking. REVENANT-BON, s. m. perquisites, profits,

emoluments; (deniers revenant-bons) remainder of a sum. REVENANT, s. m. spirit (that walks or

haunts a house.)

REVENCHE, etc. V. Revanche, etc. REVENDEU-R, SE, re-ven-deur, deuz, s. m.

& f. huckster, retailer, broker. *REVENDICATION, rê-vên-dî-kâ-sîon, s. f.

claiming or claim, demanding or demand. REVENDIQUER, re-ven-df-ka, v. a. v. a. to claim, demand, challenge.

REVENDRE, re-vendr, v. a. to sell again, sell by retail. Il en a à revendre, he has enough of it, and to spare. REVENDU, E, adj. sold again.

REVENIR, rev-nîr, v.n. (like venir) to come again, come back, come back again; to grow again, grow up again; to come to, amount to; cost, stand (one) in; to return or come again; to arise, accrue, result; to suit, match; to please; to recover, recover one's self, come to one's self again; to be reconciled or appeased, be friends again, forgive; (said of ghosts) to appear, walk; to rise up in one's stomach. Revenir de, to recover, repair, make up; to be out of conceit with, be off with; to leave off, be weaned from; to be cured of. revenir, to call back or home; to parboil, boil

a little; to cheer up, revive. Faire revenir quelqu'un de pamoison, to recover one out of a swoon. Revenir sur l'eau, to come above water again. Revenir à la charge, to return to the charge, charge again. Rne m'en revient rien, I get nothing by it. L'un revient à l'autre, it comes to the same thing, 'tis all

REVENTE, re-vent, s. f. resale, selling again. De revente, at second hand.

REVENTER une voile, Mar. to fill a sail again (after it has been shivering or lying aback.)

REVENU, E, rev-nů, nů, adj. come back, returned, etc. V. Revenir.

REVENU, rev-nå, s. m. revenue, rents, in-come, profits, advantage. Un bien dont les revenus sont petits, an estate that yields small profits.

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REVENUE, rev-nu, s. f. young wood sprouting up after the coppice is felled, growth of

young wood.

RÉVER, rê-va, v. n. & a. to dream, be in a dream; to rave, be light-headed; to talk idly, rave, dote; to think or consider, muse, chew the cud upon. Un lieu propre à rêver,

chew the end upon. On the proper a reser, a proper place for meditation.

RÉVERBÉRATION, rå-vêr-bå-rå-slon, s. f. reverberation, reflection, repercussion.

RÉVERBÈRE, rå-vêr-bèr, s. m. reverberatory plate behind a lamp or candle, reflector of a lamp. Feu de réverbère, reverberant fire.

RÉVERBÉRER, rå-vêr-bå-rå, v. a. to re-

RÉVERBÉRER, rå-ver-bå-verberate, reflect, throw back.

REVERDI, E, adj. painted green, become green again.

REVERDIE, s. f. increase of the tides im-

mediately after the neaps. Reverdies, spring REVERDIR, rê-vêr-dîr, v. a. to paint green again. Reverdir, v.n. to become green again;

(parlant des dartres, de la gale) to break out

REVERDISSEMENT, re-ver-dis-men, s. m.

growing green again.
RÉVÉRÉ, E, adj. revered, reverenced, re-

RÉVÉREMMENT, rå-vå-rå-mên, adj. reve-

rently, with reverence.

RÉVÉRENCE, rå-vå-rèns, s. f. reverence, respect; bow, congé or congee; courtesy or curtsy; (titre) reverence. Sauf révérence, révérence parler, save your presence, an't please you, under favour. Faire la révérence à quelqu'un, (parlant d'un garçon or d'un homme) to bow to one; (parlant d'une fille or d'une femme) to curtsy or make a curtsy to one

RÉVÉRENCIELLE, adj. f. reverential.

*Révérencieu-x, se, rå-vå-rèn-sièu, sièuz, adj. full of bows or curtsies.

RÉVÉREND, E, rå-vå-ren, rend, adj. reve-

RÉVÉRENDISSIME, rå-vå-rèn-dî-sîm, adj. right reverend, most reverend.

RÉVÉRER, rå-vå-rå, v. a. to revere, reve-

rence, honour, respect.

RÊVERIE, rev-ri, s. f. revery or reverie, loose musing, fit of musing, irregular thought; idie fancy or notion, foolish conceit, extravagance; raving, delirium, idle talking. REVERNIR, re-ver-nir, v. a. to glaze or var-

nish over again.

REVERS, re-ver, s. m. (d'une médaille, etc.) the reverse; (de la main) back; back stroke; (de fortune, etc.) misfortune, cross fortune, turn of the tide; (d'un feuillet) back page, opposite page. Revers, Mar. piece of timber, the convexity of which lies inwards. Amures de revers, lee-tucks. Boulines de revers, lee-bowlines. Ecoutes de revers, weather-sheets. Alonges de revers, top-limbers. Revers de l'éperon, flaring of the cut water. Revers du coltis, flaring of the knuckle timber. V. Hauban & Genou.

REVERSER, re-ver-sa, v. a. to pour again. Reverser, Mar. Reverser la cargaison d'un bâtiment dans un autre, to shift a cargo from bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

one vessel to another. Reverser l'équipage d'un bâtiment sur un autre, to turn over a ship's company from one vessel into another.

REVERSI, re-ver-si, s. m. a game at cards. REVERSIBLE, re-ver-sibl, adj. subject to reversion, reversible.

REVERSION, re-ver-sion, s. f. (in law) reversion.

REVESTIAIRE, rê-vês-tîer, s. m. revestiary, and by contraction vestry.

REVÊTEMENT, re-vet-mên, s. m. lining of

a ditch, etc. (in stone, etc.)

REVÊTIR, rê-vè-tîr, v. a. (like vêtir) to clothe; (de pierre) to line, face, overcast; to endue. endow, set out; to confer, bestow; to vest, invest, give possession. to put on one's clothes again. Se revêtir, v. r.

REVÊTISSEMENT, s. m. (in law) vesting,

investiture.

REVÊTU, E, re-ve-tů, tů, adj. clothed, etc. V. Revêtir. Le roi revêtu de ses habits royaux, the king in his royal robes. Les magistrats revêtus de leurs robes, the magistrates in their formalities.

Rêveu-R, se, rè-veur, veuz, adj. & s. dreaming, musing, pensive, in a brown study, full of idle fancies, lost in wild imagination; dreamer, visionary, dotard, doting fool.
REVIREMENT, re-vlr-men, s. m. Mar. act

of going about again either by tacking or

wearing.

REVIRER, re-vî-ra, de bord, v. a. Mar. to put about again, bring the ship again on the tack she was before.

RÉVISER, v. a. to revise, examine again. RÉVISEUR, rå-vî-zêur, s. m. reviser.

RÉVISION, rà-vî-zîon, s. f. revising, reviewing or review, looking over again. Faire révision, to revise or review.

REVISITER, re-vî-zî-tâ, v. a. to revisit, visit

again.

RÉVIVIFICATION, s. f. revivification, act of recalling to life.

Revivifier, re-vi-vi-fi-à, v. a. to revive,

out life again into; revivificate.

REVIVRE, re-vivr, v. n. (like vivre) to re-vive, come to life again, live again. Faire revivre, resuscitate, to bring to life again, re-

RÉVOCABLE, rà-vô-kabl, adj. revocable, reversible, which may be revoked or recalled.

RÉVOCATION, rå-vô-kå-sîon, s. f. revoking,

revocation, repealing; loss of place.

RÉVOCATOIRE, adj. that revokes.

REVOICI, re-vwa-si, Ex. Me revoici, here

am I again.

REVOILA, re-vwa-la, Ex. Vous revoilà? what, are you here again?
REVOIR, re-vwar, v. a. (like voir) to see

again, wait upon one again; revise, look over again.

REVOIR, s. m. Ex. Adieu, jusqu'au revoir,

adien, till we meet again. REVOLER, re-vô-la, v. n. to fly again. REVOLIN, re-vô-lîn, s.m. Mar. gust of wind. REVOLTANT, E, adj. revolting, shocking.

RÉVOLTE, rå-volt, s. f. revolt, rebellion, rising, insurrection, mutiny.

REVOLTÉ, E, rå-vôl-tå, adj. revolted, rebelled.

RÉVOLTÉS, (LES) s. m. pl. the rebels. RÉVOLTER, rå-vol-tå, v. a. to cause to rebel or revolt, turn or stir up against, raise rebellion; shock. Se révolter, v. r. to revolt, rebel or rise, mutiny

RÉVOLU, E, rã-vô-lů, lù, adj. come about.

revolved.

RÉVOLUTION, rå-vô-lû-sîon, s. f. revolution. REVOMIR, rễ-vô-mîr, v. a. to vomit or cast or spue up again.

RÉVOQUER, rå-vô-kå, v. a. to revoke, recal, repeal, reverse, make void (un ambassadeur) to recal; (un commis) to turn away, dismiss. Révoquer en doute, to call in question.

REVU, E, adj. (from revoir) revised. REVUE, re-vu, s. f. review, diligent search. Faire la revue, to take a review, to muster, to review; (de gens de guerre) review, muster. Faire la revue de, passer en revue, to review, muster. Revue, Mar. muster.

RÉVULSI-F, VE, adj. revulsive (in medicine.) RÉVULSION, rà-vôl-sion, s. f. revulsion,

forcing of humours to contrary parts.

REZ de, rad, prep. close to, even or level with. Rez pied, rez terre, even or level with the ground. Rez de chaussée, s. m. level ground, superficies of the ground. L'appartement de rez de chaussée, the ground floor. A rez de chaussée, level with the ground.

RHABILLAGE, rå-bl-låz, s. m. mending,

old clothes mended.

RHABILLER, rå-bî-là, v. a. to dress again, new-clothe, new-vamp, mend, patch up.

RHÉTEUR, rà-teur, s. m. rhetorician, rhetorick master, orator.

RHÉTORICIEN, rå-tô-rî-sîên, s. m. rheto-

RHÉTORIQUE, rå-tô-rîk, s.f. rhetorick, oratory

RHIN, s. m. Rhine.

RHINOCÉROS, rî-nô-sà-ròs, s. m. rhinoceros. RHOMBE, ronb, s. m. rhomb, any point of the compass. Rhombe de vent, (sur la carte) rhomb line; (de la boussole) point of the compass.

Rномвої DE, ron-bo-id, s. f. Rhomboid.

RHUBARBE, rů-barb, s. f. rhubarb. RHUMATISME, rů-må-tîsm, s. m. rheuma-

RHUME, rum, s. m. rheum, cold (in one's

head.) RHYTHME, rîtm, s. m. rhythm.

RHYTHMIQUE, rit-mik, adj. rhythmical. RIANT, E, rî-en, ent, adj. smiling, chcerful, that looks pleasant and pretty. En riant, in jest, with a sneer. Dents riantes, fore teeth.

RIBAMBELLE, s. f. a great many, series.
*RIBAUD, E, ri-bo, bod, adj. & s. lecherous, lewd; fornicator, lecher, wench, leche-

rous woman, V. Roi. RIBAUDERIE, s. f. the act of a lecherous man or woman.

*RIBLER, v. n. to ramble, walk the streets. RIBLETTE, ri-blet, s. f. slice or collop of

pork, bacon, veal or beef broiled *RIBLEUR, s.m. night-rambler, pick-pocket *RIBON-RIBAINE, adv. will he nill he, by

all means, whether one will or not.

RIC-A-RIC, adv. exactly, to a farthing, strictly.

RICANEMENT, s. m. giggling, sneering, sniggering. RICANER, ri-ka-na, v. n. to giggle, sncer,

RICANEU-R, SE, rî-kâ-neur, neuz, s. m. &

f. giggler, snccrer.

RICH, s. m. lynx (of Sweden and Poland.) RICHARD, rf-shar, s. m. rich man. RICHE, rish, adj. rich; wealthy, opulent;

plentiful, copious; costly, magnificent; lofty, sublime, noble. Riche en bétail, well stocked with cattle. Riche en argent, monied, well fined. Riche en laideur, confoundedly ugly. Il a fait un riche mariage, he has married a fortune. Riche taille, tall, proper size. Un

riche parti, a great match, a great fortune.
RICHE, s. m. Ex. Le mauvais riche,

RICHEMENT, rish-men, adv. richly, splendidly, magnificently, nobly. Marier sa fille richement, to get one's daughter a rich husband. Elle est richement laide, she's extremely ugly.

RICHESSE, ri-shes, s. f. riches, wealth, richness, magnificence; vast or great estate;

(d'une langue) copiousuess.
RICOCHET, rl-kô-shê, s. m. skipping (of a flat stone on the water) duck and drake: Faire des ricochets, to make ducks and drakes. Nouvelle venue par ricochet, roundabout news.

Nouvelle venue par recordet, roundatout news.

RIDE, rid, s.f. wrinkle. Le vent fait des rides sur l'eau, the wind ruffles the water. Ride, Mar. laniard. Rides des haubans, laniards of the shrouds. Rides des galhaubans, laniards of the backstays. Ride du grand étai, laniard of the main stay. Rides des marchepieds, laniards of the horses of the yards. Ride à palan, tackle serving by way of laniard

RIDÉ, E, adj. wrinkled, full of wrinkles,

shrivelled.

RIDEAU, ri-do, s. m. curtain; mask, veil. RIDELLE, rî-dêl, s. f. rack or side (of a

wain.)

RIDER, rî-dâ, v. a. to wrinkle, make wrinkles, shrivel. Ce qui égayoit les autres ridoit son front, that which diverted others, made him frown or knit his brow. Le moindre petit vent fait rider la face des eaux, the least wind that blows ruffles the water. Rider, v. n. Se rider, v. r. to wrinkle, become wrinkled or shrivelled; to bend or knit the brow, frown,

Rider, Mar. to set up or taught, stay. Rider les haubans, to set up the shrouds. Ride bien les galhaubans, set the back-stays well up. Ride l'étai du grand mât de perroquet, stay the main top-gallant mast. L'étai du petit mât de perroquet est-il ridé ? is the fore top-gallant

mast stayed?

RIDICULE, rî-dî-kûl, adj. & s. ridiculous, fit to be laughed at; ridiculous creature, foppish creature; ridicule, ridiculousness, foppery, foppishness, silly trick or way; reticule (a small bag.) Traiter quelqu'un de ridicule, to make a fool or an ass of one. Tourner en ridicule, to turn into ridicule, to turn off with a droll. Tomber dans le ridicule or se donner un ridicule, to fall into ridicule, make ones self ridiculous. Les Précieuses ridicules de Molière, the romantick ladies of Moliere.

RIDICULEMENT, rl-dl-kůl-měn, adv. ridi-culously, in a ridiculous manner. RIDICULISER, rl-dl-ků-ll-zå, v. a. to make

ridiculous, turn into ridicule, laugh at. *RIDICULITÉ, s. f. ridiculous or foolish

thing said or done.

RIEN, rien, s. m. nothing, any thing (s'il y a d'ià une négation;) (dans les phrases inter-

rogatives ou dubitatives) any thing. Un rien, a trifle, the least thing. Des riens, trifles. Rien du tout, rien au monde, nothing at all, not the least thing. Je ne dis rien, I say nothing. Je n'ai jamais rien vu de plus magnifique, I never saw any thing more magnificent. Voulez-vous rien mander à Londres? have you any thing to send to London? Je doute qu'il en sache rien, I doubt whether he knows any thing about it. Y a t-il rien de nouveau? is there any news? Je n'en ferai rien, I will not do it. Qui n'a santé n'a rien, he who wants health wants every thing. Il nous fait bien prendre de la peine pour des riens, he puts us to a great deal of trouble for nothing. Un rien presque suffit pour le fâcher, he takes exception at the least thing in the world. Comme si de rien n'étoit, without taking the least notice. Il n'en est rien, no such thing, it is no such thing, it is not true. N'être pour rien dans, to have nothing to do with. N'être bon à rien, to answer no purpose, be of no service, not to be good for any thing. It rit pour rien, the least thing makes him laugh. Si peu que rien, very little. Un homme de rien, a man of no family. Cet homme ne m'est rien, that man is neither a relation nor an acquaintance of mine. Il ne tint à rien qu'il ne se noyât, he was near being drowned. Je ne pense à rien moins qu'à vous choquer, I have not the least thought to offend you. Ce n'est rien moins que cela, it is quite another thing.

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En moins de rien, instantly.

RIEU-R, SE, rî-êur, euz, s. m. & f. laugher, laughing man or woman; one apt to laugh at any thing or that will laugh at a feather; jecr-

er, a jeering man or woman, banterer.

RIFLER, v. a. to rifle, take or sweep

away. RIGIDE, rî-zîd, adj. rigid, strict, severe,

rigorous, stern.

RIGIDEMENT, rî-zîd-mên, adv. rigidly, strictly, severely, rigorously.
RIGIDITÉ, rî-zî-dî-tâ, s. f. rigidity, strict-

ness, severity, sternness.
RIGODON, rl-gôlon, s. m. rigadoon.
RIGOLE, rl-gôl, s. f. trench, gutter, ditch, furrow (to convey water;) treach (to plant in.)
*RIGOLER, (SE) v. r. to make merry.
RIGORISME, rl-gô-rîsm, s. m. rigidity, strict-

ness, puritanism.

RIGORISTE, ri-go-rist, s. m. puritan.

RIGOUREUSEMENT, ri-goo-reuz-men, adv. rigorously, severely, hardly, sternly.

RIGOUREU-X, SE, rl-goo-reu, reuz, adj. rigorous, sharp, severe, hard, stern, cruel.

RIGUEUR, ri-geur, s. f. rigour, severity, hardness, cruelty, sternness, rigidity, strict-ness. Traiter quelqu'un avec rigueur or à la rigueur, to be severe upon one, use one severely. A la rigueur, à la dernière rigueur, à toute rigueur, rigorously, too strictly, in too A toute rigueur, when the strict a manner. worst comes to the worst.

RIMAILLE, s. f. rhyme, doggrel, paltry

verses, sad stuff. RIMAILLER, rî-ma-la, v. n. to rhyme, make

sorry verses, poetize.
RIMAILLEUR, ri-ma-leur, s. m. sorry

rhymer, poetaster.

RIME, rlm, s. f. rhymc. Rimes, verses.
RIMER, rl-må, v. n. to rhyme, jingle,
make verses. Rimer, v. a. to rhyme, put in

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Des bouts rimés, rhymes or [words given to be filled up in as many verses.

RIMEUR, rl-meur, s. m. rhymer. RIMPRIMER, V. Reimprimer.

RINCEAU, s. m. foliage (in painting and architecture.)

RINCER, rin-så, v. a. to rinse or wash. RINCURE, rin-sur, s. f. rinsing water. RINGRAVE, s. f. sort of breeches, with points and ribands.

*RIOLÉ, E, adj. streaked, diversified, set

out with several colours.

*RIOTE, s. f. quarrel, bickering. *RIOTER, rf-6-tå, v. n. to quarrel or wrangle: also to giggle, laugh.

*RIOTEU-R, SE, adj. quarrelsome, full of

scolding, brawling.

RIPAILLE, ri-pal, s. f. Ex. Faire ripaille,

to junket, feast, banquet.
RIPER, v. a. Mar. to slip through the nippers. Le câble ripe, the cable goes out as much as it comes in.

RIPOPÉE, rî-pô-på, s. f. bad mixture (of remains of wine, etc.) mixture of different li-quors or sauce; confused composition. RIPOSTE, rl-post, s.f. reply, smart reportee;

retort, return; parry and thrust.

RIPOSTER, ri-pos-ta, v. n. to reply, retort, rejoin, make a quick and smart repartee; repel warmly; to parry and thrust at the same time (in fencing.) Mar. to reply, answer. Quand on nous cria d'amener, nous ripostâmes de notre volée, when they called out to us to strike, we answered with our broadside.

RIRE, rlr, v. n. to laugh; be merry; to joke, be in jest; to smile, look pleasant. Rire de quelque chose, to laugh at a thing, not to care for a thing. Faire vire, donner sujet de rire, to make sport, give occasion to laugh. Crever or se crever de rire, to burst with laughing, split one's sides with laughing. le mot pour rire, to be facetious or jocose or full of jokes, be merry. Jele disois pour rire, I spoke it in jest. Appreter à rire à la compagnie, to make one's self a laughing-stock, pagme, to make one's self a laughing stock, make one's self ridiculous. Rire au nez de quelqu'un, to laugh in one's face. On verra bientôt rire, we shall have fine sport presently. Rire au nez de Marchand qui perd ne peut rire, let him laugh that wins. Si vous m'échauffez la tête, je vous ferai rire d'une autre sorte, if you anger me, I will make you sing to another tune or I'il rellement of the sorte of t rattle you to some tune. La fortune lui rit, fortune smiles upon him. Tout rit dans cet appartement, every thing is beautiful in this appartment. La rose rit au soleil, the rose spreads itself towards the sun. Se rire de, v. r. to laugh at, make sport with. On s'en est bien ri, he was much laughed at. Je me ris de ros menaces, I laugh at your threatenings. Rire du bout des dents, to force a RIRE, rir, s. m. laughter, laughing, smile.

Ris, rl, s. m. laughter, laughing, smile. Les rised les grâces suvent partout ses pas, the smiles and graces attend her every where. Ris de veau, sweet-bread (of a breast of veah.) Ris, s. m. Mar. reef (of a sail.) Ris de chasse, first reef. Bas ris, last reef. Pren-

dre un ris, to take in a reef. Prendre un ris à l'artimon, to balance the mizen. Prendre des ris, to reef take in reefs. Prendre les ris à une voile, to cef, reef in. Etre au bas ris, to be close reefed. Prenez deux ris dans change hunier, take two reefs in the fore and main top-sails. Ho de la hune d'artimon, prends tous les ris au perroquet de fougue, mizen top there, close reef the mizen top-sail

RISBAN, s. m. flat ground with cannons,

for the defence of a port

RISDALE, S. f. rixdollar, about 47 cents.
RISÉE, ri-zà, S. f. laughter; laughing at, derision, mocking; laughing-stock. Mar. gust, squall. Lof à la risée, luff when it blows.

RISIBILITÉ, rî-zî-bî-lî-tà, s. f. risibility.

RISIBLE, ri-zibl, adj. risible, capable of laughing, comical, pleasant, merry; ridiculous.
RISQUABLE, ris-kabl, adj. hazardous.

RISQUE, risk, s. m. risk, hazard, venture,

peril, danger.

RISQUER, rîs-kå, v. a. & n. to venture, hazard, expose, bring into danger, run the risk or hazard. Risquer le tout pour le tout, to run all hazards, lay all at stake.

RISSE, s. f. Mar. gripe. Risses de chaloupe, gripes (ropes by which a boat is secured on a vessel's deck.)

RISSER, v. a. Mar. to lash or frap. Risser

la chaloupe, to frap the launch.

RISSOLE, rl-söl, s. f. sort of minced pie. RISSOLÉ, E, adj. fried or roasted brown or isp. Vieille rissolée, old shrivelled waincrisp. scot-face.

RISSOLER, rî-sô-là, v. n. Se rissoler, v. r.

to grow brown or crisp.
RIT or RITE, rl, rlt, s. m. rite, church cere-RITOURNELLE, rî-toor-nel, s. f. flourish,

voluntary (before or after a song.) RITUALISTE, s. m. ritualist, who writes on

the ritual.

RITUEL, s. m. ritual. RIVAGE, ri-vaz, s. m. bank, water-side;

beach, shore, strand. Rivage haut or élevé, strand. Droit de rivage, shorage.
RIVAL, E, rî-val, adj. & s. rival, competitor

RIVALISER, v. a. to rival. RIVALITÉ, rî-vâ-lî-tâ, s. f. rivality, rivalry,

competition. RIVE, rlv, s. f. bank, shore-side, water de. Il n'y a ni fond ni rive, 'tis above any side.

man's reach. RIVER, rl-vå, v. a. to rivet, clinch. River

le clou à quelqu'un, to fit one, to pay him off.
RIVERAIN, riv-rin, s. m. one that inhabits
the banks of a river or the borders of a forest or wood.

WOODD.

RIVET, rl-vê, s. m. rivet.

RIVIÈRE, rl-vièr, s. f. river. Gens de valer-men.

Oiseau de rivière, water-men. rivière, water-men. ter-fowl. Porter de l'eau à la rivière, to carry coals to Newcastle.

RINDALE, V. Risdale.
RINE, S. f. combat, conflict, scuffle.
RIZ or RIS, vl., S. in. rice.
RIZIÈRE, rl-zlèr, s. f. rice ground or field. Roв, s. m. rob.

Robe, rob, s. f. (de femme, etc.) gown; (de magistrate, etc.) robe; habit, religious habit. Robe de chambre, night or morning gown. Gens de robe, gown men. Juges de longue robe, judges of the long gown. Je porte respect à sa robe, I have a respect fet his gown.

*Robin ro-bin, s. m. lawyer.

canule, spigot of a tap.

ROBORATI-F. VE, adj. strengthening.
ROBUSTE, robust, adj. robust, strong, strong-limbed, lusty; hardy.
ROBUSTEMENT, adv. strongly, stoutly.

Roc, rok, s. m. rock; rook (at chess.) Rocallle, ro-kal, s. f. hitle stones or peb-

bles or shells for a grotto.

ROCAILLEUR, ro-ka-leur, s.m. grot-maker. ROCAMEOLE, rô-kan-bôl, s. f. rocambole. ROCHE, rôsh, s. f. rock. Un cœur de roche, a heart of flint, a hard-hearted man or woman.

ROCHER, ro-sha, s. m. rock, flint, heart of nt. Pour n'aimer pas de si beaux yeux, il faut être un rocher, one must be made of tlint not to love such fine eyes. Parler aux rockers, to preach to the stones. Rocher, s. m. Mar. rock. Rocher sous l'eau, sunken rock. Rocher qui décourre à mi-marée, half tide rock. Rocher qui veille, rock above water.

ROCHET, ro-she, s. m. rochet (bishop's

robe.)

Rocou, V. Roncon.
Rode, s. f. Mar. (in the Mediterranean) upper part of the stem and of the stern-post. Rode de proue, upper part of the stem. Contre-rode de proue, apron. Rode de poupe, up-per part of the stern-post. Contre-rode de Contre-rode de poupe, back of the stern-post.

RÔDER, ro-da, v. n. to roam, rove, range, camble, go up and down. Mar. to sheer. Le bâtiment rôde sur son ancre, the ship sheers

about her anchor

Rôdeur, ro-deur, s. m. rover, rambler. RODOMONT, ro-do-mon, s. m. bully, huffing blade, huff; braggadocio, vapouring hector. Faire le rodomont, to rodomontade, swagger, hector it, huff, vapour.

RODOMONTADE, rô-dô-mon-tad, s. f. rodomontade, vain-glorious bravado, vapouring. Rogations, rô-gâ-sion, s. f. pl. rogation-week, gang-week, grass-week before Whit-

ROGATON, ro-ga-ton, or ROGATUM, s. m. brief (in order to beg money from door to

door,) beggar's petition, waste paper, old lumber. Rogatons, (restes de viandes) scraps. ROGNE, rogn, s. f. scab, scurf, mange.

ROGNE-PIED, s. m. farrier's paring-tool. ROGNER, 10-gna, v. a. to cut, pare, clip, shred. Rogner les ongles à quelqu'un, to clip one's wings. Il est le maître, il rogne, il taille, he is the master; he does what he lists.

ROGNEU-R, SE, ro-gneur, gneuz, s. m. &

f. clipper (of money.)

ROGNEU-X,SE, ro-gneu, gneuz, adj. scabby,

Rognon, ro-gnon, s. m. kidney; testicle, Mettre les mains sur les rognons, to put one's arms a kimbo. Etre chaud du ro-

gnon, to be hot-spurred. ROGNONER, ro-gno-na, v. n. to growl, grumble.

ROGNURE, rô-gnur, s. f. shreds, parings,

clippings.

Rogue, rog, adj. surly, haughty, proud. Rot, rwa, s. m. king, severeign, prince crowned; (an jeu de carres ou des échecs) king; head, first, leader; officer who superintends or looks to. Roi d'armes, king at arms. L roi des violons, the head man of the k'ıg's musick. Le roi du bal, the manager

ROBINET, rô-bi-nê, s. m. cock. Robinet de ff of the ball. Le roi des ribands, officer who formerly looked to the vagabonds and idle persons that haunted the court. Vous êtes le roi des hommes, you are a brave man. Les rois, le jour or la fête des rois, twelfth day, Epiphany. Faire les rois, to choose king and queen. Aune de roi, ell. Pied de roi, twelve inch foot.

ROIDE, red, adj. stiff; inflexible, opinia-tive, obstinate, hard. Une sauce roide de sel or de poirre, a sauce too high seasoned. Le cours de cette rivière est roide, that river has a rapid or violent stream. Un vol roide, a swift flight. Une montagne roide, a steep hill. Se tenir roide, to be stiff or obstinate. Il tomba roide mort, he fell stone dead. Aussi roide qu'un trait d'arbalète, as swift as an arrow.

*Roidement, adv. stiffly. Roideur, rê-dêur, s. f. stiffness, rapidity, swiftness, violence, steepness; obstinacy. Roidillon, re-di-lon, s. m. rising in a

road.

ROIDIR, rë-dîr, v. a. to stiffen, make stiff, stretch out. Roidir, v. n. to be stiff. Seroidir, v. r. lo stiffen, grow stiff; to be stiff, resist, withstand, hear up against, be obstinately bent. Roidir, v. a. Mar. to haul taught. Roidir les bras du petit hunier, to haul taught the fore top-sail braces. Roidis bien les dris-ses du grand hunier, haul well taught the main top-sail haliards.

ROITELET, rwa-tie, s. m. little or petty

Rôle, rôl, s.m. roll, list, scroll, catalogue, register; (d'ime pièce de théâtre) part, character, cue. Faire des rôles d'écriture, to write whole sheets of law business. A tour de rôle, in course, one after another. Jouer bien son rôle, to play well one's part. Rôle, s. m. Mar. role, to play vertous plate to book or exact muster-book of the ship's company. Rôle de postes, station bill. Rôle de combat, quarter bill. Rôle de quart, watch bill.

ll. Rôle de quart, water olls. V. Rôle. Rôler, v. a. to write rolls. V. Rôle. Rôler, rô-lê, s. m. under part. Jouer bien son rôlet, to play one's part well. Je suis au bout de mon rôlet, I know not what to say next.

Romain, ne, rô-min, mên, adj. Roman. Laitue romaine, Cos-lettuce.

Romaine, ro-men, s. f. steel-yard, Roman balance (a sort of weight.)

Roman, rô-mên, s. m. romance, novel. Parler roman, to use a romantick style (in one's speech.)

ROMANCE, rô-mêns, s. f. romance, sort of

ballad. ROMANCIER, rô-mên-sîa, s. m. writer of

romances.

Romanesque, rô-mâ-nêsk, adj. roman-

ROMANESQUEMENT, adv. in a romantick manner.

ROMANTIQUE, adj. romantick.

Romarin, ro-ma-rin, s. m. rosemary.

ROMBAILLET, s. m. Mar. burr (in a piece of timber.)

ROMESCOT, s. m. Peterpence.

*Rominagrobis, ro-mi-na-gro-bl, s. m. grave piece of formality, grimalkin.
Rompement, ronp-men, s. m. Ex. Rompe

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

ment de tête, troublesome noise; vexatious [] business, vexation of spirit.

ROMPRE, rozpr, v. a. to break; to break off; to keep off, turn off, divert; to use, bring, train up, exercise; to break through, rout, put to the rout; to dismiss, disband, turn away; (l'assembléc) to break up; (le dé) to bar. Rompre le eamp, to break up. Rompre le silence, begin to speak. Rompre les chemins, to make the roads deep. A tout rompre, at the most. Rompre, v. n. to break, break off, part in two or several pieces; to break with, fall out. Rompre en visière à quelqu'un, to out-lace one. Se rompre, v. r. to break, break off, break down, part in two or several pieces. Se rompre un bras, une jambe, to break an arm or leg. Se rompre la tête, à quelque chose, to beat one's brains about a thing.

Rompre & se rompre, v. a. & r. Mar. to break, etc. Rompre la ligne, to break the line. Rompre des bordages, etc. to break up or rip off planks, etc. Le bâtiment classé a rompu son boute-hors de bonnette de petit hunier, the chase has carried away her fere-topmast studding-sail boom. La remorque rompit dans la muit, the tow-rope broke in the night. La vergue sèche se rompit dans le fort du grain, the cross-jack yard snapped in the

height of the squall.

ROMPU, E., adj. (from Rompre) broke or broken, etc. Chemin rompu, deep way. Rompu de travail, mightily wearied or tired. RONCE, rons, s.f. bramble, briar; difficulty.

ROND, E, ron, rond, adj. round, circular. Il est tout rond or rond comme une boule, he is thick as he is long. It est rond et franc, he is a plain downright man. Du fil rond, coarse thread. Compte rond, even accompt or even money. Faire le compte rond, to make even Voix ronde, round full voice. Mar. money. Le vent est rond, the wind is steady.

ROND, s. m. round, circle, ring; compass, circumference. Tourner en rond, to turn round or in a round. Danser en rond, to

dance in a ring.

RONDACHE, ron-dåsh, s. f. shield, buckler. RONDE, rond, s. f. rounds. Ronde d'eau, water-work in form of a round cup. A la ronde, round about. Dix milles à la ronde, ten miles round or round about. Boire à la ronde, to drink round. Faire la ronde, to go the rounds, walk the rounds; and Mar. to row guard. RONDEAU, ron-dò, s.m. rondeau; baker's-

peel.

RONDELET, ron-dle, s. m. roundelay (sort of Spanish poem.)

RONDELET, TÉ, ron-dlê, dlêt, adj. rather plump.

RONDELETTES, s. f. pl. sail-cloth manufactured in Brittany.

RONDELLE, ron-dêl, s. f. little shield.

RONDEMENT, rond-men, adv. roundly, sin-cerely, plainly, frankly, even.

RONDEUR, ron-deur, s. f. roundness, ro-

RONDIN, ron-din, s. m. billet of wood; cudgel.

RONDINER, ron-dî-na, v. a. to cudgel. RONFLANT, E, adj. sonorous, blustering. RONFLEMENT, ronfl-men, s. m. snoring, snor ng, rumbling.

RONFLER, ron-flå, v. n. to snore, snort; to rumble; (parlant des chevaux) to snort.

RONFLEU-R, SE, ron-fleur, fleuz, s. m. &

f. snorer, snoring man or woman.

RONGER, ron-zå, v. a. to gnaw, nibble, pick; (parlant de l'eau-forte, de la rouille) to eat, eat up. Donner un os à ronger à quelqu'un, to give or throw one a bone to pick. Ronger ses ongles, to bite one's nails. Cheval qui ronge son frein, a horse that champs the bit. V. Frein. Se ronger le cœur or l'esprit, to fret one's self. La tristesse ronge l'esprit, grief gnaws or vexes or torments the mind.

Rongeur, ron-zeur, s. m. Ex. Le ver rongeur, the never-dying worm. Pl. An order of

quadrupeds.

*ROQUANTIN, s. m. Ex. Un vieux roquantin, an old hunks.
ROQUEFORT, s. m. cheese made of ewe's

milk.

ROQUER, ro-ka, v. a. to castle (at chess.) ROQUET, ro-kė, s. m. shock-dog; also short cloak; and worthless man.
Roquette, ro-kėt, s. f. rocket (a sort of

cabbage.)

ROQUILLE, ro-kil, s. f. gill (a measure.) ROSAIRE, rô-zêr, s. m. rosary, great beads. ROSAT, rô-zâ, adj. of roses. Huile rosat, oil of roses. Miel rosat, mel rosatum. On-

guent rosat, rose-ointment.

Rosbir, s. m. roast beef. Rose, roz, s. f. rose. Rose d'Inde, French marigold, Indian rose; also, a large round window and a river fish. Bouche de rose, rosy mouth. Rose des vents, Mar. card of a compass.

Rosé, E, rô-zà, adj. of a faint red (said of

Roseau, rô-zò, s. m. reed. Roseau aromatique, sweet calamus.

ROSE-CROIX, roz-krwa, s. f. Rosicrucian sect.

Rosée, rô-zå, s. f. dew.

ROSERAIE, roz-re, s. f. ground planted with rose bushes.

ROSETTE, rô-zêt, s. f. rose; red ink; red brass, molten copper; trunk-maker's nail. Rosier, ro-zià, s. m. rose bush.

Rosière, s. f. roach. Rosse, ros, s. f. sorry horse; roach. Rosser, ro-sa, v. a. to bang, maul, bela-

Rossignot, ro-si-gnol, s. m. nightingale; pick-lock. Rossignol d'Arcadie, ass.

ROSSIGNOLER, v. n. to sing as a nightingale.

ROSSINANTE, s. f. sorry horse.

Rossolis, s. m. rosa solis. ROSTRALE, adj. rostrated.

Rostre, s. m. beak.

ROSTURE, ROSTURER, V. Rousture, Rousturer

Rot, ro,s. m. belch, breaking wind upward.

Rôt, ro, s. m. roast meat. Rôt-de-bif, saddle of mutton or loin of venison roasted.

ROTATION, ro-th-sion, s. f. rotation.

ROTE, rot, s. f. rota (chief jurisdiction of the court of Rome

ROTER, ro-ta, v. n. to belch, break wind upwards.

Rôti, E. ro-ti, tl, adj. roasted, roast.

Rôтı, rò-tỉ, s. m. roast meat. Accommo- || der un homme tout de rôti, to maul one sound-

Rôtie, s. f. roast. Rotie au beurre, buttered toast.

Rôtin, s. m. sort of Indian reed which

serves to make furniture. Rôtir, rô-tîr, v a to roast; to burn, parch up. Rôtir sur le gril, to broil. Rôtir au four, to bake. Rôtir ie balai, to play pranks, grow

old in an employment without being the better for it. Rôtir, v. n. Se rôtir, v. r. to roast, be roasting, be parched.

Rôtisserie, rô-tis-ri, s. f. cook's shop. Rôtisseu-r, se, rô-ti-sêur, seuz, s. m. & f. cook, one that keeps a cook's shop.

ROTONDE, s. f. kind of starched band for-

merly worn; rotundo.

ROTONDITÉ, rô-ton-dî-tà, s. f. rotundity. ROTULÉ, rô-tûl, s. f. knee pan, ball or whirlbone of the knee.

ROTURE, ro-tur, s.f. soccage or villanage, ignoble tenure. Gens de roture, ignoble persons, plebeians.

ROTURIER, E, rô-tů-ríå, rièr, adj. held by soccage, ignoble, meanly extracted, plebeian. Droits roturiers, mean or inferiour services.

ROTURIER, E. S. m. & f. plebeian.
ROTURIÈREMENT, rô-tů-rièr-mên, adv. ignobly, meanly. Terre possédée roturièrement, land held by soccage or villanage.

ROUABLE, s. m. rake for coals in an oven.

ROUAGE, roo-az, s. m. wheel-work. ROUAN, roo-en, adj. roan. Ex. Cheval rouan, roan horse.

ROUANNE, roo-an, s. f. instrument to mark

casks.

ROUANNER, roo-å-nå, v. a. to mark (casks.) ROUANNETTE, s. f. instrument with which timber is marked.

ROUANT, roo-en, adj. m. Ex. Paon rouant, peacock in his pride.
Rouble, roobl, s.m. rouble (a Russian coin.)

Rouc, s. m. a sort of fabulous bird. ROUCHE, roosh, s. f. Mar. hull of a ship (or

ship on the stocks) that is not yet masted.
Roucou, s. m. sort of plant, sort of paste

made of that plant.

ROUCOULER, roo-koo-la, v. n. to coo. Roue; roo, s. f. wheel. Faire la roue, to wneel about. Le puon fait la roue, the peacock is in his pride or spreads his tail. Pousser à la roue, to keep on, promote. Roue de gouvernail, Mar. steering wheel.

Roué, E, adj. broken upon the wheel; harsessen with sources wheel the broken.

rassea, with faugue, jaded, knocked up. Roue de coups, soundly banged or beaten, mauled. Roue de fatigue, bruised.

ROUELLE, roo-el, s. f. slice. Rouelle de

veau, veal steak.

ROUER, rôo-â, v. a. to break upon the wheel. Rouer de coups, to beat or bang soundly, thrash, maul. Rouer, v. a. Mar. to coil. Rouer à tour, to coil with the sun.

ROUET, roo-ê, s. m. spinning wheel; (de moulin) cog-wheel; (detisserand) cloth beam; (d'arquebuse) lock. Mettre à rouet quelqu'un, to silence one, stop one's mount. Faire leaves to route, to purr (as cats.) Rouet, Mar. wheel in a lope yard. Rouets de fonte, brass sheaves. Rouets de gayac, lignum vite sheaves. Rouets de gayac i des de fonte, lignum vite sheaves ad gayac i des de fonte, lignum vite sheaves. Rouets de gayac i des de fonte, lignum vite sheaves.

with brass cogs. sheaves. V. Poulie. Rouets de poulie, block

Rouge, rooz, adj. red. Devenir rouge, to blush, be put to the blush. Rouge bord, m. brimmer, bumper.

Rouge, s.m. red, red colour; rouge, paint; ruddock (a fish.) Elle met durouge, she paints. Elle a un peu de rouge aux joues, she has a colour in her cheeks. Le rouge lui monte au visage, his or her colour rises, he or she colours or blushes.

Roughatre, roo-zatr, adj. reddish, some-

what red.

Rougeaud, E, roo-zo, zod, s. m. & f. red face, red-faced or ruddy complexioned man or woman.

ROUGE-GORGE, s. m. robin-red-breast.

Rouge-Bord, s. m. bumper.

Rougeole, roo-zol, s. f. ineasles.

ROUGE-QUEUE, s. m. red-tail (small bird.) Rouger, roo-ze, s. m. roach; red-streak apple.

ROUGETTE,'s. f. a sort of bat; vampyre. Rougeur, roo-zeur, s. f. redness; pimple or red spot.

Rougir, roo-zîr, v. n. to redden, make

red. Rougir l'eau, to colour water. Rougir, v. n. to redden, grow red; blush or colour, be ashamed. Rougir de honte, to

blush for shame.

ROUT, E, adj. steeped, watered.
ROUI, s. m. Ex. Viande qui sent le roui,
meat that tastes of the copper or pot it was boiled in.

ROUILLE, rool, s. f. rust, blast, mildew.

ROUILLÉ, E, adj. rusty.
ROUILLER, roo-la, v. a. to rust, make rusty. Se rouiller, v. r. to grow rusty. L'esprit se rouille à lu campagne, wit grows rusty in the

ROULLURE, rôo-lur, s. f. rust, rustiness. ROUIR, rôo-ir, v. a. (du lin, du chanvre) to steep, water, soak.

ROULADE, roo-lad, s. f. trill, trilling, quavering; rolling down.

ROULAGE, roo-laz, s. m. rolling; wheeling. ROULANT, E, roo-lan, lant, adj. Ex. Carrosse bien roulant, easy coach. Chemin roulant, easy road. Chaise roulante, chaise. Veine

roulante, vein that vacillates.
Roule, E, adj. (from Rouler) rolled or

rolled up, etc. ROULEAU, roo-lo, s. m. roll; rolling pin;

roller. ROULEMENT, rool-men, s. m. rolling; trill,

quaver (in musick.)

Rouler, roo-la, v. a. to roll; to roll or roll up. Rouler dans son esprit, to revolve in one's mind. Rouler ses eaux, (d'un fleuve) to run. Se rouler sur l'argent, to swim in mo-ney. Rouler sa vie, to rub through the world, make shift to live, keep life and soul together. Rouler, v. n. to roll ; to ramble, range, roam, rove, go up and down; (des eaux) to run; to live, get a livelihood. Sa harangue rouloit là dessus, his speech ran upon that Sa harangue Rouler carrosse, to keep a coach. Fuire rouler la presse, to print. L'argent roule, money stirs

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: fiela, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

roll our main chains in. Ce raisseau roule à découvrir presque sa quille, that ship almost rolls her keel out.

ROULETTE, roo-let, s. f. little wheel, castor; book-binder's roll; truckle-bed; go cart;

sort of game of chance.

ROULEUR, s. m. Mar. ship that rolls. Ex. Grand rouleur, grand marcheur, the deeper a ship rolls, the faster she sails.

ROULIER, rôo-lià, s. m. carrier, wagoner. ROULIS, roo-li, s.m. Mar. roll, rolling, rolling motion (of a vessel.) Ce dernier coup de roulis a rompu deux de nos chaines de haubans, that last roll broke two of our chain plates.

ROUPIE, roo-pi, s.f. snivel, drop at the nose; rupee (coin.) Il a toujours la roupie au

nez, his nose drops perpetually.

ROUPIEU-X, SE, roo-pieu, euz, adj. & s. snivelly; snivelling man or woman.

ROUPILLE, s. f. short coat (of old.) ROUPILLER, roo-pî-la, v. a. to doze. ROUPILLEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. dozing, do-

Roussatre, roo-satr, adj. ruddy, reddish,

between red and yellow. Rousselet, roos-le, s. m. red haired man. Rousselet, roos-le, s. m. sort of delicate

small pear.

ROUSSETTE, s. f. a sort of sea-dog. ROUSSEUR, roo-seur, s. f. redness. Rous-seurs or tuches de rousseur, freckles. Roussi, E, adj. (from Roussir) reddened,

Roussi, roo-si, s. m. Russia leather; smell of a thing burnt. Sentir le roussi, to smell of

a thing burnt.

ROUSSIN, rôo-sin, s. m. strong horse, horse fit for war service. Roussin d'Arçadie,

Roussir, roo-sir, v.a. & n. to redden, make look red or yellow, grow red. Faire roussir du beurre, to brown butter, fry butter till it looks yellow.

ROUSTER or ROUSTURER, v. a. Mar. to

woold.

ROUSTURE, s. f. Mar. woolding.

ROUTAILLER, v. a. to pursue a beast with bloodhounds.

ROUTE, root, s.f. road, way; means; route; (dans un bois,) riding, lane. A van de route, precipitately and in disorder or confu-Route, s. f. Mar. course, route, track (of a ship.) Route du voisseau, course. Faire route, to stand on a course. Faire route avec un vent favorable, to gale away. Faire route pour le nord, to stand to the northward. Faire fausse route, to alter the course (in order to avoid an enemy in the night or in a fog.) Etre en route, to be standing on the course required to be steered. Faire valoir la route, to make good the course. En route, steer the course. Laisse revenir en route, bring her to the course again. En faisant fausse route de nuit, nous échappames à deux frégates qui nous gagnoient main sur main, by altering our course in the night we got away from two frigates, which were over-hauling us. Notre route prendra de l'ouest caijourd'hui, we shall make westing today. La Pérouse, voulant fuire de nourelles découvertes, ne suivit aucune des rontes de Cook, La Perouse sishing to make new !!

discoveries, did not follow any of Cook's tracks. Le capitaine a donné la ronte au nord-est, the capitain has ordered a northeast course to be steered. Nous ferons route à l'est jusqu'à midi; et si nous n'arons pas connoissance de l'escadre, nous changerons de route, we will stand to the eastward till noon, and if we do not get sight of the fleet we will alter our course.

ROUTIER, roo-tia, s. m. Ex. C'est un vieux routier, he is a shrewd old dog. Routier, s. m. Mar. quarter wagoner; book of charts,

ROUTINE, rôo-tîn, s. f. rote or practice.

ROUTINÉ, E, adj. used (to a thing,) that has a knack (of it.)

ROUTINER, v. a. to teach one by rote. ROUTINIER, s. m. one who acts by rote,

who does a thing habitually.

ROUTOIR, roo-twar, s. m. pond to soak hemp or flax in.

ROUVERIN, adj. brittle, friable. ROUVIEUX, s. m. mangy horse.

ROUVRE, roovr, s. m. oak of the hardest kind.

ROUVRIR, roo-vrîr, v. a. (like ouvrir) to open again; (une plaie) to open afresh. Se rouvrir, v. r. to open again. V. Plaie.

Rou-x, sse, roo, roos, adj. red or ruddy, red-haifed. Papier roux, brown paper. Beurre roux, browned butter.

Roux, s. m. red, red colour; sort of gravy. ROYAL, E, rwâ-yâl, adj. royal, regal, princely; noble, magnificent, generous, liberal. Sucre royal, double refined sugar. A la royale, after the king's taste or fashion. Porter la barbe à la royale, to wear two short whiskers. Bouf à la royale, beef rarely well seasoned.

ROYALEMENT, rwa-yal-man, adv. royally, princely, nobly. Il nous a traites royalement, he has given us a princely entertainment.

ROYALISTE, rwa-ya-list, s. m. royalist, loy-

al man, tory.

ROYAUME, rwa-yom, s. m. kingdom, realm.

ROYAUTÉ, rwa-yò-tà, s. f. royalty, dignity, crown. Les marques de la royauté, the regalia.

Ru, rô, s. m. channel of a little stream.
Ruade, rô-ad, s. f. horse's kicking, wincing, verking or flinging out with his heels. Détacher or faire une ruade, to fling, kick up one's heels.

RUBACE or RUBACELLE, s. m. ruby of a yellowish colour.

RUBAN, rå-ben, s. m. riband.

RUBANERIE, s. f. riband-trace.

Rubanier, e, rd-bå-niå, nier, s. m. & f. riband-weaver.

RUBANTÉ, E, adj. trimmed with ribands. RUBARBE, V. Rhubarbe. RUBICAN, adj. m. Ex. Cheval rubican, true

mixt roan horse. RUBICOND, E, rů-bî-kon, kond, adj. ruddy, red (face.

Rubis, rů-bí, s. m. ruby; red pimple.

RUERICAIRE, rû-brî-ker, s. m. one thoroughly versed in the rubrick.

RUBRIQUE, rå-brik, s. f. rubrick or titles of law-books; rubrick or title-rule; trick, cunning, skill. Il entend la rubrique, he is skilled in business

RUCHE, rush, s. f. hive; cavity of the ear. RUDANIER, E, rå-då-niå, nier, adj. surly,

pettish, gruff.

RUDE, råd, adj. rough, harsh; rugged, uneven, crabbed, sharp; hard, severe, churlish, cross, ill-natured; sharp, bitter, violent, nipping, severe ; violent, fierce ; troublesome, uneasy, hard; that grates the ear. Cheval rude, horse that does not ride easy. Des yeux rudes, wild eyes, wild look. Visage rude, coarse face.

RUDEMENT, råd-mên, adv. roughly, severely, sharply, harshly, rigorously, cuttingly, hard. Aller rudement en besogne, to work hard. Manger rudement, to eat a great deal.

RUDENTÉ, E, adj. rudented or rudentured filled with the figure of a rope or staff (said

of the fluting of a column.)

RUDENTURE, s. f. rudenture, figure of a

rope or staff. Rudesse, rå-des, s. f. harshness, ruggedness; severity, hard, rough or severe usage; grating thing. Rudesse d'humeur, roughness, harshness, crossness, ill nature. Rudesse de style, harshness, ruggedness of style.
RUDIMENT, rd-df-men, s. m. book of acci-

dents, accidence, rudiment, rudiments. dimens, rudiments, elements, principles, first

principles.

RUDOYER, rů-dwå-yà, v. a. to use rough-

ly; spur violently.

Rue, ru, s. f. street, lane; (herb) rue. Rue issante, thoroughfare. Rue de traverse, passante, thoroughfare. Rue de traverse, cross street. Une nouvelle qui court les rues, common report. Courir les rues, to run distracted. V. Courir. La grande rue, Mar. the waist, that part of the main deck comprised between the quarter deck and forecastle.

Rué, E, adj. flung, etc. V. Ruer. Les plus grands coups sont rués, the worst is past.
RUELLE, rû-êl, s. f. narrow street, narrow lane, court; bedside; the society of women.
RUELLER, v. a. to tump a vine.

Ruer, rû-â, v. a. to fling. Ruer de grands coups, to strike hard, deal heavy blows. Se ruer sur, to rush or fall upon. Ruer, v. n. to fling, kick up one's heels, wince, yerk (as a

horse.)

*RUFIEN, s. m. lecher, whore-master.

Rugine, rů-zîn, s. f. steel instrument wherewith teeth or bones are cleaned.

RUGINER, rů-zî-na, v. a. (les dents) to clean; (un os) to scrape.

Rugia, ru-zîr, v. n. to roar like a lion. Rugissant, E, rå-zì-sen, sent, adj. roar-

RUGISSEMENT, rå-zîs-mên, s. m. roaring. RUGOSITE, s. f. roughness, unevenness. RUINE, ruin, s. f. ruin; fall, decay; loss,

undoing, overthrow, destruction. Ruines, ruins. S'élever sur les ruines d'un autre, 10 raise one's self by the ruin of another.

Ruine, E, adj. ruined, etc. V. Ruiner, ruinous, decayed, in decay, ready to fall.

RUINER, růl-nå, v. a. to ruin, destroy, pull down, bring to decay, undo, spoil, lay waste, destroy, subvert, impoverish; (la santé) to impair; (un dessein) to baffie, disappoint; (un chevul) to spoil. Se ruiner, v. r. to de-cay, fall 10 decay, ruin one's self. Ruineu-x, se, rui-neu, neuz, adj. ruinous,

decayed, in decay, ready to fall; harmful, hurtful, prejudicial, destructive.

Ruisseau, rûisô, s. m. brook, stream, ri-vulet, street-kennel, flood, river, stream. Verser des pleurs à grands ruisseaux, to shed a flood of tears.

RUISSELANT, E, adj. gushing. RUISSELER, rûfs-lâ, v. n. to gush or run out. Le sung fumant ruisseloit de toutes parts, the smoking blood streamed every where.

Rum, s. m. any room made or contrived in the hold of a ship to put in the lading;

(liquor) rum.
RUMB, ronb, s. m. rhomb, any point of the Rumb de vent, (sur la carte) compass. rhomb line; (de la boussole) point of the com-

RUMEUR, rů-mêur, s. f. rumour, uproar,

tumult, alarm; flying report, bruit.

RUMINANT, E, ru-mi-nen, nent, adj. ruminating, chewing the cud.

RUMINATION, ru-mi-na-sion, s. f. chewing the cud, rumination RUMINER, ru-mi-na, v. a. to chew the cud,

ruminate; to ruminate upon, chew the cud upon, ponder, consider of. RUNIQUE, adj. runick. RUPTOIRE, s. m. ruptory, a caustic medi-

RUPTURE, rupture; breaking,

rent; breach of a treaty or friendship, falling rent; bleach of a deaty of measure, stands out; (de boyau) rupture, burstenness.
RURAL, E, rñ-râl, adj. rural.
RUSE, ruz, s. f. trick, cunning, slight, wile, craftiness, device, subtilty. Ruses, (des bêtes)

doublings, shifts, changes. Rusé, E, rů-zå, adj. & s. cunning, sly

crafty, subtle, sharp; cunning or sly man or woman, sharp blade, sly gipsy.
RUSER, rû-zå, v. n. to shift, double, dodge,

use stratagem.

Russe, rus, adj. & s. Russian. of Russia. Rustaun, E, růs-tò, tòd, adj. clownish, boorish, rustical.

RUSTAUD, s. m. clown, churl, clouterly fellow.

RUSTICITÉ, růs-tí-sí-tà, s. f. rusticity, clownishness, rudeness, churlishness.

RUSTIQUE, rus-tik, adj. rural, of or belonging to the country; rustical, rustick, rough, savage; (peu poli) rustick, rustical, rude, boorish, clownish, homely. Vie rustique, country-life.

RUSTIQUEMENT, růs-tîk-mên, adv. rusti-cally, rudely, clownishly.

RUSTIQUER, růs-tî-kà, v. a. to make rustick like.

RUSTRE, råstr, adj. rustical, rude, clownish, boorish.

RUSTRE, s. m. clown, clouterly fellow, boor, churl; ancient kind of lance.

Rut, rut, s. m. rutting, lust or copulation of deer.

RUTOIR, V. Routoir.

RyE, s. m. sea-shore.

S, es, se, s. f. 18th letter of the French alphabet. Faire des ss, to make ss or make the figure of S, reel or stagger (like a drunken man.) V. Esse.
SA, så, (fem. of Son) his, her, its, one's.
SABATTES, s. f. Mar. (corruption de Su-

ratte) shoe. Sabatte de l'ancre, shoe of the [

SAB

SABBAT, så-bå, s. m. sabbath, day of rest; nocturnal meeting of witches; devilish noise, caterwauling, squalling, rattle, scolding, bawling. Faire un sabbat à quelqu'un, to rattle one, scold and bawl at one.

SABBATINE, så-bå-tin, s. f. thesis, or disputation upon any part of logick or moral

SABBATIQUE, så-bå-tik, adj. sabbatical. SABÉISME, så-bå-ism, s. m. religion which has for its object the adoration of fire, of the

nas for its object the adoration of life, of the sun and stars.

SABINE, så-bln. V. Savinier.

SABLE, såbl, s. m. sand, gravel; hourglass; sable or black (in heraldry.) Faire du sable, to piss gravel. Jeter un verre de vin en sable, to drink a glass of wine at one gulp, (gulp it down.) Mar. Ex. Sable mouvant, quicksand, shifting sand-bank. Manger du sable (towner le sabler avant que le sable soit feath), for que le savert sait pas court), of for écoulé, afin que le quart soit plus court) to flog or sweat the glass

SABLER, så-blå, v. a. to gravel, cover with gravel. Subler un verre de vin, to gulp down

a glass of wine.

Sableu-x, se, adj. sandy. SABLIER, s. m. hour-glass. Sablier, s. m. Mar. sand-glass, glass. Vire le sablier, turn the glass or turn. Le sablier est-il paré l'is the glass clear l'Sablier de quatre heures, glass watch. Sablier de deux heures, glass half watch. Sablier d'une heure, hour-glass, glass hour. Sablier d'une demi-heure, glass halfhour. Sablier d'une demi-minute, glass half-minute or long glass. Sablier d'un quart de minute, glass quarter minute or short glass.

SABLIER, V. Poudrier.

SABLIÈRE, så-bli-er, s. f. sand-pit, gravel-

pit; also piece of timber in which rafters are inserted, grove-wood of a partition.

Sablon, så-blon, s. m. sand, fine sand. Sablonner, så-blo-nå, v. a. to scour with sand.

Sablonneu-x, se, så-blå-neu, neuz, adj. sandy, full of sand.

SABLONNIER, så-blo-niå, s. m. seller of

SABLONNIÈRE, så-blô-nièr, s. f. sand-pit,

gravel-pit.

SABORD, så-bör, s. m. Mar. port. Sabord de charge, raft port. Sabords de la première batterie, lower deck ports. Sabords de la batterie, lower deck ports. Saubres seconde batterie, upper deck ports (in a ship of two decks.) middle deck ports (in a three decker.) Sabords de troisième batterie, upper deck ports (in a three decker.) Sabords de la batterie (d'une frégate, etc.) main deck ports (of a frigate, etc.) Sabords des gaillards, gun ports of the quarter deck and fore-castle. Sabords de la sainte-barbe, gun room ports. Sabords de retraite, stern chase ports or stern ports. Sabords de chasse, ports of the bow chases. Faux sabords, half ports. Sabords brisés, half ports (the upper part of which lets down for the admission of air.) Sabords des clumbres d'officiers, light ports. Sabords ritrés, sash ports. Sabords des avirons, row Mettre les canons aux sabords, to run the guns out

Sabot, så-bò, s. m. wooden shoe; horse's

hoof whip-top.

SABOTER, så-bo-tå, v. n. to whip a top. SABOTEUR, så-bô-teur, s. m. one that whips a top.

SABOTIER, så bô-tia, s. m. maker of wooden shoes.

*Sabouler, så-bôo-lå, v. a. to toss, tum-

ble, touse, pull about.

SABRE, sabr, s. m. sabre, hanger, simitar, cutlass. Sabre d'abordage, Mar. ship's cut-

SABRENAS, s. m. workman who works coarsely and in a slovenly manner.

SABRENAUDER, v. a. to work in a coarse

and slovenly manner.

SABRER, sa-bra, v. n. to slash, cut with a hanger; to huddle up, determine hastily.

SAC, sak, s. m. sack, bag; sackclott: (d'une plaie) bag, gathering; (d'une ville) sack, sacking, pillaging, ransacking. Un sac à vin, a drunkard, a wine-bibber. Homme de sac et de corde, rogue, bully, villain, rascal. Manger son pain dans son sac, to eat one's victuals ger son pain aans son san, privately or in hugger-mugger. Tirer to take double Tirer d'un sac double monture, to take double fces. Donner à quelqu'un son sac et ses quilles, to take one out, put one away, send one pack-Prends ton sac et tes quilles, et sauvetoi, ing. Prends ton sac et tes quites, et sauvelos, take thy bag and baggage, and get thee away or pack away. Affaire qui est dans le sac, business in good train. Juger sur l'étiquette du sac, to judge hastily.

SACCADE, Sa-kad, s. f. jerk (with a bridle,) jerk pull, pulling; check, reprimand, reproot, rebuke. Mar. violent jerk or shake (of the sails in light wind and a heavy swell.)

SACCAGE, s. m. total overthrow, disorder,

confusion, confused heap.
SACCAGEMENT, så-kåz-mån, s. m. sacking, ransacking, pillaging, plundering.
SACCAGER, så-kå-zå, v. a. to sack, ran sack, plunder, pillage; to destroy, break,

overthrow.

SACERDOCE, så-ser-dos, s. m. priest-hood SACERDOTAL, E, så-ser-do-tal, adj. priest ly, sacerdotal.

SACHANT, (part. of savoir) knowing.

Sachér, så-shå, s. f. sack full. Sacher, så-shë, s. m. satchel, little bag. Sacoche, så-kösh, s. f. messenger's bag. Sacramentaires, så-krå-men-ter, s. m.

& f. pl. sacramentarians, sacramentaries. SACRAMENTAL, E, så-krå-men-tål, adj. sacramental.

SACRAMENTALEMENT, så-krå-men-tålmen, adv. sacramentally.

SACRAMENTEL, SACRAMENTELLEMENT,

V. Sacramental, etc.

SACRE, såkr, s. m. coronation; (d'un évêque) consecration; saker (kind of hawk.)
SACRÉ, E, så-krå, adj. consecrated, sacred, holy, hallowed.

SACREMENT, sakr-men, s. m. sacrament; matrimony. Le Saint-Sacrement, le saint sacrement de l'autel, the consecrated host.

SACRER, så-krå, v. a. to consecrate; (un

701) to crown: v. n. to swear, blaspheme.
SACRET, Så-krå, s. m. sakeret.
SACRIFICATEUR, Så-kri-fi-kå-tåur, s. m. priest, sacrificing-priest, sacrificator.

SACRIFICATURE, så-krl-fl-kå-tur, s. i priesthood.

SACRIFICE, så-krl-fis s. m. sacrifice, of

fering up. Faire un sacrifice à quelqu'un, to

sacrifice something for one.

SACRIFIER, så-kri-fiå, v. a. to sacrifice; offer up in sacrifice: make a sacrifice of. Se sacrifier pour quelqu'un, to lay down one's

Sacriper pour quanta an, to tay
life and fortune for one.

Sacritége, sa-kri-làz, s. m. sacrilege,
profanation, church robbing; also church
robber, sacrilegious man.

SACRILÉGE, adj. sacrilegious, guilty of sacrilege.

SACRILÈGEMENT, så-kri-lêz-mên, adv. sa-

crilegiously. SACRISTAIN, så-kris-tin, s. m. sacrist, sa-

cristan, sexton, vestry-keeper. Sacristie, så-kris-ti, s. m. sacristy, vestry. SACRISTINE, så-kris-tin, s. f. vestry-nun.

Saducees, s. m. pl. Sadducees. SADUCÉISME, s. m. Sadduceism.

SAETTE, s. f. arrow.
SAFRAN, så-frèn, s. m. saffron. Sufran de gouvernail, Mar. after piece of a rudder

(applied to augment its breadth.)
SAFRANE, E, så-frå-nå, adj. saffroned, saf-

fron, of saffron colour.

SAFRANER, så-frå-nå, v. a. to saffron,

paint or make yellow with saffron. SAFRANIER, så-frå-niå, s. m. & f. broken

merchant, bankrupt. SAFRE, s. m. kind of blue.

SAFRE, adj. greedy. SAGACE, s. f. sagacious. SAGACITÉ, så-gå-sl-lå, s. f. sagacity, quick

parts, sharpness of wit.

SAGE, saz, adj. sage, wise, discreet, prudent, considering; sober, moderate; honest, modest. Une femme sage, a discrect or modest woman. Une sage femme, a midwife. Soyez sage, (to a child) be good. Un enfunt sage, a good child.

SAGE, s. m. sage, wise man, philosopher. Les sept sages de la Grèce, the seven wise

men or sages of Greece.

SAGEMENT, saz-men, adv. sagely, wisely, discreetly, prudently.

SAGESSE, sà-zès, s. f. wisdom, sageness, prudence, soberness, moderation; modesty, chastity; wisdom, knowledge of things human and divine. La sagesse, la sagesse éternelle or incréée, or incarnée, the second person of the trinity.

SAGETTE, s. f. sort of water-plant.

SAGITTAIRE, så-zl-ter, s. m. Sagittarius.

SAGITTALE, adj. sagittal.

Sagou, s. m. sago.

SAGOUIN, så-gwin, s. m. little monkey. SAGOUIN, E, adj. & s. slovenly, sloven,

slovenly creature.

SAIE, se, s. f. soldier's coat (of old,) small brush (used by goldsmiths.)
SAIETTE, s. f. sort of silk or woollen serge.

SAIGNANT, E, sê-gnên, gnênt, adj. bleed-

ing, bloody.
SAIGNÉ, E, adj. bled, blooded, let blood. SAIGNÉE, se-gna, s. f. letting of blood, blood-letting, breathing of a vein, being let blood; draining, letting out of the water. Craindre la saignée, to fear being let blood. Faire plusieurs saignées en un jour, to bleed many people in a day.

SAIGNEMENT, segn-men, s. m. bleeding. Il lui prit un saignement de nez, his nose fell a bleeding

SAIGNER, se-gna, v. a. to let blood, blood, breathe or open a vein; drain, let the water ont. Saigner, v. n. to bleed. Le nez lui saigne, his nose bleeds. Saigner du nez to bleed at the nose. Se saigner, v. r. to give to the utmost of one's ability.

SAIGNEUR, se-gneur, s. m. bleeder. SAIGNEU-X, se, se-gneu, gneuz, adj. oody. Bont saigneux, scraggy end of a neck of mutton.

SAILLANT, E, sã-lên, lênt, adj. jutting out; that sticks or bears out, hanging out; {style} striking, great, beautiful, sublime. Angle saillant, salient angle.

Saille, så-ll, s. f. (in architecture) jutting

SAILLIE, sa-1, s.l. (in architecture) jutting out, spouling out, projecture; gushing out, spouling out, sudden spirt; sally, brunt, heat, fury, sudden fit; (d'esprit', sally, flash of wit, flight. SAILLIE, sa-flr, v. n. (see the table at Saillir) to leap or cover. Saillir, v. n. to gush or spout out; to jut out, bear out, project. Ce bulcon saille trop, that balcony projects to much Saillir, v. a. v. n. Mar to item to be suffered as A. n. Mar to jects too much. Saillir, v. a. & n. Mar. to bowse or hawl upon a hawser, etc. Saille hardi, bowse cheerly.

SAIN, E, sin, sen, adj. sound, wholesome, healthy, healthful; whole; true; Sain, Mar. Ex. Rocher sain, rock steep-to. V. Côte.

SAIN, s. m. F.x. Les sains n'ont pus besoin de médecine, the sound want no physick.

SAIN-DOUX, sin-doo, s. m. lard, hog's grease. SAINEMENT, sên-mên, adv. sound and well; soundly, aright, rationally, judiciously.

SAINFOIN, sin-fwin, s. m. sainfoin.
SAINT, E, sin, sint, adj. holy, sacred, blessed, godly. Le Vendredi saint, Good Friday. La saint Barthelemi, St. Bartholomew's day, La saint Michel, Michaelmas-day. La saint Jean, Midsummer-day, La saint Mortin, Martinmas-day, Mol de saint Jean or mat de saint, falling-sickness. Soint Augustin

(in printing) English. La sainte barbe, Mar. the gun room.

SAINT, E, s, m. & f. saint, godly person. Le saint des saints, the holy of holies,

SAINTEMENT, sint-men, adv. holily. Vivre

saintement, to live holily, lead a holy life.

SAINTETÉ, sint-ta, s. f. holiness, sanctity, sacredness. Sa sainteté, his holiness, the pope of Rome.

SAIQUE, sa-ik, s. f. saik (a Turkish or Grecian ketch.)

SAISI, E, adj. seized, seized upon, taken or laid hold of; (de peur) struck or possessed with fear, awed. SAISIE, se-zl, s. f. distraint, distress, sei-

zure, attachment, SAISINE, se-zin, s. f. seizin, possession, Mar. spilling line. Saisine des huniers, har-

bour leech-lines. SAISIR, se-zir, v. a. to seize; seize upon, take or lay hold of, catch; distrain, attach; to seize or come upon, strike, possess. La peur les a saisis, foar is come upon them, they are struck with fear. Se saisir, v. r. to be struck, be strongly affected, be moved. saisir de, to seize, seize upon, lay hold of, possess one's self of, take possession of, make one's self master of

Saisir, Mar. to lash, nip, etc. Saisir la ride d'un hauban, to nip the laniard of a shroud, Il nous fant saisir les canons avec doubles bragues, we must double broech the guns bar, bat, base; thère, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

SAISISSANT, E, se-zi-sen, sent, adj. (froid) | striking, sudden.

SAISISSANT, E, s. m. & f. (law term) seizer, distrainer.

Saisissement, se-zis-men, s. m. sudden qualm or oppression of the heart, sudden motion at the sight of some unforeseen event or on hearing some bad news, violent oppression, shock, violent shock, violent shock of grief, etc. cord wherewith the hangman ties the prisoner's hands and arms.

Salson, sc-zon, s. f. season; time; proper time. La saison nouvelle, the spring. De saison, seasonable. Hors de saison, unseasonable. Saison, Mar. Vent de saison, tradewind. Elre en saison, to be in time for making a passage. V. Contre-saison.
SALACE, sa-las, adj. salacious, lecherous,

SALACE, Sa-las, and Salactical to lechery. Busful, wanton, provoking, exciting to lechery. SALADE, så-lad, s. f. salad, sallet, salleting; (sorte de casque) head-piece. SALADIER, så-ladla, s. m. salad-dish;

basket to drain salad in. SALAGE, så-låz, s. m. salting, salt; (droit

de salage) salt-duty. SALAIRE, så-ler, s. m. salary, wages; re-

ward, fee. SALAISON, så-lê-20n, s. f. salting, time for salting. Salaison or salaisons, Mar. salt pro-

*SALAMALEC, så-lå-må-lek, s. m. profound how.

SALAMANDRE, så-lå-mendr, s.f. salamander.

SALANT, så-lèn, adj. Ex. Marais salant, lt-marsh. Puits salant, salt-pit, *SALARIER, så-lå-riå, v. a. to pay or resalt-marsh.

ward, give a salary or reward to.

SALAUT, E, adj. slovenly, dirty, nasty.
SALE, sål, adj. foul, nasty, slovenly, sluttisk, dirty, filthy; beastly, obscene, impure,
smutty, bawdy; foul, base, bugenerous; sordid. Gris sale, sallow. Côte sale, Mar. coast full of shelves. Vaisseau sale, foul ship. SALÉ, E, så-lå, adj. salted; salt, brackish,

brinish. SALÉ, s. m. salt meat, salt pork; also yearly allowance or provision of salt. Petit

salé, eorned pork, young salted pork.
SALEMENT, sål-men, adv. nastily, filthily,

slovenly, uncleanly, dirtily.

SALEP, s. m. a bulbous and mueilaginous

plant. SALER, så-lå, v. a. to salt, season with salt; (du poisson) to cure; to make (one) pay dear

for, put an exorbitant price upon.

SALERON, s. m. the hollow part of a saltcellar,

SALETÉ, sål-tå, s. f. (from Sale) nastiness, filthiness, slovenliness, sluttishness, dirt, filth, beastliness, obscenity, smuttiness, foulness, baseness,

SALEUR, så-leur, s. m. salter, one who cures fish,

SALI, E, adj. (from Salir) fouled, dirty, soiled.

SALICAIRE, s. f. plant which grows among willow-trees.

SALICAQUE, s. f. prawn.

SALIÈRE, så-sièr, s. f. salt-cellar, salt-box, hollowness or hollow pit (about the breast or

Saligaud, E, sa-ll-go, god, adj. nasty, slovenly, sluttish.

Salignon, så-li-gnon, s. m. cake made of white salt.

SALIN, E, sa-lin, lin, salt, brinish. Sang fort salin, very sharp blood.

SALINE, s. f. salt fish; salt meat; salt-pit. salt-house,

SALIQUE, så-lik, adj. salie. Ex. La loi salique, the salic law.

SALIR, sa-lir, v. a. to foul, soil, dirty, spot, stain, sully. Se salir, v. r. to soil, dirty or spot one's self, befoul one's self.

SALISSANT, E, så-li-sen, sent, adj. that fouls or dirties; that soils or spots easily. SALISSON, så-li-son, s. f. young slut.

SALISSURE, sa-li-sur, s. f. spot of dirt, speek of dust or dirt.

SALIVAIRE, så-li-vèr, adj. salival, salivary. SALIVATION, sa-li-va-sion, s. f. salivation, fluxing.

SALIVE, sa-lly, s. f. spittle, saliva.

SALIVER, så-lî-vå, v.n. to spit a great deal. SALLE, sal, s. f. hall or parlour ; (des hôpitaux) ward; bower, arbour; (de la comédie, de l'opéra) house; (d'assemblée) room. Salle d'armes, fencing school. Salle à danser, danc-ing school. On lui a donné or il a en la salle, il a été fouetté en salle, he was whipt in the common hall. Salle, Mar. Salle des gabarits, mould loft.

Salmicondis, sal-mi-gon-di, s. m. salma-

gundi, hoteh-potch.

SALMIS, s. m. liash, minced meat.

SALOIR, så-lwar, s. m. salting tub; salttub or salt-box.

SALON, så-lon, s. m. saloon, great hall or parlour,

SALOPE, så-lop, adj. nasty, beastly, slovenly, sluttish; s. f. slut, wench. SALOPEMENT, så-lop-men, adv. slovenly,

sluttishly. SALOPERIE, så-lop-ri, s.f. filthiness, slovenliness, sluttishness, smutty conversation.

SALORGE, s. m. heap of salt.

SALPÊTRE, sål-petr, s. m. saltpetre. Faire pêter le salpêtre, to shoot, waste a great deal of powder.

SALPÊTRIER, sål-pè-trì-à, s. m. he who makes salt-petre.

SALPÉTRIÈRE, sal-pé-tri-èr, s. f. saltpetre house; sort of house of correction at Paris. Salsifis, sål-si-fi, s. m. salsify or goat's beard (a root.)

SALTIMBANQUE, sal-tin-benk, s. m. saltinbanco, quack, mountebank; ungraceful orator. *SALUADE, så-lå-åd, s. f. salutation, salute,

bow, reverence. SALUBRE, sa-lobr, adj. wholesome, health-

ful, salubrious. SALUBRITÉ, så-lů-brî-tå, s. f. salubrity, wholesomeness

SALUER, så-lå-å, v. a. to salute, greet, bow to, drink to, kiss, wait upon, pay one's respects or duty to, recommend one's self to, desire one's service or respect or love to. le salua empereur, he was saluted or proclaimed emperor. Saluer, Mar. to salute. Salver du pavillon, to salute by hauling the colours down. Saluer des voiles, to salute by lowering the top-gallant sails or top-sails. Saluer du canon, to salute with guns. Saluer de la voix, to salute with cheers.

SALURE, sa-lur, s. f. saltness, brackishness,

brine.

SALUT, så-lå, s. m. salute, saluting, salutation, greeting; safety, preservation, welfare; life; salvation; evening prayers (in Roman catholick churches.) Mar. Faire un salut, to give a salute. Rendre un salut, to return a salute.

SALUTAIRE, så-lå-ter, adj. salutary, sound, wholesome, good, useful, profitable, comforta-

SALUTAIREMENT, så-lå-ter-men, adv. use-

fully, profitably. SALUTATION, så-lu-tå-slon, s. f. salutation,

greeting. SALVAGE, sål-väz, s. m. salvage, salvage

money. SALVATELLE, s. f. branch of the ecphalick vein.

SALVATIONS, sål-vå-slon, s. f. pl. bill or

reply or pleading.
SALVE, sålv, s. f. volley or discharge. Mar. platoon or number of guns fired at once.

SALVÉ, s. m. salve regina, a prayer to the

Virgin Mary.

SAMEDI, sâm-dî, s. m. Saturday.
SANCIR, v. n. Mar. to founder, founder at anchor. Ce bâtiment risque de sancir sur ses amarres, à moins qu'il ne mette dehors, that vessel stands a chance of foundering at her anchors, unless she puts to sea.

SANCTIFIANT, E, senk-ti-fi-en, ent, adj.

sanctifying.

SANCTIFICATION, senk-ti-fl-ka-slon, s. f. sanctification.

SANCTIFIER, senk-ti-fi-å, v. a. to sanctify or hallow, make holy. Sanctifier le jour du dimanche, to keep the Lord's day.

SANCTION, senk-sion, s. f. sanction.

SANCTIONNER, senk-slo-na, v. a. to sanction; to confirm.

SANCTUAIRE, senk-tů-er, s. m. sanctuary, the holy of holies; chancel; secrets of the king's council, mysteries of the state.

Sandal, sèn-dâl, s. m. sandal-wood. Sandale, sèn-dal, s. f. sandal. Sandale, Mar. sort of lighter or large boat used in the Levant.

Sandalier, s. m. sandal-maker.

SANDARAQUE, s. m. sandarac; red arseniek or orpiment.

Sang, sen, s. m. blood; race, extraction, parentage. Sang-froid, cold blood, presence of mind. De sang-froid, in cold blood, with great composure, without the least emotion. Sang de dragon, dragon's blood. Le baptême de sang, martyrdom. Il a le sang chaud, he is a passionate man. Mettre quelqu'un en sang, to make one bleed. Mettre à feu et à

sang, to put to fire and sword. SANGLADE, sen-glad, s. f. lash. V. San-

*Sanglamment, adv. bloodily, cruelly,

sadly, grievously.

SANGLANT, E, sen-glen, glent, adj. bloody, covered with blood, cruel, outrageous, deadly, grievous, cutting. La plaie est encore sanglante, the wound bleeds still.

SANGLE, sengl, s. f. girth. Mar. mat or paunch (made of spun-yarn.)

SANGLER, sengli, v. a. to gird, to lash, beat, trounce; (de plat d'épée, de fouet à quelqu'en, etc.) to strike or beat (one) with,

SANALIER, sen-glia, s. m wild boar.

SANGLOT, sen-glo, s. m. sob, sigh, groan, sobbing, sighing, groaning.
SANGLOTER, sen-glo-ta, v. n. to sob, sigh,

SANGSUE, sen-su, s. f. leech, horse-leech blood sucker, oppressor, extortioner.
SANGUIFICATION, s. f. sanguification.

Sanguine, E, sen-gin, gla, adj. sanguine of a sanguine constitution, red as blood, s. m Ex. Les sanguins sont ordinairement joyeux, those of a sanguine constitution are commonly cheerful.

SANGUINAIRE, sen-gi-ner, adj. blood-

thirsty, bloody, cruel, sanguinary.
SANGUINAIRE, s. f. blood-wort or knot-

SANGUINE, sen-gin, s. f. red-lead; blood-

Sanguinolent, e, sèn-gî-nô-lèn, lènt, adj. bloody (said of swords, etc.) Sanhédrin, s. m. sanhedrim.

SANIELE, s. f. saniele, self-heal (a plant.) SANIE, så-nl, s. f. sanies, matter discharged from ulcers.

SANIEU-X, SE, sa-ni-cu, euz, adj. sanious,

purulent.

SANNES, s. m. pl. sixes (at backgammon.) SANS, sen, prep. without, beside, besides; but for, were it not for, if it were not for, had it not been for, if it had not been for. argent, without money, moneyless.

amis, without friends or friendless. The word sans before an infinitive is usually rendered by without with the present participle; and sometimes by not to with the infinitive. Suns parler de, without speaking of, or not any thing. Sans y penser, without saying any thing. Sans y penser, without thinking of it, unawares, unwittingly. Il ne fut pas long-temps sans s'en repentir, he was not long without repenting of it. Sans les autres dépenses que j'ai faites, beside the other ex-penses I have been at. Il le fit sans ma connoissance, he did it without my knowledge or without my knowing it. Vons ferez bien cela sans que j'y alle, sure you will do that without my going thither. It viendra sans que vous l'envoyiez chercher, he will come without your sending for him. Il viendroit sans que votre sœur Venvoyât chercher, he would come without your sister's sending for him. Je partirois demain sans votre frère, I should set out to-morrow without your brother, or I should set out but for your brother. Sans moi il mourroit de faim, but for me he would starve. Sans que, without. SANS-PEAU, s. f. summer-pear.

SANSONNET, sen-sô-nê, s. m. starling ; also small mackerel.

SANTAL, V. Sandal. SANTÉ, sên-ta, s. f. health, good health; toast, health; pest-house. Etre en sante, to be in health, be in good health, have health, be well. Etre en mauraise santé, to be in-disposed, be out of order, be in. A votre santé or je salue votre santé, your health, my service to you.

Santon, s. m. name of an order of monks among the Mahometans.

SANVE, s. f. kind of weed or tare growing among corn.

SAOUL, V. Soul, and its derivatives accordingly.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good,

SAP, s. m. Mar. (abbreviation of Sapin) fir, Planches de sap d'un pouce, one-inch Bordages de sap du nord de quatre pouces, four-inch deals.

SAPA, s. m. V. Raisiné.

SAPAJOU, så-på-zôo, s. m. marmoset.

SAPAN, s. m. die-wood.

SAPE, såp, s. f. sap, undermining of a wall or digging under n; way cut by steps under

SAPER, så-på, v. a. to sap, undermine, dig

into, cut open. SAPEUR, så-peur, s. m. underminer or sap-

SAPHIQUE, så-fik, adj. sapphic. Vers saphique, sapphic verse (of eleven syllables.)

SAPHIR, så-fir, s. m. sappnire. *SAPIENCE, s. f. sapience, wisdom. Le pays

de sapience, Normandy, Yorkshire.
SAPIENTIAUX, så-plen-slò, adj. m. pl.

(livres de l' Ecriture sainte) of wisdom. SAPIN, så-pin, s. m. fir-tree; fir or deal.

V. Sap. SAPINE, s. f. deal-board.

SAPINIÈRE, s. f. forest of fir-trees.

SAPORIFIQUE, adj. saporifick.
SAPOTE, s. f. a fruit (of the West Indies.) Sapotier, s. m. the tree.

SAQUEBUTE, såk-båt, s. f. sackbut.

SARABANDE, så-rå-band, s. f. saraband. SARAMBEAU, s. m. Mar. fishing raft of

· Manilla.

SARBACANE, sår-bå-kån, or SARBATANE, s. f. tube to shoot or speak with. Parler par sarbacane, to speak or treat by proxy.

SARCASME, sår-kåsm, s. m. sarcasm, bit-ing or nipping jest, taunt. SARCELLE, V. Cercelle.

SARCLER, sår-klå, v. a. to weed.

SARCLEU-R, SE, sår-kleur, kleuz, s. m. & f.

SARCLOIR, sår-klwår, s. m. weeding-hook.

SARCLURE, sår-klur, s. f. weeding. SARCOCÈLE, sår-kô-sêl, s. m. sarcocele.

SARCOLOGIE, s. f. sarcology.

SARCOME, sår-kom. s. m. sarcoma. SARCOPHAGE, sår-ko-fåz, s. m. sorcophagus, coffin at a funeral or its representation at a yearly obit.

SARCOTIQUE, sår-kô-tík, adj. & s. sarco-

ttck, incarnative.

SARDAIGNE, s. f. Sardinia.

SARDINE, sår-din, s. f. pilcher. SARDOINE, sår-dwån, s. f. sardonyx. SARDONIEN or SARDONIQUE, adj. Ex.

Ris sardonique, sardonick laughter. SARMENT, sår-men, s. m. vine-branch, sprig or twig of a vine. Sarment avec la ra-

SARMENTEU-X, SE, adj. Ex. Vigne sar-

menteuse, vine that shoots up many twigs. SARRASIN, så-rå-zin, s. m. or BLE SAR-RASIN, buckwheat, French wheat.

SARRASINE, så-rå-zîn, s. f. aristolochy, heart-wort, birth-wort; portcullis.

SARRAU, sa-ro, s. m. groom's or wagoner's frock.

SARRIETTE, s. f. savory (plant.)

SART, s. m. sea-weed.

SARTIE, s. f. Mar. the rigging (in the Le-

SAS, St, s. m. sieve.

SASSA'RAS, s. m. sassafras.

SASSE, s. f. scoop

SASSENAGE, s. m. a sort of cheese.

SASSER, sa-sa, v. a. to sift, search; scan, examine.

SASSET, s. m. little sieve.

SATAN, så-ten, s. m. satan, the devil. SATANIQUE, adj. satanical, devilish, in-

fernal. SATELLITE, så-tê-lît, s. m. satellite, life-

guard-man, attendant, ruffian. SATIÉTÉ, så-sì-à-tà, s. f. satiety, fulness,

SATIN, sa-tin, s. m. satin. Doux comme

du satin, as soft as velvet. SATINADE, så-ti-nåd, s. f. silk in imitation

of satin, peeling satin.

SATINÉ, E, sa-ti-na, adj. Ex. Ruban satiné, satin riband. Peau satinée, skin as soft as velvet.

SATINER, så-tî-nå, v. a. to make satin-like. SATIRE, så-tlr, s. f. satire, lampoon. SATIRIQUE, så-tl-rik, adj. satirical, biting,

nipping, cutting, tart, sharp, abusive, censorious, critical.

SATIRIQUEMENT, så-tl-rik-men, adv. satirically.

SATIRISÉ, E, adj. satirized, criticised upon, lampooned.

SATIRISER, så-ti-ri-zå, v. a. to satirize,

lampoon, criticise upon. SATISFACTION, sa-tis-fak-sion, s. f. satisfaction.

SATISFACTOIRE, så-tis-fak-twar, adj. satisfactory.

Satisfaire, så-tls-fer, v. a. & n. (like faire) to satisfy, humour, please, content, pay. Satisfaire à, (une obligation) to discharge. acquit; to obey; to answer. Se satisfaire. v. r. to satisfy or please or content one's self, make one's self satisfaction.

SATISFAISANT, E, sa-tis-fe-zen, zent, adj.

satisfactory, pleasing.
Satisfait, E, adj. satisfied, contented, etc V. Satisfaire.

SATRAPE, så-trap, s. m. satrap.

SATRAPIE, s. f. satrapy.

SATURATION, s. f. the state of being saturated, saturity.

SATURER, v. a. to saturate, impregnate

till no more can be received.

SATURNALES, så-tůr-nål, s.f. pl. saturnalia.

SATURNE, så-tůrn, s. m. Saturn.

SATURNIEN, NE, adj. Saturnine, heavy,

dull, gloomy, melancholy. Un vieux

SATYRE, sa-tlr, s. m. satyr. satyre, an old lecher. V. Satire.

SATYRION, s. m. satyrion, rag-wort. SAUCE, sos, s. f. sauce.

SAUCER, sò-så, v. a. to dip in the sauce or some other liquor; to souse, dreuch; to check,

scold, rebuke, reprove sharply.

SAUCIÈRE, sò-sièr, s. f. sauce dish. SAUCISSE, so-sis, s. f. sausage; pudding

(such as they use in sieges.) SAUCISSON, so-si-son, s. m. thick and short

Saveter, sav-ta, v. a. to cobble or bungle. SAU-F, VF, sôf, sôv, adj. safe. Sauf-conduit, s. m. safe conduct, pass. Revenir sain et sauf, to come home safe and sound.

SAUF, prep. save, under; without prejudice to, saving, except, but.

SAUGE, soz, s. f. sage (herb.)

SAUGRENÉE, sogr-nå, s. f. seasoning with salt and water.

SAUGRENU, E, sogr-nů, nů, adj. impertinent, foolish, silly, ridiculous, absurd.

SAULE, sol, s. m. sallow-tree, willow, willow tree.

SAUMATRE, adj. briny, brackish.
SAUMON. 80-mon. s. m. salmon; (de plomb or de cuivre) pig. Saumon. Mar. Ex. Saumons de fer pour lest, kendedge. Saumons de fer faits pour eutrer dans les vides des ansullaces l'inches leuidende des saumons de se production de l'entre de la company. guillères, limber kentledge.

SAUMONEAU, so-mô-no, s. m. little sal-

SAUMONÉ, E, sô-mô-nà, adj. Truite saumonée, salmon trout.

SAUMURE, so-mur, s. f. brine.

SAUNAGE, so-naz, s. m. salt-selling, salttrade. Faux saunage, smuggling of salt.

SAUNER, v. n. to make salt.

SAUNERIE, son-ri, s. f. salt-house.

SAUNIER, so-nia, s. m. salt-maker, salter. Faux-saunier, unlicensed salt-merchant, smuggler of salt.

Saunière, sò-nièr, s. f. salt-box.

Sauniquet, sò-pi-lià, s. m. tart kind of onion sauce, high relished sauce.

SAUPOUDRER, so-poo-dra, v. a. to corn, powder or sprinkle with salt.

SAUR, sôr, adj. (contraction of Saure) Ex. Hareng saur, red herring.

SAURE, sôr, adj. sorrel. Cheval saure, sor-

rel horse.

SAURER, so-ra, v. a. to dry in smoke. Saurer des harengs, to dry herrings, make herrings red in the smoke.

SAURET, so-re, adj. Ex. Hareng sauret,

red herring.

SAUSSAIE, so-se, s. f. a willow plot.

SAUT, so, s. m. leap, jump, skip; leap, fall, tumble. Saut de Breton, Cornish hug, tripping up of one's heels. Saut de la carpe, somersault or somerset, turning topsy turvy or heels over head. Saut de loup, ditch so wide that a wolf cannot jump over it, and which at the bottom of a walk leaves a full prospect. Au saut du lit, at one's up rising. Faire un saut, to take a leap. Monter de plein saut or tout d'un saut à une dignité, to leap into preferment. On lui a fait faire un saut en l'air, they made him swing, he was hanged.

SAUTE, s. f. Mar. Saute de vent, sudden

shift of wind.

SAUTELLE, s. f. twig transplanted with its

SAUTER, so-ta, v. n. to leap, jump or skip; (sur un théâtre) to tumble; (sur un cheval) to vault. Sauter au cou de quelqu'un, to fall about one's neck, embrace one. Sauter au risage, to fly in one's face. Sauter d'un sujet à un autre, to digress from the matter, make a rambling digression. Cela saut aux yeux, it is plain enough, that is obvious to the eye, one cannot but see it. Sauter aux nues, to fly into a great passion. Faire sauter en l'air, to blow up into the air. Faire sauter la cer-relle à quelqu'un, to dash one's brains out. Il faut que je le fasse sauter, I must blow him up. Sauter, v. a. to leap or jump or skip over; (omestre) to skip, pass by, omit. Sauter les degrés, to run down stairs in a great hurry. Sauter le bâton, to buckle to, submit

Sauter, v. n. Mar. Ex. Sauter à l'abordage, to board, jump on board an enemy's ship sword in hand. Sauter sur la vergue de misaine pour affaler les cargues, to jump on the fore yard and over-haul the bunt-lines and leech-lines. Santer sur le beaupré à larguer le petit foc, to step out on the bow-sprit and clear away the fore top-mast stavsail. Faire sauter un bâtiment, to blow up a ship. Un des vaisseaux espagnols sauta dans ce combat, one of the Spanish ships blew up in that action. Les vents out sauté à l'est, the wind has chopped round (or shifted suddenly) to the eastward. Le vent a sauté de quatre quarts, the wind has shifted four points.

SAUTEREAU, sôt-rô, s. m. jack. Ex. Les sautereaux d'une épinette, the jacks of a spin-

net or virginal.

SAUTERELLE, sot-rel, s. f. locust, grass-

hopper; shrimp.

SAUTEU-R, SE, sò-thur, tèuz, s. m. & f. leaper, jumper; (sur un théâtre) tumbler. Sauteur, (cheval d'académie) vaulter.

SAUTILIEMENT, so-til-men, s. m. hop-

ping, skipping, tripping along.
SAUTILLER, so-tl-fa, v. n. to frisk, skip, leap, trip along; digress from the matter, make a rambling digression.

SAUTOIR, so-twar, s. m. (in heraldry) saltier.

SAUVAGE, so-vaz, adj. wild, savage, fierce, untamed, uncultivated, desert, unsociable, uncouth. Herbe sauvage, woed.

SAUVAGE, V. Salvage.

SAUVAGEON, \$6-va-zon, s. m. wild stock, tree that was never graffed.

SAUVAGEON, \$6, \$6-va-zon, zîn, adj. that has a wild or rammish taste. Oisean qui sent le sauvagin, fowl that has a rammish taste.

SAUVAGINE, so-va-zin, s. f. wild fowl. Cela sent la sauvagine, that has a rammish taste.

SAUVE, (fem. of sauf) safe.

SAUVÉ, E, adj. saved, etc. V. Saurer.
SAUVEGARDE, sov-gård, s. f. safeguard, protection, shelter, defence, trooper employed for the protection of a person or place; letters for the security of a place. Sowegarde, Mar. Ex. Sauvegarde de beaupré, mein rope of the bowsprit. Sauvegarde du gouvernail, rudder pendant.

SAUVEMENT, s. m. Mar. salvage. SAUVER, so-vå, v. a. to save, keep, deliver, preserve; bring to salvation, spare, excuse, justify. Se sauver, v.r. to save one's self, think of pr work out one's own salvation, flee or fly, make one's escape, get away, go away, retire, get, make one's self amend.
SAUVE RABANS, s. m. pl. Mar. puddenings, or puddings of the yards (used to pre-

serve the rope-bands from being chafed by

the top-sail sheets.)

SAUVETAGE, s. m. Mar. salvage, act of saving things wrecked on the beach or recovering goods from the sea.

SAUVETÉ, s. f. safety. Etre en saurcté, to

be safe.

SAUVEUR, so-veur, s. m. saviour. SAUVE vie, s. f. a plant that grows in the chinks of walls or rocks.

SAVAMMENT, så-vå-mên, adv. learnedly. SAVANT, E, så-vèn, vènt, adj. & s. learned good scholar, full of learning. Les savane, s. m. the learned, the scholars.

SCE

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

SAVANTASSE, så-ven-tas, s. m. pedantick scholar, pedant.

SAVANTISSIME, så-vèn-tỉ-sîm, adj. & s.

very learned, very great scholar. SAVATE, så-våt, s. f. old shoe. Trainer

la savate, to go ragged.
SAVATERIE, så-våt-r!, s. f. street or place

where old shoes are sold. SAVETIER, sav-lia, s. m. cobbler; bungler, Lotcher.

SAVEUR, så-veur, s. f. savour, taste, relich

SAVINIER, s. m. savin, savin-tree. SAVOYARD, E, adj. & s. of or belonging

SAVOIR, så-vwar, v. a. to know; have knowledge of; to have skill or be skilled in. understand, know; to have by heart, have in one's memory; to have the way or knack of; to be informed of, hear, learn. Fuire saroir à quelqu'un, to let one know or understand, acquaint or inform one, give one intelligence of, Savoir gré or bon gré à quelqu'un d'une chose, to take a thing well or kindly of one, be pleased with one for a thing. Savoir mauvais gré à quelqu'un d'une chose, to take a thing ill or unkindly of one, be displeased with one for a thing. Savoir vivre, to understand one's self, have manners. V Savoir, s. m. Savoir, v. n. to be learned. Il sait mieux qu'il ne dit, he knows better things, he speaks against his conscience. Je ne saurois, I cannot. Savoir, à saroir, c'est à savoir, to wit, viz. that is, that is to say. C'est à savoir si, the question is whether. C'est un à savoir, it is a question, that is a question. Je ne sache, I'do not know. Personne que je sache, nobody that I know of. Rien que je sache, nothing that I know of. Non pas que je sache, not that I know of.

SAVOIR, s. m. learning, scholarship, science, erudition,

Savoir-faire, s. m. skill, industry, ingenui-

Savoir-vivre, s. m. manners, behaviour. mannerliness.

SAVON, så-von, s. m. soap.

SAVONNAGE, så-vå-nåz, s. m. Ex. Mettre le linge au saronnage, to soap the linen, lay it to soak in suds. Eau de saronnage, soapands.

SAVONNÉ, E, adj. soaped, washed in soap; checked, scolded.

SAVONNER, så-vo-nå, v. a. to soap, wash in soap. Les toiles de coton vonnent, India-calicoes wash. Les toiles de coton des Indes se sa-

SAVONNERIE, så-von-rl, s. f. soap-manu-

factory.

SAVONNETTE, så-vå-net, s. f. wash-ball. SAVONNEU-X, se, så-vå-neu, neuz, adj. soapy, of a soapy quality.
SAVONNIERE, s. f. soap-wort.

SAVOUREMENT, sa-voor-men, s. m. savouring, taste, relish.

SAVOURER, så-vôo-rå, v. a. to savour, taste, relish, smack.

SAVOURET, så-voo-re, s. m. marrow bones. SAVOUREUSEMENT, så-voo-reuz-men, adv. savourily.

Savoureu-x, se, sa-vôo-reu, renz. adj. savoury, well-tasted, well-relished. Baiser savoureux, smack, smacking kiss.

SAXATILE, adj. that grows or is found among stones

SAXE, s. f. Saxony.

SAXIFRAGE, sak-sl-fråz, s. f. saxifrage, medicine good for the stone.

SAXON, NE, adj. Saxon. SAYETTE, V. Saiette.

SBIRE, sblr, s. m. sort of watchman. Mar. salvagee.

Scabellon, skå-bê-lon, s. m. pedestal. stand.

SCABIEUSE, skå-bi-èuz, s.f. scabiosa(herb.)

SCABIEU-K, SE, adj. scabby.

SCABREU-X, SE, adj. ragged, rough, un even; dangcrous, slippery, ticklish.

SCALÈNE, skå-lån, adj. Scalene.

SCALÈNE, skå-lån, adj. Scalene.

SCALPEL, skå-pål, s. m. scalpel.

SCANDALE, skå-må-nå, s. f. scammony.

SCANDALE, skå-dål, s. m. scandal or stumbling black offense, ska-måbling block, offence, shame.

SCANDALEUSEMENT, skan-då-leuz-men, adv. scandalously.

SCANDALEU-X, SE, skan-då-leu, leuz, adj.

scandalous, giving offence, shameful. Scandaliser, skån-då-lî-zå, v. a. to scandalize, give offence to, give a bad example to, incite to sin, raise a scandal upon. Se scandaliser d'une chose, v. r. to be scandalized or offended at a thing.

SCAPULAIRE, skan-då, v. a. to scan (verse.) SCAPULAIRE, ska-pû-ler, s. m. scapulary sanctified piece of stuff about a foot broad (which monks and nuns wear.) Said of most things supported by the shoulders, as a bandage, fins, the part of a wing that joins the body, etc.

SCARABÉE, skå-rå-bå, s. m. beetle.

SCARAMOUCHE, skå-rå-moosh, s. m. scaramouch.

SCARE, s. m. kind of seafish.

SCARIFICATEUR, s. m. scarificator.

SCARIFICATION, skå-rl-1l-kå-slon, s. f. scarification, scarifying. SCARIFIER, skå-rl-1l-å, v. a. to scarify,

cut or lance.

SCARLATINE, skår-lå-tin, adj. f. Ex. Fièrre scarlatine, scarlet fever. SCAVOIR, V. Savoir. SCEAU, so, s. m. seal. Petit sceau, privy seal. Grand sceau, great seal. Garde des sceaux, lord keeper of the great seal, lord chancellor. Sous le sceau de la confession, under an oath of secrecy.

Scel, sel, s. m. Ex. Le scel secret du roi,

the king's privy seal.

Scélérat, E, så-lå-rå, råt, adj. & s. wicked, profligate, flagitious, rascally, lewd; wicked or profligate creature, rascal, rogue. Scélératesse, så-lå-rå-tês, s. f. wicked-

ness, villany.

Scelle, E, sê-là, adj. sealed, under seal. Sa grâce a été scellée, his pardon is sealed. SCELLÉ, s. m. seal. Mettre le scellé, to apply the seal. Lever le scellé, to take off the seal (applied only to seals upon locks,

SCELLEMENT, sel-men, s. m. act of clamp-

ing an iron hook into the wall.

Sceller, sc-là, v. a. to seal, seal up; stop (a vessel or bottle;) to confirm, strengthen; clamp (an iron hook into a wall, etc.)

SCELLEUR, se-leur, s. m. sealer. Scène, sen, s. f. stage, scene.

Schnique, så-nik, adj. scenick.

Schnographie, så-no-grå-fl, s. f. scenography. Schnographique, så-nd-grå-fik, adj.

scenographical.

SCEPTICISME, sep-ti-sism, s. m. scepticism. Sceptique, sep-ilk, s. m. sceptick or

SCEPTIQUE, s. m. sceptick.

SCHTRE, septr, s. m. sceptre. Schelling, she-lin, s. m. shilling.

SCHISMATIQUE, shis-ma-tik, adj. & s. schis-

matick or schismatical, one guilty of schism.

Schisme, shism, s. m. schism. Faire schisme, to separate from a church or communion.

Sciage, wood fit to be sawed lengthwise. Bois de

SCIATÉRIQUE, adj. sciatherick, marking the hour by means of the sun's shadow.

SCIATIQUE, Sl-à-tik, adj. sciatical, sciatick. Goute sciatique, sciatica, hip-gout. Veine sciatique, sciatick vein.

SCIATIQUE, s. f. sciatica, hip-gout. SCIE, sl, s. f. saw; saw-lish. Scie à main,

hand-saw.

SCIEMMENT, sl-a-men, adv. wittingly, knowingly.

Science, si-ens, s. f. science, knowledge, learning, crudition, skill, knack, way. Je le sais de science certaine, I know it for certain.

SCIENTIFIQUE, si-èn-ti-fik, adj. scienti-

fical, learned.

SCIENTIFIQUEMENT, sî-en-tî-fîk-mên, adv. scientifically, learnedly.

SCIER, sî-â, v. a. to saw; (les blés) to reap, cut down. Scier, Mar. Scier arec les avirons, to back water. Scie bâbord, back water with the larboard oars. Scie tribord, back water with the starboard oars. tout à culer, back astern of all. Scie

Scieur, si-eur, s. m. sawyer; (de blés) reaper.

SCILLE, s. f. squill, sea-onion.

SCINTILLATION, sin-til-la-sion, s. f. scintillation, twinkling.

SCINTILLER, v. n. to twinkle, sointillate. Scion, slon, s. m. scion, sprig, twig, young

Scissile, si-sil, adj. scissible, scissile. Scission, si-sion, s. f. scission, separation,

division. Sciure, si-ur, s. f. saw-dust.

SCLÉROTIQUE, adj. sclerotick. SCOLASTIQUE, skô-lås-tik, adj. scholastick, scholastical; s. m. school-divine, school-man; s. f. school-divinity.

SCOLASTIQUEMENT, adv. scholastically. Scoliaste, sko-liast, s. m. scholiast.

Scolie, sko-li, s. f. scholium, short expo-

sition, commentary.
SCOLOPENDRE, scô-lô-pendr, s. f. scolo-

pendra (insect.;) hart's tongue (plant.) Scoreut, skôr-bû, s. m. scurvy. Scoreutique, skôr-bû-lîk, adj. & s. scorbutick, scorbutical; one who has the scurvy. Scordium, skor-di-om, s. m. scordium

(herb.) Scorie, skô-rl, s. f. scoria, dross. Scorification, skô-rl-fl-kâ-slou, s. f. act

of scorifying or reducing to dross

SCCRIFICATOIRE, sko-ri-fi-ka-twar, s. m. vessel for scorifying or red ring to scoria. Scorifier, skö-ri-fi-à, v. a. to scorify.

Scorpiojelle, skor-pid-zel, s. f. oil of scorpion.

SCORPION, skor-pion, s. m. scorpion; Scorpio (one of the twelve signs of the zodiack.) SCORSONÈRE, skor-sô-ner, s. f. scorzone-

ra, (a sort of plant.) Scotie, s. f. rundle (in the bottom of a

pillar.) SCRIBE, skrib, s. m. scribe; transcriber,

copier.

SCRIPTEUR, skrîp-têur, s. m. writer of the pope's bulls.

SCRIPTURAIRE, s. m. scripturist.

SCROFULAIRE, s. f. blind nettle, pile-wort, fig-wort. SCROFULES, skrô-fûl, s. f. pl. scrofula.

Scrofuleu-x, se, skrô-få-lèu, lèuz, adj. scrofulous.

SCROTON OF SCROTUM, s. m. scrotum. SCRUPULE, skru-pul, s. m. scruple; third part of a dram; the least trifle, utmost nicety; nicety, minute observation, cautious treatment, matter of conscience: perplexing doubt, tenderness of conscience, scrupulosity; doubt, difficulty of determination. Se faire scrupule or un scrupule de, to scruple, make a scruple or conscience of, stick at. Faire

un scrupule à quelqu'un d'une chose, to make one scruple a thing, raise doubts in one about a thing.

SCRUPULEUSEMENT, skrů-pů-lèuz-mên, adv. scrupulously.

SCRUPULEU-X, SE, skrů-pů-leu, leuz, adj. scrupulous, full of scruples, strict, precise. SCRUTATEUR, skrå-tå-teur, s. m searcher,

scrutator.

SCRUTER, v. a. to scrutinize, examine. SCRUTIN, skrů-tin, s. m. scrutiny, determination by suffrages or votes: also ballot. Faire une élection pur scrutin, to choose by ballot, ballot for an election.

Sculpter, skål-tå, v. a. (sur de la pierre. du marbre, du bois) to carve; (sur du métal) to grave, engrave.

Sculpteur, skůl-teur, s. m. carver, sculp-

Sculpture, skultur, s. f. sculpture, carving, carver's work; mouldings of the head and stern (of ships.)

SCURRILE, sku-ril, adj. scurrilous, scurril, saucy, scoffing.

SCURRILEMENT, adv. scurrilously, saucily, buffoon-like,

Scurrilité, sků-rl-ll-tå, s. f. buffoonery, drollery, scurrilous jest. sku-rl-ll-ta, s, f. scurrility,

SCYTHE, adj. & s. (de Scythie) Scythian. SE, se, reflective pron. one's self, himself, herself, itself, themselves, one another, each other, to one's self, to himself, etc. V. Réfléchi & Réciproque.

Séance, sa-èns, s. f. sitting, meeting, ses-

sion. assembly; (à table) sitting; place.
SEANT, E, sa en, ent, adj. sitting; becom-

ing decent, fitting.
SEANT, sa-en, s. m. sitting posture. Met.

tre un malade sur son seunt, to make a sick person sit up in his bed.

SEAU, so, s. m. pail, bucket; bucket-full Il pleut à seaux, it is very pleasing.

SEBESTE, s. m. a fruit of Egypt. SEBILE, s. f. wooden bowl.

SEC, sèche, sék, sésh, adj. dry; without

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: rôbe, rôb, lord: mòod, gôod.

moisture, withered or dead; dry, rough, tart, sharp, severe, cutting, lean, all skin and bones; barren, empty, poor, thin, flat. Du vin sec, sack, canary. Du son sec, coarse bran. Toux sèche, tight cough. Argent sec, cash. Bain sec, sweating room. V. Sèche. Sec, s. m. dryness. A sec, in a dry condition. Etre à sec, to be dried up, be aground. Boire sec, to drink wine without water, drink hard. Répondre sec, to give a blant answer. Parler sec, to talk bluntly. Sec, Mar. A sec, high and dry, etc. Au sec, so as to dry. Ex. Etre à sec, to be under poles or a hall. Voilà un bâtiment à sec sur le rivage, there is a vessel high and dry upon moisture, withered or dead; dry, rough, tart,

le rivage, there is a vessel high and dry upon the beach. Ce navire par le bossoir a mis à sec, that ship on the bow has handed all. Le commandant est à la cap à sec, the commodore is lying hull to. Voile au sec, sail loosed to dry. Le général va mettre ses voiles au sec, the admiral is going to loose sails to dry. V. Seche.

SÉCABLE, sã-cabl, adj. divisible, scissile,

that may be cut.

SÉCANTE. så-kant, s. f. secant, secant line. Sèche, sêsh, s. f. cuttle-fish, sound. Sèches, Mar. sands or rocks left dry in the sea or near the sea-coast. Sèche, being the feminine of Sec. V. Sec.

SÉCHÉ, E, adj. dried, dried up. SÉCHEMENT, sess-mên, adv. dry, in a dry

place; coldly, dryly, roughly. SECHER, sa-sha, v. a. to dry, dry up; v. n. to dry, grow dry, wither, waste, consume, linger or pine away, waste one's self. Sécher

sur pied, to be consumed with grief or ennui. SECHERESSE, såsh-res, s. f. drought, dryness; roughness; barrenness, emptiness. Sécheresse de sens, want of sense.

SÉCHOIR, så-shwar, s. m. drier, board to

dry things on.

SECOND, E, se-gon, gond, adj. second. Suns second, matchless, peerless.

SECOND, s. m. second, partner, assistant. Etre en second, to be a second or an assistant. Officier en second, under officer, officer bearing a second part or acting as a substi-tute. Second, Mar. (d'un vaisseou marchand,) mate. Second maître d'équipage, boatswain's mate.

Secondaire, se-gon-der, acj. secondary. SECONDE, se-gond, s. f. second, sixticth part of a minute. Secondes, V. Secondines & Second.

SECONDÉ, E, adj. seconded, backed, helped, assisted.

SECONDEMENT, se-gond-men, adv. second-

ly, in the second place.

Seconder, se-gon-dà, v. a. to second; to back, help, assist, favour, countenance.

SECONDINES, s. f. pl. secundine, afterbirth.

SECOUEMENT, s. m. shaking, jogging, tossing, jolting.

SECOUER, sê-kôo-â, v. a. to shake. jog, toss, jolt; shake off; to bang, abnse. Secouer les oreilles, to be inattentive to what is said. Se secouer, to shake one's self.

SECOUMENT, se-koo-men. V. Secouement. SECOURABLE, se-koo-rabl, adj. helpful, ready or willing to help; that can be relieved.

SECOURIR, se-koo-rir, v. a. (like courir) to succour, help, assist, relieve, aid.

Secours, se-koor, s. m. assistance, succour, help, relief, supply, use, benefit; chapel of ease. SECOURU, E, adj. succoured, helped, as-

sisted, relieved.

SECOUSSE, se-kôos, s. f. shake, toss, jolt, sudden pull, jerk, jogging, johing; check, blow, toss, violent fit.

SECRET, E, se-kre, kret, adj. secret, private, close, hidden. Scel secret, privy-seal.

Conseil secret, privy counsel. SECRET, se-kre, s. m. secret, mystery, way, means, knack, invention. En secret, secretly, privately, in secret or private. Secret, Mar. Ex. Secret d'un brûlot, that part of a fireship to be set on fire by the captain when re-

treating.
SECRETAIRE, se-kra-ter, s. m. secretary, clerk; confident; desk, for papers, etc. Secretairerie, se-kra-ter-rl, s. f. secre-

tary's office.

Secrétariat, sê-krâ-tâ-rîâ, s. m. secre-taryship, secretary's place; secretary's office. Secrète, sê-krêt, s. f. secret prayer.

SECRÈTEMENT, se-krêt-mên, adv. secret-

ly, in secret, privately, in private.

Secretion, se-kra-sion, s.f. secretion.

Secretioner, se-kra-twar, adj. secretcry.

SECTAIRE, sek-ter, s. m. sectary. SECTATEUR, sek-ta-teur, s. m. sectator.

SECTE, sêkt, s. f. sect. SECTEUR, sêk-têur, s. m. sector.

SECTION, sek-sion, s. f. section. Séculaire, sã-ků-lèr, adj. secular. Année

séculaire, last year of a century SECULARISATION, sã-ků-lå-rî-zå-sîon, s. f.

secularization or secularizing SÉCULARISER, så-ků-lå-rî-zå, v. a. to se-

cularize, make secular. SÉCULARITÉ, så-ků-lå-rl-tå, s. f. secular life,

ecclesiastical jurisdiction in temporal matters. SÉCULIER, E, så-kå-liå, lier, adj. secular,

lay, temporal; worldly. SÉCULIER, s. m. layman.

SÉCULIÈREMENT, så-ků-lièr-mèn, adv.

like worldly men, secularly. Sécurité, sa-kû-rî-ta, s. f. security, assurance, unconcernedness.

SÉDANOISE, s. f. pearl (a printing type.)

SÉDATI-F, VE, adj. anodyne.

SÉDENTAIRE, så-den-ter, adj. sedentary, sitting much; that keeps at home; fixed or settled in a place SÉDIMENT, så-dî-mên, s. m. sediment, set-

tling, dregs, grounds. Séditteusement, så-dl-slèuz-mên, adv.

SÉDITIEU-X, SE, så-dî-sîèu, sîèuz, adj. & s. seditious, factious, mutinous; seditious or . factious man or woman, rebel.

SÉDITION, så-dî-sîon, s. f. sedition, com-motion, mutiny, insurrection, rising, uproar.

SEDUCT-EUR, RICE, så-důk-teur, tris, s. m. & f. seducer, seducing, deceiver, cheat; cor-

rupter, debaucher. SÉDUCTION, sã-důk-slon, s. f. seduction, seducing, misleading, deceiving, corrupting, debauching.

SÉDUIRE, så-důlr. v. a. (see the table at uirc) to seduce, mislead, abuse, deceive cheat, corrupt, debauch, to please, affect. SÉDUISANT, E, sã-důl-zèn, zènt, adj. cu

snaring, engaging, seducing.

SÉDUIT, E, adj. seduced, misled, abused, deceived, etc. V. Séduire.

SEGMENT, seg-men, s. m. segment.

SÉGRÉGATION, så-grå-gå-slon, s. f. segregation.

SEIGLE, segl, s. m. rye. Seigle blanc, amelcorn or French rice.

Seigneur, se-gueur, s. m. lord, seignior; noble or nobleman, lord of the manor. seigneur, le seigneur créateur, the Lord God, God Almighty. Notre seigneur (Jésus-Christ) our Lord (Jesus-Christ.)

SEIGNEURIAGE, s. m. seignorage.

SEIGNEURIAL, E, së-gnêu-riâl, adj. of or belonging to the lord of a manor; lordly, noble, magnificent; that confers the rights and privileges of a lord.

SEIGNEURIALEMENT, adv. like a lord, no-

SEIGNEURIE, sê-gnêu-ri, s. f. lordship, seigniory; (jocosely) worship. Je baise les mains à votre seigneurie, I kiss your worship's hands

*SEILLE, s. f. pail or bucket.

SEIN, sin, s. m. breast, bosom, mind, heart,

womb; heart, middle; gulph, bay.
SEINE, s. f. seine. Un coup de seine dans la baie donna du poisson à tout l'équipage, one cast of the seine in the bay, supplied the whole ship's company with fish.

Seing, sin, s. m. name, signature, sign-manual, hand. Seing privé, signature not made in presence of a magistrate.

SÉJOURNER, så-zor-na, v. n. to sojourn,

stay, remain in a place, abide or live in it.
SEIZE, sez, adj. sixteen; the sixteenth;
(un in-seize.) a book in sixteens.

SEIZE, (UN,) s. m. a sixteenth, sixteenth

part. Un seize, sixteenth of an ell.

SEIZIÈME, sê-zîem, adj. sixteenth. SEIZIÈME, s. m. sixtcenth, sixteenth part.

SEL, sel, s. m. salt; wit.

SÉLÉNITE, s. f. selenite (a mineral.) SÉLÉNITEU-X, SE. adj. that partakes of the nature of the selenites

SÉLÉNOGRAPHIE, s. f. selenography. SÉLÉNOGRAPHIQUE, adj. sclenographick.

SELLE, sel, s. f. stool; evacuation; (d'un cheval) saddle, pinion; selle de calfat, calking-box (which contains the tools of a calker, and serves him as a seat.)

SELLER, v. a. to saddle, put on the saddle. Se seller, v. r. to harden, close up (said of land.) SELLERIE, sel-ri, s. f. place to put horse-

harness and saddles in.

SELLETTE, s. f. stool (on which the prisoner sits-while tried.)

Sellier, s. m. saddler; coach-maker.
Selov, se-lon, prep. according to, agreea-bly, or answerably to, pursuant to, propor-tionally to. Selon or c'est selon, its as it happens, it may be. Selon que, conj. as, according as. SEMAILLES, se-mal, s. f. pl. sowing; grain

sown; seed time, sowing-season.

SEMAINE, sê-mên, s. f. week, week's work, week's earnings, week's duty.

SEMAINIER, se'-me'-nila, s. m. septimarian, prebendary whose week it is to officiate.

SEMAINIER, E, adj. weekly; of or for the

SEMAQUE, s. f. Mar. smack.

SEMBLABLE, sen-blabl, adj. like, not unlike, alike, such.

SEMBLABLE, s. m. like, equal, match.

*SEMBLABLEMENT, sen-blabl-men, adv. likewise, in like manner.

SEMBLANCE, s. f. likeness.

SEMBLANT, sen-blen, s. m. show, pretence, appearance, outside. Faire semblant de, to make as if or though, feign or pretend, dissemble, or counterfeit. Ne faire semblant de rien, to take no notice of any thing.

SEMBLER, sen-bla, v. n. to appear, seem or look. It me semble, it seems to me, methinks, I think, or fancy. It tui semble, he thinks, he fancies. Ce me semble, methinks, it seems to me. Que rows semble de ce tableau? what do you think of that picture? Si

bon vous semble, if you please.

Semé, E, adj. sowed or sown; full or filled.

Semelle, se mel, s. f. sole (of a slice, boot, etc.) (de bas) foot; of the foot. Battre la semelle, to peditate. Mar. Ex. Semelles de derive, lee-boards. Semelle d'affût, bottom Semelle d'affût, bottom of a gun-carriage.

SEMENCE, se-mens, s. f. seed; remote

SEMER, se-ma, v. a. to sow, strew; to spread, propagate, publish abroad, scatter;

to seed, set thick, cover.

SEMESTRE, se-mestr, adj. that continues six mouths, on furlough for six months. Un parlement semestre, a parliament that sits half

SEMESTRE, s. m. six months, six months together, officer on a furlough of six months.

SEMEUR, se-meur, s. m. sower.

SEMI, semi, adj. semi, half. SEMILLANT, E, så-mi-len, lent, adj. fluttering, frisking, frisky, airy.

SEMINAIRE, sa-mi-ner, s. m. seminary:

SÉMINAL, E, så-mi-nål, adj. seminal.

SÉMINARISTE, så-mi-nå-rist, s. m. one brought up in a seminary.

SEMIS, s. m. seed-plot.

SEMOIR, se-mwar, s. m. seed-bag, seed-lip, seedlop, machine for sowing. SEMONCE, se-mons, s. f. invitation, sum-

mons, call; admonition, warning.

*Semondre, sê-mondr, v. a. (only used in the infinitive) to invite. Semondre quelqu'un de sa parole, to challenge one's word, put one in mind of his promise.

*SEMONNEUR, se-mo-neur, s. m. he that carries cards of invitation.

SEMOULE, s. f. grouts.

SEMPER VIRENS, s. m. ever-green

*SEMPITERNEL, LE, sin-pî-ter-nel, adj. sempiternal, ever-lasting.

SÉNAT. så-nå, s. m. senate, senate-house SÉNATEUR, så-nå-teur, s. m. senator; al-

SÉNATORIAL, LE, sã-nã-tô-rial, adj. se-

natorial. SÉNATORIEN, NE, sã-nã-tô-riễn, riên, adj.

SÉNATRICE, så-nå-tris, s. f. senator's wife.

SÉNATUS-CONSULTE, så-nå-tås-kon-sålt, s. m. decree of the Roman senate.

Senau, s. m. Mar. a snow. Séné, så-nå, s. m. senna, senna-tree. Sénéchal, så-nå-shål, s. m. seneschal

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bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Sénéchale, s. f. seneschal's wife.

SÉNÉCHAUSSÉE, så-nå-sho-så, s. f. seneschal's jurisdiction.

SENEGON, sen-son, s. m. groundsel (herb.) SENEGRE, s. m. fenugreek (herb.)

SENELLE, s. f. (fruit de l'aube-épine) haw. SENER, sê-nå, v. a. (un cochon) to geld; (une truie) to spade.

*SÉNESTRE, adj. left (in heraldry.) SÉNEVÉ, sån-vå, s. m. mustard-plant or

seed.

SÉNIEUR, s. m. (in a society) senior.

SENS, sen, before a consonant, senz, before a rowel, s. m. sense; judgment, wit; opinion, advice, mind, thoughts, sentiments; meaning, signification; construction, interpretation; (côté d'une chose) way, side. Sens dessus-dessons, topsy-turvy, upside down. Sens-derantderrière, preposterously; the cart before the

SENSATION, sen-sa-sion, s. f. sensation. SENSÉ. E., sen-sa, adj. sensible, considerate, rational, judicious, discreet.

SENSÉMENT, sen-sa-men, adv. rationally,

wisely, judiciously, discreenly

SENSIBILITÉ, sen-si-bi-li-ta, s. f. sensible-

ness, sensibility, tenderness.

Sensible, sensible, perceptible, that may be felt or perceived by the senses; that feels, apt to perceive; touchy, exceptious, tender, nice; sad, grievous. SENSIBLE, s. m. sensible part.

Sensiblement, sen-sibl-men, adv. sensibly, perceptibly, very much, greatly, highly. SENSITI-F, VE, sen-si-iff, the, adj. sensitive.

SENSITIVE, s. f. sensitive plant.

SENSUALITÉ, sen-sû-x-li-tà, s.f. sensuality. SENSUEL, LE, sen-su-el, adj. sensual, voluptuous.

SENSUELLEMENT, sen-så-el-men, adv. sen-

sually.

SENTENCE, sen-tens, s. f. sentence; saying, maxim, apothegm, judgment, decree. De fau juge brière sentence, a tool's bolt is soon shot, a foolish judge decides hastily.

SENTENCIER, sen-ten-sià, v. a. to sentence. SENTENCIEUSEMENT, scn-ten-sleuz-men,

adv. sententionsly, by sentences.

SENTENCIEU-X. SE, sch-ten-sicu, sicuz,

adj. sententions, pithy, SENTEUR, sen-teur, s. f. smell, scent, odour.

Senteurs, performes, sweets.

SENTIER, sen-tia, s. m. path, by-way, way. SENTIMENT, sen-ti-men, s. m. sense; feeling, sensation, sensibility; sentiment, thoughts, mind, opinion, meaning; inclination, passion; (daux les chiens) smelling, nose. Sentimens naturels, natural scuse or affection.

SENTINE, sch-fin, s. f. Mar. well; stinking

water that lies in the well of a boat or in the

sink of a vessel.

SENTINELLE, sen-ti-nel, s. f. sentinel, sentry. Faire sentinelle or faire la sentinelle, to stand sentry. Sentinelle avancée or perdue, perdue, scout.

SENTIR, seu-tir, v. a. to feel, be sensible of; (par l'odorat) to smell or scent; (par le z'nt) to taste; to smell, have a smell; to ste, savour, have a taste or savour; to be sensible of, have a sense of; resent; to savour of, smell of; to perceive, see, know; to ll tuagesima.

feel; to look like. Sentir son bien, to look like a gentleman or gentlewoman. Sentir, v. r. to smell, lawe a smell, smell strong, sink. Se sentir, v. r. to feel or know one's self. Se sentir de, to feel; feel still, have some relies of, smart still for, have still something of, also to share in.. Se faire sentir, to work upon, make an impression upon, touch; to occasion pain, make to smart. Sentir, v. a. Mar. Le navire sent bien sa barre, the ship answers her helm very well. Le bâtiment sent-il son gouvernail? does the ship feel her helm?

SEOIR, swar, à (seyant, etc.) v. n. to besit or become, sit well upon. Il sied mal à un homme de fuire, it does not become a man to do. *Seoir, séant, sis, to sit, sit down. SEP, s. m. Mar. Ex. Seps d'écoutes, top-

sail sheet bits. V. Cep.

SÉPARABLE, sà-pà-rabl, adj. separable. SÉPARATION, sã-pa-ra-slon, s. f. separation, parting, divorce, partition.
SEPARATISTE, s. m. & f. separatist or

dissenter.

SÉPARÉ, E, sà-pà-rà, adj. separated, severed, parted, etc. V. Séparer, separate, distinct, different.

SÉPARÉMENT, sã-pã-rã-mên, adv. asun-

der, separately, severally. Separate, sa-pa-ra, v. a. to separate, sever, part, divide or put asunder. Se séparer, v. r. (with de or d'arec) to part with or from, leave, separate one's self from, go from; (with en) to divide one's self into; (parlent d'une assemblée) to separate, break up. Il c'est séparé d'avec sa femme, he is parted from his wife, he and his wife are parted. Mar. Un coup de vent nons sépara de notre conserve, a gale of wind separated us from our consort. Separer le lest par des cloisons or retranche-mens, to trench the ballast. Les escadres se séparèrent par le travers du Cap St. Vincent, the squadrons parted company a-breast of Cape St. Vincent.

ŠÉPÉE, så-på, s. f. cluster of sprigs shoot-

ing from the same root.

SEPS, s. m. lizard very much resembling a serpent from the shortness of its legs.

SEPT. set, (before a consonant se,) adj. seven; the seventh.

SEPT, s. m. seven.

SEPTANTE, se-tent, acj. seventy, three-score and ten. Ex. Les septante, s. m. the septuagint or the seventy interpreters of the Holy Bible.

SEPTEMBRE, sép-ténbr, s. m. September. SEPTÉNAIRE, sép-tå-nér, adj. Ex. Nombre septénaire, septenary number, seven.

SEPTÉNAIRE, s. m. septenary

SEPTENNAL, E, adj. septennial. SEPTENTRION, septen-tri-on, s.m. north. SEPTENTRIONAL, E, sep-ten-tri-o-nal, adj. septentrional, northern, northerly, north.

SEPTIÈME, sê-tîem, adj. seventh. En septième lieu, seventhly.

SEPTIÈME, s. m. seventh or seventh part. SEPTIÈME, s. f. seventh (at piquet.)

SEPTIÈMEMENT, se-tiem-men, adv. seventhly.

SEPTUAGÉNAIRE, sép-tid-à-a-nèr, adj. threescore and ten years old, septuagenary. SEPTUAGÉSIME, sep-tů-å-zå-zim, s. f. sep-

SEPTUPLE, s. m. & adj. seven times told, il

seven fold. SEPTUPLER, v. a. to make seven times as

much, to multiply by seven.

SÉPULCRAL, E, sà-pûl-krål, adj. sepul-chral, funcreal, monumental.

SÉPULCRE, så-půlkr, s. m. sepulchre, tomb, grave.

SÉPULTURE, så-půl-tůr, s. f. sepulture, interment, burial, burying, burying-place.
SÉQUELLE, så-kėl, s. f. gang, party, crew.
SÉQUENCE, s. f. sequence (at cards.) SÉQUESTRATION, sa-kês-tra-sion, s. f. se-

questration. SÉQUESTRE, så-kestr, s. m. sequestration;

also sequestrator.

SÉQUESTRER, så-kes-trå, v. a. to sequester or sequestrate; separate or put asunder.

Se sequestrer, to retire from the world.

Sequin, skin, s. in. zechin.

SÉRAIL, så-rål, s. m. seraglio; harem; women shut up in the seraglio and their attendants; house where women are kept for debauchery.

SÉRAN or SÉRANS, så-ren, s. m. hatchel.

SÉRANCER, så-rên-så, v. a. to hatchel, dress (flax or hemp.) SÉRANCIER, så-rèn-síå, s. m. hatcheller,

dresser (of flax or hemp.)

SÉRAPHIN, sa ra fin, s. m. a sort of marble. SÉRAPHIN, sa ra fin, s. m. seraph; (plural) seraphim.

SERAPHIQUE, så-rå-fik, adj. seraphick, seraphical.

SÉRASQUIER, s. m. general of an army

among the Turks. SERDEAU, s. m. office in the king's household, to which all the dishes that come off the king's table are carried; officer that takes the said dishes from the gentleman sewer.

SEREIN, E, se-rin, ren, adj. serene, clear, open, fair; cheerful, quiet, auspicious, Goutte sereine, gutta serena, amaurosis, dimness or loss of sight.

SEREIN, se-rin, s. m. dampish and un-wholesome vapour that falls after sunset in hot countries, sort of mildew.

SÉRÉNADE, sà-rà-nad, s. f. serenade.

SÉRÉNISSIME, så-rå-nî-sîm, adj. most se-

SERÉNITÉ, så-rå-nî-tå, s. f. sereneness, serenity, clearness; (title) Serenity.

SÉREU-X, SE, så-reu, reuz, adj. serous, watery.

SER-F, ve, serf, serv, adj. in bondage. SERF, s. m. bondman, slave, (en matières

féodales,) villain, serf.

SERGE, sêrz, s. f. serge.
SERGENT, sêr-zên, s. m. sergeant, catch-pole or bailiff; also sergeant (among soldiers.)
Sergent de menuisier, Mar. hold-fast.
SERGENTER, sêr-zên-tâ, v. a. to send bai-

liffs after, to arrest (for debt;) urge, be importunate with.

SERGENTERIE, ser-zent-ri, s. f. office of sergeant.

SERGER or SERGIER, ser-zfå, s. m. maker or seller of serge. SÉRIE, så-rl, s. f. series.

SÉRIEUSEMENT, så-rieuz-men, adv. secously, gravely, earnestly, in earnest; coldly.

grave, carnest, sin weighty, not trifling. sincere, true, important,

SÉRIEUX, s. m. gravity, seriousness, serious countenance or carriage. Dans le sé-

rieux, in earnest.

SERIN, sê-rin, s. m. Serine, s. f. thislefinch. Serin de Canarie, canary-bird.

SERINETTE, sê-rî-nêt, s. f. bird organ.

SERINGAT, se-rin-ga, s. m. seringa (shrab.)

SERINGUE, se-ring, s. f. syringe. SERINGUER, v. a. to syringe, squirt. ringuer un bûtiment, Mar. to rake a ship.

SERMENT, ser-men, s. m. oath, swearing.

SERMON, ser-mon, s. m. sermon; tedious lecture or admonition.

SERMONNAIRE, sêr-mô-ner, s. m. sermouizer; collection of sermons

SERMONNER, ser-mo-na, v. n. to preach, find fault, make a tedious lecture.

SERMONNEU-R, SE, sêr-mô-nêur, neuz, s. m. & f. preacher, one that is always reading lectures, fault-finder.

Sérosité, så-rô-zî-tå, s. f. serosity, water ishness, serous matter.

SERPE, serp, s. f. bill, hedging bill. SERPENT, ser-pen, s. m. serpent, snake

kind of musical instrument.

SERPENTAIRE, ser-pen-ter, s.f. dragonwort. Serpentaire, s. m. Serpentarius.

SERPENTE, s. f. sort of paper (to make paper-windows.)

Serpente, s. f. Mar. snaking.

SERPENTEAU, ser-pen-to, s. m. young ser-pent or snake; kind of fire-work. SERPENTER, ser-pen-ta, v. n. to go wind-ing about, be full of turnings and windings.

Serpenter, v. a. Mar. to snake. Serpenter les étais, to snake the stays down.

SERPENTIN, E, ser-pen-tin, tin, adj. spiral, winding. Marbre serpentin, green marble streaked with red and white.* Langue ser-Langue serpentine, ill tongue.

SERPENTIN, s. m. cock of a musket; worm

SERPENTINE, s. f. serpentine stone, kind of marble; small-dragons or grass-plantain. SERPENTINE, adj. f. Ex. Langue serpen-

tine, an ill'tongue. SERPER, v. n. Serper l'ancre, Mar. to weigh the anchor (without either capstan or

windlass.) SERPETTE, sêr-pêt, s. f. hooked knife,

vine-knife, small bill SERPILLIÈRE, ser-pi-fler, s. f. sarplier,

sarp-eloth, packing-cloth.
SERPOLET, ser-po-le, s.m. creeping thyme,

wild thyme.

SERRE, ser, s. f. green-house, fruit-house; act of squeezing or pressing; (d'oiseau de proie) pounces or talons. Serre-file, s. m. bringer up, last soldier of a file, V. Ci-après. Serre papiers, s. m. back closet or shelves with partitions to keep papers in proper order.

Serre, Mar. Ex. Canons en serre, housed

guns. Mettre les canons à la serre, to house the guns. Les canons de la seconde batterie sont à la serre, the middle deck guns are housed. Serre-banquières, s. f. pl. thick stuff placed un-der the clamps in a ship's side Serre-bosse, s. f. shank-painter. Serre-file, s. m. rear ship of a fleet or squadron (when drawn up in a line of battle.) Serre gouttières, s. f. planks (of SÉRIEU-X, SE, så-rieu, rieuz, adj. serious, the decks) placed close to the water way

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good,

SERRÉ, E, sè-rà, adj. (from Serrer) laid | up, locked up, etc.; close, compact; closefisted, close, covetous, niggardly; reserved, secret; concise. Næud serré, fast or tight knot. J'ai le cœur serré de douleur, my heart is oppressed or shrunk with grief.

SERRÉ, adv. hard, soundly. Jouer serré,

to play a sure game. SERRÉMENT, sè-rà-mên, adv. close, niggardly, sparingly, savingly.

SERREMENT, ser-men, s. m. squeezing.

Serrement de cœur, oppression of the heart, great grief, heart breaking. SERRER, sè-rà, v. a. to lay or lock up; (les blés) to inn or house; to tie, tie tight or hard, bind hard or fast; to squeeze, wring, strain; to follow or pursue close; to bind, constipate; to close, draw or join or pull close or closer; to shorten, abridge, gather in a small compass; (entre ses bras) to clasp, lock; (les genoux à quelqu'un) to clasp; (le poing) tes geneux a quetqu'un; to clasp; (le poing) to linch; (la forme, in printing) to lock up; (la bride) to pull in; (un cheval) to keep (a horse) from going too wide; (un cheval du genou) to clap one's knees close to the sides of a horse. Serrer les sangles d'un cheval, to gird a horse pretty hard. Serrer le cœur, to make one's heart ache or grieve. Serrer les nouces à quelqu'un to force or compolité. rer les pouces à quelqu'un, to force or compel one to confess. Serrer le bouchon à quelqu'un, to press or urge one, bear hard upon him. Se serrer, v. r. to sit or stand or lie close.

Serrer, v. a. Mar. Serrer la ligne, to close Serrer la terre, to keep the land the line. dose a-board. Serrer le vent, to hug or haul the wind. Serrant le vent de près, close hauled, luffing up. Serrer le jât de l'ancre contre le bord, to stock an anchor. Serrer l'endre de wante le colese the order of server. Fordre de marche, to close the order of sailing. Serrer, (les voiles) to furl, hand, take in or stow (the sails.) Serrer les huniers en chemise, to furl the top-sails in a body. Serrer les huniers en perroquet, to furl the top-sails in a bunt. Serre le pavillon, haul down the ensign. Serre le grand foc, stow the jib. Serre le grand hunier, take in the main top sail. Serre les bonnettes, haul down the studding-sails. Serre le perroquet de fougue, hand the mizen top-sail. En haut à serrer les perroquets, away up hand top-gallant sails. Serre les fonds de la misaine, bunt the fore sail. Serre bien les fonds de la voile, skin the sail well up in the bunt. Serre la brigantine, lower down the spanker. Serre la voile d'étai de hune, stow the main top mast stay sail. Nous serrâmes le corsaire entre la terre et nous, we hemmed in the privateer between us and the land. L'arrière-garde ennemie fut serrée de mès par notre escadre, dont elle essuya tout le feu, our fleet closed upon the enemy's rear, which received the whole brunt of its fire. V. Temps.

SERRE-TÊTE, s. m. night-cap band.

SERRON, se-ron, s. m. box containing imported drugs.

SERRURE, se-rur, s. f. lock.

SERRURERIE, se-rur-rl, s. f. locksmith's trade or work.

SERRURIER, se-rå-riå, s. m. lock-smith. SERTEAU, s. m. Ex. Poire de serteau, alabaster-pear, bell-pear.

SERTI, E, adj. Ex. Diamant serti, diamond

Sertir, ser-ur, une pierre dans un chaton, to set a stone in a bezil. SERTISSURE, ser-ti-sur, s. f. setting of a

stone.

SERUM, s. m. serum.

*Servage, ser-vaz, s.m. slavery, bondage. Servant, E, ser-ven, vent, adj. in waiting.

Frères servans, lay-brothers.

SERVANTE, ser-vent, s. f. servant-maid, maid, servant; small table at which domesticks eat. Je suis votre servante, I am your servant, and sometimes, I differ from you.

SERVÉ, V. Serf.

SERVI, E, adj. served, attended on, etc. V Servir.

SERVIABLE, ser-vî-abl, adj. serviceable, officious.

SERVICE, ser-vis, s. m. service; (chez un prince) waiting; office; good office or turn; dirge, mass or prayers (for the dead;) divine service; service (of plate;) course, set (of dishes;) (d'une chose) service, use; (au jeu de paume) service.

SERVIETTE, ser-viet, s. f. napkin; towel;

bandage (in surgery.)

Servile, servil, adj. servile, slavish, servant-like; mean, pitiful, sordid. Traduction servile, too literal.

SERVILEMENT, servil-men, adv. servilely, slavishly, servant-like; meanly, sordidly, pitifully.

SERVILITÉ, s. f. servility.

SERVIR, ser-vir, v. a. to serve, wait on, attend, be the servant of, do a service to, help, assist, do something for, help with one's interest; worship; to serve, be in the service of, bear arms or be a soldier for; (sur table) to serve up, bring in the meat, lay the meat on the table; (la balle au jeu de paume) to give service, serve the ball; (ume batterie) to serve, see that the guns play well; (d'une viande à quelqu'un) to help (one) to (some meat.) Serwir, v. n. to serve, be a servant, wait; to help, be serviceable or of use or useful, do service, avail. Servir de, to serve for, be instead of, be as. Servir à, to assist. Servir de témoin contre, to be an evidence or come in a witness against. Il leur a serri de père, he has been a father (or as a father) to them. Cela ne m'a servi de rien, that has availed me nothing. Cela serviroit à ma gloire, that would turn to my glory. Faire servir an crime la vertu même, to make virtue itself subservient to villany. Servir aux plaisirs de quelqu'un, to be instrumental or subservient to one's pleasures. Se servir d'une chose, to make use of a thing, use or employ a thing. On a servi, the meat is on the table. Dites qu'on serve, send in dinner or supper. Servez-vous vous même, help yourself.

Servir, v. n. Mar. Faire servir, to fill the sails (after they have lain aback.) Le viceamiral a fait servir son grand hunier, the vice-admiral has filled his main top-sail. Notre artillerie fut bien servie dans le dernier combat, our guns were well fought in the last action. Nous ne pâmes nous servir de la première batterie, tant la mer étoit grosse, the sea ran so high that we could not fight our lower deck guns. Le câble d'affourche ne peut plus servir, the small bower cable is quite unserviceable. Le grand perroquet nous servira à remplacer le perroquet de

fougue qui a été emporté, the main top-gal- | lant sail will serve, to replace the mizen topsail that has blown away. La corvette se servit de ses avirons dans le culme, et nous échappa, the sloop pulled her sweeps in the calm, and got away from us. Nous nous servirons de nos embarcations pour changer de mouillage, we will make use of our boats to shift our birth. En se servant des cartes et instructions, by using charts and sailing directions.

SERVITEUR, sêr-vî-têur, s. m. a servant. Fuites serviteur à monsieur, bow to the gen-

tleman; or say, your servant, sir. SERVITUDE, ser-vi-tud, s. f. servitude, bondage, slavery; service; confinement, thraldom. SES, se, (plur, of Son and Sa) his, her, its, one's. V. Son.

SÉSAME, s. m. sesame.

SÉSAMOIDE, s. f. starwort; small bone in the joints resembling sesame.

Séséli, s. m. hartwort.

SESQUIALTÈRE, adj. sesquialter.

Session, se-slon, s. f. session or sitting (of a council or parliament.)

SESTERCE, ses-ters, s. m. sesterce. SETIER, se-te, s. m. twelve bushels; eight pints of Paris or two English gallons.

SÉTON, så-ton, s. m. seton, rowel. SEUIL, seul, s. m. threshold of a door. SEUILLET, s. m. little threshold. Seuillets, s. m. pl. Mar. or Seuillets de sabords, port-

SEUL, E, seul, adj. alone, lonely, only, sole. Un seul, une seule, one. Le seul, la seule, the

SEULEMENT, seul-men, adv. only, but, solely, even.

SEULET, TE, seu-le, let, adj. alone, lonely. SEVE, sev, s. f. sap; the rise of the sap. Vin qui a de la seve, tart wine.

SÉVÈRE, så-vèr, adj. severe, strict, rigid,

rough, stern, sharp, rigorous, harsh. SÉVÈREMENT, så-vèr-men, adv. severely,

strictly, rigidly, rigorously, sharply. Sévérité, sa-va-ri-ta, s. f. severity, strict-

ness, rigour, rigidity.

SEVERONDE, sev-rond, s. f. eaves (of a

house.) SÉVICES, så-vis, s. f. pl. rough or ill usage. SEVIR, sa-vir, v. n. (with contre) to misuse, use roughly, inflict a punishment; punish.

SEVRAGE, s. m. the act of weaning a child. SEVRER, se-vrå, v. a. to wean. SEXAGENAIRE, sek-sa-zà-ner, adj. & s. sixty, threescore years old, man sixty years old. Sexagésime, sék-sà-zà-zìm, s. f. sexagesima.

SEX-DIGITAIRE, s. m. & f. one who is born with six fingers.

SEX-DIGITAL, E, adj. said of a foot or hand

that has six fingers.

Sexe, seks, s. m. sex. Le sexe, le beau sexe, the fair sex, the sex, the fair, women. Sextant, seks-ten, s. m. sextant. Sexte, sekst, s. f. sixth in (music;) sexte

(one of the canonical hours.)

SEXTIL, E, sêks-tîl, adj. sextile. SEXTULE, s. m. weight of four scruples.

SEXTUPLE, seks-tupl, adj. & s. m. sextuple. SEXTUPLER, v. a. to repeat seven times, to make seven times as much; to multiply by seven.

SEXUEL, LE, adj. sexual.

SGRAFFIT, s. m. mezzo-tinto. SHERIF, shå-rif, s. m. sheriff. St, s. m. if, supposition, condition; fault,

objection.

S1, sl, adv. so, so very, to such a degree, to that degree; as, such; yes, so or it is so, etc. Si bien que, so that, insomuch that. Si fait, yes, yes though, but I shall or will, etc. *Si ferai, si ferai je, yes, I will. Si-tôt, so soon. Si-tôt que, so soon as, as soon as. Si, (followed by a subjunctive) however. Si petit. qu'il soit, however little he may be, how lit-

tle soever he may be.

St, conj. if, in case that; whether. Si ne, but that, but. Si ce n'est que, unless, except, but. *Si est-ce que, yet, however, nevertheless. *Si, yet, however, nevertheless, for all that, moreover, besides. Sometimes the conjunction is omitted in English. Si rous m'aimiez? did you love me? si je l'arois ru? had I seen hin? s'il étoit honnéte-homme? were he an honest man? The i of si is suppressed before il and ils. Thus we say s'il, s'ils, instead of si il, si ils.

SIAMOISE, S. f. coarse cotton cloth.
SIBYLLE, sl-bil, s. f. sibyl, stale maid.
SIBYLLIN, E, sl-bi-lin, lin, adj. sibylline.

SICAIRE, s. m. murderer, assassin. SICCITÉ, sik-si-ta, s. f. siecity, dryness.

SICILE, s. f. Sicily.

SICILIQUE, s. m. weight of six scruples.

SICILIEN, NE, adj. Sicilian. SICLE, sikl, s. m. shekel.

SIDÉRAL, E, adj. sideral. Année sidérale. time of the earth's revolution.

SIDERITIS. V. Crapaudine.

Siècle, sickl, s. m. age or century, age, time; world. Aux siècles des siècles, à tous les siècles, for ever and ever, eternally.

SIED, (IL.) Îl-sîd. V. Seoir. SIEGE, sîez. s. m. seat, chair, stool; (de cocher) box; (des juges) seat, bench; court, tribunal; jurisdiction; (épiscopal or pontifical) see; seat, capital city; fundament; (d'une place) siege.

SIÉGER, sià-zà, v. n. to hold the papacy or one's see.

SIEN, NE, sien, sien, adj. (with the article) his, his own, hers, her own; its, its own, one's, one's own.

SIEN, LE, s. m. his own, her own, one's wn. Les siens, his relations, his men, his people. Faire des siennes, to play pranks.

SIER, Mar. V. Scier.

SIESTE, si-est, s. f. nap after dinner. *SIEUR, si-eur, s. m. (diminutive of mon-

sieur) sir or master; lord (of a place.)

SIFFLEMENT, siff-men, s. m. whistling, hissing; hiss, hissing at, whizzing; (de boulets) whistling.

SIFFLER, sl-fla, v. n. to whistle : hiss ; whiz, drink hard, swig. Siffler, v. a. (un air) to whistle a tune; (un oiseau) to whistle to; to hiss or hiss at, damn, explode; to prompt, instruct beforchand. Siffler la linotte, to drink hard, swig.

SIFFLET, sî-flê, s. m. whistle, windpipe. Sifflet, s. m. Mar. boatswain's call.

SIFFLEU-R, SE, si-fleur, fleuz, s. m. & f. whistler or hisser. Siffleur, private teacher of the law.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

Sigillée, sî-zîl-lâ, adj. Ex. Terre sigillée, | terra sigillata, sort of red earth.

Signal, si-gnål, s. m. signal or sign. Signalé, e, si-gnå-lå, adj. signalized,

also signal, notable, remarkable.
SIGNALEMENT, sî-guâl-mên, s. m. sign, note of resemblance, description (of a man.)
SIGNALEMENT, sî-guâl-lâ, v. a. to signalize, make famous; also to take down in writing

the description of (a soldier, etc.) Se signaler v. r. to distinguish one's self, signalize one's self.

SIGNATAIRE, s. m. signer. SIGNATURE, si-gna-tur, s. f. signature, sign

manual, one's hand to a writing.

Signs, sign, s. m. sign; mark, token; omen, presage; symptom; wonder, miracle; constellation; mark, mole; (de la main) beck; (de la tête) nod; (des yeux) wink. Faire signe de la tête, to nod. Faire signe de la main, to beckon with the hand. Faire

signe des yeux, to wink.
Signer, si-gnå, v. a. to sign, subscribe, put one's hand to; also to sign as a witness.

SIGNET, s. m. tassel; riband fastened to the top of a book to mark the place.

SIGNIFIANT, E, adj. significative, expres-

SIGNIFICATI-F, VE, sî-gnî-fî-ka-tîf, tlv, adj. significant.

SIGNIFICATION, si-gni-fi-ka-sion, s. f.

signification, meaning, sense.
SIGNIFIER, sl-gnl-fla, v. a. to signify, denote, mean, notify, declare, intimate, give

notice of.

SIL, s. m, sil (sort of ochre.)

SILENCE, st-lens, s. m. silence, stillness, quiet; (de la nuit) dead of night. Silence! silence! hush!

SILENCIEU-X, SE, sî-lên-sîcu, sîcuz, adj.

silent, still, of few words.

SILIQUASTRE, s. m. pimenta, all-spice.

SILIQUE, si-lik, s. f. husk or cod or shell

of pulse.

SILLAGE, sî-laz, s. m. Mar. wake, way, steerage way. Faire bon sillage, to have fresh way through the water. Le bâtiment fresh way through the water. Le bâtiment fait grand sillage, the ship is going fast through the water. Cette frègate double through the water. Cette frègate double notre sillage, that frigate sails two feet to our one. Le sillage a hien diminué, depuis que les vents ont rapproché, we go very little ahead, since the wind has hauled forward.

SILLE, s. m. satirical poem (among the

Greeks.)

SILLER, sî-la, v. n. Mar. to have headway. SILLON, si-lon, s. m. furrow; (de lumière)

glimpse, flash. SILLONNER, sî-lô-na, v. a. to furrow. Sil-

lormer les mers, to plough the main.
SILVES, s. f. pl. collection of miscellaneous

pieces. SIMAGRÉE, sî-mâ-grà, s. f. grimace, affect-

ed way, apishness, apish trick

SIMAROUBA, s. m. tree of Jamaica. SIMARRE, sl-mar, s. f. simar.

SIMILAIRE, si-mi-ler, adj. similar.

SIMILITUDE, sî-mî-lî-tåd, s. f. similitude, comparison; parable.

Similor, si-mi-lor, s. m. metallick com-position that imitates gold (copper and zinc.)

SIMONIAQUE, si-mô-niak, s. m. simoniacal. SIMONIAQUE, s. m. simoniack.

SIMONIE, sî-mô-ni, s. f. simony.

Simple, sinpl, adj. simple, pure, unmixt, uncompounded; single; only, bare; common, ordinary, private; plain, without ornament; simple, weak, silly; plain, downright, honest, without deceit.

SIMPLE, s. m. simple, physical herb or plant; plain song. Parier le double contre le

simple, to bet two to one.

SIMPLEMENT, simpl-men, adv. plain, without any ornament, roundly, downright, plain-

ly, only. SIMPLESSE, sin-ples, s. f. Ex. Il ne demande qu'amour et simplesse, he is all for love and a quiet life.

SIMPLICITÉ, sin-pli-si-tà, s. f. simplicity, plainness, plain-dealing, downright honesty; silliness, foolishness.

SIMPLIFICATION,s.f. the act of simplifying. SIMPLIFIER, sin-pli-fi-a, v. a. to simplify, make simple, render more simple.
SIMULACRE, si-mu-lakr, s. m. image or

representation, phantom, ghost, shadow. SIMULATION, s. f. simulation, deceit.

SIMULER, sî-mû-là, v. a. to feign, pretend. SIMULTANÉE, sî-mûl-tâ-na, adj. simulta-

SIMULTANÉITÉ, s. f. existence of several things at the same time.

SIMULTANÉMENT, adj. in the same time.

SINAPISME, sî-na-pîsm, s. m. sinapism. SINCÈRE, sin-ser, adj. sincere, honest, true, true-hearted, plain, ingenuous, candid.

SINCÈREMENT, sin-ser-men, adv. sincere-

ly, honestly, roundly, plainly, truly.

Sincerité, six-sa-f-là, s. f. sincerity, honesty, integrity, plainness, candour.

Sinciput, s. m. top or crown (of the head.)

SINGE, sinz, s. m. ape; mimick, imitator, windlass or draw beam.

SINGER, v. a. to imitate, counterfeit. SINGERIE, sinz-rl, s. f. trick, apish trick,

grimace. SINGLER, v. n. Mar. to sail (on a particular course.) V. Cingler.

SINGULARISER, (SE) se-sin-gu-la-ri-za, v. r. to be odd or singular, affect singularity. SINGULARITÉ, sin-gu-la-ri-ta, s. f. singularity, being singular, excellence, rarity, af-

fected way, affectedness, particular way.
Singulier, e, sin-ga-lla, ller, adj. singular, peculiar, particular, special, rare, excellent, extraordinary, matchless, choice, affect-Combat singulier, single fight.

SINGULIER, s. m. singular, singular number. SINGULIER, s. m. singular, singular number. SINGULIÈREMENT, sin-gà-lièr-mên, adv. especially, singularly, peculiarly, particularly, excellently, passingly, affectedly.

SINISTRE, si-nistr, adj. sinister, untoward,

unlucky, unfortunate, inauspicious, sinis-trons, perverse, wicked, bad.

SINISTREMENT, si-nistr-men, adv. unto-

wardly, unluckily, unfortunately.
Sinon, si non, (for si-non, if not) else.
Sinon que, save, but, save that, but that.

SINOPLE, s. m. sinoper, ruddle. SINUEU-X, SE, si-nû-eu, cuz, adj. sinuous.

crooked. SINUOSITÉ, sî-nû-ô-zî-ta, s. f. sinuosity. SINUS, st-nus, s. m. sinus; (in mathema-

ticks) sine. SIPHON; si-fon. s. m. siphon or crane, cock,

tap, faucet. Siphon, Mar. spout. SIRE, slr, s. m. sir; also lord

buse, bût : jêûne, mêute, bêurre : ènfant, cênt, liên : vin : mon : brun,

Siren, si-ren, s. f. siren, mermaid.

SIRERIE, s. f. lordship. SIRIUS, sl-rius, s. m. Sirius, dog-star.

Stroc, si-rok, s. m. south-east wind, sirocco (in the Mediterranean.)

Sirop, sî-rð, s. m. sirup. Sirorer, sî-rð-tå, v. n. to sip, tipple. Siroteur, s. m. sipper, tippler.

SIRTES, s. f. pl. Mar. moving sand, quick sand, shelf.

Sis, E, sl, slz, adj. (from Seoir) seated, situated.

SITE, sit, s. m. site.

SITUATION, sl-tu-a-slon, s. f. seat, site, situation, placing; sitting, posture; state, pass, condition, circumstance.

SITUER, sî-tû-â, v. a. to seat or situate.

Six, sis, adj. & s. m. six, half a dozen; the sixth; (aux dés) sice or six.

Strain, si-zin, s. m. sextain; six or half a

dozen packs of cards. SIXIÈME, sî-zîem, adj. sixth; sixthly.

SIXIÈME, s. m. sixth, sixth part; a school

boy of the sixth form.

SIXIÈME, s. f. sixth form (in a school;) six following cards (at piquet.)

SIXIÈMEMENT, sî-zîêm-mên, adv. sixth-

SIXTE, sikst, s. f. sixth (in musick.)

SI.00P, s. m. Mar. sloop. SMAQUE, V. Semaque. SMILLE, s. f. a pointed hammer.

· SMILLER, v. a. to pick with a pointed hammer (free stone, etc.)

SMECTIN, smêk-tin, s. m. fuller's earth. Sorre, sobr, adj. sober, temperate, mo-

derate, cautious, discreet.

SOBREMENT, sôbr-mên, adv. soberly, tem-

perately, moderately, cautiously.
Sobritté, sô-bri-à-tà, s. f. sobriety, tem-

perance, moderation. Sobriquet, sô-brî-kê, s. m. nickname.

Soc, sôk, s. m. share, plough-share. V. Soque.

Sociabilité, s. f. sociability Sociable, so-siabl, adj. sociable.

SOCIABLEMENT, adv. sociably.
SOCIAL, E, 50-51al, adj. social.
SOCIETE, 50-51a-1a, s. f. society, commerce, intercourse, company, fellowship, club, partnership, friendship, familiarity

Socinianisme, so-si-ni-a-nism, s. m. socinianism.

Socinten, so-si-nien, s. m. socinian.

Socle, sokl, s. m. socle.

Socque, sok, s. f. sandal, wooden patten or clog (worn by some monks;) also sock (theatrical shoe for comedies.)

SODOMIE, s. f. sodomy. SODOMITE, s. m. sodomite.

Sœur, sêur, s. f. sister, nun. Les neuf sœurs, (les muses) the sacred nine. Frégales sœurs, Mar, sister frigates. Sofa, sô-fâ, s. m. sofa.

SOFFITE, s. f. arch, ceiling

Sot, swa. (pron.) one's self, himself, herself, one, him, her, itself. Soi-disant, selfstyled, pretended or would be. Soi-même, one's self, himself, herself, itself. Etre à soi, to depend on no one

Sile, swa, s. f. silk; (d'un épagneul) long hair; (de cochon) bristle; (d'une lame de cou-teau or d'épée) tongue. Paroles de soic, Paroles de soic, | solemnly.

soft flattering words. Jours files d'or et de soie, happy and glorious life.
Soierie, swa-rl, s. f. silk stuffs, silk, silk

trade, silk manufacture.

Soir, swaf, s. f. thirst, being dry, dryness, thirst, greedy or eager or immoderate desire. Avoir soif, to be dry, to thirst.
Soigner, swa-gna, v. a. to look after, take

care of, tend or attend. Soigner à, v. n. to look after, be about, take care of.

Soigneusement, swa-gueuz-men, adv. carefully, with care, diligently, exactly. Soigneu-x, se, swa-gueu, gueuz, adj. careful, that takes great care, diligent.

Soin, swin, s. m. care; application, diligence; racking care, trouble, solicitude, anguish of mind.

Soir, swar, s. m. evening, night. Soirée, swa-ra, s. f. evening or night.

Soit, swa, conj. Soit l'un, soit l'autre, either; (an elliptical expression) be it so, let it be so, I grant it, well and good, I consent to it. Soit que, (with the subjunctive) whether; and the soil que or ou que which follows is rendered or.

SOIXANTAINE, swâ-sen-tên, s. f. sixty, about sixty, three score.

SOIXANTE, swa-sent, adj. sixty, three score.

SOIXANTIÈME, swa-sen-tiem, adj. sixtieth. Solkantième, s. m. sixtieth, sixtieth part. Sol, sôl, s. m. ground or soil; ground or ground plot; (note in musick) sol; (de la mer) bottom, ground at the bottom of. V. Sou.

Solacier, v. a. to comfort, console, strengthen one's mind under some calamity. Solaire, so-lèr, adj. solar : s. m. a ban

dage; muscle.
Solandres, s. f. pl. malanders.
Solbatu, e, solbatu, tù, adj. surbated SOLBATURE, sol-ba-tur, s. f. surbating.

SOLDANELLE, s. f. bind-weed.

SOLDAT, s. m. soldier. Soldat de marine, marine.

SOLDAT, sol-da, adj. Ex. Il a l'air soldat, he looks like a soldier

SOLDATESQUE, sôl-då-têsk, adj.soldier-like. SOLDATESQUE, s. f. soldiery, soldiers (in derision.) A la soldatesque, after the soldier's

Solde, sold, s. f. pay, soldier's pay; (de compite) balance.

SOLDER, sol-da, v. a. to close or settle an

account (by paying off the balance.)
Sole, sol, s. f. (poisson) sole; (d'un cherul, etc.) hoof; (de terre) extent of ground on which wheat is sown the first year, oats or barley, etc. the next, and which lies fallow the third year. Sole, Mar. Sole de l'ancre, shoe of the anchor. Sole d'affit, sole or bottom of a gun carriage. Sole de sabord, sole or sell of a gun port. Sole de taquet, step (of a kevel.) Sole de bigues, step for the heel of small sheers used in a dock-yard.

Solecisme, so la-sism, s. m. solecism.

Solell, sô-lêl, s.m. sun; also pyx; sun-flower. Il fait dejà grand soleil, it is still broad day, Marcher entre deux soleils, to march between sun-rise and sun-set. Adorer

le soleil levant, to join the rising party. SOLENNEL, LE, so-la-nel, adj. sotemn. Solennellement, so-la-nel-men, adv

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

SOLENNISATION, so-lå-nî-zå-sîon, s. f. solemnization, solemnizing, celebration.
Solenniser, so-la-ni-za, v. a. to solem-

nize or celebrate.

SOLENNITÉ, sô-lâ-nî-tâ, s. f. solemnity.

Solfège, s. m. musick-book.

SOLIFER, sôl-fl-å, v. a. to name, in singing, the different notes of (a song.)

SOLIDAIRE, sô-fl-dèr, adj. Ex. Obligation or contrat solidaire, a bond or contract for the whole.

ső-lî-dèr-mên, adv. SOLIDAIREMENT,

wholly, for the whole.
Solidarité, s. f. the being bound or obli-

gated in solido.

Solide, solid, adj. solid, thick, massive, hard, strong, firm, strong-built, sound, lasting, real, having the three dimensions.

SOLIDE, s. m. solid, body that has the three dimensions; what is most material, main chance; also firm ground.

SOLIDEMENT, so-lid-men, adv. strongly, solidly.

Solidity. Obligation qui porte solidité, bond obligatory for the whole.

Soliloque, ső-lî-lők, s. m. soliloquy. Solins, s. m. pl. the space between the

joists of a ceiling. Solipede, so-li-ped, adj. & s. solipede.

SOLITAIRE, so-li-ter, adj. solitary, desert,

retired, lonesome, lonely. SOLITAIRE, s. m. solitary man; an anchorite; (du cou) solitaire; kind of game.

SOLITAIREMENT, so-li-ter-men, adv. solitarily, privately, by one's self or itself.

SOLITUDE, sô-lî-tûd, s. f. solitude, retire-

ment.

SOLIVE, so-liv, s. f. joist, girder or twist. SOLIVEAU, so-li-vo, s. m. little joist or raf-

SOLICITATION, so-li-si-ta-sion, s. f. solicitation, suit, instigation, instance, motion, temptation, impulse, persuasion, recommen-

dation, soliciting or prosecuting (of a business.) SOLLICITER, so-lî-sî-ta, v. a. to solicit, move, urge, entice, tempt, egg on; to solicit or prosecute, attend, look after, mind. Solliciter un cheval du talon, to tickle a horse with the spur.

SOLLICITEU-R, SE, so-li-si-teur, teuz, s. m.

& f. solicitor, solicitress.

*Sollicitude, sô-lî-sî-tůd, s. f. solicitude,

care, carefulness, uneasiness. Solo, s. m. solo; a sulky (chaise for one person.)

SOLSTICE, sols-tis, s. m. solstice.

Solsticial, E, sols-ti-sial, adj. solstitial. SOLVABILITÉ, sől-vá-bi-li-ta, s. f. being

solvable or able to pay, solvency.
Solvable, solvabl, adj. solvent, able to

pay.
Soluble, sô-lûbl, adj. solvible, soluble. Solution, so-la-sion, solution, explica-

tion; payment. Somache, adj. f. Eau somache, salt or brackish water.

SOMATOLOGIE, s. f. somatology.

SOMBRE, sonbr, adj. dark, dull, overcast, gloomy, melancholy.

grain, the privateer we were chasing overset in a hard squall.

SOMMAIRE, sô-mèr, adj. summary, short. concise, abridged, succinct.

SOMMAIRE, s. m. summary, abridgment, abstract.

SOMMAIREMENT, so-mer-men, adv. sum-

marily, briefly, succinctly, in short.

SOMMATION, sô-må-sion, s. f. summons.

SOMME, sôm, s. f. burden, load, carriage; sort of Chinese vessel of burden; summary, abridgment, collection; (d'argent) Somme toute or en somme, in short.

Somme, s. m. sleep, repose, nap. Sommell, sô-mêl, s. m. sleepiness, drowsiness; sleep, rest, repose, slumber. Avoir sommeil, to be sleepy or drowsy.

SOMMEILLER, sô-mè-là, v. n. to slumber or nap; be guilty of neglect.

Sommelier, som-lia, s. m. a butler. SOMMELLERIE, sô-mêl-ri, s. f. pantry or

buttery; butler's place or office.

Sommer, so-må, v. a. to summon or charge; to sum or cast up. Sommer quelqu'un de sa promesse, to claim or challenge one's promise. Sommer une place, to summon a place (to surrender.)

SOMMET, so-me, s. m. top, height, peak; (de la tête) top or crown; (de la gloire) pin-

nacle.

one's.

SOMMIER, sô-mîa, s. m. hair quilt; sound board of an organ; summer or principal beam of a floor; winter and head of a printing press; sumpter-horse.
Sommité, so-mi-ta, s. f. the sharp end of

the top of plants, towers, etc.

SOMNAMBULE, som-nen-bul, s. m. & f. somnambulist.

*Somne, s. m. V. Somme. Somnifere, som-ni-fer, adj. & s. somniferous, that causes or brings sleep; soporiferous draught.

SOMPTUAIRE, somp-tu-er, adj. sumptuary. SOMPTUEUSEMENT, somp-tu-euz-men, adv. sumptuously, splendidly, magnificently, nobly.

Somptueu-x, se, sonp-tu-èu, euz, adj. sumptuous, rich, costly, splendid, magnificent, noble.

Somptuosité, somp-tů-ô-zî-tå, s. f. sumptuousness, costliness, splendour, magnificence. Son, son, Sa; pl. Ses, adj. his, her, its,

Son, s. m. sound, noise; (d'une cloche) sound or ringing; (du tambour) beat; (du grain moulu) bran. Sons, (des vers) strains, chime, verses, rhyme.

SONATE, sô-nat, s. f. sonata.

SONDE, sond, s. f. probe. Mar. lead (used to sound with,) act of sounding, depth of water, soundings. Les sondes, the soundings. Sonde de la nompe, sounding-rod or gauge-rod of the pump. Sonde pour la lumière des canons, priming-wire. Sonde pour l'âme des canons, searcher; (instrument used to ascertain the depth of the flaws or defects in a piece of ordnance.) Nous remontâmes la rivière en louvoyant à la sonde, we turned up the river by our lead. Prendre la sonde, to strike soundings. Avons-nous pris la sonde? are we in soundings? Nous avons SOMBRER, son-bra, sous voile, v. n. Mar. repris la sonde, we have again struck sound-to over-set, founder. Le corsaire que nous shassions a sombré sous voile dans un fort fond de corail, the depth of water was 30

fathoms over a bottom of coral. Relère [l'homme de la sonde, spell the lead. Les sondes sur ce plan sont d'une grande exactitude, the soundings in this draught are very accurately laid down. Etre sur les sondes, to be in soundings. Prendre les sondes d'une passe, d'une baie, etc. to take the soundings of a channel, of a bay, etc. V. Passer.

SONDER, son-da, v. a. to sound; (une plaie) to search, probe; (quelqu'un) to sound, sift, pump, worm a secret out of. Sonder le gué or le terrain, to sound a business, see whether a thing is feasible. Sonder, v. a. Mar. to round, strike soundings, heave the lead. Sonder la pompe, to sound the well. Le grand canot sonda la passe avant que nous y donnas-sions, the barge sounded the channel before we entered it.

SONDEUR, s. m. sounder.

Songe, sonz, s. m. dream; shadow.

Songe-creux, sonz-kreu, s. m. dreaming man, dull, melancholy, saturnine man.

SONGE-MALICE, s. m. & f. mischievous or

unlucky person, plotter of mischief.

Songen, son-za, v. a. & n. to dream or be in a dream. Songer à, to think of, mind, look to, consider, have in one's thoughts or mind or eye. Songer creux, to be in a brown

Songeur, son-zeur, s. m. & f. dreamer;

thoughtful or melancholy man. Sonica, so-ni-ka, adv. in the nick of time,

at the very moment.

Sonnaille, so-nal, s. f. bell hung at the

neck of cattle, etc. when feeding.

SONNAILLER, so-na-la, v. n. to ring the bells often and without necessity.

SONNANT, E, sô-nen, nent, adj. sounding, that has a clear sound. Espèces sonnantes,

hard money.

Sonner, so-na, v. n. to sound, have a sound; to ring; to strike; to be rung for, be striking. Sonner du cor, to blow or wind the horn. Sonner, v. a. to ring, sound; (le dîner, le sermon, etc.) to ring for. L'horloge a sonné onze houres, the clock has struck eleven. No sonnez mot, speak not a word, be silent or

Sonnerie, son-ri, s. f. a ring of bells; clock-work.

Sonnet, so-ne, s. m. sonnet.

SONNETIER, s. m. maker or seller of little

bells. SONNETTE, sô-nêt, s. f. bell, little bell; little round bell; engine to drive in piles

Sonneur, so-neur, s. m. ringer; (de cor) blower.

SONNEZ, sô-nê, s. m. (au trictrac) two sixes.

SONORE, sô-nor, adj. sonorous, loud.

Sopeur, s. m. numbness.

SOPHI, s. m. sophi. SOPHISME, sô-fism, s. m. sophism, fallacy,

SOPHISTE, so-fist, s. m. sophister, caviller. Sorhistique, so-fis-tik, adj. sophistical, captious, fallacious, deceitful.

SOPHISTIQUER, so-fis-ti-ka, v. a. to sophisticate, adulterate; also to act the sophis-

Sophistiquerie, so-fis-tik-rl, s. f. sophism, sophistry, fallacy, cavil.

SOPHISTIQUEUR, so-fis-ti-keur, s. m. sophisticator.

SOPHONISTES, s. m. pl. censors in Athens. SOPORATI-F, VE, so-pô-rå-tif, the, adj. soporiferous, soporifick.

SOPORATIF, S. m. soporifick.

Soporeu-x, se, Soporifère, Soporifique, sô-pô-rèu, rèuz, sô-pô-rèi, adj. soporiferous, soporifick. Sor, V. Saur.

Sorbe, sôrb, s. f. sorbs. Sorbet, sôr-bê, s. m. sherbet. Sorbier, sôr-biã, s. m. sorb or service-

Sorbonique, sôr-bô-nîk, s. f. thesis of divinity, so called, because sustained in the hall of the Sorbonne at Paris.

SORBONISTE, s. m. a doctor of the Sorbonne. Sorcellerie, sor-sel-rl, s. f. sorcery, witchcraft.

SORCIER, sor-sia, s. m. wizard, witch, sor-

cerer, conjurer.

SORCIER, E, adj. bewitching. Sorcière, sor-sier, s. f. witch, hag, sor-

ceress. SORDIDE, sor-did, adj. sordid, base, filthy,

dirty, niggardly. SORDIDEMENT, sc.-did-men, adv. sordid

ly, filthily, dirtily, niggardly. SORDIDITÉ, s. f. sordidness.

Sore & Soret, V. Saur. Sorer & Sorir, V. Saurir.

SORIE, s. f. Spanish wool.

SORNETTE, sor-net, s. f. tale or idle story, fiddle faddle, flams, nonsense. Sororial, E, adj. sisterly, of a sister.

SORT, sor, s. m. chance, hazard; fate, destiny; lot; spell or charm. Sort principal,

principal sum. SORTABLE, sor-tabl, adj. suitable, equal.

SORTE, sort, s. f. sort, kind, manner, way, fashion. De la sorte, de cette sorte, thus, in this manner. De telle sorte, so, in such a manner. De sorte que, en sorte que, so that, insomuch that. Faire en sorte que, to endeavour so far that, contrive it so that. Sortes, s. f. pl. Les sortes d'un libraire, the books printed for a bookseller, a bookseller's stock books.

Sortie, sortl, s. f. going out, exporting or exportation, way out, sally. A la sortie de, at the going out of, at the breaking up of, at the getting up from, clc. L'escadre de Brest a fait une sortie, the Brest fleet has come out,

or has been at sea. Sortilége, sor-ti-laz, s. m. witchcraft,

sorcery.

SORTIR, sor-th, v. n. to go or come or step out, go abroad, get out, issue, go or come forth; make out; stick out, come or get off, go beyond; to come or shoot or peep out, break out; (in painting) to come forward; to exhale, issue; to come, be born, spring. Fuire sortir, to get or drive or strike or squeeze or turn or put out. Sortir, v. a. to get or bring out, bring off. Sortir, v. a. Mar, Sortir un bâtiment du bassin. to undock a vessel, take a vessel out of dock. Sortir du port, to go out of harbour. Sortir du poste, to come out of the sick list. Sortir de dessus le chantier, to be just off the stocks. Sortin à la sonde d'une baie, to run out of a bay by the sound. Sortir d'un port à la voice, to sail out of a harbour. Sortir d'un port à le

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, ford : mood, good.

touée, to warp out of a harbour. Sortir d'un détroit en louvoyant, to work out of a strait. Sortir le boutefeu à la main, to sail prepared (in every respect) for immediate action. L'escadre de Brest est sortie, the Brest fleet is at sea. Nous sortimes avec peine du milieu des écueils où nous nous étions engagés, we got out with difficulty from the midst of the shoals among which we had been. Le bâtiment eut un hau qui sortit de ses houquières par la force du roulis, the ship rolled one of her beams out of the clamps.

SORTIR, s. m. Ex. Au soitir de, at the

time or instant of getting out of.

Sot, Tr., sô, sôt, adj. & s. sottish, silly, simple, foolish, foppish, dull; sot or fool, a silly creature, simpleton, blockhead.

SOTTEMENT, sot-men, adv. foolishly, sim-

ply, idly.

so-tiz, s. f. sottishness, folly, or SOTTISE, silliness; folly, piece of folly, foolish trick; abusive language.

SOTTISIER, s. m. collection of trash.

Sou, sôo, s. m. sou or sous, French penny, pennyworth. As some writers use sou in compound words instead of sous, V. Sous.

Soueassement, soo-bas-men, s. m. base and foot of a pillar, patten of a pillar, bases

Soubresaut, soobr-so, s. m. gambol. Sourrette, soo-bret, s. f. waiting-woman.

Soubreveste, soobr-vest, s. f. upper coat without sleeves.

Souche, soosh, s. f. log or stump, blockhead; stock (of a race, of an anvil;) stack (of chimneys.)

SOUCHET, s. m. kind of free stone (and the worst sort of it;) kind of rush, sort of duck.
Souci, soo-si, s. m. care, carking care, so-

licitude, thought, concern; also marigold.

Soucier (SE) se-soo-si-a, de, v. r. to care or have a respect for, to mind, be careful or take care of, be anxious for.

Soucieu-x, se, soo-si-eu, euz, adj. careful,

morose, carking, anxious.

Soucoupe, soo-koop, s. f. salver, saucer. Soudain, E, son-din, den, adj. sudden, unlooked for.

SOUDAIN, adv. suddenly, upon a sudden; forthwith, presently.

SOUDAINEMENT, soo-den-men, adv. suddenly, upon a sudden.

SOUDAINETÉ, s.f. suddenness.

Soudan, s. m. sultan.

*Soudard, soo-dar, s. m. soldier, old weather-beaten soldier.

Soude, sôod, s. f. kali or salt-wort, soda. Soude, e, adj. soldered.

Souder, soo-da, v. a. to solder.

Soudeur, s. m. solderer.

Soudover, soo-dwa-ya, v. a. to keep (soldiers) in pay.

*Soudre, soodr, une question, v. a. to resolve a question.

Soudrille, soo-dril, s. m. & adj. rascally, pilfering soldier.
SOUDURE, soo-dur, s. f. soldering, solder,

part where metal is soldered.

Souffert, E, adj. (from Souffrir) suffered, endured, etc.

Soufflage, soo-flaz, s. m. glass-blowing. Mar thick sheathing of a ship which gradually decreases (till reduced to nothing.)

. Soufflant, E, adj. blowing.

Souffle, soofl, s. m. breath; puff or blowing. Il n'y a pas un souffle de vent, there is

not a breath of wind.

SOUFFLER, soo-fla, v. n. to breathe, fetch one's breath, blow, to breathe thick and short, puff and blow; to reply, object, complain, take notice of; to work in chymistry. Souffler aux oreilles de quelqu'un, to whisper in one's car, prompt one to, put one upon. Souf-fler, v. a. to blow; (une chandelle) to blow out; (de la poussière) to blow off; to prompt or suggest, whisper. "Souffler la discorde or le feu de la discorde, to blow the coals, sow dissension. Souffler une dame, (au jeu de dames) to huff, blow a man. Souffler un emploi à quelqu'un, to blow one up, trip up one's heels.
Souffler, v. a. Mar. Souffler les canons, to

scale the guns. Souffler un hâtiment, to sheathe a ship (by increasing the bearings of her with a thick sheathing which diminishes in thickness every quarter of an inch till it is

reduced to nothing.)

Soufflerie, s.f. bellows, bellows of a pair of organs; also, the working in chymis-

ry.
Soufflet, soo-fle, s. m. bellows, pair of bellows; box or cuff or blow on the ear; also

Souffletade, s. f. repeated blows on the Souffleter, soofl-ta, v. a. to box or cuff,

give a box on the ear. Souffleteu-R, se, soofl-teur, teuz, s. m.

& f. boxer or cuffer.

Souffleu-R, se, soo-fleur, fleuz, s. m. & f. blower, whisperer or prompter, blower (sort of whale) also one that is in search of the philosopher's stone.

Soufflure, s. f. hollow, cavity.

Souffrance, soo-frens, s. f. suffering, misery, trouble, affliction, grief; toleration, connivance.

Souffrant, E, soo-fren, frent, adj. suffering ; patient.

Souffre-Douleur, soofr-doo-leur, s. m.

drudge. Souffreteu-x, se, soofr-teu, teuz, adj. needy, poor, miserable.

Souffrin, soo-frir, v. a. to suffer; bear, abide or endure, undergo, bear with, tolerate, wink or connive at, permit, allow, give the leave of, let, admit of, be liable to; (un assaut, un siege) to stand; (un affront) to brook, put up with. Souffrir, v. n. to suffer. Mar. to suffer, etc. Votre mâture a-t-elle souffert dans le coup de vent? how did your masts and yards stand the gale? Vaisseau qui a sonffert dans le mauvais temps, weather-beaten ship.

Soufre, soofr, s. m. sulphur, brimstone. Soufree, soo-fra, v. a. to do over or smoke with brimstone, dip in brimstone. Soufree

du vin, to sophisticate wine with brimstone, burn brimstone in a vessel, and fill it with wine afterwards.

Sougarde, soo-gard, s. f. guard (of a gun. lock.)

Sougorge, soo-gorz, s. f. throat-band of a bridle.

Souhait. soo-e, s. m. wish. desire, vow. A souhait, to one's wish, to one's heart's desire, according to one's mind, as one would have it.

Souhaitable, soo-ê-tabl, adj. desirable, to be wished or desired.

SOUHAITER, soo-ê-tà, v. a. to wish, desire,

wish or long for, to be pleased to have. Souhaiter le bonjour à quelqu'un, to wish one good day.

Soutlle, s. f. soil or slough or mire (of a wild boar.) Souille, Mar. bed (of a ship or impression made by her bottom on the mud

after having lain aground.)
Soutler, soo-la, v. a. to foul, dirty, stain; defile or pollute, spot or stain. Se souiller, v. r. to wallow in the soil; also to stain one's self, etc.

Soullon, soo-lon, s. young sloven or slut;

scullion.

Soulllure, soo-lur, s. f. spot, stain, blemish, blot, blur, filth, filthiness, uncleanness, impurity.

Soul, E, soo, sool, adj. full, glutted, surfeited, satiated, cloyed, wearied, tired, sick;

drunk, fuddled.

Soul, soo, s. m. fill, belly-full.

Soulageant, E, adj. easing, comfortable.

Soulagement, soo-laz-men, s. m. ease,

relief, comfort.

Soulager, soo-la-za, v. a. to ease, disburden, lighten, help, relieve, comfort, lessen, abate, allay or alleviate. Se soulager, v. r. to comfort one's self, grow easy, etc. Soulager les coins d'un mât, Mar. to ease the wedges of a mast.

Soulandres, s. f. V. Solandres.

Soulant, E, soo-len, lent, adj. filling, cloying.

*Soulas, so-la, s. m. comfort, solace. Souler, so-la, v. a. to fill one, give one his fill, satiate; make drunk, fuddle. Se sonler, v. r. to fill or glut or cloy or surfeit one's self, to eat one's belly full, drink too much, to

make one's self drunk. Soulèvement, soo-lev-men, s. m. rising, insurrection, revolt, rebellion, sedition; indignation; (des flots) swelling; (de cœur) sick-

Souleven, sool-va, v. a. to lift or raise or heave up; to excite rebellion, revolt or insurrection; to raise the indignation of; (comme les flots) to raise, toss. Se soulever, v. r. to take up arms, rise, rise up in arms, revolt; (parlant de la mer) to swell. Soulever, v. n. Ex. Le cœur lui soulere, his or her heart rises. Faire soulever le cœur, to turn one's stomach, to make one's stomach rise or wamble.

Souleur, soo-leur, s. f. sudden fright.

Soulier, soo-lia, s. m. shoe. Souligner, soo-li-gna, v. a. to underline,

underscore (a word or phrase.) *Souloir, soo-lwar, v. n. (only used in the imperfect.) (Je soulois, il souloit) to be wont

or used. Soumettre, soo-mêtr, v. a. (like mettre)

to subdue, subject, bring under, bring under subjection, humble, submit, refer. Se soumettre, v. r. to submit or yield, consent, engage one's seif, be bound.

Soumis, E, adj. subdued, etc. according to

Soun-ttre.

Scimission, soo-mi-sion, s. f. submission, hum.ity, respect; also subscription; and recognizance.

SOUMISSIONNAIRE, s. m. subscriber for an undertaking.

Soumissionner, v. a. to subscribe for an undertaking.

Soupape, soo-pap, s. m. sucker (of a pump,) valve (of the heart.)

Sourcon, soop-son, s. m. suspicion, jea-lousy, distrust, fear; surmise, conjecture; slight appearance; very small quantity.

fear or distrust; surmse, conjecture, or think. Sourconneu-x, se, soop-so-neu, neuz, adj. suspicious, distrustful, jealous, full of fears.

Soure, soop, s. f. soup, parridge, pottage; sippet or sop. Irre comme une soupe, as drunk as a toast. Aller or venir manger la soupe (or de la soupe) de quelqu'un, to go or come and dine with one. Soupe au perroquet or soupe au rin, soup with wine. Soupe, V. Souper. s. m.

Soupente, soo-pent, s. f. the main braces (of a coach,) loft for a servant's bed.

Souper, soo-pa, v. n. to sup, eat one's

Souper or Soupe, soo-på, s. m. supper. Faire un bon souper, to eat a good supper.

Après-sonper, between supper and bedtime. Sourkser, soop-za, v. a. to weigh or poise with the hand.

Sourière, soo-pier, s. f. soup-dish.

Soupir, soo-pir, s. m. sigh; (in nusick) minim rest. Un sonpir de Bacchus, a belch. Pousser des soupirs, to sigh, fetch sighs. dernier soupir, the last gasp.

SOUPIRAIL, sôo-pî-ral, s. m. a breathing-hole, vent, air-hole, spiracle.

Soupirant, soo-pi-ren, s. m. lover, admirer.

Soupiren, soo-pi-ra, v. n. to sigh, fetch sighs. Soupirer pour, to be in love with. Soupirer après, to pant after, long for, wish earnestly for, court.

Soupireur, s. m. Ex. Un soupireur universel, a general lover, a dangler.

Souple, soopl, adj. supple, limber, pliant, easy to be bent, flexible, pliable, tractable, docile, easy, humble, complaisant.

SOUPLEMENT, adv. submissively. Sourcesse, soo-ples, s.f. suppleness, pliant-

ness, nimbleness, tractableness, complaisance. Souquenille, sook-nil, s. f. frock (for u coachman or groom.)

Souquen, v. a. Mar. to taughten, heave close (any seizing, etc.) Attention à bien souquer les garcettes de tournevire, mind how you clap your nippers on. Sonque bien les garcettes de ris, tie your points close. Source, soors, s. f. source, head, spring,

fountain, fountain head, root, cause, occasion. beginning, principle, bottom.

Sourcil, soor-si, s. m. brow, eye-brow. Sourciller, soor-si-la, v. n. to move the eye-brow, knit the brow.

Sourchteu-x, se, soor-si-leu, leuz, adj.

high, lofty, steep.

Sourd, E, soor, soord, adj. deaf, that cannot hear, inexorable, dull, hollow, confused, secret. Nombre sourd, surd number. Lanterne sourde, dark lantern. Lime sourde fine smooth file. Il court un bruit sourd, 'tis whispered about. Faire la sourde oreille to pretend to be deaf, give no ear or heed to

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

Sourd, E, s. m. & f. deaf man or woman. Sourd, V. Sourdre.

Sourdand, E, soor-do, dod, s. m. & f. one that is deafish or thick of hearing.

SOURDELINE, s. f. kind of bag-pipe. SOURDEMENT, soord-men, adv. in a dull manner, secretly, confusedly, without noise, underhand, privately. On entendoit gronder le tonnerre sourdement, the thunder made a hollow rumbling noise.

SOURDINE, soor-din, s. f. little pipe put into the mouth of a trumpet to make it sound low; mute (for a fiddle.) A la sourdine, si-

lently, privately.

Sourder, soordr, v.n. (only used in the infinitive and third person pres. indicat. sourd) to spring, rise or issue (as waters do.)

SouriceAu, soo-ri-so, s. m. little or young

mouse.

Souricière, soo-ri-sièr. s. f. mouse-trap. Sourire, soo-rir, v.n. (like rire) to smile or simper. Sourire à, to smile at or upon.

Sourire, soo-rir, s. m. smile or simpering. Souris, soo-ri, s. f. mouse; s. m. smile or

simpering.

Sournois, E. adj. & s. sullen, silent, saturnine, gloomy, close, that conceals his designs; sullen or silent or reserved creature.

Sous, soo, prep. under; upon. Etre sous la main de quelqu'un, to depend upon one, be under one. Passer sous silence, to pass over or by in silence. Scus le vent, Mar. leeward. write Soû) is joined to several substantives to express what is under some person or thing, either by position or quality. Most of these compounds are here given, and for those which are not here, the reader is referred to the simple word, which may be rendered compound in English by adding to it Sub or Under. Sous-bail, s. m. underlease. Sousbibliothécaire, m. under-librarian. Sous-brigadier. m. sub-brigadier. Sous-chantre, m. sub-chanter. Sous-commis, m. under-elerk, sub-commissioner. Sous-depensier, m. undercaterer. Sous-diaconat, m. sub-deaconship. Sous diacre, m. sub-deacon. Sous doyen, m. sub-dean. Sous doyené, m. sub-deanship. Sous-ferme, f. under-lease. Sous-fermier, m. under-farmer. Sous-gouvernante, f. under-governess. Sous-gouverneur, m. under-governor. Sous-ingénieur-constructeur, m. Mar. builder's assistant. Sous-locataire, m. undertenant. Sous-maître, m. under-master, usher. Sous-mattre in inder-mistress, under-teach-er. Sous-pénitencier, m. sub-penitentiary. Sous-précepteur, m. under-tutor, under-pre-ceptor. Sous-prieur, m. sub-prior. Sous-prieure, f. sub-prioress. Sous-sacristain, m. under-sexton, under-sacristan. · Sous-secrétaire, m. under-secretary, under-clerk. Sous-vicaire, m. sub-vicar. Sous-vicariat, m. subvicarship. Some other words, thus compounded, and especially verbs, follow in alphabetical order.

Sous-Affermer, v. a. to under-lease, un-

der-let, take an under-lease of.

Sous-BARBE, s. f. chick under the chin. Sous-barbe, Mar. Sous barbe de beaupré, bob stay. Sous-barbe, shore (placed under the stern-post of a ship while on the stocks.)

Souscripteur, soos-krîp-teur, s. m. sub-

cerber.

Souscription, soos-krip-sion, s. t. subscription, signature.

Souscrire, soos-krir, v. a. (like écrire) to subscribe, set one's hand or name to. Souserire à, v. n. to subscribe or consent to.

Sous-Entendre, soo-zen-tendr, v. a. to understand, leave understood. Cela se sousentend, that's understood.

Sous-entendu, E, adj. understood, left understood.

Sous-entente, sooz-en-tent, s. f. mental reservation. Sous-freter (un bâtiment.) Mar. to un-

der-freight (a vessel.)

Sous-fermer, V. Sous affermer.

Sous-gueule, s. f. riband worn by wo-

Sous-Lourn, v. a. to rent a part of a house

that another helds on a lease.

Sous-multiple, s. m. sub-multiple. Soussiené, e, soo-sì-gnà. adj. signed, sub-

scribed, under-written.

Soussigner, soo-si-gna, v. a. to sign, subscribe, set one's name to.

Sous-tangente, s. f. subtangent.
Sous-traction, soos-trak-sion, s. f. subtraction; also drawing or taking away. Soustraction d'obédience, withdrawing of obedience.

Soustraire. soos-trer, v. a. (like traire) to draw, to take, withdraw, keep from, pur-loin, abridge, get away, draw away, entice away; (in arithmetick) to subtract. Se sous-traire à, v. r. to set one's self free from, shake off, shake off the yoke of, fly from. Se sous traire de la puissance palernelle, to forsake one's duty to a father.

Soustrait, E, adj. (from scustraire) got

away, purloined, etc.

Sous-VENTRIÈRE, s. f. large band of leather fixed by both ends to the shafts of a cart. and placed under the thill horse's belly.

Soutane, soo-lan, s. f. cassock.

Soutanelle, soo-ta-nel, s. f. short cassock.

Soute, soot, s. f. balance of an account. Soute. Mar. store-room. Soute an pain. bread-room. Soute aux hardes, slop-room. Soute aux poudres, magazine, powder-room. Soute oux roiles, sail-room. Soute du commis. the steward's-room. Soute vitrée, light-room. Soutenable, soot-nabl, adj. warranta-

ble, maintainable, that may be defended.

Soutenant, soct-nen, s. m. respondent. SOUTENEMENT, s. m. prop; (in law) defence.

SOUTENEUR, soot-neur, s. m. bully (in houses of ill fame.)

Soutenir, soot-nir, v. a. (like tenir) to sustain; bear, hold up. uphold or support; to bear, endure, stand to; to strengthen, give strength to, fortify; to maintain, assert, vouch, hold, justify, defend, refute the arguments made against; to stand, stand out, maintain, hold out, make good; to keep up. maintain, support; to countenance, assist, defend, back, support. Se soutenir, v. r. to stand up or upon one's legs; also to bear or keep one's self or itself up, hold, hold out, wear well; to hold, hold out, not to flag.

Soutenir, Mar. La marée nous soutient, we have the tide under our lee. Nous nous soutiendrons en mettant la grande voile et por tant plein, we shall hold our own by setting

the main sail and keeping clean full. Le général neus envoya pour soutenir les chasseurs, the admiral sent us to support the chasing ships. Notre chef de file soutint tout le feu de la ligne ennemie, our van-ship stood all the tire of the enemy's line.

Soutenu, E, adj. (from soutenir) borne or

kept up, etc. Souterrain, e, soo-tê-rin, rên, adj. sub-

terraneous, under-ground.

Souterrain, s. m. vault, subterraneous place or passage; also secret practice, un-der-hand dealing.

Soutien, soo-tien, s. m. stay, prop, support. SOUTIRAGE, soo-ti-raz, s. m. racking.

SOUTIRER, soo-ti-ra, v. a. to rack (!iquor.)

SOUTRAITANT, s. m. under-farmer. SOUTRAITER, v.a. to under-farm.

*Sourenance, soov-nens, s. f. remem-

Souvenir, soov-nir, s. m. remembrance,

memory, recollection.
SOUVENIR, (ss) de, v. r. (like venir) to remember, recollect, call to mind, have in memory, mind, be mindful of, take care of. Il leur souvient, they remember.

Souvent, soo-ven, adv. often, oftentimes, frequently. Le plus souvent, most times, most-

ly, generally, most frequently.
*Souvente-fois, soo-vent-fwa, adv. often. Souverain, E, soov-rin, ren, adj. sovereign, chief, highest, excellent; absolute, supreme. Le souverain bien, the supreme good or chief happiness.

Souverain, s. m. sovereign,

Souverainement, soov-rên-mên, adv. sovereiguly, independently, absolutely, like a sovereign, magisterially; perfectly, most, excellently, extremely, entirely.

Souverainere, soov-ren-ta, s. f. sove-

reignty, supreme power; dominions of a

sovereign prince.

Soveu-x, se, swa-yeu, yeuz, adj. thick,

silky, silken, soft, fine.

SPACIEUSEMENT, spå-sièuz-mên, spaciously, widely, at large. SPACIEU-X, SE, spa-sièu, seuz, adj. spa-

cious, broad, large, wide.
SPADASSIN, spa-da-sin, s. m. bully, hector.

SPADILLE, spå-dil. s. m. spadille.

SPAGIRIQUE or SPAGYRIQUE, adj. f. spagyrick.

SPAHI, spå-1, s. m. spahi (Turkish trooper.) SPALT, s. m. spalt, founder's stone. SPAR, s. m. V. Spath.

SPARADRAP, spå-rå-drå, s. m. cereclotli. SPARSILE, adj. f. scattered (star.)

SPARTAIN, E, adj. Spartan, of Sparta or Lacedemon.

SPARTIATE, s. m. Spartan.

SPARTAN, s. m. Mar. sort of junk or grass

employed to make cordage.

SPASME, spasm, s. m. spasm.

SPASMODIQUE, spås-mô-dik, adj. spasmodick.

SPATH, s. m. spar, crystal. SPATULE, spå-tůl, s. f. spatula, slice. SPÉCIAL, E. spå-siål, adj. special. particu-

lar, singular.
SPÉCIALEMENT, spä-siål-men, adv. spe-

cially, especially, particularly, sit gularly. Specialité, spå-så-li-tå, s. t speciality, specification, particular or special expression.

SPÉCIEUSEMENT, spå-sièuz-men, adv. speciously, plausibly.

Spécieu-x, se, spå-sièu, sièuz, adj. specious, fair, plausible.

SPECIFICATION, spå-si-fi-kå-sion, s. f. spe-

cification or specifying.

Spécifier, spå-sî-lî-â, v. a. to specify or

particularize, mention in express terms.

Specifique, spa-si-fik, adj. specifick, or specifical, particular.

Spécifique, s. m. specific or specific re-

medy.
Spécifiquement, spå-si-fik-men, adv.

specifically

SPECTACLE, spěk-tákl, s. m. spectacle, show or sight, pageant.

Spectateur, spêk-tâ-têur, s. m. spectator, beholder or looker on, ocular witness. SPECTATRICE, spêk-tå-tris, s. f. female be-

holder.

Spectre, spêktr. s. m. spectre. sprite, phantom, ghost, spirit, apparition, vision.

Speculaire, adj. f. (art) specular art.

Speculateur, spå-kù-lå-leur, s. m. speculator; observer (of the stars etc.)

SPÉCULATI-F, VE, spå-ků-lå-tíf, tlv, adj. speculative, contemplative.

SPÉCULATIF, s. m. speculative, mad spe-

culator.

Spéculation, spa-humory.
lation, contemplation; theory.
Spéculative, s, f, speculation, theory.
Spéculative, s, f, speculation, theory.
Spéculative, spa-ku-la, v, a, to speculate,
speculative view or observe. Spéculer sur,
madi-

v. n. to speculate, or contemplate, or meditate upon.

SPERMATIQUE, sper-ma-tik, adj. spermatical.

Spermatiser, v. n. to spermatize, eject sperm.

SPERMATOCÈLE, s. f. spermatocele. SPERMATOLOGIE, s. f. spermatology SPERME, sperm, s. m. sperm or seed.

Sperme de baleine, spermaceti. SPHACÈLE, s. m. spliacelus, gangrene.

SPHACELE, E, adj. sphacelated. SPHERE, sfer, s. f. sphere. globe, circle or orb (of a planet,) knowledge of astronomy, province, way, employment, authority, reach of power, compass. Apprendre la sphère, to learn the globes or the use of the globes.

Sphericité, sfa-rl-sl-ta, s. f. sphericity.

SPHÉRIQUE, sfå-rik, adj. spherical, orbi-

cular, round. SPHÉRIQUEMENT, sfå-rik-men, adv. sphe-

rically, round. SPHÉRISTIQUE, s. f. the art of playing at tennis.

SPHÉROIDE, sfå-ro-ld, s. f. spheroid.

SPHINX, sfinks, s. m. sphinx. SPICILEGE, s. m. collection.

SPINAL, E, adj. spinal, belonging to the

back bone. SPINELLE, adj. spinel. Rubis spinelle,

spinel ruby.

SPIRAL, E, spî-râl, adj. & s. f. spiral.

SPIRALE, s. f. spiral line.

SPIRALEMENT, adv. spirally. SPIRATION, s. f. spiration.

SPIRE, spir, s. f. spire or curve line.

SPIRITUALISATION, spî-rî-tů-â-lî-zâ-sîon s. f. spiritualization.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

SPIRITUALISER, spî-rî-tû-â-lî-ză, v. n. to spiritualize; explain in a spiritual manner, give a godly or mystical sense to; to extract spirits from mixed bodies.

SPIRITUALITÉ, spi-ri-tů-å-li-tå, s. f. spi-

rituality.

SPIRITUEL, LE, spî-rî-tů-êl, adj. spiritual, incorporeal, witty, ingenious, godly, allegorical.

SPIRITUEL, s. m. Ex. Le spirituel et le temporel d'une église, the spiritualities and temporalities of a church.

SPIRITUELLEMENT, spî-rî-tû-êl-mên, adv. spiritually, wittily, ingeniously, acutely, mystically, in a spiritual or mystical sense.

SPIRITUEU-X, SE, spî-rî-tû-èu, èuz, adj.

spirituous, full of spirits.

SPLEEN, s. m. spleen, melancholy, hypochondria.

SPLENDEUR, spen-deur, s. f. splendour, brightness, glory, magnificence, pomp.
SPLENDIDE, splen-did, adj. splendid, glo-

rious, magnificent, stately, noble.

Splendidly, gloriously, magnificently, nobly. SPLÉNIQUE, adj. splenick. SPODE, s. f. spodium.

SPOLIATEUR, s. m. plunderer, robber. SPOLIATION, spô-ll-å-sion, s. f. spoliation,

spoiling, despoliation.

SPOLIER, spo-li-a, v. a. to spoliate, spoil, bereave, strip

SPONDATQUE, adj. Ex. Vers spondarque, spondaick verse.

Spondée, spon-da, s. m. spondee.

Spondyle, s. m. spondyle, vertebre. Spongieu-x, se, spon-zî-eu, euz, adj.

spongious or spongy.
Spontane, r, spon-tå-nå, adj. spontane-

ous, free, voluntary.

SPONTANÉITÉ, spon-tå-nå-î-tå, s. f. spontaneity. SPONTANÉMENT, adv. spontaneously, vo-

luntarily. SPONTON, V. Esponton.

Sporadique, adj. sporadical, not epidemick.

SPORTE, sport, s. f. mendicant friar's basket.

SPUTATION, spů-tå-sion, s. f. sputation.

SQUAMMEUSE, adj. squamous, sealy. SQUELETTE, ske-let, s. m. skeleton, anato-

my; very lean person.
SQUILLE, s. f. squill, sea-onion, sea-leck; sort of fish.

SQUINANCIE, V. Esquinancie.

SQUIRE, skir, s. m. scirrhus

SQUIRREU-X, EUSE, ski-reu, reuz, adj.

seirrhous. ST; interj. hush, peace here; here, here.

STABILITÉ, stå-bî-lî-tå, s. f. firmness, strength, stableness, stability; permanency. Stabilité, s. f. stiffness. Le bâtiment a perdu de sa stabilité depuis sa dernière sortie, the ship is not so stiff as she was when she last sailed.

STABLE, stabl, adj. firm, strong, solid, stable, sure, constant, durable, lasting.

STACE, s. m. stacte.
STADE, s'ad, s. m. stadium, race, furlong. STAGE, s m. residence (of a monk in his

STAGNANT, E, ståg-nen, nent, adj. stagnant. STAGNATION, stag-na-sion, s. f. stagnation. STALACTITE, s. f. stalactites.

STALLE, stål, s. m. seat or stall in a choir for a dignified clergyman.

STAMPE, s. m. marking-iron for negroes. Interval between the veins of a mine.

STANCE, stens, s. f. stanza; (in the plural) stanzas, odes, copies of verses.

STANTÉ, E, adj. stiff, elaborate, not free. STAPHILOME, s. m. tumour on the corner

of the eye resembling a grape seed.
STARIE, s. f. Mar. demurrage. Jours de

starie, lay-days.

STAROSTE, s. m. Polish lord. STAROSTIE, s. f. fief granted by the kings of Poland.

STASE, s. f. stagnation of blood or humours. STATÈRE, stå-ter, s. f. Roman weight, steelyard.

STATHOUDER, stå-tôo-der, s.m. Stadtholder. STATHOUDERAT, stå-too-då-rå, s. m. office of the Stadtholder.

STATION, stå-sion, s. f. station, pause ; visit to a church to obtain indulgencies. Mar. sta-Etre en station, to be tion, cruising ground. on a (particular) station.

STATIONNAIRE, stå-siô-ner, adj. stationary. STATIONNALE, s. f. church where stations are made. V. Station.

STATIONNER, v. a. & n. Mar. to station Notre bâtiment fait partie de l'escadre sta-tionnée devant le Texel, our ship belongs to the squadron stationed off the Texel.

STATIQUE, stå-tik, s. f. staticks. STATUAIRE, stå-tid-er, s. m. statuary, car-

ver, stone-cutter.

STATUE, stå-tů, s. f. statue, figure. STATUER, stå-tů-å, v. a. to enact, ordain,

decree or determine. STATURE, sta-tur, s. f. stature, height, size.

STATUT, stå-tů, s. m. statute, by-law.

STÉATITE, s. f. soap-stone. STÉATUCÈLE, V. Spermatocèle.

STÉATOME, s. m. steatoma (sort of tumour.) STÉGANOGRAPHIE, stå-gå-nô-grå-fi, s. f. steganography. STÉGNOTIQUE, adj. stegnotiek.

STELLIONAT, s. m. stellionate, cheat, cozcnage.

STELLIONATAIRE, s. m. cheat that has mortgaged or sold a thing twice.

STENTÉ, adj. m. stiff, not free. STENTORÉE, adj. f. Ex. Voix stentorée,

stentorian or very strong voice.

STÉRÉOGRAPHIE, s. f. stereography. STÉRÉOMÉTRIE, s. f. stereometry.

STÉRÉOTOMIE, s. f. the art of cutting all sorts of solid bodies.

STÉRÉOTYPAGE, s.m. act of stereotyping. STÉRÉOTYPÉ, adj. stereotyped. STÉRÉOTYPER, v. a. to stereotype (in

France, to solder moveable types into a solid body, in England and U. States, to cast a solid plate of types.)

STERFLE, stå-ril, adj. sterile, barren, un fruitful, fruitless, of searcity, empty, dry,

sorry, poor.
STÉRILEMENT, adv. barrenly. Ex. Elle récut stérilement les six premières armées de son mariage, she was barren the first six years of her marriage

STÉRILITÉ, stå-rl-li-tå, s. f. sterility, bar renness, unfruitfulness; (de blé) scarcity,

(d'un sujet) etc. poorness, emptiness, dry-

STERLING, ster-lin, adj. m. & s. sterling. STERNUM, ster-nom, s. in. sternon, breastbone.

STERNUTATI-F, VE, stêr-nû-tå-tîf, tlv, adj.

sneezing, sternutative. STERNUTATOIRE, stêr-nû-tâ-twar, adj &

s. m. sternutatory, sneezing powder. Stiblé, E, adj. stibial (medicines.)

STIL DE GRAIN, s. m. yellow colour used in painting.

STIGMATES, etc. V. Stugmates, etc. STILE, STILER, STILET, sti-le. V. Style,

STIMULANT, E, adj. pungent.

STIMULER, v. a. to stimulate, excite by some pungent motive.

STIPENDIAIRE, stî-pên-dier, adj. & s.

stipendiary, receiving a stipend. STIPENDIER, sti-pen-dla, v. a. to keep in

pay, allow a stated pay to. STIPULANT, E, sti-pů-len, lent, adj. stipu-

lating, covenanting. STIPULATION, sti-pu-la-sion, s. f. stipula-

tion, covenant, clause

STIPULER, sti-po-la, v. a. to stipulate, co-

venant or agree. STOICIEN, NE, stô-î-siên, siên, adj. stoical,

severe, austere, rigid.

STOICIEN, s. m. stoick, philosopher.
STOICISME, stô-i-sism, s. m. stoick fortitude or austerity: philosophy of Zeno.
STOIQUE, stô-ik, adj. stoical, unconcerned,

insensible.

STOTQUEMENT, sto-ik-men, adv. like a stoick.

STOCKFICHE, s. m. stockfish.

STOMACAL, LE, stô-må-kål, adj. cordial,

good for the stomach. STOMACHIQUE, stö-må-shik, adj. & s. m. stomachial, stomachiek.

STORAX, s. m. storax (tree and gum.)

STORE, stor, s. m. curtain for a window.

STRABISME, s. m. strabism, squinting. STRANGULATION, stren-gu-la-sion, s. strangulation.

STRANGURIE, stren-gå-rl, s. f. strangury. *STRAPASSER, v. a. to drub, bang, thrash. STRAPASSONNER, stra-på-sô-nå, v. a. to

paint in a rough or unskilful manner. STRAPONTIN, strå-pon-tin, s. m. stool or

cricket. Mar. hammock.

STRAS, stra, s. m. paste (in imitation of diamonds, invented by Stras.)

STRASSE, s. f. the tow, refuse of silk.

STRATAGEME, strå-tå-2em, s. m. strata-gem, trick (of war;) cunning, subtlety, device. STRATIFICATION, s. f. stratification.

STRATIFIER, v. a. to arrange in strata. STRATOCRATIE, s. f. stratocracy, military

government. STRIBORD, stri-bor. V. Tribord.

STRICT, E, strikt, adj. strict. STRICTEMENT, adv. strictly, exactly, with

rigorous accuracy. STRIÉ, E, adj. striate, striated.

STRIES, s. f. striæ, hollows or chamferings.

STROPHE, stroff, s. f. strophe, stanza. STRUCTURE, struk-tur, s. f. structure,

building, construction.

STRYGES, s. m. sort of hobgoblin, vampire. STUC, stůk, s. m. stucco.

STUCATEUR, stå-kå-teur, s. m. maker of stucco-work.

STUDIEUSEMENT, stå-dieuz-men, adv. studiously, sedulously.

STUDIEU-X, SE, stå-dleu, dleuz, adl. studious, bookish.

STUPEFACTI-F, VE, adj. stupefactive. STUPEFACTION, std-på-fåk-sion, s. f. stupefaction.

STUPÉFAIT, E, stů pê-fê, fêt, adj. stupified, astonished, amazed.

STUPÉFIANT, E, adj. stupifying, benumbing. STUPÉFIER, stů-på-fla, v. a. to stupify or

benumb, astonish, amaze STUPEUR, stů-peur, s. f. stupor, numbness. STUPIDE, adv. stupid, blockish, dull; as-

tonished, amazed, stupified.
STUPIDE, stu-pid, s. m. & f. blockhead,

dunce, loggerhead.

STUPIDIMENT, stů-přd-mčn, adv. stupid-ly, blockishly, dully. STUPIDITÉ, stů-př-dř-tå, s. f. stupidity, dul-

ness, blockishness. STYGMATES, s. m. pl. prints or marks,

stigmata. STYGMATISÉ, E, adj. stigmatized, disgrac-

ed with marks of reproach. STYGMATISER, v. a. to stygmatize, mark with a brand

STYLE, stil, s. m. style; pin; (d'un cadran) pin, cock, needle; way, humour; (du palais) practice.

STYLER, sti-la, v. a. to train or bring up. use or accustom.

STYLET, s. m. stiletto.

STYPTIQUE, adj. styptick. STYRAX, V. Storax.

STYX, s. m. Styx.

Su, E, adj. (from sayoir) known. Su, s. m. Ex. Sans le su (à l'insu) du roi, without the king's knowledge. Suabe, s. f. Suabia.

SUAIRE, så-er, s. m. winding sheet. SUANT, E, adj. sweating, in a sweat.

Suasion, s. f. persuasion, enticement, instigation.

SUAVE, så-av, adj. sweet.

SUAVITÉ, sû-à-vî-tà, s. f suavity, sweetness.

SUBALTERNE, så-bål-tern, adj. & s. m. subaltern, subordinate, inferiour, inferiour officer or judge; understrapper. Subdélégation, sûb-då-lå-gå-sion, s. f.

subdelegation.

Subnélégué, såb-då-lå-gå, s. m. subdelegate or deputy.

SUBDÉLÉGUER, sůb-då-lå-gå, v. a. to sub-

delegate or substitute, appoint to act under one's self. Subdiviser, sůb-dî-vî-za, v. a. to subdi

vide. Se subdiviser, v. r. to be subdivided. Subdivision, sub-di-vi-zion, s. f. subdivision.

SUBGRONDE, s. f. V. Severonde. SUBHASTATION, sub-has-ta-slon, s. f. port sale, open sale, sale by auction.

SUBHASTER, v. a. to sell by auction.

Subi, E, adj. undergone, etc.

Subjonctif, sûb-zonk-tîf, adj. & s. m. subjunctive. Le mode subjonctif or le subjonctif, s. m. the subjunctive mood or the subjunctive. The French subjunctive is used only on account of a circumlocution by which the bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: fleld, tig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

verb of that action or situation which is the principal subject of the discourse is (by means of the conjunction que; or of a conjunctive pronoun, such as qui, que, dont, quoi, on, etc.) rendered dependent on another verb, which deprives it of its natural function or form or of that full tone of some affection of the mind with which that verb would be pro-nounced if employed singly. Ex. It is proper you should take your precautions, (for take your precautions with the tone of advice,) il est à propos que vous preniez vos précautions. Do you believe he intends to speak of it? (being nearly equal to does he intend to speak of it?) croyez-vous qu'il ait dessein d'en parler? I do not believe that he intends to speak of it (being nearly equal to he does not intend to speak of it) je ne crois pas qu'il ait dessein d'en parler. He is the greatest orator I ever knew, (I never knew a greater orator,) c'est le plus grand orateur que j'aie jamais connu. I do not see any body but agrees that he is rash, (every body agrees that he is rash,) je ne vois personne qui ne convienne qu'il est temeraire. I am sorry that he has come, je suis fáché qu'il soit venu.

Subir, sû-bîr, v. a. to undergo, suffer. Subir la loi du vainqueur, to yield to or receive

laws from the conqueror. SUBIT, E, sû-bî, bît, adj. sudden, unthought

of, unlooked for, subitaneous. Subitement, sû-bit-mên, adv. suddenly. Subjuguer, sûb-zû-gã, v. a. to subjugate, subdue, conquer, bring under or into subjec-

SUBLIMATION, så-bli-må-sion, s. f. sublimation.

SUBLIMATOIRE, s. f. matrass used in sublimation.

Sublime, su-blim, adj. sublime, lofty, high, great.

SUBLIME, s. m. sublime, lofty style. SUBLIMÉ, sů-blî-må, s. m. sublimate. SUBLIMEMENT, sů-blím-mên, adv. sub-

limely. SUBLIMER, sử-blî-mã, v. a. to sublimate. Sublimité, sû-blî-mî-ta, s. f. sublimity,

loftiness, greatness. SUBLINGUAL, adj. sublingual, placed under the tongue.

SUBLUNAIRE, sû-blû-ner, adj. sublunary. SUBMERGER, sůb-mêr-zå, v. a. to submerge, drown, put under water, sink.

SUBMERSION, sub-mer-sion, s. f. submersion, inundation, drowning.

SUBMISSION, sub-mi-sion, s. f. submission. SUBORDINATION, sû-bor-dî-nâ-sîon, s. f. subordination, dependence.

SUBORDINÉMENT & SUBORDONNÉMENT, ad 7. subordinately.

SUBORDONNER, så-bor-do-na, v. a. to subordinate, set under another.

*Subornateur, s. m. suborner. Subornation, su-bor-na-slon, s. f. suborning or subornation.

SUEORNER, sû-bôr-na, v. a. to suborn, de-bauch, corrupt, draw in, tamper with; (des témoins) to procure or prepare false wit-

Suborneu-R, se, så-bor-neur, neuz, s. m.

& f. suborner, debaucher.

SUBRÉCARGUE, sû-brå-kårg, s. m. supercargo.

Subrécot, så-brå-kå, s. m. new reckon-

ing, after reckoning.

SUBREPTICE, sû-brêp-tîs, adj. subrepti
tious, got by stealth.

SUBREPTICEMENT, så-brêp-tis-mên, adv subreptitiously. SUBREPTION, sû-brêp-sion, s. f. subreption.

Subroge, e, adj. surrogate, surrogated. Subroger, sû-brô-zå, v. a. to surrogate,

substitute, depute. SUBSÉQUEMMENT, såb-så-kå-mên, adv

subsequently or after. SUBSÉQUENT, E, sûb-sâ-kan, kant, adj. subsequent, next following, coming after.

SUBSIDE, sub-sid, s. m. subsidy, aid, tax. SUBSIDENCE, s. f. sediment, subsidence. SUBSIDIAIRE, sûb-sî-dîèr, adj. subsidiary,

auxiliary. SUBSIDIAIREMENT, sûb-sî-dîer-mên, adv.

subsidiarily.

SUBSISTANCE, sub-sis-tens, s. f. subsistence, sustenance, subsistence money.

SUBSISTER, sub-sis-ta, v. n. to subsist, ex-

ist, stand or be, continue, have a being, live; be in force. Faire subsister, to maintain. SUBSTANCE, substance, be

ing, matter, subsistence, wealth, means of life. En substance, summarily, in substance. SUBSTANTIEL, LE, sûbs-tên-sîêl, adj. sub-

stantial, Substantiellement, såbs-ten-siel-men,

adv. substantially. Substantif, subs-ten-tif, adj. & s. m. substantive.

subs-ten-tiv-mên. SUBSTANTIVEMENT, adv. substantively.

SUBSTITUER, subs-ti-tua, v. a. to substitute, surrogate; entail.

Substitut, såbs-ti-tå, s. m. substitute; deputy. Substitut du procureur général du

roi, deputy attorney or solicitor-general.
SUBSTITUTION, subs-tl-tu-slon, s. f. entail; substitution.

SUBTERFUGE, sub-ter-fuz, s. m. subterfuge, shift, evasion, escape, hole to creep out at.
Subtil., E. sab-til, adj. subtile, thin, fine,
small, quick, keen, sharp, cunning, ready.
Subtilement, sab-til-men, adv. subt.le-

ly, cumingly. SUBTILISATION, sub-ti-li-za-sion, s. f. sub

tilization. SUBTILISER, sub-ti-li-za, v. a. to subtilize. Subtiliser, v. n. to subtilize, use subtilties;

SUBTILITÉ, sub-ti-li-tà, s. f. subtility, craft,

subtle trick or cunning fetch.

Subvenir, subvenir, (à) v. n. (like venir) to relieve, help, assist or supply, be able to do or bear; (with the auxiliary avoir.)

Subvention, sub-ven-sion, s. f. supply, aid, subsidy.

Subversion, såb-ver-slon, s. f. subver-

sion, ruin, overthrow. Suc, sak, s. m. moisture, juice, gravy, substance, quintessence.

Succidente, adj. succedaneous. Succiden, sûk-så-då, (à) v.n. to succeed;

come next or after; prosper; inherit.

Succès, sûk-se, s. m. success, issue, event, prosperity, good luck.

SUCCESSEUR, sûk-sê-sêur, s. m. successor. Successi-F, ve, suk-se-sif, siv, adj. successive, succedaneous.

Succession, såk-së-sion, s. f. succession, inheritance, lineage, process, course

Successivement, sûk-sê-slv-mên, adv.

successively.

Succin, s. m. amber.

Succinet, E, såk-sin, sint, adj. succinet, short, brief, concise, but small.

SUCCINCTEMENT, sik-sint-men, adv. briefly, succinctly, in few words, lightly.
Succion, sak-slon, s. f. sucking.

Succomber, så-kon-bå, v. n. to fall or

sink, faint, yield, be overcome.

SUCCUBE, s. m. devil that under the shape of a woman lies with a man (popular super-

Succulent, E, så-kå-len, lent, adj. juicy,

full of gravy, nourishing, strong. Succursale, så-kår-sål, adj. f. Eglise succursale, chapel of ease.

SUCEMENT, sûs-mên, s. m. sucking. SUCER, sû-sû, v. a. to suck; drain by little and little another's purse, suck the substance of.

Suceur, så-seur, s. m. sucker or one who

sucks a wound.

Suçoir, s. m. sucker, what serves to suck

Suçon, sõ-son, s. m. red spot made on the skin by sucking it, or an eager kiss.
Suçoter, sõ-sõ-tà, v. a. to suck over and

over.

Sucre, sust, s. m. sugar. Sucre, e, sû-kra, adj. sugared, sweet, luscious; coy, precise, demure, shy, reserved. Sucrea, su-kra, v. a. to sugar, sweeten

with sugar. SUCRERIE, så-krê-ri, s. f. sugar-house or

work. Sucreries, sweet things, things done

with sugar, sweetmeats. SUCRIER, så-kri-å, s. m. sugar-box.

SUCRIN, så-krin, adj. m. Ex. Melon sucrin,

sugar or luscious melon.
*Suction, s. f. suction, sucking

Sud, sud, s. m. south. Sud, Mar. south. Du sud, southerly, southern. Sud-est, southeast. Sud-ouest, south-west. Vent e southerly wind. Vent de sud-est, Vent du sud. easter. Vent de sud-ouest, south-wester. plus au sud, southern-most. De sud, au sud, southward. Sud-ouest 3 degrés ouest, southwest 1-4 west. Entre le sud et le sud quart sud-est, south 1-2 east.

Sudorifère or Sudorifique, adj. sudorific.

Suporifique, så-dô-rî-fîk, s. m. sudorific. SUEDE, s. f. Sweden.

Suépois, E, adj. & s. Swedc. *Suée, sû-à, s. f. sudden and great fear. Il a eu la suée, he has been frightened, he

even sweated for fear.

Suer, sû-â, v. n. to sweat, be in a sweat, labour, toil and moil, take pains.

SUEUR, sû-cur, s. f. sweat or sweating, labour, toil. Mettre en sueur, to make sweat,

put in a sweat.

SUFFIRE, så-fir, v. n. to suffice, be sufficient or enough, be sufficiently able, answer be able to bear, satisfy, content. Il suffit, it suffices, it is sufficient or enough.

SUFFISAMMENT, så-fl-zå-men, adv. sufficiend,, enough, well enough, abundantly.
SUFFISANCE, så-fl-zens, s. f. sufficiency, fill, that which is enough, competency; ability,

capacity; pride, vanity, conceit, presumption. A suffisance, enough, sufficiently.
SUFFISANT, E, su-fi-zen, zent, adj. suffi-

cient, enough, able; arrogant, proud, haughty, conceited.
SUFFISANT, s. m. proud man, conceited

coxcomb.

SUFFOCANT, E, su-fô-kan, kant, adj. suf-

focating, choking, stifling.

SUFFOCATION, så-få-kå-sion, s. f. suffoca-

tion, stoppage, stifling, choking or smothering. SUFFOQUER, sû-lô-kû, v. a. to stifle, choke, suffocate, smother. Suffoquer de co-lère, to choke with rage.

SUFFRAGANT, sû-fra-gan, adj. m. Ex. Evêque suffragant or Suffragant, s. m. suf-

fragan bishop, suffragan.

SUFFRAGE, su-fraz, s. m. vote, voice, suffrage; approbation, commendation.

SUFFUMIGATION, sh-fh-ml-ga-slon, s. f. sulfumigation.

SUFFUSION, su-fu-zion, s. f. suffusion. Suggéren, sûg-zâ-râ, v. a. to suggest or

prompt, put upon Suggestion, suggestion, s.f. suggestion,

persuasion or prompting, solicitation.

Suicide, sul-sid, s. m. suicide, self-murder, self-murderer.

Suie, sål, s. f. soot.

Suif, suif, s. m. tallow, suet. Suif, Mir coat, stuff, (coat of tallow, soap, sulphur, etc. with which a vessel's bottom is payed.) Don-ner un suif or le suif à un bâtiment, to pay a ship's bottom, grave a ship.

SUINT, sain, s. m. Ex. Suint de laine, filth or oiliness of sheep's wool before it is

washed,

SUINTEMENT, s. m. sweating, dropping. SUINTER, suin-ta, v. n. to run out, sweat, drop or give (said of liquors, lumours, etc.)

Suisse, suis, s. f. Switzerland.

Suisse, s. m. Swiss, Switzer; porter (in a
great man's house.) Un cent suisse, a yeoman of the guard.

A la swisse, after the Swiss way or fashion.

Suisserie, s. f. porter's lodge. Suite, sûit, s. f. retinue, train, attendance, attendants; series, order, succession; sequel, consequence, what follows; (dans un discours) coherency, agreement, connection; sequel, continuation; set; mortgage. De suite, together, one after another. Tout de suite. immediately, altogether, at once. Dans la suite du temps, in time, in process of time, in succeeding times. V. Ensuite.

SUIVANT, E, sůi-vèn, vènt, adj. next, following. Une demoiselle suivante, a waiting gentlewoman. Un gentilhomme suivant, a

gentleman waiter.

Sulvant, sui-ven, s. m. the next.

Sulvant, prep. according or agreeable or pursuant to. Suivant que, as, according as. Suiver, v. a. to tallow. Suiver un rais-

seau, Mar. to grave a ship, pay a ship's bot-

Sulvi, E, adj. followed, etc. V. Snivre also coherent; contrived, laid; flocked to or frequented.

Suivre, saivr, v. a. to follow, go or come after, guard, attend, accompany, wait upon, go along with, pursue, prosecute, give way to, gratify, include one's self in; (la loi) to conform to.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Sujet, Te, adj. subject, obliged, bound, liable, in subjection, apt, inclinable.
Sujet, Te, så-zå, zåt, s. m. & f. subject

Sujet, s. m. occasion, motive, cause, reason, matter; also person. Un bon sujet, a person fit for an employment.

Sujétion, sû-zå-sion, s. f. subjection, slavery, dependence; troublesome assiduity.

SULPHUREU-X, SE, sûl-fû-reu, reuz, adj. sulphureous, sulphurous, full of brimstone, like brimstone.

SULTAN, sul-ten, s. m. sultan.

Sultane, s. f. sultaness.

SUPER, v. n. Mar. to stop or close itself (speaking of a leak.) Il faut que la roie d'eau ait supé, car le bâtiment est étanché, the leak must be accidentally stopped, for the ship makes no water.

*Superbe, sû-pêrb, s. f. pride, arrogance,

haughtiness, vain-glory.

SUPERBE, adj. proud, stately, high-flown, arrogant, self-conceited, magnificent, rich, costly, noble.

SUPERBEMENT, sů-perb-men, adv. proudly, haughtily, arrogantly, stately, sumptuous-

ly, costly, magnificently, nobly, richly.
SUPERCHERIE, sû-pêrsh-rl, s. f. cheat,

trick, fraud.

SUPERFÉTATION, sû-pêr-fâ-tâ-sîon, s. f. superfetation.

SUPERFICIE, sû-pêr-fî-sl, s. f. superficies, surface, outside.

SUPERFICIEL, LE, sů-pêr-f l-slêl, adj. superficial, outward. SUPERFICIELLEMENT, sû-pêr-fî-sîêl-mên,

adv. superficially, in a superficial manner. Superfin, E, sû-pêr-fin, fîn, adj. & s. m.

superfine.

SUPERFLU, E, sů-pêr-flů, flu, adj. superfluous, over-much, enough and to spare, unnecessary, needless.

SUPERFLU, s. m. superfluity, overplus,

more than is needed.

SUPERFLUITÉ, sů-pêr-flů-î-tå, s.f. superfluity, overplus, more than is needed, excess.

SUPÉRIEUR, E, sû-på-rieur, adj. superiour, upper or uppermost.

Supérieur, E, s. m. & f. superiour; one of our betters.

SUPÉRIEUREMENT, sů-på-rieur-men, adv. better, nobly, in a masterly manner. Supériorité, sû på rî-ô-rî-tå, s. f. superi-

ority, pre-eminence, excellence

SUPERLATI-F, VE, sû-pêr-lâ-tîf, tiv, adj. & s. m.Ex. Le degré superlatif or le superlatif, s. m. the superlative degree. Au degré superlatif, superlatively, in the highest de-

SUPERLATIVEMENT, sû-pêr-lâ-tlv-mên,

adv. superlatively.

SUPERPURGATION, s. f. superpurgation. SUPERSÉDER, sû-pêr-så-då, v. n. Ex. Superséder aux poursuites, to supersede or demur the proceedings.

SUPERSTITIEUSEMENT, sû-pêrs-tî-sîèuz-

mėn, adv. superstitiously, scrupulously.

SUPERSTITIEU-X, SE, sū-pērs-tī-sièu,
sièuz,adj. &s. superstitious, scrupulous, overnice; superstitious man or woman, bigot.

Strenstition, su-pers-ti-sion, s. f. superstitio 1, scrupulousness, over-nicety.

S .PIN, så-pin, s. m. (in grammar) supine.

SUPPLANTATEUR. sử-plên-ta-têur, s. m. supplanter (said of Jacob.) SUPPLANTER, sû-plen-ia,v. a. to supplant :

undermine, trip up the heels of.

Suppléer, sû-pla-å, v. a. to supply or make up, fill up. Suppléer à, v. n. to supply, make up, recompense, make amends for. SUPPLEMENT, sû-pla-mên, s. m. comple-

ment, supplement.

SUPPLIANT, E, su-pli-en, ent, adj. suppli-

ant, humble. SUPPLIANT, E, s. m. & f. petitioner, sup-

pliant. SUPPLICATION, sů-plî-kå-sion, s. f. sup-

plication or prayer, petition or suit.

SUPPLICE, sd-plis, s. m. punishment; torment, pain. Le dernier supplice, death.

Supplicier, sû-plî-sîà, v. a. to execute. SUPPLIER, su-pli-a, v. a. to beg, humbly

to beg, entreat, pray, supplicate.
SUPPLIQUE, så-plik, s. f. petition.
SUPPORT, så-por, s. m. support, prop, help, assistance, protection, defence. ports, (in heraldry) supporters

SUPPORTABLE, sú-pôr-tabl, adj. supporta-

ble, 4olerable.

SUPPORTABLEMENT, sů-pôr-tabl-mên, adj. tolerably well, pretty well.

SUPPORTER, sû-pôr-tâ, v. a. to suffer, bear, bear with, endure; bear up, prop up, countenance, back, favour.

Supposed, etc. supposed, counterfeit, supposititious, false. Supposé que, suppose that, suppose the case to be that.

Supposer, så-på-zå, v. a. to suppose or grant, take forgranted, put the case; pretend, forge, counterfeit.

Supposition, su-po-zi-sion, s. f. supposition, supposal, supposing, forging or coun-

terfeiting; forgery. SUPPOSITOIRE, sû-pô-zî-twar, s. m. sup-

pository Suppôt, sử-pò, s. m. pimp, agent; member or fellow (of the university of Paris.)

Suppression, su-pre-sion, s. f. suppressing or suppression; (d'urine) stoppage, stran-

SUPPRIMER, så-pri-må, v. a. to suppress or put down, smother, take off, conceal, or pass over in silence.

SUPPURATI-F, VE, så-på-rå-tif, tlv, adj.

suppurative.
Suppuration, sû-pû-râ-sîon, s. f. suppu-

ration, imposthumation. Suprurer, su-pu-ra, v. n. to suppurate,

gather to a head, matter, run with matter.
SUPPUTATION, sû-pû-ta-sion, s. f. supputation, computation, reckoning.

SUPPUTER, sû-pû-tå, v. a. to compute

reckon or cast up. SUPRALAPSAIRE, adj. & s. supralapsarian Suprématie, sû-prâ-mâ-si, s. f. supre-

macy SUPRÈME, sû-prèm, adj. supreme, sove-

reign, highest.

SUR, sdr, prep. on, upon, over, by, near, in, about, towards, out of. Avoir or porter sur soi, to have or carry about one. Sur ma part de paradis, as I hope to be saved. Ils sont en différent sur un seul point, they differ only in one point. Je me réglerai sur son exemple, I shall regulate myself by his exam-

Se tenir sur le bout des pieds, to stand on tip toe. Sur-le-champ, extempore, offhand, immediately. Sur et tant moins de, on account of. Surtout, over all, above all,

above all things, above any thing, socially. Son, E, sur, sur, adj. sure, certain, unquestionable, infallible, steady, safe, secure, out of danger, trusty, faithful. A coup sûr,

infallibly, certainly, without fail. SUR, E, adj. sour, sourish.

SURABONDAMMENT, sů-rå-bon-då-měn, adv. superabundantly, more than enough.

SURABONDANCE, så-rå-bon-dens, s. f. superabundance, excess, superfluity.
SURABONDANT, E, su-ra-bon-den, dent,

adj. superabundant, excessive, superfluous.

SURABONDER, sů-rå-bon-då, v. n. to superabound, predominate.

SURACHETER, sů-råsh-tå, v. a. to buy too

dearly, pay too much for.

SURAIGU, E, adj. (in musick) very sharp. SURANNATION, sû-rân-nâ-sîon, s. f. growing out of date, superannuation.

SURANNÉ, E. Su-ra-na, adj. superannuated, grown out of date, stale, antiquated.
SURANNER, v. n. Ex. Laisser suranner une

date, to let the time elapse.

SURARBITRE, sûr-år-bitr, s. m. umpire. SURARD, adj. of elder. Vinaigre surard, vinegar of elder flowers.

SURBAISSÉ, E, sůr-bê-så, adj. elliptick (said of arches.)

SURBANDE, sur-bend, s. f. fillet rolled over

Surcens, s. m. additional charge over

and above the quit rent. SURCHARGE, sur-sharz, s.f. new or increas-

ed charge or burden or load, surcharge.

SURCHARGER, sûr-shâr-sâ, v. a. to over-charge, oppress, over-burden. Mar. to over-press, over-load. Surcharger un bûtiment, to over-load a vessel. Le bâtiment se trouwa si surchargé de voiles qu'il manqua de chavirer, the ship was so overpressed with sail, that she had like to overset.

SURCHAUFFURES, s. f. pl. flaws, defects

in steel.

Surcomposé, E, adj. doubly compound said of tenses, as après que j'ai eu fini ma lettre, je l'ai envoyée à la poste.

SURCOMPOSÉ, s. m. result of the combina-

tion of compounded bodies.

Surconception, s. f. superfetation. Surcroissance, sur-krwa-sens, s. f. excrescence.

Surcroit, sûr-krwa, s. m. increase, addition, surplusage, overplus.

SURCROÎTRE, sûr-krwatr, croitre) to grow out (as an excrescence.)

SURDENT, sur-den, s. f. gag-tooth. dents d'un cheval, wolves' teeth.

SURDITÉ, sůr-dî-tå, s. f. surdity, deafness. SURDORÉ, E, sůr-dô-rå, adj. double-gilt.

SURDORER, v. a. to double-gild. Surpos, s. m. porter's pad, leather strap

that holds up the traces (of a coach horse.) SUREAU, sû-r', s. m. elder-tree, elder. SURÉCOT, s m. new-reckoning, after-

reckoning. SUREMENT, sur-mên, adv. surely, cer-

tainly, safely, securely.

SURENCHÈRE, su-ren-sher, s. f. outbidaing.

SURENCHÉRIR, sů-rén-shå-rír, v. a. outbid, give more than another.

SURÉROGATION, sû-râ-rô-gâ-sîon, s. f. su-

pererogation.

SURÉROGATOIRE, sů-rå-rô-gâ-twar, adi. supererogatory.

SURET, TE, sû-rê, rêt, adj. sourish.

SURETÉ, sur-ta, s. f. safety, security ; (de main) steadiness.

SURFACE, sur-fas, s. f. surface, superficies. SURFAIRE, sûr-fer, v. a. (like faire) to ask too much for (merchandise.)

SURFAIX, sûr-fê, s. m. surcingle, ong girth. SURGEON, sûr-zon, s. m. sucker, shoot, sprig; issue, descendant; (d'eau) spout, gush.

SURGIR, sur-zir, v. n. to come to land, to land (used chiefly in the infinitive.)

SURHAUSSEMENT, sů-ros-měn, s. m. overrating.

SURHAUSSER, sû-rô-så, v. a. to over-rate, raise the price too high; (un mur, une voute) to raise higher.

· SURHUMAIN, E, adj. supernatural.

SURINTENDANCE, su-rin-ten-dens, s. f. superintendency.

SURINTENDANT, su-rin-ten-den, s. m. su-perintendent; chief overseer or surveyor.

Surintendante, s. f. the superintendent's

SURJALÉ, E, adj. Mar. foul of the anchor stock.

Surjet, sûr-zê, s. m. whip or seam, overcasting.

SURJETER, sůrz-tå, s. m. to whip or seam,

SURLENDEMAIN, sur-lend-min, s. m. the day after the morrow, two days after, third

day. Surlier, (un cordage) Mar. to whip (a

rope.)
SURLIURE, s. f. Mar. whipping (of a rope.) Surlonge, sur-lonz, s. f. sirloin (of beef.) SURMENER, sûrm-na, v. a. to founder, over-ride, jade (beasts.)

SURMESURE, s. f. over-measure.

SURMEULE, s. f. runner, upper stone of a mill.

SURMONTER, sůr-mon-tå, v. a. to go over, overwhelm; to surmount, go beyond, excel, pass, out-do, surpass.

SURMOUT, sur-moo, s. m. must, new wort or wine.

SURMULET, s. m. a sea-fish.

Surnager, sůr-nå-zå, v. n. to swim over, on, upon or at the top; to float.
*Surnaître, v. n. (like naître) to grow

upon or over.

SURNATUREL, LE, sûr-nâ-tû-rêl, adj. supernatural, beyond nature.

SURNATURELLEMENT, sur-na-tu-rel-men,

adv. supernaturally, preternaturally.
SURNOM, sûr-non, s. m. surname.
SURNOMMER, sûr-nô-mà, v. a. to surname,

give the surname. SURNUMÉRAIRE, sůr-nů-mã-rer, adj. su-

pernumerary Suros, su-ro, s. m. splent. Suros cheville or double, screw or thorough splent.

SURPASSER, sur-pa-sa, v. a. to go over, overtop; to go beyond, exceed or excel, surpass.

Surpayer, sår-pê-yà, v. a. to overpay. SURPEAU, s. f. epidermis, upper skin.

bar, bat, base: thère, ébb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

SURPENTE, s. f. Mar. guy (extending from the head of the main mast to that of the fore mast, to which a tackle is fixed for hoisting in or out weighty goods in merchant ships.) Surpentes des basses vergues. V. Suspente.

SURPLIS, sûr-plî, s. m. surplice.

SURPLOMB, s. m. slopeness (not plumb.) SURPLOMBER, v. n. to slope, not be plumb.

SURPLUS, sår-plå, s. m. over-plus, remainder, surplus, surplusage. Au surplus, furthermore, for the rest. Pour le surplus, moreover, besides.

SURPOIDS, s. m. over-plus (in weight.) SURPRENANT, E, sûr-prê-nen, nent, adj. surprising, wonderful, strange, amazing, un-

expected, unlooked for.
SURPRENDRE, sûr-prendr, v. a. (like prendre) to surprise, to take napping, come unawares upon, interrupt, amaze, astonish, overreach, abuse, deceive, circumvent, impose upon, be too cunning for, get surreptitusly, (des lettres) to intercept. La nuit me surprit, night overtook me. La pluie nous surprit, we were caught in the rain.

Surprendre, Mar. Nous surprimes au mouillage un lougre qui débarquoit de la contrebande, we came unawares on a lugger at anchor that was landing smuggled goods. Ce vaissean fut surpris par le grain ayant toutes voiles dehors, that ship was caught in the

squall with every sail set.

SURPRIS, E, adj. (from Surprendre) sur-

prised, etc.

SURPRISE, sur-priz, s. f. surprise or surprising, amazement, oversight, errour, mis-take, cheat, fraud, trick, deceit, fallacy, abuse, copiousness.

SURSAUT. sůr-sò, s. m. surprise, sudden surprise. S'éveiller en sursaut, to start out of

one's sleep.

SURSÉANCE, sûr-så-èns, s. f. demurrer, stop

put to the proceedings.

SURSEMER, sůrs-må, v. a. to sow over again.

Surseoir, sûr-swar, v. a. to suspend, demur, put off, stop, reprieve. Surseoir au jugement d'un procès, to put off the judgment of a cause.

SURSEUIL, s. m. head piece of a door, lintel. SURSIS, E, adj. (from Surseoir) supersed-

ed, put off, stopped, etc.

Sursis, sûr-sî, s. m. demurrer, delay, reprieve.

SURSOLIDE, s. m. sursolid.

SURSTARIE, s. f. Mar. demurrage.

SURTAUX, sur-to, s.m. over-assessment. SURTAXER, sůr-ták-så, v. a. to over-rate,

over-assess. SURTOUT, sur-too, s. m. surtout, upper

coat. V. Surtout at Sur.
SURVÉCU, part. V. Survivre.
SURVEILLANCE, s. f. superintendence, inspection.

SURVEILLANT, sůr-vê-lèn, s. m. inspector, overseer, overlooker.

SURVEILLE, sûr-vêl, s. f. day before yesterday, two days before

SURVEILLER, sůr-ve-là. à or sur, v. n. to inspect, oversee, overlook, have an eye upon, watch.

*Survenance, surv-nens, s. f. coming in unexpectedly, sudden arrival

SURVENANT, E, sûrv-nên, nênt, adj. & s. that comes in by chance, chance guest.
SURVENDRE, sûr-vêndr, v a. to sell too

dear, exact, over-rate.

SURVENDU, E, adj. (from Surrendre) sold too dear, etc.

SURVENIR, sôrv-nîr, v. n. (like venir) to come in unlooked for or unexpectedly.

SURVENTE, sorv-vent, s. f. overrate, ex-

cessive rate, selling extravagantly dear.

SURVENTER, v. n. Mar. to over-blow blow hard. Si les vents passent an sudouest, il surventera, should the wind fly round to the south-west it will blow hard.

SURVENU, E, adj. come upon suddenly,

come in unlooked for.

Survenu, s. m. Ex. A la santé des survenans et des survenus, here is a health to all the chance-guests come or to come in.

SURVIDER, sůr-vî-då, v. a. to lighten a vessel or sack which is too full.

SURVIE, sår-vl, s. f. survivance, out-living

SURVIVANCE, sur-vi-vens, s. f. survivorship, reversion. SURVIVANCIER, sůr-vî-vên-síå, s. m. he

that has got a reversion or survivorship.

SURVIVANT, E, sûr-vî-vên, vênt, s. m. & f. survivor, longest liver.

SURVIVEE, sur-vivr, a, v.n. (like vivre) to survive, out-live. Il a survecu à son homneur, he has outlived his character. Se survivre à soi-même, to lose one's faculties.

Sus, sus, interj. up, come, come on, come

Sus, prep. (sur) Ex. Courir sus à quel-qu'un, to fall upon one. En sus, besides, over and above, more.

SUSCEPTIBILITÉ, s. f. susceptibility.

Susceptible, sû-sép-tîbl, adj. susceptible, capable.

Susception, su-sep-sion, taking or going (into holy orders.)

Suscitation, su-si-ta-sion, s. f. tion, motion, instigation, persuasion.

Susciter, sů-sî-tå, v. a. to raise, raise up, create.

Suscription, sûs-krîp-sîon, s. f. super-scription, direction (of a letter.)

*Susdit, e, sûs-dî, dît, adj. aforesaid, be-

fore or above mentioned.

Suserain, V. Suzerain.

Suspect, E, sůs-pěkt, adj. suspicious, suspected, mistrusted.

SUSPECTER, v. a. to suspect.

Suspendre, sås-pendr, v. a. to hang up. hang; to suspend; put off, stop, dclay, stay, supersede; to keep in suspense or doubt.

Suspendu, E, adj. hanged up, etc. V.

Suspendre.

Suspens, sús-pen, adj. m. Ex. Prétre suspens, priest suspended. En suspens, in suspense, in doubt, in a quandary, still depend-

ing, undecided. Suspense, sus-pens, s. f. suspension. Etre

en suspense, to be suspended.

Suspensi-F, ve, adj. suspending. Suspension, sus-pen-sion, s. f. suspension,

Suspensoire, sås-pen-swar, s. m. suspender, truss.

SUSPENTE, s. f. Mar. sling. Suspentes des basses vergues, slings of the lower yards.

Suspicion, sus-pl-slon, s.f. suspicion.

SUSTENTATION, s. f. sustenance.

SUSTENTER, sûs-tên-tâ, v. a. to sustain, maintain, feed or keep alive (with food.)
SUTURE, sû-tur, s. f. suture. Les sutures

du crâne, the sutures or seams in the skull.

Suzerain, e., sůz-rin, adj. paramount. Seigneur suzerain, lord paramount. Suzeraineté, sůz-rên-là, s. f. quality of

the lord paramount.

SVELTE, svelt, adj. fine, slender, slim (in

painting.)

SYBILLE, V. Sibylle.
Sycomore, si-kô-môr, s. m. sycamore-trec. SYCOPHANTE, sl-kô-fent, s. m. sycophant.

SYLLABAIRE, s. m. primer.
SYLLABE, sî-lâb, s. f. syllable.
SYLLABIQUE, sî-lâ-bîk, adj. syllabical.

Syllogisme, sî-lô-zîsm, s. m. syllogism. Syllogistique, sî-lô-zîs-tîk, adj. syllo-

SYLPHE, SYLPHIDE, silf, sil-fid, s. m. sylph, aerial genius.

SYLVAIN, sil-vin, s. m. Sylvan (a god of the woods.)

SYMBOLE, sin-bôl, s. m. symbol, badge, sign or token; creed.

Symbolique, sin-bô-lîk, adj. symbolical. SYMBOLISER, sin-bo-li-za, v. n. to symbol-

ize, concur. Symétrie, sî-mâ-tri, s. f. symmetry, due

proportion of parts, uniformity

SYMÉTRIQUE, sî-mâ-trîk, adj. symmetrical. SYMÉTRIQUEMENT, sî-må-trik-mên, adv. with symmetry.

Symétriser, sî-mâ-trî-zâ, v. n. to be or stand in symmetry.

SYMPATHIE, sin-pa-ti, s. f. sympathy. SYMPATHIQUE, sin-pa-tik, adj. sympathetick or sympathetical.

Sympathiser, sin-på-tî-zå, v. n. to sympathize.

SYMPHONIE, sin-fo-ni, s. f. symphony,

harmony, concert. SYMPHONISTE, sin-fo-nist, s. m. sympho-

nist, performer, composer.

SYMPHYSE, s. f. symphysis. SYMPOSIAQUE, s. m. symposiack or philo-

sophical table-talk. Symptonatique, sinp-tô-må-tik, symptomatick or symptomatical.

SYMPTÔME, sinp-tôm, s. m. symptom. Synagogue, sî-na-gôg, s. f. synagogue.

SYNALEPHE, s. m. synalepha. SYNARTHROSE, s.f. synarthrosis.

SYNCHONDROSE, s. f. synchondrosis. SYNCHRONE, adj. synchronous, synchroni-

cal SYNCHRONISME, s. m. synchronism. Syncope, sin-kop, s. f. syncope, swoon.

SYNCRÉTISME, s. m. syncratism, reconciliation of different sects

SYNDÉRÈSE, sin-då-rèz, s. f. remorse, prick or sting of conscience.

STNDIC, sin-dik, s. m. syndick.

SYNDICAL, E, sin-dî-kâl, adj. syndical. SYNDICAT, sin-dî-ka, s. m. syndicate or syndickship, syndick's place.

SYNDIQUER, v. a. to syndicate, criticise u oon, find fault with.

SYNECDOCHE, sf-nek-dosh, s. f. synecdoche. SYNÉRÈSE, s. f. synecphonesis. SYNÉVROSE, s. f. sineurosis.

SYNODAL, E, sî-nô-dâl, adj. synodal.

Synodalement, sî-nô-dâl-mên, adv. in a synod or convocation.

Synode, si-nod, s. m. synod or convocation. Synodique, si-no-dik, adj. synodick.

SYNONYME, si-no-nim, adj. synonymous.

SYNONYME, s. m. synonymous word. nonymes, synonyma.

SYNONYMIE, sî-nô-nî-mi, s. f. synonymy.

SYNOPTIQUE, adj. synoptical.

Synogue, adj. & s. f. synochus, synocha. SYNOVIAL, adj. Ex. Glundes synoviales, synovial glands.

Synovie, s. f. synovy, mucilage of the

SYNTAXE, sin-taks, s. f. syntax, construc-tion of words and phrases.

SYNTHÈSE, sin-tèz, s. f. synthesis.

SYNTHÉTIQUE, sin-tå-tik, adj. synthetick. SYNTHÉTIQUEMENT, adv. by a synthetick method.

SYRINGUE, V. Seringue, and its derivatives accordingly.

Syringotomie, s. m. syringotomy.

SYROP, V. Sirop. SYRTES, S. f. V. Sirtes.

Systématique, sîs-tâ-mâ-tîk, adj. systematical.

Systématiquement, sîs-tâ-mâ-tîk-mên, adv. systematically.

Système, sis-iem, s. m. system, hypothesis; supposition, scheme, project, plan, state or posture (of affairs at court.)

Systole, s. f. systole.

T, tå, tè, s. m. 20th letter of the French alphabet.

TA, ta, (fem. of Ton) thy.

TABAC, ta-ba, s. m. tobacco; (en poudre)

TABAGIE, tå-bå-zl, s. f. smoking-room; set of smokers; small box for tobacco, pipes, and the smoking-etensils.

TABARIN, tå-bå-rin, s. m. merry-andrew, jack-pudding.

TABARINAGE, tå-bå-ri-nåz, s. m. bussoone . ry, merry-andrew's tricks.

TABATIÈRE, tå-bå-tier, s. f. snuff-box.

TABELLION, ta-be-lion, s. m. notary or

scrivener. TABELLIONAGE, tå-bê-liô-naz, s. m. nota-

ry's place or office.
TABERNACLE, ta-ber-nakl, s.m. tabernacle. TABIDE, tå-bid, adj. tabid, consumptive.

TABIS, ta-bi, s. m. tabby.

TABISER, tå-bl-zå, v. a. to make tabby-like. TABLATURE, tå-blå-tůr, s. f. musick-book. Donner de la tablature à, to puzzle, nonplus, cut out work for, create trouble to.

TABLE, tabl. s. f. table, board, house; (de cuisine) dresser. Tables (pour joner au trictrac) men. Toutes tables, backgammon. (Diamant) en table, with a flat surface. Tables, Mar. Table de loch, log board, traverse table. Tables de la route d'un bâtiment, tables

of the route of a ship.

TABLEAU, ta-blo, s. m. picture, description, representation, list. catalogue. Tableau (de vaisseau,) Mar. taffarel, flat part of the taffarel between the cove and the upper moulding whereon is placed some sculpture ll bearing an allusion to the ship's name.

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

TABLER, tå-blå, v. n. (at backgammon) to set or play one's men, to rely, depend; to

feast, make merry.

TABLETIER, tabl-tia, s. m. toy-man, maker of backgammon tables or chess-boards.

Tabletière, s. f. toy-woman, one that keeps

a toy-shop.

TABLETTE, tå-blet, s. f. shelf; lozenge, physical lozenge; (in printing) bank. Tablettes, memorandum book with ivory leaves. Tablette, Mar. rising staff, form or scale used by shipwrights when erecting the frames of the tinibers.

TABLETTERIE, tå-blet-ri, s. f. toys, toy-

man's business.

TABLIER, tå-blî-å, s. m. chess-board; apron. Tablier des voiles, Mar. tabling in the bunt of top sails

TABOURET, tâ-boo-rê, s. m. stool, low stool,

cricket; sort of plant.
TABOURIN, etc. V. Tambourin. TAC, tak, s. m. rot among sheep.

TAC-TAC, s. m. tick tack (noise regularly

repeated.)
TACET, s. m. Ex. Faire le tacet en musique,

to make a pause in musick. TACHE, tash, s. f. stain, spot, blot, speck; freckle; blur, blemish, defect.
TACHE, s. f. task.

TACHES, Ideal.
TACHER, Ideal.
TACHER, Ideal.
TACHER, Ideal.
Tacher, Ideal.
Tacher, (de) v. n. to endea-

your, strive, labour, attempt, strain; tacher à, aini at. TACHETER, tåsh-tå, v. a. to speckle or spot.

TACHYGRAPHIE, adj. tachygraphy, short-

TACHYGRAPHIQUE, adj. of or belonging to short-hand.

TACITE, ta-sit, adj. tacit, not expressed,

implied, silent.
TACITEMENT, tå-slt-men, adv. tacitly, im-

plicitly, silently. TACITURNE, tå-sî-tůrn, adj. silent, of few

words, reserved.

TACITURNITÉ, tå-sî-tůr-nî-tà, s. f. tacitur-

nity, silent humour, silence.
TACT, takt, s. m. feeling, touch, quick perception; correct judgment in matters of taste.
TACTILE, adj. tactile.
TACTION, s. f. taction.

TACTIQUE, tak-tik, s. f. tacticks, military discipline or manœuvres. Tactique narale, naval tacticks.

TAFETAS or TAFFETAS, taf-ta, s.m. taffeta. Taffetas lustré, lutestring, lustring, alamode.

TAFIA, tå-flå, s. m. rum.

TAGE, s. m. Tagus.

TAIAUT, (cri des chasseurs) tally-ho.
TAIE, te, s. f. pearl or web (in the eye;)
(d'oreiller) pillow-beer; (d'un hit de plume) tick.

TAILLABLE, tà-labl, adj. liable to the land-

tax or poll-tax.
TAILLADE, ta-/ad, s. f. slash, gash, cut. TAILLADER, ta-la-da, v. a. to slash, gash,

TAILLANDERIE, ta-len-orl, s.f. iron-ware.

TAILLANDIER, ta-len-dia, s. m. iron-mon-

ger.
TAILLANT, ta-lon, s. m. edge (of a knife, etc.) TAILLE, tal, s. f. (d'une épée) edge ; cut,

ing; (des arbres) pruning, lopping; cut. print; tally, score; size, stature, pitch; shape, waist; (de monnoie) proportion, stated part; tallage; tax, subsidy; coppice-wood; (in surgery) cutting for the stone; (in musick) tenor. Pierre de taille, free stone. Taille de bois, wood cut. Taille-douce, cut or print from a copper plate (done with the graver alone.) Taille réelle, land-tax. Taille personnelle, poll-Tailles de point or tailles de fond, Mar. tax. tacks.

TAILLE, E, adj. (from Taillir) cut, etc. also shaped, cut out for or born to. Votre frégate est bien taillé pour lu marche, your Taille, the sailing.

Taille, mer, s. m. Mar, cut water, gripe or lowest part of the ship's cut water.

Tailler, the la, v. a. to cut, cut out; (la, mer, bee) to prune.

vigne) to cut, dress; (des arbres) to prune, lop; (la soupe) to cut slices of bread for; (des pierres) to cut, hew; (une plume) to make, mend.

Tailler, v. n. (à certains jeux de cartes) to deal, play; (tailler de l'avant) Mar. to go fast through the water.

TAILLEUR, ta-lour, s.m. tailor ;(de pierres) cutter; (de monnoie) engraver; (à la bassette, etc.) banker.

TAILLIS, ta-Il, adj. & s. m. Ex. Bois taillis, or taillis, s. m. coppice-wood or copse,

coppice or under wood.

TailLoir, ta-lwar, s. m. trencher (in ar-chitecture.) V. Abaque. Taillon, ta-lon, s. m. tax raised towards the maintenance of the gendarmes.

TAILLURE, s. f. (terme de brodeur) patch. TAIN, tin, s. m. tin-plate (for mirrors.) TAIRE, ter, v. a. to conceal, keep close or

secret. Se taire, v. r. to hold one's tongue or peace or prattling, be silent, keep silence, forbear talking, be quiet or still, make no noise, be hush, yield, acquiesce, obey. Faire taire, to command or impose silence, silence, stop the mouth of, make hold his tongue, hush, still, make (a noise) cease.

TAISSON, te-son, s. m. badger. V: Tesson. TALAPOIN, s. m. eastern mendicant, heathen monk; sort of ape.

TALC, talk, s. m. talcum or talk (transparent stone.) TALED, s. m. veil used by the Jews in

their synagogues

TALENT, 1å-len, s. m. talent, or sum of money among the ancients; talent, gift, endownient, parts, ability, capacity.

TALINGUER, V. Etalinguer.

TALION, tå-lion, s. m. retaliation, like for

like.
TALISMAN, tå-lîs-mên, s. m. talisman.
tå-lîs-må-nîk, adj. t

TALISMANIQUE, tå-lis-må-nik, adj. talis-

manick.

TALISMANISTE, s. m. talismanist.

TALLE, s. f. sprig that shoots at the foot of a tree.

TALLER, v. a. to shoot forth sprigs at the foot (said of a tree.)

TALMOUSE, tal-mooz, s. f. cheese-cake.

TALMUD, s. m. talmud.

TALMUDIQUE, adj. talmudical.

TALMUDISTE, s. m. talmudist. *Taloche, tå-lösh, s. f. rap, cuff.

TALON, ta-lon, s. m. heel; spur; (de pique) cutting; seam; (de la vigne) cutting, dress- Hower end; (de rasoir) tongue; (aux cartes)

cards that remain after dealing. Montrer les talons, to make off. Mar. (de la quille) heel (after part of the keel into which the foot of

the stern post is tenoned.)

TALONNER, tå-lo-nå, v. a. to kick, urge or press hard, be close at the heels of, pursue or follow close. Mar. to strike with the (vessel's) heel. Le bâtiment talonna de manière a nous faire craindre pour le gouvernail, the ship struck with her heel so as to put us in fear for the rudder.

TALONNIER, s. m. heel-maker.

TALONNIÈRE, tå-lô-uler, s. f. Ex. Les talonnières de Mercure, the winged shoes of Mer-Talonnières de moine, heel-pieces tied

over the instep of a monk.

TALUS, ta-lu, s. m. slope, shelving.

TALUTER, ta-ld-ta, v. a. to make sloping or shelving.
TAMARIN, tå-må-rin, s. m. tamarind.

TAMARIS or TAMARISE, s. m. tamarisk, a

shrub.

TAMBOUR, ten-boor, s. m. tambour, drum, drummer; (de basque) tambour; (d'une mon-tre) barrel; (de jeu de paume) tambour: (in architecture) tambour or vase; (de menuiserie) portal. Tambour de l'éperon, Mar.wash-boards under the cheeks, doubling of the cut water. Tambour de la roue, (or de la sole) du gouvernail, barrel of the steering wheel.

TAMBOURIN, ten-boo-rin, s. m. timbrel, tabourine, tabouret, tabret, tambarine; also ta-

TAMBOURINER, ten-boo-ri-na, v. n. to tabour, drum, beat the drum or timbrel.

TAMBOURINEUR, ten-boo-ri-neur, s. m.

drummer, tabourer.

TAMIS, tâ-mî, s. m. serse or sieve. TAMISAILLE or TAMISE, s. f. sweep of

the tiller.

TAMISER, tå-må-zå, v. a. to bolt or sift. Mar. to let the wind through (as sails worn

very thin.) Ces voiles neuves ne tamisent point, mais nos vieilles voiles tamisoient beaucoup, these new sails hold the wind well, but our old ones let it all through.

TAMPON, ter-pon, s. m. bung, stopple, stopper, plug. Tumpon, Mar. plug. V. Ecubiers. Tumpon de canons, tompions.

TAMPONNER, ten-pô-na, v. n. to bung or

stop up.
TAN, ten, s. m. tan (bark.)
TANAISIE, s. f. (herb) tansy. TANCER, ten-sa, v. a. to check, rebuke,

reprimand, scold at.

TANCHE, tensh, s. f. tench (fish.)

TANDIS QUE, ten-dl-ke, conj. whilst, as long

as, so long as.

TANGAGE, s. m. Mar. pitching. Ce bâtiment a le tangage bien doux, that ship pitches

Very easy.
TANGENTE, ten-zent, s. f. tangent, tangent

TANGUER, v. a. Mar. to pitch. Nous tanguons beaucoup pour le peu de mer qu'il y a, we pitch very much for the little sea there is.

TANGUEURS, s. m. pl. lumpers.

TANIÈRE, tà-nièr, s. f. hole, lurking-hole,

den (of beasts.)
TANNE, s. f. little black spot on the face or hard pimple growing in the pores of the skin.
I ANNER, ta-na, v. a. to tan; to tire, tease.

TANNERIE, tan-rl, s. f. tan-house.

TANNEUR, tå-neur, s. m. tanner. Tanneuse, s. f. tanner's wife or widow.

TANQUEURS, S. ni. pl. quay-porters.
TANT, tên, (avec de) so mucli, as much (in sing.) so many, as many (in pl.) Soixante et tint de guinées, threescore and odd guineas.
Nous sommes tant à tant, (au jeu) we are Tous tant que nous sommes, every one even. Tous tant que nous sommes, every one of us. Tant, adv. so much, so very, so very much, so, to that degree. Tant-que, both and. Tant petits que grands, both small and great. Tant de part que d'autre, on both sides. Tant plein que vide, full or empty. Tant bon que mauvais, good and bad. Tant even. Tant bon que maurais, good and bad. plus tant moins, the more the less. plus vous l'obligerez, moins il vous aimera, the more you oblige him, the less he will love you. Taut plus que moins, more or less or thereabouts. Tunt et plus, very much, extremely. Tant meux, so much the better. Tant pis, so much the worse. Tunt pis taut mieur, be it so or not, it is all one to me. Tant y a que, however it be. Si tunt est, is so be. Tant que, as long as, so long as. Tant que, as far as, so far as. En tant que, as, considered as. Faire tant que, to labour or endeavour so far that, contrive it so that, go so far as to, do so much as to. Tant s'en faut, falloit, etc. V. Falloir.

TANTE, tent, s. f. aunt. TANTIN or TANTINET, s. m. little bit, drop,

spoonful, mouthful, etc.

TANTOT, ten-to, adv. sometimes, now and then, one while, another time; anon, by and by, presently, forthwith; a little while ago; almost.

TAON, ton, s. m. ox-fly; dun-fly, brize or gad-fly. Taon marin, s. m. sea-brize.

TAPABOR, s. m. riding cap.

TAPAGE, lå-påz, s. m. rocket, noise. TAPAGEUR, tå-på-zeur, s. m. noisy fellow.

TAPAGIMINI, s. m. noisy.

TAPE, tap, s. f. tap, pat or slap. Tape de canon, Mar. tompion. Les tapes aux canons, put in your tompions.

TAPECU, tap-ka, or TAPEAU, s. m. sort of swipe or falling gate. Tapecu, Mar. driver.
TAPER, tap-la, v. a. to rap, slap or strike; (see cheveux) to frizzle; (du pied) to stamp (with one's feet.) Mar. Taper les canons, to put the tompions in the muzzle of the guns.

'API, E, adj. squat

TAPINOIS, (EN) cn-tâ-pî-nwa, adv. secretly, cunningly, covertly.

TAPIR, (SE) sê-tâ-pîr, v. irr. to squat or

lie squat, crouch.

TAPIS, tå-pl, s. m. a carpet; (rert) a green or a grass-plot. Mettre sur le tapis, to bruig (one) upon the stage, speak of or for, propound, move. Amuser le tepis, to trifle, say nothing to the purpose.

TAPISSER, ta-pl-sa, v. a. to hang or fur-

nish with hangings, deck.

TAPISSERIE, tå-pls-rl, s. f. hangings, suit

of hangings; tapestry.
TAPISSIER, iå-pi-siå, s. m. tapestry-maker,

upholsterer.

Tapissière, 1å-pî-sîèr, s. f. upholsterer's wife; tapestry-maker.

TAPON, s. m. bundle (of linen, silk, etc.) TAPOTER, ta-po-ta, v. a. to pat, tap. TAPURE, s. f. frizzling (of hair.)

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

TAQUER, v. a. (in printing) to plane (the form) down.

TAQUET, s. m. Mar. cleat, kevel, wedge, &c. Taquets de manœuvres, cleats. T'aquets simples, cleats (formed nearly in the shape of a wedge, and used to support or chuck up any weighty body.) Taquets à cœur or à oreilles or de tournage, kevels. Taquets à corne, common belaying cleats. Taquets a ueu common belaying cleats. Taquets de beaupré, à gueule, snatch cleats. Taquets de beaupré, saddle of the bowsprit. Taquets de cabestan, Taquets de vergues, whelps of a capstan. Taquets de cleats of the yards, yard arms. bout de vergue, cleats of the yard arms. Taquets du guindant or du vindas, whelps of the windlass. Taquets de fer, hanging clamps. Taquets de mât, cleats on the lower masts serving to support the collars of the stays; (coins) wedges to confine a mast in the partners. Toquets de la burre du gouvernail, gooseneek of the tiller. Taquets de hune, knees of a top. Taquets d'échelle, steps which are nailed on the gang-way (to ascend and descend a ship's sides.)

TAQUIN, E, ta-kin, kin, adj. niggardly, penurious, sordid, covetous, stingy; also refrac-

tory, stubborn, sullen.

TAQUIN, s. m. niggardly man, miser.

TAQUINEMENT, 12 - An-men, adv. niggard-

ly, penuriously, sordidly, pitifully.

TAQUINERIE, tå-kin-ri, s. f. penuriousness, sordidness, niggardliness; covetousness, stin-

TAQUOIR, s. m. (in printing) planer. TARABUSTER, tå-rå-bůs-tå, v. a. to pester,

plague, tease (by unseasonable talk.)
TARANDE, s. m. kind of wild beast.
TARARE, 'à-rar, interj. fiddle-stick! also

fan (to winnow grain.)

TARAU, tå-ro, s. m. screw tap. TARAUDER, tå-ro-då, v. a. to bore through and make a hole so as to fit a screw.

TARD, tår, adv. late.

TARD, S. m. Ex. sur le tard, late in the evening. Il se fait tard, it grows late. Au plus tard, pour le plus tard, at farthest.

TARDER, tår-då, v. n. to tarry or stay, put

off, delay, linger, dally, loiter. Tarder à quelqu'un de faire or qu'une chose se fasse, to think the time long before one does or before a thing is done. (Hence, il me tarde, I long. Il lui tarde, he longs or she longs, etc.)

TARDI-F, VE, tår-dif, dlv, adj. terdy, late, slow, lingering; backward, that comes too

*TARDIVEMENT, tår-div-men, adv. slowly,

slackly. *TARDIVETÉ, s. f. tardity, slowness, slack-

ness.

TARE, tar, s. f. tare and tret, waste of goods; blemish, defect, default.

TAREAU, V. Tarau.

TARE, E, adj. blemished, corrupted, de-

praved, vitiated.

TARENTISME, ta-ren-tism, s.m. siekness said to be caused by the bite of the tarantula. TARENTULE, tå-ren-tůl, s. f. tarantula.

TARER, v. a. to cause waste of goods; to blemish; to weigh a vessel before filling it.

TARGE, tårz, s. f. target, shield.
TARGETTE, tår-zêt, s. f. little bolt or hasp (to fasten doors, windows, etc.)

TARGUER, (SE) Sê-târ-gã, v. r. to pretend to, stand upon, be proud of. TARI, E, adj, dried up, drained.

TARIERE, tà-rièr, s. f. auger or wimble. Bout or cuiller de la tarière, the auger-bit. Tige or verge de la tarière, shank of the auger. Manche de la tarière, trough of the Tarière de douze lignes, an inch auauger. ger. TARIF, tå-rîf, s. m. custom book, book of

TARIFER, v. a. to reduce to a tariff.

TARIR, tå-rir, v. a. to drain or dry up, exhaust, stop, put a stop to. Tarir, v. n. to dry up or be dried up. Ne point tarir sur, to be inexhaustible upon.

TARISSABLE, tå-ri-sabl, adj. that can be

drained. TARISSEMENT, tå-ris-men, s. m. draining

or drying up. Такот, ta-ro, s. m. bassoon. Tarots, cards

checkered on the back TAROTÉ, E, tå-rô-tà, adj. (parlant de car-

tes) checkered on the back.

TAROUTE, s. f. hair grown between the cye-brows, space between them.

TARSE, s. m. Tarsus; also part of the foot;

leg (of quadrupeds and birds;) artery of the eye-lid.

TARTANE, tår-tån, s. f. Mar. Tartan or Tartane (a small vessel in the Mediterra-

TARTARE, tår-tår, adj. Tartar, Tartarian, of Tartary.

TARTARE, s. m. Tartar or Tartarus; Tar-r, Tartarian speech or language. Tartareu-x, se, tar-ta-reu, reuz, adj

tartareous, consisting of tartar. TARTARIE, s. f. Tartary.

TARTARISER, v. a. to tartarize.
TARTE, tart, s. f. tart.
TARTELETTE, tart-let, s. f. little tart. TARTRE, tårtr, s. m. tartar, argal, hard

TARTUFE. tår-tůf, s. m. hypocrite.

TARTUFERIE, s. f. hypocrisy.

*TARTUFIER, v. n. to cant, be an hypo-

Tas, ta, s. in. heap; (of persons) gang, set,

pack; (de gerbes) shock.

TASSE, tas, s. f. cup, bowl, drinking cup.

TASSEAU, ta-so, s. m. little anvil; brack-

Tassée, s. f. bowl-full, a cup-full.

TASSER, ta-så, v. a. to heap up. Tasser. v. n. to grow, multiply, grow thick.

TASSETTE, s. f. tass. Ex. Tassettes de cui-

rasse, tasses of a cuirass. TATA, s. m. leading-strings (for children)

TATA, s. m. leading-strings (for eniforen)
TATEPOUTE, tht-pool, s. m. cotquean.
TATER, th-th, v. a. to feel, fumble; try,
pump. Tâter le pavé, to demur, boggle, go
about the bush. Tâter de, to taste. Se tâter,
v. r. to sound or examine one's self; also tamper with one's self. Tâter, Mar. to feel,
seek, etc. A force de tâter la marche du bâtiment, nous fruirons par la tronrer, by dint of seeking for the ship's trim we shall find it at

TATE-VIN, s. m. wine conner or taster. TATEUR, ta-teur, s. m. (de vin) conner or taster; feeler, fumbier; boggler, irresolute

TATILLON, s. m. meddler, meddling man (

or woman. TATILLONAGE, tå-ti-lô-nàz, s. m. meddling.

TATILLONER, tå-ti-lo-nå, v. n. to be a meddler, be meddling.

*TATINER, v. a. to grope, feel over and

TATONNEMENT, ta-ton-men, s. m. feeling in the dark, etc.

TATONNER, tà-tô-nà, v. a. to feel, fumble. grope: v. n. to grope along, grope, feel one's way; also to boggle, demur, be irresolute.

TATONNEU-R, SE, ta-ta-neur, neuz, s. m.

& f. fumbler.

TATONS, (A.) & ta-ton, adv. groping or groping along in the dark, uncertainly.

TAUDION, S. m. V. Taudis.

TAUDIS, to-dl, s. m. paltry house or lodg-

ing, place in confusion.

TAUPIE, top, s. f. mole.

TAUPIERE, to-pla, s. m. mole-catcher.

TAUPIERE, to-pla, s. m. mole-catcher.

*TAUPIERE, to-pla, s. m. hole-trap.

*TAUPIN, E, adj. & s. black, that has black hair; black, swarthy creature. French militia under Charles VII.

TAUPINAMBOUR, s. m. potatoe. V. Topi-

nambour.

TAUPINÉE or TAUPINIÈRE, tô-pî-nièr, s. f. mole-hill.

TAURE, tôr, s. f. heifer.
TAUREAU, tô-rô, s. m. bull; Taurus (a celestial sign.) Taureau, Mar. two handed saw. TAUROBOLE, s. in. sacrifice of a bull.

TAUTOGRAMME, adj. & s. m. poem in which all the words begin with the same letter.

TAUTOLOGIE, tô-tô-lô-zì, s. f. tautology,

needless repetition.

TAUTOLOGIQUE, adj. tautological.

TAUX, to, s. m. rate, price, assize, assess-

'AVAIOLLE, ta-va-yol, s. f. child's mantle. TAVELER, tav-la, v. a. to spot, speckle.

Se taveler, v. r. to grow or become brindled.

TAVELLE, s. f. small edging-lace, crownlace.

TAVELURE, tåv-lår, s. f. spots, speckles.

TAVERNE, tå-vern, s. f. paltry tavern. TAVERNIER, tå-ver-nia, s. m. vintner, tavern-keeper.

Tavernière, s. f. vintner's wife, tavern-

keeper's wife. TAXATEUR, s. m. principally said of the

clerk who settles the prices of letters at the post office.

TAXATION, s. f. the act of taxing. TAXATIONS, tak-sa-sion, s.f. pl. exchequer

fees, poundage. TAXE, taks, s. f. rate or price, assize; tax,

assessment; tax or fine.

TAXER, tak-sa, v. a. to rate or set a rate upon, settle the price of, tax, lay a tax upon,

assess, fine; charge, accuse, blame.

TE, te, pron. thee, thyself, to thee, to thyself, etc.

TECHNIQUE, têk-nîk, adj. technical, belonging to the arts.
TE DEUM, s. m. Te Deum. Chanter le

Te Deum, to sing Te Deum. *TÉDIEU-X, SE, adj. tedious.

TÉGUMENT, tå-gd-men. s. m. tegument.

TEIGNASSE, te-gnas, s. f. rusty wig, nasty head of bair.

TEIGNE, tegn, s. f. scurf or scall on the head; moth, worm; thick weed or strangled weed.

TEIGNERIE, s. f. hospital for those that are troubled with the scurf.

TEIGNEU-X. SE, te-gueu, gneuz, adj. scur-

fy, troubled with the scurf, scald-headed. TEIGNON, s. m. nasty greasy head of hair, frowzy head.

TEIGNONÉE, adj. f. (il se dit d'une femme

mal coiffée) frowzy.
Teille, têl, s. f. rind of hemp or flax.

TEILLER, te-la, v. a. to peel hemp or

TEINDRE, tindr. v. a. (see the table at eindre) to dye or colour, stain.

TEINT, E, adj. dyed, etc.

TEINT, tint, s. m. dye or hue, complexion, colour (of one's face.)

TEINTE, tint, s. f. teint. Demi-teinte, mezzotinto.

TEINTURE, tin-tur, s. f. dying or tincture; die, hue, colour; tincture, smattering, super-

ficial knowledge, impression, habit. TEINTURERIE, s. f. dye-house.

TEINTURIER, tin-th-rid, s. m. dyer.
Teinturière, s. f. dyer's wife or widow.
TEI, LE, tél, adj. such, like.
Tel maître,
tel valet, like master, like man.
Tel quel, so so; indifferent, mean. TÉLÉGRAPHE, s. m. telegraph. TÉLESCOPE, tå-lês-kôp, s. m. telescope.

TELLEMENT, têl-mên, adv. so, in such a Tellement quellement, so so, indifmanner. ferently, pretty well.

TEMERAIRE, tå-må-rèr, adj. & s. rash, bold, fool-hardy, inconsiderate, unadvised, indiscreet; rash man or woman.

TEMERATREMENT, tå-må-rer-mên, adv. rashly, unadvisedly, inconsiderately, headlong, at random.
Temerite, tå-må-rf-tå, s. f. rashness, te-

merity, fool-hardiness.

TÉMOIGNAGE, tå-mwå-gnåz, s. m. testimo-ny, report, witness, evidence, deposition; proof, token, mark, sign; certificate, testimo-Porter ténial; (d'une personne) character. moignage, to bear witness, be a witness.

TEMOIGNER, tå-mwå-gnå, v. a. to testify, show, demonstrate, express, make known, make appear, take notice of, depose, give in one's evidence. Temoigner du mepris, de la

joie, to show contempt, etc.
TEMOIN, ta-mwin, s. m. witness, evidence, deponent, proof, testimony. En témoin de quoi, in testimony or witness whereof. témoin de, to witness, testify. Dieu m'en est témoin, God knows I speak the truth.

TEMPE, tenp, s. f. temple (of the head.) TEMPÉRAMENT, tèn-pa-ra-mên, s. m. temper, constitution; temperament, medium,

mean, modification.

TEMPÉRANCE, ten-pa-rens, s. f. temperance, moderation, soberness.

TEMPÉRANT, TE, tèn-på-rèn, rènt, adj temperate, moderate, sober.

TEMPÉRATURE, ten-pa-ra-tur, s. f. tem perateness, temperature.

TEMPÉRÉ, E, tên-pa-ra, adj. (from tempé rer,) tempered, allayed, etc., temperate, neither too hot nor too cold, in a good temper,

sober, moderate. TEMPÉRER, tên-på-rå, v. a. to temper, al

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, ovêr: flek., fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

lay, qualify, moderate, abate, rule, govern, | restrain.

TEMPESTUEU-X, SE, ten-pe-ta-eu, euz,

adj. tempestuous, stormy.
TEMPÊTE, ten-pet, s. f. tempest, storm; thundering noise, great bustle; commotion, sedition, trouble.

TEMPÊTER, tên-pê-tâ, v. n. to storm, bluster, make a heavy noise, rage.

TEMPÉTUET-X, SE, adj. tempestuous,

stormy. TEMPLE, tenpl, s. m. temple, church.

TEMPLET, ten-ple, s. m. (de relieur) press stick.

TEMPLIER, ten-pli-a, s.m. templar, knighttemplar.

TEMPORAL, E, adj. (terme d'anatomie) placed at the temples.

TEMPORALITÉ, ten-po-ra-li-ta, s. f. temporalities, temporals. TEMPOREL, LE, ten-pô-rel, adj. temporal,

temporaneous, temporary, transient, secular. TEMPOREL, s. m. temporals; also royal or civil power.

TEMPORELLEMENT, ten-pô-rêl-mên, adv.

for a time, temporally.

TEMPORISATION, s. f. the act of temporiz-

ing, lingering.
Temporisement, ten-po-riz-men, s. m. lingering, prolonging of time, dilatoriness, delay, delaying.

TEMPORISER, ten-po-ri-za, v. n. to temporize, linger, delay, spin out time.

TEMPORISEUR, ten-pô-rî-zêur, s. m. tem-

porizer, lingerer, dallier, procrastinator.
Tems or Temps, ten, s. m. time; delay; leisure; season, opportunity, occasion; age, days; while; (in grammar) tense; weather. Les quatre temps, ember weeks; also all sorts of weather. A temps, in time, opportunely, seasonably, at the time appointed. Au même temps, at or about the same time, soon after. Tout d'un temps, at the same time, at one bout. En même temps, at the same time, at one bout, at one dash, together, withal. De tout temps, at all times, ever. De temps en temps, de temps à autre, now and then, sometimes, from time to time. En temps et lien, in a proper time and place. Depuis le temps que, since.

Temps, s. m. Mar. weather. Temps à perroquets, top-gallant gale. Il fait un temps à nous faire tout serrer, it blows hard enough to make us take in every stitch of canvass. Le temps est pris de partout, the whole sky is

charged with clouds.

TENABLE, te-nabl, adj. (from tenir) tena-

ble, capable of defence.

TENACE, të-nås, adj. viscous, clammy, sticky, tough; tenacious; niggardly, covet-

ous, stubborn, obstinate. TÉNACITÉ, ta-na-sî-ta, s. f. clamminess, viscosity, tenacity, niggardliness, covetousness, tenaciousness, stiffness in opinion, obsti-

nacy. 1 TENAILLE, te-nal, s. f. or ourrage à te-

Tenailles, s. f. pl. pincers or nippers.

TENAILLER, te-na-la, v. a. to pinch or tear off the flesh with red hot pincers; to torture or torraent.

Terancier, e, tê-nên-sîa, siêr, s. m. & f. tenant copy-holder

TENANT, E, të-nen,nent, adj. holding, etc. also hold-fast, covetous, penurious, close-fisted.

TENANT, tê-nen, s. m. supporter (in heraldry;) opponent or defendant or champion (in a controversy.) Tout un en tenant, tout d'un tenant, contiguous, all in one piece. Les tenans et aboutissans, (d'une terre) the abut-inents or bounds or limits; (d'une affaire) the circumstances or particulars. Les tenans d'un tournoi, the first challengers in a tournament, Tenant. V. Tenement.

TÉNARE, s. m. hell (in poetry.) TENDANCE, ten-dens, s. f. tendency.

TENDANT, E, ten-den, dent, adj. tending, driving, that has a tendency.

TENDELET, ten-dle, s. m. Mar. tilt or awn-

ing (of a boat.) TENDINEU-X, SE, ten-dî-neu, neuz, adj.

tendinous, sinewy. TENDON, ten-don, s. m. tendon.

TENDRE, tendr, v. a. to bend; (un filet) to spread; (in pide) to lay; (ine sourciere) to set; (in lit) to set up; (in pavillon) to set up, pitch; (ine topisserie) to hang up; (ine chambre) to hang; to reach, hold forth, stretch out; to raise or hold or lift up. Tendre les chaines d'une ville, to chain the streets. Tendre le main, to stretch out one's hand, to beg. Tendre, v. n. to go, tend, have a tendency, to drive or aim at; (anx bécasses, etc.) to spread nets for or for catching.

TENDRE, adj. tender, soft; sensible; soft, moving; (in painting) soft, delicate. Pain tendre, soft or new bread.

bræ or tenebres.

TENDRE, s. m. tenderness or mighty fancy

TENDREMENT, tendr-men, adv. tenderly, heartily, affectionately, delicately.

TENDRESSE, ten-dres, s. f. tenderness, sensibility, love, kindness, passion, affection.

Tenneré, s. m. (parlant de viandes, de finits, de légumes) tenderness. TENDRETTE, ten-dret, s. f. new radish.

TENDRON, ten-dron, s. m. tendril, little gristle; tendril, young shoot; young lass or

TENDU, E, adj. (from Tendre) bent, etc. TENEBRES, tå-nebr, s. f. pl. darkness, dark, heli; crrour, blindness, ignorance; also tene-

Ténébreu-x, se. tå-nå-brèu, brèuz, adj.

tenebrous, dark, gloomy, obscure.
TENEMENT. tan-men, s. m. tenement. TENESME, te-nesmus. m. tenesmus.

TENETTE, s. f. pincer (to extract stones from the bladder.)

TENEUR, tê-neur, s. m. Ex. Un teneur de livies, a book-keeper.

Teneur, s. f. tenour, contents, purport, substance.

TENIR, te-nir, v. a. to hold, have hold of, have, be possessed of; to keep, defend; (and jeu) to hold, answer; (occuper) to take up, keep; {le lit, la chambre) to keep; to sing; to play, act; (boutique, école, hôtellerie, banque) to keep; to entertain; to contain; to keep in, to keep; to chefain, to condain, to keeping, restrain, rule; to detain, take up; to count, account, believe, look upon as, take as; (un chemin, une roule) to keep, follow, go; to keep, perform; to keep up, retain. Tenir une chose de quelqu'un, to hold a thing of one, owe a thing to one; also have a thing from one (because told by him.) Tenir les livres,

buse, but: jeune, meute, beurre: entant, cent, lien: vin: mon: brun.

to keep the books, be a book-keeper. Se le tenir pour dit, to expect a thing, assure one's self, be sure. Tenir im discours, to hold or entertain a discourse, speak, talk. Se tenir à, v. r. to take, lay hold of, hold fast by, keep to, stand to, stiek to, stand upon; (à cheval) io sit on. Se tenir, to keep, be, stand, lie, live, dwell, lodge; to hold or think or account one's self; (parlant d'assemblées) to be kept or held, sit; to lie close together, be contiguous, hang one upon another, stick together, go hand in hand. Se tenir de, to hold or forbear, keep one's self from. Tenir, v. n. to hold, fast, be fastened, stick; to be close together, be contiguous; to keep, remain; to hold, be of opinion, think, believe; (être) hold, be of opinion, think, believe; (être) to hold, be contained; (parlant d'assemblées, de foires, etc.) to sit, be kept or held; to stick, belong to, prevent, be the fault of, be the difference, be the matter. A quoi tient-il que je ne rous halte? What prevents me from beating you? I have a good mind to beat you. It tint a peu de chose qu'ils me se buttissent, they were very near coming to blows. Faire tenir, to send, convey, cause to be delivered. Tenir de quelqu'un, to hold of one, deepend upon one; also take after one or be like one, be of the nature of. Tenir, tenir bon, tenir ferme, to hold, hold out, stand, stand out, bear, resist. En tenir, to be caught. Tenez, here, take it: hark ye: lo, look, see, behold.

resist. En tenir, to be caught. Tenez, here, take it; hark ye; lo, look, see, behold. Tenir, v. a. Mar. Tenir le rent or le lof, to work to windward, keep the luff, keep the wind, keep the ship close to the wind. ie plus pres, to keep close to the wind. le travers au vent, to keep the broadside to the wind. Tenir la mer, to keep the sea. Tenir le large, to keep an offing. Tenir la bordée du large, to stand off shore. la bordée de terre, to stand in for the land. Tenir en route, to stand on upon the course. Tenir une route, to steer a particular course. Tenir une croisière, to keep on a particular cruising station. Tenir sur une côte, to remain upon a coast. Tenir une escadre bloquée, to keep a fleet blocked up. tête à un bâtiment, to cope with a ship. Tenir sur ses amarres, to tide without dragging the anchors. Tenir son poste, to keep one's station. Tenir ses bonnettes de lume sur les basses vergues, to keep the top-mast studding-sails upon the lower yards. ses luniers sur fils de caret, to keep the topsails stopped with rope-yarns. Tenir une sans stopped with rope-valus. Tent the embarcation sur les palans, to hang a boat in the tackles. Tenir un bâtiment à la remorque, to keep a vessel in tow. Tenir un journal or une table de loch, to keep a journal or a log-book. Tenir à retour une manueurre, to hold on a rope with a turn. bon une manœuvre, to hold on upon a rope, to keep a sail in a particular situation. Tenir compagnie à un bâtiment, to keep company with a vessel. Tenir conseil, to hold a council of war. Tiens bon th, avast. Tiens ferme le tournevire, hold on the messenger. Tiens hon là les bras de derrière, keep fast the after braces. Tiens bon là les voiles d'avant, the head sails will do, keep fast the braces, Tiens bon au cabestan, avast beaving. Tiens bon le perroquet de fongue en ralingue, keep the mizen top-sail shivering. Tiens-toi ferme sur

la vergue du petit lunier, hold yourself fast upon the fore top-sail yard. Tiens ce bâti-ment par le bossoir de dessous le vent, keep that vessel on the lee bow. Ce vent ne tiendra pas, this wind will not hold. Si ce raisseau tient le rent, il fant que nous arrivion, if that ship keeps her luft, we must bear up. Nous tenons ce raisseau en lui domant la grande voile, we hold way with that ship, and spare her the main-sail. Nous tiendrons ce brig sous notre écoute en attendant que le temps nous permette de le visiter, we will keep this brig under our lee till the weather will permit us to board her. Le fond étant curé, nos ancres ne tinrent pos, the ground being hard, our anchors did not hold. Le vent par travers, peu de bâtimens peuvent nous tenir, with the wind a-beam, few ships can keep way with us. En tenant toujours au même point de relèvement un bâtiment que Fon chasse sous le vent, on le joint par le chemin le plus court, by constantly keeping in the same point of bearing a vessel you are in chase of to leeward, you take the quickest method of coming up with her. Pour parer le bas fond il faut tenir les deux amers l'un par l'autre, to go clear of the shoal, you must keep the two marks in one. Ce batiment a term bon dans le grain sans rien ame-ner, that vessel has not started any thing in the squall. Notre gréement n'est pas tenn, our rigging wants setting up. Les balancines de grande vergue ne sont pas tenues, the main lifts are all slack. Les haubans du bâton de foe sont-ils bien tenus? are the gib-guys well up? Les bras du petit perroquet sont-ils tenus? are the fore top-gallant braces steadied? Voilà une frégate qui est bien-tenue, there is a frigate which is in high or-der. Se tenir à l'ancre, to continue at an-chor. Se tenir à long pie, to ride short. Se tenir à mie, to ride acceale. Se tenir conchor. Se tenir a long pac, to the short see tenir à pic, to ride a-peak. Se tenir sous voile, to keep under sail. Se tenir sons les quatre corps de voiles, to stand on under the courses and fore and main (op-sails. Se tenir à sec, to keep under bare poles. Se tenir sous les huniers, to keep under the top-sails. Se tenir sous la terre, to keep under the land. Se tenir sous le vent or au vent, to keep to leeward or to windward. Se tenir à vue de terre, etc. to keep in sight of land, etc. Se tenir en terre d'un danger, to keep within a shoal. Se tenir en terre d'une escadre, to keep in shore of a squadron. Se tenir à portée (or it demi-portée) de canon, to keep within gun (or within half-gun) shot. Se tenir hors de portée des canons, to keep out of gun-shot. Se tenir à portée de la voix, to keep within hail. Se tenir à l'ouverture d'un détroit, etc. to keep a strait, etc., open. Se tenir en panne or en travers, to continue lying to, fore or main top-sail to the mast. Se tenir en croisière, to continue cruising. Se tenir on large. to keep in the offing. Se tenir an large d'un banc, etc., to keep without a bank, etc. Se tenir dans les eaux d'un bâtiment, to keep in a ship's wake. Se tenir bord sur bord, to make short tacks, stand off and on. Se tenir en latitude d'une sle, d'un cap, etc. to keep in the latitude of an island, of a cape, etc. Se tenir sur les sondes, to keep in soundings. Se tenir sur une seule amarre, to lie at single anchor. Se tenir sur une ancre à jet

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb. over: fled, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

to ride by a kedge or stream auchor. Se tenir tout à terre, to keep quite close in shore. Se tenir vergue à vergue d'un batiment, to continue along side of a ship yard arm and yard arm. Se tenir hors de la ligne, to keep out of the line of battle. Notre division se tient prête à appareiller, our division keeps in readiness to get under way. L'escadre se tint en ligne beaupré sur poupe pour ne pas être coupée, to prevent the line from being broken, the fleet kept their jib-booms close to each other's taffarels.

TENON, tê-non, s. m. tenon; (d'arquebuse) loop; (de montre, d'horloge) steel piece; (scion, tendron) sprig. Tenon, Mar. tenon, etc. Tenon de l'étanbord, tenon of the stern Tenons de l'ancre, nuts of the post, heel.

anchor.

TENOR, tenor (in musick.)
TENSION, ten-sion, s. f. tension or bend-

ing, contention; great application.
TENTANT, E, tên-tên, tênt, adj. tempting.
TENTATEUR, RICE, tên-tâ-têur, trîs, adj.
& s. tempter, enticer. L'esprit tentateur or le tentateur, s. m. the tempter, the devil.

TENTATION, ten-ta-sion, s. f. temptation. TENTATIVE, ten-ta-tiv, s. f. attempt, trial,

TENTE, tent, s. f. tent. Tente, Mar. awn-Grande tente, main deck awning. Tente de dunette, poop awning. Tente de guillard, quarter deck awning. Tente de nage, boat's awning that reaches from stem to stern.

TENTER, ten-ta, v. a. to tempt, invite, try, attempt. Tenter, Mar. to attempt, etc. also to spread an awning. Tenter in passage, to attempt a passage. Les deux corsaires tenternt à plusieurs reprises de nous aborder, the two privateers made several attempts to board us.

TENTURE, tèn-tùr, s. f. suit of hangings. TENU, E, tè-nû, nù, adj. (from Tenir) held, kept, etc. bound, obliged; tennous, thin,

slender.

TENUE, te-nu, s. f. sitting or session; (in grammar) mark to signify that a letter is to be pronounced without aspiration; firm sitting on horse back; (de plume) holding; hold; firmness, constancy, resolution; principles; where one plies or keeps, place of resolution; principles; where one plies or keeps, place of resolutions. sort; (in musick) continuing upon the same tone; (fief) tenure. Tout d'une tenue, contiguous, all in one place.

Tenue, Mar. hold that an anchor has of the ground in which it is sunk, quality of the ground as to holding. Fond de bonne tenue, good anchorage in the bay. Il y a bonne tenue dans cette rade, there is good anchorage in

this road-stead.

TENUITÉ, S. f. tenuity, thinness.
TENUITÉ, s. f. tenuity, thinness.
TENUITE, tenure, s. f. tenure (manner of holding a tenement, lands or houses of the head [andlord.)

TÉORBE, V. Tuorbe.
TERCET, têr-sê, s. m. tiercet, triplet. TÉRÉBENTHINE, tå-rå-bèn-tin, s. f. tur-

Téréвinтне, tå-rå-bint, s. m. the turpen-

TÉRÉBRATION, tå-rå-brå-slon, s. f. terebration.

TERGETTE, V. Targette.

TERGIVERSATEUR, s. m. shuffler, flinche dodger.

TERGIVERSATION, ter-zî-ver-sa-sion, s. f.

tergiversation, shuffling, flinching, fetch. TERGIVERSER, ter-zi-ver-sa, v. n. to shuf-

fle, flinch, dodge, use fetches or shifts.

TÉRIAQUE, V. Thériagne.

TERME, térm, s. m. term, bound, end, goal, limit; (de payement) time, term, day; (loyer) rent; (d'accouchement) time f (in artif.) chitecture) supporter; word, expression. Le dieu Terme, god Terminus. Termes, terms, case, state, pass, condition, foot or footing. Mesurer ses termes, to weigh one's words.

TERMINAISON, ter-mi-ne-zon, s. f. termi-

nation or ending

TERMINER, ter-mi-na, v. a. to terminate or bound, limit, set bounds to, end or finish, determine or decide.

TERMINER, (sé) v. r. to end or come to

an end, terminate.

TERMINTHE, s. m. terminthus, a tumour. TERNAIRE, ter-ner, adj. Ex. Le nombre ternaire or le ternaire, s. m. ternion, number three.

TERNE, tern, adj. dull, tarnished.

TERNES, tern, s. m. pl. two treys (at dice.)

TERNI, E, adj. tarnished, dull.

TERNIR, ter-nir, v. a. to dull, tarnish, obscure, blast, cast a blemish upon, bring to decay. Se terrir, v. r. to tarnish, grow dull, decay, be blasted or obscured.

TERNISSURE, têr-nî-sûr, s. f. tarnishing. TERRAIN, V. Terrein.

TERRAL, s. m. land-breeze. TERRAQUÉ, E, adj. terraqueous. TERRASSE, tê-râs, s. f. terrace or terracewalk, flat roof; (d'un paysage) front.

TERRASSER, te-ra-sa, v. a. to throw or fling down, throw on the ground; to cast or pull down, discourage, damp the spirits of, non-plus; (une muraille) to strengthen with earth, fill up in the inside with earth.

TERRASSIER, te-ra-sia, s. m. terrace-ma-

TERRE, ter, s. f. earth, ground, land, soil, estate, dominions, country, world, earthly goods or pleasures, men, every body. Tant que terre nous pourra porter, as far as we can go. L'homme n'est que terre or qu'un ver de terre, man is but dust or clay. Vaisselle de terre, carthen ware. Donner du nez en terre, to fall upon one's face. Tant que terre, stoutly, hardly, very much, extremely. Terre-Neuve, Newfoundland.

Terre, Mar. land, shore, ground, coast, sea-coast, etc. A terre, ashore, aground. sea-coast, etc. A terre, asnore, aground. En terre, in shore. Terre, terre, land, land. La terre est bien prononcée, the land is very distinct. Prendre terre, to touch at any port or place. La terre est fort embrumée, the land is covered with fog. La terre que nous croyions voir étoit une terre de beure, the land we thought we saw was cape fly away. Combien voit-on de roiles sous la terre? how many sails are seen under the land ? Notre conserve coupa la terre à la goëlette, et elle ne put nous échapper, our consort cut the TÉRÉBRATION, tà-rà-brà-sìon, s. f. tere-ation.

TÉRÉNIABIN, s. m. a sort of liquid manna.

La chaloupe est allée à terre, tne launch is

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon; brun.

gone ashore. Le bâtiment est à terre par notre point, the ship is ashore by our reckon-Ces bateaux pêcheurs sont tout à terre, those fishermen are quite close in shore. la Guadeloupe les hâtimens mouillent le beaupré à terre, ships anchor close in shore at Guadaloupe. Etre en terre d'un bôtiment, to be in shore of a ship. Nous mouillûmes en terre du récif, we anchor within the reef. V. Mouiller.

TERREAU, tê-rô, s. m. mould.

TERREIN, ter-rin, s. m. ground, soil.

TERRE-NEUVIER, s. m. Mar. banker, Newfoundland fishing-vessel or man. V. Terre.

TERRE-PLEIN, ter-plin, s. m. platform of earth.

TERRER, (SE) se-te-ra, v. r. to take shelter behind banks of earth; hide one's self under ground.

TERRESTRE, tê-rêstr, adj. terrestrial,

earthly.

TERRESTRÉITÉS, s. f. pl. (in chymistry.) the most terreous parts (of any substance.)

TERREUR, te-reur, s. f. terrour, consternation, great fear or fright.

TERREU-X, SE, te-reu, reuz, adj. earthly,

terreous, dirty with earth or clay

TERRIBLE, ter-ribl, adj. terrible, dreadful, fearful, dismal, strange, unmerciful.

TERRIBLEMENT, ter-ribk-men, adv. terri-

bly, etc. Terrien, ne, tê-riên, riên, s. m. & f. landed man, person that has a vast estate or extensive lands.or dominions.

TERRIER, te-ria, s. m. burrow, kennel; urch-yard. Terrier or papier terrier, church-yard.

court-roll or land-book.

TERRINE, tê-rîn, s. f. pan, earthen pan. TERRINÉE, tê-rî-na, s. f. earthen pan-full. TERRIR, te-rir, v. n. to lay one's eggs on land (speaking of a tortoise.) Terrir, Mar.

to land. TERRITOIRE, tê-rî-twar, s. m. territory,

jurisdiction.

TERROIR, tê-rwar, s. m. ground soil. TERTRE, tertr, s. m. hill, little hill. Tertre, Mar, hammock.

TES, (pl. of ton and ta) thy.

TESSON, s. m. shard or sheard or sherd, fragment of earthen ware.

Test, test, s. m. test, oath imposed upon all recusants. V. Tet.
Testace, e, testassa, adj. testaceous.

TESTAMENT, tes-ta-men, s. m. testament,

will, covenant. TESTAMENTAIRE, tes-ta-men-ter, adj. belonging to or concerning a will. Disposition testamentaire, disposition by will.

TESTATEUR, tês-tâ-têur, s. m. testator. Testatrice, tês-tâ-trîs, s. f. testatrix.

Tester, testa, v. n. to make one's will.
Testicule, testa kül, s. m. testicle.
**Testifier, V. Temoigner.
Testigué or Testiguienne, int. udsbud, oddsniggers, uds-buddikins.

TESTIMONIAL, F., tes-ti-mo-nial, adj. testimonial. Lettres testimoniales or testimoniales,

s. f. pl. a testimonial.
TESTON, s. m. testoon, an old silver-coin. TESTONNER, v. a. to frizzle the hair or trim the head of; also to cut off.

TET, te, s. m. skull; test; sherd.

TETARD, te-tar, s. m. bull-head (fish.)

TETASSE, s. f. swagging breast or dug.
TETE, ièt, s. f. head; neck, life; person,
TETE, ièt, s. f. head; neck, life; person,
fancy; sense, judgment, discretion; head of
hair. Têle-à-têle, tete-a-tete, face to face,
cheek by jowl. Un têle-à-têle, a tete-a-tete,
a private cenversation. Têle pour têle, head
for head; also full butt, face to face. Têlefor head; also full butt, face to face. Tête-bleu! gad-zookers! zookers! Avoir martel en tête, to have a flea in one's ear, be restless

or uneasy at any thing.

Tête, Mar. De tête en tête, from stem to stern. Tête de bordage, butt of a plank. Têtes de varangues, floor heads, rung heads. Tête des mâts, head of the masts. gouvernail, rudder head. Tête de More, Turk's head (sort of knot.) Tête d'une es-cadre, van of a fleet or squadron. Etre en tête d'une rade, to lie in the outermost part or birth of a road-stead. Faire tête, to come head to wind or to the tide. Vaisseau de tête d'une escadre, headmost ship of a fleet or squadron.

TÉTER, ta-ta, v. a. to suck (a teat.) TETIERE, té-tler, s. f. head stall of a bri-

dle; stay band for a new born child. tière d'une voile, Mar. head of a sail. TÉTIN, ta-tin, s. m. nipple.

TÉTINE, ta-tin, s. f. udder or teat; (sur une chose) dint.

TETON, tà-ton, s. m. breast, a woman's

TÉTONNIÈRE, tå-tô-nièr, s. f. tucker, modesty, modesty bit or bosom bit.
TETRACORDE, s. m. lyre with four chords,
TÉTRAGONE, iå-tra-gon, adj. tetragoual.
TETRARQUE, iå-trark, s. m. tetrarch.
TETRARQUE, iå-trark, s. m. tetrarch.

TETTE, tet, s. f. teat or dug.
TETU, E, te-tu, tu, adj. headstrong, obstinate, stubborn, wilful.

TEUTONIQUE, têu-tô-nîk, adj. Teutonick. TEXTE, tekst, 3. m. text. Petit texte, (in printing) brevier.

TEXTILE, têks-tîl, adj. textile.

TEXTUAIRE, têks-tûr-èr, s. m. textuary. TEXTURE, têks-tûr, s. f. texture.

THAMISE, s. f. Thames. THÉ, th, s. m. tea. Thé bou or noir, bo-

THÉATIN, E, s. m. & f. theatin, theatine monk or nun.

THÉATRAL, E, tā-ā-trāl, adj. theatral.
THÉATRE, tā-ātr, s. m. stage, theatre, play-house, collection of all the plays (of an author,) scene. Pièce de théâtre, play, comedy or tragedy.

THÉBAIDE, s. f. Thebais (in Egypt.)

THÉIÈRE, tà-yèr, s. f. tea-pot. THEISME, s. m. theism, deism.

THÉISTE, s. m. theist, deist. THEME, tem, s. m. theme. subject, exercise.

THEOCRACIE, theô-kra-sl, s. f. theocracy. THEOCRATIQUE, theô-kra-tik, adj. theòcratical.

THÉODOLITE, s. m. theodolite.

THEOGONIE, the degree of the divine.
THEOLOGAL, E., the degree of divine.
THEOLOGAL, s. m. doctor of divinity, pre-

bendary of a cathedral, theologist.

THEOLOGALE, s. f. prebend bestowed upon none but doctors of divinity.

bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

THÉOLOGIE, tå-å-lö-zl, s. f. divinity or

THÉOLOGIEN, tå-ô-lô-zien, s. m. divine or

theologist, theologian

THEOLOGIQUE, tå-8-lo-21k, adj.theologieal. THEOLOGIQUEMENT, tà-ô-lô-zîk-mên, adv. theologically.

THÉORBE, V. Tuorbe.

THEOREME, the orem, s. m. theorem.

THEORICIEN, s. m. theorist.
THEORIE, 1à-0-rl, s. f. theory, speculation.
THEORIQUE, tà-0-rik, adj. theorical, theorick, theoretick, theoretick,

THÉORIQUEMENT, tå-ð-rik-men, adv. the-

oretically.

THÉORISTE, s. m. theorist.

THERAPEUTE, s. m. sort of Jewish monk. THÉRAPEUTIQUE, s. f. art of curing diseases, therapeuticks.

THÉRIACAL, E, tầ-rĩầ-kắl, adj. theriacal.
THÉRIAQUE, tầ-rĩ-lắk, s.f. treacle, theriaca.
THERMAL, E, tểr-mắl, adj. thermal.
THERMES, tếrm, s. m. pl. hot baths.

THERMOMÈTRE, ter-mo-metr, s. m. ther-

mometer.

THÉSAURISER, tà-zô-rì-zà, v. n. to trea-sure up, hoard or heap up.

THÉSAURISEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. one who hoards, treasures money.

THÈSE, tez, s. f. thesis; thesis sheet; disputation. Тнеѕмотнете, s. m. name given at Athens

to those magistrates who kept the laws. THEURGIE, th-ur-zl, s. f. theurgy, magic.

THON, ton, s. m. tunny (a fish.) THORACHIQUE, adj. thoracick, belonging

to the breast. THORAX, s. m. thorax, breast.

THURIFÉRAIRE, tů-rî-fê-rèr, s. m. elerk that earries the frankineense pan.

THYM, tin, s. m. thyme (herb.)

THYRSE, tirs, s. m. thyrsus.

THYRSE, US, S. III. GAYLES, THARE, USAR, S. III. GAYLES, CONVUISIVE MOTION OF the effect of the converse of the effect of the effe

fit; also habitual trick. Tic et tac or tic et toc, ück tack. V. Dique. Тіст́є, г., adj. speekled. Ті̀х̀дє, tl̃ed, adj lukewarm, eold and in-

different.

TIÈDEMENT, tied-men, adv. coldly, with indifference.

Tiéneur, tià-deur, s. f. lukewarmness. Tiédir, tià-dir, v. n. to cool, grow luke-

TIEN, NE, tien, tien, adj. thine, thy own. TIEN, (LE,) s. m. thy own. Les tiens, thy own, thy relations.

TIERCE, tiers, s. f. (en musique) tercet or third; (dans l'eserime, etc.) tierce; (in printing) second revise; (en mathématique) third. V. Tiers.

V. Tiers.
Tiercé, tier-sa, adj. trifallowed; (in heraldry) divided into three parts. Bâtiment tiercé, Mar. vessel the breadth of which is equal to one third of her length.

TIERCELET, tiers-le, s. m. tarsel. Tierce-

let de gentilhomme, petty squire.

Tiercement, tiers-men, s. m. tertiating. TIERCER, tier-sa, v. a. & n. to tertiate, trifallow, enhance the price by a third, be a third.

TIERCON, s. m. tierce.

TIER-s, CE, adj. third. Fièvre tierce, tertian ague.

TIERS, tier, s. m. third person, third part.

Tiers, ther, s. m. third person, third part. Le tiers et le quart. every body.

Tier, it, s. f. (d'une plante) stalk, stem, blade, shank; (d'un arbre) trunk, body; (d'une botte) leg: (d'une colonne) shaft; (d'un pston) rod; (d'un chandelier, d'une clef) shank; (d'une famille) stock, head. Tige de l'aucre, Mar. shank of the anchor.

Tigne, etc. V. Teigne.
Tigne, etc. V. Teigne.

Tignon, ti-gnon, s. m. back part of a woman's head of hair; also cap, head-dress.

TIGNONER, tî-guổ-na, v. a. to buckle (the hair,) curl; pull caps.

Se tignoner, v. r. to pull caps.

TIGRE, tigr, s.m. tiger; also spotted like a tiger, cruel person, kind of speckled insect.

Tigré, k, ti-grà, adj. spotted, speekled. Tigresse, ti-grès, s. f. tigress. Til, V. Tilleul.

TILLAC, tî-lak, s. m. Mar. deck.
TILLAU, V. Tilleul.
TILLE, tîl, s. f. rind of a young linden-tree; kind of hatchet and hammer united.

TILLEUL, tî-leul, s. m. linden, linden-tree. TIMEALE, tin-bal, s. f. tymbal; pot; battledore; kind of drinking cup.

TIMBALIER, tin-bå-lia, s. m. that plays on the tymbal, kettle-drummer

TIMBRE, tinbr, s, m, bell struck by a ham-mer, sound of the bell, voice, sound, helmet, crest (of a coat of arms;) stamp (on paper

or parchment,) head, noddle.

TIMBRÉ, E, adj. (from Timbrer) crested, stamped. Cerveau bien timbré, good head-

piece.

TIMBRER, tin-bra, v.a. to crest, to stamp.

TIMBREUR, s. m. stamper

TIMIDE, ti-mid, adj. timid, fearful, timorous, bashful. TIMIDEMENT, tî-mîd-mên, adv. timorous-

ly, fearfully.
TIMIDITÉ, tì-mì-dì-tà, s. f. timidity, fear, timorousness, bashfulness.

Timon, if-mon, s. m. beam (of a cart or wain,) pole (of a coach,) helm. Timon, Mar. tiller, helm.

TIMONIER, tî-mô-nîâ, s. m. thiller or thill-rse. Timonier, Mar. helmsman, steershorse. Relève le timonier, relieve the helm. Change le timonier, get another helmsman. Un timonier à la barre, a hand to the helm. TIMORE, E, tî-mô-ra, adj. timorous, fea.

ful, scrupulous.

TIMPAN, etc. V. Tympan. TINE, tin, s. f. tub, open tub.

TINEL, s. m. common hall for servants to eat in.

TINETTE, ti-net, s. f. tub with ears.

Tins, s. m. pl. Mar. blocks on which the keel of a ship is laid while building.

TINTAMARRE, tin-tâ-mar, s. in. thundering noise, bustle or hurly-burly.

TINTAMARRER, v. n. to make a great noise. TINTEMENT, tint-inen, s. m. tingling. TINTEMENT, tint-men, s. m. tingling. Tintement d'oreilles, tingling or glowing of

TINTER, tin-ta, v. a. to toll (a bell.) Tinter. v. n. to be tolled, tingle or jingle.
Tintin, tin-tin, s. m. jingling.

TINTOIN s.m. tingling or noise (in one's ears.)

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

TIQUE, tik, s. f. tick (a vermin.)

TIQUER, ti-kà, v. n. Ex. Un cheval qui tique, a horse that has got the tick.
TIQUETÉ, E, tîk-tà, adj. speckled.

TIQUEUR, s. m. horse that has got the tick. TIRADE, il-rad, s. f. long train or series (of words.) Tout d'une tirade, of a stretch; without intermission, all at once.

Tirage, ti-raz, s. m. pulling; drawing; pross-work (in printing.)
Tiraillement, ti-ral-men, s. m. pulling or haling about.

Thatller, ti-ra-la, v. a. to pull or hale about. Tirailler, v. n. to shoot unskilfully.

TIRAILLERIE, s f, the act of pulling or

haling about. TIRAILLEUR, ti-ra-leur, s. m. bad marks-

man, one that shoots unskilfully.

TIRANT, ti-ren, s. m. boot-strap, pursestring; slip of parchment to tie papers with, sort of tough gristle in meat, beam reaching from one wall to another. Tirant d'eau, Mar. draught of water. La marche de notre bâtiment est d'être sans aucune différence de tirant d'eau, our ship sails best upon an even keel.

TIRASSE, ti-ras, s. f. net (for quails, etc.) TIRASSER, ti-ra-sa, v. a. or n. to eatch with

TIRE, tlr, s. f. Ex. Tout d'un tire, all at ouce, all together, without any stop. A tire d'aile, with quick jerks of the wing, as swift

as possible.
Tiré, E, adj. (from Tirer) drawn, etc.

TIRE-BOTTE, s. m. boot-jack.

TIRE-BOUCHON, s. in. cork-serew. TIRE-BOURKE, s. m. worm (to unload a

gun.) TIRE-BOUTON, s. m. buttoner.

TIRE-CLOU, s. m. nail-drawer.

Time-fond, s. m. cooper's turrel; surgeon's piercer.

TIRE-LAISSE, s. m. balk.

TIRE-LARIGOT, adv. Ex. Boire à tire-larigot, to drink hand to fist or hard or briskly. Tire-Ligne, s. m. drawing-pen, ruler.

TIRELIRE, s. m. christmas-box.

TIRE-MAILLE, s. m. usurer.

TIRE-MOELLE, s. m. marrow spoon.

TIRE-PIED, s. m. shoo-maker's stirrup.

Tire-Plomb, s. m. glazier's vice.
Tirer, tî-râ. v. a. to draw, pull. lug, pluck or tug, draw out, pull or lug or loll out, pull off, draw off, take out or up or off, get out, get, obtain, get off, bring off, deliver, free, rid, receive, reap, extract, collect, pick, squeeze out, pull out, stretch; to draw; (in printing,) to draw, print, work off; (le vin de la lie) to rack; (un fusil) to fire, let off; (un canon) to fire, discharge; (une årbalèle) to shoot off or shoot with; (un lièvre, un oiseun) to shoot; (un feu d'artifice) to let off. Tirer des armes, to fence. Tirer une estocude or un coup d'estocade, to make a pass. Tirer, v. n. to shoot, let off, discharge, go off; to play; to go. Tirer sur, to incline to. Settirer, v. r. to get out or off. Tirer, Mar. Notre bâtiment tire 13 pieds

d'ean de l'arrière, et 17 pieds 4 pouces de l'arrant, our ship draws 18 feet abaft and 17 feet 4 inches forward. Vaisseau qui tire beaucoup d'em, ship of a great draught of water. Vaisseau qui tire peu d'eau, ship of an easy draught

of water. Ce navire tire si peu d'eau qu'il est of water. Ce navire tire si pen d'ean qu'il est propre à toute espèce de commerce, that ship is of so easy a draught of water that she is fit for any trade. Tirer une embarcation à terre, to haul a boat ashore. Tirez un bâtiment à terre, to ground a vessel. Tirer du canon, to fire guns. Tirez un coup de canon sur ce brick pour le faire mettre en punne, fire a shot at that brig to make her bring to. Le coup de canon de retraite est tiré, the evening gun is fired. Le coup de divine est-il. gun is fired. Le conp de canon de diane est-il tiré? is the morning gun fired? Tire-sou, s. m. usurer.

TIRET, ti-re, s. m. slip of pareliment; division or hyphen.

TIRETAINE, tîr-tên, s. f. linsey-woolsey. TIRE-VEILLE, tir-vêl, s. f. Mar. man-rope entering-rope, ladder-rope; side-rope. Mettre les tire-veilles, to ship the side-ropes. Les tire-veilles à l'échelle, ship the ropes.

TIREUR, ü-rèur, s. in. shooter, game-keeper, fencing-master, fencer; (d'une lettre de change) drawer. Tireur d'arc, archer. Tireur d'or, gold wire drawer. Tireur de Tireur d'or, gold wire drawer. laine, thief.

Tinoir, il-rwar, s. m. drawer (of a desk

etc.)
Ttsane, ti-zan, s. f. ptisan.

Tison, if-zon, s. m. brand, fire brand. Les tisons, the fire.

TISONNER, tî-zô-nå, v. a. to poke or stir

the fire. Tisonneu-R, se, tî-zô-nêur, neuz, s. m. &

f. poker or one that pokes the fire.

TISONNIER, tî-zô-nîå, s. m. poker (of

Tissen, ti-så, v. a. to lay the ground-work of (lace.)

TISSERAND, tis-ren, s. m. weaver.

Tisserande, s. f. weaver's wife or widow.

TISSERANDERIE, s. f. weaver's trade Tissu, E, ti-sů, sù, adj. (from Tistre)

woven, spun.

Tissu, ti-su, s. m. tape; (de chereux) lace; (d'or et d'argent) tissue; contexture; series. Tissure, s. f. weaving or texture; web or

weft, contexture or ordering or framing.
TISSUTIER, ti-su-tia, s. m. riband-weaver.

TISTRE, v. a. (only used in the participle Tissu) to weave. C'est lui qui a tissu cette intrigue, he is the manager of that intrigue.

TITHYMALE, s. m. milk-thistle.
TITILLANT, E. adj. tickling.
TITILLATION, tl-til-la-slon, s. f. titillation,

tickling.

TITILLER, v. a. to titillate.

TITRE, titr, s. m. title; right, standard of coin: deed, record, voucher. A titre de, under colour of, under the pretence of.

TITRÉ. E, ti-trà, adj. honourable. of quali-

ty, that has a title of honour.

TITKER, v. a. to give a title of honour to care. TITUBATION, s. f. titubation, the act of stumbling.

TITULAIRE, ti-tu-ler, adj. titular.

TITULAIRE, s. in. incumbent. Too! (son d'un choc) tack!

Tocane, to-kan, s. f. wine that runs from the grapes without pressing, new wine.
Tocsin, tok-sin, s. m. alarm, alarm-oell.
Toi, twa, pron. thou, thee, thyself.

Toile, twal, s.f. cloth, linen-cloth; (de vant un théâtre) curtain. Toiles, toils, snare,

bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good,

trap; (de moulin à rent) sails; (draps) sheets. Toile, Mar. canvass. Toile à prélat, thick canvass for tarpawlings. Toile à voile, sail-cloth. Toile à roile de Hollande, Holland Toile à voile de Russie, Russia duck. Toile de pointe, goring cloth. Toile écrue de 7-8, thin canvass like the English No. 3. Toile écrue Toile de cotonnine, sail cloth used for the sails of xebecs and other vessels of the Mediterranean. Toile de Mélis, de Noyale, d'Olonne, sail cloth fabricated at Melis, Noyalle, Olonne,

Toilé, twå-lå, s. m. ground of a lace. Tollerie, twal-rl, s. f. linen cloth trade.

TOILETTE, twå-let, s. f. toilet; also a babe's mantle.

TOILIER, s. m. linen-cloth maker.

Toise, twaz, s. f. measure containing six feet in length, fathom.

Toisé, E, adj. measured by the fathom; concluded, settled; s. m. measurement, mea-

Toiser, twå-2å, v. a. to measure by fathom.

Toiseur, twa-zeur, s. m. measurer. Toison, twa-zen, s. f. fleece. Toit, twa, s. m. top (of a house,) roof, sty.

Tol.E, tol, s. f. iron plates. *Tolérable, tô-lå-rabl, adj. tolerable.

TOLÉRABLEMENT, adv. tolerably. TOLÉRANCE, tổ-ia-rèns, s. f. toleration. TOLÉRANT, E, tô-lå-rèn, rènt, adj. & s.

friend to toleration. Tolerantisme, s. m. system of toleration. Tolerer, to-la-ra, v. a. to tolerate, con-

nive at. Tollé, Ex. Crier tollé sur quelqu'un, to raise an outcry against one.

TOLLET, s. m. Mar. thole.

TOLLETIÈRES, s. f. pl. Mar. row-locks. Tombac, ton-bak, s. m. pinchbeck. Tombe, tonb, s. f. tomb-stone; also a tomb

or grave.
Tonbé, E, adj. fallen, etc. V. Tomber. TOMBEAU, ton-bo, s. m. tomb, monument;

grave, sepulchre.

TOMBELIER, s. f. carman, dung-cart-man. TOMBER, ton-ba, v. n. to fall, tumble, get a fall or tumble, drop, drop down, fall off, sin, fall out or happen, abate, flag, fail, sink, lower, decay, lose one's reputation; to fall, light; to hang; to rush. Tomber dans, to fall into. Tomber d'accord, to agree, confess, own. grant. Tomber malade, to be taken sick. Il

grant. Tomber manne, s.

tombe de la neige, it snows.

Tomber, v. a. Mar. to fall, etc. Tomber à la mer, to fall overboard. Tomber sous le hande, or sur le côte, to fall over (speaking of a ship aground.) Tomber au milieu d'une escadre ennemie, to fall into the middle of an enemy's fleet or squadron. Un de nos rais-seaux de 64 tomba dans la ligne ennemie, et fut fort maltraité, one of our 64 gun-ships dropped into the enemy's line and was very roughly handled. Nos fins voiliers tom-hèrent sur l'arrière-garde ennemie, dont ils compèrent deux raisseaux, our prime sailers made a dash at the enemy's rear, from which they cut off two ships. Nous serious tombés sur une frégate, si l'ancre de miséricorde n'aroit pris, we should have fallen on board of a frigate but that our sheet anchor brought us up. Tombant de douze brasses par quatre,

nous nimes tout à cuter, idling from twelve fathoms into four we threw all aback. Notre grand mât tombant du côte de l'ennemi, engagea une partie de nos canons, our main mast falling on the side we were engaging, interrupted the fire of some of our guns. La mâture de cette corrette tombe beaucoup sur l'arrière, that sloop's masts hang aft very much. Le convoi tomba en calme sous la Dominique, the convoy got becalmed under Dominica. Le tonnerre tomba deux fois à notre bord dans la campagné, our ship was twice struck by lightning while we were out. Le vent tombera an coucher de soleil, the wind will die away at sun-set. Le tombée? is the sea gone down? La mer est-elle

TOMBEREAU, ton-bro, s. m. tumbrel, dungcart or the like; (for criminals) cart.
Tone, tom, s. m. tome, volume, part.

Ton, m. TA, f. TES, pl. adj. thy, thine. Ton, ton, s. m. tone, voice, tune, note, strain, sound. Ton de conleurs, agreement of the colours. Parler d'un ton fier or d'un ton resolu, to speak boldly or confidently, talk big. Ton, Mar. (d'un mât) head, cap, space comprehended between the cap and the trestle-trees. Nos huniers sur le ton, nous tenons toute l'escadre qui les a à tête de bois, with our.

topsails on the cap, we hold way with all the fleet with theirs at the mast head. TONDAILLE, ton-dal, s. f. shearing, shear-

ing-time.
TONDEUR, ton-dêur, s. m. a shearer; shearman *or* cloth worker; barber.

TONDRE, tondr, v. a. to shear; cut the hair of, shave.

Tondo, E., adj. shorn. Une brebis tondue, a shorn sheep. Il n'y a que trois tondus et un pelé, there are only tag-rag and boh-tail.

Tonque, tô-nîk, adj. tonick.

TONLIEU, s.m. duty to the lord of a manor for a place in the market.

TONNAGE, tổ-nãz, s. m. tonnage.

TONNANT, E, to-nen, nent, adj. thundering. TONNE, ton, s. f. ton; butt, cask of two hogsheads.

TONNEAU, tô-no, s. m. cask or vessel; tun. Mar. tun, ton weight; cask of four hogsheads. Un bâtiment de quatre cents tonneaux, a ship of 400 tons burden.

Tonneler, ton-la, v. a. to tunnel, take with a tunnel, entrap, ensnare.

TONNELEUR, ton-leur, s. m. tunneler.

Tonnelière, s. f. cooper's wife or widow.

TONNELLE, tô-nêl, s. f. tunnel, arbour. TONNELLERIE, tô-nêl-rl, s. f. cooperage, shed where casks are made.

TONNER, to-na, v. n. to thunder, roar, inveigh. Il tonne, it thunders.

TONNERRE, to-ner, s. m. thunder, lightning or thunderbolt. Frappé du tonnerre, thunderstruck.

TONNES, s. f. pl. a kind of shells.

Tonsure, ton-sur, s. f. tonsure.
Tonsuré, adj. that has got the tonsure.
Tonsuré, s. m. priest with a tonsure,

shaveling, Tonsurer, ton-sû-rê, v. a. to shave the crown of.

TONT, tout, s. f. shearing; shearing time. TONTICE, adj. V. Bourre.
TONTINE, tou-tin, s. f. toutine.

bûse, bût : jeune, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

TONTINIER, Ef ton-tî-nîa, nîer, s. m. & f. ||

annuitant on survivorship.

TONTURE, s. f. shearing, shorn wool. Mar. sheer of the wales and decks, convexity of the transoms and beams of a ship. Tonture des transoms and heams of a sinp. Tonture des beaux, round, up or convexity of the beams. Tonture des ports, sheer of the decks. Veisseau qui a de la tonture, ship with a great sheer. Vaisseau qui a predu de sa tonture, ship that has lost her sheer.

Tonturé, E, adj. Mar. Bâtiment tonturé, vessel buit. with a great sheer.

Top, Mar. stop. TOPAZE, tô-paz, s. f. topaz.

TOPE, top, int. done, I consent.

TOPER, (ô-på, v. n. to agree or consent; also to tope. Tope or je tope, done, I agree to it. Je tope partout, I am at all.
TOPINAMBOUR, tô-pì-nèu-bòor, s. m. spe-

cies of sun-flower; Jerusalem artichoke. V.

Tanpinambour

Topique, tö-pîk, adj. topical. Topique, s. m. topick or common place. Topographie, tö-pô-grā-fi, s. f. topogra-

phy. Topographique, tô-pô-grâ-fîk, adj. topographical.
Toque, tok, s. f. cap (such as is worn in

the universities.)

*Toquer, v. a. to touch, strike. Toquer, to-ke, s. m. sort of cap.

TORCHE, torsh, s. f. torch or taper. Torche-cul, s.m. bum-fodder.

TORCHER, tor-sha, v. a. to wipe, make or rub clean ; (quelqu'un) to beat (one.)

TORCHERE, tor-sher, s. f. high stand to put

lights upon.
Torchis, tôr-shi, s. m. mud or mortar made of mud and straw or hay.

Torchon, tôr-shon, s. m. rubber, dusting cloth, dish-clout, wisp of straw; a slut.

TORDEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. twister of wool; silk throwster

TORDRE, tordr, v. a. to twist, wrest, wring,

writhe, wreath, throw, wind about. TORDU, E, adj. twisted, wrung, wrested, etc. TORE, tor, s. in. round member in the base

of a pillar.

TORMENTILLE, tôr-men-tîl, s. f. tormentil. TORON, s. m. Mar. strand. Cordage à quatre torons, rope of four strands. torons de tournevire a manqué, the messenger is stranded.

TORPEUR, s. f. numbness, torpor.

TORPILLE, tôr-pîl, s. f. torpedo. TORQUET, tôr-kê, s. m. Ex. Donner le or un torquet à quelqu'un, to put a sham upon one, deceive him.

Tonquette, tor-ket, s. f. certain quantity

of fish wrapped up in straw.
TORREFACTION, s. f. torrefaction.
TORREFIER, v. a. to torrefy.

TORRENT, to-ren, s. m. torrent.

TORRIDE, (ör-rid, adj. torrid.
TORS. m. TORSE, tors, or TORTE, f. adj.
(from Tordre) twisted; twined, wreathed,
etc. Cou tors, wry neck. Mar. lay. Cordage qui a trop de tors, rope too hard laid.

TORSE, s. m. body of a statue without a head, arms or legs. Torse, s. f. twisted piece

of wood, twisted work.
TORT, tor, s. m. wrong, injury, fault, blame. A tort, wrongfully. A tort et a travers, at

random, right or wrong. Avoir tort, to be in the wrong, to be to blame.

TORTE, adj. V. Tors.

TORTICOLIS, tor-ti-ko-li, s. m. crick in the neek; also hypocrite and wry-neeked man or woman.

TORTIL, s. m. torse (in heraldry.)

TORTHLAGE, s. m. shuffling, evading, the using of shifts (in conversation.

TORTILLÉ, E, adj. twisted.

TORTILLEMENT, tổr-tử-mên, s. m. twisting; shiđing, shufling, finesse.
TORTILLER, tổr-tỷ-tầ, v. a. to twist; (m. air) to trill over. Tortiller, v. n. to shufile, dodge, use shifts; also to waddle.

TORTILLON, tor-ti-lon, s. m. roll or wisp; also sort of mean cap and servant maid taken from the country.

TORTIONNAIRE, tôr-siô-ner, adj. extor

sive, unjust, unlawful.

TORTIS, s. m. wreath, garland; also threads

twisted together. TORTU, E, tor-ta, tu, adj. crooked, bowing

in and out; untoward, perverse. TORTUE, tor-tu, s. f. tortoise.

TORTUER, tor-tu-h, v. a. to bend, make crooked. Se tortuer, v. r. to grow crooked,

warp. TORTUEUSEMENT, tortueuz-men, adv. crookedly, with windings in and out.

Tortueu-x, se, tor-tu-eu, euz, adj. wind-

ing, turning in and out, crooked.

FORTUOSITÉ, tổr-tủ-6-zi-tå, s. f. tortuosity.

TORTURE, tor-thr, s. f. torture, rack. TORTURER, to put to the torture ; (le sens d'un mot) to wrest, pervert.

TORY, s. m. tory, one who is for and votes with the ministers (in England.)

Toste, tost, s. m. toast, a health.

Toster, tos-ta, v. a. to toast, drink one's health.

Tor, to, adv. quick, quickly, soon. Aussitôt que, when, as soon as

TOTAL, E, to-tal, adj. total, whole, entire,

TOTAL, s. m. whole, total or whole sum.

TOTALEMENT, to-tal-men, adv. totally, utterly, entirely.

TOTALITÉ, tô-tâ-lî-tà, s. f. totality, total. Toron, to-ton, s. m. whirlbone, tetotum.

Touage, too-az, s. m. Mar. warping or towing.

TOUAILLE, too-al, s. f. towel, roller.

Touchant, E, too-shen, shent, adj. sensible, sad, grievous, affilicting; pathetick, moving, powerful: prep. touching, concerning, about.

Touche, toosh, s. f. stop or fret of organs, etc. string of a musical instrument, touch or trial, stroke or touch, fescue; drove of fatted cattle. Pierre de touche, touch-stone.

TOUCHER, too-sha, v. a. & n. to touch, meddle with, handle or finger, shake hands with one, try or put to the fouchstone, drive, strike, hit, express, play upon, receive, be or draw near, reach, he next or adjoining or contiguous, be related or of kin, concern, move, affect. Toucher de près à, to be nearly related to. Se toucher, v.r. to touch one another, be contiguous or adjoining.

Toucher, v. a. & n. Mar. to touch, meddle

with, strike or touch upon the ground, etc. Toucher et parer, to touch and go. Le bâti-

bar, bat, base : thère, ebb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

ment toucha en entrant dans le port, tho ship | touched in coming into harbour. Le compas a besoin d'être touché, the compass wants to be touched. Les deux vaisseaux amiraux étoient à se toucher dans le combat, the two flag ships were rubbing against each other's sides in the action. Pour peu que nous tou-chions à l'arrimage, le brig perd de sa marche, if we meddle at all with the brig's stowage, it hurts her sailing.

Toucher, too-sha, s. m. feeling, touch; manner of playing on instruments.

Toucheur, s. m. Ex. Toucheur de boufs,

drover.

Toue, s. f. towing ; ferry-boat. V. Touéc. Touée, s. f. Mar. warp, tow-line. Entrer duns un port à la tou'e, to warp into a har-bour. Sortir du port à la touée, to warp out

of the harbour.

Touer, tổo-à v. a. to warp, tow. Grelin or haussière à touer, tow-rope. Bateau servant à touer, tow-boat. L'on nous toua pour. sortir du port, we were towed out of the harbour. La frégate se toueroit de préférence à se faire remorquer, the frigate might be warped faster than she could be towed.

Toueur, tôo-êur, s. m. kedge anchor. Touffe, tôof, s. f. tuft; thicket.

TOUFFEUR, s.f. exhalation that one feels on entering a warm room.

Touffu, E, too-fu, fu, adj. thick, bushy. *Touillaut, s. m. Ex. Un gros touillaut,

a lusty blade, a stout fellow.

Toujours, too-zoor, adv. always, ever, evermore, continually, in the mean while, or time, generally; without exception, mostly, commonly, at least, for all that, but still, nevertheless.

TOULET, V. Tollet.

TOUPET, too-pe, s.m. little tuft (of hair, etc.) Tourie, too-pl, s. f. gig or castle top; also

*Toupler, v. n. to whirl about.

Toupiller, too-pi-la, v. n. to whirl about, run up and down.

Toupillon, too-pi-lon, s. m. little tuft. Tourin, s. m. Mar. top for laying ropes. Tour, toor, s. f. tower, spire, rook (at ness.) Tour à feu, Mar. light-house.

Tour, s. m. turn, turning, going round, circular motion or revolution, circumference, tour, compass, contour, turn-lathe, turning-wheel, turning-box (in a nunnery,) game (at backgammon,) turn or gloss, turn or way of writing or of expressing one's self, turn or sense or construction, turn or office or courtesy or service; trick or wile or fetch; turn or order (according to rank) or place; turn or walk. Tour à tour, by turns, one after another. Tour de reins, sprain in the back. Tour de lit, suit of bed curtains. Tour de cou, neckcloth; also cloakloop. Tour de cou d'un rabat, neck of a band. Tour de plume,

aun raout, neck of a band. Tour de plume, feather about one's hat. Tout du bâton, by-profits. Faire un tour de promenade, to take a turn, walk a turn or a little way.

Tour, s. m. Mar. Tour à bitord, reel for making spun yarn. Tour pour or de loch, log reel. Tour de la grande ligne de sonde, deep sea reel. Tour mort avec deux demicles, els ve hitch with a round turn. Tour de câble or durs les challes turn in the house câble or dans les câbles, turn in the hawse.

Demi-tour dans les câbles, elbow in the hawse. Prendre des tours dans les câbles, to take turns in the hawse. Tiens le tour à loch, hold the reel. Le vent fait le tour du compas, the wind flies all round the compass. Nous dépasserons les tours de nos câbles avant la fin de la marée, we will clear hawse before the tide has done. Notre navire prend le bon tour, et nous n'aurons plus de croix dans les câbles, our vessel is going the right way, and we shall have an open hawse. Le bâtiment n'a-t-il pas pris le maucais tour? is not the ship gone the wrong way? Il faut donner du tour à la pointe, you must not borrow too near the point.

TOURBE, tôorb, s.f. turf (for fuel;) disorderly or lawless multitude of people. Enquête

par tourle, general inquest.
Toursellon, toor-bi-lon, s. m. whirlwind; vortex, whirl or whirling. Tourbillon or Tourbillon de vent, Mar. tornado.

Tourd, s. m. a sea-fish. Tourd or Tourdelle, s. f. a particular species of thrush. Tourelle, too-rel, s. f. turret.

TOURET, tôo-rê, s. m. small wheel turned by a larger. Touret, Mar. winch (on which

the yarn is wound up in a rope walk.)

TOURIÈRE, tôo-rièr, s. f. maid that looks
to the turning-box in a nunnery.

Tourillon, tôo-rî-lon, s. m. trunnions. Tourment, toor-men, s. m. torment, pain,

racking thought, anxiety, grief, sorrow.
TOURMENTANT, E, toor-men-ten, tent, adj.

tormenting, troublesome.

TOURMENTE, toor-ment, s. f. storm, tem-

pest. Mar. violent storm, stormy weather.
TOURMENTER, tôor-mên-tâ, v. a. to torment, torture, rack or put to great pain, disquiet, grieve, vex, afflict, plague, tire, trouble, importune, dun, be troublesome, toss, tumble, jolt, deaden (the colours.) Se tourmenter, v. r. to torment one's self, toss, tumble, labour much, take or be at a great deal of pains, be very busy, warp (speaking of wood.)

TOURMENTEU-X, SE, adj. tempestuous. TOURMENTIN, s. m. Mar. fore top-mast stay-sail or fore stay-sail.

Tournalller, v. n. to turn, go round a

thing, go up and down.

Tournant, (for-nen, s. m. turning; whirl-pool. Tournant d'eau, Mar. whirlpool. Tourné, E. idor-na, adj. (from Tourner) turned, etc. Il est bien tourné, he is a very

genteel man. TOURNE-BOUT, s.m. sort of musical in-

TOURNEBRIDE, s. m. a little ale house near a castle for the servants and horses of the strangers who visit there.

Tournebroche, toorn-brosh, s. m. jack, turnspit.

TOURNE-FEUILLET, V. Signet.

Tournée, toor-na, s. f. circuit, progress or visit; round or walk or turn.

Tournelle, toor-nel, s. f. court for erimi-

Tournemain, toorn-min, s. m. Ex. Enun tournemain, in the turning of a hand, in a mo-

Tourner, toor-na, v. a. to turn, turn or wind round; to turn or turn up; translate. Tourner à blâme or à louange, to blame or praise. Tourner, v. n. to turn, turn round. buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

change, grow ripe, grow rotten. Faire tour-ner, to turn. Se towner, v. r. to turn or turn about; change, become. Tourner, Mar. to turn, etc. Les vents tourneront à l'ouest, the wind will come round to the westward. Tourne le sablier, turn the glass or turn. Tournesol, toorn-sol, s. m. turnsol.

TOURNETTE, s.f.yarn-windle; rolling-cage. TOURNEVIRE, s. m. Mar. messenger, royal.

Garnis le tournevire au cabestan, get the messenger to pass.
Tournevis, tôorn-vîs, s. m. key for a

screw. Tourneur, toor-neur, s. m. turner.

Tourneuse, s. m. turner's wife.

TOURNIQUET, tôor-nî-kê, s. m. turn-stile, turn-pike, whimsey-board. Tourniquet, Mar. swivel.

TOURNOI, tôor-nwa, s. m. tourney.
TOURNOIEMENT, tôor-nwa-mên, s. m.
whirling or turning round, winding about; (de tête) dizziness.

Tournois, idor-nwa, adj. Ex. Une livre

tournois, a French livre.

TourNois, s. m. farthing.

TOURNOYANT, adj. turning, winding. TOURNOYEMENT, V. Tournoiement.

Tournoyer, toor-nwa-ya, v. n. to turn or

go about, whirl about; dodge, shuffle.
TOURNURE, toor-nur, s. f. turning or turn-

er's work: turn.

TOURTE, toort, s. f. pie; turtle-dove. TOURTEAU, toor-to, s. m. crusty little loaf;

also link or wreath of pitched cord. TOURTEREAU, toort-ro, s. m. young turtle-

Tourterelle, toort-rel, s. f. turtle-dove. Tourtière, toor-tier, s. f. pan, baking-pan. TOURTOUSE, s. f. the rope which the hangman puts about the prisoner's neck.

Tourtre, toortr.s. f. turtle-dove. Tous, toos, V. Tout.

Toussaint, (LA) too-sin, s. f. all-saints-day, all-hallow-day. Tousser, too-sa, v. n. to cough, hem.

Tousseu-R, se, too-seur, seuz, s. m. & f. cougher.

Tout, E, tôo, tôot, adj. Tous, toutes, pl. all, whole, any, whatever, every; mere. Tous les jours, every day. Toutes les semaines, every week. Tout ce que j'ai d'amis, all the friends I have. Tout, adv. (by a strange custom this adverb becomes feminine when it falls upon an adjective feminine, which hegins with a consonant) wholly, entirely, quite, thoroughly, all, altogether, all over; as, through, for all. It est tout malade, he is quite sick. Elle est toute malade, she is quite Ils sont tout malades, they are quite sick. Ses sœurs sont toutes malades, his sisters are quite sick, as well as his sisters are sick every one of them. Tout malades qu'ils sout, sick as they are, as sick as they are. Toutes malades que sont ses sœurs, sick as his sisters are, as sick as his sisters are, though his sisters are sick, for all his sisters are sick. his sisters are sick, for all his sisters are sick. It a laissé la porte tout ouverte, he has lest the door quite (wide) open. Tout ouverte qu'étoit la porte, for all the door was open. P'vint du tout, not at all. Rien du tout, not at all. Rien du tout, without exception. Partout, every where, Après tout, all things considered. Tout. s. m.

whole, all. Toutes les personnes, all, all men, every body. Le tout ensemble, all together, the whole. C'est le tout, 'tis all in all. Ce n'est pas tout, it is not enough, it does not suffice, this is not all. V. Atout.

Toutefois, toot-fwa, conj. yet, neverthe-

less, however.

Toute-Présence, s. f. omnipresence.

TOUTE-PUISSANCE, tôot-pôil-sêns, s. f. almighty power, almightiness, omnipotency; the almighty. God almighty.
TOUT-PUISSANT, E, tôo-pôil-sên, sênt, adj.

almighty, omnipotent.
Tout-Puissant, (LE) s. m. the Almighty,

God Almighty.

Τουτου, tổo-tổo, s. m. little dog or whelp,

puppy.
Toux, too, cough. Toux de renard qui

mène au terrier, churchyard cough. Toxique, tôk-sîk, s. m. poison.

TRABAN, s. m. a soldier of the imperial guard in Germany.

*Trac, trak, s. m. track, gait, pace. Tracas, traka, s. m. hurry, bustle, noise, confusion, disorder

TRACASSER, trå-kå-så, v. n. to be busy, be full of bustle, be always in action or in a hurry, be a busy body or an intermeddler. Tra-

casser, v. a. to plague, trouble, vex. disquiet. Tracasserie, tra-kas-rl, s. f. shuffle, shuf-

fling, trick, piece of malice, malicious trick,

broil, bickering.
TRACASSIER, E, trå-kå-siå, sler, s. m. & f. busy-body, intermeddler, shifting or shuffling creature.

TRACE, tras, s. f. footstep, track or print or footing, traces, step, sign, mark, example;

drawing or draught.

TRACE, E, adj. whereof a draught or mo-

del is made, etc.

TRACEMENT, tras-men, s. m. drawing,

draught, delineation.

TRACER, tra-sa, v. a. to make a draught or model of, draw, chalk out, show, point out, describe (les arbres) to set or plant in order. Tracer, Mar. to draw, lay down. Trachée-artère, tra-sha-ar-tèr, s. f.

wind-pipe.

TRADITEURS, s. m. pl. traditors (of the sacred books to their persecutors.)

TRADITION, trå-di-slon, s. f. delivery; tra-

TRADITIONNAIRES, s. m. pl. (Juifs qui expliquent l'ancien testament par les traditions

de leurs pères) traditioners.
TRADITIONNEL, LE, trà-dì-sìò-nèl, adj.

traditional. TRADITIONNELLEMENT, adv. traditionally.

TRADITIVE, s. f. tradition. TRADUCTEUR, trå-důk-teur, s. m. transla-

TRADUCTION; trà-důk-slon, s. f. transla-

TRADUIRE, trà-důlr, v. a. (see the table at uire) to translate, to remove or transfer. Traduire en ridicule, to ridicule, traduce,

expose.
TRADUIT, E, adj. translated, etc.

TRADUISIBLE, adj. traducible.

TRAFIC, trå-fik, s. m. traffick, trade. TRAFIQUANT, trå-fi-kan, s. m. trader,

merchant, dealer. TRAFIQUER, tra-fî-ka, v n. to trade, deal, bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

traffick, drive a trade : v. a. to negotiate or [shot; stroke, dash, touch; act, piece, instance;

TRAGACANTE, s. f. tragacanth, gum-dra-

TRAGÉDIE, trà-zå-dl, s. f. tragedy.

TRAGÉDIEN, s. m. tragedian.

TRAGI-COMÉDIE, trà-zì-kô-mà-dì, s. f. tra-

gi-comedy.
TRAGI-COMIQUE, trå-zi-kô-mik, adj. tra-

gi-comical.

TRAGIQUE, trå-zik, adj. tragical, tragick. TRAGIQUE, (LE) s. m. the writing of tra-

gedics.
TRAGIQUEMENT, trå-zik-men, adv. tragi-

TRAHIR, tra-ir, v. a. to betray, be false, disclose, discover, belie, speak or act contrary

Se truhir soi-même, to betray one's self. TRAHISON, tra-1-zon, s. f. treachery, trea-

son, falsehood.

TRAIN, trin, s. m. pace, rate; rate, way, coarse; way; action, movement, disposition; rogues, wenches; (d'un seigneur) train, retinue; (de bois) float; (de batcaux) train; (d'artillerie) train (d'un carrosse) part on which the body rests; also track. Train de derant and train de derrière (d'un carrosse) fore wheels and hind wheels. Train de derant and train de derrière (d'un cheval) fore legs and shoulders and hind part. Train de presse, entire press. Mettre en train, to set on, set going. Se mettre en train de faire, to set one's self about. Etre en train, to be in, be at it; go on. Etre en train de faire, to be in a mood or humour for doing. Tout d'un train, all at once, at one bout, all together. Aller bon train, to go quickly. Faire du train, to make a noise.

TRAINANT, E, trè-nen, nent, adj. trailing,

dragging, drawling, languid. TRAÎNE, trên, s. f. Ex. Perdreaux en

traine, young partridges that cannot fly.

Traine, s. f. Mar. any thing towing everboard. A la traine, towing, in tow. Ce ruisseau a beaucoup de traînes dehors, that ship has many things towing overboard. Laisse le canot à la traine, let the boat tow astern.
TRAÎNÉ, E, adj. (from Trainer) drawn,

dragged along, etc.
TRAÎNEAU, trê-no, s. m. sledge or sled,

dray; trammel or draw-net.

TRAINÉE, trè-na, s. f. train, track to al. lure wolves, etc.

TRAÎNER, trê-na, v. a. to draw, trail, drag or draw along; to carry away or along, he attended with, bring, be the cause of; to amuse, keep at bay; to put off, prolong, spin out, protract, make linger; (une vie languissante) to lead a wretched or lingering life; (see paroles) to drawl or drag out one's words, speak very slowly. Trainer, v. n. to trail, drag or drag along; lie about, lie scattered; linger or languish, be long doing, hold out long, struggle, stay behind. Se trainer, v. r. to erawl or creep along.
TRAÎNEUR, trè-neur, s. m. straggler,

poacher or one that catches game with a trammel. Un traineur d'épée, a sword dan-

gler, vagabond.

TRAIRE, trer, v. a. to milk.

TRAIT, tre, adj. m. wire-drawn. Or or TRAIT, :e, s. m. dart, arrow, shaft, bolt, or griping pains

passage; turn or office, trick; draught, sup, gulp; (du visage) feature, lineament; (d'un carrosse) trace; (aux échecs) move; (in he-raldry) bar; point of the compass; gold or silver wire; part of a psalm between the TRAITABLE, tre-tabl, adj. tractable, fair dealing, gentle; kind, pliant, soft, ductile.
TRAITANT, E. adj. (from Traiter) treating

or discoursing, etc. TRAITANT, tre-ten, s. m. farmer of the king's revenues.

TRAITE, tret, s. f. journey or way or stage; exportation or transporting (of commodities:) draught or bill of exchange; custom or duty. Tout aune traite, at once, without stopping or baiting by the way. Traite, s. f. Mar. trade or traffick carried on between shipping and the inhabitants of a country. La traite des nègres, the slave trade. Sur cette côte on ne fait pas heaucoup de traite, there is little trading on that coast.

TRAITÉ, E, adj. treated, etc. V. Traiter. TRAITÉ, tre-tà, s. m. tract, treatise, dis-

course; treaty or agreement.

TRAITEMENT, trêt-mên, s. m. treatment, entertainment, usage; salary; honours (paid to;) attendance or care or medicines or dress-

ing, etc. TRAITER, tre-ta, v. a. & n. to treat or handle, discourse of or upon, treat of or about, be upon a treaty or bargain, treat or compound for; to treat or use, deal with, act with; behave to; treat or entertain, give an entertainment to, dress meat; to cure, have under cure or under one's hands. Traiter de, to call, give the title of, well, fare or live well. Se bien traiter, to eat

TRAITEUR, tre-teur, s. m. cook (that keeps

an ordinary.)

TRAFTRE, TRAFTRESSE, tretr, tre-tres, adj. traitorous, treacherous, false, perfidious, dan-

gerous.
TRAFTRE, s. m. traitor, betrayer, treacherous man.

Traitresse, s. f. traitress, perfidious woman. TRAITREUSEMENT, trè-trèuz-mên, adv. treacherously or traitorously.

TRAJECTOIRE, s. f. (in geometry) trajectory. TRAJET, trå-ze, s. m. way, passage, going

or passing or crossing over, jaunt, trip.
TRADIALL, tru-mal, s. m. trammel or drag-

TRAME, trâm, s. f. woof; plot; (de la vie) course.

TRAMER, tra-ma, v. a. to weave; to plot or contrive, brew.

TRAMONTAIN, s. m. tramontane.

TRAMONTANE, tra-mon-tan, s. f. north wind; north star; north. Gréco-tramontane; north-north-east. Mestre-tramontane, north-north-west. Perdre la tramontane, to be at a loss or beside one's self, be discomposed.

TRANCHANT, E, trèn-shèn, shènt, adj.

sharp, cutting, strong, glaring.
TRANCHANT, tren-shen, s. m. edge.
deux tranchans, two-edged.

TRANCHE, trènsh, s. f. slice, cut; edge. TRANCHE, E, trèn-shå, adj. cut, cut off.etc. Trancher.

V. Trancher. TRANCHÉE, s. f. trench or trenches, gripes

buse, bût : jêûne, mêute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

TRANCHEFILE, trènsh-fil, s.f. bar in a shoe; head-band in a book; little chain about a bit. TRANCHEFILER, trènsh-fî-là, v. a. to make head-bands for books.

TRANCHELARD, trènsh-lar, s. m. a cook's great knife. *
*TRANCHE-PLUME. s. m. pen-knife.

TRANCHER, tren-sha, v. a. to cut or cut off; to decide, resolve, determine to speak or be plain; (parlant des couleurs) to glare, show. Trancher le not, to speak the word, be plain. Trancher net, not to minee the matter; tell one's mind plainly. Trancher du, to set up

for, assume the ways or character of.
TRANCHET, tren-she, s. m. shoe-maker's

cutting-knife.

TRANCHOIR, trèn-shwar, s. m. trencher. TRANQUILLE, trèn-kîl, adj. quiet, still, calm, peaceable, undisturbed, sedate, com-

TRANQUILLEMENT, trèn-kîl-mên, adv.

tranquilly, quietly, peaceably

TRANQUILLISER, trèn-kî-lî-zâ,v.a. to quiet. Se tranquilliser, v. r. to grow quiet, be at rest. TRANQUILLITÉ, trèn-ki-li-tå, s. f. quiet,

tranquillity, calmness, sedateness.

TRANSACTION, tren-zak-slon, s. f. transac-

tion, agreement, articles.

TRANSCENDANCE, trèn-sen-dens, s. f. transcendence, transcendency.

TRANSCENDANT, E, trèn-sèn-den, dent, adj. transcendent.

TRANSCRIPTION, trèns-krip-sion, s. f. transcription or transcribing.
TRANSCRIRE, trèns-krir, v. a. (like écrire)

to transcribe or copy. TRANSCRIT, E, adj. transcribed, copied. TRANSE, trens, s. f. trance, agony, pangs,

apprehension of danger. TRANSFÉRER, trèns-få-rå, v. a. to trans-

fer, translate or remove, make over.

TRANSFIGURATION, trens-fi-gu-ra-sion, s. f. transfiguration.

TRANSFIGURER, trens-ff-gu-ra, v. a. to transfigure. Se transfigurer, v. r. to be trans-

figured. Transformation, trens-for-ma-sion, s. f.

transformation, transforming.

TRANSFORMER, trèns-for-ma, v.a. to transform, turn, change. Se transformer, v. r. to

be transformed, turn, change. Transfuge, trèns-füz, s. m. deserter,

turncoat.

TRANSFUSER, trens-fû-zå, v.a. to transfuse. TRANSFUSION, trèns-fû-zlon, s. f. transfu-

TRANSGRESSER, trens-gre-sa, v. a. to transgress, trespass, violate, go beyond.

TRANSGRESSEUR, trèns-grè-seur, s. m. transgressor, offender.

TRANSGRESSION, trèns-grê-sion, s. f. trans-

gression, transgressing.

TRANSI, E. adj., chilled, benumbed with cold. etc. V. Transir.

TRANSIGER, trenear, agree or covenant, article.
TRANSIR, tren-sir, v. a. to chill or benumb, daunt, damp. Transir, v. n. to be a feaid. appal, daunt, damp. Transir, v. n. chilled or benumbed, shiver; be afraid.

TRANSISSEMENT, trên-zîs-mên, s. m. chil-

ness, numbness.

TRANSITI-F, VE, trèn-sî-tîf, tlv, adj. transitive.

TRANSITION, tren-zl-sion, s. f. transition, passing (from one thing to another.)
TRANSITOIRE, trèn-zl-twar, adj. transito-

ry, transient.
*Translater, v. a. to translate.

TRANSLATEUR, s. m. translator. TRANSLATION, trens-la-sion, s. f. transla-

tion, removal.

TRANSMETTRE, trens-metr, v. a. (like met-

tre) to make over, pass away, transmit, convey.
TRANSMIGRATION, trens-mi-gra-slon, s.f. transmigration; emigration.

TRANSMIS, E, adj. made over, transmitted, etc.

TRANSMISSIBLE, trens-mi-sibl, adj. conveyable.
TRANSMISSION, s. f. transmission.

TRANSMUABLE, trens-må-abl, adj. transmutable.

TRANSMUER, trèns-mû-å, v. a. to trans-mute, change or transform.

TRANSMUTABILITÉ, s. f. quality of being

transmutable. TRANSMUTATION, trèns-mu-tà-sion, s. f.

transmutation, change. TRANSPARENCE, trèns-pâ-rèns, s. f. irens-

parency.

TRANSPARENT, E, trens-pa-ren, rent, adj. transparent. TRANSPARENT, s. m. lines (placed under

a leaf, to make one write straight;) oiled paper (for transparencies.)

TRANSPERCER, trèns-per-su, v. a. to pierce

or run through, transpierce.
TRANSPIRABLE, trens-pi-rabl, adj. perspi-

TRANSPIRATION, trens-pi-ra-sion, s. f. transpiration, perspiration.

TRANSPIRER, trens-pi-ra, v. n. to trans-

pire, perspire. TRANSPLANTATION. trèns-plèn-tà-sîon.

s. f. transplantation.
TRANSPLANTÉ, E, adj. transplanted, removed.

TRANSPLANTEMENT, s. m. transplanting. TRANSPLANTER, trens-plen-ta, v. a. to

transplant, remove. TRANSPORT, trens-por, s. m. transport, exporting, transporting or transportation, earriage, conveyance, assignment, transfer, going of a judge upon a contested spot, violent motion or transport, violent fit of rapture, ecstasy; (au cerreau) delirium, light-headedness. Bâtiment de transport, transport

TRANSPORTER, trens-por-ta, v. a. to transport or export, remove or earry, transfer, convey or make over, pass away; to transport, put beside one's self. Se transporter, v. r. to go or repair; also to fly out into a passion.

TRANSPOSER, trèns-pô-zå, v. a. to trans-

pose, misplace. TRANSPOSITION, trens-pô-zl-sion, s. f.

transposition, misplacing. TRANSSUBSTANTIATION, tren-subs-ten-si-

à-sion, s. f. transubstantiation. trèn-subs-ten-sla,

TRANSSUBSTANTIER, v. a. to transubstantiate.

*TRANSSUDATION, s. f. transudation. TRANSSUDER, trèn-sû-dà, v.n. to transude.

TRANSVASER, v. a. to decant. TRANSVERSAL, E, trens-ver-sal, adj. transverse, transversal, athwart, crossing.

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

TRANSVERSALEMENT, trèns-ver-sål-men, adv. athwart, ecross, cross-wise.

TRANSVERSE, adj. transverse, being in a eross direction.

*TRANTRAN, trên-trên, s. m. way, knack.

TRAPÈZE, s. m. trapezium. TRAPÉZOIDE, s. m. trapezoid.

TRAPE, s. f.a trap-door, trap.
TRAPU, E, tra-pd, pd, adj. thick and short, strong-limbed, stubbed, squat.
TRAQUENARD, trak-nar, s. m. kind of ambling pace of a horse; ambling nag; brisk sort of a dayor, trans. sort of a dance; trap.

TRAQUER, v. a. to make an enclosure for

TRAQUET, tra-ke, s. m. trap, snare; mill-elack or mill-elapper; a small bird.

TRAQUEUR, s. m. one of those employed in making an enclosure for hunting.

TRAVADE, s. f. whirlwind at sea. TRAVAIL, tra-val, s. m. work, labour, pains, piece of work, (de maréchal) trave, travel, travise; (pour accoucher) labour, tra-vail, (in the two last senses the plural is tra-Travails.) Homme de travail, labourer. raux, works, labours. Notre équipage est ex-ténué de travail. Mar. our ship's people are worked off their legs.

TRAVAILLÉ, E, adj. (from Travailler) wronght, etc. also elaborate, done with exact-

TRAVAILLER, trà-vå-lå, v. n. to work or be at work, labour, be busy; be about; to labour, be in pain; (parlant de bois) to warp; to work, ferment. Travailler, v. a. to work; to labour, do with great care; (un cheval) to ride, manage; to trouble, disorder, discom-pose. Se travailler, to toil and moil, fret. Travailler, Mar. to work, strain, etc. Le

bâtiment travaille beaucoup par ce gros temps, the ship strains very much in this bad weather. Le câble travaille beaucoup, there is a great strain on the cable.
TRAVAILLEUR, trå-vå-leur, s. m. labour-

er; also pioncer.

TRAVAUX, V. Travail.

TRAVÉE, tra-va, s. f. space between two

joists.
Travers, tra-ver, s. m. side or breadth;
A trairregularity, whim, caprice, oddity. A trarers, an travers de, prep. across, thorough or through. De travers, en travers, side-wise, cross, cross-wise. De travers, cross, across, cross-wise, awry, a-skew, a-slope, the wrong way or side. Parler à tort et à travers, to talk inconsiderately.

Travers, Mar. Ex. Etre par le travers de, to be off, be abreast of. En travers du vaisseau, athwart ship. Etre en travers, to be lying to. Mettre en travers pour attendre un canot, to heave to for a boat. Etre en travers à la lame, to be in the trough of the sea. Prendre la marée en travers, to take the tide on the beam. La marée nous prend par le trarers, the tide takes us on the beam. fréguté a mouillé par notre travers, a frigate has come to a-breast of us. Mouillé par le travers de Belle-île, at anchor off Belle-isle. Ce bâtiment est mouillé en travers de la passe, that ship rides athwart the channel. Le Foudroyont a un travers, the Foudroyant appears to great a lyantage when you are abreast of

TRAVERSE, trà-vers, s. f. cross way, short cut; cross piece of timber; cross iron bar; traverse (in fortification;) cross, trouble, misfortune, rub, disappointment. Se jeter, venir à la trarerse, to come between, fall across, cross or thwart.

TRAVERSÉ, E, adj. crossed, etc. V. Tra-

TRAVERSÉE, tra-vêr-så, s. f. Mar. passage, run. Faire une traversée, to make a passage or run. Faire une belle traversée, to have a quick passage. Notre traversée a été très dure,

we have had a very rough passage.
TRAVERSER, tra-ver-sa, v. a. to cross, go or pass over; go across or through, traverse, run through; thwart or cross, trouble, disturb, vex. Mar. Traverser l'ancre, to fish the anchor. Traverser les voiles, to flat in the anchor. Traverser les voues, lo cross a yard, sails. Traverser une vergue, lo cross a yard, get a yard aeross. Traverse la misaine et les focs, flat in forward. Traverser une rivière à la faveur des marées, to tide it over. Les boulets nous traversoient d'un bord à l'autre, the shot came in at one side of us and went out on the other. Trarerser une escadre enne-

mie, to cross through an enemy's fleet.

TRAVERSIER, E, trà-vêr-sià, sièr, adj. Ex.
Flâte traversière, german fute. Barque
traversière, packet-boat. Vent traversier,
wind that blows right into a harbour, and hinders the sailing out of it; also wind that blows in such a direction as to enable a ship to proceed from one port to another and to

return without tacking.

TRAVERSIER, s. m. Mar. small fishing vessel on the coast of Rochelle; wind which prevents the sailing out of a harbour. Traversier d'écoutilles, gutter-ledge. Traversier de chaloupe, fore thwart of a launch or long boat. Le trarersier de ce port est le nord, the north wind will prevent any ship from sailing out of that harbour.

TRAVERSIN, trå-ver-sin, s. m. bolster;

beam of a balance.

Traversin, Mar. Traversin d'écoutille, gut-ter-ledge. Traversin de taquets, cross-piece of the main and fore sheet kevels and other werels. Transersin des hittes, cross piece of the bitts. Transersin d'elinguets, beams into which the pawls of the capstan are holted. Transersins des baux, small carlings (placed between the beams in French ships of war.) Traversins (pour les pieds des rameurs) stretch-

TRAVESTIR, tra-ves-tir, v. a. to disguise; travesty. Se travestir, v. r. to disguise to travesty.

one's self.

TRAVESTISSEMENT, trà-ves-tis-men, s. m. disguise.

TRAYON, trê-yon, s. m. dug. TREBUCHANT, E, trâ-bû-shên, shênt, adj. that weighs, of full weight.

TRÉBUCHEMENT, trå-bûsh-mên, s. m. fall,

downfall; offence or stumbling-block.
Thebucher, tra-ba-sha, v. n. to stumble, slip or trip; fall or tumble; fall, perish, come to ruin; also to be of full weight; to weigh down another weight.

Trевиснет, trà-bû-shê, s. m. weights;

gold weights; snare (for birds.)
TRÉFLE, trêfl, s.m. trefoil, clover, club (at cards.) Trèfle d'eau, duck-bean.
Tréflé, e, adj. (in heraldry) like trefoil.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

TREILLAGE, trê-lâz, s. m. arbour-work, pole arbour, pole hedge.

TREILLE, trel, s. f. arbour, vine-arbour,

TREILLIS, trê-li, s. m. trellis; buckram; sackcloth.

TREILLISSAGE, s. m. pole hedge.

TREILLISSER, tre-li-sa, v. a. to grate, eross-bar, lattice.

TREIZAINE, s. m. thirteen.

TREIZE, trez, adj. thirteen; (surnom) the Unirteenth; (date) thirteenth.

TREIZIEME, trê-zlêm, adj. thirteenth TRELINGAGE, s. m. Mar. quilting. lingage de la bouée, slings of the buoy. Trélingage des haubans sous les hunes, cat-harp-

TRÉLUCHER, v. a. Mar. to gybe, shift

(lateen sails.)

TRÉMA, tra-ma, s. m. (se dit des voyelles e, Y. U, lorsqu'elles sont marquées de deux points) diæresis.

TREMBLAIE, trèn-blè, s. f. grove of asps

or aspen-trees.

TREMBLANT, E, adj. trembling, shaking. TREMBLE, trènbl, s. m. asp or aspen-tree.
TREMBLEMENT, trènbl-mên, s. m. trembling; quaking, shaking, shivering, fear; (de dents) chattering; (en musique) quavering, shake, trill. Tremblement de terre, earth-

TREMBLER, fren-blå, v. n. to tremble, quake or shiver, fear; (en musique) to qua-

ver, make a shake. TREMBLEU-R, SE, trèn-bleur, bleuz, s. m.

& f. one who is afraid; also quaker.

TREMBLOTANT, E, adj. trembling, quak-

ing, shivering. TREMBLOTER, trèn-blô-tå, v. n. to trem-

ble, quake or shiver.

TRÉMIE, trå-ml, s. f. hopper or mill-hop-

per; measure for salt.

TRÉMOUSSEMENT, trà-môos-mên, s. m. fluttering.

TRÉMOUSSER, trà-môo-sa, v. n. to flutter. Se trémousser, v. r. to move or stir or flutter about, tremble, shake, quake, stir or bestir one's self.

TREMPE, trènp, s. f. temper or tempering

(of iron;) disposition.
TREMPER, tren-pa, v. a. to dip, soak or steep, imbrue; bathe (parlant des yeux;) dilute (parlant de vin;) temper (parlant de fer or d'acier.) Tremper, v. n. to soak or steep, souse; be concerned or have a hand in.

TREMPIS, s. m. salt-fish water.

TREMPURE, s. m. trendle (of a mill.)
TRÉMUE, s. f. sort of hood or companion (to the hatchway of a fishing-boat.)

TRENTAIN, tren-tin, s. m. (au jeu) thirty all

TRENTAINE, s. f. thirty.

TRENTANEL, s. m. sort of plant used for

dying. TRENTE, trent, adj. thirty; (du mois) thir-

TRENTE-ET-UN, s. m. (jeu) thirty-one. TRENTE-ET-QUARANTE, s. m. (jeu) thirty-forty.

TRENTIÈME, trên-tiem, adj. thirtieth.

TRENTIÈME, s. m. thirtieth part. TREDU, s. m. Mar. square sail.

TRÉPAN, tra-pen, s. m. trepan; trepan-

ning. TRÉPANER, trà-pà-nā, v. a. to trepan.

TRÉPAS, trà-pa, s. m. death, decease. TRÉPASSÉ, E, adj. deceased, dead, departed this life.

TRÉPASSÉ, s. m. dead body. Les trépas-

sés, the dead.

*T'RÉPASSEMENT, trà-pas-mên, s. m. point of death, decease, death.

TRÉPASSER, trà-pa-sà, v. n. to die, depart

this life, give up the ghost.

TREPIDATION, s. f. trepidation.

TREPIED, trå-plå, s. m. trevet; tripod.

TRÉPIGNEMENT, trà-plgn-mên, s. m. stamping, clattering motion with the feet.

TRÉPIGNER, trà-pl-gnà, v. n. to make a clattering motion with the feet, stamp with one's feet.

TRÉPOINT, trà-pwin, s. m. or TRÉPOINTE. s. f. well.

TRÈS, trè, adv. most, very. TRÉSEAU, V. Trézeau.

TRÉSOR, trå-zor; s. m. treasure; exchequer, treasury-chamber; treasury or treasu-

ry-house; charters, records. Trésorerie, trà-zôr-rl, s. f. treasury. TRÉSORIER, trå-zô-ria, s. m. treasurer.

Trésorière, s. f. treasurer-nun; a treasur cr's lady.
TRESSAILLEMENT, trê-sâl-mên, s. m. start, starting or starting up.

TRESSAILLIR, tre-sa-lir, v. n. to start, start

up, leap. TRESSE, tres, s. f. west, twist, tresses, hair.

Tresse, Mar. sennit.
TRESSER, tre-så, v. a. to weave, twist.

TRESSEU-R, SE, tre-seur, seuz, s. m. & f. weaver (of hair for wigs.) TRESSOIR, tre-swar, s. m. frame to weave

hair.

TRÉTEAU, trà-tò, s. m. trestle. TRÈVE, trèv, s. f. truce; intermission, rest,

breathing-time.
TRÈVES, s. m. TREVES or TRIERS (in

Germany.)

TREUIL, treul, s. m. roll or axle-tree of a hand mill. Mar. windlass or Spanish wind-

TRÉVIRE, s. f. parbuckle, rope used as

*TREUVER, v. a. to find.

TRÉZEAU, s. m. eighth part of an ounce. TRI, s. m. a sort of game at cards. *TRIACLEUR, triå-kleur, s. m. quack

mountebank, seller of treacle or theriaca.

TRIAGE, triaz, s. m. choice or choosing.

TRIAIRES, s. m. pl. triarians. TRIANGLE, trì-èngl, s. m. triangle. TRIANGULAIRE, trì-èn-g-à-lèr, adj. trian-

gular.

TRIBADE, s. f. woman too familiar with a woman.

TRIBORD, s. m. Mar. starboard. tribord d'un bâtiment, starboard side of a ship. Tribord un peu, starboard. Tribord tout, hard a-starboard. Sans venir sur tribord, mind your starboard helm. Fen tribord, fire the starboard guns.

TRIBORDAIS, s. m. starboard watch, star-

bowlines.

*TRIBOUILLEMENT, s. m. sudden trouble of the mind.

bar, bat, base: there, obb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good,

*TRIBOUILLER, v. n. to be troubled, put | in a flutter.

TRIBOULET, s. m. triblet.

TRIRULATION, tri-bu-la-sion, s. f. tribulation, trouble, affliction, cross, adversity.

TRIBUN, tri-bun, s. m. tribune. TRIBUNAL, tri-bū-nāl, s. m. tribunal.

TRIBUNAT, trì-bù-nà, s. m. tribune's office and dignity.

TRIBUNE, trì-bun, s. f. rostrum, pulpit,

gallery in a church.

TRIBUNITIEN, NE, adj. tribunitial. TRIBUT, trì-bu, s. m. tribute, tax, duty,

custom, homage. TRIBUTAIRE, tri-bå-ter, adj. & s. tribu-

'TRICHER, tri-sha, v. a. to cheat, bubble. TRICHERIE, trish-ri, s. f. cheating trick. TRICHEU-R, SE, tri-sheur, sheuz, s. m. & f.

sharper, cheat.

TRICOISES, s. f. pl. pincers.

TRICOLOR, s. m. (plant) tricolor. TRICON, tri-kon, s. m. gleek. TRICOT, tri-ko s. m. cudgel.

TRICOTAGE. trl-ko-tåz, s. m. knitting.

TRICOTER, trì-kô-tå, v. a. to knit; weave (lace.)

TRICOTETS, trl-kô-tê, s. m. pl. sort of dance, Cheshire round.

TRICOTEU-R, SE, trì-kô-teur, teuz, s. m.

& f. knitter.
TRICTRAC, trik-trak, s. m. backgammon tables, the game itself.

TRIDE, adj. quick, swift. TRIDENT, trì-den, s. m. trident,

TRIÉ, E, adj. (from Trier) picked, picked

out, culled.

TRIENNAL, E, trì-ch-nal, adj. triennial. TRIENNALITÉ, trì-en-na-lì-ta, s. f. term of

TRIENNAT, s. m. that lasts three years, for three years.

TRIER, trì-a, v. a. to pick or pick out, choose, cull.

TRIÉRARQUE, s. m. trierarch.

TRIGAME, adj. & s. trigamist.
TRIGAMIE, s. f. trigamy.
TRIGAUD. E, tri-go, god, edj. & s. shuffler, shammer.

TRIGAUDER, Eligadh, v. 12 to shuffle,

play foul.

TRIGAUDERIE, traged-rl, s. f. shuffling.

TRIGLYPHE, s. m. triglyph.

TRIGONOMÉTRIE, tri-gô-nô-må-tri, s. f.

TRIGONOMÉTRIQUE, adj. trigonometrical.

TRIGONOMÉTRIQUEMENT, adv. trigonometrically. TRILATERAL, E, adj. trilateral; having

three sides. TRILLION, s. m. trillion, a million of mil-

*TRIMER, v. n. to haste, run.

TRIMESTRE, tri-mestr, s. m. quarter, term of three months.

TRINGLE, tringl, s. f. curtain rod; a lath; wooden rule; triangle; bar with hooks on Tringle, which a butcher hangs his meat. Mar, cant.

TRINITAIRE, trl-ni-ter, s. m. Trinitarian, Matnurin.

TRINITÉ, trî-nî-ta, s. f. trinity.

TRINQUER, trin-ka, v. n. to drink, tipple, tope or carouse.
TRINQUET, trin-ke, or arbre de trinquet.

V. Mat.
TRINQUETTE, s. f. Mar. foresail of a cut-TRIO, tri-o, s. m. musick in three parts, three part song: triumvirate, company of three.

TRIOLET, trì-ò-le, s. m. little piece of poetry of eight verses (the first repeated after the third, and the first and second repeated after

the sixth.) TRIOMPHAL, E, trì-on-fål, adj. triumphal. TRIOMPHALEMENT, adv. in a triumphant

TRIOMPHANT, E, tri-on-fen, fent, adj. triumphant, triumphing, victorious; glorious,

TRIOMPHATEUR, trì-on-få-teur, s. m. triumpher.

TRIOMPHE, tri-onf, s. m. triumph, victory.

Arc de triomphe, triumphal arch.
Triomphe, s. f. the trump card; trump.
TRIOMPHER, tri-on-få, v. n. to triumph; to
excel; be pleased. Triompher de, to triumph

over, conquer, vanquish, subdue, master, glory or pride in.

TRIPAILLE, tri-pal, s. f. garbage

TRIPARTITE, adj. tripartite, divided into three parts.

TRIPE, trip, s. f. tripe, gut, scrap; (tripe de velours) mock velvet. Tripe-madame, house-leek, tripmadam.

TRIPERIE, trip-ri, s. f. tripe-house. TRIPETTE, s. f. little tripe.

TRIPHTHONGUE, S. f. triphthong.
TRIPHER, E, tri-pià, pièr, s. m. & f. tripeman or tripe woman.

TRIPLE, adj. triple, treble. TRIPLE, s. m. treble.

TRIPLÉ, E, adj. trebled. TRIPLEMENT, tripl-men, adj. trebly; in three ways or manners.

TRIPLEMENT, s. m.threefold augmentation.
TRIPLER, trî-plå, v. n. & a. to treble.
TRIPLICITÉ, trî-pli-sî-tà, s. f. triplicity.

TRIPLIQUER, v. n. to make a sur-rejoinder. TRIPLIQUES, s. f. pl. sur-rejoinder.

TRIPOLI, s. m. tripoly, rotten stone.
TRIPOLI, E, adj. made bright, polished.
TRIPOLIR, v. a. to make bright, polish with

tripoly.
Тигот, trl-po, s. m. tennis-court, gaming

house, bad company.
TRIPOTAGE, tri-po-taz, s. m. mingle-man-

gle, medley, confused and disgusting mass.
TRIPOTER, tri-po-ta, v. a. to mash or make a mish-mash, jumble.

TRIPOTIER, E, s. m. & f. master or mistress of a tennis-court.

TRIQUE, trik, s. f. cudgel. *TRIQUENIQUE, s. f. trifle.

TRIQUER, v. a. to cull and set aside.

TRIQUET, s. m. sort of battledore. TRIREME, tri-rem, s. m. trireme; a galley with three benches of oars on a side.

TRISATEUL, trl-zå-yeul, s. m. great great grandfather.
Trisateule, trl-zà-yeul, s. f. great great

grandmother.
TRISECTION, s. f. trisection.

TRISSOTIN, s. m. triple fool.

buse, but : jenne, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

TRISSYLLABE, trî-sî-lâb, adj. & s. m. tri-

syllabical, word of three syllables.
TRISTE, trist, adj. heavy, sad, sorrowful, afflicted, cast down; sorry, melancholy, pensive, dull, dark, pitiful, grievous, tedious.

TRISTEMENT, trist-men, adv. sadly, sor-

rowfully, heavily.

TRISTESSE, tris-tes, s. f. sadness, heaviness, grief, sorrow; melancholy, pensiveness. TRITHÉISME, s. m. tritheism

TRITHÉISTE, s. m. & f. tritheist. TRITON, trî-ton, s. m. Triton. TRITURABLE, trî-tû-râbl, adj. triturable.

TRITURATION, trl-td-ra-slon, s. f. tritura-

TRITURER, trî-tû-râ, v. a. to triturate.

TRIVIAIRE, adj. where three ways meet. TRIVIAL, E, trl-vlal, adj. trivial, ordinary. TRIVIALEMENT, trl-vlal-men, adv. tri-

TRIVIALITÉ, trì-vià-lì-tà, s. f. trivialness.

TRIUMVIR, trl-om-vir, s. m. triumvir. TRIUMVIRAT, trî-ôm-vî-ra, s. m. triumvi-

TROC, trok, s. m. truck, exchange.

TROCAR, s. in. trocar (in surgery.)

TROCHANTER, s. m. (pron. ch like k) tro-

chanter (in anatomy.)
TROCHÉE, trỏ-shả, s. f. trochee.
TROCHET, trỏ-shẻ, s. m. flowers or fruit growing in clusters.

TROCHISQUE, s. m. trochisk (a medicinal

Cake.)
TROCHURE, s. f. trochings.

TROENE, tro-en, s. m. privet (a shrub.) TROGLODYTE, adj. & s. troglodyte. TROGNE, trogn, s. f. phiz, face.

TROGNE, s. m. stump; core.
TROIS. trwa, adj. three; (surnom) the third; (date) third.

TROIS, S. m. three; (aux dés) trey.
'TROISIÈME, trwå-zièm, adj. & s. third.
La troisième, the third form in a school.

TROISIÈMEMENT, trwå-ziem-men, adv. thirdly.

*TRÔLER, trò-là, v. a. to carry up and

down, lead about, stroll.

TROMBE, tronb, s. f. Mar. water-spout.

TROMPE, tronp, s. f. horn, hunter's horn; trumpet; jew's harp; proboscis or trunk, trunk (of a fly, bee, etc.) periwinkle, set of stones jutting out for supporters. In pl. spiral shells. Trompes de Fullope, Fallopian tubes.

TROMPER, tron-pa, v. a. & n. to deceive, delude, beguile, cheat, gull, trick, cozen, catch, bubble, chouse; divert or assuage. Se tromper, v. r. to mistake or be mistaken, be

in an errour.
TROMPERIE, tronp-rl, s. f. cheating, cheat, trick, deceit, fraud.

TROMPETER, tromp-ta, v. a. to proclaim, trumpet, publish, blab out.

TROMPETTE, tron-pêt, s. f. trumpet; a sackbut. Trompette marine, trump marine. Trompette parlante, speaking trumpet.

Trompette, s. m. trumpeter.

TROMPEU-B, SE, tron-peur, peuz, adj. & s. deceitful, cheating, fallacious; cheat.

TRONG, tron, s. m. trunk, stump, stem, stock, family, church box or box for the poor; shaft (of a pillar;) dock of a horse's tail

TRONCHET, s. m. three legged block (of a cooper.) Gã

TRONÇON, tron-son, s. m. stump or broken piece :(de la queue d'un cheval) dock : (de vigne, etc.) trunk. Tronçon de lance, trunked spear.

TRONÇONNER, tron-sô-na, v. a. to shiver.

break or cut in pieces.

TRONE, tron, s. m. throne, crown.
TRONQUER, tron-ka, v. a. to maim, mutilate, mangle; curtail, cut off, lessen or diminish, lame.

Trop, trö, (the p pronounced before vow-cls.) adv. (with de or employed relatively) too much, in the singular; too many, in the plural; (when adding to a verb) too much; (when adding to an adjective or adverb) wo. Pas trop, but little, not very, not much. Par Trop, too, too much, over much.
Trop, s. m. excess, exuberance, superfluity.

TROPE, trop, s. m. trope.
TROPHEE, tro-få, s. m. trophy. Faire trophie de, to boast of, glory or pride in. TROPIQUE, tro-pik, s. m. tropick.

ThoroLogique, tro-po-lo-zik, adj. tropo-

logical. Troquer, trô-kå, v. a. to truck, barter, chop, exchange, swap.

TROQUEU-R, SE, trô-kêur, keuz, s.m. & f. trucker, swapper.
Thosse, s.f. Mar. parrel (of a lateen yard.)

TROT, tro, s. m. trot.
TROTTADE, s. f. a short ride on horseback or in a carriage.

TROTTE, trot, s. f. way, jaunt, stretch.

*TROTTE-MENU, E, adj. small trotting. TROTTER, tro-ta, v. n. to trot or be trot-

ting, run. TROTTEU-R, SE, tro-tenr, teuz, S. m. & f.

trotter, trotting horse, gadder. TROTTIN, tro-tin, s. m. foot-boy, lackey.

TROTTINER, v. n. to trot, run np and down. TROTTOIR, tro-twar, s. m. foot-way or

foot-path (along bridges, streets, etc.) Thou, troo, s. m. hole, gap, orifice. Petit trou, (an jeu de puume) hazard. Troumadame, (espèce de jeu) troll-madame. Je n'en donnerois pas un trou (trognon) de chou, ! would not give a fig or pin's point for it. Trou, s. m. Mar. hole. Trou du chut, lubber-hole. Trous d'amure, holes of the chess trees. Trous de cop-de-monton, holes of a dead eye. Trous d'écoutes, sheave-holes (in a ship's side, through which the main and fore sheets are rove.) Trous de la civadière, holes in the clues of a sprit-sail (to let out the water.) Trous de boulets, shot holes,

TROUBADOUR, s. m. troubadour (name

given to the ancient poets of Provence.)
TROUBLE, troobl, adj. thick, muddy, troubled, turned, dull, cloudy.

TROUBLE, s. m. trouble, confusion, disturbance, disorder, broil.

TROUBLE-FÊTE, s. m. & f. troublesomo

TROUBLER, trôo-bla, v. a. to trouble, mako thick or muddy, turn; disturb, embroil, confound, put out, interrupt, hinder, spoil. troubler, v.r. to grow thick or muddy, turn; be over-cast; be out or confound one's self,

TROUÉ, E. adj. with a hole or holes. Les voiles de ce hâtiment sont toutes trouves par les boulets, that ship's sails are full of shot-

TROUEE, troo-a, s. f. opening or gap or

breach (in a wood or hedge.)

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

TROUER, troo-à, v. a. to make a hole or holes, break through. Se trouer, v. r. to grow full of holes.

T'ROUPE, troop, s.f. troop, company, band, set, gang, crew; (de poissons) shoal; (de loups) herd; (d'oies, etc.) flock. Troupes, troops, forces, men, soldiers.

TROUPEAU, troo-po, s. m. flock, drove,

herd.

TROUSSE, troos, s. f. quiver; (de barbier) case; truss, bundle, bunch. En trousse, behind (on horseback.) Trousse à peignes, comb-case. Trousses, trunk-breeches, trouse, trowsers. Aux trousses de, at the heels of,

In pursuit of. TROUSSÉ, E, adj. tucked or pinned up, etc.

trived, well ordered, clever, tight, dapper.

TROUSSEAU, troo-so, s. m. (de flèches)
quiver; (de clefs) bunch; (nippes, bijoux)
wedding-clothes or jewels, paraphernalia.

TROUSSE-GALANT, s. m. cholera morbus sharp violent disease which carries one off quickly.

TROUSSE-QUEUE, s. m. leather strap for a

horse's tail, crupper.

TROUSSE-QUIN, s.m. sort of French saddle. TROUSSER, troo-sa, v. a. to truss or tie up, tuck up or in, pin up; to despatch or expedite.

Troussis, troosl, s. m. hem, folding, or

taking in.
TRADIVAILLE, troo-val, s. f. finding: thing four by chance, piece of luck. Droit de trou vale, trovage or salvage.

TROUVER, troo-va, v. a. to find, meet or meet with, find out, invent, contrive or devise, like. Aller trouver, to go to, go to see, wait upon. Se trouver, v. r. to meet, be found, be present, happen to be, appear, be, find one's self. Il ne s'en est pas bien trouve, he got nothing by it, he did not fare the better for it. Se trouver mal, to be taken sick. Trouver, v. a. Mar. to find. Trouver fond, to get bottom, strike soundings. Nous ne pâmes trouver fond à 170 brasses, we could not strike ground with a line of 170 fathoms.

*TRUAND, s. m. truant, idle rogue, vaga-

bond.

*TRUANDAILLE, s. f. truants, beggars. *TRUANDE, s. f. quean, idle jade.

TRUANDER, v. n. to play the truant, mump or beg.
TRUANDERIE, s. f. beggar's trade.

TRUBLE, trubl, s. m. sort of little net. TRUCHEMAN, trush-men, s. m. interpreter.

*TRUCHER, v. n. to beg or mump. *TRUCHEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. beggar or mumper.

TRUELLE, tru-el, s. f. trowel.

TRUELLÉE, trů-ê-lå, s. f. trowelful. TRUFFE, trůf, s. f. truffle.

TRUFFER, v. a. to deceive, cheat. TRUIE, trul. s. f. sow (female swine.)

TRUITE, truit, s. f. trout. Truite saumonée, salmon trout.

TRUITÉ, E, trůî-tå, adj. red spotted or specklea (like a trout.)

TRUMEAU, tru-mo, s. m. shin of beef; pier glass; also pier or wall that parts two windows.

Tu, tû, pron. thou. Tuable, tû-bbl, adj. that can be killed.

TUAGE, tu-aa, s. m. killing and dressing (of a liog.)

TUANT, E, tů-èn, ènt, adj. killing, toil some, laborious, tiresome.

TU-AUTEM, s. m. main thing, short and

long (of a business.)
Tube, tub, s. m. tube or pipe.
Tubercule, tuberche TUBÉREUSE, tô-bà-rèuz, s. f. tuberose.

TUBÉREU-X, SE, adj. tuberous. TUBÉROSITÉ, S. f. tuberosity. TUBULÉ, E, adj. tubulous.

Tucнov, interj. odsbúd! zounds!

TUDESQUE, tå-desk, s. m. old Teutonie language.
TUDIEU! interj. odsbud! zounds!

TUER, (û-â, v. a. to kill, slay, murder; (ke feu, la chandelle) to put out; (le temps) to pass away. Se tuer, v. r. to kill one's self. Se tuer le corps et l'âme, to toil and moil, take abundance of pains, be ready to die with fatigue.

TUERIE, s.f. slaughter, carnage, slaughter

house.

TUE-TÊTE, tù-tèt, adv. Ex. Crier à tue tète, to hawl.

TUEUR, tu-cur, s. m. Un tueur de cochons, Un tuelir de gens, a bully. a hog butcher.

Tuf, tûf, or Tuffeau, s. m. soft gravel stone, sandy stone.
Tulau, V. Tuyau.
Tulle, tûîl, s. f. tile.

Tuileau, tůî-lò, s. m. shard of a tile. Tuilerie, tůîl-rî, s. f. tile-kiln. Les Tuileries, the Tuileries (a garden near the Louvre in Paris.)

TUILIER, tůl-llå, s. m. tiler or tile-maker.

TULIPE, tu-lip, s. f. tulip

TUMÉFACTION, tů-mã-fák-síon, s. f. tumefaction.

TUMÉFIER, tů-må-fiå, v. a. to tumefy. TUMEUR, tů-meur, s. f. tumour.

TUMULTE, til-mult, s. m. tumult, uproar, riot, bustle, stir. TUMULTUAIRE, tú-mûl-tû-er, adj. tumul-

tuary, tumultuous, hasty, disorderly. TUMULTUAIREMENT, tů-můl-tů-èr-mên,

adv. tumultuarily, tumultnously, hastily.
TUMULTUEUSEMENT, tû-mûl-tû-euz-mên,

adv. tumultuously. TUMULTUEU-X, SE, td-mdl-td-èu, èuz, adj.

tumultuous, riotous, seditious.

TUNICELLE, s. f. tunicle, short tunick,

jacket or jerkin.

TUNIQUE, to-nik, s. f. tunick; tunicle.

TUORBE, tu-orb, s. m. theorbo. TUQUE, s. f. tarpawling.

TUQUET, s. m. sort of owl. TURBAN, turben, s. m. turban.

TURBE, s. f. troop, crowd. TURBINE, E, adj. turbinated. TURBINITE, s. f. turbinated shel.

TURBITH, S. m. turbith.
TURBOT, tûr-bô, s. m. turbot.
TURBOTIN, tûr-bô-tin, s. m. little turbot.

TURBULEMMENT, tår-bå-lå-men, adv. turbulently.

TURBULENCE, s.f. turbulence, turbulency. TURBULENT, E, tůr-bů-lèn, lent, adj. tur-

bulent, boisterous, mettlesome.
TURC, turk, s. m. Turk; Turkish language; sort of little worm that breeds between the bark and the wood of a tree.

TURC, TURQUE, adj. Turkish. V. Turque. TURCIE, s. f. mole, pier or levee.

buse, but : jenne, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

TURELURE, tor-lur, s. f. burden of a song. C'est toujours la même turelure, it is always the same thing or way.

TURLUPIN, tår-lå-pin, s. m. banterer, wit-less or silly buttoon, silly jester or fool; also

sort of heretick in the fourteenth century. TURLUPINADE, tår-lå-pi-nåd, s. f. silly

jest, silly way of jesting, banter.
TURLUPINER, tor-la-pl-na, v. n. & a. to play the fool, be full of silly jests, banter, jeer, play upon.
Turlut, s. m. kind of lark.

TURPITUDE, turpl-tud, s. f. turpitude. TURQUE, s. f. Turk or Turkish woman. A la turque, adv. after the Turks' way.

*TURQUERIE, s. f. cruelty, barbarity.
TURQUESQUE, adj. Turkish. A la turquesque, after the Turkish way.

TURQUET, s. m. sort of little dog. TURQUIN, tor-kin, adj. Ex. Bleu turquin,

deep blue.
TURQUINE, s. f. sort of turquoise.

TURQUOISE, tur-kwazes. f. turquoise. TUTAYER, V. Tutoyer.

TUTÉLAIRE, tû-tâ-lêr, adj. tutelar, guar-

TUTELLE, tů-těl, s. f. guardianship or tui-

TUTEUR, tå-teur, s. m. guardian; defend-

er: protector, prop.

TUTOIEMENT, tu-twa-men, s. m. thouing, theeing. Le tutoiement, thee and thou, the words thee and thou.

TUTOYER, tû-twâ-ya, v. a. to thou, thee and thou, use thee and thou.

TUTRICE, tu-tris, s. f. guardian.

TOYAU, (û-yò, s. m. pipe; (d'une plume) quill; (de cheminée) tunnel; (de souffiet) nozzle, snout; (d'une pipe à fumer) shank; (de chandelier) nozzle, (du blé, du chanvre, etc.) stalk. Monter en tuyau, to grow up. Tuyau, s. m. Mar. liose. Tuyau d'une cheminée de cuisine, hood.

TYMPAN, tin-pen, s. m. tympanum, eog wheel of a mill, indented watch or clock wheel.

TYMPANISER, tin-på-nî-zà, v. a. to defame, slander, traduce or lampoon.

TYMPANITE, s. f. tympany.

TYMPANON, tin-pa-non, s. m. duleimer. TYPE, tip, s. m. type, figure, shadow, mo-

TYPIQUE, tî-pîk, adj. typical, allegorical.

TYPOGRAPHE, s. m. typographer. TYPOGRAPHIE, tl-po-gra-fl,s.f.typography. Typographique, u-pô-gra-fik,adj.typo-

graphical.
Tyran, tî-ren, s. m. tyrant; usurper, tyrannical person.

TYRANNEAU, s. m. petty tyrant.

TYRANNICIDE, s. m. tyrannicide. TYRANNIE, ti-ra-ni, s. f. tyranny, cruelty,

oppression, tyrannical power.

TYRANNIQUE, 1î-râ-nîk, adj. tyrannical, tyrannous, unjust, violent.

tî-râ-nîk-mên, adv.

TYRANNIQUEMENT, 1 tyrannically, tyrannously.

TYRANNISER, tî-râ-nî-zâ, v. a. to tyrannise over, oppress, torment, constrain.

U, u, s. m. 21st letter of the French alphabet

UBERTÉ, s. f. abundance.

UBIQUISTE, à-bî-kûîst, s. m. ubiquitary person, doctor of divinity that belongs to no particular college, one who believes that the body of Christ is every where.

UBIQUITAIRE, s., m. one who believes that

the body of Christ is every where.

UBIQUITE, û-bî-kûî-tâ, s. f. ubiquity.

ULCÉRATION, dl-sà-rà-sion, s. f. ulcera-

tion

ULCÈRE, al-ser, s. m. ulcer, running sore, wound.

ULCÉRÉ, E, adj. (from Ulcère) ulcerated, ulcerous, troubled with an ulcer or ulcers. ULCÉRER, ûl-så-rå, v. a. to ulcerate, exul-

cerate, provoke, incense, imbitter, exasperate.

ULTÉRIEUR, E, ûl-tâ-rî-êur, eur, adj. ulteriour, farther, farthermost.

ULTIMATUM, s. m. ultimatum.

ULTRAMONTAIN, E, dl-tra-mon-tin, ten,

adj. ultramontane.
Un, E, un, un, adj. & art. one, a, an. uns, some. C'est tout un, it is all one, it is the same thing, it is no matter. En donner d'une à, to put a trick or sham upon. Un à un, one after another.

UNANIME, û-nâ-nîm, adj. unanimous, of

one mind or accord.

UNANIMEMENT, d-nå-nim-men, adv. unanimously, jointly, with one consent or accord.
UNANIMITÉ, d-na-ni-mi-ta, s. f. unanimity,

common or general consent.

UNI, E, û-nî, nl, adj. (from Unir) united, etc. smooth, even, level, plain.
UNI, adv. even. A l'uni, level. Mettre à l'uni, to level

UNIÈME, û-nîem, adj. Ex. Vingt et unième, one and twentieth or twenty-first.
UNIFORME, uniform, adj. uniform, even,

regular, of one fashion.

UNIFORME, s. m. regimental dress.

Uniformément, d-nî-fôr-mâ-mên, adv. uniformly, consistently, after the same fashion. Uniformité, d-nî-fôr-mî-tâ, s. f. unifor-

mity. Uniment, û-nî-mên, adv. smooth, even, at

an even rate, plain.

Union, n-nion, s. f. union, conjunction, combination, unity, concord, society, intelligence, agreement.

Unique, d-nik, adj. only, sole; notable,

singular.
UNIQUEMENT, û-nîk-mên, adv. only, singularly, exclusively of all others, entirely, without reserve.

Untr, d-nir, v. a. to unite, join together; make (a horse) go an even gallop; also to smooth, level, make even. S'unir, v. r. to unite or be united, join together; also to go an even gallop.

Unisson, d-ni-son, s. m. unison.

UNITAIRE, û-nî-ter, s. m. unitarian. UNITE, û-nî-ta, s. f. unity, unit.

Uniti-f, ve, adj. unitive. Univalve, u-ni-valv, adj. univalve.

Univers, û-nî-ver, s. m. universe, world, earth.

UNIVERSALISTE, s. m. universalist, one who believes universal grace.

Universalité, ů-nî-vêr-sà-lî-tà, s. f. universality, generality

Universaux, V. Universel, s. m.

bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: field, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Universel, LE, û-nî-vêr-sêl, adj. universal, general.
UNIVERSEL, s. m. Universaux, pl. univer-

sal, predicable.

UNIVERSELLEMENT, ů-nî-vêr-sêl-mên,

adv. universally, generally.
UNIVERSITÉ, û-nî-vêr-sî-tâ, s. f. university.

Univocation, s. f. character or property of what is univocal.

Univoque, û-nî-vôk, adj. univocal.

URANOGRAPHIE, s.f. description of heaven. URBANISTES, s. f. pl. urbanists (sort of nuns.)

URBANITÉ, ůr-bå-nî-tå, s. f. urbanity, civility, good manners or breeding, courtesy, politeness.

URE, s. m. sort of wild ox, urus.

UREBEC, s. m. insect that gnaws the buds of trees.

URETERE, 's. m. urcter. URETRE, û-retr, s. m. urethra.

URGENCE, s. f. urgency, pressure of difficulty.

URGENT, E, ur-zen, zent, adj. urgent, press-

ing, cogent.
URINAIRE, urinary. Mar. piss dale.
URINAL, û-rî-nâl, s. m. urinal.

URINATEUR, s. m. diver (for pearls, etc.) URINE, d-rîn, s. f. urine, stale, water.

URINER, ů-rî-nå, v. n. to urine, stale, make

URINEU-X, SE, ů-rl-nèu, nèuz, adj. urinous.

URNE, årn, s. f. urn, pitcher, jar.

URSULINE, s. f. sort of nun.
Us, ûs, s. m. pl. ways, practice, custom.
Les us et coutumes de lu mer, the uses and customs of the sea or at sea.

Usage, ů-zåz, s. m. usage, use, custom, way, fashion, common practice, using, wear, advantage, benefit, common pasture ground, commonage; book of devotion, prayer-book. Usager, ú-zá-zá, s. m. commoner.

USANCE, û-zens, s. f. usance, month; also

anciently, usage, custom, use.

Use, adj. worn out or off. V. User. User, a-za, v. a. to wear out or off; (en termes de miroitier) to polish ; (de chirurgie) to eat off. User de, v. n. to use, make use of. En user avec, to deal or do by, use, deal with. S'user, v. r. to wear out or off, decay, waste.

User, û-zå, s. m. wear, service. Ilest bon à l'user, he is a very obliging or officious man. Usité, E, å-21-tå, adj. used, in use, usual, common, ordinary.

USQUEBAC, s. m. usquebaugh.
USTENSILE, üs-tèn-sil, s. m. utensil; implement, tool, tackling, piece of furniture; also free quarters or the use of kitchen tackling, fire, salt and candle (furnished soldiers.) Ustensiles, Mar. tools, utensils. Ustensiles de calfat, calker's tools. Ustensiles de pêche, fishing-gear.
Ustion, s. f. ustion, burning, calcination.

USUCAPTION, S. f. usucaption. USUCASSION, V. Prescription. USUEL, LE, d-zdel, adj. usual, common,

USUELLEMENT, adv. usually, commonly. Usufructuaine, û-zû-frûk-tû-er, adj.usu-

Usuffeu r, å-så-frål, s. m. usufruct.

Usufruitier, E, ů-zů-frůí-tía, tièr, s. m. usufructuary.

USURAIRE, û-zû-rêr, adj. usurious. USURAIREMENT, u-zu-rer-men, adv. in a

usurious manner.

Usure, å-zur, s. f. usury, unlawful use or interest; also wearing, wearing out.
USURIER, E, û-zû-rla, rier, s. m. & f. usu-

USURPAT-EUR, RICE, ů-zůr-på-teur, tris, s. m. & f. usurper. USURPATION, û-zûr-pâ-sîon, s. f. usurpa-

tion. USURPER, ů-zůr-pà, v. a. to usurp.

UT, út, s. m. ut (musical note.) UTÉRIN, E, û-tā-rin, rîn, adj. uterine. UTILE, adj. useful, of use, beneficial, pro-

fitable, serviceable, good, advantageous UTILE, u-til, s. in. utility. Joindre l'utile à l'honnéte, to join what is honest and profitable together. Joindre l'agréable à l'utile, to

join profit to pleasure. UTILEMENT, û-âl-mên, adv. usefully, pro-

fitably, to good purpose.

UTILITÉ, ů-tř-lî-tå, s. f. utility, usefulness, benefit, advantage, profit, use.
UVEE, s. f. uvea (one of the tunicks of the

eye.) Uvule, û-vûl, s. f. palate, uvula.

Uzıfur, s. m. cinnabar.

V, vå, ve, s. m. 22d letter of the French

alphabet.

VA, va, (imperative of the verb aller) go;
done; (third person of the pres. indic.) goes,

etc.
VA-TOUT, va-too, s. m. Faire va-tout or un va-tout (à certains jeux) to sweep the stakes. VACANCE, va-kans, s.f. vacancy. Vacances,

pl. holy-days; vacation. VACANT, E, vå-kan, kant, adj. vacant,

void; empty.

VACARME, vå-kårm, s. m. noise, stir, bushurly-burly, tumult, uproar.

VACATION, vå-kå-sion, s. f. trade, calling, ofession; time, sitting. Vacations, s. f. pl. profession; time, sitting. vacation.

VACHE, vash, s. f. cow; (cuir de vache) at's leather. Vache de Russie, Russia neat's leather. Vache de Russie, Russia leather. Vache à lait, milch cow or any source of profit. Poil de vache, red hair.
Vacher, E, vå-shåy shèr, s. m. & f. cow-

herd, cow-keeper.

VACHERIE, våsh-rl, s. f. cow-house. VACIET, s. m. blackberry or whortleberry

bush. VACILLANT, E, vå-sil-len, lent, adj. recling, staggering, waggling; wavering, irreso-

lute, uncertain. VACILLATION, va-sil-la-sion, s. f. vacilla-

tion, reeling, staggering; wavering, uncertainty; (d'un vaisseau) rolling.
VACILLER, va-sîl-la, v. n. to reel, stagger,

waggle, shake, totter, joggle, be wavering or irresolute.

Vacuité, vå-kůl-tå, s. f. vacuity. VADE, s. f. go or stake (in gaming.) VADE, s. f. go or stake (in gaming.) VADE-MECUM, s. m. vade-mecum. VAGABOND, E, vå-gå-bon, bond, adj. wan

dering, vagrant, rambling.

VAGABOND, s. m. vagabond.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

*VAGABONDER, vå-gå-bon-då, v.n.to wan- | der, be vagabond. VAGIN, s. m. vagina.

VAGISSEMENT, vå-zis-men, s. m. squall or

squalling (of children.)
VAGUE, våg, adj. vague, loose, indefinite, indeterminate, unconfined, uncertain, rambling, extravagant.
VAGUE, s. m. Le vague de l'air or des airs,

the airy way, the airy plains.
VAGUE, s. f. wave, surge, billow.

VAGUEMENT, våg-men, adv. in a vague or indeterminate manner.

VAGUEMESTRE, s. m. master of the wagons (in an army.) *VAGUER, vå-gå, v. n. to wander, rove or

range about, stray or straggle, ramble.

VAIGRAGE, s. m. Mar. ceiling or foot-wail-

VAIGRE, s. f. Mar. plank or clamp or piece of thick stuff (used in the ceiling of a ship.) Vaigres épaisses, thick stuff. Vaigres de Vaigres épaisses, thick stuff. Vaigres de fleurs, thick stuff and ceiling placed next to those about the floor-heads. Vaigres de fond, thick stuff and ceiling placed next to the keel, over all the floor timbers. Vaigres d'empâture, thick stuff and ceiling placed between the floor-heads and the clamps.

VAIGRER, v. a. Mar. to place the planks and thick stuff of a ship's ceiling.

Valllamment, vå-lå-men, adv. valiantly, stoutly, courageously.

*Valllance, vå-lens, s. f. valour, bravery, courage, stoutness.

VAILLANT, E, vå-lon, lent, adj. valiant,

stout, brave, courageous.

VAILLANT, va-len, s. m. all a man is worth, a man's estate. Il n'a pas quatre sous vaillant, he is not worth a groat.

*VAILLANTISE, vå-len-tlz, s. f. valiantness,

prowess, achievement, feats

VAIN, E, vin, ven, adj. vain. fruitless, un-profitable, empty, foolish, frivolous, vain-glorious, proud, liaughty; faint, sultry. En vain, vainly, in vain.

VAINCRE, vinkr, v. a. to vanquish, subdue, conquer, worst, get the better of, overcome, surmount, master, outdo, surpass. Se vaincre, v. r. to conquer one's self, etc. Se laisser

VAINCU, E, adj. vanquished, subdued, over-

come or conquered.

VAINCU, s. m. one that is vanquished or conquered.

VAINEMENT, vên-mên, adv. vainly, in vain,

to no purpose. VAINQUEUR, vin-keur, s. m. (from Vain-

Cre) conqueror, victor or vanquisher. VAINQUEUR, adj. conquering. VAIR, s. m. vaire (in heraldry.)

VAIRÉ, E, adj. vairy.

VAIRON, vê-ron, adj. Qui a l'œil vairon. wall-eyed or silver-eyed, that has one eye different from the other.

Vaisseau, ve-so, s. m. vase; vessel; also vein or artery; and interior of a building, or

Vaisseau, Mar. ship, vessel, sail. Vaisseau bien battant, ship that carries her guns a good height out of the water. Vaisseau qui a beaucoup d'apparence, ship that appears to be of greater force than she is. Vaisseau qui a peu d'apparence, ship that appears to be of less

Vaisseau qui capeye bien, force than she is. ship that lies well to in a gale of wind. seau d'approvisionnement, store-ship. Vais-seau (in English, ship) properly means a ves-sel of war er of great burden, but as it is of en considered synonymous with Bâtiment and Navire, see them also.

VAISSELLE, ve-sel, s. f. dishes and plates. Vaisselle d'étain, pewter. Vaisselle d'or or

d'argent, plate.
VAL, vâl, s. m. valley, dale. Les vaux de Cernai, the valleys of Cernai Courir par

Cernar, the vanetys of Centar Local parmons et par vaux, to run over hill and dale, run np and down or every where.

VALABLE, vå-låbl, adj. valid, good, lawful, allowable, good in law, done in good form.

VALABLEMENT, vå-låbl-mên, adv. Ex. Un

pupille ne peut pas contracter valablement, one under age cannot make a legal or valid con tract.

VALANT, worth: part. of Valoir.
VALANT, s. m. V. Vaillant, s.
VALERIANE, s. f. valerian.
VALET, vå-lé, s. m. man-servant, inan,

servant, valet; (aux cartes) knave; (à débotter) servant, vaiet; (ana. varies) indive the tactures jack or boot jack; (crochet de fer) holdfast; (de porte) weight of a pully door; (de miroir) desk of a table looking-glass. Faire le bon valet, to be too officious. Valet, Mar. Valet, in the properties of the prope valet, to be too officious. Valet, Mar. Valet de menuisier, holdfast. Valet à canon, jack. Valet de la soute au pein, jack of the bread

VALETAGE, s. m. service, the being a servant.

VALETAILLE, val-tal, s. f. pack of inferior men servants, footmen.

VALETER, vål-tå, v. n. to drudge, wait, trot, attend, cringe.

VALÉTUDINAIRE, vå-lå-tå-di-ner, adj. valetudinary, infirm, sickly.
VALEUR, vå-leur, s. f. valour, courage, stoutness, bravery; value, worth, price; import, meaning, signification. La valeur de, a matter of, about, as much as, the worth of. VALEUREUSEMENT, vå-leu-reuz-men, adv.

valiantly, bravely, stoutly

VALEUREU-x, se, va-leu-reu, reuz, adj. valiant, stout, brave, courageous.

*VALIDATION, va-li-da-sion, s. f. confirm-

ing, ratifying.
VALIDE, valid, adj. valid, legal, good in

law. Mendiant valide, sturdy beggar.
VALIDEMENT, va-lid-men, adv. validly.

legally.
VALIDER, vå-ll-då, v. a. to ratify or con-

firm, make valid.

VALIDITÉ, vå-lî-dî-tå, s. f. validity, the be-

ing good in law. Valise, vå-liz, s.f. cloak-bag, portmanteau. VALLEE, vå-lå, + f, side of a hill, ascent or descent of it; also valley, vale, dale or bottom; and place (at Paris) where poultry and game are sold.

VALLOR, vå-lon, s.m. valley or date.
VALOR, vå-lwår, v.n. to be worth, be of some value, be good or worth, procure, yield, stand for, be good for. Ne valoir vien, to be sould for, be good for. We runn riet, to be good for nothing, be worth nothing. Valoir son prix, to be worth something. Valoir mieux, to be better. A radoir sur, in part of, on account of. Faire radoir, to improve, make the best or most of, set off, lay great er much stress upon, make good, claim and probar, bat, base: thère, ébb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

Se faire valoir, to maintain one's' right or claim or title, keep one's importance; also to put one's self forward. Vaille que vaille, tout coup vaille, at all hazards. Ne faire rien qui vaille, to do quite wrong. Un homme qui ne vaut rien, a man of no principles, a knave, a rogue. Un averti en vaut deux, forewarned, forearmed.

Valve, s. f. shell. Valvule, vål-vål, s. f. valvule, valve. VAMPIRE, ven-pir, s. m. sort of spirit or

goblin, sort of large bat.

VAN, ven, s. m. winnowing van or fan, cib-

VANDOISE, s. f. dace (fish.)

VANILLE, vå-nil, s. f. vanilla (plant.) VANITÉ, vå-nî-tå, s. f. vanity, emptiness,

pride, vain-glory, presumption.

Vaniteu-x, se, adj. full of vain-glory. Vanne, vån, s. f. flood-gate, water-gate. Vanné, e, adj. (from *Vanner*) winnowed.

VANNEAU, vå-no, s. m. lapwing. VANNER, va-na, v. a. to winnow.

VANNERIE, vån-ri, s. f. basket-making

VANNET, s. m. (in heraldry) scollop shell. VANNETTE, vå-net, s. f. flat and shallow basket.

VANNEUR, vå-neur, s. m. winnower. VANNIER, vå-niå, s. m. basket-maker

VANTAIL, van-tal, s. m. leaf of a foldingdoor or window shutter.

VANTARD, E, ven-tar, tård, adj. boaster,

bragger.
VANTER, ven-tå, v. a. to cry up, commend, praise or extol. Se vanter, v. r. to vaunt, boast, brag, glory or vapour, commend or praise or extol one's self. Se vanter d'une cliose, to pretend to a thing, undertake a thing.

VANTERIE, vent-ri, s. f. boasting, glorying,

bragging, vapouring.

ANTEUR, s. m. boaster.

VAPEUR, vå-peur, s. f. vapour, fume, steam; VAPOREU-X, SE, VÂ-9ō-rèu, rèuz, adj. VAPOREU-X, SE, VÂ-9ō-rèu, rèuz, adj. vaporous, full of vapours, flatulent. VAQUANT, V. Vacant, VAQUER, VÂ-kÃ, V. n. to be vacant or Vol.

be empty, be in vacation time, not to sit. quer à, to attend or mind, apply one's self

VARANGUE, vå-reng, s. f. Mar. floor-timber. Varangue plate, flat floor-timber. fort acculée, rising floor-timber. Varangues acculees, crotches or floor-timbers, afore and abaft. Varangues demi-acculées, floor-timbers placed between the crotches and the midship floor-timbers. Varangues de fond, midship floor-timbers. Varangues de porques, floor-riders.

VARE, s. f. measure of an ell and a half. VARECH, s. m. sea-weed; also wrack or

VARENNE, s. f. extent of ground or liberties kept for a prince's game, warren; uncultivatedi ands.

VARIABILITÉ, s. f. variableness. VARIABI.E, vå-ri-abl, adj. variable, changeable, fickle, uncertain.

VARIANT, E, va-rl-en, ent, adj. variable, changeable, fickle, uncertain.

VARIANTE", vå-rî-ent, s. f. pl. various readings.

VARIATION, va-ri-a-sion, s. f. variation. change, alteration, inconsistency, contraction. Mar. Variation nord-est, east variation. Variation nord-ouest, west variation. La vari-ation et la dérive sont du même côté, the variation and the lee way are on the same

VARICE, vå-ris, s. f. swollen vein.

VARIER, vå-rî-å, v. a. to vary, or diversify. Varier, v. n. to vary, alter or change, be fickle or unsteady, falter. Mar. Les vents varient beaucoup sous ces iles, the winds are very variable under those islands. Le brassiage ne varie pas dans toute cette passe, the depth of water is the same all through this channel.

VARIÉTÉ, vå-rî-å-tå, s. f. variety. VARIQUEU-X, SE, adj. varicous.

VARLET, s. m. page. VARLOPE, s. f. large plane. VASCULAIRE, vås-kå-lèr, adj. vascular. Vase, vaz, s. m. vessel, vase. Vase de nience, fine Dutch ware. Vases de porcefarence, fine Dute laine, China ware.

Vase, s. f. mud, slime, mire, dirt.

VASEU-X, SE, vå-zeu, zeuz, adj. muddy, miry, oozy.

VASSAL, E, vå-sål, s. m. & f. vassal, tenant in fee. Vasselage, vås-låz, s. m. vassalage.

VASSOLES, des écoutilles, s. f. pl. Mar. coamings of the hatches.

VASTE, vast, adj. vast, large, spacious,

VA-ET-VIENT, s. m. Mar. pass-rope made fast to a ship and to a wharf (by means of which a boat may be hauled backwards and forwards by one man.)

VAU, Ex. Tout est à vau l'eau, all goes to

wreck, all's lost.

VAU-DE-ROUTE, Ex. A rau-de-route, in confusion. Mettre une armée en vau-de-route, to rout an army.

VAUDEVILLE, vòd-vil, s. m. ballad. VAURIEN, vò-rièn, s. m. idle rascal or rogue,

good for nothing wretch. VAUT, V. Valoir.

VAUTOUR, vô-tôor, s. m. vulture. VAUTRAIT, vô-trè, s. m. equipage for the hunting of wild boars.

VAUTRER, vô-trå, v. a. to tumble. Se vautrer, v. r. to tumble, wallow, welter, grovel. VAUX, V. Val.

VAVASSEUR, s. m. vavasour.

VAVASSORERIE, s. f. estates of a vavasour. VAYVODE, s. m. vayvode (sort of prince or

governour.)

VEAU, vô, s. m. calf; (chair de veau) veal; (cuir de veau préparé) calf-skin, calf; also silly fool, simpleton. Avoir une fièvre de reau, to have a little shivering.
VEAUTRER, V. Vautrer.
VÉCU & VÉCUSSE, V. Vivre.

VEDETTE, vê-dêt, s. f. sentinel on horseback, scout, scout watch. VELLER, V. Véler.

VÉGÉTABLE, vå-zå-tabl, adj. capable of growing, vegetative.

VÉGÉTAL, vå-zå-tål, s. m. vegetable. VEGETAL, E, adj. vegetable, vegetive.

VÉGÉTANT, adj. growing, vegetating. VÉGÉTATI-F, VE. vå-zå-tå-tit, tlv, adj

vegctative

buse, bût : jenne, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

VÉGÉTATION, vå-zå-tå-slon, s. f. vegeta- |

tion, growth.

VEGÉTAUX, s. m. pl. vegetables.

VÉGÉTER, vå-2à-1à,v.n. to vegetate, grow.

VÉGÉMENCE, và-à-mêns, s. f. vehemence or vehemency, impetuosity

VÉHÉMENT, E, vå-å-nien, ment, adj. vehement, eager, sharp, violent, boisterous, fierce,

VEHICULE, vå-Î-kûl, s. m. (terme de phy-sique) vehicle. Cette considération a servi de véhicule pour le résondre, this has made him resolve upon the business.

Veillant. E, adj. awakè, awaking. Veille, vêl, s. f. watching, waking, sitting up; watch or part of the night. La veille de, the day before or preceding, the eve or vigil of. A la veille de, upon the brink of, near, within a few moments of, elc. Chandelle de veille, roshlight or rush candle. Veilles, lucubrations, labours, study, business.

Veille, s. f. Mar. La bouée est à la reille, the buoy watches. L'ancre de ce bâliment n'estelle pas à la veille? is not that ship's anchor a cock-bill?

VEILLÉ, E, adj. watched, etc. V. Veiller. VEILLÉE, vê-la, s. f. night's rendezvous for neighbours and friends to pass friendly and sociably, either at work or in diverting themselves; some part of the long winter's

nights.
VEILLER, ve-la, v. a. &. n. to watch, sit up in the night; wake, be or lie awake; be vigilant or watchful, have an eye upon, mind or take care of. Veiller sur soi-même, to be

vigilant or watchful, stand upon one's guard. Veiller sur quelqu'un, to watch one, have an eye or a watchful eye upon one. Veiller quelqu'un, to watch or observe one, have an eye or a watchful eye upon him. Veiller, v. eye or a watchful eye upon him. n. Mar. to watch, attend to, take care of. Veille, weille, watch, watch, (words passed from the man who heaves the deep sea-line to those who hold the line, all of whom in their turns repeat the same on dropping the coil from their hands.) Veille bien de l'avant, look well out afore there. Veille bien aux signaux, keep a good look out for signals. Veille aux drisses de perroquet, stand by the top-gallant haliards. Veille aux écoutes des luniers, stand by the topsail sheets. Veille aux feux dans la cambuse, take care of the lights in the steward-room.

VEILLEUR, s. m. watcher.
VEILLEUSE, s. f. little lamp that burns all night long in a bed-room.
VEILLOIR, s. m. shoe-maker's stool for his

tools or candle.

VEILLOTE, vê-lôt, s. f. mow or little heap

of hay. VEINE, ven, s. f. vein; (du bois) grain.

VEINÉ, E, vê-nã, adj. veiny, streaked. VEINEU-x, se, vê-nêu, neuz, adj. veiny,

full of veins. VÊLER, vê-là, v. n. to calve, bring forth a

VÉLIN, vå-lin, s. m. vellum. VÉLITI 3, s. m. Velites (sort of light-armed

soldiers among the ancient Romans.)

VELLETTE, vêl-lâ-l-tâ, s. f. velleity.

VÉLOCITE, vâl-lô-sî tâ, s. f. velocity, swiftness, nimbleness.

VELOURS, vê-lôor, s. m. velvet. Chemin de

velours, carpet way.

Veloute, e, ve-loo-ta, adj. velvet, velvetlike, tufted; strong bodied (speaking of redwine.)

VELOUTÉ, vê-lôo-tâ, s. m. velvet-lace.

VELOUTIER, s. m. velvet-maker. VELU, E, ve-lu, lu, adj. hairy.

VENAISON, vê-nê-zon, s. f. venison, venison

time or season; suet of venison, grease, fat. VÉNAL, E, và-nål, adj. venal, vendible, mercenary.

VÉNALEMENT, vå-nål-men, adv. in a venal

manner, mercenarily

VÉNALITÉ, vå-nå-lî-tå, s. f. venality. VENANT, vê-nèn, s. m. (from Venir) comer.

VEND, V. Vendre.

VENDABLE, adj. that may be sold. VENDANGE, ven-denz, s. f. vintage; vin-

tage-time.
Vendangé, e, adj. (from Vendanger) the grapes whereof are gathered. Tout est ven-

dange, all is gone, all is lost or gone to wreck. Vendanger, ven-den-så, v. a. to gather (the grapes,) sweep away or off; v. n. Ex. On vendangera dans quinze jours, the vintage will begin a fortnight hence

VENDANGEU-R, SE, ven-den-zeur, zeuz, s.

VENDANCER, SE, Vendeur-Sen, Sen, Sen, & f. Vintager, grape-gatherer.
VENDERESSE, vénd-rés, s. f. (law term) vender, seller. V. Vendeur.
VENDEU-R, SE, vén-dêur, déuz, s. m. & f. seller. Vendeur d'écailles, oyster-man. Vendeur de marée, fish-monger. Vendeur de charter de marée, fish-monger. bon, coal-man. Vendeuse de fruits, fruiterer, fruit-woman. Vendeuse de fruits, fruiterer, fruit-woman. Vendeur de mithridate, quack, nountebank. V. Venderesse.

VENDICATION, s. f. vindication, claiming,

challenging, claim.
VENDIQUÉ, E, adj. vindicated, claimed, challenged.

VENDIQUER, v. a. to vindicate, challenge or claim.

VENDITION, s. f. vendition, sale.

VENDRE, vendr, v. a. to sell, part with or make over (for a certain price.) to betray. Se rendre, v. r. to be sold; to fall or go off; to betray one's self, sell or betray one another. Une chose à rendre, a thing to be sold. Expobe sold. Vendre tout, to sell all off.
VENDREDI, vendr-di, s. m. Friday.

VENDU, E, adj. (from Vendre) sold or sold off, etc.

VENÉ, E, adj. (from Vener) hunted. Viandevenée, tainted meat, meat that smells as strong as hunted venison.

VÉNÉFICE, vå-nå-fis, s. m. venefice, poisoning.

VENELLE, vê-nêl, s. f. Ex. Enfiler la venelle, to scamper or run away, make one's

VÉNÉNEU-X, SE, và-nà-neu, neuz, adj. venomous, poisonous.

VENER, ve-na, v. a. to hunt. Faire vener de la viande, to keep meat till it smells like venison, or is tainted

VÉNÉRABLE, vå-nå-råbl, adj. venerable. VÉNÉRATION, vå-nå-rå-slon, s. f. veneration.

bar, bat, base: there, ebb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

VÉNÉRER, vå-nå-rå, v. a. to venerate, reverence, honour, respect.

VENERIE, van-ri, s. f. venery, hunting of

VÉNÉRIEN, NE, vå-ma-rlen, rien, adj. ve-

nereal, venereous.

VENETTE, s. f. fright, disquiet, uneasiness. VENEUR, vê-neur, s. m. huntsmam. VENGEANCE, vên-zêns, s. f. veugeance, re-

VENGER, ven-zã, v. a. to revenge, avenge, idicate, take vengeance for. Venger un vindicate, take vengeance for. Venger un affront. Se venger de, to be revenged of, take vengeance for, revenge one's self upon.

VENG-EUR, ERESSE, ven-zeur, venz-res, adj. avenger, revenger, revengeful, of revenge

or vengeance. VENGEUR, s. m. revenger, avenger

VÉNIEL, LK, và-niel, adj-venial. VÉNIELLEMENT, và-niel-men, adv. Ex. Pécher véniellement, to commit a venial sin.

VÉNIMEU-X, SE, và-uî-meu, meuz, adj. venomous or poisonous, matignant.

VENIN, ve-min, s. m. venom, poison, viru-

lency, spue, grudge, malice, halred.

VENIR, ve-nir, v. n. to come; be coming; go, be going; to come in, arrive; to come upon, chance, happen, fall out; to come or come of the come of th fall to; to come of, be born or descended; to issue, run; to proceed; to grow, thrive. nur bien, to fit, become, suit. Venir faute de, to fail, die. Il en faut remir là, all must die. En venir, to come to, use. En venir à son honneur, to come off with honour. S'en venir, to come, come away. Venir à faire, dire, etc. to come or chance or happen to do, to say, etc. Venir d'arriver, to be just arrived. Venir de faire, to have just done. A venir, to come, future.

Venir, v. n. Mar. to come, etc. Venir an vent, to come to the wind. Vener en travers, to bring to, heave to. Venir sur tribord or sur babord, to haul to starboard or to port. Sans venir sur bibbord, mind your port-below.
Sans venir sur bibbord, mind your starboardhelm. Sans venir sur ucun bord, keep her to
a small helm. D'où venez vons? where (do you come) from ? Le bâtiment vient toujours an rent, the ship still comes to. Ces bâtimens vienment arec la brise, those vessels are bring-ing up the breeze with them. Voilà un canot qui vient à bord, there is a boat coming aboard. Il nous vient des grenasses deterre à chaque instant, we get little showery squalls from the land every moment. Le général a fait signal à la frégate de venir hui parler, the admiral has made the frigate a signal to come within hail. La chaloupe vient de faire de l'eau, the lannch is just returned from watering. Notre scadre ment de faire une croisière, our flect is just returned from a cruise.

VENT, ven, s. m. wind, gale, air: vent, scent; wind or breath; inkling, hint, notice; vanity, emptiness. Donner vent à un tonneau, or à une liqueur, to give vent to a cask or to a liquor. Ce cheval a du vent, that horse begins to be pursy or short-winded. Prendre le vent, to wind or scent. Le vent du bureau, the knowledge of the turn that things are likely

Vent, s. m. Mar. wind. Les vents, the wind, the winds. Vent favorable, fair wind. Vent contraire, foul wind. Vent de bouline or rent lator.

qui refuse, scant wind. Vents dominans, reign. ing winds. Vent de bout, wind right an end. ing winds. Vent de bota, wind right oft. Vent Vent arrière or en poupe, wind right oft. Vent vent upon the beam. Vent par le travers, wind upon the beam. par le bossoir, wind upon the bow. Vent par la hanche, wind upon the quarter. Vert échars or qui saute, shifting or veering wind, wind that veers often. Vents variables, variable Vents periodiques, periodical winds. winds. Vents généraux et constans, general and con-stant winds. Vents de terre et de mer, land and sea-breezes or winds. Vent dessus, situation of the sails that are full. Vent dedans, situation of the sails that are laid aback. Vent dessus, vent dedans, lying to. Au vent, to windward. Sous le vent, to leeward. Contre vent et marée, against wind and tide. Prendre vent devant, to be taken aback by a shift of wind. Faire prendre vent or vent devant à un vaisseau, to stay a ship. Mettre la barre au vent or sous le vent, to put the helm up or down. Munche à vent, wind-sail. Retenu au mouillage par eles vents contraires, wind-bound. Vent d'une pièce d'artillerie, (dissirence entre le calibre de l'àme et le diametre du boulet) windage. Gagner au vent, monter au vent, to get to windward. Iles du vent, windward islands. Le vent est à pic, the wind is right up and down. vent but en pleine côte, the wind blows dead on the shore. Le vent mollit, the wind abates. Où sont les vents? how is the wind? Le vent vient de l'avant or nons avons le vent debont, the wind is in our teeth or quite contrary. Les rents sont au conseil, there is no knowing how the wind is. He'y a presque pus de vent, there is hardly any wind at Vous êles trop au vent, you are too near the wind. Pas au vent or sans chicaner le vent, do not hanker in the wind. Vent de terre forcé, stiff land breeze. Il n'y a plus de vent, the wind has died away. Nous aurons du vent au concher de la lune, we shal. have it blow when the moon goes down-Au vent à nous se voit le mont Saint-Elie, à près de quarante lienes de distance, mount Saint-Elias is seen to windward of us at the distance of near forty leagues. Il nous reste un port sous le vent, s'il nous arrive quelque avarie, should we meet with any accident, we have a port under our lee. Dans quel air de vent est cette voile incomme? in what point of the compass is that strange sail? VENTAIL, s. m. folding-door.

VENTE, vent, s. f. sale, selling or vendition, auction; place where wine is had by wholesale; (terme d'eaux et forêts) felling. Jeunes ventes, coppice that shoots forth again. Ventes et homeurs, fine or duty payable by the pur chasers. Qui est de vente, saleable, that sells

or goes off well.

VENTER, vén-tã, v. n. Ex. Il vente, the wind blows, 'tis windy weather. Venter, Mar, to blow, etc. Il vente tournent, it blows a strong gale. Il ne vente pas, there is not much wind. Il vente grand frais, it blows very fresh. Il vente si fort que nous ne pouvons mettre un ponce de voile dehors, it blows o hard that we campet show a carg of canyass. so hard that we cannot show a rag of canvass

VENTEU-X, SE, ven-teu, teuz, adj. windy. VENTILATEUR, ven-ti-la-teur, s. m. ventibuse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun,

estimation, valuation; canvassing or sifting,

VENTILER, ven-ti-là, v. a. to ventilate, estimate, prize or value, debate, canvass, sift or examine.

VENTOSITÉ, ven-tô-zî-tå, s. f. wind (collected in the body of an animal.)

VENTOUSE, ven-tooz, s.f. vent or air-hole;

cupping-glass. VENTOUSER, ven-too-za, v. a. to cup.

VENTRE, ventr, s. m. belly, paunch or guts; womb. Bas ventre, lower belly. Petit ventre, stomach, breast, ventricie. Avoir le ventre, tre libre, to be loose. Lâcher te ventre, to relax. Flux de rentre, looseness. Muraille qui fait un ventre, a wall that bellies or bunches

VENTRÉE, ven-trà, s. f. litter or birth (of

animals.)

VENTRICULE, vên-trî-kûl, s. m. ventricle,

VENTRIÈRE, ven-tri-er, s. f. belly-band. VENTRILOQUE, ven-trl-lok, adj. & s. m.

ventriloquist. VENTRU, E, ven-tru, tru, adj. big-bellied,

gor-bellied. VENU, E, adj. (from Venir) come. Mon-

sieur, soyez le hien-venu, welcome, Sir.

nouveau venu, a new comer. VENUE, vend, s.f. coming, arrival. Allées et venues, going backwards and forwards. Tont d'une venue, all together, all at once, at the same time; also, all of a size; all of a piece. VÉNULE, s. f. little vein. VÉNUS, s. f. Venus.

VEPRE, s. m. evening, close of the day. VEPRES, vepr, s. f. pl. vespers, evening

prayers.

VER, ver, s. m. worm; maggot or mice; moth or moth worm. Le ver de la conscience, the remorses, stings or checks of conscience. Tirer les vers du nez à quelqu'un, to pump or sift one, worm a secret out of one. Ver à soie, silk-worm.

VÉRACITÉ, vå-rå-sì-tå, s. f. veracity.

VERBAL, E, ver-bal, adj. verbal, derived trom the verb; verbal, by word of mouth. Proces verbal, verbal process. VERBALEMENT, ver-bal-men, adv. ver-

bally, by word of mouth.

VERBALISER, ver-ba-ll-za, v. n. to make a verbal process; to be long-winded or tedious in one's discourse, make many words.

VERBE, verb, s. m. verb. Le Verbe, the

Word, the second person of the Trinity.

VERBÉRATION, s. f. verberation. VERBEU-X, SE, vêr-bêu, bêuz, adj. ver-

VERBIAGE, vêr-bî-âz, s. m. idle words,

empty, frothy discourse.
VERBIAGER, ver-bl-a-za, v. n. to be verbose or prolix, be tedious by a prolixity of words.

VERBIAGEU-R, SE, vêi-bî-â-zêur, zêuz, s.

m. & f. verbose or prolix talker.
Verbosité, s. f. verbosity, too many words, talkativeness.

VERCC atin, s. m. maggot; whim, idle fancy, crotteet.
VERD, VERTE, or VERT, E, ver, vert, adj.

green, unripe, tart, tender, brisk, lusty,

VENTILATION, ven-il-la-slon, s. f. estimate, strong, fresh, mettlesome, resolute, sharf timation, valuation; canvassing or sifting, late. Title verte, giddy-brained or hare-braine I fellow. Cuir vert, raw leather. Morue verte, codfish not dried.

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VERD, s. m. green or green colour; tart-ss. Verd de gris, verdigrise. Verd de ness. Verd de gris, verdigrise. Verd de terre, verditer. Mettre un cheval au verd, to put or turn a horse to grass. Manger son bien en vert, to spend one's income before it is due.

VENDATRE, vêr-datr, adj. greenish. *VERDAUD, adj. m. Ex. Vin verdaud, tart

wine.

VERDÉE, s. f. white Florentine wine. VERDELET, TE, vêrd-lê, lêt, adj. m. Ex. Vin verdelet, tart wine.

VERDERIE, s. f. verderer's jurisdiction.
VERDET, vêr-dê, s. m. verdigrise.
VERDEUR, vêr-dêur, s. f. greenness, green
verdure; sap; harshness, tartness; briskness,
strength; (de l'age) green years, youth.

VERDI, E, adj. painted green, grown or become green.

VERDIER, ver-dia, s. m. verderer, also

green-finch.

Verdière, s. f. hen-green-finch. VERDIR, ver-dir, v. a. to paint green. Ver-

dir, v. n. to grow or become green.
VERD-MONTANT, s. m. a little kind ot

bird.

VERDOYANT, R, vêr-dwa-yen, yent, adj.

green, verdant.

*Verdover, ver-dwa-ya, v. n. to grow-

green, be verdant.

VERDURE, vêr-dur, s. f. greenness or ver dure; green, green grass; forest-work in tapestry.

VERDURIER, s. m. herbman.

VÉREU-X, SE, vå-rèu, rèuz, adj. wormy rotten, naught, defective, suspicious.

VERGE, verz, s. f. rod; switch, wand; (pour mesurer) yard-stick; (d'un arpent) sort of lano measure; (de mariage) ring, wedding ring, (de hedeau) verge. Sergent à verge, verger Verges, rods; gauntlet; affliction; beams of light. Verge, Mar. Verge d'une ancre, shank of an anchor. Verge de pompe, pump

spear. Vergée, s. f. sort of measure of land. V. Verge.

ERGER, vêr-zà, s. m. orchard.

VERGER, v. a. to measure with the yardstick.

VERGETER, verz-ta, v. a. to brush (cloth.) VERGETTES, ver-zet, s. f. pl. a brush.

VERGETIER, S. m. or Vergetier-brossier, brush-maker or seller.

VERGLACER, v. n. Ex. Il verglace, it is glazed with ice.

Verglas, s. m. rain that glazes what it falls upon by freezing.

*Vergoone, ver-gogn, s. f. shame; aiso

nakedness. VERGUE, verg, s. f. Mar. yard. Grande vergue, main vard. Grange vergue d'un bri-

gantin or d'un sloop, main boom. Vergues currées, square yards. Vergue de misaine, fore yard. Vergue de petit hunier, fore top sail yard. Vergue de grand hunier, main top sail yard. Vergue de petit perroquet, fore top-gallant yard. Vergue de grand perroquet, main top-gallant yard. Vergue de petit per-roquet volunt or de petit kakutors, fore top-gallant royal yard. Vergues de kakators or bar, bat, base: thère, ebb, over; fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord; mood, good,

de perroquets volans, toyal yards. Vergue de grand perroquet volant or de grand kakatoës, main top-gallant royal yard. Vergue de per-roquet de fougrue, mizen top-sail yard. Vergue de perruche, mizen top-gallant yard. Vergue de peruche, mizen top-sall yard. Vergue de peruche, mizen top-gallant yard. Vergue de kukatoës de perruche, mizen top-gallant royal yard. Vergue sèche or de fougue, crossjack yard. Vergue d'artimon, mizen yard. Vergue de civadière, sprit-sail yard. Vergue de contre civadière, sprit-sail top-sail yard. Vergue de tape cul, driver yard. Vergue de homette studdiere all yard. Vergue de tape tudiere de la verd. bonnette, studding-sail yard. Vergue de tréon, jenny or square-sail yard. Vergue latine, lateen yard. Vergue à corne, gaff yard attached to the mast by a pair of cheeks (like the boom or gaff of a brig, schooner, etc.) Vergue à vergue, yard arm and yard arm. Avoir le vent sous vergue, to be going right before the wind. Mettre les voiles en vergue, to bring the sails to the yards. Nous attendimes à être vergue à vergue avant de faire feu, we waited till we were yard arm and yard arm before we fired a shot.

VERICLE, s. f. spurious diamond.

VÉRIDICITÉ, s. f. veracity. VÉRIDIQUE, vå-rl-dik, adj. veridical. VÉRIFICATEUR, vå-rî-fî-kå-teur, s. f. examiner

VÉRIFICATION, vå-ri-fi-kå-sion, s. f. veri-

fication.

VÉRIFIER, vå-rl-fl-å, v. a. to verify, prove, examine and compare. Vérifier, Mar. (des relèvemens, des sondes, etc.) to verify; (la ligne de loch) to examine. Vérifier la marche d'une horloge marine, to ascertain the rate of a time

VERIN, S. m. Mar. instrument very similar to a jack-screw, and used occasionally in launching a vessel from the stocks or raising

heavy burdens.

VÉRITABLE, vå-rl-tabl, adj. true, genuine. VÉRITABLEMENT, vå-rl-tabl-mên, adv.

truly, really, indeed.

VERITÉ, vå-rî-tå, s. f. truth, verity. verité, adj. truly, verily, in truth, indeed, I confess. A la vérité, indeed, it is true, I confess

VERJUS, ver-zh, s. m. verjuice; sour grapes. VERJUTÉ, E, ver-zů-tà, adj. Ex. Vin ver-

jule, sharp or tart wine

VERMEIL, LE, ver-mel, adj. vermilion, fine or lively red. Levres vermeilles, red cherry

VERMEIL or VERMEIL DORÉ, s. m. silver gilt.

VERMEILLE, s. f. sort of precious stone. VERMICKLE, vermicells. Vermiculated. VERMICULATE, vermiculated. VERMICULATE, vermiculated.

micular. VERMIFORME, adj. vermiform, having the

shape of a worm. VERмыгись, ver-mi-fuz, adj. vermifuge. VERMILLER, v. n. to scratch for worms,

grub up the earth for worms.

worm.

VERMILLON, ver-mi-lon, s. m. vermilion, red leal, natural red, cherry red; scarlet VEI.MILLORNER, v. n. to grub up the earth

for worms; to colour with vermilion. VERMINE, ver-mîn, s. f. vermin; rabble. VERMISSEAU, ver-mi-so, s. m. little or small

VERMOULER, ver-moo-la, v.n. Se vermouler v. r. to grow worm-eaten. VERMOULU, E, vêr-môo-lů, lù, adj. worm-

eaten, rotten. VERMOULURE, vêr-môo-lur, s. f. worm-

hole, rottenness in wood, dust from a worm-

VERNAL, E, adj. vernal.

VERNIR, vêr-nîr, v. a. to varnish. VERNIS, vêr-nl, s. m. gum of juniper-trees;

varnish, gloss, glazing.

Vernisser, vêr-nî-sâ, v. a. to glaze. Vernisseur, vêr-nî-sêur, s. m. varnisher. Vernissure, s. f. varnishing.

VEROLE, va-rôl, or GROSSE VÉROLE, s. f. pox, French pox. Petite vérole, small pox. VÉROLÉ, E, adj. & s. that has the pox, pocky man or woman.

VÉROLIQUE, vå-rô-lîk, adj. pocky.

VERON, s. m. minnow.

VÉRONIQUE, vå-rô-nîk, s. f. speedwell, ve-

ronic or veronica (a plant.)
VERRAT, ve-ra, s. m. boar or boar-pig.
Rouleau de chair de verrat, brawn.

VERRE, ver, s. m. glass, a glass. Cul de

verre, web in the eye.

VERRÉE, s.f. glass or glass-full, brimmer. VERRERIE, ver-rl, s. f. glass-house, glassmaking; glass-ware, glasses.

VERRIER, ve-riå, s. m. glass-maker; glass-

seller, glass-man; glass-frame, glass-basket. Verrière or Verrine, s. f. glass (put

before pictures, relicks, etc.) VERROTERIE, ve-rot-rl, s. f. small articles

of glass-ware. Verrouser Verrouil, ve-roo, s. m. bolt

(for a door, etc.) VERROUILLER, vè-rôo-la, v. a. to bolt.

VERRUCAIRE, s. f. wart-wort. VERRUE, vè-ru, s. f. wart.

VERS, ver, s. m. verse. Vers blancs, blank verse.

VERS, prep. toward, towards, to; about. Vers le lurge or vers la pleine mer, Mar. offward.

VERSADE, s. f. overturning.

VERSANT, E, ver-sen, sent, adj. apt to overturn.

VERSATILE, ver-sa-til, adj. versatile, flex-

VERSE, (A) a-vers, adv. Il pleut à verse, it rains hard, it pours down, it rains as hard as it can pour.

VERSÉ, E, ver-så, adj. (from Verser) pour-

ed, etc. versed, skilled, experienced.

VERSEAU, vêr-sô, s. m. Aquarius.
VERSER, vêr-sâ, v. a. to pour, fill (by pouring,) spill or shed; to decant, pour off; (les

bles) to lay, lodge, beat down; (une voiture) to over-turn. Verser, v. n. to over-turn, be over-turned; (les bles) to lay, lodge. Fuire verser les blés, to lodge the corn.

VERSET, ver-se, s. m. verse or stanza or

staff.

VERSIFICATEUR, vêr-sî-fî-kâ-têur, s. m. versifier, versificator; maker of verses.

VERSIFICATION, vêr-sî-fî-kâ-sîon, s. f. versification.

VERSIFIER, ver-sî-fî-a, v. n. to versify.

VERSION, vêr-sion, s.f. version, translation. VERSO, vêr-so, s. m. back of the leaf. VERT, V. Verd.

VERTÉBRAL, E, vêr-tâ-brâl, adj. vertebral

buse, but : ieune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

VERTÈBRE, vertebre, s. f. vertebre, chine bone; in pl. animals baving vertebræ.

VERTEMENT, vert-men, adv. briskly, smart-

ly, stoutly.

VERTEVELLE, s. f. staple of a bolt.

VERTICAL, E, vêr-tî-kâl, adj. vertical. VERTICALEMENT, vêr-tî-kâl-mên, adv. vertically, perpendicularly.

VERTICALITÉ, S. f. verticality. VERTICILLÉ, E, adj. verticillate.

VERTIGE, ver-tiz, s.m. dizziness, giddiness

or swimming in the head, vertigo. VERTIGINEU-X, SE, ver-tl-zl-neu, neuz,

adj. giddy. Vertigo, vêr-tî-go, s. m. maggot, crotch-

whim, vertigo; (de cheval) staggers.

et, whim, vertigo; (as checut) sings.

VERTU, vertigo; (as checut) sings.

VERTU, vertigo; (as checut) sings.

VERTU, vertigo; (as checut) sings. tity, efficacy, force, power, property. En vertu de, by virtue of, on account or in consequence of. Vertu de ma vie! vertu bleu! vertu chou! odsbud! zooker!

VERTUEUSEMENT, vêr-tû-èuz-mên, adv.

virtuously, uprightly, worthily. VERTUEU-x, se, ver-ta-eu, euz, adj. virtuous, honest, well principled, upright, worthy, chaste.

VERTUGADE, s.f. VERTUGADIN, s. m. far-

dingale.

VERVE, verv, s. f. poetical rapture or sally or rage, heat of a poet's fancy; a frolick, fan-

cy, maggot or crotchet.
VERVEINE, ver-ven, s. f. vervain.

VERVELLE, vêr-vêl, s. f. label, varvel. VERVEUX, vêr-vêu, s. m. fruit basket, sweep-net.

VESCE, ves, s. f. vetch, fitch.

VESCERON, s. m. small wild vetch, or fitch. VÉSICAIRE, s. f. alkekengi, winter cherry. VÉSICATOIRE, vå-sl-kå-twar, adj. & s. m.

Ex. Emplatre vésicatoire or un vésicatoire, s. m. vesicatory, blistering plaster, blister. Vésicule, và-sì-kul, s. f. vesicle.

VESPÉRIE, ves-pa-ri, s. f. vesperies, last act of divinity amongst the Sorbonists; also

lecture, reproof or reprimand, VESPÉRISER, vés-på-ri-zå, v. a. to school,

check, reprimand, rebuke, chide.

Vesse-de-loup, VESSE, s. f. foist or fizzle. faux champignon) fuzzball, puck or puffball. Vesce.

VESSER, v. n. to foist or fizzle. VESSEU-R, SE, S. m. & f. fizzler. VESSIE, vê-si, s. f. bladder; blister.

*VEST, s. m. vesting, putting in possession.

VESTALE, vêst-tâl, s. f. vestal. VESTE, vêst, s. f. vest, waistcoat. Vestes, s. f. pl. Mar. haliards (of a lateen

VESTIAIRE, ves-til-er, s. m. friar's vestry, place where the monks' clothes are kept; ex-

pense of clothing.
VESTIBULE, vestible, en-

try, porch. VESTIGE, ves-tlz, s. m. vestige; step, footstep, sign, mark, remain, trace. VESTPHALIE, s. f. Westphalia. VŶTEMENT, vet-men, s. m. vestment, rai-

ment, garment, vesture. VETERAN, va-ta-ren, s. m. veteran, veteran sold er, old officer of twenty-four years standing school-try of two years standing in the man e forin.

VÉTÉRANCE, va-ta-rèns, s. f. the being a

VÉTÉRINAIRE, adj. veterinary. VÉTILLARD, E, vå-ti-lar, lard. V. Vétil-

leur

VÉTILLE, vå-tll, s. f. trifle.

VÉTILLER, và-tî-là, v. n. to trifle, stand upon trifles. VÉTILLEU-R, SE, vå-tl-leur, leuz, s. m. &

f. trifler, punctilious man or woman.

VÉTILLEU-X, SE, adj. triffing, full of little difficulties.

VÊTIR, vê-tîr, v. a. to clothe, find clothes for, put on. Se vétir, v. r. to dress one's self, put on one's clothes. Se vétir de, to put on. Vêtu, e, adj. clad, arrayed, clothed, hav-

ing on. VETURE, ve-tur, s. f. ceremony of giving the habit to a friar or nun.

*VÉTUSTÉ, vå-tůs-tå, s. f. ancientness. VEUF, veuf, s. m. widower. V. Veuve. VEULE, adj. soft, weak, light.

VEUVAGE, veu-vaz, s. m. widowhood, vi-

duity.

VEUVE, veuv, s. f. widow.

VEXATION, vek-så-sion, s. f. vexation.

VEXATOIRE, adj. vexatious. VEXER, vek-så, v. a. to vex, trouble, op-

press, harass, plague.
*VIABLE, vi-abl, adj. likely to live. VIAGER, E, vl-å-zå, zèr, adj. for life, dur-ing life. Pension viagère, pension for life, an

VIANDE, viend, s. f. meat, flesh, viands,

victuals, food. VIANDER, vien-da, v. n. (terme de chasse) to

feed, go to feed.
VIANDIS, vièn-dl, s. m. feeding or viands

or pasture of deer.
VIATIQUE, vî-â-tîk, s. m. viaticum.

VIBORD, s. m. Mar. waist (of a ship;) part comprehended between the quarter-deck and fore-castle.

VIBRATION, vl-brå-slon, s. f. vibration. VIBRER, v. n. to vibrate, make vibrations.

VICAIRE, vf-ker, s. m. vicar; curate. VICAIRIE, vî-kê-ri, s. f. vicarship, curate

ship. VICARIAL, E, vî-kâ-rî-âl, adj. vicarious,

VICARIAT, vi-kā-ri-à, s. m. vicarship, curateship.

Vicarier, vî-kâ-rl-â, v. n. to do curate's duty.

VICE, vis, s. m. vice; sin, lewdness, debauchery; fault, defect, imperfection, blemish, flaw. Vice is used in some compound words, and signifies instead of. Ex. Vice-amiral, viceadmiral, also vice-admiral's ship. Vice-amirauté, vice-admiralty. Vice-bailli, vice-bailli. Vice-chancelier, vice-chancellor. Vice-consul. Vice-gérent, vice-gerent or deputy. Vice-légat, vice-legate. Vice-légat tion, vice-legateship. Vice-reine, vice-roy's or deputy's wife. Vice-roi, vice-roy, deputy-king. Vice-roi d'Irlande, lord-licutenant of Ireland. Vice-royaute, s. f. place and dignity of a vice-roy or deputy. Vice-sénéchal, vice-seneschal.

VICENNAL, E, adj. vicenary. VICIER, vi-si-a, v. a. to v tiate, taint, corrupt. Vicier, v. n. to vitiate; annul (in law.) bar, bat, base: thère, êbb, over: fleld, fig: robe, rob, lord: mood, good.

VICIEUSEMENT, vi-sieuz-men, adv. vicious-

ly, wickedly, lewdly.
VICIEU-x, sE, vi-sièu, sièuz, adj. & s. vicious, wicked, sinful, lewd, naughty, head-strong, faulty, imperfect; full of errours.

Vicissitude, vi-sī-sī-tūd, s. f. vicissitude. Vicomte, vi-kont, s. m. viscount. Vicomté, s. f. dignity or quality and jurisdiction of a viscount

VICOMTESSE, vî-kon-tês, s. f. viscountess. VICTIME, vîk-tîm, s. f. victim, sacrifice.

VICTIMER, v. a. to immolate, sacrifice one (in pleasantry.) VICTOIRE, vik-twar, s. f. victory.

VICTORIEUSEMENT, vîk-tô-rî-euz-men,

adv. victoriously. Victorieu-x, se, vîk-tô-rî-eu, euz, adj.

victorious. VICTUAILLE, vîk-tû-al, s. f. Mar. victuals;

provisions. VICTUAILLEUR, s. m. victualler. V. Avi-

tailleur. VIDAME, vl-dam, s. m. vidam, judge that holds some of the lands of a bishoprick on condition that he shall defend the temporalities of the bishop.

VIDAMÉ, vl-dà-mà, s. m. or VIDAMIE, s. f.

vidamship.

VIDANGE, vî-denz, s.f. clearing, emptying, removing. Tonneau en vidange, cask broach-Vidanges, filth out of a house ed or tapped. of office or common sewer, rubbish (of a house;) flooding, lochia.

VIDANGEUR, vî-dên-zêur, s. m. night-man.

VIDE, vid, adj. empty, void. VIDE, s. m. void, empty or void space, vacuum, blank or white (in writing,) gap, chasm. A vide, empty.

VIDÉ, E, adj. (from Vider) emptied, etc. VIDE-BOUTEILLE, s. m. small summer

house in a garden near the town.

Notice the garden near the town.

VIDELLE, s. f. jagging iron.

VIDER, vi-då, v. a. to empty, clear, make void or empty; (une volaille) to draw, draw out the guts of; (un oiseau de proie) to enseam; (un étang) to drain; (les terres) to level; (ses excrémens) to void; (un lieu) to leave, avoid, satin, du velours) to pink or cut into flowers, etc.; (une clef) to bore; to determine, decide, end, make an end of, make up. V. Evider. Se vider, v. r. to empty, void, be determined or decided or ended. Vider l'eau d'un bateau à l'aide d'un escop à main, to bail VIDIMER, vî-dî-mà, v. a. to compare a copy

with the original, and certify its conformity.

VIDIMUS, S. m. Ex. Mettre le vidimus à un acte, to certify an act conformable to the original.

IDRECOME, s. m. tumbler.

VIDUITÉ, vî-důî-tà, s. f. viduity, widowhood.

VIDURE, s. f. pinking or cutting into flowers. VIE, vl, s. f. life; days; livelihood, food, bread; way of living, course of life; delight; noise, reprimand, lecture. A vie, for life, during lif . Faire la vie, to be merry, make merry. Ne pas donner le moindre signe de vie sur une chose, not to take the least notice of a thing. Eau de-vie, brandy. Eau-de-vie de Eau-de-vie de sucre, rum.

VIEDASE, m. scoundrel, ass-face.

VIEIL, LE, adj. V. Vieux. Formerly vieil was used instead of vieux. Vieil was afterwards retained before nouns beginning with a vowel or h mute; but now vieux is always used, except in these scripture phrases. Le vieil Adam, Le vieil homme, the old Adam, the old man or man of sin. Vieille is always used when the noun it precedes or relates to is feminine. VIEILLARD, viê-lar, s. m. old man, ancient

man. Vieille, vîêl, s. f. old woman.

VIEILLERIE, viêl-ri, s. f. old clothes or goods, old rubbish or stuff.

VIEILLESSE, viêl-lês, s. f. old age, age.

VIEILLI, E, adj. grown old, grown out of date.

VIEILLIR, vie-sir, v.n. to grow old, grow out of date, look old, be broken. Vieillir, v. Vieillir, v. a. to make grow old or look old,

VIEILLISSEMENT, s. m. the growing old. VIEILLOT, TE, viê-lô, lôt, adj. oldish, somewhat old, stale.

VIELLE, viël, s. m. cymbal (vulgarly called

hurdy-gurdy.) hurdy-gurdy.)
Vieller, viê-lâ, v. n. to play upon the cymbal, stand fiddling or trifling. V. Vielle.
Vielleu-r, se, viê-lèur, lêuz, s. m. & f. player on the cymbal. V. Vielle.
Vierge, viêtz, s. f. virgin, maid, Virgo

(one of the twelve celestial signs.)

Vierge, adj. maid, maiden, virgin. Vieux, vlėu, m. Vieille, vlėl, f. old; ancient, stricken or advanced in years, of old continuance, of an old standing; worn out; obsolete, antiquated, out of date. V. Vieil.

VI-F, vE, vIf, vIv, adj. quick, alive, living; lively, brisk; sprightly, fiery, mettlesome; sharp, violent, smart, lively; sanguine, conf-

cont. Esprit vif, quick, sharp, keen wit. Vif-argent, quick silver, mercury. VIF, s. m. quick; wood or inside of a tree; (del'eau) high water. Couper dans le vif, to cut in the floshy or substantial part. Couper jusqu'au vif, or jusqu'à la chair vire, to cut to the quick.

Vigie, vî-zl, s. f. Mar. rock always above water in the open sea; also look out, look out house, man on the look out, hand to look out. Etre en vigie, to be on the look out.

VIGIER, v. a. Mar. Ex. Vigier une escadre, to dodge or watch the motions of a fleet or squadron.

Vigilamment, vî-zî-lâ-mên, adv. vigilant-

ly, watchfully, warily.
VIGILANCE, vl-zl-lens, s. f. vigilance or vi

gilancy, watchfulness, wariness.
VIGILANT, E, vl-21-len, lent, adj. vigilant,

watchful, wary, careful, diligent.
VIGILE, vl-zll, s. f. vigil, eve; also service

or prayers.
VIGINTIVIRAT, s. m. vigintivirate.

VIGNE, vign, s. f. vine, vine-yard, country house about Rome.

Vigneron, vign-ron, s. m. vine-dresser. VIGNETTE, vî-gnêt, s. f. a printer's flower, flourish or border, head piece (of a chapter, etc.)

Vignoble, vî-gnôbl, s. m. vineyard-plot. VIGOGNE, vil-gogn, s. m. vigone, sort of Spanish wool, hat made of Spanish wool.

VIGOUREUSEMENT, vi-gdo-reuz-men, ad vigorously, briskly, stoutly.

buse, but : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

VIGOUREU-X, SE, vi-goo-reu, reuz, adj. vi-

gorous, stout, strong, lusty, brisk.
VIGUERIE, vîg-rl, s. f. place or jurisdiction
of a viguier. V. Viguier.

VIGUEUR, vl-geur, s. f. vigour, strength,

stoutness, mettle, courage, force.
VIGUIER, vi-già, s. m. sort of magistrate in
Languedoc and Provence.

VIL, E. vil, adj. vile, mean, contemptible,

despicable. A vil prix, very low or cheap. VILAIN, E, vi-lin, len, adj. nasty, dirty, filthy, slovenly, sluttish; ugly, homely; villan-ous, base, unworthy, shameful; obscene, bawdy, dishonest; sordid, covetous, niggardly.
VILAIN, s. m. villain or bondman; nasty

man, sloven; miser, covetous fellow.

Vilaine, s. f. slut; a prostitute. VILAINEMENT, vi-lên-mên, adv. nastily, filthily, dirtily, obscenely, basely, shamefully, unworthily.

VILEBREQUIN, vîl-brê-kin, s. m. wimble. VILEMENT, vîl-mên, adv. vilely, basely.

VILENAGE, s. m. villanage, soccage. VILENIE, vil-ni, s: f. filth, filthiness, nastiness, nasty thing, affronting word, abuse, villany, base thing or action, shameful thing or action, bawdry, obscenity, sordidness, sordid avarice, covetousness; ulso trash, unwholesome food.

VILETÉ, vîl-tà, s. f. vileness, meanness,

cheapness.

VILIPENDER, vî-lî-pên-da, v. n. to under-

value, vilify or despise. VILLACE, s. f. great scambling town (of

which the houses are scattered.)

VILLAGE, vi-laz, s. m. village. VILLAGEOIS, E, vi-la-zwa, zwaz, adj. of

the country or village.

VILLAGEOIS, s. m. country-man, clown,

bumpkin. Villageoise, s. f. country-woman, countrylass. A la villageoise, adv. after the countryfashion.

VILLANELLE, s. f. country-ballad or lay. VILLE, vîl, s. f. town, city. VILLETTE, vî-lêt, s. f. small town.

Vin or pot de vin, VIN, vin, s. m. wine. something to drink, pair of gloves, etc. (given in addition to the price.)

VINAIGRE, vl-negr, s. m. vinegar. VINAIGRER, vl-ne-gra, v. a. to season with vinegar.

VINAIGRETTE, vi-ne-gret, s.f. a sauce with vinegar and pepper, etc. kind of two wheel-

ed-chair drawn by a man. VINAIGRIER, vî-nê-grî-a, s. m. vinegar-

seller; cruet for vinegar.

VINDAS, vin-dås, s. m. Mar. windlass. VINDICATI-F, VE, vin-dl-ka-tif, tlv, adv. vindictive, revengeful.

Vinée, vi-na, s. f. vintage. VINETTE, s. f. sorrel.

VINEU-X, SE, vî-neu, neuz, adj. vinous; full of vineyards; wine like. Vin vineux, strong

VINGT, (vin, before a consonant, and vint before a vowel,) adj. twenty, a score; (dute) twentieth. Multiplied by another number and immediately followed by a noun, it takes an S. Quatre-vingts ans, 80 years. Le vingt du mois, the 20th of the month.

VINGTAINZ sin-ten, s. f. score. Vingtizm :, in-tiem, adj. twentieth.

Viol, viôl, s. m. rape. Violat, viô-là, adj. m. Ex. Sirop violat, syrup of violets.

VIOLAT-EUR, RICE, vlo-lå-teur, tris, s. m.

& f. breaker, infringer or transgressor.
VIOLATION, viô-la-sion, s. f. violation, in-

fringement, infraction, breach.
VIOLE, viòl, s. f. viol.
VIOLE, e. adj. (from Violer) violated, etc.
VIOLEMENT, viòl-mên, s. m. violation, breaking, transgressing, rape. VIOLEMMENT, viô-là-mên, adv. violently,

outrageously, eagerly, earnestly.
VIOLENCE, viô-lens, s. f. violence, fierceness, vehemence, boisterousness, eagerness, earnestness, outrage, oppression, force. Faire violence à, to offer violence to, fall violently

upon.
VIOLENT, E, vlo-len, lent, adj. violent, fierce, boisterous, vehement, hasty, passion-

ate, eager, sanguine, hard, toilsome.
VIOLENTER, vlo-len-la, v. a. to force, com-

VIOLER, viô-là, v. a. to violate, break, transgress, infringe; ravish or force, commit a rape upon. Violet, te, viò-le, let, adj. purple, of a

violet colour.

Violet, s. m. purple or violet colour.

Violette, s. f. violet. Violier, við-lið, s. m. wall flower. Violon, við-lon, s. m. violin, fiddle; fiddler. Violons de beaupré, Mar. B's of the bowsprit. VIOLONCELLE, viô-lon-sêl, s. m. violoncello.

VIORNE, viorn, s. f. wild vine, hedge-plant.

VIPERE, VIPE, S. f. viper.
VIPEREAU, vI-pà-rò, s. m. young viper.
VIREBREQUIN, V. Vilebrequin.
VIREBREQUIN, V. Vilebrequin.

VIREMENT, vîr-mên, s. m. transfer, paying of a creditor with a debt owing to us or with bills.

VIRER, vl-ra, v. n. Ex. Virer partie. to transfer, pay a creditor with a debt owing to us or with bills; (une vis, une roue) to turn. Tourner et virer quelqu'un, to pump one. Virer, v. n. Ex. Tourner et virer, to go about the bush.

Virer, Mar. Virer un vaisseau en carène, to heave down a ship. Virer un bâtiment en quille, to heave a ship's keel out. Virer le beaupré à terre, to tack close in shore. an cubestan or an vindus, to heave at the cap-stan or windlass. Virer de force au cabestan, to heave astrain at the capstan. Virer à apeak. Virer à long pic, to Virer de bord, to put about, En haut tout le monde à rirer pic, to heave apeak. heave short. stay, go about. En hant tout le monde à virer de hord, all hands about ship, Virer vent devant, to tack. Virer vent urrière or lof your lof, to wear, veer, boxhanl. Virer par lu contre-marche, to tack or wear in succession. Virer tous ensemble, to tack or wear together. Virer dans les eaux d'un bâtiment, to put in about a ship's wake. Vire hardi, heave cheerly. Vire pour deplanter, heave and start the auchor. Vire pour mettre l'aurre hante, heave and toss the auchor up. Vire pour mettre les élinguets, heave and pawl. Vire l'hocioge, turn the half-hour glass. V. Manquer & Refuser

bar, bat, base : thère, êbb, over : fleld, fig : robe, rôb, lord : mood, good.

VIREVAUT, or VIREVEAU, s. m. Mar. winch, roller, small windlass.

VIREVOLTE, vir-volt, or VIREVOUSTE, s. f. turning and winding, quick turning.

VIRGINAL, E, vir-zi-nal, adj. virginal, maidenly, virgin-life.

Virginite, vîr-zî-nî-ta, s. f. virginity. VIRGOULEUSE, vlr-gdo-leuz, s. f. sort of

VIRGULE, vîr-gûl, s. f. comma.

VIRIL, E, vi-ril, adj. of a man, male, virile, manly, stout.

VIRILEMENT, vi-ril-men, adv. manly, stoutly.

VIRILITÉ, vl-rì-lì-tà, s. f. virility, manhood. VIROLE, vl-ròl, s. f. ferrule. Virole, Mar. small iron ring for the end of a bolt when elinching.

VIRTEMBERG, s. m. Wirtemberg. VIRTUALITÉ, vÎr-tâ-â-lî-tâ, s. f. virtuality. VIRTUEL, LE, vîr-tâ-êl, adj. virtual. VIRTUELLEMENT, vîr-tâ-êl-mên, adv. vir-

mally.

VIRTUOSE, vîr-tů-oz, s. m. & f. virtuoso. VIRULENCE, s. f. virulency, virulence.

VIRULENT, E, vî-rû-lên, lênt, adj. virulent. VIRURE, s. f. Mar. strake or streak. Virure de gabord, garboard streak, garboard. Virus, vi-rûs, s. m. virus, virulency, ve-

Vis, vis, s. f. serew; (de presse) vice, spindle; (d'escalier) spindle-tree. Escalier à vis, cockle or winding stair-case.

VIS-A-VIS, vl-za-vl, s. m. vis-a-vis, sort of perlin. Vis-à-vis de, prep. and vis-à-vis, adv. over-against, opposite, over the way, across

the way.
VISAGE, vî-zâz, s. m. face, visage; also look, Changer de visage, to colour, blush, to turn pale. Faire bon or mauvais visage à quelqu'un, to receive one kindly or unkindly.
Viscéral, E, adj. of or belonging to the in-

testines.

VISCÈRE, vl-ser, s. m. intestine, any part of the entrails or bowels. Les viscères, the entrails or bowels.

Viscosité, vís-kô-zî-tâ, s. f. viscosity, clam-

miness, sliminess.

ViséE, vi-za, s. f. aim; design.

VISER, vi-za, v. n. to aim or take one's

aim; drive at, have in view.

Viser, v. a. to revise and examine (an act.)

VISIBILITÉ, vi-zi-bi-li-là, s. f. visibility. VISIBILE, vi-zibl, adj. visible, manifest, plain, clear, apparent.

VISIBLEMENT, vî-zîbî-mên, adv. visibly. VISIERE, vî-zîer, s. m. aim or sight (of a gun;) sight or place through which he that wears a head-piece can see and breathe.

Vision, vi-zion, s. f. vision, sight; apparition; idle fancy.

VISIONNAIRE, vl-zlo-ner, adj. fanciful, whimsical, fanatick.

VISIONNAIRE, s m. & f. fanciful man or

woman, fanatick.

Visitation, vi-zl-tâ-slon, s. f. visitation. Visite, vi-zlt, s. f. visit or visiting; search, searching, inspecting, attendance; (ecclésiastique) visitation.

pour visiter cette voile inconnue qui reste dans le nord-est, our signal is made to examine that strange sail in the north-east. Nous risitames tous les bâtimens que nous rencontrâmes dans notre croisière, we boarded all the vessels that we fell in with in our cruise. En visitant notre mâture, nous trouvâmes que plusieurs boulets y étoient restés, on examining our masis and yards we found that several shots had lodged in them. Après avoir visité notre ancre, nous la remouillerons, after inspecting our anchor, we will let it go again.

VISITEUR, vî-zî-teur, s. m. visiter ; search-

VISORIUM, s. m. (in printing) visorium. VISQUEU-X, SE, vis-keu, keuz, adj. viscous, slimy, clammy. Visser, v. a. to screw.

VISU, Ex. Savoir une chose de visu, to know a thing from having seen it with one's own VISUEL, LE, vî-zû-êl, adj. visual.

*Visum-visu, adv. over against, just oppo-

site, facing, face to face. VITAL, E, vi-tal, adj. vital.

VITE, vlt, adj. quick, nimble, swift, speedy, fleet. VITE, adv. quickly, speedily, fast.

VITELOTS, s. m. pl. kind of Italian-kickshaws.

VITEMENT, vit-men, adv. quickly.

VITESSE, vî-tês, s. f. quickness, nimbleness, swiftness.

"VITONNIÈRES, s. f. pl. Mar. limber-holes. VITRAGE, vi-traz, s.m. glazing, glass-window.

VITRAUX, vi-trò, s. m. pl. large glass window (of a church.)

VITRE, vitr, s. f. glass window; glass or

pane of glass. 1-trå, adj. glazed, glass or done with glass. Humeur vitrée, one of the three humours of the eye.

VITREC, s. m. white tail (a bird.)

VITRER, vî-trå, v. a. to glaze. VITRERIE, vî-trè-ri, s. m. glazier's business.

VITRESCIBLE, V. Vitrifiable.

VITREU-X, SE, adj. vitreous, glassy. VITRIER, vl-trl-à, s. m. glazier.

VITRIFIABLE, vl-trl-fl-abl, adj. convertible into glass. VITRIFICATION, vi-trl-fl-ka-sion, s. f. vi-

trification.

VITRIFIER, vl-trl-fl-å, v. a. to vitrificate. VITRIOL, vl-trl-öl, s. m. vitriol.

VITRIOLÉ, E, adj. done with or having vitriol. VITRIOLIQUE, vl-tri-ò-lik, adj. vitriolous. *VITUPÉRE, s. m. blame. reproach.

Vітире́кек, v. a. to blame. Vіvace, vl-vas, adj. vivacious. Vіvacité, vl-va-sl-ta, s. f. vivacity, liveli-

ness, sprightliness, mettle, fire, brightness, quickness, sudden start or sally of passion.
VIVANDIER, E, vi-ven-dia, dier, s. m. &

f. suttler.

VIVANT, E, vî-vên, vênt, adj. living, alive. VIVANT, s. m. Ex. Léguer quelque chose au dernier vivant or au plus vivant, to bequeath Visiten, vi-zl-ta, v. a. to visit, go to see, give or make a visit, search, inspect, view or survey; to make a visitation. Visiter, v. a. good companion, jovial and harmless man blat to examine, etc. Le signal na's est fait. Mul rivant, ill liver, lewd fellow. buse, but ! jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

VIVAT, vî-vât, interj. bravo.

VIVE, vlv, s. f. sea-dragon. VIVE, V. Vivre et Vif.

VIVEMENT, vlv-men, adv. briskly, sharply,

vigorously; to the quick.
Vivier, vi-via, s. m. pond, fish-pond.
Vivier, Mar. well (of a fishing boat, where-

in fish are intended to be kept alive.)
VIVIFIANT, E, vi-vi-fi-èn, ènt, adj. vivifying; vivifical, quickening.
VIVIFICATION, vi-vi-fi-ka-sion, s. f. vivifi-

cation, vivifying or quickening.
VIVIFIER, vi-vi-fi-a, v. a. to vivify or

quicken, revive.
VITIFIQUE, vi-vi-fik, adj. vivifical, vivify-

ing, that gives life.

VIVIPARE, vl-vl-par, adj. viviparous. VIVOTER, vi-vô-tà, v. n. to live from hand to mouth, just make shift to live; to rub and go.

VIVER, vivr, v.n. to live, be living or alive, exist, feed, maintain one's self, spend, lead a life, behave, earry or understand one's self. Faire vivre, to maintain, keep, feed, or enter-tain. Vive le roi, God save or bless the king, long live the king. Vive M. A., God bless Mr. A., Mr. A. is the man for me, give me Mr. A. Vive Dieu, (forme de serment) as God lives. Qui vive? whom are you for? who's there? who goes there? Etre sur le qui vive, to keep a good look out, be very attentive to what is doing. VIVRE, vivr, s. m. food, diet.

Vivres, provisions, victuals. Faire des vivres, Mar. to

take in provisions. VIVRIER, Mar. Ex. Bâtiment vivrier, vie-

tualling ship, victualler.

VIZIR, s. m. vizier. VIZIRAT or VIZIRIAT, s. m. viziership. VOCABULAIRE, vô-kå-bû-ler, s.m. vocabu-

VOCABULISTE, s. m. author of a vocabulary. VOCAL, E, vo-kal, adj. vocal, oral.

*VOCALEMENT, adv. out, aloud. Vocatif, vô-kå-tif, s.m. vocative, vocative

Vocation, vô-kå-sîon, s.f. vocation, calling.

VOCAUX, s. m. pl. voters. VOEU, veu, s. m. vow; wish, desire, prayer, request; vote, suffrage. Vœux, (d'un amant) addresses, requests, desires.

Vogue, vog, s. f. vogue, esteem, repute. Vogue, Mar. rowing. Vogue-avant, s. m. strokesman.

Voguer, vô-gå, y. n. Mar. to row, pull.

VOGUEUR, vô-gềur, s. m. rower.
VOICI, vwâ-sî, prep. behold, here is, this is,
here are, these are. Voici qu'il vient or le
voici qu'il vient, here he comes. Me voici, here I am, behold me here.

Voie, wha, s. f. way, road, conveyance, means, method, course; space between two wheels, track they leave behind; also seent, train (of a deer.) Vries de fait, violence, blows. Voie, (d'un car osse) riding bed. Voie de charbon, chaldron of coals. Voie d'eau, load of water, two pails full of water; also Mar. lenk.

Voie HE, vwa-rl, V. Voirie.

Voil ., vwå-lå, prep. behold, there is, there sre, that is, those are. Les voilà, there they are (beh ld them there.) Voilà qu'on m'op-selle there, somebody calls me, I am called

Voile, vwal, s. m. veil, cloak, colour, cover,

pretence, show, mask, figure, allegory: (crepe, crepon) erape. Avoir un voile devant les yeux, to have a mist before one's eyes. Voile, s. f. Mar. sail; vessel. Les basses voiles, Grande voile, main courses. Grande voile d'étai, main stay-sail. Grande voile d'étai de hune, main top stay-sail. La voile d'artimon, the mizen. La voile de misaine, the sore-sail. Voiles de hune, top-sails. Voile de grand hunier, main top-sail. de petit hunier; fore top-sail. Voile de perro-quet de fougue, mizen top-sail. Voiles de perquet ae jougue, mizen top-sail. Voiles de per-roquet, main top-gallant sail. Voile du petit perroquet, fore top-gallant sail. Voile du petit perroquet, fore top-gallant sail. Voile de la perruche d'artimon, mizen top-gallant sail. Voile du grand perroquet volant, main top-gallant royal. Voile du petit perroquet volant, fore top-gallant royal. Voile de civadière (or d livande or à heleston or à transière soit series) à livarde, or à baleston or à targuier) sprit-sail. Voile de contre-civadière, sprit top sail. Voiles d'étai, stay-sails. Voiles d'étai d'artimon, mizen stay-sails. Voile d'étai de perroquet de fougue, mizen top stay-sail. Voile d'étai du grand perroquet, main top stay-sail. Voiles à gui, boom sails. Voiles à gui, boom sails. Voiles de sail. Voites de gui, voites dis fortune, eross jack sails, lug sails, square sails. Voiles de tréou, square sails, lug sails. Voiles latines, lateen sails. Voiles de rechange, spare sails. Voiles de l'arrière, after sails. Voiles de l'arrait, try sails. Voile déchirée par le vent, split sail. Voile des comments de l'arrière par le vent, split sails. Voile enstée or qui porte, taught sail. Voile neuve, new sail. Voile usée, old sail. Voile hissée, sail hoisted. Voile serrée, sail taken in hissée, sail hoisted. Voile serrée, sail taken in or furled or handed or stowed. Voile bordée, sail the sheet or sheets of which are hauled aft or home. Voile en bande, sail the sheets of which are let fly." Voile déferlée or larguée, sail loosed or eleared away. Voile garnie, sail bent (said of a stay-sail or jib.) Voile dégarnie, sail unbent (speaking of jibs and stay-Voile désenverguée, sail unbent from d. Voile enverguée, sail bent to its Voile déralinguée, sail, the bolt-rope of a carried away. Voile en ralingue, sails.) its yard. yard. which is carried away. Voile en ralingue, sail shivering. Voile défoncée, sail split. Voile carguée or sui les cargues, sail elued up or hauled up in the brails. Voile coiffée or up or hauled up in the brails. Voile coiffee or masquée or sur le mât, sail laid aback or taken aback. Voile criblée, sail shot through in several places. Etre à la voile, to be under sail. Faire voile, to set sail. Faire petites voiles, to carry little sail, be under easy sail. Faire de la voile, to make sail. V. Force, Forcer, Fatiguer.

VOILE, E, adj. (from Voiler) veiled, etc. Bâtiment bien voilé, Mar. vessel that spreads a great deal of eanvass, and the sails of which

are well cut, well proportioned, and well set.
Voiler, vwa-la, v. a. to veil or cover with a veil, give the veil; to cloak, cover, hide, conceal.

VOILERIE, s. f. Mar. sail-loft, sail yard. VOILIER, vwå-liå, s. m. sail-maker, sailor

that takes care of the sails.

VOILIER, E, s. m. & f. sailer, sailing-ship. Votre frégate est une fine voilière, your frigate

is a prime sailer.
VOILURE, vwa-lur, s. f. Mar. suit of sails. sails, trim of the sails, quantity of sail earried, way or manner of sailing. Nous avons notre bar, bat, base : thère cbb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good.

voilure complète, we have our suit of sails | Toute la voilure de ce navire est neuve, that ship's sails are all new. Voilure de lougre, lug sails. Voiture à baleston, sprit sails. Voiture de chébec, xelvec sails. Nous réglerons toujours notre voiture sur le plus manuais voitier du convoi, we will constantly regulate our sails by the heaviest sailing vessel of the convoy. Sous la même voilure que votre bâtiment, nous filerions deux navuds de plus, under the same sail as your ship we should sail two knots faster. Le général vu se mettre sous la petite voilure pour la nuit, the admiral is going to carry an easy sail for the night. Une bonne voilure pour le gros temps, c'est d'être sous le foc de cap d'artimon, la pouilleuse et la voile d'étai de misaine, a snug sail to be under in bad weather is the three storm stay-sails.

Voir, vwar, v. a. & n. to see, perceive, discern, behold, look, look at, look upon, consider, examine, observe, mind, take notice, keep company with, know, be sensible of, penetrate into, apprehend, understand, taste, feel, smell, hear. Faire roir, to let see, show, discover. Se roir, v. r. to look at or upon one's self, find one's self; see or frequent or visit one another, keep company with one another. Se faire voir, to appear, show one's self or itself. Il semble à voir, it seems, it looks. Voir sur, to look over, overlook, survey. Voir, Mar. to see, etc. Cet officier voit bien dans la lunette de nuit, that officer can distinguish objeets very well through a night glass. Nous verrons bientôt tout le bois de ce bâtiment, we shall soon have that ship hull out.

Voire, vwar, adv. ay marry, nay. *Voirement, adv. Ex. Mais voirement, but

now I think of it.

VOIRIE, s. f. lay-stall; blood and garbage of a beast killed by a butcher; place or office of surveyor of the highways.

Voisin, E, vwa-zin, zin, adj. neighbouring,

bordering, adjacent, adjoining.

Voisin, E, s. m. & f. neighbour. Voisinage, vwå-zi-nåz, s. m. neighbour-

hood, vicinity.

Voisiner, vwa-zi-na, v. n. to be neighbourly, visit one's neighbours.

VOITURE, vwå-tur, s. f. carriage, fare, load, loading, conveyance, coach, cart, boat, horse, or whatever serves to transport persons or things.

VOITURER, vwa-td-ra, v. a. to convey or carry.

VOITURIER, vwa-tů-ria, s. m. earrier ; (par eau) bargeman, boatman.

VOITURIN, vwa-ta-rin, s. m. one that lets horses.

Voix, vwa, s. f. voice, cry, vote or suffrage, singer, note. Voix active, power to elect. Voix passive, eligibility. Voix, Mar. song employed by sailors in heaving, hoisting, hauling, etc. A la voix, mind the song.

la voix quelqu'un, sing out there a hand.
Vol., vol., s. m. robbery, theft, stolen goods; also flight or flying (of a bird,) east (of hawks,) wings expanded (in heraldry.) It a le rol pour cela, he has an admirable talent that

VOLABLE, vo-labl, adj. that may be stolen or robbed.

VOLAGE, vo-laz, adj. fickle, inconstant.

light, unsteady. Feu volage, wild fire, sore. Embarcation volage, Mar. ticklish or crank

VOLAILLE, vo-lal, s. f. poultry, fowls, mar-

ket where poultry is sold.
VOLANT, E, vô-lên, lênt, adj. flying. VOLANT, s.m. shuttle-cock, wing of a windmill.

Volatil, E, vo-la-til, adj. volatile. Volatile, s. m. volatile, flying creature. Volatilisation, vo-la-ti-li-2a-sion,s.f. volatilization.

Volatiliser, võ-lä-ti-li-zå, v. a. to volatilize, make volatile.

12e, make vojatie.

VOLATILITÉ, vô-là-ti-li-tà, s. f. volatility.

VOLATILIE, vô-là-tîl, s. f. fowls.

VOLE, vôl, s. f. vole or flam (at cards.)

VOLÉ, vôl, s. f. vole or flam (at cards.)

VOLÉ, p. adj. robbed, stolen.

VOLÉE, vô-là, s. f. flight or flying, brood, company, elub, rate, rank, quality, degree; (de perdreaux) covey; (de cailles) bevy, (où les chevaux sont attelés) spring-tree-bar. A la volée, rashly, inconsiderately, at random, headlong, unadvisedly. Prendre une balle à la volée or de volée, to take a ball flying. Une volée de canon, a cannon-shot. Une volée de coups de canon, a volley of eannon-shot. Une volée de coups de bâton, brisk blows with a cudgel. Volée, Mar. broadside. Sous la volée d'un bâtiment, close under a ship's guns. Un boulet à toute volée, a random shot. Un corsuire se troura sous notre volée à la pointe du jour, a privateer was or happened to be under our guns at day-break. Notre première volée démâta l'ennemi de son mât d'artimon, we shot away the enemy's mizen mast the first broadside.

VOLER, vo-la, v. n. to fly, fly about, flutter. run, post away.
Voler, v. a. to fly, fly at; to rob, take away,

to steal.

VOLEREAU, s. m. little thief. VOLERIE, vol-rl, s. f. flight (of a bird of prey at some game or other;) also robbery, theft.

Volet, vo-le, s. m. dove-cote, dove-cote door, trap-door; flyer (of a clock or watch;) shutter (of a window;) little board to pick seeds and pulse upon. Volet, Mar. little scacompass (used in a boat.)

VOLETER, vol-tå, v. n. to flutter, flicker. Voleu-R, se, vo-leur, leuz, s. m. & f. thief,

VOLIÈRE, vo-lî-er, s. f. aviary, great bird-

cage. Volière à pieds, dove-cote. Volige, vô-lîz, s. f. thin plank (of deal or other white wood.)

VOLITION, s. f. volition.

VOLONTAIRE, vo-lon-ter, adj. voluntary, spontaneous; wilful, heady.

VOLONTAIRE, s.m. wilful man; spare horse; volunteer.

VOLONTAIREMENT, vô-lon-ter-mên, adv.

voluntarily, spontaneously, freely.
Volonté, s. f. will; mind or pleasure.

Volontiers, vô-lon-tià, adv. willingly, readily, gladly, freely, easily.

Voi.TE, volt, s. f. ring; volt or bounding, turn, rubbers, two sets won. Volte-face, wheeling about. Faire volte-face, to wheel about, turn (upon a pursuer.)

VOLTER, v. n. to shift one's place in fencing.

buse, bût : jeune, meute, beurre : enfant, cent, lien : vin : mon : brun.

VOLTIGEMENT, võl-tiz-men, s. m. vaulting. VOLTIGER, võl-ti-za, v. n. to flutter, begin to fly; ride about, vault, tumble upon a rope, flutter about, be rambling or roving, to float in the wind.

Voltigeur, vol-ti-zeur, s. m. vaulter or

tumbler.

Volubilis, s. m. bindweed, rope-weed. Volubilité, vô-lû-bî-lî-tâ, s. f. volubility; (de langue) volubility, glibness, fluentness,

VOLUME, vo-lam, s. m. volume, book; bulk,

Volumineu-x, sE, adj. voluminous, bulky. Volupté, vô-lup-la, s. f. pleasure, sensuality or voluptuousness, delight, satisfaction, enjoyment, lust, luxury.

VOLUPTUEUSEMENT, vo-låp-tå-euz-men,

adv. voluptuously, sensually.

VOLUPTUEU-X, SE, vô-lap-tu-èu, èuz, adj. & s. voluptuous, sensual, libidinous; delight-

ful; voluptuary, epicure. Volute, vo-lot, s. f. volute.

Voluter, v. a. to wind. Vomrque, vô-mík, adj. Ex. Noix comique, vomick nut.

Vomique, s. f. vomica. Vomir, vo-mir, v. a. to spue, vomit, cast or bring up, belch out.

VOMISSEMENT, vo-mis-men, s.m. vomiting. VOMITI-F, VE, vô-mì-tíf, tlv, adj. vomitive.

VOMITIF, s. m. vomit.

*Vomitoire, vo-mi-twar, adj. vomitory. *VOMITOIRES, s. m. pl. outlets of the Ro-

man theatres, vomitoria.
VORACE, vo-ras, adj. voracious, ravenous. VORACITÉ, vô-rå-sî-tà, s. f. voracity, gree-

Vos, (pl. de Votre.) V. Votre.

VOTANT, s. m. voter.

VOTATION, vo-ta-slon, s. f. voting.

VOTER, vô-ta, v. n. to vote or give one's vote.

VOTI-F, VE, vo-tif, tlv, adj. votive. VOTRE, votr, adj. (in pl. Vos) your. tôtre, la vôtre, les vôtres, (without the noun) vours.

Vouer, voo-a, v. a. to devote or promise

solemnly, to consecrate. Vouge, s. f. boar-spear or hunter's staff.

VOULANT, (part. of Vouloir) willing. VOULOTR, voo-lwar, v. n. to will or be willing, please or be pleased, have a mind. Vouloir, v. a. to wish, want, wish or choose to have; to require. Il l'a voulu ainsi, he would have it so. Si elle savoit ce que vous lui voulez, if she knew what design you have upon her. Vouloir dire, to mean, signify. Vouloir, to be for. En rouloir à, to bear an ill will or owe a spite to, hate, have a grudge against; also to have a design upon. A qui en vent-il? what ails him? what is the matter with him? whom does he look for? whom does he mean to attack or offend?

VOULOIR, s. m. will, pleasure, intention,

design.

Voulu, voo-lu, adj. Ex. Mal voulu, hated. Bien voulu, loved.

Vous, vòo, (pers. pron. pl.) you, ye. Que dites-rous, messieurs? what do you say, gen-tlemen? Comment rous va, mon cher ami? how do you do, dear friend? Je suis tout à vous, I am wholly yours.

Voussure, voo-sur, s. f. arch or bending

(of a vault.)

VOUTE, voot, s. f. vault, arched roof; roof or arch or canopy (of heaven.) Volle, Mar. counter. La grande volle, the lower counter. La volle de la gulerie, the cove. Vaisseau qui a beaucoup de volle, ship has that a very hollow counter.

Vourf. E, adj. vaulted, arched, crooked, round-shouldered. Fer de cheval voité, horse-

shoe hollowed.

Vouter, voo-tå, v. a. to vault, arch, make archwise; (un fer de cheval) to hollow or make hollow. Se volter, v. r. to bend like a vault, stoop, grow round-shouldered.

VOYAGE, vwå-yåz, s. m. voyage, travel,

journey, excursion; voyages, travels. Voyages, vwa-ya-za, v. n. to travel.

Voyageu-R, se, vwå-yå-zeur, zeuz, s. m. & f. traveller.

VOYANT, E, vwa-yen, yent, adj. (from Voir)

seeing, etc. gaudy, very gay. VOYANT, s. m. one that has his eye-sight; also seer or prophet.

VOYELLE, vwå-yel, s. f. vowel.

VOYER, vwå-yå, s. m. surveyor or overseer

VOYERIE, V. Voierie.
VRAI, E, vrè, adj. true, right, real, genuine, fit, very exact; mere, arrant. Temps vrai, Mar. true time. Un vrai filou, a mere or an arrant cheat. Au vrai, truly, in truth.
VRAI, s. in. truth. Vous dites vrai, you say

right. Au vrai, truly, really, sincerely; for certain. On n'en sait rien au vrai, there is no

certainty of it.

VRAIMENT, vrê-mên, adv. indeed, truly. VRAISEMELABLE, vre-sen-blabl, adj. like-

ly, probable.
VRAISEMBLABLE, s. m. probability, likelihood. VRAISEMBLABLEMENT, vre-sen-blabl-men,

adv. likely, probably, with some appearance or semblance of truth.

VRAISEMBLANCE, vre-sen-blens, s. f. like-

lihood, probability, semblance of truth.

VREDER, vre-da, v. n. to run up and down, ramble about.

VRILLE, vril, s. m. wimble, drill. Vrille à canon, Mar. bitt or long gimblet (for clearing the touch-hole of a cannon.)

Vu, E, vn, vu, (from Voir) seen, etc. seeing, considering. Vu que, seeing or consider-

ing that.
Vu, s. m. sight, preamble (of a decree or sentence.) Au vu de tout le monde, before

every body.

Vue, vu, s. f. sight, eye-sight, view, eye or eyes, look, looking, seeing; look or prospect; vista, view; light, window or casement; view. survey, examination; aim, design, consideration, respect, account, score : sight, penetration; the being conscious, conscience, consciousness, knowledge. Point de vue, prospect, view, aim; also true light; and in perspective, point of sight, eye or term or center. A vue d'œil, visibly. A vue de pays, by guess, at first sight or view. Lettre payable à rue, draft payable at sight. Longue rue, Mar. spying-glass. Etre à vue de terre, to be in sight of land. Etre en vue de la terre, to be seen from the land without discovering bar, bat, base : there, ebb, over : field, fig : robe, rob, lord : mood, good,

VUIDANGE, VUIDE, etc. V. Vidange, Vide, !

VULGAIRE, vůl-ger, adj. vulgar, common, general, ordinary, low, mean, base, vile, trivial.

VULGAIRE, s. m. vulgar, mobile, rabble,

rude multitude. VULGAIREMENT, vůl-ger-mên, adv. vul-

garly, commonly, meanly.

VULGATE, valgate, S. I. vulgate, Catholick translation of the Bible in Latin.

VULNÉRABLE, vůl-nå-råbl, adj.vulnerable. VULNÉRAIRE, vůl-nå-rer, adj. vulnerary.

VULNÉRAIRE, s. f. vulnerary plant. VULVE, vůlv. s. f. womb, matrice, uterus.

W, s. m. this double letter does not belong to the French alphabet.

WHERRY, s. m. V. *Houari*. Wigh or rather Whig, s. m. whig, one not a tory, one in the opposition.

X, s. m. 23d letter of the French alphabet. XANTHIUM, s. m. sort of plant. XÉROPHAGIE, s. f. xerophagy. XÉROPHTALMIE, s. f. xerophthalmy. XIPHIAS, s. f. Xiphias (a constellation.) XIPHOIDE, adj. xiphoid. s. m. xylohalsamum. XYLOBALSAME, YLON, s. m. cotton plant. XYLOSTÉUM, s. m. sort of shrub or bush.

Y, î-grêk, s. m. 24th letter of the French

alphabet.
Y, 1, (sort of adverbial pronoun) there, thither, here, hither, therein, to it, to them, to that, in it, in them, in that, about it, etc. and sometimes to me, to thee, to him, to her, to us, to you, etc. Prenez-y garde, mind it, look to it. Jy penserai, I shall think of it or of them. Jy ai remarqué quelques fautes, I spied some faults in it or in them. Jy ai orjouté plusieurs choses, I have added several things to it or to them. Vous y êtes, you are in the right, you have hit the nail on the head. Vous n'y étes pas, you have not hit it right, you are out, you are mistaken. Vous vous y prenez mal, you go the wrong way to work, you do not take a right course in it. Il y a, etc. V. Avoir.

YACHT, yat, s. m. yacht. YEUSE, yeuz, s.f. French oak, holm. YEUSE, yeuz, s.i. French oak, holm.
YEUX, yeu, s. m. (plural of exil) eyes.
Les yeux, the eyes, one's eyes, sight, view, look. Yeux de chat, (herb) snap-dragon.
A yeux clos, blindfold. Il a de bons yeux, he is sharp-sighted; he is sharp or cunning. Regarder avec des yeux de mépris, to look with contempt upon. Cela lui blesse les yeux or bui fait mal aux yeux, that is an eyesore to him. Avoir des affaires jusque pardessus les neux. to be full of business, have dessus les yeux, to be full of business, have more business than one can turn one's hands more ousness that one can thin to begin to. Commencer à ouvrir les yeux, to begin to have one's eyes open, begin to see. Phillis n'a des yeux (or d'affection) que pour vous, Phillis loves none but you. Ouvrir de grands yeux, to stand gaping, to be astonished. Regarder quelqu'un entre deux yeux, to stare at one or look one in the face, to look wistfully at him. Je ne saurois le regarder wishing at thin. So he sources to regarder area des yeux de complaisance, I cannot look pleasantly upon him. Ce n'est pas pour vos beaux yeux, 'tis not upon your account, 'tis not for your sake. Cela crève les yeux or to for your sake. not for your sake. Cela crève les yeux or cela saute aux yeux, 'tis as plain as can be, it is obvious to every body, 'tis as clear as noon day. Yeux de la civadière, Mar. holes in the clues of the spritsail (to let out the water.)
YOLE, s. f. Mar. yawl.
YPREAU, s. m. elm-tree, Dutch elm.

Z.-

Z, zed, ze, s. m. 25th letter of the French alphabet. ZAGAIE, zå-gè, s. f. long kind of dart used

ZAIM, s. m. Turkish soldier. ZAIM, zin, adj. m. Ex. Cheval zain, a horse all of one dark colour, without any star, spot, or mark about him.

ZANI, s. m. zany, jack-pudding, merry-andrew

ZÉBELINE, V. Zibeline. ZÉDOAIRE, s. f. zedoari, sort of ginger. ZÉLANDE, s. f. Zealand.

ZELAT-EUR, RICE, zå-lå-teur, tris, s. m. & f. zealot, stickler, one who is zealous of or for

a thing. ZELE, zel, s. m. zeal, ardent affection. ZELE, E, za-la, adj. zealous.

ZÉNITH, zå-nit, s. m. zenith.

ZÉPHYR, zå-fîr, (or poetically) Zéphire, s. in. Zephyr, Zephyrus.

ZÉRO, za-ro, s. m. a cipher or nought. ZEST, zest, s. m. powder-bag. C'est entre le zist et le zest, it is middling.

ZEST, interj. pshaw! fiddlestick!

ZESTE, zest, s. m. zest, division of a wal-nut's kernel. Je n'en donnerois pas un zeste, I would not give a straw or rush or pin's head

ZÉTÉTIQUE, adj. zetetick. ZIBELINE, zîb-lîn, s. f. sable, sable-skin.

Zigzag, zíg-zág, s. m. zigzag.

ZINC, s. m. zinc, spelter.
ZINZOLIN, s. m. reddish, violet colour.
ZIST, zîst, V. Zest.

ZIZANIE, zî-zâ-ni, s. f. darnel; dissension. Semer la zizanie, to sow dissension, make dif

ZODIACAL, E, zô-dî-â-kâl, adj. zodiacal. ZODIAQUE, zô-dî-ak, s. m. zodiack. ZOTLE, zô-îl, s. m. snarling critick.

Zône, zòn, s. f. zone.

ZOOGRAPHE, s. m. 200grapher. ZOOGRAPHIE, zô-ô-grâ-fl, s. f. 200graphy ZOOLATRIE, zô-ô-lâ-trl, s. f. 200latry (ado ration of animals.)

Zoologie, zð-ð-lð-zl, s. f. zoology. Zoophore, zô-ô-fôr, s. m. zoophorus. ZOOPHYTE, zô-ô-fît, s. m. zoophyte. ZOOTOMIE, zô-ô-tô-ml, s. f. zootomy

ZOPISSA, s. f. pitch and tar scraped from old ships. *ZYMOZIMÈTRE, s. m. thermometer to

measure the degree of fermentation. ZYMOTECHNIE, s. f. that part of chymistry which has fermentation for its object.

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lacheté, f.

ABI

ABR

ABIDING, part. stable, permanent.
ABJECT, adj. abject, vil, bas, méprisable.
ABJECTION, ABJECTNESS, s. bassesse f.

A, art. indef. un, nne. It is sometimes translated by le, la, l', par A, sur, de.
ABACK, adv. derrière, par derrière.
ABACCT, s. espèce de bonnet royal. ABACUS, s. abaque, tailloir. ABAFT, s. la poupe, adv. en poupe. ABALLENATION, s. alienation, f. vente, f. ABANDON, v. a. abandonner, quitter. ABANDONER, s. celui qui abandonne ABANDONING, abandonnement, m. delaisse-[ment, m. ment, m. ABANDONMENT, s. abandon, m. abandonne-ABASE, v. a. abaisser, humilier, baisser. ABASEMENT, s. abaissement, m. humiliation, f. ABASH, v. a. rendre honteux, or confus. ABASHMENT, subst. confusion, f. honte, f. ABATE, v. a. abattre, diminuer, rabattre, rabaisser, détruire ; annuller. [tement, m. ABATEMENT, s. rabais, m. remise, f. abat-ABATING, s. rabais, m. diminution, f.
ABATING, s. rabais, m. diminution, f.
ABATURES, s. pl. abatures, f. trace, f. pas, m.
ABBA, s. [a Syriac word] père, m.
ABBAC, s. abbaye, f. droits d'un abbé.
ABBESS, s. abbesse, f. Аввет, s. abbaye, f. Аввот, s. abbe, m. chef d'une abbaye. Аввотянгр, s. la dignité d'abbé. ABBREVIATE, v. a. raccourcir, abréger. ABBREVIATION, s. abbréviation, f. abrégé, m. ABBREVIATOR, s. abbréviateur, m. ABBREVIATURE, s.abbréviation, f.abrégé, m. ABDICATE, v. a. abdiquer, se démettre de. ABDICATION, s. abdication, f. résignation, f. ABDOMEN, s. abdomen, m. le bas-ventre. ABDOMINAL, adj. qui a rapport à l'abdomen. ABDUCE, v. a. tourner, détourner. [muscle.] ABDUCTOR, s. abducteur, m. (se dit d'un ABECEDARY, adj. abécédaire. ABED, or A-BED, adv. au lit. ABERRANCE, s. égarement, m. méprise, f. ABERRATION, s. erreur, f. aberration, f. ABET, v. a. exciter, aider, assister, appuyer. ABETMENT, s. encouragement, m. appui. m. ABETTER or ABETTOR, s. instigateur, m. partisan, m. ABEYANCE, s. terres-jacentes, f. ABHOR, v. a. abhorrer, détester. ABHORRENCE, s. horreur, f. aversion, f. ABHORRENT, adj. qui déteste, contraire à. ABHORRER, s. celui qui abhorre, enuemi jurė, m. ABHORRING, s. horreur, f. aversion, f. ABIDE, r. a. & n. souffrir, supporter, demeurer; — with, protéger; — by, or in a

thing, se tenir à une chose.

ABIDISG, 8 stabilité, f. demeure, f.

ABJECTLY, adv. bassement, lachement. [f. ABILITY, f. habileté, f. pouvoir, m. capacité. ABINTESTATE, adj. abintestat. ABJURATION, s. abjuration, f. exil, m. ABJURE, v. a. abjurer, renoncer à. ABLACTATE, v. a. sevrer un enfant. ABLACTATION, s. l'action de sévrer, f. ABLATION, s. dépossession. ABLE, adj. capable, habile, expert. To able, pouvoir, être capable. ABLE-BODIED, adj. fort, robuste, membru. ABLEGATE, v. a. envoyer, députer, déleguer. ABLENESS, s. pouvoir, m. habileté, f. ABLOCATE, v. a. louer, amodier. ABLUTION, s. ablution, f.
ABNEGATION, s. abnegation, f. renoncement, ABNEGATE, v. a. renier, renoncer. ABOARD, adn. à bord, à bord de navire. ABODE, s. séjour, m. demeure, résidence, f. To Abode, v. a. présager, annoncer d'avance. Abodement, s. présage, m. pressentiment, m. Abolish, v. a. abolir, détruire, annuller. Abolishable, adj. qui peut être aboli. ABOLISHMENT, ABOLITION, s. abolition, f. ABOMINABLE, adj. aboundable, détestable. ABOMINABLY, adj. abominablement. ABOMINATE, v. a. détester, avoir en horreur. ABOMINATION, s. abomination, f. ABORIGINES, s. pl. Aborigènes, m. Premiers naturels d'un pays, m. pl. ABORT, v. n. avorter, faire une fausse couche. Abortion, s. avortement, m. fausse couche. ABORTIVE, adj. and s. abortif, un avorton. ABORTIVELY, adv. avant terme. ABOVE, adv. en haut, là haut. ABOVE, prep. au dessus de, plus de, plus ABOVE-ALL, adv. surtout, principalement. ABOVE-BOARD, adv. ouvertement. ABOUND, v. n. abonder, être en abondance. ABOUT, prep. autour, environ, à l'entour de, aux environs, vers, concernant, pour, sur, près, dans, par. Авоит, adv. à la ronde, cà & là, de tour. ABRADE, v. a. user en frottant. ABRASION, s. l'action de miner en frottant, f. ABREAST, adv. de front, à côte l'un de l'autre. ABRIDGE, v. a. abréger, diminuer, retrancher ABRIDGER, s. qui abrége, abréviateur, m. ABRIDGMENT, s. abrégé, m. diminution, f. Abroach, adv en perce, près de se répas

ABROAD, adv. dehors, hors de chez soi, dans les pays etrangers, au toin, dans le public. ABROGATE, v. a. abroger, annuller, révoquer. ABROGATION, s. abrogation, f. cassation, f. ABROON, v. a. souffiri, supporter. ABROTONUM, s. auronne, f. herbe. ABRUPT, acj. précipité, brusque, cassé, sé-

PARC.

ABRUPTION, s. separation, f. rupture. f.

ABRUPTING, adv. brusquement.

ABRUPTNESS, s. brusquerie, f. rudesse, f.

ABSCESS, s. abcès, m. apostème, m.

-ABSCIND, v. a. couper, fendre, trancher.

ABSCIND, v. n. se cacher, se dérober.

ABSCOND, v. n. se cacher, se dérober.

ABSENCE, s. absente, f. éloignement, m.

ABSENT, adj. absent, éloigne, distrait.

To absent one's self, v. r. s'absenter.

ABSENTEE, s. absent de son poste, de son

pays.
ABSOLVE, r. a. absoudre, décharger, justifier.
ABSOLUTE, adj. absolu, parfait, achevé.
ABSOLUTELY, adv. absolument, entièrement.
ABSOLUTENES, s., pouvoir absolu.
ABSOLUTION, s. absolution, f. pardon, f.
ABSOLUTION, adj. qui absout, de pardon.
ABSORDANT, adj. discordant, absurde.
ABSORBENT, s. absorber, engloutir, abimer.
ABSORBENT, s. absorbant, m. absorbant, adj.
ABSORTION, s. l'action d'absorber, f.
ABSTLIN, v. n. s'abstenir, se priver de.
ABSTEMIOUS, adj. sobre, abstème, m.
ABSTEMIOUSLY, adv. sobrement.
ABSTEMIOUSLY, adv. sobrement.
ABSTERGE & ABSTERSE, v. a. essuyer, nettover.

ABSTERGENT & ABSTERSIVE, adj. détersif.
ABSTERSION, s. l'action de nettoyer, f.
ABSTINENCE, s. abstinence, f. sobriété, f.
ABSTINENT, adj. sobre, modère, tempèré.
ABSTERCE, adj. forcé, enlevé de force.
ABSTERCE, adj. abstrait, séparé, détaché.
ABSTERCET, s. extrait, m. abrégé, m. abstraction, f.

ABSTRACT, v. a. extraire, séparer, abréger.
ABSTRACTEDI, part. adf. extrait, abstrait.
ABSTRACTEDI, y. abstrait.
ABSTRACTION, s. abstraction, f. séparation, f.
ABSTRACTIV, adv. d'une manière abstraite.
ABSTRUSE, adf. abstrus, obscur, caché.
ABSTRUSELY, adv. d'une manière obscure.
ABSTRUSELS, s. obscurité, f. difficulté, f.
ABSURE, v. a. consumer, détruire, gater, user.
ABSURD, adf. absurde. ridicule.
ABSURDITY, s. absurdité, f. déraison, f.
ABSURDITY, adv. absurdement, déraisonablement.

ABUNDANCE, s. abondance, f. beaucoup.
ABUNDANT, odf, abondant, qui abonde.
ABUSE, s. abus, m. affront, m. injure, f.
ABUSE, r. a. abuser, injurier, tromper, seduire.

ABUSER, s. abuser, m. séducteur, m.
ABUSIVE, adj. choquant, injurieux, abusif.
ABUSIVELY, adc. abusivement, improprement.
AI USIVENESS, s. impertinence, f. insulte, f.
ABUT UPON, v. m. aboutir, confiner à.
ABUTMENT, s. but, m. borne, f. limite, f.
ABUTMAL, s. limite, f. borne, f.
ABUSMAL, adj. qui n' a point de fond.
ABYSM & ABYSM, s. abime, m. goufre, m. enfer, m.

ACADEMICK, Academical, cdj. académique. ACADEMICKS, s. pl. académiciens.

ACADEMICIAN, s. académicien, m.

ACADEMIST, s. académicien, m.

[m.

ACADEMY, s. académic, f. école, f. manège,

ACANTHUS, s. acanthe, f. branche-ursine, f.

ACATALEPTIC, adj. incompréhensible,

ACCEDE, v. n. accèder, consentir.

ACCELERATION, s. accèderer, hater.

ACCELERATION, s. accèderation, f. vitesse, f.

ACCENSION, s. l'action d'enflammer, d'al
lumer.

ACCENT, v. a. accenter, marquer d'un accent.

ACCEPT, v. a. accepter, recevoir, agreer.
ACCEPTABLE, adj. agreable, reçu avec plaisir.
ACCEPTABLY, adv. agreablement.
ACCEPTANCE, s. acceptation, f. agrement, m.
ACCEPTATION or ACCEPTION, s. acception, f.
ACCEPTER, s. celui qui accepte, or agree.
ACCEPTILATION, f. une quittance verbale.
ACCESSIFLE, adj. accessible, abordable.

ACCESSION, s. surcroît, m. avênement, accession.

[plice,
ACCESSORY, s. and adj. accessoire, m. comACCIDENCE, s. rudiment, m. accidens de
grammaire, m. [m.
ACCIDENT, s. accident, m. hazard, m. mode,

ACCIDENTAL, udj. accidentel, casuel.
ACCIDENTALLY, udv. accidentellement.
ACCLAMATION, s. eri de joie, m. acclamation, f.
ACCLIVITY, s. montée, f. élévation, f.

ACCLIVITY, s. montée, f. èlévation, f.
ACCLOY, r. a. affàdir, rassasier.
ACCOMMODABLE, adj. qui peut s'accorder
avec une autre chose.

ACCOMMODATE, v. a. accommoder, arranger. ACCOMMODATION, s. accord, m. commodités, f. aisances, f. ACCOMPANIMENT, s. accompagnement, m

Accompany, v. a. accompagner, suivre.
Accomplice, s. complice, m. & f.
Accomplish, v. a. accomplir, achever, perfectionner, exécuter, finir. [perfection, f.

Accomplishment, s. accomplishment, m. Accomplishment, m. Accomplishment, m. calcul, m. supputation, f. Coomplishment, s. calculateur, m. arithmetical accomplishment, s. calculateur, m. arithmetical accomplishment acc

Accord, s. accord, m. union, f. convention, f. of his own accord, volontairement.

Accord, v. a. & n. accorder, accommoder,

etre d'accord. [nance, f. ACCORDANCE, s. f. accord, m. union, conve-ACCORDANT, adj. convenable, conforme, accordant.

According to, prep. suivant, selon. According as, selon que, comme. Accordingly, adv. conformément, en conséquence.

Accost, v. a. accoster, aborder, joindre. Accostable, adj. abordable, qui est d'un facile accès.

Account, s. compte, m. calcul, m état, m. estime, f. cas, m. relation, f. avis, m. récit, m. examen, m. raison, f. cause, f. prétexte, m. sujet, m. dessein, m. gain, m. profit, m. Upon your account, en votre considération. Upon all accounts, dans toutes les occasions,

en tout.
ACCOUNT, v. a. & n. compter, rendre compte, estimer, penser, tenir, regarder, croirc, rendre raison.

Accountable, adj. comptable, responsable. Accountant, adj.s. comptable, calculateur, m

ACCOUNTED, part. adj. estimé, réputé, re-ACCOUPLE, v. a. accoupler, joindre. [gardé. Accoutre, v. a. ajuster, parer, accoutre, habiller, equiper. [m. equipage, m. ACCOUTREMENT, s. accoutrement, m. habit, ACCRETION, s. accroissement, m. ACCRUE, v. a. accroître, s'accroître, résulter [amasser.

ACCUMULATE, v. a. accumuler, entasser, ACCUMULATION, s. accumulation, f. amas, m. ACCUMULATIVE, adj. qui accumule, ajouté. ACCUMULATOR, s. celui qui accumule. ACCURACY or ACCURATENESS, s. exacti-

tude, f. soin, m.

ACCURATE, adj. exact, soigneux, soigné. ACCURATELY, s. exactement, soignensement. Accurse, v. a. maudire, anathematiser. ACCUSABLE, adj. blamable, coupable. Accusation, s. accusation, f. blame, m. re-

proche, m.

ACCUSATIVE CASE, le cas accusatif. Accuse, v. a. accuser, blamer, reprocher. Accuser, s. accusateur, m. accusatrice, f. Accustom, v. a. accoutumer, habituer. ACCUSTOMABLE, adj. commun, habituel. Accustomably, adv. communement, habituellement.

Accustomary, adj. accoutumé, ordinaire. ACCUSTOMED, part. adj. accoutumé, acha-ACE, s. as, m. de carte or de dé. [landé. ACEPHALOUS, adj. acéphale, sans tête. ACERB, adj. àcrc, aigre, vert, âprc, rude,

douloureux.

ACERBITY, s. aigreur, f. amertume, ACERVATE, v. a. amasser, accumuler, en-ACERVATION, s. amas, m. tas, m. ACESCENT, adj. qui s'aigrit. [tasser. ACETOSE, adj. aigre, acide, piquant.

ACETOSITY, s. aigreur, f. acidité, f. ACETOUS, adj. aceteux, aigre.

ACHE, s. ache, f. persil, m. sorte d'herbe. ACHIEVE, v. a. achever, exécuter, obtenir,

acquérir. ACHIEVEMENT, s. exploit, s. armoiries, f. pl.

ACID, s. and adj. acide, aigre. ACIDITY, s. acidité, f. aigreur, f. ACIDULATE, v. a. aciduler, rendre un peu ACKNOWLEDGE, r. a. reconnoître, avouer.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT, s. aveu, m. reconnois-

ACONTTE, s. aconit, m. herbe venimeuse, f. Acorus, s. acorus, m. herbe odoriferante. Acorn, s. gland, m. fruit du chène, m. Acousticks, s. accoustique, f. science des

quer. ACQUAINT, v. a. avertir, informer, communi-ACQUAINTANCE, s. connoissance, f. habi-

Acquest, s. acquet, m. acquisition, f Acquiesce, v. a. acquiescer, consentir.

ACQUIESCENCE, s. acquiescement, m. consentement, m.

Acquirable, adj. qui peut-être acquis. Acquire, v. a. acquerir, gagner, obtenir. Acquirement, s. acquisition, f. possession f. Acquisition, s. acquisition, f. acquet, m. Acquisitive, adj. acquis, gagné, appris. Acquit, v. a. acquitter, décharger, absoudre. ACQUITMENT or ACQUITTAL, s. decharge, f. Acquittance, s. quittance, f. reçu, m. ACRE, s. acre, m. mesure de terre. ACRIMONIOUS, adj. acre, aigre.

ACRIMONY, s. acrimonie, f. aigreur, f. apreté,

f. acreté f.

ACRITUDE, s. acreté, f. aigreur, f. apreté. Across, prep. à travers, au travers, croisé. Acrostic, a crostiche, m. espèce de poèsie, Act, s. acte, m. action, f. fait, m. coup, m. Act of oblivion, amnistie, f.

Act, v. n. and a. faire, agir, se conduire, jouer, animer. ACTION, s. action, f. geste, m. proces, m. com

ACTIONABLE, adj. qu'on peut actionner ACTIONARY or ACTIONIST, s. actionnaire, m

ACTIVE, adj. actif, agissant, agile.
ACTIVELY, adv. agilement, activement.

Aстічіту, s. activité, f. vivacité, f. Aстов, s. agent, m. acteur, m. comédien, m.

ACTRESS, s. actrice, f. comédienne, f. ACTUAL, adj. actuel, effectif. ACTUALLY, adv. actuellement, effectivement.

ACTUALNESS, s. existence actuelle, f. ACTUARY, s. sécretaire, m. greffier, m. ACTUATE, v. a. animer, exciter, pousser. ACUATE, v. a. aiguiser, exciter, pousser.

Acumen, s. pointe aigue, pénétration, f. génie, m.

Acute, adj. aigu, perçant, spirituel. ACUTE, s. acut, m. accent aigu, m. ACUTELY, adv. subtilement, finement. Acuteness, s. penetration, f. esprit, m. ADAGE, s. adage, m. proverbe, m.

ADAMANT or ADAMANT-STONE, s. diamant, ADAMANTINE, adj. de diamant.

ADAMITES, s. pl. adamites, m. pl. multipl. ans, m. pl.

ADAPT, v. a. adapter, ajuster, appliquer. ADAPTATION, ADAPTION, s. application, f.

ADAYS, adv. à present, maintenant. ADD, v. a. ajouter, joindre, augmenter. ADDABLE or ADDIBLE, adj. qui peut être

ajouté. Addecimate, v. a. dixmer, lever des dixmes.

Adder, s. coulcurre, f. serpent, m. Adder's-tongue, s. langue de serpent, ADDICE or ADZE, s. doloire, f. [(herbe, f.) Addition, $v. \alpha$. adonner, appliquer, devouer. Addition, s. addition, f. augmentation, f

advantage, m. ADDITIONAL, adj. ajouté, de surplus.

ADDLE, adj. vuide, stérile. ADDLE-PATED, écervele, étourdi, stupide ADDLE, s. tartre, m.; v. a. rendre stérile.

ADDRESS, s. dédicace, f. requête, f. placet m. addresser, f. industric, f. habileté, f graces, f. pl.

ADDRESS, v. a. addresser, dédier, supplier ADDRESSER, s. presenteur d'adresses, m.

ADDUCENT, s. un puissant motif. ADENOGRAPHY, s. description des glandes, f.

ADEPT, s. adepte, m.; adj. savant, presend. ADEQUATE, adj. egal, equivalent. ADEQUATELY, adv. proportionnément.

ADEQUATENESS, s. proportion, f. éga.ité, f.

ADHERE, r. n. adhérer, être attaché à. ADHERENCE and ADHESION, s. adhérence,

f. adhésion, f. ADHERENT, s. adhérent, m. partisan, m. ADHESIVE, adj. fortement attaché à. ADJACENCY, s. contiguité, f. voisinage, m. ADJACENT, adj. and s. adjacent, contigu. ADJECT, v. a. ajoûter, joindre. [voisin, m.

ADJECTION, s. addition, f. augmentation, f. ADJECTIVE, s. and adj. adjectif, m. ADJECTIVELY, adv. adjectivement.

ADIEU, s. adieu, m

ADJOIN, v. a. adjoindre, associer, ajouter. ADJOURN, v. a. remettre, renvoyer, ajourner. Adipous, adj. adipeux, gras. ADJUDGE, v.a. adjuger, condamner. ADJUDICATE, v. a. adjuger, determiner.
ADJUGATE, v. a. mettre au joug. [soire, m.
ADJUNCT, s. adjoint, m. associe, m. acces-ADJUNCTION, s. adjonction, f. addition, f. ADJURATION, s. adjuration, f. conjuration, f. ADJURE, v. a. adjurer, conjurer. [miner. Adjust, v. a. adjuster, régler, accorder, ter-ADJUTANT, s. aide-major, m. adjutant, m. ADJUTOR, s. assistant, m. aide, m. ADJUVATE, v. a. aider, secourir, assister. ADMEASUREMENT, s. mesurage, m. ADMENSURATION, s. egalisation, mesurage, m. ADMINISTER, v. a. administrer, donner, re-ADMINISTRATE, v. a. administrer, appliquer, ADMINISTRATION, s. administration, f. conduite, f ADMINISTRATOR, s. administrateur, m. ADMINISTRATORSHIP, s. administration, f. ADMINISTRATRIX, s. administratrice, f. ADMIRABLE, adj. admirable, surprenant. Admirablement, très-bien. ADMIRAL, s. amiral, m. ADMIRALSHIP, s. la charge d'amiral. ADMIRALTY, s. amirauté, f. ADMIRATION, s. admiration, f. ADMIRE, v. a. admirer, s'étc ner, aimer. ADMIRER, s. admirateur, m. qui admire. ADMISSIBLE, adj. admissible. Admission, s. admission, f. reception, f. Admir, v. a. accorder, admettre, permettre. ADMITTABLE, adj. admissible. [cès, m. ADMITTANCE, s. admission, f. entree, f. ac-ADMIX, v. a. méler, brouiller. [mélange, m. ADMIXTION or ADMIXTURE, s. mixtion, f. Admonish, v. a. admonéter, reprendre. Admonisher, s. admoniteur, m. qui exhorte. ADMONITORY, adj. monitorial. ADMOVE, v. a. approcher, réunir.

ADO, s. peine, f. difficulté, f. tumulte, m.

ADOLESCENCE, s. adolescence, f. jeunesse, f. ADORT, v. a. adopter, s'approprier. ADOPTION, s. adoption, f.
ADOPTIVE, adj. adoptif, qui est adopté.
ADORABLE, adj. adorable, vénérable. ADORABLY, adv. d'une manière adorable. ADORATION, s. adoration, f. homage, m. ADORE, v. a. adorer, aimer passionnement. ADORER, s. adorateur, m. ADORN, v. a. orner, parer, embellir, décorer. ADORNMENT, s. ornement, m. parure, f. ADOWN, prep. en bas, sur la terre.

ADRIFT, adv. au gré des flots, au hazard.

ADROIT, adj. adroit, habile, agile.

ADROITNESS, s. adresse, f. dextérité, f.

ADRY, adj. altéré, qui a soif. [polé.

ADSCITTIOUS, adj. ajouté, controuvé, inter
ADULATION, s. adulation, f. flatterie, f.

ADULATOR, s. adulateur, m. flatteur, m.

ADULATORS, adj. fatteur, plein de flatterie. ADULATORY, adj. flatteur, plein de flatterie. ADULT, s. and adj. adulte, m. and f. ADULTERATE, v. a. alterer, corrompre. Adulterate, adj. corrompu, altéré. ADULTERATENESS, s. corruption, f. ADULTERER, s. un adultère, corrupteur. ADULTERESS, une femme adultère. ADULTERINE, adj. adultérin. ADULTEROUS, adj. coupable ADULTERY, s. adultère, m. fadultère. d'adultère, ADUMBRATE, v.a., mbrager, tracer, ébaucher. ADUMBRATION, s ébiliche, f. ressemblance lègere.

ADUNCITY, s. courbure, f. sinuosité, f. ADUNQUE, adj. courbe, crochu. ADUST or ADUSTED, adj. aduste, brûlê. ADUSTIBLE, adj. combustible. ADUSTION, s. l'action de brûler, f. brûlure, f. ADVANCE, s. avance, f. progrès ADVANCE, v. a. avancer, produire, pousser. ADVANCEMENT, s. avancement, m. ADVANCER, s. promoteur, m. ADVANTAGE, s. avantage, m. profit, m. bien, ADVANTAGE, v. a. avantager, gratifier. ADVANTAGEOUS, adj. avantageux, utile. ADVANTAGEOUSLY, adv. avantageusement. ADVANTAGEOUSNESS, s. avantage, m. profit, ADVENE, v. a. accéder, être ajouté. ADVENT, s. venue, f. arrivée, f. avent, m. ADVENTITIOUS, adj. accessoire, accidentel, ADVENTURE, s. aventure, f. hazard, m. [turer. risque, m. ADVENTURE, v. a. & n. aventurer, s'aven-ADVENTURER, s. aventurier. m. qui risque. Adventurous, adj. hardi, hazardeux. ADVENTUROUSLY, adv. hardiment, avec té-Adverbe, s. adverbe, m. Imérité. ADVERBIAL, adj. adverbial ADVERBIALLY, adv. adverbialement. ADVERSARY, s. adversaire, m. ennemi, m. Adverse, adj. contraire, adverse, opposé. Adversity, s. adversité, f. infortune, f. ADVERSELY; adv. malheureusement. ADVERT, v. a. remarquer, observer. ADVERTENCE and ADVERTENCY, s. attention, f. ADVERTISE, v. a. avertir, donner avis. ADVERTISEMENT, s.avertissement, m.avis, m. ADVERTISER, s. papier d' avis, m. avertis-ADVESPERATE, v. n. se faire tard. [seur, m. ADVICE, s. avis, m. conseil, m. avertissement, m. Advisable, adj. convenable, expédient. [f. Advisableness, s. convenance, f. propriete, Advise, v. a. and n. donner axis, examiner, considérer. ADVISEDLY, adv. prudemment, sagement. ADVISER, s. qui donne des conseils. ADVOCATE, s. avocat, m. protecteur, m. defenseur, m. ADVOCATION, s. apologie, f. intercession, f. ADVOWEE, s. avoue, m. patron en chef, m. Advowson, s. droit de patronage, m. ÆRA, s. erc, f. époque, f. période, f. AERIAL, adj. aérien, d'air. AERY, s. aire, f. le nid d'un oiseau de proie. AEROLOGY. s. aérologie, f. AEROMANCY, s. aéromancie, f AEROMETRY, s. aérométrie, AEROSCOPY, s. l'observation de l'air, f. AEROSTATIC, adj. aerien, d'air. AFAR, adv. loin, de loin, loin d'ici. AFFABILITY OF AFFABLENESS, s. affabilité, f. AFFABLE, adj. affable, complaisant, courtois. AFFABLY, adv. affablement, honnêtement. Affair, s. affaire, f. intrigue, f. combat, m. Affect, v. a. affecter, toucher, interesser. Affectation, s. affectation, f. AFFECTED, part. adj. affecté, recherché, touché. Affected with, attaqué, atteint de. AFFECTEDLY, adv. avec affectation. AFFECTEDNESS, s. affectation, f. affeterie, f AFFECTING, adj. pathétique, intéressant. AFFECTION, s. affection. f. amour, m. désir, AFFECTIONATE, adj. affectionné, zélé. [m.

AFFECTIONATELY, adv. affectueusement

AFFECTIVE, adj. touchant, qui affecte. AFFIANCE, s. fiançailles, f. pl. confiance, f. AFFIANCE, v. a. fiancer, avoir confiance. AFFIDAVIT, s. déclaration, f. serment, m. AFFILIATION, s. affiliation, f. adoption, f. AFFINAGE, s. affinage, m AFFINITY, s. affinité, f. parenté, f. rapport, m. connexion, /

AFFIRM, v. a. affirmer, assurer.

AFFIRMABLE, adj. qui peut être affirmé. AFFIRMATION, s. affirmation, f. confirmamatif. AFFIRMATIVE, s. affirmative, f.; adj. affir-AFFIRMATIVELY, adv. affirmativement.

Affix, v. α. attacher, lier, joindre. Affixtion, s. l'action de souffler, f. AFFLATUS, s. inspiration, f. enthousiasme, m. Affilict, v. a. affliger, chagriner, accabler. AFFLICTEDNESS, s. chagrin, m. desolation, f. AFFLICTION, s. affliction, f. calamité, f. mal-

heur, m. AFFLICTIVE, adj. affligeant, chagrinant. AFFLUENCE, s. affluence, f. abondance, f.

AFFLUENT, adj. abondant, opulent. Afflux, s. amas, m. affluence, f. [culté de. Afford, v. a. produire, fournir, avoir la fa-AFFOREST, v.a. mettre des terres en forêt.

AFFRANCHISE, v. a. affranchir, affray; s. querelle, f. [m. bagarre, f. AFFRIGHT, s. frayeur, f. cpouvante, f. effroi, AFFRIGHT, v. a. effrayer, épouvanter.

AFFRONT, s. affront, m. outrage, m. insulte, f. AFFRONT, v. a. affronter, outrager, insulter. AFFRONTER, s. offenseur, m. [fensant. AFFRONTING, adj. outrageant, injurieux, of-Affuse, v. a. verser sur, mèler avec.

Affusion, s. l'action de verser, f. Affy, v. n. fiancer, se fier à. Affoat, adv. à flot, en mouvement.

AFOOT, adj. à pied, sur pied, en action. AFORE, prep. avant; adv. devant, aupara-AFORE-GOING, adj. précédent.

AFORE-HAND, par avance. AFORE-SAID, adj. sus-dit, sus-mentionné. AFORE-TIME, adv. autrefois, jadis.

AFRAID, adj. craintif, timide AFRESH, adv. de nouveau, derechef.

AFT. See Abaft, la poupe.

AFTER, prep. après, derrière, concernant, pour, après; par, selon, suivant, à, de. AFTER, adr. ensuite, puis, après que, de là. AFTER-AGES, s. pl. les siècles à venir.

AFTER-ALL, adv. après tout, au fond, enfin. AFTER-BIRTH OF AFTER-BURDEN, s. arrière-faix, m.

AFTER-cost, s. surcroît de dépenses. AFTER-CROP, s. seconde récolte, regain, m. AFTER-EYE, v. a. garder à vue. AFTER-LIVERS, s. pl. descendans, m. poste-AFTER-MATH or AFTER-GRASS, s. regain, m.

AFTER-PAINS, s. pl. tranchées après l'ac-couchement, f. pl. AFTER-PART, s. la dernière partie, le déclin.

AFTER-PROOFS, s. pl. preuves ultérieures. AFTER-RECKONING, s. revision, f. AFTER-TASTE, s. déboire, m. [tard, [tard, f. AFTER-THOUGHT, s. reflexion qui vient trop AFTER-TIMES, s. pl. les âges futurs.

AFTERWARDS, adv. ensuite, après cela, puis. AFTER-WIT, s. esprit tardif, m. un après-[cune, f.

AFTER-WRATH, s. ressentiment, m. ran-AGA, s aga, m. officier Ture, m.

AGAIN, adv. une secondo fois, de nouveau. encore, de plus, pareillement, en récom-pense, une fois autant. As much again, une lois autant. Back-again, de retour. As big again, une fois plus gros. Over-again, encore une fois, de rechef. Again and again, plusieurs fois, souvent.

AGAINST, prep. contre, près, auprès, vérs, sur. Over-against, vis-à-vis, à l'opposite. AGAPE, adv. la bouche béante. AGARIC, s. agaric, m. espèce de champignen,

AGAST OF AGHAST, adj. etonne, surprisa AGATE, s. (a kind of stone) agate, f. AGATY, adj. de la nature de l'agate.

AGED, adj. agé, quoi est sur l'age.

AGENCY, s. intervention, f. agence, f. AGENT, s. agent, m. régisseur, m. suppôt, m. AGGLOMERATE, v. a. and n. assembler, se

AGGLUTINATE, v. a. coller, joindre avec. AGGLUTINATION, s. union, haison, f. [ver AGGRANDIZE, v. a. agrandir, augmenter, ele AGGRANDIZEMENT, s. agrandissement, m. AGGRAVATE, v. a. aggraver, augmenter. AGGREGATE, adj. assemble, ramassé, in-

AGGREGATE, s. collection, f. résultat, m. AGGREGATION, s. collection, f. total, m. AGORESS, v. n. attaquer, aggresser. AGGRESSION, s. attaque, f. aggression, f. as-

AGGRESSOR, s. aggresseur, m. AGGRIEVANCE, s. injure, f. affront, m. doa-

leur, f. affliction, f AGGRIEVE, v. a. chagriner, affliger, grever. Age Rove, v. a. grouper, faire un groupe. Agele, adj. agile, aciif, dispos, souple. Agelet, s. agilité, f. légèreté, f. Ageo, s. agio, m. prix du change, m.

AGITABLE, s. qui peut être agité. AGITATE, v. a. agiter, emouvoir, discuter. AGITATION, s. agitation, f. mouvement, m.

AGITATOR, s. agent, m. agitateur, m.
AGITATOR, s. agent, m. agitateur, m.
AGLET, s. aiguillette, f. petite lame de métak,
AGNAIL, s. onglée, f. apostume à l'ongle, f.
AGNATION, s. agnation, f. parentage, m.
AGNIZE, v. a. reconnoître, avouer.

AGNITION, s. reconnoissance, f. souvenir, m. AGO, adv. passé. Long ago, il y a longtemps.

Agos, adr. avec empressement. AGONIST and AGONISTES, s. rival, m.

AGONIZE, v. n. agoniser, être à l'agonie. AGONY, s. agonie, f. abois, m. AGRARIAN, adj. agraire.

AGRARIAN, adj. agraire. [convenir. AGREE, v. a. and n. accorder, s'accorder AGREEABLE, adj. convenable, conforme, gracieux, [ment, 12.

AGREEABLENESS, s. conformité, f. agré-AGREEABLY, adv. conformément, agréable-AGREED, part. adj. convenu, d'accord. [ment. AGREEING, s. conformité, f. convenance, f.

AGREEMENT, s. conformité, f. accord, accommodement, m. convention, f. transattion, f.

AGRESTIC, adj. champêtre, rustique, grossier. AGRICULTURE, s. agriculture,

AGRIMONY, s. agrimoine, f. (de plante.)
AGRIOT, s. agriotte, f. griotte, guigne.
AGROUND, adv. échoué, ensablé, engravé

Ague, s. sièvre avec accès.

Aguish, adj. fic reux. Ah! interj. Ah! Helas! Quoi! Aha! interj. Aha!

AHEAD, d'avance, ou avant.

AID, s. aide, f. secours, m. assistance, f. AID, v. a. aider, secourir, assister. AIDLESS, adj. délaissé, sans secours. AIGULET, s. aiguillette, f. [disposition, f. AIL or AILMENT, s. mal, m. douleur, f. in-Idisposition, f. A1L, v. a. faire mal, causer de la douleur. AILING, part. adj. qui se porte mal, maladif. AIM, s. visée, f. but, m. dessein, m. AIM, v. n. viser, tendre, aspirer à. [son, f]AIR, s. air, m. mine, f. contenance, f. chan-AIR v. a. aerer, secher, chauster. AIR-HOLE, s. soupirail, m. jour, m. AIRINESS, s. vivacité, f. activité, f. AIRING, s. l'action d'aérer, f. promenade, f. AIRLING, s. un jenne étourdi. AIRY, adj. vif, gai, aërien, lèger. AISLE, s. aîle d'une église, f. AKE, s. mal, m. douleur, f. peine, f. AKE, v. n. faire mal, être douloureux. ARIN, adj. parent, m. allié, m. AKING, adj. qui fait mal, douloureux. ALABASTER, s. albâtre, m. ALAK, interj. hélas! Alak-a-day! Ouais! ALACRIOUSLY, adv. gaiement. ALACRITY, s. gaieté, f. joie, f. ardeur, f. ALAMODE, adv. à la mode. ALARM or ALARUM, alarme, f. epouvante, f. ALARM, v. a. alarmer, épouvanter, effrayer. ALAS, interj. helas! las! Al.B, s. une aube de prêtre. Albert, conj. quoique, bienque. Alberge, s. alberge, f. sorte de pêche. Albugineous, adj. blanchâtre. [ta [taie; f. Albugo, s. albugo, f. maladie de l'œil, ALCALI or ALKALI, s. alcali, m. alcaline salt, sel alcalin. ALCHYMICAL, adj. alchymique ALCHYMIST, s. alchymiste, n. ALCHYMY, s. alchymie, f. ALCOHOL, s. alcohol, m. poudre très fine. ALCOHOLISE, v. a. réduire en poudre très fine. ALCORAN, s.alcoran, m.livre sacré des Turcs, ALCOVE, s. alcove, f. place pour mettre un lit. ALDER, s. aunc, m. Aldern, adj. d'aune. ALE, s. aile, f. bière douce, f. [brasseurs. ALE-CONNER, officier qui a inspection sur les ALE-HOUSE, cabaret a bière. ALEHOOF, s. lierre de terre, m. [tiller, m. ALEMBIC, s. alembic, m. vaisseau pour dis-ALERT, adj. alerte, vif, actif, èveille. ALERTNESS. s. activité, f. vivacité, f. pétu-ALEXANDRINE, alexandrin adj. [lance, f. ALEXIPHARMICK, adj. alexipharmaque. ALGEBRA, s. algèbre, f. [brique. ALGEBRAIC OF ALGEBRAICAL, adj. algé-Algebraist, s. algébriste, m. ALIAS, adv. autrement, f. sorte de décret. ALIBI, s. alibi, m. absence du lieu mention-ALIEN, s. aubain, m. étranger, contraire. ALIEN and ALIENATE, v. a. aliener. ALIENATION, s. alienation, f. desunion, f. ALIGHT, v. n. descendre, mettre pied à terre. ALIKE, adj. semblable, pareil, tout de même. ALIKE, adv. également, de même. ALIMENT, s. aliment, m. nourriture, f. ALIMENTAL, ALIMENTARY, adj. alimenteux. ALIMONY, s. pension alimentaire, f. ALIQUANT, adj. aliquante, f. ALIVE adj vif, vivant, qui est en vie.

ALKALI, ALCALI, (espèce de sel minéral.) ALKERMES, s. alkermes, m.
ALL, pron. adj. tout, le tout tous. For good and all, tout-à-fait. ALL, adr. entierement, tout, aussi. Not at all. point du tout. All over, d'un bout à l'autre. ALL-ALONG, adv. tout du long, toujours. ALLAY, s. (an herb) panacee, f. ALLAY, s. mélange, m. alliage; m. soulagement, m. ALLAY, v. a. allier, mêler, alléger, adoucir. ALLEGATION, s. allegation, f. citation, f. ALLEGE, v. a. déclarer, alléguer, citer. ALLEGEABLE, adj. qu' on peut alléguer. ALLEGIANCE, s. loyauté, f. fidélité, f. ALLEGORIC, ALLEGORICAL, adj. allegorique. ALLEGORICALLY, adv. allégoriquement. ALLEGORIZE, v. a. allegoriser. ALLEGORYE, v. a. allegoriser.

ALLEGORY, s. allegorie, f. metaphore suive,
ALLEGOR, s. allegoro, m.; adv. gai et vite.
ALLEVIATE, v. a. alleger, soulager.
ALLEVIATION, s. allegement, m. soulageALLEY, s. ruelle, f. petite rue, f. [ment, n.
ALLIANCE, s. alliance, f. confederation, f.
ALLIGATION, s. l'action de lier, f. ALLIGATOR, s. espèce de crocodile, f. Allocation, s. allocation, f. accord, m. f. Allocution, s. allocation, f. harangue, f. Allodial, en franc alleu. Allotium, s. franc-alleu, m. allodialité, f. ALLOT, v. a. adjuger, départir, assigner. ALLOTMENT, s. la portion que chacun reçoit. Allow, v. a. allouer, donner, accorder, per-inettre, avouer, déduire. ALLOWABLE, adj. allouable, estimable, juste. ALLOWABLENESS, s. légitimité, f. ALLOWANCE, s. consentement, m. indul-gence, f. allocation, f. portion, f. remise. ALLOY, s. aloi, titre de l'or & de l'argent, m. ALLUDE, v. n. faire allusion. ALLUMINOR, s. enlumineur, m. ALLURE, v. a. amorcer, engager, attirer. ALLUREMENT, s. amorce, f. appat, m. charme. ALLURING, adj. and s. amorce, f. attrayant. ALLURINGLY, adv. d'une manière attrayante. ALLURINGNESS, s. attrait, m. amorce, f. ALLUSION, s. allusion, f. rapport, m. ALLUSIVE, adj. figure, qui fait allusion ALLUSIVELY, adv. par allusion. ALLUVION, s. alluvion, f. ALLY, v. a. allier, unir, joindre. ALMANACK, s. almanac, m. calandrier, m. ALMANDINE, s. almandine, f. sorte de rubis. ALMIGHTINESS, s. toute puissance, f. ALMIGHTY, adj. tout-puissant, f. ALMOND, s. amande, f. fruit de l'amandier. Almonds, of the ears, s. les oreillons, m. Almonds, of the throat, s. les amygdales, f. Almoner, s. aumonier, m. chapelain. ALMONRY, s. aumônerie, f Almost, adv. presque, quasi, environ. Alms, s. pl. aumône, f. charité, f. ALMS-DEED, s. œuvre de charité. / ALMS-GIVER, s. aumônier, f. charitable, m. ALMS-HOUSE, s. maison des pauvres, f. hôpital, m. ALNAGE, s. aunage, m. mesure, f. ALNAGER, s. receveur de droit d'aunage, m. ALOES, s. (a medicinal plant) aloès, m. ALOETIC, ALOETICAL, adj. d'aloès. ALOFT, adv. haut, en-haut; prep. au-dessus. ALONE, adj. seul; adv. seulement. ALONG. prep au long, le long de.

AMB ALOOF, adv. de loin, au large : prep. loin de. 1 ALOSE, s. alose, f. (poisson, m.) ALOUD, adv. haut, d'une voix élevée. ALPHABET, s. alphabet, m. abécé, m. ALPHABETICAL, adj. alphabétique. [tique. ALPHANETICALLY, adr. par ordre alphabé-ALREADY, adv. déjà, jusqu'alors, Also, adv. or conj. aussi, de plus, encore, aussi bien que. ALTAR, s. autel, m. religion. ALTER, v. a. changer, alterer. ALTERABLE, adj. changeant, altérable. ALTERATION, s. altération, f. changement, m. ALTERCATION, s. altercation, f. debat, m. ALTERNATE, adj. alternatif, alterne. ALTERNATE, v. a. exercer alternativement. ALTERNATION, s. tour, m. vieissitude, f. ALTERNATIVE, adj. alternatif; s. alterna-ALTERNATIVELY, adv. alternativement. ALTHOUGH, conj. quoique, bien que. ALTIMETRY, s. altimétrie, f.
ALTITUDE, s. hauteur, f. grandeur, f. faîte, m. ALTOGETHER, adv. tout-à-fait, entièrement. ALVEARY, s. une ruche à miel. ALVEOLI, s. alvéoles, m. petites cellules. ALUM, s. alun, m. sorte de sel minéral. ALUMINOUS, adj. alumineux AMABILITY, s. qualité aimable, f. amabilité, f. AMADOT, s. (a sort of pear) amadote, f. AMAIN, adv. vigoureusement. AMALGAM, s. amalgame, f. mélange. AMALGAMATE, v. a: amalgamer. AMANUENSIS, s. un secrétaire or copiste. AMARITUDE, s. amertume, f. passe-velours, m. [m. AMASSMENT, s. amas, m. tas, m. monceau, Amass, r.a. amasser, entasser, accumuler. AMATORY, adj. amoureux, m. AMAZE, v. a. surprendre, étonner. AMAZE, AMAZEMENT, s. surprise, f. étonnement, m. AMAZING, adj. surprenant, étonnant. AMAZINGLY, adv. d'une manière surprenante. AMAZON, s. amazone, f. AMBAGES, s. pl. détour, m. circonlocution, f. AMBASSADE, AMBASSAGE, EMBASSY, ambassade, f. Ambassador, s. ambassadeur, m. AMBASSADRESS, s. ambassadrice, f. AMBER. s. ambre, m. succin, m. Ambered, adj. ambré, parfumé d'ambre. AMBERGRIS, s. ambregris, m. AMBIDEXTER, s. ambidextre, m. un fripon. AMBIDÉXTROUS, adj. trompeur, fourbe. Ambient, adj. qui environne. Ambigu, s. ambigu, m. mélange, m. Ambiguiry, s. ambiguité, f. équivoque, f. Ambiguous, adj. ambigu, équivoque. Ambiguously, adv. d'une manière ambigue. AMBIT, s. la circonférence d'une figure. Ambition, s. ambition, f. desir, m. AMERTION, v. a. ambitionner, souhaiter. Ameitious, adj. ambitieux. [ambition. Ambitiously, adv. ambitieusement, avec AMBLE, s. amble, m. sorte d'allure d'un che-AMBLE, r. n. aller l'amble. Ival.

AMBURY, s. sorte de furoncle. [embûche, f. Ambuscade, Ambush, s. embuscade, f. Ambushed, adj. embusqué. AMEL-CORN, s. seigle blanc. AMEN, adv. amen, ainsi soit-it. AMENABLE, adj. responsable. AMEND, s. amende, f. peine pécuniaire, f. AMEND, v. a. amender, corriger, s'amender. AMENDMENT, s. amendement, correction, f. AMENDS, s. compensation, f. dedommagement, m. AMERITY, s. aménité, f. agrément, m. AMERCE, v. a. mettre à l'amende. AMERCEMENT, s. amende pécuniaire, f. AMETHYST, s. améthyste, f. pierre précieuse. AMIABLE, adj. aimable AMIABLENESS, s. amabilité, f. bonne grace. AMIABLY, adv. d'une manière aimable. AMICABLE, adj. (friendly) aimable. AMICABLENESS, s. amilié, f. cordialité, f. AMICABLY, adv. à l'aimable, en ami. AMID and AMIDST, prep. au milieu, parmi AMISS, adv. and adj. mal, mal à-propos. T take amiss, prendre en mauvaise part. AMITY, s. amitie, f. affection, f. Amission, s. perte, f. abandon, m. Ammoniac, s. animoniac, m. AMMUNITION, s. munition de guerre, f. AMNESTY, s. amnistie, f. pardon, m. [avec. Among and Amongst, adv. parmi, entre Amorist, s. un amoureux, un amant. Amorous, adj. amoureux, passionné. AMOROUSLY, adv. amoureusement. AMORT, adj. abattu, amorti, taciturne. AMOYABLE, adj. amovible. AMOUNT, s. le montant, le total. AMOUNT, v. n. monter, revenir, se réduire. AMOUR, s. amour, m. intrigue, f. Amphibious, adj. amphibie. AMPHIBOLOGICAL, adj. amphibologique. AMPHIBOLOGICALLY, adv. amphibologique-AMPHIBOLOGY, s. amphibologie, f. équivoque. AMPHISCH, s. pl. amphisciens, m. AMPHITHEATRE, s. amphithéatre, m. AMPLE, adj. ample, large, étendu. AMPLENESS, s. grandeur, f. ampleur, f. [rer. AMPLIATE, v. a. grossir, augmenter, exagé-AMPLIATION, s. exagération, f. délai, m. AMPLIFICATE. See Amplify AMPLIFICATION, s. amplification, f. AMPLIFIER, s. amplificateur, m. exagerateur, AMPLIFY, v. a. amplifier, étendre, exagérer. AMPLITUDE, s. amplitude, f. capacité, f. AMPLY, adv. amplement, largement AMPUTATE, v. a. couper, separer. AMPUTATION, s. amputation, f. AMULET, s. amulette, m. préservatif, m. AMUSE, v. a. amuser, divertir, décevoir. AMUSEMENT, s. amusement, in. amusette, f. AMUSIVE, adj. amusant, divertissant. AMYGDALATE, s. and odj. un amandé, fait An, art. un, une. See A. [d'amandes. ANA, s. ana, m. sorte de collection, f. Anabaptism, s. anabaptisme, m. ANABAPTIST, s. anabaptiste, m. · imite, m. ANACHORET, s. anachorète, m. moine, m. her-ANACHRONISM, s. anachronisme, m. ANAGRAM, s. anagramme, f. ANAGRAMMATIST, s. anagrammatiste, m. ANAGRAMMATIZE, v. n. anagrammatiser. ANALEPTIC, adj. analeptique, restaurant, m. ANALOGICAL, adj. analogique, analogue. ANALOGICALLY, adv. par analogie

AMBULATORY, adj. ambulatoire, ambulant.

AMBRUSIAL, adj. délicieux comme l'am-

[broisie.

AMBLER, s. un cheval qui va l'amble. AMBP 'SIA, s. ambroisie, f. []

AMBRY, s. buffet, m. garde manger, m.

AMUS-ACE, besas or beset, m.

AMBULATION, s. promenade, f.

ANALOGIZE, v. a. expliquer par analogie. Analogous, adj. analogue, similaire. Analogy, s. analogie, f. rapport, m. Analysis, s. analyse, f. abregė, m. extrait, m. Analytic, Analytical, adj. analytique. ANALYTICALLY, adv. par analyse. ANALYZE, v. a. analyser, extraire. ANANAS, s. (the pine-apple) ananas, m. ANARCHY, s. anarchie, f. ANARCHICK, ANARCHICAL, adj. anarchique. ANASARCA, s. anasarque, f. sorte d'hydropi-ANASTOMOSIS, s. anastomose, f. ANATHEMA, s. anathème, m. un excommu-[communier. ANATHEMATIZE, v. a. anathématiser, ex-ANATOMICAL, adj. anatomique. ANATOMICALLY, adv. anatomiquement. Anatomise, v. a. anatomiser, disséquer. ANATOMIST, s. anatomiste, m. Anatomy, s. anatomie, f. un squélette. Ancestreel, adj. hereditaire. ANCESTRY, s. race, f. extraction, f.
ANCHOR, s. ancre, f. The sheet anchor, la
maitresse ancre. The bow anchors, les deux ancres d'affourche. Stream anchor, ancre ANCHOR, v. n. ancrer, jeter l'ancre, rester. ANCHORAGE, s. ancrage, m. mouillage, m. ANCHOSE, s. orcanette, f. (plante) Anchovy, s. anchois, m. petit poisson de mer. ANCIENT, adj. ancien, vieux, antique. ANCIENTLY, adv. anciennement, autrefois. ANCIENTNESS, s. antiquité, f. ancienneté, f. ANCIENTRY, s. ancienneté d'extraction. Ancients, s. pl. les anciens, m. l'antiquité, f. ANCOME, s. froncle, m. tumeur. AND, conj. et, &. A toust and butter, une rôtie au beurre. To go and see, aller voir. Better and better, de mieux en mieux. And therefore, c'est pourquoi. And yet, néan-moins. Without ifs or ands, sans si ni mais. Andinon,'s. chenet, 1:1. un feu. ANDROGYNAL, adj. d'hermaphrodite. Androgynus, s. hermaphrodite, m. ANECDOTE, s. anecdote, f. histoire secrète. ANEMONE, s. (wind-flower) anémone, f. ANEW, adv. de nouveau, à neuf, encore. ANFRACTUOUS, adj. anfractueux. ANFRACTUOSITY, s. anfractuosité, f. ANGEL, s. ange, m. esprit créé, m. ANGELICA, s. (a plant) angélique, f. ANGELICAL, adj. angélique, beau comme un ANGELOT, s. (a sort of cheese) angelot, m. ANGER, s. colère, f. emportement, m. ANGER, v. a. facher, irriter, aigrir, provoquer. Anglography, s. angiographie, f. Angle, s. angle, m. hameçon, m ligne pour pêcher, f. Angle, v. n. pêcher à la ligne. ANGLER, s. pècheur, m. qui pêche à la ligne. ANGLE-ROD, s. ligne à pêcher. ANGLICISM, s. anglicisme, m. Angling, s. pêche à la ligne, f. ANGRILY, adv. avec colère, avec aigreur. Angry, adj. faché, aigri, irrité. [f. Anguish, s. angoisse, f. chagrin, m. detresse, Anguished. adj. désolé, chagrin. ANGULAR, adj. angulaire. Angulous, adj. anguleux, qui a des angles. ANIGHTS, adv. la nuit, toutes les nuits. ANIMADVERSION, s. censure, f. observation, f. remarque, f

ANIMADVERT, v. a. censurer, remarquer. ANIMAL, s. animal, m.; adj. animal. ANIMALCULE, s. animalcule, m. ANIMALITY, s. faculté animale. ANIMATE, v. n. animer, exciter. Animation, s. le pouvoir d'animer. Animator, s. celui qui donne la vie. Animasity, s. animosité, f. haine, f. pique, f. ANISE, s. (a plant) anis, m ANKLE, s. la jointure de la jambe au pied. ANKLE-BONE, s. la chevide du pied. Annalist, s. annaliste, m. Annals, s. pl. annales, f. livre d'histoire. Annats or Annates, s. pl. annates, f. pl. Anneal, v. n. peindre en apprèt, huiler. Annex, v.a. annéxer, joindre, réunir. Annex, s. (the thing annexed) annexe, f. Annihilate, v. a. anéantir, détruire. Annihilation, s. anéantissement, m. Anniversary, s. anniversaire, m. Annotation, s. note, f. remarque, f. Annotator, s. commentateur, m. Emer. Announce, v. a. annoncer, publier, procla-Annoy, r. a. nuire, incommoder, préjudicier. Annoy, Annoyance, s. tort, m. préjudice, m. Annoyer, s. celui or celle qui fait tort. Annual, adj. annuel. Annually, adv. annuellement, par an, tous les ans. Annuitant, s. rentier, m. Annuity, s. rente constituée. Annul, v. a. annuller, abroger, révoquer. Annular, adj. annulaire. Annulet, s. (a little ring) petit anneau. Annulling, s. cessation, f. revocation, f. Annumerate, v. a. mettre au nombre. Annunciate, v. a. annoncer. Annunciation, s. l'annonciation. Anodyne, adj. anodin. qui adoucit ANOINT, v. a. oindre, frotter d'huile. Anointed, part. adj. oint, consacre. Anomalous, adj. anomal, irregulier. Anomalously, adr. irrégulièrement. Anomaly, s. anomalie, f. irrégularité, f Anomy, s. violation de la loi, f. Anon, adj. tout-à-l'heure, sur le champ Anonymous, adj. anonyme. Another, adj. autre, un autre, l'autre. Answer, s. réponse, f. réplique, f Answer, v. a. and n. repondre, se rapporter à, étre caution, acquitter, satisfaire, suffire. Answerable, adj. a quoi l'on peut répondre, responsable, proportionné, analogue. Answerableness, s. rapport, m. analogie, f. Answerably, adv. conformement. Answerer, s. répondant, m. AN'T, s. (for and it, and if it, am not, are not.)
ANT, s. fourmi, f. An ant's hole, nest or hillock, une fourmilière. [m. and f.ANTAGONIST, s. antagoniste, m. adversaire, ANTARCTICK, adj. antarctique, austral. Antecede, v. n. précèder, dévancer. Antecedence, s. priorité, f. antériorité, f. Antecedent, adj. antécédent, antérieur. ANTECEDENT, s. préalable, m. antécédent, m. ANTECEDENTLY, adv. prealablement. ANTEDATE, v. a. antidater; s. antidate, f.Antelope, s. gazelle, f. (espèce de chèvre.) ANTEPAST, s. avant-gout, m. ANTEPENULT. adj. s. antépénultièm :, f. ANTERIOR, adj. antérieur. Anteriority, s. antériorité, f. priorité de ANTHEM, s. antienne, f. motet, m. ANTHONY'S-FIRE s érésipele, f.

APO ANTHOLOGY, s. anthologie. [et f. il ANTHROPOPHAGI, s. pl. anthropophages, m. ANTI, (a Greek preposition, which, in composition, signifies contrary) anti, contre; (sometimes it signifies before) avant, devant. ANTICHAMBER, s. antichambre, f. ANTICHRIST, s. Antechrist, m. ANTICHRISTIAN, adj. Antichrétien. ANTICHRISTIANISM, s. Antichristianisme, m. Anticipate, v. a. anticiper, prévenir. ANTICIPATION, s. anticipation, f. préjugé, m. ANTICK, adj. grotesque, bouffon, gothique. ANTICK, s. bouffon, m. grotesque, f ANTIDOTAL, adj. qui sert d'antidote. ANTIDOTE. s. antidote, m. préservatif, m. ANTIFEBRILE, adj. febrifuge, m. ANTIMONARCHICAL, adj. antimonarchique. ANTIMONIAL, adj. composé d'antimoine. ANTIMONY, s. antimoine, m. ANTIPATHETICAL, adj. antipathique, opposé. ANTIPATHY, s. antipathie, f. aversion natu-ANTIPHRASIS, s. antiphrase, f. [relle. ANTIPODES, s. pl. antipodes, m. ANTIPOPE, s. antipape, m. m. ANTIQUARY or ANTIQUARIAN, s. antiquaire, ANTIQUATE, v. a. abolir, abroger. ANTIQUE, adj. antique, ancien. ANTIQUE, s. antique, f. antiquité, f. ANTIQUENESS, s. anciennete, f. ANTIQUITY, s. antiquité, f. les anciens, m. pl. ANTISCII, s. pl. antisciens, m. ANTISCORBUTIC, adj. antiscorbutique. Antithesis, s. antithèse, f. contraste, m. Antitype, s. antitype, m. figure, f. Antivenereal, adj. entivénérien. ANTLER, s. andouiller, m. ANTOECI, s. pl. antéciens, m. trine. Antocow, s. avant-cœur, m. tumeur à la poi-ANTRE, s. antre, m. caverne, f. ANVIL, s. enclume, f. Anus, s. anus, f. [d'esprit, f. Anxiett, s. anxieté, f. inquiétude, f. peine Anxious, adj. inquiet, chagrin. Anxiously, adv. avec inquiétude. ANY, adj, or pron. quelque, quelqu'un, tout, qui que ce soit, quoi que ce soit, aucun, l'un ou l'autre. Any further, plus loin. Any longer, plus long-temps. Any more, plus, davantage. AORIST, s, aoriste, m. AORTA, s, aorte, f. grande artère. APACE, adv. vîte, promptement. APART, adv. apart, à l'écart. AFARTMENT, s. appartement, m. APATHY, s. apathie, f. insensibilité, f. APE, s. singe, m. guenon, f. APE, v. a. imiter, contrefaire. APEAR OF APEEK, (a sea term) à pic. APERIENT and APERITIVE, adj. aperitif. APERTURE, s. ouverture, f. passage, m. APERTLY, adv. ouvertement, à découvert. APEX, s. sommet, m. extrémité, f. bout, m. APHELION, s. aphélie, m. APHORISM, s. aphorisme, m. maxime, f. APIECE, adv. chacun pour sa part, par tête. APISH, adj. en singe, imitatif, ridicule. APISHLY, adv. bouffonnement, en singe. APISHNESS, s. humeur imitatrice, singerie, f. APIGALYPSE, s. apocalypse, f. [velation. APOCALYPTICAL, adj. apocalyptique, de ré-APOCRYPHA, s. yl. livres apocryphes, m. pl. APOCRYI HAL, adj. apocryphe. APOCRYI HAL, adj. abocryphe. APODICT :AL, adj. démonstratif

APOGEON and APOGEE, s. apogée, m. APOLOGETICAL, adj. apologétique. APOLOGETICALLY, adr. en forme d'apologie.
APOLOGIST, s. apologiste, m. APOLOGIZE, v. a. defendre, justifier.
APOLOGUE, s. apologue, m. fable, f.
APOLOGY, s. apologie, f. justification, f.
APOPHLEGMATIC, adi. bon contre les fleg-Courte. APOPHTHEGM, s. apophthcgme, m, sentence APOPLECTIC, APOPLECTICAL, adj, apoplec-APOPLEXY, s. apoplexie, f. mal caduc. APOSTACY, s. apostasie, j APOSTATE, s. apostat, m. renegat, m. APOSTATIZE, v. n. apostasier, renoncer à sa religion. Apostemate, v. n. apostumer, abcèder. Aposteme, s. apostème, m. abcès, m. APOSTLE, s. apôtre, m. disciple, m. messa-APOSTLESHIP, s. apostolat, m. prédication. APOSTOLIC or APOSTOLICAL, adj. aposto-APOSTOLICALLY, adv. apostoliquement. Λ POSTROPHE, s. apostrophe, f. contraction, f. APOSTROPHIZE, v. a. apostropher. APOTHECARY, s. apothicaire, m. APOTHEOSIS, s. apothéose, f. déification, f. APOZEM, s. apozème, m. decoction, f. APPAL, v. a. effrayer, faire pâlir de peur. [m]. APPALEMENT, s. frayeur, f. découragement, APPANAGE, s. apanage, m. accessoire, m. APPARATUS, s. equipement, m. appareil, m. APPAREL, s. vetement, m. habillement, m. APPAREL, v. a. vetir, habiller, ajuster. APPARENT, adj. apparent, evident; clair. APPARENTLY, adv. suivant toute apparence. APPARITION, s. apparition, f. fantome, m. [deau, m. illusion, f. APPARITOR, s. huissier, m. sergent, m. be-APPAY, v. a. satisfaire, contenter. APPEACH, v. a. accuser, reprocher. [tion, f. APPEACHMENT, s. accusation, f. dénoucia-APPEAL, s. appel, m. accusation, f. APPEAL, v. n. appeller, accuser, dénoncer. APPEALANT or APPEALER, s. appelant, m. APPEAR, v. n. paroître, se montrer, comparoître. To make appear, faire voir, demon-APPEARANCE, s. apparence, f. exterieur, m. vraisemblance, f. figure, f. concours, n. comparution, f. apparition, f. APPEASABLE, que l'on peut réconcilier. APPEASE, v. a. appaiser, calmer, pacifier. APPELLANT, s. appelant, m. APPELLATION, s. nom, qualification. Appellative, adj. appellatif.
Appellatory, adj. qui contient un appel. APPEND, v. a. appendre, pendre, attacher. APPENDAGE, s. dependance, f. accessoire, m. APPENDANT, adj. dépendant, annexé. APPENDIX, s. supplément, m. dépendance, f. appendice, m. APPERTAIN, v. n. appartenir. [m, pl.APPERTAINMENT, s. les privileges d'un rang, APPERTENANCE, s. dépendance, f. acces-APPERTINENT, adj. appartenant. [soire, m. APPETENCE, APPETENCY, s. désir sensuel, f. envie, f. APPETIBLE, adj. souhaitable, désirable. APPETIBILITY, s. la qualité d'être désirable. APPETITE, s. appétit, m. cupidité, f. faim, j APPETITIVE, adj. qui désire, concupiscible

APPLAUD, v. a. applaudir, louer. APPLAUDER, s. qui applaudit, approbateur, APPLAUSE, s. applaudissement, m. APPLE, s. pomme, f. la prunelle de l'œil. APPLE-TREE, s. pommier, m. Apple core, le trognon d'une pomme. Apple-woman, fruitière. Apple-roaster, pommier. Apple-loft, fruiterie. APPLIABLE or APPLICABLE, adj. applicable, conforme. APPLICABILITY, s. convenance, f. rapport, m.
APPLICATION, s. application, f. recours, m.
assiduité, f. étude, f. attention, f emploi, [plique. m. usage, m. APPLICATORY, adj. qui supplique, ce qui ap-APPLY, v. a. appliquer, attacher, addresser. APPOINT, v. n. établir, prescrire, nommer, régler. APPOINTMENT, s. arrangement, m. réglement, m. ordre, m. rendez-vous, m. assig-Apportion, v. a. diviser (également.) Appose, v. a. examiner, considerer.

Apposite, adj. propre, bien appliqué, con-Appositely, adv. convenablement, à propos. APPOSITENESS, s. convenance, f. proprieté, f. APPOSITION, s. apposition, f. application, f. APPRAISE, v. a. estimer, évaluer, apprécier. APPRAISER, s. priseur, m. appréciateur, m. APPREHEND, v. a. prendre, craindre, com-prendre. [vable. prendre. APPREHENSIBLE, adj. appréhensible, conce-APPREHENSION, s. entendement, m. conception, f. apprehension, f. crainte, f. soupçon, m. saisie, f. APPREHENSIVE, adj. pénétrant, craintif. APPREHENSIVENESS, s. conception, f. crainte, APPRENTICE, s. apprenti, m. ie, f. APPRENTICE, v. a. mettre en apprentissage. APPRENTICESHIP, s. apprentissage, m. Apprize, v. a. informer, instruire. Approach, s. approche, f. accès, m. Approach, v. n. approcher, s'approcher. APPROACHABLE, adj. accessible.
Approachless, adj. inaccessible. APPROBATION, s. approbation, f. suffrage, m. APPROPRIATE, adj. approprié, designe. APPROPRIATE, v. a. approprier, adapter. APPROPRIATION, s. possession, infeodation, f. APPROVABLE, adj. digne d'approbation. APPROVAL, s. approbation, f. Itrer. APPROVE, v. a. approuver, confirmer, mon-APPROVEMENT, s. approbation, f. APPROVER, s. approbateur, m. APPROXIMATE, adj. prochain. APPROXIMATE, v. n. approximer, approcher. APPROXIMATION, s. approximation, f. APPULSE, s. choc d'une chose contre une autre, m. APRICOCK or APRICOT, s. abricot, m. APRICOT-TREE, s. abricotier, m. APRIL, s. Avril. m. APRON, s. tablier, m. Apsis, s. abside, m.
Apr, adj. propre, convenable, enclin.
Apritude and Apriess, s. aptitude, f. APTLY, adv. bien à propos, fort bien. AQUA FORTIS, s. eau forte. AQUA MARINA, aigue marine, f. AQUA MIRABILIS, eau sans pareille,

AQJARIUS, s. le verseau.

AQUATIC or AQUATILE, adj. aquatique.

AQUEDUCT, s. aqueduc, m. canal d'eau, m. AQUEOUS and AQUOSE, adj. aqueux. AQUILINE, adj. aquilin, recourbe. ARABICK, adj. Arabe, Arabique, Arabesque. ARABLE, adj. labourable. ARACK or KACK, s. arac, arack or rack, m. ARANEOUS, adj. qui ressemble à l'araignée. ARATION, s. labourage, m. ARATORY, adj. qui concerne le labourage. ARBALIST, s. (a cross bow) arbalète, f. ARBITER, s. arbitre, m. maître. ARBITRAGE, s. arbitrage, m. ARBITREMENT, s. volonté, f. choix, m. ARBITRARILY, adv. absolument, despotique-ARBITRARY, adj. arbitraire, absolu, despo-ARBITRATE, v. n. arbitrer, décider, juger. ARBITRATION, s. arbitrage, m. compromis. ARBITRATOR, s. arbitre, m. juge, m. ARBITREMENT, s. un compromis, arbitrage, ARBORARY, ARBOREOUS, ARBOROUS, adj. qui concerne les arbres. ARBORET, s. arbuste, m. arbrisseau, m. AREORIST, s. arboriste, m. Arbour, s. berceau champêtre, m. treille, f. ARBUTE or ARBUTE-TREE, s. arbousier, m. ARBUTE-BERRY, s. arbouse, f. ARC, s. arc, or segment d'un cercle, m. ARCADE, s. (a continued arch) arcade, f. ARCANUM, s. arcane, m. secret, m. ARCH, s. arche, f. arc, m. arcade, f. voûte,f. ARCH, v. a. batir en forme d'arches, voûter. ARCH, adj. maître, insigne, archi (en composition.) ARCHANGEL, s. archange, m. ARCHEISHOP, s. archévêque, m ARCHBISHOPRICK, s. archévêché, m. ARCHDEACON, s. archidiacre, m ARCHEEACONRY, s. archidiaconé, m. ARCHDEACONSHIP, s. archidiaconat, m. ARCHDUKE, s. archiduc, m ARCHDUKEDOM, s. archduché, f. ARCHDUCHESS, s. archduchesse, f. ARCHER, s. archer, m. qui tire de l'arc. ARCHERY, s. l'art de tirer l'arc. ARCHETYPAL, adj. original. [dèle. ARCHETYPE, s. archetype, m. premier mo-ARCH-HERETICK, s. hérésiarque. ARCHIDIACONAL, adj. archidiaconal. ARCHIEPISCOPAL, adj. archiépiscopal. ARCHITECT, s. architecte, m. ARCHITECTONICK, adj. savant dans l'art de l' architecture, f. ARCHITECTURE, s. architecture, f. ARCHITRAVE, s. architrave, m. ARCHIVES, s. pl. archives, f ARCHWISE, adv. en forme d'arc. ARCTIC, adj. arctique, septentrional. ARCUATE, adj. courbé en arc. [d'un arc, f. ARCUATION and ARCUATURE, s. courbure ARDENCY, s. chaleur, f. ardeur, f. feu, m. ARDENT, adj. ardent, vif, violent, passionné. ARDENTLY, adv. ardemment. ARDOUR, s. ardeur, f. chaleur, f. passion, f. empressement, m. Anduous, adj. elevé et escarpé, difficile. ARDUOUSNESS, s. hauteur, f. difficulté, f. ARE, indic. pres. pl. of Be, être. AREA, s. aire, f. surface, f. AREFACTION, s. dessêchement, m. AQ A REGIA or REGALIS, eau royale, eau Arenaceous, adj. sablonneux, aréneux. AREOPAGITES, s. juges de l'aréopage, m. AREOPAGUS, s. l'aréopage, m. tribunal, m. [régale.

ARGENT, adj. d'argent, blanc. ARGIL, s. argile, f. terre blanche, f. ARGILLACEOUS, ARGILLOUS, adj. argileux.
ARGONAUTS, s. pl. les Argonautes, m.
ARGUE, r. n. raisonner, disputer; v. a. prouver, conclure, discuter, débattre. ARGUER, s. raisonneur, m. argumentateur, m. ARGUMENT, s. argument, m. sujet, m. ARGUMENTATION, s. argumentation, f. dis-ARGUMENTATIVE, adj. raisonnė. [pute, f. ARGUTE, adj. aigu, deliė, ingemieux, subtil. ARIAN, s. Arien, m. Arianism, f. Arianisme, ARID, adj. aride, see, stérile. [m. ARIDITY, s. aridité, f. sécheresse, f. ARIES, s. le belier (signe du Zodiaque.) ARIGHT, adv. druitement, sainement, bien.
ARISE, r. n. se lever, s'élever, procéder,
provenir, naître, attaquer. ARISTOCRACY, s. aristocratie, f. [tocratique. ARISTOCRATIC, ARISTOCRATICAL, adj. aris-ARISTOLOCHY, s. (an herb) aristoloche, f. ARITHMETICAL, adj. arithmétique. ARITHMETICALLY, adr. arithmetiquement. ARITHMETICIAN, s. arithméticien, m. ARITHMETICK, s. arithmetique, f.
ARK, s. arche, f. batteau, m. arceau, m.
ARM, s. bras, m. branche, f. arme, f. The
arm-pit, or arm-hole, l'aiselle, f. An armchair, une chaise à bras, un fauteuil. An
arm-ful une brassba arm-full, une brassée. ARMS, s. pl. armes, guerre, armoiries, f.ARM, v. a. and n. armer, donner des armes. ARMADA, s. flotte, f. escadre, f. ARMAMENT, s. armement, m. Armature, s. armure, f. ergot, m. Armed cap-à-pee, arme du pied en cap. ARMIGER, s. écuyer, m. gendarine, m. ARMILLARY, adj. armillaire, circulaire. ARMINIAN, s. Arminien, m. ARMINIANISM, s. Arminianism, m. ARMISTICE, s. armistice, m. ARMLET, s. petit bras, brassart, m. bracelet, m. ARMORER, s. armurier, m. qui fait des armes. ARMORIAL, adj. armorial. ARMORIST, s. hérault, m. armoriste, m. ARMORY, s. arsenal, m. Trmure, f. armoiries, f. ARMOUR, s. armner, f. harnonis, m. [lant. ARMY, s. armée, f.; flying-army, camp vo-Aromatick, Aromatical, adj. aromatique. AROMATICKS, s. pl. aromates, m. AROMATIZE, r. a. parfumer d'aromates AROUND, prep. autour de, tout autour de. AROUSE, v. a. éveiller, exciter, réveiller. ARQUEBUSE, s. arquebuse, f. gros fusil. ARRAIGN, v. a. citer, accuser, assigner. ARRAIGNMENT, s. procès criminel. ARRANGE, v. a. arranger, mettre en ordre. ARRANGEMENT, s. arrangement, m. ARRANT, adj. insigne, grand, infame. ARRAS, s. pl. tapisserie de haute-lice, f. [m. ARRAY, s. habit, m. ornement, m. ordre, m. rang,

ARRAYERS, s. pl. officiers charges d'équiper les soldats d'une armée, m.
ARREAR, adr. arrière, en arrière.
ARREAR, s. reliquat, m. arrérages, s. pl. arrière-garde. [jugement, m.
ARREST, s. arrêt, m. saisie, f. prise de corps, f.
ARREST, r. a. arrêter, saisir. [tion.
ARRIERE-BAN, s. arrière-ban, m. convoca-ARRIERE-FEE, or FIRF, s. arrière-fief, m.
ABRIERE-GUARD, s. arrière-garde, f.
ALAIVAL, s. arrivée, f. venue, f. arrivage, m.
ARRIVE, v. n. arriver, venir, parvenir.

ARRAY, r. a. vêtir, équiper, arranger, choisir.

ARROGANCE, ARROGANCY, s. arrogance, f. ARROGANT, adj. arrogant, présomptueux. ARROGANTLY, adv. avec arrogance. [buer. ARROGANTLY, adv. avec arrogance. saturi ARROW, s. flèche, f. The arrow-head, la pointe d'un flèche.

ARROGANCE, ARROGANCY, s. arrogance, f. Arrogance, p. 1. degrière, A shart arec un Arrogance de la conference de saturi de la conference de la

ARSE, le cul, le derrière. A short arse, un avorton, un ragot.

ARSE-SMART, (an herb) persicaire, f.
ARSENAL, s. arsenal, m. magasin d'armes, m.
ARSENICAL, s. qui contient de l'arsenie.
ARSENICK, s. arsenic, m. (poison mortel.)
ARSEVERSY, adv. sens dessus dessous.

ART, s. art, m. adresse, f. industrie, f. talent, m. science, f. A master of arts, maître des-arts.

ARTERIAL, adj. artériel, des artères.
ARTERIAL, adj. artériel, des artères, f.
ARTERY, s. artères, f.
[ment fait
ARTFUL, adj. artificiel, fait avec art, artisteARTFULLY, adv. artistement, ingénieusement.
ARTFULNESS, s. babilité, f. art, m. industrie, f.
ARTHRITICK, ARTHRITICAL, adj. gouteux
ARTICHORE, s. artichaut, m.

ARTICLE, s. article, m. chef, m. point, m. condition, f. articulation, f. joint, m. jointure, f. ARTICLE, v. n. stipuler, faire un pacte, pas ser des articles; v. a. actionner, accuser. ARTICLED, part. adj. rangé par articles, sti

ARTICLED, part. adj. range par articles, sti
ARTICULAR, adj. articulaire. [pulé, engagé.
ARTICULATE, adj. articulé, distinct.
ARTICULATEL, adv. distinctement.

ARTICULATELY, adv. distinctement.

ARTICULATION, s. articulation, f. jointure.
ARTIFICE, s. artifice, m. ant, m. métier, m.
ARTIFICE, S. artisan, m. ouvrier, m. artiste, m.
ARTIFICIAL, ARTIFICIOUS, adj. artificiel.

ARTIFICIALLY, adv. artificiellement.
ARTILLERY, s. artiflerie, f. attirail de guerre.
ARTISAN, s. ouvrier, m. artisan, m. artiste, m.
ARTIST, s. artiste, m.

ARTLESSLY, adv. sans art, simplement. ARTLESS, adj. naif, sans art, simple. ARUSPICE, s. aruspice, m.

As, adv. and conj. comme. Aussi...que; si...que. Tandis que, pendant que, si, que. As for, as to, quant à, pour ce qui cet de. As yet, encore, As if, comme si. As much, autant. As though, comme si. As soon as, des que, aussitot que. As it vere, pour ainsi dire, en quelque manière. As well as, aussi bien que, autant que. As

rich as he is, quelque riche qu'il soit.

ASARABACCA, s. (a plant) cabaret, m.

ASBESTINE, adj. incombustible.

ASBESTIOS, s. asbeste, m. amiante, m.

ASCARIDES, s. pl. ascarides, m. (petits vers.)

ASCEND, v. n. and a. monter, s'èlever, gra

ASCENDABLE, adj. où l'on peut monter. [vir

ASCENDANT, s. élévation, f. ascendant, m

influence, f.

ASCENDENCY, s. influence, f. ascendant, m. ASCENSION, s. ascension, f. élévation, f. ASCENSIONAL, adj. ascensionnel.

Ascent, s. élévation, f. hauteur, f. montée, f. Ascentain, v. a. assurer, certifier, affirmer, fixer, déterminer, établir.

ASCERTAINER, s. qui détermine, &c. [blie, f. ASCERTAINMENT, s. règlement, m. règle éta-ASCETICK, adj. ascétique, de dévotion.

Ascii, s. pl. asciens, m.
Ascites, s. ascite, m. sorte d'hydropisie.
Ascititious, adj. ajouté, controuvé, apo-

ASCRIBABLE, adj. qu'on peut attribuer. ASCRIBE, v. a. attribuer, imputer. Asн, s. (a tree) frêne, m. ASHAMED, adj. honteux, confus. Ashen, adj. de frêne, fait de bois de frêne. Ashes, s. pl. cendres, f. Ash-Wednesday, le jour des cendres. ASH-PAN, s. un cendrier. Ashore, adv. à terre, à bord. Ashy, adj. cendreux, plein de cendres. Aside, adv. à part, à côté; s. un à parté. ASINARY, or ASININE, adj. asine. Ask, v. a. demander, requérir, exiger. ASKAUNCE OF ASKAUNT, de côte, oblique-ASKER, s. qui demande, demandeur, m. ASKEW, adv. de travers; avec dédain, avec mépris. ASLOPE, adv. de biais, obliquement. ASLEEP, adj. endormi, assoupi. ASP, or ASPICK, s. aspic, m. sorte de serpent. ASP, or ASPEN, s. tremble, m. sorte de peuplier. Aspect, s. aspect, m. vue, f. air, m. mine, f. ASPECT, v. a. regarder, voir. ASPECTABLE, adr. visible, exposé. Aspection, s. vue, f: aspect, m. Aspen, adj. (from asp) de tremble. ASPERATE, v. a. rendre rude or inégal. ASPERITY, s. rudesse, f. dureté, f. apreté. Asperous, adj. rude, dure, inegal. ASPERSE, v. a. diffamer, noircir, injurier. ASPERSION, s. aspersion, f. diffamation, f. ASPHALTICK, adj. bitumineux. ASPHALTOS, s. asphalte, m. [piration. ASPIRATE, v. a. aspirer, prononcer avec as-ASPIRATION, s. aspiration, f. desir ardent. ASPIRE, v. n. souffler, aspirer à, désirer. Asquint. adv. de travers, de côte. Ass, s. âne, m. An ass's colt, un ânon. Assail, v. a. assaillir, attaquer. Assailable, adj. qui peut être attaqué. ASSAILANT, or ASSAILER, s. assailant, m. ag-Assart, v.a. essarter, arracher. [gresseur, m. ASSASSIN, ASSASSINATOR, s. assassin, m. ASSASSINATE, & ASSASSINATION, s. assassi-ASSASSINATE, v. a. assassiner. Assault, s. assault, m. attaque, f. Assault, v. a. assaillir, donner assaut. Assaulter, s. assailant, m. aggresseur, m. Assay, s. essai, m. epreuve, f. examen, m. Assay, v. a. essayer, éprouver, gouter. Assayer, v. a. essayeur, m. (officier de la [monnoie.) Assecution, s. acquisition, f. Assemblage, s. assemblage, m. combinai-Convoquer. Assemble, v. a. and n. assembler, amasser, Assembly, s. assemblée, f. concours de peuple, m. faveu, m. Assent, s. consentement, m. approbation, f. Assent, v. n. approuver, consentir. ASSENTATION, s.flatterie, f.condescendance, f. Assentment, s. consentement, m. Assert, v. a. affirmer, soutenir, dire, main-Assertion, s. assertion, f. affirmation, f. Assertive, adj. affirmatif, dogmatique. Assertion, s. défenseur, m. protecteur, m. Assess, v. a. cotiser, régler, taxer. Assessment, s. taxe, f. cotisation, f. Assesson, s. cotiseur, assesseur, m Assets, s. pl. biens suffisans laissées par un testateur pour payer ses dettes et ses legs. Assever, and Asseverate, v. a. affirmer, protester

Asseveration, s. affirmation, protestation. f. ASS-HEAD, s. un esprit lourd, un franc ig-Assiduité, f. diligence, f. soin.m Assiduous, adj. assidu, diligent. Assiduously, adv. assiduement, constam-Assiento, assiente, s. marché d'esclaves, m. Assign, v. d. assigner, désigner, nommer. substituer, résilier, montrer. Assignable, adj. qu'on peut assigner. Assignation, s. rendez-vous, m. transport, m. Assignee, s. ayant-cause, m. agent, m. substitut, m. Assigner,s. celui qui assigne, commettant,m. Assignment, s. assignation, f. destination, f. Assimilable, adj. qui peut être comparé. ASSIMILATE, v. a. assimiler, comparer, Assimilation, s. assimilation, resemblance, f. Assimulate, r. a. simuler, assimiler. Assimulation, s. simulation, f. faux-semblant, m. Assist, v. a. and n. assister, aider, être pré-Assistance, s. assistance, f. aide, f. secours, Assistant, s. & adj. assistant, m. aide. [m. Assize, s. assises, f. Cour de justice, f. réglement, m. mesure, f. taux, m.
Assize, r. a. régler, fixer, taxer. [sures. Assizer, s. celui qui règle les poids et me-Associate, v. a. associer, mettre en societé. Associate, s. & adj. associe, m. compagnon, m. Association, s. association, f. societé, f. ligue, Assoit, v. a. absoudre, décharger. Assonance, s. resemblance de son. As soon As, adv. aussitôt-que, dès que. Assort, v. a. assortir, ranger par classes Assor, v. a. assoier, infatuer. Assuage, v. a. adoucir, appaiser. Assuasive, adj. touchant, adoucissant, doux. Assume, v. a. prendre, s'arroger, s'attribuer, supposer, s'en faire accroire, s'approprier. Assumer, s. arrogant, m. glorieux. Assuming, adj. arrogant, hautain. Assumption, s. supposition, f. assomption, f. Assumptive, adj. qui peut être attribué. Assurance, s. assurance, f. caution, f. har-Assure, v. a. assurer, promettre. [diesse, f. Assuredly, adv. assurément, certainement. Assurer, s. assurer, m. repondant. Assuage, v. a. & n. adoucir, calmer, s'adou-Assuagement, s. adoucissement, m. Assuager, s. pacificateur, m. ASTERISK, s. astérisque, m. (marque en forme d'étoile.) ASTERISM, s. astérisme, m. constellation, f. ASTERN, adv. par derrière; en poupe. ASTERT, v. a. effrayer, faire peur. Asthma, s. asthme, m. [matique. Asthmatical, and Asthmatick, adj. asth-[matique. ASTONISH, v. a. étonner, surprendre. ASTONISHMENT, s. étonnement, m. surprise, f. ASTOUND, v. a. consterner, épouvanter. A-STRADDLE, adv. à califourchons. ASTRAGAL, s. astragale, f. fusée, f. ASTRAL, adj. astral, étoile, brillant. ASTRAY, adv. hors du droit chemin. To go astray, s'égarer. To lead astray, égarer, détourner. ASTRICT, v. a. resserrer, bander, contracter ASTRICTION, s. resserrement, m ASTRICTIVE, adj. astringent, qui resserre. ASTRIDE, adv. les jambes ouvertes. ASTRINGE, v. a. serrer, resserrer, contracter ASTRINGENCY, s. qualité astringente. ASTRINGENT. adj. astringent, qui resserre.

tége, m.

sager.

Augurial, adj. augural.

Augurous, adj. qui présage.

To dance attendance, faire le pied

ASTROLABE, s. astrolabe, m. ASTROLOGER, s. nn astrologue. ASTROLOGICAL, adj. astrologique. ASTROLOGICALLY, adv. astrologiquement. ASTROLOGIZE, v. n. exercer l'astrologie. ASTROLOGY, s. astrologie, f ASTRONOMER, s. un astronome. ASTRONOMICAL, adj. astronomique. [astres. ASTRONOMY, s. astronomie, f. la science des Asunder, adv. séparement, à part. As WELL As, adv. aussi bien que, autant que. Asylum, s. asile, m. refuge, m.

At, prep. à, en, du, de la, à la, chez, par.

At a stand, at a loss, en peinc, en défaut. At odds, en querelle, en dispute. at length, enfin, à la fin. At first, d'abord, tout à coup. At once, tout d'un coup. At all, du tout, par tout. To be hard at it, s'y livrer entièrement. sions. ATARAXY, s. ataraxie, f. le calme des pas-ATCHIEVE, v. a. exécuter, faire. ATCHIEVEMENT, s. exploit, m. armoiries, ATHEISM, s. athéisme, m. impiété. ATHEIST, s. athée, m. qui nie la divinité. ATHEISTICAL, adj. athée, impie. ATHEISTICALLY, adv. en athèe. ATHEROMA, s. athérome, m. espèce d'abcès. ATHEROMATOUS, adj. athéromateux. ATHIRST, adv. à sec, altéré. ATHLETA, s. athlète, m. champion, m. ATHLETICK, adj. d'athlète, robuste, fort. ATHWART, adv. & prep. de travers, à travers, ATILT, adv. en lutteur, en combattant. [sur. ATLANTICK, adv. Atlantique. [graphiques.f. ATLAS, s. atlas, m. collection de cartes géo-ATMOSPHERE, s. atmosphere, m. ATMOSPHERICAL, adj. de l'atmosphère. ATOM, s. atôme, m. corpuscle indivisible. ATOMICAL, adj. composé d'atômes. ATONE, v. a. expier, reconcilier, réparer; v. n. s'accorder. ATONEMENT, s. expiation, f. accord, m. ATOP, adv. au sommet, au haut. [lique. ATRABILARIOUS, adj. attrabilaire, mélanco-ATRAMENTAL, adj. d'encre, noir. ATROCIOUS, adj. atroce, enorme. ATROCIOUSLY, adv. d'une manière atroce. ATROCIOUSNESS, and ATROCITY, s. atroci ATROPHY, s. manque de nonrriture, m. [té, f. ATTACH, v. a. arrêter, attacher, gagner. ATTACHMENT, s. saisie, f. attachement, m. ATTACK, v. a. attaquer, assaillir. [affection, f. ATTACK, s. attaque, f. assaut, m.
ATTAIN, r. a. atteindre, obtenir, acquerir.
ATTAINABLE, adj. ce qu'on peut obtenir.
ATTAINDER, s. bil de proscription. [mer. ATTAINMENT, s. acquisition, f. ATTAINT, v. a. convaincre, corrompre, diffa-ATTAINT, s. tache, f. reproche. Upper Attaint, neri ferrure, f. ATTAINTURE, s. reproche, m. imputation, f. ATTEMPER, v. a. adoucir, tempérer. ATTEMPERATE, v. a. tempérer, adoucir. ATTEMPT, v. a. entreprendre, essayer, tâcher, attenter. ATTEMPT, s. entreprise, f. essai, m. tentative, ATTEMPTABLE, adj. exposé à des entreprises. ATTEMPTER, s. qui entreprend, tente, essaie. ATTEND, v. a. servir, prendre soin, suivre, accompagner, attendre; v. n. écouter, considerer, différer. ATTENDANCE, s. service, m. secours, m. soin, m attention f. assiduité f. train, rs cor-

de grue. ATTENDANT, s. serviteur, m. suite, f. cortège. ATTENDER, s. compagnon, m. associé, m. ATTENT, adj. attentif, attaché, appliqué. ATTENTION, s. attention, f. soin, m. reflex-ATTENTIVE, adj. attentif, appliqué, soigneux. ATTENTIVELY, adv. attentivement. ATTENTIVENESS, s. attention; soin. ATTENUANT, adj. atténuant, diminuant. ATTENUATE, v. a. atténuer, diminuer. ATTENUATION, s. attenuation, f. ATTEST, v. a. attester, témoigner, certifier. ATTESTATION, s. attestation, f. témoignage, m. ATTICISM, s. atticisme, m. finesse de goût, f. Аттіск, adj. attique, délicat. ATTIRE, v. a. parer, ajuster, orner. [pl. m. ATTIRE, s. parure, f. ornement, m. atours, ATTIRES, s. pl. ramures du bois des cerfs, &c. ATTITUDE, s. attitude, f. posture, f. [f. pl. ATTORNEY, s. procureur, m. A letter of attorney, procuration, m. ATTORNEY, v. a. faire par procuration. ATTRACT, v. a. attirer, tirer à soi, gagner. ATTRACT, s. attraits, pl. m. amorce, f. ATTRACTICAL, adj. attractif. ATTRACTION, s. attraction, f. egeant. ATTRACTIVE, edj. attractif, attrayant, enga-ATTRACTIVE, s. attrait, m. charme, m. amorce, f. ATTRACTIVELY, adv. par attraction. ATTRACTOR, attrahent, s. agent qui attire, m. ATTRIBUTE, v. a. attribuer, imputer. ATTRIBUTE, s. attribut, m. qualité, ATTRIBUTION, s. attribution, f. privilege, m. ATTRITE, adj. use par le frottement. ATTRITION, s. l'action d'user en frottant, at-ATTUNE, v. a. accorder. [trition, f. ATWEEN, ATWILT entre deux. AUBURNE, s. brun obscur. Auction, s. enchère, f. encan, m. Auction, v. a. vendre à l'enchère. AUCTIONEER, s. crieur d'encan, m. AUDACIOUS, adv. audacieux, téméraire. AUDACIOUSLY, adv. audacieusement, impudemment. AUDACIOUSNESS, s. audace, f. impudence, f. AUDACITY, s. audace, f. hardiesse, f. temé AUDIBLE, adj. qu'on peut entendre. [rité, f. AUDIBLY, adv. de manière à être entendu. AUDIENCE, s. audience, f. auditoire, m. AUDIT, s. déposition, f. audition, f. AUDIT, v. a. our, examiner des comptes. AUDITION, s. audition, f. (de compte.) AUDITOR, s. auditeur, m. qui écoute. AUDITORY, s. auditoire, m. AUF, s. sot, m. fou, m. benet, m. AUGER, s. tarrière, f. vilebrequin, m. AUGHT, pron. quelque chose, aucune chose. AUGMENT, v. a. augmenter; v. n. s'augmenter. AUGMENT, and AUGMENTATION, s. augmentation, f. accroissement, m. Augure, M. devin, m. devin, m. AUGUR, and AUGURATE, v. a. angurer, pre-

AUGURATION, s. divination, f. presage, m.

AUGURISE, v. a. faire le métier d'augur.

Augury, s. augure, m. présage, m. August, adj. auguste, respectable, sacré.

August, s. août, m. le mois d'août.

[augure, m.

AUGUSTNESS. s. dignité, f. majesté, f. AULICK, adj. aulique, souverain. AULN, s. aune, f. (arbre.) AUNCEL-WEIGHT, s. sorte de Romaine. AUNT, s. unc tante. AURICLE, s. la partie extérieure de l'oreille, et les oreillettes du cœur. AURICULA, s. auricule, f. oreille d'ours, f. AURICULAR, adj. auriculaire. AURICULARLY, adv. à l'orcille, secrètement. AURIFEROUS, adj. qui produit de l'or. AURORA, s. aurore, f. le point du jour. AUSPICE, s. auspice, m. protection, f. Auspicious, adj. favorable, heureux. AUSPICIOUSLY, adv. sous d'heureux auspices. Auspiciousness, s. bonheur, m. prospérité, f. Austere, adv. austere, sevère, âpre au gout. Austereness, s. austérité, f. rigueur, f. Austerity, s. austérité, f. rigueur, f. dure-AUSTIN-FRIAR, s. Augustin. AUSTRAL, adj. austral, méridional. [té, f. AUSTRALIZE, v. n. tendre au sud. Itique. AUTHENTICAL, AUTHENTICK, adj. authen-AUTHENTICALLY, adv. authentiquement. AUTHENTICITY, s. authenticité, f. AUTHOR, s. auteur, m. inventeur, m. cause, f. AUTHORITATIVE, adj. autorise. AUTHORITATIVELY, adv. par autorité. AUTHORITY, s. autorité, f. crédit, m. témoignage, m. AUTHORIZATION, s. autorisation, f. [tifier. AUTHORIZE, v. a. autoriser, approuver, ra-AUTOGRAPHICAL, adj. autographe. AUTOGRAPHY, s. autographe, m. original, m. AUTOMATICAL, adj. machinal, d'automate. AUTOMATON, s. automate, m. machine, m. Automatous, adj. qui se meut de soi-même. Autorsy, s. le témoinage de ses propres AUTOPTICAL, adj. qu'on voit de ses propres AUTOPTICALLY, adv. par ses propres yeux. AUTUMN, s. automme, f. (m. in poetry.) AUTUMNAL, adj. automnal, d'automme. AUXILIAR, AUXILIARY, adj. and s. confedere, auxiliaire. AUXILIARIES, s. pl. troupes auxiliaires, AVAIL, v. a. servir, aider; v. n. être utile. AVAIL, s. profit, m, avantage, m. utilité, f. AVAILABLE, adj. utile, profitable, avanta-AVAILABLENESS, s. utilité, f. efficace, f. AVAILMENT, s. avantage, effet. AVALE, v. n. s'abaisser, tomber. AVANT-GUARD, s. avant-garde, f. AVANT-MURE, s. avant-mur, m. AVANT-PEACH, s. pêche precoce, f. AVARICE, s. avarice, / AVARICIOUS, adj. avaricieux, avare. AVARICIOUSLY, adv. avec avariee. AVARICIOUSNESS, s. avarice, f. [rine.) AVAST, adv. cessez, c'est assez, (terme de ma-AVAUNT, interj. fi, sortez d'ici, retirez-vous. AVEL, AVULSE, v. a. arracher. AVE-MARY, s. un Avé-Maria. AVENAGE, s. eens, m. or rente d'avoiue. AVENGE, v. a. venger, punir. AVENGEANCE, or AVENGEMENT, s. vengeance, f. punition, f. AVENGER, s. vengeur, m. AVENOR, s. controleur des écuries du roi, m. AVENUE, s. avenue, f. passage, m. AVER, v. a. avérer, vérifier, certifier. AVERAGE, s. égalité, f. généralité, f. calcul, m. corvée, f. avarie, f. répartition égale.

AVERMENT, s. vérification, f. preuve, f. AVERRUNCATE, v. a. deraciner. [degoût, m. AVERSATION, s. aversion, f. répugnance, f. AVERSE, adj. qui a de l'aversion, contraire. AVERSELY, adv. avec repugnance. [goût, m. AVERSENESS, AVERSION, s. aversion, f. dé-AVERT, v. a. détourner, éloigner. AVERY, s. grenier, m. où l'on tient l'avoine. AVIARY, s. une volière, grande cage. AVIDITY, s. avidité, f. empressement, m. AVIZE, v. a. aviser, conseiller. AVOCATE. v. a. détourner, dissuader. AVOCATION, s. distraction, f. diversion, f. AVOCATORIA, s. lettres avocatoires, f. pl. Avoib, v. a. fuir, éviter, échapper, vider. Avoidable, adj. qu'on peut éviter. Avoidance, s. fuite, f. evacuation, f. Avoider, s. la personne qui évite, qui Avoidies, adj. inevitable. féchappe. AVOIR-DU-POIS, s. un poids à 16 onces la livre. AVOLATION, s. l'action de s'envoler, fuite, f. Avouch, v. a. déclarer, soutenir. Avouch, s. preuve, f. témoignage, m. Avouchable, adj. probable, soutenable. Avoucher, s. celui qui prouve un fait. Avowable, adj. qui peut être avoue. AvowaL, s. aveu, m. déclaration, f. Avowedly, adj. ouvertement, sans mystère. Avower, s. patron, m. avoue, m. Avower, s. eelui qui avoue, qui affirme. Avowey, s. défense, f. justification, f. Avowsal, s. aveu, f. confession, f. Avulsion, s. l'action d'arracher. AWAIT, v. a. attendre. épier, guetter. AWAIT, s. embuche, f. guet-à-pens, m. AWAKE, v. a. & n. éveiller, s'éveiller, exciter. AWAKE, adj. éveillé, sensible. AWARD, v. a. adjuger, juger, parer. AWARE, adj. précautionné, attentif. AWARE, v. a. se précautionner, prendre garde. AWARE, prenez garde, gare. AWAY, interj. hors d'ici, allez. this! emportez ceci! Away with AWAY, adv. absent, dehors. To go away, s'en aller, s'absenter. To run away, s'en To drive away, chasser. away, emporter, desservir, ôter. To steal away, se dérober. Awe, s. crainte, f. frayeur respectueuse. Awe, v. a. imprimer du respect. AWFUL, adj. terrible, respectable, imposant. AWFULLY, adv. respectueusement. AWFULNESS, s. respect, m. solemnité, f. AWHILE, adv. pendant quelque temps. AWKWARD, adj. mal-adroit, gauche. AWKWARDLY, adr. de mauvaise grace. AWKWARDNESS, s. manque d'addresse, m. Awl, s. alène, f. [grossièreté, f. Aweless, adj. qui n'a point de respect. Awn, s. cosse, f. barbe, f. AWNING, s. voile pour se garantir du soleil. AWORK, AWORKING, adv. au travail. AWRY, adj. oblique, de travers, mal fait. AWRY, adv. obliquement, de travers. Axe, s. hache, f. A battle-axe or pole-axe, hache d'armes, f. Bec-de-corbin, m. A broad-axe or chip-axe, une doloire. A butcher's axe, un maillet. A pick-axe, une [fève de loup, f. bésaigue. AXE-VETCH OF AXE-WORTH, s. grave or AxILLA, s. aiselle, f. AXILLAR and AXILLARY, adj. axillaire.

Axiom, s. axiome, m. maxime, f. vérité, f.
Axis, Axle and Axle-free, s. axe, m.
Axle-fin, s. l'esse d'une roue, m.
Ay, adv. oui. Ay marry, oui dà. [suis!
Aye, interj. ahi. Ay me, malheureux que je
Aye, adv. à jamais, pour toujours.
Azimous, adj. s. ilevain.
Azimuth, s. azi. nt, m.; adj. azimutal.
Azure, adj. azure, bleu céleste.
Azure-stone, s. lapis lazuli, m.
Azyma, s. la fete des azymes.

В.

BAA, s. bêlement, m.; v. n. bêler. BABBLE, v. n. babiller, caqueter, jaser. BABBLE, s. babil, m. caquet, m. verbiage, m. BARBLER, s. babillard, babillarde. [derie, f. BABBLING, s. babil, m. caquet, m. bavar-BABE, s. bambin, m. poupon, m. BABERY, s. babiole, f. jouets, (d'enfans) m. pl. Banish, adj. enfantin, puérile. BABOON, s. babouin, m. magot, m. BABY, s. bambin, m. petit enfant, poupée, f. BACCHANALIAN, s. débauché, m. ivrogne, m. BACCHANALS, s. pl. bacchanales, f BACHELOR, s. bachelier, m. garçon, m. BACHELORSHIP, s. baccalauréat, m. célibat, BACK, s. le dos, les reins, m. pl. les lombes, m. pl. l'échine, f. le derrière, m. Back of a knife, le dos d'un couteau. Back of a coach, le derrière d'un carosse. Back of a chair, le dossicr d'une chaise. Back of a chimney, la plaque de feu d'une cheminée. Back of the hand, le revers de la main. BACK, adv. en arrière, derechef. BACK, v. a. monter (un cheval) appuyer. BACK-BITE, v. a. medire de quelqu'un. BACK-BITER, s.medisant, m. calomniateur, m. BACK-BASKET, s. hotte, f. BACK-BLOW, s. coup de revers, m. BACK-BONE, s. l'épine du dos, le rable. BACK-CLOUTS, s. brayes, f. BACK-DOOR, s. porte de derrière, f. pôterne, f. BACKGAMMON, s. toutes tables. BACK-PIECE, s. la cuirasse qui couvre le dos. BACK-ROOM, s. chambre de derrière, f. BACK-SHOP, s. arrière-boutique, f. BACK-SIDE, s. le derrière, le revers. BACK-SLIDE, v. a. reculer, biaiser, tergiver-BACK-SLIDER, s. qui biaise, qui tergiverse. BACK-SLIDING, s. tergiversation, f. BACK-STAIRS, s. escalier dérobé, m. BACK-STAYS, s. les étais des mâts de navire, BACK-SWORD, s. estramaçon, m. escadon, m. BACKWARD, adj. lent, negligent, tardif. BACKWARD, adv. par derrière, à reculons. BACKWARDLY, adv. malgré soi. BACKWARDNESS, s. lenteur, f. répugnance, f. BACK-YARD, s. arrière-cour, f. BACON, s. lard, m. porc salé. BAD, adj. mauvais, mechant, vicieux. To be bud, êire malade, se porter mal. BADGE, s. marque, f. signe, m. caractère, m. BADGER, s. blaireau, m. taisson, m. BADLY, adv. mal, à peine, avec peine. BADINAGE, s. badinage, m. badinerie, f. BADNESS, s. méchanceté, f. vice, m. BAFFLE, v. a. amuser, déconcerter, détruire. BAPPLE, s. amusement, m. tromperie, f. BAFFLER, s. trompeur, m. fourbe, m. BAG, s. sac, m. bourse, f. poche. Bag and haggage, baggage, m. A black-bag, une coiffe

de fomme. A cloak-bag, un valise, port-

manteau, m. A hawking-bag, une gibeeière. A leather bag, une poche de cuir, une bouguette. A sweet-bag, un sachet. A tinker's bag, une drouine. BAG, v. a. mettre en sac; v. n. être enfle. BAGGAGE, s. bagage, m. une garce. BAGNIO, s. un bain, une étuve. BAGPIPE, s. musette, f. cornemuse, f. BAG-PIPER, s. joueur de musette, m. BAIL, v. n. cautionner, être répondant. Bail, s. caution; f. cautionnement, m.
Bailable, adj. recevable à caution.
Bailiff, s. bailli, m. sergent, m. receveur, m. BAILIWICK, s. baillage, m. Bait, v. a. amorcer, attirer, inciter, harce-ler; v. n. refraîchir en voyage. BAITING, BAIT, s. amorce, f. appas, m. A baiting place, s. cabaret, m. hôtellerie, f. A bull-baiting, un combat de taureaux. BAIZE, s. revèclie, f. sorte de flanelle. BAKE, v. a. chausser or cuire au sour. BAKE-HOUSE, s. boulangerie, f. BAKER, s. un boulanger, m. [hors. BAKER-LEGGED, adj. qui a les jambes en de-BAKING, s. cuisson, f. fournée, f. Baking-Pan, une tourtière.
Balance, s. balance, f. balancement, m. contre-poids, m. solde (d'un compte.) A balance-wheel, une roue de recontre. BALANCE, v. a. peser, balancer, examiner, régler, solder (un compte.) Balass-Ruby, rubis balais. BALBUCINATE, v. n. balbutier. BALCONY, s. balcon, m. perron, m. BALD, adj. chauve, pelé, usé, sot, fade. BALDERDASH, s. mélange, m. galimathias, m. BALDERDASH, v. a. mélanger, frelater. BALDLY, adv. nuement, plattement. BALDNESS, s. l'état d'être chauve, m. BALDRICK, s. un baudrier, ceinture, f. BALE, s. balle, f. paquet, misére, f. malheur. BALE, v. n. emballer, vuider l'eau. BALEFUL, adj. malheureux, funeste, triste. BALK, s. poutre, f. elévation de terre, contretemps, m. revers, m. préjudice, m. BALK, v. a. manquer, passer, tromper. BALL, s. balle, f. boule, f. bal, m. BALLAD, s. vandeville, m. balade, f. BALLAD, v. n. chanter des vandevilles. BALLAST, s. lest, m.; v. a. lester. BALLET, s. ballet, m. danse figurée. BALLOON, s. boule, m. globe, m. ballon, m. BALLOT, s. ballotte, f.; v. n. balloter. BALM, s. baume, m. menthe, f. BALM-APPLE, s. pomme de merveilles, f. BALM-GENTLE, s. (a plant) melisse, f. BALM, v. a. embaumer, adoucir. Balmy, adj. balsamique, odoriferant. BALNEARY, s. bain, m. etuve, f. BALNEATION, s. bain, m. usage du bain, m. BALNEATORY, adj. qui a rapport au tain. Balsam, s. baume, m. onguent, m.
Balsamick, adj. balsamique, de baume.
Baluster, s. balustre, petit pillier, m. BALUSTRADE, s. balustrade, f. BAM, s. fourberie; v. a. tromper. BAMBOOZLE, v. a. tromper, fourber BAN, s. ban, m. publication, f. interdiction. BAND, s. bande, f. bandage, m. attache, f. lien, m. collet, m. rabat, troupe, f. A head-band, un bandeau, serre-tête, m. A hat band, un cordon de chapeau. A swathing

band, langes. Train-bands, milice bour-BANDAGE, s. bandage, m. bandeau, m. $B_{AND-BOX}$, s. boite de carton, f. BANDITTI, s. bandit, m. proscrit, m. Bandog, s. mâtin, m. gros chien, dogue, m. BANDOLEER, s. bandoulière, f. BANDY, s. crosse, f; adj. tortu. BANDY, v. a. bander, se liguer, débattre Bane, s. poison, m. mort, f. peste, f. Rat's-bane, mort aux rats. Wolf's-bane, aconit, réalgal, m. arsénic, m. BANE, v. a. empoisonner. [meux. BANEFUL, adj. empoisonne, mortel, veni-BANEFULNESS, s. empoisonnement, m. BANEWORT, s. morelle, f. BANG, s. coup, m.; v. a. battre, etriller, rosser. BANGLING-EARS, oreilles pendantes. Banish, v. a. bannir, exiler, chasser. BANISHER, s. celui qui bannit. Banishment, s. banissement, m. exil, m. BANK, s. hauteur, f. élevation de terre, f. rive, f. rivage, m. bord, m. banc de sable, m. banc, m. etabli, m. banque, f. BANK, v. a. élever une digue. BANK-BILL, s. billet de banque, m. BANKRUPTCY, s. banqueroute, f. faillite, f. BANKRUPT, s. & adj. un banqueroutier, m. BANKRUPT, v. n. faire banqueroute BANNER, s. bannière, f. étendard, m. drapeau, m. BANNERET, s. banneret, m. chevalier, m. BANNIAN, s. robe de chambre, f. BANNOCK, s. gâteau d'avoine. BANQUET, s. banquet, m. festin, m. BANQUET, v. n. faire bonne chère. Banquetting-house, s. salle de festin, f. Banter, s. raillerie, f. plaisanterie, f. ridi-Banter, v. α . railler, plaisanter. [cule, m. BANTERER, s. railleur, m. plaisant, m. BANTLING, s. petit enfant. BAPTISM, s. baptême, m. BAPTISMAL, adj. baptismal. BAPTIST, adj. baptiste, celui qui baptise. BAPTISTERY, s. baptistère, m. les fonts, m. pl. BAPTIZE, v. a. baptiser. BAR, s. barre, f. barreau, m. levier, m. barrière, f. obstacle, m. exception, f. BAR, (in a shoe) tranchefile de soulier. BAR, (of lace) bride de dentelle, BAR, v. a. barrer, exclure, interdire. BARB, s. barde, f. armure de cheval, pointe recourbée, cheval barbe, m. BARB, v. n. faire la barbe, raser, barder. BARBACAN, s. barbacane, f. échauguette, f. BARBARIAN, s. barbare, m. sauvage, m. BARBARISM, s. barbarisme, m. grossièreté, f. BARBARITY, s. cruauté, f. barbarie, f. BARBAROUS, adj. barbare, sauvage, cruel. BARBAROUSLY, adv. barbarement. BARBAROUSNESS, s. cruauté, f. barbarie, f. BARBED, part. adj. rasé, bardé, barbelé. BARBEL, s. barbeau, m. (poisson.) BARBER, s. barbier, m. [vinette, m. BARRERRIES, s. pl. fruit rouge de l'épine-BARBLES, s. (a horse's disease) barbes, f. BARBLES, s. (a horse's disease) barbes, f. BARD, ... barde, m. poëte, m. BARE, edj. nu, découvert, ras, pelé, simple, seul, 11sé, pauvre, destitué. BARE, s. a. découvrir, dépouiller, priver. BARE-HONE, s. décharné. BARE-F'ACED, adj. sans masque, effronté.

Bare-facedness, s. effronterie, f. Bare-footen, adj. qui a les pieds nuds. Bare-headen, adj. qui a la tête nue. Bare-leggen, adj. qui a les jambes nues. BARELY, adv. nuement, simplement, seulement, pauvrement, à peine. BARENESS, s. nudité, f. pa reté, f. misère, f. BARGAIN, s. marché, m. ccord, m. BARGAIN, v. n. marchander, faire marché, BABGAINEE, s. celni qui accepte un marché. BARGAINER, s. celui qui offre un marché. BARGAIN-MAKER, s. feseur de marches, m. BARGER or BARGEMAN, s. le battelier. BARGE-MASTER, s. inspecteur des mines, m. BARGE-MOTE, s. cour des mines, f. BARK, s. écorce, f. quinquina, m. barque, f. BARK, v. n. aboyer, japper, glapir, crier contre; v. a. ôter l'écorce. BARKER, s. qui aboye, qui ôte l'écorce. BARKING, s. aboiement, m. invective, BARLEY, s. orge, f. Barley-broth, bière forte, Barley-sugar, sucre d'orge. Barley-water, eau d'orge, f. tisane, f. Barley-mow, un tas d'orge. BARM, s. levain, m. lévure, f. BARNY, adj. où il y a du levain. BARN, s. grange, f. grenier, m. The barn-foor, l'air d'une grange, m. pallier, m. BARNACLE, s. moraille, f. macreuse, f. es-BAROMETER, s. baromètre, m. [pèce d'oie. BAROMETRICAL, adj. éprouvé par le baro-BARON, s. baron, m. jnge, m. [ron. BARONAGE, s. baronie, f. dignité d'un ba-BARONESS, s. baronne, j BARONET, s. baronet, m. BARONY, s. baronie, f. BARRACAN, s. bouracan, m. BARRACK, s. baraque, f. caserne, f. BARRATOR, 's. chicaneus, m. plaideur, m. BARRATRY, s. chicane, f. fraude, f. [let. BARREL, s.barril, m. canon, fût, fusée, baril-BARREL, v. a. mettre en barril, entonner. BARRENLY, adv. sterilement, infructueuse-BARRICADE, s. stérilité, f. [der. BARRICADE, s. barricade, f.; v. a. barrica-BARRIER, s. barrière, f. barricade, f. BARRIERS, s. pl. barres, f. sorte de jeu de BARRISTER, s. avocat, m. [course. BARROW, s. verrat, m. porc châtre, m. voi-ture, à bras or à la main. A hand-barrow, une civière. A wheel-barrow, une brouette. BARTER, v. a. troquer, échanger. BARTER, BARTERY, s. troc, m. échange, m. BARTERER, s. troqueur, m. BARTON, s. manoir, m. poulailler. BASE, adj. bas, vil, deshonnête, infame, Base, s. base, f. fondement, m. soubassement, m. basse, f. la basse contre. BASELY, adv. bassement, honteusement. BASENESS, s. bassesse, f. le bas. Bash, v. n. rougir, avoir honte. Bashaw, s. un bacha, un despote. BASHFUL, adj. honteux, modeste. BASHFULLY, adv. modestement, avec timi-BASHFULNESS, s. honte, f. pudeur, f. modes-BASIL, s. basilic, m. (plante.) BASILIC, s. basilique, f. magnifique église. BASILICA, s. la veine basilique. BASILISK, s. basilic, m. serpent or gros canon. BARE-I ACEDLY, adv. à découvert, sans honte. BASIN, s. bassin, m. réservoir, m. baie, f.

Basis, s. base, f. fondement, m. soutien, m. BASK, v. a. chauffer; v.a. se chauffer au soleil.

BASKET, s. un panier, une corbeille. Little basket, un corbillon. [lief, m. Bass-Relief or Basso-Relievo, s. bas-re-

Basson, Bassoon, s. basson, m. Bastard, s. bâtard, m.; adj. bâtard, faux. BASTARD, BASTARDIZE, v. a. convaincre quelqu'un d'être bâtard; faire un bâtard.

BASTARDLY, adv. en bâtard, faussement.

BASTARDY, s. bâtardise, f.

BASTE, s. cordes or nattes de tilleul, f. BASTE, v. a. bastonner, arroser, faufiler.

BASTINADO, s. bastonnade, f.

BASTINADE, v. a. bastonner, donner des coups de bâton.

BASTION, s. bastion, m. boulevard, m.

BAT, s. crosse, f. massue, f. chauve-souris, f. Brick-bat, éclat de brique. Whirl-bat, ceste. BAT-FOWLING, s. chasse pendant la nuit, f. BATABLE, adj. disputable, limitrophes. BATE, s. fournée, trempe, qualité. BATE, s. débat, m. dispute, f. querelle, f.

BATE, r. a. rabattre, diminuer, baisser.

BATH, s. bain, m. lieu où l'on se baigne. BATHE, v. a. & n. se baigner, bassiner, étu-A bathing-place, un bain. A bathingtub, un baignoire or un bain.

BATING, s. rabais, m.; prep. hormis, excepté. BATLET, s. battoir (pour battre la lessive) m.

BATOON, s. bâton, m. tricot, m. BATTAILED, adj. orné de créneaux, crenelé. Battallous, adj. guerrier, militaire. Battalla, s. bataille, f. ordre de bataille, m.

BATTALION, s. bataillon, m. corps d'infante-

BATTEN, v. a. and n. engraisser, fertiliser,

s'engraisser, se veautrer, s'étendre. BATTER, v. a. battre, frapper, écraser. BATTERY, s. bataille, f. combat, m. batterie, f. BATTLE, s. bataille, f. combat, m. [ter, f. BATTLE, v. n. combattre. batailler, contes-

BATTLE-ARRAY, s. ordre de bataille, m. BATTLE-AXE, s. hache d'armes, f. BATTLEDORE, s. battoir, m. palette, f.

BATTLEMENT, s. eréneau, m. BAVIN, s. espèce de fagot de menu bois.

BAWBLE, s. babiole, f. jouet d'enfant, m. BAWBLING, adj. de nulle valeur. BAWD, s. un maquereau, une maquerelle.

BAWD, v. n. faire le métier de maquereau. BAWDILY, adv. d'une manière obscène. BAWDINESS, s. obscenité, f. impudicité, f.

BAWDRICK, s. ceinturon, m. baudrier, m. BAWDRY, s. maquerellage, m. ſnėte.

BAWDY, adj. obseene, impudique, deshon-BAWDY, s. obscenité, f. saleté, f. [bauche. BAWDY-HOUSE, s. bordel, m. lieu de dé-BAWL, v. st. crier, criailler, clabauder. BAWLER, s. eriard, m. clabaudeur, m.

BAWLING, s. criaillerie, f. clabauderie, f. BAWREL, s. espèce de faucon. [cris, m.

BAWSIN, s. blaireau, m. taisson, m. BAY, s. baie, f. rade, f. travee, f. bonde, f. abois, m. laurier, m.

BAY, adj. bai, d'un poil rouge brun. BAY, v. n. biler, aboyer, environner.

sel gris, m. sel de mer. BAY-SALT, BAY-WINDO N, s. fenêtre cintrée or ronde. BAYARD, s. un cheval bai, un balzan.

BAYING, s. bêlement, m. aboiement, m.

BEY D. A. etre, exister, devoir. Be at, pré- BEATER, s. pilon. m. rabot, m. hie, f.

tendre à, aller à. Be in, être dans, être attrappé. Be well, se bien porter. Be out with one, être brouille avec quelqu'un. Be out, se tromper, n'y être pas. Be better, valoir mieux, se porter mieux; to be cold, hot, hungry, &c. avoir froid, chaud, faim, &c. There is, there be, there was, il y a, il y avoit. Here he is, le voici. BEACH, s. rivage, m.

BEACON, s. signal, m. fanal, m. [signal. BEACONAGE, s. dépense pour l'entretien d'un BEAD, s. grain, m. de cellier, de chapelet, &c.

BEADLE, s. bedeau, m. sergent, m.

Beak, s. basset, m. un homme de néant. Beak, s. bec, m. l'éperon d'un navire, pro-BEAK-FULL, s. becquée, f. BEAKED, adj. qui a un bec. montaire.

BEAKER, s. tasse, f. un gobelet, un coup. BEAL, s. apostume, f. pustule, f. bouton, m.

BEAL, v. a. apostumer, se former en apostume. BEAM, s. poutre, f. solive, rayon, m. rais, m. timen (d'un chariot,) flèche (d'un carrosse,) verge (d'une ancre,) le bois (d'un cerf,) fléau (d'une balance.)

Beam, v. n. lancer des traits de lumière.

BEAMY, adj. rayonnant, radieux. BEAN, s. féve, f. haricots, m. faséoles, f

the, f. BEAR, s. ours, m. ourse, f. BEAR's-BREECH, s. branche-ursine, f. acan-BEAR's-FOOT, See Hellebore.

BEAR's-EAR, s. oreille d'ours, f. auricule, f. BEAR-HERD, s. meneur d'ours, m.

BEAR, r. a. & n. porter, soutenir, agir, faire, produire, souffir, supporter, être, admettre, avoir; permettre; comporter; bear hard, traiter durement; bear one's self as, se comporter comme; bear one's self upon, se glorifier de; bear in hand, amuser par de vains prétextes; bear away, remporter, obtenir, prendre chasse; bear down, abattre, ren-verser, ruiner, faire baisser, s'enfoncer; bear in with the harbour, être porté d'un vent frais dans le port; bear off, obtenir par force, courir an large; bear on or upon, porter, poser sur; bear out, supporter, de-fendre, justifier, avancer, faire saillie; bear towards, naviguer vers; bear up, se tenir ferme, se seutenir; bear up, se hausser, s'élever; bear with, supporter, pardonner,

BEARD, s. barbe, fibre. Beard, r. a. braver, ébarber, tondre. BEARDED, adj. barbu, ayant barbe.

BEARDLESS, adj. sans barbe, jeune. BEARER, s. porteur, m. support, m. BEARING OUT, s. avance, f. saillie, f. Bear-

ing of a town, or sea-coast. la hauteur or situation d'une ville, d'une côte, BEARING, s. port, m. mine, f. tolerance, f

BEARWARD, s. celui qui garde les ours BEAST, s. bête, f. un stupide. un anima. BEASTLINESS, s. bestialité, f. brutalité, f. BEASTLY, adj. bestial, brutal, salo.

BEAT, v. a. & n. battre, frapper, piler, biv yer, palpiter, être agité, balancer.

BEAT AGAINST, v. a. and n. se briser contre; beat back, r. a. repousser, faire retirer; beat down, abattre, renverser; beat up, attaquer subitement; beat out, arraeher, faire sortin par force; beat about, faire des efforts, ten ter; beat upon, laneer, darder sur; insister sur; beat flat, applatir; beat in, enfoncer coigner: beat into, inculquer; beat off

BEATIFICAL, BEATIFICE, adj. béatifique. BEATIFICALLY, adv. en bien-heureux. BEATIFICATION, s. beaufication, f. BEATIFY, v. a. beatifier, rendre heureux. BEATING, s. battement, m. [cité, BEATITUDE, s. beatitude, f. bonheur, m. feli-BEAU, s. un élégant, un petit maître. BEAU-MONDE, s. le beau-monde. Beautsh, adj. pimpant, clégant. Beauteous, adj. beau, or bel, bien fait. BEAUTIFULLY, adv. d'une belle façon. BEAUTIFUL, adj. beau, bel, bien tait. BEAUTIFUL, adv. agréablement, avec grace. BEAUTIFULNESS, s. beauté, f. agrèment, m. BEAUTIFY, v. a. and n. embellir, s'embellir. BEAUTY, s. beauté, f. agrément, m. BEAUTY-SPOT, s. mouche pour le visage, f. BEAVER, s. bièvre, m. castor, m. chapeau de BECALM, v.a. calmer, mettre à l'abri du vent. [castor. BECAUSE, conj. parce que, à cause, de ce que. BECK, s. signe, m. de la main, or de la tête. BECK, BECKON, v. a. faire signe. BECOME, v. n. devenir, être fait, être digne, ctre convenable, convenir, être propre à. Becoming, adj. séant, bienséant. BECOMINGLY, adv. convenablement, propre-BECOMINGNESS, s. bienséance, f. BED, s. lit, m. couche, f. carreau, m. flasque, m. planche d'affût, cosse de legume. BED, v. a. and n. coucher, planter. BEDABBLE, v. a. tremper, mouiller. BEDAGGLE, v. a. crotter, remplir de boue. BEDASH, v. a. éclabousser, couvrir de boue. BEDAUB, v. a. barbouiller, gâter, salir. BEDAZZLE, v. a. éblouir, aveugler. BED CHAMBER, s. chambre à coucher, f. BED-CLOTHES, BEDDING, s. les couvertures [d'un lit. BED-CURTAIN, s. un rideau de lit. Bedeck, v. a. parer, orner, embellir. Bedew, v. a. arroser, couvrir de rosée. BEDFELLOW, s. compagnon de lit, m. Bedight, v. a. parer, orner, embellir. Bedim, v. a. obscurcir, rendre sombre. BEDIZEN, v. a. parer, attiffer, orner. BEDLAM, s. hôpital des fous, m. petites mai-BEDLAMITE, s. un fou, une folle. [sons. BEDLAM-LIKE, adv. en fou, en insensé. BED-POST, s. colonne de lit, f. BEDRID, adj. alité, qui garde le lit. BEDROP, v. a. tacher, arroser, mouiller. BEDSTEAD, s. bois de lit, m. BED-STRAW, or STRAW-BED, s. paillasse, f. BED-TIME, s. temps de s'aller coucher, m. Bedung, v. a. fumer, couvrir de fumier. Bedust, r. a. couvrir de poussière, épousseter. Bedwarf, r. a. empécher de croître. BEE, s. abeille, f. mouche à miel, f.

REF-GARDEN. s. rucher, m.; bee-hire, s. ruche, f. Beech, s. hêtre, m. or fouteau, m. BEEF, s. boeuf, m. chair-de-boeuf, f. steaks, des tranches de bœuf en grillade. BEEF-EATER, s. mangeur de bœuf, m. garde du roi. BEEMOL, s. bémol (terme de musique.) BEER, s. bière, f. trame (de tisserand,) m. BEET, s. poirée, f. bette blanche, f. Red beet, s. betterave, f. bette rouge. BEETLE, s. escarbot, m. battoir, bie. BEFTLE, v. n. avancer, faire saillie. Beetle-BR WED, adj. refrogné, de mauvaise humcur.

BEETLE-HEADED, adj. lourdaud.

BEET-RADISH, or BEET-RAVE, s. betterave, f BEETLE-STOCK, s. manche de battoir, m. BEEVES, s. (the plural of Beef,) bœufs, m. BEFALL, v. n. arriver, survenir, avenir. BEFIT, v. a. convenir, être propre à. BEFOAMED, adj. convenable, seant. BEFOAMED, adj. couvert d'écume. BEFOOL, v. a. infatuer, séduire, duper. BEFORE, prep. and adv. avant, avant-que, plutôt que; devant, en présence de, audessus, plusque, auparavant. BEFORE-HAND, adv. d'avance, en avance. BEFORE-TIME, adv. autrefois, jadis. Befoul, v. a. salir, gâter, souiller. BEFRIEND, v. a. favoriser, traiter en ami. BEFRINGE, r. a. orner or garnir de franges. BEG, v. a. & n. demander avec soumission, mendier, quèter, prier, supposer. BEGET, v. a. engendrer, produire, causer. BEGETTER, s. celui qui engendre, père, m. BEGGAR, s. mendiant, m. gueux, m. BEGGAR, v. a. appauvrir, réduire à la besace. BEGGARLINESS, s. mendicité, f. pauvreté. BEGGARLY, adj. pauvre, indigent, gueux. BEGGARLY, adv. pauvrement, misérablement. Beggary, s. pauvreté, f. mendicité, f. mi-Beggingly, adv. en mendiant. [sère, f. BEGIN, v. a. commencer, naître, debuter. BEGIN HOUSE-KEEPING, v. a. lever menage. BEGIN THE WORLD, v. a. entrer dans le monde. Begin Again, r. a. and n. recommencer. BEGINNER, s. premier auteur, commençant. BEGINNING, s. commencement, m. origine, f. BEGIRT, v. a. ceindre, enfermer, environner. BEGNAW, v. a. mordre, ronger, détruire. BEGONE, interj. loin d'ici, va, va-t-en. BEGOT, and BEGOTTEN, part. adj. engendre. BEGREASE, v. a. graisser, frotter de graisse. BEGRIME, v. a. noircir avec de la suie. Beguile, v. a. tromper, décevoir, duper. BEGUILER, s. trompeur, m. imposteur, m. BEHALF, s. faveur, f. consideration, f. BEHAVE, v. a. conduire, agir, se comporter. BEHAVIOUR, s. conduite, f. mœurs, f. mine, f. extérieur, m. air, m. BEHEAD, v. a. décapiter, trancher la tête. Beheld, part. adj. regardé, contemplé. BEHEST, s. ordre, m. commandement, m. BEHIND, prep. and adv. derrière, par der-Behind-hand, adv. en arrière. Behold, r. a. regarder, contempler. BEHOLD, interj. voici, voilà, tenez, voyez. BEHOLDEN, part. adj. oblige, redevable. BEHOLDER, s. spectateur, m. observateur, m. BEHOOF, s. avantage, m. utilité, f. BEHOOVE, r. n. être utile, avantageux. Being, s. être, m. existence, f. état particulier, place, f. demeure, f. BEING THAT, conj. puisque, vu que. BELABOUR, v. a. baitre, rosser, étriller. Belace, v. a. amarrer, attacher. Belaced, adj. galonné, channarré. Belaced, adj. qui est demeuré derrière. Belaced, part. adj. anuité, surpris par la nuit. Belace, v. a. lier, dresser des embuches. Belch, v. a. vomir, répandre Beich, s. rot, m. vent sorti de l'estomac. Belcher, s. qui rote, qui vomit, roteur. Beldam, s. une vieille, vieille sorcière. Beleaguer, r. a. assièger, attaquer, presser. BELL-FLOWER, or BLUE-BELL, s. campanelle, f.

BELFRY, s. beffroi, m. tour, f. clocher, m.

Belle, v. a. contrefaire, calomnier. BELIEF, s. foi, f. croyance, f. sentiment, m. BELIEVABLE, adj. croyable. BELIEVE, v. a. croire, ajouter foi à, penser. BELIEVER, s. qui croit, croyant, m. Believingly, adv. avec foi, sincèrement. BELIKE, adv. selon toutes les apparences Bell., s. cloche, f. calice d'une fleur. Aring of bells, la sonnerie. A chime of bells, un A little bell, une sonnette, une carillon. clochette. BELL-BIT, s. mors de bride fait en cloche, m. BELL-CLAPPER, s. battant de cloche, m. Bell-Pear, (gourd) poire de serteau, f. Bell-Man, s. réveil-matin, m. BELL-FOUNDER, s. fondeur de cloches, m. Bell, r. a. fleurer en forme de cloche. Bellarmin, s. grosse bouteille.
Belle, s. une belle, une élegante.
Belles-lettres, s. pl. belles lettres, f. la littérature. BELLIGERENT, adj. belligérant, en guerre. BELLIFEROUS, adj. qui cause la guerre. BELLIGERATE, v. n. faire la guerre. Bellicerous, adj. qui fait la guerre. Bellow, v. a. beugler, meugler, mugir. BELLOWING, s. beuglement, m. Bellows, s. soufflet à souffler le seu, m. Belluine, adj. bestial, brutal. Belly, s. ventre, m. panse, f. Belly-Ache, s. mal de ventre, colique, f. Belly-Band, s. ventrière de cheval, Belly of BELLY-FULL, s. rassasiement, m. a lute, la table d'un luth. fliors. Belly, v. n. devenir ventru, pousser en de-BELLY-BOUND, adj. constipé, resserré. BELLY-PINCHED, adj. affamé. Belly-Roll, s. rouleau or cylindre, m. BELLY-WORM, s. ver solitaire. Belock, v. a. fermer à la clef. [cerner. Belong, v. n. appartenir, regarder, con-Belonging, adj. appartenant, dépendant. Beloved, adj. aimé, bien-aimé, favori. Below, adv. en bas, là-bas, ci dessous. Below, prep. au dessous de. Belowt, v. a. injurier, outrager. BELSWAGGER, s. rodomont, m. fanfaron, m. Belt, s. ceinturon, m. baudrier, m. Beman, r. a. rendre fou, démenter. Bemike, v. a. embourber, crotter. Bemoan, r. a. plaindre, déplorer. Bemoaner, s. qui se plaint, affligé, m. Bencii, s. banc, m, etabli, siège. Bench, v. v. mettre sur un banc; mettre des bancs. BENCHER, s. assesseur, m. BEND, s. courbure, f. bande, f. BEND, v. a. bander, tendre, plier, courber, forcer, fermer, diriger, fixer, attacher. BEND-BACK, v. a. & n. courber, se recourber. BEND-FORWARD, v. n. s'aecroupir. BENDABLE, adj. pliable, souple. BENDER, s. celui qui bande, tendon. Bending, s. courbure, f. pli, m. Bending, odj. penchant, qui va en pente. BENDLET, s. petite bande, bandelette. BENDWITH, s. (a sort of plant) viorne, f. BENEATH, prep. sous, dessous, au dessous. BENEATH, adv. en bas, au-dessous. BENEDICTION, s. benediction, f. [veur, f. BENEFACTION, s. bienfait, m. grace, f. fa-BENEFACTOR, s. bienfaiteur, m. patron, m. BENEFICE s. benefice, m. avantage.

BENEFICE, adj. qui a un bénéfice

BENEFICENCE, s. bienfaisance, f. générosité-BENEFICENT, adj. bienfaisant, généreux. BENEFICIAL, adj. avantageux, profitable. BENEFICIALLY, adv. avantageusement. BENEFICIALNESS, s. utilité, f. profit, m. BENEFICIARY, s. bénéficier, m. adj. dépen-BENEFIT, s. bienfait, m. grace, f. faveur, f. bonté, f. profit, m. avantage, m. BENEFIT, v. a. & n. favoriser, v. n. profiter. BENET, v. a. prendre au filet, attraper. BENEVOLENCE, s. bienveillance, f. affection, BENEVOLENT, adj. bienveillant, affectionne. BENJAMIN, s. benjoin, m. lait virginal. Benight, v. a. couvrir de ténèbres. Benighted, part. adj. anuité, surpris par la Benigh, adj. bénin, doux, généreux. BENIGNITY, s. bénignité, f. douceur, BENIGNLY, adv. benignement, favorablement. BENT, part. adj. bandé, attaché. BENT, s. pli, m. penchant, m. tendance, f BENUMB, v. a. engourdir, stupefier. BENUMBINGNESS, s. engourdissement, m Benzoin, s. benjoin, m. substance résineuse. BEPAINT, v. a. peindre, colorer. BEPINCH, v. a. pincer, marquer en pinçant. BEPISS, v. a. pisser sur, tremper d'urine. BEQUEATH, v. a. leguer, laisser par testament. BERAY, v. a. embrener, souiller, salir. BEREAVE, v. a. priver, dépouiller. BERGAMOT, s. bergamote, f BERHYME, v. a. célébrer en mauvais vers. Berry, s. grain, m. graine, f. baie, f. BERRY, v. n. produire de la graine. BERTON, s. une métairie, une ferme. BESCREEN, v.a. couvrir, cacher. Beseech, v. a. prier, supplier, demander. Beseem, v. n. convenir, être bienséant. Beset, v. a. assieger, environner, obséder. BESHREW THY HEART, malheur à toi! Beside, and Besides, prep. à côté, près, auprès, au-dessus, outre, excepté; hors de; adv. d'ailleurs, de plus, en outre, d'un autre Besiege, v. a. assieger. Besieger, s. assiegeant, m. celui qui as-BESMEAR, v. a. tacner, salir, barbouiller. BESMEARER, s. un barbouilleur. [fumée.

BESMEAR, v. a. tacner, salir, barbouiller.
BESMEARER, s. un barbouiller. [fumée.
BESMEARER, v. a. enfumer, noircir avec de la
BESMUT, v. a. noircir avec de la suie.
BESON, s. balai, m.
BESOT, v. a. accagnarder, abrutir.
BESOTHT, part. adj. supplié, prié. [lettes.
BESPANGLE, v. a. orner de brillant, de pailBESPATTER, v. a. éclabousser, crotter, diffamer.
BESPANL, v. a. couvrir de crachats.

BESPANL, v. a. couvri de craciais.
BESPEAK, v. a. commander, demander d'avance, retenir, prévenir, gagner.
BESPECKLE, v. a. tacheter, marqueter.

BESPEW, v. a. vomir sur.
BESPICE, v. a. épicer, assaisoner d'épices.
BESPIT, v. a. cracher sur, couvrir de crachats.
BESPOKE, BESPOKEN, part. udj. commandé,
retenu, prévenu.

BESPOT, v. a. tacher, salir, gâter.
BESPREAD, v. a. couvrir de, tendre, étendre.
BESPRINKLE, v. a. arroser, répandre.
BESSE, or BESSE-FISH, s. un loup marin.
BEST, adj. meilleur, le meilleur, le mieux.
BEST, adv. mieux, le mieux, plus à propos.
BESTEAD, v. a. favoriser, servir, accommoder.
BESTIAL, adj. bestial, brutal, animal.

BESTIALITY, s. bestialité, f. brutalité.

BID

BESTIALLY, adv. en bête, brutalement. BESTICK, v. a. percer de traits. Iteur. Bestink, v. a. empuantir, remplir de puan-BESTIR, v. recip. se mettre en action. Bestow, v. a. donner, faire présent, accorder, conférer, donner, employer. [m. BESTOWER, s. celui qui donne, qui dépense, BESTREW, v. a. arroser, repandre. BESTRIDE A HORSE, v. a. monter un cheval. Bestud, v. a. orner, garnir de clous. BET, s. pari, m. gageure, f. enjeu, m. BET, v. α. parier, gager. BETAKE, v. α. s'adonner, avoir recours à. BETHINK, v. recip. s'aviser, considérer, pen-BETHRAL, v. a. asservir, subjuguer. BETIDE, v. n. arriver, survenir. BETIMES, adv. à propos, de bonne heure. BETOKEN, v. a. signifier, marquer, presager. BETONY, s. bétoine, f. (sorte de plante.) BETOSS, v. a. agiter, troubler, remuer. BETRAY, v. a. trahir, livrer, révéler. BETRAYER, s. un traître, celui qui trahit. m. BETROTH, v. a. promettre, fiancer. BETROTHING, s. fiançailles, pl. f. accordailles, BETRUST, v. a. confier, déposer. BETTER, adj. meilleur; adv. mieux, plus BETTER, s. supériorité, f. avantage, m. Our belters, s. pl. nos supérieurs, m. BETTER, v. a. améliorer, amender, avancer. BETTOR, s. parieur, m. gageur, m. BETWEEN and BETWIXT, prep. entre. BEVEL or BEVIL, s. équerre de maçon, f. BEVEL, adj. qui est biais, enfoncé. BEVEL, v. a. couper à angle aigu. BEVER, s. gouté, m. collation, f. Beverage, s. breuvage, m. boisson, f. Bevv, s. compaguie, f. troupe, f. volce, f. Bevv-grease, s. de la graisse de chévreuil, f. BEWAIL, v. a. plaindre, déplorer, regretter. BEWAILING, s. plainte, f. lamentation, f. BEWARE, v. n. se garder, prendre garde. BEWILDER, v. a. egarer, embarrasser. [ter. BEWITCH, v. a. ensorceler, charmer, enchan-Bewitchery, s. ensorcellement, m. BEWITCHING, s. enchantement, m. BEWITCHING, adj. enchanteur, séducteur. BEWRAY, v. a. trahir, décéler, divulguer. BEY, s. le bey, gouverneur. BEZANTLER, s. second andouiller. BEZEL, s. chaton d'une bague, m. BEZOAR, s. bezoar, m. pierre animale, f. BEZZLE, v. n. gargotter, chopiner, ivrogner. BIANGULATED, adf. qui a deux angles. BIAS, s. fort, m. force, f. pente, f. penchant, m. inclination, f. objet, m. but, m. Bias, adv. de biais, de travers. Bias, v. α. pencher, incliner, porter à. BIB, s. bavette, f. un tablier à bavette. BIB, v. a. siroter, boire souvent. BIBACIOUS, adj. buveur, ivrogue. Bibber, s. un biberon, un buveur. BIBLE, s. bible, f. la sainte écriture. BIBLIOGRAPHER, s. bibliographe, m. copiste, BIBLIOTHECAL, adj. de bibliothèque. BIBULOUS, adj. spongieux, poreux. BICANE, s. raisin sauvage, m. BICIPITAL, adj. qui a deux têtes. BICKER, v. a. disputer, contester, quereller. BICKERER. s. disputeur, m. querelleur, m. BICKERING, s. dispute, f. querelle, f. contes-BID, adj commandé, ordonné. [tation, f. BID, v. a. de nander, inviter, commander, ordonner, di.e, offrir, proposer, souhaiter.

BIDDER, s. encherisseur, m. offrant, m. BIDDING, s. commandement, m. ordre, m BIENNIAL, adj. de deux dents. [ans. BIENNIAL, adj. de deux ans, qui dure deux BIER, s. bière, f. cercueil, m. BIFARIOUS, adj. en deux manières, BIFEROUS, adj. qui porte deux fois l'année. BIFID, BIFIDATED, adj. fendu en deux. BIFOLD, adj. double, en deux manières. Biforous, adj. qui a deux portes. BIFURCATED, adj. fourchu Big, adj. gros, plein, épais, haut, brave, fier. A big man, un gros homme. A woman big with child, une femme grosse. Big words, paroles grossières, fanfaronades. BIGAMIST, s. bigame, m. BIGAMY, s. bigamie, f. BIG-BELLIED, adj. ventru, enceinte (en parlant d'une femme.) BIGGIN, s. beguin, m. coeffe d'enfant. BIGLY, adv. haut, fiérement, avec avrogance. BIGNAPPED, adj. à gros grain. BIGNESS, s. grosseur, f. cpaisseur, f. gran-BIGOT, adj. bigot, faux superstitieux. BIGOTIN, or BIGOTRY, s. bigoterie, f. BIGOTTED, part. adj. devenu bigot, fort zelé. BILBERRY, s. mure de ronce, f. [matelots. BILBOES, s. pl. les fers, m. pl. chatiment des BILE, s. bile, f. froncle, colère. [cher. BILGE, v. n. toucher, se briser contre un ro-BILIARY, adj. biliaire, de la bile. BILINGSGATE, s. paroles sales, f.des halles. BILINGUOUS, adj. qui parle deux langues: BILIOUS, adj. bilieux, colère, facheux. BILK, v. a. tromper, frustrer, ne point payer. BILL, s. bec, m. hallebarde, f. billet, écriteau, affiche, une obligation, une promesse or cedule, un bill, or projet d'acte. Bill of exchange, une lettre de change. Bill of mortality, liste des morts. Bill of lading, connoissement, lettre de cargaison. BILL, v. n. s'entre-baiser comme font les pigeons. BILLET, s. billet, m. lingot, m. BILLET, v. a. donner un billet de logement. BILLIARDS, s. pl. billard, m. Billiard-ball, bille. BILLIARD-STICK, s. masse, f. queue, f. BILLOW, s. vague, f. flot, m. lame de mer, f. BILLOW, v. n. s'enfler comme les vagues. BIN, s. réduit, m. office, m. dépense, f BINARY, adj. binaire, double. BIND, s. espèce de houblon, f. tige, f. BIND, v. a. lier, attacher, serrer, obliger, en-gager, arrêter, border; v. n. resserrer, con-stiper, être obligatoire. BINDER, s. un relieur, m BINDING, s. liaison, f. rcliûre, f. bandage, m. BINDING, adj. obligatoire, astringent.
BINDING, sels, s. liseron, or liset, m.
BINOCLE, s. binocle, m. sorte de télescope. BINOCULAR, adj. qui a deux yeux. Biographer, s. un biographe. BIOGRAPHY, s. biographie, f. BIPARTITE, adj. divisé en deux. BIPARTITION, s. l'action de diviser en deux BIPED, s. bipède, m. animal à deux pieds. BIPEDAL, adj. qui a deux pieds. BIPENNATED, adj. qui a deux ailes. BIRCH, s. (a tree) boulcau, f. BIRCHEN, adj. de bouleau. BIRD, s. oisean, m.; r.n. chasser aux oiseaux. BIRD-CAGE, s. cage, f. volière, f. BIRD-CALL, s. appeau m. pipeau, m.

BIRD-GATCHER, s. oiseleur, pipeur, m. BIRD-LIME, s. glu, f. poix, f. BIRDS-FYE, s. (a plant) ceil d'oiseau, f. BIRDS-FOOT, s. pied d'oiseau, m. BIRDS-NEST, s. (an herb) nid d'oiseau, m. BIRDS-TONGUE, s. (an herb) langue d'oiseau, BIRGANDER, s. oie sauvage, f. BIRT, s. espèce de turbot. BIRTH, s. maissance, f. nativité, f. extrac-tion, f. couche, f. portée, f. source, f. com-mencement, m. parage, m. Untimely birth, avortement, fausse couche. The after-birth, l'arrière-faix. BIRTH-DAY, s. jour de naissance, m. BIRTH-PLACE, s. lieu de la naissance, m. BIRTH-RIGHT, s. droit d'aînesse, m. BIRTH-WORT, s. aristoloche, f. sorte d'herbe. BISCUIT, s. biscuit, m. massepain, m. BISECT, v. a. couper en deux.
BISECTION, s. division en deux parties, f. BISHOP, s. evêque, m. prêlat, m. Bishop at chess, un fou, au jeu des echecs. BISHOPRICK, s. éveché, m. BISHOPS-WORT, s. (an herb) poivrette, f. BISK or BISQUE, s. bisque, BISMUTH, s. bismuth, m. (sorte de minéral.) BISSEXTILE, s. bissexte, m.; adj. bissextile. BISTRE, s. bistre, f. suie détrempée. BIT, s. morceau, m. pièce, f. mors, m. frein, m. Bir, v. a. emboucher. BITCH, s. chienne, f. femelle, carogne, f. BITE, s. morsure, f. bouchée, f. amorce, f. BITE, v. a. mordre, piquer, blesser, duper. Bite of, emporter la pièce en mordant. BITER, s. qui mord, trompeur, m. BITING, s. morsure, f. piqure, f. &c.
BITING, adj. mordant, piquant. [tirique.
BITINGLY, adv. d'une manière piquante, sa-[tirique. Pirs, s. pl. bittes, f. (terme de marine.) BITTACLE, s. habitacle, m. terme de marine. BITTER. adj. amer, mordant, piquant, choquant, cruel, rude, facheux, méchant.
BITTER. v. a. bitter le cable. BITTERLY, adv. amerement, aigrement. BITTERN, or BITTOUR, s. butor, m. BITTERNESS, s. amertume, f. aigreur. f. BITTERVETCH, s. ers, m. or vesce noire. BITTERWORT, s. gentiane. f. (sorte d'herbe.) BITUMEN, s. bitume, m. BITUMINOUS, adj. bitumineux. BLAB, v. a. divulger, bavarder. BLAB, and BLABBER, s. bavard, m. BLABBER-LIPPED, adj. lippu. BLABBER-LIPS, s. grosses levres.
BLACK, adj. noir, obseur, sombre, atroce, mechant, infame, fatal, malheureux. and blue, meurtri de coups, livide. BLACK AND BLUE, s. meurtrissure, f. BLACK, s. noir, m. deuil, un noir, un nègre. BLACKAMOOR, s. un more, un nègre. BLACK-BERRY, s. mure de rouce, f. BLACK-BIRD, s. merle, m. [bœuſs, m. BLACK-CATTLE, s. gros bétail, vaches, f. BLACKEN, v. a. & n. noircir, rendre noir. BLACKING, s. (black for shoes) noir, m. BLACK-EYED, adj. qui a les yeux noirs. BLACK-FACED, adj. noiraud, qui a le teint brun. BLACK-GUARD, adj. goujat, m. BLACKISH, adj. noiratre, tirant sur le noir. BLACKNESS, s. noirceur, f. BLACKSMITH, s. forgeron, m. serrurier, m.

BLADDER, s. vessie, f. BLADE, s feuille f. tige, f tuyau. m lame.

The shoulder-blade, or blude-bone, l'omo-plate, f. The breast-blade, le sternum. A plate, f. cunning blade, un fin merle. A stout blade, un vaillant champion.
BLAIN, s. pustule, f. froncle, m.
BLAIN, s. dv. blâmable, digne de blâme. BLAMABLY, adv. d'une manière blâmable. BLAME, s. blame, m. faute, f. offense, f. BLAME, v. a. blamer, consurer, condamner. Blameful, adj. blamable, digne de blame. BLAMELESSLY, adv. sans reproche. BLAMELESS, adj. irréprochable, irréprehen-BLAMELESSNESS, s. innocence, f. BLAMER, s. censeur, m. critique, m. BLANCH, v. a. blanchir, peler, biaiser, éluder. BLANCHER, s. blanchisseur, m. recuiteur, m. BLAND, adj. doux, aimable, affable. BLANDISH, v. a. adoucir, flatter, caresser. BLANDISHMENT, s. caresse, / BLANK, adj. blanc, pale, confus. Blank verse, vers non rimes. BLANK, s. un blanc; but, flan, billet blanc; v. a. confondre, effacer, abolir. BLANKET, s. couverture de lit, BLARE, v. n. mugir, meugler, fondre. BLASPHEME, v. a. & n. blasphémer. BLASPHEMER, s. blasphémateur, m. BLASPHEMOUS, adj. blasphématoire, impie. BLASPHEMOUSLY, adv. avec blasphème. BLASPHEMY, s. blasphème, m. BLAST, s. bouffee, f. souffle, brouée, f. nielle, BLAST-01NTMENT, s. onguent pour la brû-BLAST, v. a. brouir, brûler; ruiner. [lure, m. BLAZE, s. flamme, f. bruit, m. rapport, m. BLAZE, v. n. jeter des flammes, divulguer. BLAZER, s. celui qui fait courir des bruits. BLAZING, adj. brillant, étincelant. BLAZON, s. blason, m. la science des armoiries. BLAZON, v. a. blasonner, dépeindre. BLEACH, v. a. blanchir à l'air. BLEACHER, s. blanchisseur, m. BLEACHING, s. blanchiment, m. blanchissage, BLEAK, or BLEAKY, adj. pâle, blême. BLEAKNESS, s. froid, m. froidure, f. BLEAR, adj. obscur, trouble, offusqué. BLEAR, v. a. obscurcir, offusquer, troubler. BLEAREDNESS, s. chassie, f BLEAR-EYED, adj. chassieux. BLEAT, v. n. bêler, crier comme les brebis. BLEATING, s. l'action de bêler, bêlement, m. BLEED, v. a. & n. saigner, perdre or tirer BLEEDER, s. saigneur, m. philebotomiste, m. BLEEDING, saignement, m. saignée, f. BLEEDING, adj. saignant, qui saigne. BLEMISH, s. tache, f. défaut, m. BLEMISH, v. a. tacher, souiller, ternir. BLENCH, v. a. empêcher, arrêter. BLEND, v. a. mélér, mélánger, confondre. BLESS, v. a. bénir, louer. [Miséricorde] BLESS me ! interj. Bon Dieu ! Juste ciel ! BLESSED, part, adj. béni, bénit, divin, saint. BLESSED, s. pl. les bienheureux. BLESSEDLY, adv. heureusement. [sainteté, f. BLESSEDNESS, s. bonheur, m. félieité, f. BLESSER, s. celui qui bénit, m. BLESSING, s. bénédiction, f. bonheur, m. BLIGHT, s. brouée, f. bruine, f. nielle, f. BLIGHT, r. a. brouir, rendre stérile, gâter BLIND, adj. aveugle, obscur, faux. blind, qui a la vue courte. BLIND, s. voile, m. masque, m. faux pretexte, m. jalousie, f. treillis, m.

BLIND, v. a. aveugler, éblouir, obscurcir. BLINDFOLD, v. a. bander les yeux. BLINDFOLD, adj. qui a un voile sur les yeux. BLINDLY, adv. aveuglément, sans examen. BLINDMAN'S-BUFF, s. cligne-musette, f. BLINDNESS, s. aveuglement, m. BLIND-NETTLE, s. scropulaire, BLIND-SIDE, s. côté foible, le foible. [gle. BLIND-WORM, s. petit serpent nommé l'aveu-BLINK, v. n. faire les petits yeux, clignoter. BLINKARD, s. qui clignote, qui a la vue foible. BLINKING, adj. qui cligne les yeux; qui ne voit guère; qui n'éclaire guère. BLISS, s. bonheur, m. félicité, f. BLISSFUL, adj. heureux, bienheureux. BLISSFULLY, adv. heureusement. BLISSFULNESS, s. félicité, f. [vésicatoire, m. BLISTER, s. pustule, f. ampoule, f. vessie, f. BLISTER, v. a. appliquer les vésicatoires; v. n. s'élever, se former en vessies. BLISTERED, part. adj. couvert de pustules. BLISTERING-HEAT, inflammation avec pus-BLISTERING-PLASTER, s. vésicatoire, m. BLIT, or BLITS, s. (an herb) blette, f. BLITHE, adj. gai, joyeux, enjoué. BLITHLY, adv. gaiment, joyeusement. BLITHNESS, s. gaieté, f. joie, f. allégresse, f. BLITHSOME, adj. enjoue, gai, joyeux. BLOAT, v. a. & n. enfler, s'enfler. BLOATEDNESS, s. enflure, f. bouffissure, f. BLOBBERLIPPED, adj. qui a de grosses lévres. BLOCK, s. bloc, m. billot, m. tête de bois, un esprit lourd, obstacle, m. empêchement, poulic, f. cap de mouton, m. Printer's inkblock, s. encrier d'imprimerie, m. BLOCK, v. a. bloquer, environner, enfermer. BLOCKADE, s. blocus, m. siège. [place. BLOCKADE, v. a. faire un blocus autour d'une BLOCK-HEAD, s. un lourdaud, un stupide. BLOCK-HOUSE, s. fort, forteresse, f. BLOCKISH, adj. stupide, lourd, grossier. BLOCKISHLY, adv. stupidement, bêtement. BLOCKISHNESS, s. stupidité, f. sottise, f. BLOOD, s. sang, m. race, f. famille, f. To let one blood, saigner quelqu'ou. To be let blood, étre saigne. Cold blood, sang froid, présence d'esprit. BLOOD, v. a. ensanglanter, couvrir de sang. BLOOD-HOUND, s. limier, m BLOODILY, adv. d'une manière sanglante. BLOODLESS, adj. qui n'a point de sang; nonsanglant, sans effusion de sang. BLOOD-LETTER, s. phlébotomiste, m. saigneur, BLOOD-LETTING, s. saignée, f. BLOOD-RED, adj. d'un rouge de sang. BLOOD-SHED, s. meurtre, m. effusion de sang, BLOOD-SHEDDER, s. meurtrier, m. [guin. BLOOD-SHOT, adj. rouge, plein de sang, san-BLOOD-STONE, s. sanguine, f. BLOOD-SUCKER, s. sangsue, faire. BLOOD-THIRSTY, adj. altéré de sang, sanguin-BLOOD-WORT, s. sanguinaire, f. aire. BLOODY, adj. sanglant, ensanglant, sanguin-BLOODY-FLUX, s. flux de sang, m. BLOODY-MINDED, adj. sanguinaire, cruel. BLOOM, s. fleur des arbres, f.; v. n. fleurir. BLOOMY, adj. fleuri, rempli de fleurs. BLOSSOM, s. fleur des arbres BLOSSOM, v. n. pousser des fleurs, être en fleur. BLOT, s. rature, f. tache, f. fletrissure, f. BLOT, v. a. & n. tacher, ternir, faire des taches. Blot out, effacer, raturer, raver. BOAST, v. a. vanter, faire parade de . BoAST, v. a. vanter, faire parade de . BOAST IN, or OF, v. n. se vanter, se glorif taches. Blot out, effacer, raturer, raver.

This paper blots, ce papier boit. BLOTCH, s. pustule, f. tache sur la peau, f. BLOTE, v. a. sécher à la fumée, se bouffir. BLOW, s. coup. malheur, epanouissement des fleurs, m. fleur, f. piqure de mouche. Blow, v. n. souffler, s'ouvrir, s'épanouir, fleurir; blow over, passer sans effet, se dissiper; blow away, écarter, emporter en soufflant; blow out, éteindre en soufflant; blow out, éteindre en soufflant; soufflert; blow up, faire sauter, élever en l'air, exciter; blow upon, décrier, derédient l'aire. diter; blow in, faire entrer en soufflant blow off, dissiper en soufflant. It blows, v. imp. il vente, il fait du vent. BLOWER, s. souffleur, f. qui souffle, &c. BLOWING, adj. orageux, fleurissant. [rouge. BLOWZE, s. une fille joufflue et à trogne BLOWZY, adj. brûlé par le soleil. BLUBBER, s. graisse ou huile de baleine. BLUBBER, v. n. s'enfler les joues à force de pleurer. BLUDGEOK, s. bâton court pour se battre, m.
BLUE, adj. bleu; s. bleu, m. BLUE, v. n. rendre bleu, teindre en bleu. BLUE-BOTTLE, s. bluet, m. barbeau, m. BLUE-EYED, adj. qui a les yeux bleus. BLUENESS, s. couleur bleue, le bleu. BLUFF, adj. fier, arrogant, insolent. BLUISH, adj. bleuâtre, tirant sur le bleu. BLUISHNESS, s. bleu foible, m. bleu pale, m. BLUNDER, s. faute, f. méprise, f.
BLUNDER, v. n. se méprendre, se tromper, confondre; blunder out, dire sans y penser. BLUNDERBUSS, s. gros mousqueton. BLUNDERER, or BLUNDER-HEAD, s. stupide, m. étourdi, m. sot, m. lourdaud, m. BLUNT, adj. émoussé, obtus, grossier. BLUNT, v. a. émousser, réprimer, adoucir. BLUNTLY, adv. sans pointe, grossièrement. BLUNTNESS, s. grossièreté, f. brusquerie, f. BLUNTWITTED, adj. stupide. [flétrissure, f. BLUR, s. tache, f. rature, f. paté d'enere, m. BLUR, v. a. tacher, raturer, ternir, flétrir. BLURT OUT, v. a. dire étourdiment, sans y Blush, s. rougeur, f. rouge, m. [penser. Blush, v. n. rougir par pudeur or de honte. BLUSHY, adj. rouge de honte BLUSTER, s. bruit, m. tumulte, m. tapage, m. BLUSTER, v n. faire grand 'ruit. BLUSTERER, s. tapageur, m. tanfaren. m. BLUSTERING, adj. bruyant, violent. BLUSTEROUS, adj. bruyant, remuant. BOAR, s. verrat, m. cochon male. A wila boar, un sanglier. A young wild boar, un marcassin, m. BOARD, s. ais, m. planche, f. table, f. conseil, m. assemblée, f. cour de jurisdiction, f. pension alimentaire, f. bord, m. navire, m.
A chess-board, une echiquier. A fallingboard, une trape. A side-board, buffet, m. BOARD, v. a. planchéyer, aborder. BOARD, v. n. étre or vivre en pension. BOARDER, s. pensionnaire, m. & f. BOARDING, s. abordage, m. (d'un vaisseau.) BOARDING-HOUSE, s. pension, f. BOARDING-SCHOOL, s. école où l'on prend des pensionnaires, f. pensionnat, m. BOARISH, adj. de sanghei, grossier, brutal. BOAST, s. ostentation, f. vanité, parade, f. BOAST, r. a. vanter, faire parade de . . . BOAST IN, or OF, v. n. se vanter, se glorifier de

BOASTFUL, adj. vain, glorieux, orgueilleux. BOASTINGLY, adv. par ostentation.
BOAT, s. bateau. m. barque, f. chaloupe. Passage-hoat, paquet-bot, paque-bot, m. Fly-boat, flibot, m. Ferry-boat, un bac. Advice-boat, patache d'avis, f. BOATMAN or BOATS-MAN, s. un batelier. BOAT-STAFF, s. croc, m. perche de batelier, f. BOATSWAIN, s. bosseman, m. contre-maître. BoB; s. pendant d'oreille, m. refrain, m. sarcasme, pointe, f. perruque ronde. BOB-TAIL, s. la pointe d'une flèche; adj.

Boв, v. n. frapper, pendre, vaciller.

BOEBIN, s. bobine, f. fuseau à dentelle, m. BoB-wig, s. perruque courte, perruque d'ab-BOCCASINE, s. bougran fin. ſbé. BOCKLAND, s. terres inaliénables.
BODE, v. a. & n. prognostiquer, présager.
BODICE, s. corset de femme, m.

BODIED, part. adj. corpulent, fort.

Bodily, adj. corporel; adv. corporellement. BODKIN, s. poincon, m. aiguille de tête, f. fer à friser, m. une pointe d'imprimeur.

Body, s. corps, m. matière, f. substance, f. personne, f. homme, m. societé, f. collection d'hommes or de choses, f. recueil, m. nef (d'une église;) tronc (d'un arbre) ré-

alité, f. force, f. Body, v. a. produire or donner une forme. Bog, s. marais, m. marécage, m. Bog-trotter, s. coureur de marais, m. Boggle, v. n. reculer, hésiter, balancer.

BOGGLER, s. un homme timide, irrésolu. Boggy, adj. marecageux.

BOG-HOUSE, s. les lieux, m. pl.; le privé, f. BOHEA, s. the bou, m. or the noir. BoIL, s. ulcère, m. froncle, m. clou, m.

Boil, v. n. & a. bouillir, faire bouillir. Boil away, diminuer à force de bouillir. over, se répandre à force de bouillir.

BOILER, s. saline, f. [bouilloire, f. BOILER, s. fourneau de cuisine, chaudron, m. Boisterous, adj. violent, impetueux BOISTEROUSLY, adr. avec impétuosité, f. BOISTEROUSNESS, s. violence, f. impetuosité, f.

oll, adj. hardi, entreprenant. To make bold, or to be bold, prendre la liberté, oser, avoir la hardiesse.

BOLDEN, v. a. enhardir, encourager, oser. BOLDLY, adv. hardiment, librement. BOLDNESS, hardiesse, f. courage, m.
BOLE, s. trone d'arbre, m. tige, f. bol, m.
BOLL, s. tige, f.; r. n. s'élever en tige.
BOLSTER, s. traversin de lit, m. chevet, m.

batte de selle, f. compresse, f. BOLSTER, v. a. soutenir avec un traversin.

Bolt, s. javelot, m. trait, m. flèche, f. verrou, m. fers, m. pl. liens de fer, m. pl. Bolt, v. a. verrouiller, bluter, sasser. BOLT OUT, v. a. sortir, faire sortir subitement. BOLT IN, v. n. entrer subitement.

BOLTER, s. bluteau, m. passoir, m. tamis, m. BOLTHEAD, s. matras, m. bouteille à distiller. BOLTING-HOUSE, s. bluterie, f. BOLT-ROPE, s. corde qui attache la voile, f.

BOLUS, s. bol, m. bolus, m. pillule, f. BOMB, s. bombe, f. vacarme, m. bruit, m.

BOMBARD, r. a. bombarder, battre avec des bombes

BOMBARDIER, s. bombardier, m

BOMBARDMENT, s. bombardement, m. BOMBASIN, s. bombasin, m. sorte d'étoffe. Bombast, s galimatias, m. phébus, m. Bombast, adj. ampoulé et vide de sens. BOND, s. lien, m. obligation, f. promesse, f. BOND, adj. esclave, captif. [billet, ne BONDAGE, s. servitude, f. emprisonnement, m. BOND-MAN, s. un esclave, un serf.

BOND-SERVICE, s. esclavage, m. servitude, f BOND-SLAVE, s. esclave, m. captif.

BONE, s. os, m. arete, fuseau, des, m. BONE, v. a. désosser, disséquer. BONE-LACE, s. dentelle faite au fuseau, f.

Bonfless, adj. qui n'a point d'os. BONE-SETTER, s. chirurgien qui remet les os

disloqués, m. BONESPAVIN, s. éparvin, m. BONFIRE, s. feu de joie, m.

BONNET, s. bonnet, m. calote, f. bonnette, f. BONNY, adj. gentil, joyeux, gai, agreable. BONY, adj. osscux, plein d'os.

BOOK, s. sot, m. stupide, m. nigaud, m. BOOK, s. livre, m. A paper book, un livre er

blanc. A day-book, un journal. Book, r. a. coucher par écrit, enregistrer. BOOK-BINDER, s. un relieur

Bookish, adj. studieux, pédant.

BOOKISHNESS, s. application, outrée à l'étude. BOOK-KEEPER, s. teneur de livres, m. BOOK-KEEPING, s. l'art de tenir les livres.

BOOK-MAN, s. homme d'étude. m BOOK-MATE, s. compagnon d'étude, m. BOOK-SELLER, s. libraire, m. marchand de

BOOK-SELLING, or BOOK-TRADE, s. librairie BOOK-WORM, s. attaché à ses études.

Boom, s. mât de navire, m. barre d'un port, f Boom, v. n. porter toutes ses voiles.

Boon, s. grace, f. faveur, f. bienfait, m. Boon, adj. bon, gai, enjoue, joyeux. Book, s. un paysan, un villageois, un rustre

Boorisii, adj. rustique, grossier. BOORISHNESS. s. rusticité, f. grossièreté, f. Boose, s. ctable à vaches, f.

Boosy, adj. qui est en pointe de vin. Boot, v. a. servir, faire du bien.

Boot, s. profit, m. gain, m. avantage, m botte, f. To boot, de retour, par dessus le marché. Bcot of a coach, le coffre d'un To boot, v. n. mettre des bottes, carrosse. se botter.

BOOTES, s. le bouvier, le gardien de l'ourse. Bоотн, s. cabane, f. loge, f. BOOT-HOSE, s. guetres, f. pl. BOOTLESS, adj. inutile, vain.

BOOT-STRAP, s. tirant de botte, m. BOOT-TREE, s. embouchoir de botte, m. BOPKEP, s. coup d'œil, m. cillage, m.

BORACHIO, s. boue, m. outre, f. un ivrogne. BORAGE, s. bourache, f. lierbe. BORAX, s. borax, m. sel artificiel.

BORDER, s. bord, m. bordure, f. extremité,

frontière, borne, limites. BORDER, r. a. border; v. n. confiner à. BORDERER, s. qui demeure aux frontières.

BORDERING, adj. frontière, voisin. BORD-HALF-PENNY, s. droit d'étal.

BORDURE, s. (in heraldry) bordure, f. BORE, v. a. percer avec une tarière BORE, s. trou, m. calibre, m. ouverture, f.

BOREAL, adj. boréal, du nord. Boreas, s. vent du nord, m. borée, m. BORER, s. tarière, f. perçoir, m. vrille, m.

BORE-TREE, s. (the elder tree) sureau, m. Born, part. adj. porté, supporté; né. born, v. n. pass. naître, venir au monde. Borough, s. bourg, m. communauté, f. Borrow, v. a. emprunter; s. emprunt, m. Borrower, s. qui emprunte, emprunteur, m. BORROWING, s. emprunt, m. Bosky. See Woody, and Boosy, boisé. Bosom, s. le sein, cordialité, f. cœur, m. Bosom of a shirt, le jabot d'une chemise. Bosom, r. a. cacher dans le sein, tenir secret. Boss, s. bosse, f. bossette, f. Botanical, adj. qui concerne la botanique. BOTANIST, s. botaniste, m. [plantes. BOTANY, s. botanique, f. la science des BOTARGO, s. saucisson (à l'Italienne, m.) Botch, s. ulcère, m. bubon, m. pièce, f. BOTCH, v. a. raccommoder, rapetasser. BOTCHER, s. ravaudeur, m. fripier, m. BOTCHINGLY, adv. grossièrement. Botchy, adj. rapetassé. [et l'autre. BOTH, pron. tous deux, tous les deux, l'un BOTTLE, s. bouteille, f. une botte. A sucking-bottle, biberon, m. suceron, m. BOTTLE-BRUSH, s. goupillon, m. BOTTLED, part. adj. mis en bouteilles, bottelé. BOTTLE-FLOWER, s. (a plant) bluet, m. BOTTLE-ROSED, adj. qua a un gros nez.
BOTTLE-SCREW, s. tire-bouchon, m.
POTTOM, s. le fond, le bas, le bout, la fin, sediment, m. base, f. motif, m. vaisseau, m. Bottom of thread, peloton de fil, m. Bottom of an inkhorn, cornet d'écritoire, m. Bottom, v. a. & n. fonder, se fonder. BOTTOMLESS, adj. sans fond, impénétrable. BOTTOMRY, s. bomerie, f. grosse aventure. BOUGE, v. n. s'enfler, se gonfler. BOUGH, s. une grosse branche, rameau, m. BOUNCE, r. a. faire du bruit, heurter. Bounce, s. éclat, m. fraeas, m. vanterie, f. BOUNCER, s. bavard, m. fanfaron, m. BOUND, S. borne, f. limite, f. bond, m.
BOUND, r. a. & n. borner, limiter, bondir.
BOUND, part. adj. lié, obligé, destrué.
BOUNDARY, s. borne, f. limite, f.
BOUNDARY, s. borne, f. limite, f.
BOUNDARY, adj. lié, qui lie, obligatoire.
BOUNDING, adj. voisin, limitrophe, bondisBOUNDLESS, adj. infini, sans bornes. [saut. BOUND-SETTER, s. arpenteur, aborneur, m. Bound-stone, s. borne, f. limite, f. Boundeous, adj. bienfaisant, liberal. BOUNTEOUSLY, adv. libéralement. freux. BOUNTIFUL, adv. bienfaisant, libéral, gené-BOUNTIFULLY, adr. liberalement. BOUNTFULNESS, s. générosité, f.
BOUNTY, s. bonté, f. générosité, f.
BOUNTY, s. bonté, f. lunite, f. torrent, m.
BOUSE, r. m. boire avec excès, s'enivrer.
BOUT, s. coup, m. fois, f. tour, m.
BOUTEFEU, s. boutefeu, m. incendiaire, m. Bow, v. a. plier, courber, fléchir, incliner; v. n. s'incliner, faire la révérence. Bow, s. reverence, f. arc, m. demi-circle, m. Bow of a violin, arthet de violon, m. Bow of a suddle, arcon de selle, m. Bow of a ship, l'avant du vaisseau, m. Bow of a sword-hilt, la branche de la garde d'une epee. Bow of a key, l'anneau d'une clef,

m. The bow-anchors, les ancres d'affourche. Bow-Bearer, s. officier subalterne de forèt.

Bow-BENT, adj. crochu, tortu. courbé. Bowel, v. a. percer les entrailles, éventrer.

Bowers, s. pl. entrailles, f. boyaux, m.

Bower, s. berceau, m. treille, bosquet, m. Bowers, s. Derceau, m. uterile, bosquer, woute, f. ancre d'affourche, f.
Bowers, adj. plein de berceaux.
Bowers or Bower, s. oiscau branchier.
Bowl, s. godet, m. grande tasse, jaute, f.
boule, f. hune, f.; bowl of a pipe, le fourneau d'une pipe; bowl of a spoom, le cuiller ron d'une cuiller. Bowl, v. a. & n. jouer à la boule, jeter une Bow-legged, part. adj. cagneux, bancal. BOWLER, s. joueur de boule, m. BOWLING-GREEN, s. boulingrin, m. BOWLINE, s. bouline (corde amarrée, &c.) Bow-MAN, s. archer, m. qui tire de l'arc. Bowsprit. See Boltsprit, beaupré, m. BOWYER, s. archer, m. faiseur d'arcs, m. BOWYER, s. archer, m. laiseur d'arcs, m. Box, s. buis, m. boîte, f. caisse, f. caissette, f. colfre, m. loge, f. soufflet, coup de poing, m. trou, m. réduit, m. cassetin, m. Dust or samd-box, s. poudrier, m. sablière, f. Dressing-box, une boîte de toilette. Poor-box, trouc. Dice-box, cornet, m. Box of a couch, le colfre d'un carrosse. Couch-box la sière du carrosse. Christings-hox bor, le siège du carrosse. Christmas-bor, étrenucs, f. tire-lire, f. Box of a screw, écrou d'une vis, m. Juggler's box, gobelet écrou d'une vis, m. Juggler's box, gobelet d'escamoteur, m. A country box, une petite maison de campagne, une guinguette. Box, r. a. mettre dans une boîte, souffleter, donnei un coup de poing, se battre à coups du poing. Boxen, adj. de buis. Boxer, s. qui se bat à coups de poing. Boy, s. garçon, m. enfant, m. A singing-boy, un enfant de chœur. A cahin-boy, un mousse. A school-boy, un écolier. A soldier's boy, un gonjat. Boyish, adj. puérile, enfantin. Boyishly, adv. puérilement, en enfant. BOYISHNESS, s. puérilité, f. enfantillage, m. BRABBLE, s. dispute, f. querelle, f. débat, m. BRABBLE, v. n. disputer, se quereller, m. BRABBLER, s. querelleur, m. chicaneur, m. Brace, s. paire, f. couple, f. attache, f. lien, m. bandage, m. brassard, m. bras de vergue, m. crampon, cheville de fer, m. f. ancre, f. agrafie, f. crochet, m. Braces of a ship, brace m. be cooled bras, m. les cordages amarés aux bouts de la vergue, m. pl. Braces of a coach, soupentes de carrosse. BRACE, r. a. lier, attacher. BRACELET, s. brasselet, or bracelet, m. BRACER, s. bandage, m. ceinture, f. BRACH, s. une braque, une chienne. BRACHIAL, adj. brachial (terme d'anatomie.) BRACHYGRAPHY, s. l'art d'abréger. BRACHYLOGY, s. laconisme, m. brièveté, f. Brack, s. paille, f. petit défaut, brêche, f BRACKET, s. tasseau, m. gousset, m. Brackish, edj. salé, saumâtre, apre. Brackishness, s. salure, f. apreté, f. Brad, s. clou sans tête, clou étêté, m. Brag, s. vanterie, f. ostentation, f. BRAGGADOCIO, s. bravache, m. faux brave, m. BRAGGET, s. boisson galloise. BRAGGING, s. vanterie, f. ostentation, f. BRAID, v. a. tresser, entrelacer, cordonuer. BRAID, s. tresse, f. entrelacement, m. BRAILS, s. cargues, f. cordages de navire, PRAIN, s. cerveau, m. cervelle, f. BRAIN, r. a. faire sauter la cervelle. BRAINISH, adj. furieux, violeut; s un er BRAINLESS idi écorvois etourdi

BRAINPAN, s. crane, m. sensorium, m. BRAIN-SICK, adj. frenetique, sou, insensé. BRAIN-SICKNESS, s. folie, f. frenesie, f. BRAKE, s. buisson, m. fougeraie, f. brisoir, m. brimbale, f. huche pour pétrir, f.
BRAKE, v.a. briser, rompre, casser (see Break.)
BRAKY, adj. épineux, rude, raboteux.
BRAMBLE, s. ronce, f. épine, f. BRAMIN, s. brachmane, or brahmin, m. BRAN, s. son, m. pellicule du grain, f. BRANCH, s. branche, f. chevillure, bras. vine-branch, un sarment.

Branch, v. n. jeter des branches, se diviser. BRANCHED, part. adj. garni de branches; à BRANCHER, s. branchier, m. [ramage. [ramage. BRANCHY, adj. branchu, touffu.

BRAND, s. tison, m. marque, f. flétrissure, f. Fire-brand, boutefeu, m. incendiaire, m. Brand-iron, fer chaud, trepied. Brandnew, tout battant neuf. BRAND, v. a. marquer d'un fer chaud, flétrir,

noircir, diffamer, injurier.

BRANDISH, v. a. branler, secouer, brandir. BRANDY, s. brandevin, m. eau-de-vie, f. BRANGLE, s. querelle, f. dispute, f. BRANGLE, v. n. quereller, se quereller. BRANGLER, s. querelleur, m. satirique, m. BRANGLING, s. querelle, f. dispute, f. BRANK-URSIN, s. branque ursine, f. BRANT-GOOSE, s. oie sauvage, f. BRASED, adj. divisé en croix de S. André.

Brass, s. airain, m. cuivre, m. bronze, m. effronterie, f. impudence, f. A brass pot, un coquemar.

BRASS ORE, s. calamine, f. BRASSETS, s. brassard, m. armure de bras, f. BRAT, s. un petit babouin, marmot, m. BRAVADO, s. bravade, f. rodomontade, f. BRAVE, adj. brave, courageux, honnête, galant, bien vêtu, beau, excellent. BRAVE, v. a. braver, défier, morguer.

brave it, faire le brave. BRAVELY, adv. bravement, courageusement,

d'une manière honnête. BRAYERY, s. courage, m. valeur, f. magnifi-cence, f. splendeur, f. ostentation, f. BRAVO, s. meurtrier, m. assassin, m. BRAVO! interj. vivant! bien, très bien! BRAWL, s. querelle, f. tapage, m. braule, m. BRAWL, v. n. quereller, disputer, criailler. BRAWLER, s. querelleur, m. criailleur, m. Brawn, s. chair, f. parte charnue. Brawniness, s. force, f. fermete, f. Brawny, adj. charnu, fort, robuste. Bray, s. bruit, m. cri, m. BRAY, v. a. broyer; v. n. braire, bramer. BRAYER, s. brailleur, m. broyon, m. BRAZE, v. a. braser, souder. BRAZEN, adj. d'airain, de bronze, effronté. BRAZEN, v. n. être impudent, soutenir. BRAZEN-FACED, adj. impudent, effronté.

BRAZIER, s. chauderonnier, m.
BRAZIER'S WARE, s. chauderonnerie, f.
BREACH, s. brèche, f. rupture, f.
BREACH, s. pain, m. nourriture, f. subsistance, Unleavened bread, pain azyme. Shewbread, pain de proposition.

BREAD-BASKET, s. panier à pain, m. manne, BREAD-ROOM, s. (in a ship) soute, f.

BREAK, s. ouverture, f. vide, m. un blanc. Break, s. ouverture, f. vide, m. un blanc. Break of the day, le point du jour, l'aube, f. BREAK, v. a. ronpre, casser, briser, violer, enfreindre, forcer, enfoncer, dompter, re- BRIBER, s. corrupteur, m. suborneur, m.

primer, ruiner, perdre, déranger, lacher, donner issue; v. n. se rompre, se briser, éclater, percer; faire banqueroute, décliner, se détacher. Break down, abattre, démolir, renverser; break off or from, deshabituer, empêcher, discontinuer; break up, rompre, briser, dissoudre, congédier; break from, se séparer avec violence, se détacher ; break in, se précipiter, fondre sur ; break into, entrer par force; break off, s désister, quitter, finir; break out, sortir avec violence, jaillir, se répandre; break through, forcer, surmonter, enfoncer; break up, se séparer, avoir vacances, cesser; break with one, rompre avec quelqu'un, cesser d'étre

BREAKER, s. qui rompt, &c. infracteur. BREAKFAST, s. déjeune, m.; v. n. déjeuner. BREAKING, s. rupture, f. fracture, f. A break-ing up of school, vacances.

BREAK-NECK, s. précipice, m. casse-cou, f. BREAM, s. (a sort of fish) brême, f. BREAM, v. a. donner le feu à un batiment.

BREAST, s. poitrine, f. gorge, f. sein, m. une mamelle, un téton, cœur, m. BREAST, v. a. rencontrer, attaquer de front.

BREAST-BONE, s. le sternum.

BREAST-CLOTH, s. pièce d'estomac, f. BREAST-HIGH, adj. à hauteur d'appui. [m.f. BREAST-KNOT, s. nœud or échelle de rubans,

BREAST-PLATE, s. cuirasse, pectoral.

BREAST-WORK, s. parapet, m. [fle, m. BREATH, s. haleine, f. vie, f. respiration, souf-BREATHE, v. n. & a. respirer, vivre, prendre haleine, se reposer, exhaler, inspirer; souf-fler, ouvrir; tenir en haleine. To breathe a vein, ouvrir la veine, saigner. To breathe out, exhaler, expirer.

[pir, m. BREATHING, s. haleine, f. aspiration, f. sou-BREATHING-HOLE, s. soupirail, m BREATHING-PLACE, s. repos de période, m. BREATHING-TIME, s. relache, f. repos, m.

Breathless, adj. hors d'haleine, essoufflé. Bred, part. adj. engendré, produit. Bree, s. taon, m. (espèce de monche.) BREECH, s. fesses, f. cul. m. derrière, m. BREECH, v. a. culotter, mettre en culotte

BREECHES, s. pl. chausses, f. culotte, f. BREED, s. race, f. une couvée.

BREED, v. a. engendrer, produire, élever, pousser; v. n. s'engendrer, multiplier. BREEDER, s. fertile, qui nourrit, qui élève. BREEDING, s. l'action d'engendrer, d'élever,

&c. naissance, f. éducation, f. BREEDING, adj. grosse or enceinte.
BREEZE, s. vent frais, brise, f.
BREEZY, adj. refraichi par les zéphirs.
BREME, adj. cruel, dur, sévère.
BRET or BURT, s. plie, f. limande, f.
BRETHEN OF BROTHERS, s. pl. freres, m. ps. BREVE, s. une note entière or blanche.

BREVIARY, s. abrégé, m. breviaire, m. BREVIAT, s. court abrégé, un extrait BREVIATURE, s. abréviation, f.

BREVIER, s. petit texte.
BREVITY, s. brieveté, f. precision, f.

Brew, v. a. mélanger, alterer, machiner. Brew or Brewing, s. manière de brasser; brassin de bière, m.

BREWER, s. brasseur, m. BREW-HOUSE, s. brasserie, f. f. [quelqu'un. pour corrompre BRIBE, s. présent donné pour corromp BRIBE, v. a. corrompre, suborner, gagner.

BRIBERY, s. subordination, f. corruption, f. BRICK, s. brique, f. petit pain. BRICK, r. a. garnir de briques. BRICKEN, v. n. se rengorger. BRICKBAT, s. pièce de brique, f. BRICK-CLAY, s. terre à brique, f. BRICK-DUST, s. poussière de brique pilée, f. BRICK-KILN, s. briqueterie, f. tuilerie, f. BRICK-LAYER, s. maçon, m. BRICK-MAKER, s. briquetier, m. BRICOLE, s. bricole, f.; v. n. bricoler. BRIDAL, adj. nuptial; s. noces, f. BRIDE, s. épouse, épousée, nouvelle mariée. BRIDE-BED, s. lit nuptial. BRIDE-CAKE, s. gateau de noces, m. BRIDE-CHAMBER, s. chambre nuptiale, f. Bridegroom, s. époux, épousé BRIDEWELL, s. maison de correction. BRIDGE, s. pont, m. chevalet. Bridge of the nose, la paroi du nez. Bridge of a comb, champ de peigne, m. BRIDGE, v. n. construire un pont. BRIDLE, s. bride, f. frein, m. BRIDLE, v. a. brider, réprimer, refréner; r. n. tenir la tête haute, se rengorger. BRIEF, adj. court, bref, succinct, concis. BRIEF, s. bref, m. brevet, m. extrait, m. BRIEFLY, adv. brièvement, en bref. BRIEFNESS, s. brièveté, f. précision, f. BRIER or BRIAR, s. ronce, f. églantier. BRIG or BRIGANTINE, s. brigantin, m. BRIGADE, s. brigade, BRIGADIER, s. brigadier, m. [min, m. BRIGAND, s. brigand, m. voleur de grand che-BRIGANDINE, s. cotte de maille, f. BRIGANTINE, s. brigantin, m. BRIGBOTE, s. pontenage, m. BRIGHT, adj. brillant, éclatant; clair, évi-dent; illustre, glorieux; pénétrant. BRIGHTEN, v. a. éclaireir, polir ; éclairer, étinceler; v. n. s'éclaireir, s'aiguiser. BRIGHTISH, adj. luisant, étincelant. BRIGHTLY, adv. splendidement, avec éclat. BRIGHTNESS, s. Instre, m. éclat, clarté, f. spleadeur, f. pénétration, f. BRIGUE, s. parti, m. cabale, f. faction, f. BRILLIANT, x. éclat, rt. spleadeur, f. BRILLIANT, adj. brillant, éclatant, étincelant, BRILLIANT, s. brillant, m. BRIM, s. bord, m. extrémité, f. BRIM, v. a. remplir jusqu'au bord. BRIMFUL, adj. plein jusqu'au bord. BRIMMER, s. rasade, f. rougebord, m. lam-BRIMSTONE, s. souffre, m. [pec.f. BRINDLE, s. tavelure, f. taché, f. raie, f. BRINDLED, adj. tavelé, tacheté, roussâtre, BRINE, s. saumure, f. la mer. BRING, r. a. apporter, amener, mettre, porter, amener, mener, réduire, intenter, engager, persuader, procurer, produire, cau-ser, apporter, faire. To bring a woman to bed, accoucher one semme. To be brought to bed, être accouchèc. To bring about, executer, effectuer; to bring again, or back, rapporter, ramener; to bring areay, emporter, emmener; to break down, apporter, amener en bas, descendre; to bring forth, enfanter, mettre au monde, produire, représenter; to bring forward, pousser: to bring in, réduire, introduire, alléguer, déclarer; to bring law, abattre, abaisser, humilier; to bring off, degager, sauver, justifier, dis-suader, detourner; to bring one on, mettre quelqu'un en jeu, le faire agir; to bring BROOMY, adj. couvert de genets.

over, amener, attirer; to bring out, mon-trer, mettre en évidence, raconter, tirer, faire venir; to bring under, soumettre, as-sujettir, subjuguer; to bring up, apporter, or amener en haut, élever, former, introduire, faire avancer; to bring upon, mettre or attirer sur. BRINGER, s. porteur, m. BRINISH, adj. sale comme de la saumure. BRINISHNESS, s. salure, f. saumure, f. Brink, s. bord, m. extremité, f. Brink, adj. salé, salin, amère. Brise, s. jachère, f. terre friche. Brisk, adj. vif, gai, enjoué, spiritneux. BRISK, adj. vii, gai, enjoue, spirineux.
BRISK up, v. n. prendre un air gai.
BRISKET, s. bréchet, m. (or brichet.)
BRISKLY, adv. vivement, vigoureusement.
BRISKLES, s. vivacité, f. activité, f.
BRISTLE, s. soie de cochon, f.. [riss risser. BRISTLE, v. a. hérisser, ensoyer; v. n. se hé-Brittish, adj. qui a des soies, qui a le poil British, adj. Britannique. [rude. [rude. BRITTLE, adj. fragile, fréle, cussant. BRITTLENESS, s. fragilité, f. BRITTLY, adv. d'une manière fragile. BRIZE, s. taon, m. BROACH, s. broche (à faire rôtir la viande, BROACH, r. a. mettre en perce or en broche, percer, debiter, semer, inventer. Вполенея, s. broche, f. inventeur, m. Вполь, adj. large, grand, grossier. Вполь, s. le palme, or plat d'une rame, m. BROADEN, r. n. s'élargir, s'aggrandir. BROAD-EYED, adj. qui a de grands yeux. BROAD-FACED, adj. qui a le visage large et plein, qui marche tête levée. BROADLY, adv. largement, amplement. BROADNESS, s. largeur, grossièreté, obscénité. BROAD-SIDE, s. bordée, f. volée. BROAD-SWORD, s. sabre, m. coutelas, m. BROADWISE, adv. en largenr. BROCADF, s. brocart, m. (sorte d'étofie.) BROCAGE, BROKAGE, and BROKERAGE, 8. BROCCOLI, s. broccoli, m. [courtage, m. Broch, s. bléreau, m. taisson, m. BROGUE, s. souher à cordons, jargon, m. BROIL, s. brouillerie, f. trouble, m. tumulte, m. sedition, querelle, f. débat, m.
BROIL, r. a. & n. griller, brûler. Broiled meat, grillade, f.
BROKE and BROKEN, part, adj. rompu, brisé, casse, interrompu, abattu, &c. meat, reliefs, m. pl. graillons, m. A broken heart, un coeur brise de douleur, un coeur contrit. A broken sleep, un sommeil inter A broken voice, une voix entre rompu. A broken spirit, un esprit abattu A broken language, un language corrompu, un jargon. BROKER, s. courtier, m. frippier, m. BROKERAGE. See Brocage, courtage. BRONER'S ROW, s. friperie, f. BRONCHIAL VESSELS, s. les bronches, f. pl. BRONZE, s. bronze, m. figure de bronze, f. BROOCH, s. joyau, m. ornement, m. BROOD, s. race, f. lignée, f. couvée, f BROOD, r. n. couver, faire murir, menager. BROOK, s. ruisseau, m. BROOM, v. a. endurer, souffrir patiemment. BROOM, s. genet, m. bruyère, f. balai, m.

BROOM-RAKE, s. (an herb) teigne, f. BROOM-STAFF, s. manche à palai, m.

BROTH, s. bouillon, m. consomme, m. BROTHEL, s. bordel, m. maison de débauche, BROTHER, s. frère, m. Brother-in-law, beau Foster-brother, frère de lait. ther's children, cousins-germains. Вкотневноор, s. fraternité, f. Вкотневку, adj. fraternal de frère. BROTHERLY, adv. fraternellement, en frère. Brought, part. adj. apporté, amené, &c.
Brought to bed, accouchée. [sommet, m.
Brow, s. sourcil, m. front, m. hardiesse, f. Brow, v. a. border, borner, limiter. BROW-BEAT, v. a. regarder d'un air fier. BROWN, adj. brun, gris, noir, or bis. BROWNISH, adj. brunâtre, brunet. BROWNESS, s. couleur brune, brun, m. BROWSE, s. brout, m.; v. a. and n. brouter. BRUISE, s. contusion, f. meurtrissure, f. BRUISE, v. a. meurtrir, froisser, piler. BRUIT, s. bruit, m. nouvelle, f. rapport, m. BRUMAL, adj. d'hiver, hivernal. BRUNETTE, s. brunette, f. BRUNION, s. brugnon, m. sorte de prune. BRUNT, s. choc, m. attaque, f. désastre, m. Brush, s. brosse, f. vergette, f. décrotoire, m. pinceau, choc violent, attaque, f. les étrivières, f. pl. queue de renard, f. broussailles, f. BRUSH, v. a. vergeter, brosser; v. n. passer rapidement; brush away, décamper, s'enfuir; brush off, emporter, enlever; brush through, brosser, passer. BRUSHER, s. celui qui vergete, rasade, f. BRUSH-MAKER, s. vergetier, m. BRUSHY, adj. rude, hérissé. BRUSTLE, v. n. pétiller, craquer, affronter. BRUTAL, adj. brutal, cruel, inhumain. BRUTALITY, s. brutalité, f. ernanté, f. BRUTALIZE, v. a. & n. abrutir et s'abrutir. BRUTALLY, adv. brutalement. [bète, f BRUTE, adj. & s. brute, sauvage, brute, BRUTISH, adj. propre de la brute, sensuel. BRUTISHLY, adv. brutalement.
BRUTISHNESS, s. brutalité, f. insensibilité, f.
BRYONY, s. (a sort of herb) brioine, f. Bun, s. sorte de bière forte. BUBBLE, s. bouteille d'eau, boules de savon, bagatelle, f. niaiserie, f. duperie, dupe. BUBBLE, v. n. bouillonner; v. a. duper. BUBBLER, s. trompeur, m. BUBBLING, s. bouillonnement, duperie, f. Bubby, s. téton, m. mammelle, f. BUBO, s. bubon, m. poulin, m. BUBONOCLE, s. bubonocèle, f BUCANIER, s. boueanier, m. flibustier, m. pi-Buck, s. lessive, f. daim, m. débauché, m. le mâle de certaines bêtes. Buck, v. a. laver, lessiver; v. n. être en rnt. BUCK-BASKET, s. cuvier à lessive, m. BUCKET, s. seau de cuir, m. baquet, m.
BUCKLE, s. boucle, f. The tongue of a Buckle, s. boucle, f. The ton buckle, l'ardillon d'une boucle, m. BUCKLE, v. a. boucler, agraffer, préparer. BUCKLER, s. bouclier, m. BUCKRAM, s. bougran, m. BUCKS-HORN, (an herb) chiendent, m. BUCK-THORN, s. nerprun, m. BUCK-WHEAT, s. blé sarrasin, m. blé noir, m. BUCOLICKS, s. pl. bucoliques, m. pastorale, f. Bun, s. houton, m. bourgeon, m. Bud, v. n. & a. boutonner, bourgeonner, greffer, bourger, se remuer. Budge, s peau d'agneau, f. filou.

BUDGE, v 2. bouger, se remuer.

BUDGE-BARREL, s. baril à poudre, m. BUDGET, s. bongette, f. une pouche de cuir, eompte, m. Buff, s. buffle, m. peau de buffle, f. BUFFALO, s. buffle, m. bœuf sauvage, m. BUFFET, s. soufflet, m. buffet, m. BUFFOON, s. bouffon, m. plaisant, m. BUFFOONERY, s. bouffonnerie, f. Bug, s. punaise, f. A May-bug, hanneton, m. Bug or Bug-BEAR, s. fantôme, m. épouvan-Buggy, adj. plein de punaises. [tail, m Bugle, s. bouf sauvage, bugle, f. Bugless, s. buglose, f. (herbe.) Build, v. a. batir, construire; v. n. se fier. BUILDER, s. qui batit, architecte, m. BUILDING, s. bâtiment, m. édifice, m. BULB, s. bulbe, f. oignon de plante, m. Bulbous or Bulbaceous, adj. bulbeux. Bulge, v. n. pencher en avant, se briser. BULK, s. masse, f. volume, m. quantité, f. bloc, m. grandeur, f. grosseur, f. BULKINESS, s. grande taille, gros volume. BULKY, adj. grand, gros, massif.
BULK, r. n. faire ventre, pancher en devant.
BULL, s. taureau, bulle, f. absurdité, f.
BULLACE, s. prunelle, f. [des chiens, m. BULL-BAITING, s. combat de taureaux avec BULL-DOG, s. espèce de dogue. BULLEN, s. chenevottes, f. pl. BULLET, s. balle, f. boulet, m. BULLFINCH, s. rouge queue, m. (oiseau.) BULL-FEAST, s. combat des taureaux. BULL-FLY or BULL-BEE, s. taon, m. BULL-HEAD, s. tétard, m. un lourdaud. Bullion, s. or, or argent en lingot. Bullock, s. un jeune taurcau. BULLY, s. un tapageur, un bretteur. BULLY, v. n. faire le fanfaron. BULRUSH, s. jone, m.
BULWARK, s. boulevard, m. bastion, m. ram part, m. caution. f. garant, m. BULWARK, v. a. fortifier, renforcer. Bum, s. le cul, les fesses, le derrière. BUMBARD, s. un gros canon, un tonneau. BUMBAST, s. bourre, f. galimatias, m. BUMBAST, v. a. battre, bourrer. BUMBASTICK, adj. ampoulé, enflé, ronflaut. Bump, v. a. ruer; v. n. s'enfler, crier. Bumper, s. un coup, enflure, f. bosse, f. Bumper, s. rasade, f. rougebord, m. BUMPKIN, s. paysan, lourdaud, m. Bun, s. fouace, f. gateau, m.
Buncii, s. bosse, f. tumeur, f. trousseau, m.
faisceau, m. grape, f. botte, f. fagot, m.
touffe, f. panache, m. bonquet, m. Bunch, r. n. s'élever en bosse. Buncu-Backed, adj. bossu, voûté. Bunchy, adj. bossu, noueux. Bundle, s. paquet, m. faisceau, m. BUNDLE, v. a. empaqueter, mettre en paquet Bung, s. bondon, m. tampon. Bung, v. a. boudonner, boucher avec un

Bungle, s. faute, bevue, f. [be Bungle, v. a. remplir de fautes, gâter.

Bunglingly, adv. grossièrement. Bunt, s. partie qui s'enfle, creux.

BUNT, v.n. enfler comme une voile. BUNTER, s. un gucux, un belitre.

Bunting, s. traquet, m. (oiseau.)

Bungler, s. mauvais ouvrier, un mal-adroit.

Buoy, s. bouée, f.
Buoy, r. a. & n. soutenir sur l'eau, flotter,
Buoyant, adj. flottant, lèger.
[m.

BUR or BURDOCK, s. bardane; f. glouteron.

[bondon.

BURDER s. fardeau, m. charge, f. Burden of a song, le refrain d'une chanson. BURDEN, v. a. charger, embarrasser. BURDENSOME, adj. qui est à charge, incom-BURDENSOMENESS, s. poids, m. [mode. BUREAU, s. bureau, m. commode, f. BURGAMOT, s. bergamote, f. (sorte de poire.) BURGANET, s. bourguignote, f. BURGEOIS or BURGESS, s. bourgeois, m. Burgess, s. représentant d'une communauté. BURGH, s. bourg, m. gros village. BURGHER, s. bourgeois, m. citoyen, m. BURGHERSHIP, s. droit de bourgeoisie, m. BURGLAR, s. voleur, m. brigand, m. BURGLARY, s. vol, fait avec effraction, m. BURGOMASTER, s. bourgmestre, m. BURIAL, s. sépulture, f. funérailles, f. pl. BURINE, s. burin, m. ciseau à graver. BURLESQUE, adj. & s. burlesque, comique. BURLESQUE, v. a. travestir, tourner en ridi-BURLY, udj. replet, gros et gras. [cule. Burn, s. brûlure; v. a. & n. brûler. Burn up, brûler, consumer, se sécher; burn faint and dim, ne jeter qu'une foible lumière; burn away, se brûler, se consumer. BURNET, s. pimprenelle, f. Burning, s. brûlure, f. ineendie, m. Burning, adj. brûlant, chaud, allumé. Burn-ing-coal, charbon allumé, braise, f. Burning-glass, verre-ardent. BURNISH, v. a. brunir, polir; v. n. se polir. BURNISHER, s. brunisseur, m. brunissoir, m. BURNISHING, s. brunissage, m. BURNISHING-STICK, s. brunissoir, m. BURR, s. meule; f. le bout de l'oreille, m. BURREL, s. beurré, m. (poire.) BURREL-FLY, s. taon, m. pronounced ton.
BURROUGH. See Borough, bourg, m.
BURROW, v. n. percer la terre, se terrer.
BURROW, s. terrier de garenne, m.
BURSAR or BURSER, s. boursir de college, m. Burse, s. bourse, place du change. Burst, v. n. & a. crever, se crever. Burst, s. éclat, m. crevasse, f. Bursten, part. adj. qui a une hernie. BURSTENNESS, s. rupture, f. hernie, f. Burstwort, s. herniaire, f Burt, s. (a flat fish) limande, f. Bury, s. maison, f. or cour seigneuriale. Buny, v. a. enterrer, ensevelir, cacher. BURYING, s. enterrement, m. funérailles, f.pl. BURYING-PLACE, s. sépulture, f. Bush, s. buisson, m. arbuste, m. arbrisseau, m. bouchon de cabaret, m. touffe, queue de renard, f. Bush, v. n. devenir touffu. Bushel, s. boisseau, m. mesure de 2 gallons. Bushy, adj. épais, touffu, plein de buissons. Bushless, adj. sans affaires, sans occupation. Busily, adv. avec activité, ardemment. Business, s. affaire, f. occupation, f. Buskin, s. busque, m.
Buskin, s. bottine, f. petite botte, brode-Buskined, adj. en brodequins. Buss, s. baiser, m. petite barque. [quin, m. Buss, v. a. & n. baiser, se toucher. Bust or Busto, s. buste, m. BUSTLE, s. bruit, m. fraeas, m. empressement, m. Bustle, v. n. s'empresser, s'intriguer. BUSTLER, s. un homme intrigant. Busy, adj. affairé, occupé, empressé, actif. Busy, v. a. occupier, employer.

cepté. But that, si ce n'étoit que. Not but that, non que. BUT.s. bout, m. limite, f.
BUT-END, s. le gros bout, la crosse.
BUT-EHER, s. boucher, m. homme sanguinaire. Butcher's meut, viande de boucherie. BUTCHER, v. a. égorger, tuer, massacrer. BUTCHERLY, adj. cruel, sanguinaire. BUTCHERY, s. boucherie, f. massacre, m. BUTLER, s. bouteillier, m. sommelier, m. BUTLERSHIP, s. l'office d'un sommelier. BUTT, s. butle, f. but, m. botte, f. gros ton-BUTT, v. a. heurter de la tête. BUTTER, s. beurre, m.; v. a. beurrer. BUTTER-BUR, s. grande-bardane. BUTTER-FLOWER, s. jaunet, m. BUTTER-FLY, s. papillon, m. BUTTER-MILK, s. babeurre, m. lait de beurre, BUTTERIS, s. boutoir, m. BUTTERY, adj. qui tient de la nature du beurre. BUTTERY, s. dépense, f. sommelerie, f. Buttoek, s. fesse, f. croupe, cimier, m. BUTTON, s. bouton m. bourgeon, m. BUTTON-HOLE, s. boutonnière, f. BUTTON, v. a. boutonner. Itien, m. BUTTRESS, s. archoutant, m. éperon, m. sou-BUTTRESS, v. a. soutenir, appuyer. Buxom, adj. obeissant, docile, gai, enjoué. Buxomly, adv. amoureusement. Buxomness, s. gaieté, f. enjouement, m. Buy, v. a. acheter. To buy and sell, trafiquer BUYER, s. acheteur, m. acquéreur. Buzz, v. a. bourdonner, divulguer. Buzz, s. bourdonnement, m. bruit, m. rap-BUZZARD, s. buse, f. busard, m. [port. By, prep. par, de, a, ar, en, près, proche, sur, suivant, selon. By course, by turns, tour a tour. By the vay, en passant. By the bulk, en bloc, en gros. By retail, en detail. By this time, en ce temps-ci, à-présent. By that time, en ce temps-là, alors. To sit by one, s'asseoir près de quelqu'un. Hard by, tout près. By the town, près de la ville. Day by day, tous les jours, journellement. By all means, absolument. By no means, en aucune manière, point du tout.' To be by, être présent. By and by, tout à l'heure, incontinent. By, s. upon the by, by the by, en passant. Byblow, un coup de hazard, un batard. By-LANE, s. allée écartée. nauté, m. By-LAW, s. statut, m. réglement de commu-BY-NAME, s. sobriquet, m. injure, f. BY-PATH or BY-ROAD, s. chemin détourné. BY-PLACE, s. lieu-écarté, réduit, m. By-profits, s. pl. tour du bâton, m. le casuel. BY-RESPECT, s. vue particulière. BY-ROOM, s. petit appartement écarté. BY-STANDER, s. spectateur, m. BY-STREET, s. rue obscure, rue détournée. By-way, s. chemin de traverse, m. By-works, s. pl. hors d'œuvre, m.

Bust or Busto, s. buste, m.

Bustle, s. bruit, m. fracas, m. empressement, m.

Bustle, v. n. s'empresser, s'intriguer.

Bustler, s. un homme intrigant.

Bust, adj. affaire, occupe, empresse, actif.

Bust, v. a. occupier, employer.

CABIN, v. n. & a. vivre or renfermer dans une cabane. CABINET, s. cabinet, m. armoire à tiroir, f.

CABINET-MAKER, s. tourneur, m. ébeniste, m. CABLE, s. cable, m. grosse corde. CABLISH, s. brossailles, f. pl. bois chablis, m. CABURNS, s. pl. fils de carret, m. pl. CACAO, CACAO NUT, s. noix de cacao, f.

CACHECTICAL, CACHECTICK, adj. cacoenyme. CACHEXY, s. cachexie, f. cacochymie, f.

CACKLE, s. cri d'une poule, gloussement, m.

CACKLIER, s. oiseau qui glousse, m. babillard, m.
CACKLING, s. gloussement, m.

CACOCHYMY, s. cacochymie, f. depravation des humeurs, f.

CACOPHONY, s. cacophonie, f.
CADAVEROUS, adj. cadavereux, de cadavre.
CADDIS, or CADE-WORM, s. ver de paille, m.
CADE, s. une caque, un baril.

CADE, adj. doux, privé, domestique.
CADE, n. a. élever délicatement.
CADENCE, CADENCY, s. cadence, f.
CADET, s. cadet, m. le plus jeune.
[f.
CADUCEUS, s. caducéc, m. verge de Mercure,
CADI, s. cadi, m. juge de paix, m.
CASURA.s. césure. f. repos. m.

CÆSURA, s. césure, f. repos, m.
CAG, s. caque, f. baril, m. tonucau, m.
CAGE, s. cage, f. vollère, mènagerie, f.
CAGE, v. a. encager, mettre en cage.
CAIMAN, s. caiman, m. crocodile d'AméCAJOLE, v. a. cajolerie, f. flatterie, f.
CAJOLING, s. cajolerie, f. flatterie, f.

CAISSON, s. caisson de bombes, m.
CAITIFF, s. un esclave, un pendard.
CAKE, s. gâteau, m. pain, m. niasse, f.
CAKE, v. n. se durcir, se former en croute.
CALAMARY, s. calemare, f. (poisson.) [m.

CALAMINE, s. calemare, f. (poisson.) [m. CALAMINE, s. calamine, f. lapis calaminaris, CALAMINT, s. calament, m. calamenthe, f. CALAMITOUS, adj. calamiteux, malheureux. CALAMITY, s. calamité, f. malheur, m.

CALAMUS, s. roseau, m. canne aromatique, f. CALASH, s. calèche, f. voiture légere. CALCAR, s. fourneau pour calciner, m.

CALCINATION, s. calcination, f.
CALCINE, v. a. & n. calciner, & se calciner.
CALCULATE, v. a. calculer, compter, adapter.

[compte, m.

CALCULATION, s. calcul, m. supputation, f. CALCULATOR, s. calculateur, m. CALCULATORY, adj, qui a rapport au calcul.

CALCULATORY, adj. qui a rapport au calcul. CALCULOSE, CALCULOUS, adj. pierreux, graveleux.

Graveleux, s. calcul, m. la pierre.
CALDEUS, s. chaudron, m. chaudière, f.
CALDEACTION, s. calefaction, f.
CALEFACTIVE, CALEFACTORY, adj. qui
rend chaud.

CALEFY, v. n. devenir chaud, s'échauffer. CALENDAR, s. calendrier, m. almanac, m. CALENDER, s. charanson, m. calendre, f. CALENDER, v. a. calendrer, lisser.

CALENDRER, s. calendreur, m. [mois. CALENDS, s. pl. calendes. f. le premier du CALENTURE, s. fièvre inflammatoirc, f. CALF, s. veau, m. faon, m. le gras de la jambe; calf's pluck, fressure de veau, f. calf's

gather, or chaldro 1, fraise de veau. Caliber, s. calibre, creu cilindrique. CALICO, s. toile de coton des Indes, f. CALID, adj. chaud, brulant. CALIDITY, s. chaleur, f. ardeur, f. CALIFOT CALIPIT, s. calife, m. CALIGINOUS, adj. obscur, noir, trouble. CALIFER, s. petit mousquet, pierrier, m. CALIX, s. calice d'une fleur, m. CALIX, s. calice d'une fleur, m. CALKER, s. calfater, radouber, boucher. CALKER, s. calfat, m. calfateur, m.

CALKING, s. calfat, m. radoub, m.

CALL, v. a. appeler, nommer, convoquer; call one names, dire des injures à quelqu'un; call one's game, accuser son jeu; call after one, appeler quelqu'un à haute voix; call again, rappeler, faire revenir; call alond, s'évrier, se rècrier; call aside, tirer à côte. prendre à part; call at a place, passer par un endroit; call away, faire sortir, emmener; call for, appeler, demander; call forh, faire sortir, èvoquer; call in, faire entrer, rèvoquer; call off, détourner, dissuader; call on, solliciter, sommer; call over, appeler à haute voix; call ont, faire sortir; call to one, appeler quelqu'un, réclamer, rappeler; call together, assembler, convoquer; call up, faire monter, évoquer, animer, exciter; call upon, implorer, invoquer, visiter,

aller voir.

CALL, s. appel, m. invitation, f. appeau, m
pommelle d'une pompe, f. ordre, m. voca-

tion, f. emploi, m.

CALLER, s. celui or celle qui appele.
CALLIMANCO, s. calmande, f. (sorte d'étofie.)
CALLING, s. vocation, f. profession, f.
CALLIPERS, s. pl. compas pour calibrer.
CALLOSITY, s. calus, m. derillon, m.
CALLOUS, adj. calleux, endurci, insensible.
CALLOUSNESS, s. insensibilité, f. calus, m.
CALLOW, adj. qui n'a point de plames.
CALLUX, s. calus, m. cal, m. durillon, m.

CALM, adj. calmé, tranquille. CALM, s. calme, m. bonace, f. tranquillié, f. CALM, v. a. calmer, appaiser, adoucir. CALMLY, adv. tranquillement, paisiblement.

CALMNESS, s. calme, m. tranquillité, f. CALMY, ouf, tranquille, paisible. CALOTTE, s. calotte, f. (espèce de cape.)

CALOYER, s. caloyer, m. moine grec. CALTROPS, s. pl. chausse-trape, f. CALUMET, s. calumet, m. grande pipe. CALUMINATE, v. a. calomuier, diffamer. CALUMINATOR, s. calomuiateur, m.

CALUMNIOUS, adj. calomuleux. CALUMNY, s. calomnie, f. fausse accusation. CALVE, v. n. véler, fair un veau.

CALVINISM, s. Calvinisme, m, CALVINIST, s. Calviniste, m. CALX, s. chaux, f. substance calcinée. CANAIEU, s. dendrite, f. camateu, m. CAMBERING, adj. cambré, voûté.

CAMBERING, adj. cambre, voûté, CAMBRICK, s. toile de cambrai, f. batiste, f. CAMEL, s. chameau. m.

CAMELEON, s. cameléon, m. CAMELEOPARD, s. cameléopard, m. CAMELOT OF CAMLET, s. camelot, m. CAMERA-OBSCURA, s. chambre obscure, f.

CAMERADE, s. camarade, m. compagnon, m. CAMERATED, adj. vouté, fait en arc. CAMEADO, s. camisade, f. attaque de nuit, f. CAMMOCK, s. arrête-bœuf, f.

CAMP, s. camp, m.; v. n. campor. CAMPAIGN, s. campagne, f.

CAP-PAPER, s. papier gris & épais, m.

CAMPESH-WOOD, s. bois de campèche, m. CAMPHIRE, s. camphre, m. (sorte de gomme.) CAMPHORATE, adj. camphré. CAMPING, s. l'action de camper, m. CAN, s. bidon, m. pot à boire.
CAN, v. n. and defective, pouvoir, & savoir.
CANAILLE, s. canaille, f. populace, f.
CANAIL, s. canal, m. conduit, m. passage, m. CANARY, s. vin de Canaric, m. CANARY-BIRD, un serin de Canarie. CANCEL, v. a. canceller, biffer, annuller. CANCELLING, s. cancellation, f. CANCER, s. cancer, m. un chancre. CANCERATE, v.n. dégénérer en cancer. CANCEROUS, adj. chancreux. CANDIDATE, s. candidat, m. prétendant, m. CANDIDLY, adv. ingénument, sincèrement. CANDIDNESS, s. candeur, f. ingénuité, f. CANDLE, s. chandelle, f.; wax-candle, bou-CANDLEMAS, s. la chandeleur. [gie. CANDLESTICK, s. chandelier, m.; branched candlestick, lustre or girandole, m. f. CANDOUR, s. candeur, f. franchise, f. CANDY, v. a. confire, faire candir; v. n. se candir; sugar-candy, sucre candi. CANE, s. canne, f. roseau, m. bâton, m. CANE, v. a. donner des coups de canne. CANEL, s. cannelle, f. canelier, m. CANEL-BONE, s. l'os du gosier, m. CANICULAR, adj. caniculaire. CANINE, adj. canine, de chien. CANISTER, s. petite corbeide; cabaret, m. CANKER, s. chancre, m. chenille, f. CANKER, v.a. & n. corrompre, se corrompre. CANNIBAL, s. cannibale, m. CANNON, s. canon; cannon-shot, coup de CANNONADE, s. canonnade, f. fcanon. CANNONADE, v. a. & n. canonner. CANNONIER, s. canonnier, m. CANOA, or CANOE, s. canot, m. pirogue, f. CANON, s. canon, m. statut, m. chanoine, m. CANONESS, s. chanoinesse, f. CANONICAL, adj. canonique, canonical. CANONICALLY, adv. canoniquement. CANONIST, s. canonist, m. docteur en théolo-CANONIZE, v., a, canoniser. [gie, m. CANONIZATION, s, canonisation, f. CANONSHIP or CANONEY, s. canonicat, m. CANOPY, s. dais, m. pavillon, m. CANOPY, v.a. couvrir d'un dais, CANOROUS, adj. sonore, harmonieux. CANT, patois, m, jargon, m, encan, m. CANT, v. a. jargonner, tromper. CANTATA, s. cantate, f. grand air. CANTER, s. hypocrite, m. faux devot. CANTHARIDES, s. pl, cantharides, J CANTHUS, s, canthus, m. coin de l'œil, m, CANTICLE, s. cantique, m. hymne, m. & f. CANTING, s. langage affecté, narquois, m. CANTLE, s. morceau, m. chanteau, m. CANTLE, v. a. mettre en pièces, morceler. CANTLET, s. morceau, m. fragment, m. CANTO, s. chant d'un poëme, m. CANTON, s. canton, m. contree, f. CANTON, v. a. diviser on petites parties. CANTONIZE, v. a. diviser en cantons. CANVASS, s. canevas, m. grosse toile. CANVASS, v. a. examiner, briguer, solliciter. CANVASSING, s. examen, m. brigue, f. CANY, adj. plein de roseaux. CAB, s. bonnet, m. chapcau, m. tète, f. chouquet, m. cap de more, f. m.; eap-a-pee, de pied en cap. CAP, v. a. saluer, découvrir.

CAPABILITY, s. capacité, f. habileté, CAPABLE, adj. capable, propre, intelligent CAPACIOUS, adj. spacieux, large, vaste. CAPACIOUSNESS, s. capacité, CAPACITATE, v. a. rendre capable. CAPACITY, s. capacité, f. intelligence, f. portée, f. habilité, f. pouvoir, m. qualité, f. CAPARISON, s. caparason, m. CAPARISON, v.a. caparasonner. CAPE, s. cap, m. promontoire, m. le collet d'un manteau, manteau à capuchon. CAPER, s. cabriole, f. capre, f.; caper-tree, or caper-bush, caprier, m. CAPER, v. n. cabrioler, faire des cabrioles. CAPERER, s. cabrioleur, m. sauteur, m. CAPILLAMENTS, s. pl. étamines, f. pl. CAPILLARY, adj. capillaire. CAPILOTADE, s. capilotade, f. ragout, m. CAPITAL, adj. capital, grand, principal. CAPITAL, s. chapiteau, m. capitale, f. CAPITALLY, adv. capitalement. CAPITATION, s. capitation, f. taille person-CAPITOL, s. capitole, m. CAPITULAR, s. & adj. capitulaire, m. CAPITULATE, v. n. capituler, traiter, conve-CAPITULATION, s. capitulation, f. Capon, s. chapon, m.; v.a. chaponner. CAPOT, s. capot, m.; v. a. faire capot. CAPOUCH, s. capuchon, m. capuce, m. CAPPER, s. un bonnetier. Itade, f. CAPRICE, s. caprice, m. fantaisie, f. bou-CAPRICIOUS, adj. capricieux, fantasque. CAPRICIOUSLY, adv. capricicusement CAPRICIOUSNESS, s. caractère capricieux. CAPRICORN, s. Capricorne, m. CAPRIOLE, s. cabriole, f. saut, m. CAPSTAN, s. cabestan, m. CAPSULAR, CAPSULARE, adj. capsulaire. CAPTAIN, s. capitaine, m. chef, m. comman-CAPTAINRY, s. capitainerie, f. [dant, m. CAPTAINSHIP, s. charge de capitaine. CAPTATION, s. brigue, f. flatterie, f. CAPTION, s. arret, m. certificat, m. CAPTIOUS, 'adj. captieux, ambigu, querel-CAPTIOUSLY, adr. captieusement. CAPTIOUSNESS, s. humeur querelleuse, f. CAPTIVATE, v. a. captiver, charmer, capter. CAPTIVE, s. captif, m. esclave, m. CAPTIVITY, s, captivité, f. esclavage, m, CAPTOR, s. vainqueur, m. preneur, m. CAPTURE, s. prise, f. capture, f. proie, f. CAPUCHINS, s. pl. capucins, m. mantelet, m. CAR, s. charrette, f. char, m. chariot, m. CARABINE, CARBINE, s. carabine, f. CARABINIER, s. carabinier, m CARRACK, s. carraque, m. gallion. CARRACOLE, s. caracole, f CARRACOLE, v. n. caracoler, faire des cara-CARAMOSIL, s. caramoussail [coles, CARAT, s. carat, m. titre de l'or. CARAVAN, s. caravane, f. course. CARAWAY, or CARWAY, s. carvinsera, f. CARBONADO, s. carbonade, f. CARBUNGLE, s. escarboucle, f. charbon, m. CARBUNCULATION, s. brouissaire des plantes, f. CARCASS, s. carcasse, f. squelette, m. les CARCELAGE, s. geolage, m. CARCINOMA, s. carcinome, f. ulcère, m. CARD, s. carte à jouer, f. carde à carder. CARD-MAKER, s, cartier, m. cardier, m.

CARDAMOMUM, s. cardamome, m.

CARDER, s. cardeur, m. cardeuse, f. CARDES, s. bardes, f. cardes, f. pl.

[laine.

CARDIACK, adj. cardiaque, cordial. CARDINAL, s. & adj. cardinal, principal. CARDINALATE, CARDINALSHIP, s. cardina-CARDOON, s. cardon, m. cardes. f. [lat, m. CARE, s. soin, m. souci, m. inquietude, f. CARE, v. a. & n. se soucier, se mettre en CAREEN, v. a. caréner, radouber. [peine. CAREER, s. carrière, f. course, f. route, f. CAREFUL, adj. soigneux, attentif, prudent. CAREFULLY, adv. soigneusement CAREFULNESS, s. soin, m. attention, f. CARELESS, adj. nonchalant, negligent. CARELESSLY, adv. nonchalamment, sans soin. CARELESSNESS, s.négligence, f. inattentiou, f. CARESS, s. caresse, f.; v. a. caresser, flatter. CARFAX, s. un carre-four. CARGO, s. cargaison, f. charge, f. CARIOSITY, s. carie, f. pourriture d'un os, f. CARLE, s. un rustre, un homme brutal. CARLING, s. carlingue, f. or contrequille, f. CARMAN, s. cocher, m. charretier, m. CARMELITE, s. carme, m. carmelite, f. CARMINATIVE, adj. carminatif. CARMINE, s. carmin, m. rouge, m. fard, m. CARNAGE, s. carnage, m. massacre, m. CARNAL, adj. charnel, de chair, sensuel. CARNALITY, s. convoitise charnelle, f. CARNALLY, adv. charnellement, sensuelle-CARNATION, s. couleur de chair, f. [ment, CARNAVAL or CARNIVAL, s. carnaval, m. CARNEOUS, adj. charnu, plein de chair. CARNIFY, v. a. convertir en chair. CARNIVOROUS, adj. carnassier. CARNOSITY, s. excrescence de chair, f. CAROB, s. caroube or carouge, f. CAROL, s. chanson, f. noël, m. CAROL, v. a. chanter, louer, célébrer. CAROTIDS, s. pl. carotides, f. pl. CAROUSAL, s. carrousel, m. course, f. CAROUSE.s. débauche de vin, f. carrousse, f. CAROUSE, v. n. boire, faire la débauche. CAROUSER, s. un grand huveur, un biberon. CARP, s. carpe, f. A young carp, un car-CARP, v. a. & n. censurer. [pillon, CARPENTER, s. charpentier, m. CARPENTRY, s. charpenterie, f. CARPER, s. critique, m. censeur, f. CARPET, s. tapis, m.; v. a. couvrir de tapis. CARPING, s. critique, m.; adj. caustique. CARPINGLY, adv. malignement. CARRIAGE, s. port, m. transport, m. voiture, f. charroi, m. mine, f. air, m. Carriage for ordnance, affût, m.; carriage of a coach, le train d'un carrosse. [teur, m. CARRIER, s. voiturier, m. roulier, m. por-CARRION, s. charogue, f. carcasse pourrie. CARROT, s. carotte, f. un rousseau. CARROTY, adj. rougeâtre, poil de carotte. CARRY, v. a. porter, mener, gagner, remporter, montrer, avoir; carry in a car, charier, voiturer; cc-ry it, l'emporter, avoir l'avantage; carry it high, le porter haut, trancher du grand; carry one's self, se comporter, se conduire; carry about one, porter sur soi; carry away, emporter, emmener; carry back, rapporter, ramener; carry before, porter devant; carry down, porter or mener en has; carry forth or out, tirer,

porter dans, faire entrer; carry off, emporter, dissiper, tuer; carry on, pousser, conduire, continuer; carry on, pousser, conduire, continuer; carry over, transporter; carry to and fro, porter cà et là; carry through, soutenn, faire triompher, venir à bout. CARRY-TALE, s. rapporteur, rapporteuse. CART, s. chariot, m. charrette, f. A dungcart, un tombereau; a sling-cart, trique balle, m.; a cart-load, charretée, f. CART, v. a. sc servir d'une charrette. CARTAKER, s. un vaguemestre. [seing, m. CARTE-BLANCHE, s. carte-blanche, f. blanc-CARTEL, s. cartel, m. defi, m. CARTER, s. charretier, m. voiturier, m. CARTESIAN, adj. & s. cartesien. CARTHUSIAN, s. chartreux, m. CARTILAGE, s. cartilage, m. tendon, m. CARTILAGINOUS, adj. cartilagineux. CART-LOAD, s. charretce, f. voiture, f. CARTOON, s. carton, m. dessein en grand, m. CARTOUCH, CARTRIDGE, s. cartouche, m. CARTOUCH-BOX, giberne, f. CARTRUT, s. ornière, f. CARTULARY, s. cartulaire, m. serre-papiers, CART-WRIGHT, s. charron, m. CARVE, v. a. tailler, ciscler, sculpter, couper, découper la viande, graver. CARVER, s. sculpteur, m. graveur, m. écuyer CARUNCLE, s. caroncule, f. [trans. CASCADE, s. cascade, f. chûte d'eau, f. [tranchant. CASE, s. boîte, f. étui, m. fourreau, m. housse, cas, m. chose, f. matière, f. fait, m. sujet, m. cause, f. affaire, f. condition, f. état, m. circonstance, f. Case of bottles, cave, cantine, f.; case for pens, casse, f. A letter case, un porte lettres, une casse (d'imprimerie.) CASE, v. a. mettre dans un étui; n. n. sup-CASE-HARDEN, r. a. tremper, endureir. CASE-SHOT, s, mitrailles, f, pl. CASEMATE, s. casemate, f. barbacane, f. CASEMENT, s. fenêtre, f, ferrure, f. CASEOUS, adj. caseux, fromageux. CASERN, s.. caserne, f. logement de soldats. CASH, s. argent, m. numéraire, m. caisse. CASHEW or CATECHU, s. cachou, m. CASHIER, s. caissier, m. banquier, m CASHIER, v. a. casser, annuller. Casing, bouse de vache séchée. CASK, s. baril, m. touneau, m. casque, m. CASKET, s. cassette. f. petite boîte. CASSIDONY, s. cassidoine, f. (plante.) CASSOCK, s. soutane, f. soutanelle, f. CAST, v. a. jeter, lancer, compter, supputer, condamner, fondre, jeter en moule, examiner, changer, rendre, perdre; v. n. se déjeter. Cast in one's mind, considérer, mediter; cast his skin, changer de peau; cast one's nativity, dresser l'horoscope de quelqu'un. Cast about, penser or songer à; cast against, reprocher; cast away, jeter, abandonner, ruiner, échouer, bannir; cast behind, laisser derrière : cast down, abaisser, humilier, abattre; cast forth, exhaler, répandre ; cast headlong, précipiter ; cast in or into, jeter or mettre dans; cast off, casser, renvoyer, rejeter, devancer; cast

rebut, m. Cast of the eye, coup d'œil, œillade, f. CASTANETS, s. castagnettes, f. pl.

dresser.

out, lacher, chasser, calculer, compter, lever,

CAST, s. jet, m. coup, m. vol, fonte. Cast off

inoutrer, avancer, soutenir; carry in or into,

CAST-AWAY, s. un homme perdu; adj. inutile. || CATERWAUL, v. n. miauler, faire vacarme CASTELLAIN, s. châtelain, m. gouverneur de CASTELLANY, s. châtellenie, f. [château, m. CASTER, s. calculateur, m. ville forte. CASTIGATE, v. a. chatier, punir, corriger. CASTIGATION, s. châtiment, m. punition, f. CASTING, s. l'action de jeter, f. cure, f. CASTING-HOUSE, fonderie, CASTING-NET, épervier, m. filet à pêcher, m. CASTLE, s. château fort. CASTLE, v. n. roquer (au jeu d'échecs.) CASTLED, adj. chargé de châteaux. CASTLE-WARD, s. châtellenie. CASTLING, s. avorton, m. CASTOR, s. castor, m. chapeau de castor, m. CASTRAMETATION, s. castramétation, f. CASTRATE, v. a. châtrer, couper. CASTRATION, s. castration, f. CASUAL, adj. casuel, accidentel, fortuit. CASUALLY, adv. casuellement, par accident. CASUALTY, s. accident, m. hasard, m. aven-CASUIST, s. casuiste, m. [ture, f. CASUISTICAL, adj. qui a rapport aux cas de conscience. CASUISTRY, s. science du casuiste, f. CAT, s. chat, m. chatte, f. Cat in the pan, deserteur, f. revolte, m. transfige, m. Cat o'nine tails, fouet à neuf courroles, m. CAT'S-MINT, s. pouliot sauvage, m. CATACHRESIS, s. catacrèse, f. CATACOMBS, s. pl. catacombes, f. CATALOGUE, s. catalogue, m. liste, f. rôle, m. CATAMITE, s. bardache, m. CATAPLASM, s. cataplâme, m. compresse, f. CATAPULT, s. catapulte, f CATARACT, s. cataracte, f. chûte d'eau, f. CATARRH, s. catarre, m. fluxion, f. CATARRHAL, CATARRHOUS, adj. catarreux. CATASTROPHE, s. catastrophe, f. dénouement. CAT-CALL, s. sifflet, m. appeau, m. CATCH, v. a. prendre, saisir, attraper, at-To catch teindre, surprendre, découvrir. cold, s'enrhumer; to catch a fall, tomber; to catch one's death, s'attirer la mort. Catch at, tâcher de, prendre, chercher, donner; catch up, prendre, empoigner, saisir. CATCH, s. capture, f. butin, m. chanson à re-frain or à reprise, f. canon, pause, f. tein-ture, f. impression legère. To be upon the catch, être aux aguets. To live upon the catch, être aux aguets. To live upon the catch, vivre de butin. Catch for a hawk, leurre d'oiseau, m.; catch of a door, anneau d'une porte, m.; catch of a latch, crampon de loquet, m. Catch-bit, parasite, m. écornifleur, m. CATCHER, s. qui prend, qui attrape. CATCHING, adj. contagieux. CATCH-POLE, s. sergent, m.
CATCH-WORD, s. réclame, f. [réponses.
CATECHETICAL, adj. par demandes et par
CATECHISE, v. a. caléchiser, instruire. CATECHISM, s. catéchisme, m. instruction du CATECHIST, s. catéchiste, m. CATECHUMEN, s. catechumène, m. & f. CATEGORICAL, adj. categorique, convenable. CATEGORICALLY, adv. categoriquement. CATEGORY, s. categorie, f. ordre, m. classe, f. CATENATION, s. enchainement, m. CATER, s. quatre, au jeux de cartes or de dés. CATER, v. a. ponrvoir, faire provision. CATER-COUSIN, s. parasite, ecornifleur. CATELER, s. pourvoyeur, m. CATHESS, s. pourvoyeuse, f. CATHEFILLAR, s. chenille, f.

CATERWAULING, s. sabbat des chats, m. tin-CATES, s. friandises, f. [tamarre, m. CATHARTICAL, CATHARTICK, adj. cathardraf. CATHEDRAL, s. cathédrale, f; adj. cathé-CATHETER, s. sonde, f. catheter, m. CATHOLICISM, s. catholicité, f. [néral CATHOLICK, adj. catholique, universel, gé-[néral. CATHOLICON, s. catholicon, m. remède à tous maux. CATKINS, s. pl. (cat's-tail) chatons, m. pl. CATLING, s. couteau à dissequer, m. CATOPTRICAL, adj. de catoptrique. CATOPTRICKS, s. catoptrique, f. CAT-PIPE, s. pipeau, m. sifflet, m. CAT's-TAIL, s. chaton, m. emouchette, f. CATTLE s. bétail, m. troupeau, m. CAUDLE, s. chaudeau, m. réveillon, m. CAUF, s. coffre percé, banneton, m CAUGHT, part. adj. pris. Caught up, ravi, cnlévé. CAUL, s. fond de coiffe, m. la coiffe. CAULIFLOWER, s. chou-fleur, m. CAUSAL, adj. causale, causative. CAUSALITY, s. causalité, f. cause, f. prin-CAUSE, s. cause, f. source, f. raison, f. sujet, m. lieu, m. parti, m. procès, m. CAUSE, r. n. causer, faire, exciter. CAUSELESSLY, adv. sans cause, sans objet. Causeless, adj. sans cause, sans raison. CAUSER, s. agent, m. auteur, m. CAUSEWAY, s. chaussee, f. digue, f. [rosif. CAUSTICAL, CAUSTICK, adj. caustique, cor-CAUSTICK, s. un caustique. Caustick-stone, pierre infernal. CAUTELOUS, adj. circonspect, rusé, fourbe. CAUTELOUSLY, adv. avec precaution, CAUTERIZATION, s. cautérisation, f. [ruse. CAUTERISE, v. a. cauteriser, brûler. CAUTERY, s. cautère, m. fer brulant. CAUTION, s. prudence, f. precaution, f. CAUTION, v. a. avertir, donner avis. CAUTIONARY, adj. donné en ôtage. CAUTIOUS, adj. circonspect, prudent, avisé. CAUTIOUSLY, adv. prudemment. CAUTIOUSNESS, s. circonspection, f. retenue, CAVALCADE, s. cavalcade, f. CAVALIER, s. cavalier, m. un royaliste. Cavalier-like, à la cavalière. [libre CAVALIER, adj. gai, cavalier, guerrier, fier CAVALIERLY, adv. cavalièrement. CAVALRY, s. cavalerie, f. troupes à cheval. CAVE, s. caverne, f. antre, m. cave, f. CAVEAT, s. avertissement, m. empechement, CAVERN, s. caverne, f. antre, m. CAVERNOUS, adj. caverneux, creux. CAVERS, s. voleursdes mines, m. CAVESSON, s. caveçon, m. bridon, m. CAVIARE, s. caviar, m. caviat, m. CAVIL, s. chicane, f. sophisme, m. CAVIL, v. a. chicaner, trouver à redire. CAVILLATION, s. pointillerie, f. chicane, f. CAVILLER, s. chicaneur, m. sophiste, m. CAVILLOUS, adj. captieux, pointilleux. CAVITY, s. cavité, f. creux, m. CAW, v. n. croacer or croasser. CEASE, v. n. & a. cesser, discontinuer. CEASELESS, adj. continuel, perpetuel. With. out ceasing, sans cesse. CECITY, s. aveuglement, m. CEDAR, s. cèdre (arbre.) CEIL, r. a. plafonner, lambrisser.

CEILING, s. plafond, m. lambris. CELANDINE, s. (a plant) éclaire, f. CELEBRATE, v. a. célébrer, solemniser. CELEBRATED, adj. célébre, fameux. CELEBRATION, s. éloge, m. louange, f. célé-CELEBRIOUS, adj. célébre, fameux, renommé. CELEBRITY, s. célébrité, f. renominée, f. CELERITY, s. célérité, f. vitesse, f. rapidité, f. CELERY, s. (an herb) céléri, m. CELIACK, adj. céliaque, du bas ventre. CELLBAGY, s. cellibat, m. vie de garçon, f. CELL, s. cellule, f. cavité, f. caveau. CELLAR, s. cave, f. cellier, m. CELLARAGE, s. caves, f. celliers m. CELLARIST, s. cellerier, m. caviste, m. CELLULAR, adj. cellulaire, caverneux. CEMENT, s. ciment, m. lien, m. CEMENT, v. a. cimenter, affermir. CEMBTERY, s. cimetière, CENOBITICAL, adj. cénobitique. CENOTAPH, s. cenoraphe, m. cataphalque, m. CENSE, s. taxes, f. pl. impôt, m. CENSE, v. a. encenser, parfumer. CENSER, s. encensoir, m. CENSOR, s. censeur, m. magistrat Romain. CENSORIOUS, adj. critique, médisant. CENSORIOUSLY, adv. en censeur, en critique. CENSORIOUSNESS, s. humeur critique, f. CENSORSHIP, s. dignité de censeur, f CENSURABLE, adj. censurable, reprehensible. CENSURE, s. censure, f. reprimande, f. CENSURE, v. a. censurer, reprimander. CENSURER, s. frondeur, m. critique, m. CENT, s. cent, m. CENTAUR, s. centaure, m. CENTAURY, s. (a plant) centaurée, f. CENTENARY, adj. centenaire; s. centaine, f. CENTESIMAL, s. centième, m. CENTINADY, s. renouée, f. centinode, f. CENTO, s. centon, m. habit fait de pièces. CENTRAL, adj. central, qui est au centre. CENTRE, CENTER, s. centre, m. milieu. CENTRE, v. n. aboutir, se terminer à. CENTRIFUGAL, adj. centrifuge. CENTRIPETAL, adj. centripète. CENTRY, SENTRY, s. sentinelle, f. CENTRY-BOX, s. guérite, f. CENTUPLE, adj. & s. centuple. CENTURIATOR, s. centuriateur, m. CENTURION, s. centurion, m. centenier, m. CENTURY, s. centaine, f. centurie, f. siècle, CEPHALALGY, s. céphalalgie, f. CEPHALIQUE, adj. céphalique. CERATE, s. cerat, m. CERE, v. a. enduire de cire. CERECLOTH, s. toile cirée, sparadrap. m. CEREMONIAL, adj. & s. m. cérémonial. CEREMONIOUS, adj. cérémonieux. CEREMONIOUSLY, adv. avec cérémonic. CEREMONY, s. cérémonie, f. formalité, f. fa-CERILLA, s. cédille, f. Çon, f. CERTAIN, adj. eertain, assure, sûr, quelque. CERTAINLY, adv. certainement, assurement. CERTAINTY, s. certitude, f. assurance, f. CERTIFICATE, s. certificat, m. témoignage. CERTIFY, v. a. certifier, déclarer, notifier. CERTITUDE, s. certitude, f. assurance, f. CERULEAN, CERULEOUS, adj. bleu.

CERUMEN, s. cérumen, m. matière jaune de l'oreille

CERUSE, s. céruse, f. blanc d'Espagne.

CESS, s. (tax) taxe, f. cotisation, f.

CESAREAN, adj. césarienne.

CESS, v. a. taxer, imposer, cotiser. CESSATION, s. cessation, f. relâche, f. CESSIBLE, adj. qui cède facilement. CESSION, s. cession, f. transport, m. CESSIONARY, adj. cessionnaire. CESTUS, s. ceste, m. ceinture de Vénus, f. CETACEOUS, adj. cétacée, de baleine. CHAFE, v. a. & n. chauffer, échauffer, irriter, s'echauffer, s'ecorcher. CHAFE, s. chaleur, f. colère, f. emportement, CHAFER, s. escarbot, m. un poilon. CHAFF, s. paille, f. CHAFFER, s. merchandise, f.; v. n. trafiquer, marchander. CHAFFERER, s. marchand, m. acheteur, m. CHAFFERING, CHAFFERY, s. traffic, m. commerce, m. CHAFFERN, s. chaudière, f. CHAFFINCH, s. (a sort of bird) pinson, m. CHAFFLESS, adj. sans paille. Силггү, adj. plein de paille. CHAFING-DISH, s. réchaut, m. CHAGRIN, s. chagrin, m. inquietude, f. CHAGRIN, v. α. chagriner, inquieter. CHAIN. s. chaîne, f. servitude, f. Chain-lace, un passe-poil, cordonnet, m. CHAIN, v. a, enchaîner, mettre à la chaîne. CHAINING, s. enchaînement, m. CHAIN-PUMP, s. sorte de pompe double. CHAIN-SHOT, s. un ange, m. terme d'artillerie. CHAIN-WALES, s. pl. porte-haubaus, m. CHAIR, s. chaise, f. chaise à porteurs. Arm-chair, fauteuil. Privy-chair, chaise percée. CHAIRMAN, s. porteur de chaise, m. président d'une assemblée, m. CHAISE, s. chaise, f. phacton, m. cabriolet, m. CHALCEDONY, s. chalcedoine, f. CHALDER, CHALDRON, s. mesure de 36 boisseaux. CHALICE, s. calice, m. coupe, f. CHALK, s. craie, f. CHALK, v. a. crayonner, fumer avec de la CHALK-OUT, v. a. tracer, frayer. CHALKY, adj. plein de craie or de marne, f. CHALLENGE, s. défi, m. appel, m. cartel, m. demande, f. sommation, f. récusation, f. CHALLENGE, v. a. défier, provoquer, reclamer, sommer, recuser, accuser. CHALLENGER, s. agresseur, m. appellant. CHALYBEATE, adj. imprégné de fer, ferrée. CHAMADE, s. chamade, f. CHAMBER, s. chambre, f. June chambre. CHAMBER, v. n. libertiner, être, résider dans CHAMBER-COUNSELLOR, s. avocat consultant, m. CHAMBERER, s. libertin, m. débauché, m. CHAMBER-FELLOW, s. camarade, m. CHAMBERLAIN, s. chambellan, m. trésorier. CHAMBER-MAID, s. femme de chambre, soubrette, f. CHAMELEON, s. cameleon, m. CHAMFER, v. a. canneler; s. cannelere, f. CHAMFERING, s. cannelure, f. embrasure, f. CHAMOIS, s. chamois, m. chevre sauvage. CHAMOMILE, s. (a plant) camomille, f. CHAMP, v. a. macher, mordre. CHAMPAIGN, s. campagne, f. pays découvert. CHAMPERTOR, s. un chicaneur. CHAMPIGNON, s. champignon, m. CHAMPION, s. champion, m. guerrier, m. CHAMPION, r. a. défier au combat. CHANCE, s. hasard, m. accident, m. CHANCE, v. n. arriver, se rencontrer. CHANCEL, s. le sanctuaire, le presbytère.

CHANCELLOR, s. chancelier, m. Ilier, II CHANCELLORSHIP, s. la charge de chance-CHANCE-MEDLEY, s. cas fortuit, accident, m. CHANCERY, s. chancellerie, f. CHANCRE, s. chancre, m. ulcère. CHANCROUS, adj. chancreux. CHANDELIER, s. un lustre, un candelabre. CHANDLER, s. chandelier, m. regratier, revendeur. A wax-chandler, un cirier. Cornchandler, vendeur de grains, m. CHANGE, v. a. & n. changer, echanger. CHANGE, s. changement, m. variété, change, m. échange, m. la bourse. CHANGEABLE, adj. changeant, variable, inconstant. CHANGEABLENESS, s. inconstance, f. CHANGEABLE, adv. d'une manière incon-CHANGELING, s. enfant supposé. stante. CHANGER, s. changeur, m CHANGING, s. changement, m. CHANNEL, s. canal, m. lit (d'une rivière), passe, f. la manche, cannelure. Channel, v. a. canneler, ciscler. Chant, v. a. chanter, célébrer. CHANTER, s. chanteur, m. chantre, m. CHANTICLEER, s. coq, m. CHANTRESS, s. chanteuse, f. CHANTRY, s. chapelle, chanterie, f. CHAOS, s. chaos, m. confusion, f. desordre, m. CHAP, s. fente, f. crevasse, f. ouverture, f. gerçure, f. bajouë, mâchoire, f. CHAP, v. n. se fendre, s'ouvrir, se gercer. CHAPE, s. attache, f. erampon, m. bout, m. CHAPEL, s. chapelle, f. CHAPERON, s. chaperon, m. bonnet. CHAPITER, s. chapiteau, chef, m. CHAPLAIN, s. chapelain, m. aumonier, m. CHAPLAINSHIP, s. office de chapclain, f. CHAPLET, s. guirlande, f. chapelet, m. CHAPMAN, s. acheteur, m. chaland, m. CHAPS, s. pl. gueule, f. embouchure, f. CHAPTER, s. chapitre, m. assemblee, f. CHAR, s. ouvrage journalier, tâche, f CHAR, v. n. travailler à la journée. CHARACTER, s. caractère, m. lettre, f. qualité, f. témoignage de conduite, m. CHARACTERISTICAL, adj. caractéristique. CHARACTERISTICK, s. marque distinctive CHARACTERIZE, v. a. caractériser, peindre. CHARCOAL, s. charbon de bois, m. CHARD, s. charde, f. feuille d'artichaud. CHARE, s. tâche, marché, m. petite affaire. CHARGE, v. a. charger, imputer, accuser. CHARGE, s. charge, f. soin, m. depôt, m. ordre, m. précepte, m. emploi, m. accusation, f. imputation, f. exhortation, f. avis, m. mercuriale, f. frais, m. dépense, f. attaque, f. fardeau, m. CHARGEABLE, adj. cher, coûteux; qu'on peut aeeuser. CHARGEABLY, adv. dispendieusement. CHARGER, s. grand 'plat, un bassin; cheval de guerre or de bataille, chargeoir, m. CHARILY, adv. soigneusement, avec écono-CHARIOT, s. char, m. phaëton, m. CHARIOTEER, s. coeher, m. conducteur, m. CHARITABLE, adj. charitable. CHARITABLY, adv. charitablement. CHARITY, s. charité, f. bienveillance, f. CHARK, v. a. réduire en charbon. CHARLATAN, s. charlatan, m. trompeur, m. CHARLATANRY, s. charlatanerie, f. tromperie, f. CHARLES'S-WAIN, s. la grande ourse.

CHARLOCK, s. sorte de jaunet. CHARM, s. charme, m. enchantement, m. at-CHARM, r. a. charmer, enchanter. CHARMER, s. enchanteur, m. enchanteresse, CHARMING, adj. charmant, ravissant. CHARMINGLY, adv.d'une manière charmante. CHARNEL-HOUSE, s. charnier, m. CHART, s. carte des côtes, f. Itentes. CHARTER, s. charte or chartre, f. lettres pa-CHARTERED, adj. privilégié. CHARTER-HOUSE, s. chartreuse, f. CHARTER-PARTY, s. charte-partie, f. Силку, adj. soigneux, économe. Chase, v. a. chasser, poursuivre, ciseler. Chase, s. chasse, f. forêt, f. coulisse. CHASER, s. chasseur, m. ciseleur. CHASM, s. ouverture, f. ercux, f. abime, m. CHASTE, adv. chaste, pudique, honnête. CHASTEN, v. a. châtier, punir, corriger. [m.) CHASTE-TREE, s. agnus-castus, m. (arbuste, CHASTISE, v. a. chatier, punir, corriger. CHASTISEMENT, s. châtiment, m. punition, f. CHASTISER, s. eclui or celle qui châtie. CHASTISER, s. celus of constant CHASTITY, s. chasteté, f. pureté, f. conti-CHASTELY, adr. chastement. [nence, f. CHASUBLE, s. chasuble, f. CHAT, v. n. babiller, causer, jaser. CHAT, s. babil, m. caquet, m. CHATELLANY, s. châtellanie, f. CHATTEL, s. biens mobiliaires. flaguer. CHATTER, v. n. caqueter, jaser, gazouiller, CHATTER, CHATTERING, s. babil, m. caquet, m. ramage, m. claquement. Chatterer, s. babillard, m. causeur, m. CHATWOOD, s. brossailles, CHAW, s. bajouë, f.; v. a. mâcher. CHAWDRON, s. entrailles, f. pl. CHEAP, adj. à bon marché, à bas prix. CHEAPEN, v. a. marchander, faire décheoir. marchandeur, marchan-CHEAPENER, S CHEAPLY, adr. à bon marché. [deuse. CHEAPNESS, s. bon marché, bas prix CHEAT, v. a. tromper, duper, friponner. CHEAT, s. tromperie, f. fraude, f. filouterie. f. trompeur, m. fourbe, m. CHEATER, s. trompeur, m. fripon, m. CHEATINGLY, adv. par supercherie. CHECK, v. a. arrêter, réprimer, reprendre. CHECK, s. cchee, m. frein, m. reprimande, f. chagrin, m. obstacle, m. paraphe, m. CHECKER, CHEQUER, v. a. marqueter, bi-CHECKER-WORK, s. marqueterie, f. [garrer. CHECKER-WISE, adv. en échiquier. [queté. CHECKERED, CHECKY, adj. marqueté, échi-CHECKMATE, s. échec et mat, m. CHEEK, s. joue, f. face, f.; cheek-by-jole, tête-à-tête, m. CHEEK, s. jumelles, f. gemelles, f. chasses, CHEEKED, adj.; blub-cheeked, joufflu. CHEER or CHEAR, s. chère, f. régal, m. courage, m. mine, f. visage, m. CHEER, v. a. réjouir, égayer, animer. CHEER-UP, v. n. se réjouir, prendre courage. CHEERFUR, s. joie, f. un boute-en-train.
CHEERFUL, adj. gai, joyeux, enjoué, dispos.
CHEERFULLY, adv. gaiement, avec enjoueCHEERFULNESS, s. gaieté, f. joie, f. [ment
CHEERLESS, adj. triste, mélancolique. CHEERY, adj. gai, enjoué, agréable. CHEESE, s. fromage, m. CHEESE-CAKE, s. talmouse, f. CHEESE-CURDS, s. lait caille, m. CHEESEMONGER, s. fromager, m. CHEESEVAT. s. celisse, f. rond, m.

CHEESY, adj. fromageux, de la nature du [fromage.

CHERISH, v. a. chérir, aimer, entretenir. CHERRY, s. cerise, f.; adj. vermeil. CHERRY-ORCHARD, s. cerisaie, f. CHERRY-PIT, s. (a child's play) fossette, f. CHERRY-TREE, s. cerisier, m. CHERRY-STONE, s. noyau de cerise, m. CHERUB OF CHERUBIM, s.. chérubin, m. CHERUBICK, adj. angélique. CHERVIL, s. (an herb) cerfeuil, m. CHESLIP, s. pou de cochon, m. CHESS, s. échecs, m. jeu des échecs, m. CHESS-BOARD, s. échiquier, m. CHESSMAN, s. une pièce des échecs. CHEST, s. caisse, f. coffre, m. poitrine, f. CHEST, v. a. mettre en caisse, entasser. CHEST-FOUNDERED, adj. courbattu, sur-

CHEST-FOUNDERING, s. courbature, f. CHESTNUT, s. châtaigne, f. maron, m. CHESTNUT-COLOUR, s. châtain, m. CHESTNUT-PLOT, s. châtaigneraie, f. CHESTNUT-TREE, s. châtaignier, m. CHEYALIER, s. chevalier or cavalier, m. CHEVEN, s. cabilleau, m. CHEVERIL, s. chevereau, m. peau de chèvre,

CHEVRON, s. chevron, m. CHEVRONET, s. étaie, J CHEW, v. a. mâcher, méditer, tramer.

CHIBBOUT, s. ciboule. f. ciboulettes, f. CHICANE, s. chicane, f. fausse subtilité. CHICANE, v. n. chicaner, subtiliser. CHICANER, s. chicaneur, m. sophiste, m. CHICANERY, s. chicanerie, f. sophisme, m. CHICK or CHICKEN, s. poulet, m. poussin, m. CHICKEN-POX, s. petite vérole volante CHICKEN-HEARTED, adj. peureux, timide.

CHICK-PEAS, s. pois chiches, m. CRICK-WEED, s. (a plant) morin, m. [ler. CHIDE, v. a. & n. gronder, censurer, querel-CHIDER, s. grondeur, m. conseur, m. CHIEF, adj. principal, premier, capital.

CHIEF, s. chef, m. commandant, genéral, m. CHIEFLESS, adj. sans chef.
CHIEFLY, adv. principalement, surtout. CHIEFTAIN, s. capitaine, m. champion, m.

CHILBLAIN, s. engelure, f.
CHILD, s. enfant, m. & f. To get a woman
with child, engrosser une femme. To be
with child, être enceinte. From a child,
dès l'enfance. A god-child, un filleul or une filleule. Grand-child, s. petit fils, m. petite fille, f.

CHILD-BED, s. couches, f. pl. [ment, m. CHILD-BIRTH, s. travail d'enfant, m. enfante-CHILDHOOD, s. enfance, f.

Сниговн, adj. enfantin, puérile. CHILDISHLY, adv. puérilement, en enfant. CHILDISHNESS, s. puérilité, f. cnfantillage, CHILDLESS, adj. sans enfant.

CHILDREN, s. pl. of child, enfans, m. pl. CHILIAD, s. un mille, un millier. CHILL, adj. froid, frileux.

CHILL, ag. none, incodeur, f.
CHILL, s. froid, m. froideur, f.
CHILL, v. a. & n. rendre froid, rendre frileux, glacer, transir de froid. [son, m. CHILLINESS, CHILLNESS, s. froidure, f. fris-CHIBE, s. harmonie, f. carillon, m. CHIME, v. a. & n. carillonner, convenir.

CHIMERA, s. chimère, f. vision, f. CHIMERICAL, adj. chimérique, imaginaire. CHIMERICALLY, adv. chimeriquement.

CH MMAR OF SIMAR, s. simarre, f.

CHIMNEY, s. cheminée, f.

CHIMNEY-CORNER, s. le coin d'une cheminée. CHIMNEY-HOOK, s. croissant de cheminée, m. CHIMNEY-MONEY, s. fouage, m.

CHIMNEY-PIECE, s. tableau de cheminée.

CHIMNEY-SWEEPER, s. ramoneur de chemi-CHIN, s. menton, m. nee. m. CHIN-CLOTH, mentonnière, f. CHINA, s. porcelaine de la Chine, f.

CHINA-MAN, CHINA-WOMAN, faïencier, m. CHIN-COUGH, s. coqueluche, f. toux violente.

CHINE, s. échine, m. échinée, f. les reins. CHINE, v. a. échiner, rompre les reins. CHINK, s. fente, f. crevasse, f. lezard, f. CHINK, v. a. & n. faire sonner, tinter.

CHINKY, adj. crevasse, plein de fentes. CHINTZ, s. pl. perses, m. pl. Indienne, f. Chip, s. petit morceau, miette, f. échantillon, m.; chip of wood, copeau, m. plénure, m.; chip of bread, chapelures de pain,

f. pl.

CHIP, v. a. hâcher, aménuiser, chapeler. CHIRARGICAL, adj. qui a la goutte. CHIROGRAPHER, s. scribe, m. écrivain, m. CHIROGRAPHY, s. l'art d'écrire, m. CHIROMANCER, s. diseur de bonne aventure, CHIROMANCY, s. chiromancie,

Сытар, v. n. ramager, gazouiller, pépier. CHIRP, CHIRPER, s. qui ramage, m. gazouil-HIRPING, s. ramage, m. Heur, m.

CHIRPING, adj. réjouissant, qui rend joyeux. CHIRURGICAL, adj. chirurgique. Chiskl, s. ciseau à sculpter, m.; v. a. ciseler.

CHISEL-WORK, s. cisclure, f. [seur, J. CHIT, s. enfant, poupon, m. petit chat, rous-CHIT, r. n. germer, pousser.

Ситсилт, s. babil, m. caquet, m.

CHITTERLINGS, s. pl. boyaux, m. pl. tripes, f. pl. tripailles, f. pl. andouilles, f. boudins, CHITTY, adj. enfantia, niais. [m.

CHIVALRY, s. chevalerie, f. fief noble, m. CHIVES, s. pl. fillets des fleurs, m. pl. CHLOROSIS, s. chlorose, f. les pales couleurs.

CHOCOLATE, s. chocolat, m.

CHOCOLATE-POT, s. chocolatière, f. CHOICE, s. choix, m. élite, f. triage, m. as-

sortiment, m. variété, f. CHOICE, adj. choisi, tric, recherché, d'élite. CHOICELY, adv. avec soin, avec choix.

CHOICENESS, s. délicatesse, discernement. CHOIR, s. chœur, m.

CHOKE, v. a. étrangler, étouffer, suffoquer, engorger, boucher.

CHOKER, s. qui étrangle, qui arrête. CHOKE-VETCH OF CHOKE-WEED, s. tignes, f. Сноку, adj. suffoquant, qui étouffe.

CHOLAGOGUES, s. pl. remèdes contre la bile, CHOLER, s. bile, f. colère, f. [m. pl. CHOLERICK, adj. bilieux, colère.

CHOLERICKNESS, s. emportement, m. CHOOSE, v. a. choisir, elire; choose ratier, aimer micux; choose out, trier, prendre, choisir.

Снор, v. a. & n. couper, troquer.

CHOP, s. tranche, f. moreeau, m. cotelette, f. CHOP-HOUSE, s. petit cabaret, gargote, f.

CHOPPING, adj. gros et gras, bien nourri. CHOPPING-BLOCK, s. hachoir, m. dressoir, m

CHOPPING-KNIFE, s. couperet, m. CHOPS, s. pl. bouche, f. gueule, f. machoire, CHOPPY, adj. troue, perce.

CHORAL, adj. de chœur. CHORD, s. corde d'instrument, f. or d'un arc.

CHORDEE, s. chaudepisse, cordée.

CHYMISTRY, s. chimie, f.

CHORISTER, s. choriste, m. enfant de chœur, | CHOROGRAPHER, s. chorographe, m. CHOROGRAPHICAL, chorographique. CHOROGRAPHY, s. chorographie, f. CHORUS, s. chorus, m. le chœur. Сноисн, s. espèce de corneille, choucas. CHOULE, s. le jabot d'un oiseau. CHOUSE, v. a. tromper, duper. [terie, f. CHOUSE, s. dupe, f. niais, m. duperie, f. filou-CHOWTER, v. n. marmurer, grommeler. CHRISM, s. chrême, m. oint, m. CHRISOM-CLOTH, s. chrêmeau, m. CHRIST, s. Christ, le Sauveur du monde. CHRISTEN, v. a. baptiser, nommer. CHRISTENDOM, s. chrétienté, f. CHRISTENING, s. baptême, m. CHRISTEN-NAME, s. nom de baptême. CHRISTIAN, s. & adj. chrétien, m. CHRISTIANISM OF CHRISTIANITY, s. Christianisme, m. CHRISTIANIZE, v. a. convertir. CHRISTIANLY, adv. chrétiennement. CHRISTMAS, s. noël, m.; étrennes, f. pl. tire-lire, f. Christmas-box, CHRIST'S-THORN, s. aubepine, f.
CHROMATICK, adj. chromatique.
CHRONICAL, CHRONICK, adj. chronique.
CHRONICLE, s. chronique, f. annales, f.
CHRONICLE, v. a. mettre dans les annales. CHRONICLER, s. chroniqueur, m. annaliste, CHRONOGRAM, s. chronogramme, m. CHRONOLOGER, CHRONOLOGIST, s. chronologiste, m. [chronologique. CHRONOLOGICALLY, adv. suivant Fordre CHRONOLOGY, s. chronologie, f CHRONOMETER, s. chronomètre, m. CHRYSALIS, s. chrysalide, f. nymphe, f. Chub, s. chabot, m. un paysan, un rustre. Chubbed, adj. qui a la tête grosse. CHUB-CHEEKED, adj. joufflu. CHUCK, v.a. & n. imiter le cri d'une poule, chanter, donner un petit coup sous le men-Chuck, s. le cri de la poule, soubarbe, f. CHUCK-FARTHING, s. fossette, f. CHUCKLE, v. n. & a. rire avec éclat, rica-CHUFF, s. paysan, rustre, rustaud. CHUFFLY, adv. grossièrement. CHUFFY, adj. grossier, rustique. CHUM, s. camarade de chambre, m. Church, s. eglise, f. l'office divin. Church, v. a. relever une femme de couches. Church-Book, s. baptistère, m. CHURCH-CHOPPER, s. un revolté, un apostat. CHURCHING, s. relevailles, f. pl. CHURCH-LANDS, s. pl. biens d'église, m. pl. Church-man, s. ecclésiastique, m. membre de l'église Anglicane, m. [cieu. CHURCH-WARDEN, s. marguillier, m. un an-CHURCH-YARD, s. cimitière, f. CHURL, s. un paysan, un rustaud, un avare. CHURLISH, adv. rustique, grossier, avare. Churlishly, adv. grossierement, brutale-CHURLISHNESS, s. rusticité, f. CHURME, s. bruit confus, m. tapage, m. CHURN, s. baratte, f.; v. a. battre, agiter violemment. CHURN-STAFF, s. baratte à beurre, f. CHUSE or rather CHOOSE which sec. CHYLE, s. chyle, m. le sue des alimens. Chylous, adj. de chyle, chyleux. Снуміся, снуміск, adj. chimique.

CHYMIST, s. chimiste, m. drogiste, m

CIBOL or CIBOULE, s. ciboule, f. CICATRIX, s. cicatrice, f. CICATRIZE, v. a. eicatriser. CICHORACEOUS, adj. chicoracée. CICURATE, v.a. apprivoiser, rendre traitable. CICURATION, s. l'action d'apprivoiser. Cip, s. un vaillant homme, un héros. CIDER, s. cidre, m. CIDER-HOUSE, s. cabaret à cidre, m. CIDERIST, CIDER-MAN, s. feseur or vendeur de cidre, m. CIDERKIN, s. de petit cidre. CIERGE, s. cierge, m. [paupières. CILIARY, adj. ciliaire, qui appartient aux CIMETER, s. cimeterre, m. sabre, m. CINCTUPE, s. ceinture, f. ceinturon, m, CINDER, s. fraisil, m. charbon éteint, m. CINDER-WENCH, s. une femme de néant. CINERITIOUS, adj. en cendres. CINGLE, s. sangle, f. sanglon, m. CINNABAR, s. cinabre, f. vermillon, m. CINNAMON, s. cinnamome, m. cannelle, f. CINNAMON-TREE, s. cannellier, m. CINOPER, s. cinabre factice, m. vermillon, m. CINQUE, s. un cinq, aux dés et aux cartes. CINQUE-FOIL, s. quinte-feuille, f. Cion, s. rejetton, m. scion, m. CIPEROS, s. souchet, m. espèce de jonc, f. CIPHER or CYPHER, s. chiffre, m. zero, m. CIPHER, v. n. chiffrer, calculer CIPHERING, s. l'action de chiffrer, calcul, m. CIRCLE, s. cercle, m. rond, m. assemblée, f. CIRCLE, v. a. mouvoir en rond, limiter. CIRCLET, s. cercle, m. orbe, m. porteassiette, CIRCUING, adj. circulaire, rond. CIRCUIT, s. circuit, m. contour, m. CIRCULTION, s. circuit, m. circonlocution, f. CIRCULAR, adj. circulaire, en rond, borne. CIRCULARLY, adr. en forme de cercle. CIRCULATE, v.n. circuler, se mouvoir en rond. CIRCULATION, s. circulation, f. CIRCULATORY, adj. circulaire. CIRCUMAMBIENCY, s. enceinte, f. CIRCUMAMBIENT, adj. qui entoure, d'alentour. CIRCUMAMBULATION, s. promemade tout au-CIRCUMCISE, y. a. circoncire. flour, f. CIRCUMCISER, s. circonciseur, m. CIRCUMCISION, s. circoncision, f. CIRCUMDUCTION, s. abolition, f. CIRCUMFERENCE, s. circonference. f. con-CIRCUMFLEX, adj. circonflexe. [tour, m. CIRCUMFLUENT, adj. qui conle autour CIRCUMFORANEOUS, adj. ambulant, vulgaire. CIRCUMFUSE, v. a. répandre autour, étendre. CIRCUMGYRATION, s. tournoiement, m. CIRCUMJACENT, adj. qui est aux environs. CIRCUMLOCUTION, s. circonfocution, f. CIRCUMNAVIGATE, v. n. naviguer autour de. CIRCUMSCRIBE, v. a. circonscrire, borner, CIRCUMSCRIPTION, s. limitation, f. [limiter CIRCUMSPECT, adj. circonspect, réservé. CIRCUMSPECTION, s. circonspection, f. CIRCUMSPECTIVE, adj. attentif, vigilant. CIRCUMSPECTLY, adv. prudemment. CIRCUMSTANCE, s. circonstance, f. condition, CIRCUMSTANCE, v. a. circonstancier CIRCUMSTANTIAL; adj. aecidentel; acces-CIRCUMSTANTIALLY, adv. en détail. [soire. CIRCUMSTANTIATE, v. a. circonstancier. CIRCUMVALLATION, s. circonvallation, f. CIRCUMVENT, v.a. tromper, surprendre. CIRCUMVENTION s. tromperie, f. surprise, f.

CLARIFICATION, s. clarification, f. CLARIFY, v. a. clarifier, éclairer.

CLARION, s. clairon, m.

CIRCUMVOLUTION, s. circonvolution, f. || tour, m. CIRQUE or CIRCUS, s. cirque, m. C151, s. tégument, m. enveloppe, f. CISTERCIANS, s. pl. religieux de citeaux, m. CISTERN, s. citerne, f. fontaine, f. CIT. s, citoyen, m. bourgeois, m. CITADEL, s. citadelle, f. forteresse, f. CITATION, s. citation, f. assignation, f. CITE, v. a. citer, assigner, alleguer. CITER, s. celui qui cite, rapporteur, m. CITESS, s. bourgeoise, f. CITHERN, s. cistre, m. CITIZEN, s. & adj. citoyen, bourgeois, m. A fellow-citizen, concitoyen. CITRINE, adj. citrin, de couleur de citron. CITRON, s. citron, m. limon, m. CITRON-TREE, s. citronier, m. limonier, m. CITRON-WATER, s. citronelle, f. CITRUL, s. citronille, f. CITY, s. ville, f. cité, f.; adj. de ville. CIVICK, adj. civique, de citoyen. CIVIL, adj. civile, civilisé, poli, obligeant. CIVILIAN, s. docteur en droit civil, m. CIVILITY, s. civilité, f. politesse, f. urbanité. CIVILIZATION, s. civilisation, f. CIVILIZE, v. a. civiliser, humaniser, polir. CLACK, s. bruit continuel, claquet. CLACK, v. n. claquer, cliqueter. wool, couper la marque des brebis. CLACKING, s. cliquetis, m. claquement, m. CLAD, part. adj. habille, vetu. CLAIM, s. demande, f. prétention, f. CLAIM, v. a. réclamer, prétendre, sommer. CLAIMABLE, adj. réclamable. CLAIMANT, CLAIMER, s. prétendant, m. CLAMBER, v. n. grimper, monter. CLAMM, v.a. prendre avec de la glue. CLAMMINESS, s. viscosité, f. CLAMMY, adj. visqueux, gluant, pâteux. CLAMOROUS, adj. bruyant, tumultueux. CLAMOUR, s. bruit, m. clameur, f. CLAMOUR, v. a. crier, faire du bruit or des clameurs. CLAMP, s. clamp, m. gémelle, f. CLAMP, v. a. acclamper, joindre.
CLAMPS, s. pl. jumelles, f. pl. gaburons, m. pl.:
CLAN, s. famille, f. race, f. secte, f. clique, f.
famille écossoise, tribu, f.
CLAN TOGETHER, v. n. cabaler, faire un parti.
CLANDESTINE, adj. clandestin, furtif, caché. CLANDESTINELY, adv. clandestinement. CLANG, s. cri, m. bruit, m. son aigu. CLANG, v.a. rendre un son aigu. CLANGOUR, s. son, m. fansare, f. CLANK, s. cliquetis, m. tintement, m. CLAP, v. a. battre, battre des mains, applaudir, claquer, appliquer à, mettre sur. CLAP, s. bruit, m. éclat, m. claquement, m. coup, m. tape, f. chaudepisse, CLAP-BOARD, s. douve, f. chanteau, m.
CLAP-BOARD, s. douve, f. chanteau, m.
CLAPPER, s. qui bat des mains, approbateur, m.; clapper of a bell, le battant d'une cloche; clapper of a door, le marteau d'une porte; clapper of a mill, claquet de moulin, m. clapper of rabbits, clapier, m. [ment, m.

CLAPPING, s. battement, m. applaudisse-CLARENCIEUX, s. le second roi d'armes.

CLARE-OBSCURE, s. clair-obscur, m. CLARET, s. vin clairet, m.

CLARICORD, s. claveçin, m évinette.

CLARY, s. (an herb) orvale, f. Theurter. CLASH, v. n. se choquer, se contrarier, se CLASH or CLASHING, s. choc, m. cliquetis, m. CLASP, s. agraffe, f. boucle, f. CLASP, v. a agraffer, embrasser. CLASPER, s. tenon, m. tendron, m. CLASP-KNIFE, s. conteau qui se ferme, m. CLASS, s. classe, f. rang, m. ordre, m. CLASS, v. a. ranger par classes.
CLASSICAL or CLASSICK, adj. classique. CLATTER, v. n. faire du bruit, disputer ; v. a frapper. CLATTER, CLATTERING, s. bruit, m. CLAVICLE, s. clavicule, f. CLAUSE, s. clause, article, maxime, [le bout. f. la fin, CLAUSE, S. CHAUSE, attusted. [serre, f. CLAUSTRAL, adj. claustral. [serre, f. CLAW, s. griffe, f. pinces, f. pl. defenses, f. pl. CLAW, v. a. gratter, egratigner, flatter; claw away, or off, gronder, quereller, defenses, f. du limon. pêcher, expédier. [du limon. CLAY, s. argile, f. terre glaise; de la boue, CLAY, v. a. enduire d'argile. CLAYES, s. pl. claies, f. pl. CLAYISH, CLAYEY, adj. argileux. CLEAN, adj. propre, net, pur, clair, blanc. CLEAN, adv. tout-à-fait, clair et net. CLEAN, v. a. nettoyer, rendre propre. CLEANLINESS, s. netteté, f. propreté, f. CLEANLY, adj. propre, pur, innocent. CLEANLY, adv. proprenent, nettement. CLEANNESS, s. netteté, élégance, pureté. CLEANSE, v. a. purifier, nettoyer, écurer. CLEANSER, s. qui purifie, qui nettoie. CLEAR, adj. clair, screin, pur, net, innocent, juste, évident, clair et net, sûr. CLEAR, adv. tout-à-fait, entièrement. CLEAR, s. (in the) dans-œuvre. CLEAR, v. a. éclaircir, nettoyer, purifier, clarifier, purger, justifier, absondre, vider, h-quider, liberer. To clear the room, vider la chambre; to clear accounts, liquider des comptes; to clear the table, desservir. CLEAR UP, v. n. se découvrir, s'éclaireir. CLEARANCE, s. acquit, m. decharge, f. CLEARLY, adv. clairement, entièrement CLEARNESS, s. clarté, f. lumière, f. sérente, f. netteté, f. pureté, f. [trant. CLEAE-SIGHTED, adj. clair-voyant, péné-CLEAR-SPIRITED, adj. franc, sincère. CLEAR-STARCH, v. a. empeser. CLEAVE, v. n. s'attacher, adhérer, se fendre, s'entrouvrir ; v. a. fendre. CLEAVER, s. couperet, m. fendeur, m.
CLEF, s. clef, f. (en musique.)
CLEFT, s. fente, f. ouverture, f. crevasse, f.
CLEMENCY, s. cleinence, f. indulgence, f.
CLEMENCY, m. di. clement, mistriocellane. CLEMENT, adj. clément, miséricordieux. CLEPSYDRA, s. une clepsidre, un sablier. CLERGY, s. clergé, m. les gens d'église. CLERGYMAN, s. ecclésiastique, m. CLERICAL, adj. clérical, ecclésiastique. CLERK, s. clerc, homme d'église, un savant, sceretaire, greffier, commis, m. CLERKSHIP, s. l'office de clerc, de commis. CLEVER, adj. habile, adroit, bien fait. CLEVERLY, adv. adroitement, vien. CLEVERNESS, s. déxtérité, f. adresse, f. habileté, f. CLEW or CLUE, s. peloton, m. CLICK, v. n. faire tictac or tac-tac. CLICKER, s. garçon de frippier, aboyeur, m.

CLICKET, s. marteau, m. cliquette, f. CLIENTES, client, m. partie, f. protégé, m. CLIENTED, part. adj. qui a des clients. CLIFF or CLIFF, s. rocher escargé, m. le penchant d'un colline or d'une montagne, morceau, éclat de bois feudu, m. une fente, une crevasse, clef de musique, f. CLIMACTERICK, adj. climaterique. CLIMATE, s. climat, m. region, f. pays, m. CLIMAX, s. gradation, f. CLIMB, v. a. & n. monter, grimper. CLIMBER, s. celui qui monte, grimpeur, m. CLIME, s. climat, m. région, f pays, m. CLIMEL, s. équivoque, f. serrement, m. CLINCH, v. a. serrer, fermer, river. CLINCHER, s. crampon, m. barque, f. CLING, v. n. se coller, se tenir, adherer. CLINGY, adj. visqueux, gluant. CLINICAL and CLINICK, adj. clinique, alité. CLINK, v. n. tinter, résonner. CLINK, s. son aigu, tintement. CLINQUANT, s. clinquant, m. faux éclat. CLIP, v. a. embrasser, rogner, toudre. CLIPPER, s. rogneur, m. tondeur, m. CLIPPINGS, s. rognures, f. pl. CLIVER, s. (sort of herb) melilot, m. CLOAK, s. manteau, m. prétexte, m. CLOAK, v.a. couvrir d'un manteau, cacher. CLOAK-BAG, s. portemanteau, m. valise, f. CLOCK, s. horloge, f. What is it of the CLOCK, s. horloge, f. What is it of the clock or o'clock, quelle heure est il? Clock of a stocking, le coin d'un bas. CLOCK-MAKER, s. horloger, m. CLOCK-MAKING, s. horlogerie, f. CLOCK-WORK, s. mouvement, m. CLOD, s. motte de terre, f. grumeau, m. CLOD, v. a. se coaguler, se cailler. CLODDY, adj. plein de mottes, grumelé. CLOG, s. poids, m. entraves, f. embarras, m. obstacle, m. charge, f. CLogs, s. pl. sabots, m. patins de bois, m.claques, f. pl. CLog, v. a. charger, embarrasser, empêcher. CLOGGY, adj. pesant, embarrassant. CLOISTER, s. cloître, m. monastère, m. CLOISTER, v. a. cloîtrer, enfermer. CLOISTERAL, adj. monastique, reclus. CLOSE v. a. fermer, clorre, finir, terminer; v. n se fermer, se rejoindre, convenir, s'accorder. To close in, renfermer, enfermer, To close with, s'accorder avec, joindre. en venir aux mains avec. CLOSE, s. clos, m. enclos, m. fin, f. CLOSE, adj. fermé, enfermé, étroit, serré, concis, caché, secret, renfermé, compacte, plein. Close fight, une mélée. A close coat, un justaucorps. A close ball at billiards, une bille collée sous bande. CLOSE, adv. de près, d'une manière serrée. To live close, vivre avec économie. CLOSE-FISTED, adj. avare, taquin. CLOSELY, adv. de près, secrètement. CLOSENESS, s. clôture, f. proximité, f. liaison, f. connection, f. réserve, f. secret, m. CLOSE-STOOL, s. chaise percée. CLOSET, s. cabinet, m. petit appartement. CLOSETING, s. intrigues du cabinet, f. pl. CLOSURE, s. cloture, f. cloison, f.
CLOT, s. coagulation, f. grumeau, m.
Clot. See To Clod, se cailler. ToCLOT-BUR, s. bardane, f. glatteron, m. [f. CLOTH, s. toile, f. linge, m. drap, m. nappe, CLOTH-BEAM, s. rouet de tisserand, m. CLOTH-HAT, & chapeau sans apprêt, m.

CLOTH-WEAVER, s. tisserand, m. fyêtir. CLOTHE, v. a. pret. Clad, habiller, couvrir, CLOTHES, s. pl. vêtement, m. habit, m. CLOTHIER, s. drapier, m. qui fait du drap. CLOTHING. s. habillement, m. vêtement, m. CLOTTY, adj. coagulé, grumelé. CLOUD, s. nue, f. nuee, f. nuage, m. veine, f CLOUD, v. a. couvrir de nuages, obscureir. CLOUD, v. n. se couvrir de nuages. CLOUDED, part. adj. obscurci, triste, ondé. CLOUDILY, adv. obscurément. CLOUDINESS, s. obscurité, f. pesanteur, f. Cloudy, adj. sombre, couvert, nébuleux. Clout, s. torchon, m. brales d'enfant, f. pl. pièce à un habit, or à un soulier. bandes de fer, f. pl. CLOUT, v. a. raccommoder, rapetasser. CLOUTED, part: adj. racconimodé, coagulé. CLOUTELY, adj. epais, grossier.

CLOVE, s. clou de girole, m.; clore of garlick, gousse d'ail, f.; clore gilluftower, s. giroffee musquee, f. CLOVEN, part. adj. fendu, fourchu. CLOVEN-FOOTED, adj. fourchu, fendu. CLOVER, CLOVER-GRASS, s. sorte de trèfle. CLOWN, s. un paysan, un rustre, un brutal. CLOWNERY, s. rusticité, f. grossièreté, f. CLOWNISH, adj. grossier, rustique, incivil. CLOWNISHLY, adv. grossièrement. CLOWNISHNESS. s. rusticité, f. grossièreté, f. CLOY, r. a. rassasier, souler, enclouer. CLOYLESS, adj. qui ne peut rassasier. Clun, s. massue. f. un gourdin. trèfle, m. coterie, f. société, f. rendezvous, cabale. CLUB, r. a. & n. payer son écot, se cottiser. CLUB-LAW, s. la loi du plus fort. Cluck, r. n. clousser or glousser, appeler. CLUCKING, s. gloussement, m. CLUMP, s. bloc de bois informe, m. CLUMBILY, adv. grossièrement, sans grace. CLUMSINESS, s. grossièrete, f. maladresse, f. CLUMSY, adj. grossier, maladroit. CLUMG, pret. & part. of Cling. CLUSTER, s. amas, m. cssaim, grappe, f. CLUSTER, v. a. mettre en tas; v. n. croître en CLUSTERY, adj. en grappes. [grappes. CLUTCH, v. a. empoigner, serrer. CLUTCH, s. prise, f. les griffes, f. les pattes, f. CLUTCH-FIST, un gros poing. CLUTTER, s. bruit, m. fracas, m. foule, f. CLUTTER, v. n. faire du bruit. CLYSTER, s. clistère, m. lavement, m. COACERVATION, s. amas, m. tas, m. assem-COACH, s. carrosse, m. voiture. [blage, m. COACH-HIRE, s. louage de carrosse, m. Coach-house, s. remise de carrosse, f. COACH-MAKER, s. carrossier, m. COACH-MAN, s. cocher, m. Coact, r. a. agir de concert. COACTION, s. contrainte, f. force, f. COADJUTOR, s. coadjuteur, m. COAGULATE, v. a. & n. coaguler, épaissir, se coaguler. COAGULATION, s. épaississement, m. COAL, s. charbon, m. Sea-coal or Pit-coal, charbon de terre. Charcoal, charbon de hois. COAL, v. n. faire du charbon, charbonner. COAL-BLACK, adj. noir comme charbon. COALERY, s. mine de charbon, f. COALESCE, v. n. s'unir en une masse. COALESCENCE and COALITION, s. réunion.

COAL-HEAVER, s. un portefaix de charbon

COAL-HOLE, COAL-HOUSE, s. charbonnière, f. || COAL-MAN, COAL-MERCHANT, s. charbonnier, m.

COAL-MINE, s. mine de charbon, f. COAL-PIT, s. trou pour tirer le charbon.

COAL-Y, adj. plein de charbon. [vil.

COARSE, adj. grossier, brut, épais, matériel,

COARSELY, adv. grossièrement, rudement. COARSENESS, s. grossièreté, f. rudesse, f. COAST, s. côte, f. côté, m. part, f.

COAST, v. n. raser la côte, côtoyer. COASTER, s. côtier, m. navigateur timide.

COASTING, s. cabotage, m.
COAT, s. habit, m. robe, f. jaquette, f. cotte,
f. la peau, le plumage, &c. d'un animal.

COAT, v. a. couvrir, revêtir. Coax, v. a. flatter, amadouer, enjôler. COAXER, s. flatteur, m. enjôleur, m. COB, s. mouette, f. un taquin, une piastre. COBALT, s. cobalt, m. marcassite, f.

COBBLE, v. a. raccommoder des souliers. COBELER, s. savetier, m.

COBWEB, s. toile d'araignée, f. COCHINEAL, s. cochenille, f.

COCHLEARY, adj. fait en forme de vis. Cock, s. coq, m. le mâle, robinet, m. coq de clocher, m. girouette, f.; cock of hay, meule de foin, f.; cock of a water pipe, robinet, m.; cock of a hat, le troussis d'un

chapeau; cock of a balance, aiguille de balance, f.; cock of a sun-dial, style d'un cadran, m.; cock of a gun, serpentin de mousquet, m.

Cock, v. a. relever, retrousser, bander, mettre en meules; v. n. se redresser.

COCKADE, s. cocarde, f. COCKATRICE, s. (a sort of serpent) basilic, m. COCKER, v. a. caresser, dorloter. COCKEREL, COCKREL, s. cochet, m. jeune COCKET, s. cachet de la douane, m. acquit, COCKISH, adj. lascif, pétulant. COCKLE, s. pétoncle, f. ivroie, f.

COCKLE, v. a. tourner; v. n. se rider. COCKLE-STAIRS, s. pl. escalier en spirale, m. COCK-LOFT, s. grenier, m. galetas, m.

COCK-MASTER, s. celui qui dresse des coqs de combats.

COCKNEY, s. un badaud de Londres. COCK-PIT, s. l'endroit ou combattent les COCK'S-COMB, s. crète de coq, f. [c COCK'S-HEAD, s. (a plant) sainfoin, m. COCK-SHUT, s. la fin du jour, la brune. COCK-SURE, adj. sûr, sûr de son fait. Cockswain, s. celui qui commande une chaloppe armée en guerre.

Cocoa, s. cacao, m. Coction, s. eoction, f. digestion, f.

Cod, s. cosse, f. gousse, f. merluche, f. Code, s. code, m. recueil de loix. Coddle, v. a. bouillir, cuire dans de l'eau. CODDLING, s. ponime cuite, dans l'eau. COELIACK, adj. céliaque, du bas ventre.

COEQUAL, adj. coegal, pareil. COERCE, v. a. retenir, restreindre, reprimer. COERCION, s. contrainte, f. violence, f. COERCIVE, adj. coërcitif, coactif, reprimant.

COESSENTIAL, adj. de même essence. COETANEOUS, COEVAL, adj. de même âge,

contemporain. COETERNAL, adj. co-éternel. COEXIST, v. n. exister en même temps. COFFEE, s. cafe, m.

OFF RE-HOUSE, s. un case. COFFEE-POT, s. cafetière, f. COFFEE-TREE, s. cafier, m. COFFER, s. coffre, m. caisse, f. l'épargne, f. COFFER, v. a. mettre en coffre, coffrer.

COFFERER, s. trésorier de l'épargne.
COFFIN, s. bière, f. cercueil, m. cossre, m. cornet (de papier, m.) tablettes, f. pl. Cog, s. la dent d'une roue, alluchon, m.

Cog, v. a. flatter, cajoler, enjoler. Cogency, s. force, f. conviction, f.

COGENT, adj. fort, puissant, pressant. COGENTLY, adv. irrésistiblement.

COGGER, s. flatieur, m. eajoleur, m. pipeur, m. Cogging, s. flatterie, f.; adj. trompcur.

COGGLE-STONE, s. un petit caillou. COGITATION, s. pensee, f. reflexion, f. COGITATIVE, adj. pensant, pensif.

Cognation, s. parenté, affinité, f. COGNITION, s. connoissance, f. conviction, f. COGNIZANCE, s. connoissance, f. marque, f.

COHABIT, v. n. habiter ensemble, cohabiter. COHABITATION, s. cohabitation, f.

COHEIR, s. cohéritier, m.

COHEIRESS, s. coheritière, f. COHERE, v. n. convenir, s'accorder, assortir. COHERENCE, COHERENCY, s. coherence, f.

liaison, suite, f. rapport, m. COHERENT, adj. lie, suivi, consequent. COHESION, s. liaison, f. connexion, f. [m. COHORT, s. conorte, f. corps de combattans,

Coif, s. coisse, f.

Coiffure, s. coiffure, f. Coil, v. a. lover, mettre en rond. Coil, s. bruit, m. tumulte, m. corde lovée.

Coin, s. encoignure, monnoie, f. coin, m. Coin, v. a. battre, monnoyer, forger. Coinage, s. monnoyage, m. invention, f.

Coincide, v. n. coincider, s'accorder. Coincidence, s. rencontre au même point, f. Coincident, adj. qui se rencontre.

COINER, s. monnoyeur, m. inventeur, m. Coit or Quoit, s. un palet.

COITION, s. coit, m. accouplement, m. COKER, s. batelier, m. batteau de pecheur, f.

COLANDER, s. passoire, f. tamis, m. COLATION and COLATURE, s. filtration, f. Cold, adj. froid, sérieux, indifférent.

Cold, s. froid, m. froideur, f. froidure, f. [rhume, m.

COLDISII, adj. un peu froid. [rhume COLDLY, adv. froidement, avec froideur. Coldness, s. froideur, f.

COLE, s. chou, m.

COLEWORT, s. choux verts, m. pl. Colick, s. colique, f. tranchées dans le veutre. Coll, v. a. accoler, embrasser.

COLLAPSE, r. n. tomber ensemble, affaisser. COLLAR, s. collier, m. collet, m. Collar of

iron for offenders, le carcan. COLLAR, v. a. colleter, rouler. [ferer.

COLLATE, v. a. comparer, collationner, con-COLLATERAL, adj. collateral. [f Collation, s. comparaison, f. confrontation,

COLLATOR, s. collateur, m. Colleague, s. collègue, m. associé, m.

COLLECT, s. collecte, f. courte prière. COLLECT, v. a. recueillir, lever, conclurc.

Collectaneous, adj. recueilli, compilé. Collection, s. collection, f. recueil, m. Collective, adj. collectif.

Collectively, adv. collectivement.

COLLECTOR, s. collecteur, m. compilateur, m. College, s. collège, m. corps, m. faculté, f Collegial, adj. collégial. Collegiate, Collegian, s. membre d'un

collége.

COLLET, s. chaton de bague, m. [bonnier. | COLLIERY, s. charbonnier, m. bâtiment char-COLLIERY, s. mine de charbon, f. Collision, s. choc, m. froissement, m. COLLOCATE, v. a. placer, ranger. COLLOCUTION, s. entretien, f. conversation, f. COLLOP, s. tranche, f. riblette, f. poupon, m. Colloque, m. dialogue, m. COLLUDE, v. n. conniver, s'entendre avec quelqu'un, Collusive, Collusory, adj. collusoire. COLLUSIVELY, adv. collusoirement. COLLY, s. suie, f. or noir, m. COLLY, v. a. barbouiller de suie, noircir. COLLYRIUM, s. collyre, m. COLON, s. deux points (:) le gros boyau. COLONEL, s. colonel, m. Colonise, v. a. établir une colonie. COLONY, s. colonie, f. peuplade, f. COLOPHONY, s. colophane, f. résine, f. COLOQUINTEDA, s. coloquinte, f. COLORATION, s. art de colorer, m. COLOSSE and COLOSSUS, s. colosse, m. Colossean, adj. colossal. COLOUR, s. couleur, f. coloris, m. teint, m. prétexte, m. enseigne, f. drapeau, m. traits, m. caractère, m. COLOUR, v. a. colorer, colorier, enluminer, pallier; v. n. rougir, prendre couleur. COLOURABLE, adj. specieux, plausible. COLOURED, part. adj. coloré, peint, enluminé. COLOURIST, s. coloriste, m. Colt, s. poulain, m; colt of an ass, un anon. Colt's-root, s. (an herb) pas-d'ane, m. Colt's-тоотн, s. dent de lait, f. COLUMBARY, s. un columbier COLUMBINE, s. couleur changeante. COLUMN, s. colonne, f. pilier, m. COLUME, s. (circle of the sphere) colure, m. COMA, s. coma, f. espèce de léthargie. Comb., s. peigne, m. crête de coq, f. rayon. Comb-case, étui à peigne, m. une trousse. COMB-MAKER, s. peignier. [rancer.

COMB, v. a. peigner, se peigner, carder, sé-COMBAT, v. a. & n. combattre, se battre. COMBAT, s. combat, m. duel, m. COMBATANT, s. combattant, m. champion, m. COMBER, s. cardeur, m. [binaison, f. COMBINATION, s. complot, m. ligue, com-COMBINE, v. a. & n. conspirer, se liguer, combiner.

COMBING-CLOTH, s. peignoir, m. COMBUSTIBLE, adj. combustible. COMBUSTIBLE, adj. combustible. COMBUSTION, s. incendie, m. embrasement,

m. combustion, f. desordre, m.

Come, v. n. venir, devenir, se faire, aborder, se réduire, revenir, s'addresser, accoster, aboutir, réussir, se terminer. To come about, changer, tourner; to come about, revenir, retourner; to come after, suivre; to come along, s'en venir, marcher; to come asunder, se defaire, se désunir, &c.; to come at or by, obtenir, atteindre, parvenir à; to come avou, s'en venir, se retirer; to come back, revenir; to come down, descendre; to come forward, avancer, faire des progrès; to come from, venir de; to come in, entrer, se endre à, se porter pour; to come in for, prétendre; to come in to, se joindre à, secourir, consentir, condescendre; to come near, approcher; to come near, suivre immediatement; to come of, venir de; to

come off, s'écarter, se tirer d'une affaire, tomber, dépérir; to come off from, laiser, omettre; to come on, avancer; s'avancer; to come over, se dissiper, s'en aller; to come out or forth, sortir, devenir public, se monterer sur l'horison, paroître; to come out with, donner issue, échapper, lâcher; to come to, venir, parvenir, consentir, se rendre, revenir à, aboutir à; to come together, s'assembler, se marier, s'unir; to come up, monter, s'établir; to come up to, s'approcher de, s'élever à; to come back, revenir à; to come up, un attaquer, surprendre.

COMEDIAN, s. un comédien, un acteur.
COMEDIAN, s. un comédien, un acteur.
COMEDY, s. comédie, f.
COMELY, s. comédie, f. bonne mine, bonne
COMELY, adj. beau, bien fait, décent.
COMELY, adj. beau, bien fait, décent.
COMER, s. venant, f. venu, m.
COMET, s. cométie, f.
COMFIT, s. confiture; v. m. confire.
COMFIT-MAKER, s. confiseur, m. confiturer,
COMFORT, v. a. fortifier, consolation, f.
COMFORTABLE, adj. consolation, f.
COMFORTABLE, adj. consolation, f.
COMFORTABLY, adv. agréablement, bien.
COMFORTABLY, adv. agréablement, bien.
COMFORT, s. consolateur, m.
[poir.
COMFORT, s. consolateur, m.
[poir.
COMFORT, s. consolateur, m.
[comfortless, adj. inconsolable, au deseaCOMFERY, s. consoude, f. consolida, f.
COMICAL, COMICK, adj. comique, plaisant.
COMICALESS, s. qualité comique.
COMIGS, s. approche, f. venue, f. arrivée, f.

COMING, s. approche, f. venue, f. arrivée, f. COMING, adj. prêt à venir, enclin. Coming in, revenu, m. rentes, f. [générales. COMITIA, s. les comices, f. pl. assemblées COMMAND, s. commandement, m. ordre, m. autorité, f. force, f. créance, f.

COMMAND, r. a. commander, ordonier.
COMMANDER, s. commanderi, m. hie, f.
COMMANDERY, s. commanderie, f.
COMMANDMENT, s. commanderie, f.
COMMENDRABLE, adj. mémorable, notable.
COMMEMORATE, v. a. célébrer la mémoire.
COMMEMORATION, s. commémoration, f.
COMMEMORATIVE, adj. commémoratif.
COMMENCEMENT, s. commencer, devenir.
COMMENCEMENT, s. commencement, m.
COMMEND, r. a. louer, vanter.
[ble, COMMENDABLE, adj. louable, recommanda-

COMMENDABLY, adv. glorieusement.
COMMENDAM, s. un bénéfice en commande.
COMMENDATARY, s. commandataire.
COMMENDATION, s. louange, f. éloge, m. recommandation, f. complimens, m.

COMMENDATORY, adj. de recommandation. COMMENDER, s. loueur, m. prôneur, m. COMMENSALITY, s. l'habitude de manger ensemble.

semble. Commensurability, Commensurable. Ness, s. commensurabilité, f. proportion, f. Commensurable. adj. commensurable. Commensuration, s. proportion f. Commensuration, s. proportion, f. Comment, v. n. commenter, gloser. Comment, Commentary, s. commentaire. Commenter, Commentary, s. commentateur, m. [trouvé.

COMMENTITIOUS, adj. imaginė, inventė, con-COMMERCE, s. commerce, m. traffic, m. nėgoce, m. liaison, f. correspondance, f.

COMMERCIAL, adj. commercial. [dance.

COMMIGRATION, s. emigration, f. Commination, s. commination, f. menace, f. COMMINUTE, v. a. briser, concasser, pulvéri-COMMINUTION, s. division f pulvéri-COMMINUTION, s. division, f. pulverisation, f. COMMISERABLE, adj. digne de pitié. COMMISERATE, v. a. avoir pitié, plaindre. COMMISERATING, adj. tendre, sensible. COMMISERATION, s. commiseration, f. pitie, COMMISSARY, s. commissaire, m. COMMISSION, s. brevet, m. Commission, v. a. commettre, établir. COMMISSIONER, s. commissaire, m. COMMIT, v. a. remettre, confier, mettre, mettre en prison, commettre, faire. COMMITMENT, s. emprisonnement, m. COMMITTEE, s. comité, m. des commissaires. COMMITTER, s. celui qui commet. Commix, v. a. mêler, unir, mélanger. COMMIXION, COMMIXTURE, s. melange, m. Commodious, adj. commode, convenable. Commodiously, adv. commodément, à l'aise. Commodite, f. COMMODITY, s. commodité, f. aise, f. utilité, f. denrée, f. marchandise, f. COMMODORE, s. chef d'escadre, m. COMMON, adj. commun, public, ordinaire. The common council, conseil de ville. common law, le droit contumier. A com-Common mon sewer, égout, m. cloaque, m. people, menu peuple, le vulgaire. soldier, simple soldat, fantassin. Common Common, s. commune, f. commun, m. Common, v. n. avoir droit aux communes. Commonage, droit de pâture. [multitude. COMMONALITY, s. le peuple, le vulgaire, le COMMONALTY, s. communauté, f. corps, m. société, f. les communes, f. pl. COMMONER, s. roturier, m. membre de la chambre des communes, une prostituée, étudiant du second rang, communensal COMMONITION, s. avis, m. avertissement, m. COMMONLY, adv. communément, ordinaire-COMMONNESS, s. fréquence, f. ment. COMMON-PLACE, v. n. ranger sous des titres COMMONS, s. pl. les communes. [généraux. COMMONWEAL, COMMONWEALTH, s. état, m. COMMORANCE, s. demeure, f. [république. COMMOTION, s. émente, f. sédition, f. COMMUNE, v. a. conférer, parler, converser. COMMUNICABLE, adj. communicable. COMMUNICANT, s. communiant, m. COMMUNICATE, v. n. & a. communiquer. COMMUNICATION, s. communication, f. entretien, m. commerce, f. familiarité, f. COMMUNICATIVE, adj. communicatif. Communion, s. communication, f. communion, f. Communion-cup, le calice. COMMUNITY, s. communauté, f. société, f. COMMUTABLE, adj. qu'on peut échanger. COMMUTATION, s. commutation, f. échango, f. COMMUTATIVE, adj. commutatif. COMMUTE, v. a. changer, echanger. COMMUTUAL, adj. mutuel, réciproque. COMPACT, s. pacte, m. contrat, m. COMPACT, adj. compacte, serré, lié, concis. COMPACT, v. a. assembler, joindre, lier. COMPACTEDNESS, s densité, f. solidité, f. COMPACTLY, adv. a vec solidité, avec préci-COMPACTURE, s. structure, f. COMPANION, s. compagnon, m. camarade, m. COMPANIONABLE, adj. sociable. COMPANY, s. compagnie, f. assemblée, f. troupe, f. bande, f. horde, f. volée, f.

COMPANY, v. a. accompagner; v. n. s'asso-COMPARABLE, adj. comparable. COMPARABLY, adv. en comparaison. COMPARATIVE, adj. relatif, comparatif. COMPARATIVELY, adv. relativement. COMPARE, v. a. comparer, conférer. COMPARISON, s. comparaison, f. analogie, f. COMPARTIMENT, s. compartiment, m. COMPARTITION, s. division, f. compartiment, Compass, v. a. environner, faire le tour, obtenir, venir à bout de, comploter. Compass, s. circuit, m. tour, m. espace, m. enceinte, f. compas de mer, m. boussole, f COMPASSES, s. pl. compas, m. COMPASSION, s. compassion, f. pitie, f. COMPASSIONATE, adj. compatissant. COMPASSIONATE, v. a. avoir pitié. COMPASSIONATELY, adv. avec compassion. COMPATIBILITY, COMPATIBLENESS, s. com-Compatible, udj. compatible. [patibilité, f. COMPATIBLY, adv. d'une manière compatible. COMPATRIOT, s. compatriote, m. & f. COMPEER, s. compère, m. compagnon, m. COMPEER, v. a. aller de pair avec. COMPEL, v. n. forcer, contraindre. COMPELLABLE, adj. contraignable. COMPELLATION, s. apostrophe, f. contrainte, COMPELLER, s. celui qui contraint. COMPENDIARIOUS, COMPENDIOUS, adj. abre-Compendiously, adv. succinctement. COMPENDIOUSNESS, s. brièveté, f. Compendium, s. abrégé, m. épitome, m. ur extrait. COMPENSABLE, adj. qui peut être compensé. Compensare, v.a. compenser, dédommager. Compensation, s. compensation, f. Compensative, adj. équivalent Competence, Competency, s. le nécessaire. Competency, s. (in law) competence, f. Competency, adj. suffisant, convenable. COMPETENTLY, adv. suffisamment. [ble COMPETENTLY, adv. suffisamment. [ble Competent adj. convena Ible . COMPRICELENESS, s. convenance, f. COMPETITION, s. concurrence, f. brigue, f. COMPETITOR, s. compétiteur, m. COMPILATION, s. compilation, f. recueil, m Compiler, v. a. compiler, ramasser. COMPILEMENT, s. amas, m. collection, f. COMPILER, s. compilateur. COMPLACENCY, s. plaisir, m, satisfaction, f. COMPLACENT, adj. complaisant, civil. COMPLAIN, v. a. se plaindre; r. a. déplorer COMPLAINANT, s. demandeur, m. plaigeant, m. COMPLAINER, s. complaignant, m. COMPLAINT, s. plainte, f. mécontentement, m COMPLAISANCE, s. complaisance, f. COMPLAISANT, adj. complaisant. COMPLAISANTLY, adv. avec complaisance. COMPLAISANTNESS, s. complaisance, civilité COMPLANATE, COMPLANE, v. a. unir, polir. [/ COMPLEAT. See Complete. COMPLEMENT, s. accomplissement, m. per fection, f. combie, m. complément, m. le total, le complet, ornement, m. COMPLETE, adj. complet, parfait, fini, ac compli, entier, beau, bien fait, regulier. Compilete, v. a. achever, accomplir. Completely, adv. entièrement, complète-COMPLETENESS, s. perfection, f. beauté, f. COMPLETION, s. accomplissement, m.

COMPLEX, adv. complexe, composé.

Complex Complexedness, s. assemblage. Complexion, s. complexion, f tempera-

ment, m. teint, m. la couleur de la peau du [[COMPLEXIONAL, adj. de tempérament. Complexely, adv. d'une manière compliquée. COMPLEXNESS, s. compléxité, m. COMPLEXURE, s. assemblage, m. COMPLIANCE, s. complaisance, f. soumission, COMPLAINT, adj. condescendant, complaisant. COMPLICATE, v. a. compliquer, unir. COMPLICATE, adj. complique, joint. COMPLICATED, part. adj. compliqué. COMPLICATENESS, COMPLICATION, s. com-[plication, f. COMPLICE, s. complice, f. m. COMPLIER, s. complaisant, m COMPLIMENT, s. compliment, m. façons, f. COMPLIMENT, v. a. complimenter, flatter. COMPLIMENTAL, adj. poli, honnête, flatteur. COMPLIMENTER, s. complimenteur, m. COMPLINE, s. complies, m. prières du soir, f. COMPLOT, s. complet, m. conspiration, f COMPLOT, v. a. comploter, tramer, machiner. COMPLOTTER, s. conspirateur, m. conjuré, COMPLY, v. n. condescendre, se soumettre. To comply with the times, temporiser. COMPLYING, s. condescendance, COMPONENT, adj. qui compose, qui constitue. Comport, v.n. convenir, se comporter. Comport, Comportment, s. conduite, m. COMPORTABLE, adj. qui s' accorde à. Composer, v. a. composer, arranger, acommoder, disposer, calmer, appaiser. COMPOSED, part. adj. compose, tranquille. Composedly, adv. tranquillement. Composedness, s. calme, m. tranquillité, f. Composer, s. compositeur, m. auteur, m. Composing-stick, s. composteur, m. Composite, adj. composé, composite. Composition, s. composition, f. arrange-Compositor, s. compositeut, m. [ment, m. COMPOST, s. engrais, m. fumier, m. Compost, v. a. engraisser, fumer. In. COMPOSURE, s. composition, f. arrangement, Comporation, s. repas, m. festin, m. buvette, COMPOUND, adj. composé. COMPOUND, s. un composé. [s'accommoder. COMPOUND, v. a. composer, arranger; v. n. COMPOUNDER, s. compositeur, m. COMPREHEND, v. a. comprendre, renfermer. COMPREHENSIBLE, adj. intelligible, concevable. COMPREHENSIBLY, adv. energiquement. COMPREHENSION, s. étendue, f. intelligence, f. conception, f. connoissance, f. sommaire, m. abrégé, m. COMPREHENSIVE, adj. significatif, court. COMPREHENSIVENESS, s. energie, f. COMPRESS, v. a. comprimer, reserrer, en-COMPRESS, s. compresse, f. grosser. COMPRESSIBILITY, s. compressibilité, f. COMPRESSIBLE, adj. compressible. [tion, f. COMPRESSION, s. compression, f. condensa-COMPRINT, v. a. imprimer secretement. COMPRISE, v. a. contenir, renfermer. Compromise, s. compromis, m. [commoder. COMPROMISE, v. n. compromettre; v. a. ac-COMPTIBLE, adj. comptable, résponsable. COMPTROL, v. a. contrôler, opposer. COMPTROLLER, s. contrôleur, m. censeur, m. COMPULSATIVELY, adv. par force. COMPULSATORY, adj. coactif. Compulsion, s. contrainte, f. violence, f. Compulsive, Compulsory, adj. qui force. COMPUNCTION, s. contrition, f. regret, m.

COMPURGATION, s. justification. COMPUTABLE, adj. ce qui peut être estimé. COMPUTATION, s. supputation, f. calcul, m. COMPUTE, v. a. compter, supputer, calculer. COMPUTE, s. compte, m. résultat, m. COMPUTOR, COMPUTIST, s. calculateur, m. COMRADE, s. camarade, m. compagnon. Con, abbreviated for contra, contre Con, v. a. apprendre par cœur, rendre. Concamerate, v. a. voûter, faire en arche. CONCATENATE, v. a. enchainer, lier ensem-CONCATENATION, s. enchaînement, m. suite, CONCAVE, CONCAVOUS, adj. concave. CONCAVITY, s. concavité, f. creux, m. CONCEAL, v. a. céler, cacher, tenir secret. CONCEALABLE, adj. qui peut être caché. CONCEALER, s. celui qui cache, recéleur, m. CONCEALMENT, s. recelement, m. secret, m. CONCEDE, r. a. céder, accorder. CONCEIT, s. pensée, f. imagination, f. of conceit with any thing, dégoûté. Concert, v. a. s'imaginer, penser, croîre. CONCEITED, part. adj. conçu, affecté, cherché, glorieux, vain, entêté, infatué CONCEITEDLY, adr. singulièrement. CONCEITEIDNESS, s. vanité, f. amour-propre, CONCEIVABLE, adj. concevable, intelligible. CONCEIVABLENESS, s. conception, f. CONCEIVABLEY, adr. intelligiblement. Conceive, r. a. & n. concevoir, penser. CONCENT, s. harmonie, f. consonance, f. CONCENTRATE, CONCENTRE, v. a. concen-CONCENTRATION, s. concentration, f. [trer. Concentration, d. concentration, adj. concentrique. Concert, s. projet, m. formule, f. Conceptacle, s. receptacle, m. CONCEPTIBLE, adj. intelligible. Conception, s. conception, f. idée, Conceptious, Conceptive, adj. fecond. Concern, v. a. concerner, toucher, intéresser, importer, troubler, inquiéter. CONCERN, CONCERNMENT, s. affaire, f. intéret, f. importance, f. inquiétude, f. CONCERNED, part. adj. intéressé, inquiet. CONCERNING, prep. concernant, touchant. As concerning me, pour ce qui me regarde, Concert, v. a. concerter, prendre des me-Concert, s. concert, m. [sures ensemble. Concession, s. concession, f. cession, f. CONCESSIVELY, adv. en forme de concession. Conch, s. conque, f. grande coquille. CONCILIATE, v. a. concilier, gagner, attirer. CONCILIATION, s. conciliation, f. Conciliator, s. conciliateur, m. CONCILIATORY, adj. conciliatoire. [f. CONCINITY, s. decence, f. justesse, f. grâce, Concinnous, adj. gracieux, beau, agreable. CONCISE, adj. concis, court, succinet. Concisely, adj. d'une manière concise. Conciseness, s. concision, f. brièveté, Concision, s. coupure, f. destruction, CONCITATION, s. remuement, m. CONCLAMATION, s. acclamation, f. vacarme, CONCLAVE, s. conclave, m. CONCLUDE, v. a. conclure, finir, inférer. Concludant, adj. concluant, decisif. Conclusion, s. conclusion, f. fin, f. conse-CONCLUSIVE, adj. concluant. [quence, f. CONCLUSIVELY, adv. decisif, pour conclusion. CONCOAGULATE, v. a. coaguler avec. Concoct, v. a. cuire, digérer, purifier. Concoction, s. digestion, f. concoction, f.

CONCOMITANCE, s. concomitance, f. CONCOMITANT, adj. concomitant. CONCORD, s. concorde, f. union, f. accord, m. concordance, f. harmonie, f. Concordant, adj. qui s'accorde, à l'unisson. CONCORDATE, s. concordat, m. convention, f. CONCORPORATE, v. a. incorporer. CONCOURSE, s. concours, m. foule, f. afflu-CONCREMENT, s. concretion, f. [ence, f. CONCREMENT, s. concretion, f. [ence, f. CONCRETE, v. n. se coaguler; v. a. coaguler. CONCRETE, adj. coagule, fige, concret. CONCRETION, s. concretion, f. CONCRETIVE, adj. qui a le pouvoir de coagu-CONCUEINAGE, s. concubinage, m. fornica-CONCUBINE, s. concubine, f. CONCUPISCENCE, s. concupiscence, f. CONCUPISCENT, adj. libidineux, qui con-CONCUPISCIBLE, adj. concupiscible. [voite. CONCUR, v. n. concourir, convenir, s'accor-CONCURRENCE, CONCURRENCY, s. concours, m. accord, m. consentement, m. CONCURRENT, adj. & s. concurrent. Concussion, s. secousse, f. concussion, f. Concussionary, adj. concussionaire. COND, v. a. faire signe, diriger. CONDEMN, v. a. condamner, désapprouver. CONDEMNABLE, adj. condamnable, blama-CONDEMNATION, s. condamnation, f. [ble. CONDENSATE, CONDENSE, v. a. & n. condenser. CONDENSATION, s. condensation, f. CONDENSITY, s. densité. [mer, consentir. CONDESCEND, v. n. condescendre, se confor-CONDESCENSION, s. condescendance, f. CONDESCENDINGLY, adv. obligemment. CONDESCENSIVE, adj. condescendant. CONDIGN, adj. digne, mérité, proportionné. CONDIMENT, s. assaisonnement, m. CONDISCIPLE, s. condisciple, m. CONDITE, v. a. assaisonner, accommoder. CONDITION, s. condition, f. état, m. CONDITION, v. n. stipuler, faire un accord. CONDITIONAL, adj. conditionnel. CONDITIONALLY, adv. conditionnellement. CONDITIONARY, adj. stipulé, convenu. CONDITIONATE, adj. régle, conditionné. CONDOLATORY, adj. de condoléance. CONDOLE, v. n. & a. pleurer, plaindre. CONDOLEMENT, s. chagrin, m. affliction, f. CONDOLENCE, s. condoleance, f. chagrin, m. CONDOLER, s. celui qui s'afflige avec quel-CONDUCE, r. n. servir, contribuer. [qu'un. CONDUCIBLE, CONDUCIVE, adj. qui contri-CONDUCIVENESS, s. utilité. [bue. CONDUCT, s. conduite, f. direction, f. CONDUCT, v. a. mener, conduire, diriger. CONDUCTOR, s. conducteur, m. guide, m. CONDUIT, s. conduit, m. tuyau, m. canal CONE, s. cône, m. [ment ensemble. CONFABULATE, v. n. parler, causer familière-CONFABULATION, s. entretien familier. CONFECT, CONFECTION, s. confiture, f. [m. CONFECTIONER, s. confiturier, m. confiseur, CONFEDERACY, s. confederation, f. ligue, CONFEDERATE, v. n. conspirer, se confede-CONFEDERATE, adj. ligue; s. confédéré, m. CONFEDERATION, s. confederation, CONFER, v. a. conferer, comparer, donner. CONFERENCE, s. comparaison, f. conference, Confess, v. a. avoner; v.n. se confesser. [f.

CONFESSEDLY, adv. ouvertement.

CONFESSI IN, s. confession. f. aven, m.

CONFESSIONAL, CONFESSIONARY, s. confes-CONFESSOR, s. confesseur, m. [sional, m. CONFESTLY, adv. evidemment. CONFIDE, v. a. se fier, faire fond, compter. CONFIDENCE, s. confiance, f. hardiesse, f. CONFIDENT, adj. sûr, assure, hardi. CONFIDENT, s. confident, m. [fiance. CONFIDENTLY, adv. confidenment, avec con-CONFIGURATION, s. configuration, CONFINE, s. confins, m. pl borne, f. limite, f. CONFINE, v. n. confiner; v. a. borner, limiter, confiner, reléguer, emprisonner. CONFINEMENT, s. emprisonnement, m. contrainte, f. assujetissement, m. exil, m. CONFINITY, s. voisinage, m. proximité, CONFIRM, r. a. confirmer, assurer, ratifier. CONFIRMATION, s. confirmation, f. ratifica-CONFIRMATORY, adj. confirmatif. [tion, f. CONFISCABLE, s. celui qui confirme, qui at-CONFISCABLE, adj. confiscable. CONFISCATE, r. a. confisquer, saisir. CONFISCATION, s. confiscation, f. saisie, f. CONFITURE, s. confiture, f. fruits confis. CONFLAGRATION, s. incendie, m. embrase-CONFLICT, v. a. lutter, combattre. [ment, m. CONFLICT, s. choc, m. combat, m. dispute, f. CONFLUEN, E. CONFLUEN, s. confluent, m. concours, m. ffluence, f. foule, f. CONFORM, r. a. & n. conformer. CONFORMABLE, adj. conforme, conséquent. CONFORMABLY, adv. conformement. CONFORMATION, s. conformation, f. figure, f. CONFORMIST, s. conformiste, m. CONFORMITY, s. conformité, f. convenance, Confound, v. a. confondre, troubler, deconcerter, renverser, ruiner, détruire. CONFOUNDED, part. adj. confondu, confus, détruit, détestable. horrible, maudit. CONFOUNDEDLY, adv. horriblement. CONFOUNDER, s. destructeur, m. CONFRATERNITY, s. confrérie, f. société, f. CONFRICATION, s. frottement, m. CONFRONT, v. a. attaquer en face, confronter. CONFRONTATION, s. confrontation, f. CONFUSE, v. a. brouiller, déconcerter. [pêlc-mêle, CONFUSED, adj. confus, mêlé. CONFUSEDLY, adv. confusément, en désordre, CONFUSEDNESS, s. confusion, f. désordre, m. CONFUSION, s. confusion, f. désordre, m. bouleversement, m. embarras, m. CONFUTABLE, adj. qui peut être réfuté. CONFUTATION, s. réfutation, f. [seté. CONFUTE, v. a. réfuter, convaincre de faus-CONGE, s. révérence, f. congé, adieu, m. CONGEAL, v. a. & n. geler, se congeler. CONGELATION, s. congelation, f. [esp [espèce. CONGENIAL, adj. de même genie, de même CONGENIALITY, s. affinité de genie, f. CONGENITE, adj. né ensemble, inné. CONGER, s. (the sea-eel. a fish) congre, m. CONGEST, v. a. rassembler, entasser. Congestion, s. tas. m. amas, m. assemblage, Conglary, s. congiaire, m. Congius, s. conge, mesure Romaine, m CONGLACIATE, v. n. se congeler, devenir CONGLOBATE, adj. conglobé. [glace. CONGLOMERATE, v. a. arrondir. CONGLUTINATE, v. a. conglutiner, coller, unir; v.n. r'unir. CONGLUTINATION, s. conglutination, f. CONGRATULATE, v. a. & n. feliciter, se re-CONGRATULATION, s. felicitation, f. [jouir. CONGRATULATORY, adj. de félicitation. CONGREE, v. n. accorder, joindre, unir.

CONGREET, v. n. se saluer l'un l'autre. CONGREGATE, v. a. & n. assembler, se rassembler. CONGREGATION, s. congrégation, f. CONGREGATIONAL, adj. de congrégation. CONGRESS, congrès, m. assemblee, f. CONGRESSIVE, adj. qui se rencontre. CONGRUE, v. a. convenir, être conforme. CONGRUENCE, s. rapport, m. convenance, CONGRUENT, CONGRUOUS, adj. convenable. GONGRUITY, s. convenance, CONGRUOUSLY, adv. convenablement. CONICAL, CONICK, adj. conique. freur. CONJECTURAL, adj. conjectural. CONJECTURALLY, adv. par conjecture. CONJECTURE, s. conjecture, f. soupçon, m. CONJECTURE, v. a. conjecturer, deviner. CONJOIN, v. a. joindre ensemble, unir. CONJOINED, CONJOINT, adj. conjoint uni. CONJOINTLY, adv. conjointement, ensemble. CONJUGAL, adj. conjugal, matrimonial. CONJUGALLY, adj. conjugalement. CONJUGATE, v. a. marier, unir, conjuguer. CONJUGATION, s. conjugaison, f. CONJUNCTION, s. union, f. conjonction, f. CONJUNCTIVE, adj. & s. conjonctif.
CONJUNCTIVELY, CONJUNCTLY, adv. conjointement. CONJUNCTURE, s. conjoncture, f. CONJURATION, s. conjuration, f. complot, m. CONJURE, v. a. conjurer, prier, évoquer, conspirer, charmer, ensorceler. CONJUREMENT, s. injonction sérieuse, f. CONJURER, s. sorcier, m. enchanteur, m. Conjuring up, s. evocation. CONJURING-BOOK, s. grimoire, m. CONNASCENCE, s. naissance commune. CONNATE, adj. né avec une autre, inné. CONNECT, v. a. joindre, unir. [commune. CONNECTIVELY, adv. conjointement. CONNEXION, c. connexion, f. liaison, f. CONNEXITY, s. connexité, f. rapport, m. CONSISTORIAL, adj. consistorial.

CONQUERABLE, adj. domptable, surmonta-Conqueron, s. conquerant, m. vainqueur, CONQUEST, s. conquête, f. victoire, f. Consanguineous, adj. consanguin. Consanguinity, s. consanguinité, f. pa-Consanguinity, s. consanguinité, f. pa-Consanguinité, f. pa-Conscientious, adj. conscientieux. CONSCIENTIOUSLY, adj. conscientieusement. CONSCIENTIOUSNESS, s. scrupule, m. Conscionable, adj. juste, raisonnable. CONSCIONABLENESS, s. équité, f. justice, f CONSCIONABLY, adv. équitablement. Conscious, adj. qui sait, sensible. Consciously, adv. sincèrement. Consciousness, s. connoissance intérieure. Conscript, adj. conscrit, enregistré CONSECRATE, v. a. consacrer, dédier, dé-

CONNIVANCE, s. connivance, f. dissimula-

CONNOISSEUR, s. un connoisseur, un critique. CONNUBIAL, adj. conjugal, matrimonial. CONQUER, v. a. & n. conquérir, vaincre.

CONNIVE, v. n. conniver, tolerer.

[tion, f.

CONSECRATION, s. consécration, f. [m. CONSECTARY, s. conséquence, f. corollaire, CONSECUTION, s. suite, f. enchaînement, m. CONSECUTIVE, adj. consécutif, successif. ConsecutiveLY, adv consecutivement.

Consension, s. accord, m. consentement, m. Consent, s. consentement, m. accord, m. CONSENT, v. n. consentir, acquiescer. Consentaneous, adj. conforme, m. CONSENTANEOUSLY, adv. conformément. CONSENTIENT, adj. d'accord, uniforme. Consenting, s. consentement, m. Consequence, s. conséquence, f. effet, m. By consequence, conséquemment. Consequent, s. conséquence, f. conséquent, CONSEQUENT, CONSEQUENTIAL, adj. conséquent. Consequently, adv. par conséquent. Conservable, adv. de garde. Conservancy, s. la conservation de la pêche dans la Tamise. CONSERVATION, s. conservation, f. garde, f.

Conservator, s. conservateur, m. Conservatory, s. lieu à préserver quelque Conserve, s. conserve, f. Conserve, v. a. conserver, confire. Conserver, s. conservateur, m. Considerer, v. a. & n. considerer, examiner, méditer, estimer, avoir égard à. CONSIDERABLE, adj. considerable, grand. Considerableness, s. importance, f. CONSIDERABLY, adv. considerablement. CONSIDERATE, adj. sense, discret, m.

CONSIDERATELY, adv. avec prudence, mûre-Considerateness, s. prudence, f. discré Consideration, s. consideration, f. cause, f. égard, m. importance, f. mérite, m. CONSIDERER, s. un homme qui réfléchit. Consign, v. a. consigner, confier. [nation, f. CONSIGNATION, CONSIGNMENT, s. consig-Consist, v. n. être, consister, s'accorder. Consistence, s. consistance, f. stabilité, f. rapport, m. liaison, f. conformité, f. Consistent, adj. conforme, lié, solide. Consistently, adv. conformément.

Consistory, s. consistoire, m. Consociate, v. a. & n. associer et s'associer. Consociate, s. associé, m. complice, m. Consociation, s. association, f. alliance, f. CONSOLABLE, adj. consolable. [ment, m. Consolation, f. soulage-Consolatory, adj. consolant, qui console. CONSOLE, CONSOLATE, v. a. consoler. Consolidate, v. a. & n. consolider, se con-

Consolidation, s. consolidation, f. Consonance, s. consonance, f. accord, m. CONSONANT, adj. d'accord, conforme, conve-[nable. CONSONANT, s. consonne, f. CONSONANTLY, adv. conformement, suivant. Consonous, adj. harmonieux, consenant. CONSORT, s. compagnon, m. compagne, f. associé, m. consort, m. époux, m. CONSORT, v.n. & a. s'associer, accompagner. CONSORTABLE, adj. compatible, égal. Conspicuity, s. clarte, f. éminence, f. Conspicuously, adv. visiblement. Conspicuousness, s. clarté, f. célébrité, f. Conspiracy, Conspiration, s. conspira-

Conspirant, adj. conjuré. [f. complot, m. CONSPIRATOR, CONSPIRER, s. conspirateur, Conspirer, v. n. conspirer, conjurer. CONSTABLE, s. connétable, m. commissaire, CONSTABLESHIP, s. connétablie. CONSTANCY, s. constance, f. fermete, f. Constant adj. constant, durable, continuel.

CONSTANTILY, adv. constamment. CONSTELLATE, v. a. & n. briller, comme une constellation.

CONSTELLATION, s. constellation, f. CONSTERNATION, s. consternation, f. epou-

CONSTIPATE, v. a. condenser, resserrer. CONSTIPATION, s. condensation, f. CONSTITUENT, subst. & adj. qui constitue. CONSTITUENT, s. commettant, m. [députer.

CONSTITUTE, v. a. constituer, commettre,

CONSTITUTER, s. constituant, m.

CONSTITUTION, s. constitution, f. état, m. institution, f. complexion, f. CONSTITUTIONAL, adj. conforme à la consti-CONSTITUTIVE, adj. constitutif, essentiel. CONSTRAIN, v. n. contraindre, forcer, répri-CONSTRAINABLE, adj. contraignable. [mer. CONSTRAINEDLY, adv. par force, à contrecœur.

CONSTRAINER, s. celui qui contraint. CONSTRAINT, s. contrainte, f. gêne, f. Constriction, s. constriction, f. compres-Constrictor, s. constricteur, m. [sion, f. Constringe, Constrict, v. a. resserrer. CONSTRINGENT, adj. astringent.

Construct, v. a. construire, bâtir. CONSTRUCTION, s. construction, f. sens, m. CONSTRUCTIVE, adj. qui se peut construire. CONSTRUCTURE, s. structure, f. fabrique, m. Construe, v. a. construire, interpréter.

CONSTUPATION, s. viol, m. violement, m. CONSUBSTANTIAL, adj. consubstantiel. CONSUBSTANTIALITY, s. consubstantialité, Consubstantiate, v. a. unir dans la même

substance. Consubstantiation, s. consubstantiation,

CONSUL, s. consul, m.

CONSULAR, adj. consulaire, de consul. CONSULATE, CONSULSHIP, s. consulat. m. Consultr, v. n. & a. consulter, delibérer, donner son avis, avoir égard. [f. avis, m.

CONSULT, CONSULTATION, s. consultation, Consulter, s. qui demande avis, consultant. Consumable, adj. qui peut être consumé. CONSUME, v. a. consumer, ruiner, anéantir. CONSUME AWAY, v. n. se consumer, dépérir. Consumer, s. dissipateur, m. qui consume. Consummate, v. a. consommer, achever. Consummate, adj. consommé, parfait. CONSUMMATION, s. accomplissement, m. CONSUMPTION, s. consomption, f. Consumptive, adj. déstructif, pulmonique. Consumptiveness, s. déperissement, m. CONTACT, CONTACTION, s. contact, m. CONTAGION, s. contagion, f. infection, f. CONTAGIOUS, adj. contagieux, pestilentiel. CONTAGIOUSNESS, s. qualité contagicuse.

CONTAIN, v. a. contenir, renfermer. CONTAINABLE, adj. qui peut être contenu. CONTAMINATE, adj. souillé; v. a. souiller.

CONTAMINATION, s. souillure, CONTEMN, v. a. mépriser, dédaigner. CONTEMPER, CONTEMPERATE, v. a. tempé-CONTEMPLATE, v. n. & a. contempler. CONTEMPLATION, s. contemplation, f. CONTEMPLATIVE, adj. contemplatif. CONTEMPLATIVELY, adv. attentivement.

CONTEMPLATOR, s. contemplateur, m. CONTEMPORARY, s. contemporain, m. CONTEMPORARY, adj. contemporain. CONTEMPORISE, v. a. rendre contemporain.

CONTEMPT, s. m'pris, m. dédain, m. CONTEMPTIBLE, 2d. vil, méprisable. CONTEMPTIBLENESS, s. vileté, f. CONTEMPTIBLY, adv. avec mepris, basse-CONTEMPTUOUS, adj. méprisant, dédaigneux. CONTEMPTUOUSLY, edv. avec mepris. CONTEMPTUOUSNESS, s. mépris, ni. CONTEND, v. a. & n. contester, disputer. CONTENDENT, CONTENDER, s. 1 val, m.

Contending, s. contestation, f.; adj. con-[tendant. CONTENTION, s. contention, f. CONTENT, adj. content, satisfait.

CONTENT, s. contentement, m. capacite, gran-

deur, étendue, f. le contenn. Contente le précis, sommaire, m.

CONTENT, v. a. contenter, satisfaire, plaire. CONTENTED, part. adj. content, satisfait. CONTENTEDLY, adv. avec satisfaction.

CONTENTEDNESS, s. contentement, m. CONTENTFUL, adj. content, heurcux. CONTENTION, s. debat, m. dispute, f. Contentious, adj. contentieux, querelleur.

CONTENTIOUSLY, adv. contentieusement. CONTENTIOUSNESS, s. humeur querelleuse. CONTENTLESS, adj. mccontent. [ment, m. CONTENTMENT, s. satisfaction, f. contente-CONTEST, v. a. & n. contester, disputer.

CONTEST, s. contestation, f. dispute, f.

CONTESTABLE, adj. contestable, disputable. CONTESTATION, s. contestation, f. dispute, f. CONTEXT, adj. lie, entrelace. [tissu, m. CONTEXT, s. liaison, f. enchainement, m. CONTEXTURE, s. contexture, f. tissu, m. CONTIGNATION, s. charpente d'un édifice, f.

CONTIGUITY, s. contiguité, f. contact, m. Contiguous, adj. contigu, joignant. CONTIGUOUSLY, adv. d'une manière contigue.

CONTIGUOUSNESS, s. contiguité. CONTINENCE, CONTINENCY, s. continence. CONTINENT, adj. continent, chaste, continu. CONTINENT, s. continent, m. terre ferme, f.

CONTINENTLY, adv. modérément. [f. CONTINGENCE, CONTINGENCY, s. possibilité, CONTINGENT, adj. contingent, casuel.

CONTINGENT, s. accident fortuit, contingent, CONTINGENTLY, adv. casuellement, par hasard. CONTINUAL, adj. continuel, continu. [jours.

CONTINUALLY, adv. continucllement, tou-CONTINUANCE, s. continuation, f. durée, f. CONTINUATE, adj. continu, continuel. CONTINUATION, s. continuation, f.

CONTINUATOR, s. continuateur, m. CONTINUE, v. n. continuer, rester, persister, conserver, prolonger, perpétuer.

CONTINUEL, adj. continu, continuel. [jours. CONTINUEDLY, adr. continuellement, CONTINUITY, s. continuité. f. liaison, f.

CONTINUOUS, adj. continu, non interrompu. CONTORTION, s. contorsion, f.

CONTOUR, s. contour, m. ligne qui termine une figure.

CONTRA, s. & prep. contra, le contre. CONTRABAND, adj. prohibé, de contrebande CONTRACT, r. a. & n resserrer, retrecir, con-

tracter, convenir, fiancer, traiter. CONTRACT, s. contrat, m. convention, f. CONTRACTIBLE, adj. susceptible de contrac-CONTRACTILE, adj. qui se resserre. CONTRACTION, s. contraction, f. resserre-

ment, m. raccourcissement, m. CONTRADICT, v. a. contredire, contrarier. CONTRADICTER, s. contradicteur, m. CONTRADICTION, s. contradiction, f.

CONTRADICTIOUS, adj. contradictoire. CONTRADICTIOUSNESS, s. contradiction, f. CONTRADICTORILY, adv. contradictoirement. | CONTRADICTORY, adj. contradictoire. CONTRADISTINCTION, s. opposition. CONTRADISTINGUISH, r. n. mettre en oppo-

CONTRARIETY, s. contrariété, f. opposition, f. CONTRARILY, adv. de différentes manières. CONTRARIOUS, adj. contraire, opposé. CONTRARIWISE, adv. autrement, au contraire. CONTRARY, adj. contraire, opposé. CONTRARY, s. le contraire; prep. contre. CONTRAST, v. a. contraster, confronter. CONTRAST, s. contraste, m. opposition, f. CONTRAVALLATION, s. contrevallation, f. CONTRAVENE, v. a. enfreindre, contrevenir. CONTRAVENER, s. contrevenant, f. CONTRAVENTION, s. contravention, f. CONTRIBUTE, v. a. & n. contribuer, payer. CONTRIBUTION, s. contribution, f. taxe, f. CONTRIBUTOR, s. contribuant, m. qui sert à. CONTRIBUTORY, CONTRIBUTARY, adj. con-[tribuable. CONTRITE, adj. brise, contrit. CONTRITENESS, s. contrition, f. repentir, m. CONTRITION, s. brisement, contrition, f. CONTRIVABLE, adj. qui peut être inventé. CONTRIVANCE, s. invention, f. dessein, m. CONTRIVE, v. a. inventer, imaginer, concerter, menager, trouver, pratiquer, tramer,

machiner; v. n. comploter. CONTRIVER, s. inventeur, m. auteur, m. CONTRIVING, CONTRIVEMENT, s. invention, CONTROL, s. contrôle, m. censure, f. CONTROL, v. a. contrôler, vérifier, censurer. CONTROLLER, COMPTROLLER, s. contrô-[danee, f. leur, m.

CONTROLLERSHIP, s. inspection, f. inten-CONTROLMENT, s. autorité, f. inspection, f. CONTROVER, s. auteur de faux bruits, m. CONTROVERSIAL, adj. de controverse. CONTROVERSY, s. dispute, f. différent, m. CONTROVERT, v. a. disputer, débattre. CONTROVERTIBLE, adj. disputable. CONTROVERTIST, s. controvertiste, m. CONTUMACIOUS, adj. obstiné, désobéissant. CONTUMACIOUSLY, adv. opiniâtrement. CONTUMACY, CONTUMACIOUSNESS, s. obstination, f. opiniâtreté, f. contumace, f.

CONTUMELIOUS, adj. outrageux, diffamatoire. CONTUMELIOUSLY, adv. injurieusement. CONTUMELY, CONTUMELIOUSNESS, s. outrage, m.

CONTUSE, v. a. meurtrir, faire une contusion. CONTUSION, s. contusion, f. [valescence, f. CONVALESCENCE, CONVALESCENCY, s. con-CONVALESCENT, adj. convalescent. CONVENABLE, adj. convenable, assortissant. CONVENE, v. a. & n. assembler, s'assembler. CONVENIENCE, CONVENIENCY, s. convenance, f.

Convenient, adj. convenable, commode. Conveniently, adv. convenablement. CONVENT, s. convent, m. monastère, m. CONVENT, v. a. citer, ajourner, assignor. Conventicle, s. conventicule, m. CONVENTION, s. assemblée, f. convention, f. CONVENTIONAL, CONVENTIONARY, adj. con-

ventionnel, stipulé, réglé par convention. Conventual, adj. conventuel; s. religieux, Convergent, Converging, adj. conver-

CONVERSABLE, adj. sociable, communicatif. Conversant, adj. familier, qui converse, verse, expérimenté, qui a pour objet.

Conversation, s. conversation, f. entretien familier, commerce, f. conduite, f. [ciété. Conversative, adj. qui a rapport à la so-Converse, s. conversation, f. habitude, f. proposition, converse or contraire, f. CONVERSE, v. n. converser, s'entretenir. CONVERSELY, adv. réciproquement. [m. Conversion, s. conversion, f. changement, CONVERSIVE, CONVERSIBLE, adj. sociable. Convert, r. a. convertir; r. n. se changer. CONVERT, CONVERTITE, s. un converti CONVERTER, s. convertisseur, m.

Convex, adj. convexe; s. convexité. CONVEXED, part. adj. de forme convexe. CONVEXEDLY, CONVEXLY, adv. en forme convexe. Convexity, Convexness, s. convexité, f.

CONVERTIBLE, adj. qui peut être changé.

Convey, r. a. porter, transporter, transmettre, envoyer, introduire, conduire; convey away, emporter, faire emporter; convey out, mettre dehors, sauver; convey one's self out, so sauver, s'enfuir.

CONVEYANCE, s. transport, m. voiture, f. envoi, m. cession, f. menées sourdes. CONVEYANCER, s. un notaire.

Conveyer, s. voiturier, m. qui transporte. CONVICT, v. a. convainere; adj. convaincu. CONVICT, s. atteint et convaincu d'un crime. Convicted, adj. convaincu. Conviction, s. conviction, f. réfutation, f. Convictive, adj. convaincant. [stration. f. Convictiveness, s. évidence, f. démon-

Convince, v. a. convainere, prouver, montrer. CONVINCIBLE, adj. incontestable. [cante. Convincingly, adv. d'une manière convain-CONVIVAL, CONVIVIAL, adj. de convive. CONVIVE, v. a. régaler, traiter.

Conundrum, s. jeu de mots, m. Convocate, v. a. convoquer, assembler. Convocation, s. convocation, f. assemblée CONVOKE, v. a. convoquer, assembler. Convolution, s. l'action de rouler; rouleau, Convoy, r. a. convoyer, escorter. Convoy, s. convoi, m. escorte, f. CONVULSE, r. a. agiter, bouleverser. CONVULSION, s. convulsion, f. agitation vio-

CONVULSIVE, adj. convulsif. [lente, f. CONY, s. lapin, m.; young cony, lapereau. CONY-BURROW, s. clapier, m. terrier, m. CONY-CATCHER, s. un fourbe, un trompeur. CONY-WARREN. s. garenne de lapins, f. Coo, r. n. roueouler, gémir, caracouler. Coging, s. roucoulement, m. [seur, m.

Cook, s. cuisinier, m. cuisinière, f. rous-Cook, r. a. faire la cuisine, cuisiner. COOKERY, s. l'art du cuisinier, cuisine, f. COOK-MAID, s. servante de cuisine.

COOK-ROOM, s. foyer or cuisine d'un vais-seau, m. Cook's-shop, une rôtisserie. Cool, adj. frais, froid, indifferent. Cool, s. fraîcheur, f. le frais. Cool, r. a. & n. rafraîchir, se rafraîchir.

COOLER, s. un réfrigérant, brassin, m. Cooling, s. rafrafelissement, m. ralentisse-Cooling, adj. rafraichissant. [ment, n. COOLLY, adv. fraichement, de sang froid.

COOLNESS, s. fraicheur, f. frais, m. COOM, s. suie, f. vieux oing, marc, m. COOM or COMB, s. mesure de blé de 4 bois-Coor, s. un barrique. seaux, m.

Coop, v. a, enfermer, mettre en cage.

Cooper, s. tonnelior, m.

COOPERAGE, s. tonnellerie, f. COOPERATIVE, adj. cooperant. COUPERATION, s. coopération, f. COOPERATOR, s. coopérateur, m. COORDINATE, adj. du même ordre, égal. COORDINATION, s. égalité de rang, f. COOT, s. poule d'eau, f. foulque, f. Cop, s. sommet, m. cime, f. huppe, f. COPAL, s. (a sort of gum) gomme copal, f. COPARCENER, s. copartageant, m. cohéritier, COPARCENY, s. coheritage, m. COPARTNER, s. associe, m. collègue, m. COPAYVA, s. capalin, m. (sorte de baume.) COPE, s. éalotte, f. chape, f. . COPE, v. a. & n. couvrir, faire tête à, combattre, récompenser, changer. COPIER, s. copiste, m. scribe, m. COPING, s. faite, m. chaperon, m. combat, m. Corious, adj. copieux. abondant. Coriousily, adv. copieusement, aboudam-COPIOUSNESS, s. abondance, f. profusion, f. COPIST, s. scribe, m. écrivain, copiste, m. COPPED, adj. huppé, qui s'élève en pointe. COPPEL, s. coupelle, f COPPER, s. cuivre, m. chaudière, f. COPPERAS, s. couperose, f. fcuivre. COPPER-COLOUR, adj. basané, couleur de COPPER-NOSE, s. nez rouge, m. nez coupe-COPPER-PLATE, s. taille douce. Irosé, m. COPPER-SMITH, s. chaudronnier. COPPERY, adj. qui contient du cuivre. COPPLE, CUPPLE, s. creuset, m. coupelle, f. COPSE, v. a. conserver les taillis. COPULATE, v. a. joindre, unir; v. n. s'accon-COPULATION, s. copulation, f. accomplement, COPULATIVE, adj. copulatif. [m. COPY, s. copie, f. manuscrit, m. Copy, r. a. copier, transcrire, imiter. COPYHOLD, s. terre qui relève d'un fief. COPY-HOLDER, s. tenancier, m. vassal, m. Coquet, adj. coquet. Coquette, s. coquette, f. COQUET, v. a. & n. faire l'amour, eoqueter. Coquetry, s. coquetterie, f CORAL, s. corail. m. hochet de corail. CORALLINE, adj. de corail; s. coraline, f. CORBANT, s. courante, f. (sorte de dance.)
CORBAN, s. trone, m. offrande, f. CORBEL, s. corbeille, f. corbeau, m. console, Corp, s. corde, f. cordon, m. lien, m. CORD, v. a. lier avec des cordes, corder. CORDAGE, s. cordage, m. funin, m. CORDELIER, s. (a friar) cordelier, m. CORD-MAKER, s. cordier, m. feseur de cordes, CORDIAL, s. cordial, m. restaurant; adj. sin-CORDIALITY, s. cordialité, f. sincérité, f. CORDIALLY, adv. cordialement, sincèrement. Cordon, s. cordon, m. rangée. f. Cordwain, s. sorte de cuire d'Espagne, m. CORE, s. le cœur, l'intérieur, le trognon. CORIACEOUS, adj. de cuir, coriace. CORIANDER, s. (a plant) coriandre, f. CORINTHIAN, adj. Corinthien. CORK, s. liège, m. bouchon de liège, m. CORK-SCREW, s. tire-bouchon, m. [liége. CORK, v. a. boucher avec un bouchon de CORKING-PIN, s. espèce de grande épingle. CORKY, adj. de liége, fait de liége. CORMORANT, s. cormorant, m. un glouton. CORN, s. ble, m. grin, m. un cor au pied. CORN, r.a. saler, require en grains. CORN-CHANDLER, s. vendeur de grains, m.

CORN-CUTTER, s. coupeur de cor, m. CORNEL OF CORNELIAN-CHERRY, S. COTnonille, f. CORNEL OF CORNELIAN-TREE, s. cornouil-CORNELIAN-STONE, s. cornaline, f. [ler, m. Corneous, adj. de corne, calleux. CORNER, s. coin, m. eheoignure, f. angle, m. CORNET, s. cornet, m. cornette, f. corne, f. un cornette, porte étendard, m. campague, f. CORN-FIELD, s. champ, m. terre arable. Corn-floor, s. gremer à blé, m. CORN-FLOWER, s. bluet, m. blavet, m. CORNICE or CORNISH, s. corniche, f. CORNIGEROUS, adj. cornu, ayant cornes. CORN-MERCHANT, s. marchandde ble. CORN-ROSE, s. coquelicot, m. CORNUCOPLE, s. mache, f. doncette, f. CORNUCOPLE, s. cerne d'abondance, f. CORNUTE, v. n. faire cornard, vulcaniser. CORNUTED, part. adj. cornard. Corny, adj. de corne, calleux, graineux. [coronal. COROLLARY, s. corollaire, m. CORONARY, s. couronne, f. guirlande, f.; adj. ConnaL, adj. coronaire. CORONATION, s. couronnement, m. CORONER, s. officier charge d'informer concernant les personnes trouvées mortes. CORPORAL, s. couronne de seigneur, f. CORPORAL, s. caporal, m. corporal, m. CORPORAL, adj. corporel, qui concerne le CORPORALITY, s. materialité, f. Corporally, adv. corporellement. CORPORATE, adj. uni en corps. Corronation, s. communauté, municipalité, CORPOREAL, adj. qui a un corps, matériel. CORPOREITY, s. materialité, f. corporeité, f. Corpority, v. a. corporitier, corporiser. Corps, s. corps, m. Corpse, s. corps mort, cadavre, m. CORPULENCE, s. corpulence, f. embonpoint, CORPULENT, adj. gros et gras, replet, charnu. CORPUS-CHRISTI-DAY, s. féte-dien. Corpuscie, s. corpuscule, m. atome, m. Corpuscular, adj. corpusculaire. CORRADE, v. a. user par le frottement. Corradiation, s. réunion des rayons. CORRECT, v. a. corriger, punir, tempérer. Correct, adj. correct, exact, châtic. Correction, s. correction, f. châtiment, m. Under correction, sauf correction. CORRECTIVE, adj. correctif, qui corrige. CORRECTIVE, s. correctif, m. restriction, f. CORRECTLY, adr. correctement, exactement. CORRECTNESS, s. exactimde, f. CORRECTOR, s. correcteur, m. reformateur; CORRELATE, s. objet, correspondent. CORRELATIVE, adj. correlatif. CORRELATIVENESS, s. correlation, f. correspondance, f. CORREPTION, s. réprimande, f. censure, f. Cornespond, v. n. correspondre, repondre. Correspondence, s. correspondance, CORRESPONDENT, adj. & s. correspondant. CORRESPONSIVE, adj. sortable, conforme. CORRIDOR, s. chemin convert, corridor, m CORRIGIBLE, adj. corrigible, qui peut être Corrival, s. rival, m. [corrigé. CORROBORANT, adj. fortifiant, corroboratif. CORROBORATE, v. a. corroborer, fortifier. CORROBORATION, s. corroboration, f. CORROBORATIVE, adj. corroboratif, qui for-CORRODE, v. a. corroder, ronger. CORRODENT, CORRODING, adj. corrosif, rongeant.

CORRODIBLE, adj. susceptible de corrosion. CORROSIBLE, adj. susceptible de corrosion. CORROSION, s. corrosion, f. [grinant. CORROSIVE, adj. & s. corrosif, rongeur, cha-CORRUGATE, v. a. rider, froncer. CORRUGATION, s. crispation, f. CORRUPT, v. a. corrompre, gâter, déban-cher, séduire, infecter; v. n. se corrompre. CORRUPT, adj. corrompu, gâté, dépravé. CORRUPTER, s. corrupteur, m. suborneur, m. CORRUPTIBILITY, s. corruptibilité, f. CORRUPTIBLE, adj. corruptible. CORRUPTION, s. corruption, f. pourriture, f. pus, m. matière, f. dépravation, f. CORRUPTIVE, adf. pestilentiel, qui corrompt. CORRUPTLESS, adf. incorruptible, inaltéra-CORRUPTLY, adv. d'une manière corrompue. CORRUSCANT, adj. brillant, resplendissant. CORRUSCATION, s. éclat, m. lueur, f. CORSAIR, s. corsaire, m. pirate, m. CORSE-PRESENT, s. présent mortuaire, m. CORSLET, CORSELET, s. corselet, m. cuirasse, m. CORTICAL, adj. cortical, de l'écoree. CORYMBUS, s. corymbe, f. Cosecant, s. cosécante, f. Cosine, s. co-sinus, m. COSMETICK, adj. cosmétique, qui embellit. COSMETICKS, s. pl. cosmetiques, m. Cosmical, adj. qui a rapport au monde. COSMICALLY, adr. avee le soleil. Cosmographe, s. cosmographe, m. COSMOGRAPHY, s. cosmographie, f. COSMOPOLITAN, COSMOPOLITE, s. cosmopolite, m. Cosser, s. agneau, veau, &c. élevé sans la Cost, v. n. coûter. Cost, s. frais, m. dépens, m. dépense, COSTARD, s. la tête; espèce de pomme ronde. Costive, adj. constipé, d'un tissu serré. COSTIVENESS, s. constipation. COSTLINESS, s. somptuosité, f. grande dépense. COSTLY, adj. cher, dispendieux, somptueux. COSTREL, s. bouteille, f. flacon, m. Cor, s. cabane, f. hutte, f. étable, f. COTANGENT, s. eotangente, f. COTEMPORARY, adj. contemporain. COTQUEAN, s. un jocrisse, un tâte-poule. COTTAGE, s. cabane, f. chaumière, f. COTTAGER, s. qui demeure dans une cabane. COTTON, s. coton, m. toile de coton, f. COTTON-TREE, s. cotonnier, m. COTTON, v. n. se cotonner, s'accorder. Couch, r. n. & a. se coucher, coucher. COUCH, s. couchette, f. couche, f. COUCHANT, adj. couche, couchant. COUCH-GRASS, s. (an herb) chiendent, m. Cough, s. toux, f. Church-yard cough, toux mortelle. Cough, r. n. tousser. Cough out, v. a. rendre en toussant, expec-COUGHER, s. tousseur, m. ftorer. COUGHING, s. l'action de tousser, toux, f. Coul, s, une cuve, une euvette. COULD, I COULD, je pouvois, je pourrois. COULTER, s. soc de charrue, m. [blée, f. Council, s. conseil, m. coneile, m. assem-COUNCIL-BOARD, s. table du conseil, f. COUNCIL-CHAMBER, s. chambre du conseil, f.

Counsel, s. conseil, m. avis, m. delibération.

COUNSEL, v. a. conseiller, donner conseil. Counsellable, adj. qui prend volontiers Counsellor, s. conseiller, m. [conseil Count, v. a. compter, calculer, estimer. COUNT, r. n. compter, faire fond sur. COUNT, s. calcul, m. compte, m. un comte (titre), demande, f. declaration. COUNTABLE, adj. qui peut être compté. Countenance, s. contenance; f. air, m. mine, f. appui, m. soutien, m. Countenance, v. a. favoriser, appuyer. COUNTENANCER, s. protecteur, m. fauteur, m. COUNTER, s. jeton, m. comptoir, m. COUNTER, adv. contre, en opposition. COUNTERACT, v. a. agir contre, contrarier. COUNTERBALANCE, v. a. contre-balancer. COUNTERBALANCE, s. contre-poids, m. COUNTER-BATTERY, s. contrc-batterie, f. Counter-Bond, s. obligation, f. as assurance, f. Counter-change, s. échange, m.; v. a. cchanger. COUNTER-CHARGE, s. récrimination, f. COUNTER-CHECK, v. a. contre-carrer, oppo-COUNTER-CHECK, s. opposition, f. COUNTER-CUNNING, s. contre-ruse, f. COUNTER-CURRENT, s. courant contraire, m. COUNTER-DISTINCTION, s. par opposition. COUNTER-DRAW, r. a. contre-tirer. Counter-evidence, s. témoignage contraire. COUNTERFEIT, r. a. contrefaire, imiter, feindre, controuver, supposer, forger. COUNTERFEIT, adj. contrefait, forgé, sup posé. COUNTERFEIT, s. fourbe, m. fourberie, f. COUNTERFEITER, s. faussaire, m. COUNTERFEITLY, adv. avec déguisement, faussement. COUNTERFOIL, s. contre taille, f. floppe, f. COUNTERFUGUE, s. contrefugue. COUNTER-GUARD, s. contre-garde, enve-COUSTER-LATH, s. contre-latte, f.; v. a. contre-latter. COUNTER-LIGHT, s. contre-jour, m. COUNTERMAND, r. a. contremander. COUNTERMAND, s. contre-ordre, m. nullité, f. Counter-March, v. a. revenir sur ses pas. COUNTER-MARCH, s. contre-marche, f. COUNTER-MARK, s. contre-marque, f. ; v. a. contre-marquer. COUNTER-MINE, s. contre-mine, f.; v.a. contre-miner. COUNTER-MINER, s. contre-mineur, m. COUNTER-MURE, s. contre-mur, m. COUNTER-NATURAL, adj. contre-nature. COUNTER-PACE, s. mesure opposée. COUNTERPANE, s. courte-pointe, f. couverture de lit piquée, f. Counterpart, s. double, m. copie, f. contre-partie, f. Counter-Plea, s. opposition à produire, f. COUNTER-PLOT, v. n. opposer une ruse. COUNTER-PLOT, s. contre-ruse, f. COUNTER-POINT, s. (in musick) contre-point, COUNTERPOISE, v. a. contre-peser. COUNTERPOISE, s. contre-poids, équilibre,m. COUNTER-POISON, s. contre-poison, m. COUNTER-RAIL, s. double balustrade, f. COUNTER-ROUND, s. contre-ronde,) Counterscarp, s. contrescarpe, f.; v. a. contrescarper. COUNTER-SIGN, r. a. contre-signer; s. con tre-seing, m.

COUNTER-TALLY, s. contre-taille, f. COUNTER-TENOR, s. haute-contre, f. COUNTER-TIME, s. opposition, f. COUNTERVAIL, v. a. egaler, compenser. COUNTERVAIL, s. équilibre, m. compensation, f.

Counter-view, s. opposition, f. contraste, COUNTERWORK, v. a. contre-miner. Countess, s. comtesse, femme d'un comte. COUNTING-HOUSE, s. comptoir d'un négo-

ciant, m.

Countless, adj. innombrable.

COUNTRY, s. contrée, f. pays, m. région, f. champ, m. campagne, f. patrie, f.

COUNTRY, adj. rustique, campagnard, champêtre: countryman, un paysan, un villageois; country dance, contre-danse, f.; country squire, un gentilhonme campagnard; country house, une maison de campagne; country life, une vie champêtre. County, s. comte, m.

COUPLE, s. (a step in dancing) coupé, m. COUPLE, s. couple, m. & f. paire, f. COUPLE, v. a. & n. coupler, joindre ensemble, accoupler, s'accoupler, marier et se

marier.

COUPLET, s. deux vers rimés. Courage, m. intrépidité, f. Courageux, adj. courageux, hardi. COURAGEOUSLY, adv. courageusement. COURANT, s. courante, gazette, f. Courier, s. un courier, un exprès.

Course, s. cours, m. course, f. carrière, f. ordre, m. tour, m. rang, m. suite, f. coutume, f. train, m. procéde, m. conduite, f. methode, f. moyen, m. voie, f. mesure, f. voile, f. route, f. service, m. Course of humours, fluxion, f.; course of stones, parement de muraille, m. assise de pierres, f.; courses of woman, règles or mois des femmes, f. m. Of course, ordinaire, ordinairement. Isant.

Course, v. a. courre, courir, forcer en chas-Courser, s. coursier, m. chasseur, m.

Coup.r, s. cour, f. jurisdiction, f. Court-ba-ron, cour foncière. Couri-lect, cour fon-Court-bacière qui regarde proprement les offenses.

COURT, v. a. courtiser, faire la cour or l'a-mour, flatter, briguer, solliciter.

COURT-CARD, s. carte figurée, f. figure, f. COURTEOUS, adj. affable, honnête, civil. Courteous reader, ami lecteur, bénévole. COURTEOUSLY, adv. poliment, civilement. COURTEOUSNESS, s. courtoisie, f. civilité, f.

COURTESAN or COURTEZAN, s. courtisane, f. COURTESY, s. courtoisie, f. affabilité, f. politesse, f. honnêteté, f. grâce, f. COURTESY, v. n. faire la révérence. COURTIER, s. courtisan, m. homme de cour. COURTINE, s. courtine, f. rideau, m. COURTLIKE, adj. poli, elégant. COURTLINESS, s. elégance, f. graces, f. pl. COURTLY, adj. poli, comme un homme de COURTSHIP, s. cour, f. civilité, f. [cour. Cove, s. crique, f. couver, m. boulin, m. COVENANT, s. contrat, m. convention, f. COVENANT, v. n. convenir, contracter.

COVENANTEE, s. partie contractaute. COVENANTER, s. ligueur, m. Cromwelliste, m. COVENOUS, adj. frauduleux, trompeur. COVER, v. a. couvrir, céler, cacher, voiler, déguiser, couver, s'accoupler, remplir.

COVER, s. couvercle m. couverture, f. en-

veloppe, f. abri, m. couvert, m. couvert de table; couvreplat, m. prétexte, m. voile, m. masque, m.

COVERING, s. converture, f.

COVERLET, s. couverture de lit, f. couverture de paradé, f.

COVER-SLUT, s. une fausse-manche.

COVERT, s. couvert, m. abri, m. asile, m. retraite, f. lieu couvert d'arbres; fort, m. COVERT, adj. à couvert, à l'abri, caché, se-

cret, en puissance de mari, mariée. COVERTIY, adv. en secret, secrètement.

COVERTURE, s. abri, m. défense, f. protec-

COVERT-WAY, s. chemin couvert.

COVET, v.a. convoiter, ambitionner,; v. n. [aspirer. COVETABLE, adj. désirable. Coverous, adj. avide, passionné, avare. COVETOUSLY, adv. avec avarice, sordidement. COVETOUSNESS, s. avarice, f. convoitise, f. COVEY, s. une couvée, une volée d'oiseaux.

Covin or Covine, s. collusion, f. fraude, f. Cow, s. vache, f. A milch-cow, une vache à

lait, une dupc.

Cow, v. a. intimider, épouvanter. Coward, s. lâche, m. poltron, m.

COWARDICE, COWARDLINESS, s. poltronnerie, f.

COWARDLY, adj. poltron, m. lache; adv. làchement.

Cower, v.n. se baisser, se courber. COW-HERD, COW-KEEPER, s. vacher, m.

Cow-House, s. étable à vaches, f. Cow-Leech, s. celui qui guérit les vaches malades.

Cowl, s. capuce, m. capuchon. Cowslip, s. primevère, f. primerolle, f. COXCOME, s. crête de coq, f. un sot. COXCOMICAL, adj. sot, impertinent, faquin.

Cov, adj. modeste, réservé, retenu. Coy, v. n. se comporter avec réserve. Coyly, adv. avec réserve, précieusement. COYNESS, s. reteme, f. réserve, f. pruderie, f.

Coz, s. cousin, cousine.

COZEN, v. a. tromper, duper, cajoler. COZENAGE, s. fraude, f. fourberie, f. COZENER, s. trompeur, m. fourbe, m.

CRAB, s. crabe, f. cancre, m. l'écrevisse, f. Crab-tree, poininier sauvage, m.

CRAB, adj. aigre, de mauvais goût, dégénéré. CRABBED, adj. dur, severe, bourru. CRABBEDLY, adr. durement, tristement.

CRABBEDNESS, s. apreté de goût, f.

CRAE'S EYES, s. pl. pierres or yeux d'ecrevisse, f. m. CRACK, s. fente, f. crevasse, f. éclat, m. bruit

d'un corps qui creve or tombe, m. crac, m. craquement, m. un crâne, une putain, un

vanteur, un faufaron.

CRACK, v. a. feudre, briser, féler, casser; v. n. se fendre, se féler, s'entrouvrir, craquer, se vanter, se glorifier. [timbré. CRACK-BRAINED, adj. qui a le cerveau mal

CRACKER, s. menteur, un enfileur.

CRACK-HEMP, CRACK-ROPE, s. un pendard.

CRACKLE, v. n. craqueter, pétiller. CRACKLING, s. craquement, m. bruit, m.

CRACKNELL, s. craquelin, m. échaudé, m.

CRADLE, s. berceau, m. CRADLE, v. a. mettre dans un berceau, bercer. CRAFT, s. métier, m. art méchanique, m. finesse, f. ruse, f. fourberie, f. art, m. barques, f. bateaux, m. [ment. CRAFTILY, adv. avec finesse, artificieuseCRAFTINESS, s. finesse, f. ruse, f. CRAFTSMAN, s. artisan, m. ouvrier, m. CRAFTS-MASTER, s. un artiste, un maître. CRAFTY, adj. fin, adroit, rusé, artificieux. CRAG, s. rocher escarpe, m. le chignon du CRAGGED, CRAGGY, adj. raboteux. [cou. CRAGGINESS, CRAGGEDNESS, s. roideur, f. CRAM, v. a. remplir, farcir, gorger, enfoncer. CRAMBO, s. sorte de jeu de rime. CRAMP, s. crampon, m. crochet, m. CRAMP, v. a. cramponner, accrocher. CRAMPOONS, s. des crampons de fer, m. pl. CRAMP-FISH, s. (the torpedo) torpille, f. CRAMP-IRON, s. crampon, m. crochet, m. CRANE, s. grue, f. siphon, m. [d'une grue. CRANE UP, v. a. lever, hausser, par le moyen CRANK, s. levier, m. poutre, m. détour, m. CRANK, adj. dispos, vigoureux, vif. CRANKLE, v. n. serpenter, couper en zig-zag. CRANKLES, s. pl. replis, m. detours, m. CRANNIED, adj. fendu, crevasse, plein de CRANNY, s. fente, crevasse, f. [fentes. CRAPE, s. crêpe, m. crêpon, m. CRAPULENCE, s. crapule, f. ivrognerie, f. CRAPULOUS, adj. crapuleux, ivrogne. CRASH, v. a. froisser, briser, craquer. CRASH, s. froissement, m. craquement, m. CRASHING, s. froissement, m. fracas, m. CRASIS, s. temperament, in. constitution, f. CRASS, adj. grossier, épais, crasse. CRASSITUDE, s. épaisseur, f. grossièreté, f. Chastination, s. délai, m. prolongation, f. Cratch, s. ratelier, m. [du cheval, m. Cratches, s. erevasse, f. ulcère au paturons CRAUNCH, v. a. croquer, casser avec les CRAVAT, s. cravate, f. [dents. CRAVE, v. a. demander avec instance. CRAVEN, s. un coq vaincu, un poltron; v. a. intimider. CRAVING, adj. insatiable, affamé. CRAVINGNESS, s. humeur insatiable, f. CRAW, s. jabot, m. estomac des oiseaux, m. CRAW-FISH of CRAY-FISH, s. ccrevisse, f. CRAWL. v. n. ramper, se traîner, s'insinuer. CRAWLER, s. reptile, m. créature rampante. CRAYON, s. crayon, m. pastel, m. CRAZE, v. a. briser, froisser, affoiblir. CRAZEDNESS, s. décrépitude, f. CRAZINESS, s. foiblesse, f. débilité, f. CRAZY, adj. cassé, caduc, foible, fou. CKEAK, v. a. craquer, crier. CREAKING, s. craquement, m. cri, m. Cri EAM, s. crême, f. le fin, la fleur. Cream-cheese, fromage à la crême. CREAM, v. n. crêmer; v. a. écrèmer. CREAMY, adj. plein de crême. CREANCE, s. créance, f. confiance, f. CREASE, s. un pli, plissure, f.; v. a. plisser. CREASE, s. un pil, plissure, f.; r. a., plisser.
CREATE, v. a. créer, établir, causer.
CREATION, s. création, f. les êtres créés,
nomination, f. établissement, m.
CREATIVE, adj. qui crée, créateur, inventif.
CREATOR, s. le Créateur, auteur, m.
CREATORE, s. créature, f. protégé, m.
CREDENDA, s. pl. ce qu'il faut croire, articles
CREDENDA, adj. créadule, accrédité CREDENT, adj. crédule, accrédité. CREDENTIALS, s. pl. lettres de créance, f. CREDIBILITY, s. crédibilité, f. probabilité, f. CREDIBLE, adj. croyable, digne de foi. CREDIBLENESS, s. crédibilité, f. vraisemblance, f. CREDIBLY, adv. probablement.

m. créance, f. crédit, m. autorité, f. pouvoir, m. honneur, f. réputation, f. conficrédit. CREDIT, v. a. croire, faire honneur, fa CREDITABLE, adj. honorable, estimable. CREDITABLENESS, s. credit, m. reputation, f. CREDITABLY, adv. avec honneur. CREDITOR, s. créancier, m. prêteur, m. CREDULITY, s. crédulité, f. lacilité de croire. CREDULOUS, adj. crédule, qui croit aisé-CREDULOUSNESS, s. crédulité, f. CREED, s. symbole, m. confession de foi, f. CREEK, s. une petite baie, un crique CREEKY, adv. plein de détours, de baies. CREEP, v. n. ramper, se traîner, s'abaisser; creep in or into, se couler, se glisser, s'in-sinuer; creep out, sortir subtilement, se sauver à petit bruit; creep on, s'approcher insensiblement. CREEPER, s. une plante rampante. CREEP-HOLE, s. une échappatoire, une ex-CREEPING, s. l'action de ramper, bassesse. CREEPING, adj. qui rampe, rampant; a creeping thing, un reptile; creeping thyme, du serpolet. CREEPINGLY, adv. en rampant, bassement. CREMOR, s. substance semblable à la crême, CRENATED, adj. entaillé, crénelé. CREPITATE, v. n. pétiller, craqueter. CREPITATION, s. pétillement, m. craquement, m. CREPUSCULE, s. crépuscule, m. CREPUSCULOUS, adj. qui jette une foible CRESCENT, adj. qui croît, croissant, m. CRESS, s. (in the pl. cresses, water-cresses) cresson, m. CRESSET, s. falot, m. trépied, m. CREST, s. crète, f. huppe, f. vivacité, f. fier-té, f. cimier, m. timbre, m. l'encolure d'un cheval, f. [huppé. CRESTED, adj. qui port une crète, un cimier, CREST-FALLEN, adj. découragé, abattu. CREVICE. s. fente, f. crevasse, f. CREW, s. bande, f. troupe, f. tas, m. l'équipage d'un vaisseau, m. CREWEL, s. estame fine, laine filée. CRIB, s. crêche, f. mangeoire, f. cabane, f. CRICK. s. le bruit d'une porte, cric-crac. CRICKET, s. grillon, m. la crosse. CRIER, s. crieur public, m. [m. CRIME, s. crime, m. mechante action, peché, CRIMINAL, adj. criminel; s. un criminel. CRIMINALLY, CRIMINOUSLY, adv. criminellement. CRIMINALNESS, CRIMINALITY, s. méchan-Crimination, s. accusation, f. [ceté. CRIMINATORY, adj. accusatoire. CRIMINOUS, adj. criminel, mechant, inique. CRIMINOUSLY, adv. criminellement. CRIMINOUSNESS, s. méchanceté, f. CRIMOSIN, adj. cramoisi. CRIMP, adj. fragile, cassant, contradictoire. CRIMPLE, r. a. retrecir, plisser, froncer. CRIMPILING, adj. mal à son aise, boiteux. CRIMPT, adj. frisé, plié. CRIMSON, s. cramoisi, m.; adj. cramoisi. CRIMSON, v. n. teindre en eramoisi, en rouge. CRINCUM, s. contraction, f. bizarrerie, f. CRINGE, s. soumission servile, bassesse, f.

CRINGE, v. a. froncer, rider, ramper.

CRINIGEROUS, adj. convert de poil.

CREDIT, s. foi, f. croyance, f. temoignage, CRINKLE, v. n. serpenter, faire des zig-zags.

CRINGING, s. bassesse, f. soumission servile

CRINKLE, s. tour, m. détour, m. CRIPLINGS, s. des solives, f. des picux, m. CRIPPLE, adj. impotent, perclus, estropie. CRIPPLE, v. a. estropier. CRIPPLENESS, s. l'état d'une personne percluse de ses membres, m. CRISIS, s. crise, f. effort, m.
CRISIS, adj. frise, fragile, cassant, croquant.
Crisp-almonds, des pralines. CRISP, v. a. rendre cassant, friser. CRISPING, CRISPATION, s. frisure, f. crispa-CRISPING-IRON, CRISPING-PIN, s. fer à friser, m. CRISPY, adj. frise, friable, fragile. CRITERION, s. règle de jugement, m. CRITICAL, adj. critique, exact, de crise. CRITICALLY, adv. en critique, avec exacti-CRITICALNESS, s. exactitude. CRITICISE, CRITICK, v. a. & n. critiquer. CRITICISM, s. critique, f. jugement critique, CRITICK, s. la critique. CROAK, v. a. coasser et croasser. CROAK or CROAKING, s. coassement, croasse-CROCEOUS, adj. de safran. ment. CROCK, s. cruche or pot de terre, f. m. CROCK-BUTTER, beurre salé. CROCKERY, s. poterie, f. faiencerie, f. CROCODILE, s. (an animal) crocodile, m. CROCUS, s. crocus, m. fleurs de safran. CROFT, s. petit clos, enclos, m. CROISADE, CROISADO, s. croisade, f. guerre sainte. CROISES, s. pl. croisés, m. pélerin, m. CRONE, s. une vieille brebis, une vieille CRONY, s. une vieille connoissance. [femme. CROOK, v. a. courber, plier, voûter. CROOK-BACK, s. un homme vonté, un bossu. CROOK-BACKED, adj. bossu, vonté. CROOKED, part. adj. courbe, courbé, plié, tortu, tortueux, voûté, bossu, crochu. CROOKEDLY, adv. de travers, tortueusement. CROOKEDNESS, s. courbure, f. tortuosité, f. CROOL, v. n. murmurer, grommeler. CROP, s. recolte, f. moisson, f. jabot, m. cheval écourté, la verge d'un fouet. CROP, v. a. écourter, tondre, rogner, mois-sonner, cueillir, brouter; v. a. faire la moisson. CROSIER, s. (a bishop's staff) crosse, f. CROSLET, s. petite croix. Cross, s. croix, f. affliction, f. traverse, f. CROSS, adj. de travers, oblique, méchant, dur, choquant, contraire, malheureux, contrariant, facheux, revêche. Cross, adv. de travers, en travers, à rebours. Cross, prep. à travers, au travers. Cross, v. a. croiser, traverser, passer au travers, contrarier, être contraire, contrecarrer, facher, tourmenter, chagriner, contrarier; cross out, effacer, rayer; cross over, passer au-delà, traverser. CROSS-BARS, s. pl. croisées, f. barres qui se croisent. Cross-bar-shot, balle ramée. CROSS-BITE, s. tromperie, f. revers, m. CROSS-BITE, v. a. tromper, duper. CROSS-BOW, s. arbalète, f CROSS-BOWER, s. arbaletrier, m. CROSS-CAPER, s. entrechat, m.

CROSS-EXAMINE, v. a. examiner par des

CROSS-FORTUNE, s. revers de fortune, m.

CROSS-GRAINED, adj. revêche, intraitable. CROSELY, 2dv. & prep. de travers, mal, à

questions captieuses.

contretemps, mal-à-propos, d'une manière CROSSNESS, s. méchanceté, f. humeur re-CROSS-MATCHES, s. pl. mariages entrelacés. CROSS-ROW, s. abécé, m. alphabet, m. CROSS-STAFF, s. croix géométrique, f. CROSS-WAY, s. chemin de traverse, m. Скотсн, s. hameçon, m. fourche d'arbre, f. CROTCHET, s. crocne, crochet, fantaisie, f CROTELS, s. repaire, f. fiente de lièvre, f. CROUCH, v. n. coucher, se tapir, s'abaisser. CROUP, s. croupe, f. croupion, m. CROUPEER, s. croupier, (au jeu) m. CROW, s. corncille, f. pince, f. levier, m. CROW, v. n. chanter, se vanter, triompher CROWD, s. foule, f. presse, f. le vulgaire. CROWD, s. violon, m. CROWD, v. a. presser, fonler, serrer, enfon-cer. To crowd all sails, forcer de voiles. CROWD, v. n. abouder, se rassembler en foule. CROWDER, s. ménétrier, m. CROWFOOT, s. renoucule, f. chausse-trape, f. 1 CROW-TOES, s. hyacinthe, f CROWN, s. couronne, f. guirlande, f. le som met de la tête, le sommet d'une montagne. la forme d'un chapeau, la plaque d'une perruque, écu de cinq schellings, m. cou ronne de tête de cerf, f. CROWN, v. a. couronner, damer. CROWNING, s. couronnement. CROWN-LANDS, domaine de la couronne, f. CROWN-SCAB, s. teigne, m. CROWN-WORK, s. ouvrage à couronne, m. CRUCIAL, adj. crucial. CRUCIATE, v. a. tourmenter. CRUCIBLE, s. creuset, m. CRUCIFIX, s. crucifix, m. CRUCIFIXION, s. crucifiement, m. CRUCIFY, v. a. crucifier, attacher à une croix. CRUDE, adj. cru, qui n'est pas cuit, imparfait. CRUDELY, adv. cruement. gestion, CRUDENESS, CRUDITY, s. crudite, f. indi-CRUDLE, v. n. se cailler, coaguler CRUEL, adj. cruel, inhumain, terrible. CRUELLY, adv. cruellement. [manité, f. CRUELTY, CRUELNESS, s. cruauté, f. inhu-CRUENTATE, adj. sanglant, ensanglanté. CRUET, s. burette, f. vinaigrier, m. CRUISE, s. petite coupe, cours, m. course, f. CRUISE, v. a. croiser, aller en course. CRUISER, s. croiseur, m. garde-côte, m. CRUISING, s. en course, cours, m. course, f. CRUM, CRUMB, s. mie, f. miette, f. CRUM, CRUMBLE, v. a. émier; v. n. tomber en poussière. CRUMMY, adj. qui a beaucoup de mie, ten-CRUMP, CRUMPED, adj. voûte, bossu. CRUMP-FOOTED, adj. qui a les pieds tortus. CRUMPLE, v. a. tordre, chiffoner, rider. CRUNK, CRUNKLE, v. n. crier comme une CRUPPER, s. croupière, f. croupe, f. CRUSADE, CRUSADO, s. croisade, f. [grue. CRUSE, s. cruche, f. potà l'eau, m. CRUSH, s. froissement, m. choc, m. CRUSH, v. a. écraser, briser, opprimer. CRUST, s. croûte, f. incrustation, f. CRUST, v. a. & n. couvrir, se couvrir CRUSTACEOUS, adj. crustacée. [crusté. CRUSTED, part. adj. couvert d'une croûte, in-CRUSTILY, adv. de mauvaise humeur. CRUSTINESS, s. croûte durc. CRUSTY, adj. croûteux, de mauvaise humeur. CRUTCH, s. potence, f. bequille, f.; v.a. soutenir.

CRY, v. a. & n. crier, s'écrier, pleurer, se CUNEAL, CUNEIFORM, adj. en forme de coin. récrier, proclamer, publier, appeller; cry CUNNING, adj. adroit, subtil, fin, rusé. down, décrier, abaisser ; cry out, jeter des cris, être en travail d'enfant ; cry out, with, of, against, on, upon, blamer, censurer, se recrier contre; cry unto, invoquer, reclamer; cry up, exalter, louer, vanter. CRY, s. cri, m. lamentation, f. proclamation.f. CRYPTICAL, CRYPTICK, adj. caché, secret. CRYPTOGRAPHY, s. manière secrète d'écrire. CRYPTOLOGY, s. manière de parler obscure. CRYSTAL, s. crystal, m. CRYSTAL, CRYSTALLINE, adj. de cristal, clair, cristallin. CRYSTALLIZATION, s. cristallisation, f. CRYSTALLIZE, v. a. & n. cristalliser et se cristalliser. CUB, s. le petit de l'ours or du renard. CUB, v. a. mettre bas, faire des petits. CUBE, s. cube, m. nombre cubique. CUBICAL, CUBICK, adj. cubique, cube. CUBIT, s. coudée, f. [coudée. Cubital, adj. cubital, de la longueur d'une CUCKOLDOM, s. cocu, m. cornard, m.; v. a. Cuckoldom, s. cocuage, m. [faire cocu. CUCKOO, s. (a bird) coucou, m. CUCK-QUEAN, s. une putain, une garce. CUCUMBER, s. (a plant) concombre, m. CUCURBITE, s. cucurbite, f. [estomac. Cup, s. la nourriture qui est dans le premier To chew the cud, ruminer, remacher. CUDDEN, CUDDY, s. adj. un sot niais, sot. CUDDLE, v. n. se tapir; v. a. dorloter. CUDGEL, s. baton, m. tricot, m. arme, f. CUDGEL, v. a. battre à coups de bâton. CUE, s. la fin d'une chose quelconque, mot du guet, m. rôle, m. queue, f. Cuerpo, s. corps, m. In cuerpo, à corps CUFF, s. manchette, f. [découvert. CUFF, v. a. battre à coups de poing, soufleter. Cuirass, s. cuirasse, J CUIRASSIER, s. cuirassier, m. Cuish, s. cuissart, m. CULERAGE, s. (an herb) persicaire, f. CULINARY, adj. de cuisine. Cull., v. a. choisir, trier, recueillir. CULLENDER, COLANDER, s. passoire, f. Cullion, s. un coquin, un gueux, bisque, f. CULLY, s. dupe, dupé par des femmes. CULLY, v. a. duper, jouer, tromper. CULM, s. petit charbon de terre. CULMINATE, v. a. être au méridien. CULPABLE, adj. coupable, blamable. CULPABLENESS, CULPABILITY, s. faute, f. CULPABLY, adv. criminellement. [blâme, m. CULPRIT, s. accusé, m. [les huitres. CULPRIT, s. accusé, m. CULTCH, s. le fond de la mer où s'engendrent CULTIVATE, v. a. cultiver, ameliorer, per-CULTURE, s. culture, f. CULTIVATOR, s. cultivateur, m. [fectionner. CULVER, s. un pigeon, pigeon ramier, m. CULVER-TAIL, s. queue d'aronde, f. CULVERIN, s. coulevrine, f. CUMBER v. a. embarrasser; s. embarras, m. CUMBERSOME, adj. embarrassant, incom-CUMBERSOMELY, adv. incommodément. CUMBERSOMENESS, s. empêchement, m. CUMBRANCE, s. embarras, m. gêne, f. CUMIN, s. (a plant) cumin, m.

CUMULATE, v. a. entasser, amasser, accumu-

CUMULATION, s. tas, m. amas, m.

CUNCTATION, s. d'lai, m. rétard, m. CUNCTATOR, s. te aporiseur, m.

CUNNING, s. adresse, f. art, m. artifice, m. CUNNINGLY, adv. subtilement, artificieuse-CUNNINGLY, adv. subtilement, artificieuse-CUNNINGNESS, s. adresse, f. art, m. [ment. CUP, s. coupe, m. tasse, gobelet, m. Cup, v. a. ventouser, appliquer les ventouses. CUP-BEARER, s. échanson, m. CUP-BOARD, s. buffet, m. armoire, f. CUPIDITY, s. cupidité, f. convoitise, f. CUPOLA, s. dôme, m. coupole, f. CUPPER, s. ventousseur, m. CUPPING-GLASS, s. ventouse, f. cucurbite, f. CUR, s. un chien dégénéré, vilain, m. CURABLE, adj. curable, susceptible de gué-CURACY, s. charge de vicaire, f. rison. CURATE, s. vicaire, m. cure, m. CURATIVE, adj. curatif, qui guérit. CURATOR, s. curateur, m CURB, s. gourmette de bride, frein, m. courbe, CURB, v. a. gourmer, reprimer, retenir. CURD, s. lait caillé. CURD, r. a. coaguler, cailler, figer. CURDLE, v. a. & n. cailler et se cailler. CURDLED, CURDY, adj. coagulé, caillé. CURE, s. remède, m. cure, f. guérison, f. CURE, v. a. guérir, traiter, préparer, saler. CURELESS, adj. sans remède, incurable. CURER, s. médecin, m. CURFEW, s. couvrefeu, m. [rarcté, f. CURIOSITY, s. curiosité, f. recherche, f. CURIOUS, adj. curicux, délicat, recherche, rare, exact, elégant, artistement fait. Curiously, adv. curieusement, artistement. CURIOUSNESS, s. exactitude, f. CURL, s. boucle, f. frisure. f. ondulation, f. CURL, v. a. & n. friser, se friser. CURLEW, s. courlis or corlieu, m. CURLING, s. l'action de friser, frisure, Curling-iron, fer à friser, m. Curlingpaper, papillote, f. CURLINGS, s. pl. perlures, f. [quin. CURMUDGEON, s. un avare, un ladre, un ta-CURRANT, s. groseille, f. Currant-tree, groseillier, m. CURRANTS, s. raisins de Corinthe. CURRENCY, s. circulation, f. cours, m. CURRENT, adj. qui a cours, courant, recu. CURRENT, s. courant, m. torrent, m. CURRENTLY, adv. couramment, sans s'arrê-CURRENTNESS, s. fluidité, f. cours, m. CURRIER, s. corroyeur, m. tanneur, m. CURRISH, adj. mechant, brutal, hargneux. CURRY, v. a. corroyer, préparer le cuir, étril-ler un cheval, battre, flatter, courtiser. CURRY-COMB, s. étrille, f. CURSE, s. malédiction, f. imprécation, f. Curse, v.a. maudire; v.n. jurer. CURSED, part. adj. maudit, detestable. CURSEDLY, adv. abominablement. CURSEDNESS, s. caractère mauvais, noirceur, Curship, s. brutalité, f. bassesse, f CURSITOR, s. praticien, m. clerc de la chan-Cursorily, adv. légèrement, à la hâte. Cursory, adj. leger, fait à la hâte. CURST, adj. méchant, exécrable. CURSTNESS, s. méchanceté, f. rigueur, f. CURT, adj. court CURTAIL, s. salope, f. CURTAIL Dog, s. chien qui a la queue coupée. CURTAIL, v. a. écourter, mutiler, retrancher. CURTAIN, s. rideau, m. courtine, f. toile, f.

CURTAIN, v. a. garnir de rideaux.

CURTAIN-LECTURE, s. censure, f. mercu- | CYNEGETICKS, s. l'art de la chasse, m.

riale, f. CURTAIN-ROD, s. verge de fer, f. tringle, f.

CURTANA, s. épée royale et sans pointe, f CURVATED, adj. courbé, plié, fait en arc. CURVATION, CURVATURE, s. courbure, f. CURVE, adj. & s. courbe, une courbe. CURVE, v. a. courber, bander, plier. CURVET, s. courbette, f. saut; v.a. sauter.

CURVILINEAR, adj. curviligne. CURVITY, s. courbure, f

CURULE, adj. curule, de sénateur, triomphal.

CUSHION, s. coussin, m. carreau, m. bande, f. CUSP, s. corne du croissant, f. CUSPATED, CUSPATED, adj. pointu.

CUSTARD, s. flan, m. une dariole.

Custody, s. garde, f. emprisonnement, m. Custom, s. coutume, f. habitude, f usage, m. chalandise, f. pratique, f. Custom-

house, la douane.

Customable, adj. commun, accoutume. CUSTOMABLY, adv. communement. CUSTOMARILY, adv. habituellement. CUSTOMARY, adj. d'usage, coutumier. CUSTOMED, adj. ordinaire, achalande. -Customer, s. chaland, m. pratique,

CUSTREL, s. valet de soldat, m. une futaille. Cut, v. a. couper, tailler, trancher, hacher; cut a book, rogner un livre; cut the vein, ouvrir la veine; cut capers, faire des ca-brioles; cut the beard, faire la barbe, raser; cut a figure, faire figure, trancher du grand; cut the ground, labourer la terre; cut a ball, friser une balle; cut cupons, châirer des cochets, les chaponner; cut lots, tirer à la courte paille; cut a comb smooth, vider un peigne; cut away, ôter, retrancher; cut down, couper, abattre, surpasser; cut off, trancher, tailler en pièces, retrancher; cut pièces, retrancher, priver, empêcher; cut out, couper, tailler, former, faire; cut short, couper court, abréger, interrompre; cut up, couper, découper, disséquer, déraciner.

Cur, v. n. percer, tailler, se couper. Cur, s. coupe, f. taille, f. morceau, m. tranche, f. coupure, f. cspèce, f. trempe, taille

douce, f. figure, f. Cutaneous, adj. cutane, de la peau. CUTE, s. du mout, m. du vin doux. CUTICLE, s. l'épiderme, m. pellicule, f. CUTICULAR, adj. cutané, de la peau.

CUTLASS, CUTLACE, CUTLEAX, s. coutelas, m.

CUTLER, s. coutelier, m. fourbisseur, m. CUTLETS, s. côtelettes de veau, f. pl. CUT-PURSE, s. coupeur de bourses, m. CUTTER, s. coupeur, m. tailleur, m. un in-strument tranchant, un bateau.

CUTTERS, les dents incisives, f. Cut-throat, s. un coupe jarret, un coupe-

CUT-THROAT, adj. cruel, inhumain, barbare.

CUTTING, s. coupe, f. taille, f. CUTTING, adj. piquant, choquant, satirique. CUTTLE, s. sêche, f. un calomniateur.

CYCLE, s. cycle, m. course, f. révolution, f.

CYCLOID, s. cycloide, f. CYCLOPEDIA, s. encyclopédie, f.

Cyclops, s. cyclope, m. CYGNET, s. jeune cygne, m.

CYLINDER, s. cylindre, m.
CYLINDRICAL, CYLINDRICK, adj. cylin-CYMAR, s. écharpe, f. [drique.

CYMVAL, s. cymbale, f.

CYNICAL, CYNICK, adj. severe, brutal. CYNIC, s. cynique, m. un misanthrope. CYNOSURE, s. la petite ourse, l'étoile polaire. CYPRESS-TREE, s. cyprès, m. CYST, s. tumeur, f. kiste, m. CZAR, s. czar, m. empereur, m. chef, m. CZARINA, s. czarine, f. imperatrice, f.

DAB, s. morceau, m. un maître, un expert, un petit soufflet, une tape.

DAB, v. a. frapper légèrement.

DABBLE, v. a. éclabousser, mouiller, tremper; v. a. barboter, se vautrer, se mêler.

DABBLER, s. barboteur, m. un charlatan. DACE, s. (a river fish) vandoise, f.

DACTYLE, s. dactyle, m.

DAD or DADDY, s. papa, m.
DEDAL, adj. varie, savant, habile.
DAFFODIL, DAFFODILLY, s. asphodèle, m.

DAFT, v. a. jeter de côté, rejeter; adj. stu-DAG, s. un pistolet, poignard, m. [pide. DAG, s. un pistolet, poignard, m. [pide. DAG, v. a. tondre, barbotter. Dag-locks, ce

qu'on a coupé de la toison.

DAGGER, s. poignard, m. dague, f. une croix. DAGGLE, v. a. crotte, éclabousser.

DAGGLED-TAIL, adj. tout crotte.

Dally, adj. journalier, de chaque jour. DAILY, adv. journellement, tous les jours.

DAINTILY, adv. delicatement, delicicuse-DAINTILY, adv. delicatesse, f. [ment. DAINTY, adj. delicat, friand; s. friandise. DAINTY, s. laiterie, f. Dairy-maid, laitière, f.

DAISY, s. Interley, ... Barg-mada, Interlevel DAISY, s. marguerite, f. (sorte de fleur.)
DALLE, s. vallon, m. vallée, f.
DALLIANCE, s. badinage, m. caresses, f.
DALLIER, s. badin, m. foldure, m. [délai

Dally, v. n. badiner, folatrer, cajoler. DAM, s. mère, f. mole, m. écluse, f.

DAM, v. a. enfermer, retenir par une écluse DAMAGE, s. dommage, m. prejudice, m

DAMAGES, s. pl. dédommagement, m. Costs and damages, dommages et interêts, m.

DAMAGE, v. a. endommager, nuire. DAMAGEABLE, adj. qui peut être endommagé.

DAMASCENE, s. prune de damas, f. DAMASK, s. damas, m.; adj. damasse.

Damask, v. a. damasser, damasquiner.

Damaskening, s. damasquinure, f. DAMASK-PLUM, s. prune de damas, f.

Damask-Rose, s. rose incarnate.

DAME, s. dame, maîtresse, femme. DAMN, v. a. damner, condamner.

DAMNABLE, adj. damnable, mechant.

DAMNABLY, adv. mechamment, horriblement, DAMNATION, s. damnation, f.

DAMNED, part. adj. & s. damné.

DAMNIFY, v. a. endommager, gâter, nuire. DAMP, adj. humide, abattu, consterné.

DAMP, s. humidité, f. brouillard, m.

DAMP, v. a. humecter, abattre, ralentir. Dampish, adj. un peu humide.

DAMPISHNESS, DAMPNESS, s. humidité, f.

DAMPY, adj. triste, abattu, sombre. DAMSEL, s. demoiselle, une jeune fille.

DAMSON, s. prune de damas, f. DANCE, v. a. & n. danser; dance attendance,

faire le pied de grue.

DANCE, DANCING, s. danse, f. DANCER, s. danseur, m. danseuse, f. DANCING-MASTER, s. maître à danser.

DANCING-ROOM, s. salle de danse.

DANDELION, s. dent de lion, f. pissenlit, m. DANDLE, v. a. agiter sur ses genoux. DANDLER, s. celui-qui berce, flatteur, m.

DANDRUFF, DANDRIFF, s. crasse de la tête,

Dane-gelt, s. impôt que le Danois mirent

DANE, s. un Danois, une Danoise.

DAUNTLESSNESS, s. intrépidité, f.

DAUPHIN, s. dauphin, m.

DAW or JACK-DAW, s. choucas, m. geal, m.

DAW, v. a. souffrir, endurer, boire. DAWK, s. coupure; v. a. marquer par une

DAWN, s. le point du jour, l'aube.

interj. Ouais! vous me suprenez!

DEAR-BOUGHT, adj. acheté fort cher

coupure.

DAWN, s. n. poindre, commencer à paroître.
DAY, s. jour, m. clarté, f. lumière, f. Every
other day, de deux jours l'un, de deux en
deux jours. To-day, this day, aujourd'hui. sur les Saxons, m. DANE-WORT, s. (an herb) hiéble, f. DANGER, s. danger, m. risque, m. péril, m. deux jours. It o-day, into day, aujoura int.
The day before yesterday, avant hic. A
fish-day, un jour maigre. New-year's day,
le premier jour de l'an. This many a day,
il y a long-temps. This day se'nmight, il y DANGER, v. a. exposer au danger. DANGERLESS, adj. sans danger, qui n'est pas dangereux. [sardeux. Dangereux, adj. dangereux, périlleux, ha-DANGEROUSLY, adv. dangereusement. a aujourd'hui huit jours, dans huit jours DANGEROUSNESS, s. danger, m. péril, m. d'ici. DAYS, s. pl. jours, m. temps, m. siècle, m. DANGLE, v. n. pendiller, etre pendu. DANGLER, s. amant, m. galant, m. DAY-BED, S. lit de repos, m. sopha, m. DAY-BOOK, s. journal d'un marchand, m. DANK, DANKISH, adj. humide, moîte. DAP, v. n. laisser tomber doucement dans DAY-EREAK, s. le point du jour. DAPPER, s. & adj. vif, m. actif, m. DAY-LABOUR, s. tâche d'un jour, f. journée, f. DAPPERLING, s. un nain, un ragot. DAPPLE, adj. DAPPLED, part. adj. bigarrė. DAY-LABOURER, s. journalier, m. DAY-LIGHT, s. la lumière du jour, jour, m. DAY-SPRING, s. I'a tunines ou jour, jour, m. DAY-SPRING, s. I'aurore, f. le point du jour. DAY-STAR, s. l'étoile du main, f. DAY-TIME, s. le temps qu'il fait jour, le jour. DAY-WORK, s. journée, f. le travail d'un jour. DAZE, DAZZLE, v. a. éblouir; v. n. étre DAPPLE, v. a. bigarrer, pommeler. DARE, v. n. & a. oser, risquer, defier. DARING, adj. hardi, audacieux, teméraire. Daring-glass, miroir pour chasser aux alou-DARINGLY, adv. avec intrépidité. DARINGNESS, s. hardiesse, f. audace, f. ébloui. [issant. DARK, adj. obscur, noir, sombre, triste. dark lantern, lanterne sourde. A DAZZIING. s. éblouissement, m.; adj. éblou-A dark DEACON, DEACONESS, s. diacre, m. diaconsaying, enigme, f. [nèbres, f. pl. DARK and DARKNESS, s. obscurité, f. DEACONRY, DEACONSHIP, s. diaconat, m. DARK, DARKEN, v. a. & n. obseureir, s'ob-DEAD, adj. mort, engourdi, tranquille, sombre, obscur, pesant, froid, sans saveur, sans torce, qui ne profite point. Deod-drink, boisson eventée, sans saveur. Dead-fire, feu presqu'éteint. scureir. DARKENING, s. obscurcissement, m. DARKISH, adj. un peu obscur, sombre. DARKLY, adv. obscurément, aveuglement. DEAD, s. pl. les morts, m. silence profond. DARKNESS, s. obscurité, f. ténèbres. DARKSOME, adj. obscur, sombre.

DARLING, adj. & s. chéri, bien-aimé, mignon, favori, favorite. DEAD, DEADEN, v. a. amortir, assoupir. DEAD-DOING, part. adj. meurtrier. DEAD-LIFT, s. état désespéré, m. dernière ex-DEADLY, adj. mortel, funeste. DARN, s. rentraiture, f.; v. a. rentraire. DARNEL, s. (a weed) ivraie, f. [trémité. DEADLY, adv. mortellement, impitoyable-DARRAIN, v. a. ranger en bataille. ment. DEADNESS, s. froid, m. froideur, f. DART, s. dard, m. trait, m. javelot, m. DEADS or DEAD-HEAPS, s. terre dont l'on a DART, v. a. darder; v. n. se précipiter. DASH, v. a. heurter, froisser, briser, tacher, tiré la mine. éclabousser, mêler, mélanger, renverser, DEAF, adj. sourd: v. a. assourdir, détruire, effacer; v. n. s'écouler, se ré-DEAFISH, adj. un peu sourd, sourdaud. DEAFLY, adj. solitaire, triste; adv. sourde-DEAFNESS, s. sourdité, f. [ment. pandre, se briser. Dash, s. froissement, m. coup, m. trait, m. un trait de plume, mélange, m. DEAL, s. partie, f. quantité, f. donne, la main DASTARD, s. un poltron, un lâche. (aux cartes,) sapin, m. DEAL, v. a. & n. donner, distribuer, ré-DASTARD, DASTARDISE, v. n. intimider, pandre, trafiquer, commercer, faire, donner des cartes, se comporter, agir. To deal by, traiter; to deal in, se mèler de, épouvanter. DASTARDLY, adj. lache, timide, sans courage. DASTARDY, s. lacheté, f. timidité, f. DATE, s. date, f. durée, f. datte, f. (fruit.) s'engager dans; to deal with, en user, en DATE, v. a. dater, mettre la date. agir. DEALER, s. un marchand, un négociant. plain dealer, un homme franc. A do DATELESS, adj. sans date. DATIVE, s. & adj. datif, m. ordonné, dative. DAUB, v. a. barbouiller, enduire, surcharger, dealer, un homme à deux visages, un tromdéguiser, pallier, flatter. DAUBER, s. un barbouilleur, un flatteur. DEALER, celui or celle qui donne des cartes. DEALING, s. trafic, m. affaires, f. pl. Fair dealing, bonne foi, probite, f. Foul dealing, mauvaise foi. Easy to be dealt with, DAUBY, adj. gluant, visqueux. DAUCUS, s. sorte de carotte sauvage. DAUGHTER, s. fille. A daughter-in-law, une belle fille, une bru, épouse du fils. A grandaccommodant, facile. daughter, une petite fille. God-daughter, DEAN, s. doyen, m. DEAR, adj. & s. cher, bien-aimé. filleule. DAUNT, v. a. intimider, effrayer, décourager. DAUNTLESS, adj. intrépide, courageux, sans DEAR, adv. cher, beaucoup.

[peur.

DEARLY, adv. chèrement, tendrement, cher, DEARNESS, s. tendresse, f. [à grand prix. DEARTH, s. cherté, f. famine, f. disette, f. DEATH, s. la mort, le trépas, cause de la DEATHFUL, adj. mortel, meurtrier. DEATHLESS, adj. immortel, qui n'est pas sujet à la mort.

DEATH-LIKE, adj. qui ressemble à la mort,

léthargique.

DEATH'S-MAN, s. bourreau, m. DEATH-WATCH, s. (an insect) grillon, m. DEATH'S-WOUND, s. plaic mortelle.

DEAURATE, v. a. dorer. DEAURATION, s. dorure, f.

DEBAR, v. a. exclure, priver, empêcher. DEBARK, v. a. débarquer. [sion, f. DEBARRING, s. l'action d'exclure, DEBASE, v. a. abaisser, avilir, falsifier.

DEBASEMENT, s. avilissement, m. falsifica-DEBATABLE, adj. disputable. [tion, f. DEBATE, s. débat, m. dispute, f. querelle, f. DEBATE, v. a. débattre, discuter, déliberer. DEBATER, s. disputeur, m. controversiste, m.

DEBAUCH, s. débauche, f. excès, m. DEBAUCH, v. a. débaucher, corrompre. DEBAUCHEE, s. un débauché, un libertin.

DEBAUCHER, s. corrupteur, m. qui débauche. DEBAUCHERY, s. débauché, f. libertinage, f. DEBAUCHMENT, s. corruption, suborna-

tion, f. [cre. Debellate, v. a. subjuguer, vain-DEBELLATION, s. conquête, f. défaite, f.
DEBENTURE, s. billet pour se faire payer
d'une dette, m. debentur, m.

Debile, adj. débile, foible, languissant. DEBILITATE, v. a. affoiblir, énerver, débili-

DEBILITY, s. débilité, f. foiblesse, f. DEBONAIR, adj. civil, honnête, doux, gai. DEBONAIRLY, adv. galamment, élégamment.

Debt, s. dette, f. devoir, m. DEBTED, adj. endetté.
DEBTOR, s. débiteur, m.
DECADE, s. décade, f. dixaine, f.
DECADENCY, s. décadence, f. chûte, f.

DECAGON, s. décagone, m.

DECALOGUE, s. décalogue, m. les dix commandemens de Dieu, DECAMERON, s. décaméron, m.

DECAMP, v. n. décamper, lever le camp. DECAMPMENT, s. décampement, m.

DECANT, r. a. verser, transvaser. DECANTATION, s. l'action de transvaser, f. DECANTER, s. un flaçon propre à transvaser. DECAPITATE, v. a. décapiter, trancher la tête. DECAY, v. n. déchoir, décliner, tomber en ruines, aller en décadence, dégénérer, se ternir, se gâter, se passer; v. a. gâter, ru-

iner, détruire DECAY, s. déclin, m. dépérissement, m. ruine. DECAYER, s. qui cause la décadence. DECEASE, s. décès, m. mort, f. trépas, m.

DECEASE, v. n. décéder, mourir. DECEIT, s. imposture, f. fraude, f. artifice, m.

DECEITFUL, adj. trompeur, fourbe, décevant. DECEITFULLY, adv. par supercherie. [f. DECEITFULNESS, s. déception, f. imposture,

DECEIVABLE, adj. trompeur. DECEIVE, v. a. décevoir, tromper, en imposer. DECEIVER, s. trompeur, m. fourbe, m. impos-DECEMBER, s. Décembre, m. [teur, m.

DECEMVIR, s. décemvir. m.

DECEMVIRATE, s. décemvirat, m

DECENCY, s. décence, f. bienséance, f. modestie, f.

DECENNIAL, adj. de dix ans, décennal. DECENT, adj. décent, bienséant, convenable. DECENTLY, adv. décemment, convenablement.

DECEPTIBLE, adj. sujet à être trompé. DECEPTION, s. tromperie, f. fraude, f. DECEPTIVE, adj. trompeur, séduisant.

DECHARM, v.a. desenchanter.

Decide, v. a. décider, déterminer, résoudre DECIDENCE, s. chûte, f. l'action de tomber

DECIDER, s. arbitre, m. juge, m. DECIDUOUS, adj. qui tombe, qui passe, qui

périt tous les ans. DECIMAL, adj. décimal.

DECIMATE, v. a. décimer, dimer.

DECIMATION, s. décimation, f. dîme, f. DECIPHER, r. a. déchiffrer, expliquer, dé-DECIPHERER, s. déchiffreur, m. [crire. DECISION, s. décision, f. détermination, f.

DECISIVE, DECISORY, adj. décisif, décisoire. DECISIVELY, adv. décisivement.

DECISIVENESS, s. pouvoir de terminer. DECK, v. a. couvrir, parer, orner, embellir. DECK, s. tillac, m. pont, m. (d'un vaisseau.)

DECLAIM, r. n. déclamer, discourir DECLAIMER, s. déclamateur, m. rhéteur, m.

DECLAMATION, s. déclamation, f. discours public, m.

DECLAMATORY, adj. déclamatoire. DECLARABLE, adj. qui peut être prouvé. DECLARATION, s. déclaration, f. demande, f. DECLARATIVE, DECLARATORY, adj. dé-

claratif. DECLARATORILY, adr. expressément. DECLARE, v. a. déclarer, notifier, publier ; v. n. se declarer.

DECLARER, s. qui déclare.

DECLARING, s. déclaration, f. DECLENSION, s. décadence, f. déclin, m. dépérissement, m. dépravation, f. descente, f. pente, f. penchant, m. déclinaison, f. DECLINABLE, adj. déclinable.

DECLINE, DECLINATION, s. déclin, m. décadence, f. baissement, m. inclination, f.

DECLINATOR, DECLINATORY, s. déclinatoire, f.

DECLINE, r. n. décliner, aller en décadence, déchoir, dégénérer, s'abaisser, baisser, éviter, éluder, s'excuser, s'éloigner de l'équateur; v. a. incliner, baisser, éluder, conjuguer.

DECLINE, s. déclin, m. décadence. f. DECLIVITY, s. inclination, f. pente, penchant, m.

DECLIVOUS, adj. qui va en pente. DECOCT, v. a. faire bouillir dans de l'eau.

DECOCTION, s. décoction, f. digestion. DECOLLATION, s. décollation, f.
DECOMPOSITE, DECOMPOSITION, s. décomposition, s. décomposition, f.
DECOMPOUND, v. a. décomposer, récompo-

DECORATE, v. a. décorer, orner.

DECORATION, s. décoration, f. ornement, m. DECORATOR, s. décorateur, m. qui embellit. DECOROUS, adj. décent, bienséant, honnéte.

DECORTICATE, v. a. peler, écosser. DECORUM, s. décorum. m. décence, f.

Decoy, v. a. attraper, leurrer, seduire. DECOY, s. leurre, m. appût, m. piege, m. DECOY-DUCK, s. canard dresse au leurre.

DECREASE, r. a. & n. diminuer, décroltre. DECREASE, s. décroissement, m. déclin. m.

DECREE, v. a. & n. décerner, ordonner. DECREE, s. décret, m. loi, f. édit, m. statut, m. ordonnance, f. jugement, m. arrêt, m. une sentence, un précepte, un dogme, résolution, f. dessein, m.

DECREMENT, s. déchet, m. décroissement, m. DECREPIT, adj. décrépit, cassé de vieillesse. DECREPITNESS OF DECREPITUDE, s. décrépitude.

DECRESCENT, adj. qui diminue, qui va en

décadence. DECRETAL, adj. qui contient un décret. DECRETALS, s. pl. décrétales, f. pl.

DECRETORY, adj. décisif, définitif, critique.

DECRY, v. a. décrier, censurer, décréditer. DECUMBENCE, s. l'action d'être couché. DECUPLE, s. décuple, m. dix fois autant. DECURION, s. décurion, m. capitaine de 10

DECURSION, s. l'action de se précipiter. DEDECORATE, v. a. deshonorer, diffamer. DEDECOROUS, adj. deshonorable. [dents. DEDENTITION, s. la chûte or la perte des DEDICATE, v. a. dédier, consacrer, dévouer. DEDICATE, adj. DEDICATED, part. adj. dedié.

DEDICATION, s. dédicace, f. consécration, f. DEDICATOR, s. dédicateur, celui qui dédie.

DEDICATORY, adj. dedicatoire. DEDITION, s. reddition, f. [rer, dériver. DEDUCE, v. a. déduire, conclure, inférer, ti-DEDUCEMENT, s. consequence, [férer. DEDUCIBLE, adj. qu'on peut déduire, or in-DEDUCT, v. a. déduire, soustraire, ôter. DEDUCTION, s. conséquence, f. déduction, f. DEDUCTIVELY, adv. consequemment.

Deed, s. action, f. acte, m. fait, m. un contrat, agent, m. réalité, f.

Deedless, adj. inactif, languissant, làche. DEEM, v. a. & n. juger, penser, croire.

DEEMSTER, s. un juge (dans l'île de Jersey et l'île de Man.) DEEP, adj. profond, creux, grand, sccret, caché, sourd, abstrus, pénétrant, rusé. DEEP, s. la mer, l'abîme, m. obscurité, f. DEEPEN, v. a. enfoncer, creuser, obscurcir. DEEPLY, adv. profondément, fort, beaucoup. DEEP-MOUTHED, adj. de grand aboi. DEEP-MUSING, adj. absorbé dans ses pen-DEEPNESS, s. profondeur, f. DEER, s. daim, m. cerf, m. biche, f. sées. DEFACE, v. a. détruire, ruiner, gâter. DEFACEMENT, s. l'action d'effacer, destruc-DE FACTO, adv. de fait, réellement. DEFAILLANCE, s. défaut, m. manque, m. DEFALCATE, v. a. déduire, rétrancher. DEFALCATION, s. déduction, f. rabais, m. DEFAMATION, s. diffamation, f. infamie, f. DEFAMATORY, adj. diffamatoire, calom-DEFAME, v. a. diffamer, calomnier. [nieux. DEFAMER, s. diffamateur, f. calomniateur, DEFATIGATE, v. a. fatiguer, lasser. [m. DEFAULT, s. defaut, m. faute, f. crime, m. DEFAULT, v. a. violer, rompre, manquer à. DEFEASANCE, s. contre-lettre, f. révocation, DEFEASIBLE, adj. qui peut être annullé. [f. DEFEAT, s. défaite, f. déroute, f.

DEFEAT, v. a. défaire, mettre en déroute, ruiner, renverser, abolir, annuller. DEFEATURE, s. changement de traits sur le

visage, m.

DEFECATE, v. a. raffiner, épurer. DEVECATION, s. raffinement, m. raffinage, m. Degradation, s. dégradation, f. abûtar

DEFECT, s. défaut, m. faute, f. vice, m. [m DEFECTIBILITY, s. imperfection, f. defaut, DEFECTIBLE, adj. defectueux, imparfait. DEFECTION, s. defection, f. abandonnement, DEFECTIVE, adj. défectueux, imparfait. [m. DEFECTIVENESS, s. défectuosité, f.

Defence, s. défense, f. garde, f. soutien, m. protection, f. appui, m. justification, f. prohibition, f. résistance, f. Defenceless, adj. sans défence. DEFEND, v. a. défendre, soutenir, protéger. DEFENDABLE, adj. capable de défense. Defendant, s. défenseur, m. intimé, m. Defendant, adj. défensif, m. défendeur, Defenden, s. défenseur, m. protecteur, m. DEFENSATIVE, s. défense, garde, f. DEFENSIBLE, adj. capable de défence. DEFENSIVE, adj. défensif, défensive. DEFENSIVE, s. sauvegarde, m. défensive, f. DEFENSIVELY, adv. en etat de défense. DEFER, v. a. & n. differer, remettre.

DEFERENCE, s. déférence, f. égard, m.
DEFERENT, adj. déférent; s. véhicule, m.
DEFERENG, s. l'action de différer, renvoi,
DEFIANCE, s. défi, m. appel, m. [delai. DEFICIENCE, DEFICIENCY, s. défectuosité, f. imperfection, f. defaut, m. manquement, Deficient, adj. defectueux, imparfait. [m.

DEFIER, s. celui qui défie, qui provoque. DEFILE, v. a. salir, tacher, souiller, pre, violer, deshonorer; v. n. défiler. DEFILE or DEFILEE, s. défilé, m. DEFILEMENT, s. tache, f. souillure, f.

DEFILER, s. celui qui souille, corrupteur, m. DEFINABLE, adj. qui peut être défini. DEFINE, v. a. définir, décrire, déterminer. DEFINER, s. celui qui définit, qui détermine. DEFINITE, adj. défini, déterminé, limité.

DEFINITENESS, s. determination, f. DEFINITION, s. définition, f. [toire. DEFINITIVE, adj. définitif, décisif, péremp-DEFINITIVELY, adv. définitivement.

DEFINITIVENESS, s. décision. Deflagration, s. déflagration, f. Deflect, v. a. détourner, écarter.

DEFLECTION, s. détour, m. écart, m. dérivé, f. DEFLORATION, s. défloration.

DEFLOUR, v. a. déflorer, ravir la virginité. Deflourer, s. ravisseur, m.

DEFLUOUS, adj. qui coule en bas. DEFLUXION, s. fluxion, f.

Deform, v. a. défigurer, rendre difforme. DEFORMEDLY, adv. d'une manière difforme. DEFORMITY, s. laideur, f. ridicule, m. des-DEFORCER, s. usurpateur, m. [honneur, m.

DEFRAUD, v. a. frauder, ravir par fraude. DEFRAUDER, s. trompeur, m. fourbe, m.

DEFRAY, v. a. défrayer, payer la dépense. DEFRAYER, s. celui qui défraie. [défrayer. DEFRAYING, DEFRAYMENT, s. l'action de DEFUNCT, adj. defunt, decede, mort, feu.

Defy, v. a. défier; s. défi. [ment, m. Degeneracy, s. dépravation, f. abâtardisse-

DEGENERATE, v. n. dégénérer, s'abâtardir. DEGENERATE, adj. DEGENERATED, part dégénéré.

DEGENERATION, s. corruption, f. DEGENEROUS, adj. qui degénére, bas, vil, DEGENEROUSLY, adv. bassement. [hontoux. DEGLUTINATE, v. a. dégluer, décoller. DEGLUTINATION, s. l'action de dégluer.

DEGRADE, v. a. dégrader, démettre de quel- 11 DEGRADING, s. dégradation, f. [que grade. DEGREE, s. grade, m. rang, m. condition, f. DEHORT, v. a. déconseiller, dissuader. DEHORTATORY, adj. propre à dissuader. DEHORTATION, s. dissuasion, f. [courager. Beject, v. a. abattue, accabler, adiliger, dé-Dejectedly, odv. d'un air abattu, triste-DEJECTEDNESS, DEJECTION, s. abattement, m. tristesse, f. affliction, f. mélancolie, f. DEJECTURE, s. les excremens, m.dejection; f. DEIFICATION, s. apothéose, f. Deiry, v. a. déifier, mettre au rang des Dieux. DEIGN, v. a. daigner, permettre. DEISM, s. déisme, m. DEIST, s. déiste, m. DEISTICAL, adf. de déisme or de déiste. DEITY, s. Divinité, f. Déité, f. DELACERATION, s. déchirement, m. DELATE, v. a. porter, transmettre. DELATION, s. delation, f. accusation, f. DELATOR, s. délateur, m. accusateur, m. DELAY, v. a. differer, retarder; v. n. tarder. DELAY, s. délai, m. rétard, m. remise, f. DELAYER, s. qui differe, temporiseur, m. DELECTABLE, adj. délectable, agréable. DELECTABLENESS, s. agrément, m. DELECTABLY, adv. agréablement, délicieusement. DELECTATION, s. délectation, f. délices, f. pl. DELEGATE, v. n. déléguer, députer. DELEGATE, s. député, m. délégue, m. DELEGATE, adj. délégué, député, envoyé. DELEGATION, s. commission, f. deputation. f. DELETERIOUS, DELETERY, adj. mortel, de-DELETION, s. l'action d'effacer. Delf or Delfe, s. carrière, f. mine, f. Deliberate, v. n. délibérer, considérer. DELIBERATE, adj. prudent, avisé, circonspect. DELIBERATED, part. adj. délibéré, résolu. DELIBERATELY, adv. prudemment, à des-DELIBERATION, s. deliberation, f. Dellerative, adj. & s. deliberatif.
Dellerative, adj. & s. deliberatif.
Delleacy, s. delicatesse, f. friandise, f. proprete, f. elegance, f. urbanité, f.
Delleate, adj. delicat, friand, exquis, agréable, excellent, choisi, pur, serein, mou, efféminé, tendre, sensible.

Delicately, adv. délicatement, avec grâce. DELICATENESS, s. delicatesse, f.
DELICATES, s. pl. choses delicates.
DELICIOUS, adj. delicieux, agreable, exquis.
DELICIOUS, adv. delicieusement.
DELICIOUS, adv. delicieusement. Deliciousness, s. délices, f. pl. plaisir, m. Delight, s. délice, m. délices, f. pl. plaisir, m. contentement, m. satisfaction, f. joie, f. charme, m. douceur, f.
DELIGHT, v. α. plaire, réjouir; v. n. se plaire. Delightful, adj. agréable, charmant. Delightfully, adv. délicieusement. Delightfulness, s. délices, f. plaisir, m. Delightsome, adj. agréable, charmant.

DELIGHTSOMELY, adv. délicieusement. Delightsomeness, s. agrément.

DELIQUATE, v. n. se fondre, se dissoudre. DELIQUATION, s. dissolution, f. DELIRATE, v. n. être en délire, extravaguer. DELIRATION, s. délire, m. folie, f. Delirious, adj. qui est en délire, radoteur. Delirium, s. délire, m. égarement d'esprit. DELIVER, r. a. délivrer, donner, rendre, remettre, affranchir, accoucher, prononcer, débiter; deliver over, livrer, transmettre, faire passer; deliver up, rendre, remettre, abandonner. DELIVERANCE, s. délivrance, f. liberté, f. livraison, f. reddition, f. accouchement, m. uarré, m. débit, m. DELLVERER, s. libérateur, m. narrateur, m. DELLVERY. See Deliverance. DELUDALLE, adj. facile à tromper. DELUDE, v. a. tromper, abuser, duper. DELUDER, s. trompeur, m. fourbe, m. Deluge, s. déluge, m. inondation considérable, f. Deluge, v. α. noyer, inonder. Delusion, s. illusion, f. tromperie, f. Delusive, Delusory, adj. illusoire, trom-Delve, v. a. creuser, fouir, fonder. Delve, s. creux, m. fosse, m. cave, f. Delver, s. celui qui creuse, mineur. DEMAGGGUE, s. le chef d'un tumulte populaire. maine, m. DEMAIN, DOMAIN and DEMESNE, s. do-DEMAND, s. demande, f. requête, f. DEMAND, v. a. demander, réclamer. DEMANDABLE, adj. exigible, réclamable. DEMANDANT, s. demandeur, m. demande-DEMANDER, s. demandeur, m. DEMEANOUR, s. conduite, f. manière d'agir, DEMEANS, s. pl. domaine, m. DEMENTATION, s. folie, f. démence, f. DEMERIT, s. démérite, m. DEMI, inséparable particle, (half) demi. DEMIGRATION, s. depart, m. changement de Demise, s. décès, m. [demeure, m. DEMISE, v. a. léguer, donner par testament. Demission, s. relâchement, m. décadence, f. Democracy, s. democratie, f. DEMOCRATICAL, adj. democratique, populaire. Demolish, r. a. démolir, abattre, renverser. Demolisher, s. démolisseur, m. celui qui DEMON, s. esprit, m. demon, m. Idémolit. DEMONIACAL, DEMONIACK, adj. diabolique. DEMONIACK, s. démoniaque, m. & f. DEMONOCRACY, s démonocratie, DEMONSTRABLE, adj. démonstrable. [meht DEMONSTRABLY, adv. clairement, évidem DEMONSTRATE, v. a. démontrer, prouver. DEMONSTRATION, s. demonstration, f. DEMONSTRATIVE, DEMONSTRATICRY, adj. démonstratif. ment DEMONSTRATIVELY, adv. démonstrative-DEMONSTRATOR, s. démonstrateur, m. DEMULCENT, adj. adoucissant, émollient. DEMUR, v. n. & a. objecter, alléguer, hésiter, délibérer, douter, différer. Demur, s. doute, m. hésitation, f. délai. DEMURE, adj. réservé, grave, froid. DEMURE, v. n. avoir une réserve affectée. DEMURELY, adv. d'un air froid, réservé. Delineate, v. a. ébaucher, tracer. dessiner.
Delineation, s. ébauche, f. esquisse, f.
Delinquency, s. faute, f. délit, m.
Delinquent, s. délinquant, m. criminel, m. DEMURENESS, s. décence, f. réserve, f. DEMURRAGE, s. permission de rester dans

DEMURRER, DEMURRING, s. sursoance.

60 DEN, s. caverne, f. antre, m. DENDRITIS, s. dentrite, f. pierre arborisée. DENDROLOGY, s. l'histoire naturelle des arbres. DENIABLE, adj. qui peut être nié, récusable. DENIAL, s. refus, m. rebuffade, f. DENIER, s. celui qui nie, denier, m. DENIGRATE, v. a. dénigrer, ternir la réputa-DENIGRATION, s. dénigrement, m. DENIZATION, s. affranchissement, m. DENIZEN, DENISON, s. aubain affranchi. DENIZEN, v. a. affrauchir, naturaliser. DENOMINATE, v. a. nommer, denommer. DENOMINATION, s. dénomination, f. nom, m. DENOMINATIVE, adj. denominatif DENOMINATOR, s. dénominateur, m. DENOTATION, s. denotation, f. marque, f. DENOTE, v. a. dénoter, marquer, désigner. DENOUNCE, v. a. dénoncer, publier, déclarer. DENOUNCEMENT, DENOUNCING, s. dénonciation, f. DENOUNCER. s. dénonciateur, m. DENSE, adj. dense, épais, compact. DENSITY, s. densité, f. compacité, f. DENT, s. dent, (d'une roue, d'une scie.) DENT, v. a. denteler, façonner en forme de DENTAL, adj. dentale, adj. f. [dents. DENTELLI, s. pl. denticule, f. or modilion, m. DENTIFRICE, s. poudre à nettoyer les DENTITION, s. dentition, f. sortie des dents, f. DENUDATE, DENUDE, v. a. dénuer. DENUDATION, s. dénuement, m. privation, f. DENUNCIATION, s. dénonciation. f. DENUNCIATOR, s. dénonciateur, tcur, m. DENY, v. a. nier, dénier, refuscr, renier, abjurer, renoncer; deny one's self, faire dire qu'on n'est pas chez soi. DEOBSTRUCT, v. a. déboucher, ouvrir. DEOBSTRUENT, s. remède propre à ôter les obstructions, m. Itions. DEOPPILATE, v. n. désopiler, ôter les obstruc-DEOPPILATION, s. desopilation, f. DEOPPILATIVE, adj. désopilatif. DEOSCULATION, s. baiser, m. baisement, m. DEPAINT, v. a. dépeindre, représenter. DEPART, v. n. partir, mourir; depart from, se départir, se désister, s'écarter, renoncer, quitter; v. a. quitter, abandonner, sortir de, separer, diviser. DEPART, s. départ, m. mort, f. séparation, f. DEPARTER, s. affineur, m. DEPARTMENT, s. département, m. DEPARTURE, s. départ, m. mort, f. désistement, m. DEPASTURE, v. a. paître, paîturer. DEPAUPERATE, v. a. appauvrir, consumer. DEPECTIBLE, adj. visqueux, gluant. DEPECULATION, s. peculat, m. DEPEND, v. n. pendre, être pendant, dépendre, p.océder, se reposer, faire fond. DEPENDANCE, s. dépendance, f. connexion, f. rapport, m. sujetion, f. confiance, f. Dependant, adj. & s. dépendant. Dependence, Dependence. See See Dependance. DEPENDENT, adj. & s. dépendant, m. DEPENDING, adj. dépendant, se fiant. DEPERDITION, s. perte, f. perdition, f. DEPHLEGM, DEPHLEGMATE, r. phlegmer. DEPICT, v.a. peindre, dépeindre, représenter. DEPILATION, s. dépilation, f.

DEPILATORY, s. & adj. dépilatoire.
DEPILOUS, adj. sans poil, dépilé.
DEPLETION, s. déplétion, f. vide, m.
DEPLORABLE, adj. déplorable, lamentable. DEPLORABLENESS, s. misère, f. état déplorable, m. DEPLORABLY, adv. déplorablement. DEPLORE, v. a. déplorer, plaindre. DEPLORING, DEPLORATION, s. lamentation, DEPLUMATION, s. l'action de plumer. DEPLUME, v. a. plumer, ôter les plumes. DEPONE, v. a. déposer, donner en gage. DEPONENT, s. & adj. déposant, m. déponent. DEPOPULATE, v. n. dépeupler, dévaster. DEPOPULATION, s. ravage, m. dégat, m. DEPOPULATOR, s. celui qui dépeuple. DEPORT, v. a. se comporter, se conduire. DEPORT, s. air, m. port, m. conduite, f. DEPORTATION, s. transport, m. exil, m. DEPORTMENT, s. conduite, f. manière d'agir, DEPOSE, v. a. déposer, destituer, témoigner. DEPOSITARY, s. dépositaire, m. & f. DEPOSITE, r. a. poser, déposer, mettre. DEPOSITE, s. dépôt, m. gage, m. DEPOSITION, s. déposition, f. témoignage, m. DEPOSITORY, s. depositaire, m. magazin, m. DEPRAVATION, s. dépravation, f. altération f DEPRAVE, v. a. dépraver, gâter, altérer. DEPRAVITY, DEPRAVEDNESS, DEPRAVE-MENT, s. depravation, f. corruption, f. altération, f. DEPRECATE, v. a. demander pardon. DEPRECATION, s. prière, f. supplication, f. DEPRECATIVE, DEPRECATORY, adj. suppliant. DEPRECIATE, v. a. dépriser, déprimer. DEPREDATE, v. a. piller, ruiner, ravager. DEPREDATION, s. déprédation, f. pillage, m. brigandage, m. dégât, m. ravage, m. pine, f. concussion, f DEPREDATOR, s. voleur, m. concussionnaire, DEPREHEND, v. a. surprendre, prendre sur le fait, découvrir. DEPREHENSIBLE, adj. appréhensif, compréhensible. DEPRESS, v. a. abaisser, enfoncer, humilier. DEPRESSION, s. dépression, f. déjection, f. DEPRESSOR, s. abaisseur, m. oppresseur, m. DEPRIVATION, s. privation, f. déposition, f. DEPRIVE, v. a. priver, dépouiller. DEPTH, s. profondeur, f. hauteur, f. le milieu. DEPURATE, DEPURE, v. a. purifier, dépurer. DEPURATE, DEPURATED, DEPURED, part. adj. purifié, dépuré DEPURATION, s. dépuration, f.
DEPURATION, s. députation, f. envoi, m.
DEPUTE, v. a. députer, envoyer, déléguer. DEPUTY, s. un député, un envoyé, un commis. DERAIGN, v. a. prouver, faire voir. DERAIGNMENT, s. preuve, f. moyen, m. DERANGE, v. a. déranger, mettre en désordre. DERANGED, part. & adj. dérangé, fou. DERANGEMENT, s. désordre, m. folie, f. DERAY, s. tumulte, m. désordre, m. DERELICTION. s. délaissement, m. DERIDE, v.a. railler, persister, se moquer. DERIDER, s. moqueur, railleur, m. DERIDING, DERISION, s. dérision, f. DERISIVE, DERISORY, adj. moquer, railleur. DERIVATION, s. dérivation, f. étymologie, f. DERIVATIVE, adj. & s. dérivé, dérivatif. DERIVATIVELY, aciv. par dérivation. DERIVE, v. a. & n. dériver, déduire, venir. DERNIER, s. dernier, m.

DEROGATE, v. a. déroguer; v. n. dégénérer. || DESPITE, s. malice, f. méchanceté, défi DEROGATION, s. dérogation, f. dérogeance. DEROGATIVE, DEROGATORY, adj. dérogatoire. DEROGATORILY, adv. d'une manière déro-

gatoire.

DERVIS, s. dervis, m. derviche, m. DESCANT, s. commentaire, m. discours, m. DESCANT, v. n. discourir, commenter. Descend, v. a. & n. descendre. DESCENDANT, s. descendant, m. postérité, f. DESCENDENT, adj. qui descend, m. posterie, f. DESCENDENT, adj. qui descend, qui provient. DESCENT, s. chite, f. dégradation, f. DESCENT, s. descente, f. pente, f. extraction, f. descendans, m. pl. héritiers, m. pl. DESCRIBE, v. a. décrire, tracer.

DESCRIBER, s. celui qui décrit.

DESCRIBING, DESCRIPTION, s. peinture, f.

tableau, m. portrait, m. caractère.

DESCRY, v. a. découvrir, reconnoitre.

DESCRY, DESCRYING, s. découverte, f. DESERT, s. désert, m. solitude, f. mérite, m. DESERT, adj. desert, solitaire, inhabité. DESERT, v. a. déserter, délaisser, abandonner. DESERTER, s. déserteur, m. transfuge, m. DESERTING, DESERTION, s. désertion, f. DESERTLESS, adj. sans mérite, indigne. DESERVE, v. a. mériter, être digne. DESERVEDLY, adv. justement à bon droit. DESERVER, s. celui qui mérite.

DESERVING, adj. de inérite, qui mérite. Desiceants, s. pl. remedes dessicatifs, m.pl.

Desiccate, v. a. dessécher.

DESICCATION, s. dessechement, m. DESICCATIVE, adj. dessicatif, qui desséche. Design, v. n. se proposer, projeter, avoir dessein, tramer, destiner, designer.

DESIGN, s. dessein, m. intention, f. projet, m. DESIGNABLE, s. qui peut être designé. DESIGNATION, s. designation, f. destination.f. DESIGNEDLY, adv. à dessein, exprès. Designing, part. adj. mal-intentionné. Designiess, adj. sans dessein, sans le vou-

loir. DESIGNLESSLY, adv. sans le savoir.

DESIGNMENT, s. mauvaise intention, dessein, DESIRABLE, adj. désirable, à souhaiter. DESIRE, s. désir, m. souhait, m. envie, f. DESIRE, v. a. désirer, souhaiter, avoir envie. DESIRER, s. celui qui désire; adj. désireux. DESIROUS, adj. qui désire, passioné. DESIST, v. n. se désister, cesser, s'arrêter. DESISTANCE, DESISTING, s. désistement, m. DESK, s. pupitre, m. un lutrin. [vage. DESOLATE, adj. désert, solitaire, désolé, ra-DESOLATE, v. u. désoler, ravager, dévaster.
DESOLATELY, adv. sans habitans, en ruines.
DESOLATION, s. désolation, f. ravage, dégat, m. saccagement, m. affliction, f.

DESPAIR, s. desespoir, m.; v. n. desesperer. DESPAIRER, s. celui qui desespere.

Despairingly, adv. en désespéré. Desperado, s. un désespéré, un enragé. DESPERATE, adj. désespéré, sans espoir, dangereux, enragé, furieux, terrible.

DESPERATELY, adv. en désespéré, en furieux. DESPERATENESS, s. furie, f. violence, f. DESPERATION, s. désespoir, m. furie, f. DESPICABLE, adj. méprisable, bas, vil. DESPICABLENESS, s. bassesse, f. vileté. DESPICABLY, adv. bassement, vilement.

DESPISABLE, adj. méprisable.

Despiser, s. celui qui méprise, dédaigneux. Despisire, mépris, m. dédair m.

ance,

DESPITE, v. a. vexer, tourmenter, dépiter. DESPITEFUL, adj. méchant, haineux. [ment. DESPITEFULLY, adr. par dépit, mécham-DESPITEFULNESS, s. malice, f. haine, f.

DESPOIL, r. a. dépouiller, priver.

DESPOND, v. n. désespérer, se décourager. DESPONDENCY, s. désespoir, m. DESPONDENT, adj. désespéré, sans espoir. DESPONSATE, v. a. fiancer, promettre

DESPOT, s. despote, m. monarque absolu. DESPOTICAL, DESPOTICK, adj. despotique. DESPOTICALLY, adv. despotiquement. DESPOTISM, s. despotisme, m. gouverne-

ment arbitraire, m DESPUMATION, s. despumation.

DESSERT, s. dessert, m. (dernier service de table.)

DESTINATE, DESTINE, v. a. destiner. DESTINATION, s. destination, f. DESTINIES, s. pl. les trois parques, f. pl.

DESTINY, s. destinée, f. destin, m. sort, m. DESTITUTE, adj. délaissé, destitué, dénué. DESTITUTION, s. manque, m. privation, f.

DESTROY, v. a. détruire, ruiner, renverser. désoler, dévaster, saccager, défaire, gâter,

tuer, donner la mort.

DESTROYER, s. destructeur, m. meurtrier, m. DESTROYING, s. destruction, f.; adj. de-DESTRUCTIBLE, adj. périssable. [structeur. DESTRUCTION, s. destruction, f. ruine, f.

DESTRUCTIVE, adj. destructeur, ruineux. DESTRUCTIVELY, adv. funestement

DESTRUCTIVENESS, s. pouvoir destructeur. DESTRUCTOR, s. destructeur, m.

Desudation, s. sneur excessive, f. Desuletude, s. le non-usage, désaccoutumance, f.

DESULTORIOUS, DESULTORY, adj. volage, DESUME, r. a. tirer, emprunter. DETACH, v. a. détacher, séparer.

DETACHMENT, s. détachement, f. DETAIL, s. détail, m., v. a. détailler, parti-

culariser. DETAIN, v. a. détenir, retenir, arrêter. DETAINDER, s. décret d'emprisonnement, m. DETAINER, s. celui qui détient ou retient.

DETAINING, DETENTION, s. retardement, m. DETECT, v. a. déconvrir, révèler, déclarer. DETECTER, s. délateur. m. celui qui décou-DETER, v. a. détourner, retenir. DETERMENT, s. empêchement, m. obstacle. DETERGE, v. a. déterger un plaie, nettoyer.

DETERGENT, adj. qui deterge, propre à net-DETERMINABLE, adj. qu'on peut juger or DETERMINABLE, adj. qu'on peut juger or DETERMINATE, v. a. déterminer. [décider.

DETERMINATE, adj. determiné, décide. DETERMINATELY, adr. déterminément.

DETERMINATION, s. détermination, f. DETERMINATIVE, adj. déterminatif. DETERMINATOR, s. celui qui décide.

DETERMINE, v. a. déterminer, fixer, déci-

DETERRATION, s. l'action de déterrer. DETERSION, s. détersion, f. l'action de dé-

DETERSIYE, adj. & s. détersif. [t. DETEST, v. a. détester, harr. abhorrer.

DETESTABLE, adj. détestable, abominable. DETESTABLY, adv. abominablement.

DETESTATION, s. détestation, f. haine, f. DETHRONE, v. a. détrôner, ôter la couronne. DETONATION, s. detonation, f. bruit, m.

DETONIZE, v. a. faire détonner, calciner

DETORT, v. a. tordre, alterer, pervertir. DETRACT, v. a. diminuer, retrancher, médire. DETRACTER, s. un détracteur, un médisant. DETRACTING, DETRACTION, s. médisance, f. DETRACTORY, DETRACTIVE, adj. diffama-DETRIMENT, s. détriment, m. tort, m. DETRIMENTAL, s. désavantageux. DETRUDE, v. a. précipiter, pousser en bas. DETRUNCATE, v. a. couper, tailler, ébran-DETRUSION, s. l'action de précipiter. [cher. DEUCE or DEUSE, s. deux, m. diable, m. diantre, m. DEUTERONOMY, s. Deuteronome, m. DEVASTATION, s. devastation, f. degat, m. DEVELOPE, v. a. déveloper, déplier. DEVERGENCE, s. pente, f. penchant, m. DEVEST, v. a. dépouiller, déposséder. DEVIATE, v. n. s'égarer, s'écarter; adj. DEVIATION, s. égarement, m. [écarté. DEVIATORY, udj. de déclinaison, changeant. DEVICE, s. invention, f. moyen, m. expédient, m. artifice, m. dessein, m. DEVIL, s. diable, m. esprit malin, m.
DEVIL! interj. diable! du diable!
DEVILISH, udj. de diable, diabolique. THE DEVILISH, DEVILISHLY, adv. diablement. DEVILISHNESS, s. humeur or action diabo-DEVILKIN, s. diablotin, m. [lique. Devious, adj. égaré, errant, écarté. Devise, r. a. & n. imaginer, méditer. Devise, s. legs, m. expédient, m. projet, m. Devisee, s. un légataire, une légataire. DEVISER, s. inventeur, m. auteur, m. DEVISOR, s. testateur, m. eelni qui légue. DEVOIR, s. devoir de bienséance, m. DEVOLVE, v. a. transmettre, faire passer; v. n. rouler en bas, échoir, tomber en par-- DEVOLUTARY, s. dévolutaire, m. DEVOLUTION, s. chûte, f. dévolut, m. DEVOTE, v. a. dévouer, consacrer, livrer. DEVOTEDNESS, s. dévouement, m. DEVOTEE, s. un bigot, un faux dévot. DEVOTION, s. dévotion, f. piété. f. DEVOUR, v. a. dévorer, consumer, ravager. DEVOURER, s. gourmand, m. destructeur, za. DEVOURINGLY, adv. goulument. DEVOUT, adv. devot, pieux, religieux. DEVOUTLY, adv. dévotement, pieusement. DEVOUTNESS, s. dévotion, f. zèle, m. DEW, s. la rosée; v. a. arroser, mouiller. DEW-BERRY, s. mure de baie, f. DEW-BESPRENT, part. adj. couvert de rosée. DEW-DROP, s. une goutte de rosée. DEW-LAP, s. fanon, m. DEW-LAPT, adj. qui a un fanon. DEW-WORM, s. ver qu'on trouve dans la rosce, m. DEWY, adj. de rosée, couvert de rosée. DEXTERITY, s. dextérité, f. adresse, f. DEXTEROUS, adj. adroit, babile, expert. DEXTEROUSLY, adr. adroitement, habillement. DEXTRAL, adj. droit, qui est à droite. DEY, s. dey, m. gouverneur, m. rine, DIABETES, s. diabétés, m. incontinence d'u-DIABOLICAL, DIABOLICK, diabolique DIABOLICALLY, adv. diablement.
DIABOTANUM, diabotanum (emplâtre,) m.
DIACODIUM, s dia ode, m. sirop de pavôts

DIACOUSTICS, s. pc. diacoustique, f. [blancs.

DIADEM, s. diadème, m. bandeau royal.

DIADEMED, adj. ceint d'un diadème.

DIERESIS, s. le trêma ou deux points surune DIAGNOSTICK, s. diagnostique, f. [voyelle. DIAGONAL, edj. diagonal, diagonale, f. DIAGONALLY, adv. diagonalement. DIAGRAM, s. plan, m. dessein, m. figure, f. DIAGRYDIATES, s. diagrède, f. [laire. DIAL, s. cadran, m. A sun-dial, cadran so-DIALECT, s. dialecte, m. langue, f. DIALECTICAL, adj. de dialectique. DIALECTICALLY, adr. dialectiquement. [m. DIALECTICIAN, s. dialecticien, m. logicien, DIALECTICK, s. dialectique, f. logique, f. DIALING, s. gnomonique, f. DIALIST, s. fescur de cadrans, m. DIALOGIST, s. un auteur de dialogues. DIALOGUE, s. dialogue, m. entretien, m. con-DIAMETER, s. diametre, m. DIAMETER, s. diametre, m. [ference. f. DIAMETRAL, DIAMETRICAL, adj. diametral. DIAMETRALLY, DIAMETRICALLY, adr. dia-DIAMOND, s. diamant, m. [métralement. DIAPALMA, s. diapalme, m. (onguent.) DIAPASM, s. diapasme, m. parfum, m. DIAPASON, s. diapason, m. octave en musique. DIAPERTE, s. diapente, m. quinte, f. DIAPER, s. linge ouvré, damassé. DIAPER, r. α. travailler à fleurs, draper. DIAFHANEITY, s. transparence, f. DIAPHANICK, DIAPHANOUS, adj. diaphane. DIAPHORETICK, adj. & s. diaphorétique, sudorifique. DIAPHRAGM, s. diaphragme, m. DIARRHEA, s. diarrhée, f. flux de ventre, m. DIARRHETICK, adj. purgatif. DIARV, s. journal, m. livre journal. DIASTOLE, s. diastole, f. dilatation du cœur. DIBBLE, s. houe, f. hoyau, n. DIBSTONE, s. petit cailou pour jouer. DICE, s. pl. dés, m.; v. n. jouer aux dés. DICE-BOX, s. cornet, m. DICER, s. joueur aux dés, un joueur, m. DICKER OF LEATHER, s. une dizaine de DICTATE, r. a. déclarer, dicter, prescrire. DICTATE, s. règle, f. précepte, suggestion, f. DICTATOR, s. dictateur, m. chef, m DICTATORIAL, adj. de dictateur, magistral. DICTATORSHIP, DICTATURE, s. dictature, f. DICTION, s. diction, f. style, m. langage, m. DICTIONARY, s. dictionnaire, m. DIDACTICAL. DIDACTICK, adj. didactique. DIDAPPER, DAB-CHICK, s. plongeon, m. DIDDER, r. n. frisonner de froid, grelotter. Die, s. (the pl. dice.) de, m. hazard, m.
Die, pl. Dies, teintare, f. teinte, f.
Die, r. a., teindre; r. n. mourir, perdre la
vie, expirer, languir, s'éventer. DIER, s. teinturier, m. DIET, s. nourriure, f. régime de vivre, m diète, f. Diet-drink, espèce de tisanne, f. DIET, r. a. & n. nourrir, être au régime. DIETETICAL, DIETETICK, adj. dicietique. DIFFER, v. n. différer, être différent. DIFFERENCE, s. différence, f. différent, m. DIFFERENCE, r. a. differencier, distinguer. DIFFERENT, adj. different, divers, distinct. DIFFERENTIAL, adj. differentiel. ment. DIFFERENTLY, adr. differenment, diverse-DIFFERING, adj. different, dissemblable. DIFFICULT, adj. difficile, mal-aisé, gênant. DIFFICULTLY, adv. difficilement, avec peine. DIFFICULTY, s. difficulté, f. embarras, m. ré-DIFFIDE, r. a. se défier. sistance,

DIFFIDENCE, s. défiance, f. méfiance, f.

DIFFIDENT, adj. défiant, méfiant, timide. DIFFIDENTLY, adv. avec défiance, timide-

DIFFLUENCE, DIFFLUENCY, s. fluidité, f. DIFFUENT, adj. fluide, aisé à couler. DIFFUEN, adj. irrégulier, difforme, laid. DIFFORMITY, s. difformité, f. laideur, f. DIFFRANCHISEMENT, s. perte d'immunités.f. DIFFUSE, v. a. répandre, étendre. DIFFUSE, adj. étendu, épars, dispersé. DIFFUSEDLY, adv. d'une manière éparse,

DIFFUSEDNESS, s. diffusion, f. DIFFUSELY, adv. diffusement, d'une manière DIFFUSION, s. dispersion, f. DIFFUSIVE, adj. étendu, répandu, qui s'é-

DIFFUSIVELY, adv. diffusement. DIFFUSIVENESS, s. extension, f. sion, f.

Dig, v. a. ereuser, fouir, bêcher, déterrer. DIGESTS, s. lesdigestes pandectes, f. pl. DIGEST, v. a. digerer; v. n. suppurer. DIGESTER, s. qui digére, digestif, m. DIGESTIBLE, adj. qu'on peut digérer. DIGESTION, s. digestion, f. réduction, f. DIGESTIVE, adj. digestif; s. digestif, m. DIGGER, s. fossoyeur, m. celui qui creuse.

DIGIT, s. les trois quarts d'un pouce, f. la douzième partie du diamètre du soleil or de la lune. Un seul chiffre d'arithmé-

tique.

DIGITATED, adj. digité. [m. dispute, f. DIGLADIATION, s. combat à coups d'épée, DIGNIFIED, adj. revétu de quelque dignité. DIGNIFY, v. a. élever à quelque dignité. DIGNIFICATION, s. élévation à quelque dig-

DIGNITARY, s. dignitaire, m. prélat, m. DIGNITY, s. dignite, f. rang, m. grandeur.

DIGRESS, v. n. s'écarter, faire une digression. DIGRESSION, s. digression, f. écart, m. [ties. DIJUDICATE, v. n. juger entre deux par-DIJUDICATION, s. jugement, m. décision, f. DIKE, s. fosse, m. canal, m. digue, f. DILACERATE, v. a. déchirer, mettre en

DILACERATION, s. déchirement, m.

DILAPIDATE, v. a. ruiner, détruire, laisser, dépérir. DILAPIDATION, s. ruine, f. dépérissement, m. DILATABILITY, s. dilatabilité, f. DILATABLE, adj. dilatable, qui peut être

DILATATION, s. dilatation, f. DILATE, v. a. dilater; v. n. se dilater. DILATOR, s. dilateur, m. dilatoire, m. DILATORY, adj. lent, tardif, qui diffère. DILEMMA, s. dilemme, m. embarras, m. DILIGENCE, s. diligence, f. exactitude, f.

DILIGENT, adj. diligent, exact, assidu. DILIGENTLY, adv. diligemment, exactement.

DILL, s. anet, m. (sorte d'herbe.) DILLING, s. mignon, m. l'enfant qu'on aime le plus.

DILUCID, adj. transparent, clair. DILUCIDATE, v. a. éclaireir, expliquer. DILUCIDATION, s. éclaircissement, m. DILUENT, adj. qui attenue, qui dissout. DILUENT, s. dissolvent, m. [rer, affoiblir.

DILUTE, v. a. détremper, délayer, tempé-DILUTER, s dissolvant, m. DILUTION l'action de dissoudre, détrempe,

DILUVIAN, adj. qui a rapport au déluge. Din adj. qui a la vue trouble, obscur.

DIM, v. a. offusquer, obscurcir. DIMENSION, s. dimension, f. étendue, f. DIMINISH, v.a. & n. diminuer, rabattre, décroitre:

DIMINISHING, s. diminution, f.
DIMINISHINGLY, adv. avec mepris.
DIMINUTION, s. diminution, f. rabais, m. DIMINUTIVE, adj. petit; s. diminutif, m. DIMINUTIVELY, adv. chetivement, petite-

DIMINUTIVENESS, s. petitesse, f. DIMISSORY, adj. dimissorial; s. un dimissoire. DIMITY, s. basin, m. (sorte de futaine.) DIMLY, adv. obscurément. [stupidité f. DIMNESS, s. obscurcissement de la vue, m. DIMPLE, s. fossette, f. petit creux aux joues

or au menton.

DIMPLE, v. n. faire un fossette.

DIMPLY, adj. plein de fossettes, creux.

DIN, s. bruit, m. tapage, m.; v. a. étourdir. DINE, v. n. dîner. [bossuer. DING, v. a. froisser, heurter avec violence,

DINGLE, s. vallon, m. vallée, f. DINING-ROOM, s. salle à manger, f.

DINNER, s. dine or diner, m. DINNER-TIME, s. l'heure de diner, f.

DINT, s. coup, m. force, f. pouvoir DINT, v. a. marquer en frappant, froisser. DIOCESAN, s. évêque diocésain, m.; adj. dio-

DIOCESS, s. diocèse, f. èvèclie. [césain. DIOPTRICKS, s. pl. dioptrique, f. DIP, r. n. tremper, plonger, mouiller, engager. DIPHTHONG, s. diplithongue, f. DIPHTHONG, s. diplithongue, f.

DIPLOMA, s. diplome, f. chartre, f. DIPPER, s. plongeur, m.

DIRE, adj. terrible, affreux, cruel, inhumain. DIRECT, adj. direct, droit, clair, ouvert

DIRECT, v. a. diriger, ordonner, régler, rectifier, conduire, montrer, enseigner, adres-ser (une lettre), aller droit, faire route, porter, faire voile.

DIRECTER, s. qui dirige, directeur, m. DIRECTION, s. direction, f. ordre, m. instruc-tion, f. l'adresse (d'une lettre, f.) Direc-

tion-word, (in printing) reclame, f. DIRECTIVE, adj. qui dirige, directrice. DIRECTLY, adv. droit, immédiatement. DIRECTNESS, s. droiture, f. rectitude, f. DIRECTOR, s. directeur, m. chef, m.

DIRECTORY, s. liturgie, f. formule, f. DIREFUL, adj. affreux, terrible, horrible. DIRENESS, s. horreur, f. chose horrible. DIREPTION, s. pillage, m, saccagement, m.

DIRGE, s. chant funcbre, m. obit, m.

DIRK, s. sorte de poignard, f. DIRT, s. boue, f. fange, f. ordure, f. salete, f. DIRT, v. a. tacher, souiller, crotter.

DIRTILY, adv. salement, vilainement.

DIRTINESS, s. saleté, f. ordure, f. vilenie, f DIRTY, adj. crotté, sale, vilain, bas, honteux. DIRTY, v. a. salir, erotter

DISABILITY, s. incapacité, f. impuissance, f. DISABLE, v. a. rendre incapable, ruiner.

DISABUSE, v. a. désabuser, détromper. DISADVANTAGE, s. désavantage, m. tort, m.

DISADVANTAGE, v. a. préjudicier, nuire. DISADVANTAGEOUS, adj. desavantageux. DISADYANTAGEOUSLY, adv. désavantage-

usement.

DISAFFECT, v. d. indisposer. DISAFFECTED, adj. indispose, mal intentionné. DISAFFECTEDLY, adv. sans affection.

DISAFFECTEDNESS, s. mauvaise intention. DISAFFECTION s. indisposition, f.

DISAFFECTIONATE, adj. mal-intentionne, mécontent. DISAFFOREST, v. a. ôter les privilèges de fo-DISAGREE, v. n. disconvenir, ne pas s'accor-DISAGREEABLE, adj. contraire. DISAGREEABLENESS, s. disconvenance, f. DISAGREEMENT, s. différence, f. discorde, f. DISALLOW, v. a. désapprouver, blamer. DISALLOWABLE, adj. qu'on ne doit pas per-DISALLOWANCE, s. défense, f. [mettre. DISANCHOR, v. a. lever l'ancre, désaucrer. DISANIMATE, v. n. décourager. DISANNUL, v. n. annuller, abolir, abroger. DISAPPEAR, v.n. disparoître, s'évanouir. DISAPPOINT, v. a. frustrer, tromper. DISAPPOINTMENT, s. attente trompée, contre-temps, m. traverse, manquement de parole, m. DISAPPROBATION, s. condemnation, f. censure, f. blame, m. DISAPPROVE, v. a. désapprouver, condamner. DISARM, v.a. désarmer, ôter les armes. DISARRAY, s. desordre, m. confusion, f. DISASTER, s. désastre, m. malheur, m. DISASTER, v.a. affliger, porter malheur. DISASTROUS, adj. malheureux, funcste. DISASTROUSLY, adv. malheureusement. DISAVOW, v. a. désavouer, désappronver. DISAVOWAL, DISAVOWMENT, s. désaveu, m. DISAUTHORIZE, v. a. décréditer. DISBAND, v. a. licencier, congédier; v. n. se [retirer. DISBARK, v. n. débarquer. DISRELIEF, s. doute, m. défiance, f. DISBELIEVE, v. a. ne pas croire, regarder comme faux. DISBELIEVER, s. incrédule, m. DISBRANCH, v. a. êbrancher. DISBURDEN, v. a. décharger. DISBURSE, v. a. débourser, dépenser. DISBURSEMENT, s. déboursement, m. DISBURSER, s. celui qui débourse, payeur, m. DISCALCEATED, adj. déchaussé. DISCARD, v. a. écarter, démettre, congédier. DISCERN, v. a. discerner, découvrir. DISCERNER, s. celui qui discerne, qui dis-DISCERNIBLE, adj. visible, sensible. [tingue. DISCERNIBLY, adv. visiblement, sensiblement. [cclaire. Discerning, s. discernement, m.; adj. DISCERNINGLY, adv. judicieusement. DISCERP, v. a. déchirer, dépécer. [paré. DISCERPTIBLE, adj. qui peut être brisé, se-DISCERPTION, s. déchirement, m. DISCHARGE, v. a. décharger, débarrasser, acquitter, absoudre, dispenser, exempter, élargir, faire, exécuter, remplir, lâcher, laisser, échapper; r. n. se décharger, fon-DISCHARGE, s. décharge, f. exemption, f. élargissement, m. absolution, f. justification, f. quittance, f. congé, m.
DISCHARGER, s. celui qui décharge ou paye.

DISCONTINUING, s. discontinuation, f. DISCONTINUITY, s. désunion, f. DISCONVENIENCE, s. disconvenance, f. DISCORDANCE, DISCORDANCY, s. See Discord. DISCORDANT, DISCORDING, adj. discordant, contraire, opposé, incompatible. DISCORDANTLY, adv. contradictoirement. DISCOVER, v. a. découvrir, révéler, trouver. DISCOVERABLE, adj. qu'on peut découvrir. DISCOVERER, s. espion, m. délateur, m. DISCOVERY, s. découverte, f. DISCOUNT, s. escompte, m. rabais, m. décompte, m. DISCOUNT, v. a. escompter, déduire, rabattre. Discountenance, v. a. décourager, décontenancer. DISCOUNTENANCE, s. froideur. DISCOURAGE, v. a. décourager, intimider. DISCOURAGEMENT, s. découragement, m. Discind, v. a. diviser, inetire en pièces. Disciple, s. disciple, m. élève, m. écolier, m. Discipleship, s. l'état or la condition de dis-DISCOURAGER, s. celui qui décourage. DISCOURSE, s. discours, m. propos, m. conversation, f. entretien, m. traité, m. ciple, m. DISCIPLINABLE, adj. disciplinable. Discourse, v.n.discourir, converser, parler. DISCIPLINARIAN, adj. de discipline. DISCIPLINARIAN, s. puritain, m. un rigoriste. DISCIPLINARY, adj. qui concerne la disci-DISCOURSER, s. discoureur, m. dissertateur, m. Discoursive, adj. qui appartient au rai sonnement. Discipline, s. discipline, f. ordre, m. règle DISCOURTEOUS, adj. désobligeant. f. conduite, f. institution, f. instruction, f. DISCOURTEOUSLY, adv. incivilement.

DIS education, f. art, m. science, f. châtiment, m. correction, f. DISCIPLINE, v. a. discipliner, élever, instruire, régler, gouverner. Disclaim, v. a. désavouer, rénoncer à, renier. DISCLAIMER, s. qui désavoue, qui renie. DISCLAIMING, s. désaveu, m. renoncement, m. DISCLOSE, v. a. découvrir, révéler, déclarer. faire éclorre ; v. n. bourgeonner. DISCLOSER, s. qui découvre or révéle. DISCLOSURE, s. découverte, f. déclaration, f. Discoloration, s. changement de couleur, m. Discolour, v. a. altérer la couleur, déco-Discomfit, r. a. défaire, tailler in pièces. DISCOMFIT, DISCOMFITURE, s. défaite, f. DISCOMFORT, s. affliction, f. désolation, f. DISCOMFORT, v. a. affliger, désoler. DISCOMMEND, v.a. blamer, désapprouver. DISCOMMENDABLE, adj. blamable. DISCOMMENDATION, s. blame, m. censure, f. Discommode, v. a. incommoder. Discommodious, adj. incommode, à charge. Discommodity, s. incommodité, j Discompose, v. a. déranger, troubler. DISCOMPOSURE, s. desordre, m. ranger. DISCONCERT, v. a. déconcerter, troubler, dé-DISCONFORMITY, DISCONGRUITY, s. disconvenance, f. DISCONSOLATE, adj. désolé. DISCONTENT, s. mecontentement, m. afflic-DISCONTENT, adj. mecontent. [tion, f. DISCONTENT, v. a. mécontenter, chagriner. DISCONTENTEDLY, adv. avec chagrin. DISCONTENTEDNESS and DISCONTENT-MENT. See Discontent, s. DISCONTINUANCE, s. discontinuation, f. Discontinuation, s. separation, f. DISCONTINUE, v. a. discontinuer; v.n. cesser. Discord, s. discorde, f. désunion, f. dissension, f. division, f. defaut d'accord, m. DISCORD, v. n. discorder, n'être pas d'accord.

DISCOURTEST, s. incivilité, f. injure, f.
DISCOUS, adj. large, plat. (flétrissure, f.
DISCREDIT, s. d. déshonneur, m. ignominie, f.
DISCREDIT, s. d. décréditer, déshonorer.
DISCREET, adj. discret, prudent, circonspect.
DISCREETLY, adv. discretement.
DISCREETNESS, s. discrétion, f. prudence, f.
DISCRETNESS, s. différence, f. opposition, f.
DISCRETE, adj. discret, disjonctif.
DISCRETION, DISCREETNESS, s. discrétion, f. prudence, f. circonspection, f. retenue, f.

volonté, f. merci, f.
DISCRETIONARY, adj. illimité, à discrétion.
DISCRIMINATE, v. a. distinguer, séparer.
DISCRIMINATION, s. distinction, f. différence.
DISCRIMINATIVE, adj. distinctif.
DISCRIMINOUS, adj. daugereux, périleux.
DISCUMBER, v. a. dépager, débarrasser.
DISCURSIVE, adj. errant, vague.
DISCURSIVE, adj. errant, vague.
DISCURSIVELY, adv. par voie de raisonne-

Discuss, s. disque, m. (sorte de palet.)
Discuss, v. a. discuter, examiner, agiter.
Discussion, s. discussion, f. examen, m.
Discussive, Discutient, adj. résolutif, qui dissout.

qui dissout.

DISDAIN, v. a. dédain, m. mépris, m.

DISDAIN, v. a. dédaigner, mépriser.

DISDAINFUL, adj. dédaigneux, méprisant,

DISDAINFULLY, adv. dédaigneusement.

DISDAINFULNESS, s. dédain, m. mépris, m.

DISEASE, s. maladie, f. indisposition, f.

DISEASE, v. a. rendre malade, incommoder.

DISEASED, part. adj. malade, indisposé.

DISEMBARK, v. a. & n. débarquer.

DISEMBARKING, s. débarquement, m.

DISEMBITTER, v. a. adoucir, ôter l'amer-

tume.

DISEMBOGUE, v. a. & n. décharger, se déDISEMBROIL, v. n. débrouiller. [charger, DISENABLE, v. n. rendre incapable. [ter. DISENABLE, v. a. désensorceler, désenchanDISENCHANT, v. a. désensorceler, désenchanDISENCUMBRANCE, s. délivrance, f. DISENGAGE, v. a. dégager, débarrasser. DISENGAGED, part. adj. vacant, à loisir. DISENGAGEMENT, s. dégagement, m. DISENTANGLE, v. a. débarrasser, dégager. DISENTHRAL, v. a. mettre en liberté. DISENTHRAL, v. a. détrôner. DISENPOUSE, v. a. démarier, séparer.

DISESPOUSE, v. a. démarier, séparer.
DISESTEEM, s. mésestime, f. mépris, m.
DISESTEEM, v. a. mésestimer, mépriser.
DISFAVOUR, s. défaveur, f. déplaisir, m.
DISFAVOUR, v. a. disgracier, abandonner.
DISFIGURATION, s. difformité, f.
DISFIGURE, v. a. défigurer, rendre difforme.
DISFIGUREMENT, s. enlaidissement, m.
DISFOREST, v. a. abattre les arbres d'une

DISFRANCHISE, v. a. ôter la franchise.

DISFRANCHISEMENT, s. privation de franchise, f.

forêt.

DISFURNISH v. a. priver or dépouiller de.
DISGARNISH, v. n. dégarnir. [ment,
DISGLORIFY, v. a. déshonorer, traiter indigneDISGORGE, v. a. déshonorer, vomir.
DISGARCE, s. déshonorer, diffament.
DISGRACE, v. a. déshonorer, diffament.
DISGRACEFULL, adj. honteux, ignominiex.
DISGRACEFULLY, adv. honteusement. [f.
DISGRACEFULLY, adj. désobligeant.
DISGRACIOUS, adj. désobligeant.
DISGUISE, s. déguisement, m. hypocrisie, f.

Disguise, v. a. déguiser, masquer, feindre. DISCUISEMENT, 8. déguisement.
DISCUISER, 8. qui déguise, qui travestie.
DISCUISER, 8. dégoûter, causer du dégoût.
DISCUST, v. a. dégoûter, causer du dégoût. Disgustful, adj. degoûtant, rebutant. Dish, s. plat, m. ecuelle, f. tasse, f. DISH-CLOUT, s. torchon, m. DISH-WASH OF DISH-WATER, s. lavure d'écuelles, f. Dish, v. a. servir dans un plat, cresser. DISHABILLE, adj. en négligé; s. déshabillé. DISHEARTEN, v. a. décourager, abattre. DISHERIT, v. a. déshériter. Dishevel, v. a. échéveler. [fame. Dishonest, adj. déshounête, malhonnête, in-DISHONESTLY, adv. déshonnétement. DISHONESTY, s. mal-honnêteté, f DISHONOUR, s. déshonneur, m. infamie, f. DISHONOUR, v. a. déshonorer, flétrir. DISHONOURABLE, adj. déshonorable. DISHONOURABLY, adv. mal-honnétement. DISHONOURER, s. qui déshonore, séducteur, DISHUMOUR, s. mauvaise humeur. DISIMPROVEMENT, s. décadence, f. DISINCLINATION, s. dégoût, m. aversion, f.

DISINCLINE, v. a. donner du dégoùt.
DISINGENUITY, s. mauvaise foi, dissimulation, f.
DISINGENUOUS, adj. artificicux, dissimulé.
DISINGENUOUSLY, adv. avec dissimulation.

DISINHABITED, adf. dépeuplé, désert, sans DISINHERIT, v. a. déshériter. [habitans. DISINTER, v. a. déterrer, exhumer. DISINTERESTED, adf. désintéressé. DISINTERESTEDLY, adv. impartialement. DISINTERESTEDNESS, désintéressement, m. DISJOIN, v. a. déjoindre, séparer, désunir; v. a. démettre, disloquer, demembrer.

Disjunction, s. disjonction, f. séparation, f. Disjunctive, adj. disjonctif. DisjunctiveLy, adr. séparément, à part. Disk, s. disque, m. palet, m.

DISK, s. disque, m. palet, m.
DISKINDNESS, s. mauvaise intention, tort, m.
DISLIKE, s. dégoût, m. répugnance, f.
DISLIKE, v. a. désapprouver, blâmer.
DISLIKEN, r. a. rendre différent, changer.
DISLIKENSS s. différence, f. dissemblance

DISLIKENESS, s. différence, f. dissemblance, DISLIKER, s. désapprobateur, m. [f. DISLIKING, s. dégoût, m. répugnance, f. DISLIMB, r. a. démembrer, arracher les memblislimB, v. a. dépeindre. [bres.

DISLOCATE, v. a. déplacer, disloquer.
DISLOCATION, s. dislocation, f. luxation, f.
DISLODGE, v. a. & n. mettre dehors, chasser.
DISLOYAL, adj. déloyale, infidèle, traître.
DISLOYALLY, adv. infidèlement, déloyalement.

DISLOYALTY, s. déloyauté, f. infidélité, f. DISMAL, adj. sinistre, affreux, terrible. DISMALLY, adv. horriblement, affreusement. DISMALLY, s. horreur, f. mélancelie, f.

DISMANNESS, s. horreur, f. mélancolie, f. DISMANTLE, v. a. priver, déponiller. DISMANK, v. a. démasquer, découvrir. DISMAN, v. a. épouvanter, intimider.

DISMAY, s. épouvante, f. peur, f. DISMAYEDNESS, s. frayeur, f. épouvante, f. DISMEMBER, v. a. démembrer, déchirer. DISMISS, v. a. renvoyer, congédier. [sion, f. DISMISSION, s. renvoi, m. congé, m. démission, s. renvoi, m. congé, m. demission, s. renvoi, m. congé, m. cong

DISMOUNT, v. a. démonter, désarçonner.
DISNATURALIZE, v. a. ôter le droit de natuDISOBEDIENCE, s. dés béissance, f. [ralité.
DISOBEDIENT, adj. désobéissant, réfractaire.
DISOBEDIENTLY dv. en désobé ssant.

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DISPRAISE, s. blame, m. reproche, m.

DISOBEY, v. a. désobéir, transgresser. DISOBLIGATION, s. déplaisir, m. mauvais DISOBLIGE, v. a. désobliger, desservir. DISOBLIGING, part. adj. désobligeant. DISOBLIGINGLY, adv. désobligeamment. DISOBLIGINGNESS, s. manières désobligeantes, f. pl. DISORDER, s. désordre, m. dérangement, m. confusion, f. tumulte, m. trouble, m. égare-ment d'esprit, m. mal, m. maladie, f. ivresse, f. dégât, m. bler. DISORDER, v. a. déranger, incommoder, trou-DISORDERED, part. adj. déréglé, désordonné. DISORDERLY, adj. confus, en désordre, dé-sordonné, déréglé, débauché. DISORDERLY, adv. sans ordre, confusement. DISORDINATE, adj. désordonné, déréglé. DISORDINATELY, adv. désordonnément. Disown, v. a. désavouer, renier. DISPARACE, v. a. mal assortir, dépriser, avi-DISPARAGEMENT, s. mésalliance, f. honte, f. DISPARAGER, s. qui déshonore, qui déprise. DISPARITY, s. disparité, f. inégalité, f. diffé-DISPARK, v. a. ouvrir un parc. [rence. DISPART, v. a. diviser, partager, calibrer. DISPASSION, s. exemption de passion, f. DISPASSIONATE, adj. de sang froid. DISPATCH, s. expédition, f. dépêche, f. DISPATCH, v. a. dépêcher, envoyer, expédier. DISPEL, v. a. chasser, dissiper. DISPEND, v. a. dépenser, consumer. DISPENSE, adj. dont on peut dispenser. DISPENSARY, s. dispensaire, m. DISPENSATION, s. distribution, f. dispense, f. DISPENSATOR, s. dispensateur, m. distribu-DISPENSATORY, s. pharmacopee, f. [teur, m.] DISPENSE, r. a. dispenser, distribuer. DISPENSE, s. dispense, f. exemption, f. DISPENSER, s. distributeur, m. DISPEOPLE, v. a. dépeupler, désoler, rava-DISPEOPLER, s. qui dépeuple, qui désole. DISPERSE, v. a. disperser, répandre, dissiper. DISPERSEDLY, adr. d'une manière éparse, çà et là. DISPERSEDNESS, s. dispersion, f. DISPERSER, s. qui disperse, qui sême. DISPERSION, s. dispersion, f. séparation, f. DISPIRIT, v. a. décourager, intimider. DISPLACE, v. a. déplacer, ôter de sa place. DISPLACENCY, s. impolitesse, f. déplaisir, m. DISPLACING, s. déplacement, m. DISPLAY, v. a. arracher une plant, déplan-DISPLAY, v. a. déployer, étendre, développeré, etaler, montrer, expliquer, exposer, découvrir, déclarer, manifester. DISPLEASANT, adj. déplaisant, désagréable. DISPLEASANT, adj. déplaisant, désagréable. DISPLEASE, v. a. déplaire, mécontenter. DISPLEASINGNESS, s. déplaisir, m. chagrin, m. DISPLEASURE, s. déplaisir, m. disgrace, f. peine, f. mecontentement, m. chagrin, m. Displode, v. a. disperser avec grand bruit. DISPLOSION, s. explosion, f. décharge, f. DISPORT, s. passe-temps, m. amusement, m. DISPORT, v. a. & n. se divertir. DISPOSAL, s. disposition, f. pouvoir, m. DISPOSE, v. a. & n. disposer, preparer. DISPOSED, part. adj. disposé, arrangé. DISPOSER, s. dispensateur, m. arbitre, m. DISPOSITION, s. disposition, f. ordre, m. taent, m. aptitude, f. dessein, m. Dispossess, v. a. déposséder, dessaisir. DISPOSURE, s. posture, f. conduite, f.

DISPRAISE, v. a. blamer, censurer. DISPRAISER, s. censeur, m. critique, m. DISPREAD, v. a. étendre de côté et d'autre. DISPROFIT, s. perte, f. dommage, m. tort, m. DISPROOF, s. reputation, f. [préjudice. DISPROOF, s. réputation, f. [préjudice. DISPROPORTION, s. disproportion, f. inégalité, DISPROPORTION, v. a. disproportionner. [f. DISPROPORTION-ATE, adj. disproportionné DISPROPORTIONABLY, adv. inégalement. DISPROVE, v. a. réfuter, convaincre de faux. DISPUTABLE, adj. disputable, problématique. DISPUTANT, s. disputeur, m.; adj. qui dispute. Disputation, s. dispute, f. controverse, f. DISPUTATIOUS, DISPUTATIVE, adj. disputeur. DISPUTE, s. dispute, f. débat, m. querelle, f. DISPUTE, v. n. disputer, débattre, agiter. DISPUTELESS, adj. incontestable. DISPUTER, s. disputeur, m. controversiste, m. DISQUALIFICATION, s. incapacité, f. [ble. DISQUALIFY, v. a. rendre inhabile or-incapa-DISQUIET, s. inquiétude, f. trouble, m. DISQUIET, v. a. inquiéter, chagriner, tour-DISQUIETER, s. perturbateur, m. ... [menter DISQUIETLY, adv. sans repos. - [tude, f. DISQUIETNESS, DISQUIETUDE, s. inquie-DISQUISITION, s. recherche, f. examen, m. DISREGARD, s. mepris, m. indifference, f. DISREGARD, v. a. négliger, mépriser. DISREGARDFUL, adj. méprisant. [ver. DISRELISII, s. dégoût, m.; v. a. désapprou-DISKEPUTABLE, adj. honteux, infamant. DISREPUTATION, s. déshonneur, m. DISREPUTE, s. mauvaise réputation, infamie, f. DISRESPECT, s. incivilité, f. mépris, m. DISRESPECT, v. a. mépriser, traiter incivilement. DISRESPECTFULL, adj. incivil, grossier. DISRESPECTFULLY, adv. incivilement. DISROBE, v. a. déshabiller, dépouiller. DISRUPTION, s. rupture, f. fente, f. DISSATISFACTION, s. mecontentement, m. DISSATISFACTORY, adj. désagréable, déplaisant. Dissatisfy, v. a. mécontenter, déplaire. Dissect, v. a. dissequer, anatomiser. Disserze, v. a. dessaisir, déposséder. DISSEIZEE, s. celui qui est dépossédé. DISSEIZIN, s. dessaisissement, m. déposses-DISSEIZER, s. usurpateur, m. [pallier. DISSEMBLE, v. a. & n. feindre, dissimuler, DISSEMBLER, s. qui dissimule, hypocrite, m. Dissembling, s. dissimulation, f.; adj. dis-DISSEMBLINGLY, adr. avec dissimulation. Disseminate, v. a. semer, répandre ça et la. DISSEMINATION, s. l'action de semer DISSEMINATOR, s. semeur, m. qui répand. Dissension, s. dissension, f. division, f. Dissentious, adj. factieux, remuant. DISSENT, v. a. etre d'une opinion contraire. DISSENT, s. contrariété d'opinion, f. DISSENTANEOUS, adj. contraire, opposé. DISSENTER, s. dissident, m. nonconformiste, m. DISSERTATION, s. dissertation, f. discours, m. DISSERVE, v. a. desservir, désobliger, nuire. DISSERVICE, s. mauvais office, tort, m. [tal DISSERVICEABLE, adj. nuisible, funeste, faDISSETTLE, v. a. déranger, mettre en de-

Dissever, v. a. désunir, séparer. DISSILATION, s. l'action de se fendre. DISSIMILAR, adj. dissimilaire, hétérogène. DISSIMILARITY, DISSIMILITUDE, s. diver-

DISSIMULATION, s. dissimulation, f. DISSIPABLE, adj. qui se dissipe aisément. DISSIPATE, v. a. dissiper, disperser, prodi-

DISSIPATION, s. dissipation, f. dispersion, f. Dissociate, v. a. séparer, désunir. DISSOLVABLE, DISSOLUELE, adj. dissolutif,

dissoluble. Dissolve, v. a. dissoudre, résoudre, fondre,

séparer: v. n. se dissoudre, se fondre. DISSOLVENT, DISSOLVER, s. dissolvant, m. DISSOLVENT, adj. dissolvant, m. resolutif, m. Dissolute, adj. dissolu, débauclié.

Dissolutely, adv. dissolument, en débauche. DISSOLUTENESS, s. dissolution, f. débauche, f. DISSOLUTION, s. dissolution, f. résolution, f.

fonte, f. séparation, f. division, f. destruc-tion, f. rupture, f. cessation. f.

DISSONANCE, s. dissonance, f. contrariété, f.

DISSONANT, adj. dissonant, discordant. DISSUADE, v. a. dissuader, détourner de.

DISSUADER, s. celui qui dissuade. DISSUADING, DISSUASION, s. dissuasion, f. DISSUASIVE, adj. propre à dissuader. DISSYLLABLE, s. dissyllabe, f.

DISTAFF, s. quenouille à filer. DISTAIN, v. a. tacher, ternir.

DISTANCE, s. distance, f. intervalle, m. respect, m. Out of distance, au delà des bornes.

Distance, r. a. espacer, laisser derrière. DISTANCING, s. espacement. m. DISTANT, adj. distant, loin, éloigné. DISTASTE, s. dégoût, m. déplaisir, m. DISTASTE, v. a. dégoûter, mécontenter. DISTASTEFUL, adj. dégoûtant, désagréable. DISTEMPER, s. maladie, f. mal, m. DISTEMPER, v. a. rendre malade, incommo-DISTEMPERATURE, s. intempérie, f. DISTEMPERED, part. adj. malade, dérangé. DISTEND, v. a. élargir, étendre, coffer. DISTENSION, s. distension, f. clargissement, DISTERMINATE, v. a. séparer, borner. DISTICH, s. distique, m. deux vers Latins. DISTIL, r. a. & n. distiller, dégouter DISTILLABLE, adj. qui se peut distiller. DISTILLATION, s. distillation, f. DISTILLER, s. distillateur, m.

Itiller. DISTILLING, s. distillation, f. l'action de dis-DISTINCT, adj. distinct, separe, clair. DISTINCTION, s. distinction, f. difference, f. DISTINCTIVE, adj. distinctif, judicieux. DISTINCTIVELY, DISTINCTIV, adv. dis

tinctement. DISTINCTNESS, s. netteté, f. clarté, f.

DISTINGUISH, v. a. & n. distinguer.
DISTINGUISHABLE, adj. qu'on peut distinDISTINGUISHER, s. qui distingue. [guer. DISTINGUISHINGLY, adr. avec distinction. DISTINGUISHMENT, s. distinction, f. DISTORT, v. a. tordre, tourner, contourner. DISTORTION, s. contorsion, f. grimace, f. DISTRACT, v. a. distraire, diviser.

DISTRACTED, part. adj. separe, divise, fou. DISTRACTEDLY, odr. comme un fou.

DISTRACTION, s. listraction, f. confusion, f. DISTRAIF, v. a. & v. saisir, arrêter, se saisir.

DISTRAINER, s. qui saisit. DISTRAINT, s. saisie, f. arrêt, m. DISTRESS, s. saisie, f. arrêt, f. misère, f. dé-

tresse, f. malheur, m. DISTRESS, v. a. reduire à la misère, affliger.

DISTRESSFUL, adj. miserable, malheureux. DISTRIBUTE, v. a. distribuer, partager, divi-DISTRIBUTER, s. distributeur, m. [ser. DISTRIBUTION, s. distribution, f. partage, DISTRIBUTIVE, adj. distributif.

DISTRIBUTIVELY, adv. distributivement.

DISTRICT, s. district, m. jurisdiction, f. DISTRUST, v. a. se défier, se méfier.
DISTRUST, v. défiance, f. méfiance, f.
DISTRUSTFUL, adf. défient, méfiant, soupçonDISTRUSTFULLY, adr. avec défiance. [neux.

DISTRUSTFULNESS, DISTRUSTING, s. soup-DISTURB, v. a. troubler, déranger. DISTURBANCE, s. troubler, devanger. [con. DISTURBANCE, s. trouble, m. agitation, f. dé-

réglement, m. désordre, m. confusion, f. tumulte, m. emeute, /

DISTURBER, s. perturbateur, m.

DISVALUE, v. a. dépriser, décréditer, décrier. DISUNION, s. désunion, f. séparation, f. DISUNITE, v. a. & n. désunir, diviser.

DISUNITY, s. désunion, f. séparation, f. DISUSAGE, DISUSE, s. non-usage, m. [mer.

Disuse, v. a. désaccontumer, se désaccoutu-DITCH, s. fossé, m.; v. n. & a. fossoyer.

DITCHER, s. fossoyeur, m. DITHYRAMB, DITHYRAMBIC, s. dithyrambe,

DITION, s. dominion, f. puissance, f. DITTANDER, s. (an herb) passe-rage, f.

DITTANY, s. (an herb) dictame, m. Dirro, le même, de même, susdit.

DITTY, s. chanson, f. chansonnette, f. DIURETICK, s. un diuretique; adj. diuretique. DIURNAL, adj. diurne; s. journal. DIURNALLY, adv. journellement, chaque jour.

DIVAN, s. divan, m. conseil, m.

DIVARICATE, r. a. & n. partager, se parta-DIVARICATION, s. séparation, division, f. DIVE, r. a. & n. plonger, approfondir.

DIVER, s. plongeur, m. un plongeon. DIVERGE, v. n. être divergent.

DIVERGENT, adj. divergent. DIVERS, adj. plusieurs, divers, différers. DIVERSE, adj. divers, différent, varié.

DIVERSIFICATION, s. changement, m.

DIVERSIFY, r. a. diversifier, changer, varies Diversion, s. diversion, f. changement de Cours, m. recreation, f. amusement, m. DIVERSITY, s. diversité, f. différence, f.

DIVERSLY, adr. diversement, differemment

DIVERT, r. a. divertir, détourner, distraire, réjouir, amuser, voler, dérober. DIVERTING, adj. divertissant, plaisant.

DIVERTISE, v. a. divertir, réjouir, récréer. DIVERTISEMENT, s. divertissement. m.

DIVERTIVE, adj. divertissant, amusant. DIVEST, v. a. depouiller, déposséder, ôter.

enlever. DIVESTURE, s. dépouillement, m.

DIVIDE, r.a. diviser; v. n. se diviser. DIVIDEND, s. dividende, m. part, m. portion, DIVIDER, s. qui divise, diviseur, m

DIVINATION, s. divination, f. prediction, f. DIVINE, adj. divin, de Dien, excellent.

DIVINE, s. theologien, m. ecclesiastique, m. DIVINE, v. a. & n. deviner, prédire.

DIVINELY, adv. divinement, excollemment. DIVINER, s. divin, m. qui prédit. DIVINERESS, s. prophétesse, f.

DIVINITY, s. divinité, f. Dieu, m. théologie,

DIVISIBILITY, s. divisibilité, f.
DIVISIBLE, adj. divisible, séparable.
DIVISION, s. division, f. séparation, f. dis-[corde, f. Divisor, s. diviseur, m. DIVORCE, s. divorce, m. separation, f. DIVORCE, v. a. répudier, séparer de DIVORCEMENT, s. divorce, m. repudiation, f. DIVORCER, s. qui fait divorce. [ter. DIVULGE, v. a. divulguer, publier, manifes-DIVULGER, s. qui divulgue, qui publie. DIZZINESS, s. vertige, m. étourdissement, m. DIZZY, adj. sujet aux vertiges, écervelé. Dizzy, v. a. faire tourner la tête. Do, v. a. faire, exécuter, produire, expedier,

rendre, mettre, finir, conclure; to do meat, préparer la viance, la cuire; to do again, refaire; to do away, ôter, defaire, effacer; to do off, défaire, tirer, ôter ; to do on, mettre; to do open, ouvrir; to do up, plier, empaqueter; to do over, enduire, couvrir de. To Do, v. n. faire, en user, en agir, se por-

ter, finir, terminer, conclure. Do, s. bruit, m. vacarme, m. efforts, m. pl. DO-ALL, s. un factotum. [table. DOCIBLE, DOCILE, adj. docile, souple, trai-DOCILITY, DOCIBLENESS, s. docilité, f. [table.

Dock, s. le tronc de la queue, la croupe du cheval, le trousse-queue, bassin d'cau, m. darse, f. chantier, m. forme, (pour la construction de vaisseaux,) f. sorte d'oscille or de patience. Bur-dock, bardane, glouteron, m.

Dock, v. a. couper la queue, écourter. DOCKET, s. abregé, m. extrait, étiquette, f. Doctor, s. docteur, medecin, m. DOCTOR, v. a. médiciner Doctors-commons, s. l'officialité, f. DOCTORAL, adj. doctoral. Doctorally, adn. en docteur. [trine. DOCTORSHIP, s. doctorat, m. DOCTRINAL, adj. qui contient quelque doc-DOCUMENT, s. doctrine, f. préceptes, m. pl. DOCUMENT, s. document, m. instruction, f. DODDER, s. (an herb) epithyme, m. DODDLE, v. n. se trainer, aller comme un DODECAGON, s. dodécagone, m. DODECATEMORION, s. dodécatémorie, f. Dodge, v. n. biaiser, tergiverser, dissimuler. Dodger, s. chicaneur, m. amuseur, m. DODGERY OF DODGING, s. amusement, m. DOE, s. daine, f. femelle du daim. A doerabbit, lapine, f. DOER, s. qui fait, feseur, m.

Dog, s. chien, m. un mâle, chênet, m. mastiff-dog or band-dog, un mâtin, un dogue d'Angleterre. A lap-dog, un bichon. A setting-dog, un chien couchant, un chien d'arrêt, A bear-dog, un chien propre à combattre avec les ours. A bull-dog, un chien propre à combattre avec les tau-reaux. Dog of iron, crampon de fer, m. chenêt, m.

Dog, v. α. suivre, épier, guetter quelqu'un. Dog-BERRY, s. (a fruit) cornonille, f. DOG-BERRY-TREE, s. cornouiller, m. Dog-briar, s. églantier, m. [prix, Dog-cheap, adj. à fort bon marché, à vil Dog-days, s. pl. la canicule. Dogr, s. doge de Venise or de Gênes, m. Dog-Fish, s. chien de mer, m. Doggen, adj. bourru, brutal, suivi, épié. Doggedly, adv. d'un air bourru. DOGGEDNES:, s. mauvaise humeur, caprice, D: sger, s. rte de pétit navire, dogre, m.

DOGGEREL, adj. irrégulier; s. rimaille, f. Doggish, adj. de chien, brutal. DOG-KENNEL, s. chenil, m. Dog-Louse, s. tigne or teigne. DOGMA, s. dogme, m. principle, m. croyance, DOGMATICAL, DOGMATICK, adj. dogma-

DOGMATICALLY, adv. dogmatiquement. DOGMATICALNESS, s. tou dogmatique. DOGMATIST, DOGMATIZER, s. dogmatiseur,

DOGNATIZE, v. n. dogmatiser. Dog-Rose, s. rosc or fleur de l'églantier, f.

Dog's-ear, (a plant) oreille de lièvre, f. Dog-sleer, sommeil seint or prétendu. Dog's-GRASS, s. (an herb) chiendent, m. Dog-STAR, s. sirius, m. le chien céleste. Dog's-Tongue, s. (a plant) langue de chien. Dog's-Tooth, s. (a plant) chiendent, m. Dog-TRICK, s. mauvais office. Dog-WEED, s. (au herb) ciboulette, Dog-WEARY, adj. las comme un chien. Doing, s. fait, m. affaire, f. action, f.

Dole, s. part, f. portion, f. present, m. largesse, f. chagrin, m. peine, f. Dole, v. a. donner, distribuer, faire présent. DOLEFUL, adj. triste, chagrin, lugubre. DOLEFULLY, adv. tristement, d'un ton plain-

Dolefulness, s. tristesse. f. chagrin, m. DOLESOME, adj. sombre, triste, chagrin. [tif. DOLESOMELY, adv. tristement, d'un ton plain-Dolesomeness, s. tristesse, f. chagrin, m. Doll, s. poupée, une poupe DOLLAR, s. rixdale or risdale, f. un dollar. DOLORIFICK, DOLOROUS, adj. doloureux, DOLPHIN, s. dauphin, m. [triste, lugubre. DOLT, s. un sot, un imbécile, un idiot. DOLTISH, adj. stupide, lourd, hébété. DOLTISHLY, adv. pesamment. DOLTISHNESS, s. stupidité, f. bêtise, f. DOMAIN, s. domaine, m. possession, f. Dome, s. dome, m. coupole, f. [privé. DOMESTICAL, DOMESTICK, adj. domestique, DOMESTICK, s. domestique, m. famille, f. DOMICIL, s. domicile, m. habitation, f. DOMINATE, v.a. dominer, surpasser

DOMINEER, r. n. dominer, maîtriser. DOMINEERING. adj. impérieux, altier. DOMINICAL, adj. dominical, du dimanche. Dominion, s. empire, m. domination, f. pu-issance, f. Don, s. don, m. monsieur. DONARY, s. don pieux. DONATION, s. donation, f. legs, m. DONATISTS, s. pl. donatistes, m.

DOMINATION, s. domination, f. empire, m.

DONATIVE, s. don, m. présent, largesse, f. DONE, part. adj. fait, fini, couclu, cuit. DONEE, s. donataire, m. & f. Donor, s. donateur, m. Doodle, s. fainéant, m. un baguenaudier.

Doom, v. a. juger, condamner, destiner. Doom, s. sentence, f. condemnation, f. Dooms DAY, s. le jour du jugement. Doomsday-Book, s. le grand cadastre. Door, s. porte, f. passage, m. entrée, f. Next

door to, à la porte de, voisin de. DOOR-BAR, s. penture or barre de porte, f. Dook-case, s. chambranle, m. DOOR-KEEPER, s. portier, m. suisse, m.

Door-posts, s. pl. les jambages d'une porte, Door-sill, s. le seuil de la porte. [m. pl. DORADO, s. (a sea-fish) dorade, f.

DORICK, adj. dorique

DORMANT, adj. dormant, mort, caché, secret. DORMER, s. (a dormer window,) lucarne, f. DORMITORY, s. dortoir, m. cimetière, f. DOR-MOUSE, s. (an animal) loir, m. DOR or DRONE, s. bourdon, m. ; v. a. étour-DORSEL or DORSER, s. panier, m. hotte, f. DORTURE, s. dortoir, m. chambre à coucher. Dose, s. dose, f. prise, f.; v. a. doser. Dossil, s. bourdonnet, m. compresse, f. Dot, s. compresse, f. petit point; v. n. poin-

ter, faire des points. DOTAGE, s. radotage, m. réverie, f. délire, m. DOTAL, adj. qui concerne la dot, dotai. DOTARD, s. un vieux radoteur.

DOTE, v. n. radoter, rêver, aimer à la folie. DOTINGLY, adv. follement en radoteur. Dotish, adj. radoteur, qui radote.

DOUBLE, adj. double, faux, fourbe. DOUBLE-BIFING, adj. à deux tranchans. DOUBLE-CHIN, s. menton à double étage, m. Double-Dealer, s. un fourbe, un trompeur. DOUBLE-DEALING, s. artifice, m. fourberie, f. Double-DIE, v. a. teindre deux fois.

Double-Lock, v. a. fermer à double tour. DOUBLE-MINDED, adj. double, dissimulé. DOUBLE-TONGUED, adj. faux, menteur. DOUBLE, s. le double, plis, m. replis, m. co-pie, f. une fourberie, doublon, m.

DOUBLE, v. a. doubler, user d'artifice. DOUBLET, s. pourpoint, m. doublet, m. DOUBLING, s. l'action de doubler, ruses, f. pl. Doubley, adv. doublement. [conner

DOUBT, v. a. & n. douter, se douter, soup-DOUBT, s. doute, m. incertitude, f. Doubtful, adj. douteux, incertain, irrésolu. DOUBTFULLY, adv. en doutant, avec doute. DOUBTFULNESS, s. incertitude. f. doute, m.

DOUBTLESS, adj. indubitable, sans peur. DOUBTLESS, adv. sans doute, indubitable-Doucer, s. espèce de flan, f. [ment. Dough, s. pâie, f.

Dough-Baked, adj. à demi-cuit, imparfait. Doughty, adj. brave, vaillant, à demi-cuit,

Douse, v. a. & n. jeter or tomber. DOVE, s. pigeon, m. colombe, f. A ring-dove, un ramier. A turtle-dove, une tourte-[colombier, m.

DOVE-COT, DOVE-HOUSE, s. pigeonnier, m. DOWAGER, s. douairière, f. [dondon, f. Dowdy, s. une grosse femme sans manières, Dower and Dowery, s. dot, f. douaire, m. Dowlas, s. sorte de grosse toile.

Down, s. duvet, m. coton, m. une plaine. Down, prep. en bas, à terre. To sit down, s'asseoir. To set down, mettre en écrit.

Up and down, cà et là. Down, v. a. & n. être reçu, admis. Downcast, adj. baissé, tourné en bas. Downfall, s. chûte, f. décadence, f. DOWNHILL, adj. & s. incliné, déscente, f. DOWN-LOOKED, adj. triste, morne. Down-Lying, adj. pret d'accoucher. Downright, adv. droit en bas. [ouvert.

DownRIGHT, adj. palpable, évident, franc, De WNWARD, Downwards, adr. en bas. Downward, adj. qui tend en bas, inclinc. Downy, adj. colonneux, couvert de duvet, doux, mollet. Downy beard, poil follet.

Dowse, s. une mornifle, un soufflet; v. a. souffleter.

Doxy, s. une femme de mauvaise vie.

Doze, v. a. & n. être assoupi, sommeiller, Dozen, s. douzaine, f.

Doziness, s. assoupissement, m. Dozy, adj. assoupi, à demi endormi.

DRAB, s. une prostituée, sorte de gros drap. DRAB, v. n. faire le métier de putain.

DRABLER, s. bonnette, f.
DRABLER, s. drachme or dragme, f.
DRAFF, s. lavure, f. belayures, f. pl. lie, f.

DRAG, v. a. & n. tirer de force, traîner. DRAG, s. harpon, m. crochet, m. croc, m.

DRAG or DRAGNET, s. tramail, m. traineau,

DRAGGANT, s. adragant, m. [m. DRAGGLE, v. a. & n. crotter, salir, traîner dans la boue, se salir.

DRAGON, s. dragon, m. Dragon-wort, serpentaire, f. Sea-dragon, s. (a sea-fish) vive, f.

DRAGOON, s. dragon, m.; v. a. dragonner. DRAIN, v. a. faire écouler, saigner, épuiser. DRAIN, s. tranchée, f. saignée, f. égout, m. DRAINABLE, adj. qu'on peut saigner, égout-

DRAINER, s. un égouttoir.

DRAKE, s. canard, m. coulevrine, f. DRAM, s. dragme, f. un peu, un grain, une goutte, liqueurs distillées, f. pl.

DRAMA, s. drame, m. poëme en action, m. DRAMATICAL, DRAMATICK, adj. dramatique.

DRAMATIST, s. poëte dramatique, m.

DRAP, s. drap, m. gros drap.
DRAPE, v. a. faire du drap, draper, satirizer.
DRAPER, s. drapier, m. marchand de drap, m.

DRAPERY, s. drap, m. draperie, f. Drastick, adj. qui opère promptement. DRAUGHT, s. l'action de boire, coup, m. trait,

m. effort qu'on fait en tirant, m. sur-poids, m. dessein, m. plan, m. extrait, m. un coup d'arbalète or d'arc, diversion, f. détachement, m. les lieux, m. pl. égoût, m. privé, m. latrines, f. pl. ce qu'un vaisseau tire d'eau.

DRAUGHTS, s. pl. dames, f. le jeu de dames. DRAUGHT-BOARD, damier.

DRAW, v. a. tirer, traîner, arracher, sucer, aspirer, attirer, pomper, gagner, porter, entraîner, déduire, peindre, tracer. To draw a pond, secher un étang; to draw a bow, courber or plier un arc; to draw a fowl, vider un oiseau; to draw a bridge, lever un pont; to draw again, retirer, retracer; to draw along, trainer; to draw asunder, separer, diviser; to draw away, ôter, enlever, ravir, détourner, distraire; to draw back, retirer, reculer; to draw in, gagner, attirer, entraîner; to draw off, tirer, extraire, détourner; to draw on, occasionner, engager, attirer, concilier; to draw over, distiller, at tirer, gagner; to draw out, tirer dehors, étendre, tracer, détailler; to draw together, assembler; to draw up, tirer en haut, mettre en ordre, ranger. A drawn battle, une bataille à forces égales.

DRAWBACK, s. rabais, m. reculd'un canor, m. DRAW-BEAM, s. (an engine) vindas, m. signe, DRAW-BRIDGE, s. pont-levis, m. DRAWER, s. tireur, m. arracheur, m. dessina-DRAWERS, s. pl. caleçons, m. pl. [teur, m..

DRAWING, s. dessein, m. plan, m.
DRAWING-ROOM, s. appartement, m. antichambre, assemblée à la cour, f.

DRAWL, v. a. trainer, parler lentement. DRAY or DRAY-CART, s. haquet, m.

DRAY-HORSE, s. cheval de haquet, m. DRAY-MAN, s. haquetier, m. charretier, m. DRAZEL, s. un homme très méprisable. DREAD, s. peur, f. crainte, f. terreur, f. DREAD, adj. terrible, redoutable, auguste. DREAD, v. a. & n. craindre, redouter. DREADER, s. un homme craintif, timide. DREADFUL, adj. terrible, redoutable.

DREADFULLY, adv. terriblement, horrible-DREADFULNESS, s. terreur, f. épouvante, f. DREADLESS, adf. intrépide, sans peur. DREADLESSNESS, intrépidité, f. hardiesse, f. DREAM, s. songe, m. rêve, m. rêverie, f. DREAM, v. n. songer, rêver, s'imaginer. DREAMER, s. réveur, m. visionnaire sombre. DREAMING, adj. lent, sombre, pesant. DREAMINGLY, adv. lentement, nonchalam-DREAR, DREARY, adj. terrible. DREDGE, s. sorte de filet, tramail, m. ment. DREDGE, v. a. enfariner, saupoudrer. [ble. DREGGISH, DREGGY, adj. chargé de lie, trou-DREGS, s. la lie, le sédiment. DRENCH, v. a. abreuver, arroser. animal.

DRENCH, s. breuvage, m. médicine pour un DRESS, v. α. habiller, parer, dresser, préparer, ajuster, accommoder, apprêter. dress victuals, préparer à manger; to dress agarden, parer un jardin; to dress a wound, panser une plaie; to dress leather, appreter du cuir; to dress flax, serancer du lin; to dress a trec, tailler, dresser un arbre; to dress one's head, coiffer quelqu'un.

Dress, s. habit, m. habillement, m. parure, f. DRESSER, s. coiffeur, apprêteur, m. Dressing, s. pansement, m. appareil, m. Dressing-cloth, une toilette.

DRESSING-ROOM, s. chambre, f. or cabinet de toilette, m.

DRIBBLE, v. n. & a. degoutter, tomber or repandre goutte à goutte.

DRIBLET, s. petite somme, chiquet, m. DRIER, s. dessicatif, m. qui sèchc.

DRIFT, s. but, m. dessein, m. objet, m. ce qui flotte, tourbillon, m. monceau, m.

DRIFT, v. n. pousser, chasser, mettre en tas. DRILL, s. touret, m. fraise, f. magot, m. gros singe, sillon, m. semoir, m.

DRILL, v. a. perçer, fraiser, amuser. DRINK, v. n. boire; to drink round, boire à la ronde; to drink one's health, boire à la santé de quelqu'un ; to drink away one's time, perdre son tems à boire ; to drink one down, enivrer quelqu'un; to drink off or un, boire tout; to drink out, boire, vider en buvant. DRINK, s. boisson, f. boire, m. breuvage, m. DRINKABLE, adj. bon à boire, potable. DRINKER, s. buveur, un ivrogne. A drink-

ing-cup, tasse, f. coupe, f. DRIP, v. n. & a. dégoutter, faire dégoutter.

DRIPPING, s. la graisse qui tombe du rôti.

DRIPPING-PAN, s. lechefrite, f DRIVE, v. a. conduire, mener, entraîner, pousser, forcer, contraindre, porter. To drive away, chasser, bannir; to drive back, repousser; to drive in or into, enfoncer, faire entrer de force ; to drive off, chasser, renvoyer; to drive on, pousser, presser, toucher; to drive out, chasser, faire sortir.

DRIVE, v. n. être poussé or porté, se jeter, chasser, tendre, buter, viser. Drivel, v. n. baver, écumer, radoter.

DRIVEL, s. bave, f. ceume, f. salive, f. DRIVELLER, s. rado'eur, m. niais, m.

DRIVER, s. conducteur, m. cocher, m. cooper's driver, s. chassoir, m. DRIZZLE, v. a. & n. distiller, bruiner. DRIZZLING, s. bruine, f. petite pluie. DRIZZLY, adj. de bruine, humide. DROLL, s. plaisant, m.; r. n. faire le bouffon. DROLL, s. un bouffon, une farce. DROLL, v. n. faire le bouffon, plaisanter. DROLLERY, s. bouffonnerie, f. plaisanterie, f. DROMEDARY, s. dromadaire, m. DRONE, s. paresseux, m. fainéant, m. DRONE, v. a. vivre dans l'oisiveté.

DRY

Dronish, adj. paresseux, fainéant. DROOP, v. n. languir de chagrin, être accablé, tomber en défaillance, s'affoiblir. DROOPING, s. accablement, m. tristesse, f. DROOPING, adj. foible, abattu, languissant. DROOPINGLY, adv. languissament Drop, s. goutte, f. pendant d'oreille, m. DROPS, s. pl. gouttes médicinales, f. pl. DROP, v. a. distiller, verser en petites gouttes,

laisser tomber, låcher.

Drop, v. n. dégoutter, tomber, vaquer, mourir; to drop in, entrer; to drop off, dechcoir, tomber; to drop out, disparoître, se dissiper.

DROPPING, s. ce qui dégoutte. DROPSICAL, adj. hydropique.

DROPSY, s. hydropisie, DROP-WORT, s. (a sort of herb) filipendule, f. Dross, s. l'éeume des métaux, f. les scories,

f. pl. rebut, m. reste, m. ordure, f. Drossiness, s. saleté, f. ordure, f. ceume, f. Drossy, adj. plein d'ordure or d'écume, sale. DROVE, s. troupeau, m. foule, f. DROVER, s. bouvier, m. meneur, m.

DROUGHT, s. sécheresse, f. temps see, soif, f. DROUGHTY, adj. sec, aride, brulant, altéré. DROWN, r. a. nover, inonder, submerger,

plonger, couvrir, absorber, étouffer.

DROWNING, s. inoudation, f.
DROWSE, v. a. & n. assoupir et s'assoupir. DROWSILY, adr. en dormant, nonchalam-

Drowsy, adj. assoupi, assoupissant, lâche, DRUB, s. coup, m. [de bâton. DRUB, v. a. battre, étriller, donner des coups DRUBBING, s. bastonhade, f. étrivières, f. pl. DRUDGE, v. a. travailler, se donner beaucoup

de soins et de peines.

DRUDGE, s. souffre-douleur, m. esclave, m. DRUDGERY, s. occupation servile. DRUDGINGLY, adv. peniblement, laborieuse-DRUG, s. drogue, f. ingredient, m.

DRUG, r. a. mêler avec des drogues. DRUGGET, s. (a sort of stuff) droguet. DRUGGIST, DRUGSTER, s. droguiste, m.

DRUID, s. druide, m. pretre des Gaulois, m. DRUM, s. tambour, m. caisse, f. tympan, m. DRUM, r. n. battre le tambour.

DRUMBLE, v. n. être paresseux. DRUMMER, s. tambour, m. celui qui bat la DRUM-STICK, s. baguette de tambour, f.

DRUMMING, s. bruit de tambour, m. DRUM-STRINGS, s. pl. timbre, m.

DRUNK, DRUNKEN, adj. ivre, ivrogne. DRUNKARD, s. ivrogne, m. ivrognesse, f. DRUNKENLY, adv. en ivrogne.

DRUNKENNESS, s. ivrognerie, f. ivresse, f. DRV, adj. see, aride, desséehe, tari, à see, altere, qui a soif, maigre, sans ornement, insipide, dur, severe.

DRY, r. a. & n. secher, rendre sec. un, dessécher, tarir, mettre à sec. DRYAD, s. dryade, f. nymphe des bois, f. DRYLY, adv. séchement, sans humidité. DRYNESS, s. sécheresse, f. aridité, f. DRY-NURSE, s. une nourrice séche, une garde. DRY-SHOD, adj. à pied sec. DUAL, adj. qui désigne deux choses. DUB, v. a. faire, creer, conférer quelque dig-DUB, s. coup, m. accolade, f. Inité. Dubious, adj. douteux, incertain, indécis. DUBIOUSLY, adv. d'une manière douteuse. DUBIOUSNESS, s. doute, m. incertitude, f. DUBITABLE, adj. douteux, incertain. DUBITATION, s. l'action de douter, doute, m. DUCAL, adj. ducal, appartenant à un duc. DUCAT, s. (a sort of coin) ducat, m. DUCATOON, s. un ducaton, une bageoire. Duck, s. canard, m. cane, f. poulette, in-clination, f. l'action de baisser la tête. Duck, v. a. & n. plonger, baisser la tête. DUCKER, s. plongeur, m.
DUCKING, s. l'action de plonger, cale, m. DUCKING-STOOL, s. cage pour plonger, f. DUCK-LEGGED, adj. qui a les jambes courtes. DUCKLING, s. jeune canard, m. caneton, m. DUCK-MEAT, DUCK-WEED, s. lentille sauvage. Duckov, s. piège, m. amorce, f. DUCKOY, v. n. amorcer, attirer dans le piège. DUCTILE, adj. ductile, souple, complaisant. DUCTILENESS, DUCTILITY, s. ductilité, f. DUDGEON, s. petite dague, rancune, f. DUE, adj. dû, propre, convenable, requis. Due, adv. duement, convenablement. Due, s. du, m. juste prétention, f. dette, f. droit, m. impôt, m. redevance, f. Duel, s. duel, m. combat entre deux, m. DUEL, v. a. & n. se battre en duel. Duelling, s. ducl, m. l'action de se battre en duel. DUELLIST, DUFILER, s. duelliste, m. DUENNA, s. duegne, f. vielle gouvernante. DUET or Duo, s. un duo. Dug, s. mamelle, f. trayon, m. pis, m. DUKE, s. duc, m. DUKEDOM, s. duché, m. DULL-BRAINED, adj. qui a l'esprit lourd. DULCET, adj. doux, agréable au goût. DULCIFY, DULCORATE, v. a. duicifier, édulcorer, adoucir. DULCIMER, s. tympanon, m. DULCORATION, DULCIFICATION, s. adoucissement, m DULIA, s. dulie, f. sorte de culte inferieur. Dull, adj. stupide, émousse, obtus, lourd, pesant, hébété, dur, lent, triste, lugubre, sombre, mélancholique, canuycus, désa-gréable, pénible, lâclie, paresseux, en-gourdi, fade, foible, sourd, terne. DULI, v. a. hébéter, engourdir, appésantir, èmousser, affoiblir, ternir. DULLY, adv. stupidement, pesamment. DULNESS, s. stupidité, f. pesanteur, f. lenteur, f. nonchalance, f. engourdissement, m. l'état d'une chose émoussée, f. DULY, adv. duement, régulièrement. DUMB, adj. muet, silencieux. DUMBLY, adv. sans parler, à la muette. DUMBNESS, s. l'état d'une personne muette, DUMP, s. chagrin, m. tristesse, f. DUMPISH, adj. triste, chagrin, morne. DUMPLING, s. sorte de boudin à l'Angloise.

Dun, adj. brun-obscur, sombre.

Dun, v. a. importuner un débiteur. DUN-BEE or DUN-FLY, s. (an insect) un taon. DUNCE, s. lourdaud, m. sot, m. hébété, m. DUNG, s. fumier, f. fiente, f. crotte, f. DUNG, v. a. fumier, engraisser avec du fumier. DUNG-CART, s. tombereau, f. Dungeon, s. cachot, m. basse-fosse, f. DUNG-HILL, s. un tas de fumier, un fumier. DUNGY, adj. abondant en fumier, sale. DUNNER, s. solliciteur de dettes, m. DUODECIMO, s. in-douze, m. in-12mo. DUPE, s. dupe, f.; v. a. duper, tromper. DUPLICATE, v. a. double, plier en double. DUPLICATE, adj. double, double. DUPLICATE, s. double, m. copic d'un écrit, f. DUPLICATION, s. duplication, f. pli, m. DUPLICATURE, s. pli, m, DUPLICITY, s. duplicité, f. fourberie, f. DURABILITY, DURABLENESS, s. durce, f. DURABLE, adj. durable, qui dure. DURABLY, adv. d'une munière durable. DURANCE, s. emprisonnement, m. prison, f. DURATION, s. durce, f. continuité, f. DURE, r. n. durer, continuer. DUNELESS, adj. passager, qui ne dure pas. DUNING, prep. durant, pendant. DUNITY, s. dureté, f. fermeté, f. selidité, f. DUSK, s. le commencement de la nuit. Dusk, r. a. & n. rendre obscur Duskii.y, Duskisiii.y, adv. obseuvément. Duskiness, s. obscurité, f. Duskish, Dusky, adj. qui s'obscurcit, noirâtre, sombre Dust, s. poussière, f. poudre, f. Dust, (of a house) ordares, f. pl. balayures, Dust-Box, s. poudrier. f.pt. DUST-MAN, s. boueur, m. Dust, v. a. épousseter, ôter la poussière, couvrir de poussière. DUSTER, s. torchon, m. Dustiness, s. quantité de poussière. Dusty, adj. couvert de poussière, poudreux. Dutch, s. Hollandois, m.; adj. Hollandois. DUTCHESS, s. duchesse, f. DUTCHY, s. duche, m. DUTEOUS, DUTIFUL, adj. občissant, soumis, obligatoire. DUTIFULLY, adv. avec soumission. DUTIFULLY, s. obeissance, f. soumission, f. Duty, s. devoir, m. fonction, f. devoirs, f. pl. respects, m. pt. taxe, f. impôt, m. DWARF, s. un nain, un nabot. DWARF-ELDER, s. hichle, f. DWARF, v. a. rendre petit, empécher de croi-DWARFISH, adj. petit, méprisable. [tre. DWARFISHNESS, s. petitesse de taille, f. DWELL, v. n. demeurer, vivre, habiter, rest der, rester, insister, peser. DWELLIER, s. habitant, m. DWELLING, s. demeure, f. habitation, f. DWINDLE, v. a. se resserrer, diminuer, decroître, décheoir, dégénérer. Dying, s. teinture, f. la teinturerie. DYING, s. la mort; adj. mourant, expirant. DYNASTY, s. gouvernement, m. dynastie, f. DYSENTERY, s. dyssenterie, f. flux de sang, DYSURY, s. difficulté d'uriner, f. dysurie, f.

E.

EACH, pron. adj. chaque, chacun. Each other, l'un l'autre.

EAGER, adj. violent, véhément, vif, empressé, désireux, aigu, aigre, affamé. EAGERLY, adv. ardemment, passionnément. EAGERNESS, s. ardeur, f. violence, f. [cante. EAGLE, s. aigle, m. & f. [cante. EAGLE-Exp., adf. qui a la vue forte & per-EAGLE-SPEED, s. vitesse de l'aigle, f. EAGLE-STONE, s. pierre d'aigle, f. EAGLET, s. aiglon, m. EAGRE, s. un sot qui en surmonte un autre. EAR, s. oreille, f. anse, m. épi, m. EAR, v. a. labourer; v. n. monter en épi. EARABLE, adj. labourable, arable. EARL, s. comte, m. EARLDOM, s. comté, m. EAR-LAP, s. la partie extérieure de l'oreille. EARLINESS, s. vîtesse d'action, f. diligence, f. EARLY, adj. précoce, hatif, avance, matineux, matinal; adv. dé bonne heure, EARN, v. a. gagner, mériter. Itaché. EARNEST, adj. ardent, empressé. diligent, en-EARNEST, s. sérieux, m. prémices, f. arrhes, f. In earnest, sérieusement, tout de bon. EARNESTLY, adv. instamment, attentivement, diligemment, sérieusement. EARNESTNESS, s. ardeur, f. chaleur, f. sérieux, m. zéle, m. empressement, m. soin, m. EAR-PICKER, s. cure-oreille, m. EAR-RING, s. boucle d'oreilles, j EARSHOT, s. la portée de l'oreille. Earth, s. terre, f. sol, m. ie globe. EARTH, v. a. & n. couvrir de terre. Earthen, adj. de terre. An earthen-pan, un terrine. EARTHEN-WARE, s. poterie, f. EARTHLINESS, s. qualité terrestre. EARTHLING, s. & adj. créature terrestre, mortel, m. EARTHLY, EARTHY, adj. de terre, terrestre. EARTHQUAKE, s. tremblement de terre, m. EARTH-WORM, s. ver de terre, m. EAR-WAX, s. l'ordure des oreilles, le cérumen. EAR-WIG, s. (an insect) perce-oreille, m. EAR-WITNESS, s. témoin auriculaire, m. EASE, s. aise, f. repos, m. commodité, f. chapel of ease, une annexe. [ger. EASE, v. a. soulager, adoucir, alléger, déchar-EASEL, s. chevalet, m. cheval de peintre, m. EASEMENT, s. soulagement, m. adoucissement, les aisances. f. les lieux, m. EASILY, adv. à l'aise, aisement, commodé-EASINESS, s. aisance, f. facilité, f. [ment. EAST, s. l'est, m. l'orient, m. EASTER, s. paque, m. or pâques, m. [oriental. EASTERLING, s. un ostrelin. EASTERLY and EASTERN, adj. d'est, d'orient, EASTWARD, adv. à l'orient, vers l'orient. EASY, adj. aisé, facile, dans l'aisance, tranquille, content, bon, complaisant, accommodant, libre, naturel. EAT, v. a. manger, se nourrir, ronger. EATABLE, adj. bon à manger. EATABLES, s. pl. vivres, m. mangeailles, f. EAT-BEE, s. (a bird) guipier, m. EATER, s. mangeur, m. mangeuse, f. EATING, s. l'action de manger, le manger. EATING-HOUSE, s. un ordinaire EAVES, s. pl. les bords du toit, ni. pl. EAVESDROP, v. n. écouter aux portes. EBB, s. reflux, m. èbe, f. jusant, m. EBB, v. n. descendre, refluer, refouler. EBBING, s. l'action de refluer, reflux, m.

EBEN, EBON and EBONY, s. ébéne, f.

EBONIST, s. ébéniste, m. EBRIETY, EBRIGSITY, s. ivrognerie, EBULLITION, s. ébullition, f. fivresse, f ECCENTRICAL, ECCENTRICK, adj. excen-ECCENTRICITY, s. excentricité. [trique. Ecclesiastes, s. ecclésiaste, m. ECCLESIASTICAL, ECCLESIASTICK, ecclésiastique. Ecclesiastick, s. ecclésiastique, m. Ecclesiasticus, s. l'ecclésiastique, m. ECHINATE, ECHINATED, adj. hérissé de ECHINUS, s. hérisson, m. [pointes. Есно, s. écho, m.; v. a. répéter, retentir. Eclaircissement, s. éclaircissement, m. ECLAT, s. éclat, m. le brillant. ECLECTIC, adj. éclectique, à recherche. ECLIPSE, s. éclipse, f. [Ire, effacer. ECLIPSE, v. a. faire éclipser, faire desparos-ECLIPTICK, s. écliptique, m. ECLOGUE, s. écloque, f. passorale, f. ECONOMICAL, ECONOMICK, adj. économique, économe. Economicks, s. l'économique. Ecstasy, Exstasy, s. extase, f. transport ECSTATICAL, EXSTATICK, adj. extatique. ECTYPE, s. copie, f. ectype, f. ECUMENICAL, ECUMENICK, adj. écuménique. EDACIOUS, adj. vorace, f. goulu. EDACITY, s. voracité, f. gourmandise, f. EDDY, s. mascaret, m. tournant, m. An eddy wind, un vent de tourbillon. EDGE, s. tranchaut, m. coupant, m. taillant, m. morfil, m. fil, m. bord, m. marge, f. extremité, f. la tranchet (d'un livre) le vive arrête, âpreté, f. pointe, f. EDGE, r. a. aiguiser, affiler, border. EDGELESS, adj. obtus, émoussé, rebouché. EDGE-LONG, ÉDGE-WISE, adj. de côté. EDGE-TOOL, s. instrument tranchant, m. Edging, s. bordure, f. bord, m. Edible, adj. mangeable, bon a manger. EDICT, s. édit, m. arrêt, ordonnance, EDIFICATION, s. édification, f. instruction, f. EDIFICE, s. édifice, f. bâtiment, m. EDIFIER, s. celui qui édifie, édificateur, m. EDIFY, v. a. édifier, bâtir, construire. EDIFYING, adj. edifiant.
EDILE, s. edile, m. voyer, m.
EDITION, s. edition, f. impression, f.
EDITOR, s. editeur (d'un hvre), m. EDUCATE, v. a. elever, instruire, former. EDUCATION, s. education, f. instruction, f. EDUCE, v. a. tirer, extraire. EDUCTION, s. l'action de tirer. EDULCORATE, v. a. édulcorer, rendre doux. EDULCORATION, s. édulcoration. f. EEL, s. anguille, f. An eel-pout, barbotte, f. lotte, f. motelle or moteille, f. An eel-spear, un trident. E'EN, adr. contracted from Even, which see. Effable, adj. qui se peut exprimer. EFFACE, v. a. effacer, détruire. Effect, s. effet, m. consequence, f. realité, EFFECTS, s. pl. effets, m. biens, m. Effect, v. a. effectuer, executer, accompline Effectible, adj. faisable, possible. Effective, adj. efficace, effectif, real. Effectively, adv. efficacement, reellement. EFFECTLESS, adj. sans effet, impuissant. Effector, s. auteur, m. cause efficiente EFFECTUAL, adj. efficace, puissant.

EFFECTUALLY, adv. efficacement, avec suc-

EFFECTUATE, v. a. effectuer, exécuter. EFFEMINACY, s. mollesse, f. fénervé. EFFEMINATE, adj. efféminé, voluptueux, EFFEMINATE, v. a. & n. efféminer. EFFEMINATELY, adv. d'une manière effeminée. EFFERVESCENCE, s. effervescence, f. Effete, adj. cassé, usé, qui ne porte plus. EFFICACIOUS, adj. efficace, effectif. EFFICACIOUSLY, adv. efficacement, avec ef-EFFICIENCE, EFFICIENCY, s. la vertu productrice. Efficient, s. principe producteur, agent, m. EFFICIENT, adj. qui produit son effet. EFFIGIES, EFFIGY, s. effigie, portrait, m. EFFLORESCENCE, s. production des fleurs, éruption, f. EFFLUENCE, s. émanation, f. EFFLUVIA, s. écoulement, m. exhalaison, f. EFFLUX, EFFLUXION, s. flux, m. effusion, f. EFFORM, v. α. former, façonner, donner la EFFORMATION, s. formation. forme. EFFORT, s. effort, m. violence, f. EFFRONTERY, s. effronterie, f. impudence, f. Effulgence, s. splendeur, m. éclat, m. EFFULGENT, adj. éclatant, resplendissant, Effuse, v. a. répandre, verser. [brillan Effusion, s. effusion, f. épanchement, m. EFFUSIVE, adj. qui répand, débordé. Eft, s. espèce de petit lezard. [vent. Eft, adv. bientôt, vite, promptement, sou-Eftsoons, adv. de temps en temps. EGESTION, s. evacuation, f. selles, f. EGG, s. œuf, m. The shell, la coque. yolk of an egg, le jaune d'un œuf. A newlaid egg, un œuf frais. An addle egg, un œuf sans germe. A rare egg, un œuf molger, pousser. EGG, v. α. exciter, inciter, porter, encoura-EGGER ON, s. instigateur, m. celui qui incite. EGLANTINE, s. rose sauvage, f. églantier, m. Egotism, s. cgoisme, m. EGOTIST, s. egoïste, m. EGOTIZE, v. n. égotiser. ·[tre, insigne. EGREGIOUS, adj. excellent, rare, grand, illus-EGREGIOUSLY, adv. parfaitement, extreme-EGRESS, EGRESSION, s. sorte, f. [ment. EGRET, s. petit heron blanc, aigrette, f. EGROT, s. cerise aigre, f. Eight, adj. & s. huit. Eighteen, dix-huit. Eighteenth, adj. dix-huitième. EIGHT-FOLD, adv. huit fors. Eighth, adj. huitième. Eighty, quatre-vingt. Eightieth, adj. quatre-vingtième. Eighthly, adv. huitèmement. EIGHT-SCORE, adj. cent-soixante. EISEL, s. vinaigre, m. verjus, m. EITHER, pron. adj. l'un ou l'autre, l'un, l'un des deux, chaque, chacun. EITHER, conj. soit, ou, soit que. EJACULATE, v. a. lancer, darder, jetter. EJACULATION, s. élancement, m. élan, m. EJACULATORY, adv. subit, momentané. EJECT, v. a. jeter, chasser, pousser dehors. EJECTION, s. expulsion, f. dejection. EJULATION, s. cri, m. plainte, f. EKE, conj. aussi-bien que, même, en outre. EKE, v. a. & n. augmenter, aggrandir. ELABORATE, v. a. travailler avec soin. ELABORATE, adj. peiné, travaillé avec soin. ELABORATELY, adv. avec soin, exactement. ELABORATION, s. claboration, f.

ELANCE, v. a. lancer, darder. ELAPSE, v. n. passer, s'écouler. ELASTICAL, ELASTICK, adj. élastique, qu fait ressort. ELASTICITY, s. élasticité, f. vertu élastique, ELATE, adj. enorgueilli, fier, altier. ELATE, v. a. enorgueillir, enfler, rendre fier. ELATION, s. enflure, f. orgueil, m. Elbow, s. le coude, un angle, un pli. Elbow, v. a. pousser avec le coude, coudoyer, repousser; v. n. faire un coude. [m. ELBOW-CHAIR, s. chaise à bras, f. fautcuil, Elbow-Room, s. coudées-franches. ELDER, adj. agé, ainé; s. un ancien. ELDER, ELDER-TREE, s. sureau, m. Elderly, adj. 'qui commence à vieillir, vieillot. Eldership, s. ainesse, f. charge d'ancien, f. Eldest, adj. le plus âgé, l'ainé de tous. ELECAMPANE OF STARWORT, s. énulla cam-ELECT, adj. élu, choisi; s. éln, prédestiné. Elect, v. a. élire, choisir, nommer. ELECTION, s. election, f. choix, m. nomina-ELECTIVE, adj. electif. [tion, f. ELECTIVELY, adr. par choix. ELECTOR, s. électeur, m. qui choisit, qui élit. ELECTORAL, adj. électoral. ELECTORATE, s. électorat, m. ELECTORESS, s. électrice, f. Electorship, s. électorat, m. dignité d'élec-ELECTRE, s. ambre, m. ELECTRICAL, ELECTRICK, adj. électrique. ELECTRICITY, s. électricité, Electriffer, v. a. électrifier, électriser. ELECTUARY, s. électuaire, m. ELEEMOSYNARY, adj. qui vit d'aumones. ELEGANCE, s. élégance. f. bon goût. ELEGANT, adj. élégant, gracieux, délicat. ELEGANTLY, adv. elégamment, avec grace. Elegiack, adj. élégiaque, plaintif. ELEGY, s. élégie, f. plainte, f. ELEMENT, s. élément, m. principe, m. ELEMENTAL, ELEMENTARY, adj. elemen-ELEPHANT, s. éléphant, m. ELEPHANTINE, adj. d'éléphant. ELEVATE, v. a. élever, hausser, exalter, égayer, enfler. ELEVATION, s. élévation, f. ELEVEN, adj. onze. Eleventh, adj. onzième. ELF, s. un esprit follet, un lutin, un nain. ELF, v. a. entortiller, mêler les cheveux. ELICIT, r. a. extraire, tirer. ELICITATION, s. production formelle. ELICITED, adj. réduit en acte, formé, formel. ELIDE, v. a. couler en pièces. ELIGIBILITY, s. éligibilité, f. ELIGIBLE, adj. éligible, digne d'être choisi. ELISION, s. élision, f. division. ELIXATION, s. l'action de bouillir, coction, f. ELIXIR, s. élixir, m. extrait, m. quintessence ELK, s. (a wild animal) élan, m. ELL, s. aune, f. (quarante cinq pouces.) ELLIPSIS, s. ellipse, f. ovale, f. [ovale. ELLIPTICAL, ELLIPTICK, adj. elliptique, ELM or ELM-TREE, s. orine, m. A young elm, un ormeau. ELN, s. mesure de trois pieds et un pouce, f. ELOCUTION, s. elocution, f. diction, f. ELOGY, ELOGIUM, s. eloge, m. panegyrique, m. ELONGATE, v. a. éloigner, étendre. ELONGATION, s. prolongement, m. départ, m

EMBROILING, s. brouillerie, f.

EMBROIL, r. a. brouiller, diviser, desunir.

ELOPE, v. n. s'en aller, s'évader. ELOQUENCE, s. éloquence, f. l'art de bien dire et de persuader. ELOQUENT, adj. éloquent, persuasif. ELOQUENTLY, adv. éloquemment, avec élo-ELSE, pron. adj. autre; adv. autrement. ELSEWHERE, adv. ailleurs, quelqu'autre ELUCIDATE, v. a. éclaireir, expliquer. [part. ELUCIDATION, s. éclaircissement, m. jour, m. ELUCIDATOR, s. qui explique, commentateur, m. ELUCUBRATED, adj. poli, travaille, lime. ELUCUBRATION, s. des vieilles, f. pl. ELUDE, v. a. éluder, éviter, esquiver. ELUSION, s. fraude, f. artifice, m.
ELUSION, s. fraude, f. artifice, m.
ELUSIVE, adj. qui élude, qui échappe par arELUSIN, adj. tr impeur, illusoire. [tifice.
ELISIAN, adj. elisée, des bienheureux. ELYSIUM, s. les champs élisées, m. 'EM, contracted from THEM, eux, elles, les, EMACERATE, v. a. amaigrir. [leur. EMACERATION, s. amaigrissement, m. EMACIATE, v. a. & n. amaigrir, maigrir. EMACIATION, s. amaigrissement, m. EMACULATION, s. l'action d'ôter des taches. EMANATION, s. émanation, f. écoulement, m. EMANATIVE, EMANATORY, adj. émané. EMANCIPATE, v. a. émanciper. [vrance EMANCIPATION, s. émancipation, f. déli-EMASCULATE, v. a. châtrer, effeminer. EMASCULATION, s. castration, f. effémination, EMBALM, v. a. embaumer. EMBALMING, s. l'action d'embaumer. EMBAR, v. a. fermer, arrèter, empècher. Embargo, s. embargo, m. quer. EMBARK, v. a. & n. embarquer, et s'embar-EMBARKATION, EMBARKING, s. embarque-EMBARRASS, v. a. embarrasser. [ment, m. EMBARRASSMENT, s. embarras, m. EMBASE, r. a. alterer, affoiblir, falsifier. Embassador, s. ambassadeur, m. EMBASSADRESS, s. ambassadrice, f EMBASSAGE, EMBASSY, s. ambassade. EMBATTLE, v. a. ranger en bataille. [baie. EMBAY, r. u. mouiller, enfermer dans une EMBELLISH, r. a. embellir, orner, parer. EMBELLISHMENT, s. embellissement, m. EMBERS, s. pl. cendres chaudes, f. pl. EMBER-WEEK, s. semaine des quatre temps, EMBEZZLE, v. a. gâter, dissiper, voler. EMBEZZLEMENT, s. degat, m. dissipation, f. EMBLAZE, r. a. orner d'armoiries. EMBLEM, s. emblème, f. symbole, m. EMBLEM, v. a. représenter, figurer. EMBLEMATICAL, EMBLEMATICK, adj. emblématique. EMBLEMATICALLY, adv. d'une manière figu-EMBLEMATIST, s. un feseur d'emblèmes. EMBLEMENTS, s. pl. rapport d'une terre. Embolism, s. intercalation, f. embolisme, m. Emboss, v.a. relever on bosse, graver on re-Embossment, s. relief, m. saillie, f. [lief. EMBOWEL, v. n. arracher les entrailles. EMBRACE, v. a. embrasser, saisir, adopter. EMBRACEMENT, EMBRACE, s. embrassade, Embrazure, s. embrasure, f. EMBROCATE, v. a. frotter, fomenter. EMBROCATION, s. embrocation, f. fomenta-EMBROIDER, v. a. broder. [tion, EMBROIDERER, s. brodeur, m. brodeuse, j EMBROIJ FRING, EMBROIDERY, s. Lroderie, f

EMB

EMBRYO, EMBRYON, s. fœtus, m. embryon, EMENDABLE, adj. susceptible de correction. EMENDATION, s. correction, f. amendement, m. reforme, f. EMERALD, s. éméraude, f. EMERGE, v. a. sortir, s'élever, se tirer. EMERGENCE, EMERGENCY, s. apparition, f. occurrence, f rencontre, f incident, m. occasion, f. evenement fortuit. EMERGENT, adj. qui paroît, naissant, impre-EMERSION, s. émersion, f. [v EMERY, s. émeri, (pierre à polir,) m. [vu, subit. EMIGRATE, v. n. sortir d'un pays, émigrer. EMETICAL, EMETICK, adj. emetique. EMETICK, s. émétique, m. vomitif, m. EMIGRATION, s. émigration, f. EMINENCE, s. hauteur, f. éminence, f. EMINENT, adj. éminent, élèvé, illustre. EMINENTLY, adv. eminemment, par excellence. Emissary, s. emissaire, m. espion, m. Emission, s. emission, f. influence, f. EMIT, v. a. jeter, pousser dehors, darder, lan-EMMET, s. fourmi. f. [cer. Emollient, adj. émollient, lénitif, adoucis-sant; s. pl. lénitif. [gain, m. EMOLUMENT, s. émolument, m. profit, m. EMOTION, s. émotion, f. agitation, f. EMPALE, v. a. palissader, entourer, empaler. EMPANNEL, s. nomination or choix de jurés. EMPANNEL, v. a. nommer or choisir pour EMPASSION, r. a. passionner. EMPEOPLE, v. a. former un peuple. EMPERESS, 8. impératrice, f. EMPEROR, s. empereur, m. [d'expression, f. EMPHASIS, s. emphâse, f. ènergie, f. force EMPHATICAL, EMPHATIC, adj. emphatique. EMPHATICALLY, adv. emphatiquement. Emphysematous, adj. emphysemateux. EMPIRE, s. empire, m. commandement, m. EMPIRICAL, EMPIRICK, adj. empirique. EMPIRICALLY, adr. en empirique. Empirism, Empiricism, s. empirisme, m. EMPLASTER, s. emplâtre, f; v. a. mettre en EMPLASTICK, adj. visqueux. [emplatre. EMPLEAD, r. a. poursuivre en justice. EMPLOY, v. a. employer, occuper, se servir. EMPLOY, s. aflaire, f. emploi, m. office, m. EMPLOYER, s. celui qui emploie. EMPLOYMENT, s. emploi, m. charge, f. office, Empoison, r. a. empoisonner. Empoisoner, s. empoisonneur. ' Empoisonment, s. empoisomement, m. Emponium, s. ville marchande, ville d'entrepot. EMPOVERISH, r.a. appauvrir, rendre pauvre. EMPOVERISHMENT, s. appanvrissement, m. EMPOWER, r. a. autoriser, commettre. EMPRESS, s. impératrice, f. EMPTINESS, s. vide, m. vanité, f. EMPTION, s. achat, m. emplette. EMPTY, adj. vide, vain, superficiel, leger. Empty, r.a. vider, depouiller, priver. Empurple, v. a. empourprer, teindre en EMPUZZLE, r. a. embrouiller. EMPYREAL, EMPYREAN, adj. empire. EMPTREAN, s. l'empyrée, m. Emrod, s. émeril, m. diamant de vitrier. m. Emrods, les hémorroïdes, f. pl. EMULATE, v. a. imiter, tacher d'égaler, en-EMULATION, s. emulation, f. rivalité, f. EMULATIVE, adj. qui a de l'émulation.

EMULGE, v. a. tirer, traire, faire venir. EMULOUS, adj. qui a de l'émulation. EMULOUSLY, adv. avec émulation, à l'envie. EMULSION, s. émulsion, f. EMUNCTORY, s. emonctoire, m. ENABLE, v. a. rendre capable, mettre en état. ENACT, v. a. faire, effectuer, arrêter. ENACTING, s. établissement, m. ENACTOR, s. celui qui établit, qui exécute. ENALLAGE, s. énallage, f.
ENAMEL, s. émail, m.; v. α . & n. émailler. ENAMELLER, s. émailleur, m. ENAMELLING, s. émaillure, f. l'art d'émailler. ENAMOUR, v. a. rendre amoureux. ENAMOURED, part. adj. amoureux, amoura-ENARRATION, s. narration, f. recit, m. ENCAGE, v. a. mettre en cage, enfermer. ENCAMP, v. a. & n. former un camp. ENCAMPMENT, s. campement, m. camp, m. ENCHAFE, v. a. facher, irriter, enrager ENCHAIN, v. a. enchaîner, charger de fers. ENCHANT, v. a. enchanter, ensorceler, ravir. ENCHANTER, s. enchanteur, m. magicien, m. ENCHANTINGLY, adr. par enchantement. ENCHANTMENT, s. enchantement, m. ENCHANTRESS, s.enchanteresse, magicienne, sorcière.

ENCHASE, v. a. enchasser. ENCIRCLE, v. a. circonscrire, environner. ENCLITICK, s. enclitique, m. ENCLOSE, v. a. clorre, enclorre, renfermer,

environner. ENCLOSURE, s. clôture, f. enclos, m.

Encomiast, s. panégyriste, m. Encomium, s. éloge, m. panégyrique, m. ENCOMPASS, v. a. entourer, environner. ENCOMPASSMENT, s. circonlocution, f. ENCORE, adv. encore, une autre fois ENCOUNTER, s. combat, m. mêlée, f. ENCOUNTER, v. a. & n. rencontrer. ENCOURAGE, v. a. encourager, exciter. ENCOURAGEMENT, s. encouragement, m. ENCOURAGER, s. protecteur, m. instigateur, ENCROACH, v. n. empiéter, usurper. ENCROACHER, s. usurpateur, m. [tion, f. Encroaching, Encroachment, s. usurpa-ENCUMBER, v.a. embarrasser, empêcher. ENCUMBRANCE, s. embarras, m. obstacle, m.

ENCYCLICAL, adj. circulaire. ENCYCLOPEDIA; ENCYCLOPEDY, s. ency-

clopédie, f. Enn, s. fin, f. bout, m. extrémité, f. conclusion, f. mort, f. issue, f. suite, f. but, m. dessein, m. intention, f. intérêt, m. To no end, sans effet, en vain, inuitement. To the end that, afin que. At an end, expiré, passé.

END, r. a. & n. finir, achever, conclure, terminer, cesser, prendre fin. ftort. ENDAMAGE, v. a. endommager, nuire, faire ENDANGER, v. a. mettre en danger, exposer. ENDEAR, v. a. rendre cher, faire aimer. ENDEARMENT, s. agrément, m. caresses, f. pl. ENDEAVOUR, s. effort, m. ENDEAVOUR, v. n. s'efforcer, faire ses efforts.

Endecagon, s. endécagone, f. ENDECASYLLABLE, s. endécasyllabe, m. ENDEMIAL, ENDEMICK, adj. propre à un

pays.
Ending, s. conclusion, f. terminaison, f. ENDICT, ENTITE, F. a. acenser, denoncer. ENVICTMENT. ENDITEMENT, s. accusa-

ENDITER, s. accusateur, m. dénonciateur m.

ENDIVE, s. endive, f. chicorée blanche, f. ENDLESS, adj. infini, sans fin, perpétuel. ENDLESSLY, adv. continuellement, sans fin. ENDORSE, v. a. endosser, mettre sur le dos. ENDORSEMENT, s. endossement, m. ENDORSER, s. endosscur, m ENDOW, v. a. renter, doter, fonder, douer, or ENDOWMENT, s. rente, f. fondation, f. ENDUE, v. a. douer, revêtir, enrichir, orner. ENDURANCE, s. durée, f. patience, f. ENDURE, v. n. endurer, souffrir, supporter;

v. n. durer, continuer, souffrir, tolerer. ENDWISE, adv. perpendiculairement. ENECATE, v. a. tuer, détruire. ENEMY, s. ennemi, m. adversaire, m.

ENERGETICK, adj. puissant, fort, énergique. ENERGY, s. energie, f. force, f. pouvoir, m. ENERVATE, ENERVE, r. a. énerver, affoiblir. ENERVATING, ENERVATION, s. enervation, f. ENFEEBLE, v. a. affoiblir, rendre foible. ENFEOFF, v. a. inféoder, donner l'investiture. ENFEOFFMENT, s. infeodation, f.

ENFETTER, v. a. enchaîner, mettre aux fers. ENFILADE, s. enfilade; v. a. enfiler. ENFORCE, v. n. fortifier, forcer, obliger.

Enforcement, s. contrainte, f. nécessité, f. Enfranchise, v. a. affrancher, naturaliser. Enfranchisement, s. affranchissement, m. ENGAGE, v. a. engager, mettre en gage, obliger, entraîner, combattre, attaquer

ENGAGEMENT, s. engagement, m. obligation, Engaging, adj. engageant. ENGENDER, v. a. engendrer, produire, causor. ENGENDERING, s. génération, f. ENGINE, s. machine, f. instrument, m. pompe (pour les incendies), f. ruse, f.

ENGINEER, s. ingénieur, f. ENGINERY, s. artillerie, f. ENGIRD, v. a. environner, entourer.

ENGLISH, adj. Angleterre, f. ENGLISH, adj. Anglois, d'Angleterre. ENGLISH, s. l'Anglois, un Anglois. [m. ENGLISH, (a printing letter) Saint Augustin, ENGLISH, v. a. traduire, rendre en Anglois.

ENGORGE, v. a. & n. dévorer. Engrain, v. a. teindre en cramoisi. ENGRAPPLE, v. a. sc battre près à-près.

ENGRAVE, v. a. graver, imprimer. ENGRAVER, s. un graveur. Engraving, s. l'art de graver, la gravure.

Engross, v.a. grossir, grossoyer, accaparer. Engrosser, s. monopoleur, m. ENGROSSMENT, s. monople, m.

ENHANCE, v. a. enchérir, hausser le prix, ex agérer.

Enhancer, s. enchérisseur, m. ENHANCING, ENHANCEMENT, s. enchère, f. ENIGMA, s. énigme, f. question obscure, f. ENIGMATICAL, adj. énigmatique, obscur. ENIGMATICALLY, adv. énigmatiquement. Enigmatist, s. fescur d'énigmes. f. Enjoin, v. a. enjoindre, ordonner, prescrire. ENJOINMENT, s. commandement, m. ENJOY, v. a. & n. jouir, posseder.

ENJOYING, s. jouissance, f. l'action de jouir,
ENJOYMENT, s. jouissance, f. possession, f.

ENKINDLE, v. n. & a. s'allumer, exciter. ENLARGE, v. a. & n. augmenter, étendre, agrandir, accroitre, traitre au long. ENLARGEMENT, s. augmentation, f ENLIGHTEN, v. a. éclairer, illuminer.

ENLIVE, ENLIVEN, v. a. animer, rendre vif. Enlivener. s. qui anime, mobile, m.

ENMITY, s. inimitie, f. haine, f.

ENTHUSIASTICAL, ENTHUSIASTICK,

ENTHUSIASTICALLY, adv. en enthousiaste.

EPIGRAMMATIST, s. épigrammatiste. EPIGRAPH, s. épigraphe, f. inscription, f. EVILLESY, s. épilepsic, f. mal caduc, m.

Ennoble, v. a. anoblir, élever, exalter. ENTICE, v. a. inciter, engager, attirer. En-Ennoblement, s. anoblissement, m. tice away, débaucher, enlever. ENODATION, s. dénouement, m. solution, f. ENORMITY, ENORMOUSNESS, s. énormité, f. ENORMOUS, adj. confus, sans règle, atroce. ENTICEMENT, s. ineitation, f. instigation, f. ENTICER, s. instigateur, m. séducteur, m. Enticingly, adj. d'une manière engageante. ENORMOUSLY, adv. excessivement. ENTIRETY, ENTIRENESS, s. tout, m. le tout. ENTIRE. See Intire and derivatives. ENOUGH, s. suffisance, f.; adj. suffisant; adv. assez, suffisamment, en suffisance. ENTITLE, v. a. intituler, donner un titre. ENTITULATION, s. intitulation, f. ENTITY, s. entité, f. être, m. Enow, assez de, nombre suffisant de. ENQUIRE, v. n. s'informer. Thean. ENRAGE, v. a. irriter, faire enrager. ENTOMB, v. a. enterrer, mettre dans le tom-ENTRAILS, s. pl. entrailles, f. intestins, m. ENRANGE, ENRANK, v. a. mettre en rangs. ENTRANCE, s. entrée, f. passage, m. ENTRANCE, v. a. & n. extasier, s'extasier. ENRAPTURE, ENRAVISH, v.a. ravir, enchan-ENRAVISHING, adj. ravissant. fter. ENRAVISHMENT, s. ravissement, m. ENTRAP, v. u. & n. attraper. ENTREAT, v. a. prier, solliciter, supplier. ENTREATANCE, ENTREATY, s. demande, f. Enrich, v. a. enrichir, rendre riche, embellir. ENRICHMENT, s. enrichissement, m. ENRIPEN, v. a. & n. faire mûrir. requête, f. prière, f. instance, f. sollieitation, f. supplication, f. supplique, f. ENROLLMENT, s. régistre, m. rôle, m. enrégistrement, m. ENTREATING, s. priere, f. supplique, f. ENROOT, v. a. enraciner. ENTREMETS, s. entremets, m. Entry, s. entrée, f. vestibule, m. prise de Ensample, s. modèle, m.; v. a. représenter. Ensanguine, v. a. ensanglanter. possession, commencement, m. enrégis-Ensconce, v. a. couvrir, défendre. trement, m. Enshield, v. a. protéger, défendre. ENTWINE, v. a. entortiller. Ensurine, v. a. enchasser, préserver. ENUCLEATE, v. a. expliquer, éclaireir. Ensign, s. enseigne, f. drapeau, m. euseigne, ENUMERATE, v. a. énumérer, compter en de-ENUMERATION, s. enumeration, f. m. signal, m. marque, f Enunciate, v.a. énoncer, déclarer ENSLAVE, v. a. rendre esclave. Enslavement, s. esclavage, m. servitude, f. ENUNCIATION, s. enouciation, f. declaration, ENSLAVER, s. celui qui rend eselave. Enunciative, adj. expressif. Ensur, v. a. suivre, v. n. s'ensuivre. ENUNCIATIVELY, adv. d'une manière décla-Ensurance, s. assurance, f. prime d'assu-ENVELOP, v. a. envelopper, couvrir. ENVELOPE, s. enveloppe, f. couverte, f. rance, m. Ensure, v. a. assurer, garantir. Envenom, v. n. envenimer, empoisonner. Ensurer, Ensurancer, s. assureur, m. Enviable, adv. digne d'envie. ENTABLATURE, ENTABLEMENT. s. entable-Envier, s. envieux, m. jaloux, m. ENTAIL, s. substitution, f. [me ENTAIL, v. a. substituer, tailler, graver. Envious, adj. envieux, qui porte envie. [ment, m. Enviously, adv. par envie, par jalousie. ENTANGLE, v. a. embrouiller, mêler. Enviousness, s. envie, f. jalousie, f. Environ, v. a. environner, entourer. ENTANGLEMENT, s. embarras, m. confusion, ENTANGLER, s. un étourdi, un esprit brouil-Environs, s. les environs, m. pl. Envoy, s. envoyé, m. envoi, m. lon. [vie ENTER. v. a. & n. entrer, initier, introduire, ENVY, v. a. & n. envier, porter or avoir enadmettre, enrégistrer, coucher par écrit, s'enrôler, intenter; v. n. entrer, pénétrer, ENVY, s. envie, f. jalousie, / Envoice, s. facture, f. envoi, m. EDLIPILE, s. éolipile, m. EPACT, s. épacte, f. (11 days of the solar s'engager. ENTERABLE, adj. recevable. ENTERING, s. cutree, f. admission, f. above the lunar year.) ENTERLACE, v. a. entrelacer. EPAULET, s. épaulette, [qu'un jour. ENTEROCELE, s. sorte de hernie, entérocele, EPHEMERAL, adj. éphémère, qui ne dure ENTERPARLANCE, s. conférence, f. ENTERPLEADING, s. interlocutoire, m. Eрнеменія, s. éphémérides, f. EPHEMERIST, s. astrologue, m. EPHORI, s. pl. les éphores, m. pl. ENTERPRISE, s. cutreprise, f. projet, m. ENTERPRISE, v. a. tenter, entreprendre. Eric, Erick, adj. épique, héroique. EPICEDIUM, s. cpicede, m. poeune funéraire. EPICENE, s. épicène, m. & f. [m. EPICKS, s. poésie héroïque, f. poeune épique, ENTERPRISER, s. entrepreneur. ENTERPRISING, s. entreprise, f.; adj. entreprenant. ENTERTAIN, v. a. entretenir, parler, conver-EPICURE, s. un épicurien. [rien. EPICUREAN, s. épicurien, m.; adj. d'épicuser, amuser, traiter, régaler, recevoir chez soi, tenir à son service, concevoir, adopter, EPICURISM, s. épicurisme, m. EPICURIZE, v. n. vivre en épicurien. ENTERTAININGLY, udr. agréablement. EPICYCLE, s. épicycle, m. ENTERTAINMENT, s. entretien, m. conversa-EPICYCLOIDE, s. épicycloide, m. tion, f. regal, m. traitement, m. repas, m. EPIDEMICAL, EPIDEMICK, adj. épidémique. EPIDERMIS, s. épiderme, m. la première accueil, m. reception, f. amusement, m. plaisir, m. passe-temps, m. peau. ENTHRONE, r. a. mettre sur le trône. EPIGRAM, s. épiglotte, f. luette, f. EPIGRAM, s. épigramme, f. satire, f. ENTHRONING, s. intronisation, f. Enthusiasm, s. enthousiasme, m. fanatisme, EPIGRAMMATICAL, EPIGRAMMATICK, adj. Enthusiast, s. enthousiaste, m. fanatique, m. épigrammatique.

EPILEPTICK, adj. & s. épileptique. EPILOGUE, s. épilogue, m. peroraison, f. EPIPHANY, s. épiphanie, f. EPIPHONEMA, s. épiphonème, m. épiphore, f. EPIPHYSIS, s. épiphyse, f. EPISCOPACY, s. épiscopat, m. EPISCOPAL, adj. épiscopal, d'évêque. EPISCOPALIANS, s. pl. épiscopaux, m. EPISCOPATE, s. épiscopat, m. EPISODE, s. épisode, m. digression, f. EPISODICAL, EPISODICK, adj. episodique. EPISODIZE, v. n. episodier. EPISPASTICK, s. un épispastique. EPISTLE, s. épître, f. lettre, f. EPISTOLARY, adj. épistolaire, de lettres. Eрітарн, s. épitaphe, f. inscription sur une tombe, f. EPITHALAMIUM, s. épithalame, m. EPITHET, s. une épithète, un adjectif, f. EPITOME, s. épitome, m. abrégé, m. EPITOMIZE, v. a. abréger, raccourcir. EPITOMIZER, EPITOMIST, s. abbréviateur, m. EPOCH or EPOCHA, s. époque, f. ère, f. EPODE, s. épode, f. partie d'un poëmelyrique. EPOPEE, s. épopée, f. poëme héroïque. EPULATION, s. banquet, m. festin, m. EQUABILITY, s. égalité, f: uniformité, f. Equable, adj. égal, uniforme. Equably, adv. egalement, uniformément. Equal, adj. égal, semblable, pareil, propre à, en état de, impartial, équitable. EQUAL, v. a. égaler, rendre égal, égaliser. EQUALISE, v. a. égaliser, rendre égal. EQUALITY, s. égalité, f. uniformité, f. EQUALLY, adv. également, pareillement. EQUANGULAR, adj. equiangle, à angles égaux. EQUANIMITY, s. égalité d'âme, f. sérénité, f. EQUANIMOUS, adj. qui a l'âme toujours égale. EQUATION, s. équation, f. fiale. EQUATOR, s. équateur, m. la ligne équinox-EQUATORIAL, adj. qui appartient à l'équa-EQUERRY, s. écuyer, m. le grand écuyer du EQUESTRIAN, adj. équestre, à cheval. EQUIANGULAR, adj. equiangle.
EQUIDISTANT, adj. à egale distance. EQUILATERAL, adj. équilatéral. EQUILIBRATE, v.a. mettre en équilibre, contrebalancer. Equilibration, s. équilibre, m. EQUILIBRIOUS, adj. en équilibre. Equilibrium, s. equilibre, m. Equinoctiale; adj. équinoxial. Equinox, s. équinoxe, m. Equip, v. a. équiper, pourvoir de, fournir. EQUIPAGE, s. équipage, m. voiture, f. carrosse, m. Tea-equipage, cabaret, m. EQUIPMENT, s. equipement, armement, m. Equipoise, s. équilibre, m.; v. a. contreba-EQUIPOLLENCE, s. équipollence, f. [lancer. EQUIPOLLENT, adj. équipollent, équivalent. EQUIPONDERANT, adj. de même poids. Equiponderate, v. a. faire equilibre, contrebalancer. EQUITABLE, adj. equitable, juste. EQUITABLY, adv. equitablement. EQUITY, s. justice, f. equité, f. droit, m. EQUIVALENCE, s. equipollence, f. v valeur égale.

Equivalent; s. l'équiva-Equivocai., adj. équivoque, ambigu.

EQUIVOCALLY, adv. ambigument.

EQUIVOCABNESS, EQUIVOCATION, s. équi-EQUIVOCATE, v. a. équivoquer. [voques. EQUIVOCATOR, s. celui qui parle par équi-ERA, s. ère, f. époque, f. période, f. ERADICATE, v. a. déraciner, extirper, dé-ER'ADICATIVE, adj. éradicatif. truire ERASEMENT OF ERASURE, s. destruction, / rature, f. Ere, adv. avant que, plutôt que, toujours. ERE-LONG, adv. dans peu, bientôt. ERE-NOW, adv. auparavant. ERE-WHILE, ado. depuis peu, autrefois. ERECT, v. a. élever, ériger, dresser, bâtir. ERECT, adj. droit, débout, vigilant. ERECTION, s. élévation, f. fondation, f. établissement, m. construction, f. EREMITE, s. hermite, m. solitaire, m. EREMITICAL, adj. d'hermite, solitaire. ERGOT, s. ergot, m. (du pied d'un cheval.) ERGOTISM, s. contestations scholastiques, f. pl. ERINGO, s. (an herb) panicot, m. ERMINE, s. hermine, f. ERMINED, adj. fourre d'hermine. ERODE, v. a. rouger, corroder, manger. EROGATION, s. distribution généreuse. Erosion, s. érosion, f. corrosion, f. EROTICK, adj. érotique, amoureux, libertin. ERR, v. n. errer, ètre errant, se tromper. ERRAND, s. message, m. commission, f. ERRABLE, adj. sujet à l'erreur. ERRANT, adj. errant, ambulant, vagabond. ERRANTRY, s. vie errante, l'état d'un vaga-ERRATA, s. errata, m. foond. ERRATICK, adj. errant, vagabond, erratique. ERRATICALLY, adv. irregulièrement. ERRHINE, s. poudré sternutatoire, f. Erroneous, adj. errant, erroné, faux. Erroneously, adv. par erreur, faussement. ERROUR, s. erreur, f. méprise, f. faute, f. bévue, f. égarement, m. nullité dans une ac-ERS, s. ers, m. vesce noire. [cusation. ERST, adv. autrefeis, anciennement, jadis. ERUBESCENCE, s. rougeur, f. l'action de rougir. ERUCTATION, s. l'action de roter, rot, m. ERUDITION, s. erudition, f. savoir, m. ERUGINOUS, adj. cuivreux, érugineux. ERUPTION, s. éruption, f. saillie, f. pustule, ERYSIPELAS, s. érysipèle, f. ESCALADE, s. escalade, f. ESCAPE, v. a. & n. échapper, éluder, éviter, se sonstraire, s'échapper, s'évader, s'enfuir. ESCAPE, s. fuite, f. echappée, f. faute, f. escapade, f. imprudence, f. méprise, f. Eschalot, s. échalote, f. ESCHAR, s. escarre, f. croute (d'un plaic, f ESCHAROTICE, adj. caustique. Escheat, s. aubaine, f.; v. n. echoir par droit de confiscation. ESCHEW, v. a. éviter. ESCORT, s. escorte, f. convoi, m. garde, f.

ESCORT, v. a. escorter, convoyer. ESCOUT, s. espion, m. écouteur, m.

ESPALIER, s. espalier, m. Especial, odj. spécial, principal.

ESPLANADE, s. esplanade, f.

ment, surtout.

ESCRITOIR, s. écritoire, f. bureau, m. ESCULENT, adj. bon à manger; s. aliment, m.

ESPECIALLY, adv. specialement, principale-

ESCUTCHEON, S. écusson, m. armes, f. pl.

Espousales, s. pl. fiançailles, f. épousailles, f. | Espouse, v. a. épouser, marier. Espy, v. a. & n. épier, observer, appercevoir. Esquire, s. écuyer, m. Esquiry, s. le titre d'écuyer. Essay, v. a. essayer, tenter, eprouver. ESSAY, s. essai, m. tentative, f. épreuve, f. ESSENCE, s. essence, f. esprit, m. parfum, m. Essence, v.a. parfumer, mettre de l'essence. ESSENTIAL, adj. essentiel, qui constitue l'es-ESSENTIAL, s. la nature, l'essentiel, m. Essentially, adv. essentiellement. ESSOINE, s. exoine, f. excuse, f.; v. a. excu-ESTABLISH, v. a. etablir, fonder, affermir. ESTABLISHMENT, s. établissement, m. base, f. ESTAL, v. a. saisir, faire une saisie juridique. ESTALMENT, s. saisie juridique, f. ESTATE, s. état, m. condition, f. rang, m. qualité, f. bien, f. terres, f. biens, m. ESTEEM, v. a. estimer, priser, honorer. ESTEEM, s. estime, f. regard, m. ESTEEMER, s. estimateur, m. appréciateur, m. ESTIMABLE, adj. estimable, digne d'estime. ESTIMATE, v. a. estimer, évaluer, apprécier. ESTIMATE, s. estimation, f. évaluation, f. ESTIMATION, s. estime, f. estimation, f. ESTIVAL, adj. d'été, qui est d'été. ESTRADE, s. estrade, f. chaussée, f. ESTRANGE, v. a. éloigner, détourner, indispo-ESTRANGEMENT, s. éloignement, m. Estrangers, s. pl. étrangers, aubains. ESTRAPADE, s. estrapade, f. [de personne. ESTRAY, s. bête égarée, qui n'est reclamée ESTREAT, s. copie or double d'un écrit, f.m. ESTUARY, s. bras de mer, embouchure. ESTUATION. s. bouillounement, m. ESTURE, s. agitation violente. Eтсн, r. a. graver à l'eau forte, dessiner. ETCHING, s. gravure à l'eau forte, f. ETERNAL, adj. éternel; s. l'Eternel, m. ETERNALIZE, ETERNIZE, v. a. cterniser. ETERNALLY, adv. éternéllement, toujours, ETERNITY, s. éternité, f. [sans fin. ETESIAN, adj. étésien, m. pl. étésies. ETHER, s. éther, m. air très raréfié ETHEREAL, ETHEREOUS, adj. éthéré. ETHICAL, ETHICK, adj. moral, qui traite de ETHICALLY, adv. moralement. [la morale. ETHICKS, s. pl. morale, f. éthiques, m. ETHNICK, adj. paren: s. pl. les parens, les ETHOLOGY, s. éthologie, f. [gentils. ETYMOLOGICAL, adj. étymologique. [mots. ETYMOLOGIZE, v. n. donner l'etymologie des ETYMOLOGIST, s. étymologiste, m. ETYMOLOGY, s. ctymologie, f. origine d'un EUCHARIST, s. eucharistie, f. [mot. EUCHARISTICAL, adj. eucharistique. EULOGY, s. éloge, m. louange, f. Eunuch, s. eunuque, m. un homme châtré. EUPHONY, s. euphonie, f. son agréable. EUPHRASY, s. euphrage or eufraise, f. EUROPEAN, adj. & s. Européen. Eurus, s. le vent d'est. EVACUATE, v. a. évacuer, vider. EVACUATION, s. évacuation, f. décharge, f. EVADE, v. a. & n. s'évader, s'enfuir. Evading, s. évasion, f. subterfuge, m. EVANGELICAL, adj. évangélique. EVANGELIST, s. évangéliste, m. [vangile. EVANGELIZE, v. a. évangéliser, precher l'é-EVANGELISM, s. promulgation de l'évangile, EVAPORATE, v a & n evaporer. Exact, adj. exact, soigneux, ponctuel.

EVAPORATION, s. évaporation, f. EVASION, s. évasion, f. fuite, f. subterfuge, m. défaite, f. EVASIVE, adj. qui élude, sophistique. EVEN and EVEN, s. le soir, soirée, f. vigile, f. EVEN, adj. égal, uni, applani, ras; uniforme, pareil, semblable, pair, serein; even with the ground, de niveau, à fleur de terre. To be even with one, être quitte avec quelqu'un. An even number, un nombre pair. Even, adv. même, mêmes, aussi-bien que, tout de bon. Even as, comme or comme si. Even down, tout droit en bas. Even now, tout à l'heure. Even on, tout droit. Even so, de-même, tout ainsi. Even, v. a. égaler, unir, régler, raser. EVENING, s. le soir, la soirée. EVENLY, adv. également, pareillement. EVENNESS, s. égalité, f. uniformité, f. le poli d'une surface unie, égalité d'arme, f. EVENT, s. événement, m. incident, m. EVENTILATE, v. a. ventiler, discuter, vaner. EVENTUAL, adj. accidentel, casuel. EVENTUALLY, adv. accidentellement, par ha-EVER, adv. toujours, jamais, à jamais. Ever since, depuis lors, depuis ce temps là. For erer and erer, éternellement. Ever and anon, de tems en tems. EVERGREEN, adj. & s. toujours vert. EVERLASTING, adj. éternel; s. éternité, f. EVERLASTINGLY, adv. éternellement. EVERLASTINGNESS, s. éternité, f. perpétuité, EVERLIVING, adj. immortel. Evermore, adv. toujours, à jamais. EVERSE, EVERT, v. a. renverser, détruire. EVERSION, s. renversement, m. déstruction, f. EVERY, adj. chaque, chacun, tout. Every other day, de deux jours l'un. Every one, every body, chacun. Every way, on every side, de tous côtés. Every whit, every thing, chaque chose, tout. EVERY-WHERE, adv. partout. EVESTIGATE, v. a. rechercher, tracer. EVICT, r. a. évincer, prouver. [tion, f. EVICTION, s. éviction, f. preuve, f. convic-EVIDENCE, s. évidence, f. clarté, f. preuve, f. témoignage, m. marque, f. [dence. EVIDENCE, v. a. prouver, mettre en évi-EVIDENT, adj. évident, visible, démontré. EVIDENTLY, adv. évidemment, clairement. EVIL, adj. mauvais, méchant. [ladie, f. EVIL, s. mal, m. méchanceté, f. tort, m. ma-EVIL-AFFECTED, adj. mal-intentionné. EVIL-DOER, s. mal-faiteur, m. EVIL-MINDED, adj. mauvais, mechant. EVILNESS, s. méchanceté, f. EVIL-SPEAKING, s. medisance, f. calomnie, f. EVINCE, v. a. prouver, démontrer. EVINCIBLE, adj. qui peut être démontré. EVINCIBLY, adv. évidemment, démonstrativement. EVISCERATE, v. a. éventrer, vider. EVITABLE, adj. évitable. EVITATE, v. a. eviter, fuir. EVOCATION, s. évocation de morts, f. &c. EVOLVE, r. a. & n. déplier, développer. EVOLUTION, s. évolution, f. action de dé-EVULSION, s. l'action d'arracher. [ployer. EWE, s. brebis, f. An ewe-lamb, une jeune EWE, v. n. agneler. [brebis. EWER, s. aiguière, f. pot à l'eau. EWRY, s. l'office où l'on garde la vaisselle

EXACERBATION, s. irritation, f. [du roi, m.

EXACT, v. a. & n. exiger, requérir, imposer, i surfaire, extorquer. EXACTER, s. exacteur, m. écorcheur, m. EXACTION, s. exaction, f. extortion, f. EXACTLY, adv. exactement, precisement. EXACTNESS, s. exactitude, f. soin, m.

EXAGGERATE, v. a. exagérer, amplifier. Exaggeration, s. exagération, f. amas, m. EXAGITATE, v. a. agiter, tourmenter. EXACITATION, s. agitation, f. trouble, m. EXALT, v. a. élever, hausser, exhausser.

EXALTATION, s. exaltation, f. exhaussement, m.

Examen, Examination, s. examen, m. EXAMINE, v. a. examiner, interroger, discu-Examiner, s. examinateur, m. Examining, s. examen, in. recherche, f.

discussion, f. EXEMPLARY, adj. exemplaire.

Example, s. exemple, m. modèle, m. Exanguious, adj. qui n'a point de sang. EXANIMATE, adj. sans vie, mort, abattu. EXANIMATE, v. a. faire mourir, consterner. EXANIMATION, s. privation de la vie, f.

Exarch, s. exarque, m.

EXARCHATE or EXARCHY, s. éxarchat, m. Exasperate, v. a. aigrir, provoquer. EXASPERATION, s. aigreur, f. provocation, f. Excandescence, s. chaleur, f. colère, f. vite, f. Excavate. r. a. creuser.

Excavation, s. excavation, f. creux, m. ca-EXCEED, v. a. & n. exceder, passer. Exceeding, part. adj. excessif, extrême.

Exceeding and Exceedingly, adv. excessivement, trop, extrêmement, beaucoup.

Excel, v. a. & n. surpasser, exceller.

EXCELLENCE, EXCELLENCY, s. excellence, f. préeminence, f. grandeur, f. dignité, f. EXCELLENT, adj. excellent, eminent, parfait. EXCEPT, v. a. & n. excepter, exclure.
EXCEPT, prep. excepte, a l'exception. Except, conj. à moins de, à moins que.

EXCEPTION, s. exception, f. exclusion, f EXCEPTIONABLE, adj. reprochable, recusable.

Exceptious, adj. qui se fâche aisément. EXCEPTOR, s. censeur, m. épilogueur, m. Excenp, v. a. prendre, tirer, choisir. Excess, s. exces, m. superflu, m. désordre, m. Excessive, adj. excessif, immodéré. ExcessiveLy, adv. excessivement.

Exchange, v. a. echanger, troquer. Exchange, s. echange, m. change, m.

Exchanger, s. changeur, m. banquier, m. EXCHEQUER, s. l'échiquier, m. le trésor roy-

Excisable, adj. qui paie l'accise. Excise, s. accise, f. taxe sur les denrées. Excise, v. a. lever l'accise or l'impôt.

Exciseman, s. un collecteur d'accises. Excision, s. destruction, f. extirpation, f.

ser. EXCITATION, s. instigation, f. EXCITE, v. a. exciter, animer, porter, pous-

EXCITEMENT, s. encouragement, m. Exciter, s. celui or celle qui excite. Exclaim, v. n. crier, se récrier, déclamer.

EXCLAIMER, s. déclamateur, m.

EXCLAMATION, s. clameur, f. exclamation, f. EXCLAMATIONY, adj. qui déclame, qui se ré-EXCLUI E, v. a. exclure, rejeter. [crie

Exclusion, s. exclusion, Exci.usive, adj. exclusif.

EXCLUSIVELY, adv. exclusivement.

Excogitate, v. a. trouver, imaginer, inven-EXCOMMUNICATE, v. a. excommunier. [ter. EXCOMMUNICATION, s. excommunication, f.

EXCORIATE, v. a. écorcher. Excortation, s. excoriation, f. écorchure, f.

EXCREMENT, s. excrément, m. ordure, f. EXCREMENTAL, EXCREMENTITIOUS, adj. excrémenteux.

Excrescence, s. excrescence, f.

Excretion, s. excretion, f

EXCRETIVE, EXCRETORY, adj. excrétoire. Excruciate, v. a. tourmenter, mettre à la torture.

EXCULPATE, v. a. disculper, excuser. Excursion, s. écart, m. égarement, m.

Excursive, adj. qui erre, qui s'égare.

Excusable, adj. excusable, pardonnable. Excusatory, adj. qui justifie, apologétique. Excuse, s. excuse, f. justification, f.

Excuse, v. a. excuser, pardonner, exempter. Excuseriess, adj. inexcusable, sans excuse. Excuser, s. celui qui excuse, apologiste, m.

EXECRABLE, adj. execrable, horrible, abominable.

EXECRABLY, adv. abominablement. EXECRATE, v. a. détester, abhorrer.

EXECUATION, s. execution, f. imprecation, f. EXECT or EXSECT, v. a. dissequer, couper.

EXECUTE, v. a. exécuter, effectuer, accomplir, exercer, punir de mort.

EXECUTER, s. qui exécute, exécuteur, m. EXECUTION, s. execution, f. accomplisse-

ment, m. supplice, m. saisie, f. EXECUTIONER, s. bourreau, m. Executive, adj. exécutoire.

EXECUTOR, s. executeur testamentaire. Executorship, s. charge d'executeur, f.

EXECUTORY, adj. executoire.

EXECUTRIX, s. exécutrice testamentaire. Exegetical, adj. exegetique, qui explique

EXEMPLAR, s. exemplaire, m. exemple, m. EXEMPLARILY, adv. exemplairement.

EXEMPLARY, adj. exemplaire. EXEMPLIFICATION, s. copie, f. double, m.

démonstration, f. exemple, m. preuve, fEXEMPLIFY, v. a. prouver, confirmer pardes exemples, copier, transcrire.

EXEMPT. adj. exempt, dispense, quitte; s. exempt, m.

EXEMPT, v. a. exempter, dispenser.

EXEMPTION, s. exemption, f. immunité, f. EXENTERATE, r. a. éventrer Exequial, adj. qui regarde les obséques,

EXEQUIES, s. pl. obséques, f. funérailles, f.

EXERCENT, adj. praticien, exerçant. s. exercise, m. travail, m. pra-Exercise,

tique, f. fonction, f. un thème. EXERCISE, v. a. exercer, accoutumet, pra-

tiquer ; v. n. s'exercer, faire l'exercise, Exerciser, s. celui qui exerce, qui forme.

Exeresis, s. exérèse, j

EXERT, v. a. executer, faire, produire, mon-trer. To exert one's self, s'efforcer, tacher, EXERTION, s. production, f. effort, m.

EXESTUATION, s. effervescence, J EXFOLIATE, v. n. s'exfolier, se peler.

EXPOLIATION, s. exfoliation des os.

EXHALATION, s. exhataison, f. vapeur, f. EXHALE, v. a. exhaler, pousser hors de soi. EXHAUST, v. a. épuiser, absorber. [m. EXHAUSTION, EXHAUSTING, s. epuisement,

Exhaustless, adj. inépuisable.

EXHEREDATE, v. a. exhéréder, déshériter EXHEREDATION, s. exhérédation, f.

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EXHIBIT, v. a. exhiber, produire, manifester. | EXHIBITER, s. celui qui fait voir. EXHIBITION, EXHIBIT, s. exhibition, f. production, f. représentation, entretien, m. pension, EXHIBITÍVE, adj. représentatif. EXHILARATE, v. a. égayer, réjouer, divertir. EXHILARATION, s. réjouissance, f. gaieté. f. EXHORT, v. a. exhorter, encourager, exciter. EXHORTATION, s. exhortation, f. EXHORTATIVE, EXHORTATORY, adj. qui ex-EXHORTER, s. celui qui exhorte. [soin, m. Exigence, Exigency, s. exigence, f. be-EXIGENT, s. mauvals pas, embarras, m. EXIGENT, adj. expédient, nécessaire. EXIGENTER, s. sorte d'huissier or de sergent. Exiguity, s. petitesse, f. Exiguous, adj. petit, mince. tesse. Exiguousness, s. tenuité. f. extrème peti-Exile, s. qui est en exil, banissement. EXILEMENT, s. bannissement, m. EXILE, v. a. exiler, bannir, envoyer en exil. Eximious, adj. excellent, éminent, exquis. EXINANITION, s. anéantissement, m. Exist, v. n. exister, être. Existence, Existency, s. existence, f. être, Existent, adj. existant, m. EXISTENT, ag, existant, m.

EXISTIMATION, s. estime, f. opinion, f.

EXIT, s. sortie, f. congé, m. [ueux.

EXITIAI, EXITIOUS, adf. destructeur, rui
EXODUS and EXODY, s. Exode, m.

EXONERATE, v. a. décharger, débarrasser.

EXONERATION, s. l'action de décharger.

EXOPTABLE, adf. souhaitable, déstrable.

EXDELUE, adf. exorable. EXORABLE, adj. exorable. Exorbitance, Exorbitancy, s. énormité, f. excès, m. Exorbitant, adj. exorbitant, excessif. Exorbitantly, adv. exorbitanment. Exorcise, v. a., exorciser, conjurer. Exorcism, s. exorcisme, m. conjuration, f. Exorcist, Exorciser, s. exorciste, m. Exordium, s. exorde, m. commencement, m. Exornation, s. ornement, m. décoration, f. Exosseous, adj. sans os, qui n'a point d'os. Exostosis, s. exostose, f. tumeur osséuse. Exorick, adj. étranger, exotique. EXPAND, v. a. étendre, développer. Expanse, s, étendue, f, expansion, f. Expansible, adj. qui peut s'étendre. EXPANSION, s. expansion, f. dilatation, f. EXPANSIVE, adj. expansif. [dre sur un sujet, EXPATIATE, v. n. discourir au long, s'éten-EXPECT, v. a. attendre, espérer, s'attendre à. EXPECTANT, adj. & s. expectatif, m. EXPECTATION, s. attente, f. expectative, f. EXPECTORATE, v. a. expectorer, cracher. EXPECTORATION, s. expectoration, f. crachat, m. EXPECTORATIVE, adj. expectoratif. EXPEDIENCE, EXPEDIENCY, s. convenance, EXPEDIENT, adj. expédient, propre, convenable, utile, avantageux, à propos. EXPEDIENT, s. expedient, m. moyen, m. EXPEDIENTLY, adv. convenablement. EXPEDITE, v. a. faciliter, hâter, expédier. EXPEDITE, adj. prompt, facile, aisé, expéditif. EXPEDITELY, adv. promptement.
EXPEDITION, s. expédition, f. activité, f.
EXPEDITIOUS, adj. expéditif. EXPEL, v. a. chasser, faire sortir, expulser.

EXPELLER, s celui or celle qui chasse.

EXPELLING, s. expulsion, f. l'action de chas EXPEND, v. a. dépenser, débourser. [ser EXPENSE, s. dépense, f. frais, m. mise, f. EXPENSEFUL, adj. dispendieux, conteux. EXPENSIVE, adj. dispendieux, dépensier. EXPENSIVELY, adv. d'une manière coûteuse. Expensiveness, s. prodigalité, f. frais, m. Experience, s. expérience, f. usage, m. EXPERIENCE, v. a. experimenter, essayer. EXPERIMENT, s. experience, f. essai, m. EXPERIMENT, v. a. experimenter, epronver. EXPERIMENTAL, adj. experimental EXPERIMENTALLY, adv. par expérience. EXPERT, adj. expert, verse, expérimenté. Expertly, adv. d'un manière expert. Expertness, s. adresse, f. habileté, f. Explable, adj. qu'on peut expier. EXPLATE, v. a. expier, reparer, satisfaire. EXPLATION, s. expiation, f. satisfaction, f. Explatory, adj. expiatoire. EXPIRATION, s. expilation, f. spoliation, f. EXPIRATION, s. expiration, f. fin, m. EXPIRE, v. n. expirer, mourir, finir, écheoir. Explain, v. a. expliquer, exposer, éclaircir. EXPLAINABLE, adj. expliquable. EXPLAINER, s. commentateur, m. EXPLANATION, s. explication, f. EXPLANATORY, adj. qui explique. EXPLETIVE, s. & adj. remplissage, m. explétif. EXPLICABLE, adj. explicable. [poser. EXPLICATE, v. a. développer, expliquer, ex-EXPLICATION; s. explication, f. interpréta-EXPLICATIVE, adj. explicatif. [tion, f. EXPLICATOR, s. commentateur, m. Explicit, adj. explicite, développé, clair. EXPLICITLY, adv. explicitement. EXPLICITNESS, s. clarté, f. netteté, f. EXPLODE, v. a. désapprouver, blâmer. EXPLODER, s. censeur, m. frondeur, m. EXPLOIT, s. exploit, m. action de guerre mémorable, f. EXPLOIT, v. n. faire, exécuter. EXPLORATION, s. recherche, f. examen, m. Explore, v. a. rechercher, examiner, visiter. Explorement, s. recherche, f. examen, m. Explosion, s. explosion, f. [tir Export, v. a. exporter, transporter, faire sor Exportation, s. exportation, f. transport, m. Exporter, s. celui qui exporte. Expose, v. a. exposer, montrer, produire, hazarder, risquer, diffamer. Exposition, s. exposition, f. explication, f. situation, f. Expositor, s. interprète, m. commentateur, Expostulate, v. a. & n. se plaindre. EXPOSTULATION, s. plaintes, f. reproches, m. Expostulator, s. celui qui conteste. EXPOSTULATORY, adj. plein de reproches et de plaintes. Exposure, s. exposition, f. EXPOUND, v.a. exposer, expliquer. EXPOUNDER, s. interprète, m EXPOUNDING, s. exposition, f. explication, f. Express, v. a. exprimer, déclarer, représenter, témoigner, extraire. Express, adj. expres, explicite, formal. EXPRESSIBLE, adj. exprimable. EXPRESSION, s. expression, f. représentation, EXPRESSIVE, adj. expressif, énergique.

EXPRESSIVELY, adv. d'une manière expres-

EXPRESSIVENESS, s. énergie, f. emphase, f.

EXPRESSLY, adv. expressément, clairement. | EXPRESSURE, s. expression, f. marque, f. EXPROBRATE, v. a. reprocher, imputer. Exprobration, s. reproche, m. blame, m. Expugn, n. a. conquerir, prendre d'assaut. EXPUGNATION, s. prise, f. conquête, f. EXPULSE, v. a. chasser, expulser. EXPULSION, s. expulsion, f. EXPULSIVE, adj. expulsif, expultrice. EXPUNCTION, s. abolition, f. EXPUNGE, v. a. effacer, rayer, annuller. EXPURGATION, s. purgation, f. reforme, f. EXPURGATORY, adj. expurgatoire, purgatif. Exquisite, adj. exquis, excellent, recherche. EXQUISITELY, adv. parfaitement bien. EXQUISITENESS, s. excellence, f. perfection, EXSCRIPT, s. copie, f. double, m. EXSICCATE, v. a. sécher, dessécher, mettre à Exsiccation, s. desséehement, m. [sec. Exsiccant, Exsiccative, adj. desséeatif. Exsudation, s. exsudation, f. EXTANT, adj. extant, existant, qui existe. EXTASY. See Ecstasy, s. extase, f. EXTEMPORAL, EXTEMPORARY, adj. subit, soudain. Extemporally, adv. vîte, à la hâte. EXTEMPORE, adv. sans préparation. EXTEMPORIZE, v. n. parler sans préparation. EXTEND, v. n. étendre, augmenter, élargir, répandre, saisir, faire une saisie; v. n. s'étendre. EXTENDIBLE, EXTENSIBLE, adj. extensible. Extensibility, Extensibleness, s. extensibilité, f. EXTENSION, s. extension, f. Extensive, adj. vaste, large, grande, spa-EXTENSIVELY, adv. amplement. feieux. EXTENSIVENESS, s. étendue, f. grandeur, f. dilatabilité, f. Extent, adj. étendu. EXTENT, s. étendue, f. exécution, f. Extenuate, v. a. exténuer, diminuer. EXTENUATION, s. extenuation, f. EXTERIOUR, adj. extérienr, externe. [rieur. EXTERIOURLY, adv. extérieurement, à l'exté-EXTERMINATE, v. a. exterminer, extirper. Extermination, s. extermination, f. EXTERMINATOR, s. exterminateur, m. EXTERMINATE, v. a. exterminer, extirper. EXTERN, EXTERNAL, adj. exterieur, externe. Externally, adv. extérieurement. EXTIMULATE, v. a. piquer, aiguillonner. EXTIMULATION, s. piqure, f. aiguillon, m. EXTINCT, adj. éteint, aboli, mort EXTINCTION, s. extinction, f. abolition, f. Extinguish, v. a. éteindre, amortir, abolir. EXTINGUISHABLE, adj. qu'on peut éteindre, EXTINGUISHER, s. eteignoir, m. EXTINGUISHMENT, s. extinction, f. abolition, EXTIRPATE, v. a. extirper, déraciner. [m. EXTIRPATION, s. extirpation, f. EXTIRPATOR, s. extirpateur, m. destructeur, EXTOL, r. a. exalter, louer, cck-brer. [m. EXTOLLER, adj. panégyriste, m. louangeur, EXTORSIVE, adj. tortionnaire, extorqué. Cher. EXTORSIVELY, adv. par extorsion. EXTORT, r. a. extorquer, ôter de force, arra-EXTORTER, s. oppresseur, m. EXTORTION, s. extersion, f. concussion, f. EXTORTIONER, s. oppresseur, m. concussion-EXTRACT, v. a. extraire, tirer. [naire, m. EXTRACT, s. extrait, m. essence, f. EXTRICTION, s. extraction, f. naissance, orig ne, f. 11

EXTRAJUDICIAL, adj. qui n'est pas juridique. EXTRAMUNDANE, adj. au delà du monde. EXTRANEOUS, adj. etranger, de dehors. EXTRAORDINARIES, s. pl. frais extraordi-EXTRAORDINARILY, adv. extraordinaire-Extraordinariness, s. extraordinaire, m. EXTRADRDINARY, adj. extraordinaire. EXTRAPAROCHIAL, adj. qui n'est d'aucune paroisse. EXTRAREGULAR, adj. hors des règles. Extravagance, s. extravagance, f. Extravagant, adj. extravagant, exorbitant, bizarre, fou. vague, zarre. EXTRAVAGANT, s. un homme singulier, bi-Extravagants, s. pl. extravagantes, f. Extravagantly, adv. extravaganiment. EXTRAVAGATE, v. n. extravaguer. EXTRAVASATED, part. adj. extravasé. Extreme, adj. extrême, dernier. Extreme, s. extrême, m. l'extrémité, f. Extremely, adr. extrêmement. EXTREME-UNCTION, s. l'extrême-onction, f. Extremity, s. extrémité, f. sin, f. Extricate, v. a. débrouiller, débarrasser. EXTRICATION, s. l'action de débarrasser. EXTRINS.CAL, EXTRINSICK, adj. extrinsèque. EXTRINSICALLY, adv. extérieurement. EXTRUCT, v. a. construire, bâtir. EXTRUCTOR, s. celui qui construit, qui bâtit. EXTRUDE, v. a. pousser dehors, chasser, faire EXTRUSION, s. expulsion, f. EXTUBERANCE, s. bosse, tumeur. EXTUMESCENCE, s. enflure, f. tumeur, f. EXUBERANCE, s. excrescence superflue. EXUBERANT, adj. surabondant, abondant. EXUBERANTLY, adv. abondamment, EXUBERATE, v. n. surabonder. EXUDATION, s. sueur, f. exudation, f.
EXUDATE, EXUDE, v. n. suer, sortir par la
EXULCERATE, v.a. ulcérer, aigrir. [sueur.
EXULCERATION, s. exulcération, f. dépit, m. Exult, v. n. tressaillir de joie, se réjouir. EXULTANCE, EXULTATION, s. allegresse, EXUNDATE, r. n. regorger. EXUNDATION, s. regorgement, m. abondance, EXUPERABLE, adj. qu'on peut conquérir. Exustion, s. l'action de brûler. EYAS, s. un faucon niais, fauconneau, m. Eye, s. ceil, m. (au pluriel) yeux; la vue, égard, m. soin, m. maille, f. Cast of the eye, ceillade, f. un coup d'œil. Eye of α needle, le trou d'une aiguille. Cast of the EYE, r. a. regarder, garder à vue. EYE-BITE, v. a. fasciner, charmer, ensorceler, EYE-BALL, s. la prunelle de l'œil. EVE-BRIGHT, s. eufraise, f. (sorte d'herbe.) Eve-Brow, s. le soureil. EYED, part. adj. observé, gardé à vue. Black-eyed, qui a les yeux noirs. Blear. eyed, chassieux. EYE-DROP, s. larme, f. pleurs, m. EYE-FLAP, s. une ceillère. EYE-GLANCE, s. ceillade, f. EVE-GLASS, s. lunettes, f EVELESS, s. sans yeux, aveugle, m. & f. EYELET OF EYELET-HOLE, s. ceillet, m. Eve-Lid, s. paupière, f. EYE-SALVE, s. collyre, f EYE-SHOT, s. vue, f. ceillade, f. EYE-SIGHT, s. vue, f. EYE-SORE, s. ma! des yeux, ce qui déplait.

EYE-STRING, s. fibre de l'œil, m. Eye-tooth, dent œillère, f. EYE-WATER, s. eau bonne pour les yeux. EYE-WINK, s. ceillade, f. signe, m. EYE-WITNESS, s. témoin oculaire, m. EYRE, s. gruerie, f. Justices in Eyre, juges ambulans, gruyers. EYRY, s. aire, f.

FA, s. (a musical note), fa, m.
FABACFOUS, odf. de fêve.
FABLE, s fable, f. apologue, un conte.
FABLE, v. a. & n. feindre, conter, mentir. FABLER, s. fabuliste. FABRICATE, v. a. bâtir, construire. FABRICATION, s. fabrique, f. construction, f. FABRICK, v. a. fabriquer, construire, bâtir. FABULATOR, s. fabuliste, m. unromancier. FABULOUS, adj. fabuleux, feint, romanesque. FABULOUSLY, adv. d'une manière fabuleuse. FACE, s. la face, le visage, presence, f. vue, f. état des affaires, m. apparence, f. dehors. m. front, m. hardiesse, audace, f. façade, f. Face, v. a. affronter, envisager, faire face, couvrir, revetir, parer. To face down or out, soutenir en face; to face about, faire volte-face, faire tête. FACE-PAINTER, s. peintre de portraits, m. FACE-PAINTING, s. l'art de peindre le por-FACET, s. facette, f. [trait, m. FACETIOUS, adj. facetieux, plaisant, gai, enjoué, divertissant. FACETIOUSLY, adv. facétieusement. FACETIOUSNESS, s. bouffonnerie, f. FACILE, adj. facile, commode, aisc, crédule. FACILITATE, v. a. faciliter, rendre facile or FACILITY, s. facilité, f. aisance, f. [aisé. FACING, s. parement, m. facade, FACING, part. adj. oppose, vis-à-vis. FACINOROUS, adj. atroce, mechant. FACT, s. fait, m. action, f. réalité, f. FACTION, s. faction, f. parti, m. cabale, f. FACTIOUS, adj. factieux, séditieux, mutin. FACTIOUSLY, adv. en factieux. FACTIOUSNESS, s. esprit de sédition, m. FACTITIOUS, adj. factice, artificiel. FACTOR, s. facteur, m. agent, m. commis, m. FACTORY, s. factorerie, f. FACTOTUM, s. un factotum, passe-volant, m. FACULTY, s. faculte, f. pouvoir, m. FADDLE, v. a. dorloter, s'amuser à des baga-FADE, v. a. & n. faner, flétrir. [telles. FADGE, v. a. convenir, câdrer, s'accorder. FADING, adj. mourant, languissant. FACES, s. pl. sediment, m. lie, f. FAG, v. a. etriller, battre; v. n. se lasser. FAG-END, s. le bout d'une pièce de drap. FAGOT, s. fagot, m. un passe-volant. FAGOT, v. a. garroter, lier ensemble. FAIL, v. n. faillir, manquer, tomber, périr; FAIL, s. m. tand, mander, conset, perm, v. a. abandonner, délaisser. [que, m. FAIL, s. méprise, f. faute, f. défaut, m. man-FAILING, s. faute, f. défaut, m. FAILURE, s. faute, f. manquement, m. FAIL, adj. force, obligé, constraint. FAIN, adv. volontiers, avec plaisir. FAIN, v. n. souhaiter, désirer. [fatigué. FAINT, adj. languissant, foible, mou, lâche, FAINT, v. n. s'affoiblir, languir, s'évanouir. FAINT-HEARTED, adj. timide, pusillanime. FAINT-HEARTEDLY, adr. lachement. FAINT-HEART EDNESS, s. lacheté, f crainte, | FALSIFICATION, s. falsification, f.

FAINTING, FAINTING-FIT, s. foiblesse, f. FAINTLY, adv. foiblement, làchement. FAINTNESS, s. foiblesse, f. langueur. FAIR, adj. beau, bel, belle, bon, favorable, honnête, sincère, flatteur, blond. FAIR, s. le beau, m. une beauté, une belle. FAIR, adj. avec grâce, honnêtement, au net. FAIR, s. foire, f. marché, m. FAIRING, s. présent de foire, m. le trousseau. FAIRLY, adv. honnêtement, de bonne foi. FAIRLY, adv. nonnetement, de bonne foi. FAIRLESS, s. beauté, f. hométeté, f. FAIRLSS, s. beauté, f. hométeté, f. FAIRLSPOKEN, adj. doucereux, flatteur. FAIRLY, s. fee, f. nymphe, f. enchanteresse. f. FAITH, s. foi, f. croyance, f. la doetrine, f. des dogmes, f. pl. fidélité, f. FAITHFULLY, s. & adj. fidéle, m. qui a de la FAITHFULLY, adv. fidélement. [fidélité. FAITHFULNESS, s. fidélité, f. sincérité, f. FAITHLESS, adj. incrédule, mécréant FAITHLESSNESS, s. incrédulité, f. infidélité, f. FALCATED, adj. courbé en forme de faucille. FALCHION, FAULCHION, s. coutelas recourbé. FALCON, s. un faucon, un fauconneau. FALCONER, s. fauconnier, m. FALL, v. n. tomber, s'abattre, devenir, décheoir, diminuer, s'abaisser, baisser, se mettre à, commencer à ; to full again, retomber; to fall away, decheoir, diminuer, maigrir, abandonner, décliner, déperir; to fall back, se retracter, reculer; to fall down, tomber, descendre, se jeter, se prosterner; to fall from, abandonner, renoncer à ; to fall in, se rapporter, s'accorder, tomber à, or en or entre, s'enfoncer ; to fall into, tomber en or entre or dans; donner dans; to full off, périr, cesser, abandonner, se dédire, tomber de; to fall on, commencer; to fall over, s'en aller, deserter; to fall out, arriver, survenir, rompre, se brouiller, tomber de ; to fall short, manquer, ne pas répondre, être frustré, trompé; to full to, se mettre à, s'appliquer à ; to fall under, être sujet à, devenir l'objet de. être compté pour ; to full upon, se jeter sur, assaillir, entrer dans.

FALL, v. a. laisser tomber, baisser, diminuer. FALL, s. chûte, f. ruine, f. perte, f. [f. FALL or DOWNFALL, s. décadence, f. ruine, FALLACIOUS, adj. captieux, artificieux. FALLACIOUSLY, adv. d'une manière captieuse. FALLACY, s. surprise, f. déguisement, m FALLIBILITY, s. incertitude, f. faillibilité, f. FALLIBLE, adj. sujet à l'erreur. FALLING, s. chûte, f.; adj. prêt à tomber. FALLING AWAY, s. décadence, f. FALLING IN, s. enfoncement, m. FALLING OUT, s. brouillerie, f. mesintelli-[gence, FALLING SICKNESS, s. épilepsie, f. FALLOW, adj. fauve, tirant sur le roux. FALLOW, adj. & s. terre en friche. FALLOW, v. a. labourer pour la première fois. FALLOWNESS, s. stérilité, f. FALSE, adj. faux, fansse, feint, forgé, contrefait, falsifié, perfide, infidèle, déloyal. FALSE-BRAYS, s. fausse-braie, f. FALSE-CLAIM, s. un titre à faux. [perfidie, f. FALSE-HOOD, s. fausseté, f. mensonge, m. FALSELY, adv. faussement, à faux. FALSENESS, s. fausseté, f. perfidie. f. FALSIFIABLE, adj. que l'on peut falsifier.

FALSIFIER, s. faussaire, falsificateur, men- | FAREWELL, adv. adieu, portez-vous pien.

FALSIFY, v. a. falsifier, contrefaire, rompre. FALSITY, s. faussete, f. erreur, f. FALTER, v. n. begayer, bredouiller, yaciller. FALTERING, s. bredonillement, m. meprise, f. FALTERINGLY, adv. en begayant, en hesi-

FAMBLE, v. n. bégayer, hésiter en parlant. FAME, s. réputation, f. renommée, f. renom,

m. gloire, f. célébrité, f.
FAMEL, adj. renommé, célèbre, illustre.
FAMELESS, adj. sans réputation, ignoble.
FAMILIAR, adj. familiar, ordinaire, aisé. FAMILIAR, s. un ami intime, un lutin.

FAMILIARITY, s. familiarité, f. habitude, f. FAMILIARIZE, v. a. familiariser.

FAMILIARLY, adv. familièrement, librement, sans façon.

FAMILY, s. famille, f race, f. classe, f. FAMINE, s. famine, f. disette de vivres, f. FAMISH, v. a. & n. affamer, ètre affame. Famous, adj. fameux, renommé, célèbre. Famousiy, adv. avec célébrité, avec éclat. FAMOUSNESS, s. célébrité, f. renom, m. FAN, s. un éventail, un écran, un van.

FAN, v. a. vaner, éventer.

FANATICAI., adj. fanatique, de visionnaire. FANATICISM, s. fanatisme, m. enthousiasme, FANATICK, s. & adj. un fanatique. FANCIFUL, udj. imaginaire, fantasque. FANCIFULLY, adv. par fantaisie, par caprice.

FANCIFULNESS, s. caprice, m. boutade, f. Fancy, s. imagination, pensee, f. idee, f. vision, f. illusion, f. caprice, m. gout, m. inclination, f. plaisir, m. affection, f. FANCY-SICK, adj. malade imaginaire.

FANCY, v. a. s'imaginer, croire, penser, aimer. FANE, s. un temple, girouette, f FANFARON, s. fanfaron, un vanteur.

FANFARONADE, s. fanfaronade, f. FANG, s. griffe, f. défenses, f. pl.

FANGLE, adj. imagine, foreistes, f. fil.

FANGLE, a. saisir, empoigner, prendre avec
FANGED, adj. arme de defenses. [les griffes.
FANGLE, s. invention, f. essai, m. projet, m.
New-fangles, des nouveautés, de nouveaux
FANGLED, adj. imaginé, forgé. [systèmes.
FANGLESS, adj. saus dents, sans défenses.

FANNEL, s. fanon, m. manipule, m. FANNER, s. vaneur, m.

FANTASM er PHANTASM, s. fantôme, m.

spectre, m. apparition. FANTASTIED, adj. plein de faintaisie. [tique. FANTASTICAL, FANTASTICK, adj. fantas-

FANTASTICALLY, adv. par fantaisie, par ca-FANTASTICALNESS, s. fantaisie, f. caprice, m.

FANTASY, s. idée, f. fantaisie, f. caprice, m. FANTASY, s. idée, f. fantaisie, f. caprice, m. FAN, adr. loin, bien loin, au loin, fort. So far, si loin, jusques-là. How far, combien, jusqu'où, jusqu'à quel point. Thus far, jusqu'ici. By far, de beaucoup. Far and near, far and wide, par-tout, de tous côtès. Far better, beaucoup meilleur.

FAR, adj. éloigné, étranger, distant. FAR-FETCH, s. un stratagême, fin or rusé. FARCE, s. farce, f. fatras, m., v. a. farcir. FARCY, s. (the leprosy of horses) farcin, m. FARDEL, s. paquet, m. sae de nuit, m. FARDINGDALE, s. vertugadin, m. panier, m.

FARDING-DEAL OF FARUNDEL, un quart d'arpent.

FARE, v. n. aller, arriver, se nourrir. FARE, s. voiture, f. passage, m. c. rre, f. FAREWELL, s. congé, m. adieu. m. FARINACEOUS, adj. farineux.

FARM, s. ferme, f. metairie, f. FARM, v. a. prendre à ferme, affermer, FARMER, s. fermier, m. cultivateur, m.

FARMOST, adj. superl. of far, le plus cloigné. FARMESS, s. distance, f. cloignement, m. FARMAGINOUS, adj. composé de différens FARMAGO, s. un pot-pourri. [matériaux.

FARRAGO, s. un pot-pourri. [matériaux. FARRIER, s. maréchal, m. maréchal ferrant. FARROW, s. un petit cochon.

FARROW, v. n. cochonner, faire de petits co-FARSANG, s. farasange, f. 3 milles de perse.

FART, s. un pet; r. n. peter, fair un pet. FARTER, s. un petcur.

FARTHER, v. a. carguer, heurter. FARTHER, adv. & conj. plus loin, de plus. FARTHER, adj. ultérieur, plus éloigné. FARTHER, v. a. avancer, encourager.

FARTHERANCE, s. encouragement

FARTHERMORE, adv. de plus, en outre. FARTHEST, adv. & adj. le plus éloigné. FARTHING, s. un liard d'Angleterre.

FARTHINGALE, s. vertugadin, m. panier, m. ARTHINGSWORTH, s. pour un liard, m.

Fasces, s, pl, faisceaux, m. [cordon, Fascia, s, bandage, m, bandelette, f, in Fascinate, r, a, & n, fasciner, enchanter.

FASCINATION, s. sortilège, m. charme, m. FASCINE, s. fascine, f. fagot, m.

Fascinous, adj. ensorcelant. FASHION, s. façon, f. manière, f. sorte, f. couttune, f. mode, f. forme, f. figure, f.

FASHION, v. a. donner la forme, former, figu-FASHIONABLE, adj. à la mode. FASHIONABLENESS, s. mode, f. élegance, f.

propreté, f.

FASHIONABLY, adv. à la mode. FASHIONER, FASHIONIST, s. un rechercheur de nouvelles modes, un petit maître.

Fast, v. n. jeuner, s'abstenir de manger. Fast, s. jeune, m. amarre, f.

FAST-DAY, s. jour de jeune, m. FAST, adj. fermé, stable, immobile, fort, serré.

FAST, adv. ferme, pres, promptement. FASTEN, v. a. &n. attacher, her, fermer, join-

dre, s'attacher, rester; to fasten in, ficher, enfoncer; to fasten upon, fixer sur, charger,

imputer, s'emparer, obliger.
FASTENER, s. celui qui attache quelque chose.

FASTER, s. jeuneur, m. qui jeune.

FASTER, adj. comparat. of Fast, which see.

FAST-HANDED, adj. avare, avaricieux. FASTIDIOSITY, s. dedain, m. mepris, m. FASTIDIOUS, adj. dédaigneux, méprisant.

FASTIDIOUSLY, adv. fasiidieusement.

FASTING, s. jeune, m.; adv. à jeun.

FASTNESS, s. fermeté, f. sureté, f. fort, m. FAT, udi, gras, qui a de la graisse. FAT, s. le gras, la graisse. FAT or VAT, s. une cuve, un cuvier.

FAT, v. α. & n. engraisser, s'engraisser. FATAL, adj. fatal, funeste, inévitable.

FATALIST, s. fataliste, m.
FATALITY, s. fatalité, f. destin, m. destinée, f. FATALLY, adr. fatalement, par fatalité.

FATE, s. destin, m. destinee, f. fatalité, f.

The fates, les parques, f. [prédestine.
FATEL, adj. ordonné par le destin, destiné,
FATHER, s. père, m.; v. a. adopter, attribuFATHER IN-LAW, s. beau-père, m. [er.

FATHERHOOD, s. paternité, f.

FATHERLESS, adj. sans pere, orphelin, or-FATHERLINESS, s. amour paternel. FATHERLY, adj. paternel; adv. en père. FATHOM, s. brasse, f. pénétration, f. FATHOM, v. a. sonder, approfondir. FATHOMLESS, adj. sans fond, impénétrable. FATIDICAL, adj. prophétique. FATIGUE, s. fatigue, f. lassitude, f. travail, m. FATIGUE, FATIGATE, v. α. fatiguer, lasser. FATLING, s. un animal qu'on engraisse pour FATNER, s. celui que engraisse. [le tuer. FATTEN, v. a. & n. engraisser, s'engraisser. FATTENING, s. l'action d'engraisser, engrais, FATTY, adj. gras, onetueux. FATUOUS, adj. stupide, imbécile. FATUITY, s. stupidité, f. imbecilité, f. sottise, FAUCET, s. faucet, m. canule, f. FAULCON, S. fauchon, m. sabre recourbé. FAULCON, FAULCONER, see Falcon, Falco-FAULT, s. faute, f. erreur, f. [ner, &c. FAULTER, s. un coupable, un offenseur. FAULT-FINDER, s. eenseur, m. critique, m. FAULTILY, adv. par méprise, à tort, mal. FAULTINESS, s. faute, f. vice, m. offence, f. FAULTLESS, adj. sans faute, sans défaut. FAULTY, adj. coupable, vicieux, défectueux. FAULITY, aag. coupande, victua, defectively.

FAUSEN, s. une grande anguille. [m.
FAUTOR, s. fauteur, m. patron, m. partisau,
FAVOUR, v. a. favoriser, soutenir, approuver.
FAVOUR, s. faveur, f. grâce, f. bienfait, m.
crédit, m. affection, f. amour, m. bienveillance, f. permission, f. un nœud de rubans,
livrée, f. Pair du visage, m. FAVOURABLE, adj. favorable, bon, propice. FAVOURABLENESS, s. bonté, f. faveur, f. FAVOURABLY, adv. favorablement. Wellfavoured, bien fait, agréable. FAVOURER, s. partisan, m. fauteur. FAVOURITE, s. un favori, une favorite. FAWN, s. faon, m.; v.a. faonner, flatter. FAWNER, s. flatteur, m. cajoleur, m. FAWNING, s. flatterie, f. caresse, f. FAWNINGLY, adv. servilement, bassement. FAY, s. une fée, une sorcière; v. a. joindre. FEAGUE, v. α. fouetter, donner les étrivières. FEAR, s. crainte, f. peur, f. frayeur, f. For FEAR, adv. de erainte, de peur. FEAR, v. a. & n. eraindre, appréhender. FEARFUL, adj. craintif, peureux, timide, terrible, épouvantable. FEARFULLY, adv. horriblement, terrible-FEARFULNESS, s. timidité, f. crainte, f. FEARING, s. crainte, f. FEARLESSLY, adr. sans crainte, hardiment. FEARLESSNESS, s. intrépidité, f. hardiesse, f. FEARLESS, adj. intrépide, hardi, sans crainte. FEASIBILITY, s. possibilité, f. FEASIBLE, adj. faisable, praticable. FEASIBLY, adv. d'une manière faisable. FEAST, s. festin, m. fête, f. régal, m.
FEAST, v. n. & a. faire bonne chère, se régaler, régaler, fêter, traiter.
FEASTER, s. qui fait ou qui aime des festins. FEASTING, s. festins, m. pl. regal, m. FEASTING-PENNY, s. denier à Dieu, m. FEAT, s. fait, m. action, f. exploit, m. FEAT, adj. leste, propre, gentil, étrange. FEATHER, s. plume d'oiseau, f. A feather-bed, in lit de plumes. Down-feathers, du-vet. A plume of feathers, un plumet. Feather moom, plumail, m.

FEATHER, v. a. garnir, orner de plumes.

FEATHER-FOOTED, adj. pattu, qui a des plumes aux pieds FEATHERLESS, adj. sans plumes, plumé. FEATHER-SELLER, s. plumassier, FEATHERY, adj. couvert de plumes. FEATURE, s. figure, f. visage, f. trait, m. FEATURE, v. a. ressembler de visage. FEAZE, v. a. & n. défiler, décorder. FEBRIFUGE, s. & adj. fébrifuge, m. FEBRILE, adj. qui caractérise la fièvre. FEBRUARY, s. fevrier, m. Feces, s. lie, f. sediment, m. excremens, mFECULENCE and FECULENCY, s. sédiment, m. FECULENT, adj. fécal, bourbeux, sale, dé-FECUND, adj. fécond, fertile. [gootant. FECUNDATION, s. l'action de rendre fécond. FECUNDITY, s. fécondité, f. fertilité, f. FEDERAL, adj. qui a rapport à une ligue. FEDERATE, udj. confédéré, ligué, associé FEE, s. fief servant, fief, seigneurie, f. absolute or Fee-simple, fief absolu. tail, fief mouvant. FEE-FARM, s. cense, f. fief à perpétuité FEE or FEES, s. droit, m. salaire, m. FEE, v. a. payer, récompenser, corrompre par argent, graisser la patte, louer. FEEBLE, adj. toible, languissant, débile. FEEBLENESS, s. foiblesse, f. débilité, f. FEEBLY, adv. foiblement, sans force. FEED, r. a. & n. nourrir, paitre, repaitre, entretenir, contenter, satisfaire, se nourrir. FEEDER, s. nourriture. f. pâture, f. FEEDER, s. nourrieier, m. mangeur, m. FEEDING, s. nourriture, f. pâture, FEEL, v. n. & a. sentir, ressentir, tâter. FEELER, s. celui qui sent, les antennes des FEELING, s. sentiment, m. [insectes, f. FEELINGLY, adv. sensiblement. Feign, v. a. & n. feindre, inventer, dissimuler, faire semblant, en imposer. FEIGNEDLY, adr. avec feinte Feigner, s. inventeur, m, dissimulateur, m. FEINT, s. feinte, f. dissimulation, f. FELICITATE, v. a. rendre heureux, féliciter. FELICITATION, s. félicitation, f. FELICITY, s. félicité, f. bonheur, m. FELINE, adj. de chat. FELL, adj. cruel, barbare, sanguinaire, sauvage, farouche. FELL, s. peau, m. fourrure, f. rais,m. Fell, r. a. abattre, terrasser, jeter à terre. A fellable tree, arbre bon à couper. [ment, m, FELLER, s. un bucheron. FELLING, s. abattis, m. coupe, f. abattre-FELLMONGER, s. pelletier, m. FELL-WORT, s. (a plant) gentiane, f. FELLNESS, s. cruauté, f. inhumanité, f. FELLOE or FELLY, s. jante, (d'une roue, f.) Fellow, s. compagnon, m. camarade, m. associé, m. égal, m. pareil, m. agrégé d'un collège, m. boursier, m. FELLOW, v. a. assortir, appareiller. [m. FELLOW-COMMONER, s. semblable, m. égal, FELLOW-FEELING, s. sympathie, f. FELLOW-HEIR, s. eohéritier, m. FELLOW-HELPER, s. coadjuteur, m. coopera-FELLOW-LABOURER. s. eollaborateur, m. FELLOWSHIP, s. société, f. compagnie, f. association, f. communion, f. bourse de collège, f. FELLOW-STUDENT, s. condisciple, m.

Fellow-subject, s. sujet du même prince, Fellow-sufferer, s. compagnon de disgrace. A young fellow, un jenne éveillé.

An old fellow, un vieux penard. A sorry | FERTILENESS, FERTILITY, s. fertilité, fellow, un pauvre homme, un gredin. saucy fellow, un impudent, un insolent. naughty fellow, un mechant garnement. FELLY-MINDED, adj. cruel, sanguinaire. FELLY, s. jante de roue. f. [suicide, m. Felon, s. félon, m. criminel, m. [eruel. FELON, FELONIOUS, adj. mechant, perfide, FELONIOUSLY, adr. en traître, perfidement. Felony s. felonie, f. crime capital. Felt, s. feutre, m. bourre, f.; v. a. feutrer. FELT-MAKER, s. chapelier, m. FELUCCA, s. felouque, f. FEMALE, s. & adj. femelle, f. féminin, m. FEME-COVERT, s. une femine mariée.
FEME-soile, s. femine libre, qui n'est pas mariée. FEMININE, adj. féminin, efféminé. Fenoral, adj. qui appartient à la cuisse. FEN, s. marais, m. marceage, m. FENCE, s. repart, m. surete, f. défence, f. boulevard, m. retranchement, m. palissade, f. elôture, f. haie, f FENCE, v. a. clorre de haie, enclorre, fortifier, retrancher; v. n. faire des armes. FENCER, s. maître d'armes, m. une personne qui tire des armes. FENCELESS, adj. ouvert, sans clôture. FENCIBLE, adj. capable de défence.
FENCIBLE, adj. capable de défence.
FENCIBLE, adj. capable de défence.
cher, de faire des armes. FENCING-MASTER, s. maître en fait d'armes. FENCING-SCHOOL, s. salle d'armes, f. FEND, v. a. parer, détourner, écarter. FENDER, s. garde-fen, m. garde-cendres, m. FENNEL, s. (a plant) fenouil, m. FENNISH or FENNY, adj. marecageux. FENUGREEK, s. (a plant) fenégré, m. FEODAL, aoj. féodal, tenu d'un autre. FEODARY, s. feudataire, m. vassal, m. FEOFF, v. a. donner l'investiture. FEOFFEE, s. donataire, m. fidéi-commissaire, FEOFFER, s. celui qui met en possession. FEOFFMENT, s. donation, f. infeodation, f. Feoffment in trust, fidéi-commis, m. FERINE, adj. féroce, sauvage, farouche. FERINESS and FERITY, s. eruaute, f. ferocité, f. FERMENT, r. a. & n. mettre en fermentation, fermenter. FERMENT, s. ferment, m. fermentation, f. FERMENTABLE, adj. capable de fermentation.

FERMENTAL, FERMENTATIVE, adj. fermentatif. FERMENTATION, s. fermentation, f. FERN, s. (a plant) fougère, f. FERNY, adj. plein or couvert de fougère. FEROCITY, s. feroce, sauvage, farouche. FEROCITY, s. ferocité, f. cruauté, f. FERREOUS, adj. de fer, ferrugineux. FERRET, s. furet, m. fleuret, m. filoselle, f. FERRET, v. a. furcter, tourmeuter. FERRIAGE, s. passage, m. (dans un bac.) FERRUGINOUS, adj. ferrugineux. FERRULE, s. cercle de fer, m. virole, f. fer, m. FERRY, v. a. & n. passer dans un bac. FERRY, s. l'endroit où l'on passe l'eau dans un bac. FERRY-BOAT, s. bac, m. un bachot. FERRYMAN, s. batelier, m. passeur, m. FERTILE, adj. fertile, abondant, feeond. FERTILELY, adv. fertilement, abondamment.

FERTILITATE, FERTILIZE, v. a. fertiliser. FERULA, s. férule, f. FERVENCY, s. ferveur, f. ardeur, f. zêle, m. FERVENT, adj. ardent, chaud, violent. FERVENTLY, adv. avec ferveur, ardemment. FERVID, adj. chaud, ardent, véhément. FERVIDITY, FERVIDNESS, s. ferveur, f.. ardeur, f.

FERVOUR, s. ferveur, f. ardeur, f. zèle, m. FESCUE, s. touche, f. Fester, v. n. se corromp. c., r.
Festering, s. suppuration, f.
Festination, s. hate, f. precipitation, f.
Festination, adj. de fete; s. fete, f. jour de
Festival, adj. de fete; s. fete, f. jeur de FESTER, v. n. se corrompre, apostumer, sup FESTIVE, adj. joyeux, gai, enjoue. FESTIVITY, s. fete, f. rejouissance, f.

FESTOON, s. festoon, m. guirlande, f. FETCH, v. a. aller querir or chercher, faire venir, apporter; to fetch a walk, faire une promenade; to fetch a compuss or circuit, prendre un détour; to fetch one's breath, prendre haleine, respirer ; to fetch a leap, faire un saut; to fetch a sigh, pousser un soupir, soupirer; to fetch a blow, porter un coup; to fetch some money, produire, procurer de l'argent, avoir son prix; to fetch away, emmener, emporter; to fetch down, faire descendre, amener, abaisser, rabattre, humilier; to fetch in or within, faire entrer; to fetch off, oter, tirer, enlever; to fetch over, tromper, duper, attraper; to fetch out, faire sortir; to fetch up, at-

teindre, rattraper. FETCH, s. finesse, f. subtilité, f. artifice, m. FETID, adj. qui sent mauvais, fétide. FETIDNESS, s. puanteur, f. odeur fétide. FETLOCK, s. fanon, m. FETTER, v. a. mettre dans les fers, enchaîner. FETTERS, s. pl. fers, m. esclavage, m. FETUS, FETUS, s. fetus, embryon, m. FEUD, s. discorde, f. inimitié, f. haine, f. FEUDAL, adj. feodal; s. fief, m. Feudatory, s. feudataire, m. FEUILLAGE, s. feuillage, m. FEVER, s. fièvre, f.; v. a. donner la fièvre.

FEVERFEW, s. matricaire. f. sorte d'herbe. FEVERISH, FEVEROUS, FEVERY, adj. fiè-FEW, pron. adj. peu; s. peu, m. vreux. FEWEL, s. chauffage, m. matières combusti-FEWEL, r. a. entretenir le feu. FEWER, the comparat, of Few, moins. FEWNESS, s. petit nombre, peu, m. FIANTS, s. pl. fiente, f. (de bêtes fauves.) FIR, s. mensonge, m. fausseté, f. bourde, f. FIR, v. n. mentir, dire un mensonge. FIBBER, s. menteur, menteuse. FIBRE, s. fibre, m. FIBRIL, s. fibrille, f. FIBROUS, adj. fibreux, fibrillairc. FICKLE, adj. volage, changeant, inconstant. FICKLENESS, s. légèreté, f. inconstance. f. FICKLY, adv. d'une manière inconstante. Fiction, s. fiction, f. fable, f. conte, f. Fictitious, adj. fabuleux, forgé, controuvé. FICTITIOUSLY, adv. faussement.

FIDDLE, s. violon, m.; v. n. jouer du violon. FIDDLE-FADDLE, s. bagatelle, f. fadaise, f. FIDDLER, s. un joueur de violon FIDDLE-STICK, s. archet, m. bagatelle, f. FIDDLE-STRING, s. corde de violon, f. FIDELITY, s. fidélité, f. véracité, f. FIDGE and FIDGET, v. n. fretiller, s'agiter. FIDUCIAL, adj. assuré, plein de consiance.

FIEF, s. fief, m. domaine noble. FIELD, s. champ, m. prairie, f. pré, m. campagne, champ de bataille. A fruitful field, carrière, f. étendue, f. matière vaste, plaine, f. place, f. Field-battle, bataille rangée. FIELD-BED, s. une lit de gazon, lit de camp. FIELD-MARSHAL, s. lieutenant-général. FIELD-MOUSE, s. mulot, m. FIELD-OFFICER, s. officier de l'état-major. FIELD-PIECE, s. pièce de campagne, f. FIEND, s. un ennemi, une furie, un démon. FIENCE, adj. sauvage, féroce, farouche, véhément, impétueux, violent, rude. FIERCELY, adv. furieusement, avec furie. FIERCENESS, s. férocité, f. violence, f. FIERINESS, s. chaleur, f. fougue, f. FIERY, adj. igné, enflammé, ardent. FIFE, s. (a wind instrument) fifre, m. FIFTEEN, adj. quinze. [zième denier. FIFTEENTH, adj. & s. quinzième, le quin-FIFTH, adj. & s. cinquième, m. quinte, f. (en musique.) FIFTHLY, adv. cinquièmement. FIFTIETH, adj. & s. cinquantième, m. FIFTY, adj. cinquante. [figuier, m. Fig-tree, F16, s. figue, f. une bagatelle. F1 F16, s. fic, m. (maladie.) F16, v. n. insulter, embarrasser, roder. FIGHT, v. n. & a. se battre, combattre. fight it out, se battre à outrance, vider un différend par le combat. FIGHTER, s. combat, m. bataille, f. mèlée, f. FIGHTER, s. guerrier, m. ferrailleur, m. FIGHTING, part. adj. combattant, soldat. FIGHERT, s. fiction, f. invention, f. fable, f. FIGHECKER, s. (a bird) bee figue, m. FIGURABLE, adj. capable de recevoir une FIGURAL, adj: figure, représenté par des FIGURATE, adj. figure, qui a une certaine forme. FIGURATION, s. configuration, f. FIGURATIVE, adj. figuré, figuratif. FIGURATIVELY, adv. figurément. FIGURE, s. figure, f. taille-douce, f. statue, f. personnage, m. chiffre, m. FIGURE, v.a. figurer, façonner, imaginer. FIGWRE, s. (a sort of herb) scrofulaire, f. FILACEOUS, adj. composé de fils. FILACER, s. sorte d'officier dans la cour des plaidoyers communs. FILAMENT, s. filament, m. FILANDERS, s. filandres, FILBERT, s. aveline, f. noisette, f. FILBERT-TREE, s. un noisetier, m. coudrier, FILCH, r. a. filouter, escamoter. FILE, s. fil, m. liasse, file, f. rangée, f. lime FILE, v. a. enfiler, limer. FILE-DUST, FILINGS, s. pl. limaille, f. FILE OFF, v. n. marcher à la file, filer, défiler. FILER, s. limeur, m. FILIAL, adj. filial, de fils. FILIALLY, adv. filialement. FILIATION, s. filiation, f. FILIPENDULA, s. filipendule, f. FILL, v. a. emplir, remplir, satisfaire, accomplir, farcir; to fill out, verser à boire; to fill up, remplir tout-à-fait, combler, employer; r. n. s'emplir, se remplir. FILI, s. suffisance, f. contentement, m.

FIL ER, s. celui qui remplit, limonier, m.

FIDUCIARY, s. fidéi-commissaire, m.; adj. FILLET, s. bande, f. tresse, f. filet, m. une confié. estragale, une fusée, un chapelet. FILLET, v. a. lier avec une bande, orner. FILLING, adj. rassasiant. FILLIP, s. chiquenaude, f; v. a. donner une chiquenaude. FILLY, s. un poulain, une pouliche. FILM, s. tunique, f. membrane, f. The film of the brain, le pericrane. FILMY, adj. membraneux, composé de membranes. FILOSEILLA, s. filoselle, f. grosse soie. FILTER, v. a. filtrer; s. couloir, m. FILTH, s. ordure, f. saleté, f. impureté, f. FILTHLY, ade. salement, vilainement. FILTHINESS, s. saleté, f. ordure, f. FILTHY, adj. sale, vilain, impur, obseène. FILTRATE, v. a. filtrer, passer. FILTRATION, s. filtration, f. l'action de filtrer. FIN, s. nagcoire de poisson, f. aileron, m. FINABLE, adj. amendable. FINAL, adj. final, qui termine, décisif. FINALLY, adv. enfin, finalement. FINANCE, s. finance, f. treser public, m. FINANCER and FINANCIER, s. financier, m. FINARY, s. fonderie, f. FIND, r. a. trouver, rencontrer, découvrir, inventer, imaginer, voir, sentir, reconnoître, conjecturer, donner, fournir, approuver, recevoir. FINDER, s. celui qui trouve, qui decouvre. FINDFAULT, s. critique, m. censeur, m. FINE, adj. beau, bel, belle, bien fait, fin, subtil, raffine, propre, delicat, adroit, par-fait, accompli, elégart, brave. FINE, s. amende, f. forfaiture, f. transport, m. In fine, adr. entin. FINE, v. a. affiner, raffiner, mettre à l'amende; v. n. payer l'amende. FINE-DRAW, v. a. rentraire. FINE-DRAWER, s. rentrayeur, rentrayeuse. FINELY, adv. bien, fort bien, de la belle ma-FINENESS, s. beauté, f. finesse, f. FINER, s. affineur, m. FINERY, s. ornement, m. ajustement. m. FINESSE, s. stratagème, m. finesse, f. FINEW, s. moisissure, f. chancissure. f. FINGER, s. doigt, m. ; v. a. toucher, manier. INGERING, s. maniement, doigte, m. FINGER-STALL, s. poupée, f. FINICAL, adj. affèté, précieux, fat. FINICALLY, adr. avec affeterie. FINICALNESS, s. afféterie, f. fatuité. f. ton Finis, s. la fin. [precieux, m. Finish, v.a. finir, terminer, achever, accomplir, perfectionner, mettre la dernière main. FINISHER, s. exécuteur, m. FINISHING. s. accomplissement, m. FINITE, adj. fini, borné, limité, terminé. FINITELESS, adj. sans fin, illimité, infini. FINITELY, adr. jusqu'à un certain point. FINITELESS, FINITUDE, s. limites, f. pl. FINNY, adj. qui a des nageoires. FIR or FIR-TREE, s. sapin, m. bois de sapin, FIRE, s. feu, m. flamme, f. incendie, m. St. Anthony's fire, érésipèle, f. St. Helen's or Hermes's fire, feu S. Elme. FIRE, v. a. & n. mettre le feu, enslammer, embraser, tirer, faire feu, prendre feu s'enflammer. FIRE-BALL, s. boule à feu, f. grenade, f. FIRE-BALL, s. tison, m. boute-feu, m. incendiaire, in.

FIREDRAKE, s. dragon-volant, m. FIREFORK, s. un fourgon. FIREKILN, s. un fourneau. FIRELOCK, s. fusil, m. arquebuse, f. carabine, FIREMAN, s. homme chargé d'éteindre le feu. FIRENEW, adj. battant-neuf. FIREPAN, s. réchaud, m. le bassinet d'un fusil. FIRER, s. boute-feu, m. incendiaire, m. FIRE-ROOM, s. chambre à feu, f. FIRE-SHIP, s. brûlot, m. FIRE-STONE, s. pyrite, m. sorte de fossile. FIRE-WOOD, s. bois de chauffage, m. FIRE-WORK, s. feu d'artifice, m. FIRING, s. chauffage, m. FIRK, v. a. frapper, battre, châtier. FIRKIN, s. un quart de barrique. FIRM, adj. ferme, constant, assuré. FIRM, s. raison, f. société, f. preneur, m. FIRM, v. a. établir, rendre stable, fixer. FIRMAMENT, s. le firmament, le ciel. FIRMLY, adv. fermement, constainment. FIRMNESS, s. fermeté, f. stabilité, f. FIRST, adj. premier, unième, le plus ancien. FIRST, adv. premièrement. At first, d'abord. au commencement. First or last, tôt ou tard. FIRST BEGOT OF FIRST-BEGOTTEN, s. l'aîué, FIRST-COUSIN, s. cousin-germain, m. FIRST-FRUITS, s. pl. premices, f. pl. FIRSTLING, adj. & s. premier-ué, m. FISCAL, adj. & s. le fisc, fiscal. Fish, s. poisson, m. fiche, f. (aux cartes.) shell-fish, un poisson à coquille. Fish, v. a. & n. pêcher. FISH-BONE, s. arête, f. FISH-DAY, s. jour-maigre, m.
FISHFR and FISHERMAN, s. pêcheur, m.
FISHERY, s. pêche, f. la pêcherie. FISH-HOOK, s. hamcçon, m. FISHING, s. l'action de pêcher, pêche, f. FISH-KETTLE or FISH-PAN, s. poissonnière FISH-MARKET, s. poissonnerie, f. [f FISH-MONGER, s. poissonnier, m. Fish-pond, s. un étang, un vivier. Fishy, adj. poissonneux, de poisson. FISSURE, s. une fente, une ouverture.

FIST, s. le poing; v. n. frapper avec le poing. Club-fisted, qui a de gros poings. FISTICUFFS, s. coups de poing, m. pl. FISTINUT, s. pistache, f. Fistinut-tree, pis-FISTULAR, S. fistule, f. [tachier, m. FISTULAR, FISTULOUS, adj. creux, fistu-FIT, s. accès, m. transport, m. attaque, f. humeur, f. caprice, m. boutade, f.
Fir, adj. propre, capable, en état de, convenable, décent, à propos, bon, juste. Fit, r.a. & n. préparer, accommoder, convenir, assortir; to fit out, fournir, equiper, armer; to fit up, ajuster, préparer. Fiтен, s. vesce, f. Wild-fitch, vesseron, m. FIGHAT OF FITCHEW, s. un chafouin, fou-FITFUL, adj. qui vient par accès, fantasque. FITLY, adr. à propos, convenablement. FITNESS, s. propriété, f. convenance, f. FITTER, s. celui qui prépare, lambeau, m. FITTING, adj. convenable, à propos, juste. Five, adj. einq. FIVE-FOOT, s. (the star-fish) étoile, f. FIVE-LEAVED, adj. qui a cinq feuilles. Fix, v. a. & n. arrêter, s'établic.

FIXATION, s. fixation, f. stabilité, f.

FIXED, part. adj. fixé, déterminé.

FIXEDLY, adv. d'une manière fixé, fixement. FIXEDNESS, s. fixation, f. stabilite, f.
FIXIDITY OF FIXITY, s. fixite, f. [ville.
FIXTURE, s. tout ce qui tient à clou et à che-Fizgie, s. sorte de harpon, foine, f. FIZZLE, s. vesse, f.; v. a. vesser, lâcher une FIZZLER, s. vesseur, vesseuse: [vesse. FIZZLING, s. l'action de vesser, vesse, f. FLABBY, adj. mou, mollasse, flasque. FLAEBY, adj. mou, monasse, nasque. FLACCID, adj. foible, languissant, lache. FLACCIDITY, s. relâchement, m. foiblesse, f. FLAG, v. n. & o. baisser, devenir foible. FLAG, s. glateul, m. flambe, f. un balai de FLAG-officer, s. chef d'escadre, m. [jonc. FLAG-SHIP, s. amiral, m. pavillon, m. FLACELET, s. flageclet, m.
FLAGELLATION, s. flagellation, f.
FLAGGINESS, s. defaut de tension, foiblesse, f. FLAGGY, adj. mou, flasque, pendant. FLAGITIOUS, adj. mechant, vicieux, atroce. FLAGITIOUSNESS, s. méchanceté, / FLAGON, s. flacon, m. pot, m. carafe, f. FLAGRANCY, s. embrassement, m. feu, m. FLAGRANT, adj. ardent, enflammé, insigne. FLAIL, s. fléau, m. FLAKE, s. flocon, m. bluette, f. étincelle, f. glaçon, m. FLAKE, v. a. se peler, s'exfelier. FLAKE, adj. qui est par feuilles, par couches. FLAM, s. conte, m. fable, f. feinte, f. FLAM, r. n. tromper avec un mensonge. FLAMBEAU, s. flambeau, m. torche, J FLAME, s. flamme, f. feu, m. ardeur, f. FLAME, v. n. flamber, s'embraser. FLAMEN, s. flamine, m. un prêtre. FLAMY or FLAMING, adj. ardent, enflammé. FLANK, s. flanc, m. coté, m. FLANK, v. a. prendre en flanc, flanquer. FLANK, r. a. prendreen tane, nanquet.
FLANBEL, s. flanelle, f. or molleton, m.
FLAP, s. pan, m. d'une robe, d'une table, &c.
coup, m. tape, f.; flap of the ear, l'oreille
exterieure, f.; flap of a shoe, lcs oreilles
d'un soulier, f. pl.; flap of the throat, l'épiglotte, f. The fore-flap, le devant. The
hind-flap, le derrière. A fly-flap, émoudreis residues exponences m. cheir or chasse-mouches, m. 71. FLAP, v.a. & n. frapper, baisser, s'abattre. FLARE, v. n. éblouir, briller d'un éclat passager. FLARING, adj. éblouissant, éclatant. FLASH, s. flamme subite, celat de lumière, m. impétuosité, f.; flash of lightning, éclair, m.; flash of the eye, un coup d'œil, une ceillade; flash of wit, une saillie, un trait d'esprit; flush of water, éclaboussure, f. réjaillissement d'eau, m. FLASII, v. n. reluire, éclater, réjaillir. FLASHING, s. éclat, m. élan de clarté, m.;
flashing of water, réjaillissement, m.
FLASHY, adj. superficiel, subit, insipide. FLASK, s. une bouteille à vin, un fourniment, une boite à poudre, flasque, m. FLASKET, s. grande corbeille, manne, f. FLAT, adj. plat, uni, camus, insipide, bas. FLAT and PLAIN, adv. franc et net. FLAT, s. plat pays, plaine, f. bas fond, m. FLAT, v. a. & n. applanir, applatir. FLAT-ARCHED, adj. à ceintre plat. FLAT-BOTTOMED, adj. fait a fond de cuve. FLATLY, adv. franc et net, tout net. FLATNESS, s. égalité, f. fadeur, f. insipidité, f. FLATTEN, v. a. & n. applanir, applatir. FLATTER, v. a. flatter, louer excessivement. FLATTERER, s. un flatteur, un adulateur.

FLING, v. a. jeter, lancer; to fling away, reje-

FLOWER-GENTLE, s. aramante, f. [fleurs, m.

FLATTERING, adj. flatteur, qui flatte. ter, chasser, prodiguer; to fling down, demolir, abattre, ruiner; to fling out, mettre FLATTERINGLY, adv. d'une manière flattouse. FLATTERY, s. flatterie, f. adulation, f. FLATTISH, adj. un peu plat, fade, insipide. FLATULENCY, s. flatuosité, f. vent, m. or exposer sous les yeux; to fling up, abandonner, quitter; v. n. ruer, faire des ruades; to fling away, se retirer. FLATULENT, adj. venteux, enflé, empoulé. FLING, s. un coup, un trait, un lardon. FLINT, s. caillon, m. pierre à feu, f. FLATUOSITY, s. flatuosité, f. vent, m. FLINT-GLASS, s. verre de roche, m. FLATUOUS, adj. flatueux, venteux. FLATUS or FLATUOSITY, s. flatuosité, f. vent, FLINTY, adj. pierreux, de pierre, dur, eruel. FLIP, s. boisson cordiale. FLAUNT, v. n. briller, se montrer avec éclat. FLIPPANT, adj. délié, agile, léger. FLIRT, v. a. agiter rapidement, remuer. FLAUNTING, adj. pimpant, brillant. FLAVOUR, s. bon goût, odeur agréable.
FLAVOUROUS, adj. qui flatte le palais.
FLAW, s. fente, f. crevasse, f. faute, f. défaut, m.; flaw nails, envie, f.; flaw of railler, ètre en mouvement. FLIRT, s. mouvement, m. raillerie, f. courte-FLIT, v. n. s'enfuir, s'en aller, déménager. wind, impétuosité, bouffée de vent. f. FLITTER, s. lambean, m. haillon, m. FLAW, v. a. rompre, briser, fendre. FLAWTER, v.a. taillader, couper, ratisser. FLAWY, adj. crevassé, défectueux. FLITCH, s. flèche, f. dosse, f. tranche, f. FLITTERMOUSE, s. cheuve-souris, f. FLIX, davet, m. coton, m. fourrure, f. FLOAT, v. n. & a. flotter, submerger. FLAX, s. lin, m.; (cleansed and combed) filasse, FLOAT, s. ce qui flotte sur l'ean, un train (de FLAX-COMB, s. seran, m. FLAX-DRESSER, s. sérancier, m. FLAXEN, adj. de lin, blond. bois) le liege d'une ligne, à-float, à-flot. FLOAT-BOAT, s. un radeau. FLAY, v. a. écorcher, ôter la peau. FLOCK, s. troupeau, m. troupe, f. foule, f. flocon, m. A flock bed, un lit de bourre. FLAYER, s. écorcheur, m. FLOCK, v. n. s'assembler en troupe. FLAYING, s. écorchure, f. A flaying-house, écorcherie, f. FLOCKING, s. concours, m. affluence, f. FLEA, s. puce, f.; r.a. épucer, ôter les puces. FLEA-BANE or FLEA-WORT, s. herbe aux FLog, r. a. châtier, fouetter, punir. FLOOD, s. déluge, m. inondation, f. flux, m. flot, m; flood of women, evacuation, f. [puees, f. FLEA-BIT, adj. moucheté. FLEA-BITE, s. morsure de puce, f. FLOOD, v. a. inonder, submerger. FLEA-BITTEN, adj. mordu des puces, mou-FLEAM, s. flamme. f. lancette, f. [cheté. FLECKED, part. adj. moucheté, tacheté. FLOODGATE, s. celuse, f. vanne, f. une bonde. FLOOK, s. la patte d'une ancre. FLOOR, s. plancher, m. étage, m. une aire. FLEDGE, adj. FLEDGED, part. adj. en état de Floor, r. α. planchéyer. FLOORING, s. plancher, m. voler, emplumé. FLEE, v. n. fuir, s'enfuir. [ler, vexer. FLOP, r. a. remucr les aîles. FLOREE, s. écume de bois, f. (pour teindre.) FLORENCE, s. vin, drap, (de Florence) m. FLEECE, s. toison, f. ; v. a. toudre, dépouil-FLEECY, adj. laineux, qui a de la laine. FLORID, adj. fleuri, vermeil. FLEER, s. moquerie, f. air dédaigneux. teint. FLORIDITY, FLORIDNESS, s. fraîcheur de FLEER, v. n. se moquer, avoir l'air insolent. FLEERER, s. moqueur, m. effronté, m. FLEET, s. flotte, f. une baie, un golfe. FLEET, adj. vîte, léger à la course, écrèmé. FLORIFEROUS, adj. qui porte des fleurs. FLORIN, s. (a sort of coin) florin, m. FLORIST. s. fleuriste, m. FLOTA, FLOTILLA, s. flotille, f. FLEET, v. a. & n. écumer, effleurer, passer rapidement, flotter, surnager. FLOTSON, s. tout ce qui flotte sur la mer FLEETLY, adv. avec vîtesse, légèrement. [f. après un naufrage. 1 FLEETNESS, s. vîtesse, f. légereté, à la course, FLOUNCE, s. falbala volant. FLESH, s. chair, f.; v.a. former, endurcir. FLESH-BROTH, s. bouillon de viande, m. FLESH-DAY, s. jour gras. FLESH-DAY, s. decharné, maigre. FLOUNCE, v. a. garnir de falbalas; v. n. plonger, se trémousser, s'agiter. FLOUNDER, s. carrelet, m. (poisson de mer.) FLOUNDER, v. n. se débattre. FLESHLINESS, s. passions charnelles, f. FLOURISH, v. n. fleurir, briller, préluder; FLESHLY. adj. charnel, sensuel, corporel. r. a. orner de fleurons, de traits de plume, broder, embellir, faire le moulinet. FLESH-MEAT, s. viande, f. chair pour man-FLOURISH, s. trait de plume figuré, m. flèuron, m. vignette, f. fleurs de rhétorique, f. pl. fleurettes, f. pl. prélude, m. fanfare, f. Chair. FLESHY, adj. charnu, qui a beaucoup de FLET, part. adj. ccumé, effleuré. FLETCHER. s. un feseur d'arcs et de flêches. moulinet, m. parade, f. ostentation, f. faste, FLEXIBILITY, s. flexibilité, f. m. éclat, m. FLEXIBLE, adj. flexible, souple, pliant. FLEXIBLENESS, s. flexibilité, f. [joi FLOURISHING, s. discours ampoulé, l'action de faire des cadeaux, traits, préludes.
FLOURISHING, adj. florissant. [ser.
FLOUT, v. a. & n. railler, se moquer, gaus-[joint, m. FLEXION, FLEXURE, s. pli, m. courbure, f. FLEXIOUS, adj. tortueux, courbe, changeant. FLIER, s. fuyard, m. fugitif, m. balaneier, m. FLOUT, s. moquerie, f. raillerie, f. FLIGHT, s. vol, m. fuite, f. volce, f. bande, f. coupé, m. décharge, f. jet, m. écart, m. FLOUTER, s. railleur, m. moqueur, m. FLOUTING, s. raillerie, f. moquerie, f FLOW, v. n. couler, découler, provenir. emportement, essor, m. FLIGHTY, adj. volage, fugitif, leger. FLOW, s. flux, m. inondation, f FLIM-FLAM, s. bagatelle, f. sottise, f. FLIMSY, adj. foible, mollasse. FLOWER, s. fleur, f. fleuron, m. farine, f. FLOWER, v. n, flenrir; v. a. figurer. FLINCH, r. a. & n. se désister, manquer à. FLOWERED, part. adj. figure, à fleurs. FLINCHER, celui qui se désiste. FLOWER-GARDEN, s. parterre,

FLOWER-WORK, s. ouvrage à fleurs, m. FLOWERY, adj. fleuri, en fleurs. FLOWING, adj. coulant; s. flux, m. FLOWINGLY, adv. d'une manière coulante. FLUCTUANT, adj. flottant, incertain. FLUCTUATE, v. n. être en suspens, flotter. FLUCTUATING, adj. indéterminé, irrésolu. FLUCTUATION, s. agitation, f. incertitude, f. FLUE, s. petite-plume, poil, m. duvet, m. FLUELLIN, s. (an herb) véronique, f. FLUENCY, s. finidité, f. volubilité, f. FLUENT, adj. coulant, aisé, abondant, élo-FLUENTLY, adv. coulamment.
FLUID, adj. & s. liquide, fluide, m.
FLUIDITY, FLUIDNESS, s. fluidité, f. [quent. FLUMMERY, s. bouillie, f. gelée d'avoine, f. FLUOR, s. fluidité, f. écoulement, m. FLURRY, s. bouffee, f. coup de vent, m. FLUSH, v. a. rougir; v. n. accourir en hâte. FLUSH, adj. a nimé, élevé. FLUSH, s. flux rapide, affluence, f. fredon, m. Flushing, s. rougeur, f. rouge, m.
Fluster, r. a. énivrer, déconcerter, irriter.
Flute, s. flûte, f. cannelure, f. A German FLUTE, s. flûte, f. canne flute, flûte traversière. FLUTE, v.a. canneler. FLUTINGS, s. cannelure, m. FLUTTER, v. n. & a. voltiger, agiter. [m. FLUTTER, FLUTTERING, s. tremoussement, FLUX, s. flux, m. circulation, f. FLUX, v. a. fondre, faire saliver. FLUXING, s. flux de bouche, m. salivation, f. FLUXILITY, s. fusibilité, f. FLUXION, s. écoulement, m. fluxion, f. FLY, v. n. voler, s'enfuir, fuir, se sauver, éclater, se briser, sauter en éclats; to fly away, s'envoler; to fly back, ruer, détacher des ruades, se dédire; to fly off, se révolter; to fly out, s'emporter. FLY, v. n. fuir, eviter, quitter, abandonner. FLY, s. mouche, f. balancier, m. A Spanish fly, une cantaride. A gad-fly, un taon. FLY-BLOW, v.a. gater, corrompre. FLY-BOAT, s. flibot, m. FLY-CATCHER, s. gobe-mouche, m. FLYER, s. fuyard, m. balancier, m. sorte d'es-FLY-FLAP, s. émouchoir, m. [calier. FOAL, s. un poulain ; v. a. & n. pouliner. FOAM, s. écume, f.; v. n. écumer FOAMY, adj. écumant, couvert d'écume. FOB, s. gousset, m. tromperie. f.; v. a. du-[per, tromper. Focil, s. focile, m. Focus, s. foyer, m. focus, m. fourrager. FODDER, s. fourrage, m.; v. a. affourrager, FOE, s. ennemi, m. adversaire, m. FŒTUS, s. foetus or fetus, m. embryon, m. FOG, s. brouillard, m. FOGGINESS, s. air grossier, air épais. FOGGY, adj. plein de brouillards, épais. FOIBLE, s. foible, f. défaut, m. penchant, m. Foil, v. α . surpasser, surmonter, orner. Foil, s. défaite, f. faux pas, échec, m. feuille sous une pierre transparente, ornement, m. fleuret, m. botte. Foin, s. coup, m. botte, f.; v. n. porter une Foist, s. fuste, f. une vesse; v. n. vesser; v. α. supposer. FOISTINESS, s. moisissure, f. puanteur, f. Fol.D, s. parc, m. bergerie, f. troupeau. m. pli, m. enveloppe, f. une fois autant. Two-fold, deux fois autant, le double. FOLDING, part.adj. pliant. A folding chair,

chaise pliante, perroquet, m. A folding

screen, un paravent. A folding door, porte FOLIAGE, s. feuillage, m. FOLIATE, v. a. battre or mettre en feuilles. Folio, s. in-folio, m. FOLK, s. gens, m. monde, m. personne, f. FOLLICLE, s. (the seed vessels) follicule, f. Follow, v. a. suivre, succeder, accompagner, poursuivre, imiter, s'adonner; v. n. suivre, s'ensuivre. FOLLOWER, s. suivant, m. partisan, m. sectateur, m. FOLLY, s. folie, f. extravagance, f. sottise, f. FOMENT, v. a. fomenter, encourager, entre-FOMENTATION, s. fomentation, f. FOMENTER, s. fauteur, m. fomentateur, m. Fond, adj. fou, vain, badin, bon, indulgent, passionné, qui aime à la folic. To be fond, aimer beaucoup. [sionnément. aimer beaucoup. FOND, FONDLE, v. a. caresser, aimer pas-FONDLER, s. celui qui caresse, qui dorlote. FONDLING, s. un mignon, un favori. FONDLY, adv. follement, passionnément. FONDNESS, s. tendresse, f. passion, f. FONT, s. fonts, m. fonts de baptême. Fontanei., s. un cautère. FOOD, s. nourriture, f. aliment, m. FOOL, s. fou, m. sot, m. simple, m. FOOL, v. a. & n. faire le fou, badiner. FOOLERY, s. folie, f. sottise, f. extravagance, FOOLHARDINESS, s. témérité, f. [f. FOOLHARDIN, adj. téméraire, follement hardi. FOOLISH, adj. fou, simple, idiot, sot. FOOLISHLY, adr. follement, sottement. FOOLISHNESS, s. folie, f. impertinence, f. FOOLTRAP, s. attrape, f. attrapoire, m. FOOT, s. le pied or pié, état, m. termes, m. pl. jambe, f, patte, m, bout, m, base, m, infanterie, f, fantassins, m. Foor, v. n. marcher; v. a. ressembler, met . [tre sur pied. FOOTBALL, s. ballon, m. FOOTBOARD, s. un marche-pied. FOOT-BRIDGE, s. un petit la quais. [à pied. FOOT-BRIDGE, s. un pont étroit pour les gens FOOT-COMPANY, s. compagnie d'infanterie, f. FOOTED, part. adj. qui a un pied. FOOT-FIGHT, s. combat d'infanterie, m. FOOT-HOLD, s. espace où l'on peut mettre le pied, m. FOOTING, s. marche, f. trace, f. piste, f. dé-marche, f. picd, m. état, m. FOOT-LICKER, s. un vil esclave. FOOTMAN, s. un coureur, un laquais, un fan-FOOTPACE, s. estrade, f. un pas lent, petit FOOTPAD, s. voleur à pied, m. FOOTPATH, s. trottoir pour les gens à pied :n.

FOOTMAN, s. un coureur, un laquais, un fan-FOOTMAN, s. un coureur, un laquais, un fan-FOOTMAN, s. voleur à pied, m. [pas. FOOTMAN, s. trottoir pour les gens à pied, m. FOOTMAN, s. trottoir pour les gens à pied, f. FOOTMAN, s. curse de gens à pied, f. FOOTSTALL, s. cirier de femme, m. FOOTSTOOL, s. marchepied, m. FOOTSTOOL, s. marchepied, m. FOOTSTOOL, s. un fal, un petit maître.

FOPPERY, s. sottise. f. impertinence, f. FOPPISH, adj. fat, sot, ridicule, affocté. FOPPISHLY, adv. avec vanité, avec fatuité. FOPPISHNESS, s. vanité, f. ostentation, f. FOR, prep. pour, à cause de, en égard à, par, de, à, malgré, nonobstant.

For, conj. car. As for, quant à pour ce qui est de. For as much, en égard, attendu que, d'autant que. For that, parce que. For why, c'est pourquoi, parceque. For and of, faut de.
FORAGE, v. a. & n. fourrager, ravager, piller

Fore-mast, s. mât de misaine, m.

FORAGE, s. provisions de bouche, f. fourrage, m. FORAGER, s. fourrageur, m. FORBEAR, v n. cesser de, s'absteuir, s'empêcher; v. a. épargner, supporter. FORBEARANCE, s. abstinence, f. patience, f. FORBID, v. a. défendre, interdire. God forbid! Dieu m'en préserve! à Dieu ne plaise! FORBIDDANCE, s. défense, f. FORBIDDENLY, adv. contre la défense. FORBIDDER, s. celui or celle qui défend. FORBIDDING, part. adj. rebutant, qui rebute. FORCE, s. force, f. vigueur, f. violence, f. nécessité, f. forces, troupes, f. pl. FORCE, v. a. forcer, contraindre, violer; to force back, repousser, faire reculer par force; to force down, faire descendre par force; to force from or out, faire sortir par force, chasser, to force in, enfoncer, faire entrer de force; to force out, arracher. FORCEDLY, adv. forcement, par force. FORCEFUL, adj. fort, puissant, vigoureux. FORCEPS, s. forces, f. pl. forceps, m. FORCIBLE, adj. fort, puissant, force. FORCIBLENESS, s. force, f. violence, f. FORCIBLY, adv. fortement, forcement. FORD, s. gué, m. onde, f. fleuve, m. FORD, v. a. passer à gué. Tà gué. FORDABLE, adj. guéable, qu'on peut passer, FORE, adj. anterieur, de devant. FORE, adv. antérieurement, devant, aupara-FORE-APPOINT, v. a. fixer d'avance. [vant. Fore-ARM, v. a. armer, munir d'avance. FOREBODE, v. a. & n. présager, prédirer. FORECAST, s. projet, m. prevoyance, f. FORECAST, v. a. & n. projeter, prévoir. FORECASTLE, s. château d'avant, gaillard FORECLOSE, v. a. forclorre. [d'avant, m. FOREDECK, s. l'avant d'un navire, m. FORE-DEEM, v. a. deviner, conjecturer. FORE-DO, v. a. ruiner, perdre. FOREDOOM, v. a. prédestiner. Fore-Door, s. la porte de devant. Fore-end, s. la partie de devant. FOREFATHERS, s. pl. pères, m. ancetres, m. FOREFEND, v. a. défendre, détourner, pré-FOREFINGER, s. l'index. [venir. FOREFLAP, s. le pan de devant, le devant fa-FORE-FOOT, s. pied de devant. FORE-FRONT, s. frontispice, m. face, f. FOREGO, v. a. ceder, abandonner, passer. FOREGOERS, s. pl. ancêtres, m. aïeux, m. FOREGOING, adj. précédent. [ser [sentir. Foreguess, v. a. deviner, conjecturer, pres-FOREHAND, s. le devant d'un cheval. FOREHAND, adj. fait trop tôt. FOREHEAD, s. de bonne heure, à-propos. FOREHEAD, s. le front, audace, f. FOREHEAD-CLOTH, s. frontal, m. fronteau, m. Foreign, adj. étranger, éloigné de. FOREIGNER, s. un étranger, une étrangère, une aubain. Foreignness, s. éloignement. FORE-HORSE, s. cheval de devant. FORE-JUDGE, v. a. juger d'avance, forclorre. FOREKNOW, r. a. savoir d'avance, prévoir. FOREKNOWLEDGE, s. préscience, f FORELAND, s. promontoire, m. cap, m.

FORELAY, v. a. surprendre dans une ambu-

FORELOCK, s. cheveux de devant, m. FOREMAN s. le premier, le cl.ef, maître-gar-

scade.

çon, m.

FOREMENTIONED, adj. mentionné ci-devant. FOREMOST, adj. le premier. FIRST and FOREMOST, adv. en premier lieu. FORENAMED, part. adj. Lommé ci-devant. FORENOON, s. avant-inidi, m. Forensick, adj. de barreau, m. FORE-ORDAIN, v. α. prédestiner. FOREPART, s. la partie de devant, le devant. FOREPAST, part. adj. passé, précédé. FORERUN, v. a. dévancer, précéder. FORERUNNER, s. avant-coureur, m. précur-Foresail, s. la misaine. Foresay, n. a. prédire, prophétiser. FORESEE, v.a. prévoir, pénétrer, présager. FORESEEING, s. prévoyance, f. FORESHAME, v. a. reprocher, accuser. Foreshow, r. a. montrer, présager, prédire. FORESHIP. s. l'avant d'un navire, m. FORESHORTEN, r. a. raccolleir. Foresight, s. préscience, f. prévoyance, f. FORESIGHTFUL, adj. prévoyant, qui prévoit. Foreskin, s. le prépuce. FORESPEAK, r. a. prédire or défendre. FORESPEECH, s. avant-propos, m. exorde, m. FORESTENT, adj. fatigué, épuisé, passé. FOREST, s. forêt, f. bois de haute futaie. FOREST-WORK, s. tapisserie de verdure, f. FORESTALL, v. a. préoccuper, anticiper, prévenir, surprendre, accaparer. FORESTALLER, s. monopoleur, m. accapareur, m. FORESTER, s. forestier, m. garde de forêt, m. FORETASTE, s. avant-gout, m. anticipation, FORETASTE, v. a. gouter par avance. FORETEL, v. a. & n. prédire, prophétiser. FORETELLIER, s. prophète, m. prophètesse, f. FORETELLING, s. prédiction, f. prophètie, f. FORETHINK, v. a. & n. prévoir, projeter. FORETHOUGHT, s. préméditation, f. FORETOKEN, s. présage. m.; v. a. présager. FORETOOTH, s. dent de devant, f. FORETOP, s. sommet devant, m. le devant. Fore-topmast, le petit hunier. Foretop-gallant-mast, le perroquet d'avant. FOREWARD, s. premier rang, f. le front. FOREWARN, v. a. avertir d'avance, prévenir. Forewarning, s. avertissement, m. FOREWHEEL, s. roue de devant, f. FOREWIND, s. vent en poupe, m. FOREWISH, v. a. désirer par avance. FORFEIT, s. forfaiture, f. chose confisquee, amende, f. dédit, m. FORFEIT, v. a. forfaire, perdre, manquer de. FORFEITABLE, adj. confiscable, amendable. FORFEITURE, s. forfaiture, f. confiscation, f. FORFEND, v. a. prévenir, garder, préserver FORGE, s. forge, f. [de. FORGE, v. a. forger, inventer, controuver, supposer, contrefaire, falsifier. FORGER, s. forgeur, m. inventeur, m. FORGERY, s. fausseté, f. falsification, f. FORGET, r. a. oublier, négliger. FORGETFUL, adj. oublieux, negligent. FORGETFULNESS, s. oubli, m. negligence, f. Forgive, v. a. pardonner, remettre For giveness, s. pardon, m. remission, f. FORK, s. fourche, f. fourchette, f. FORK, v. n. se fourcher, finir en forme de fourche. FORKED, adj. fourchu, en forme de fourche. FORKEDNESS, s. fourche, f. fourchure, f. FORLORN, adj. abandonné, perdu, désespéré.

FORLORNNESS, s. abandon, m. etat déses-

péré. FORM, s. forme, f. figure, f. formalité, f. formule, f. formulaire, m. modèle, m. forme or gite (de lièvre), f. un bane, classe, (d'une école), f.

FORM, v. a. former, façonner, fabriquer, faire. FORMAL, adj. formel, précis, cérémonieux, formaliste, affecté, d'apparat.

FORMALIST, s. formaliste, m. &. f. FORMALITY, s. formalité, f. forme, f. eéré-monie, f. façons, f. cérémonial, m. FORMALIZE, v. n. être sur le cérémonial.

FORMALLY, adr. formellement, avec forma-FORMATION, s. formation, f. FORMATIVE, adj. qui a le pouvoir de former. FORMER, s. celui qui forme, qui fait. FORMER, adj. premier, ancien, passé.

FORMERLY, adv. autrefois, jadis. FORMIDABLE, adj. formidable, terrible, redoutable.

FORMIDABLENESS, s. horreur, f. FORMIDABLY, adv. épouvantablement. FORMLESS, adj. informe, sans forme, irregu-FORMULE, s. formulaire, m. [lier. FORMULE, s. formule, f. formalité, f. FORNICATION, s. fornication, f. idolatrie, f.

FORNICATOR, s. fornicateur, m. FORSAKE, v. a. quitter, abandonner, délais-ser, renoncer à, se défaire de.

Forsaker, s. celui or celle qui abandonne. FORSAKING, s. abandon, m. abandonnement, Forsooth, adv. en vérité, assurément. [m. FORSWEAR, v. a. abjurer, renoncer; v. n. se parjurer, jurer à faux.

FORSWEARER, s. parjure, m.

Forswearing, s. parjure, m. l'action de se parjurer, &c.

FORT, s. un fort, un lieu fortifié.

FORTH, adv. en avant, ensuite, dehors, an dehors, en public, au jour, entièrement.

Fortн, prep. liors de, de. FORTHCOMING, adj. prêt à paroître. FORTH-ISSUING, adj. sortant, s'avancant. FORTHRIGHT, adv. tout droit, sans détours. FORTHWITH, adv. incontinent, tout-à-l'heure. Forтiетн, adj. quarantième.

FORTIFIABLE, adj. qu'on peut fortifier. FORTIFICATION, s. fortification, f. FORTIFIER, s. celui qui fortifie, fauteur, m. FORTIFY, v. a. fortifier, munir, affermir. FORTHUDE, s. force, f. courage, m. FORTHIGHT, s. quinze jours, m. quinzaine, f.

FORTRESS, s. forteresse, f. place forte. FORTUITOUS, adj. fortnit, casuel, accidentel. FORTUITOUSLY, adv. fortuitement, par hazard.

FORTUITOUSNESS, s. accident, m. hazard, m. FORTUNATE, adj. fortune, heureux. FORTUNATELY, adv. heureusement.

FORTUNATENESS, s. bonheur, m. succès, m. FORTUNE, s. fortune, f. hazard, m. état, m. destinée, f. avancement, m. biens, m. pl. moyens, m. pl. richesses, f. pl. un riche parti, une grande dot. Good fortune, bonheur, m. Ill fortune, malheur, m.

FORTUNE, v. n. arriver.

FORTUNE-BOOK, s. grimoi te, m. FORTUNE-HUNTER, s. homme qui cherche à

épouser une femme riche.

FORTUNE-TELL, v. n. dire la bonne aventure. FORTUNE-TELLER, s. diseur de bonne aventune. FORTUNED, adj. fortuné, favorisé de la for-

FORTY, adj. quarante. FORUM, s. place publique, le forum.

FORWARD, adr. en avant, sur le devant. FORWARD, adj. cinpressé, ardent, prêt, dis-posé, enclin, libre, hardi, précoce, avancé,

antérieur, de devant.

FORWARD, v. a. avancer, pousser, faire pous-FORWARDLY, adr. avee empressement. [ser. FORWARDNESS, s. empressement, m. ardeur,

f. avancement, m. progrès, m. Fosse, s. une fosse, un fossé. Fossil, adj. & s. fossile, f.

Foster, adj. nourricier; v. a. nourrir, ele-FOSTER-BROTHER, s. frère de lait, m. [ver.

FOSTER-CHILD, s. nourrisson, m. FOSTERDAM, s. une nourrice.

FOSTERER, s. nourrice, f. nourricier, m. FOSTER-FATHER, s. père nourrieier, m.

FOUGATE, s. fougade or fougasse. f.

Four, adj. sale, vilain, impure ; foul weather, gros temps; foul stomach, un estomae impur; fond disease, la vérole; fond copy, une copie qui n'est pas neue; fond papers, brouillon, m.; fond page, page pleine de fautes; foul action, une action basse; foul dealing or practices, conduite deshonnete, f. nauvaise foi; foul means, moyens violeus, force, f.; foul doings or work, bruit, m. vacarme, m.; foul mouth, une bouche impure, une mechante langue. To play foul,

ne pas jouer beau jeu, tricher. Four, v. a. salir, gâter, souiller. FOULLY, adr. vilainement, salement. FOULNESS, s. saleté, f. mal-propriété, f. FOUND, v. a. fonder, établir, fondre. FOUNDATION, s. fondement, m. base, f. fon-

dation, f. FOUNDER, s. fondateur, m. fondeur, m. FOUNDER, v.a. & n. forcer, outrer FOUNDER, v. n. couler bas, couler à fond, ' FOUNDERED, part. adj. surmené, courbatu, Foundere, s. fonderie, f. [fourbu, Foundering, s. enfant trouvé, un enfant

abandonné. FOUNDRESS, s. fondatrice, f. FOUNT, FOUNTAIN, s. fontaine, f. source, f. Four, adj. quatre.

Fourconnered, adj. quadrangulaire. FOURDOUBLE, adj. plié en quatre. FOURFOLD, adj. quatre fois autant.

FOURFOOTED, adj. quadrupedc, qui a quatre

pieds. FOURIER, s. un fourier, un maréchal de logis.

FOUR-SCORE, adj. quatre-vingt. FOURSQUARE, adj. quarre. FOURTEEN, FOURTEENTH, adj. quatorze

quatorzième.

Fourtu, adj. quatrieme. Itrième lieu. FOURTHLY, adv. quatrièmement, en qua-FOURWHEELED, adj. à quatre roues.

FowL, s. oiseau, m. volaille. f.
FowL, v. n. chasser aux oiseaux. To
fowling, aller à la chasse aux oiseaux. To go a

FOWLER, s. oiseleur, m. gibboyer, m. FOWLINGPIECE, s. fusil de chasse, m. Fox, s. un renard, un homme ruse. Foxcase, s. peau de renard, m. FOXCHASE, s. chasse au renard, f.

Foxgloves, s. (a plant) gantelee, f. FOYLING, s. abatures, f. pl. foulness, f. pl. FRACTION. s. fraction, f. rupture, f. FRACTIONAL. adj. fractionnaire, rompu.

FRACTIOUS, adj. hargneux brouillon.

92 FRACTURE, s. fracture, f. ; v. a. rompre. FRAGILE, adj. fragile, frèle, cassant, foible. FRAGILITY, s. fragilité, f. foiblesse, f. FRAGMENT, s. fragment, m. morceau, m. FRAGRANCE, FRAGRANCY, s. bonne odeur, f. FRAGRANT, adj. odoriferant, qui sent bon. FRAGRANTLY, adv. bon, avec bonne odeur. FRAIL, s. cabas, m. panier, m. FRAIL, adj. fragile, foible, frèle.
FRAILNESS, FRAILTY, s. foiblesse, f. fragilité,
FRAME, s. fabrique, f. structure, f. plan, m.
système, m. conduite, f. disposition, f.
forme, f. figure, f. chassis (d'une fenètre)
m. bordure, f. cadre (d'un tableau.) m. affit (d'artillerie,) m. métier, m. charpente,
f. travail (d'un marchel) m. FRAIL, adj. fragile, foible, frêle. f. travail (d'un maréchal,) m. FRAME, v. a. former, faire, construire, fabriquer, composer, forger, controuver. FRAMER, s. celui qui forme, auteur, m. Franchise, s. franchise, f. privilège, f. Franchise, v. a. affranchir, rendre fibre. Francible, adj. fragile, cassant. FRANK, s. étable de cochons, f. lettre franche de port, franc, m. livre, f. FRANK, adj. libéral, franc, sincère, ouvert.

FRANK, v.a. affranchir une lettre, engraisser. FRANKFARM, s. terres en franc-alleu FRANKFEE, s. franc-fief, m. franc-alleu, m. FRANKINCENSE, s. incens, m. FRANKLY, adv. libéralement, franchement. FRANKNESS, s. libéralité, f franchise, f. FRANKPLEDGE, s. caution, f. cautionnement, m.

FRANTICK, adj. fou, folie, frenctique. FRANTICKLY, adv. en fou, en furieux. FRATERNAL, adj. fraternel, de frère. [frère. FRATERNALLY, adv. fraternellement, en FRATERNITY, s. fraternité, f. confrérie. FRATRICIDE, s. fratricide, m. FRAUD, s. fraude, f. tromperie, f. superche-FRAUDULENCE, FRAUDULENCY, s. mauvaise foi. FRAUDULENT, adj. frauduleux, artificieux.

FRAUDULENTLY, adv. frauduleusement. FRAUGHT, part. rempli, chargé de. FRAY, s. querelle, f. dispute, f. combat, m. FRAY, v. a. effrayer, user par le frottement. FREAK, s. boutade, f. caprice, m. FREAKISH, adj. capricieux, fantasque. FREAKISHNESS, &, humeur capricieuse. FRECKLE, s. tache de rousseur, f. rousseur, f. FRECKLY, adj. plein de rousseurs.
FREE, adj. libre, indépendent, sans gêne, franc, affranchi, privilégié, public, agrégé,

quitte, exempt, sincère, ouvert, libéral, généreux, pur, innocent, aisé, dégagé, familier.

Free, v. a. délivrer, libérer, exempter. FREEBOOTER, s. voleur, m. flibustier, m. FREEBORN, adj. & s. né libre, homme libre. FREED, adj. delivré, libéré, exempt. FREEDMAN, s, affranchi, m. bourgeois, m. FREEDOM, s. liberté, f. franchise, f FREEHOLD, s. franc-fief, m. franc-alleu, m. Free-holder, s. franc-tenancier, m. FREELY, adv. librement, franchement. FREEMAN, s, homme libre, bourgeois, m. FREENESS, &. franchise, f. sincérité, FREE-SCHOOL, s. école publique, collège, m. FREESPOKEN, adj. libre dans ses paroles. FREESTONE, s. pierre de taille, f. [fort. FREETHINKER, s. penseur libre, m. esprit FREETHINKING, s. liberté de penser, f.

FREE-WILL, s. libre arbitre, m. FREEZE, v. a. & n. geler, glacer, se geler. FREIGHT, v. a. fréter, charger. FREIGHT, s. fret, m. charge, f. cargaison, f. FREIGHTER, s. fréteur, m. FRENCH; adj. & s. François, m. de France. FRENCH-BEANS, s. pl. haricots, m. pl. FRENCH-DISEASE, la vérole, le mal de Na-FRENCH-WHEAT, s. millet, m. FRENCHIFY, v. a. Franciser (un mot). [ples. FRENETICK, adj. frénétique, fou, furieux. FRENZY, s. frénésie, f. folie, f. FREQUENCE, FREQUENCY, s. fréquence, f. FREQUENT, adj. frequent, ordinaire, commun.

FREQUENT, v. a. fréquenter, hanter. FREQUENTATIVE, adj. fréquentatif. FREQUENTING, s. fréquentation, f. FREQUENTLY, adv. fréquemment, souvent. Fresco, s. frais, m. fraicheur, f. fresque, f. FRESH, adj. frais, recent, nouveau, qui n'est point sale, qui n'est point fané. FRESH, s. courant d'eau douce, m. Chir.

FRESHEN, r. a. & n. rafraichir, se rairai-FRESHET, s. étang d'eau douce, m. FRESHLY, adr. fraichement, au frais. FRESHNESS, s. fraicheur, f. frais, m. [douce. FRESH-WATER, s. & adj. eau-douce, d'eau FRET, s. detroit, m. agitation, touche, f. FRET, v. a. frotter, heurter, user, écorcher, chagriner, tourmenter; v. n. fermenter, être en agitation, se fâcher.

FRETFUL, adj. chagrin, de mauvaise humeur. FRETFULLY, adv. avec chagrin. FRETFULNESS, s. chagrin, m. colère, f. [m.

FRETWORK, s. ciselure, f. ouvrage de bosse, FRIABILITY, s. friabilité, f. FRIABLE, adj. friable. FRIAR, s. un moine, un religieux. FRIARY, s. convent de moines, m. monastère, FRIARY, adj. monastique, de moine. FRIBBLE, v. n. se jouer, se moquer de.

FRIBELER, s. trompeur, amuseur, cajoleur, FRICASEE, s. fricassée, f. FRICATION, FRICTION, s. frottement, m.

friction, f. FRIDAY, s. Vendredi, m. [rens, m. FRIEND, s. un ami, une amie. Friends, pa-FRIENDLESS, adj. sans amis, délaissé. FRIENDLINESS, s. bonté, f. bienveillance, f. FRIENDLY, adj. ami, amiable, amical, serviable, bon, favorable, propice, humain.

FRIENDLY, adv. en ami, avec amitié. FRIENDSHIP, s. amitié, f. affection mutuelle. FRIEZE, s. frise, f, ratine, f. FRIGATE. s. frégate, f. FRIGHT, FRIGHTEN, 1: a. effrayer, épouvan-FRIGHT, s. frayeur, f. épouvante, f. FRIGHTFUL, adj. terrible, affrenx.

FRIGHTFULLY. adv. épouvantablement. FRIGHTFULNESS, s. horreur, f. frayeur, f. FRIGID, adj. froid, indifferent, sec, maigre. FRIGIDITY, FRIGIDNESS, s. froideur, f. FRIGIDLY, adv. froidement.

FRIGORIFICK, adj. frigorifique. FRINGE, s. frange, f. crépine, f. ornement, m. FRINGE, v. a. garnir de franges. FRIPPERER, s. fripier, m.

FRIPPERY, s. friperie, f. une marchandise de FRISK, s. saut, m. gambade, f. FRISK, v. n. sauter, faire des gambades.

FRISKER, s. un homme folâtre, semillant. FRISKY, adj. gai, fretillant, semillant.

FRIT, s, frite or fritte, f.

FRUSTRANEOUS, adj. vain, inutile.

FRITH, s. detroit, un bras de mer. FRITTER, s. un beignet, un petit morceau. FRITTER, v. a. couper en morceaux pour frire. FRIVOLOUS, adj. frivole, vain, léger. FRIVOLOUSNESS, s. frivolité, f. Frivolously, adv. d'une manière frivole. Frizzle, v. a. friser, créper, rouler. FRIZZLER, s. celui qui frise, friseur, m. Frock, s. fourreau, m. une souquenille. FROG, s. grenouille, f. la fourchette du pied d'un cheval. FROLICK, s. boutade, f. fantasie, f. badinage, FROLICK, adj. gai, fou, badin, gaillard. FROLICK, v. n. avoir des fantaisies. FROLICKLY, adv. gaiement, gaillardement. FROLICKSOME, adj. gai, badin, gaillard. FROM, prep. dc, des, du, par, à, au, à la, de par, de la part de, depuis, dès.
FRONT, s. front, m. face, f. [de.
FRONT, v. a. faire tète à ; v. n. être vis-à-vis FRONTAL, s. frontal, m. fronton, m. FRONT-BOX, s. première loge. FRONTIER, s. & adj. frontière, f. limites, f. FRONTISPIECE, s. frontispice, m. façade, f. PRONTLESS, adj. sans front, sans pudeur. FRONTLET, s. fronteau, m. frontal, m. FRONTON, s. fronton, m. FRONT-ROOM, s. appartement sur le devant d'une maison, m. FROST, s. gelée, f. Hoar-frost, gelée blanche. FROST-BITTEN, adj. atteint de la gelée. FROSTED, adj. glacé, flambé. FROSTILY, adv. avec un froid glaçant. FROSTINESS, s. grand froid, froid glaçant. FROSTNAIL, s. fer à glace, m. FROSTY, adj, très froid, de gelée. FROTH, s. écume d'une liquide agité, f. FROTH, v.n. écumer, jeter, rendre de l'écume. FROTHY, adj. écumant, plein d'écume. FROUZY, adj. vilain, sale, gras, puant. FROWARD, adj. chagrin, fachcux, fantasque, refrogné, opiniâtre, indocile. FROWARDLY, adv. d'un air chagrin. FROWARDNESS, s. mauvaise humeur, f. FROWN, v. n. se refrogner, regarder. Frown, s. air refrogné, regard dédaigneux. FROWNING, adj. chagrin, rechigné. FROWNINGLY, adv. d'un air refrogné. FROZEN, part. adj. gelé, glacé, glacial. FRUCTIFEROUS, adj. qui porte du fruit. FRUCTIFY, v. a. fertiliser; v. n. fructifier.
FRUCTIFICATION, s. fecondation, f. fertilité
FRUCTUOUS, adj. fertile, fécond.

[f FRUGAL, adj. frugal, économe, tempérant. FRUGALITY, s. frugalité, f. épargue, f. FRUGALLY, adv. frugalement, avec économie. FRUGIFEROUS, adj. qui porte du fruit. FRUIT, s. fruit, m. profit, m. effet, m. FRUITAGE, s. fruitage, m. toutes sortes de FRUIT-BEARING, adj. fructifère. [fruits. FRUITERER, s. un fruitier, une fruitière. FRUITERY, s. fruitage, f. fruiterie, f FRUITFULLY, adj. fertile, abondant, utile. FRUITFULLY, adv. fertilement, abondam-FRUITFULLY, and relibite, f. [ment. FRUITFULNESS, s. fertilité, f. [m. FRUIT-HOUSE, s. s. fruiterie, f. [m. FRUITION, s. jouissance, f. fruition, f. FRUITIVE, adj. qui jouit, qui possède. FRUITLESS, adj. stérile, infructueux. FRUITLESSLY, adv. vainement, en vain. FRUIT-TREE, s. arbre fruitier, m. FRUMENTY, s. fromentée, f. sorte de bouillie. FRUSH, s. fourchette, f. (du pied d'un cheval.)

FRUSTRATE, v. a. frustrer, detruire, dissiper. FRUSTRATE, adj. vain, inutile, nul. FRUSTRATION, s. privation, f. tromperie, f. FRUSTRATIVE, adj. trompeur, fait pour FRUSTRATORY, adj. frustratoire. [tromper. FRUSTRUM, s. morceau, m. fragment, m. FRY, s. frai des poissons, m. fretin, m. FRY, v. a. & n. frire, fricasser, être frit. FRY, s. friture, f. un plat de friture. FRYING-PAN, s, poèle or poèle à frire, m. Fub, s. un petit garçon gros et gras; v. a. amuser. Fucus, s fard, m. rouge, m. FUDDLE, v. a. enivrer; v. n. s'enivrer. FUDDLE-CAP or FUDDLER, s.un ivrogue. Fuel, s. chauffage, m.; v.a. entretenir le feu. FUGACITY, s. volatilité, f. instabilité, f. FUGH or FOUGH, interj. pouas! FUGITIVE, adj. & s. fugitif, m. transfuge, m. FUGITIVENESS, s. instabilité, f. inconstance. FULCIMENT, s. l'appui, m. FULFIL, v. a. accomplir, remplir, combler. FULFILLING, s. accomplissement, m. FULGENT, FULGID, adj. brillant, éclatant. FULGIDITY, FULGOUR, s. splendeur, m. FULIGINOUS, adj. fuligineux. [éclat, m. Full, adj. plein, rempli, rassasié, soûl, gorgé, ample, large, gros, complet.
Full, s. plein, m. To the full, completement. FULL, adv. pas moins, en entier. FULL, v. a. fouler. Full-Blown, adj. tout-à-fait épanoui. FULL-BOTTOMED, adj. large. FULLER, s. un foulon, terre à foulon, f. FULLERS-THISTLE, s. FULLERS-WEED, chardon à carder, m. FULLERY, s. foulerie, f FULL-EYED, adj. qui a de gros yeux. FULL-FACED, adj. qui a le visage plein. FULLING-MILL, s. moulin à foulon, m. Fully, adv. pleinement, tout-à-fait. FULMINANT, adj. fulminant. FULMINATE, v. a. & n. fulminer, tonner. FULMINATION, s. fulmination, f Fulness, s. plénitude, f. abondance, f. Fulsome, adj. dégoûtant, désagréable. Fulsomely, adj. d'une manière dégoûtante Fulsomeness, s. qualité dégoûtante. Fumatory, s. (a plant) fumeterre, m. FUMBLE, v. a. & n. arranger mal-adroitement, chiffoner, tatonner, badiner. FUMBLER. s. un mal-adroit, un patineur. Fume, s. fumé, f. vapeur, colère, f. Fume, v. n. fumer, jeter de la fumée, être en colère ; v. a. fumer, sécher à la fumée. FUMETTE, s. fumet, m. FUMIGATE, v. a. fumiger. FUMIGATION, s. fumigation, f. Fumingly, adv. en colère, avec aigreur. Fumous, Fumy, adj. fumeux. Fun, s. plaisanterie, f. une bourde. Fun, v. a. & n. se moquer, emboiser. Function, s. fonction, f. emploi, m. Fund, s fond, m. capital, m. le fond. Funds, s. fonds, m. banque, f FUNDAMENT, s. le fondement, le siège, le derrière. FUNDAMENTAL, adj. fondamental. FUNDAMENTALLY, adv. fondamentalement. FUNERAL, s. funérailles, f. obsèques, f. FUNERAL, adj. funèbre, funéraire, triste, Fungous, adj. spongieux, pereux.

Fungus, s. fongosité, f. excroissance de chair, [GAFF, s. harpon, m. sorte de croc. Funicle, s. petite corde, ligature, f. <math>[f.] [GAFFLES, s. pl. eperons, pour les excretains and production of the corde of theFUNNEL, s. entomioir, m. tuyau, m. Fur, s. fourrure, f. poil, m. Fur, v. a. fourrer, souffler (un vaisseau.) FURACIOUS, adj. enclin à vôler, à dérober. FURACITY, s. penchant à dérober. [balas. FURBELOW, s. falbala, m. ; v.a. garnir defal-FURBISH, v.a. fourbir, polir, brunir, éclaireir. FURBISHER, s. fourbisseur, m. FURBISHER, s. furieux, frénétique, violent. FURIOUSLY, adv. avec furie, violemment. FURIOUSNESS, s. fureur, f. frénésie, f. Funt, r. a. ferler, plier, rouler. FURLONG, s. (a measure of length) stade, m. Furlough, s. congé, m. (d'absence.) FURNACE, s. fromentée, f. FURNACE, s. fournaise, f. fourneau, m. FURNAGE, s. fournage, m. [bler. FURNISH, v. a. fournir, pourvoir, garnir, meu-FURNISHER, s. fournisseur, m. pourvoyeur, m. FURNITURE, s. meuble, m. garniture, f. FURRIER, s. fourreur, m. pelletier, m. FURROW, s. sillon, m. rayon, m. fosse, m. ri-FURROW, v. a. silloner. FURTHER, adj. ultérieur, qui est au delà. FURTHER, adv. plus loin, au delà, de plus. FURTHER, v. a. pousser, avancer, aider. FURTHERANCE, s. avaneement, m. progrès, FURTHERER, s. fauteur, m. patron, m. [m. FURTHERMORE, conj. de plus, en outre. FURTHEST, adj. le plus loin, le plus long. FURTIVE, adj. furtif, dérobé, secret. FURTIVELY, adv. furtivement, à la dérobée. FURUNCLE, s. froncle, m. or furoncle, f. Fury, s. furie, fureur, f. rage, f. frénésie; f. emportement, m. enthousiasme, m. Furze, s. sorte de genêt épineux. Furzy, adj. couvert de bruyères. Furz, v. a. & n. fondre, se fondre, liquéfier. Fusee, s. fusée, fusil, m. FUSIBLITY, s. fusibilité, f.
FUSIBLE, adj. fusible, fusile.
FUSILI, s. fusil, m. fusée, f.
FUSILIER, s. fusier, m. fantassin, m.
FUSION, s. fusion, f. fonte, f. Fuss, s. bruit, m. fracas, m. embarras, m. Fust, s. fut d'une colonne, m. FUSTIAN, s. futaine, f. du galimatias, m. FUSTIAN, adj. de futaine, ampoulé. Fusty, adj. puant, qui sent mauvais. FUTILE, adj. babillard, futile, frivole. FUTILITY,'s. futilité, f. frivolité, f. FUTTOCKS, s. courbes or côtes de navire, f. FUTURE, adj. futur, à venir; s. le futur, l'ave-FUTURELY, adv. à l'avenir. [nir, m. [nir, m. FUTURITION, s. futurition, f. l'avenir, m. FUTURITY, s. l'avenir, m. futurition, f. Fuzz, s. (way thorn) genêt épineux, m. Fuzz, r. n. s'en aller en morceaux, s'effiler. Fuzz-Ball, s. vesse de loup, f. Fy, interj. fi! Fy upon, fi donc!

GABARDINE, s. sorte de manteau. GABBLE, v. n. babiller; s. babil, m. GABBLER, s. babillard, m. bavard, m. GABEL, s. gabelle, f. impôt sur le sel. GABION, s. gabion, m. GABLE, s. le toit d'une maison. GAD, s. un morceau d'acier; v. n. rôder. GADDER, s. un coureur, une coureuse GADELY, s. taon, m. (espèce de mouche.) GAFFLES, s. pl. éperons, pour les eoqs, m. GAG, v. a. bâillonner; s. bâillon, m. GAG-TEETH, s. surdents, f. pl. [ger. GAGE, s. gage, m. javge, f.; v. a. gager, jau-GAGER, s. jaugeur, mesureur, m. GAGGLE, v. n. crier comme les oies, GAGGLING, s. cri d'oie, m. GAIN, s. gain, m. lucre, m. profit, m. avan-GAIN, v. a. & n. gaguer, obtenir, avancer, GAINER, s. le gaguant. [prévaloir. GAINFIL, adj. lucratif, avantageux. GAINLESS, adj. inutile, non-profitable. GAINLY, adv. facilement, adroitement. GAINSAY, v. a. contredire, contrainer, nier. GAINSAVER, s. contredisant, m. GAINSTAND, v. a. résister, s'opposer, répri-GAIT, s. marche, f. démarche, f. air, m. GALAXY, s. la voie lactée. GALBANUM, s. galbanum, m. GALE, s. vent, m. vent frais. GALEAS, s. galéace, f. GALLOT, s. galiote, f. [de galle, f. GALL, s. fiel, m. rancune, f. malice, f. noix GALL, r. a. écorcher, tourmenter, vexer. GALLANT, adj. galant, brave, courageux. GALLANT, s. un élégant, un courtisan. GALLANTLY, adv. galamment, de bonne [lanterie, f. GALLANTRY, s. pompe, f. bravoure, f. ga-GALLEON, s. galion, m GALLERY, s. galerie, f. loge, f. GALLEY, s. galère; galley slave, un galérien, un forçat. GALLIARD, s. un gaillard, la gaillarde.
GALLIARDISE, s. gail ardise, f [de France. GALLIC, GALLICAN, adj. Gallican, François, GALLICISM, s. Gallicisme, m. GALLIMATIA, s. galimatias, m. [dicule, m. GALLIMAUFRY, s. galimatrée, f. mélange ri-GALLI-POT, s. pet de faïence, m. Gallon, s. mesure contenant quatre quarts. GALLOON, s. galon, m. GALLOP, s. galop, m.; v. n. galoper, courir. GALLOPING, s. galopade, f. galop, m. GALLOWS, s. gibet, m. potence, f. chevalet, GALOCHES, s. pl. galoches, f. GAMBADE, GAMEADO, s. guétre, f. [sion. GAMBALER, s. un filou, un joueur de profes-GAMBOL, r. n. gambader: s. gambade, f. GAMBREL, s. la jambe d'un cheval. GAME, s. jen, m. chasse, f. gibier, m. GAME, v. n. jouer, s'amuser, badiner. Game-cock, s. coq de combat, m. GAME-KEEPER, s. garde-chasse, m. GAMESOME, adj. badin, folatre. GAMESTER, s. joueur de profession, m. Gaming, s. jeu, m. l'action de jouer, f. Gaming-house, s. aeadémie, f. breland, m. GAMMON, s. jambon, m. gammon, m. GAMUT, s. la gamme. GANCH, s. ganche, m.; v. a. empâler, crever. GANDER, s. jar, m. le male de voic. [aler. GANG, s. tas, m. troupe, f. bande, f.; v. n. GANGRENE, s. gangrène, f. [grener. GANGRENE, v. u. & n. gangrener, se gan-GANGRENOUS, adj. gangrène. GANGWAY, s. passage, m. passavant, m. GANTELOPE, GANTLET, s. baguettes, f. pl. GAOL, s. prison, f. geole, f.
GAOL-DELIVERY, s. sentence qui vide les prisons. GAOLER, s. geolier, m. guichetier, m. GAP, s. ouverture, f. fente, f. crevasse, f.

GAPE, v. n. bailler, s'ouvrir : to gape after, at, | GAZEL, s. (an animal) gazelle, f. or for, soupirer après, souhaiter.

GAPER, s. qui bâille, bâilleur, m.

GAPING, s. l'action de bâiller, bàillement, m. GARB, s. habillement, m. habit, m. ajustement. GARBAGE, s. tripailles, f. tripes, f. GARBAGE, v. a. trier, choisir, cribler. GARBLER, s. celui qui trie, visiteur, m. GARBOIL, s. désordre, m. tumulte, m. GARDEN, s. jardin; v. n. jardiner. GARDENER, s. jardinier, m. GARDENING, s. jardinage, m. GARDEN-MOULD, s. terreau, m. [jardins, m. GARDEN-STUFF, s. jardinage, m. produit des GARGARISM, s. gargarisme, m. GARGARISE, GARGLE, v. a. gargariser. GARLAND, s. garlande, f. couronne de fleurs. GARLICK, s. ail, m. [ajustement, m. GARMENT, s. habillement, m. vetement, m. GARNER, s. grenier; v. a. amasser, entasser. GARNET, s. grenat, m. (pierre précieuse.) GARNISH, v. a. garnir, fournir, orner, pourvoir, parer, assigner, citer, ajourner. GARNISH, GARNISHMENT, s. ornement, m. GARNITURE, s. garniture, f. orneinent, m. GARRET, s. galetas, m. grenier, m. GARRETEER, s. habitant d'une galetas. [son. GARRISON, s. garnison; v. a. mettre garni-GARRULITY, s. babil, m. caquet, m. GARRULOUS, adj. babillard, causeur. GARTER, s jarretière; v. u. lier avec une GAS or GAZ, s. gas, m. [jarretière. GASCONADE, s. gasconnade; v. n. habler. GASH, v. a. balafrer; s. balafre, f. GASP, v. a. & n. respirer avec peine. GASP, s. pénible respiration, abois, m. GAST, v. a. effrayer, épouvanter, faire peur. GASTRICK, adj. gastrique.

GATE, s. porte, f. grande porte, portail, m.

Flood-gate, water-gate, s. une vanne. GATHER, v. a. cueillir, amasser, rassembler, recueillir, inférer, conclure, froncer, plisser; v. n. se rassembler, s'amasser; to gather up, ramasser, relever; to gather matter, venir à suppuration; to gather the corn, faire la moisson, moissonner; to gather the grapes, faire la vendange, vendanger; to gather dust, se couvrir de poussière; to gather rust, se rouiller; to gather flesh, devenir gros, grossir; to gather strength, reprendre des forces. GATHERER, s. pli, m. celui qui cueille, qui

amasse; gatherer of corn, moissonneur, m.; gatherer of grapes, vendangeur, m.; gatherer of taxes, collecteur d'impôts, m. f. GAUDILY, adv. d'une manière fastueuse. GAUDINESS, s. faste, m. ostentation, f. GAUDY, adj. fastueux, pompeux; s. fete, f. GAUGE, s. jauge, f. ; v. a. jauger. GAUGER, s. jaugeur, m. GAUGING, s. l'action de jauger, jaugeage, m. GAUNTLET, s. gantelet, m. un ceste, eperons. GAUZE, s. gaze, f. Gauze-maker, gazier, m. GAVEL, s. redevance, tribut, m. GAVELKIND, s. partage égal de bien. GAVOT, s. gavolte, f.
GAV, adj. gai, enjoué, élégant, galant.
GAVETY, s. gaieté, f. enjouement, m. GAYLY, adv. gai ment, avec enjouement. GAYNESS, s. gareté; f. enjouement, m. GAZE, v. n. regarder fixement, contempler. GAZE, s. regard fixe, étonnement, m. GAZEHOUND, s. levrier, m. levrette, f.

GAZER, s. celui qui regarde fixement, spec-GAZETTE, s. gazette, f GAZETTEER, s. gazetier, m. nouvelliste, m. GAZINGSTOCK, s. un spectacle. GAZINGSTOCK, s. un spectual.

GEAR, s. accourrement, m. habillement, m.,
garniture, f. une babiole, une colifichet.

A head cear, s. coiffure, f. Gears of a A head gear, s. coiffure, f. horse, le harnois d'un cheval. GECK, s. une dupe; v. a. duper, tromper. GELATINE, GELATINOUS, adj. en forme de gelée. GELD, s. de l'argent, m. ; v. a. châtrer. Gelder, s. celui qui châtre, châtreur, m. GELDING, s. animal châtre, un hongre. Gelid, adj. excessivement froid. GELLY, s. gelée, f. viscosité, f. GEM, s. pierre précieuse, bouton, m. GEM, v. a. & n. orner de pierres précieuses. GEMINATION, s. répétition, f. GEMINI, s. les gemeaux, m. jumeaux, m. GENDER, s. geure, m. sorte, f. espèce, f. GENDER, v. a. & n. engendrer, produire, causer. GENEALOGICAL, adj. généalogique. GENEALOGIST, s. génealogiste, m. GENEALOGY, s. généalogie, f. GENERAL, adj. general, universel. GENERAL, s. la plupart, général, chef, m. GENERALISSIMO, s. generalissime, m. GENERALITY, s. géneralité, f. la plupart. GENERALLY, adv. généralement, en général. GENERALSHIP, s. généralat, m. GENERALITY, s. la totalité, l'universalité, f. GENERANT, s. principe, m. générateur, m. GENERATE, r. a. engendrer, produire. GENERATION, s. generation, f. production, f. GENERATIVE, adj. generatif, prolifique. GENERATOR, s. principe, m. générateur, m. GENERICAL or GENERICK, adj. générique. GENERICALLY, adv. quant au genre. GENEROSITY, s. générosité, f. libéralité, f. GENEROUS, adj. généreux, noble, libéral. GENEROUSLY, adv. généreusement, noble-GENESIS, s. la Genèse. [ment. GENET, s. genet, m. haquenée, f. GENETHLIACAL, adj. genethliaque. GENEVA, s. Genièvre or Genèvre, m. GENIAL, adj. génératif, nupulal, naturel, joyeux, divertissant. Genicl bed, lit nuptial. Genially, adv. naturellement. GENITAL, adj. génital, génératif.
GENITALS, s. pl. les parties de la génération GENITING, s. pomme de S. Anne. GENITIVE, adj. génitif. Idémon, m. GENIUS, s. génie, m. esprit, m. ange, m. GENTEEL, adj. poli, civil, honnèté, élégant, galant, de bon goût, propre, beau. GENTEELLY, adv. élégamment, poliment. GENTEELNESS, s. élégance, f. politesse, f. propreté, f. bonne grâce, air gracieux. GENTIAN, s. gentiane, f. (sorte d'herbe.)
GENTIL, s. (a maggot,) ver, m.

GENTILE, s. gentil, m. païen.

homme, m. monsieur, m.

GENTLEMANLIKE,

GENTILISM, s. paganisme, m. religion par-

GENTILITIOUS, adj. endemique, héréditaire.

GENTILITY, s. gentilesse, f. grâce, f. GENTLE, adj. bien né, gentil, doux, modéré, tempéré, paisible, tranquille. GENTLEFOLKS, s. pl. personnes de qualité, f.

GENTLEMAN, s. un homme bien ne, gentil-

qui convient à un homme bien né, galant.

GENTLEMANLY,

[enne.

GENTLENESS, s. manières d'un homme bien ne, f. pl. doueeur, f. civiline, f. politesse, f. GENTLEWOMAN, s. demoiselle, dame. GENTLY, adv. doucement, poliment. GENTRY, s. les gens biens née, petite no-

blesse.

GENUFLECTION, s. génuflexion, f. GENUINE, adj. vrai, naturel, propre, reel. GENUINENESS, s. purete, f. realité, f. GEOGRAPHER, s. géographe, m.

GEOGRAPHICAL, adj. géographique.

GEOGRAPHY, s. géographie, f. GEOMANCY, s. géomance, f. géomancie, f. GEOMETER, GEOMETRICIAN, s. géomètre,

GEOMETRAL, adj. géométral. [m. GEOMETRICAL, GEOMETRICK, adj. géomé-

trique.

GEOMETRICALLY, adv. géométriquement. GEOMETRY, s. géométrie, f. GEORGICK, adj. d'agriculture; s. géorgiques, GERFALCON, s. gerlaut, m. sorte d'oiseau de GERMAN, s. Germain, m. [proie. GERMAN, s. & adj. Allemand, d'Allemagne.

GERMANDER, s. (an herb) germandrée.

GERMANY, s. Allemagne, f. GERME, s. pousse, f. bourgeon, m. GERMINATE, v. a. germer, pousser, bour-

geomer. GERMINATION, s. germination, f. pousse, f.

GERMINS, s. les premiers jets.

GERUND, s. gerondif, f. [spectacle, m. GEST, s. action, f. exploit, m. faits, m. pl. GESTICULATE, r. n. gestieuler, faire beaueoup de gestes.

GESTICULATION, s. gesticulation, f. GESTURE, s. geste, m. action, f.

GESTURE, v. a. aecompagner de gestes. GET, v. a. & n. gagner, acquerir, obtenir, remporter, tenir, prendre, tirer, s'attirer, avoir, faire, s'engendrer, engager sur, obtenir de, aller, arriver, parvenir, devenir; to get above, surpasser, devancer; to get abroad, faire sortir, publier, chasser, devenir publie; to get away, faire en aller, faire retirer, enlever, déhaucher, s'en aller, s'évader ; to get the better of, avoir l'avantage, l'emporter sur; to get before, prévenir, dévancer; to get by heart, apprendre par cœur; to get one's self back, s'en aller, s'en retourner; to get clear, se tirer, s'échapper; to get a cold, attraper un rhume; to get done or made, faire faire; to get down, faire descendre, descendre; to get from, arracher, tirer par force, se défaire, se débarrasser, s'arracher de ; to get forward, avancer, profiter ; to get a footing, s'établir; to get friends, se faire des amis; to get a fall, tomber; to get gone, faire retirer; get you gone, allez vous en, retirez vous; to get an ill habit, contracter une mauvaise habitude; to get in, faire entrer, attirer, gager, entrer; to get into, se jeter, entrer, s'insinuer; to get off, tirer, se tirer; s'échapper, se sauver, vendre, disposer de, tirer, ôter de; to get on, mettre, lever; to get over, passer, traverser, passer par dessus, surmonter; to get out, faire sortir, tirer, sortir, se tirer; to get ready, prepa-rer, tenir pret; to get to, aller à; to get together, assembler, s'attrouper, se joindre, se rencontrer; to getthrough, faire passer à travers, percer; to get up, lever. faire lever, se lever; to get upon, monter; to get with child, engrosser; to get a wife, prendre femme, se marier; to get well again, se remettre, se rétablir.

GETTING, s. acquisition, f. gain, m. profit. m. façon, f. GEWGAW, s. & adj. colifichet, m.

GHASTFUL, adj. sombre, triste, affreux. GHASTLINESS, s. påleur, f. mine affreuse. GHASTLY, adj. horrible, terrible, affreux, lugubre, triste.

GHERKIN, s. cornielion, m. GHOST, s. âme, f. esprit, m. les mânes, f.

GHOSTLY, adj. spirituel. GIANT, s. geant, m.

GIANTESS, s. une géante.

GIANTLIKE, GIANTLY, adv. de géant, grand. GIB, GIBBE, s. un animal cassé de vieillesse. GIBBERISH, s. jargon, m. patois, m. GIBEET, s. un gibet, la potence. Itence.

GIBBET, v. a. pendre or exposer à une po-GIBEOSITY, s. bosse, f. convexité, f. GIBEOUS, adj. bossu, prominent, convexe.

GIBE, v. a. & n. railler, se moquer de. GIBE, s. raillerie, f. sareasme, m. lardon, m.

GIBER, railleur, m. gausseur, m. GIBINGLY, adv. d'un ton railleur.

GIBLETS, s. pl. abattis d'oie, m. la petite oie. GIDDILY, adv. étourdiment.

GIDDINESS, s. vertige, m. tournoiement de tête, m. inconstance, f. joie folle. GIDDY, adj. sujet aux vertiges, étourdi. adj.

GIDDYHEADED, GIDDYBRAINED, étourdi, écervelé. GIDDYPACED, adj. étourdi.

GIFT, s. present, m. don, m. talent, m. GIFTED, udj. doué, avantagé, donné. GIG, s. toupie, f. sabot, m. poehe, f. GIGANTICK, adj. de geant, gigantesque.

GIGGLE, v. n. rienner, éclater de rire. GIGGLER, s. un rieur, rieaneur, m.

GILD, v. a. dorer. GILDER, s. doreur, m.

GILDING, s. l'action de dorer, dorure. GILL, s. ouies (d'un poisson,) f. roquille, f. GILLY-FLOWER, s. (a plant) giroflée, f.

GILTHEAD, s. (a sea-fish) dorade, f. GIM, adj. joli, gentil.
GIMLET, s. un foret, un gibelet, vrille, f.

GIMMER, s. mechanisme, m. ressort, m. GIN, s. trébuehet, m. trappe, f. esprit de GINGER, s. gingembre. [Génièvre, m.

GINGERBREAD, s. pain d'épice, m. GINGERLY, adv. adroitement, doucement. GINGLE, s. tintement, m.; v. a. & n. tinter.

GINGLING, s. tintement, m. tintin, m. GIPSY, s. Bohémienne, Egyptienne. GIRASOLE, s. tournesol, m. girasol, m. GIRD, v. a. ceindre, attacher autour.

GIRD, s. angoisse, f. déchirement, m. raille-GIRDER, s. un solive. [rie, f. sareasme, m. GIRDLE, s. ceinture, f. ceinturon, m.

GIRDLE, v. a. ceindre, entourer, environner GIRDLER, s. ceinturier, feseur de ceintures, GIRL, s. une fille. $\lceil m.$

GIRLISH, adj. de fille. GIRLISHLY, adv. en fille.

GIRT and GIRTH, s. sangle, f.; v. a. sangler GITH, s. (an herb) nielle, f.

GIVE, v. a. donner, rendre, faire, présenter, offrir, montrer, indiquer, suggérer; v. n. se ralentir, se radoueir, dégeler; to give away, livrer, abandonner; to give back, rendre, restituer; to give credit, ajouter foi croire, faire credit; to give content, contenter, satisfaire; to give a call, appeler;

to give ear or a hearing, prêter l'oreille, couter; to give fire, faire feu, tirer; to give forth, publier, divulguer; to give a fall, faire tomber; to give a guess, deviner; fatt, talle tolliner; to give a gates, and to give ground, reculer, plier; to give heed, prendre garde; to give in, donner, rendre, plier, reculer, céder; to give into, donner, entrer dans, adopter; to give joy, feliciter; to give judgment, juger; to give a look, regarder; to give for lost, tenir pour perdu; to give one's self or one's mind, s'adonner, s'appliquer à ; to give notice or warning, avertir; to give an oath, deferer le serment; to give off, cesser, se désister; to give out, divulguer, publier, cesser, céder; to give over, cesser, discontinuer, laisser, abandonner; to give a push or thrust, pousser; to give place, faire place, ceder; to give suck, allaiter; to give trouble, incommoder; to give up, rendre, céder, abandomer; to give way, ceder, se rendre, s'enforcer. GIVER, s. donneur, m. donateur, m.

GIVING, s. l'action de donner, donation, f. GIZZARD, s. gésier, m. GLACIAL, adj. glacial. [don, m. GLACIS, s. glacis, m. GLACIATE, v. n. glacer, geler, se congeler. GLACIATION, s. congélation, f. glace, f. GLADDEN, v. a. rejouir, faire plaisir. [ravi. GLADE, s. clairière, f. une allée, une avenue. GLADEN or GLADER, s. glaïeul, m. GLADIATOR, s. gladiateur, m. GLADLY, adv. volontiers, avec joie, avec plai-GLADNESS, s. gaieté, f. joie, f. allegresse, f. GLADSOME, adj. joyeux, gai, amusant. GLAIRE, s. glaire, f. blanc d'œuf, m.

GLAIRE, v. a. glairer. GLANCE, s. un trait de lumière, un coup d'œil, un œillade.

GLANCE, v. a. jeter un trait de lumière, étinceler, jeter un coup d'œil, effleurer, raser, toucher légèrement.

GLANCINGLY, adj. legèrement, en passant. GLAND, s. glande, f. GLANDERS, s. (a horse's disease,) morve, f.

GLANDULE, s. glandule,

GLANDULOUS, adj. glanduleux. GLARE, v. n. éblouir, lancer des éclairs. GLARE, s. éclat de lumière éblouissant, m. GLARING, adj. cblouissant, manifeste. GLASS, s. verre, m. une glace, vernis, m.

GLASS-BOTTLE, s. bouteille de verre, f. GLASS-COACH, s. carrosse vitré, m. GLASS-GRINDER, s. polisseur, m. GLASS-FURNACE, s. le fourneau de verrerie.

GLASS-HOUSE, s. verrerie, f. GLASS-MAKER, s. vitrier, m. verrier, m.

GLASS-MAN, s. verrier, m.

GLASS-METAL, s. le verre mis en fusion. GLASS-WARE, s. verre, f. GLASS-WORK, s. verrerie, f. manufacture de GLASSV, adj. de verre, transparent, vitré.

GLAVER, v. n. flatter, caresser, cajoler. GLAZE, v. a. vitrer, vernir, vernisser. GLAZED-FROST, s. verglas, m. pluie gelee.

GLAZIER, s. vitrier, m GI EAD, GLEDE, s. milan (oiseau,) m.

GLEAM, s. rayon, m.; v. n. rayonner. GLEAMY, adj. brillant, étincélant, éclatant. GLEAN, v. a. grappiller.

GLEANER, s. glaneur, grappilleur.

GLEANING, s. glanage, m. glane, f. GLEBE, s. sol, m. terre, f. terrein, m.

GLEE, s. joie, f. gaieté, f. un air gai. GLEED, s. un charbon ardent. GLEEFUL, adj. joyenx, gai.

GLEEK, s. brelan, m. tricon, m. fredon, m. GLEET, s. pus, m. sang corrompu.

GLEET, v. n. rendre du pus, dégoutter. GLIB, adj. coulant.

GLIBLY, adv. coulamment. GLIENESS, s. volubilité, f.

GLIDE, v. n. couler : s. ecoulement, m.

GLIMMER, v. n. reluire, briller foiblement. GLIMMER, s. lueur, f. foible éclat, n. GLIMPER, s. lueur, f. sillon de lumière, n. GLISTEN, GLISTER, v. n. briller, reluire.

GLISTER, s. See Clyster, lavenient, m.

GLITTER, v. n. briller, reluire, éclater. GLITTER, s. lustre, m. éclat, m. [vers. GLOAT, v. a. & n. loucher, regarder de tra-GLOBE, s. globe, m. sphere, f. une boule.

GLOBOSE, adj. rond, sphérique.

GLOBOSITY, s. rondeur, f. forme sphérique, f. GLOBOUS and GLOBULAR, see Globose.

GLOBULE, s. globule, m. petit corps sphérique. GLOBULOUS, adj. globuleux. GLOMLRATE, v. devider, former en peloton.

GLOMEROUS, adj. mis en peloton. GLOOM, s. obscurité, f. tristesse. f.

GLOOMILY, adv. obscurément, d'un air triste. GLOOMINESS, s. obscurité, air sombre.

GLOOMY, adj. sombre, obscur, triste, melan-GLORIED, adj. illustre. [colique.

GLORIFICATION, s. glorification, f. GLORIFY, r. a. glorifier, honorer, celebrer. GLORIOUS, adj. glorieux, illustre, honorable.

GLORIOUSLY, adv. glorieusement.
GLORY, s. gloire, f. honneur, f. éclat, m.
GLORY, r. n. se glorifier, s'enorguellir.

GLOSY, v. n. se gloriart, v. s. GLOSS, s. glose, f. commentaire, m. GLOSS, v. a. & n. commenter, gloser, colo-GLOSSARY, s. glossaire, m. [rer, lustrer. GLOSSATOR, GLOSSER, s. commentateur, m.

GLOSSINESS, s. poli, m. lustre, m.

GLOSSY, adj. lustré, poli. GLOTTIS, s. glotte, f. (partie du larynx) GLOYE, s. gant, m.; v. a. ganter.

GLOVER, s. gantier, m. GLOW, v. n. être ardent, être en feu, bruler. GLOW, s. ardeur, f. passion, f. vivacité, f. GLOWING, adj. ardent, embrase; glowing

of the ears, un tintoin d'oreilles, tintement, GLOW-WORM, s. ver luisant.

GLOZE, v. n. flatter, cajoler; s. flatterie, cajolerie, f. GLUE, s. colle, f.; v. a. coller, attacher.

GLUEY or GLUISH, adj. gluant, collant. GLUT, r. a. avaler, gorger, soûler, rassasier. GLUT, s. abondance, f. satieté, f. dégoût, m.

GLUTINOUS, adj. glutinenx, gluant. GLUTTON, s. un glouton, un gourmand. GLUTTONOUS, adj. gourmand, glouton. GLUTTONOUSLY, adv. gloutonnement.

GLUTTONY, s. gourmandise, f GNAR or GNARL, v.n. gronder, murmurer.

GNASH, v. a. & n. grincer.

GNASHING, s. grincement de dents, m. GNAT, s. moucheron, m. cousin, m.

GNATSNAPPER, s. pivoine, f. GNAW, v. a. & n. ronger.

GNAWER, s. rongeur. GNAWING, s. rongement, m.

GNOMON, s. style d'un cadran, gnomon, m. GNOMONICKS, s. gnomonique, f

Go, v. n. aller, marcher, s'en aller, partir,

passer, avoir cours; to go halves, etre ou

GONFALON, GONFANON, s. gonfalon, m. gon-

faire de moitié; to go about, faire le tour, entreprendre, se mêler de ; to go abroad, se répandre, courir, sortir, voyager; to go against, s'opposer, être contraire; to go along, passer, poursuivre son chemin; to go aside, s'égarer, errer; to go aside, s'égarer, errer; to go astray, s'egarer; to go asunder, aller séparément; to go away, s'en aller, partir; to go back, reculer, se retirer, s'en retourner; to go backward, marcher à reculons, reculer; to go before, preceder, devancer; to go behind or after, suivre; to go between, être media-teur, s'entremettre; to go beyond, surpasser, surmonter, tromper; to go by, passer auprès, souffrir, avoir, acquérir, se régler sur; to go contrary, agir contre; to go down, deseendre, être avalé, rétrograder ; to go for, aller chercher, passer, être compté pour, être favorable ; to go forth, sortir, paroître; to go forward, avancer, poursuivre; to go from, quitter, s'écarter de; to go in, entrer, porter ; to go near, approcher, ceurir risque de ; to go off, mourir, quitter, se vendre ; to go on, avancer, poursuivre, continuer; to go over, passer, traverser, déserter; to go out, sortir, s'éteindre ; to go through, passer, traverser, fendre, percer, faire executer, venir a bout; to go to, aller a, avoir rap-port a; to go under, subir, essayer; to go up, monter, s'elever; to go upon, se fonder sur, entreprendre; to go with, suivre, porter, accompagner; to go without, être frustré de, ne pas obtenir, se passer de. GOAD, s. aiguillon, m; v. a. aiguilloner. GOAL, s. le bout de la lice, but, m. terme, m. prison, f. geôle, f. GOAT, s. une chevre. A he-goat, un bouc. GOATSBEARD, s. (a plant) saisifis, m. GOAT-HART, s. un cerf. GOATHERD, s. chèvrier, m. GOATISH, adj. de bouc, bouquin, puant, lascif. GOBBET, s. une bouchée; v. a. avaler. GOBBLER, s. un glouton, un gourmand. GOBLET, s. gobelet, m. tasse, f. coupe, f. GOBLIN, s. un esprit, lutin, spectre. Go-By, s. artifice, m. tromperie, f. God, s. Dieu, m. Would to God! Phût à Gon, s. Dieu, m. Would to God! Pint à Dieu! God forbid! A Dieu ne plaise! Thank God, Dieu merei! GODDESS, s. déesse. GODHEAD, s. divinité, f. GODFATHER, s. parrain, m.; Godmother, marraine, f. Godless, adj. athée, împie. GODLIKE, adj. divin, semblable à un dieu. GODLINESS, s. piété, f. dévotion, f. GODLY, adr. pieusement, dévotement. [leule, Godly, adj. pieux, devot. God-son, s. filleul, m.; god-daughter, fil-GODWIT, s. francolin, m. GOER, s. allant, m. courenr, m. ambulant, m. Goggle, v. n. regarder de travers, loucher. Going, s. démarche, f. grossesse, f. départ, GOLDEN, adj. d'or. $\lceil m.$ GOLDFINCH, s. chardonneret, m.

GOLD-FLOWER, s. tournesol, m.

orfèvre, m.

GOLDHAMMER, s. loriot, m. GOLDNEY, s. (a fish) dorade, f.

GOLDSMITH, s.

trade, orfèvrerie, f.

Gome, s. cambouis, m.

GONDOLIER, s. gondole, f. GONDOLIER, s. gondolier, m.

GONORRHEA, s. gonorrhée, f. Good, adj. bon, gracieux, clement, uile, convenable, salutaire, propre à, habile. good as, autant que, comme, quasi. In good earnest, sérieusement, tout de bon. To think good, trouver bon, juger à propos. To make good, prouver, reparer. Good, s. bien, m. avantage, m. profit, m. For good and all, serieusement, pour tou-Good, interj. eh bien! adv. bien. GOODLINESS, s. beauté, f. ékgance, f. GOODLY, adj. beau. joli, ékgant, heureux. GOOD-NATURED, adj. d'un bon naturel. Goodness, s. bonté, f. Goods, s. pl. biens, m. meubles m. effets, m. marchandises, f. Good-Will, s. bonne volonté, pot de vin. Goose, s. une eie, carreau (de tailleur), m GOOSEBERRY, s. groseille, f.
GOOSEBERRY-BUSH, s. groseiller, m.
GOOSEFGOT, s. (an herb) pied-doic, m. Goosegrass, s. (an herb) melilot, m. GORBELLY, s. gros ventre, grosse panse. GORE, s. sang, m. sang caille, pointe, f. GORE, v. a. piquer, percer, blesser. GORGE, s. gosier, m. gorge, f. jabot, m. GORGE, v. a. gorger, souler, rassasier. GORGEOUS, adj. somptueux, splendide, far-GORGEOUSLY, adv. magnifiquement. GORGEOUSNESS, s. magnificence, f. cclat, m. GORGET, s. hausse-col, m. gorgerin, m. GORGON, gorgone, f GORMANDIZE, v. n. être gourmand, manger gloutonnement. GURMANDIZER, s. glouton, m. GORMANDIZING, s. gourmandise, f. glouton-GORSE, s. bruyère, J. GORY, adj. couvert de sang caillé. [nerie, f. Goshawk, s. autour, m. (oiseau.) Gosling, s. un oison, chaten, m. Gospel, s. l'évangile, m. [l'évangile. GOSPELLER, s. evangeliste, m. celui qui lit Gossip, s. un compère, une commère Gossip, v. n. faire la commère, babiller. Gотніск, adj. gothique. GOTHS, s. pl. les Goths. GOURE, s. gouge, f. GOURD, s. citrouille, f. calebasse, f. gourde, GOURNY, adj. enflé aux jambes, gros. [/. GOURNET, s. (red) nn coucou, (grey) une hi-GOUT, s. goutte, f. gout, m. GOUTY, adj. goutteux. fregir. GOVERNABLE, adj. docile, disciplinable. GOVERNANCE, s. gouvernement, m. conduite. GOVERNESS, GOVERNANTE, s. gouvernante, GOVERNMENT, s. gouvernement, m. GOVERNOUR, s. gouverneur, m. Gown, s. robe, f. A night-gown, une robe de chambre. GOWNMAN, s. homme de robe, robin, m. GRABBLE, r. a. tâtonner, tâter, patiner. GRACE, s. grâce, f. pardon, m. grandeur, m. GRACES, s. grâces, f. pl. les trois Grâces. GRACE, v. a. oruer, embellir, favoriser. Goldsmith's GRACEFUL, adj. beau, agreable, gracieux GRACEFULLY, adr. avec grace. GRACEFULNESS, s. grâce, f. bonne grâce. GRACELESS, adj. sans grâces, effronte.

ment, m.

GRATEFULNESS, s. reconnoissance, f. agré-

GRACIOUS, adj. gracieux, bon, favorable, | bienfaisant, humain, obligeant, agréable. GRACIOUSLY, adv. gracieusement.
GRACIOUSNESS, s. bonté, f. bienveillance, f. GRADATION, s. gradation, f. GRADIENT, adj. ambulant, qui marche. GRADUAL, adj. graduel; s. graduel, m. GRADUALITY, s. progression régulière. GRADUALLY, adv. par degrés, peu à peu. GRADUATE, v. a. graduer; s. gradue, m. GRADUATION, s. gradation, f. graduation, f. GRAFF, GRAFT, s. greffe, f. ente, f. fossé, m. GRAFF, GRAFT, v. a. greffer, enter. GRAFTER, s. celui qui ente. GRAIN, s. grain, m. graine, f. pepin, m. cra-moisi, m. veine, f. fil, m. poil, m. Against the grain, à contre poil, à contre cœur. Dyed in grain, teint en cramoisi. GRAINY, adj. grenu, plein de grains. GRAMINEOUS, adj. herbeux, herbace, herbu. GRAMINIVOROUS, adj. qui se nourrit d'herbe. GRAMMAR, s. la grammaire. GRAMMARIAN, s. grammairien, m. GRAMMATICAL, adj. grammatical. GRAMMATICALLY, adj. grammaticalement. GRAMMATICASTER, s. mauvais grammairien. GRANARY, s. grenier, m. grange, f. GRANATE, GRANITE, s. granit, m. grenat, m. GRANATE MARBLE, s. marbre grenu, m. GRAND, adj. grand, illustre, sublime. GRANDAM, s. grand mèrc, aïeule. GRANDCHILD, s. petit fils or petite-fille. GRAND-DAUGHTER, s. petite-fille. GRANDEE, s. grand. GRANDEVITY, s. vieillesse, f. longue-vie, f. GRANDEVOUS, adj. vieux, qui vit long tems. GRANDEUR, s. grandeur, f. faste, m. GRANDFATHER, s. grand-père, aïeul. GRANDMOTHER, s. grandmère. GRANDSIRE, s. aleul GRANDSON, s. petit fils. GRANGE, s. ferme, f. métairie, f. GRANITE, s. granit, m. grenat, m. GRANIVOROUS, adj. qui se nourrit de grain. GRANT, v. a. accorder, avouer, donner. GRANT, s. octroi, m. concession, f GRANTABLE, adj. qui peut être accordé.

To take for granted, supposer, tenir pour accordé. GRANTEE, s. donataire, m. GRANTOR, s. donateur, m. GRANULAR, GRANULARY, adj. grénclé. GRANULATE, v.a. & n. greneler, grener. GRANULATION, s. granulation, f. GRAPE, s. raisin, m. GRAPESTONE, s. pepin de raisin, m. GRAPHICAL, adj. exact, bien tracé. GRAPHICALLY, adv. graphiquement, exacte-GRAPNEL, s. petite ancre. [ment. GRAPPLE, s. grappin, m. croc, m. GRAPPLE, v. n. en venir aux mains, combattre; v. a. accrocher, arrêter, attacher. GRASP, v. a. empoigner; v. n. s'accrocher. GRASP, s. poignée, f. prise, f. mains, f. GRASS, s. herbe, f. gazon, m. verdure, f. GRASSHOPPER, s. sauterelle, f. cigale, f. GRASS-PLOT, s. tapis vert, m. gazon, m. GRASSY, adj. herbeux, plein d'herbes. GRATE, s. grille, f. grillage, m. treillis, m. GRATE, v. a. & n. raper, gratter, choquer, froisser, grincer. GRATEFUL, adj. reconnoissant, agréable.

blement.

GRATIER, s. rape, f. [tion, f. GRATIFICATION, s. gratification, f. satisfac-GRATIFY, v. a. satisfaire, gratifier, s'aban-donner à, dédomnager, récompenser. GRATINGLY, adv. d'une manière rude. GRATINES, s. caillebotis, m. treillis, m. GRATIS, adv. gratis, gratuitement. GRATITUDE, s. reconnoissance, f. gratitude, GRATUITOUS, adj. gratuit, volontaire. GRATUITOUSLY, adv. gratuitement. GRATULATE, v. a. feliciter, congratuler. GRATULATE, v. a. feliciter, congratuler. GRATULATION, s. gratulation, f. [pliment GRATULATION, adj. de felicitation, de com GRAVE, s. tombeau, m. fosse, f. tombe, f. GRAVE-CLOTHES, s. drap mortuaire, m. GRAVE-MAKER OF DIGGER, s. fossoyeur, m. GRAVE-STONE, s. tombe, f. GRAVE, adj. grave, sérieux, retenu, réservé, circonspect. GRAVE, v. a. & n. tailler, graver, ciscler ; to grave a ship, suiffer, carener, espalmer un GRAVEL, s. gravier, m. gros sable. A gravel-pit, une sablonnière. A gravel-walk, une allée couverte de gravier. GRAVEL, v. a. couvrir de gravier. GRAVELLY, adj. sablonneux, graveleux. GRAVELY, adv. gravement, sérieusement. GRAVEN, part. adj. taillé, gravé, ciselé. GRAVENESS, s. gravité, f. contenance grave. GRAVER, s. graveur, m. burin, m. A sharp graver, un onglet. GRAVIDITY, s. grossesse, f. GRAVING-TOOL, s. burin, nt. GRAVITATE, v. n. peser, graviter. GRAVITATION, s. pesanteur, f. gravitation, GRAVITY, s. gravité, f. poids, m. GRAYY, s. jus, m. suc, m. coulis, m. GRAY, adj. gris; s. gris, m. couleur grise. GRAY or GRAY-BROCK, s. blaireau, m. GRAY-BEARD, s. barbe grise, vieillard, m. GRAY-EYED, adj. qui a les yeux gris. GRAY-HAIRED, adj. grison, qui a les cheveux GRAYHOUND, s. levrier, m. [g GRAYISH, adj. grisatre, tirant sur le gris. GRAYLING, s. (a sort of fish) ombre, f. GRAYNESS, s. gris, m. couleur grise. GRAZE, v. a. & n. faire paître, paître, être auvert, rascr, friscr, efflcurer. GRAZIER, s. celui qui engraisse le bétail. GRAZING, s. l'action de faire paître. GREASE, s. graisse, f. oing, m. GREASE, v.a. graisser, oindre, corrompre per des présens. GREASILY, adv. salement. GREASINESS, s. graisse, f. saleté, f. GREASY, adj. gras, huileux, sale, crasseux. GREAT, adj. grand, gros, important. great deal, beaucoup, quantité. A g A great many, plusieurs. A great while, long-temps. GREAT, s. gros, m. By the great, en gros. GREAT-HEARTED, adj. qui a une grande GREATLY, adv. grandement, fort, beaucoup. GREATNESS, s. grandeur, f. GRECIAN, s. un Grec, une Grèque. GRECISM, s. hellenisme, m. idiome Grec. GREECE, s. la Grèce. GREEDILY, adv. avidement, avec empresse-GREEDINESS, s. gloutonnerie, f. avidité, f. GREEDY, adj. glouton, avide, passionné. GRATEFULLY, adv. reconnoissance, agréaGREEDY-GUT, s. gourmand, m. glouton, m. GREEK, adj. Gree, de Grèce; s. le Gree. GREEK-FIRE, s. feu Grégeois. GREEN, adj. vert, pâle, frais, fraîche, recent, GREEN, s. vert, m. verdure, f. gazon, m. GREEN-CHEESE, s. fromage persille. GREENCLOTH, s. la cour du tapis vert. GREENFINCH, s. (a bird) verdier, m. GREENHOUSE, s. une serre. GREENISH, adj. verdatre, tirant sur la vert. GREENLY, adv. vertement. [veauté, m. GREENNESS, s. verdure, f. verdeur, m. nou-GREENS, s. pl. herbage, m. légume, m. GREENSICKNESS, s. pales couleurs, f. GREENS WARD, s. pelouse, f. gazon, m. GREET, v. a. & n. saluer, complimenter. GREETING, s. salutation, f. salut, m. GRENADE and GRENADO, s. grenade, f. GRENADIER, s. grenadier, m. GREYHOUND, s. un lévrier, une lévrette. GRICE, s. un marcassin. GRIDELIN, s. gris de lin, m. GRIDIRON, s. gril, m. . [ennui, m. GRIEF, s. chagrin, m. deplaisir, m. donleur, f. GRIEVANCE, s. grief, f. tors, m. abus, m. GRIEVE, v. a. & n. chagriner, affliger, tourmenter, vexer, s'attrister, s'affliger. GRIEVINGLY, adv. avec chagrin. GRIEVOUS, adj. grief, douloureux, affligeant, cruel, facheux, atroce, énorme. GRIEVOUSLY, adv. grièvement, cruellement. GRIEVOUSNESS, s. chagrin, m. énormité, f. GRIFFIN OF GRIFFON, s. griffon, m. GRIG, s. une petite anguille, un grivois. GRILL, v. a. griller, faire griller. GRIM, adj. refrogne, hideux, affreux. GRIMACE, s. grimace, f. feinte, f GRIME, s. barbouillage, m.; v.u. barbouiller. GRIMLY, adv. d'un air refrogné, de travers. GRIMNESS, s. air refrogné. GRIN, v. n. grimacer, grincer les dents. GRIN, s. grimace, f. un piège. GRIND, v. a. broyer, moudre, macher, grincer, aiguiser, émoudre, opprimer. GRINDER, s. un émouleur, meunier, m. GRINDERS, les dents mâchelières. GRINDSTONE, s. meule or pictre à aiguiser, f. GRINNER, s. un grimacier. GRIPE, v. a. empoigner, saisir, serrer; v. n. causer des tranchées, donner la colique. GRIPE, s. prise, f. une poignée. GRIPER, s. usurier, m. concussionnaire, m. GRIPES, s. pl. tranchées, f. colique, f. GRIPING, s. prise, f. pression, f. colique, f. GRIPINGLY, adr. avec des tranchées. GRISKIN, s. grillade de cochon, f. GRISLY, adj. affreux, hideux, horrible. GRIST, s. grain moulu, m. mouture, f. profit, GRISTLE, s. cartilage, m. GRISTLY, adj. cartilagineux. GRIT, s. farine grossière, sable, m. limaille, f. GRITTY, adj. graveleux, plein de gravier. GRIZZLE, GRIZZLED, adj. grison, grisatre. GRIZZLY, adj. grisâtre, tirant sur le gris. GROAN, v. n. gemir, soupirer. GROAN and GROANING, s. soupir, m. gemissement, m. GROAT, s. une pièce de quatre sous. GROCFR, s. épicier, m. GROCIRY, s. épicerie, f. métier d'épicier, m. GROGKAM, s. sorte d'étoffe à gros grain. GROIN, s. aine, f.

GROOM, s. valet, m. domestique, m. garçon,

m. palfrenier, m.

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GROOVE, s. creux profond, une rainure. GROOVE, v. a. évider, faire une rainure. GROPE, v. a. & n. tâter, tâtonner. GROSS, adj. gros, épais, grossier, choquante. GROSS, s. le gros, la plupart, une grosse. GROSSLY, adr. grossièrement. [seur, f. GROSSNESS, s.grossièreté, f.grosseur, f. épais-GROT and GROTTO, s. nne grotte. GROUND, s. terre, f. terrain, m. champ, bien fonds, m. le plancher, principe, m. fondement, m. raison, f. cause, f. sujet, m. sédiment, m. lie. f. GROUND, v. a. peser à terre, fonder, établir. GROUND-FLOOR, s. le rez-de-chaussée. GROUND-IVY, s. lierre rampant. GROUNDLESS, adj. sans fondement, sans rai-GROUNDLESSLY, adv. sans fondement. GROUNDLESSNESS, s. futilité, f GROUNDLING, s. (a sort of fish) mêlet, m. GROUNDLY, adv. avec fondement. GROUND-PINE, s. encens de terre, m. GROUND-PLOT, s. le sol de terre, base, f. GROUND-RENT, s. rente foncière. GROUND-ROOM, s. une chambre basse. GROUNDSEL, s. seuil d'une porte, m. GROUNDWORK, s. fond, m. plan, f. base, f. GROUP, s. groupe; v. a. grouper. GROUT, s. grosse farine, sediment, m. GROVE, s. allee couverte, bocage, m. bos-GROVEL, v. n, ramper. [quet, m. Grow, v. n. croitre, devenir, se faire; to grow better, s'améliorer; to grow big, grossir; to grow cold, se refroidir; to grow dear, enchérir; to grow fut, engraisser; to grow handsome, embellir; to grow handsome, santir; to grow hat, s'échausser; to grow late, se faire tard; to grow lean, maigrir; to grow less, diminuer; to grow light, s'eclaireir; to grow old, vieillir; to grow poor, s'appauvrir; to grew rich, s'enrichir; to grow short, décroitre, s'accoureir; to grow sleepy, s'assoupir; to grow strong, se fortifier, prendre des forces; to grow tame, s'apprivoiser; to grow weary, se lasser; to grow well, se retablir; to grow worse, empirer; to grow young, rajounir; to grow into fashion, venir à la mode; to grow into a proverb, passer en proverbe; to grow into farour, s'insinuer dans les bonnes graces; to grow near or on, approcher; to grow out, s'étendre ; to grow out of date, n'être plus de saison; to grow out of use, n'etre plus d'usage; to grow out of kind, dégénérer, s'abatardir; to grow out of kind, dégénérer, s'abatardir; to grow out of estem, perdre son crédit; to grow to, atteindre, parvenir à; to grow towards, avancer, tendre à; to grow up, croître, lever, s'éle-GROWER, s. qui croît, qui pousse. GROWL, v. n. gronder, murmurer. GROWTH, s. croissance, f. crue, f. cru, m. GRUB, s. un ver, vercoquin, m. un nain. GRUB, r. a. défricher, essarter, déraciner. GRUDGE, s. haine invétérée, animosité, f. GRUDGE, v. a. & n. envier, murmurer. GRUDGING, s. envie, f. ressentiment, m. GRUDGINGLY, adv. à contre-cœur, à regret.

GRUEL, s. coulis de gruau, m.

GRUMBLER, s. grondeur, m.

GRUFFLY, adv. d'un air refrogué. GRUFFNESS, s. aigreur, f. mauvais naturel.

GRUFF, adj: refrogné, rechigné, brusque.

GRUMBLE, v. n. murmurer, se plaindre, se

ffacher.

GRU

GRUMBLING, s. murmure, m. plainte, f. GRUME, s. grumeau, m.
GRUMMEL, s. l'herbe aux perles, f. GRUMOUS, adj. grumeleux GRUMOUSNESS, s. coagulation, f. GRUNT, v. n. grogner, murmurer. GUAIACUM, s. (a wood) gayac, m. GUARANTEE, s. guarant, m. caution, GUARANTY, v. n. être garant, garantir, GUARD, s. garde, f. defense, f. bord, m. GUARD, v. a. & n. garder, defendrc. GUARDIAN, s. tuteur, tutrice, curatcur, curatrice, gardien tutelaire. GUARDIANSHIP, s. tutelle, f. curatelle, f. GUARDSHIP, s. soin, m. garde-côte, m. GUDGEON, s. goujon, m. une amorce. Guess, s. conjecture, f.; v. a. & n. conjec-GUESSER, s. conjectureur, m. GUESSINGLY, adv. par conjecture. GUEST, s. un hôte, un convié, un convive. GUGGLE, v. n. faire glonglou, GUGGLING, s. glonglou, m. GUIDAGE, s. le salaire d'un guide. GUIDANCE, s. conduite, f. auspices, m. GUIDE, v. a. guider, conduire, mener. GUIDE, s. guide, m. conducteur, m. GUIDON, s. guidon, m. étendard, m. GUILD, s. société, f. compagnie, f. GUILD-HALL, s. la maison de ville. GUILDER, s. un florin, vingt sous de Hol-Guile, s. fraude, f. artifice, m. [lande, m. GUILEFUL, adj. trompeur, fourbe, imposteur. GUILEFULLY, adv. en traitre, par fraude. GUILEFULNESS, s. fourberie, f. fraude, f. Guileless, adj. sans fraude, sincère, sim-Guilt, s. crime, m. faute, f. GUILTINESS, s. crime, m. méchanceté, f. GUILTLESS, adj. innocent, exempt de crime. GUILTLESSLY, adv. innocemment. GUILTLESSNESS, s. innocence, f. GUILTY, adj. coupable; adr. coupablement. GUINEA, s. guinec, f. Guise, s. guise, f. manière, f. façon, f. mode, GUITAR, s. guitare, f. gourmand. GULCH and GULCHIN, s. un petit glouton or Gules, s. & adj. gucules, f. de guenles. GULFY, adj. plein de gouffres or d'abîmes. GULL, v. a. duper, tromper, attraper. GULL, s. fraude, f. dupe, f. mouette, f. GULLER, s. fourbe, m. trompour, m.
GULLERY, s. fraude, f. fourbe, f. fourberic, f.
GULLET, s. gosier, m. goulot, m. GULLY, v. n. couler avec bruit. GULLY-GUT, s. un gourmand, un glouton. GULLY-HOLE, s. un égoût.
GULP, v. a. avaler, boire or manger gloutonnement. GULP, s. gorgée, f. trait, m. goulée, f. Gum, s. gomme, f. gencive, f. Red-gum, s. rougeurs au visage des enfans. Gum, v. a. gommer. GUMMINESS, GUMMOSITY, s. viscosité. GUMMOUS, adj. gommeux, visqueux. Gummy, adj. gommeux, gomme. Gun, s. arme à feu, f. fusil, m. mousquet, m. GUNNER, s. canonnier, m. GUNNERY, s. la science de canonnier. Gun-powder, s. poudre à canon, f. Gun-room, s. la sainte barbe. Gun-shot, s. p rice du mousquet, f. Gun-smith, s. armurier, m. arquebusier, m. GUN-STICK, s. baguette, j

GUN-STOCK, s. monture d'un fusil, f.

GURGION, s. farine grossière. GURGLE, v. n. couler avec bruit. Gush, v. n. couler avec violence, ruisseler. Gush and Gushing, s. écoulement, m. flux, m. saillie, f. GUSSET, s. gousset, m. Gust, s. gout, m. desir, m. bouffee, f. GUSTABLE, adj. agréable, au goût. GUSTATION, s. l'action de goûter, goût, m. Gustful, adj. qui a de la saveur. Gusty, adj. orageux. [tonnerie, f. Gut, s. boyau, m. intestin, m. ventre, m. glou-Gur, v. a. éventrer, vider. GUTTER, s. une gouttière, creux, m. GUTTER, v. a. canneler; v. n. couler. GUTTER-TILE, s. unc faîtière, une tuile creuse GUTTLE, v. a. & n. se gorger, bafrer. GUZZLE, v. a. & n. ivrogner, gargoter. GUZZLER, s. goinfre, m. ivrogne, m. Gymnasium, s. le gymnase. Gymnastick and Gymnick, adj. gymnique, gymnastique. GYMNASTICK, s. gymnastique, f. GYRE, s. cercle, m. cirque, m. GYRATION, s. mouvement circulaire, m. GYVE, v. n. enchaîner, charger de fers. GYVES, s. fers qu'on met aux pieds, m.

H.

HABEAS CORPUS, s. privilège qu'ont les prisonniers en Angleterre de faire évoquer leur cause au tribunal du Banc du Roi.
HABERDASHER, s. petit mercier.
HABERGEON, s. corselet, m. [équipage, m. HABLERGEON, s. corselet, m. [équipage, m. LABLERGEON, s. corselet, m. [équipage, m. lablement matteril au la lablement matteril

HABERGEON, s. corselet, m. [équipage, m. HABILIMENT, s. habillement, m. attirail, n. HABILITATE, v. a. habiliter, rendre capable de. HABILITATION, s. habilité, f. qualification, f.

HABILITY, s. pouvoir, m. faculté, f.
HABIT, s. habitude, f. constitution, f. disposition, f. habit, m. habillement, m.
HABIT, n. a. habiller, accourter. [biter,
HABITABLE, adj. habitable, qu'on peut ha-

HABITANT, s. habitant, m. [jour, m. HABITATION, s. habitation, f. demure, f. sè-HABITUAL, adf, habituel, accoutumé. HABITUALLY, adr. habituellement. HABITUALE, s. habitude, f. familiarité, f. HAB-NAB, s. hazard, m.; adv. au hazard. HACK, r. \alpha. hacker; v. n. se louer. [lin. HACKLE, s. soie crué, f.; r. a. sérancer du HACKNEY, s. un cheval de louage. A hackny-coach, un carrosse de louage.

HACKNEY, adj. de louage, mercénaire.
HACKNEY, v. a. exercer, pratiquer.
HADDOCK, s. sorte de merluche. [cher.
HAFT, s. manche, f. poignée, f.; v. n. emman-HAG, s. une furie; v. a. tourmenter.
HAGGARD, adj. sauvage, farouche, hagard.
HAGGESS, s. sorte de boudin blanc.
HAGGLE, v. a. couper; v. n. marchander.

HAGGLE, v. a. couper; v. n. marchander.
HAGGLER, s. un barguigneur, une barguiHAGIOGRAPHER, s. écrivain sacré. [gneuse.
HAIL, s. gréle, f.; v. n. gréler, saluer.
HAIL, int. salut! bon jour! bien vons soit!
HAILSHOT, s. poste, f. balle de plomb.
HAILSTONE, s. grain de grêle, m.

HAILY, adj. de grêle. [fil, m HAIR, s. cheveu, m. poil, m. soics, f. crin, m. HAIRBELL, jacinthe or hiacinthe, f.

HAIRBROOM, s. balai de crin, m. houssoir, m. HAIR-BUTTONS, s. pl. boutons de crin, m. HAIR-CLOTH, s. haire, f. cilice, m HAIRED, adj. qui a des cheveux. Red-haired, rousseau, qui a les cheveux roux. HAIRINESS, s. quantité de cheveux, HAIRLACE, s. ruban pour attacher les che-HAIRLESS, adj. chauve. [veux, m. HAIRY, adj. velu, chevelu, couvert de poil. HALBERD, s. hallebarde, f. HALLYON, s. halcyon, m.; adj. paisible, heu-HALE, adj. sain, fort, vigoureux. [reux. HALE, v. a. tirer, trainer, haler. HALF, s. moitié, f. demi, demie.
HALF, adj. demi; adv. à demi, à moitié.
HALF-BLOODED, adj. dégénéré, abâtardi.
HALF-FACED, adj. qui ne se montre que de HALF-MOON, s. demi-lune, f. HALF-PENNY, s. un demi-sou. HALF-PINT, s. demi-pinte, f. chopine, f. HALF-SPHERE, s. hemisphere, m. HALF-WAY, adv. à demi-chemin. HALF-WIT, s. un petit esprit, un esprit foible. HALIBUT, s. sorte de plie (poisson.) HALLTUOUS, adj. fumeux. [f. HALL, s. salle, f. palais, m. barreau, m. balle, HALLAGE, s. droit de balle, m. HALLELUJAH, s. alléluia, m. [des cris. HALLOO, v. a. & n. haler, encourager par HALLOW, v. a. sanctifier, consacrer. HALLUCINATION, s. meprise, f. erreur, f HALM, s. tuyau de blé, m. [bevue, f. HALO, s. halo, m. HALSER, s. hansière, f. [hansière. HALSTER, s. celui qui hale un bateau avec un HALT, v. a. boiter, clocher, s'arrêter. HALT, s. halte, f.; estropie, boiteux. HALTER, f. corde, f. hart, f. licou, m. HALTER, v. a. enchevêtrer. [deux. HALVE, v. a. partager par moitié, diviser en HAM, s. le jarret, jambon, m. hameau, m. HAMATED, adj. qui a des crochets HAME, s. attelle de cheval, f. paille, f. HAMLET, s. petit village, hameau, m. HAMMER, s. un marteau. [forger, hésiter. HAMMER, v. a. battre à coups de marteau, Hammock, s. un hamac, un branle. HAMPER, s. un grand panier or une botte. HAMPER, v. a. embarrasser, engager. Hamstring, s. le tendon, le nerf du jarret. HAMSTRING, v. q. couper les jarrets.

HANAPER, s. le trésor, l'échiquier, m.

HAND, s. la main, écriture, f. signature, f. seing, m. paume, f. côté, m. part, f. endroit, m. prix, m. marché, m. homme, m. travailleur, m. gens, m. monde, m. jeu, m. To get the better hand, avoir l'avantage. Under-hand, sous main, secrètement. Near at hand, à la mair, tout près. Out of hand, vite, d'abord, incontinent. Hand over head tête baissée, en étourdi. de concert, d'intelligence. Hand in hand, HAND, v. a. donner de main en main, donner la main, conduire par la main, manier. HAND-BARROW, s. civière. HAND-BASKET, s. panier à anse, m. HAND-BELLs. une clothette, une sonnette. HAND-BREADTH, s. paume, f. largeur de la HANDER, s. qui transmet. [main. HANDFAST, s. arrêt, m. prison, m. HAND-FETTERS, s. menottes, f. [peu. HANDFUL, s. poignée, f. un petit nombre, HAND-GALLOP, s. un petit galop.

HANDICRAFT, s. metier, m. art mecanique.

HANDICRAFTSMAN, s. un artisan. HANDILY, adv. adroitement, avec adresse. HANDINESS, s. adresse, f. dextérité, f. HANDIWORK, s. ouvrage manuel. HANDKERCHIEF, s. un mouchoir. [duire. HANDLE, v. a. manier, toucher, traiter, con-HANDLE, s. ause, f. manche, m. bras, m. poi-HAND-LEATHER, s. manicle. [gnée, f. HANDLESS, s. manchot, m. HANDLING, s. l'action de manier, maniement, HANDMAID, s. une servante. HANDMILL, s. moulin à bras, m. moulinet, m. HANDSAILS, s. pl. petites voiles. HANDSAW, s. petite scie, scie à main, f. HANDSEL, s. ctrenne; v. a. étrenner. HANDSOME, adj. beau, bel, belle. HANDSOMELY, adr. bien, fort bien, joliment. HANDSOMENESS, s. beauté, f. grâce, f. HAND-STROKE, s. coup de main, m. HAND-WORM, s. (an insect) ciron, m. HAND-WRITING, s. écriture, f. HANDY, adj. de main, manuel, convenable. HANG, r. a. suspendre, pendre, pancher, ten-dre; v. n. pendre, être pendu or suspen du : to hang about, être pendu, s'attacher; to hang back, être en arrière, reculer; to hang by, appendre; to hang down, pendre en bas, baisser; to hang out, étendre, déployer; to hang up, pendre or attacher en haut; to hang loose, pendiller. HANGER, s. pendant, m. coutelas, m. HANGER-ON, s. un parasite, un écornifleur. HANGING, s. l'action de pendre, tenture, f. HANGING, part. adj. pendable, patibulaire. HANGMAN, s. le bourreau. HANK, s. peloton, m. echeveau, m. penchant, HANKER, v. n. désirer passionnément. HANSE, HANSEATICK, adj. anseatique. HAN'T, for has not, or hare not. HAP, s. hasard, m. sorte, m. accident, m. HAP, a. n. arriver, se passer. HAPLESS, adj. malheureux, misérable. HAPLY, adv. peut-être, par hasard. HAPPEN, v. n. arriver, avenir, se passer. HAPPILY, adv. heureusement, par bonheur. HAPPINESS, s. bonheur, m. felicité, f. HAPPY, adj. heureux, fortuné. HARANGUE, s. harangue, f.; v.n. haranguer. HARANGUER, s. orateur, m. harangueur, m. HARASS, v. a. harasser, lasser, fatiguer. HARBINGER, s. fourrier, m. avant coureur, HARBOUR, s. asile, m. refuge, m. [m. HARBOUR, v. a. & n. héberger, loger, accueillir, retirer, séjourner, se refugier. HARD, adj. dur, ferme, solide, difficile, pénible, tristé, ardu, sévere, cruel, rude, grossier, âpre, défavorable, mauvais. Hard of belief, incrédule. HARD, adv. fort, beaucoup, violemment Hard or Hard-by, près, tont près. HARD-DRINKING, s. excés de vin, m. HARDEN, r. a. & n. endurcir, s'endurcir. HARD-HEARTED, adj. insensible, inflexible. HARDHEARTEDNESS, s. dureté de cœur, f. HARDILY, adv. hardiment, courageusement. HARDINESS, s. fatigue, f. forte, f. HARDLY, adv. à peine, rudement, à regret-HARDMOUTHED, adj. qui a la bouche dure. HARDNESS, s. dureté, f. fermeté, f. difficulté HARDS or HURDS, s. étoupes, f. pl. [f HARDSHIP, s. durete, f. fatigue, f. HARD-WARE, s. quincaille, f. quincaillerie, f. HARDWAREMAN. s. quincaillier, m.

HARDY, adj. hardi, brave, fort, robuste, dur.

HARE, s. un lièvre. Young hare, levraut, m. HARED, s. haine, f. aversion, f. détestation, HARE, v. a. effrayer, faire peur. HAREBRAINED, adj. étourdi, écervelé, leger. HAREFOOT, s. pied de lièvre. HARELIP, s. bec de lièvre, m. HAUGHTINSS, s. hauteur, f. fierté, f. HAUGHTY, adj. hautain, fier, arrogant. HARE, s. a. effrayer, faire peur.
HAREBRAINED, adj. étourdi, écervelé, leger.
HAREBROT, s. pied de lièvre.
HARELP, s. bec de lièvre, m.
HARIER, s. sorte de chien lévrier. HARK, interj. écoute, écoutez ; v. n. écouter. HARLEQUIN, s. un harlequin, un farceur. HARLOT, s. une putain, une prostituée. HARLOTRY, s. métier de prostituce, m. HARM, s. tort, m. mal, m. malheur, m. HARM, v. a. faire du mal, faire tort, nuirc. HARMFUL, adj. mal-fesant, dangereux, nui-HARMFULLY, adv. dangereusement. [sible. HARMLESS, adj. innocent, sain et sauf. HARMLESSLY, adv. innocemment, sans mal. HARMLESSNESS, s. innocence, f. HARMONICAL, HARMONICK, adj. harmonique, harmonieux. HARMONIOUS, adj. harmonieux. HARMONIOUSLY, adv. harmonieusement. HARMONIZE, v. a. rendre harmonieux.
HARMONY, s. harmonie, f. accord, m.
HARNESS, s. armure, f. harnois, m.
HARNESS-MAKER, s. harnacheur, m.
HARP, s. harpe, f.; v. n. jouer de la harpe.
HARPER, s. un joueur de harpe, m. HARPOON, s. harpon, m. HARPOONER, s. harponneur, m. HARPSICORD, s. un clavecin. HARPY, s. harpie, f. HARRIDAN, s. une haridelle, une putain usée. HARROW, s. une herse; v. a. herser. HARROWER, s. herseur, m. HARRY, v. a. harasser, harceler, troubler, tourmenter. HARSH, adj. âpre, rude au goût, dur. HARSHLY, adv. rudement, durement. HARSHNESS, s. âpreté, f. aigreur, f. rudesse. HARSLET, s. entrailles, f. viscères, m. HART, s. un cerf. HARTSHORN, s. corne de cerf, f. HARTSTONGUE, s. scolopendre, HARTSWORT, s. aristoloche, f. seseli, m. HARVEST, s. moisson, f.; v. a. moissonner. HARVESTER, HARVEST-MAN, s. moisson-HASH, s. hachis, m.; v. a. hacher. HASP, s. une agraffe, un crochet; v. a. agraffer, accrocher. HASSOCK, s. natte, f. paillasson, m. HASTE, s. hate, f. vitesse, f. diligence, f. HASTE and HASTEN, v. a. & n. hater, presser, se hâter, se dépêcher. HASTINESS, s. hâte, f. promptitude, f. HASTINESS, s. fruits hâtis, pots hâtis, m. HASTY, adj. prompt, diligent, precipité. HASTY-PUDDING, s. sorte de bouillie. [prêt à éclorre. HAT, s. un chapeau. HATCH, v. a. couver, tramer, hacher; v. n. être HATCH, s. couvée de petits, f. demi-porte. HATCHEL, s. seran, m. ; v. a. serancer. HATCHELLER, s. serancier, m. HATCHES, s. pl. écoutilles, f. HATCHES, s. pt. economy, HATCHET, s. hache, f. cognée, f. Hatchet, s. écusson, m. [tilles, f. m. HATCH-WAY, i. passage à travers les écou-HATE, r. a. h.r. détester: s. haine, f. HATEFUL, adj. haïssable, odieux, détestable. HATEFULLY, adv. d'une manière odieuse. HATEFULNESS, s. qualité odieuse. HATER, s. celui qui hatt, ennemi. A hater of men, un misanthrope.

HAUL, v. a. tirer, tirailler, halor. HAULING, s. tiraillement, m. attelle, f. HAUM, s. chanme, m. paille, f. HAUNCH, s. la hanche, cuisse, f. HAUNT, v. a. & n. hanter, fréquenter, visiter. HAUNT, s. retraite, f. repaire, m. HAUNTER, s. celui qui hante, qui fréquente. HAUNTING, s. fréquentation, f. hantise, f. HAUTEOY, s. hauthois, m.; sorte de fraise, f. HAVE, v. o. avoir, posséder, tenir, s'avoir. To have rather, aimer micux. HAVEN, s. havre, m. port, m. asile, m. HAVENER, s. inspecteur d'un port, m. HAVING, s. avoir, m. biens, m. possessions, f. HAVOCK, s. dégat, m. ravage, m. HAVOCK, v. a. ravager, devaster, saccager. Haw, s. cenelle, f. tache dans Veril, f. clos, Haw-тноки, s. aubépine, f. HAW, r. n. hesiter en parlant. HAWK, s. faucon, m. epervier, m. crachement, m.; v. n. chasser à l'oiseau, cracher. HAWKED, adj. aquilin, recourbé. HAWKER, s. colporteur, m. revendeur, m. HAWSES, s. trous par où on passe les cables. HAY, s. foin, m. panneau, m. olivettes, f. pl. HAY-COCK, s. mcule de foin, f. HAY-HARVEST, s. fenaison, f. recolte des foins, f. HAY-LOFT, s. fenil, m. grange, f.m. HAYMAKER, s. faneur, fancuse. HAY-STACK or HAY-RICK, s. gros tas de foin. HAZARD, s. hasard, m. péril, m. risque, m. danger, m. blouse, f. grille, f. d'un jeu de paune, chance, f. (jeu de dés.) HAZARD, v. a. hasarder, risquer. HAZARDABLE, adj. risquable, hasardeux, HAZARDOUS, adj. hasardeux, dangereux, HAZAEDOUSLY, adv. dangereusement. HAZE, s. brouillard, m. brume, f. HAZE, v. n. être nebulenx ; v. a. effrayer. HAZEL or HAZEL-TREE, s. noisetier, m. coudrier, m. HAZEL-NUT, s. noisette, f. HAZEL, HAZELLY, adj. couleur de noisette. HAZY, adj. nebuleux, sombre, obscur. HE, pron. masc. il, celui, lui, le male. HEAD, s. tête, chef, m. principal, w. The head of a river, of a hook, of a lute, of a ship, boat, cane, arrow, &c. la source d'un rivière, titre ou le frontispice d'un livre, le manche d'un lat, l'avant d'un vaisseau, le bec d'un bâteau, la ponime d'une canne, la pointe d'une flèche; head of a cask, fond d'un tonneau. Head, v. a. commander en chef, diriger. HEAD-ACH OF HEAD-AKE, s. mal de tête, m. HEAD-BAND, s. bandean, m. bande, f. HEAD-BOARD OF A HED, s. dossier de lit, m, HEAD-CURTAIN, s. bonne grace, f. [f. HEAD-DRESS, s. coiffe, f. coiffure de femme, HEADII. M. adv. brusquement, étourdiment. HEADINESS, s. brusquerie, f. étourderie, f. HEAD-LAND, s. cap, m. promontoire, m. HEADLESS, adj. sans tete, sans chef. HEADLONG, adj. imprudent, inconsideré. HEADLONG, adr. tête baissée. HEADPIECÉ, s. casque, m. tête, f. le frontal (d'une bride) le linteau d'une porte, les douves (d'un tonneau), f.

104 HEA HEADQUARTERS, s. le quartier du général. HEAD-ROLL, s. bourlet, m. HEADSHIP, s. primauté, f. HEADSMAN, s. le bourreau, l'exécuteur de la haute justice, m. HEADSTALL, s. la têtière d'une bride. HEADSTONE, s. la pierre angulaire. HEADSTRONG, adj. têtu, opiniâtre, vicieux. HEAD-WORKMAN, s. maltre ouvrier, m. HEADY, adj. têtu, violent, capiteux. HEAL, v. a. & n. guerir, se guerir. HEALER, s. médecin, m. gnérisseur, m. HEALING, s. guerisson, m. HEALING, part. adj. curatif, consolidant, salutaire, doux. HEALTH, s. sante, f. [salutaire. HEALTHFUL, adj. sain, qui est en bonne santé, HEALTHFULLY, adv. en bonne santé. HEALTHFULNESS, s. sante, f. salubrite, f. HEALTHILY, adv. en bonne santé. HEALTHINESS, s. santé, f HEALTHLESS, adj. valétudinaire, foible, in-HEALTHSOME, adj. sain, salutaire, salubre. HEALTHY, adj. sain, en santé, qui se porte HEAP, s. monceau, m. tas, m. amas, m. HEAP, v. a. entasser, amonceler, amasser. HEAPER, s. celui qui entasse, qui amasse. HEAPY, adj. mis en tas, emoncélé. HEAR, v. a. & n. ouir, entendre, écouter, donner audience, apprendre, entendre dire. HEARER, s. auditeur, m. HEARING, s. l'ouie, f. audience, f. HEARKEN, v. n. écouter, prêter l'oreille. HEARKENER, s. un écouteur, une écouteuse. HEARSAY, s. our-dire, m. rapport, m. HEART, s. coeur, m. courage, m. milieu, m. centre, m. substance, f. HEART-ACH, s. chagrin, m. peine, f. HEART-BREAK or HEART-BREAKING, s. crève-cœur, m. HEART-BREAKING, adj. desolant, accablant. HEART-BURNING, s. ardeurs de cœur, haine, HEART-DEAR, adj. bien-aimé. [f. HEART-EASE, s. tranquillité d'esprit, HEARTED, adj. vaillant, courageux, hardi. HEARTEN, v. a. encourager, animer. HEART-FELT, adj. éprouvé, senti au fond du HEARTH, s. atre, m. foyer, m. [cœur. HEARTH-MONEY, s. fouage, m. HEARTHLY, adv. de cœur, de bon cœur, sincèrement. HEARTINESS, s. sincérité, f. cordialité, f. HEARTLESS, adj. sans coeur, découragé, lâche. HEARTLESSLY, adv. sans courage, lâchement. HEARTLESSNESS, s, manque de courage, m. HEART-STRINGS, s. pl. les fibres du cœur, m. pl.HEART-STRUCK, adj. percé au cœur, effrayé. HEARTY, adj. sincere, cordial, qui se porte bien, fort, vigoureux, grand, bon. HEAT, s. chaleur, f. chaud, m. ardeur, f. feu, m. véhémence, f. colère, f. passion, f. fougue, f. course, f. bouton, m. pustule, f. bourgeon, m. HEAT, v. a. chauffer, échauffer, HEATER, s. un fer chaud. HEATH, s. bruyère, f. [lin, m. HEATH-COCK, s. coq de bruyère, m. franco-HEATHEN, s. & adj. païens, m. païen. HEATHENISH, adj. paren, de paren, idolâtre. HEATHENISHLY, adv. en païen. Tenne.

HEATHY, adj. plein or couvert de bruyeres. HEAVE, v. a. & n. lever, élever, palpiter, fermenter, travailler, virer. HEAVEN, s. le ciel, le firmament, les cieux. HEAVENLY, adj. divin, céleste, du ciel. HEAVENLY, adv. divinement. HEAVENWARD, adv. vers le ciel, en haut. HEAVILY, adv. pesamment, lentement. HEAVINESS, s. pesanteur, f. poids, m. assou-pissement, m. ennui, m. tristesse, f. fertilité, f. HEAVY, adj. pesant, lourd, assoupi, stupide, triste, mélancolique, affligeant. HEBDOMAD, s. une semaine HEBDOMAL, HEBDOMADARY, adj. hebdo-HEBETATE, v. a. hébéter, émpusser. HEBRAISM, s. hébraisme, m. HEBRAIST, HEBRICIAN, s. un Hébraïssant. HEBREW, adj. & s. Hébraïque, Hébreu, m. HЕСАТОМВ, s. hécatombe, f. HECTICAL and HECTICK, adj. étique, qui HECTICK, s. la sièvre étique. consume. HECTOR, s. un fanfaron, un faux brave. HECTOR, v.a. & n. braver, faire le fanfaron. HECTORING, s. fanfaronnade, f. HEDGE, s. haie, f. A quickset hedge, une haie vive. HEDGE, v. a. entourer de haics. HEDGE-BORN, adj. de basse naissance. HEDGE-HOG, s. (un animal) un herison. HEDGE-PLANT, s. (a plant) viorne. f. HEDGER, s. un feseur de haies. HEDGE-ROW, s. espalier, m. [haie, m. HEDGE-SPARROW, s. un verdon, moineau de HEDGING-BILL, s. une serpe. lauer. HEED, v. a. faire attention à, observer, remar-HEED, s. garde, f. attention, f. soin, m. HEEDFUL, adj. attentif, soigneux, prudent. HEEDFULLY, adv. attentivement, prudemment. HEEDFULNESS, s. attention, f. soin, m. HEEDLESS, adj. inattentif, negligent. HEEDLESSLY, adv. négligemment. [f. HEEDLESSNESS, s.négligence, f. imprudence, HEEL, s. talon, m.; v. n. danser, pencher d'un côté. HEEL-MAKER, s. talonnier, m. HEEL-PIECE, s. hausse, f. bout de talon, m. HEFT, s. effort, m. poids, m. anse, manche, m. HEGIRA, s. hégire, f. ère des Mahométans. HEIFER, s. geuisse, f. jeune vache, f. HEIGHO, interj. Ah! Hélas! Height, s. hauteur, f. élévation, f. grandeur, Heighten, v. a. relever, rehausser, élever. HEINOUS, adj. odieux, détestable, atroce. HEINOUSLY, adv. horriblement. HEINOUSNESS, s. atrocité, f. énormité, f. HEIR, s. héritier, m.'; v. a. hériter. HEIRESS, s. héritière, HEIRLESS, adj. sansheritier. HEIRLOOM, s. biens annexés à un Franc-alleu, *m. բվ* HEIRS OF HEIRESSES, s. pl. hoirs, m. pl. HEIRSHIP, s. qualité d'héritier, f. hoirie, f HELIACAL, adj. héliaque. HELICAL, adj. en spirale. HELIOTROPE, s. heliotrope, f. tournesol, m. HELL, s. enfer, m. HELL-FIRE, s. feu d'enfer. HELLEBORE, s. (a plant) ellébore, m. HELLENISM, s. hellénisme, m. HEATHENISM, s. paganisme, m. religion pa- | HELL-HAUNTED, adj. frequente par le diable.

HELLISH, adj. infernal, d'enfer. HELLISHLY, adv. d'une manière infernale. HELLISHNESS, s. méchanceté infernale. HELLWARD, adv. vers l'enfer. [tration, f. HELM, s. timon, m. gouvernail, m. adminis-HELM or HELMET, s. un casque, heaume, m. HELP, v. a. aider, secourir, servir, eviter. HELP, s. aide, f. secours, m. support, m. HELPER, s. aide, m. celui qui aide. HELPFUL, adj. utile, secourable, salutaire. HELPLESS, adj. perclus, sans appui, abaudonné, irremédiable, sans ressource. HELPLESSLY, adv. sans secours, sans remède. Helplessness, s. manque de secours, m. HELTER-SKELTER, adv. pele-mêle. HELVE, s. le manche; v. a. emmancher. HEM, s. ourlet, m. bord, m. hem, m. HEM, v. a. ourler, border, enfermer. HEM, v. n. tousser violemment, appeler. HEMICYCLE, s. hemicycle, m. demi-cercle, m. HEMISPHERE, s. hémisphère, m. HEMISPHERICAL, HEMISPHERICK, adj. hémisphérique. HEMISTICK, s. un hémistiche. HEMLOCK, s. (a plant) cigue, f. HEMORRHAGE, s. hemorragie, f. HEMORRHOIDAL, adj. hémorroidal. HEMORRHOIDS, s. hémorroïdes, f. HEMP, s. chanvre, m. HEMP-CLOSE, s. chénevière, f. HEMPEN, adj. de chanvre. HEMP-SEED, s. chénevi, m. HEN, s. une poule, la fémelle (d'un oiseau.

A Turkey-hen, une poule d'Inde. A
Moor-hen, foulque, m. poule d'eau, f. A
Guinea-hen, poule d'Afrique. HENBANE, s. (an herb) jusquiame, f. HENBIT, s. (a plant) mort aux poules, f. HENCE, adv. d'ici, de là. HENCEFORTH, adv. désormais, à l'avenir. HENCEFORWARD, adv. désormais, à l'avenir. HENDECAGON, s. hendécagone, m. HEN-HEARTED, adj. lâche, qui a un cœur de HEN-HOUSE, s. poulailler, m. HEN-PECKED, adj. gouverné par sa femme. HEN-ROOST, s. juchoir, m. HEPATICAL, HEPATICK, adj. hépatique, du [foie. HEPS, s. pl. fruit d'aubépine, m. HEPTAGON, s. eptagone or heptagone, m. HEPTARCHY, s. heptarchie. f. HER, pron. son, sa, ses, la, lui, elle. [moiries. HERALD, s. un héraut. HERALDRY, s. blason, m. la science des ar-HERALDSHIP, s. l'office d'un héraut, m HERB, s. herbe, f. Pot-herbs, gères. Herb of grace, rue, f. HERBACEOUS, adj. herbacee. Pot-herbs, herbes pota-HERBAGE, s. herbage, m. pâture, f. HERBAL, s. un traité de botanique. HERBALIST, s. un herboriste, un botaniste. HERBIFEROUS, HERBOUS, adj. herbeux, HERB-WOMAN, s. herbière, f. vendeuse d'herbes. HERBY, adj. de la nature des herbes. HERCULEAN; adj. d'Hercule, difficile. HERD, s. troupe, f. troupeau, m. horde, f. HERD, v. n. aller en troupe, s'attrouper. HERDSMAN, s. pâtre, m. celui qui garde le HERE, adv. ici, ici-bas, voici. [bétail. HEREABOUTS, adv. ici autour, par ici. HEREAFTER, adv. désormais, à l'avenir. HEREAT, adv. à ceci, à celà. HERE-BEIOW, adv. ci-dessous.

HEREBY, adv. par ceci, ainsi, par ce moven, par là, par ces présentes. HEREDITAMENT, s. héritage, m. hoiric, f. HEREDITARY, adj. héréditaire. HEREFROM, adr. d'ici. HEREIN, HEREINTO, adv. en ecci, en ce point. HEREOF, adr. de ceci, d'ici, de là. HEREON, adv. là dessus. HERESIARCH, s. hérésiarque, m. HERESY, s. hérésie, f. HERETICAL, adj. hérétique. HERETICK, s. un or une heretique. НЕВЕТО, adr. à ceci. HERETOFORE, adr. antrefois, auparavant, jadis, anciennement. HEREUNTO, adv. à ceci. HEREUPON, adv. là-dessus, sur ces entrefaites, HEREWITH, adv. avec ceci, par ceci. HERITABLE, adj. qui peut heriter. HERITAGE, s. heritage, m. succession, f. HERMAPHRODITE, s. hermaphrodite, m. HERMETICAL, HERMETICK, adj. hermetique. HERMETICALLY, adr. hermetiquement. HERMIT, s. un hermite, un solitaire, un au-HERMITAGE, s. hermitage. m. [chorète. HERMITICAL, adj. d'hermite. HERN, contracted for Heron, s. heron, m. HERNIA, s. bernie, f. descente, f. HERNIA GUTTURIS, s. goitre. m. HERO, s. héros, m. homme vaillant. HERODIAN, adj. pédiculaire. HEROICAL, adj. hérotque. HEROICALLY, adv. heroignement. HEROICK, adj. heroigne, de heros. HEROINE, HEROESS, s. une héroinc. HEROISM, s. béroïsme, m. courage, m. HERON. s. un heron. A young heron, un he. ronneau. HERRING,s. hareng, m. Red-herring, hareng HERRING-TIME, s. harengeaison, f HERRING-WOMAN, s. harengère, f. HERSE, s. cercueil, une bière. [lancer. HESITATE, v. n. hesiter, être en suspens, pa-HESITATION, HESITANCY, s. doute, m. incertitude, f. HETEROCLITE, adj. hétéroclite. HETERODOXY, s. hétérodoxie, f. HETEROGENEAL, HETEROGENEOUS, adj. hétérogène. HETEROGENEITY, s. hétérogénéité, f. HETEROSCIANS, s. pl. hétérosciens, m. HEW, v. a. couper, tailler, aviver, abattre. HEWER, s. abatteur, m. coupeur, m. buche-HEXAGON, s. un hexagone. fron, m. HEXAGONAL, udj. hexagone, qui a six côtés. HEXAMETER, s. hexamétre, m. HEYDAY, inlerj. ouais! hola!
HIATUS, s. ouverture, f. lacune, f. hiatus, m.
HIBERNAL, adj. d'hiver.
HICCOUGH, s. hoquet, m.; v. n. avoir le ho-HIDE, v. a. & n cacher, couvrir. A hidingplace, cachette, f. retraite, f. HIDE AND SEEK, s. cligne musette, f. HIDE, s. peau, f. cuir, m. Hide of land, mesure de quarante arpens, f. HIDEBOUND, adj. roide, avare, taquin. HIDEOUS, adj. hideux, affreux, horrible. HIDEOUSLY, adv. hideusement, affreusement. HIDEOUSNESS, s. difformité, f. horreur, f. HIE, v. n. se hâter, se presser. HIERARCH, s. le chef d'une Hiérarchie. HIERARCHICAL, adj. hierarchique. HIERARCHY, s. hiérarchie, f.

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HIEROGLYPHICK, s. un hieroglyphe, un em- || HIVE, s. ruche, f. Hive-dross, cire à demi HIEROGLYPHICAL, HIEROGLYPHICK, adj.

hiéroglyphique.

HIGGLE, v. n. revendre.

HIGGLEDY-PIGGLEDY, adv. pêle-mêle.

HIGGLER, s. revendeur, m. coquetier, m. Hісн, adj. haut, élevé, grand, sublime, fier,

altier, empoulé, plein.

High, s. hauteur, f. haut, m. élévation, f. High, adv. haut, fort, grandement.

HIGH-FLOWN, adj. orgueilleux, fier. HIGH-FLYING, adj. extravagant dans ses opi-

HIGHLAND, s. pays montagneux. HIGHLANDER, s. montagnard, m.

HIGHLY, adv. fort, beaucoup, infiniment. HIGH-MINDED, adj. fier, arrogant, ambitieux.

HIGHNESS, s. aitesse, f. hautesse, f. HIGH-SPIRITED, adj. fier, audacieux, hardi.

HIGH-WATER, s. haute marée.

HIGHWAY, s. grand chemin. HIGHWAYMAN, s. voleur de grand chemin, m.

HILL, s. eminence, f. enjouement, m. HILL, s. eminence, f. elévation, f.

HILLOCK, s. une colline, une éminence.

HILLY, adj. montagneux, montueux.

HILT, s. la poignée (d'une épée.) HIM, pron. le, lui. [mên [même,tout,seul. HIMSELF, pron. lui même, se, même, soi

Hin, s. (a measure of ten pints) hin, m. HIND, s. biche, f. un valet, un paysan.

HIND and HINDER, adj. postérieur, de der-HINDER, v. a. empêcher, arrêter. [rière.

HINDERANCE, s. empêchement, m. tort, m. HINDERMOST, HINDMOST, adj. le dernier.

HINGE, s. gond, m. charnière, f. pivot, m.

HINGE, v. a. fixer, appuyer, supporter. HINT, s. insinuation, f. avis, m. soupcon, m.

ouverture, f. suggestion, f. idée, f. Hint, r. a. donner à cutendre, insinuer.

HIP, s. la hanche, gratte-cu, m.

HIP-GOUT, s. la sciatique. HIPPISH, adj. hypocondriaque, mélancolique.

HIPPOGENTAUR, s. hippocentaure, m. HIPPOGENASS, s. hippocras, m.

Hірроротамия, s. hippopotame, m. Нірянот, adj. déhanché.

HIRE, s. louage, m. salaire, m. gages, m. HIRE, v. a. louer, preudre or donner à louage.

HIRELING, s. & adj. mercenaire, m.

HIRSE, s. millet or mil, m.

His, pron. pos. son, sa, ses, à lui, le sien, la sienne, les siens, les siennes.

Hiss, v. a. & n. siffler, se railler, se moquer.

Hiss and Hissing, s. sifflement, m.

HIST, interj. st! chut! paix! HISTORIAN, s. historien, m.

HISTORICAL, HISTORICK, adj. historique.

HISTORICALLY, adv. historiquement. HISTORIOGRAPHER, s. historiographe, m.

HISTORIOGRAPHY, s. historiographie, f.

HISTORY, s. histoire, f. fon.

HISTRIONICAL, HISTRIONICK, adj. de bouf-HIT, v. a. & n. frapper, rencontrer, atteindre.

HIT, s. coup, m. atteinte, f

HIT OR MISS, à tout hasard. [couper.

HITCH, v. n. se démener, se trémousser, se HITCHEL, v. a. sérancer. Sec Hatchel.

HITHE, s. quai, m. port de rivière, m.

HITHER, adj. plus proche, plus près, de ce HITHER, adv. ici, y, çà. HITHERMOST, adj. le plus proche. HITHERMOST, adv. jusqu'ici, jusqu'à présent.

HITHEF P ARD, adv. de ce côté ci.

faite, f. retirer.

HIVER, s. celui qui met les abeilles dans les Ho and Hoa, interj. he! ho! [ruches.

HOAR-FROST, s. gelée blanche. HOARD, s. amas, m.; v. a. & n. amasser.

HOARDER, s. celui qui amasse.

HOARINESS, s. cheveux blancs, f. blancheur. HOARSE, adj. enroué, rauque.

HOARSELY, adv. d'un voix enrouée. HOARSENESS, s. enrouement, m. raucité, f.

Hoany, adj. blanc, blanchâtre, moisi.

HOBBLE, v. n. boiter, clocher, être boiteux. Hobble, s. démarche inégale.

Hobby, s. hobereau, m. un benêt, un stupide. A hobby-horse, cheval de bois, m. Hobgoblin, s. spectre, m. fantaisie.

HOBIT, s. espèce de petit mortier à bombes.

HOENAIL, s. clou à grosse tête. [Rhin. HOCK and HOCKAMORE, s. de vieux vin du

Hock, s. le jarret; v. a. couper le jarret. HOCKHERB, s. mauve, f. [rie, f. Hocus-pocus, s. un tour de gibecière, filoute-

Hon, s. oiseau (pour porter le mortier.)

HODGE-PODGE, s. hochepot, m. Itier.

Hodman, s. manœuvrier qui porte le mor-HOE, s. houe, f.; v. a. houer, becher.

Hog, s. cochon, m. pourceau, m. porc, m. Hog-BADGER, s. un bléreau, un taisson.

Hoggish, adj. de cochon

Hoggishly, adv. comme un cochen, goulu Hoggishness, s. gloutonnerie, f. grossi

HOGHERD, s. porcher, gardeur de cochons, Hogs-CHEEK, s. une joue de cochon.

Hog-str, s. étable à cochon, f. [chons, f. Hogwash, s. layure qu'on donne aux co-

HOIDEN, s. une fille maladroite; v. n. folà-Hoise, Hoist, r. a. lever, hausser.

Hold, v. a. prendre, tenir, serrer, soutenir, avoir, posséder, jouir, assembler, convo-quer, empecher, retenir, contenir; to hold of one, relever de quelqu'un; to hold forth,

avancer, etaler; to hold in, retenir, tenir en bride; to hold off, eloigner; to hold on, continuer, prolonger, poursuivre; to hold out, s'étendre, offrir, proposer, soutenir; to hold up, lever, soutenir, protéger ; v. n. con-

tinuer, durer, dériver, provenir, venir, s'ar-rèter, demeuler; to hold true, se trouver vrai; to hold forth, prècher, annoncer; to hold in, se retenir, se contenir; to hold off, s'étoigner, se garder; to hold on, continu-

er; to hold out, tenir bon, tenir ferme, du-

rer; to hold up, se soutenir soi meme, s'e-claireir; to hold with one, tenir pour quelqu'un, être de son parti.

Helli, s. prise, prison, f. fort, m. To take or get hold, prendre, saisir. Hold of a ship, le fond de cale d'un vaisseau.

HOLDFAST, s. crampon, m. main de fer, m.

HOLE, s. trou, m. creux, m. cavité, f. HOLILY, adr. sainement, avec piété.

Holla, interj. hola! he! v. a. crier après

quelqu'un. Hollow, adj. creux, enfonce.

Hollow, s. creux, m. cavité, f. un cri.

Hollow, r. a. creuser; v. n. crier. Hollowness, s. creux, m. cavité, f. conca-

HOLLY and HOLLYOAK, s. houx, m.

HOLME and HOLM-OAK, s. yeuse.

Holocaust, s. holocauste, m. HOLOGRAPH, s. acte olographe. HOLSTER, s. fourrean (de pistolet.) m. HOLSTER-CAP, s. un chaperon. HOLY, adj. & s. saint, pieux, sacré, bénit. HOLY-DAY, s. fête, f. jour de fête, m. HOLY-GHOST, s. le saint-esprit. HOLY THURSDAY, s. le jour de l'ascension. HOLY-WATER, s. de l'eau bénite. HOLY WEEK, s. la semaine sainte. [mage. HOMAGE, s. hommage, m.; v. a. rendre hom-HOMAGER, s. vassal, m. homme lige, m. HOME, s. logis, m. maison, f. patrie, f. HOME, adj. de chez soi, bon. HOME, adr. au logis, chez soi, tout-à-fait. HOMEBORN, HOMEBRED, adj. du pays. HOMEFELT, adj. interne, inferieur, prive. Homelilly, adv. grossièrement, de mauvaise HOMELINESS, s. grossièreté. Homely, adj. simple, grossier. HOME-MADE, adj. du pays, de menage. HOMER, s. mesure des anciennes Juifs, f. Homeward, Homewards, adv. chez soi. Homicidal, adj. meurtrier, sanguinaire. HOMICIDE, s. homicide, m. meurtrier, m. Homily, s. homélie, f. Homogeneous, adj. homogène, de même nature, similaire. Homogeneousness, s. homogénéité, f. Homologous, adj. homologue. Homonymous, adj. homonyme, ambigu. Homotonous, adj. egal, uniforme. Hone, s. pierre à aiguiser les rasoirs, f. Honest, adj. honnéte. droit, sincère, chaste. Honestly, adr. honnetement, de bonne foi. Honesty, s. honnêteté, f. honneur, f. probi-HONEY, s. miel, m. chère amie, f. [té. Honey-Apple, s. pomme S. Jean, f. Honey-comb, s. rayon de micl, m. HONEY-DEW, s. manne, f. rosée, f. HONEY'D, HONIED, adj. couvert de miel, doucereux. HONEY-FLOWER, s. mélanthe, m. Honey-moon, s. le premier mois du mariage. HONEY-SUCKLE, s. chèvre-feuille, m. HONEY-WORT. s. (a plant) cerinthe, f. HONORARY, adj. honoraire. HONOUR, s. honneur, f. intégrité, f. chasteté, f. gloire, f. rang, m. grandeur, f. HONOUR, v. a. honorer, révérer, respecter. HONOURABLE, adj. honorable, glorieux. HONOURABLY, adv. honorablement. HONOURER. s. celui qui honore. Hood, s. coiffe, f. un chaperon, un capuchon. Hood, v. a. coiffer, encapuchonner. HOODMAN'S-BLIND, s. colin-maillard, m. Hood-wink, v.a. bander les yeux, aveugler. Hoor, s. sabot, m. (du pied d'un cheval.) HOOF-BOUND, adj. encastelé. HOOK, s. erochet, m. croe, m. agrafic, f. Hook, r. a. accrocher, attraper. HOOKED, adj. crochu, recourbé, fourchu. HOOKENNESS, s. courbure, f. HOOK-NOSED, adj. qui a le nez aquilin. Hoop, s. cerceau, m. panier, m. un rond. Hoop, n. a. lier, relier, cercler, crier. HOOPER, s. un tonnelier, un cigne sauvage. Hooping-cough, s. coqueluche, f. Hoor, v. a. & n. huer, siffler; s. huée, f. Hop, s. houblon, m. saut, m. HOP-GROUND, s. houblonnière, f. Hor, v. a. mettre du houblon; v. n. sauter.

HOPE, s. espérance, f. espoir, m.

HOPE, v. a. & n. attendre, désirer. HOPEFUL, adj. de grande esperance, qui es HOPEFULNESS, s. belles dispositions. [père HOPELESS, adj. sans espoir, hors d'espérance. HOPPER, s. santeur, m. tremie, f. HORAL, HORARY, adj. horaire, des heures. HORDE, s. horde, f. troupe, f. HOREHOUND, s. marrube, m. Horizon, s. horizon, m. HORIZONTAL, adj horizontal. HORIZONTALLY, adv. horizontalement. HORN, s. corne, f. cornet, m. cor, m. HURN-BEAK or HORN-FISH, s. alguille, f. Horn-воок, s. un abécé. HORNED, adj. cornu, à corne. HORNET, s. frelon. HORN-OWL, s. [a bird] due, grand due, m. HORN-WORK, s. ouvrage à corne. HORNY, adj. fait de corne, calleux. HOROGRAPHY, s. horographie, f. Horologe, Horology, s. horloge, f. HOROSCOPE, s. horoscope, m. HORRIELE, adj. horrible, effroyable, affreux. HORRIBLENESS, s. horreur, f. énormité, f. HORRIBLY, adv. horriblement, énormément. HORRID, adj. horrible, affreux, effroyable HORRIDNESS, s. horreur, f. atrocité, f. HORROUR, s. horreur, f. détestation, f. HORSE, s. cheval, m. cavalerie, f. chantier, Horse, r.a. monter un cheval, couvrir, sail-[lir. Horseback, adv. à cheval. Im. Horse-block, s. montoir, m. Horse-Boy, s. valet d'écurie, m. palfremer; Horse-Breaker, s. écuyer, m. Horse-chestnut, s. marron d'Inde, m HORSE-CLOTH, s. housse, f. HORSE-COLT, s. un poulain. Horse-comb, s. une étrille. HORSE-COURSER. s. un maquignon HORSE-DUNG, s. fiente de cheval, f. HORSE-FLY, s. taon, m. HORSE-GUARD, s. garde à cheval, f. Horse-Laugh, s. ricannement, m. Horse-Leech, s. un maréchal ferrant. Horseman, s. cavalier, m. HORSEMANSHIP, s. manège, m. l'art de monter à cheval, m. HORSE-PHYSICK, s. breuvage pour les chevaux. m. Horse-pond, s. abreuvoir, m. HORSE-RACE, s. course de chevaux, f. Horse-Radish, s. raifort, m. rave sauvage, HORSE-SHOE, s. fer de cheval, m. '
HORTATION, HORTATIVE, s. exhortation, f.
HOSANNA, s. hosanna, m. Dieu soit béni. Hose, s. chaussure, f. Hosee, s. marchand de bas, m. un bonnetier. HOSPITABLE, adj. hospitalier. Hospitally, adv. avec hospitalité. Hospital, s. hôpital, m. hôtel-dieu. m. Hospitality, s. hospitalité, f.
Hospitaliers, s. pl hospitaliers, m. pl. Host, s. hôte, m. hôtelier, m. une armée, HOSTAGE, s. ôtage, m. [hostie, f. Hostel, s. hôtellerie, f. auberge, f. Hostel, s. hôtellerie, f. auberge, f. Hosteler, s. hôtellere, f. Hostelere, f. Hostile, adj. ennemi, d'ennemi. Hostilty, s. hostilité, f. acte d'hostilité, m. Hostilty, s. valet d'écurie, m. Hostry, s. écurie, f. étables, f. pl. Hot, adj. chaud, brilant, ardent. violent, [échauffé, brůlé. HOT-BED, s. couche, f. [échauffé, brûlé. HOTCH-POTCH, s. hockepot, m. salmigondis, HOT-COCKLES, s. main chaude, f.

HOT-HEADED HOT-BRAINEL, fougeux, ar-HOTLY, aut. chaddement, avec chalcur. HOTNESS, s. chalence, f. violence, f. fureur, f. une têle chauge, pois precoces. Hough, s. le jarret, une houe. Hough, v. a. couper le jarret. Hound, s. chien de chasse, m. Houndstongue, s. langue de chien. HOUND-TREE & cornouller, m. Hour, s henre Houres, ali troment; adv. à tout moment. House, s. maison, j. logis, m. House, p. 2 & u. loger, mettre à couvert. House-Bread, s. pain de ménage, m. pain HOUSE-BREAKER, s. un voleur. Ibis, m. House-BREAKING, s. vol (avee effraction,) House-Dog, s. un chien de basse cour. [m. House-EAVES, les gouttières d'une maison, Household, s. menage, m. maison, f. [m. Householder, s. chef or père de famille, House-keeper, s. un père de famille. House-KEEPING, s. menage, m. House-LEEK, s (a plant) joubarbe. HOUSE-MAID, s. servante, f: House-kent, s. le loyer d'une maison. House-Room, s. place, f. espace, m. House-WARMING, s. regal d'entrée, m. Housewife, s. mère de famille, ménagère, Housing, s. logement, m. housse (de cheval.) HOVEL, s. une cabane, une chaumière. Hovel, v. a. mettre à couvert, à l'abri. HOVER, v. n. voltiger, pencher, planer, hési-How, adv. comment, combien. How long, How many, How much, combien, jusques à quand. However, adv. quelque, quoique, cependant. Howler, r. n. hurler; s. hurlement, m. Howler, s. huette, hulote, f. chouette, f. Howsoever, see However and How. Hoy, s. grande barque, heu, m. gaillotte, f. HUBBUB, s. tapage, m. vacarme, m. LIUCKLEBONE, s. l'os de la cuisse, f. HUCKSTER, s. détailleur, m. regrattier. HUDDLE, s. désordre, m. confusion, f. HUDDLE, n. a. & n. brouiller, confondre. HUFF, s. couleur, f. huée, f. HUFF, s. accès de colère, fanfaron, m. HUFF, v. a. braver, souffler un pion; v. n. se facher, s'enorgueillir. HUFFISH, adj. fier, arrogant, insolent, haulive, s. embrassade, f; r.a. embrasser. Huge, Huge, adj. grand, vaste. [ment. Liver, Hugely, adv. extremement, enorméllugeness, s. grandeur extreme. HUGGERMUGGER, s. secret, m. cachette, f. Hugging, s. embrassade, f. embrassement, Hulk and Hull, s. le corps d'un vaisseau. HULL, s. cosse, pellicule, gousse, f. HULL, v. n. flotter, être à sec, cosser. HULLING. adj. flottant à mâts et à cordes. HULLY, adj. cossu. [donner. HUM, s. hourdonnement, m.; v. a. & n. bour-HUM, interj. finissez, hola, assez. HOMAN, adj. humain, de l'homme. HUMANE, adj: humain, doux, compatissant. HUMANELY, adr. humainement, avec dou-HUMANIST, s. humaniste, m. HUMANITY s. humanité, f. deuceur, f. HEMANIZE r. a. bumaniser, adoucir

HUMANKIND, s. le genre-humain. HUMANLY, adv. humainement. [mouche, m. HUMBIRD, HUMMING-BIRD, s. oiseau-HUMELE. adj. humble, modeste, bas. HUMBLE, v. a. humilier, abaisser. HUMBLE-BEE, s. beurdon.m. abeille sauvage. HUMBLY, adv. humblement. HUMDRUM, adj. lourd, stupide, hébété. HUMECT, HUMECTATE, v. a. humecter. HUMECTATION, s. humectation. f. HUMERAL, adj. qui appartient à l'épaule. HUMID, adj. humide, moite. Humidity, s. humidité, f. moiteur, f. HUMILIATION, s. humiliation, f. HUMILITY, s. humilité, f. modestie. f. HUMMER, s. celui qui applaudit. HUMMING, s. bourdonnement, m. HUMORAL, adj. qui vient des humeurs, humo-HUMORIST, s. un capricieux, un fantasque. HUMOROUS, adj. capricieux, plaisant. HUMOROUSLY, adr. par fantaisie. Humorsome, adj. bizarre, capricieux. Humour, s. humeur, f. caractère, m. HUMOUR. v. a. plaire, contenter, satsfaire. HUMP, HUMPBACK, s. bosse, f. HUMPBACKED, adj. bossu. HUNCH, s. coup de coude, m.; r. u. coudo-HUNDRED, adj. & s. cent, m. canto, m. HUNGER, s. faim, f. appetit, m. HUNGER, v. n. avoir faim, être affamé. HUNCERLY, adj. & adv. de bon appétit. HUNGER-STARVE, v. a. affamer. HUNGRILY, adr. avidement. Hungry, adj. affamé, famélique, maigre. HUNKS, s. un ladre, un avare sordide. HUNT, v. a. & n. chasser, courir. HUNT, s. chasse, f. une meute, poursuite, f. HUNTER, s. chasseur, m. une chien de chasse. HUNTINGHORN, s. un cor de chasse. Huntsman, s. un veneur, un piqueur. HURDLE, s. claie, f. porte à jour. HURL, v. a. lancer, darder, hurler; s. tumulte, m. tapage, m. HURLBAT. s. ceste, m. HURLYBURLY, s. charivari, m. tintamare, m. tumulte, m. concours, m. HURRICANE, HURRICANO, s. ouragan, m. HURRY, v. a. & n. précipiter, hâter. HURRY, s. précipitation, f. hâte, f. HURT, s. mal, m. dommage, m. tort, m. HURT, v. a. faire du mal, nuire, blesser, gâ-HURTFUL, adj. nuisible, malfaisant. HURTFULLY, adv. pernicieusement. HURTFULNESS, qualité nuisible. Tble. HURTLESS, adj. innocent, intact, invulnera-HUSBAND, s. mari, m. ménager, m. Husband, v. a. menager, économiser. Husbandly, adj. frugal, sobre, ménager. Husbandman, s. lahoureur. m. Husbandry, s. agriculture, f. labourage, m. Hush, interj. st! paix! silence! Hush, r. n. & a. se taire, appaiser. Husk, s. cosse, f. gousse, f. peau, f.; r. a. Flusky, adj. cossu. Técosser. Husky, adj. cossn. Hussy, s. coquine, f. méchante femme Hustings, s. cour de justice, assemblée, f. HUSTLE, v. a. remuer ensemble. Huswiff, s. menagere, f.; v. a. menager, Hut, s. hutte, f. cabane, f. baraque, f. Hutch, s. une huche, longue botte. Huzza, v. n. bourdonner, faire du bruit. Hužza, s. cri de joie, m.; interj. vive la joie! r. a. & n. recevoir avec des cris de joic. HYACINTH, s. hyacinthe, f.

HVADES, HVADS, s. les hyades, f. HYDRA, s. hydre, f. [lique. HYDRAULICAL, HYDRAULICK, adj. hydrau-HYDRAULICKS, s. l'hydraulique. HYDROCELE, s. hydrocèle, f. HYDROCEPHALUS, s. hydrocephale, m. HYDROGRAPHER, s. hydrographe, m. HYDROGRAPHICAL, adj. hydrographique. HYDROGRAPHY, s. hydrographie. MYDROMETER, s. hydrometre, m. HYDROMANCY, s. hydromancie, f. HYDROMEL, s. hydromel, m. MYDROPHOBIA, s. hydrophobie, f. rage, f. Пуркорісац, Нуркоріск, adj. hydropique. HYDROSTATICAL, adj. hydrostatique. HYDROSTATICKS, s. hydrostatique, f. HYEMAL, adj. d'hiver. HYEN and HYENA, s. hyène, m. HVGROMETER, HYGROSCOPE, s.hygromètre, HYMEN, s. hymen, m. le mariage, l'hyme-HYMENEAL, s. chanson nuptiale. HYMENEAL, HYMENEAN, adj. nuptial. HYMN, s. hymne, m. cantique sacré. HYMN, v. a. & n. celebrer. Hyp, v. a. & n. rendre triste, chagriner. HYPERBOLE, s. hyperbole, f. [perbolique, HYPERBOLICAL, HYPERBOLICK, adj. hy-HYPERBOLICALLY, adv. hyperboliquement, hyperbolize, c.n. exagérer. [nal. HYPERBOREAN, adj. hyperborec, septentrio-

HYPERCRITICK, s. critique outré. HYPHEN, s. tiret, m. trait de liaison, m. HYPOCHONDRIACAL, HYPOCHONDRIACK, adj. hypocondriaque.

HYPOCHONDRIACK, hypochondriaque, mélancolique, m. & f. Hypocist, s. hypochime, m.
Hypocist, s. hypociste (sorte de gomme.)

Hypocrisie, s. hypocrisie, f HYPOCRITE, s. un hypocrite, faux dévot. Hypocritical, Hypocritick, adj. hypo-

crite, faux. HYPOCRITICALLY, adr. en hypocrite. Hypogastrick, udj. hypogastrique. Hypothenuse, s. hypothenuse, f.

Hypothesis, s. hypothese, f. Hypothetical, Hypothetical, hypothetical, hypothetick, adj. hypothétique.

HYPOTHETICALLY, adv. hypothetiquement. Hyssop, s. hyssope, f. HYSTERICAL, HYSTERICK, adj. hystérique,

qui a des vapeurs. HYSTERICKS, s. vapeurs, f. le mal de mère.

I, pron. pers. Je, moi. IMBICK, adj. & s. Iambique, Iambe, m. IBIS, s. ibis, m. (oiseau d'Egypte.) ICE, s. glace, f. ; v. a. glacer. ICE-HOUSE, s. une glacière. ICH-DIEN, (motto) je sers. ICHNEUMON, s. ichneumon, m. · Ichor, s. ichor, m. sanie, f. Ichorous, adj. ichoreux. ichthyology, s. ichthyologie, lcici.E, s. chandelle de glace, f. leon, s. image, f. portrait, m.
leonoclast, s. iconoclaste, m. & f.
leterical, adj. qui a la jaunisse.
ley, adj. glace, couvert de glace.
lora, s. idee, f. notion, f. tableau, m.
ldeal, adj. idéal, mental intellectuel. Ineally, adv. mentalement, en idée.

ILL 109 IDENTICAL, IDENTICK, adj. identique. IDENTICALLY, adv. identiquement. IDENTITY, s. identité, f. IDES, s. ides, f. pl. Intocy, s. simplicité, f. foiblesse d'esprit. IDIOM, s. idiome, m. dialecte, f. IDIOMATICAL, IDIOMATICK, adj. qui tient Intor, s. un idiot, un imbécille. IDIOTISM, s. idiotisme, m. imbécilité, f. IDLE, adj. oisif, paresseux, fainéant, vain inutile, frivole, sot, fou. IDLE, v. n. vivre dans l'oisiveté. IDLENESS, s. oisiveté, f. paresse, f. frivolite. IDLER, s. un paresseux, un fainéant. Int.y, adr. en parcsseux, foliement. IDOL, s. objet d'aderation, m. idole, f. IDOLATER, s. idolàtre, m. &. f. IDOLATRIZE, c. n. idolàtrer, adorer des idoles IDOLATROUS, adj. idolatre, idolatrique. IDOLATROUSLY, adr. avec idolâtrie, en ido IDOLATRY, s. idolâtrie, f. [lâtre IDOLIZE, v. a. idolatrer, aimer jusqu'à l'ado-Invi., s. une idylle. [ration. Ir, conj. si, pourvu que, quand même. IGNEOUS, adj. ignee. IGNIS-FATUUS, s. feu follet, m. frénésie, f. IGNITION, s. ignition. f. IGNOBLE, adj. ignoble, bas, vil, lache, mal houncte. IGNOBLY, adv. bassement, d'une manière ig IGNOMINIOUS, adj. ignominieux. [nol IGNOMINIOUSLY, adr. ignominieusement. IGNOMINY, s. ignominie, f. deshonneur, m. IGNORAMUS, s. un franc ignoram, une buse IGNORANCE, s. ignorance, f. IGNORANT, adj. ignorant. IGNORANTLY, adr. par ignorance. ILE or ISLE, s. aile de la nef d'une église, f hex, s. sorte de chène, f. chène pourpré. LIACK, adj. iliaque. ILIAD, s. Íliade, f. poëme sur la destruction de Troye, nommé Ilion. II.I., adj. mauvais, mechant, malade, mal. 11.1., s. mal, m. malheur, m. méchancété, f It.t., adr. mal à l'aise, à tort. ILL-AFFECTED, adj. mal-intentionné. ILL-BODING, adj. de mauvais augure. ILL-CONTRIVED, adj. mal-imaginé. ILL-FATED, adj. infortune, fatal. ILL-FAVOUREDLY, adv. de mauvaise grâce. ILL-GOTTEN, adj. inal-acquis. ILL-MINDED, adj. mal-intentionné. H.L-NATURE, s. mechancete, f. malice, f. ILL-NATURED, adj. d'un méchant naturel. ILL-PLEASED, adj. mal-satisfait, mécontent. ILL-SHAPED, adj. mal-bati, difforme, mal fait. ILL-SPOKEN OF, adj. dont on parle mal. ILLAPSE, s. écoulement, m. émanation, f.

ILLAQUEATE, v. n. embarrasser, attraper. ILLAQUEATION, s. piège, m. attrape, f. ILLATION, s. conclusion, f. consequence, f. ILLATIVE, adj. illatif, concluant. ILLAUDABLE, adj. indigne de louange. ILLECTIVE, s. appas, m. charme, m. attrait, ILLEGAL, adj. illegal, torsionnaire. [m. ILLEGALITY, s. illegalité, f. injustice, f. ILLEGALLY, udr. illégalement, illégitimement. ILLEGIBLE, adj. qui n'est pas lisible. ILLEGITIMACY, s. illegitimite, f.

ILLEGITIMATE, adj. illegitime, bâtard. ILLEGITIMATION, s. illegitimité, f. ILLIBERAL, adj. avare, mesquin, bas, igno-

110 ILLIBERALITY, s. avarice, f. mesquinerie, f. ILLIBERALLY, adv. avec avarice, bassement. ILLICIT, adj. illicite, injuste. ILLIMITABLE, adj. sans bornes, qu'on ne sauroit limiter. ILLIMITED, adj. illimité, immense. ILLIMITEDNESS, s. immensité, f. étendue illimitée. ILLITERATE, adj. ignorant, non-lettre. ILLITERATENESS, ILLITERATURE, s. igno-ILLNESS, s. maladie, f. [rance, f.] ILLOGICAL, adj. qui n'est pas selon les règles de la logique. ILLUDE, v. a. tromper, décevoir. ILLUMINATE, ILLUMINE, v. a. illuminer, éclairer. ILLUMINATION, s. illumination, f. JLLUMINATIVE, adj. qui illumine, qui celaire. ILLUSION, s. illusion, f. prestige, m.
LLUSIVE, ILLUSORY, adj. illusoire, éblouis-ILLUSTRATE, r. a. éclaircir, expliquer, orner. ILLUSTRATION, s. éclaircissement, m. ILLUSTRATIVE, adj. qui éclaircit, qui explique. ILLUSTRIOUS, adj. illustre, fameux, grand. ILLUSTRIOUSLY, adv. d'une manière illustre. ILLUSTRIOUSNESS, s. qualité illustre, lustre, m. IMAGE, s. image, f. représentation, f. IMAGE, v. a. imaginer, se représenter.

IMAGERY, s. images, f. peintures, f. statucs, f. imagination, f. fantôme, m.

IMAGINABLE, adj. imaginable, concevable. IMAGINARY, adj. imaginaire, chimerique. IMAGINATION, s. imagination, f. pensee, f. IMAGINATIVE, adj. imaginatif, fantastique. IMAGINE, v. a. imaginer, concevoir. IMBANK, r. a. faire des levées près de la mer. IMBARK, v.a. embarquer. IMBECILE, adj. imbécile, foible. -IMBECILITY, s. imbécilité, foiblesse, f. IMBIBE, v. a. & n. imbiber, s'abreuver. IMBITTER, v. a. rendre amer, empoisonner. IMBODY, v. a. & n. incorporer, s'incorporer, donner du corps, épaissir. IMBOLDEN, v. a. enhardir, animer, encoura-Imbosom, v. α. embrasser, chérir. IMBOUND, v. a. enfermer, entourer. IMHOW, v. a. courber en forme de voûte. IMBOWMENT, s. voûte, f. arche, f. IMBROWN, v. a. obscurcir. INBRUE, v. a. tremper, imbiber, inspirer. IMBUE, v. a. imbiber, tremper, abreuver, inspirer, enseigner.
IMITABLE, adj. imitable. IMITATE, v. a. imiter, copier, contrefaire. IMITATING, IMITATION, s. imitation, f. IMITATIVE, adj. qui imite, qui aime à imiter. IMITATOR, s. imitateur, m. IMMACULATE, adj. pur, sans tache. IMMANE, adj. prodigieusement grand, vaste. IMMANENT, adj. intrinsèque, inhérent. IMMANITY, s. énormité, f. atrocité, f. IMMARCESSIBLY, adj. qui ne se flétrit jamais. IMMATERIAL, o dj. immatériel. IMMATERIALITY, s. immaterialité, f. IMMATERIALLY, adv. d'une manière immatérielle. IMMATURE, adj prématuré.

IMMATURELY, adv. prématurément.

IMMEASURABLE, adj. immense. immensura-IMMEDIATE, adj. immediat. [ble.

IMMATURITY, s. precipitation, f.

IMMEDIATELY, adr. immédiatement, dans l'instant, incessament. IMMEDICABLE, adj. incurable, irremediable. IMMEMORABLE, adj. indigne du souvenir. IMMEMORIAL, adj. immémorial. IMMENSE, adj. immense, vaste, illimité. IMMENSELY, adv. immensément, infiniment. IMMENSITY, s. immensité, f. IMMENSURABLE, adj. immensurable. IMMERSE, v. a. plonger, enfoncer dans l'eau. IMMERSION, s. immersion, f. IMMETHODICAL, adj. confus, sans ordre. IMMETHODICALLY, adv. confusément. IMMINENT, adj. imminent, proche.
IMMISSION, s. injection, f. éjaculer, lancer,
IMMIT, r. a. injecter, éjaculer, lancer,
IMMOBILITY, s. immobilité, f.
IMMODERATE, adj. immodéré, excessif. IMMODERATELY, adr. immodérément. IMMODERATION, s. immoderation, f. IMMODEST, adj. immodeste, indecent. IMMODESTLY, adv. immodestement. IMMODESTY, s. immodestie, f. indécence, f. IMMOLATE, r. a. immoler, sacrifier. IMMOLATION, s. immolation, f. sacrifice, m. IMMORAL, adj. débauché, vicieux. IMMORALITY, s. débauche, f. corruption de mœurs, f. IMMORTAL, adj. immortel. IMMORTALITY, s. immortalité, f. IMMORTALIZE, r. a. & n. immortaliser. IMMORTALLY, adv. éternellement, à jamais. IMMORTALLY, adv. éternellement, à jamais. IMMOVABLE, adj. & s. immeuble, m. IMMONITY, s. immunité, f. franchise, f. IMMURE, v. a. murer, fermer de murailles. IMMUSICAL, adj. discordant. IMMUTARILITY, s. immutabilité, f. IMMUTARILE, αdj. immutable, invariable. IMMUTABLY, adv. immutablement. IMMUTATION, s. changement, m. alteration, IMP, s. un diablotin, un lutin, une greffe. IMP, v. u. ajouter, enter, greffer. IMPAIR, v. a. & n. diminuer, détériorer. IMPAIRING, IMPAIRMENT, s. diminution, f. alteration, f. IMPALPABLE, adj. impalpable. IMPARITY, s. disparité, f. disproportion, f. IMPARK, v. a. enclorre, enfermer, environner IMPART, v. a. donner, faire part. IMPARTIAL, adj. impartial, désintéresse IMPARTIALITY, s. impartialité, f. [juste IMPARTIALLY, adr. impartialement. IMPARTIBLE, adj. communicable. IMPASSABLE, adj. impraticable. IMPASSIBILITY, IMPASSIBLENESS, s. impassibilité, f IMPASSIBLE, adj. impassible. IMPATIENCE, s. impatience, f. emportement, IMPATIENT, adj. impatient, violent. IMPATIENTLY, adv. impatiemment. IMPATRONIZATION, s. pleine possession. IMPATRONIZE, v. a. mettre en possession. IMPAWN, v. a. mettre en gage. IMPEACH, v. a. détruire, accuser. IMPEACHABLE, adj. qu'on peut accuser. IMPEACHER, s. accusateur, m. délateur, m. IMPEACHMENT, s. obstacle, m. accusation, f. IMPECCABILITY, s. impeccabilité, f. IMPECCABLE, adj. impeccable. IMPEDE, v. a. empêcher, mettre obstacle, arrêter. IMPEDIMENT, s. empêchement, m. IMPEL, v. a. pousser, presser, forcer. IMPEND, v. n. bencher, être suspendu.

IMP IMPENDENT, adj. suspendu, qui menace. IMPENDENT, adj. suspendor, qui menace.
IMPENETRABILITY, s. impénétrabilité, f.
IMPENETRABLE, adj. impénétrable.
IMPENETRABLY, adv. impénétrablement.
IMPENITENCE, s. impénitence, f.
Impénitence, f. IMPENITENT, adj. impénitent, endurci dans le péché. IMPERATIVE, adv. sans repentir. IMPERATIVE, adj. imperatif. IMPERCEPTIBLE, adj. imperceptible. IMPERCEPTIBLENESS, s. qualité impercep-IMPERCEPTIBLY, adv. imperceptiblement. IMPERFECT, adj. imparfait, défectueux. IMPERFECTION, s. imperfection, f. defaut, m. IMPERFECTLY, adv. imparfaitement. IMPERIAL, adj. imperial. IMPERIAL LILY, s. impériale, f. sorte de fleur. IMPERIALISTS, s. pl. les impériaux, m. IMPERIOUS, adj. impérieux, arrogant. IMPERIOUSLY, adv. imperieusement.
IMPERIOUSNESS, s. hauteur, f. fierté, f.
IMPERSONAL, adj. impersonnel. IMPERSONALLY, adv. impersonnellement. IMPERTINENCE, s. impertinence, f. sottise, f. IMPERTINENT, adj. impertinent, absurde. IMPERTINENT, s. un fâcheux, un importun. IMPERTINENTLY, adv. impertinemment. IMPERVIOUS, adj. impracticable, inaccessible. IMPETRABLE, adj. impetrable.
IMPETRATE, v. a. impetrer, obtenir.
IMPETRATION, s. impetration, f. obtention, f. IMPETUOSITY, IMPETUOUSNESS, s. impétuosité, fougue, f. IMPETUOUS, adj. impétueux, violent, véhé-IMPETUOUSLY, adv. impétueusement. IMPETUS, s. effort violent, impétuosité, f. IMPIETY, s. impiété, f. irréligion, f. Impious, adj. impie, sans religion. Impiousty, adv. avec impièté, en impie. IMPLACABILITY, IMPLACABLENESS, haine implacable, f.

IMPLACABLE, adj. implacable. IMPLACABLY, adv. inexorablement. IMPLANT, v. a. insérer, graver, imprimer. IMPLEMENT, s. attirail, m. meuble, m. IMPLETION, s. remplissage, m. plénitude, f. IMPLICATE, v. a. embrouiller, impliquer. IMPLICATION, s. implication, f. IMPLICIT, adj. implicite, compris tacitement. IMPLICITLY, adv. implicitement. IMPLORE, v. a. implorer, supplier, prier. IMPLY, v. n. impliquer, contenir, inférer. IMPOLITE, adj. impoli, grossier.

IMPOLITICAL, IMPOLITICE, adj. imprudent. IMPOLITICALLY, IMPOLITICKLY, adv. imprudemment. IMPORT, r. a. importer, signifier. IMPORT, s. importance, f. usage, m. [f. IMPORTANCE, s. importance, f. consequence, IMPORTANT, adj. important, de conséquence. IMPORTATION, s. importation, f. entree.
IMPORTER, s. celui qui apporte de l'étranger.
IMPORTUNATE, adj. importun, incommode. IMPORTUNATELY, adv. importunement. IMPORTUNE, v. a. importuner, incommoder. IMPORTUNE, adj. importun, incommode. IMPORTUNITY, s. importunité, f. IMPOSE, v. a. imposer; to impose on or upon. en imposer, faire accroire. IMPOSER, s. celui qui impose, qui enjoint. IMPOSITION, s. imposition, f. supercherie, f. IMPOSSIBILITY, s. impossibilité, f.

IMPOSSIBLE, adj. impossible. IMPOSSIBLY, adv. d'une manière impossible. IMPOST, s. impôt, m. taxe, f. imposition. IMPOST, s. imposte, f. corniche, f. IMPOSTHUMATE, v. a. causer une apostème. IMPOSTHUME, s. apostème, m. abcès, m. IMPOSTOR, s. un imposteur, un fourbe. IMPOSTURE, s. imposture, f. fraude, f. IMPOTENCE, IMPOTENCY, s. impuissance, f. IMPOTENT, adj. impuissant, impotent. IMPOTENTLY, adj. foiblement, sans force. IMPRACTICABLE, adj. impraticable. IMPRACTICABLENESS, s. impossibilité, f. IMPRECATE, v. a. maudire. IMPRECATION, s. imprécation, f. malédic-IMPRECATORY, adj. qui contient des impré-IMPREGNABLE, adj. impregnable. [cations. IMPREGNATE, v. a. & n. engrosser. IMPREGNATION, s. fecondation, f. IMPRESS, v. a. imprimer, graver. IMPRESS, s. empreinte, f. impression, f. IMPRESSION, IMPRESSURE, s. impression, f. IMPRINT, v. a. imprimer, graver. IMPRISON, v. a. emprisonner, mettre en pri IMPRISONMENT, s. emprisonnement, m. IMPROBABILITY, s. défaut de probabilité. IMPROBABLE, adj. improbable. IMPROBABLY, adv. sans vraisemblance. IMPROBATE, v. a. improuver, désapprouver. IMPROBATION, s. désaveu, m. désapproba-IMPROBITY, s. mal-honnêteté, f. [tion, f. IMPROPER, adj. impropre, qui n'est pas juste. IMPROPERLY, adv. improprement. IMPROPRIATE, v. a. s'approprier, inféoder. IMPROPRIATION, s. infeodation, m. dimes inféodées. IMPROPRIATOR, s. infeodataire. IMPROPRIETY, s. impropriété, f. IMPROVABLE, adj. capable d'amélioration. IMPROVE, v. a. & n. améliorer, bonifier, faire valoir, perfectionner, avancer. IMPROVEMENT, s. avancement, m. progrès, m. culture, f. amélioration, f.
IMPROVER, s. celui or ce qui améliore.
IMPROVIDENCE, s. imprévoyance, f. IMPROVIDENT, adj. imprudent, inconsidéré. IMPROVIDENTLY, adv. imprudemment. IMPRUDENCE, s. imprudence, f. indiscretion, IMPRUDENT, adj. imprudent, indiscret. IMPRUDENTLY, adv. imprudemment. IMPUDENCE, s. impudence, f. effronterie, f. IMPUDENT, adj. impudent, effronte. IMPUDENTLY, adv. impudemment. IMPUGN, v. a. attaquer, combattre, impugner. IMPULSE, s. impulsion, f. mouvement, m. IMPULSION, s. impulsion, f. instigation, f. IMPULSIVE, adj. impulsif.
IMPUNELY, adv. impunement. IMPURITY, s. impunité, f. [dique. IMPURE, adj. impur, sale, déshonnête, impu-IMPURELY, adv. avec impureté. IMPURENESS, IMPURITY, s. impureté, f. IMPURPLED, adj. empourpré, rouge. IMPUTABLE, adj. qui peut être imputé. IMPUTING, IMPUTATION, s. imputation, f. IMPUTATIVE, adj. qui est imputé.
IMPUTER, s. celui qui impute. In, prep. en, dans, dedans, sur, sous. de, pendant, durant, par, à, au pouvoir de, entre, au, à la, pour. In as much as, puisque, vu que, attendu que. INABILITY, s. incapacité, f. insuffisance, f. INACCESSIBLE, adj. inaccessible.

INACCURACY, s. inexactitude, f.

INACCURATE, adj. inéxact, négligé. INACTION, s. inaction, f. oisivete, f. INACTIVE, adj. indolent, oisif, qui est dans l'inaction. INACTIVELY, adv. nonchalamment. INACTIVITY, s. indolence, f. oisiveté, f. INADEQUATE, adj. imparfait, defectueux. INADEQUATELY, adj. imparfaitement.
INADMISSIBILITY, s. inadmissibilité, f.
INADMISSIBLE, adj. inadmissible.
INADMISSIBLE, adj. inadmissible.
INADMISSIBLE, adj. inadmissible. INADVERTENTLY, adr. par inadvertence, par mégarde. INALIENABI.E, adj. inalienable. INANE, adj. & s. vain, vide, m. [sans vie." INANIMATE, INANIMATED, adj. inanime, INANITION, s. inanition, f. défaut de nourriture, m. INANITY, s. vide, m. espace vide, f. INAPPETENCY, s. manque d'appoint, m. INAPPLICABLE, adj. inapplique, f. INAPPLICATION, s. inapplication, f. indolence, f. INARCH, v. a. greffer en approche. INARTICULATE, adj. inarticulé. feulée. INARTICULATELY, adr. d'une manière inarti-INARTIFICIAL, adj. où il n'y a point d'art. INATTENTION, s. inattention, f. negligence, INATTENTIVE, adj. inattentif, negligent. [f. INAUDIBLE, adj. qui ne se fait pas entendre. INAUGURATE, c. a. installer, inaugurer, INAUGURATION, s. inauguration, f. INAUSPICIOUS, adj. malheureux. pices. INAUSPICIOUSLY, adv. sous de mauvais aus-INBORN, INBRED, adj. inné. naturel. INCANTATION, s. charme, m. enchantement, INCANTATOR, s. enchanteur, m. sorcier, m. INCAPABILITY, INCAPABLENESS, s. incapa-INCAPABLE, adj. incapable. [cité, f. INCAPACITATE, v. a. rendre incapable. INCAPACITY, s. incapacité. f. insuffisance, f. INCARCERATE, v. a. emprisonner. INCARCERATION, s. emprisonnement, m. INCARNADINE, s. & adj. incarnadia. INCARNATE, INCARNATED, adj. incarné. INCARNATION, s. incarnation, f. INCARNATIVE, s. & adj. incarnatif, m. INCASTELLED, adj. encastelė. Ident. INCAUTIOUS. adj. negligent, inattentif, impru-INCAUTIOUSLY, adv. imprudemment. INCENDIARY, s. incendiaire, m. boute-feu. m. INCENSE, s. encens. w. len colère. NCENSE, v. a. irriter, fücher, aigrir, mettre INCENSEMENT, s. colère, f. rage. f. fureur, f. INCENSORY. s. encensoir, m. INCENTIVE, adj. & s. qui irrite, qui excite. INCERTITUDE, s. incertitude, f. INCESSANT. J. continuel, constant. INCESSANTLY, odv. incessamment, cesse, continuellement. INCEST, s. inceste, m. Increatuous, adj. incestueux. [avancer petit & petit. INCH, s. un pouce. Iven, v. a. & n. faire sortir petit à petit, INCHOATE, v. a. commencer. INCHOATION, s. commencement, m. INCIDE, r. a. inciser, couper, trancher. INCIDENCE, INCIDENCY, s. incidence, f. INCIDENT, adj. accidentel, cosuel, incident. INCIDENT, s. incident, m. accident, m. INCIDENTAL, adj. accidentel, casuel, fortnit.

INCIDENTALLY, INCIDENTLY, adv. par ac-

eident.

INCINERATE, r. a. réduire en cendres. INCINERATION, s. incineration, f. Incision, s. incision, f. coupure, f Incisive, adj. incisif, tranchant. INCISOR, s. dent incisive, f. INCITATION, s. incitation, f. instigation, f INCITE, v. a. inciter, exciter, porter.
INCITEMENT, s. incitation, f. motif, m.
INCITER, s. celuiqui excite, instigateur, m INCITING, s. motil, m. aiguillou, m. INCITING, adj. attirant, attrayant, engageant INCIVIL, adj. incivil, grossier.
INCIVILITY, s. incivilté, f. [ment. INCIVILLY, adv. incivilement, peu civile-INCLE, s. ruban de fil, m.
INCLEMENCY, s. severité, f. rigueur, f. durce,
INCLEMENT, adj. dur, impitoyable. INCLINABLE, adj. enclin, porté. [gost, m. INCLINATION, s. inclination, f. penchan, m. INCLINE, v a. & n. incliner, pencher, être enclin à, avoir envie de. Inclining, s, pente, f. inclination, f. Inclining, adj. penchant, qui penche. INCLOISTER, r. a. cloîtrer. Include, v. a. renfermer, comprendre, em-brasser, contenir. INCLUSION, s. l'action de comprendre. INCLUSIVE, adf. qui renferme, inclus. INCLUSIVELY, adr. inclusivement. Incogitancy, s. impudence, f. légèreté. Incomerence, Incomerency, s. incohérence, f. INCOHERENT, adj. inconsequent. Incomenently, adv. sans liaison. INCOMBUSTIBLE, adj. incombustible. INCOMEUSTIBLEXESS, s. qualité incombustible, f. INCOME, s. revenu, m. rente, f. Tbilite, J. INCOMMENSURABILITY, s. incommensura-INCOMMENSURABLE. INCOMMENSURATE, adj. incommensurable. INCOMMODE, v. a. incommoder, importuner Incommodious, edj. incommode, importun Incommoniously, adr. mal-à-l'aise. Incommodiousness, Incommodity, s. in commodité, J INCOMMUNICABLE, adl. incommunicable. INCOMMUTABLE, adj. incommutable. Incompact, Incompacted, adj. qui n'est pas bien lié. INCOMPARABLE, adj. incomparable. INCOMPARABLY, adv. incomparablement. INCOMPASSIONATE, adj. impitovable. INCOMPATIBILITY, s. incompatibilité, J INCOMPATIBLE, adj. incompatible. [patible.] INCOMPATIBLY, adv. d'une manière incom-INCOMPENSABLE, adj. ch'on ne sauroit com-INCOMPETENT, adj. incompetent. INCOMPETENTLY, adv. incompétement. INCOMPRIERLE, odj. qui ne convient pas. INCOMPLETE, adj. incomplet, imparfait. INCOMPLETENESS, s. imperfection, f. INCOMPLIANCE, s. humeur revêche. f Incomposen. adj. neglige, mal en ordre. Incomposenty, adr. de mauvaise grâce. INCOMPOSEDNESS, INCOMPOSURE, s. désordre, m. confusion, f. [bilité, f. Incomprehensiellity, s. incompréhensi-INCOMPREHENSIELE, adj. incomprehensible. INCONCEIVAELE, adv. inconcevable. Inconciusive, odj. qui n'est pas concluant. Inconcoction, s. crudité, f. [gruité, f. Incongruence, Incongruity, s. incol-

Incongnuous, adj. incongru, impropre.

Incongruously, adj. improprement. INCONSEQUENCE, s. inconséquence, f. Inconsequent, adj. inconsequent. Inconsequently, adv. foiblement. Inconsiderable, adj. de nulle valeur. Inconsiderate, adj. inconsidere, indiscret. Inconsiderately, adv. inconsidérément. Inconsideration, f. inattention, f. INCONSIDERATION, INCONSISTENCE, INCONSISTENCY, s. incompatibilité, f. Inconsistent, adj. incompatible. Inconsistently, adv. d'un manière incon-

Inconsolable, adj. inconsolable INCONSTANCY, s. inconstance, f. Inconstant, adj. inconstant, volage, changeant.

INCONSTANTLY, adv. legerement. INCONTESTABLE, adj. incontestable.
INCONTESTABLY, adv. incontestablement. INCONTINENCE OF INCONTINENCY, s. incon-

tinence, f. débauche, f.

INCONTINENT, adj. incontinent, f. debau-INCONTINENTLY, adv. sans retenue. [che, f. INCONTROVERTIBLE, adj. incontestable. INCONVENIENCE, INCONVENIENCY, s. incon-

venient, m. incommodité, f. désavantage, m. difficulté, f. embarras, m.

INCONVENIENT, adj. incommode, embarrassant. Inconveniently, adv. mal-à-propos.

INCONVERSABLE, adj. insociable. INCONVERTIBLE, adj. inconvertible. [rel. INCORPORAL, INCORPOREAL, adj. incorpo-INCORPORALITY, INCORPOREITY, s. spiri-

tualité, f. INCORPORATE, v. a. & n. incorporer. INCORPORATION, s. incorporation, f. corps, m. INCORPOREITY, s. immaterialité, f. INCORRECT, adj. inexact, plein de fantes.

INCORRECTLY, adv. d'une manière peu cor-INCORRIGIBLE, adj. incorrigible. [recte. Incorrigieleness, s. incorrigibilité, INCORRUPT, INCORRUPTED, adj. pur, bon.
INCORRUPTIBILITY, s. incorruptibilite, f.
INCORRUPTIBLE, adj. incorruptible.

INCORRUPTIBLY, adv. d'une manière incorruptible.

INCORRUPTION, s. incorruption, f.

INCORRUPTNESS, s. probité, f. pureté, f. INCRASSATE, v. a. épaissir, rendre épais. INCRASSATION, s. épaississement, m.

INCRASSATIVE, adj. qui a la propriété d'épaissir.

INCREASE, v. a. & n. accroître, augmenter, agrandir, croître, s'augmenter. INCREASE, s. augmentation, f. accroissement,

m. avancement, m. produit, m. récolte, f. génération, f. portée, f. INCREDIBILITY, s. incrédibilité, f. INCREDIBLE, adj. incroyable.

INCREDIBLY, adv. d'une manière incroyable.

INCREDULITY, s. incrédulité, f. INCREDULOUS, adj. incrédule. INCREMENT, s. croissance, f. accroissement, INCREPATE, v. a. reprimander, censurer.

INCREPATION, s. reprimande, censure, f. INCRUST, INCRUSTATE, v. a. incruster.

INCRUSTATION, s. incrustation, f. INCUBATE, v. n. conver.

INCUBATION, s. incubation, f. Incubus, s. incube, m. le cochemar.

INCULCATE, v. a. inculquer, recommander.

INCULPABLE, adj. irréprochable, irrépréhen-INCULPABLY, adv. innocemment. [sible. INCULT, adj. inculte, stérile. INCUMBENCY, s. la possession d'un bénéfice.

INCUMBENT, s. un bénéficier.

INCUMBERT, adj. imposé, enjoint.
INCUMBER. See Encumber, &c.
INCUR, v. a. encourir, mériter, s'exposer à.

Incurable, adj. incurable, sans remède. Incurability, Incurableness, s. incurabilité, f.

INCURABLY, adv. sans remède.

Incurrous, adj. negligent, inattentif. INCURSION, s. incursion, cours des ennemis, f.

INCURVATE, v. a. courber. [bure, f. INCURVATION, s. l'action de courber, cour-INCURVITY, s. courbure, f. inflection, f. INDAGATION, s. recherche, f. perquisition, f. INDAGATOR, s. fescur de recherches, m.

INDEBT, v. a. endetter, charger de dettes.

INDEBTED, adj. endetté, redevable. INDECENCY, s. indécence, f. Séant. INDECENT, adj. indécent, malhonnète, mes-

INDECENTLY, adv. indécemment. INDECIMABLE, adj. qui n'est pas sujet aux

INDECLINABLE, adj. indéclinable.
INDECOROUS, adj. indécent, contraire à la

bienséance. INDECORUM, s. indécence, f. INDEED, adr. en verité, réellement, vraie-

INDEFATIGABLE, adj. infatigable.
INDEFATIGABLY, adv. infatigablement.

Indefectible, adj. indéfectible. Indefeasible, adj. irrévocable, inviolable. INDEFINITE, adj. indéfini

INDEFINITELY, adv. indéfiniment.

INDELIBERATE, INDELIBERATED, adj. indélibéré.

Indelibre, adj. ineffaçable, indélébile. Indelicacy, s. manque de délicatesse.

Indelicate, adj. qui manque de délicatesse. INDEMNIFICATION, s. déclommagement, m.

Indemnify, v. a. indemniser, dedommager.

INDEMNITY, s. abolition, f. pardon, m. INDEMONSTRABLE, adj. qu'on ne peut démontrer, absurde.

INDENT, r. a. & n. denteler, engrener, enclaver, passer un contrat, contracter.

INDENTATION, s. dentclure, f. INDENTURE, s. contrat, m. acte, m.

INDEPENDENCE, INDEPENDENCY, s. independance, f.

INDEPENDENT, adj. indépendant, franc. INDEPENDENTLY, celv. independamment.

INDESERT, s. indignité, f. INDESTRUCTIBLE, adj. indestructible.

INDETERMINABLE, adj. qui ne se peut determiner.

INDETERMINATE, INDETERMINED, adj. indéterminé, indécis, indéfini.

INDETERMINATELY, adv. indéfiniment.

Indetermination, s. irrésolution, f. Indevotion, s. indévotion, f. Indevout, odj. indévot.

INDEX, s. index, m. indice, m. table des matières dans un livre, f.

INDEXTERITY, s. manque d'àdresse, m. INDIAN, adj. & s. Indien, Indienne.

INDICATE, v. a. indiquer, marquer, montrer. INDICATION, s. indication, f. indice, m.

marque, f. signe, m. symptome, m. Indicative, adj. indicatif. Indict, Indict. See Endict, &c.

INDICTION, s. indiction, f. [rence, f. INDIFFERENCE, s. impartialité, f. indiffe-INDIFFERENT, adj. indifferent, impartial, dés-intéressé, passable, peu important.
INDIFFERENT, passablement, assez.
INDIFFERENTLY, adv. indifferemment.
INDIGENCE, s. indigence, f. pauvreté, f. INDIGENOUS, adj. indigene, du pays.
INDIGENOUS, adj. indigent, pauvre, nécessiteux.
INDIGEST, INDIGESTED, adj. indigeste, confus.

Indigestible, adj. qui ne se peut digérer. INDIGESTION, s. indigestion, f Indigitate, v. a. démontrer, faire toucher au INDIGN, adj. indigne. [doigt. Indignant, adj. indigné, faché. INDIGNATION, s. indignation, f. colère, f. INDIGNITY, s. indignite, f. affront, m. injure, Indigo, s. indigo, m. fatroce, INDIRECT, adj. indirect, oblique, deshonnête. INDIRECTION, s. voies indirects, pl. f. INDIRECTLY, adv. indirectement INDIRECTNESS, s. obliquité, f. injustice, f INDISCERNIBLE, adj. imperceptible. [ble. Indiscernible, adj. indivisible, insépara-INDISCREET, adj. indiscrèt, inconsidéré. INDISCRETLY, adv. indiscretement. INDISCRETION, s. indiscretion, f. INDISCRIMINATE, adj. qui n'est point distin-INDISCRIMINATELY, adv. indifferemment. INDISPENSABLE, adj. indispensable. Indispensableness, s. nécessité, f.
Indispensably, adv. indispensablement.
Indispose, v. a. rendre incapable, éloigner. INDISPOSEDNESS, s. aversion, f. repugnance, INDISPOSITION, s. indisposition, f. INDISPUTABLE, adj. incontestable, indisputable.

INDISPUTABLY, adv. incontestablement.

INDISSOLUBLITY, INDISSOLUBLENESS, s. indissolubilité, f. dureté, f.

INDISSOLUBLE, adj. indissoluble. [ble.

INDISSOLUBLY, adv. d'une manière indissoluINDISSOLUBLY, adv. confus, en désordre.

INDISTINCTLY, adv. indistinctement. INDITE, v. a. accuser, dénoncer, écrire, dicter. INDIVIDUAL, adj. individuel, singulier. INDIVIDUAL, s. un individu.

INDIVIDUALLTY, s. existence distincte.
INDIVIDUALLY, adv. individuellement.
INDIVIDUATES, v. a. constituer un individu,
INDIVISIBILITY, INDIVISIBLENESS, s. indi-

visibilité, f.

INDIVISIBLE, adj. indivisible.

INDIVISIBLY, adv. indivisiblement.

INDOCIBLE, INDOCILE, adj. indocile. [m.
INDOCILITY, s. indocilité, f. naturel, indocile,
INDOCTRINATE, v. a. enseigner, instruire.

INDIVISIES s. independe paresse f.

INDOLENCE, s. indolence, f. paresse, f.
INDOLENT, adj. indolent, paresseux.
INDOLENTLY, adv. avec indolence, noncha-

INDRAUGHT, s. baie, f. golfe, m.
INDUBIOUS, adj. certain, sûr.
INDUBITABLE, adj. indubitable.
INDUBITABLE, adv. indubitablement.
INDUBITATE, adj. indubitable, sûr, certain.
INDUGE, v. a. persuader, porter, exciter, in-

duire, introduire, causer, amener.

INDUCEMENT, s. motif, m. raison, f.

INDUCER, s. instigateur, m.

INDUCTOR, s. induction f. prise de possession, introduire.

INDUCTIVE, adj. persuasif.
INDUE, v. a. reveitr, fournir, équiper.
INDULGE, v. a. souffrir, tolérer, favoriser, satisfaire, accorder; v. a. s'abandonner.
INDULGENCE, INDULGENCY, s. indulgence, f. complaisance, f. pardon, m.
INDULGENT, adj. indulgent, facile, bon, tolérant.

INDUIGENTLY, adv. avec indulgence, INDUIT, INDUITO, s. indult, m. octroi, m. INDURABLE, adj. supportable, tolerable. INDURABLE, adj. supportable, tolerable. INDURABLE, s. endurcissement, m. INDUSTRIOUS, adj. industrieux, adroit. INDUSTRIOUSLY, adv. industrieusement. INDUSTRY, s. industrie, f. travail, m. INEBRIATE, v. a. & n. enivrer, infaluer, s'e-INEBRIATION, s. ivyesse, f. [niver.

Inebriation, s. ivresse, f. Ineffability, s. ineffabilité, f. Ineffable, adj. ineffable.

INEFFABLY, adv. d'une manière ineffable. INEFFECTIVE, INEFFECTUAL, adj. inefficace, foible, sans effet, vain, inutile. INEFFECTUALLY. adv. en vain, sans succès. INEFFICACIOUS, adj. inefficace, impuissant.

INEFFICACY, s. inefficacité, f.
INELEGANCE, s. manque d'élégance, f.
INELEGANT, adj. inélégant, grossier, com-

INELEGANT, adj. inélégant, grossier, commun.

INEPT, adj. inepte, incapable, frivole.

INEPTLX, adv. follement. [inepte, f. INEPTLY, udv. incptie, f. incapacité, f. chose INEQUALITY, s. inégalité, f. disparité, f.

INEQUALITY, s. integalité, f. disparité, f. INERRABILITY, s. infaillibilité, f. INERRABLE, adj. infaillible. INERRABLY, adv. infailliblement. INERT, adj. lourd, pesant, grossier. INERTLY, adj. lourdement, pesantment.

INESTIMABLE, adj. inestimable.
INEVITABLE, adj. inevitable.
INEVITABLY, adv. inevitablement.
INEXCUABLE, adj. inexcusable, sans excuse

INEXCUSABLY, adv. saus excuse.

INEXHAUSTED, adj. qui n'est point épuisé.

INEXHAUSTIBLE, adj. inépuisable.

INEXORABLE, adj. inexorable, dur, sans pitié.

INEXORABLE, adj. inexorable, dur, sans pitie. INEXPEDIENCE, INEXPEDIENCY, s. inconvénience, m.

INEXPEDIENT, adj. qui n'est pas expédient, mal à-propos.
INEXPERIENCE, s. inexpérience, f.

INEXPERIENCE, adj. qui n'est pas expert. INEXPERT, adj. qui n'est pas expert or habile. INEXPIABLE, adj. inexpiable.

INEXPIABLY, adv. d'une manière inexpiable. INEXPLICABLE adj. inexplicable. [ble. INEXPRESSIBLE, adj. inprenable, indompta-INEXTUGNABLE, adj. inextinguible.

INEXTROGRABLE, adj. imprenaole, incompla-INEXTINGUISHABLE, adj. inextinguible. INEXTRICABLE, adj. inextricable. [ble.

INEXTRICABLY, adv. d'une manière inextrica-INFALLIEILITY, s. infaillibilité, f. INFALLIBLE, adj. infaillible, sûr. . . . [ment.

INFALLIBLY, adv. infailliblement, certaine-INFAME, v. a. diffamer, décrier, déshonorer. INFAMOUS, adj. infame, bonteux, décrié.

INFAMOUSLY, adv. honieusement.
INFAMY, s. infamie, f. opprobre, m. ignomiINFAMCY, s. enfance, f. [nie, f...

INFANT, s. enfant, m. & f. infant, m... INFANTA, s. infante, f.

INFANTICIDE, s. infanticide, m.
INFANTILE, adj. enfantin, qui est d'enfant.

INFANTRY, s. infanterie, f. fantassins, m. pl. INFATUATE, v. a. rendre fou, infatuer. INFATUATION, s. folie, f. vertige, m.
INFAUSTING, s. l'action de rendre malheu-INFEASIBLE, adj. impraticable. [reux, f. INFECT, v. a. infecter, gâter, corrompre. INFECTION, s. infection, f. INFECTIOUS, adj. infecte, contagieux. INFECTIOUSLY, adv. d'une manière contagieuse. INFECTIOUSNESS, s. qualité contagieuse. INFECTIVE, adj. qui a le pouvoir d'infecter. INFECOND, adj. infecond, stérile. INFECUNDITY, s. infécondité, f. stérilité, f. INFELICITY, s. malheur, m. infortune, f. INFER, v. a. inferer, conclure.

INFERENCE, s. consequence, f. conclusion, f.
INFERIOUR, s. & adj. inferieur. INFERIORITY, s. inferiorité, f. INFERNAL, adj. infernal, de l'enfer. Infertile, adj. infertile, stérile. Infertileness, Infertility, s. stérilité, f. INFEST, v. a. infester, troubler, ravager. INFEUDATION, s. infeodation, f. INFIDEL, s. infidèle, m. Infidelity, s. infidélité, f. perfidie, f. tra-Infinite, udj. infini. [hison, f. Infinity, Infiniteness, Infinitude, s. [hison, f. INFINITELY, adv. infiniment. [infinité, f. INFIRM, adj. infirme, foible, débile. INFIRMARY, s. infirmerie, f. [blesse, f. INFIRMITY, INFIRMNESS, s. infirmité, f. foi-INFIX, v. a. enfoncer, graver, imprimer. INFLAME, v. a. enflammer, allumer. INFLAMER, s. celui or ce qui enflamme. Inflammability, Inflammableness, s. inflammabilité, f. INFLAMMABLE, adj. inflammable. INFLAMMATION, s. embrassement, m. INFLAMMATORY, adj. inflammatoire. INFLATE, v. a. enfler, souffler. INFLATION, s. enflure, f. (causée par des INFLECT, v. a. flécher, varier, plier. [yents.) INFLECTION, s. courbure, f. inflexion, f. INFLECTIVE, adj. qui a le pouvoir de flechir. INFLEXIBLE, adj. inflexible, roide. [mcut.

INFLEXIBLY, adv. inflexiblement, implacable-INFLICT, v. a. infliger, imposer une peine. INFLICTER, s. celui qui inflige. INFLICTION, s. infliction, f. punition, f.
INFLICTIVE, adj. inflictif. [cendant, m.
INFLUENCE, s. influence, f. pouvoir, m. as-INFLUENCE, v. a. influer, produire, causer. INFLUENTIAL, adj. qui influe.

INFI.UX, s. flux, m. ecoulement, m. infusion, INFOLD, v. a. envelopper. INFORM, v. a. animer, former, informer, in-INFORMATION, s. information, f. avis, m.
INFORMER, s. accusateur, m. délateur, m.
INFORMIDABLE, adj. qui n'est pas à craindre.
INFORMITY, s. état de ce qui est informe.
INFORMITY, s. état locano grecier.

Informous, adj. informe, grossier. INFORTUNATE, adj. infortune, malheureux.

INFRACT, v. a. rompre, briser. INFRACTION, s. infraction, f. transgression, f. INFRANCIBLE, adj. qu'on ne peut pas rompre, indivisible.

INFREQUENCY, s. rareté, f. INFREQUENT, adj. rare, qui n'est pas commun. INFRINGE, v. a, enfreindre, transgresser. INFRINGEMENT, s. infraction, f. transgres-INFRINGER, s. infracteur, m. Sion, f. INFUSE, v.a. infuser, inspirer, donner.

INFUSIBLE, adj. infusible. INFUSION, s. infusion, f. suggestion, f. INGATHERING, s. récolte, J INGEMINATE, v. a. redoubler, répéter. INGENERATE, INGENERATED, adj. naturel.

INGENIO, s. une sucrerie, un moulin à sucre. Ingenious, adj. ingénieux, spiritue L INGENIOUSLY, adv. ingénieusement.

INGENIOUSNESS, s. esprit, m. génie, m. INGENITE, adj. inné, naturel. INGENUITY, s. génie, m. industrie, f. esprit,

m. adresse, f Ingenuous, adj. ingenu, franc, naif.

INGENUOUSLY, adv. ingenument. INGENUOUSNESS, s. ingénuité, f. candeur, f. INGEST, v. a. faire passer dans l'estomac. INGLE, s. bardache.

INGLORIOUS, adj. bas, honteux, sans gloire, malhonnête. Ingloriously, adv. houteusement.

INGOT, s. lingot, m. INGRAFF and INGRAFT, v. a. greffer, enter. Ingrate, Ingrateful, adj. ingrat. Ingratiate, v. n. gagner la faveur.

Ingratitude, s. ingratitude, f. Ingredient, s. ingrédient, m.

INGRESS, INGRESSION, s. entrée, f. INGULY, v. a. engloutir.

INGURGITATE, v. n. avaler, se gorger, manger avec excès. INGURGITATION, s. gloutonnerie, f. INHABIT, v. a. habiter, demcurer dans

INHARITABLE, adj. habitable, logeable. INHABITANT, INHABITER, s. habitant, m. INHABITATION, s. habitation, f. demeure, f. INHALE, v. a. respirer.

INHARMONIOUS, adj. discordant. INHERENCE, INHESION, s. inhérence, f. INHERENT, adj. inhérent, uni, attaché. INHERIT, v. a. hériter de, succéder à. INHERITANCE, s. héritage, m. patrimonie, m. INHERITOR, s. héritier, m. celui qui hérite. Inheritress, Inheritrix, s. heritière, f. Inhesion, s. inhérence, f. Inhibit, v. a. empêcher, réprimer, défendre.

INHIBITION, s. défense, f. prohibition, f. INHOSPITABLE, adj. sans hospitalité, barbare.

INHOSPITALITY, s. manque d'hospitalité, m. Innuman, adj. inhumain, cruel, barbare. INHUMANITY, s. inhumanité, f. cruauté, f. INHUMANLY, adr. inhumainement. INHUMATE, INHUME, v. d. inhumer, enterrez. INJECT, r. a. jeter dedans, injector. INJECTION, s. injection, J

INIMITABLE, adj. inimitable. INIMITABLY, adv. d'une manière inimitable.
INIQUITOUS, adj. inique, injuste.
INIQUITY, s. iniquité, f. injustice, f.

INITIAL, adj. initial, qui commence. INITIATE, r. a. initier, enseigner, introduice.

INITIATION, s. initiation, f. introduction, f.
INJUDICIOUS, adj. pen judicieux.
INJUDICIOUS, x. adv. sans jugenent.
INJUNCTION, s. injonction, f. ordre, m.
INJUNCT, v. a, faire tort, injurier, offenser, be-

INJURER, s. offenseur, m. Injurious, adj. injuste, injurieux. Injuriously, adr. injustement, à tort.

INJURY, s. injustice, f. tort, m. outrage, m. INJUSTICE, s. injustice, f. iniquité, f. INK, s. encre, f. ; v. a. noircir d'encre.

INK-HORN, s. ecritoire, f. encries, m.

INKLING, s. avis, m. vent, m. information. INKSTAND, s. écritoire, f. encrier, m. INKY, adj. d'encre, taché d'encre. Inlaid, part. adj. parqueté, marqueté. inlaid floor, parquet, m. An inlaid i An inlaid work, marqueterie, f. mosaïque, f. INLAND, adj. & subst. intérieur. INLANDER, s. habitant de l'intérieur d'un pays, m. INLAY, v. a. parqueter, marqueter. INLAY or INLAYING, s. marqueterie, f. INLET, s. entrée, f. passage, m. INLIST, v. a. enrôler, engager. Inlisting, s. eurôlement, m. Inly, adj. & adv. intérieur, intérieurement, en dedans. INMATE, s. un locataire. Inmost, adj. le plus intérieure, le plus secret. Inn, s. logis, m. hôtellerie, f. auberge, f. Inn of court, collège d'avocats. [vert. of court, collège d'avocats. [vert. Inn, v. n. loger; v. a. serrer, mettre à cou-INNATE, INNATED, adj. inné, naturel. INNAVIGABLE, adj. qui n'est pas navigable. INNER, adj. intérieur, secret, caché. INNERMOST, adj. le plus intérieur. INNHOLDER, INNKEEPER, s. un aubergiste, un hôtelier. INNOCENCE, s. innocence, f. [idiot. INNOCENT, adj. innocent; s. un innocent, un [sible. INNOCENTLY, adv. innocemment. Innocuous, adj. innocent, qui n'est pas nui-Innovate, v. a. innover, faire des innova-[tions. INNOVATION, s. innovation, f. INNOVATOR, s. innovateur, m. Innoxious, adj. innocent. INNUENDO, s. avis indirect, indice, m. INNUMERABLE, INNUMEROUS, adj. innombrable. INNUMERABLY, adv. sans nombre. INOCULATE, v. a. enter en écusson, insérer, INOCULATOR, s. inoculateur, m. finoculer. INODOROUS, INODORATE, adj. sans odeur. INCFFENSIVE, adj. innocent. INOFFENSIVELY, adv. innocemment. INOFFENSIVENESS, s. innocence, f. Inorricious, adj. désobligeant. INOPINATE, adj. inopine, inattendu. INORDINATE, adj. desordonné, deréglé. Inordinately, adv. desordounément. Inordination, s. dérèglement, m. excès, m. INORGANICAL, adj. sans organes, brut. INQUEST, s. enquête, f. information, f. INQUIETUDE, s. inquiétude, f. chagrin, m. INQUINATE, v. a. souiller, corrompre. INQUIRABLE, adj. qu'on peut examiner, INQUIRE, v. n. demander, s'informer. INQUIRER, s. feseur de recherches, m. INQUIRY, s. recherche, f. enquet, f. In QUISITION, s. enquête, f. inquisition, f. In QUISITIVE, adj. curieux. INQUISITIVELY, adv. avec curlosité. INQUISITIVENESS, s. curiosité, f. recherche INQUISITOR, s. inquisiteur, m. [cu INRAIL, v. a. environner de balustres, [curieuse. INROAD, s. incursion, f. invasion, f. Insanable, adj. incurable, irrémédiable. INSANE, adj. en démence, fou, hors du sens. INSANITY, s. manie, f. phrénésie, f. INSATIABLE, adj. insatiable. INSATIABLENESS, s. appétit insatiable, m. INSATIABLY, adv. d'une manière insatiable. INSATIATE, INSATURABLE, adj. insatiable. INSCRIBE, v. a. inscrire, écrire, dédier. Inscription, s. inscription, f.

INSCRUTABLE, adj. impénétrable. Insculp, v. a. graver, tailler, sculpter. Inseamed, adj. imprimé, empreint, marqué. INSECT, s. insecte, m. [est en danger. INSECURE, adj. qui n'est pas en sureté, qu. INSECURITY, s. danger, m. incertitude, f. Insensate, adj. stupide, privé de sens. Insensibility, s. insensibilité, f. apathie, f. Insensible, adj. insensible, indifférent. Insensibly, adv. insensiblement, peu à peu. INSEPARABILITY, INSEPARABLENESS, s. indivisibilité. Inseparable, adj. inséparable. Inseparabley, adv. inséparablement. INSEPARATELY, adv. conjointement. INSERT, r. a. inserer, ajouter, intercaler. INSERTION, s. insertion, f. addition, f. INSERVE, v. a. servir, contribuer, avoir part. INSIDE, s. le dedans, l'intérieur, m. Institious, adj. insidieux, dangereux. INSIDIOUSLY, adv. insidieusement, en traître. Insight, s. connoissance, f. [tilité, f. Insignificance, s. déraisonnement, m. inu-Insignificant, adj. vide de sens, inutile. Insignificantly, adv. en vain, inutilement. Insincere, adj. feint, dissimulé. Insincerity, s. manque de sincérité, m. Insinuate, v. a. & n. insinuer, introduire, s'insinuer. INSINUATION, s. insinuation, f. INSINUATIVE, INSIMUANT, adj. insimuant. INSIPID, adj. fade, sans saveur, insipide. INSIPIDITY, INSIPIDNESS, s. insipidité, f. INSIPIDITY, adv. d'une manière fade. Insist, v. n. insister, presser, alleguer. INSNABE, v. a. attraper, surprendre. INSNABER, s. celui qui tend des pièges. Insornery, s. ivroguerie, f. intemperance, f. Insociable, adj. insociable. INSOCIABLENESS, s. humeur farouche, f. INSOLATE, r. a. secher or exposer an solcil. INSOLENCE, s. insolence, f. arrogance, f. INSOLENT, adj. insolent, effronte, arrogant. INSOLENTLY, adv. insolemment, arrogamment, INSOLVABLE, adj. inexplicable, impayable. INSOLUBLE, adj. insoluble, indissoluble. Insolvency, s. insolvabilité, f. INSOLVENT, adj. insolvable, [visions, Insomnious, adj. qui a des songes or des Insomuen, adv. à tel point, tellement. INSPECT, r. a. observer, examiner, Inspection, s. vue, f. examen, m. Inspector, s. inspecteur, m. surveillant, m. Inspecsion, s. l'action d'arroser. Inspiration, s. inspiration, f. respiration, f. Inspire, v. n. & a. respirer, inspirer. INSPIRIT, v. a. animer, encourager. INSPISSATE, v. a. épaisser INSTABILITY, s. instabilité, f. inconstance, m. INSTABLE, adj. inconstant, changeant. Install, r. a. installer, introniser, placer. INSTALLATION, INSTALMENT, s. installation, f. Instance, s. instance, f. preuve, f. INSTANCE, v. n. donner un example. Instant, adj. empressé, pressant, urgent, présent, immédiat, courant, actuel. INSTANT, s. un instant, un moment. Instantaneous, adj. momentané. Instantaneously, adv. en un instant. INSTANTLY, adv. instamment, dans un instant

INSTATE, v. a. placer, mettre

Instauration, s. restauration, f.

INT INSTEAD, adv. au lieu de. INSTEEP, v. a. tremper, mouiller dans quelque. INSTEP, s. le coudepied. INSTIGATE, v.a. exciter, pousser, porter. INSTIGATION, s. instigation, f. sollicitation, f. suggestion, f. INSTIGATOR, s. instigateur, m. Instil, r. a. verser goutte à goutte.
Instillation, s. l'action d'instiller, sugges-INSTINCT, s. instinct, m. Instinctive, adj. qui agit par instinct.
Instinctively, adv. par instinct. [struire.
Institute, v. α. instituer, établir, élever, in-INSTITUTE, s. institut, m. ordre, m. Institution, s. institution, f. éducation, f. Institutor, s. instituteur, m. precepteur, m. INSTRUCT, v. a. instruire, enseigner, former. INSTRUCTER, s. precepteur, m. docteur, m. INSTRUCTION, s. instruction, f. enseignement, INSTRUCTIVE, adj. instructif. [m. Instrument, s. instrument, m. agent, m. suppôt, m. complice, m. INSTRUMENTAL, adj. instrumental. INSTRUMENTALLY, adv. comme instrument. INSUFFERABLE, adj. insupportable. Insufferably, adv. insupportablement.
Insufficience, Insufficiency, s. insuffisance, f. incapacité, f. INSUFFICIENT, adj. insuffisant, incapable. INSUFFICIENTLY, adv. insuffisamment. INSULAR, INSULARY, adj. insulaire, d'ilc. INSULT, s. insulte, f. affront, m. ouvrage, m. Insult, v. a. insulter, faire insulte, injurier. Insultingly, adv. d'un ton insultant. INSUPERABILITY, s. qualité d'être insurmon-INSUPERABLE, adj. invincible. [table. INSUPERABLENESS, s. force invincible, f. INSUPERABLY, adv. invinciblement. INSUPPORTABLE, adj. insupportable.
INSUPPORTABLY, adv. insupportablement.
INSURMOUNTABLE, adj. insurmontable. Insurmountably, adv. insurmontablement. Insurrection, s. révolte, f. sédition, f. INSUSURRATION, s. l'action de chucheter. INTEGER, s. intégrité, f. état d'un tout, m. INTEGRAL, adj. entier, intégral, intégrant. INTEGRATE, v. a. renouveler, restaurer. INTEGRITY, s. intégrité, f. honnéteté, f. INTEGUMENT, s. tegument, m. INTELLECT, s. intellect, m. entendement, m. INTELLECTION, S. conception, f.
INTELLECTIVE, adj. intellectif, doue d'intelINTELLECTUAL, adj. intellectuel. [ligence, INTELLIGENCE, S. intelligence, f. avis, m.
INTELLIGENCE, s. nouvelliste, m. gazetier,
INTELLIGENT, adj. intelligent.
INTELLIGENT, adj. speitual INTELLIGENTIAL, adj. spirituel. INTELLIGIBILITY, s. clarté du raisonnement. INTELLIGIBLE, adj. intelligible, clair. INTELLIGIBLENESS, s. intelligibilité, f. INTELLIGIBLY, adv. intelligiblement. INTEMPERANCE, s. intempérance, INTEMPERATE, adj. intempérant, deréglé. INTEMPERATELY, adv. avec exces, dissolu-INTEMPERATURE, s. exces, m. ment. INTEND, v. a. vouloir, se proposer, avoir des-INTENDENCY, s. intendance. sem. INTENDANT, s. intendant, m. inspecteur, m. INTENDMENT, s. intention, dessein, m. INTENERATION, s. attendrissement, m. Intensely, adv. excessivement.

Intenseness, . intensité, f. Intensive 14 grand attaché, étendu.

[liqueur. || INTENSIVELY, adv. infiniment. Ipliqué. INTENT, adj. attentif, soigneux, attaché, ap-INTENT, INTENTION, s. intention, f. but, m. Intentional, adj. fait à dessein. Intentionally, adv. à dessein, par choix. INTENTIVE, adj. attentif, applique.
INTENTIVELY, INTENTLY, adv. attentive-INTENTNESS, s. attachement, m. [ment. INTER, v. a. enterrer, inhumer. INTERCALAR, INTERCALARY, adj. intercale, intercalaire. INTERCALATE, r. a. intercaler. INTERCALATION, s. intercalation, f. INTERCEDE, v. n. être entre, interceder. INTERCEDER, s. intercesseur, m. INTERCEPT, v.a. intercepter, conper, arrêter. INTERCEPTION, s. interception, f. [f. INTERCESSION, s. intercession, f. médiation, INTERCESSOR, s. intercesseur, m. INTERCHANGE, v. a. changer, echanger. INTERCHANGEABLE, adj. mutuel, reciproque. INTERCHANGEABLY, adr. réciproquement. INTERCISION, s. interruption, f. cessation, f. INTERCOMMUNICATE, v. n. s'entre-commu-INTERCOSTAL, adj. intercostal. INTERCOURSE, s. commerce, m. INTERCURRENT, adj. qui passe entre deux. INTERDICT, v. a. interdire, défendre. INTERDICT, s. défense, f. interdit, m.
INTERDICTION, s. interdiction, f. défense, f. INTEREST, v. a. intéresser, toucher. INTEREST, s. interet, m. avantage, m. profit, m. part, f. droit, m. crédit, m. Self-interest, intérét particulier. INTERFERE, v. a. se mêler, s'entre choquer. Interfering, s. atteinte de cheval. INTERFLUENT, adj. qui coule entre deux. INTERGAPING, s. bâillement, m. hiatus, m. INTERJACENT, adj. placé entre deux. INTERJECTION, s. interjection, f. INTERIM, s. interim, m. entrefaites, f. INTERIOUR, adj. intérieur, interne. INTERKNOWLEDGE, s. connoissance mu-INTERLACE, r. a. entrelacer. [tuelle. INTERLAPSE, s. intervalle, m. interstice, m. INTERLARD, v. a. entrelarder, entremêler. INTERLEAVE, v. a. mettre du papier blanc entre les feuilles d'un livre imprimé, INTERLINE, r. a. écrire dans l'interligne. INTERLOCUTION, s. dialogue, m. interlocu tion, m. INTERLOCUTOR, s. interlocuteur, m. INTERLOCUTORY, adj. en dialogue. INTERLOPE, v. n. se meler, usurper. INTERLOPER, s. interlope, m. contrebandier, INTERLUDE, s. intermède, m. une farce. INTERMARRIAGE, s. double mariage entre deux familles, &c. INTERMEDDLE, v. n. s'entremettre, se méler. Intermendler, s. médiateur, m. INTERMEDIAL, INTERMEDIATE, adj. intermédiaire. INTERMEDIUM, s. entre deux, m. INTERMENT, s. interrement, m. sépulture, f. INTERMINABLE, aoj. sans bornes, immense. INTERMINGLE, v. a. & n. entremèler. INTERMISSION, s. intermission, f. relâche, f. INTERMIT, v. a. & n. cesser, discontinuer. INTERMITTENT, odj. intermittent. INTERMIX, v. a. entremêler. INTERMIXTURE, s. mélange, m. INTERN, INTERNAL, adj. interne, interieur. INTERNALLY, ade. interieurement, en dedans.

Internuncto, s. internonce, m. INTERPOLATE, v. a. interpoler, ajouter. INTERPOLATION, s. interpolation, f. INTERPOLATOR, s. interpolateur, m. INTERPOSAL, s. intervention, f. médiation, f. INTERPOSE, v. a. interposer; v. n. s'entre-INTERPOSITION, s. interposition, f. [mettre. INTERPRET, v. a. expliquer, interpreter. INTERPRETATION, s. interprétation, f. INTERPRETATIVE, adj. acquis par interpré-INTERPRETER, s. interprète, un traducteur. INTERPRETING, s. interpretation, f. INTERPUNCTION, s. ponctuation, f. INTERREGNUM, INTERREIGN, s. interrègne, INTERROGATE, v. a. & n. interroger. INTERROGATION, s. interrogation, f. ques-[gatif. tion, f. INTERROGATIVE, adj. interrogant, interro-INTERROGATOR, s. interrogateur, m. INTERROGATORY, s. interrogatoire, m. INTERRUPT, v. a. interrompre, détourner. INTERRUPTION, s. interruption, f. INTERSCRIBE, v. a. écrire entre deux lignes. INTERSECT, v. a. & n. couper, se couper. INTERSECTION, s. intersection, f. INTERSPERSE, v. a. entremêler. INTERSTICE, s. interstice, m. entre-deux, m. intervalle, m. INTERTWINE, INTERTWIST, v. a. entrelacer. INTERVAL, s. invervalle, m. espace, m. [nir. INTERVENE, v. n. survenir, arriver, interve-INTERVENIENT, adj. intervenant, accidentel. INTERVENTION, s. entremise, m.
INTERVERT, v. a. intervertir, changer l'or-INTERVIEW, s. entrevue, f. [dre. INTERWEAVE, v. a. entrelacer, entremêler, brocher. [ter. INTESTABLE, adj. intestat, incapable de tes-INTESTINE, adj. intestin, civil, domestique. INTESTINES, s. les intestins, entrailles, f. pl. INTHRAL, v. a. asservir, assujettir. INTHRALMENT, s. servitude, f. esclavage, m. INTIMACY, s. intimité, f. étroite liaison. INTIMATE, adj. intime, cordial, familier. INTIMATE, s. ami intime, m. confident, m. INTIMATE, v. a. donner à entendre, faire en-INTIMATELY, adv. intimement. [tendre. INTIMATION, s. avis, m. indice, m. vent, m. INTIMIDATE, v. a. intimider, épouvanter. INTIMIDATION, s. intimidation, f. INTIRE, see Entire. INTO, prep. dans, en, entre, sur, à, par des-INTOLERABLE, adj. insupportable. INTOLERABLY, adv. insupportablement. INTOLERANT, adj. intolérant. INTONATION, s. intonation, f. INTORT, v. a. entrelacer, tordre, entortiller. INTOXICATE, v. a. enivrer, entêter, charmer. INTOXICATION, s. ivresse, f. enthousiasme, m. INTRACTABLE, adj. violent, intraitable. INTRACTABLENESS, s. humeur intraitable, f. INTRENCH, v. a. & n. retrancher, empieter. INTRENCHMENT, s. retranchement, m. INTREPID, adj. intrépide, hardi, brave. INTREPIDITY, s. intrepidité, f. hardiesse, f. INTREPIDLY, adv. intrépidement. INTRICACY, s. embarras, m. difficulté, f. INTRICATE, adj. embarrassé, embrouillé. INTRIGUE, s. intrigue, f. manége, m. nœud. INTRIGUE, v. n. intriguer, cabaler. INTRIGUER, s. intriguant, m. [réel. Intrinsical, adj. intérieur, intrinsè que, Intrinsically, adv. intrinsèquement.

INTRODUCE, v. a. introduire, produire. INTRODUCER, s. introducteur, m. [tion. / INTRODUCING, INTRODUCTION, 8. introduc-Introductive, Introductory, adj. préa-INTROMISSION, s. intromission, f. [lab. INTROSPECT, v. a. examiner le dedans de. [lable. INTRUDE, v. n. & recipr. s'ingérer, se mêler. INTRUDER, s. un intrus, un usurpateur. INTRUSION, s. intrusion, f. usurpation, f. INTRUST, v. a. confier, mettre en dépôt. INTUITION, s. intuition, f. examen, m. INTUITIVE, adj. intuitif, contemplatif. INTUITIVELY, adv. intuitivement. INTUMESCENCE, INTUMESCENCY, s. tumeur, INTUNABLE, adj. que l'on ne peut accorder. INTWINE, v. a. entortiller, entrelacer. INUMBRATE, v. a. ombrager, couvrir de son INUNDATION, s. inondation, f. [ombre. INURE, s. habituer, accountumer. [m. INUREMENT, s. habitude, f. endurcissement, INURN, v. a. mettre dans une urne. INUSITATE, adj.inusité, qui n'est pas en usage. INUTILE, adj. inutile, vain, sans effet. INUTILITY, s. inutilite, f. Invade, v. a. envahir, usurper, empiéter. INVADER, s. usurpateur, aggresseur, m. INVADING, s. envalussement, m. usurpation, INVALESCENCE, s. force, f. santé, f. INVALID, adj. fbible, infirme, invalide, nul. INVALID, s. un invalide. INVALIDATE, v. a. invalider, annuller. INVALIDITY, s. invalidité, f. nullité, f. foi-INVALIDITY, s. invalidite, f. indine, f. Invalidate, adj. inestimable. [bles Invariable, constant. Invariable, adv. invariablement. Invasion, s. invasion, f. usurpation, f. [blesse, f. Invasive, adj. d'usurpation, d'invasion. Invective, s. invective, f.; adj. satirique. Inveigh, v. a. invectiver, déclamer. INVEIGHER, s. qui invective. [paroles. INVEIGLE, r. a. enjôler, séduire par de belles INVEIGLER, s. un enjôleur. INVENT, v. a. inventer, découvrir, forger, con-INVENTER, s. inventeur, m. [trouver. INVENTION, s. invention, f. découverte, f. INVENTIVE, adj. inventif, ingénieux. [rer. trouver. INVENTORY, s. inventaire, m.; v. a. invento-INVENTRESS, s. inventrice, f. INVERSE, adj. inverse. Inversion, s. inversion, f. changement (d'ordre or de temps, m.) INVERT, v. a. renverser, changer l'ordre. INVERTEDLY, adv. dans un ordre inverse. INVEST, v. a. vêtir, revêtir, investir. INVESTIGABLE, adj. qui peut être découvert. INVESTIGATE, v. a. chercher. Investigation, s. recherche exacte, f. dis-INVESTITURE, s. investiture, f. [cussion, f. INVETERACY, s. haine, f. rancune, f. INVETERATE, adj. invetere, enracine. Invidious, adj. envieux, mechant, malin. INVIDIOUSLY, adv. odieusement, malignement. Invidiousness, s. qualité odieuse, f. malig-Invigitancy, s. négligence, f. [nité, f. Invigilancy, s. négligence, f. Invigorate, v. a. donner de la vigueur. INVINCIBLE, adj. invincible, insurmontable. INVINCIBLENESS, s. qualité invincible, f. INVINCIBLY, adv. invinciblement. Inviolable, adj. inviolable. INVIOLABLY, adr. inviolablement. Inviolate, adj. entier, sain et sauf, intégre. Invious, adj. où l'on n'a pas passé. INVISIBILITY, s. invisibilité, f.

IRR INVISIBLE, adj. invisible, imperceptible. INVISIBLY, adv. invisiblement. INVISIBLE, aac. invisionement.

INVISCATE, v. a. gl.ier, enduire de glu.

INVITATION, s. invitation, f.

INVITATORY, adj. qui contient une invitation.

INVITE, v. a. & n. inviter, prier, convier. INVITER, s. celui qui invite, invitateur, m. INVITING, adj. attrayaet, qui invite. Invitingly, adv. d'une manière engageante. INVOCATE, INVOKE, v. a. invoquer, implorer. INVOCATION, s. invocation, f.
INVOCATION, s. facture, f. envol, m. [rasser. INVOLVE, v. a. envelopper, engager, embar-INVOLUNTARILY, advinvolontairement. INVOLUNTARY, adj. involontaire. [f. INVOLUTION, s. entortillement, m. enveloppe, INVULNERABLE, adj. invulnerable. INWALL, v. a. ensermer de murs. INWARD, adj. intérieur, interne, intime. INWARD, INWARDS, adc. en dedaus. INWARDS, s. pl. l'intérieur, m. les catrailles, f. INWARDLY, adv. interieurement. INWARDNESS, s. amitié sincère. INWEAVE, r. a. entortiller. INWRAP, v. a. envelopper. flacer. INWREATHE, v. a. cemdre, conronner, entre-IONIAN or IONICK, adj. Ionique, d'Ionie. IPECACUANIA, s. ipécacuana, m.
IRASCIBLE, adj. irascible, sujet à colère.
IRE, s. colère, f. ire, f.
IREPUL, adj. colère, furicux. IREFULLY, adv. avec colère. IRELAND, s. l'Irlande, f. · · [Yeul. m. IRIS, s. Iris, f. arc-eu-ciel, m. flambe, f. gla-IRISHMAN, s. un Irlandois. IRKSOME, adj. fâcheux, incommode. It irks me, il me fache, je suis fache. IRKSOMENESS, s. ennui, m.
IRON, s. fer, m.; adj. de fer, dur, 'sévère.
Iron-plate, du fer en feuille, de la tôle.
Iron-pin, un clavette. Iron-ware, marchandises de fer, f. clincaille. Iron-mill, martinet, m. IRON, v. a. repasser avec un fer. IRONICAL, adj. ironique. IRONICALLY, adv. ironiquement. IRONMONGER, s. marchand de fer, m. IRON-ARM, s. bras de fer, m. IRON-WIRE, s. fil de fer, m. fil d'archal. IRON-WORT, s. (a plant) crapaudine. IRONY, s. ironie, f. ; adj. de fer, ferrugineux. IRRADIANCE, IRRADIANCY, s. clarte, f. IRRADIATE, v. a. & n. rayonner sur. IRRADIATION, s. rayonnement, m. éclat, m. IRRATIONAL, adj. déraisonnable. IRRATIONALLY, adv. d'une manière absurde. IRRECONCILABLE, adj. irréconciliable. IRRECONCILABLY, adv. irréconciliablement. IRRECOVERABLE, adj. irréparable. IRRECOVERABLY, adv. sans ressource. IRRECUPERABLE, adj. irréparable.

IRREFRAGABLE, adj. irréfragable, incontestable.

IRREFRAGABLY, adv. incontestablement.

IRREGULAR, adj. incontestable.

IRREGULARITY, s. irréguleir, déréglé.

IRREGULARITY, adv. irréguleiré, f.

IRREGULARITY, adv. irréguleirement.

IRRELIGIOUS, s. irréligion, f. impiété, f.

IRRELIGIOUS, adj. irréligieux, impiété, f.

IRRELIGIOUST, adv. irréligieuxement.

IRREMEIGIOLET, adv. irréligieusement.

IRREMEIGIOLET, adv. irréligieusement.

IRREMEIGIOLET, adv. irréligieusement.

IRREMEIGIELE, adj. irrémissible, impardop-

IRREDUCIBLE, adj. irréductible.

IRREPARABLE, adj. irréparable. IRREPARABLY, adv. irréparablement. IRREPREHENSIBLE, adj. irréprochable. IRREPROACHABLE, adj. irréprochable. IRREPROVABLE, adj. irréprehensible. IRRESISTIBILITY, s. force irresistible, f. IRRESISTIBLE, adj. irresistible. IRRESISTIBLY, adv. irrésistiblement. IRRESOLUTE, adj. irrésolu, inconstant. IRRESOLUTELY, adv. irrésolument. IRRESOLUTION, s. irresolution, f. doute, m. IRRESPECTIVELY, adv. indépendenment. IRRETRIEVABLE, adj. irréparable. IRRETRIEVABLY, adv. irréparablement. IRREVERENCE, s. irréverence, f. IRREVERENT, adj. irreverent, peu respectueux. IRREVERENTLY, adv. irrévéremment. IRREVERSIBLE, adj. irrévocable. IRREVOCABLE, adj. irrévocable. IRREVOCABLY, adv. irrévocablement. IRRIGATE, v. a. arroser, humecter. IRRIGATION, s. arrossement, m. l'action d'ar-IRRIGUOUS, adj. aqueux, humide, arrosé. IRRISION, s. dérision, f. moquerie, f. IRRITABLE, adj. aisé à provoquer, à irriter. IRRITATE, v. a. irriter, provoquer, fâcher. IRRITATION, s. irritation, f. IRRUPTION, s. irruption, f. [belle. ISABELLA, s. & adj. Isabelle, m. couleur isa-[belle. Ischury, s. rétention d'urine, f. Isinglass, s. tale, m. colle de levant, f. ISLAND, s. île, f. ISLANDER, s. insulaire, m. & f. ISLE, s. une ile, aile, f. ISLET, s. ilot, m. petite ile. Isosceles, s. isocèle, m. qui a deux côtés e-Issue, s. issue, f. sortie, f. fin, m. succès, m. conclusion, f. lignée, f. postérité, f. enfans, m. & f.; Issue of blood, une perte de sang; issue in one's arm, un cautère au bras. Issue, v. a. & n. sortir, publier, émaner. Issues, s. pl. mise, f. trais, m. profits, m. Issueless, adj. sans enfans, saus posterité. IsTHMUS,'s. isthme, m.

ISTHMUS, s. istlime, m.
IT, prom. ce, il, elle, le, la, cn, cela, y.
ITALIAN, s. & adj. Italien.
ITALICK, adj. Italique. [mangeaison, f.
ITCH, s. gratelle, f. gale, f. rogne, f. deITCH, v. n. demanger, desirer, tarder.
ITCHY, adj. galeux, qui a la gale.
ITEM, s. article (d'un compte). ayis, m.

ITEM, s. article (d'un compte), avis, m. ITERATE, n. a. réitérer, redoubler, répéter. ITINERANT, adj. ambulant, errant. ITINERARY, s. & adj. itinéraire, m.

ITS, pron. son, sa, ses.

ITSELF, pron. lui-même, elle-même, soi-même.

IVORY, s. ivoire, m.

IVY, s. lierre, m. Ground-ivy, lierre ram-

Ivy, s. lierre, m. Ground-ivy, lierre ram pant.

J.

JABBERR, v. a. bavarder, bredouiller.

JABBERRA, s. bredouilleur, m.

JABBERRA, s. bredouillement, m.

JACENT, adj. couché, étendu.

JACINTH, s. jaciuthe, f. (fleur.)

JACK, s. tourne-broche, m' un tire-bottes, but, m. cochonnet, m. broc, m. outre, f. sautereau, m. chevalet, m. brocheton, m. janot, le mâle de certaines espèces d'animaux.

JACKAL, s. chacal, m. jacard, m. adive, f. JACKANAPES, s. un singe, un fat. JACK-BOOTS, s. de grosses bottes, f JACK-CATCH, s. le bourreau. JACK-DAW, s. (a bird) choucas, m.
JACKET, s. jaquette, f. justaucorps, m.
JACK-PUDDING, s. un bouffon, un fou. JACOBIN, s. Jacobin, m. niveleur, m. JACOB's-STAFF, s. astrolabe, m. bourdon. JADE, s. un rosse, une haridelle. JADE, v. a. lasser, surmener, fatiguer. JADISH, adj. mauvais, vicieux, de 10sse. JAGG, s. dentelure, f.; v. a. denteler. JAGGY, adj. dentelé, inégal. JAGGEDNESS, s. dentelure, f. JAGGING-IRON, s. videlle, f. JAILER. See Gaol, Gaoler. JAKES, s. les lieux, m. le privé JALAP, s. (a medicinal plant) jalap, m JAM, s. marmelade de fruits, f. [&c. m. JAMB, s. jambage de porte, de cheminée, [&c. m. JANGLE, v. a. & n. disputer, se quereller. JANGLER, s. un querelleur, disputeur, m. JANGLING, s. querelle, f. débat, m. dispute, f. Janizary, s. Janissaire, m. JANSENISM, s. Jansénisme, m. JANSENIST, s. Janséniste, m. JANTY, adj. gentil, drôle, comique. JANUARY, s. Janvier, m. JAPAN, s. japon. m. vernis. JAPAN, v. a. vernisser, vernir. JAPANNER, s. vernisseur, émailleur, m. JAPANESE, s. un Japonois.

JAR, v. n. ctre discordant, disputer, ne pas s'aecorder JAR, s. un ton discordant, querelle, f. une jarre (80 pints.) AJAR, part. adj. entr'ou-JARGON; s. jargon, m. baragouin, m. JAERING, s. discorde, f.; adv. discordant. JASHAWK, s. un faucon niais, un jeune fau-JASMINE, s. (a shrub) jasmin. m.
JASPER, s. (a sort of marble) jaspe, m. con. JAUNDICE, s. la jaunisse. [bond. JAUNT, v. a. courir cà et là, faire le vaga-JAUNT, s. allée et venue, f. course, f.

JAVEL, s. un vagabond, un voyageur.

JAVELIN, s. javeline, f.

JAW, s. la machoire, la gueule, la bouche. JAY, s. (a sort of hird) un geai. JEALOUS, adj. jaloux, inquiet, soupçonneux. JEALOUSLY, adv. avec jalousie. JEALOUSY, s. jalousie, f. soupcon, m. JEER, v.a. & n. railler, plaisanter. Jeer, s. raillerie, f. plaisanterie, f. JEERER, s. un railleur, un moqueur. JEHOVAH, s. Jéhova, le très saint JEJUNE, adj. mal nourri. sec, insipide. JEJUNENESS, s. disette, f. stérilité, f. Jelly, s. gelée, f. coulis, m. JENNETING, s. passe-pomme, f. (fruit.) JERK, v. a. & n. fouetter, ruer, s'élancer. JERK, s. un coup de fouet, une saccade. JERKIN, s. une jaquette, un colletin. JEST, v. n. plaisanter, railler, se moquer. JEST, s. plaisanterie. f. bon mot. JESTER, s. un plaisant, un railleur, un bouf-JESTING, s. jeu, m. raillerie, f. [fo JESTING, adj. railleur, plaisant. JESTINGLY, adv. pour rire, en plaisanteric. [fon. JESUIT, s. Jésuite, m.
JESUITICAL, adj. Jésuitique, de Jésuite.
JESUS, s. Jésus, Sauveur, m. JET, s. jais, m. jayet, m. jet d'eau, m.

JET, v. n. être secoué, cahoté. JETTY, adj. fait de jais, noir comme jais. JEW, s. un Juif. Jewess, s. une Juive. Jewel, s. joyau, m. bijou, m. JEWELLER, s. jouaillier, m. bijoutier, m. JEWISH, adj. Judaique, des Juifs. JEWS-HARP, s. trompe, f. gronde, f. JIG, s. gigue, f.; v. n. danser mal. JILT, s. une coquette; v. a. tromper, duper. JINGLE, s. tintement, m. ; v. n. tinter. JOB, s. ouvrage, m. travail, m. aubaine, f. affaire, f. coup de hasard, m.

Job, v. a. & n. trapper, faire entrer, agioter. JOBBER, s. agioteur, m. JOEBERNOWL, s. grosse tête, stupide, m. JOCKEY, s. un maquignon, un trompeur. JOCKEY, v. a. tromper, duper. Jocose, adj. plaisant, burlesque, jovial. Jocosely, adr. en plaisantant, pour rire. JOCOSENESS, JOCOSITY, JOCULARITY, s. plaisanterie, f.

JOCULAR, adj. plaisant, badin. JOCUND, adj. gai, vif, enjone, jovial. JOCUNDLY, adv. gaiement, joyeusement. Jog, s. secousse. f. cahot, m.; v. a. pousser. Jogger, s. celui qui marche pesamment. Joggle, v. a. & n. agiter, remuer, s'agiter se trémousser, se remuer. Join, v. a. & n. joindre, unir, s'associer. JOINDER, s. union, f. association, f. JOINER, s. menuisier, m. JOINERY, s. menuiserie, f.
JOINT, s. jointure, f. article, m. nœud, m. articulation, f. charnière, f. joint, m. Joint, adj. commun à plusieurs, m. Joint tenants. Joint-Heir, cohéritier, m. tenancièrs par indivis, m Joint, v. a. conper par les jointures. JOINTLY, adv. conjointement, ensemble. JOINTRESS, s. femme qui posséde un douaire. JOINTURE, s. douaire, m.; v. a. douer. JOIST, s. solive, f. A little joist, un soliveau. JOKE, s. raillerie, f. plaisanterie, f. JOKE, v. n. railler, plaisanter, badiner. JOKER, s. railleur, m. plaisant, m. JOLE, s. la face, la tête, la hure. JOLLILY, adv. gaiement. JOLLINESS, JOLLITY, s. gaieté, f. joie, f. amusement, m. Jolly, adj. gai, joycux, enjoué, jovial. Jolt, v. a. & n. secouer, cahoter. JOLT, JOLTING. s. cahot, m. secousse, f. JOLTHEAD, s. une grosse tête, un lourdaud, JONQUILLET, s. jonquille, f. [butor, m. JOSTLE, JUSTLE, v. a. coudoyer, pousser. Jor, s. un point, un iota, rien du tout. [journal, m Journal, s. journal, m. JOURNALIST, s. journaliste, f. auteur d'un JOURNEY, s. voyage, m. journée, f. Journeyman, s. ouvrier à la journée, m. JOURNEYWORK, s. journée, f. Journes, s. joûte, f. tournes, m.; v. n. joûter. JOVIAL, adj. jovial, enjoué, joyeux, gai. JOVIALLY, adr. jovensement, gaiement. JOVIALNESS, s. gaieté, f. joie, f. Jov, s. joie, f. plaisir. m. satisfaction, f. Joy, v. a. & n. réjouir, congratuler. JOYFUL, adj. rejoui, joyeux, gai. JOYFULLY, adv. joyeusement, avec joie. JOYFULNESS, s. joie, f. plaisir, m. JOYLESS, adj. triste, chagrin, lugubre. JOYOUS, adj. joieux, gai. réjoui, agréable. JEBARE, s. (an herb) joubarbe, f.

JUBILANT, adj. chantant, triomphant. JUBILATION, s. jubilation, f. rejonissance JUBILEE, s. un jubilé. [solemelle et publique. JUDAICAL, JUDAICK, adj. Judaique. JUDAISM, s. Judaisme, m. JUDAISE, v. n. judaiser, suivre les coutumes ou la loi des Juiss. JUDGE, s. un juge. Judge lateral, assesseur. JUDGE, v. a. & n. juger, estimer, décider. JUDGMENT, s. jugement, m. arrêt, m.
JUDICATORY, JUDICATURE, s. judicature, f.
JUDICIAL, adj. judiciaire, juridique. JUDICIALLY, adn. judiciarement, juridique-JUDICIARY, adj. judiciaire. [Ind. Judicious, adj. judicious, sage, prudent. JUDICIOUSLY, adv. judicieusement, sagement. Jug, s. un bocal, une cruche. JUGGLE, v. n. jouer des gobelets, duper. Juggle, s. tour de passe-passe, m. JUGGLER, s. joueur des gobelets, m. JUGGLING-TRICK, s. fourberie, f. charla-JUGGLINGLY, adv. par fourberie. [tanerie, f. Jugular, adj. jugulaire, du gosier. Juice, s. jus, m. or suc, m. Juiceless, adj. sans jus, sans suc, sec. Juiciness, s. abondance de jus or de suc, f. Juicy, adj. plein de jus or de suc. JUJUB, JUJUBES, s. jujube or gingeole, f. JUKE, r. n. jucher, se percher.
JULAP, s. (a physical drink) julep, m.
JULIAN, adj. julien. JULY, s. Juillet, m. Jumart, s. jumart, m. [dre, être mêlé. JUMBLE, v. a. & n. meler ensemble, confon-JUMBLE, s. melange confus, confusion, f. JUMBLING, s. mélange, m. confusion, f JUMENT, s. béte de charge or de somme, f. JUMP, v. n. sauter, faire un saut, cahoter. Jump, s. un saut, un corset de femme. JUMPER, s. un sauteur. JUNETION, s. jonction, f. union, f. JUNETURE, s. jointure, f. conjuncture, f. cir-JUNE, s. Juin, m. constance, f. JUNIOR, adj. le jeune, le plus jeune des deux. JUNIPER, s. genèvrier, m JUNK, s. petit vaisseau de la Chine. JUNKET, v. n. se régaler en cachette. JUNKET, s. friandise, f. panier de jonc.
JUNKETING, s. bonne chère, bombance, f.
JUNTO, s. cabale, f. faction, f. assemblée, f. JUPPON, s. jupon, m. courte jupe. JURAT, s. un jurat, un juré. JURATORY, adj. juratoire. JURIDICAL, adj. juridique. JURIDICALLY, adv. juridiquement.

JURIST, s. un juriste, un jurisconsulte. JUROR, s. un juré, un jureur. Jury, s. tribunal de jurés, jurés, m. pl. JURYMAN, s. un juré. source. JURYMAST, s. mât de nécessité, m. mât de res-Just, adj. juste, équitable, intègre, bon. Just, adv. précisément, à point nommé. JUST, S. joûte, f.; r. n. joûter.

JUSTICE, S. justice, f. équité, f. punition, f.

juge, m. justicier, m.; justice of peace, juge
de paix; justice in Eyre, un juge ambulant.

JUSTIFIABLE, adj. qu'on peut justifier. JUSTIFIABLY, adv. avec justice, avec raison. JUSTIFICATION, s. justification, f. défense, f. JSTIFICATOR, JUSTIFIER, s. défenseur, m. 16

JURISCONSULT, s. jurisconsulte, m. JURISDICTION, s. jurisdiction, f. justice, f.

JURISPRUDENCE. s. jurisprudence, f.

Justiff, r. a. justifier, prouver, verifier. Justing, s. l'action de joûter, f. joûte, f. JUSTLE, n. a. & n. pousser, burder, J. Justle, n. a. & n. pousser, burder, Justle, n. de. justement, cquitablement, JUSTNESS, s. justice, f. equité, f. justesse, f. JUSTS, s. pl. joute, f. tournoj, m. Jut, s. saillie, f.; v. n. se déjeter, avancer. JUTTY, s. soupente or saillie, f. JUVENILE, adj. jeune, de jeunesse. JUVENILITY, s. jeunesse, f. feu, m. JUXTAPOSITION, s. contiguité, f.

KALENDAR, s. calendrier, m. almanac, m. KALI, s. soude, f. kali, m. KAW, s. croassement, m.; v. n. croasser. KAYLE, s. quille, f. jeu de quilles. KECK, r. a. faire des efforts pour vomir. KECKS, s. pl. menu bois sec. KEDGE, v. a. touer. KEDGER, s. anere à touer, f. KEEL, s. quille de navire, KEELAGE, s. le droit d'entrée. KEELHALE, r. a. donner la cale. KEELSON, s. carlingue, f. contrequille, f. KEEN, adj. affilé, aigue, pointu, perçant. KEENLY, adv. subtilement, ordenment. KEENNESS, s. subtilité, f. aigreur, f KEEP, v. a. tenir, garder, observer, faire, cntretenir, conserver, demeurer maître, pre-server, garantir, empêcher; to keep asun-der, tenir séparé, désunir; to keep asuay, tenir éloigné; to keep back, retenir, céler, empêcher; to keep in, cacher, contenir, retenir; to keep off, tenir éloigné, empêcher; to keep under, opprimer, tenir en sujction; to keep up, maintenir, entretenir; v. n. se tenir, demeurer, durer, se conserver, étre, se garder, se garantir; to keep assader, être séparés; to keep away, être éloigué, s'absenter; to keep eff, se teuir en arrière, ne pas avancer; to keep en, avancer; to keep up, se maintenir, se conserver. KEEP, s. garde, m. protection, f. donjon, m. KEEPER, s. garde, m. gardien, m KEEPERSHIP, s. charge or office de garde, f. KEEPING, s. garde, f. l'action de garder, f. KEG, s. une caque, une barique KELL, s. sorte de potage, la coiffe. KEN, s. vue, f. la portée de la vue. KEN, v. a. appercevoir. KENNEL, s. chenil, m. meute, f. égout, m. KENNEL, r. n. coucher, demeurer, giter. Kerehier, s. un couvrechef. KERF, s. cutaillure, f. coche, f. KERMES, s. (an insect) kermes, m. KERN, s. un fantassin, un bandit, corne, f. KERN, v. n. se former on grain. [moulin, m. KERNEL, s. amande, f. pepin, m. Kernel of the lody, glande du corps, f. KERNEL, v. n. se former en amande. KERNELLY, adf. pleinde pepins, glanduieux. KERSEY, s. étoffe grossière, serge croisée. KESTEEL, s. crecerelle, f. (oiseau.) KETCH, s. caïque, m. le bourreau. KETTLE, s. chaudière, f. un chaudron. KETTLE-DRUM, s. une timbale. KETTLE-DRUMMER, s. un timbalier. KEY, s. cle or clef, f. quai, m. clavette, f. clavier, m. touche, f.

KEY-BIT, s. paneton, m.

KEYSTONE, s. clef de voûte, f.

KEYHOLE, s. le trou de la serrure, furure, f.

KIBE, s. engelure, f. crevasse, f. fente, f. KICK, s. un coup de pied. ľruer. KICK, v. a. & n. donner un conp de pied, KICKER, s. celui qui donne des coups de pied. Kid, s. chevreau, m; v. n. chevroter. KIDDER, s. monopoleur, m. regratier, m. KIDNAP, v. a. enlever, voler des enfans. KIDNAPPER, s. voleur d'enfans, m. KIDNEY, s. rognon, m KIDNEY-BEAN, s. haricot, m. KILDERKIN, s. demibaril, m. KILL, r. a. tuer, faire mourir. [cide, m. KILLER, s. assassin, m. meurtrier, m. homi-KILLING, adj. mortel, qui cause la mort. KILN, s. four à brique, m. briqueterie, f. KILNDRY, v. a. secher, faire secher au four. KIMBO, adj. courbé, plié en forme d'anse. KIN, s. parent, m. allié, m. parenté, f. KIND, adj. doux, bon, obligeant, affable. KIND, s. genre, m. espèce, f. sorte, f. KINDLE, v. a. & n. enflammer, embraser, s'enflammer, porter, faire des petits. KINDLER, s. qui allume, qui enflamine. KINDLY, adv. doucement, obligeamment. KINDLY, adj. bienfaisant, de même espèce. KINDNESS, s. douceur, f. bonte, f. KINDRED, s. parens, m. pl. allies, m. King, s. (phir. of Cow) des vaches, f. [un roi. King, s. roi, m. monarque, m.; v. α. donner KINGCRAFT, s. l'art de régner, m. politique. KINGDOM, s. royaume, m. règne, m KINGFISHER, s. alcyon, martin pêcheur, m. KINGLIKE, KINGLY, adj. royal, de roi. KINGLY, adv. en roi, royalement. KING'S-BENCH, s. cour du bane du roi, f. KING'S-EVIL, s. les écrouelles, f. pl. KINGSHIP, s. royauté, f. KINSFOLK, s. parens, m. pl. allies, m. pl. KINSMAN, s. parent, m. allie, m. KINS WOMAN, s. parente, f. alliée, f. KIRK, s. église d'Ecosse, f. Kiss, s. baiser, m.; v. a. baiser. Kisser, s. qui aime à baiser. Kissing, s. un baiser; adj. baiseur. KISSINGCRUST, s. baisure du pain, f. biseau, KIT, s. une grosse bouteille, un violon de KITCHEN, s. cuisine, f. [poche, un seau. KITCHENBOY, s. un marmiton. KITCHEN-GARDEN, s. jardin potager. KITCHEN-STUFF, s. graisse de rôti, f. KITCHEN-TACKLING, s. batterie de cuisine, KITE, s. milân, m. cerf volant, m. chats. KITTEN, s. petit chat; v. n. faire de petits KLICK, v. n. faire un petit bruit aigu. KNAB, v. a. mordre, brouter. [dresse, f. KNACK, s. jouet d'enfant, m. babiole, f. a-KNACK, v. a. craquer, faire craquer, casser. KNACKER, s. feseur de colifichets, m. KNAG, s. nœud d'arbre, m. KNAGGY, adj. noueux. KNAP, s. élevation, f. cime, f. KNAP, v. a. mordre, craquer, faire craquer. KNAPSACK, s. havresac, m. KNAVE, s. hripon, m. coquin, m. valet, m. KNAVERY, s. friponnerie, f. fourberie, f. KNAVISH, adj. mal-honnète, mcchant. KNAVISHLY, adv. mal-honnêtement. KNAVISHNESS, s. inclination à la friponnerie. KNEAD, v. a. pétrir. KNEADING-TR OUGH, s. hache, f. petrin, m. KNEE, s. le gei ou; v. n. s'agenouiller, prier. KNEED, adj. qui a des nœuds, noueux. KNEE-GRASS, s. genouillet, m. KNEE-HOLM, s. petit houx.

KNEEPAN, s. la rotule. KNELL, s. glas, m. glais, m. KNIFE, s. un couteau. flier. KNIGHT, s. un chevalier ; v. a. créer cheva-KNIGHTHOOD, s. chevalerie, f. KNIGHTLY, adj. de chevalier. Knight's-fee, s. le biend'un chevalier. [m. Knight's-service, s. fief tenu noblement, KNIT, v. a. & n. nouer, lier, attacher, tricoter, brocher, se rassembler KNIT, KNIT-WORK, s. tissu fait à l'aiguille, [tricotage, m. KNITTER, s. tricoteur, m. KNITTING-NEEDLE, s. aiguille à tricoter, f. KNITTLE, s. cordon de bourse, f KNOB, s. bosse, f. loupe, f. nœud. KNOBBY, KNOBBED, adj. plein de bosses. KNOCK, s. un coup; v. a. heurter, frapper; to knock down, terrasser, assommer; to knock in, coigner, enfoncer; to knock off, faire sautes, casser; to knock out, faire sor-[porte, m. KNOCKER, s. celui qui frappe, marteau de KNOLL, r. a. sonner (pour un mort.) KNOT, s. un nœud, m. booton à feuille, m. difficulté, f. intrigue, f. bande, f. KNOT-GRASS, s. (a plant) sanguinaire, f. KNOT, v. a. & n. nover, lier, se nouer. KNOTTINESS, s. multiplicité de nœuds, f. KNOTTY, adj. noueux, plein de nœuds. Know, r. a. connoître, savoir, discerner. Knowable, adj. qu'on pent savoir. KNOWER, s. un savant, un connoisseur. Knowing, adj. savant, instruit; s. science. Knowingly, adj. sciemment. KNOWLEDGE, s. counoissance, f. science, f. KNUBBLE, v. a. battre, frapper. KNUCKLE, s. jointure, f. jarret, m. KNUCKLE, v. n. se rendre, se soumettre. KNUCKTED, adj. qui a des nœuds KNUR, KNURLE, s. un nœnd (de bois.) LABDANUM, 3. ladanum, m. LABEL, s. un billet, un écriteau. LABIAL, adj. labial. LABORATORY, s. laboratoire, m. LABORIOUS, adj. laborieux, pénible, fatigant. LABORIOUSLY, adr. laborieusement LABORIOUSNESS, s. application, f. difficulté, f. LABOUR, s. labeur, m. peine, f. travail, m. douleurs de l'enfantement, f. LABOUR, v. a. & n. travailler, soigner, polir, faire ses efforts, être tourmenté, se mouvoir, rouler avec peine, être en travail d'enfant. LABOURER, s. un travailleur, un ouvrier. LABOURING, s. travail, m. effort, m. LABOURSOME, adj. pénible, difficile. LABYBINTH, s. labyrinthe, m. embarras. m. LAC or LACA, s. (a sort of guni) laque, f LACE, s. lacet, m. cordon à lacer, m. lacs, m. piège, m. un ruban, un galon, un passement, dentelle, f. LACE, r. a. lacer, attacher aves un lacet, garnir de dentelle, galonner. LACEMAN, s, un passementier. Chiré. LACERABLE, adj. qui peut être lacéré or de-LACERATE, v. a. déchirer, lacérer. LACERATION, s. laceration, f. dechirure, f. déchirement, m. LACHRYMAL, adj. lacrymal, m. LACHRYMARY, adj. qui conticut des larmes. LACK, v. a. & n. manquer, avoir besoin; s. besoin, m. manque, m

LACK-A-DAY! interj. ouais! LACKBRAIN, s. un sot. Idu laque. LACKER, s. vernis jaune; v. a. vernisser avec LACKEY, s. laquais, m.; v. n. suivre servile-LACONICALLY, adv. laconiquement. [ment. LACONICK, adj. laconique, bref, court. LACONISM, s. laconisme, m. style concis et énergique, m. LACTATION, s. allaitement, m. LACTEAL, LACTEOUS, adj. de lait, lactée. LACTESCENT, LACTIFEROUS, adj. laiteux. LAD, s. un garçon, un jeune garçon. LADDER, s. une échelle. LADE, s. embouchure d'une rivière, f. LADE, r. a, charger, combler.

LADING, s. charge, f. cargaison, f.

LADLE, s. cuiller à pot, f. les aubes de la roue d'un moulin à eau, f.

LADLE-FULL, s. une cuillerée. LADY, s. dame or demoiselle de qualité, f. LADY-BIRD, s. espèce de mouche rougeatre LADY-DAY, Notre Dame, 25 de Mars. [f LADY-BIRD, s. qualité de dame, f. LAG, adj. & s. denier; v. n. tarder. LAICK, LAICAL, adj. laIque, seculier. LAIR, s. reposée, f. (des bêtes fauves.) LAITY, s. les laïques, m. de peuple. LAKE, s. un lac. LAMB, s. un agneau. LAMBATIVE, adj. qui se prend en léchant. LAMBENT, adj. follet, léger. LAMBKIN, s. un petit agneau, un agnelet. LAME, adj. estropie, boiteux, imparfait, dé-LAME, v. a. estropier. [fectueux. LAMELY, adv. imparfaitement, mal. LAMENESS, s. l'état d'une personne estropice. LAMENT, v. n. & a. se plaindre, déplorer. LAMENT, s. lamentation, f. plainte, f. LAMENTABLE, adj. lamentable, pitoyable. LAMENTABLY, adv. lamentablement. LAMENTATION, s. lamentation, f. doléance, f. LAMENTER, s. fescur de lamentations, m. LAMENTING, s. lamentation, f. plainte, f. LAMMAS, s. le premier du mois d'Août. LAMP, s. lampe, f. LAMPASS, s. lampas, m. fève, f. LAMPBLACK, s. noir de lampe, m. LAMPOON, s. satire, f.; v. a. satiriser. LAMPOONER, s. un auteur satirique LAMPRON, LAMPREL, s. un lamprillon. LAMPREY, s. (a sort of fish) lamproie, f. LANCE, s. une lance ; v. a. percer. LANCET, s. lancette, f. LANCH, v. a. lancer, jeter, darder. LANCINATE, v. a. déchirer. LAND, s. terre, f. pays, m. bienfonds, m. pl. LAND, v. a. & n. débarquer, aborder. LANDED, part. adj. débarqué. LANDAW, LANDAU, s. carrosse coupé. LAND-FORCES, s. troupes de terre, f. LANDGRAVE, s. landgrave, m. LANDGRAVIATE, s. landgraviat, m. LANDHOLDER, s. propriétaire en fonds de LANDING, LANDING-PLACE, s. descente, f. L. NDLADY, s. propriétaire, f. hôtesse, f. LANDLOPER, s. un vagabond, un batteur de LANDLORD, s. propriétaire, m. LANDMARK, s. borne, f. limite, f.

See Laundress.

LANDSKIP, LANDSCAPE, s. paysage, m. LAND-TAX, s. taxe mise sur les terres.

LAND-WAITER, s. douanier, m.

LANDRESS.

LANDWARD, adv. vers la terre. Idéfilé. LANE, s. petite rue, ruelle, une allee, un LANGUAGE, s. langage, m. langue, f. style, m. LANGUET, s. languette, f. LANGUID, adj. languissant, foible, froid. LANGUISH, v. n. languir, perdre ses forces. LANGUISHING, adj. foible, languissant. LANGUISHINGLY, adv. languissamment. LANGUISHMENT, LANGUOR, s. langueur, f foiblesse, f. LANGUOROUS, adj. langoureux. LANIATE, v. a. mettre en pièces, déchirer. LANK, adj. mince, lâche, plat, vide. LANKNESS, s. maigreur, f. [man LANSQUENET, s. lansquenet, m. fantassin alle-LANTERN, s. une lanterne, un fanal, une guérite. Dark lantern, lanterne sourde. LAP, s. plis, m. le bout de l'oreille. LAP, v. a. & n. envelopper, laper LAPDOG, s. un petit chien, un bichon. LAPIDARY, s. lapidaire, m. LAPIDATE, v. a. lapider, assommer à coups de pierres. LAPIDATION, s. lapidation, f. LAPIDEOUS, adj. pierreux, LAPIDIFICATION, s. lapidification, f. LAPPER, s. celui qui enveloppe LAPPET, s. pan, m. les barbes d'une coiffe, f. LAPSE, s. faute, f. bevue, f. dévolu, m. LAPSE, v. n. s'écouler, passer, écheoir. LAPWING, s. (a bird) vanneau, m. LARBOARD, s. bas bord, m LARCENY, s. larcin, m. petit vol. LARCH, LARCH-TREE, s. larix, m. mélèze, f. LARD, s. lard, m. sain-doux, m.; r. a. larder. LARDER, s. office, m. dépense, f. LARDINGPIN, s. lardoire, LARDON, s. lardon, m. petit morceau de lard. LARGE, adj. grand, large, étendu, libéral. At large, sans gene, au large, amplement.

LARGELY, adv. largement, amplement.

LARGENESS, s. grandeur. f. étendue. f.

LARGESS, s. largesse, f. libéralité, f. LARK, s. une alouette. LARUM, s. reveil-matin, m. alarme, f. tocsin, LARYNX, s. larytix, m. LASCIVIOUS, adj. lascif, lubrique, impudique. LASCIVIOUSLY, adv. lascivement. LASCIVIOUSNESS,s. lasciveté, f. impudicité, f. LASER-WORT, s. herbe que porte le benjoin, f. LASH, s. coup, m. etrivieres, f. pl. LASH, v. a. & n. fouetter, saugler. LASHER, s. qui fouette, fouetteur, m. LASKETS, s. pl. lassets de bonnettes, m. pl.
LASS, s. une fille, fillette, f. jeune fille, f.
LASSITUDE, s. lassitude, f. fatigue, f.
LAST, adj. dernier, le dernier de tous. last, enfin, la dernière fois. To the last, jusqu'au bout, jusqu'à la fin. [f.
AST, s. le bout, la fin, forme (de cordonnier,) LAST, v. n. durer, continuer. LASTAGE, s. droit de fret, lest (d'un navire,) LASTING, adj. durable, permanent. LASTINGLY, adv. perpétuellement. LASTLY, adv. en dernier lieu, enfin. LATCH, s. un loquet: v. a. fermer au loquet.
LATCHET, s. courroie, f. lien de cuir, m.
LATE, adj. tardif, lent, dernier, tard, feu, defunt, ci-devant. Of late, depuis peu, der-LATELY, adv. dernièrement, depuis peu. LATENESS, s. temps or age avance. LATENT, adj. caché, secret, intérieur.

LATER, adj. postérieur; adv. plus tard.

LATERAL, adj. de côté, latéral. LATERALLY, adv. latéralement, à côté. LATERALLY, adv. latéralement, à côté. LATEST, adj. le dernier, le plus récent. LATH, s. latte, f. tringle, f. canton, m. LATH, v. a. latter, couvrir de lattes. LATHE, s. tour (de tourneur,) m. LATHER, s. mousse de savon, f.; v. a. & n.

savonner, mousser, écumer. LATIN, adj. Latin; s. le Latin. LATINISM, s. latinisme, m. expression Latine. LATINIST, s. latiniste, m. qui sait le Latin.

LATINITY, s. latinité, f. LATINIZE, v. a. & n. latiniser.

LATION, s. mouvement en droite ligne, m.

LATISH, adj. un peu tard.

LATITANT, adj. caché, secret. LATITUDE, s. largeur, f. étendue, latitude, f. LATITUDINARIAN, adf. libre; s. un esprit fort. LATRANT, adf. qui aboic; déclamateur. m. LATRAN, s. latrie, f. culte de l'être Suprème. LATRANTENANTIAN S. latrie, f. culte de l'être Suprème. LATROCINATION, s. pillage, m. volerie, f. LATTEN, s. fer blanc, laiton or leton, m. LATTER, adj. dernier, celui-ci.

LATTERLY, adv. depnis peu. [scr. LATTICE, s. treillis, m. jalousie; v. a. treilli-LAUDABLE, adj. louable, digne de louanges. LAUDABLY, adr. avec honneur, louablement. LAUDANUM, s. laudanum, m.

LAUGH, v. n. & a. rire; to laugh at, se moquer de, railler, se jouer de.

LAUGH, s. l'action de rire, m. (à rire. LAUGHABLE, adj. risible, ridicule, qui excite LAUGHER, s. rieur, rieuse.

LAUGHING, s. l'action de rire, le ris. LAUGHINGLY, adv. en riant, gaiement. LAUGHINGSTOCK, s. jouet, m. risce, f.

LAUGHTER, s. ris, m. rire, m.
LAUNCH, v. n. & a. lancer à l'eau. [ère, f.
LAUNDRESS, s. blanchisseuse, f. lavandiLAUNDRY, s. blanchissage, m. lavage, m.
LAUREATE, LAUREAT, LAURELLED, adj.

couronné de laurier, laureat.

LAUREL, s. laurier, m.

LAVE, r. a. laver, arroser; p. n. se baigner. LAVENDER, s. lavande, f.

LAVER, s. laveir, m. cuve, f. bassin, m.; v.a. arroser, laver.

LAVISH, adj. prodigue; v. a. prodiguer. LAVISHER, s. un prodigue, un panier.

LAVISHLY, adv. prodigalement, avec profusion.

LAVISHMENT, LAVISHNESS, s. prodigalité, f. LAW, s. loi, f. droit, m. justice, f. LAWFUL, alj. permis, legitime, juste, licite. LAWFULLY, adr. legitimement, legalement. LAWFULNESS, s. légitimité, f. équité, f

LAWGIVER, LAWMAKER, s. législateur, m. LAWLESS, adj. dérègle, illégal.

LAWLESSLY, adv. contre les lois. LAWN, s. linon, m. plaine au milieu des bois.

LAWSUIT, s. procès, m.

LAWYER, s. avocal, m. homme de loi. LAN, ndj. Tache, relaché; s. flux de ventre, m. diarrhée, f. foire, f. LANATIVF, adj. laxatif; s. médecine laxative.

LAXITY, LAXNESS, s. relachement, m.
LAY, adj. laïque, séculier.
LAY, s. lit, m. couche, f. pari, m. gageure, f.
AY, r. a. & n. mettre, poser, placer, tendre, abattre, coucher, se coucher, calmer, faire, concerter, tramer, pondre; to lay an ambush, dresser une ambuscad or des ambaches; to lay the dust, abattre la poussi-

ère; to lay eggs, pondre, faire des œufs; to lay a net, tendre des filets; to lay a plot, tramer un complot; to lay snares, tendre des pièges; to lay a womun, accoucher or delivrer une femme; to lay against, rejetter sur, accuser; to lay about, faire ses efforts; to lay along, se coucher; to lay apart, rejetter, dédaigner; to lay aside, démettre, déposer, quitter, abandonner; to lay at, viser; to lay away, quitter; to lay before, montrer, presenter; to lay by, garder, reserver, demettre, mettre de côté; to lay down, consigner, engager, résigner, abandonner, poser, se coucher; to lay hold, se saisir, prendre; to lay in, amasser; to lay on, appliquer, imposer, frapper, battre; to lay open, faire voir, montrer; to lay over, couvrir, incruster; to lay out, depenser, employer, faire un écart, écarter; to lay to, reprocher, accuser, imputer, appliquer, avancer, attaquer; to lay together, mettre ensemble, assembler, recueillir, comparer, coucher ensemble; to lay under, souncttre, reduire; to lay up, tenir renferme, amasser, serrer, laisser reposer; to lay upon, imposer, char-

LAYER, s. une couche, un rejeton, une poule

qui pond.

LAYLAND, s. jachère, f. LAYMAN, s. un laïque, un séculier. LAYSTALL, s. un tas de fumier, voirie, f.

LAZAR, s. un lépreux.

LAZARETTO, LAZAR-HOUSE, s. lazaret, m. LAZAR-WORT, s. la plante qui donne le ben-LAZILY, adv. négligemment. [join.

LAZINESS, s. paresse, f. faincantise, f. LAZULI, s. pierre d'azur, f.

LAZY, LAZING, adj. paresseux, fainéant, indolent.

LEA, s. un clos, une prairie fermée. LEAD, s. plomb, m. plateforme, f. LEAD, r. a. plomber, garnir de plomb. LEAD, s. la main, l'acquit, m. le devant.

LEAD, v. a. guider, conduire, mener, com-mander; to lead along, conduire, accom-pagner; to lead array, emmener; to lead heck, reconduire, ramener; to lead in or into, introduire; to lead off and out of, de-

LEADEN, adj. de plomb, lourd, pesant. LEADER, s. conducteur, m. guide, m. LEADING, part. adj. principal, premier. LEADING-STRINGS, s. pl. lisières, f. LEAD-MINE, s. mine de plomb, f. LEAF, s. feuille, f. feuillet, m.

LEAF, v. n. porter des feuilles, se couvrir de feuilles.

LEAFLESS, adj. dépouillé de ses feuilles. LEAFY, adj. feuilla, couvert de feuilles. LEAGUE, s. ligue, f. confedération, lieue, f. LEAGUE, v. v. se liguer, se confedérer. LEAGUED, adj. ligué, confedéré.

LEAGUER, s. ligueur, m. siège d'une place, m. LEAK. s. voie d'eau, f.; v. n. faire eau, cou-LEAKAGE, s. coulage, m. [ler.

LEAKY, adj. qui fait eau, qui coule. LEAN, v. a. & n. s'appuyer sur, pencher.

Lean, adj. maigre, stérile; s. du maigre. Leaning-staff, s. bâton pour s'appuyer, m. LEANING-STOCK, s. un appui.

LEANLY, adv. maigrement.

LEAP, v. n. & a. sauter, franchir, palpiter,

LEAP, s. un saut, passe, f. l'action de saillir || LEGATION, s. legation, f. charge or commis-LEAPER, s, un sauteur.

LEAP-YEAR, s. année bissextile, f.

LEARN, v. a. apprendre.

LEARNED, part. adj. savant, instruit, habile, LEARNEDLY, adv. savamment. [lettré.] LEARNER, s. écolier, m. novice, m. & f.

LEARNING, s. étude, f. savoir, m.

LEASE, s. bail à ferme, m.

LEASE, v. a. louer, bailler à ferme; v. n. gla-LEASER, s. un glaneur, une glaneuse. [ner.

LEASH, s. lesse, attache, f. couple. LEASING, s. mensonge, m. l'action de bailler

à ferme or de glaner.

LEAST, adj. le moindre, le plus petit.

Least, adv. le moins. At least, du moins, au moins, pour le moins. In the least, du tout. Not in the least, point du tout.

LEATHER, s. cuir, m. peau, f. LEATHER-BOTTLE, s. une outre.

LEATHER-DRESSER, s. corroyeur, m. or tan-LEATHERN, adj. de cuir. LEATHERSELLER, s. pelletier, peaussier, me-

gissier, m. LEATHERY, adj. qui ressemble à du cuir.

LEAVE, s. liberté, f. permission, f. LEAVE, v. a. & n. laisser, quitter, cesser, finir; to leave off, quitter, se defaire, discontinuer, cesser; to leave out, ometire.

LEAVED, adj. garni de feuilles, feuillu. LEAVEN, s. levain, m.; v. a. faire lever. LEAVES, the pl. of Leaf, which see.

LEAVINGS, s. pl. restes, m. pl. reliefs, m. pl. LECHER, s. un débauché ; v. n. gaillarder.

LECHEROUS, adj. lascif, impudique.

LECHEROUSLY, adv. lascivement. LECHEROUSNESS, LECHERY, s. lascivité. f. LECTURE, s. discours, m. leçon, f. réprimande, f.

LECTURE, v. a. réprimander.

LECTURER, s. lecteur or vicaire, m. LECTURESHIP, s. l'office de lecteur.

LED-HORSE, s. un cheval de main. Ledge, s. bord, m. rebord, m. couche, f. lii, Lee, s. lie, f. sédiment, m. côté opposé au Lee-BoARD, s. dérive, f. semelle, f. [vent. Leech, s. une sangsue; n. a. médeciner.

LEECHCRAFT, s. l'art de guérir les animaux.

LEEK, s. poireau, m. or porreau.

LEER. s. œillade, f. coup d'œil, m.; v. a. lorgner, guigner.

LEES, s. pl. lie, f. sédiment, m.

LEE-SHORE, s. rivage contre lequel le vent souffle, m. rivage sous le vent, f. LEET, s. jour où la cour foncière se tient, m.

LEETCH, s. le fond or le milieu d'une voile. LEEWARD, adj. opposé au vent. A leeward tide, vent et marce, m. f.

LEFT, adj. gauche.

LEFT-HANDED, adj. gaucher.

LEG, s. la jambe, la cuisse (d'un oiscau); une éclanche, un gigot (de mouton); un trumeau (de bœuf); forme (pour les

bas), f. LEGACY, s. legs, m.

LEGAL, adj. juridique, légal, légitime. LEGALITY, s. conformité à la loi, f.

LEGALIZE, v. a. autoriser, rendre légal. LEGALLY, adv. légalement.

LEGATARY, LEGATÉE, s. légataire, m. & f. LEGATE, s. légat, m. ambassadeur du pape, LEGATESHIP, s. légation, f. [m.

LEGATINE, adj. du legat.

sion d'un légate, f.

LEGATOR, s. celui qui fait un legs, donateur. LEGEND, s. légende, f. fable, f. LEGENDARY, adj. de légende, fabuleux. LEGER, s. grand livre de compte.

LEGERDENAIN, s. tours de la main, m. pl.

LEGGED, adj. qui a des jambes, Jointé. LEGIBLE, adj. lisible, aise à lire.

LEGIBLY, adv. lisiblement, d'une manière lisible.

LEGION, s. legion, f. LEGION, s. legion, /LEGIONARY, adj. légionaire, de légion.
LEGISLATION, s. législation, f.
LEGISLATIVE, adj. législatif.
LEGISLATIVE, s. la puissance législative
LEGITIMACY, s. légitimité, f.
LEGITIMATE, a dj. légitime.
LEGITIMATE, n. a légitime.

LEGITIMATE, v. a. légitimer, déclarer légi-LEGITIMATELY, adv. légitimement. [time.

LEGITIMATION, s. légitimité, f.

LEGUME, LEGUMEN, s. legume, m. LEGUMINOUS, adj. qui appartient aux lé-LEISURABLE, adj. fait à loisir. [gumes

LEISURABLY, adv. à loisir, peu à peu.

LEISURE, s. loisir, m. commodité, f. LEISURELY, adr. que se fait à loisir.

LEMMA, s. lemme, m. devise, f.

LEMON, s. citron, limon, m.

LEMON-TREE, s. citronnier, m.

LEMONADE, s. limonade, f. LEND, r. a. prêter, donner, apporter.

LENDER, s. prêteur, m. préteuse, f. LENGTH, s. longueur, f. portée, f. dégré, m. At full length, tout entier, en grand. At length, enfin.

LENGTHEN, r. a. & n. allonger, prolonger, étendre, s'allonger.

LENGTHWISE, adv. en longueur. LENIENT, adj. & s. adoucissant, lénitif.

LENIFY, v. c. adoucir, soulager, mitiger. LENITIVE, s. & adj. l'nitif, emollient.

LENITY, s. douceur, f. caractère doux.

LENS, s. lentille, f. verre lenticulaire, m. Lent, s. le carême.

LENTEN, adj. de carême.

LENTICULAR, adj. lenticulaire.

LENTIL, s. lentille, f. sorte de l'gume. LENTISK, s. (a tree) lentisque, m.

LENTOR, s. tenacité, f. viscosité, f. lenteur, f.

LENTOUS, adj. visqueux.

LEO, s. le lion.

LEONINE, adj. leonin, de la nature du lion. LEOFARD, s. léopard, m.

LEPER, s. un lepreux, une lépreuse.

LEPROSY, s. lepre, f. LEPROUS, adj. lépreux, malade de la lèpre. LESS, adj. plus petit, moindre; s. moins, m.

adv. moins. LESSEE, s. amodiateur, m. fermier, m.

Lessen, v. u. & n. apetisser, s'apetisser, diminuer, amoindrir, s'amoindrir.

LESSER, adj. plus pent; adv. moins. LESSON, s. leçon, f. précepte, m.

LESSON, v. a. instruire, enseigner. LESSON, s. bailleur, m. bailleresse, f.

LEST, conj. de peur que.

LET, v. n. laisser, souffrir, permettre, faire To let blood, saigner, tirer du sang. To let To let blood, saigner, tirer du sang. down, descendre, abattre, lacher; to let in or into, laisser entrer, admettre; to let loose, lacher, dechainer; to let off, tirer, dechar-ger; to let out, laisser sortir, relacher, élargir, louer, aftermir.

LET, s. obstacle, m. empêchement, m. ren- | LETHARGICK, adj. lethargique. [voi, m. LETHARGY, s. léthargie, f. [m. LETHE, s. léthé, m. fleuve d'oubli, m. oubli, LETTER, s. lettre, f. caractère, m. épître, f. LETTER OF ATTORNEY, s. procuration, J LETTER, v. a. écrire, mettre une inscription. LETTER-CASE, s. porte-lettre, m. LETTERED, part. adj. chargé d'une inscription, savant. LETTICE, LETTUCE, s. laitue, f. LEVANT, adj. & s. du Levant, le Levant. LEVANTINES, s. pl. les Levantins, m. LEVEE, s. lever, m. toilette, J LEVEL, adj. uni, applani, égal, de niveau. LEVEL, s. niveau, m. surface plane. LEVEL, v. a. unir, applanir, niveler, égaler, pointer, viser, porter coup. LEVELLER, s. aplanisseur, m. niveleur, m. LEVELLING, s. aplanissement, m. LEVELNESS, s. niveau, m. égalité de surface, LEVER, s. levier, m. LEVERET, s. un lévraut. LEVIABLE, adj. qui se lève, qu'on lève. LEVIATHAN, s. Léviathan, m. LEVIGATE, v. a. broyer, réduire en poudre. LEVITE, s. Lévite, m. LEVITICAL, adj. Lévitique, de Lévite. LEVITICUS, s. le Lévitique. LEVITY, s. légèreté, f. humeur volage, f. LEVY, s. levée, f.; v.a. lever, faire une levée. LEWD, adj. dissolu, débauche. LEWDLY, adv. en débauché, en libertin. LEWDNESS, s. dissolution, f. libertinage, m. LEXICOGRAPHER, s. lexicographe, m LEXICON, s. un lexique, un dictionnaire. LIABLE, adj. sujet, exposé. LIAR, s. un menteur, une menteuse. LIBATION, s. libation, f. LIBEL, s. libelle, m. satire, f. LIBEL, v. a. & n. diffamer quelqu'un. LIBELLER, s. auteur de libelles, m. LIBELLOUS, adj. diffamatoire, satirique. LIBERALITY, s. libéralité, f. générosité, f. LIBERALLY, adv. libéralement. LIBERTINE, s. & adj. libertin, affranchi. LIBERTINISM, s. libertinage, débauche, f. LIBERTY, s. liberté, f. congé, m. LIBERTIES, s. libertés, f. franchises, f. LIBIDINOUS, adj. sensuel, voluptueux. LIBIDINOUSLY, adv. sensuellement, en liber-LIBRA, s. la balance. LIBRARIAN, s. bibliothécaire, m. copiste, m. LIBRARY, s. une bibliothèque. LIBRATE, v. a. balancer, mettre en équilibre. LIBRATION, s. balancement, m. libration. f. LICE, s. pl. of Louse, poux, m. pl. LICENSE, s. license, f. privilège, m. LICENSE, v. a. mettre en liberté, autoriser. LICENSER, s. celui qui autorise, un censeur. LICENTIATE, s. un licencié; v. a. autoriser. LICENTIOUS, adj. licentieux, déréglé. LICENTIOUSLY, adv. licencieusement. LICENTIOUSNESS, s. license, f. dissolution, f. LICK, s. un coup, un petit coup. LICK, v. a. lécher, polir, limer, laper, rosser. LICKERISH, LICKEROUS, adj. friand, gour-LICKERISHNESS, s. friandise, f. LICORICE, s. réglisse, f. LICTOR, s. lictcur, m.

LID, s. convercle, m.; lid of the eye, la paupière le l'œil. LIE or LYE, s. lessive, f. urine, buée, f. Lie, s. mensonge, m. fausseté, f. Lie, v. n. mentir, dire un mensonge. Lie, v. n. s'appuyer, reposer, être couché, coucher, être silué, loger, demeurer, con-sister, rester, coûter; to lie about, être disperse cà et là; to lie at, importuner; to lie at stake, être intéressé; to lie down, être couché, reposer; to lie in, être en couche, faire ses couches; to lie out at length, s'è tendre en longueur; to lie under; être su jet, exposé, accusé, attaqué, être dans; to lie up and down, être en desordre; to lie upon, être une obligation, devenir un de-Liege, adj. lige, vassal, sujet. [voir. LIEGE, s. lige, m. souverain, m. LIEGEMAN, s. un vassal, un sujet. [ment. LIENTERY, s. lienterie, f. sorte de dévoie-LIEU, s. lieu, m. In lieu of, au lieu de. LIEUTENANCY, s. lieutenance, f. LIFE, s. vie, f. le naturel, feu, m. vigueur, f. LIFEGUARD, s. garde du corps, f. LIFELESS, adj. sans vie, inanime. LIFE-RENT, s. rente viagère. LIFE-TIME, s. la vie, le temps de la vie. LIFT, v. a. enlever, élever, lever. LIFT, s. l'action de lever, effort pour lever une chose, m. Give it a lift, tachez de le lever. At one lift, d'une trait, d'un seul LIFTS, s. balancines, f. pl. LIFTER, s. celui qui lève or élève. LIGAMENT, s. ligament, m. lien, m. LIGATURE, s. ligature, f. bandage, m.
LIGATURE, s. ligature, f. redevance, f.
LIGHT, s. lumière, f. clair, m. clarté, f.
LIGHT, v.a. & n. allumer, éclairer, arriver, venir, mettre pied à terre. Light, adj. léger, clair, blond. Lighten, v. a. & n. éclairer, alléger. LIGHTER, s. gabare, m. allège, f. [bare, m. LIGHTERMAN, s. gabarier, m. batelier de ga LIGHTFINGERED, adj. un peu fripon. LIGHTFOOT, adj. vite à la course, agile. LIGHTHEADED, adj. léger, volage, étourdi. LIGHTHEARTED, adj. joyeux, gai. LIGHTLESS, adj. obscur, sombre. LIGHTLY, adv. légèrement, aisément, vite. LIGHTNESS, s. légèreté, f. inconstance, f. LIGHTNING, s. éclair, m. foudre, m. & f. LIGHTS, s. pl. les poumons, m. LIGHTSOMÉ, adj. éclairé, clair, joyeux, gai. LIGNALOES, LIGNUM, s. bois d'aloès, m. LIGNEOUS, adj. de bois, boiseaux, ligneux. LIGNUMVITE. s. bois des Indes fort dur, m. LIKE, adj. semblable, pareil, tel, égal, même, le même, vraisemblable. Like, s. la pareille, la même chose. Like, adv. comme, en, de la même manière que, probablement. LIKE, r. a. & n. aimer, approuver, agréer. LIKELIHOOD, s. apparence, f. LIKELV, adj. probable, vraisemblable. LIKELY, adv. probablement, vraisemblable-LIKEN, v. a. comparer. LIKENESS, s. ressemblance, f. similitude, f. LIKEWISE, adv. pareillement, de même. LIKING, adj. de bonne mine, gras. LIKING, s. embonpoint, m. essai, m. goût, m. inclination, f. agrément, m. gré, m. LILACH, s. lilas, m. (sorte d'arbre.) LILIED, adj. orné or couvert de lis. LILY, s. lis, m.; lily of the valley, muguet, m LIMATURE, s. limure. f.

LIMB, s. membre, m. Limb-meal, par pièces. LIMB, v. a. donner des membres, démem-LIMBECK, s. alambic, m. [brer. LIMBED, adj. dont les membres sont formés. LIMBER, adj. souple, flexible, maniable. LIMBER-HOLES, s. pl. vitonnières, f. LIMBERNESS, s. flexibilité, f. facilité, f. LIMEO, s. les limbes, m. prison, f.

LIME, s. glu, f. chaux, f. boue, f. limon, m.

LIME, LIME-TREE, s. tilleul, m. LIME, v. a. couvrir de glu, embarrasser, at-traper, cimenter, fertiliser avec de la chaux, marner. LIMEKILN, s. chaufour, m. LIMER or LIMEHOUND, s. limier, m. LIME-STONE, s. pierre à chaux, f. LIME-TWIG, s. glueau, m. vergette, f. LIME-WATER, s. eau de chaux vive, LIMIT, s. limite, f. borne, f. frontière, f. LIMIT, v. a. limiter, borner, restreindre. LIMITARY, adj. limitrophe, place aux limites. LIMITATION, s. limitation, f. reserve, f. LIMN, v. a. peindre en détrempe, or en mi-LIMNER, s. peintre, m. [niature. Limosity, s. état de ce qui est limoneux. Limous, adj. limoneux, bourbeux, fangeux. LIMP, adj. foible, mou, molle; v. n. elocher, LIMPET, s. moule, f. LIMPID, adj. limpide, clair, pur, net. LIMPIDNESS, LIMPIDITY, s. limpidité, f. clar-LIMPINGLY, adv. en boitant. [té, f. LIMY, adj. visqueux, gluant. LINCH-PIN, s. esse, f. cheville de roue, f. LINCTUS, s. électuaire, m.
LINCTUS, s. électuaire, m.
LINDEN, LINDEN-TREE, s. tilleul, m.
LINE, s. ligne, f. corde, f. cordeau, m. retranchement, m. race, f. la ligne équinoxiale, l'équateur, m. ressort, m. département, m. vers, m. poesie, f. LINE, v. a. doubler, convrir, revetir. LINEAGE, s. lignée, f. postérité, f. race, f. LINEAL, adj. qui descend en ligne droite. LINEALLY, adr. en droite ligne. LINEAMENT, s. linéament, m. trait de visage, LINEAR, adj. linéaire. des lignes. LINEATION, s. état de ee qui est décrit par LINEN, s. toile, f. linge, m.; adj. de toile. LINEN-DRAPER, s. marchand de toiles, m. Ling, s. bruyère, f. morue-sèche, LINGER, v. n. languir, traîner, hesiter. LINGERER, s. un homme lent, un lambin. LINGERING, s. délai, m. retardement, m. LINGERING, adj. languissant, lent, tardif. LINGERINGEY, adv. lentement, avec lenteur. LINGUACIOUS, adj. babillard. LINGUIST, s. savant dans les langues. LINGWORT, s. (an herb) angélique, f. LINIMENT, s. liniment, m. onguent, m. LINING, s. doublure, f. revêtement, m. LINK, s. chaînon, m. anneau, m. lien, LINK, v.a. enchaîner, joindre. [torche, [torche, f. LINK-BOY, s. un garçon qui éclaire avec un LINNET, s. une linotte. [flambeau. LINSEED, s. graine de lin. f. LINSEY-WOLSEY, s. tire-taine, f. brocatelle, f. LINSTOCK, s. boutefeu de canonnier, m. LINT, s. filasse, f. charpie, f. LINTEL, s. linteau, (d'une porte) m. LION, s. lion, m. Lion's whelp, lionceau, m. LIONESS, s. une lionne. LION'S PAW, or Lion's !! LION'S TAIL тоотн. s. dent du lion, f. Lip, s. la lèvre, la ba sine (d'une bête.) LIP, s. la lèvre, la bobine (d'une bête.) [f.] tique, m.; adj. vivant, qui vit. LIPOTHYMI s. lip nymie, f. défaillance. LIVRE, s. livre, f. franc, m. vingt sous.

LIPPITUDE, s. lippitude, f. chassie, f.
LIQUEFACTION, s. liquefaction, f. fonte, f.
LIQUEFIABLE, adj. qui peut être liquéfié.
LIQUEFY, r. a. & n. fondre, liquéfier, se fontes LIQUESCENCY, s. liquefaction, f. LIQUID, adj. liquide, fondu, liquéfié. Liquid, s. liquide, m. liqueur, f. boisson, f. LIQUIDATE, v. a. liquéfier, rendre liquide. Liquidity, Liquidness, s. liquidite. Liquok, s. fiqueur, f.; v. n. humecter. Liriconfancy, s. lis des vallées, m. Lisp, v. a. grasséyer; s. grasséyement, m. LISPER, s. grasséyeur, grasséyeuse.

LIST, s. liste, f. rôle, m. catalogue, m. état,
m. lisière, f. (du drap) bord, m. baude, f. lice, f. envie, f. volonté, f. List, v. a. enroler; v. n. avoir envie, vou-LISTEN, v. n. écouter, être aux écoutes. LISTENER, s. celui or celle qui écoute. LISTLESS, adj. indifferent, insensible. LISTLESSNESS, s. indifférence, f. négligence, LITANY, s. litanie, LITERAL, adj. littéral, conformé à la lettre, LITERALITY, s. le sens littéral. [de lettre. LITERALLY, adv. à la lettre, littéralement. LITERATE, adj. lettre, savant, docte, habile. LITERATI, s. pl. les savans, m. LITERATURE, s. littérature, f. belles-leures, LITHARGE, s. litharge, f. LITHE, adj. souple, flexible, maniable. LITHENESS, s. flexibilité, f. souplesse, f. LITHOCOLIA, s. lithocolie, f. [pic LITHOGRAPHY, s. l'art de graver sur la LITHOPHAGUS, s. lithophage, m. LITHOTOMY, s. lithotomie, f. Lithotomist, s. lithotomiste, m. LITIGANT, adj. plaideur, m. litigant, m. LITIGATE, v. a. & n. plaider, disputer. LITIGATING, LITIGATION, s. litige, m. proeès, m. Litigious, adj. chicaneur, qui aime les pro-LITIGIOUSLY, adv. contentieusement. LITIGIOUSNESS, s. humeur chicaneuse, LITISPENDENCE, s. litispendance, f. LITTER, s. litière, f. portée, f. ventrée, f. LITTER, r. a. mettre bas, salir, déranger. LITTERINGS, s. pl. templets, m. pl. LITTLE, adj. petit, quelque; s. un peu. LITTLE, adv. peu, un peu, pas beaucoup. LITTLENESS, s. petitesse, f. bassesse, f. LITTURGY, s. klurgie, f. LIVE, v. n. vivrc, subsister, demeurer. LIVE, adj. vif, en vie, vivant. [temps. LIVED, adj. vivant. Long-lived, qui vit long LIVELIHOOD, s. vie, f. entretien, m. nourriture, f. bien, m. art, m. LIVELINESS, s. vivacité, f. vigueur, f. feu, m. LIVELONG, adj. long, ennuyeux, durable. LIVELY, adj. vif, vigoureux, animé, vivant, fort, violent, gai, enjoué. LIVELY or LIVELILY, adv. vivement, and LIVER, s. vivant, m. le foie. [naturel. LIVER-COLOUR, couleur de foie, brun. LIVER-GROWN, adj. qui a le foie gros. LIVER-WORT, s. (a plant) hépatique, f LIVERY, s. mise, prise de possession, f. louage, m. livrée, f. couleurs, f. LIVERY-MAN, s. bourgeois de Londres. Livio, adj. livide. pale. LIVIDITY, s. couleur livide, f. pâleur, f Living, s. vie, f. nourriture, f. subsistance, f. bien, m. biens, m. pl. benefice ecclesias

LIXIVIAL, LIXIVIOUS, adj. imprégne de sels. | Lixivium, s. lessive, f. eau imprégnée de LIZARD, s. lezard, m. [sels, f. LIZARD, s. lezard, m. [sels, f. Lizard-point, s. le Cap L'ezard. Lo, interj. voiei! voila! regardez! voyez! LOACH, s. loche, f. (poisson.) LOAD, s. charge, f. fardeau, m. la veine (d'une mine); v. a. charger. LOADER, s. celui qui charge. LOAD-STAR, s. étoile polaire, f. la petite ourse. LOAD-STONE, s. aimant, m. [chis, m. LOAF, s. un pain. LOAM, s. terre grasse, marne, f. lut, m. tor-LOAM, v. a. enduire de terre grasse. LOAMY, adj. argilleux. LOAN, s. prêt, m. une chose prêtée. LOATH, adj. à regret, à contre cœur. LOATHE, v. a. hair, détester, avoir de dégoût. LOATHFUL, adj. dédaigneux, dégoûté. LOATHING, s. dégoût, m. aversion, f. LOATHSOME, adj. odieux, degoûtant. LOATHSOMENESS, s. qualité dégoûtante, f. LOAYES, s. pl. of Loaf, des pains. LOB, s. un rustre, sorte de gros ver. Lob, v. a. laisser tomber lâchement. LOBBY, s. antichambre, f. vestibule, m. por-LOBE, s. lobe, m. Itique, m. LOBSTER, s. écrévisse de mer, f. langouste, LOCAL, adj. local, externe. LOCALITY, s. existence locale, présence. LOCALLY, adv. localement. LOCATION, s. situation locale, location, f. Lock, s. serrure, f. terme, m. point, m. tousse (de cheveux,) f. botte (de soin,) f. slocon (de laine,) m. slock of a pistol, la platine d'un pistolet; lock of an arquebuss, rouet d'arquebuse, m.; lock of a pond, la bonde d'un étang; lock for horses' legs, entraves, f. pl.Lock, v. a. fermer à la clef, enfermer. LOCKSMITH, s. un serrurier. Locker, s. une armoire. LOCKET, s. agraffe, f. bracelet, m. joyau, m. LOCKEAM, s. sorte de toile grossière. LOCOMOTION, s. changement de place, m. LOCOMOTIVE, adj. qui change de place. LOCUST, s. une sauterelle, earoube, f. LOCUTION, s. locution, f. phrase, f. style, m. LODEMANAGE, s. lamanage, m. LODESMAN, s. lamaneur, m. pilote côtior, m. Lodge, s. petite maison, cabane, f. Lodge, v. a. & n. loger, placer, LODGEMENT, s. logentent, m. LODGER, s. un locataire. Lodging, s. logis, m. logement, m. demoure, LOFT, s. grenier, m. galetas, m. remise, f. LOFTILY, adv. avec hauteur, fièrement. LOFTINESS, s. grandeur, f. hauteur, f. LOFTY, adj. grand, haut, élevé, altier. Log, s. une bûche, un tronc d'arbre. Logwood, s. bois de campèche, za. LOGARITHMS, s. logarithmes, m. Tbeté. LOGICAL, adj. de logique, suivi, concluant. Logically, adv. en logique, en logicien. LOGICIAN, s. logicien, m. Logician-like, en Logick, s. la logique. [logicien. LOGISTICK, s. logistique, f. supputation. LOHOCK. s. lok, m. (sorte d'électuaire.) LOIN, s. longe, f. les reins, m. LOITER, v. n. s'amuser, s'arrêter, tarder. LOITERER, s. un faineant, un paresseux. LOITERING, s. négligence, f. paresse, f. Lairenine, adj. paressaux, negligent.

Loll, v. n. se pencher, s'étendre, pendre : r. a. tirer la laugue. LONDON, s. Londres, m. LONELY, LONESOME, adj. solitaire, isolė. LONELINESS, LONENESS, s. solitade, f. Long, adj. long, grand, lent, tardif. Long, s. une longue (en musique.) Long, adv. long-temps, tout, durant. Long, v. a. avoir une forte envic. LONGANIMITY, s. longanimité, f.
LONGANIMITY, s. longanimité, f.
LONGEDAT, s. barque longue, f. chaloupe, f.
LONGER, adf. plus long; adr. plus long temps.
LONGEVITY, s. longue vie, f.
LONGIMANOUS, adj. qui a les bras longs. LONGIMETRY, s. longimétrie, f. Longing, s. envie, f. désir impatient. LONGINGLY, adv. impatiemment. LONGISH, adj. un peu long, longuet. LONGITUDE, s. longueur, f. longitude, f. LONGITUDINAL, adj, longitudinal. LONGSOME, adj. long, ennuyant, ennuyeux. LONGSUFFERING, adj. endurant; s. patience. LONGWAYS, LONGWISE, adr. en longueur. LONGWINDED, adj. qui a bonne haleine. LONGWORT, s. angelique, f. (sorte de plante.) LOO, s. la béte (sorte de jeu de cartes.) LOOBY, s. un sot, un lourdaud, un butor. Loor, s. lof, (de vaisseau) m. LOOF, v. n. tenir le lof, serrer le vent. LCOK, v. n. & a. regarder, avoir l'air or la mine, paroltre, voir; to look about, prendre garde, songer; to look after, avoir soin; to look at, considerer, regarder; to look for, exeminer, etercher, attendre; to look into, examiner, considerer; to look on or upon, regarder. estimer, considérer; to look over, examiner; to look out for, chercher; to look to, contempler, considérer, observer. Look, s. regard, m. coup d'œil, m. aspect, m. air, m. mine, f. maintien, m. LOOKER-ON, s. regardant, m. spectateur, m. LOOKING-GLASS, s. un miroir. LOOKING-GLASS-MAKER. s. un miroitier. LOOM, s. métier de tisserand, m. LOOM-GALE, s. un vent frais; v. n. paroître. LOOP, s. bride or gause, f. tenon, m. LOOPHOLE, s. trou, m. échappatoire, f. défaite, f. barbacauses, f. pl. larmier, m. LOOSE, adj. lâche, détaché, délié, qui branle, négligent, libertin, dissolu. Loose, r. a. delier, lacher, delivrer. LOOSELY, adv. lachement, dissolument. LOOSEN, v. a. & n. Sec Loose. LOOSENESS, s. relachement, m. flux, m. or cours de ventre, m. dévoiement, m. LOOSENING, s. l'action de lâcher, f. Leosening, odj. laxatif. Loover, s. lucarne, f. soupirail, m. Lor, v. a. ébrancher, émonder, élaguer. Lor, Lorrings, s. les branches coupées d'un LOPPER, s. celui qui élague. [arbre. Loquacious, adj. babillard, causeur. LOQUACITY, s. balil, m. eaquet, m. LORD, s. seigneur, m. maître, m. un lord. LORD or TO LORD IT, v. n. dominer. LORDING, LORDLING, s. petit seigneur. LORDLINESS, s. grandeur, f. dignité, f. LORDLY, adj. noble, grand, haut, fier. LORDLY, adv. impérieusement, déspotique-LORDSHIP, s. empire, m. grandeur, f. LORE, s. leçon, f. doctrins, f. instruction, f LORIMER, LORINER, s. éperonnièr, m. LORIOT, s. (a singing bird) loriot, m

LOSE, v. a. & n. perdre; to lose ground, plier. | LUCENT, adj. luisant, brillant. Losen, s. perdant, m. celui qui perd Losing, s. perte, f. défaut, m. Loss, s. perte, f. dommage, m. préjudice, m. Lot, s. sort, m. lot, m. quotepart, f. Lote-tree or Lotos, s. alizier, m. LOTION, s. lotion, f. LOTTERY, s. loterie, f.
LOUD, adj. bruyant, haut, fort, grand.
LOUD, LOUDLY, adv. haut, à haute voix. LOUDNESS, s. bruit, m. force, f. Lough, s. un lac. Louis-D'or, s. louis d'or, m. 20s. Lounge, v. n. vivre dans la fainéantise. Lounger, s. un fainéant Louse, s. pou, m.; v. a. épouiller, éplucher. LOUSEWORT, s. herbe aux poux, f. Lousily, adv. en gueux, comme un gueux. Lousiness, s. aboudance de poux, f. Lousy, adj. pouilleux, pediculaire. Lour, s. rustre. LOUTISH, adj. un peu grossier. LOUTISHLY, adv. grossierement. LOVAGE, s. (an herb) liveche, f. Love, v.a. aimer, cherir, se plaire a. Love, s. amour, m. passion, f. amitié, f. LOVE-APPLE, s. pomme d'amour, f. Loveless, adj. insensible, apathique. LOVE-LETTER, s. un billet doux, un poulet. LOVELILY, adv. d'une façou aimable. LOVELINESS, s. aimabilité, f. beauté, f LOVE-LORN, adj. abandonne. [mant. LOVELY, adj. aimable, beau, agréable, char-LOVE-POTION, s. un filtre. [m,LOVER, s. amant, m. amoureux, m. galant, Love-secrer, s. secret d'amans, m. Love-sick, adj. malade d'amour. LOVE-SONG, s. chansonnette, f. [reuse. LOVE-SUIT, s. amour, m. poursuite amou-LOVE-TALE, s. histoire galante. LOVE-TOY, s. petits présens d'amans. LOVE-TRICK, s. jeu d'amour, m. amourette, f. LOVING, part. adj. bon, affectionné. LOVINGLY, odv. affectueusement. LOVINGKINDNESS, s. affection, f. tendresse. Low, adj. bas, petit, abject, vil. Low, adv. bas, profondement. Low, v. n. meugler, mugir. Lower, adj. plus bas, bas. LOWER, v. a. & n. abaisser, abattre, baisser, diminuer, s'obscurcir, se couvrir. Lower, s. temps couvert, air refrogué. Lowering, adj. sombre, rechigné. LOWERINGLY, adv. tristement. LOWERMOST, LOWEST, adj. le plus bas. LOWING, s. meuglement, m. mugissement, m. LOWLINESS, s. humilité, f. bassesse, f. LowLy, adj. humble, soumis, bas. LOWNESS, s Detitesse, f. bassesse, f. LOW-SPIRI ED, adj. abattu, decourage. LOW-THOUGHTED, adj. qui a l'esprit ram-LOYAL, adj. fidèle, loyal. LOYALIST, s. loyaliste, m. LOYALLY, adv. fidèlement, loyalement. LOYALTY, s. fidelité, f. loyauté, f. LOZENGE, s. losange, m. tablette, f. LUBBARD, LUBBER, s. un drôle, un faineant. LUBRICATE, LUBRICITATE, v. a. aplanir, lubrifier.

LUBRICITY, s. inconstance, f. légereté, f.

qualité de ce qui est glissant or coulant. LUBRICK, LUBRICOUS, adj. glissant, léger.

LUCE, s. lis, m. gros brochet.

LUCID, adj. lucide, brillant, transparent. LUCIDITY, s. splendeur, f. clarté, f. LUCIFER, s. lucifer, m. l'étoile du matin, f. LUCIFEROUS, LUCIFICK, adj. qui eclaire. LUCK, s. hasard, m. fortune, f. accident, m. LUCKILY, adv. heureusement, par bonheur. LUCKINESS, s. bonheur, m. LUCKLESS, adj. malheureux. LUCKY, adj. heureux. LUCRATIVE, adj. lucratif. LUCKE, s. lucre, m. gain, m. profit, m. LUCRIFEROUS, adj. profitable. LUCTATION, s. effort, m. résistance, f. dispu LUCUBRATE, v. n. veiller, étudier la nuit. LUCUBRATION, s. veille savante, production LUCUBRATORY, adj. nocturne. [savante. LUCULENT, adj. clair. LUDICROUS, adj. badin, comique, burlesque, plaisant, drôle. JUDICKOUSLY, adv. en badinant. LUDICROUSNESS, s. burlesque, m. comique, m. LUDIFICATION, s. plaisanterie, f. illusion, f. Luc, v. a. tirer, trainer. LUGGAGE, s. attirail, m. bagage, m. LUGUERIOUS, adj. lugubre, triste. LUKEWARM, adj. peu chaud, tiède, indiffè-LUKEWARMLY, adv. avec tièdeur. LUKEWARMNESS, 8. indiffèrence, f. tièdeur, f. LULL, v. a. endormir, bereer. LULLABY, s. chanson pour endormir les en-LUMBAGO, s. douleur de reins, f., LUMBAR, LUMBARY, adj. lombaire. LUMBER, s. échantillon, m. gros bagage. LUMBER, v. n. entasser sans ordre. LUMINARY, s. luminaire, m. corps lumineux. Luminous, adj. lumineux, qui éclaire. LUMP, s. masse, f. bloc, m. gros, m. LUMP, r. a. prendre en gros. LUMPING, LUMPISH, adj. gros, massif, pe-LUMPISHLY, adv. pesamment, lourdement. LUMPISHNESS, s. stupidité, f. bêtise, f. LUMPY, adj. qui est en plusieurs masses. LUNACY, s. phrénésie, f. folie, f. LUNAR, LUNARY, adj. lunaire. LUNATICK, adj. & s. phrénétique, fou, m. LUNATION, s. lunaison, f. LUNCH, LUNCHEON, s. un morceau, le goûte LUNES, s. filière, f. lunes, f. pl. LUNETTE, s. lunette, demi lune, f. Lungs, s. le poumon. LUNG-WORT, s. (an herb) la pulmonaire. LUNT, s. mêche, f. LUPINE, s. lupin, m. (sorte de légume.) LURCH, s. bredouille, f. embarras. LURCH, v. n. dévorer, tromper, filouter. Lurcher, s. celui qui est aux aguets. LURE, s. leurre, m.; v. a. leurrer, attirer. LURID, adj. triste, sombre, lugubre, livide LURK, v. n. etre aux agueis. Lurker, s. guet-à-pens. LURKING-PLACE, s. cachette, f. embuscade, Luscious, adj. doucereux, mielleux, sucré. Lusciously, adv. avec douceur or fadeur. Lusciousness, s. douceur excessive, f. Lusu, adj. obscur; s. débauche, f. LUSKISHNESS, s. indolence, f. [ment. LUSORIOUS, LUSORY, adj. de jeu, d'amuse-LUST, s. concupiscence, f. incontinence, f. LUST, v. a. convoiter, desirer avec passion. LUSTFUL, adj. impudique, lascif, voluptueux. LUSTFULLV, adr. sensuellement. LUSTFULNESS, s. convoitise, f. impudicité, f. LUSTILY, adv. vigoureusement, avec force.

LUSTINESS, s. vigueur, f. force, LUSTRAL, adj. lustrale, qui purifie. LUSTRATION, s. lustration, f LUSTRE, s. splendeur, m. lustre, m. LUSTRING, LUTESTRING, s. lustre, m. LUSTROUS, adj. éclatant, lumineux. LUSTY, adj. fort, vigoureux, robuste. LUTANIST, s. joueur de luth. m. LUTARIOUS, adj. qui vit dans la vase. LUTE, s. luth, m. lut, m; v. a. luter. LUTHERANISM, s. le Luthéranisme. LUTHERAN. s. un Luthérien. LUTULENT, adj. boueux, bourbeux. LUX, LUXATE, v. a. luxer, démettre. LUXATION, s. luxation, f. dislocation, f. LUXURIANCE, LUXURIANCY, s. surabondance, f. LUXURIANT, adj. surabondant. fertil. LUXURIATE, v. a. être trop abondant, trop LUXURIOUS, adj. luxurieux. LUXURIOUSLY, adv. luxurieusement. LUXURIOUSNESS, LUXURY, s. luxure, f. luxe, LUCERN, s. Luzerne, f. LYCANTHROPY, s. lycanthropie, f. LYCEUM, s. le Lycéc. LYCIUM, s. Lycium, m. le jus du lycium. LyE, v. a. & n. coucher, reposer, giter, loger, demeurer, être situé. See Lie. Lying, s. mensonge, m. imposture, f. LYING-IN, s. couches, f. pl. LYMPH, s. la lymphe. LYMPHATICK, adj. & s. lymphatique. Lyncean, Lynceous, adj. de lynx, perçant. Lyncuris, s. espèce d'ambre, f. LYNX, s. lynx, m. loup cervier, m. LYRE, s. lyre, f. harpe, f. LYRICAL, LYRICK, adj. lyrique. LYRIST, s. un joueur de lyre or de harpe.

М.

Mac, (an Irish word) fils, m. MACARONI, s. petit maître, m. MACARONICK, adj. macaronique. MACAROON, s. macaron, m. MACE, s. masse, f. macis, m. MACEBEARER, s. massier, m. MACERATE, v. a. maigrir, macerer, tremper. MACERATION, s. maceration, f. mortification, MACHINAL, adj. machinal. MACHINATE, v.a. machiner, tramer, brasser. MACHINATION, s. machination, f. artifice, m. MACHINATOR, s. machinateur, m. MACHINE, s. machine, f. instrument, m. MACHINERY, s. usage des machines. MACHINIST, s. machiniste, f. MACILENT, adj. maigre, decharne. MACKEREL, s. maquerau, m. MACKEREL-BOAT, s. maquilleur. m. MACROCOSM, s. l'anivers, m. MACULA, s. une tache, une macule. MACULATE, v. a. tacher, faire des taches. MACULATION, s. macule, f. tache, f MACULATURES, s. pl. maculatures, f. pl. MACULE or MACLE, s. feuille maculée. MAD, adj. fou, insensé, enragé, furieux, passionné, folâtre, étourdi, écervelé. MAD-FIT, s. folie, f. caprice, f. quinte, MADAM, s. madame or mademoiselle, f. MAD-APPLE, s. pomme d'amour, f. MAD-BRAIN, MADBRAINED, a insensé. MADDE , v. a. & n. rendre fou, devenir fou. MADDER, s. garance, f.

Maddish, adj. un peu fou, folâtre, badin. MADEFACTION, s. action de mouiller. MADEFY, v. a. mouiller. MADGE-HOWLET, s. hulotte or huette, f. MADHOUSE, s. les petites maisons.
MADLY, adv. follement, en insensé.
MADMAN, s. un fou, un insensé. [mence, MADRESS, S. folie, f. manie, f. fureur, f. dé-MADRIGAL, s. madrigal, m. MAFFLE, v. a. bredouiller, bégayer. MAGAZINE, s. magasin, m. grenier, m. journal, m.MAGE, s. mage, m. magicien, m. MAGGOT, s. petit ver, mite, f. caprice, m. MAGGOTTY, adj. plein de vers, capricieux, MAGI, s. pl. des mages, m. pl. MAGICAL, MAGICK, adj. magique. MAGICALLY, adv. par magie, par enchante MAGICIAN, s. un magicien, un sorcier. MAGICK, s. magie, f. enchantement, m. MAGISTEKIAL, adj. magistral, imperieux MAGISTERIALLY, adv. magistralement. MAGISTERIALNESS, s. liauteur, f. MAGISTERY, s. magistère, m. MAGISTRACY, s. magistrature, f. MAGISTRALLY, adv. magistralement. MAGISTRATE, s. un magistrat. MAGNA-CHARTA, s. grande charte, J MAGNANIMITY, s. magnanimité, f. courage, MAGNANIMOUS, adj. magnanime. MAGNANIMOUSLY, adv. avec magnanimité, courageusement. MAGNET, s. aimant, m. MAGNETICAL, MAGNETICK, adj. magnétique. MAGNETISM, s. magnétisme, m. MAGNIFICAL, MAGNIFICK, adj. magnifique. MAGNIFICENCE, s. magnificence, f. faste, m. MAGNIFICENT, adj. magnifique, grand, noble. MAGNIFICENTLY, adv. magnifiquement. MAGNIFIER, s. un panégyriste, une loupe. MAGNIFY, v. a. grossir, exagerer, exalter, MAGNITUDE, s. grandeur, f. vanter. MAGPIE, s. une pie. A speckled magpic, une pie grièche. MAHOGANY, s. acajou, m. bois d'acajou, m. Mahometan, s. un Mahométan. MAHOMETANISM, s. le Mahométisme. MAID, s. (a sort of fish) ange de mer, an. [tête. MAID, s. une fille, une servante. MAIDEN, s. une fille, une servante, un coupe MAIDEN, adj. vièrge, de fille, frais, neuf. MAIDENHAIR, s. capillaire, m. MAIDENLY, adj. virginal, modeste, de fille. MAIL, s. maille, f. malle, f. valise, poste, f. MAIM, v. a. mutiler, tronquer, estropier. MAIM, s. mutilation, f. blessure, f. [ler. f. MAIMING, s. mutilation, f. l'action de muti-MAIN, adj. principal, essentiel. MAIN, s. le gros, la plupart, le total, l'océan, force, f. As to the main, pour la plupart. In the main, au fond, en général.
MAIN-LAND, s. la continent, la terre ferme. MAINLY, adv. principalement, beaucoup. MAINMAST, s. le grand mât. MAINPRIZE, s. cautionnement, m.; v. a. cautionner. MAINSAIL, MAINSHEET, s. la grande voile. MAINSEA, s. la houte mer, l'ocean, m. MAINTAIN, v. a. & n. maintenir, soutenir, défendre, conscrver, entretenir. MAINTAINABLE, adj. soutenable. Itron, m. MAINTAINER, s. défenseur, m. soutien m. paMAINTENANCE, s. entretien, m. soutien, m. MAINTOP-MAST, s. le grand mât de hune. MAINTOP-GALLANT-MAST, le grand per-

MAINYARD, s. la grande vergue. MAIZE, s. mais, m. blé d'Inde, m. MAJESTICAL, MAJESTICK, adj. majestueux. MAJESTICALLY, adv. majestueusement. MAJESTY, s. majestė, f. grandeur, f. MAJOR, adj. plus grand. MAJOR, s. la majeure, un major.

MAJOR, s. la majeure, un major.

MAJOR-DOMO, s. un major-dome.

MAJORSHIP, s. majorité, f.

Rakenner, toucher, intéresser, rendre, faire devenir, commettre, tirer, devenir, patre, ètre, devenir, tendre, aller à. To make account, compter, estimer, faire cas; to make anez, sector. make angry, facher; to make one's escape, se sauver; to make a fool of one, se moquer de quelqu'un; to make free, délivrer; to make free with, traiter familierement, agir sans façon; to make good, garantir, soutenir, prouver, accomplir, bonifier; to make haste, se depecher, se hater; to make hay, faner l'herbe; to make hot, chauffer, échauffer; to make known, faire connoître, notifier, publier; to make level, aplainir, unir; to make many words, chicaner, con-tester; to make merry, réjonir, se réjouir; to make much of one, estimer quelqu'un, vanter, priser , to make one, être de la partie; to make a pass, porter une botte; to make a pen, tailler une plume; to make ready, préparer ; to make sport of one, se moquer de quelqu'un; to make a stand, faire une pause, s'arrêter; to make sure of, regarder comme sûr, s'assurer de; to make waste, désoler, ruiner. To make as if, faire semblant de; to make way, tuer, se défaire, dépenser follement, dissiper, se sauver; to make of, entendre, comprendre; to make over, eéder, confier; to make out, prouver, justifier, débrouiller; to make sure of, compter sûr, s'assurer de ; to make up, suppléer, réparer, accommoder, réconcilier, finir, conclure, dédommager, combler, monter, plier, compléter, former. MAKE, s. façon, f. forme, figure, f.

MAKEBATE, s. brouillon, m. semeur de que-

relles, m.

MARE-PEACE, s. médiateur, m.

MAKER, s. créateur, m. feseur, m. feseuse, f.

MAKING, s. la façon.

MALADY, s. maladie, f. mal, m. MALANDERS, s. malandres, f. pl.

MALAPERT, adj. impertinent, effronté, inso-MALAPERTLY, adv. insolemment. MALAPERTNESS, s. impertinence, f. inso-

MALAXATE, v. a. adoucir, pétrir, malaxer.

MALE, adj. mâle; s. le mâle. Male, in com-position, signifies Ill.

MALEADMINISTRATION, s. malversation, f.

MALECONTENT, adj. & s. mecontent. MALECONTENTEDNESS, s. mecontentement,

MALEDICTION, s. malédiction, f. MALEFACTION, s. faute, f. crime, m. offense, MALEFACTOR, s. malfaiteur, m.

MALEFICE, s. mechante action, tort, m. in-MALEFICENCE, s. malignité, f. [jure,

MALEFICK, adj. malfaisant, mechant, nuisible.

MALEVOLENCE, s. malveillance, f. malice, f.
MALEVOLENT, adf. mal-intentionné.
MALEVOLENTLY, adv. malicicusement.
MALICE, s. malice, f. malignité, f.
MALICE, adj. malicicux, méchant.

MALICIOUSLY, adv. malicieusement.

MALICIOUSNESS, s. méchanceté, f. MALIGN, adj. malin, malfaisant, nuisible.

MALIGNANCY, s. malignité, f. malice, f. MALIGNANT, adj. malin, malfaisant, nuisible.

MALIGNANTLY, MALIGNLY, adv. par inalice. MALIGNITY, s. malignité, f. malice, f. MALKIN, s. écouvillon, m. épouvantail, m.

 M_{ALL} , s. mail, m. coup, m. maillet, m. MALLARD, s. malart, m. canard sauvage.

MALLEABILITY, MALLEABLENESS, s. malléabilité, f.

MALLEABLE, adj. malléable, doux. MALLEATE, v. a. forger avec le marteau.

MALLET, s. un maillet, mail, m.

MALLOWS, s. manve, m. MALMSEY, s. malvoisie, f. .

MALT, s. drêche, f.

MALT, v. n. faire de la drêche, faire du malt. MALT-LONG, MALT-WORM, s. crevasse, f. MALTSTER, s. marchand or feseur de drêche, m.

MALVACEOUS, adj. de mauve, de la nature

de la mauve.

MALVERSATION, s. malversation, f.

[habillee.] MAN, MANMA, s. maman, f. [habinee. MAN, MANMA, s. marionnette, f. petite figure

MAMMIET, s. marionnette, f. petite figure MAMMILLARY, αdj. mammillaire. MAMMOCK, s. bloc, fragment, m.; v. α. briser.

Mammon, s. richesses, J

MAMMONIST, s. un mondain.

MAN, s. l'homme, m. quelqu'un, personne, on, valet, m. serviteur, m.; man at chess, pièce, f.; man at draughts, dame, f. pion, m.; man of war, un vaisseau de guerre, homme de guerre, m.

MAN, v. a. équiper (un vaisseau), mettre une garnison (dans une place), fortifier, encourager; dresser (un fauçon), ou ap-

privoiser.

MANACLE, v. a. mettre des menottes.

MANACLES, s. pl. menottes, f.

MANAGE, v. a. ménager, conduire, manier, dresser.

MANAGE, s. maniement, m. manège, m.

MANAGEABLE, adj. traitable, docile. MANAGEABLENESS, s. docilité, f. flexibilité, f.

MANAGEMENT, s. maniement, m. règle, f. MANAGER, s. directeur, m. régisseur, m.

MANAGERY, s. direction, f. économie, f. MANATION, s. émanation, f. écoulement, m.

MANCHET, s. un petit pain blanc.

MANCIPATE, v. a. asservir, enchaîner, lier.

MANCIPATION, s. esclavage, m. servitude, f. MANCIPLE, s. dépensier, m. pourvoyeur, m.

MANDAMUS, s. mandement, m. ordonnance,

MANDARIN, s. un mandarin.

MANDATARY, s. mandataire, m.

MANDATE, s. précepte, m. commandement. MANDIBLE, s. la mandibule, la mâchoire.

MANDILLON, s. mandille, f. casaque, f.

MANDRAKE, s. (a plant) mandragore, f.

MANDUCATE, r. a. manger, macher.

MANE, s. crinière, f.

MAN-KATER. s. un anthropophage.

MANES. s. pl. l'ombre, f. les mânes, f. pl. MANEUL, adj. brave, courageux, hardi.

MANFULLY, adr. courageusement, en brave.

MANFULNESS, s. courage, m. bravoure, f. va- 11 leur, f. MANGE, s. gale de chien, f. MANGER, s. mangeoire, f. crèche, f. MANGINESS, s. démangeaison, f. MANGLE, s. calandre, f. polissoire, m.; r. a. déchirer, mutiler, calandrer. MANGLER, s. celui qui dechire, calandreur, MANGY, adj. galeux. [m. MANHATER, s. un misanthrope.

MANHATER, s. un misanthrope.

MANHAOD, s. humanité, f. virilité, f. couMANIA, s. manie, f. folie, f.

MANIACK, MANIACAL, adj. maniaque.

MANIFEST, adj. manifeste, notoire, évident.

MANIFEST, MANIFESTO, s. manifeste, m; v. a. manifester, publier. MANIFESTATION, s. manifestation, f.
MANIFESTLY, adv. manifestement, evidem-MANIFOLD, adj. plusieurs, de plusieurs sortes. Maniple, s. une manipule, une poignée. MANKILLER, s. meurtrier, m. homicide, m. MANKIND, s. le geure humain, les hommes. MANLINESS, s. air mâle, m. bravoure. MANLY, adj. mâle, d'homme, vaillant. MANLY, adv. avec courage, courageusement. MAN-MIDWIFE; s. accoucheur, f. MANNA, s. manne, f. [coutume, f. methode, f. MANNER, s. manière, f. façon, f. meturs, m. MANNERS, s. manière de vivre, f. mœurs, m. MANNERLINESS, s. civilité, f. urbanité, f. MANNERLY, adj. civil, poli ; adv. civilement. MANNING, s. équipement (d'un vaisseau.) MANNISH, adj. måle, hardi, impudent.
MANOR, s. fief, m. seigneurie, f. inanoir, m. MANSIE, s. un Presbytère, maison du curé, f. MANSION, s. demeure, f. séjour, m. MANSION-HOUSE, s. maison seigneuriale. MANSLAUGHTER, s. homicide involuntaire, m. MANSLAYER, s. meurtrier, m. homicide, m. MANSUETE, adj. doux, traitable, apprivoisé. MANSUETUDE, s. douceur, f. bonté, f. MANTELET, s. mantelet, m. Mantle, s. manteau, m. mante, f. mantelet. Mantle, v. a. & n. fermenter, se réjouir. Mantua, s. robe de femme, manteau, m. Mantua-maker, s. tailleuse pour femme. MANUAL, adj. manuel, de la main; s. ma-MANUDUCTION, s. guide, m. Inuel, m. MANUFACTURE, s. manufacture, f. fabrique, f.; v. a. manufacturer. MANUFACTURER, s. un manufacturier, un fabricant. MANUMISSION, s. affranchissement. m. MANUMIT, MANUMISE, v. a. affranchir. Manurable, adj. labourable. MANURE, v. a. labourer, cultiver, fumer, engraissir. MANURE, s. engrais, m. fumier, m. MANUREMENT, s. culture, f. MANURER, s. laboureur, m. cultivateur, m. MANUSCRIPT, s. un manuscrit. MANY, adv. plusieurs, grand nombre. Many a man, plusieurs hommes. Many a time, plusieurs fois. How many, combien. So many, tant, autant. que. Too many, trop. As many as, autant MANY-FEET; s. polype, m. MANY TIMES, adv. souvent, frequemment. MAP, s. carte géographique, f. MAPLE, MAPLE-TREE, s. érable, m. MAR, v. a. gater, endommager, corrompre. MARASMUS, s. marasme, f. consomption, f. MARAUDER, s. un maraudeur.

MARAUDING, s. maraude, f. MARAVEDIS, s. maravédis, m. un liard. MARBLE, s. marbre, m.; v. a. marbrer. MARBLE-CUTTER, s. marbrier, m. MARBLE, adj. de marbre, marbré. MARCASITE, s. marcassite, f. MARCH, s. Mars, m. le mois de Mars, marche, MARCHES, s. pl. frontières, f. limites, f. MARCH, v. n. marcher, être en marche, aller; to march in, entrer: to march off, s'en aller, se retirer, plier bagage; to march on, marcher, avancer; to march out, sortir. MARCHER, s. celui qui commande sur les frontières. MARCHIONESS, s. marquise, f. MARCHPANE, s. masse-pain, m. MARCID, adj. maigre, languissant, desséché. MARE, s. cavale, f. jument, f. MARE-COLT, un poulain, une pouliche. Mareshal, s. maréchal de France, m. MARGARITE, s. (a pearl) marguerite. MARGENT, MARGIN, s. le bord, la marge. MARGINAL, adj. marginal, qui est à la marge. MARGRAVE, s. margrave, m. MARGRAVIATE, s. margraviat, m. MARIGOLD, s. souci, m. (fleur.) MARINATE, v. a. mariner, saler. MARINE, s. la marine; adj. marine, de mer. MARINER, s. marinier, m. matelot, m. MARISH, s. marais; adj. marécageux. MARITAL, adj. marital.

MARITIMAL, MARITIME, adj. de mer, marin, maritime. Marjoram, s. marjolaine, f. MARK, s. marque, f. signe, m. indice, m. preuve, f. vestige, f. trace, f. marc, m. poids de 8 onces or somme de 13 schelins quatre sous, blanc, m. but, m. représailles, f. pl. germe de fève, m. marque noire dans la bouche d'un cheval. MARK, r. a. marquer, remarquer; to mark out, montrer, faire voir, faire remarquer. MARKER, s. marqueur, m. MARKET, s. marché, m.; v. n. acheter, ven-MARKETABLE, adj. marchaud, loyal. MARKET-DAY, s. jour de marché, m. MARKET-GELD, s. droit d'étalage, m. MARKET-PLACE, s. le marché. [courant. MARKET-PRICE, MARKET-RATE, s. le prix MARKET-TOWN, s. ville où il y a marché, f. MARKMAN, MARKSMAN, s. un bon tireur. MARL, s. marne, f.; v. a. marner. MARLINE, s. fil de carret, m. merlin, m. MARLY, adj. plein de marne. MARMALADE, MARMELET, s. marmelade, f. MARMOREAN, adj. de marbre, fait de marbre. MARMOSET, s. marmot, m. marmouset, m. MARMOT, MARMOTTE, s. marmotte, f. MARQUETRY, s. marqueterie, f. mosaïque, f. Marquis, s. marquis, m. MARQUISATE, s. marquisat, m. MARQUISSHIP, s. titre de marquis. MARRER, s. celui qui gâte or endommage. MARRIAGE, s. mariage, m. noce or noces, f. MARRIAGE-SONG, s. chanson nuptiale, f. MARRIAGEABLE, adj. mariable, nubile. MARROW, s. moëlle, f. la quintessence. MARROW-BONE, s. os à moëlle. MARROW-FAT, s. pois carré, pois ramés. MARROWLESS, adj. sans moëlle. [r MARRY, v. a. & n. marier, épouser, se ma-

MARS, s. mars, m. (une des sept planètes.) MARSH, s. un marais, une lieu marécageux.

MARSH MALLOW, s. mauve, f. MARSHAL, s. marcchal, m.; v. a. ranger, re-MARSHALLER, s. celui qui range, qui met en MARSHALSEA; s. maréchaussée. fordre. MARSHALSHIP, s. la charge de maréchal. MARSHY, adj. marécageux, fangeux. MART, s. foire, f. marché, m. MARTEN, MARTERN, s. marte or martre, f. MARTIAL, adj. martial, guerrier, militaire.

A Court-martial, un conseil de guerre. The martial-law, le droit des armes, loi mar-MARTIALIST, s. un guerrier. MARTIN or MARTINET, s. un martinet. MARTINGAL, s. martingale, J MARTINMAS, s. la fête de St. Martin. MARTLET, s. martinet pêcheur, m. merlette, MARTYR, s. un martyr; v. a. martyriser. MARTYRDOM, s. martyre, m. tourment, m. MARTYROLOGIST, s. auteur de martyrologe, MARTYROLOGY, s. martyrologe, m. MARVEL, s. merveille, f.; v. n. s'étonner. MARVELLOUS, adj. merveilleux, étonnant. MARVELLOUSIN, adv. admirablement.

MASCULINE, adj. masculin, mâle.

MASH, s. maille, f. mélange, m. breuvage, m. MASH, v. a. & n. mêler, tripoter, écraser. Mask, s. masque, m. prétexte, m.Mask, v. a. & n. masquer, se masquer. MASKER, s. un masque, une personne mas-Mason, s. un maçon. quée. MASONRY, s. maçonnerie, f. quer. Masquerade, s. mascarade, f.; r. n. mas-Mass, s. masse, f. gros, m. monceau, m. Mass, s. la messe; r.n. dire la messe. Massacre, s. massacre, m.; v. a. massacrer. Massicot, s. massicot, m. MASSINESS, MASSIVENESS, s. solidité, f. poids, f. MASSIVE, MASSY, adj. massif, gros. Mast, s. le mât (d'un navire.) The main-mast, le grand mât. The fore-mast, le mât de misaine, mât d'avant. The mizen-mast, de misaine, mât d'avant. The mizen-mast, le màt d'artimon. The top-mast, le perroquet, le mât de perroquet. Main-ton-mast. le grand perroquet. Mizen-top-mast, le perroquet de fougue. The fore-top mast, le petit perroquet. MAST, s. glandee, f. faine, f. MASTED, adj. qui a tous ses mâts. MASTER, s. maître, m. chef, m. directeur, m. gouverneur, m. propriétaire. MASTER, r. a. maîtriser, gouverner, dompter, surmonter, venir à bout, savoir. MASTER HAND, s. main de maître, f. MASTER-KEY, s. passe-part, m. MASTERLESS, adj. sans maître, opiniâtre. MASTERLINESS, s. supériorité, f.
MASTERLY, adv. en maître : adj. de maître.
MASTERPIECE, s. un chef d'œuvre. MASTERSHIP, s. maitrise, f. autorité, f. MASTER-SPRING, s. le grand ressort. MASTER-STROKE, s. coup de maître, m. MASTER-WORT, s. impératoire, f. MASTERY, s. puissance, f. empire, m. supé-MASTICATION, s. mastication, f. [riorité, f. MASTICATORY, s. masticatoire, m. The mastich-tree, MASTICH, s. mastic, m. [le lentisque. Mastiff, s. un mâtin. MASTIESS, adj. sans mat, sans gland. MAT, s. une natte, un matelas; v. a. natter. MATADORE; s. (at cards) matador, m. MATCH, s. une mêche, une allumette, une partie, un je , une joute, mariage, m. parti,

m. parei., m semblable, m.

[gler. || MATCH. v. a. égaler, assortir. convenir, appareiller, tenir tête, faire face, marier, accoupler, joindre; v. n. se marier, être proportionné. MATCHABLE, adj. convenable, proportionné. égal, comparable. MATCHLESS, adj. sans pareil, sans second. MATCHLESSLY, adv. incomparablement. MATCH-MAKER, s. un marieur, une ma-MATE, s. un compagnon, une compagne, aide, m. & f. contre maître (d'un navire.) MATE, v. a. assortir, égaler, étourdir. MATERIAL, adj. materiel, important, princi-MATERIALS, s. pl. materiaux, m. pl. MATERIALIST, s. matérialiste, m MATERIALITY, s. matérialité, f. [tiellement. MATERIALLY, adv. matériellement, essen-MATERIATE, adj. materiel; s. importance. MATERNAL, adj. maternel, de mère. MATERNITY, s. maternité, f. [regain. MATH, s. récolte du foin, f. After-math, le MATHEMATICAL, MATHEMATICK, adj. mathématique. MATHEMATICALLY, adv. mathématique-MATHEMATICIAN, s. un mathématicien. MATHEMATICKS, s. les mathématiques, f. MATIN, adj. matinal, du matin; s. le matin. MATINS, s. pl. prières du matin, f. matines, MATRASS, s. matras, m. MATRICE, s. matrice, f. moule de lettres, m. MATRICIDE, s. matricide, m. MATRICIOUS, adj. de la matrice. MATRICULAR BOOK, une matricule. MATRICULATE, v. a. immatriculer. MATRICULATION, s. immatriculation, f. MATRIMONIAL, adj. matrimonial, conjugal. MATRIMONIALLY, adv. selon les lois du ma-MATRIMONY, s. mariage, m. [riage, m. MATRIX, s. matrice, f. moule, f. MATRON, s. une matron, une sage-femme. MATRONAL, adj. de matrone.
MATRONLY, adv. vieille, de matrone. MATROSS, s. soldat d'artillerie, m. MATTED, part. adj. natté, tressé. NATTER, s. substance, f. matière, f. sujet, m. objet, m. chose. f. affaire, f. fait, m. question, f. raison, f. cause, f. occasion, f. importance, f. conséquence, f. propos, m. especial de la consequence f. propos, m. especial de la consequence f. pace, m. quantité, f. somme, f. du pus. No such matter, point du tout, cela n'est pas. What is the matter? De quoi s'agit il? MATTER, v. a. & n. faire cas, se soucier. MATTERY, adj. purulent, plein de pus. MATTOCK, s. bèche, f. hoyau, m. marre, f. MATTRESS, s. un matelas. MATURATION, s. l'action de mûrir, maturité MATURE, adj. mur ; v. a. mûrir, faire mûrir MATURELY, adv. mûrement, avec reflexion. MATURITY, s. maturité, f.

MATTOCK, s. beche, f. hoyau, m. marre, f.
MATTILESS, s. un matelas.

(f.
MATURATION, s. l'action de mûrir, maturité,
MATURATION, s. l'action de mûrir, faire mûrir
MATURELY, adv. mûr : v. a. mûrir, faire mûrir
MATURELY, adv. mûr enent, avec reflexion.
MAULHY, s. maturité, f.
MAUDLIN, adj. ivre ; s. eupatoire, f.
MAUDLIN, adj. ivre ; s. eupatoire, f.
MAUDLIN, adv. malgré, en dépit de.
MAUL, stick, s. appui, m. baguette de peinMAUND, s. un mannequin.
(Ire, f.
MAUNDV-THURSDAY, s. le Jeudi saint.
MAUNDV-THURSDAY, s. le Jeudi saint.
MAUNDV-THURSDAY, s. le Jeudi saint.
MAWKISH, adj. fade, dégoûtant.
MAWKISH, adj. fade, dégoûtant.
MAWKISH, s. une poupée, une marionnette.
MAWMISH, adj. soi, vain, dégoûtant.
MAWMISH, adj. soi, vain, dégoûtant.
MAW-WORM, s. ver du corps, m.

MAXILLAR, MAXILLARY, adj. maxillaire. MAXIM, s. maxime, f. règle, f. principe, m. MAY, s. Mai, m. le mois de Mai. MAY-BUG, s. une hanneton. MAY-DAY, s. le premier jour de Mai. MAY-GAME, s. jeu de flore, m. jouet, m. MAY-LILY, s. le muguet. MAY, auxil. verb, pouvoir. MAY-BE, adv. peut-être. MAYOR, s. maire, m. MAYORALTY, s. mairie, f. MAYORESS, s. la femme du maire. MAZARD, s. gencive, machoire. MAZE, s. labyrinthe, m. perplexité, f. MAZE, v. a. embarrasser, étonner. MAZY, adj. embarrassé, confus, embrouillé. ME, pron. me, moi. MEACOCK, s. une efféminé; adj. délicat, pu-MEAD, s. hydromel, m. [sillanime. MEAD, MEADOW, s. pré, m. prairie, f. MEAD-SWEET or MEADOW-SWEET, s. reine des prés, f. Meager, adj. maigre, décharné. MEAGERNESS, s. maigreur, f. stérilité, f. pau-[vreté, f. MEAL, s. repas, m. MEALMAN, s. un marchand de farine. MEALY, adj. farineux. MEAN, adj. bas, pauvre, vil, chétif, méprisable, médiocre. MEAN, s. milieu, m. médiocrité, f. intervaille, m. instrument, m. cause, f. MEANS, s. pl. moyen, m. voie, f. manière, f. moyens, m. pl. richesses, f. pl. By all means, absolument, sans faute. By no means, nullement, point du tout. MEAN, v. a. & n. vouloir, se proposer, avoir dessein, signifier, vouloir dire.

MEANDER, s. labyrinthe, m. embarras, m.

MEANDER adj. plein de détours.

MEANER, adj. moindre, plus bas, plus vil. MEANEST, adj. le plus bas, le plus vil. MEANING, s. intention, f. dessein, m. MEANLY, adv. médiocrement, bassement. MEANNESS, s. médiocrité, f. bassesse, f. MEASE, s. cinq cens (herrings.) MEASLES, s. la rougeole, ladrene, f. MEASLY, MEASLED, adj. qui a la rougeole. MEASURABLE, adj. mesurable, modéré. MEASURABLY, adv. modérément. MEASURE, s. mesure, f. poids, m. règle, f. dimension, f. dégré, m. manière, f. mêtre, m. cadence, f. MEASURE, v. a. mesurer, arpenter, juger. MEASURELESS, adj. immense, sans mesure. MEASUREMENT, s. mesurage, m. MEASURER, s. mesureur, m. arpenteur, m. MEASURING, s. mesurage, m. arpentage, m. MEAT, s. viande, f. chair, f. aliment, m. Roast meat, du rôti, le rôt. Boiled meat, du bouilli. Sueet-meats, des confitures, f. MEATED, adj. nourri. MEATHE, s. boisson, f. breuvage, m. MECHANICAL, MECHANICK, adj. mécanique. MECHANICALLY, adv. mecaniquement. MECHANICIAN, s. un mécanicien. MECHANICK, s. un artisan, un homme de mé-MECHANICKS, s. la mécanique. tier. MECHANISM, s. mécanisme, m. MEDAL, s. méconium, m. MEDAL, s. médaille, f.

MEDALLION, s. medallon, m.

MEDALLIST, s. medai. ste, m.

MEDDLE, v. n. avoir à faire, se mêler.

MEDDLER, s. un homme intriguant, entre-MEDDLESOME, adj. intriguant. [metteur, m. MEDDLING, s. entremise, f. MEDIAN, s. & adj. médiane, f. wein, la veine médiane. The median MEDIANT, s. médiante, f. MEDIASTINE, s. le médiastin. MEDIATE, v. a. & n. moyenner, procurer, s'entremettre. MEDIATE, adj. moyen, mediant. MEDIATELY, adv. médiatement. MEDIATION, s. médiation, f. entremise. f. MEDIATOR, s. médiateur, m. [teur. MEDIATORIAL, MEDIATORY, adj. de media-MEDIATORSHIP, s. office de médiateur. m. MEDIATRIX, s. inédiatrice, f. MEDICK, s. (a plant) luzerne, f. MEDICABLE, adj. qui se peut guérir. MEDICAL, adj. médical, médicinal. MEDICAMENT, s. médicament; m. remède, m. MEDICAMENTAL, adj. médical, médicinal. MEDICASTER, s. un médecin d'eau douce.
MEDICATE, v. a. imprégner de quelque drogue médicinale. MEDICATION, s. l'action de médicamenter. MEDICINABLE, adj. propre à guérir. MEDICINAL, adj. médicinal. MEDICINE, s. medecin, f. remède, m.; v. a. médicamenter. MEDIETY, s. état mitoyen, milieu. MEDIOCRITY, s. médiocrité, f. milieu, m. MEDITATE, r. a. & n. méditer. MEDITATION, s. méditation, f. considération, MEDITATIVE, adj. méditatif, qui médite. MEDITERRANEAN, adj. & s. Mediterranee MEDIUM, s. milien, m. moyen, m. MEDLAR, s. nèfle, f. A medlar-tree, nèflier, MEDLEY, s. un melange; adj. mêle. [f. MEDULLAR, MEDULLARY, adj. moëlleux. Meek, adj. doux, paisible, modeste, hum-MEEKEN, v. a. adoueir, appaiser. MERKIN, adv. avec douceur, doucement. MEEKNESS, s. douceur, f. modestie, f. humi-MEER. See Mere. [lité, f. MEET, adj. convenable, à propos, propre. MEET, v. a. rencontrer, trouver, assembler. éprouver ; v. n. se rencontrer. MEETER, s. qui accoste quelqu'un. MEETING, s. assemblée, f. conventicule, m. rencontre, f. entrevue, f. MEETING-HOUSE, s. chapelle, f. temple, m. MEGRIM, s. mal de tête, m. migraine, f. MELANCHOLICK, adj. mélancolique, triste. MELANCHOLILY, adv. melancoliquement. MELANCHOLY, s. melancolie, f. tristesse, f. MELANCHOLY, adj. triste, facheux, melancolique. MELICOTONY, s. mircoton or mirlicoton, m. MELILOT, s. (a plant) mélilot, m. MELIORATE, r.a. améliorer, rendre meilleur. MELIORATION, MELIORITY, s. amélioration, f. MELLIFEROUS, MELLIFICK, adj. qui produit du miel, mielleux. MELLIFICATION, s. production du miel, f. MELLIFLUENT, MELLIFLUOUS, adj. qui abonde en miel. MELLOW, adj. mur, tendre, mou. MELLOWNESS, s. maturité, f MELODIOUS, adj. mélodieux, harmonieux. MEDALLICK, adj. qui appartient aux médailles. MELODIOUSLY, adv. mélodieusement. MELODIOUSNESS, MELODY, s. mélodie, f. harmonie, f.

MELON, s. melon, m.

MELT, v. a. & n. fondre, liquefier, fléchir, attendrir, se fondre, se dissoudre.

MELTER, s. fondeur (de métaux), m.

MELTING-HOUSE, s. fonderie, f. MELTINGLY, adr. en se fondant. MELWELL, s. merlus, m. or merluche, f. MEMBER, s. membre, m. MEMBRANEOUS, MEMBRANOUS, adj. memavis, m. MEMBRANE, s. membrane, f. MEMENTO, s. souvenir, m. ressouvenir, m. MEMOIR, s. mémoire, m. notice, f. MEMORABLE, adj. mémorable. [ble. MEMORABLY, adv. d'une manière mémora-MEMORANDUM, s. mémoire, m. MEMORIAL, adj. mémoratif; s. un mémoire. MEMORIALIST, s. auteur de mémoires, m. MEMORIZE, v. a. conserver la mémoire de. MEMORY, s. mémoire, f. souvenir, m. MENACE, s. menace, f.; r. α . menacer. MENACER, s. celui or celle qui menace. MENACING, s. menaces, f. pl.; adj. menaçant. MENAGE, s. ménagerie, f. MEND, v. a. & n. raccommoder, corriger, améliorer. MENDABLE, adj. réparable. MENDACITY, s. mensonge, m. fausseté, f. MENDER, s. raccommodeur, raccommodense. MENDICANT, adj. & s. mendiant, de mendi-MENDICATE, v. a. mendicr. MENDICITY, s. mendicité, f. indigence, MENIAL, adj. domestique; s. un domestique. MENINGES, s. méninge, f. MENOLOGY, s. ménologe, m. MENSAL, adj. de table. MENSES, s. menstrues, f. pl. MENSTRUAL, adj. qui arrive chaque mois. MENSTRUUM, s. menstrue, f. dissolvant, m. MENSURABLE, adj. mesurable. MENSURATE, v. a. mesurer. [rage. m. MENSURATION, s. l'action de mesurer, mesu-MENTAL, adj. intellectuel. MENTALLY, adv. mentalement, en esprit. MENTION, s. mention, f. memoire, MENTION, v. a. mentionner, parler de. MERACIOUS, adj. fort, spiritueux, pur. MERCANTILE, adj. mercantile, marchand. MERCATURE, s. negoce, m. trafic, m. commerce, m. MERCENARINESS, s. vénalité, f. MERCENARY, adj. & s. vénal, un mercenaire. MERCER, s. un mercier. MERCERY, s. mercerie, f. MERCHANDISE, s. trafic, m. commerce, m. MERCHANDISE, v. n. trafiquer, commercer. MERCHANT, s. negociant, m. MERCHANTLIKE, MERCHANTLY, adj. de marchand. MERCHANTMAN, s. un vaisseau marchand. MERCHANTABLE, adj. marchand, bien conditionné. MERCIFUL, adj. miséricordicux. MERCIFULLY, adv. avec compassion. MERCIFULNESS, s. pitie, f. compassion, MERCILESS, adj. impitoyable, dur, cruel. MERCILESSLY, adv. impitoyablement. MERCURIAL, adj. de mercure, vif, actif. MERCURY, s. mercure, m. vil-argent, m. vi-vacité, f. journal, m. mercuriale, f. MERCY, s. misericorde, f. compassion, f. MERCY-SEAT, s. le propitiatoire. MERE, adj. pur, vrai, franc, achevé. MERE, s. lac m. borne, f. limite, f.

MERELY, adv. purement, simplement. MERETRICIOUS, adj. de courtisane. MERIDIAN, s. midi, m. méridien, m. MERIDIONAL, adj. méridional. MERILS, s. la mérelle, jeu d'enfant, m. MERIT, s. mérite, m. prix, m.; v. a. mériter. MERITORIOUS, adj. méritoire. MERITORIOUSLY, adv. méritoirement. MERITORIOUSNESS, s. mérite, m. MERLIN, s. (a kind of hawk) émérillon, m. MERMAID, s. sirène, f. (monstre marin.) MERRIMAKE, MERRIMAKING, s. partie de MERRIMAKE, v. n. se réjouir. [plaisir, f. MERRIMENT, s. divertissement, m. MERRINESS, s. gaieté, f. joie, f. MERRY, adj. gai, joyeux, enjoué, divertis-sant. To make merry, v. n. se divertir. MERRY-ANDREW, s. un bouffon. MERRYTHOUGHT, s. la lunette (d'une volaille.) Mersion, s. l'action de plonger dans l'eau. MESARAICK, adj. mesaraique. ME SEEMS, impers. v. il me semble. MESENTERICK, adj. mésentérique. MESENTERY, s. le mésentère. [attraper. MESH, s. maille, f.; v. a. prendre au filet, MESHY, adj. réticulaire. Meslin, s. méteil, m. MESNE or MESNE-LORD, s. seigneur d'un fief servant, m. MESS, s. mets, m. plat, m.; v. n. manger. MESSAGE, s. message, m. commission, f. MESSENGER, s. messager, m. courier, m. MESSIAII, s. le Messie, le Christ, le Sauveur MESSIEURS, s. pl. messieurs, m. pl. MESSMATE, s. compagnon de table, m. MESSUAGE, s. nne maison et ses retenues. METACARPUS, s. métacarpe, f METAGE, s. mesurage de charbon, m. METAL, s. métal, m. METALLICAL, METALLICK, *adj.* métallique. METALLINE, *adj.* métallique, de métal. METALLIST, METALLURGIST, s. métallurgiste, m. METALLOGRAPHY, s. déscription, f. METALLURGY, s. métallurgie, f. METAMORPHOSE, v. a. metamorphoser. METAMORPHOSIS, s. métamorphose, f. METAPHOR, s. métaphore, f. METAPHORICAL, METAPHORICK, adj. métaphorique. METAPHORICALLY, adv. métaphoriquement. METAPHRASE, s. traduction littérale, métaphrase, f. METAPHRAST, s. métaphraste, m. METAPHYSICAL, METAPHYSICK, adj. métaphysique. METAPHYSICKS, s. la métaphysique. METASTASIS, s. métastase, f. METATARSUS, s. métatarse, f. METATHESIS, s. transposition, f. métathèse. METE, v. a. mesurer. METEMPSYCHOSIS, s. métempsycose, f. METEOR, s. météore, m. METEOROLOGICAL, adj. météorologique. METEOROLOGY, s. la science des météores. METEOROUS, adj. de la nature des météores. METER, s. mesureur, m. METEWARD, METEYARD, s. mesure, f. aune, METHEGLIN, s. sorte d'hydromel. METHINKS, v. imp. il me semble, ce me sem-METHOD, s. méthode, f. ordre, m. voie, f. METHODICAL, adj. méthodique.

METHODICALLY, adv. méthodiquement. METHODISE, v. a. ranger méthodiquement. METHODIST, s. théoriste, m. méthodiste, m. Метноисит, v. imp. il me sembloit, je pen-METONOMY, s. métonymie, f. METOPOSCOPY, s. métoposcopie, f. METRE, s. cadence, f. mesure, f. vers, m. METRICAL, adj. de vers, qui appartient à la METROPOLIS, s. métropole, f. [cadence. METROPOLITAN, adj. & s. métropolitain. METTLE, s. vivacité, f. feu, m. vigueur, f. METTLED, METTLESOME. adj. vif, fougueux. MEW, s. mouette, f. mue, f. cage, f. MEW, v. α. & n. enfermer, cloîtrer, miauler, muer, entrer en mue. MEWING, s. mue, f. miaulement, m. MEWL, v. n. crier comme un petit enfant. MEZEREON, s. lauréole, f. MEZZOTINTO, s. demi-teinte, f. MICE, s. pl. of Mouse, des souris. MICHAELMAS, s. la Saint Michel. MICHE, v. a. se cacher, s'absentir, MICHER, s. un fainéant, un paresseux. MICROCOSM, s. microcosme, m. petit monde. MICROGRAPHY, s. micrographie, f. MICROMETER, s. micromètre, m. MICROSCOPE, s. microscope, m. MICROSCOPICAL, MICROSCOPICK, adj. mi-MID, adj. milieu, mi. [croscopique. MID-DAY, s. midi, m. plein jour. MIDDI.E. adj. du milieu, moyen, mitoyen. MIDDLE, s. le milieu, le centre.

MIDDLE-AGED, adj. d'un moyen âge.

MIDDLEMOST, adj. du milieu, qui est au mi-MIDDLING, adj. moyen, médiocre. MIDGE, s. un cousin (insecte ailé) MIDLAND, adj. méditerranée. MIDLEG, s. mijambe, f. le milieu de la jambe. MIDLENT, s. la mi-carème. MIDMOST, adj. du milieu, qui est au milieu. MIDNIGHT, s. minuit, m. le milieu de la nuit. MIDRIFF, s. le diaphragme. MIDSHIPMAN, s. officier du tillac or de la MIDST, s. le milieu, le fort. [poupe, m. MIDSUMMER, s. le milieu de l'été. MUDSUMMER-DAY, la Saint-Jean. MIDWAY, s. adj. & odv. mi-chemin. MID-WIFE, s. une sage-femme. MIDWIFERY, s. l'art d'accoucher les femmes. MIDWINTER, s. le milieu or le cœur de l'hi-Mien, s. mine, f. air, m. [ver. Might, s. pouvoir, m. puissance, f. MIGHTILY, adv. puissamment, fort. MIGHTINESS, s, puissance, f. pouvoir, m. MIGHTY, adj. puissant, fort, vigoureux. MIGHTY, adv. fort, très, extrêmement. Migration, s. migration, f. Milch, adj. qui donne du lait, à lait. Mild, adj. doux, paisible, modéré, bon. MILDEW, s. nielle, f.; nieller. MILDLY, adv. doucement, avec douceur. MILDNESS, s. douceur, f. bonté, f. MILE, s. un mille. MILE-STONE, s. pierre milliaire. MILFOIL, s. (a plant) millefeuille, f. MILIARY, s. miliaire, f. MILITANT, adj. combatant, militant.
MILITANY, adj. militaire, de guerre.
MILITIA. s. milice, f. appareil de guerre, m. MILK, s. lait, m.; v. a. traire, tirer, teter. MILKEN, adj. de lait, composé de lait. MILKER, s. celui qui trait les animaux. MILKINESS, s. douceur de lait, f. M:L!.-HOUSE, s. laiterie, f

MILK-LIVERED, adj. craintif, poltron. MILK-MAID, s. une laitière. MILK-PAIL, s. un seau à lait. MILK-POTTAGE, s. soupe au lait, f. MILKSOP, s. un homme foible, un efféminé. MILK-THISTLE, s. (an herb) tithymale, f. Milk-тоотн, s. dent de lait, f. MILK-WEED, s. (a plant) herbe au lait, f. MILK-WHITE, adj. blanc comme du lait. MILK-WOMAN, s. laitière, f. [craintif. MILKY, adj. laiteux, de lait, à lait, doux. MILKY-WAY, s. la voie lactée. MILL, s. moulin, m. moulinet; v. a. moudre. MILL-CLACK, MILL-CLAPPER, s. traquet or cliquet de moulin, m. MILL-cog, s. dentelure de roues, f. MILL-DAM, s. écluse de moulin, f. pale, f. MILL-DUST, s. folle farine, f. MILLENARIAN, s. un millenaire, chiliaste, f. MILLENARY, adj. millénaire, de mille. MILLENNIUM, s. mille ans. m. MILLEPEDES, s. millepieds, m. cloporte, f. MILLER, s. un meunier. MILLER'S-THUMB, s. chabot, m. (poisson.) MILLET, s. (a plant) millet, m. MILL-HANDLE, s. queue de moulin à vent, f. MILLIARY, s. pierre milliaire, f.
MILLINER, s. marchand de modes, m. mer-MILLION, s. un million. MILL-STONE, s. meule de moulin, f MILL-TEETH, s. dents machelières, f. pl. MILT, s. laite des poissons, f. la rate. MILTER, s. le mâle entre les poissons. MIME, s. bouffon, m.; v. n. faire le bouffon. MIMICAL, adj. bouffon, de bouffon. MIMICALLY, adv. en bouffon, par imitation. MIMIC, adj. & s. bouffon; v. a. imiter. MIMICRY, s. bouffonnerie, f. imitation, burlesque. MINACIOUS, MINATORY, adj. menaçant. MINCE, v. a. & n. hacher, couper menu, pallier, avoir un air affecté, minauder. Mincingly, adv. légèrement. MIND, s. esprit, m. entendement, m. âme, f. jugement, m. passion, f. choix, m. goul, m. affection, f. gré, m. volonté, f. sentiment, m. pensée, f. opinion, f. résolution, f. dessein, m. intention, f. mémoire, f. souve-MIND, v. a. & n. remarquer, considérer, prendre soin, songer, penser, veiller, faire souvenir, rappeler, avertir, vouloir, avoir dessein, se proposer. *Ill-minded*, mal-intentionné. High-minded, adj. haut, ambitieux. MINDFUL, adj. attentif, soigneux, diligent. MINDFULLY, adv. attentivement. [gence, f. MINDFULNESS, s. attention, f. soin, m. dili-MINDLESS, adj. négligent, sans-souci. MINE. pron. poss. mon, ma, mes, mien, mienne, qui est à moi. MINE, s. mine, f.; v. a. & n. miner, sapper. MINER, s. mineur, m. MINERAL, s. mineral, m. fossile, m.; adj. mi-MINERALIST, s. mineraliste, m. [néral. MINERALOGIST, s. minéralogiste, m. MINERALOGY, s. minéralogie, f. MINGLE, s. mélange, m.; v. a. méler, mélan-MINIATURE, s. miniature, f. MINIKIN, s. petite épingle, camion, m. MINIKIN, adj. petit, mince. [blan [blanche, f. MINIM, s. un nain, un pigmée, petite lettre MINION. s. mignon, m. mignonne, f. Minious, adj. de couleur rouge, vermeil.

MINISH, v. a. diminuer. [ment, m. MINISTER, s. ministre, m. agent, m. instru-MINISTER, v. a. & n. administrer, fournir. MINISTERIAL, adj. ministériel, de ministère. MINISTRAL, adj. de ministre. MINISTRAN, adj. subalterne, subordonné. MINISTRATION, s. ministère, m. Ministry, s. ministère, m. MINIUM, s. minium, m. vermillon, m. Minnow, s. verou, m. MINOR, adj. mineur, moindre, plus petit, petit, plus jeune, cadet, m. MINOR, s. un enfant mineur, un mineur, une mineure, la mineure, d'un syllogisme. MINORITY, s. minorité, f. [drale, f. MINOTAUR, s. le minotaure. MINSTER, s. monastère, m. moutier, m. cathé-MINSTREL, s. un ménétrier. [ciens, f. MINSTRELSY, s. musique, f. bande de musi-MINT, s. mente, f. Wild-mint, origan, m. Spear-mint, mente aigue. MINT, s. la monnoie; r. a. monnoyer. MINTAGE, s. monnoyage, m. MINTER, s. monnoyeur, m. MINTMASTER, s. directeur de la monnoie. MINUET, s. menuet, m. MINUM, s. mignonette, f. blanche, f. MINUTE, adj. petit, menu; s. minute MINUTE, v. a. minuter, écrire sommairement. MINUTE-BOOK, s. feuille, f. mémoire, m. MINUTELY, adv. à chaque minute, exacte-MINUTENESS, s. petitesse, f. MINUTE-WATCH, s. montre qui marque les [minutes, f. Minx, s. une effrontée. MIRACLE, s. un miracle, une merveille MIRACULOUS, adj. miraculeux, merveilleux. MIRACULOUSLY, adv. miraculeusement. Miraculousness, s. miracle, m. MIRE, s. boue, f. fange, f. vase, f. fourmi, f. MIRE, v. a. enfoncer dans la boue. MIRROR, s. miroir, m. exemple, f. Mirth, s. joie, f. gaicté, f. enjouement, m. Mirthful, adj. gai, joyeux, enjoué. Mirt, adj. bourbeux, fangeux. MISACCEPTATION, s. mauvaise construction. MISADVENTURE, s. mallieur, m. revers, m. MISADVICE, s. mauvais conseil; r. a. mal conseiller. MISAIMED, adj. qui n'est pas bien visé. . Misanthrope, s. un misanthrope. MISANTHROPY, s. misauthropie, f. MISAPPLICATION, s. mauvaise application. MISAPPLY, v. α. appliquer mal-à-propos. MISAPPREHEND, r. a. entendre mal. MISAPPREHENSION, s. méprise, f. MISASCRIBE, v. a. attribuer faussement. Misassign, v. a. donner de fausses preuves. MISBECOME, v. n. être mal-séant. MISBEGOT, MISBEGOTTEN, adj. bâtard. MISBEHIVE, v. n. agir mal, se comporter. MISBEHAVIOUR, s. mauvaise conduite. MISBELIEF, s. fansse croyance, erreur, f. MISBELIEVE, v. n. être dans l'erreur. MISBELIEVER, s. hétérodoxe, m. mécréant. Miscall, v. a. donner un nom impropre à. MISCARCULATE, v. a. calculer mal.
MISCARRIAGE, s. faute, f. mauvais succès, fausse couche, avortement, m. Miscarry, v. n. ne pas réussir, échouer, faire une fausse couche, avorter. MISCAST, v. a. mécompter.

MISCELLANEOUS, MISCELLANY, udj. mêle.

MISCELLANY, s. inélange, m.

MISCHANCE, s. malheur, m.

MISCHIEF, s. tort, m. dommage, m. mal, ne. MISCHIEF, v. a. faire tort, nuire. Mischievous, adj. nuisible, malfaisant. MISCHIEVOUSLY, adv. méchaniment. MISCHIEVOUSNESS, s. malice, f. malignité, MISCIBLE, adj. miscible, propre à se mêler. MISCITATION, s. fausse citation. MISCITE, v. a. citer mal, citer à faux. MISCLAIM, s. fausse pretention. MISCONCEIVE, v. a. mal juger, ne pas bien concevoir. MISCONCEPTION, s. fausse notion, erreur, f. Misconduct, s. manyaise conduite. Misconduct, r. a. conduire mal. MISCONJECTURE, s. fausse conjecture. Misconstruction, s. mauvaise interpréta-MISCONSTRUE, r. a. interpréter mal. [tion. MISCOUNT, v. a. mecompter, compter mal. MISCREANCE, MISCREANCY, s. incrédulite, f. MISCREANT, s. mecreant, m. infidèle, m. MISDEED, s. manvaise action, crime, m. MISDEEM, v. a. juger mal, faire tort. MISDEMEAN, v. n. se comporter mal. MISDEMEANOUR, s. mauvaise conduite. MISDO, v. a. & n. faire mal, commettre une MISDOER, s. un malfaiteur. MISDOUBT, v. a. soupçonner; s. soupçon, m.MISEMPLOY, v. a. abuser de, employer mal. MISEMPLOYMENT, s. mauvaise usage. MISER, s. un miscrable, un avare. MISERABLE, adj. malheurcux, avare, miséra-MISERABLY, udv. misérablement, en avare. MISERY, s. misère, f. indigence f. [rer. MISFASHION, v. a. faire de travers, défigu-MISFORTUNE, s. infortune, f. malheur, m. MISGIVE, v. a. faire soupçonner. Misgiving, s. soupçon, m. pressentiment, m. MISGOVERN, v. a. gouverner mal. MISGOVERNMENT, s. mauvais gouvernement. MISGUIDANCE, s. fausse direction. Misguide, r. a. diriger mal, égarer. MISHAP, s. malheur, m. désastre, m. MISHAPPEN, r. n. arriver malheureusement. Mishear, v. a. entendre mal. MISHMASH, s. melange, m. fatras, m. tripo-MISINFORM, v. a. informer mal. [tage, m. MISINTERPRETATION, s. mauvaise interpré-MISINTERPRET, v. a. interpréter mal. Misjoin, r. a. joindre mal, assortir mal. Misjunge, r. a. juger mal. Mislay, r. a. déplacer, placer mal. Mislead, v. a. égarer, séduire, tromper. MISLEADER, s. seducteur, m. corrupteur, m. MISLIKE, v. a. désapprouver; s. improbation. MISLIKER, s. désapprobateur, m. MISMANAGE, v. α. ménager mal. MISMANAGEMENT, s. mauvaise conduite. MISMARK, v. a. marquer mal. MISMATCH, v. a. mal-assortir. MISNAME, v. α . nommer mal. MISNOMER, s. accusation sous un faux nom, MISOBSERVE, v. a. observer mal. MISOGAMIST, s. qui hait le mariage. MISOGYNIST, s. un ennemi du sexe. MISORDER, v. a. diriger or conduire mal. MISORDER, s. irrégularité, f. désordre, m. MISORDERLY, adj. irrégulier. MISPEND, v. a. depenser follement. MISPERSUASION, errour, f. opinion erronéc.
MISPLACE, v. n. déplacer, placer mal. MISPOINT, v. a. ponetuer mal. MISPRINT, r. a. faire des fautes d'impres-MISPRISION, s. mépris, m. négligence, f.

133 MOBILE, s. mobile, m. le vulgaire. MISPROPORTION, v. a. proportionner mal. MISQUOTATION, s. fausse citation. MISQUOTE, v. a. citer à faux. MISRECKON, v. a. mécompter, compter mal. MISRECKONING, s. mécompte, m. [nir bien. MISRELATE, v. a. raconter mal. MISREMEMBER, v. a. & n. ne se pas souve-MISREPORT, v. a. faire une faux rapport. MISREPRESENT, v. a. représenter mal. MISREPRESENTATION, s. faux exposé. MISRULE, s. tumulte, m. confusion, f Miss, s. une demoiselle, mademoiselle. Miss, s. perte, f. faute, f. méprise, f. Miss, v. a. manquer, omettre; v. n. se trom-Missal, s. missel, m. [per. MISSERVE, v. a. ne pas servir fidèlement.
MISSHAPE, v. a. défigurer, rendre difforme.
MISSILE, adj. lancé. Missing, adj. qui manque, qui ne se trouve Mission, s. mission, f. legation, f. MISSIONARY, MISSIONER, s. missionnaire, m. Missive, s. lettre, f. missive, f. envoyé, m. Missive weapons, des armes de jet or de MODERATRIX, s. modératrice, f. Modern, adj. moderne, nouveau, de notre. MISSTATE, v. a. établir mal, représenter à MIST, s. brouillard, m. nuage, m. [fau MISTAKE, s. meprise, f. erreur, f. faute, f. MISTAKE, v. a. & n. entendre mal. MISTIME, v. a. faire à contre temps. MODERNISE, v. a. rendre moderne. MODERNS, s. pl. les modernes, m. pl. MODEST, adj. modeste, retenu, honnête. MISTLETOE, s. (a plant) gui, m. MISTRESS, s. maîtresse, f. madame, f. MISTRUST, s. mefiance, f. soupçon, m. MISTRUST, v. a. soupçonner, se méfier de. MISTRUSTFUL, adj. méfiant, défiant. MISTRUSTFULNESS, s. méfiance, f. défiance, MISTY, adj. couvert de brouillards, épais. MISUNDERSTAND, v. a. comprendre mal. MISUNDERSTANDING, s. mal étendu, m. méprise, f. erreur, f. mésintelligence, f. MISUSAGE, s. abus, m. mauvais traitement. MISUSE, s. abus, m.; v. a. abuser, mésuser. MITE, s. calendre, f. charençon, m. une pite. MITELLA, s. (a plant) mitelle, f. Module, s. module, f. MITHRIDATES, s. Mithridate, m. Могету, s. la moitié. MITIGATE, v. a. adoucir, mitiger, alleger. MITIGATION, s. adoucissement, m. mitigabourber. tion, f soulagement, m. MITRE, s. mitre, f. MITRED, adj. mitre, qui porte une mitre. MITTENS, s. pl. mitaines, f. pl. MITTIMUS, s. ordre d'emprisonnement, m. Mix, v. a. mêler, melanger, mixtionner. MIXING, s. melange, m. mixtion, f. MIXI, part. adj. mele, melange, mixte. pierres, une taupe. MIXTION, MIXTURE, s. mixtion, f. melange,

MIXTLY, adv. pêle-mêle, consusément. MIZMAZE, s. un labyrinthe. MIZZEN, s. artimon, m. MIZZEN-MAST, s. mat d'artimon, m. MIZZEN-TOP-MAST, s. perroquet d'artimon, m. MIZZEN-SAIL, s. voile d'artimon, f. MIZZEN-TOP-SAIL, s. voile de perroquet d'artimon, f. MIZZLE, s. bruine, f.; v. imp. bruiner.

MIZZY, s. fondrière, f. [tation, f. MOAN, s. plainte, f. gémissement, m. lamen-MOAN, v. a. & n. déplorer, pleurer. MOANFUL, adj. plaintif, lugubre, triste. MOAPFULLY, adv. d'un ton plaintif. MOAT, s. un fossé; v. a. entourer de fossés. MOB, s. la populace, cornette, f. coiffe, f. MOB, v. a. harasser, importuner, insulter. Mobbish, adj. populaire, tumultueux. Mobby, s. boisson faite avec des patates, f.

Mobility, s. mobilité, f. le vulgaire. Mocнo-sтоме, s dendrite, f. Mock, v. a. & n. tourner en ridicule, se mo-Mock, s. raillerie, f. jouet, m. risée, f. Mock, adj. faux, ironique, de théatre. MOCKADOES, s. moquette, f.
MOCKER, s. moquettr, m. railleur, m.
MOCKERY, s. moquerie, f. raillerie, f. Mocking-BIRD, s. oiseau moqueur. MOCKING-STOCK, s. jouet, m. objet de risée, MODAL, adj. modal, qui concerne la forme. Mode, s. un mode, la mode, manière, f. Model, s. modèle, m. exemple, m. Model, v. a. modéler, tracer, mouler. MODELLER, s. dessinateur, m. inventeur. MODERATE, adj. modere, adouci, retenu, reglé, moyen, modique, médiocre. MODERATE, v. a. modérer, régler, réprimer. MODERATELY, adv. modérément. MODERATION, s. modération, f. retenue, f. MODERATOR, s. modérateur, m. arbitre, m.

Modestly, adv. modestement, honnêtement. Modesty, s. modestie, f. reserve, f. Modesty-Piece, s. une collerette. Modicum, s. un petit morceau, tant soit peu. Modifiable, adj. qui peut être modifié. Modification, s. modification, f. mode, m.

Modify, v. a. modifier, tempérer, modérer. Modillion, s. modillon, m. petite console. Modish, adj. à-la-mode, qui suit la mode. Modishness, s. affection à suivre la mode, f. Modulate, v. a. moduler. MODULATION, s. modulation, m. chant, m. son

MODWALL, s. pic-vert, m. or pivert. MOHAIR, s. moire, f. (sorte d'étoffe.)

Moil, v. a. & n. travailler, se tourmenter, em-

Moist, adj. humide, moite. MOISTEN, v. a. rendre humide or moite. MOISTNESS, MCISTURE, s. moiture, f. suc, m. MOLAR, adj. Molar teeth, les dents molaires. MOLASSES, s. melasse, f. la lie du sucre. Mole, s. mole, f. masse de chair, f. tache or marque sur la pean, f. mole, m. jetée de

MOLECATCHER, s. preneur de taupes, m. tau-

pier, m. Mole-Hill, Mole-Cast, s. une taupinière. MOLE-TRAP, s. une taupière.

Molest, v. a. molester, tourmenter, persecuter.

Molestation, s. importunité, f. vexation, f. Molester, s. importun, m. persécuteur, m. MOLLIENT, adj. émollient.

MOLLIFICATION, s. adoucissement, m. sou-

lagement, m. MOLLIFIER, s. émollient, m. celui qui appaise. Mollify, v. a. amollir, mollifier, adoucir. Molten, part. adj. of To Melt, fondu.

Mome, s. un sot, un stupide. Moment, s. moment, m. consequence, f.

MOMENTALLY, adv. pour un moment. MOMENTANEOUS, MOMENTARY, adj. mentané.

Momentous, adj. important, de conséquence.

MOMMERY, s. momerie, f. Monachal, adj. monacal, de moine, mor. 23-

Monachism, s. état de moine, moinerie, f. MONAD or MONADE, s. monade, f. Dieu, m. Monarch, s. monarque, m.

Monarchal, adj. royal, de roi. MONARCHICAL, adj. monarchique.

MONARCHISE, v. a. trancher du monarque. Monasterial, adj. monastique, monacal.

MONASTERY, s. monastère, m. convent, m. MONASTICAL, MONASTICK, adj. monastique. Monastically, adv. en moine, en reclus.

MONDAY, s. Lundi, m.

Money, s. argent, m. monnoyé, monnoie, f. MONEY-BILL, s. projet d'édit bursal. [f.

MONEY-CHANGER, s. un changeur. Moneyed, adj. pécunieux, riche en argent. MONEYER, s. un banquier, un monnoyeur.

Moneyless, adj. sans argent, pauvre. Money-worth, adj. qui vaut de l'argent. Mong-corn, s. méteil, m.

Monger, s. marchand, m. vendeur, m. MONGREL, adj. métis, créole, mulâtre. MONITION, s. avertissement, m. avis, m. MONITOR, s. censeur, m. admoniteur, m. MONITORY, s. avertissement, m. monitoire, m.

MONITORY, adj. monitorial, instructif. Monk, s. un moine, un religieux.

MONKERY, s. moinerie, f. état monastique, m. MONKEY, s. un singe. A she-monkey, unc guenon.

Monkhood, s. état de moine, m. Monkish, adj. monacal, de moine. Monk's-Hood, s. capucine, f. or aconit, m.

MONOCHORD, s. monocorde, m. MONOCULAR, MONOCULOUS, adj. borgne.

Monody, s. monodie, f.

Monogamy, s. monogamie, f. Monogram, s. monograme, m. chiffre, m. Monologue, s. monologue, m. soliloque, m. MONOMACHY, s. monomachie, f. duel, m.

MONOME, s. monome, f. (terme d'algébre.) MONOPETALOUS. adj. monopétale. MONOPOLIST, MONOPOLISER, s. un mono-

poleur. MONOPOLIZE, v. n. user de monopole, mono-

poler.

MONOPOLY, s. monopole, m. Monosyllabical, adj. monosyllabique. Monosyllable, s. monosyllabe, m.

Monotony, s. monotonie, f. un même ton. Monsoon, s. monson, m. vent réglé, vent de saison.

MONSTER, s. un monstre.

Monstrosity, Monstruosity, s. difformité monstrueuse

Monstrous, adj. monstrueux, prodigieux. Monstrously, adv. prodigieusement. MONSTROUSNESS, s. difformité monstrueuse. MONTANISTS, s. montanistes, m. pl.

MONTERO, s. sorte de bonnet de chasseur. Monteth, s. bassin à rafraîchir, à laver. Month, s. un mois.

MONTHLY, adj. d'un mois, tous les mois. Monthly, adv. une fois par mois, tous les

Montross, s. un souscanonnier. MONUMENT, s. monument, m. tombeau, m. Monumental, adj. mémorial, qui scrt de

Muod, s. mœur, m. mode, m.

monument.

Moody, adj. fantasque, bizarre, capricieux. Moon, s. la lune.

Moon-BEAM, s. rayons lunaires, m. pl. MOON-CALF, s. monstre, m. mole,

Moon-EYED, adj. qui a la vue foible, luna-

Moonlight, s. clair de lune, m. ; adj-éclairé par la lune.

Moonshine, s. clair de lune, m.

Moonshiny, adj. clair, éclairé par la lune.

Moon-struck, adj. lunatique. Moon, s. un marais, un marecage, nègre, m. négresse, f. more, m. moresque, f

Moon, v. a. amarrer, arrêter; v. n. s'arrêter. Moor across or athwart, affourcher.

MOORCOCK, s. foulque mâle, coq de marais. MOORHEN, s. foulque, m. poule d'eau, f.

Mooring, s. amarrage, m.

Moorish, adj. marécageux, moresque, more. Moorland, s. pays marecageux.

Moose, s. renne, f. (d'Amérique.)

Moot, v. n. disputer sur un point de droit.
Moot, Moot-case or Moot-point, s. dis-Moot, Moot-cas pute de droit, f.

Mor, s. torchon, m. moue, f.

Mop, v. a. laver, nettoyer avec un torchon.

More, v. n. rêver, s'abêtir.

MOPED or MOPING, adj. triste, reveur. MOP-EVED, adj. qui a la vue courte, borgue. MOPPET, MOPSEY, s. pouponne, f. poupee, f. MORAL, adj. moral; s. le sens moral.

MORALIST, s. moraliste, m.

MORALITY, s. la morale, moralité, f.

MORALIZE, v. a. & n. moraliser.

MORALISER, s. moraliseur, m. moraliste, m. MORALLY, adv. moralement, vraisemblable

MORALS, s. pl. les mœurs, morales, f. Morass, s. marais, m. marecage, m.

Morbid, adj. malade, maladif.

Morbidness, s. maladie, f. Morbifical, Morbifick, adj. morbifique.

MORDACITY, s. mordacité, f.
MORDICANT, MORDACIOUS, adj. mordant. MORDICATE, v. a. mordre, médire, censurer.

MORDICATION, s. corrosion, f. MORE, adj. s. & adv. plus, davantage, plutot.

So much the more, d'autant plus, More and more, de plus en plus.

MOREL, s. morelle, f. MOREL-CHERRY, s. alkekengi, m.

Moresk or Moresk-work, s. moresque, f. Morigerous, adj. obćissant, morigene, docile.

Morion, s. morion, m. pot en-tête, m. Morling or Mortling, s. la laine d'une

brebis morte, f. Morn (for Morning), s. matin, m. Morning, s. le matin, la matinée.

MORNING-GOWN, s. robe de chambre, f. MORNING-STAR, s. l'étoile du matin, f.

Morose, adj. bourru, bizarre, fantasque. Morosely, adv. d'une manière chagrinc. Moroseness, Morosity, s. humeur cha-

grine. MORPHEW, s. dartres farineuses, f. pl

MORRIS DANCE, s. moresque, f.
MORROW, s. demain, le lendemain. To
morrow, adv. demain. Morrow for Morn Good-morrow, bon jour.

Morse, s. cheval marin, m.

Morsel, s. un morceau. MORTAL, adj. & s. mortel, violent, morte, m. MORTALITY, s. mortalité, f. mort, f.

Mortally, auv. mortellement, à mort. MORTAR, s. mortier, m MORTGAGE, s. nypothèque, f.; v. a. hypothéquer, engager MORTGAGEE, s. celui qui a une hypothèque. MORTGAGER, s. celui qui hypothèque. MORTIFEROUS, adj. mortel. MORTIFICATION, s. mortification, f. macera-MORTIFY, v. a. mortifier, humilier, affliger. MORTIFY, v. n se mortifier, se gâter. MORTISE, s. mortoise, f.: v. a. emmortaiser. MORTMAIN. . amortissement, m. MORTPAY, s. morte paie, m. legs pieux, m. pl. MOSAICAL. MOSAICK, adj. Mosaique, de Moyse. Mosaick work, s. Mosaique, f. Moschatel, s. moscateline, f Moscheto, s. sorte de moucherou or cousin. Mosque, s. mosquee, f. temple Turc. Moss, s. mousse, f. m. Mosses, s. pl. marais, m. pays marécageux, Mossiness, s. coton, m. duvet, m. moisi, m. Mossy, adj. moussu, couvert de mousse. Most, adj. & adv. le plus grand. Most. Most. Most. Most. of all, principalement. Mostick, s. appuimain (de peintre), m. Mostik, adv. le plus souvent, la plûpart du MOTE, s. un atome, un fetu. MOTH, s. teigne, f. (insecte.) temps. MOTH-MULLEIN, s. bouillon blanc, m. MOTH-WORT or MUG-WORT, s. armoise, f. MOTHER, s. mère, f. la matrice, la lie. MOTHER-IN-LAW, s. belle-mère. MOTHER, adj. naturel, maternel. MOTHER OF PEARL, s. mere-perle, f. [sir. MOTHER, v. n. se congéler, s'épaissir, se moi-MOTHERHOOD, s. maternité, f. MOTHERLESS, adj. sans mère. Motherly, adj. maternel, de mère. MOTHERLY, adv. en mère, comme une mère. MOTHERWORT, s. matricaire, f. MOTHERY, adj. charge de lie, coagulé, épais. Mothy, adj. plein de teignes. MOTION, s. mouvement, m. proposition, f. MOTION, v. α . proposer, faire la proposition. MOTIONER, s. celui qui propose une chose. MOTIONLESS, adj. immobile, sans mouve-MOTIVE, adj. moteur, motrice; s. motif, m. Motley, adj. mêlê de différentes couleurs. Motor, s. moteur, m. MOTORY, adj. qui donne la mouvement. MOTTO, s. mot, m. devise, f. ame, f. Mould, s. moule, m. forme, f. jument, f. moisissure, f. terre, f. sol, m. terreau, m. la suture des os de la tête. MOULD, v. a. mouler, modeler, former; v. n. se moisir. MOULDABLE, adj. qu'on peut mouler. Moulder, s. modeleur, mouleur, m. Moulder, v. a. & n. réduire et se réduire eu poussière. en poussiere.
MOULDINESS, s. moisissure.
MOULDING, s. moulure, f. imposte, f.
[chanci. MOULDWARP, s, une taupe. [chanci. Mouldy, adj. moisi, couvert de moisissure, Moult, v. n. muer, changer de plumes. MOULTER, s. jeune canard en mue, m. Mound, s. boulevard, m. haie, f. Mot ND, v. a. munir, retrancher. Motor, s. mont, m. montagne, f.; v. a. mon-MOUNTAIN, s, une montague, un mont. MOUNTAINEER, s. un montagnard, un bandit.

Mountainous, adj. montagneux, de mon-Mountebank, s. un charlatan. [tagnes Mourn, v. α. & n. pleurer, déplorer. MOURNER, s. pleureur, m. MOURNFUL, adj. triste, lugubre, de deuil. MOURNFULLY, adv. tristement, d'un air lugu-MOURNING, s. tristesse, f. deuil, m. [bre. MOUSE, s. une souris; v. n. prendre des sou-MOUSE-EAR, s. oreille de souris, f. Mouse-Hunter, Mouser, s. preneur de MOUSE-TRAP, s. souricière, f. [souris. MOUTH, s. la bouche, la gueule, ouverture, f. entrée, f. moue, f. grimace, f. bouche (d'un canon, d'un four); trou (d'une bouteille); entrée (d'un havre); embouchure (d'une rivière, de quelque instrument à vent, &c.) Mouth, v. a. mâcher, crier fort, gueuler. Mouth-friend, s. faux ami, ami de paroles. Mouthful, s. une bouchée. Move, v. a. mouvoir, remuer, agiter, proposer une chose, émouvoir, exciter; v. n. se mouvoir, changer de place.

MOVEABLE, adj. mobile; s. mobilier, m. MOVEABLES, biens meubles, biens mobiliers. MOVEABLENESS, s. mobilité, f. MoveLess, adj. immobile, sans mouvement. MOVEMENT, s. mouvement, m. MOVER, MOVENT, s. moteur, m. proposant, m. MOVING, part. adj. touchant, pathétique. MOVINGLY, adv. pathétiquement, persuasif. Mow, s. tas, m. monceau, m. grange, f. Mow, v. a. faucher, engranger, moissonner. MOWER, s. faucheur, m. MOYLE, s. un mulet, une greffe. Much, adj. beaucoup de, grand, long. Much, adv. beaucoup, fort, très. How much, combien. As much, tant, autant, tout autant. As much as, autant que. As much more, As much again, une fois autant. So much, autant, tout antant. So much the more, d'autant que. Very much, beaucoup, fort, Much, s. une grande quantité, beaucoup de, grand, cas, valeur, une chose étrange. MUCILAGE, s. mucilage, m. Mucilaginous, adj. mucilagineux. Muck, s. fumier, m. fiente, f. ordure, f. MUCK, v. a. fumer, engrasser avec du fumier. MUCKINDER, s. un mouchoir. MUCKER, v. n. amasser du bien d'une manière sordide. Muckhill, s. un tas de fumier. MUCKINESS, s. ordure, f. malpropreté, f. MUCKWORM, s. un ver de fumier. Mucky, adj. sale, malpropre, vilain. Mucous, adj. glaireux, visqueux. Mucus, s. la morve, glaire, f. MUD, s. vase, f. limon, m. boue, f. fange, f. Mun, v. a. jeter dans la boue. MUDDILY, adv. d'une manière trouble, sale-MUDDINESS, s. saleté, f. MUDDLE, v. a. troubler, rendre trouble. Muddy, adj. boueux, fangeux, trouble. MUDDY, v. a. troubler, rendre trouble. MUDWALL, s. torchis, m. bousillage, m. MUFF, s. un manchon. Muffin, s. galette, f.
Muffie, v.a. affubler, emmitoufler, envelop-MUFFLER, s. un voile, mentonnière, f. MUFTI, s. muphti, m. Mug, s. un godet, un gobelet, un petit pot. Mugwort, s. armoise, f. herbe de St. Jean, f. Muggish or Muggy, adj. moite, humide.

MULATTO, s. mulâtre, m. & f. MULBERRY, s. mûre, f. MULBERRY-TREE, s. un mûrier.

MULE, s. amende, f.; v. a. mettre à l'amende. MULE, s. mule, f. mulet, m. MULE-DRIVER, MULETEER, s. un muletier. MULL, v.a. adoucir une liqueur en la brûlant.

MULLAR, s. molette, f. MULLEIN, s. bouillon, m. bouillon blanc. Petty-mullein, s.

MULLET, s. mulet, m.

MULLIGRUBS, s. colique, f. mauvaise humeur.

MULSE, s. vin miellé

MULTANGULAR, adj. qui à plusieurs angles. MULTIFARIOUS, adj. varié, divers, différent. MULTIFARIOUSNESS, s. variété, f. diversité, MULTIFORM, adj. qui a plusieurs formes. [f.

MULTIPEDE, s. un cloporte.

MULTIPLE, s. multiple. MULTIPLIABLE, MULTIPLICABLE, adj.

multipliable.

MULTIPLICAND, s. le multiplicande. MULTIPLICATION, s. multiplication, f. MULTIPLICATOR, s. multiplicateur, m. MULTIPLICITY, s. multiplicité, f. MULTIPLIER, s. multiplicateur, m.

MULTIPLY, v. a. & n. multiplier, augmenter. MULTIPLYING-GLASS, s. lunette à facettes. MULTITUDE, s. multitude, f. le vulgaire. Mum, s. bière fait avec du fromage, f.

Mum, interj. st! paix! chut! silence! MUMBLER, v. a. marmotter, mâcher, mur-MUMBLER, s. grondeur, m. [murer. MUMBLINGLY, adv. en marmottant.

[quée. MUMM, v. n. se masquer. MUMMER, s. un masque, une personne MUMMERY, s. mascarade, f. momerie, f.

MUMMY, s. moinie, f. MUMP, v. a. grignoter, marmotter, gueuser, écornifler.

MUMPER, s. un gueux, un écornifleur.

Mumps, s. esquinancie, Munch, v. a. & n. mâcher, grignoter. MUNDANE, adj. du monde, mondain.

MUNDANITY, s. mondanité, f.
MUNDATION, MONDIFICATION, s. l'action

de nettoyer, f. MUNDATORY, adj. mondificatif. MUNDIFICATIVE, adj. detersif. MUNDIFY, v. n. nettoyer, mondifier. MUNDUNGUS, s. du tabac puant, rebus, m. MUNERARY, adj. donné en présent. MUNGREL. See Mongrel.

MUNICIPAL, adj. municipal. [libéralité,] MUNIFICENCE, s. munificence, f. lar MUNIFICENT, adj. libéral, généreux. MUNIFICENTLY, adv. libéralement. f. largesse. f.

MUNIMENT, s. défense, f. document, m. liunition, s. munition, f.

MURAL, adj. mural. MURDER, s. meurtre, m. assassinat, m. ho-

mieide, m.; v.a. assassiner. MURDERER, s. meurtrier, m. assassin, m. ho-

micide, m.

MURDERING-SHOT, s. mitraille, f. MURDEROUS, adj. sanguinaire, cruel. MURE, v. a. murer, enfermer de murailles. MURIATICK, adj. qui a un goût de saumure. MURK, s. obscurité, f. peau, f. gousse, f. MURKY, adj. obscur, sombre, nébuleux.

MURMUR, s. murmure, m.; v. n. murmurer. MURMURER, s. murmurateur.

MURMURINGLY, adr. en grondant.

MURRAIN, s. mortalité (parmi le bétail), f.

MURREY, adj. d'un rouge obscur, foncé.

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MURRION, s. morion, m. casque. MUSCADINE, s. muscat, m. muscadin, m. Muscle, s. un muscle, moule, f. Muscosity, s. muscosité, f.

MYR

MUSCULAR, adj. musculaire. Musculous, adj. musculeux, plein de mus-Muse, s. muse, f.; v. n. méditer, songer.

Museful, adj. pensif, rêveur.

Muser, s. rêveur, m. distrait, m. Museum, s. cabinet de curiosités.

Mushroom, s. champignon, m. mousseron, Musical, adj. musical, harmonieux. [m. Musically, adv. musicalement, en musicien.

Musician, s. un musicien. Musick, s. la musique, harmonie, f. mélodie, Musk, s. muse, m.

MUSK-APPLE, s. pomme musquée. MUSK-CAT, s. l'animal qui donne le musc. Musket, s. un mousquet, mouchet, m.

MUSKETEER, s. un mousquetaire. MUSKETOON, s. un mousqueton. MUSKIN, s. mésange, f.

Muskiness, s. odeur de muse, m. Muskito, s. maringouin, m.

Muskmelon, s. melon musqué, m. Musky, adj. musqué, de musc.

Muslin, s. mousseline, f. Musrol, s. muserole, f.

Muss, s. (a scramble) gribouillette, f. Mussulman, s. un musulman.

Must, s. moût, m. vin doux Must, v. imp. falloir, être obligé, devoir. I must do it, il faut que je le fasse.

Must, v. a. & n. faire moisir et se moisir. MUSTACHES, s. des moustaches, f. pl.

MUSTARD, s. moutarde, f MUSTARD-POT, s. moutardier, m.

MUSTER, v. n. & a. se rassembler, faire la revue, rassembler.

MUSTER, s. montre, f. revue, f. une troupe. MUSTER-MASTER, s. commissaire général. MUSTER-ROLL, s. régistre de la revue, f. Mustiness, s. relent, m. goût de moisi, m. Musty, adj. relent, qui sent le moisi.

MUTABILITY. s. mutabilité, f. instabilité, f. MUTABLE, adj. muable, inconstant.

MUTABLENESS, s. muabilité, f. MUTATION, s. mutation, f. changement, m. MUTE, adj. muet, qui ne parle pas; s. une

sourdine, une lettre muette. MUTE, s. fiente d'oiseau, f.; v. n. fienter. MUTELY, adv. en silence.

MUTILATE, v. a. mutiler, tronquer, estropier.

MUTILATION, s. mutilation, f. . MUTINEER, s. un mutin, un homme séditieux. MUTINOUS, adj. mutin, séditieux, factieux.

MUTINOUSLY, adv. en mutin, en séditieux. MUTINY, s. mutinerie, f. sedition, f.

MUTINY, v. n. se muiner, révolter. MUTTER, v. a. & n. marmotter, murmurer.

MUTTERER, s. murmurateur, m.

MUTTERINGLY, adv. en marmottant. MUTTON, s. mouton, m. viande de mouton, f.

MUTUAL, adj. mutuel, réciproque. MUTUALLY, adv. mutuellement, reciproque-MUZZLE, s. museau, m. musle, m. bouche

(d'un canon.) MUZZLE, v. a. emmuseler.

MY, pron. pos. men, ma, mes, à moi. MYOGRAPHY, MYOLOGY, s. myologie, f. MYOPY, s. vue basse, myopie, f.

MYRIAD, s. myriade, f. dix mille, un tres grande nombre.

MYRMIDON, s. mirmidon, m. MYROBALAN, s. mirobolan, m. [parfums, m. MYROPOLIST, s. vendeur d'onguents or de MYRRH, s. (a gum) myrrhe, f. MYRTLE, s. myrte, m. (arbrisseau.) Myself, pron. moi, moi-même. Mysterious, adj. mysterieux, secret, obscur. MYSTERIOUSLY, adv. mysterieusement. Mysteriousness, s. obscurité sacrée. MYSTERY, s. mystere, m. secret, m. MYSTICAL, MYSTICK, adj. mystique, mysté-MYSTICALLY, adv. mystiquement. [rieux. MYSTICALNESS, s. mysticite, f. MYTHOLOGICAL, adj. mythologique. MYTHOLOGIST, s. mythologiste, m. MYTHOLOGIZE, v. n. expliquer les fables. MYTHOLOGY, s. mythologie, f.

N.

NAB, s. tête, f. bonnet, m.; v. a. attraper, NADIR, s. nadir, m. NAIADES, s. pl. Naïades, f. [prendre. NAIL, s. clou, m.; nail smith, cloutier, m.; nail trade, clouterie, f. nail of a finger, on-NAIL-LONG, s. serre, f. griffe, f. [gle. NAIL, v. α. clouer, enclouer. NAILER, s. cloutier. NAKED, adj. nu, dépouillé, évident, simple. NAKEDLY, adv. évidemment, à découvert. NAKEDNESS, s. nudité, f. NAME, s. nom, m. prétexte, m. reputation, f. NAME, v. a. nommer, appeler, déclarer. NAMELESS, adj. anonyme, sans nom. NAMELY, adv. nommément, savoir. NAMER, s. nominateur, m. NAMESAKE, s. qui a le même nom. NAP, s. un somme léger, poil, m. NAP, v. n. sommeiller, chardonner, (du drap.) NAPE, s. la nuque du cou. NAPERY, s. linge de table, m. NAPHEW, s. un navet. NAPHTHA, s. napthe, f. (bitume minéral.) NAPKIN, s. serviette, f. NAPLESS, adj. ras, qui n'a point de poil, uni. NAPPED, part. adj. chardonné, frisé, cotonné. Nappy, adj. chardonné, écumeux. NARCISSUS, s. narcisse, m. NARCOTICAL, NARCOTICK, adj. & s. narco-NARD, s. nard, m. [tique, m. NARRABLE, adj. que l'on peut raconter. NARRATE, v. a. narrer, raconter. NARRATION, s. narration, f. narré, m. récit, NARRATIVE, adj. narratif, qui aime à conter. NARRATIVE, s. narration, f. narré, m. NARRATIVELY, adv. en forme de narré. NARRATOR, s. un narrateur, un conteur. NARROW, adj. étroit, avare, bas, exact. NARROW, v. a. étrécir, rétrécir. NARROWLY, adv. de près, avec soin. NARROWNESS, s. état d'une chose étroite, m. pauvreté, f. bassesse, f. manque de capacité, m. NARWHALE, s. espèce de baleine, f. NASAL, adj. nasal NASTILY, adv. salement, d'une manière sale. NASTINESS, s. saleté, f. obscénité, f. NASTY, adj. sale, mal-propre, obscène. NATAL, adj. natal, de la naissance. NATION, s. une nation. NATIONAL, s. national, public, général. NATIONALLY, adv. par rapport à la nation. NATIVE, adj. naturel, natif, natal. NATIVE, s. natif, m. naturel, m. originaire, f.]]

NATIVITY, s. naissance, f. nativité, f. NATURAL, adj. naturel, physique, propre, libre, vrai, aisé, facile. Natural, s. un idiot, naturel, m. caractère, m. NATURALIST, s. un physicien, un naturaliste. NATURALITY, s. état naturel, m. NATURALIZATION, s. naturalisation, f. natu-NATURALIZE, v. α. naturaliser. [ralité, f. NATURALLY, adv. naturellement. NATURALNESS, s. naturel, m. naturalisme, m. NATURE, s. nature, f. naturel, m. caractère, m. humeur, f. sorte, f. espèce, f. Good-natured, adj. d'un bon naturel. NAVAL, adj. naval. vire f. m. NAVAL-TIMBER, s. courbes or côtés de na-Naught, adj. méchant, mauvais, dissolu ; s. NAUGUTILY, adr. mechamment. [rien, m NAUGHTINESS, s. mechancete, f. malice, f. [rien, on. NAUGHTY, adj. mauvais, mechant, dissolu. NAULAGE, s. naulage, m. [naval, f. NAUMACHY, s. representation d'un combat NAUSEATE, r. a. avoir du dégoût pour. Nauseous, adj. dégoûtant. NAUSEOUSLY, udv. d'une manière dégoûtante. NAUSEOUSNESS, s. dégoût. NAUTICAL, NAUTICK; adj. nautique, de ma-NAUTILUS, s. (a shell fish) nautile, m. NAVE, s. le moyen (d'une roue); la nef (d'une église.) NAVEL, s. le nombril, le centre. [cheval, f. NAVEL-GALL, s. blessure aux rognons d'un NAVEL-WORT, s. (an herb) nombril de Venus, m. NAVEL-STRING, s. cordon ombilical. NAVEW, s. navet, m. NAVIGABLE, adj. navigable. NAVIGATE, v. n. & α. naviguer or naviger. NAVIGATION, s. navigation, f. marine, f. NAVIGATOR, s. marin, m. navigateur, m. NAVY, s. flotte, f. marine, f. NAY, adv. non, même, de plus. NAY or NAYWORD, s. un refus, un démenti. NAZARENE, NAZAREAN, NAZARITE, S. UII Nazarcen. NEAL, v. a. recuire, détremper. NEAP, adj. bas, qui baisse. Neup-tide, basse NEAR, prep. proche, près. NEAR, adv. presque, à peu près, environ. NEAR, adj. proche, intime, epargnant. NEARER, adj. plus proche, plus près. NEAREST, adj. très proche, le plus proche. NEARLY, adi. de près, mesquinement. NEARNESS, s. proximité, f. mesquineric, f. NEAT, adj. élégant, propre, poli. NEAT-HANDED, adj. adroit, habile. NEAT, s. vache or bouf, f.; m. gros betai.. NEATLY, adv. proprement, poliment. NEATNESS, s. beauté, f. propreté, NEBULOUS, adj. nébuleux, chargé de nuages NECESSARIES, s. pl. nécessaire. NECESSARILY, adv. necessairement. NECESSARY, adj. indispensable, necessaire. NECESSITATE, v.a. necessiter, forcer, obliger. NECESSITOUS, adj. nécessiteux, pauvre. NECESSITOUSNESS, NECESSITUDE, s. néces sité, f. NECESSITY, s. nécessité, f. besoin, m. NECK, s. cou, m. la gorge (d'une femme:) collet (de monton;) goulot (d'une bouteille,) m.; langue (de terre;) manche (d'un violon.)

NECK-BAND, le cou or collet d'une chemise. NECK-PIECE, s. le gorgerin (d'une armure.)

NECKERCHIFF, s. mouchoir de cou, m.

NECKCLOTH, s. un tour de cou, un col, une | NESTLING, s. un oiseau pris au nid, un niais. [cravate. NECKLACE, s. un collier. NECROLOGY, s. nécrologe, m. NECROMANCER, s. un nécromancien. NECROMANCY, s. nécromancie, f NECROMANTICK, adj. de nécromancie. NECTAR, s. le nectar. [en nectar. NECTARED, adj. teint de nectar, qui abonde NECTAREAN, NECTARINE, adj. de nectar, [en nectar. NECTARINE, s. pavie, m. NEED, s. besoin, m. affaire, f. indigence, f. NEED, v. a. & n. avoir pesoin, manquer. It needs not, il n'est pas nécessaire. NEEDFUL, adj. nécessaire, indispensable. NEEDFULLY, adr. necessairement. NEEDFULNESS, s. besoin, m. nécessité, f. NEEDILY, adv. pauvrement. NEEDINESS, s. besoin, m. pauvreté, f. di-NEEDLE, s. aiguille, f. [sette, f. NEEDLE-CASE, s. aiguillier, m. Needle-Fish, s. aiguille, f. Needleful, s. une aiguillée (de fil,) &c. Needler, Needlemaker, s. aiguillier, m. NEEDLESSLY, adv. sans nécessité. NEEDLESS, adj. superflu, inutile. NEEDLESSNESS, s. superfluité, f. NEEDLEWORK, s. onvrage à l'aignille, m. NEEDS, adj. nécessairement, absolument. NEEDY, adj. necessiteux, pauvre, indigent. NEER (for NEVER.) adv. jamais. NEF, s. la nef (d'une église.) NEFANDOUS, adj. horrible, détestable. NEFARIOUS, adj. méchant, scélérat. NEGATION, s. négation, f. NEGATIVE, adj. négatif; s. négative, f. NEGATIVELY, adv. négativement. NEGATORY, adj. negatif. NEGLECT, r. a. négliger, manquer à. NEGLECT, s. negligence, f. inattention, f. NEGLECTER, s. negligent, m. NEGLECTFUL, adj. negligent, peu soigneux, inattentif. NEGLECTFULLY, adr. negligemment. NEGLIGENT, adj. negligent, inattentif, pares-NEGLIGENTLY, adv. negligemment. [seu: NEGOTIATE, v. a. & n. negocier, trafiquer. NEGOTIATION, s. négociation, f. négoce, m. NEGOTIATOR, s. negociateur, m. mediateur, NEGRO, s. un nègre, une nègresse. NEIGH or NEIGHING, s. hennissement, m. NEIGH, v. n. hennir. NEIGHBOUR, s. voisin, m.; v. a. avoisiner. NEIGHBOURHOOD, s. voisinage,m.proximité NEIGHBOURING, adj. voisin, proche. [f. NEIGHBOURLY, adj. de bon voisin, honnète, NEIGHBOURLY, adv. en bon voisin. [civil. NEITHER, conj. ni; pron. ni l'un ni l'autre. [verti. NENUPHAR, s. nenuphar, m. NEOPHYTE, s. néophite, m. nouveau con-NEOTERICK, adj. moderne, nouveau. NEP or NIP, s. pouliot sauvage, m. neptha, m. NEPENTHE, s. panacée, f. NEPHEW, s. neveu, m. NEPHRITICK, adj. & s. nephretique. NEPOTISM, s. nepotisme, m. NEREIUES, s. pl. Néréides, f. pl. NEROLY, neroli, m. (parfum.) NERVE, s. nerf, m. force. NERVILESS, adj. sans nerfs, enerve, sans NERVOSITY, s. force, f. energie, f. NERVOUS, adj. nerveux, fort, robuste, solide. NESCIENCE, s. ignorance, f. NEST, s. nid, m. réceptacle, m. retraite, f. NESTLE, v. n. nicher, se nicher, prendre soin.

NET, s. rets, m. filet, m. réseau, m. toiles, f. NETHER, adj. bas, inférieur. NETHERMOST, adj. le plus bas. NETTING, s. ret, m. réseau, m. NETTLE, s. ortie, f. Blind-nettle, s. scrofulaire, f. NETTLE-TREE, s. un alisier. NETTLE, v. a. piquer, aigrir, facher, provo-NETWORK, s. reseau, m. NEUROLOGY, s. néurologic, f. NEUTER, NEUTRAL, s. & adj. neutre, m. NEUTRALITY, s. neutralité, f NEUTRALLY, adv. neutralement. [du tout. NEVER, adv. jamais, ne pas, point, point NEVERTHELESS, conj. cependant, neanmoins. Never so little, quelque peu que ce soit.
NEW adj. neuf, nonveau, nouvel, fraiche,
frais. New-year's-zift, s. étrenne du nou
veau au, f. A new-laid-egg, un œuf frais NEW, adv. nouvellement, de nouveau. NEW-FANGLED, adj. rouvellement inventé. NEWFANGLEDNESS, s. amour de la nonveau-NEWEL, s. novau d'escalier, m. NEWGATE, s. nouvelle porte, prison, m. NEWLY, adv. nouvellement, dernièrement. NEWNESS, s. nouveauté, f. fraîche date, f. NEWS, s. nouvelle, nouvelles, f. pl. NEWS-MONGER, s. un nouvelliste, un gaze-Newt, s. pctit lézard. NEXT, adj. prochain, proche, attenant, voi-sin, contigu, suivant, qui suit. NEXT, adv. immédiatement, puis, ensuite. NIB, s. le bec or pointe (d'une plume,) f. NIBBED, adj. qui a un bec. NIBBLE, v. a. & n. ronger, grignoter, becque-NIBBLER, s. celui qui grignote, un critique. NIBBLINGS, s. pl. rongeurs, f. pl NICE, adj. exact, soigneux, raffiné, recherché, délicat, tendre, chatonilleux. NICEAN, NICENE, adj. de Nicee. NICELY, adr. exactement, délicatement. NICENESS, NICETY, s. exactitude, f. délicatesse, f. raffinement, m. pointillerie, subtilité, f. NICHE, s. une niche. NICK, s. instant précis, à propos, coche, f. Nick. r. a. rencontrer juste, tromper. NICKNAME, s. sobriquet, m.; r. a. donner un NICOTIAN, s. tabac, m. sonriquet. NICTATE, v. n. cligner les yeux. NIDE, s. une nichée, une convée. Nidorous, adj. nidoreux, fetide. NIDULATION, s. le tems que l'oiseau conve. NIECE, s. nièce, f. NIGELLA, s. (a plant) nielle. f. [mesquin. NIGGARD, s. un avare; adj. avare, vilain, NIGGARDLINESS, s. avarice, f. NIGGARDLY, adj. avare: adv. mesquinement NIGGARDNESS. See Niggardliness. NIGH, adj. proche, voisin. NIGH, adr. proche, auprès, tout contre. NIGH, prep. procle de, près de, sous. NIGHLY, adv. à peu près, près, proche. NIGHT, s. nuit, f. soir, m. NIGHT-BRAWLER, s. un tapageur. NIGHT-CAP, s. bonnet de nuit, m. NIGHT-DEW, s. le serein, rosée qui tombe après le coucher du soleil, f. NIGHT-DOG, s. chien qui chasse de nuit, m. NIGHT-DRESS, s. déshabillé, m. NIGHTED, adj. sombre, neir, ténébreux. NIGHTFARING, s. un homme qui voyage la

NIGHTFIRE, s. feu follet. NIGHT-FOUNDERED, adj. qui est perdu. NIGHTGOWN, s. robe de chambre, f. NIGHT-HAWK, s. hulote (oiseau de nuit.) NIGHTINGALE, s. un rossignol, (oiseau.) NIGHTLY, adv. de muit, pendant la nuit. NIGHTMAN, s. gadouard, m. vidangeur, m. NIGHTMARE, s. incube, m. cauchemar, m. NIGHTRAIL, s. un peignoir. [nuit, NIGHT-REVELLINGS, s. réjouissances de NIGHTSHADE, s. morelle, f. belle de nuit, f NIGHT-STUDIES, s. veilles, f. Ide nuit. NIGHT-WALKER, s. un coureur, une coureuse NIGHTWARD, adv. qui se fait le soir. NIGHTWATCHES, s. les veilles de la nuit, f. NIHILITY, s. néant, m. nullité, f. NILL, s. étincelles, f. pl. bluettes, f. pl. NILL, adv. ne vouloir pas. Nim, v. a. prendre, dérober, escamoter. NIMBLE, adj. agile, dispos, vif, actif, leste. NIMBLENESS, s. agilité, f. activité, f. NIMBLY, adv. agilement, lestement. NIMMER, s. un voleur, un filou. NINE, adj. & s. neut.* NINE-FOLD, s. neuf fois autant, m. NINE-HOLES, s. troumadame, m. NINE-PINS, s. quilles, f. jeu de quilles, m. NINE-SCORE, adj. cent quatre-vingt. NINETEEN, adj. & s. dix-neuf, m. NINETEENTH, adj. dix-neuvième NINETY, adj. & s. quatre-vingt-dix, nonante. NINNY, NINNYHAMMER, s. un sot, un niais, NINTH, adj. neuvième. NINTHLY, adr. neuvièvement. fun imbécile. Ninetieth, adj. quatre-vingt-dixième, nonantième. Nip, s. atteinte, f. coup d'ongles or de dents. Nip, r. a. pincer, égratigner. NIPPERS, s. pl. pincettes, f. [dant. NIPPING, adj. fort, piquant, perçant, mor-NIPPINGLY, adv. satiriquement. NIPPLE, s. le mammeton, le bout de la mam-NIT, s. lente, f. [melle. NITID, adj. luisant, brillant, lustre. NITRE, s. nitre, m. NITROUS, NITRY, adj. nitreux, plein d nitre. NITTY, adj. plein de lentes. NIVAL, adj. plein de neige. NIVEOUS, adj. couleur de neige. No, adv. non, ne pas, ne point. No, adj. nul, aucun. NOBILITATE, v. a. ennoblir, faire noble. NOBILITY. s. noblesse, f. les nobles, m. NOBLE, adj. noble, grand, illustre, sublime. NOBLE, NOBLEMAN, s. un noble. NOBLENESS, s. noblesse, f. grandeur, f. NOBLY, adv. noblement, splendidement. NOBLY-BORN, adj. noble d'extraction. NOBODY, s. personne, aucun, pas un, nul. NOCENT, adj. coupable, criminel, nuisible. NOCK, s. coche, f. fente, f. fondement, m. NOCTAMBULE, NOCTAMBULIST, s. noctambule, m. & f.NOCTURN, s. nocturne, m. NOCTURNAL, adj. nocturne; s. un nocturlabe. NoD, s. signe de la tête, m. Non, v. n. faire signe de la tête, s'assoupir. Nodder, s. qui fait signe de la tête. Noddle, s. la caboche Noddy, s. un niais, un idiot. None, s. un nœud, le point d'intersection.

Nodosity, s. multitude de nœuds, f. Nodous, adj. noueux, compliqué, difficile.

Noggin, s. godet, m. gobelet, m

Noise, s. son, m. bruit, m. fracas, m. éclat, m. Noise, r. α. faire du bruit, divulguer, publier. Noiseful, adj. bruyant. Noisiness, s. tumulte, m. grand bruit. Noisome, adj. nuisible, mauvais. Noisomeness, s. qualité dégoûtante, Noisy, adj. bruyant, pétulant, turbulent. Nombril, s. le nombril de l'écu. Nomenclator, s. nomenclateur, m. NOMENCLATURE, s. vocabulaire, f. NOMINAL, adj. de nom, titulaire, nominal. Nominally, adr. nominément. NOMINATE, v. a. nommer, choisir, désigner. Nomination, s. nomination, f. Nominative, s. & adj. nominatif, m. Non-Ability, s. exception, f. Nonage, s. minorité, f. bas age, m. Nonagon, s. nonagone, m. NON-APPEARANCE, s. défaut, m. absence, f. Non-conformist, s. un non-conformiste. Non-conformity, s. non-conformité, f None, adj. aucun, nul, personne, pas un. NONENTITY, NONEXISTENCE, s. non-existence, f. rien, m. Nones, s. pl. nones, f. pl. Nonesuch, s. sans pareille, nonpareille, f. Nonjuror, s. nonjurant, m. recusant, m. NONPAREIL, s. nonpareille, f. Non-performance, s. inexecution, f. Nonplus, s. bout, m. embarras; v. NONRESIDENCE, s. absence, f. fondre. NONRESIDENT, s. absent, m. NONRESISTANCE, s. obéissance passive, f. Nonsense, s. absurdité, f. galimatias, m. Nonsensical, adj. absurde, impertinent. Nonsensically, adv. contre le bon sens. Nonsensicalness, s. absurdité, Nonsolvent, s. & adj. insolvable, m. Nonsuit, s. désertion de cause, f. Nonsuit, r. a. condamner par désertion de NON-TERM, s. vacation, f Noodle, s. un niais, un benét, une buse. Nook, s. coin, m. recoin, m. réduit, m. Noon, s. midi, m. milieu du jour, m. NOON-DAY, s. midi, m. plein-jour, m. Nooning, s. la méridienne. NOONTIDE, s. & adj. midi, m. de or du midi. Noose, s. nœud coulant, piège, m. Noose, v. a. prendre dans un piège. Non, conj. ni et ne. NORTH, s. nord, m. septentrion, m. NORTH, adj. du nord, arctique, septentrional. NORTH-EAST, s. nord-est, m. [tentrional. NORTHERLY, NORTHERN, adj. du nord, sep-NORTH-STAR, s. l'étoile polaire. NORTHWARD, NORTHWARDS, adj. vers le nord, au nord. NORTH-WEST, s. nord-ouest, m. [bise. NORTH-WIND, s. le vent de bise, le nord, la NORWAY, s. la Norvège. Nose, s. le nez; v. a. sentir, faire face. NoseBand, s. muserole, f. muselière, f. NoseBleed, s. milleseuille, f. (plante.) NoseGay, s. un bouquet (de sleurs.) Noseless, adj. sans nez. Nosle, s. le hout (de quelque chose.)
Nostril, s. narine, f. les naseaux d'un che-Nostrum, s. remède secret. [val, &c. Not, adv. non, ne pas, ne point, pas. NOTABLE, adj. notable, remarquable, grand. NOTABLENESS, s. singularité, f. habilité, f. NOTABLY, adr., notablement, beaucoup, très NOTARIAL. adj. notarial, notarie. NOTARY, s. notaire, m. tabellion, m.

NOTATION, s. marque, f. remarque, f. Noтch, s. coche, f. cran, m. entaille, f. Noтch, n. a entailler, couper inégalement. NOTE, s. note, f. marque, f. signe, m. point, m. avis, m. reinarque, f. distinction, f. consequence, f. billet, m. écrit, m. promesse par écrit, f. Note of hand, billet, m. promesse par écrit.

Notes, s. notes, f. pl. chiffres, m. pl. Note, v. a. noter, observer, remarquer. Notebook, s. souvenir, m. [ble. Noted, part. adj. note, fameux, remarqua-Noter, s. qui note, qui fait des remarques. Nothing, s. rien, m. néant, m. ne pas, ne

point, point du tout, aucun nul. Norhingness, s. néant, m. Notice, s. connoissance, f. avis, m. remarque, f. garde, f. semblant, m. Notification, s. déclaration, f. avis, m. Notify, v. a. notifier, déclarer. Notion, s. notion, f. idée, f. pensée, f. Notional, adj. idéal, imaginaire, mental. Notoriety, s. notorieté, f. évidence, f. Nororious, adj. notoire, public, évident. Noroniously, adv. notoirement. Notoriousness, s. évidence, f. publicité, f.

Norwithstanding, conj. nonobstant, mal-Nought, s. rien, m. néant, m. zéro, m. [fomentir. Noun, s. un nom. Nourish, v. a. nourrir, alimenter, entretenir, Nourishable, adj. qui peut être nourri. Nourisher, s. nourricier, m.

Nourishing, adj. nourrissant, nutritif. Nourishment, s. nourriture, f. aliment, m. Nousel, v. a. & n. nourrir, attraper. NOVALE, s. novale, f

NOVATION, s. innovation, f. novation, f. NOVATOR, s. novateur, m.

Novel, adj. nouveau, nouvel. Novel, s. nouvelle, f. historiette, f. NOVELIST, s. novateur, m. nonveliste, m. Novelty, s. nouveauté, f.

NOVEMBER, s. Novembre. NOVENARY, s. neuf, m. Novercal, adj. de marâtre.

NOVICE, s. apprenti, m. novice, m. NOVICIATE, s. noviciat, m. apprentissage, m.

Novity, s. nouveauté, f. Now, adv. à présent, maintenant. Now and then, quelquefois, de temps en temps.

Now, conj. or; s. le moment présent. Now-A-DAYS, adv. aujourd'hui, à-present.

NOWHERE, adr. nullepact. Nowise, adv. nullement.

Noxious, adj. musible, malfaisant; malsain. Noxiousness, s. qualité musible, f. Noxiously, adv. d'une manière musible.

Nozzle, s. le nez, le bout, tuyau, m. NUBILE, adj. nubile.

NUBILOUS, adj. nebuleux, sombre. Iment. NUDDLE-ALONG, r. n. aller vite et negligem-NUDE, adj. nud, simple, vide, depouillé.

NUDITY, s. nudité, f. parties nues. NUEL, s. noyau, m. vis, m.

NUGACITY, s. frivolité, f. badinage, m. NUGATORY, adj. badin, futile, frivole. Nuisance, s. dommage, m. tort, m. Null, adj. nul, invalide, sans force.

Nu L, v. a. annuller, invalider, casser. NULLIFY, r. a. annuller, casser, rendre nul.

NULLITY, s. nullité, f. non-existence. m. NUMB, adj. engourdi; v. a. engourdir. NUMBER, s. nombre, m. numero, m.

NUMBER, v. a. nombrer, compter, supputer. NUMBERER, s. celui qui compte. NUMBERLESS, adj. innombrable, sans nombre. NUMENESS, s. engourdissement, m. NUMERABLE, adj. qui peut se compter. NUMERAL, adj. numéral, qui marque un nombre.

NUMERALLY, adv. selon le nombre. NUMERARY, adj. qui regarde un certain NUMERATION, s. numeration, f. Inombre. NUMERATOR, s. numérateur, m.

NUMERICAL, adj. numérique, de nombre.

NUMERO, s. numéro, m. nombre, m. NUMEROSITY, s. grand nombre, harmonie, f NUMEROUS, adj. nombreux, harmonieux. Numerousness, s. grand nombre, harmonio. Numismatick, adj. nomismatique. Nummary, adj. qui regarde la monnoie.

NUMBSKULL, s. une bete, un hébété.

NUN, s. un religiense, une nonne. Nunchion, s. le goûté. NUNCIATURE, s. nonciature, f.

Nuncio, s. nonce, m. NUNCUPATIVE, NUNCUPATORY, adj. nun-

cupatif, verbal. NUNDINAL, NUNDINARY, adj. nundinate. NUNNERY, s. un couvent de religieuses. NUPTIAL, adj. nuptial, de noces, conjugal.

NUPTIALS, s. le mariage, les noces, f. pl. NURSE, s. une nourrice, une garde.

NURSE, v. a. nourrir, élever, garder. NURSERY, s. la condition d'une nourrice ; un nourrisson, l'endroit où l'on éleve des enfans à la mammelle, une pépinière d'arbres, un

séminaire de jeunes gens NURSLING, s. un nourrisson NURTURE, s. nourriture, f. éducation, f. NURTURE, v. a. nourrir, élever.

Nustle, r. a. mignarder, dorloter. NUT; s. noix, f. noisette, f. A wall-nut, une grosse noix. Hazel-nut or Small nut, une noisette. A Chest-nut, une châtaigne.

Nut of a printing-press, éerou de presse, m. Nut of a cross-bow or gun, la noix d'une arbalete or d'une arme à feu.

Nut-erown, adj. châiain. NUT-CRACKERS, s. un casse-noisette. NUT-GALL, s. noix de galle, f.

Nutmeg, s. noix muscade, f. muscade, f. Nutriment. Nutrition, s. murition, f. Nutritious, Nutritive, adj. nourrissam.

NUTRITUKE, s. qualité nutritive, f. NUTSHELL, s. écale de noix, f. NUTTEREE, s. nover, m. noisettier, m. NUZZLE, r. a. & n. nourrir, fouilier, se ca-

Numeri, s. nymphe, f. Numeria, Numerious, adj. de nymphe.

O, interj. O! ha! plåt à Dieu! OAF, s. un lesbété, un imbécille.

OAFISH, adj. stupide, unocene, beleditie, f. OAFISHNES, s. stupide, f. imbécilité, f. OAK, s. chène, m. bois du chène, m. Holm-f. chône vert, m. The gall-

bearing out, rouvre. m.

OAK-APPLE, s. noix de galle, f. Oaken, adj. de chène.

OAK-GHOVE, s. chênaie, f. bois planté de chènes, m.

OAKUM, s. fil de carret, m.

OAR, s. rame, f.; r. n. & a. ramer. OARY, adj. qui sert de rame.

OATEN, adj. d'avoine. [phème, m.] OATH, s. serment, m. jurement, m. blas-OATHBREAKING, s. un parjure. OATMEAL, s. gruau or farine d'avoine, m. f. OATS, s. avoine, f. Wild oats, haveron, m. OBDUCE, v. a. couvrir, enduire, revêtir, ca-OBDURACY, s. endurcissement, m. fcher. OBDURATE, adj. endurci; v. a. endurcir. OBDURATELY, adv. obstinément. OBDURATENESS, OBDURATION, s. endurcissement, m. OBEDIENCE, s. obéissance, f. soumission, f. OBEDIENT, adj. obeissant, soumis. OBEDIENTLY, adv. avec obeissance. OBEISANCE, s. reverence, f. prosternation, f. OBELISK, s. obélisque, m. OBERRATION, s. l'action d'errer ça et là. OBESENESS, OBESITY, s. obesite, f. OBEY, v. a. obéir, obtempérer. OBJECT, s. objet, m. sujet, m. matière, m. OBJECT, v. a. objecter, opposer, exposer. OBJECTGLASS, s. verre objectif. OBJECTION, s. objection, f. difficulté, f. reproche, m. OBJECTIVE, adj. objectif. OBJECTOR, s. celui qui fait des objections. OBIT, s. obit, m. [proche [procher. OBJURGATE, v. a. censurer, réprimander, re-OBJURGATION, s. censure, f. réprimande, f. OBJURGATORY, adj. plein de reproches. OBLAT, s. obiat, m. moine lai, m. OBLATE, adj. aplati vers les poles. OBLATION, s. oblation, f. offrande, f. OBLECTATION, s. délices, f. pl. joie, f. OBLIGATE, v. a. obliger par contrat. OBLIGATION, s. obligation, f. engagement, OBLIGATORY, adj. obligatoire. [sir. OBLIGE, v. a. obliger, contraindre, faire plai-OBLIGEE, s. celui à qui l'on a imposé une obligation. OBLIGEMENT, s. obligation, f. OBLIGER, s. celui qui oblige par contrat. Obliging, adj. obligeant, officieux, konnête. Obligingly, adv. obligeamment. OBLIGINGNESS, s. obligation, f. civilité, f. OBLIQUE, adj. oblique, de biais, de travers, insidieux. Obliquency, adv. obliquement. OBLIQUENESS, OBLIQUITY, s. obliquité, f. OBLITERATE, v. a. effacer, détruire. OBLITERATION, s. l'action d'effacer, de dé-OBLIVION, s. oubli, m. [truire. Oblivious, adj. oublieux. Oblong, adj. oblong. [sure, f. Obloquy, s. médisance, f. blame, m. cen-OBMUTESCENCE, s. perte de la parole, OBNOXIOUS, adj. sujet, exposé, coupable. Obnoxiously, adv. dans un état de sujétion. ORNOXIOUSNESS, s. sujétion, f. OBNUBILATE, v. a. obscureir, rendre obscur. OBOLE, s. obole, f. petit poids de douze OBREPTION, s. obreption, f. OBREPTITIOUS, adj. obreptice. [grains. [modeste. OBSCENE, adj. obscene, sale, impudique, im-OBSCENELY, adv. d'une manière obscène. OBSCENENESS, OBSCENITY, s. obscénité, f. OBSCURATION, s. obscurcissement, m. OBSCURE, adj. obscur, ténébreux, bas. OBSCURE, v. a. obscurcir, éclipser, effacer. OBSCURELY, adr. obscurement. OCCUPATION, s. possession, f. occupation, f. OCCUPIER, s. possesseur, m. tenancier, m. OBSCURENESS, OBSCURITY, s. obscurité, f. OBSECRATE, v. o. prier, supplier, conjurer.
OBSECRATION, s supplication, f. instance, f. Occuper, v. a. occuper, remplir, tenir

OBSEQUIES, s. pl. obsèques, f. pl. dane OBSEQUIOUS, adj. complaisant, condescen OBSEQUIOUSLY, adr. avec condescendance. Obsequiousness, s. complaisance, f. Observable, adj. notable, remarquable. Observably, adv. d'une manière remar-OESERVANCE, s. respect, m. egard, m. sou mission, f. pratique, f. observance, f. OBSERVANT, adj. attentif, exact, soigneux. OBSERVATION, s. observation, f. remarque OBSERVATOR, s. observateur, m. OBSERVATORY, s. observatoire, m. OBSERVE, v. a. observer, remarquer, garder. OBSERVER, s. observateur, m. Observingly, adv. attentivement. Obsolete, adj. vieux, suranne, hors d'usage. OBSOLETENESS, s. état de ce qui est suranné. OBSTACLE, s. obstacle, m. empêchement, m. OBSTETRICK, adj. qui accouche. OBSTINACY, s. obstination, f. opiniâtreté, f. OBSTINATE, adj. obstiné, opiniatre, entier. OBSTINATELY, adv. obstinément. OBSTINATENESS, s. obstination, f. opiniatreté, OBSTREPEROUS, adj. bruyant, étourdissant. OBSTRICTION, s. obligation, f. lien, m. OBSTRUCT, r. a. boucher, fermer, obstruer. OBSTRUCTER, s. celui qui empêche. OBSTRUCTION, s. obstruction, f. opposition, f. OBSTRUCTIVE, OBSTRUENT, adj. obstructif. OBTAIN, v. a. obtenir, acquerir; v. n. s'etablir, prévaloir, s'emporter. OBTAINABLE, adj. qu'on peut procurer.
OBTAINER, s. celui qui obtient, qui remporte. OBTAINING, s. obtention, f. tempérer. OBTEMPERATE, v.n. obeir, se soumettre, ob-OBTEMPERATION, s. oberssaure, f. OBTEND, v. a. opposer, pretendre. OBTEST, v. a. demander, conjurer. OBTESTATION, s. supplication, f. prière, f. instance, f. OBTRECTATION, s. médisance, f. OBTRUDE, v. a. intruire, introduire, établir par violence or par fraude, imposer, se OBTRUSION, s. intrusion, f. [fourrer. OBTUSE, adj. obtus, sourd. ORTUSENESS, s. stupidité, f. ORTUSION, s. l'action d'émousser. OBUMBRATE, r.a. ombrager, couvrir d'ombre. OBVENTION, s. profits, m. pl. casuel, m. OBVERT, v. n. tourner vers. OBVIATE, r. a. obvier, prévenir, aller au de-OBVIOUS, adp. commun, sensible, clair. OBVIOUSLY, adr. evidenment, clairement. OBVIOUSNESS, s. clarte, f. evidence, f. Occasion, s. occasion, f. cause, f. besoin. no Occasion, v. a. occasionner, causer. Occasional, adj. accidentel, casuel, occasionnel. Occasionally, adv. par cecasion. [cident. OCCIDENT, s. l'occident, m. OCCIDENTAL, adj. d'ouest, occidental, d'oc-Occiduous, adj. caduc, quiest sur son déclie. Occiput, s. occiput, m. Occision, s. meurtre, m. carnage, m. Occult. adj. occulte, secret, cache. Occultation, s. occultation, f. Occupancy, s. prise de possession, f. OCCUPANT, s. possesseur, m. OCCUPATE, v. a. posseder, tenir, occuper.

OFF Occur, v. n. se présenter, se rencontrer. OCCURRENCE, s. événement, m. accident, m. OCCURRENT, adj. accidentel, casuel. Occursion, s. choc, m. rencontre, f. Ocean, s. l'océan, m.; adj. de l'ocean. Ochre, s. ocre, f. (sorte de terre.) OCHREOUS, OCHERY, adj. d'ocre. OCTAGON, s. octogone, m. OCTAGONAL, OCTANGULAR, adj. octogone. OCTAVE, s. octave, f. OCTAVO, adj. in-octavo. OCTENNIAL, adj. de huit ans. OCTOBER, s. Octobre, m. OCTOGENARY, adj. octogénaire. Ocular, adj. oculaire. Oculate, adj. clairvoyant, qui a de bon Oculist, s. oculiste, m. Oculus Christi, s. [yeux. orvale sauvage (herbe), f. ODD, adj. impair, non pair, déparié, déparcillé, étrange, extraordinaire, bizarre, malheureux, mauvais, au delà (d'un nombre Oddly, adv. étrangement, en nombre impair. Oddness, s. bizarrerie, f. singularité, f. Odds, s. différence, f. disparité, f. avantage, m. le dessus, différent, m.
ODE, s. ode, f. (poëme lyrique.)
OD10US, adj. odieux, hatssable, détestable. ODIOUSLY, adv. odieusement. Odiousness, s. énormité, f. atrocité, f. Odium, s. faute, f. blâme, m. Odontalgick, adj. odontalgique. [odorant. ODORATE, ODORIFEROUS, ODOROUS, adj. ODOUR, s. odeur, f. senteur, f. OECONOMICAL, OECONOMICK, adj. economique. OECONOMICKS, s. economie, f. OECONOMY, s. économie, f. [universel. OECUMENICAL, adj. écuménique, général, OEDEMA, s. œdème, f. (tumcur.) OEDEMATICK, OEDEMATOUS, adj. cedema-O'ER for OVER, which see. feux. OESOPHAGUS, s. cesophage, m. Of old, OF, prep. de, du, de la, des, en, par. anciennement, jadis, autrefois. OFF, adv. de, éloigné or hors, quitte de. Far off, loin. A great vay off, fort loin. Off the cape of, à la hanteur du cap de. Off with your hat, chapeau has. To be off with with your hat, chapeau has. a thing, être dégoûté d'une chose. I am off, je n'en suis plus, je m'en dédis. To be well off, se tirer heureusement d'affaire. To be off and on, être irrésolu. OFF-HAND, adv. d'abord, sur le champ. OFF-RAND, act through the many of the tenth of the many of the man take offence at, s'offenser, se choquer de. OFFENCEFUL, adj. injurieux. OFFENCELESS, adj. innocent. Offend, v. a. offenser, injurier, incommo-moder, blesser; v. n. faillir, pecher. OFFENDER, s. délinquant, m. malfaiteur, m. OFFENSIVE, adj. offensant, injurieux, malfai-[sivement. sant, mauvais, offensif. OFFENSIVELY, adv. injurieusement, offen-OFFER, s. offre, f proposition, f. [f. OFFER, v. a. offr . presenter, proposer, tenter, faire, porter, commencer, exposer; r. n. s'offiir, se présenter, entreprendre;

s'engager, proposer, prétendre.

OF ERER, s. celui qui fait une offrande. OFFERING, s. offrande, f. sacrifice, m. OFFERTORY, s. offertoire (de la messe,) m. Office, s. office, m. charge, f. place, f. emploi, m. dignité, f. usage, m. action, f. bureau, m. comptoir, m. service, m. plaisir m. office (d'une maison,) les commodités, f. la garderobe. OFFICER, s. un officier, un sergent. OFFICERED, adj. commandé. Official, s. official, m.; adj. officiel. OFFICIALTY, s. officialité, f. Officiate, v. a. administrer; v n. officier. OFFICINAL, adj. qui appartient à une bou-Officious, adj. officieux, serviable. [tique. Officiously, adr. officieusement. Officiousness, s. bonté, f. bienveillance, f. Offing, s. le largue, f. (terme de marin.) OFFSCOURING, s. les lavures, f. pl. Offset, s. bourgeon, m. rejeton, m. OFFSPRING, s. postérité, f. race, f. lignée, f. OFFUSCATE, v. a. offusquer, obscurcir. OFT, OFTEN, OFTTIMES, OFTENTIMES, adv. souvent, frequemment, plusieurs fois. OGLE, v. a. lorguer, regarder du coin de l'œil. OGLE, s. coup d'œil, m. œillade, f. OGLER, s. lorgneur, m. lorgneuse, f. Oglio, s. oille, f. salmigondis, m. Он, interj. O! oh! hélas! ouf! ha! OIL, s. huile, f.; v. a. huiler. $\lceil m \rceil$ OIL-GOLOUR, s. conleur à l'huile, f. huilier, OILINESS, s. huile, f. graisse, f. onctuosité, f. OILMAN, s. vendeur d'huile, m. OILY. adj. huileux, oléagineux, onctueux. OINT, v. a. oindre. [gras. OINTMENT, s. onguent, m. OLD, adj. vieux, viel, agé, usé, ancien, anold, adj. view, viet, agg, asc, ancien, antique, suranne, qui dure depuis long-temps.
Or old, adv. jadis, autrefois.
Older, adj. plus vieux, plus âgé.
Older, adj. le plus vieux, le plus âgé. [lir.
Oldish, adj. vieillot, qui commence à vieil-OLDNESS, s. vieillesse, f. antiquité, f.
OLEAGINOUS, adj. oléagineux, huileux, onc-OLEAGINOUSNESS, s. onctuosité, f. [tueux. OLEASTER, s. olivier sauvage, m. OLFACTORY, adj. olfactoire, qui sert à l'odo-OLID, OLIDOUS, adj. puant, fétide. [rat. OLIGARCHICAL, adj. oligarchique, aristo-OLIGARCHY, s. oligarchie, f. aristocratie, f OLITORY, adj. qui concerne le jardin potager. OLIVASTER. adj. olivâtre.
OLIVASTER. adj. olivâtre.
OLIVE, s. olivier, m. olive, f.
OLYMPIAD, s. olympiade, f. 4 ans.
OLYMPIAN, OLYMPICK, adj. olympiade, f. olympique OLYMPUS, s. Olympe, m. [olym OMBRE, s. hombre, f. (jcu de cartes.) OMELET, s. une omelette or aumulette. OMEN, s. augure, m. présage, m. yaux. OMENTUM, s. la coiffe qui couvre les bo-OMINATE, v. a. présager, augurer. Ominous, adj. de mauvais augure. OMINOUSLY, adv. d'une manière qui présage. OMISSION, s. omission, f. manquement, m. OMIT, v. a. omettre, laisser, oublier. OMNIFARIOUS, adj. de toute espèce. OMNIFEROUS, adj. qui produit toutes choses. OMNIFORM, adj. qui a toutes les formes. Omnigenous, adj. de toute espèce.

OMNIPARENT, adj. qui produit toutes cho-

OMNIPOTENCE, OMNIPOTENCY, s. toute-pu.

issance, f.

OPPIDAN, s. habitant de la ville, m.

OPPIGNERATE, v. a. mettre en gage

OPIUM, s. opium, m.

148 OMNIPOTENT, adj. tout puissant. OMNIPRESENCE, s. immensité, f. OMNIPRESENT, adj. qui est présent par-tout. OMNISCIENCE, s. connoissance infinie. OMNISCIENT, adj. qui sait tout. OMOLOGY, s. ressemulance, f. conformité, f. OMPHALOPTICK, adj. & s. omphaloptre. OMOPLATE, s. omoplate, f. On, prep. sur, à, au, aux, de, du, dela, en, dans. On a sudden, tout d'un coup, tout à coup. On foot or on horseback, à pied ou à cheval. On purpose, à dessein, expres. On the contrary, au contraire. On, aut. de suite. On, à la suite des verbes exprime la conti-nuation de leur action. To play on, con-tinuer de jouer. To go on, continuer de marcher, passer outre. ONCE, adv. une fois, autrefois, jadis. At once. tout d'un temps, en même temps. All at once, tout à la fois, tout d'un coup. ONE, adj. & s. un, le même, une personne, quelqu'un, tel, on, l'on, l'un, l'autre. One's, son, sa, ses. ONE-EYED, adj. borgne, qui n'a qu'un œil. ONE-HANDED, adj. manchot. ONEIROCRITICK, s. interprète des songes, m. ONENESS, s. unité, f. ONERARY, adj. de charge, de bât. ONERATE, r. a. charger, accabler. ONEROUS, adj. onereux, accablant. ONION, s. un oignon. [ment. ONLY, adj. seul, unique. ONLY, adv. seulement, uniquement, simple-ONOMANCY, s. l'art de deviner par le moyen ONSET, s. attaque, f. [des noms, m. ONSET, s. attaque, f. ONSLAUGHT, s. assaut, m. ONTOLOGY, s. l'ontologie, f. la métaphysique. ONWARD, adv. en avant, progressivement. ONYX, s. onyx, m. espèce d'agathe. OOZE, s. boue. f. vase, f. marais, m. Ooze, r. n. couler doucement, suinter. Oozy, adj. boueux, marécageux, de marais. OPACATE, v. a. obscureir, ombrager. OPACITY, s. opacité, f. OPACOUS, OPAQUE, adj. opaque. OPEN, r. a. & n. ouvrir, découvrir, commencer, fendre, percer, entimer.

OPEN, adj. ouvert, découvert, évident, clair, déclaré, sincère, franc, commence. *OPENER, s. celui qui ouvre, qui explique. OPENEYED, adj. soigneux, vigilant, attentif. OPENHEARTED, adj. genereux, liberal. OPENHEARTED, adj. ouvert, franc. sincère. OPENING, s. ouverture, f. découverte, f. OPENLY, adv. ouvertement, clairement. OPEN-MOUTHED, adj. gueule béante. OPENNESS, s. clarie, f. evidence, f. fran-OPERA, s. opéra. Chise, f. OPERABLE, adj. praticable. OPERATE, r. n. operer, agir, avoir son effet. OPERATION, s. operation, f. action, f. OPERATIVE, adj. qui opere, efficace, actif. OPERATOR, s. un ouvrier, un opérateur. OPEROSE, adj. laborieux, penible, fatigant. OPHTHALMICK, adj. & s. ophthalmique. OPHTHALMY, s. ophthalmie, f. Cotique. OPIATE, s. opiat, m. : adj. soporifique, nar-OPINE, v. n. opiner, penser, juger. OPINIATIVE, adj. opiniatre, imaginaire. OPINIATOR, s. un homme attaché à ses idées. OPINIATRE, adj. opiniatre, obstine,

OPPILATE, v. a. opiler, causer quelque of OPPILATION, s. opilation. [sti Estruction OPPONENT, s. antagoniste, m. OPPONENT, adj. oppose, contraire. [pre: OPPORTUNE, adj. à propos, convenable, pro-OPPORTUNELY, adv. à propos, convenable-OPPORTUNITY, s. occasion, f. [ment. OPPOSE, v. a. & n. résister, combattre, s'op-OPPOSELESS, adj. irresistible. poser. OPPOSER, s. antagoniste, m. adversaire, m. OPPOSITE, adj. oppose, contraire. [rival, m. ()PPOSITE, s. antagoniste, m. opposé, m. OPPOSITE, OPPOSITELY, adv. vis-à-vis. OPPOSITION, s. opposition, f. contrariété, f. OPPRESS, v. a. opprimer, accabler. OPPRESSION, s. oppression, f. accablement, OPPRESSIVE, adj. tyrannique, accablant. OPPRESSOR, s. oppresseur, m. tyran, m. OPPROBRIOUS, adj. injurieux, offensant. OPPROBRIOUSLY, udv. injuricusement. OPPROBRIOUSNESS, s. honte, f. OPPUGN, v. a. combattre, empécher, s'oppo-OPPUGNANCY, s. opposition, f. OPPUGNER. s. adversaire, m. & f. antago-OPTABLE, adj. désirable. Iniste, m. OPTATIVE, adj. optatif. OPTICAL, adj. optique. OPTICIAN, s. opticien. f OPTICK, adj. visuel, optique. OPTICKS, s. la vue, les yeux, m. l'optique, f. OPTIMACY, s. les nobles, la noblesse. OPTIMITY, s. le meilleur, optimisme, m. OPTION, s. option, f. choix, m. OPULENCE, OPULENCY, s. opulence, f. ri-OPULENT, adj. opulent, riche. [chesses, f. OPULENTLY, adv. opulemment. OPUSCULE OF OPUSCLE, s. opuscule, m. On, conj. ou. Or clee, ou bien, autrement. Or erer, avant que. Or, (in heraldry) or. ORACH, s. (an herb) arroche, f. ORACLE, s. oracle, m. un prophète. [oracles. ORACULAR, ORACULOUS, adj. qui rend des ()RACULOUSLY, adv. comme un oracle. ORAISON, s. prière. f. oraisen, f. ORAL, adj. oral, vocal. ORALLY, adv. de bonche, de vive voix. Orange, s. orange, f.; orange sherbet, orangeade, f.; orange chips, orangeat.m.; orange tree, un orangier ; orange house, une crangerie. ORANGERY, s. orangerie, f. ORATION, s. oraison, f. harangue, f. ORATOR, s. orateur, m. suppliant, m. ORATORY, s. éloquence, f. l'art oratoire. ORB. s. orbe, m. orbit, f. globe, m. sphere, f. etoile, f. periode, f. ORBED, ORBICULAR, adj. orbiculaire, rond. Orbicularly, adv. en rond, orbiculaire-ORBICULATED. adj. fait en orbe. ORBIT, s. orbite (d'une planète,) f. One and Onk, s. orque, f. (poisson de mer.) ORCHANET, s. (an herb) orcanette, f. ORCHARD, s. un verger. ORCHESTRE, s. l'orchestre or orquestre, m. Orchis, s. (a plant) orchis, m ORDAIN, v. a. ordonner, établir, destiner. ORDAINER, s. celui qui ordonne. ORDEAL, s. ordalie, f. opreuve, f. preuve, f. OPINIATRETY, OPINIATRY, s. opiniâtreté, f. OPINION, s. opinion, f. peusée, f. avis, m. ORDEH, s. ordre, m. arrangement, m. règlement, m. règle, f. ordonnance, f. discipline,

f. manière, devoir, m. commandement. In order, à dessein, pour, afin que. ORDER, v. a. ordonner, régler, commander. ORDERER, s. ordonnateur, m. ORDERING, s. l'action d'ordonner, conduite, f. ordonnance, f. maniement, m. ORDERLESS, adv. en désordre, irrégulier, ORDERLY, adj. régulier, réglé, sage. ORDERLY, adr. en ordre, par ordre. [m. ORDINAL, adj. ordinal, d'ordre; s. rituel, ORDINANCE, s. ordonnance, f. loi, f. statut, ORDINARILY, adv. ordinairement. [m,ORDINARY, adj. ordinaire, commun. ORDINARY, s. ordinaire, m. table d'hôte, f. Ordinate, adj. régulier; v. a. désigner. ORDINATION, s. ordination, f. ORDNANCE, s. artillerie. f. canons, m. pl. ORDURE, s. ordure, f. saleté, f. vilenie, f. ORE, s. mine, f. minéral, m. métal, m. ORGAL, s. lie de vin séché, f. ORGAN, s. organe, m. orgue or orgues, f. ORGANICAL, ORGANICK, adj. organique. ORGANICALLY, adr. par le moyen d'organes. ORGANIST, s. organiste, m. ORGANIZATION, s. organisation, f. ORGANIZE, v. a. organiser. ORGAN-PIPE, s. tuyau d'orgue, m. ORGASM, s. orgasme, m. ORGEAT, s. orgeat, m. ORGEIS, ORKNEY-LING, s. sorte de morue. ORGIES, s. orgies, f. ORIENT, s. l'orient, m. l'est, m.; adj. bril-ORIENTAL, adj. oriental, à l'orient. ORIENTALS, s. les orientaux. ORIFICE, s. orifice, m. ouverture, f. entrée, f. ORIFLAMB or AURIFLAMB, s. oriflamme, f. ORIGAN, s. marjolaine sauvage, f. origan, m. ORIGIN, s. origine, f. principe, m. ORIGINAL, s. original, m. archetype, m. ORIGINAL, adj. original, original, primitif, ORIGINALLY, adv. originairement. ORIGINALNESS, s. originalité. f. [tif. ORIGINARY, adj. originaire, primitif, produc-ORIGINATE, v. a. produire, engendrer. ORIGINATION, s. génération, f. origine, f. ORION, s. Orion, m. Orison, s. oraison, f. prière, f. Ork, s. hourque, f. ORLOF, s. bas point d'une navire, m. ORNAMENT, s. ornement, m. décoration. f. ORNAMENTAL, adj. qui sert d'ornement. ORNAMENTALLY, adv. pour parure. ORNITHOLOGY, s. ornithologie, f. ORPHAN, s. orphelin, m. orpheline, f. ORPHANISM, s. l'état d'un orphelin. ORPIMENT, s. orpin, m, orpiment, m. ORPINE, s. orpin. m. chicotin, m. (plante.) ORRIS, s. passement, m. ORTHODOX, adj. orthodoxe. ORTHODOXLY, adv. d'une manière orthodoxe. ORTHODOXY, s. orthodoxie, f. ORTHOGON, s. orthogone, m. rectangle, m. ORTHOGRAPHER, s. orthographiste, m. ORTHOGRAPHICAL, adj. orthographique. ORTHOGRAPHIZE, v. a. orthographicr. ORTHOGRAPHY, s. orthographic, f. ORTIVE, adj. ortive, oriental. ORTOLAN, s. ortolan, m

ORTS, s. restes, m. reliefs, m.

OSCILLATION s. oscil ation, f.

ORVAL, s. orvale, f. (sorte d'herbe.) ORVIETAN, s. orvietan. m. antidote, m.

OSCILLATORY, adj. oscillatoire. OSCITANCY, OSCITATION, s. negligence, f. OSCITANT, adj. endormi, lache. OSIER, s. osier, m. arbrisseau. OSPRAY, s. orfraie, f. oiseau de proie. OSSELET, s. (a horse's disease) osselet, m. Ossicle, s. osselet, m. petit os. Ossirication, s. ossification, f. Ossifry, v. a. ossifier. Ossifrage, s. sorte d'aigle, l'orfraie, f. Ossivorous, adj. qui dévore les os. Ossuary, s. charmier, m. OSTENSIVE, adj. qui montre, qui indique. OSTENT, s. prodige, m. augure, m. air, m. OSTENTATION, s. ostentation, f. faste, m. OSTENTATIOUS, adj. vain, fastueux. OSTENTATIOUSLY, adv. fastueusement. OSTIARY, s. embouchure, f. portier d'Eglise. OSTLER, s. valet d'écurie, m. palfrenier, m. OSTRICH, s. autruche, f. Others, les autres, au-OSTRACISM, s. ostracisme, m. OTHERGUISE, adj. d'une autre espèce. OTHERWHERE, adr. ailleurs. OTHERWHILE, adv. tantôt. OTHERWISE, adv. autrement, d'ailleurs. OTTER, s. loutre, f. OTTOMAN, adj. & s. Ottoman. OUGHT, s. quelque chose, f.; v. imp. falloir, devoir. For ought, à ce que, autaut que. Ounce, s. once, f. OUR, pron. poss. notre, nos, à nous. Ours, le nôtre, la nôtre, les nôtre, à nous. OURSELVES, pron. recipr. nous mêmes. Ouse, s. tan, m. écorce de tanneur, f. OUSEL, s. sorte de mense.
OUSEL, s. a. oter, pousser, dehors.
Ouse, r. a. oter, pousser, dehors.
Out of, sans, hors,
Roak out par, à, de, avec, outre, an delà. Book out of print, livre dont l'édition est épuisée; out of patience, qui a perdu patience; out of humour, de mauvaise humeur; out of order, en désordre; out of tune, discordant, désaccorde; out of the way, absent; out of kindness, par amitié; out of design, à dessein; out of hand, de la main, incontinent; out of measure, outre mesure; out of pocket, déboursé. Out, adv. expiré, passé, fini, accompli, usé, fait, jusqu'au bout, d'un bout à l'autre, en entier, haut, sons contrainte. Our, interj. qu'on le chasse! Foin de lui! Out, s. (in printing) un bourdon. Out, r. a. chasser, dépouiller, déposséder. OUT-ACT, r. a. outrer. OUT-BID, v. a. enchérir sur, augmenter. OUT-BIDDER, s. enchérisseur, m. OUT-BORN, s. étranger, m. OUT-BOUND, adj. chargé pour l'étranger. OUT-BRAVE, v. a. braver, affronter. OUT-BRAZEN, v. a. soutenir en face. OUT-EASE, s. étui extérieur. Out-cast, adj. chassé, banni, exilé. Out-cast, s. un banni, un exilé, rebut, m. OUT-CRY, s. cri, m. clameur, f. bruit, m. OUT-DARE, v. a. defier, oser passer au delà OUT-DATE, v. a. antidater, abolir, abroger. Out-no, v. a. surpasser. [sédé, privé Outen, part. adj. chassé, dépouillé, dépos

OUTER, adj. de dehors, extérieur. OUTERLY, adv. extérieurement, à l'extérieur

OUTERMOST, adj. le plus exterieur. [face. OUT-FACE, v. a. braver, nier or sontenir en face. OUT-FLY, v. n. voler plus haut, s'envoler. Out-form, s. extérienr, m. apparence, f. OUTGATE, s. issue, f. passage, m. sortie, f. OUTGIVE, v. a. donner plus. Outgo, v. a. devancer, surpasser. Out-going, s. issue, f. sortie, f. avance, f. Out-GROW, v. a. devenir plus grand. OUT-GUARD, s. garde avancée. OUT-JEER, OUT-JEST, v. n. railler mieux. OUT-JUTTING, adj. saillant: s. saillie, f. OUTLANDISH, adj. étranger. OUT-LAST, v. a. dnrer davantage. OUTLAW, s. proscrit, m.; v. a. proscrire. OUTLAWRY, s. proscription, f. [f. OUT-LEAP, s. saillie, f. échappée, f. escapade, OUT-LEAP, s. franchir en santant. OUTLINE, s. issue, f. écoulement, m. sortie, f. OUTLINE, s. ligne extérieure, contour, m. OUTLIVE, v. a. survivre. OUTLIVER, s. survivant. OUT-LUSTRE, v. a. effacer, éclipser. Out-Look, v.a. regarder fixement or en face. OUT-LYING, adj. extraordinaire, éloigné de. OUT-NUMBER, v. a. surpasser en nombre. OUT-MARCH, OUT-PACE, v. a. devancer. OUTMOST, adj. le plus en dehors. OUT-PARISH, s. paroisse des faubourgs. OUT-PART, s. partie éloignée du centre. OUT-PARTERS, s. certains bandits d'Ecosse. OUT-PENSIONER, s. pensionnaire externe. OUTRAGE, s. violence, f. cruauté, f. outrage, OUTRAGE, v. a. outrager. OUTRAGEOUS, adj. furieux, cruel, atroce. OUTRAGEOUSLY, adv. avec violence. OUTRAGEOUSNESS, s. violence, f. furenr, f. OUT-REACH, v. a. aller au delà, passer. OUT-RIDERS, s. pl. sergens à cheval. OUTRIGHT, adv. d'abord, sur le champ, sans OUTROAD, s. excursion, f. [contrainte. Our-Root, r. a. déraciner, extirper. Out-Run, v.a. conrir plus vîte, devancer. OUT-SAIL, v. a. être meilleur voilier. OUT-SCORN, v. a. injurier, mépriser. OUT-SELL, v. a. vendre trop cher, survendre. OUT-SHINE, v. a. surpasser en éclat, briller. OUT-SHOOT, v. a. tirer au delà or plus loin. OUTSIDE, s. dehors, m. surface, f. superficie, f. l'apparence, f. l'extérieur. OUT-SLEEP, v. a. dormir plus long-temps. OUT-SPEAK, v.a. parler trop or s'appesantir OUT-SPREAD, v. a. repandre. [sur. OUT-STAND, v. a. soutenir, résister, demen-OUT-STREET, s. rue du fanbourg. [rer. OUT-STRETCH, v. a. étendre. OUT-STRIP, v. a. devancer, surpasser. OUT-SWEAR, v. a. jurer plus qu'un autre. OUT-TALK, OUT-TONGUL, v. a. réduire quelqu'un au silence à force de parler. OUT-VALUE, v. a. valoir plus, surpasser en OUT-VIE, v. a. excéder, surpasser. OUT-VOICE, v. a. avoir meilleure voix. OUT-VOTE, v.a. gagner à la pluralité des voix. OUT-WALK, v. a. marcher mieux qu'un autre. OUT-WALL, s. mur extérieur. OUTWARD, adj. extérieur, de dehors. OUTWARD, s. l'extérieur, m. le dehors. OUTWARD, adj. à l'extérieur, au dehors. OUTWARDLY, adv. au dehors, en apparence. OUTWARDS, adv. en dehors. OUT-WEAR, v. α. durer plus. OUT-WEIGH, v. α. peser davantage OUT-WIT, v. a. attraper, duper être plus fin.

OVE Out-work, s. ouvrages avancés, m. pl. OUT-WORN, part. adj. tout use. OUT-WREST, v. a. arracher par violence. OVAL, adj. oval, oblong; s. un ovale. OVARIOUS, adj. d'œufs. OVARY, s. ovaire, m. OVATION, s. ovation, f. Oven, s. four. m. An oven-full, une fournée. An oven-tender, un fournier. An oven-fork, un rable, un fourgon. An oven peel, un pelle à four. OVER, prep. sur, au-dessns, par-dessus, au dela, par, de, ponr; adr. plns, de reste, d'nn bout à l'autre, passé, fait. Over and above, outre, de surplus, par dessus. Over de surplus par dessus. against, vis-à-vis. Over and over, plusieurs OVER-ABOUND, v. n. surabonder. OVER-ACT, v. a. outrer. OVER-AWE, v. a. tenir dans la crainte. [sur. OVER-BALANCE, v. a. surpasser, l'emporter OVER-BALANCE, s. supériorité, f. excès, m. OVER-BEAR, v. a. vaincre, surmonter, opprimer, accabler. OVER-BIG, adj. trop gras. OVER-BLOWN, adj. passé, dissipé. OVER-BOARD, adv. hors du navire. OVER-BOLD, adj. trop hardi, téméraire. OVER-BURDEN, v. a. surcharger, accabler. OVER-BUY, v. a. acheter trop cher. OVER-CAST, v. a. obscurcir, convrir, surjeter, revêtir, faire monter trop haut, passer le but. OVERCAST, part. adj. obscure, sombre, revêtu, surjeté. OVER-GAUTIOUS, adj. trop circonspect. OVER-CHARGE, v. a. surcharger, accabler. OVER-CLOUD, v. a. obscurcir. OVERCOME, v. a. vaincre, surmonter, domp-OVER-COMER, s. vainquenr, m. OVER-CONFIDENT, adj. trop hardi, témérairc. OVER-Do, v. a. outrer, excéder. OVER-DONE, part. adj. ontré, excédé, trop OVER-DRESS, v. a. charger de partre. OVER-DRIVE, v. a. ponsser trop fort or trop OVER-EMPTY, v. a. vider trop. [loin. OVER-FILL, v. a. remplir trop, gorger. OVER-FLOAT, v. n. flotter, surnager. OVER-FLOW, v. a. & n. remplir trop, sur-passer, inonder, s'épancher, regorger. OVER-FLOW, s. inondation, f. delnge, m. OVER-FLOWING, s. surabondance, f. excès, Over-fly, v. a. voler au delà. OVER-FORWARD, adj. trop empressé. OVER-FORWARDNESS, s. trop d'ardeur, OVER-FREIGHT, v.a. charger trop, surchar-OVER-GET, r. a. atteindre. OVER-GLANCE, v. a. parcourir à la hâte. OVER-GO, v. a. aller au delà, surpasser OVER-GREAT, adj. trop grand, excessif. OVER-GROW, v. n. & a. croître trop. OVER-GROWN, part. adj. excessivement aceru, trop grand; orer-grown with, tout convert de. OVER-GROWTH, s. accroissement excessif. OVER-HALE, v. a. étendre, larguer. OVER-HANG, v. a. & n. pencher sur. OVER-HARDEN, v. a. rendre trop dur. [tête. OVER-HEAD, adv. en-hant, au dessus de notre OVER-HEAR, v.a. entendre en passant. OVER-HEAT, v. a. chauffer trop, échauffer. Over-jov, v. a. transporter de joie, réjouir.

Over-joy, s. extase, f. transport, m. Over-labour, r. n. travailler trop.

OVER-LADE, v. a. charger trop, surcharger.

OVE OVER-LAY, v. a. étouffer, accabler, revêtir. OVER-LEAP, v. n. sauter au delà, franchir. OVER-LIVE, v. a. & n. survivre. OVER-LIVER, s. survivant, m. OVER-LOAD, v. a. surcharger. OVER-LONG, adj. trop long OVER-LOOK, r. a. avoir la vue sur, commander, examiner en entier, surveiller, avoir l'œil sur, revoir, corriger, polir, conniver, faire semblant de ne pas voir, laisser passer, ne pas s'appercevoir, dédaigner, mépriser. OVER-LOOKER, s. surveillant, m. inspecteur, Over-master v.n. maitriser, gouverner. [m. OVER-MATCH, v. a. ètre trop fort, accabler. OVER-MATCH, s. partie trop forte, force ma-OVER-MEASURE, s. surplus, m. OVER-MOST, adj. le plus puissant. [jeure. OVER-MUCH, adj. trop grand, superflu, ex-OVERMUCH, adv. trop, excessivement. OVER-NIGHT, s. le soir. [mode. OVER-OFFICIOUS, adj. trop officieux, incom-OVER-PASS, v.a. franchir, traverser. OVER-PAY, v. a. payer trop cher, surpayer. OVER-PERSUADE, v. a. persuader mal-à-pro-OVER-PLUS, s. surplus, m. surcroit, m. [pos. Over-PLY, v. a. surcharger de travail. OVER-POISE, s. poids prépondérant. OVER-POISE, v. a. contrebalancer. [fort. OVER-POWER, v. a. dominer, être le plus OVER-PRESS, v. a. oppresser, opprimer. OVER-PRIZE, v. a. priser trop, estimer trop. OVER-RATE, v. a. surfaire. taxer trop OVER-RATE, s. prix excessif, taxe trop forte, f. OVER-REACH, v.a. surmonter, surpasser, prévenir, devancer, surprendre, tromper. OVER-REACH, s. nerf ferure, f. OVER-REACHER, soun trompeur. OVER-RECKON, v. a. compter trop. OVER-RIDE, v. a. outrer, excéder, fatiguer. OVER-RIGID, adj. trop austère, trop sévère. OVER-RIGIDNESS, s. rigueur excessive, f. OVER-RIPE, adj. trop mur. OVER-ROAST, v. a. rôtir trop, cuire trop. OVER-RULE, v. a. maîtriser, gouverner, do-miner, être plus fort, (in law) rejeter. Over-Run, v. a. aller plus vite, devancer, couvrir partout, ravager, inonder; v. n. regorger, se répandre, être trop plein. OVER-SCRUPULOUS, adj. trop scrupuleux. OVER-SEA, adj. d'outre-mer, de delà la mer. OVER-SEE, v. a. surveiller, avoir l'inspection de, laisser passer, ne pas s'appercevoir. OVER-SEER, s. surveillant, m. inspecteur, m. Over-sell, v.a. survendre, vendre trop cher. OVER-SET, v. a. renverser, verser, détruire; Over-set a ship, faire sombrer un vaisseau sous les voiles. Overshade, Overshadow, r. a. ombrager. OVERSHOOT, v. a. porter trop loin. OVERSIGHT, s. inspection, f. charge, f. conduite, f. méprise, f. faute, f. OVER-SIZE, v. a. surpasser en grandeur. OVER-SKIP, v. a. franchir, éviter, omettre. OVERSLEEP, v. recip. dormir trop long temps. OVERSLIP, r. a. negliger, omettre, passer. OVER-SLIP, s. omission, f. [cher. OVER-SOLD, part. adj. survendu, vendu trop OVER-SOON, adv. trop tot. Itigue. OVER-SPENT, part. adj. épuisé, excédé de fa-OVERSPREAD, v.a. convrir entièrement.

OVERSTOCK, 2. a. remplir trop, faire de trop

grandes provisions.

OVER-STRAIN, r. a. outrer, étendre trop loiv; r. n. se fouler, se donner une entorse OVER-STRETCH, v. a. étendre trop loin. OVER-SWAY, v. a. dominer, maîtriser. OVER-SWELL, v. a. déborder, inouder. OVERT, adj. ouvert, public, manifeste. OVERTAKE, v. a, attraper, atteindre. OVERTALK, v. n. parler trop, babiller OVER-TASK, r. a. surcharger de travail. OVER-TAX, v. a. surcharger de taxes. OVER-THROW, v. a. renverser, abattre. OVER-THROW, s. ruine, f. destruction, f. OVERTHWART, adj. opposé, contraire, oblique. OVERTHWART, OVERTHWARTLY, and obliquement, de travers, méchammert. OVERTHWARTNESS, s. travers, m. OVER-TIRE, v. a. fatiguer trop, barasser. OVERTLY, adv. ouvertement, à découvert. OVER-TOIL, v. n. s'excéder de fatigue. OVER-TOP, v. a. s'élever au dessus, surpasser. OVERTURE, s. onverture, f. proposition, f. OVER-TURN, v. a. renverser, bouleverser. OVER-TURNER, s. destructeur, m. OVER-VALUE, v. a. estimer trop, faire trop valoir. OVER-VEIL, r. a. couvrir, voiler. OVER-VOTE, v. a. obtenir à la pluralité des OVER-WEAK, adj. trop foible. Itigue, OVER-WEARY, r. a. accabler, excéder de fa-OVER-WEEN, v. n. s'en faire accrefre. OVER-WEENING, s. présomption, f. OVER-WEENINGLY, adv. avec presomption. OVER-WEIGH, v. a. prépondèrer, peser. OVER-WEIGH, s. preponderance, f OVER-WELL, adj. trop bien. OVERWHELM, v. a. accabler, écraser. OVER-WISE, adr. d'une sagesse affectée. OVER-WORN, part. adj. accablé. OVER-WROUGHT, part. adj. trop travaillé. OVER-YEARED, adj. surchargé d'années. OVIPAROUS, adj. ovipare. OWE, v. a. devoir, être obligé. OWING, adj. dù, qu'on doit, qui est l'effet de OWL, OWLET, s. une choueite, le hibou, le chathuant OWLER, s. contrebandier, m. OWL-LIGHT, s: le crépuscule du soir. Own, adj. propre, meme. My own, le mien, ce qui est à moi, mon bien. Own, a a avouer, confesser, reconnoître, convenir de, posseder, réclamer. OWNER, s. possesseur, m. propriétaire, m. OWNERSHIP, s. propriété, f. possession legi-OWSE, s. tan, m. Ox, s. un boeuf; o.c-bane, s. mort aux boeufs. Ox-BILL, s. sorte de tortue. Ox-Eve, s. ceil de bœuf, herbe, m. OX-FLY, s. taon, m. espèce de mouche. Ox-GANG, s. vingt acres de terre, m. Ox-LIP, s. primevère, f. Ox-HOUSE, Ox-STALL, s. étable à bœufs. Ox-TONGUE, s. boglose, f. (herbe.) OXYCRATE, s. oxycrat, m. Oxygone, s. oxygone, m. OXYMEL, s. oxymel, m. OXYRRHODINE, s, oxyrrodin, m. OVER, s. cour de justice, v. a. our les causes. OYES, v. imp. oyez, écoutez ; s. avertisse-OYSTER, s. huitre, f. OYSTER-SHELL, s. écaille d'huitre. [ment, m. OVSTER WOMAN, s. one vendeuse d'huîtres, OZENA, s. ozène, f. polype, m, OZIER, s. osier, w.

P.

PABULAR, PABULOUS, adj. alimenteux. Pabulum, s. pâture, f.

PACE, s. pas, m. train, m. un troupeau d'anes. To keep pace with one, tenir pied à quelqu'un.

PACE, v. n. aller au pas, aller lentement; v. a. mesurer en fésant des pas, diriger, faire

PACER, s. qui va le pas.

PACIFICATION, s. pacification, f.

PACIFICATUR, s. pacificateur, m. PACIFICATORY, PACIFICK, adj. pacifique, doux, tranquille.

PACIFIER, s. pacificateur, m.

PACIFY, v. a. pacifier, appaiser, calmer.
PACING, s. pas, m. l'action d'aller au pas, f.
PACK, s. balle, f. ballot, m. une charge; pack of cards, un jeu de cartes; pack of hounds, une meute de chiens; pack of knaves, un

tas de gueux.

PACK, v. a. emballer, empaqueter, choisir, cabaler; pack off or away, faire son paquet. PACKER, s. embaleur, m. [tre en paquets. PACKET, s. un paque; v.a. empaqueter, met-

PACKET-BOAT, s. paquebot, m.

Pack-cloth, s. serpilière, f. Pack-новзе, s. un cheval de charge. PACK-NEEDLE, s. aiguille à emballer, f.

PACKING-CLOTHS, s. pl. carpettes, f. pl.

PACK-SADDLE, s. bât, m. PACK-THREAD, s. ficelle or corde d'embal-PACK, PACTION, s. pacte, m. accord, m. contrat, m. traité, m. convention, f

PACTITIOUS, adj. dont on est convenu. PAD, s. chemin, m. sentier, m. un voleur de grand chemin, un cheval qui va l'amble, haquenée, f. coustinet, m. bourlet, m. mate-las, m. A pad of straw, un lit de paille, une paillasse.

PAD, v. n. voler sur le grand chemin, marcher doucement, aplanir le chemin, bour-

rer, matelasser.

PADDER, s. un voleur de grand chemin. PADDLE, v. n. ramer, patrouiller.
PADDLE, s. pagaye, f. ratissoire, f.
PADDLER, s. rameur, m. patrouilleur, m. PADDOCK, s. un gros crapaud, un enclos. Padlock, s. un cadenas; r. a. cadenasser.

PÆAN, s. chant de triomphe, m. PAGAN, s. un païen; adj. païen, idolâtre. PAGANISM, s. le paganisme, l'idolâtrie, f. PAGE, s. une page; v. a. marquer les pages. PAGE, s. un page, un écuyer.

PAGEANT, s. pompe, f. char de triomphe, m.

PAGEANT, adj. pompeux, splendide, brillant. PAGEANTRY, s. faste, m. pompe, f. PAGOD, s. pagode, m. & f. idole des Indiens. PAIL, s. seau, m.

PAIN, s. peine, f. punition, f. douleur, f. mal,

m. chagrin, m. PAIN, v. a. tourmenter, faire mal, peiner.

PAINFUL, adj. douloureux, penible, difficile. PAINFULLY, adv. peniblement. PAINFULNESS, s. peine, f. douleur, f. PAINLESS, adj. sans douleur, faeile.

PAINSTAKER, s. une personne laborieuse. PAINSTAKING, adj. laborieux.

PAINT, v. a. peindre, représenter, farder. PAINT, s. peinture, f. fard, m. rouge, m. PAINTER, s. peintre, m. Painter-stainer, un feseur de toiles peintes.

PAINTING, s. peinture, f. portrait, m.

PAIR, s. une paire, une couple, un couple. A pair royal, raffe, f. (au des.)
PAIR, r. a. & n. apparier, accoupler, assortir.

PAIRING-TIME, s. pariade, f.

PALACE, s. palais, m. maison royale. PALACEOUS, adj. royal, noble, magnifique. PALADIN, s. paladin, m.

PALANKA, s. palanque, f. PALANQUIN, s. palanquin, m. PALATABLE, adj. agreable au gout. PALATE, s. palais, m. gout, m. la luette. PALATINE, s. palatin, m.; adj. palatin.

PALE, adj. pale, blême. PALE, s. pieu, m. palissade, f. enceinte, f. gi-PALE, r. u. palissader, palisser.

PALED IN, part. adj. palissade: Paled up, palissé. Pale-faced, adj. qui a le visage pâle.

PALENESS, s. paleur, f. PALETTE, s. palette de peintre, f.

PALFREY, s. un palefroi, un cheval de parade. PALINGENESIS, s. palingenésie, f. renais-PALINODY, s. palinodie, f. [sance, f PALISADE, PALISADO, s. palissade, f.

PALISADE, v. a. palissader. Palish, adj. napeu pâle.

PALL, s. manteau, m. pallium, m. poële, m.

PALL, r. a. & n. couvrir, affoiblir. PALLADIUM, s. palladium, m. boulevard, m. PALLED, part. adj. éventé, poussé, affoibli.

PALLET, s. lit de veille, m. grabat, m. PALLIATE, r. a. pallier, colorer, deguiser.

PALLIATION, s. palliation. f. déguisement, n. PALLIATIVE, s. & adj. palliatif, m.

Pallin, adj. pale, bleme. PALL-MALL, s. mail, m. jeu de mail, m.

PALM, s. paume, f. palme, m. & f. PALM-TREE, s. palmier, m. paluie, f. PALM, r. a. manier, toucher, escamoter.

PALMA-CHRISTI, s. ricin, m. la grande cata puce.

PALMER, s. un pélerin, férule, f. Pulmer-worm, une chenille. PALMISTER, s. un chiromancien. PALMISTRY, s. chiromancie, f.

PALMY, adj. couvert de palmiers. PALPABILITY, PALPABLENESS, s. qualité sensible, f.

PALPABLE, adj. palpable, sensible. PALPABLY, adr. palpablement, sensiblement.

PALPATION, s. attouchement, m. Palpitate, v. n. palpiter.

PALPITATION, s. palpitation, f. battement, m. PALSGRAVE, s. un compte Palatin.
PALSICAL or PALSIED, adj. paralitique.

PALSY, s. paralysie, f. PALTER, v. n. & a. biaiser, prodiguer.

PALTERER, s. celui qui n'agit pas avec droi-

PALTRINESS, s. qualité méprisable, f. [ture. PALTRY, adj. méchant, pitoyable, de nulle valeur, qui fait pitié, chétif.

PAM, s. valet, m. un jeu des cartes. PAMPER, r. a. bien traiter, dorloter. PAMPHLET, s. feuille volante, brochure, f.

PAMPHLETEER, s. un fescur de brochures. PAN, s. poële, f. casserole, f. terrine, f. frying-pan, une poële à frire. A dripping pan, une léchefrite. A warming-pan, un

bassinoire. A baking-pon, une tourtière. An earthen-pan, une terrine. A perfuming pan, une cassolette. A sinifers pan, des porte mouchettes. Firepan of a gun, le bassinet d'inne arme à seu. Pan-pudding, boudin cuit au four. A pan-tile, une tuile courbe, une faltière. The brain-pan, le || PARAGRAPH, s. paragraphe, m. crâne.

l'ANACEA, s. panacée, f. PANADO, s. panade. f. [frit, m. PANCAKE, s. gauffre, f. omelette, f. gateau PANCART, s. pancarte, f.

PANCREAS, s. le pancreas

PANDECT, s. pandecte, f. digeste, m.
PANDEMICK, adj. pandémique.
PANDER, s. un maquereau; v. a. faire le

maquereau.

PANDICULATION, s. l'action de s'étendre en baillant.

PANDORE, PANDURE, s. pandore, f. PANE, s. panneau, m. carreau, m. losange, f.

PANEGYRICAL, adj. qui loue. PANEGYRICK, s. panégyrique, m. éloge, m.

PANEGYRIST, s. panégyriste, m. PANEL, s. panueau, m. liste des jurés, f. PANG, s. augouisse, f. transe, f. atteinte, f.

PANG, v. a. tourmenter cruellement. PANIC, adj. & s. panique, terreur panique. PANNAGE, s. glandée, f.

PANNEL, s. un bât, panneau, m. mulette, f. PANNICK, PANNICLE, s. panie, m. (plante.)

PANNER, s. panier, m. hotte, f.

PANTALOON, s. pantalon, m.

PANTHEON, s. panthéon. m. rotunde, f. PANTHER, s. une panthère.

PANTILE, s. faîtière, f.

PANTING, s. palpitation, f. courte haleine, f. PANTLER, s. le panetier.

PANTOFLE, s. pantofle, f. [mime. PANTOMIME, s. un pantomime, une panto-Pantry, s. la dépense, pauterie, f.

PAP, s. mammelon, m. teton, m. mammelle, PAPA, s. papa, m. [f. bouillie, f.

PAPACY, s. papaute, f. PAPAL, adj. papal, du pape. [pavot. PAPAVEROUS, adj. de pavot, semblable au

PAPER, s. papier, m. PAPERS, papiers, m. pl. mémoires, m. pl.

écrits, m. pl. PAPER-MAKER, s. papetier, m.

PAPER-MILL, s. papeterie, f PAPER-STAINER, s. dominotier, m. PAPER-STAINING, s. dominoterie, f.

PAPER, v. a. enrégistrer, tendre de papier PAPILIO, s. papillon, m. peint. PAPIST, s. papiste, m. Catholique Romain.

PAPISTICAL, adj. de Catholique Romain. PAPPY, adj. doux, succulent, mou.

PAR, s. parité, f. égalité. f. pair, m. PARABLE, adj. facile à acquerir or à obtenir. PARABOLA, s. parabole, f. flique. PARABOLICAL, PARABOLICK, adj. parabo-

PARABOLICALLY, adv. par parabole. PARABOLOID, s. paraboloide, f.

PARACENTESIS, s. ponetion, f. PARACENTRICAL, PARACENTRICK, adj. qui s'écarte de la ligne eirculaire.

PARACHONISM, s. arachronisme, m. PARACHUTE, s. parachute, m.

PARACLETE, s. consolateur, m. paraelet, m. PARADE, s. parade, f. ostentation, f. montre, PARADISE, s. paradis, m. [f.

PARADOXAL, PARADOXICAL, adj. paradoxal. PARADOXICALLY, adv. d'une manière para-

Paragon, s. chef-d'œuvre, m. modèle, m. PARAGON, r. a. comparer, égaler.

PARAGRAPHICALLY, adv. par paragraphes. PARALLACTIC, adj. parallactique. PARALLAX, s. parallaxe, f.

PARALLEL, adj. parallèle; s. parallèle, m. ressemblauce, f. [lèle.

PARALLEL, v. a. comparer, mettre en paral-PARALLELISM, s. parallélisme, m.

PARALLELLY, adv. également.

PARALLELOGRAM, s. parallélogramme, m. PARALOGISM, s. parallélogramme, m.

PARALOGISE, v. n. raisonner faux.

PARALYSIS, s. paralysie, f. Itimue. PARALYTICAL, PARALYTICK, adj. paraly-

PARALYTICK, s. un paralytique.

PARAMETER, s. paramètre. [minant, PARAMOUNT, adj. souverain, supérieur, do-PARAMOUNT, s. le chef, le souverain.

PARAMOUR, s. un amant, un favori. PARANYMPH, s. paranymphe, m.

PARAPET, s. parapet, m.

PARAPHE, s. paraphe, f.

ARAPHIMOSIS, s. paraphimosis, m. [pl. PAHAPHERNALIA, s. biens paraphernaux, m. PARAPHRASE, s. paraphrase; v. a. paraphraser.

PARAPHRAST, s. paraphraste, m. PARAPHRASTICAL, PARAPHRASTICK, adj.

en forme de paraphrase.

PARAPHRASTICALLY, adv. par paraphrase. PARAPHRENITIS, s. inflammation du dia-

phragme, f. PARAQUETO, s. petit perroquet.

PARASELENE, s. parasclène, f. PARASITE, s. un parasite. flatteur. PARASITICAL, PARASITICK, adj. parasite,

Parasot, s. un parasol, un parapluie. Parasott, v. a. parbouillir, bouillir à demi. PARBUNCLE, s. pattes, f. pl. (terme de mer.)
PARCEL, s. paquet, m. pièce, f. partie, f.

PARCEL, v. a. partager, diviser, morceler. PARCENER, s. copartageant, m. coproprie-

PARCENERY, s. indivis. m. [grille. PARCH, v. a. & n. griller, rôtir, sécher, être

PARCHMENT, s. parchemin, m. PARCHMENT-MAKER, s. parcheminier, m.

PARD, PARDALE, s. leopard, m. [donner. PARDON, s. pardon, m. grace, f.; v. a. par-PARDONABLE, adj. pardonnable. [ble. PARDONABLY, adv. d'une manière pardonna-

Pardoner, s. celui qui pardonne.

PARE, v. a. couper, rogner, parer (le pied d'un cheval,) peler (un pomme.)

PARENCHYMA, s. parenchyme, m. PARENCHYMATOUS, adj. poreux.

PARENESIS, s. parenèse, f persuasion f. PARENT, s. pere or mère.

PARENTAGE, s. parente, f. parent, n. PARENTAL, edj. de parent, de père or de mère.

PARENTHESIS, s. parenthèse, f. PARER, s. boutoir, m.

PARGET, s. crépi, m. crépissure, f.; v. a. plâtrer, crépir.

PARGETER, s. crepisseur, m. PARHELION, s. parhélie, m.

Parian, adj. de Paros.

PARIETAL, adj. pariétal, qui sert de parois.

PARIETARY, s. (a plant) parietaire, f. PARING, s. rognure, f. pelure, f. PARING-KNIFE, s. un tranchet.

PARISH, s. paroisse. f.; adj. paroissal.

PARISHIENER, s. un paroissien. Pariton, s. appariteur, m. buissier, m. be-

PARITY, s. parité, f. égalité, f. PARK, s. parc, m.; v. a. parquer, enfermer. PARKER or PARK-KEEPER, s. garde de parc, m. PARLEY, v. n. parlementer, conférer. PARLEY, s. pourparler, m. conférence, f. PARLIAMENT, s. parlement, m. PARLIAMENTARY, adj. parlementaire. PARLOUR, s. salle de compaguie, f. le par-PARLOUS, adj. subtil, dangereux, fin, rusé. PARMESAN, s. Parmesan, m. PAROCHIAL, adj. paroissial, de la paroisse PARODY, s. parodie, f.; v. a. parodier. PAROLE, s. parole, f. promesse, f. PARONYCHIA, s. paronyche, f. panaris, m. PAROQUET, s. perruche, f. petit perroquet, f. PAROTID, adj. parotide, salivaire. PAROTIS, s. tumeur aux glandes parotides, f. PAROXYSM, s. paroxisme, m. redoublement, m. PARRICIDE, s. parricide, m. PARRICIDAL, PARRICIDIOUS, adj. parricide. PARROT, s. perroquet, m. PARRY, v. a. parer. PARSE, v. a. faire les parties (d'une phrase.) PARSIMONIOUS, adj. avare, économe. PARSIMONIOUSLY, adv. avec avarice. Parsimoniousness, Parsimony, s. avarice, f. économie, f. épargne, f. frugalité, f. PARSLEY, s. persil, m. PARSLEY PERT, s. perce-pierre, f. PARSNIP, s. panais, m. (légume.) PARSON, s. le ministre or curé d'une paroisse. PARSONAGE, s. cure, f. bénéfice, m. PART, s. partie, f. membre, m. quartier, m. part, f. portion, f. interêt, m. parti, m. defense, f. cause, f. devoir, m. fonction, f. rôle, m. personnage, m. PARTS, s. parties, f. pl. qualités, f. pl. talens, m. pl. dons naturels, m. pl. PART, v. a. partager, diviser, séparer; v. n. se séparer, quitier, se défaire. PARTAGE, s. partage, m. [participer. PARTAKE, v. a. & n. partager, avoir part, PARTAKER, s. participant, m. PARTER, s. qui sépare, affineur, m. PARTERRE, s. un parterre. PARTIAL, adj. partial, particulier. PARTIALITY, s. partialité, f. PARTIALIZE, v. a. se partialiser. PARTIALLY, adv. partialement, en partie. PARTIBLE, adj. divisible. PARTICIPANT, adj. & s. participant. PARTICIPATE, v. a. & n. partager, participer. PARTICIPATION, s. participation, f. PARTICIPIAL, adj. participial. PARTICIPIALLY, adv. en forme de participe. PARTICIPLE, s. particule, f. parcelle, f. PARTICULAR, adj. particulier, singulier. PARTICULAR, s. particularité, f. circonstance particuliere, point, m. détail, m. PARTICULARITY, s. particularité, f. [fier. PARTICULARIZE, v. a. particulariser, spéci-PARTICULARLY, adv. particulièrement. Parting, s. séparation, f. départ, m. parting cup, le vin de l'étrier. PARTISAN, s. partisan, m. [ration, f. PARTITION, s. partition, f. partage, m. sepa-PARTITION, v. a. diviser en différentes parties. PARTITIVE, adj. partitif.

PARTLET, s. une poule, tour de cou, m. PARTLY, adv. en partie, à quelque degré.

PARTNER, s. associé, danseur, danseuse.

PARTNER, v. a. & n. joindre, s'associer avec. PARTNERSHIP, s. société, f. [faire société, PARTRIDGE, s. perdrix. A young partridge, un perdreau. PARTURIENT, adj. prête à mettre bas. PARTY, s. parti, m. cabale, f. faction, f. partie, f. compagnie, f. détachement de soldats, m. personne, f. PARTY-COLOURED, adj. bigarré. PARTY-JURY, s. jurés mi-partis. PARTY-MAN, s. un factieux PARTY-WALL, s. mur mitoyen. PARVIS, s. parvis, m. norité. PARVITUDE, PARVITY, s. petitesse, f. mi-Paschal, adj. pascal, de paques. PASH, r. a. heurter, froisser, écraser. Pash, r. a. neurier, mosser, Pasque flower, s. coquelourde, f. pulsa-Pasquinale, s. une pasquinade. [tille, f. PASQUINADE, s. une pasquinade. [lille, f. PASS, v. n. passer, se passer, s'évanouir, être reçu, établi, avoir cours, couler, arri er, avenir, venir, suffire, laisser, omettre, employer, consumer, faire passer, transporter, surpriser, l'emporter sur, faire, donner, engager, prononcer, déclarer, porter, rere-voir, approuver. To pass away, passer, se voir, approuver. passer, s'écouler, s'évanouir, consumer, dissiper; to pass along, passer; to pass by, passer, excuser, negliger, ne faire aucun cas; to pass on, se passer; to pass over, passoner, ser, omettre, négliger, ne pas parler de. Pass, s. détroit, m. avenue, f. passage, m. trajet, m. chemin, m. un passe-port, passe, f. botte, f. coup de fleuret, étal, m. situa-tion, f. point, m. PASSABLE, adj. praticable, passable, sup portable, tolérable, qui a cours. PASSADE, s. passade, f. passe, f. botte, f. PASSAGE, s. traversée, f. chemin, m. conduit, m. entrée, f. issue, f. aventure, f. évènement, m. accident, m. fait, m. PASSENGER, s. passant, m. passager, m. Passer, s. un passant. Passieility, Passieleness, s. passibilité, f. PASSIBLE, adj. passible, passif. Passing, part. grand, acheve, parfait. Passing, adv. parfaitement, fort, tout-à-fait. PASSING-BELL, s. la cloche mortuaire. Passion, s. passion, f. agitation, f. penchant, m. inclination, f. humeur, f. amour, m. affection, f. 'zèle, m. ardeur, f. colère, fougue, f. emportement, m. souffrance, j PASSIONATE, adj. passionne, touchant, tendre, vif, ardent, colérique, emporté. PASSIONATELY. adv. passionnément, ardemment, avec colère, avec emportement. Passionateness, s. passion, f. ardeur, f. impatience, f. Passive, adj. passif. Passively, adr. passivement. PASSIVENESS, s. passibilité, f. PASSOVER, s. la pâque, l'agneau pascal. PASSPORT, s. un passeport. PASS-ROSE, s. (a flower) passerose, f. Pass-velours, s. passe-velours, amaranthe, Pass-volant, s. un passevolant. PAST, part. adj. passe: s. le passé. PAST, prep. an delà, au dessus, hors, après. Paste, s. pâte, f. colle de farine, j PASTE-BOARD, s. carton, m.; adj. de carton. PASTE, v. a. coller, pater; to paste up, afficher. PASTEL, s. pastel, m. (herbe.) PASTERN, s. pâturon, m. PASTIL, s. pastille, f.

PASTIME, s. passe-temps, m. amusement, m. | PAUNCH, s. la panse, le ventre, a bedaine. récréation, f PASTOR, s. un berger, un pasteur. PASTORAL, adf. pastoral; s. pastorale, f. PASTRY, s. patisserie, f. boulangerie, f. PASTRY-COOK, s. un patissier. PASTURABLE, adj. de pâturage. [ture, f. Pasturage, Pasturage, s. pâturage, m. pâturage PASTURE, v. a. & n. faire paître, pâturer. PASTURING, s. pâture, f PASTY, s. pâte, m. tourte, PAT, adj. propre, convenable, à-propos, bon. PAT, s. un conp, un petit coup, un tape. PAT, v. a. frapper légèrement, corroyer, ra-PATACHE, s. patache, f. [boter. PATACOON, s. patagon, m. 4s. 8d. Paten, s. pièce, f. morceau, m. mouche, f. Paten, v. a. rapièceter, rapiècer, raccommoder, mettre des mouches; to patch up, plåtrer, pallier. PATCHER, s. ravandeur, ravaudeuse. PATCHWORK, s. rapiécetage, m. marquete-PATE, s. tête, f. caboche, f. [rie. f. PATEFACTION, s. ouverture, f. déclaration, f. PATEN, s. patène, f. petit plat. PATENT, s. patente, f. iettres patentes. PATENTEE, s. impétrant, m. impétrante, f. PATERNAL, adj. paternel, de père, hérédi-PATERNITY, s. paternité, f. [taire. PATER-NOSTER, s. l'oraison dominicale, PATH, s. un sentier. [pate-nôtre, f. PATHETICAL, PATHETICK, adj. pathétique. PATHETICALLY, adj. pathétiquement. PATHLESS, adj. qui n'est pas frayé. PATHOGNOMONICK, adj. pathognomonique, PATHOLOGICAL, PATHOLOGICK, adj. pathologique. PATHOLOGIST, s. pathologiste, m. PATHOLOGY, s. pathologie, f. PATHOS, s. pathos, m. PATHWAY, s. un sentier, chemin étroit. PATIBULARY, adj. patibulaire. PATIENCE, s. patience, f. PATIENT, adj. patient, endurant. PATIENT, s. patient, m. un malade. PATIENTLY, adr. patiemment, avec patience. PATINE, s. patène, f. PATLY, adv. à-propos, convenablement. PATNESS, s. convenance, f. proprete, f. PATRIARCH. s. un patriarche. PATRIARCHAL, adj. patriarchal. [archat, m. PATRIARCHATE, PATRIARCHSHIP, s. patri-PATRICIAN, s. patricien, m. patrice, m. PATRICIAN, adj. patricien, senatorial, noble. PATRICIATE, s. patriciat, m. [moine. PATRIMONIAL, adj. patrimonial, de patri-PATRIMONY, s. patrimoine, m. PATRIOT, s. patriote, m. PATRIOTISM, s. patriotisme, m. PATROCINATE, v. a. protéger, défendre. PATROCINATION, s. protection, f. désense, f. PATROL, s. patrouille, f. guet de nuit, m. PATROL, v. n. faire la patrouille or la ronde. PATRON, s. patron, m. protecteur, m. PATRONAGE, s. protection, f. patronage, m. PATRONAL, adj. patronal, de patron. PATRONESS, s. patrone, f. protectrice, PATRONISE, v. a. protéger, défendre, favori-PATRONYMICK, s. patronymique, m. PATTEN, s. patin, m. soubassement, m. PATTER, v. n. faire du bruit, marmoter PATTERN, s. patron, m. modèle, m. échan-PATTERN, v. a. copier, imiter. [tillon, m. PALCITY, s. petit nombre, petite quantité.

Pauncu, v. a. éventrer. AUNCHES, s. (sea term) couchins, m. pl. PAUPER, s. un pauvre. PAUSE, s. pause, f. repos, m. Pause, v. n. pauser, s'arrêter, peser, délibé-Pauser, s. celui qui s'arrête, qui réfléchit. PAVAN, PAVIN, s. pavanc, f. PAVE, v. a. paver. PAVEMENT, s. le pavé. PAVER, PAVIER, s. un paveur (des rues, &c.) PAVIAGE, s. ce que l'on paic pour le pavé. PAVIAGE, s. pavois, m. (grand bouclier.) PAVILION, s. pavillon, m. tente, f. A paving beetle, hie or demoiselle, f. PAW, s. la griffe, la patte. PAW, r. a. x n. toucher avec la patte or le pied, patiner, caresser avec la patte. AWN, r. a. engager, mettre en gage. PAWN, s. gage, m. un pion. giste, m. PAWNEROKER, s. preteur sur gage, m. enga-PAWNER, s. celni or celle qui engage. PAN, v. a. payer, aequitter, récompenser, rendre; to pay away, payer; to pay back, rendre, restituer; to pay down, payer argent comptant; to pay for, expier, être paye or puni de; to pay off, se venger, battre. To pay a visit, rendre une visite, Pan a ship suiver un vaissen. Pay a ship, suiver un vaissean. [pl. PAY, s. paie, f. solde, f. salaire, m. gages, m. PAYABLE, adj. payable. PAY-DAY, s. jour de paiement, m. PAYER. s. payeur, m. payeuse, f. PAY-MASTER, s. payeur, m. PAYMENT, s. paiement, m. paie, f. gages, m. Peace, s. paix, f. repos, m. silence, f. Peace, s. paix, f. repos, m. silence, f. Peaceable, adj. paisible, pacifique. pl. PEACEABLENESS, s. humeur pacifique, f. FEACEABLY, adv. paisiblement, en paix. Peaceful, adj. paisible, pacifique, tranquil e. Peacefully, adv. paisiblement. PEACEFULNESS, s. paix, f. tranquillité, f PEACE-MAKER, s. pacificateur, m. Peace-offering, s. sacrifice propitatoire, Peach, s. pêche, f. Peach-tree, pêcher, m. Peacii, v. a. accuser. PEACHICK, s. paonneau, m. le petit d'un paon. Peacock, s. un paon (prononcez pan.) PEAHEN, s. paonne, f. (prononcez panne.) PEAK, s. cime, f. pointe, f. sommet, m. pic, PEAK, r. n. avoir l'air malade. [m. PEAKING, adj. maladif, malingre. PEAL, s. grand bruit, fracas, m. tintamarre, m. cloches en branle or à volée. PEAR, v. a. étourdir par un grand bruit. PEAR, s. poire, f. Pear-tree, poirier, m. choke pear, poire d'angoisse, f. PEARL, s. perle, f. taie (sur l'œil.) f. pari-Pearly, adj. plein de perles. [sienne, f. PEARMAIN, s. poire-pomme, f. Peasant, s. un paysan. Peasantry, s. les paysans, m. pl les gens de la campagne, m. pl.
PEASCOD, PEASHELL, s. cosse de pois, f.
PEASE, s. pl. of Pea, des pois. PEAT, s. sorte de tourbe. Perble, Pebble-stone, s. un caillon. PEBBLED, PEBBLY, adj. plein de cailloux. PECCABLE, adj. peccable.
PECCABLLO, s. petit péché, peccadille, f.

Peccancy, s. mauvaise qualité, vice, m.

PRCK, s. picotin, m.; v. a. becqueter.

PECCANT, adj. coupable, mauvais, peccant.

PECKER, s. pivert, m.
PECTORAL, adj. & s. pectoral, m.
PECULATE, PECULATION, s. péculat, m. PECULATOR, s. celui qui vole or pille le public. PECULIAR, adj. particulier, singulier, propre. PECULIAR, s. propre, m. Regal peculiar, la chapelle du roi. PECULIARITY, s. singularité, f. particularité, PECULIARLY, adv. particulièrement. PECUNIARY, adj. pécuniaire, d'argent.
PECUNIOUS, adj. pecunieux.
PEDAGGGICAL, adj. pédagogique.
PEDAGGGUE, s. un pédagogue, un pédant. PEDAGOGUE, v. a. enseigner avec un air de PEDAL, adj. d'un pied, qui a un pied en long. PEDALS, s. pédales, / PEDANEOUS, adj. qui va à pied, pédanée. PEDANT, s. un pedant, un pédagogue. PEDANTICE, PEDANTICAL, adj. pédantesque. PEDANT-LIKE, adv. en pédant, comme un PEDANTRY, s. pédanterie, f. [pé PEDDLE, v. n. s'occuper de bagatelles. [pédant. PEDDLING, adj. petit peu considérable. PEDERASTY, s. péderastic. f. sodomie. f. PEDERERO, s. pierrier, m. (pièce d'artillerie.) PEDESTAL, s. piédestal, m. PEDICLE, s. pédicule, m. PEDICULAR, PEDICULOUS, adj. pédiculaire. PEDIGREE, s. généalogie, f. PEDIMENT, s. fronton, m. [tit mercier. PEDLER, s. porte-balle, m. colporteur, m. pe-PEDLERY, s. petite mercerie, f. clincaille, f. PEDOBAPTISM, s. le baptème des enfans. Peel, s. peau, f. pelure, f. écorce, f. ron-deau (de patisser,) m. PEEL, v. a. peler, ôter la peau, piller. Peel off, se peler, s'écailler. PEEP, s. la première apparition, ceillade, f. coup d'ceil, m. clin d'ceil, m. At the peep of day, an point du jour. PEEP, v. n. paroître, poindre, percer, pousser, regarder par un trou, entrevoir. PEEPER, s. poussin, m. PEEP-HOLE, PEEPING-HOLE, s. trou par où l'on regarde sans être apperçu, m. PEER, s. pair, m. égal, m. compagnon, m. PEER, v. n. commencer à paroître, lorgner. PEERAGE, PEERDOM, s. pairie, f. PEERESS, s. la femme d'un pair. PEERLESS, adj. sans pareil, incomparable. PEEVISH, adj. bourru, acariatre, fantasque. PEEVISHLY, adv. d'un air chagrin. PEEVISHNESS, s. humeur bourrue. PEG, s. cheville, f. fausset, m.; v. a. cheviller. PELAGIAN, s. Pelagien, m. PELF, s. biens futiles, m. vaines richesses. Pelican, s. pélican, m. Pellet, s. balle, f. pelote, f. boule, f.
Pellicle, s. pellicule, f. petite peau.
Pellicle, s. pellicule, f. (espèce d'herbe.)
Pell-Mxll, adv. pèle-mèle, confusément. PELLUCID, adj. transparent. [rence, f. PELLUCIDITY, PELLUCIDNESS, s. transpa-PELT, s. peau, f. fourrure, f. bouclier de peau. Pelt-monger, s. un peaussier. Pelt-wool, s. laine tirée d'un,brebis morte. PELT, v. a. tirer, jeter; v. n. enrager. PEN, s. plume (à écrire,) f. aile, f. pler, m. parc pour les brebis. f. aile, f. poulail-PEN, v. a. écrire, emplumer (un clavecin.) Pen up, enfermer dans un poulailler.

PENAL, adj. pénal, qui porte une peine.

PENALITY, PENALTY, s. peine, f. amende, f. PENANCE, s. pénitence, f. PENATES, s. pénates, m. PEN-CASE, s. casse d'une écritoire f. PENCE, s. pl. of Penny, sous, m. p Pencil, s. pinceau, m.; v. n. peindre. PENCIL-CASE, s. porte-crayon, m. PENDANT, s. pendant d'oreille, m. pendeur. (d'un navire,) m. PENDENCE, s. penchant, m. inclination, f. Pendence, s. délai. [forjetta [forjettant. PENDENT, adj. pendant, qui pend or avance, PENDING, adj. pendant. PENDULOUS, adj. pendant, suspendu, irrésolu, en suspense. PENDULUM, s. un pendule, une pendulc. PENETRABLE, adj. pénétrabilité, f. PENETRABLE, adj. pénétrable. [fin, subtil. PENETRANT, adj. pénétrant, perçant, aigu, PENETRATE, v. a. & n. pénétrer, percer. PENETRATION, s. pénétration, f. sagacité, f. PENETRATIVE, adj. pénétratif. PENINSULA, s. péninsule, f. presqu'ile, f. PENINSULATED, adj. isolé, presqu'isolé. PENITENCE, s. pénitence. f. repeniance, f. PENITENT, adj. & s. pénitent. PENITENTIAL, adj. & s. pénitentiel. PENITENTIARY, s. pénitencier. m. PENITENTLY, adv. avec repentir, avec péni-PEN-KNIFE, s. un cauif. [tence. PENNAN, s. un auteur, un écrivain, une PENNACHED, adj. panaché. [bonne plume. PENNANT, s. banderole, f. flamme, f. palan, PENNATED, adj. ailé. PENNER, s. écrivain, m. casse d'écritoire, f. PENNON, s. flamme, f. pennon, pavillon, m. PENNY, s. un sou, denier, m. PENNY-GRASS, s. l'herbe aux poux. PENNY-POST, s. la petite poste. PENNY-ROT, s. nombril de Vénus, m PENNYROYAL, s. pouliot, m. (sorte d'herbe.) PENNYWEIGHT, s. denier de poids, m. PENNY-WISE, adj. qui épargne mal-à-propos des bagatelles. PENNYWORT, s. menthe sauvage, f. PENNYWORTH, s. pour un sou, bon marché. Pensile, adj. suspendu, qui pend en l'air. Pension, s. pension, f. conseil, m. droit, m. Pension, r. a. pensionner. Pensionary, s. qui a une pension. Pensioner, s. un pensionnaire. Pensive, adj. pensif, rêveur, morne, triste. Pensively, adv. d'un air rêveur, tristement. Pensiveness, s. air pensif, réverie, f. PENT, part. adj. enfermé. PENTACHORD, s. pentacorde. f. PENTAEDROUS, adj. pentaëdre, qui a cinq PENTAGON, s. pentagone, m. PENTAGONAL, adj. pentagone, à cinq angles. Pentameter, s. un vers pentamêtre. PENTANGULAR, adj. qui à cinq angles. PENTAPETALOUS, qui a 5 pétales, ou 5 fenilles. PENTATEUCH, s. le pentateuque. Pentecost, s. la pentecôte. PENTECOSTAL, udj. de la pontecôte. PENTHOUSE, PENTICE, s. auvent, m. aba vent, m. PENTILE, s. tuile creuse, faitière, Penultima, s. la pénultième syllabe. PENUMBRA, s. pénombre. Penunious, adj. avare, chiche, tropéconome

PENURIOUSLY, adv. en avare, pauvrement.

PENURIOUSNESS, s. avarice, f.

PENURY, s. disette, f. pauvreté, f. besoin, m. PEONY, s. pivoine, f. [misère, f. PEONY, s. pivoine, f. [misère, f. PEOPLE, s. peuple, m. nation, f. gens, f. or PEOPLE n. g. peuples PEOPLE, v. a. peupler. [m. pl. PEPPER, s. poivre, m. ; v. a. poivrer. PEPPER-BOX, s. poivrière, f. PEPPERCORN, s. grain, fetu, m. bagatelle, f. PEPPER-PLANT or TREE, s. poivrier, m. PEPPERWORT, s. poivrée, f. (herbe.) PEPTICK, adj. peptique. PER, prep. par. PERACUTE, adj. fort aigu, fort violent. PERADVENTURE, adj. peut-ctre, par hasard. PERAGRATION, s. peragration, f. voyage, m. PERAMBULATE, v. a. passer par, parcourir. PERAMBULATION, s. voyage, m. tour, m. vi-PERCEIVABLE, adj. perceptible. [site, f. PERCEIVE, v. a. appercevoir, découvrir. PERCEPTIBLE, adj. perceptible, sensible. PERCEPTIBLY, adv. sensiblement, visible-Perception, s. perception, f. clairvoyance, f. intelligence, f.
PERCEPTIVE, adj. intelligent. PERCEPTIVITY. See Perception. Perch, s. perche, f.; r. n. se percher. perching-stick, un perchoir. PERCHANCE, adv. pent-cire, par hasard. PERCLOSE, s. conclusion, f. fin, f. PERCOLATE, v. a. passer, couler, transmettre. PERCOLATION, s. filtration, f. PERCUSS, v. a. frapper, battre. PERCUSSION, s. perenssion, f. PERCUTIENT, adj. qui frappe. [tion, f. PERDITION, s. perdition, f. ruine, f. destruc-PERDRIGON, s. perdrigon, m. PERDUE, adv. en embuscade; adj. avance. PERDURATION, s. durée, f. PEREGRINATE, v. n. voyager, demeurer, (dans les pays étrangers.) Peregrination, s. voyage, m. Penegrine, adj. etranger, pelerin. Peremptority, adv. peremptoirement. PEREMPTORINESS. s. ton dogmatique, m. PEREMPTORY, adj. péremptoire, décisif, de-finitif, absolu, décidé, tranchant. PERENNIAL, adj. qui dure l'année, continuel. PERENNITY, s. durée perpetuelle. Perfect, adj. parfait, accompli, achevé. PERFECT, v. a. perfectionner, achever. PERFECTION, s. perfection, f. excellence, f. PERFECTIVE, adj. qui perfectionne.
PERFECTIVELY, adv. d'une manière qui perfectionne. Perfectly, adv. parfaitement, très bien. PERFECTNESS, s. perfection, f. habileté, f. FERFIDIOUS, adj. perfide, infidèle, déloyal. PERFIDIOUSLY, adv. perfidement, en traitre. PERFIDIOUSNESS, PERFIDY, s. perfidie, f. PERFLATE, v. n. souffler à travers. PERFLATION, s. l'action de souffler à travers. PERFORATE, r. a. percer tout outre, trouer. PERFORATION, s. perforation, f. une trouée. PERFORCE, adv. forcément, par force. PERFORM, v. a. & n. exécuter, accomplir, effectuer, faire, s'acquitter, réussir. PERFORMABLE, adj. praticable, fesable. PERFORMANCE, s. execution, f. accomplissement, m. ouvrage, m. action, f. Performer, s. celui qui execute, executeur, m. artiste, musicien, m. PERFRICATE, r. a. frotter, frayer, décrotter.

PERFUME, s. parfum, m.; v. a. parfumer.

PERFUMER, s. parfumeur, m. A perfuming pun or pot, une cassolette. PERFUNCTORILY, adv. negligemment. PERFUNCTORINESS, s. négligence, f. PERFUNCTORY, adj. léger, superficiel. PERFUSE, v. a. répandre, couvrir. PERHAPS, adv. peut-être. PERICARDIAN, PERICARDICK, adj. du péri-Pericardium, s. le péricarde. Pericarpium, s. le péricarpe. [carde. [clin. Pericutation, s. péril, m. danger, m. dé-Pericuanium, s. le péricrane. [ficile. Periculous, adj. périleux, hasardeux, dif-Perigee, Perigeum, s. le périgée d'une planète. PERIMELIUM, s. le périhélie d'une planète. Peril, s. péril, m. danger, m. risque, m. Perilous, adj. périlleux, dangereux. Perilousily, adv. périlleusement, dange-Perimeter, s. périmètre, m. [reusement. PERINEUM, s. le périnée. Period, s. période, f. révolution, f. retour, m. accès, m. période, m. Periodical, Periodick, adj. périodique. PERIODICALLY, adr. périodiquement. Periosteum, s. périoste, m PERIPATETICK, s. péripatéticien, m. PERIPHERY, s. périphérie, f. circonférence, PERIPHRASE, v. a. périphraser. Periphrasis, i. periphrase, f. circonlocu-PERIPHRASTICAL, adj. de périphrase. PERIPHEUMONY, s. péripheumonie, f. PERISCII, s. pl. périsciens, m. PERISH, v. n. périr, mourir. PERISHABLE, adj. périssable, sujet à périr. PERISTALTICK, adj. péristaluque. Peristerion, s. verveine or vervene, f. Peristyle, s. péristile, m. PERITONEUM, s. le péritoine. PERJURE, v. a. parjurer, violer son serment. PERJURER, s. parjure, m. PERJURY, s. parjure, m. faux serment. Perriwic, s. une perruque; r. a. mettre une PERIWINKLE, s. pervenche, f. perruque. PERK, v. a. parer, orner; to perk up, se remettre, se rétablir. PERMANENCE, PERMANENCY, s. permanence. PERMANENT, adj. permanent, durable. Permanently, adv. d'une manière perma-Permeable, adj. pénétrable. [nente. PERMEATE, v. a. pénétrer, passer à travers. PERMISSIBLE, adj. qu'on peut permettre. PERMISSION, s. permission, f. pouvoir, m. PERMISSIVE, adj. qui tolère, tolèré, permis. PERMISTION, PERMIXTION, s. mélange, m. PERMIT, s. passe-avant. [laisser le soin. PERMIT, s. passe-avant. PERMIT, v. a. permettre, souffrir, accorder, PERMUTATION, s. permutation, f. PERMUTE, r. a. changer, echanger, permuter. PERMUTER, s. permutant. Pernicious, adj. pernicieux, nuisible, fu-Perniciousiy, adv. pernicieusement. qualité perniciouse, PERNICIOUSNESS, s. PERORATION, s. peroraison, f. [danger, m. PERPEND, v. a. examiner, peser. PERPENDER, s. parpaing, m. [laire, m. PERPENDICULAR, s. à-plomb, m. perpendicu-PERPENDICULAR, adj. perpendiculaire. PERPENDICULARLY, adv. perpendiculaire-PERPETRATE, r.a. commettre, faire. [ment. PERPETRATION, s. accomplissement, m.

PERPETUAL, adj. perpetuel, continuel.

PHARE, PHAROS, s. Phare, m. fanal, m.

[tiférés, f.

[pour 5 aus.

PERVADE, r. a. pénérer, passer à cavers. PERPETUALLY, adv. perpetuellement, conti-PERVASION, s. péné ration, f. PERVERSE, adj. pervers, dépravé, méchant. nuellement, toujours, sans fin. PERPETUATE, v. a. perpétuer, éterniser. PERPETUATION, s. l'action de perpétuer. PERPETUITY, s. perpétuité, f. durée éter-PERVERSELY, der. mechanment.
PERVERSENESS, PERVERSION, PERVERSITY, s. mechanceté, f. depravation, f. PERPLEX, v. a. inquieter. Inelle, f. PERPLEXED, part. adj. troublé, inquiet, em-bropillé tourmenté, embarrassé. [lée. PERVERT, v. a. perverter, corrompre, déprabrouillé, tourmenté, embarrassé. [lée. PERPLEXEDLY, adv. d'une manière embrouil-PERVERTER, s. corrupteur, m, PERVICACIOUS, adj. revêche. PERPLEXEDNESS, PERPLEXITY, s. perplex-PERVICACIOUSNESS, PERVICACITY, PERité, f. inquietude, f. embarras, m. [m. Perquisites, s. pl. easuel, m. profits casuels, VICACY, s. obstination, f. opiniatrete, f. Pervious, adj. par où l'on peut passer, pas-Perviousness, s. pénétrabilité, f. [sable. PERQUISITION, s. perquisition, f. recherche PERRY, s. poiré, m. Peruke, s. perruque. Lexacte. PERSECUTE, v. a. persécuter, tourmenter. PERUKE-MAKER, s. perruquier. Perusal, s. l'action de lire, lecture, f. Persecution, s. persecution, f. Persecutor, s. persecuteur, m. Peruse, v. a. lire, examiner. Peruser, s. lecteur, m. observateur, m. Peruseng, s. lecture, f. l'action de lire, f. Perseverance, s. persévérance, f. constance, f. PERSEVERANT, adj. perseverant, constant. Peruvian, adj. Peruvien; peruvian bark, Persevere, v. n. perseverer, persister. de quinquina. Perseveringly, adr. avec persévérance. ESSARY, s. pessaire, m. PEST, s. peste, f. contagion. f. PERSIAN, s. (a thin slight silk) de la Per-PESTER, r. a. embarrasser, inquieter, incomsienne. Persist, v. n. persister, persévérer. moder, harceler. Persistance, Persistency, s. constance, f. fermeté, f. persévérance, f. opiniâtreté, Pest-nouse, s. lazaret, m. maison des pes-PESTIFEROUS, adj. pestifere. PERSON, s. personne, f.
PERSONABLE, adj. de bonne mine, de bon air. PESTILENCE, s. peste, f. pestilence, f. PESTILENT, PESTILENTIAL, adj. pestilent. PESTLE, s. un pilon, l'os d'un jambou, m. Personage, s. personnage, m. personne, f. PERSONAL, adj. personnel. PET, s. dépit, m. boutade, f. accès, m. Personality, s, personnalité, f. individua-Personally, adv. personnellement. [lite, f. Personate, v. a. jouer, représenter. PETAL, s. petale, m. PETALISM, s. pétalisme, m. bannissement PETAR, PETARD, s. pétard, m. PETARDER, s. pétardier, m. PERSONIFICATION, s. prosopopée, f. PETECHIAL, adj. accompagné de pétéchies. PETER-PENCE, s. denier de St. Pierre, m. PETIT, adj. petit, peu considérable. [f. PERSONIFY, v. a. personnifier. PRESPECTIVE, s. perspective, f. lunette d'approche, f. vue, f. aspect, m.; adj. qui ré-PETITION, s. réquête, f. placet.m. demande, PETITION, v. a. demander, solliciter. présente, optique. PERSPICACIOUS, adj. elairvoyant, éclairé. PERSPICACITY, PERSPICACIOUSNESS, s. la PETITIONARY, adj. requerant, suppliant. bonte de la vue, perspieacité, f. force, f. Perspicuity, s. el arté, f. netteté, f. Perspicuous, adj. clair, transparent, net. PETITIONER, s. suppliant, m. requerant, m. PETITORY, adj. & s. pétitoire, m. Petrary, s. un mangoneau. PETRIFACTION, PETRIFICATION, s. pétrifi-PERSPICUOUSLY, adv. clairement. cation, f. PERSPICUOUSNESS, s. clarté, Perspirable, adj. transpirable. PETRIFACTIVE, PETRIFICK, adj. lapidifique. Petriffy, r. a. & n. pétrifier, se pétrifier. PERSPIRATION, s. transpiration, f. PERSPIRE, r. n. transpirer. PETRONEL, s. un pistolet. PERSTRINGE, v. a. passer légèrement sur, ef-PETTICOAT, s. une jupe, un cotillon, une PERSUADABLE, adj. persuasible. cotte, un jupon. PETTIFOGGER, s. un petit avocat.
PETTIFOGGING, s. chicaue, f. artifice, m. Persuade, v. a. persuader, convaincre, re-Persuasible, adj. persuasible. (soudre. PETTISH, adj. facheux, chagrin, bourru. Persuasion, s. persuasion. f. croyance, f. PERSUASIVE, adj. persuasif. sions, f. PETTISHNESS, s. humeur chagrine. Persuasiveness, s. influence sur les pas-Persuasory, adj. persuasif. Pert, adj. vif, éveillé, plein de feu, pétulant. PETTITOES, s. pl. des pieds de cochon de lait. PETTO, s. cœur, m. petto, m. frieur. PETTY, adj. petit, peu considérable, bas, infé-PERTAIN, v. n. regarder, concerner. PETULANCE, PETULANCY, s. petulance, f. PERTINACIOUS, adj. obstine, epiniatre. PETULANT, adj. pétulant, impertinent, inso-PETULANTLY, adr. pétulamment. PERTINACIOUSI.Y, adr. opiniatrement. PERTINACIOUSNESS, PERTINACY, s. obsti-PEW, s. un bane fermé, un priedieu. PEWET or Puet, s. huppe, f. (oisean aqua-PEWTER, s. ctain, m. de l'étain. [tique.) PERTINACITY, s. fermete, f. resolution, f. PERTINENCY, s. conve-PEWTERER, s. un potier d'étain. PERTINENCE, PHAGEDENICK, PHAGEDENOUS, adj. phanance, f. PERTINENT, adj. pertinent, convenable. gédénique. PERTINENTLY, adv. pertinemment, à-propos.
PERTEY, adv. vivement, pétulamment.
PERTESS, s. vivacité, f. feu, m. [quieter.
PERTURB, PERTURBATE, v. a. troubler, in-PHALANX, s. une phalange. PHANTASM, PHANTASMA, s. fautôme, m. PHANTASTICAL, PHANTASTICK, adj. fautasque. PERTURBATION, s. trouble, m. agitation, f. PERTURBATOR, s. un perturbateur. PHANTOM, s. fantôme, m. spectre, m. vision, PHARAO. s. Pl.araon, m.

l'ERTUSION, s. l'action de percer un trou.

PHARISAICAL, adj. pharisarque, de pharisien. [PHARISAISM, s. pharisaisme, m. PHARISEE, s. un pharisien. PHARMACEUTICAL, PHARMACEUTICK, ac'j. pharmaccutique. PHARMACOLOGY, s. pharmacologie, f. Рнапмасорета, s. pharmacopée, PHARMACOPOLIST, s. un apothicaire, un pharmacien. PHARMACY, s. pharmacie, f. PHASELS, s. fascole, f. PHASIS, s. phase, f. apparence, f. PHASM, s. fautôme, m. spectre, m. vision, f. PHEASANT, s. un faisan. PHEASANT-POUT, s. un faisandeau. PHENIX, s. phénix, m. PHENOMENON, s. phénomène, m. PHIAL, s. une fiole. [honnête. PHILANTHROPAL, adj. humain, doux, bon, PHILANTHROPIST, s. philanthrope, m.
PHILANTHROPY, s. humanité, f. bienveil-PHILAUTY, s. amour-propre, m. [lance, f. PHILLAUTY, 8. amonir-propre, m. [Hance, f. PHILLIPPICK, 8. phillippique, f. invective, f. PHILLOLOGER, 8. philologue, m. critique, m. PHILLOLOGICAL, adj. philologique, critique, m. PHILLOLOGIST, 8. philologie, f. littérature, f. PHILOMEL, PHILOMELA, 8. philomèle, f. PHILOMEL, adj. de couleur de feuille morte. PHILOPHASTER, s. un méchant philosophe. PHILOSOPHER, s. un philosophe. A natural philosopher, un physicien. A moral philophilosopher, un physicien. A moral philosopher, un moraliste. The philosopher's stone, pierre philosophale. Philosophicall, adj. philosophique.
Philosophically, adv. philosophiquement. PHILOSOPHIZE, v. n. philosopher, moraliser. Ригьозорич, s. philosophie, f. PHILTER, s. philtre, m. Pнız, s. la figure, le visage, la trogne. Рисевотоміят, s. un phlébotomiste. Phlebotomize, v. a. saigner, phlébotomiser. Phlebotomy, s. phlébotomie, f. Phlegm, s. phlème, m. PHLEGMATICK, adj. flegmatique, froid. PHLEME, s. flamme, f. PHLEGMON, s. flegmon, m. inflammation, f. PHLEGMONOUS, adj. brulant, chaud, inflam-Phlogiston, s. phlogistique, m. Imatoire. PHENIX, s. phœnix, m. PHOSPHOR, PHOSPHORUS, s. phosphore, m. PHRASE, s. phrase, f. style, m.; v. a. exprimer. PHRASEOLOGY, s. diction, f. style, m. PHRENETIS, s. frenesie, PHRENETICK, adj. frenetique.

PHRENSY, s. frénésie, PHTHISICAL, adj. phthisique. PHTHISICK, PHTHISIS, s. phthisie, f. consomption, f. PHILACTERY, s. philactère, m. PHYSICAL, adj physique, naturel, médicinal. PHYSICALLY, adv. physiquement, naturelle-PHYSICIAN, s. un médecin. ment. Physick, s. médecine, f. remède, m. PHYSICK, v. a. médicamenter, droguer. Physicks, s. la physique, livres de médecin. Physiognomer, Physiognomist, s. physionomiste, m. Physiognomick, adj. physionomique. Physiognomy, s. physionomie, f. figure, f. PHYSIOLOGICAL, adj. physiologique. PHYSIOLOGIST, s. physiologiste, m. PHYSIOLOGY, s. physiologie, f.

PHYTOLOGY, s. traité de l. tanique, PIACULAR, PIACULOUS, adj. expiatoire, piaculaire. PIA-MATER, s. pie-mère, f. PIANET, s. pie, f. grimpereau, m. PHASTER, s. piastre, m. PIAZZA, s. un portique. Pica, s. pica, m. appétit dépravé, cicéro, m. Small pica, cicero à petit œil. PICAROON, s. un brigand, un pirate. Pick, s. martelline, f. pic, m.
Pick, v. a. cucillir, ramasser, choisir, trier, glaner, curer, éplucher, nettoyer, ronger, piquer, percer, lancer, darder, voler, esca-moter, crocheter; to pick out, arracher, ôter, attraper, prendre, tirer; to pick up, ramasser, raccrocher, arracher, enlever; v. α. manger à petit morceaux. PICKAXE, s. pic, m. pioche, f. houe, f. PICK-BACK, adj. sur le dos. PICKEER, v. a. voler, piller, escarmoucher. Picker. s. celui qui cueille, ramasse, cure, &c. voleur, m. pioche, f.
PICKEREL, s. un brocheton, un petit brochet. Pickings, s. épluchures, f. pl. PICKLE, s. saumure, f. marinade, f. PICKLE, v. a. saler, mariner, confire. Picklock, s. crochet, m. rossignol, m. PICKPOCKET, s. un filou. Pickthank, s. un flagorneur. Рісктоотн, s. un cure-dent. PICTORIAL, adj. de peintre, pittoresque. PICTURE, s. peinture, f. portrait, m. PICTURE, v. a. dépeindre, peindre. PICTURE-DRAWER, s. peintre de portrait, m. PICTURE-DRAWING, s. peintre, f. PIDDLE, v.n. pignocher, manger à petits mor-PIDDLING-BUSINESS, niaiserie, f PIE, s. un pate; minced pie, rissole, f. PIE or MAGPIE, s. un pie. vrage, m. production, f.; piece of a candle, bout de chandelle, m.; piece of ord-

PIE-BALD. adj. pie de diverses couleurs. PIECE, s. pièce, f. morceau, m. bout, m. ouuance, un canon. A field-piece, une pièce de campague. Fowling-piece, un fusil de chasse; piece of wit, trait d'esprit; piece of news, une nouvelle; piece of folly, une folie. A-piece, la pièce, chacun or chacune. a piece with, de la même espèce.

Piece, v. a. rapiècer. PIECELESS, adj. entier, uni. fbièces. Piece-Meal, adj. séparé, chaque; adv. en PIECER, s. rapetasser, m. ravaudeur, m. Pied, adj. varié, de diverses couleurs. Pier, s. trumeau, m. un môle. PIERCE, v. a. percer, pénétrer, toucher. PIERCER, s. un percoir. [tilement. Piercingly, adv. d'une manière aigue, sub-PIERCINGNESS, s. pénétration, f. PIETY, s. piété, f. religion, f. amour, m. PIG, s. un petit cochon, un cochon, un saumon de plomb. Pig, v. n. cochonner. PIGBADGER, s. un taisson, un blaireau.

Pigeon, s. pigeon, m.; pigeon-house, un pigeonnier, un colombier; pigeon hole, un boulin. A young pigeon, un pigeonneau. PIGEON'S-FOOT, (an herb) geranne, m. PIGEON'S-HERB, S. (an herb) verveine, f. PIGEON-LIVERED, adj. doux, sans fiel. Piggin, s. un petit seau, un petit vaisseau. PIGMENT, s. fard, m. rouge, m. couleur, f.

PINING, adj. languissant; langueur, f. PINION, s. l'aileron, m. l'ai e, f. pignon, m. PINION, v. a. lier les ailes or les bras.

160 Pigmy, s. un pigmée, un nain, un mirmidon. [PIGNORATION, s. cautionnement, m. PIGNUT, s. une truffe or truffe. PIKE, s. un brochet, une pique. PIKED, adj. pcintu, aigu. PIKEMAN, s. un piquier. PIKE-STAFF, s. bâton pointu, le bois d'une PILASTER, s. pilastre, m.
PILCHE, PILCHER, s. fourreau, m. couverture fourrée. PILE, s. pilotis, pile, f. tas, m. monceau, m. bâtiment, m. édifice, m. le fer (d'une flèche) poil, m. duvet, m. PILES, s. les hémorrhoides, f. PILE, v. a. entasser, mettre en pile. PILER, s. qui entasse, qui met en pile. PILEWORT, s. scrofulaire (plante.) PILFER, v. a. & n. faire de petits vols. PILFERER, s. petit voleur, fripon, m. filou, m. PILFERING, s. larcin, m PILFERINGLY, adv. en fripon, par larcin. PILGRIM, s. un pélérin; v. u. voyager. PILGRIMAGE, s. pélérinage, m. PILL, s. pilulé, f.
PILLAGE, v. a. piller; s. pillage, m. PILLAGER, s. un pillard, un voleur, un bri-PILLAR, s. pilier, in. colonne, f. PILLARED, adj. sontenu par des piliers PILLION, s. une selle de femme, coussinet, m. PILLORY, s. pilori, m.; v. a. pilorier, mettre PILLOW, s, un oreiller. [au pilori. PILLOWREER, PILLOW-CASE, s. un taie Pilot, s. pilote. m.; r. a. piloter. PILOTAGE, s. pilotage, m. louage de pilote,m. PILTER, s. papillon de nuit, m. PIMENTA, s. piment, m. PIMP, s. maquereau; v. n. faire le métier de maquercau. PIMPERNEL, s. pimprenelle, f. plante. PIMPING, s. maquerellage, m. Itif. PIMPING, adj. petit, de peu de valeur, ché-PIMPLE, s. bouton, m. pustule, f. PIMPLED, adj. qui a de boutons, bourgeonné. PIN, s. épingle, f. quille, f. cheville, f. clavette, f. centre, clou, m. goupille, f. goupilles (d'une montre.) le style (d'un cadran) poinçon, m. taie, f. Axle-pin or linch-pin, axe, m. or essieu de roue, m. Larding-pin, une lardoire. Rolling-pin, rouleau (de pâtissier.) m. aiguille de tête, f. fer à friser. Crisping-pin, PIN, v. a. attacher avec des épingles, attacher, arrêter, joindre, fermer, entermer, terminer, conclure, finir. PINCASE, s. un étui à épingles. PINCER, s. davier, m. tenette. f. PINCERS, s. pl. tenailles, f. pl. pince, f.
PINCH, v. a. pincer, serrer, presser, blesser,
réduire à l'étroit, railler, satiriser; to pinch off, arracher, emporter, enlever; r. n. se faire sentir, être dans la nécessité. Pinch, s. pincée, f. prise, f. peine, f. Pincheeck, s. pinchbeck, m. similor, m. Pincher, s. celui or celle qui pince. PINCH-FIST, PINCH-PENNY, s. un avare. Pincushion, s. une pelot aux épingles. PINDARICK, adj. Pindarique. PINE, s. un pin. PINE, r. n. languir, dépérir; v. α. faire languir, faire périr. Pineau. adj. pinéale. [bergerie.

PINK, s. un œillet (fleur,) pinque, f. Pink-eyed, adj. qui a des petits yeux. Pink, r. a. découper, figurer; r. n. clignoter. PINKER, s. un découpeur. PINKING, s. découpure. f.; adj. yeux qui PINMAKER, s. un épinglier. [clignote. PIN-MONEY, s. argent pour les menus plai-PINNACE, s. pinasse, f. PINNACLE, s. pinacle. m. créneau, m. PINNER, s. barbe (d'une coiffe,) f.
PINT, s. piute d'Angleterre, f. chopine de PIONEER, s. pionnier, m. France, f. Piony, s. pionne, f. Pious, adj. pieux, pié, dévot, religieux. Prousily, ade. pieusement, avec piété. PIP, s. la pépie, point sur les cartes, m. Pip, r. n. pépier, gazouiller. Pipe, s. un tube, une pipe, une pipe, un pipeau, un tuyau, un conduit, un canal, l'organe de la voix, le sifflet, la trachée-artère, le grand rouleau de l'échiquier, Pipe, v. n. jouer de la flûte, flûter, crier. Piper, s. flûteur, un joueur de la flûte. PIPETREE, s. lilas, m.
PIPING, adj. foible, maladif, valétudinaire, chaud, bouillant. PIPKIN, s. un pot de terre, terrine. f. PIPPIN. s. reinette, f. (sorte de pomme.) PIQUANT, adj. piquant, qui a de la pointe. PIQUANCY, s. pointe, f. PIQUANTLY, adv. d'une manière piquante. PIQUE, s. différent, m. démélé, m. pique. f. point, m, délicatesse, f, pie, m. Pique, r, a, piquer, exciter, chequer. PIQUEER, v. n. escarmoucher, piller. PIQUEERING, s. escarmouche, f. rapine, f. Piquet, s. piquet, m. jeu de cartes. Piracy, s. piraterie, f. ban, m. un plagiaire. PIRATE, s. pirate, m. corsaire, m. PIRATE, v. n. pirater; v. a. piller (un auteur.) PIRATICAL, adj. de pirate, de voleur. PISCARY, s. droit de péche, m. PISCATION, s. la pêche. PISCATORY, adj. qui a rapport aux poissons or à la pêche. Pisces, s. les poissons, m. [ictiophage. Piscivonous, adj. qui se nourrit de poissons, Pisii, interj. nargue! zest! fi! poua! Pish, v.n. narguer, témoigner du mépris. Pismir:, s. une fourmi. Piss, v. n. pisser, faire de l'eau. Piss. s. pissat, m. urine, f. PISSABED, s. pissenlit, m. dent de lion, f. Pissburnt, adj. teint avec de l'urine, couleur de pissat. PISTACHIO, s. pistache, f. Pistachio-tree, le PISTE, s. piste, f. trace, f. [pistachier. PISTIL, s. pistil, m. Pistol. s. un pistolet; r.a. décharger un PISTOLE, s. pistole, f. pistolet. PISTON, s. piston, m.
PIT, s. une fosse, une creux, un abline, un précipice, puit, m. mine, f. le parterre (d'une salle de spectacle;) l'arène (on l'on fait combattre les coqs.) A coal-pit, une mine de charbon. A gravel-pit, une sa-A sand-pit, une sablière. blonnière. Pit, r. n. & a. se former en creux, mettre dans l'arène. PITAPAT, s. palpitation, f. (de cœur) pas le-PINFOLD, s. pare pour les bestianx, m. une | mger et précipité.

PITCH, s. poix, f. degré, m. point, m. taille, f état, m. condition, f.

PITCH-TREE, s. pin, m. sapin, m. Pitch and PLANCHER, s. une planche. PITCH-TREE, s. pin, m. sapin, m. Pitch and

tar, goudron, m.

Pircii, v. a. poisser, goudronner, ficher, enfoncer, dresser, poser, ranger, paver; v.a. tomber, choisir, s'arrêter.

PITCHER, s. une cruche, un pot de terre. PITCHFORK, s. une fourche de fer.

PITCHY, adj. de poix, poissé, goudronné, noir. PITCOAL, s. charbon de terre, m.

PITEOUS, adj. chagrin, tendre, pitoyable.
PITEOUSLY, adn. pitoyablement, piticusePITFALL, s. trébuchet, m. trappe, f. [ment.
PITH, s. moëlle, f. quintessence, f. PITHILY, adv. vigoureusement, avec force. PITHINESS, s. force, f. energie, f. vigueur, f. PITHLESS, adj. sans moëlle, sans force.

Рітну, adj. fort, énergique, puissant. Рітільне, adj. pitoyable, digne de pitie. Рітігиі., adj. triste, lamentable, tendre, pi-

toyable, misérable, chétif, mauvais. PITIFULLY, adv. avec compassion. PITIFULNESS, s. pitié, f. compassion, f. PITILESSLY, adv. impitoyablement. PITILESS, adj. impitoyable, sans pitié. PITTANCE, s. pittance, f. portion, f. PITTED, adj. marque de petits trous.

PITUITE, s. pituite, f PITUITOUS, adj. pituiteux, flegmatique. PITY, s. pitie, f. compassion, f. It is a pity,

c'est dommage. Pity, v. a. & n. avoir pitié, plaindre, être

[compatissant. PIVOT, s. un pivot. Pix, s. ciboire, m. nerf. PIZZLE, s. le verge de certains animaux, le PLACABILITY, PLACABLENESS, s. clémence,

PLACABLE, adj. clément, doux. [f. PLACARD, PLACART, s. un placard, un édit. PLACATE, v. a. appaiser, adoucir, concilier. PLACE, s. place, f. lieu, m. endroit, m. part,

m. rang, m. espace, m. qualité, f. la préséance, le pas, ville, f. forteresse, f. emploi, m. passage, m.

PLACE, v. a. placer, mettre, établir. PLACID, adj. paisible, doux, gracieux. PLACIDLY, adr. paisiblement, doucement. PLACIT, s. décrei, m. arrêt, m.

PLAGIARISM, s. plagiat, m.

PLAGIARE, s. plagiaire, m. PLAGUE, s. la peste, plaie, f. fléau, m. plague-sore, charbon de peste, m. PLAGUE, v. a. infester de la peste, vexer. PLAICE, s. une pli, (poisson plat.)

PLAID, s. sorte de serge bigarrée, f. PLAIN, adj. plain, uni, égal, plan, ouvert, découvert, franc, sincère, clair, évident,

manifeste. PLAIN, adv. simplement, sincèrement, dis-

tinctement, intelligiblement.

PLAIN, s. plaine, f. campagne unie, plan, m. PLAINDEALER, s. honnête homme. PLAINDEALING, s. droiture, f. franchise, f.

PLAINLY, adv. simplement, manifestement, ouvertement, franchement, clairement. PLAINNESS, s. égalité, f. simplicité, f. fran-chise, f. sincérité, f. clarté, f. PLAINT, s. lamentation, f. plainte, f. PLAINTIFF, s. demandeur or demanderesse.

PLAIFTIVE, adj. plaintif.

PLATA WORK, s. ouvrage à l'aiguille, m. travail en ligne, m. PLAIT, s. pli, m. double, m. tresse, f.

PLAIT, v. a. plisser, plier, tresser, tisser.

PLANE, s. plane, m. surface plane, f. un rabot. PLANE, v. a. raboter, polir, unir, planir,

PLANET, s. planète, f. PLANETARIUM, s. planétaire, m.

PLANETARIN, adj. planetaire, de planète.
PLANETARY, adj. planetaire, de planète.
PLANE-TREE, s. plane, m. or platane, m.
PLANET-STRUCK, adj. broui, étonné, conPLANIMETRY, s. planimetric, f. [sterné.
PLANISH, v. a. planer, polir.

m. polisseur, m. PLANISHER, s. planeur,

PLANISPHERE, s. planisphère, m. PLANK, s. une planche, un ais.

[pointer. PLANK, r. α. planchéier. PLANT, s. plante, f.; v. a. planter, établir,

PLANTAIN, s. plantain, m. (herbe.) PLANTAL, adj. qui concerne les plantes.

PLANTATION, s. plantage, m. établissement, m. plantation, f. colome, f. peuplade, f. PLANTER, s. planteur, m. cultivateur, m. le

PLANTING-STICK, s. plantoir, m. [maître. PLASH, s. une flaque d'eau, un gâchis. PLASH, v. a. entrelacer, gâcher, eclabousser. PLASHY, adj. gâcheux, boueux, bourbeux.

PLASM, s. une moule, une matrice. PLASTER, s. plâtre, m. emplâtre, m.

PLASTER, v. a. platrer, mettre un emplatre. PLASTERER, s. platrier, m.

PLASTERING, s. enduit, m.

PLASTICK, adj. plastique, qui donne un forme. PLASTRON, s. plastron, m.

PLAT, v. a. tresser, tisser; s. un petit champ. The plat veins of a horse, les ars, m.

PLATANE, s. (a tree) platane, m. PLATE, s. plaque, f. or lame (de métal,) f.

planche, f. platine, f. vaisselle (d'or or d'argent,) f. unc assiette, entremets, m. taille-douce, f.

PLATE, v. a. couvrir de feuilles d'or or d'argent, plaquer, mettre en lames.

PLATEN, s. platine, f.
PLATFORM, s. plateforme, f. ichnographie, f.
PLATOON, s. peloton de soldats, m.

PLATONICK, adj. platonique. PLATONISM, s. le platonisme.

PLATTER, s. un grand plat de terre or de PLAUDIT, s. loueuge, f. applaudissement, m. PLAUSIELE, adj. plausible, spécieux.

PLAUSIBLE, adv. plausible, specieux.
PLAUSIBLENESS, S. plausiblité, f.
PLAUSIBLY, adv. plausiblement, fort bien.
PLAY, r. n. & a. badiner, folatrer, jouer, faire un robe, faire jouer, tirer, faire un personnage; to play the fool, faire le fou; to play false, tromper; to play the knave, faire des friponneries; to play the truant, faire le fainéant; to play away, jouer.

PLAY, s. jeu, m. amusement, m. divertissement, m. badinage, m. spectacle, m.

PLAY-BOOK, s. recueil de pièces de theatre,

PLAY-DAY, s. vacances, f. pl. [m. PLAY-DEBT, s. dette de jeu, f. PLAYER, s. joueur, joueuse, un acteur, un

comédien, une actrice, une comédienne.

PLAY-FELLOW, s. compagnon de jeu, m. PLAYFUL, adj. badin, folâtre. PLAY-GAME, s. jeu d'enfant, m.

PLAY-HOUSE, s. une salle de comedie, un théatre, une salle de spectacle, la comédie. PLAYSOME, adj. folâtre, léger.

PLAYSOMENESS, s. amour du jeu, m. PLAY-THING, s. jouet, m. babiole, PLAY-WRIGHT, s. fescur de comédies, m.

PLEA, s. plaidoyer, m. raisons, f. pl. apologie, f. défense, f. excuse, f.
PLEAD, v. n. plaider, défendre, alléguer, prétendre, s'excuser sur. PLEADABLE, adj. qui peut être plaidé. PLEADER, s. plaideur, plaideuse. PLEADING, s. plaidoirie, f. PLEASANCE, s. joie, f. gaieté, f. plaisir, m. PLEASANT, adj. plaisant, agréable, gracieux, divertissant, comique, gai, drôle.

Pleasantly, adv. agreablement, plaisamment. PLEASANTNESS, s. agrément, m. aménité, f. PLEASANTRY, s. plaisanterie, f. badinage, m. EASE, v.a. plaire, obliger, agreem. As you To be pleased, v. n. plaire, vouloir. As you plaira. To please PLEASE, v.a. plaire, obliger, agréer. To please, please, comme il vous plaira. one's self, v. n. prendre plaisir. PLEASING, adj. plaisant, agréable. PLEASINGLY, adv. plaisamment, agreable-PLEASINGNESS, s. agrément, m. charme, m. PLEASURABLE, adj. plaisant, agréable. PLEASURE, s. plaisir, m. joic, f. récréation, f. volonté, f. choix, m. gré, m. PLEBEIAN, s. & adj. un plébéien. PLEDGE, s. gage, m. assurance, f. caution, f. PLEDGE, v. a. engager, mettre en gage. PLEIADS, PLEIADES, s. les plérades, f. PLENARY, adj. entier, complet, parfait. PLENIPOTENT, adj. tout-puissant. PLENIPOTENTIARY, s. plénipotentiaire, m. PLENITUDE, s. plénitude, f. le plein. PLENTEOUS, adj. abondant, fertile. PLENTEOUSLY, adv. abondamment. PLENTIFUL, adj. abondant, copieux, grand, fertile. PLENTIFULLY, adv. copicusement. PLENTIFULNESS, s. abondance, f. fertilité, f. PLENTY, s. abondance, f. quantité, f. PLEONASM, s. pleonasme, m. PLETHORA, PLETHORY, s. plethore, f. PLETHORETICK, PLETHORICK, adj. plethorique, plein d'humeurs. PLEURISY, s. pleurésie, f. [tique. PLEURITICAL, PLEURITICK, adj. pleurc-FLEURITICAL, PLEURITICK, adj. pleure-PLIABLE, adj. pliable, maniable, flexible. PLIABLEMESS, PLIANCY, s. flexibilité, f. PLIANT, adj. pliable, flexible, souple. PLIATTHESS, s. souplesse, f. docilité, f. PLICATURE, PLICATION, s. pli, m. double, m. PLICHT, s. état, m. santé, f. "gage, m. PLICHT, v. a. engager, donner pour gage. PLINTH, s. plinthe, f. abaque, m. tailloir, m. PLOT, s. une pièce de ferre. un champ. sol. PLOT, s. une pièce de terre, un champ, sol, m. terrein, m. forme, f. plan, m. projet, m. complot, m. conjuration, f. conspiration, f. dessein, m. l'intrigue d'une pièce de thé-PLOT, v. n. & a. conspirer, completer, tramer, concerter, conduire. PLOTTER, s. conspirateur, m. conjuré, m. PLOVER, s. pluvier, m. PLOUGH, s. charrue, f.; v. a. labourer. PLOUGHER, s. un laboureur. PLOUGHBOY, s. ur garçon laboureur. PLOUGHING, s. la jourage, m. labour, m. PLOUGHLAND, s. une ferme, une cense. PLOUGHMAN, s. laboureur, m. PLOUGHSHARE, s. le soc or le fer de la char-PLOUGH-STAFF, s. le curoir d'une charrue. PLUCH-WRIGHT, s. charron, m PLUCK, v. a. tirer de force, arracher, plumer

PLUCK, s. fressure, f. effort qu'on fait en urant, action de tirer or d'arracher. PLUG, s. fiche, f. cheville, f.
PLUM, s. prune, f. Wild plum, prunelle, f. Plums, s. raisins secs, m. pl. PLUMAGE, s. plumage, m. plumet, m. PLUMB, s. plomb, m. niveau, m. PLUMB, adv. à-plomb, droit. PLUMB, v. a. sonder, mettre à plomb, régler. PLUMBER, s. plombier, m. PLUM-CAKE, s. gateau aux raisins de Co-PLUME, s. plume, f. plumet, m. panache, m. Plume, r. a. plumer. PLUMMET, s. un plomb, un niveau. PLUMOUS, adj. qui a des plumes. PLUMP, adj. potele, dodu; s. touffe, f. amas, PLUMP, adv. tout d'un coup. PLUMP, v. a. & n. engraisser, enfler, s'enfler. PLUMPNESS, s. embonpoint, m. PLUM-PORRIDGE, s. potage aux raisinssecs, PLUM-PUDDING, s. boudin aux raisins secs, m. Plumy, adj. couvert de plumes, empenné. PLUNDER, s. pillage, m. butin, m. sac, m. PLUNDER, v. a. piller, saccager, voler. PLUNDERER, s. un pillard, un volcur. PLUNGE, s. l'action de plonger, embarras, m. difficulté, f. mauvais pas. Plunge, v. a. & n. plonger, enfoncer. PLUNGER, s. un plongeur. [zur, azure. PLUNKET, s. & adj. azur, m. de couleur d'a-PLURAL, adj. de plusieurs, le pluriel. PLURALIST, s. qui jouit de plus d'un bénéfice. PLURALITY, s. pluralité, f. PLURALLY, adv. au pluriel, au nombre pluriel. Plush, s. panne, f. or peluche, f. PLUVIAL, s. pluvial, f. chape; f.
PLUVIAL, PLUVIOUS, adj. pluvieux.
PLY, s. pli, m. tour, m. forme, f. double, m.
PLY, v. n. & a. s'appliquer, s'attacher, faire travailler, accal·ler de travail, solliciter, travailler, s'occuper, aller en hâte, faire route, avoir son poste.
PNEUMATICAL, PNEUMATICK, adj. pneumatique. PNEUMATOLOGY, s. la pneumatologie. PNEUMONICKS, s. pl. remèdes contre l'asthme, m. pl.Poach, r.a. faire bouillir un peu, pocher, crever, piller, dérober; v.n. voler le gibier, braconner, être humble. POACHER, s. un braconnier Poachy, adj. humide, marécageux. POACHINESS, s. humidité, f. POCK, s. grain, m. or pustule de petite vé-POCKET, s. poche, f. pochette, f. [role, f. POCKET, v. a. empocher, pocheter. POCKET-BOOK, s. livre de poche. POCKET-MONEY, s. argent mignon, m. POCK-HOLE, s. marque de la petite vérole. Pocky, adj. vérolé, qui a la vérole. POCULENT, adj. bon à boire. [podagre. Pod, s. cosse de légume, f. [podagre. Podagrical, adj. qui a la goutte aux pieds, Podge, s. bourbier, m. gachis, m. Poem, s. poëme, m. poësie, f. Poesy, s. poësie, f. poëtique, f. un poëme. Poet, s. un poëte. POETASTER, s. un poëtereau, un mauvais [poëte. Poetess.s. une femme poëte. POETICAL, POETICK, adj. poëtique. POETICALLY, adv. poetiquement. Poetize, v. n. écrire en poëte. POETRY, s. poësie, f. poëme, m.

Poignancy, s. piquant, m. pointe, f. sel, m.

POLGNANT, adj. piquant. Point, s. pointe, f. point, m. aiguillette, f. objet, m. conclusion, f. état, m. Point-Blanc, adj. de but en blane. Point, v.a. aiguiser, affiler, pointer, diriger; to point out, montrer, indiquer; v. n. montrer au deigt, indiquer, arrêter. POINTEDLY, adv. subtilement, severement. POINTEDNESS, s. pointe, f POINTER, s. un chien d'arrêt. POINTLESS, adj. sans pointe, obtus, fade. Poison, s. poison, m. venin, m. Poison, v. a. empoisonner, envenimer, infec-Poisoner, s. empoisonneur, corrupteur. Poisoning, s. empoisonnement, m Poisonous, adj. empoisonné, venimeux. Poisonously, adv. d'une manière empoison-Poise, s. poids, m. pesanteur, f. Poise, v. a. mettre en équilibre, équivaloir. POKE, s. une poche, une pochette. Poke, v. a. tatonner, farfouiller. POKER, s. un fourgon. POLAND, s. la Pologne. POLANDER, s. un Polonois. POLAQUE, s. polacre or polaque, f. POLAR, POLARY, adj. polaire Pole, s. pole, m. perche, f. bâton, m. Pole, v. a. mettre des perches. POLE-AXE, s. hache d'arme, f. POLE-CAT, s. un putois. [controverse. POLEMICAL, POLEMICK, adj. polémique, de POLEMICK, s. controversiste. POLEMICKS, s. pl. controverses, f. pl. POLE-STAR, s. étoile polaire, f. POLICE, s. police, f. Policy, s. politique, f. prudence, f. adresse, f. Policy of insurance, police d'assurance, f. Polish, v. a. polir, rendre poli; v. n. se polir. Polish, s. poli, m. polissure, f. politesse, f. Polishable, adj. qu'on peut polir. POLISHER, s. polisseur, m. polissoir, m. POLISHING, s. polissure, f.
POLITE, adf. poli, civil, honnête.
POLITELY, adr. poliment, avec politesse, f. POLITENESS, s. politesse, f. urbanite, f. POLITICAL, adj. politique. POLITICALLY, adj. politiquement. POLITICIAN, s. un politique. POLITICE, adj. politique, fin, adroit, prudent. POLITICKLY, adv. politiquement, adroite-Politicks, s. politique, f. adresse, f. POLITY, s. constitution politique, f. ordre, m. gouvernement, m. Poll, s. tete, f. suffrages, m. pl. POLL-TAX, s. eapitation, f. rôle, m. Poll, v. a. & n. étêter, tailler, tondre, raser, couper, prendre la listo or les noms de plusieurs personnes, se faire inscrire, donner sa voix or son suffrage, POLLARD, s. arbre étêté, méteil, meûnier. m. Pollen, s. farine, f. son gras. Pollute, v. a. polluer, souiller, gâter. POLLUTER, s. corrupteur, m. POLLUTION, s. pollution, f. souillure, f. POLTRON, s. un poltron, un lâche. POLYANTHOS, s. polyanthe, f. (sorte de fleur.) POLYGAMIST, s. un polygame.

POLYGAMY, s. polygamie,

POLYGLOT, adj. polyglotte.

Polygon, s. un polygone.

Polygarchie, f. polygarchie, f.

Sangles.

POLYGRAPHY, s. polygraphie, POLYPETALOUS, adj. polypetale. Polypous, adj. de la nature du polype. Polyrus, s. polype, m. POLYSYLIABLE, s. un polysyllabe. POLYTHEISM, s. polythéisme, m. POLYTHEIST, s. un polythéiste. Pomade, Pomatum, s. pominade, f. POMECITRON, s. limon, m. POMECITRON-TREE, s. limonier, m. Pomegranate, s. grenade, f. (fruit.) POMNEL, s. pommeau, m.; v. a. battre. Pomr, s. pompe, f. éclat, m. splendeur, f. POMPETS, s. balles d'imprimeur, f. POMPION, s. une courge. Pompous, adj. pompeux, éclatant, fastueux, Pompously, adv. pompeusement. Pondo, s. un étang. A fish-pond, un étang, un vivier. Horsepond, abreuvoir, m. Ponder, v. a. peser, considérer, examiner. PONDERABLE, adj. qui peut être pesé. PONDERAL, adj. de poids, pesant. PONDERATION, s. l'action de peser, poids, ne PONDERER, s. celui qui pèse, qui considère. PONDEROSITY, s. poids, m. pesanteur, f. PONDEROUS, adj. pesant, lourd, important. PONENT, adj. d'ouest, d'occident. PONIARD, s. poignard, m.; v. a. poignarder. PONTAGE, s. pontage, m. pontonnage, m. PONTIFF, s. un pontife, m. pape, m. PONTIFICAL, adj. posifical PONTIFICALIA, s. pl. les habits pontificaux PONTIFICALLY, adv. pontificalement. PONTIFICATE, s. pontificat, m. papaute, f. PONTON, s. un ponton, un pout volant. PONY, s. un bidet, un petit cheval. Pool, s. un étang, piscine, f. lavoir, m. Poor, s. la poupe or l'arrière d'un navire. Poor, adj. pauvre, indigent, misérable, ché Poor, s. le pauvre or les pauvres. Poorly, adv. pauvrement, misérablement. Poouness, s. pauvreté, f. stérilité, f. Por, s. un petit son vif, sondain et aigu. Por, v. n. survenir, entrer soudainement; to pop along, marcher; to pop out or off, prendre la fuite, tirer sur ; v. a. laisser échapper, làcher inconsidérément. Pope, s. le pape. POPEDOM, s. papauté, f. pontificat, m. POPERY, s. le papisme, la religion Romaine. POPE'S-EYE, s. moreeau gras d'un gigot do Por-gun, s. eanonnière, f. mouton. Popinjay, s. un perroquet. Popish, adj. Romain, du papisme, des pa-Popishix, adv. en papiste. [pistes, POPLAR, s. peuplier, m. Poppy, s. pavot, m. POPULACE, s. la populace, le vulgaire. Popular, adj. populaire, du peuple. POPULARITY, s. popularité, f POPULARLY, adr. populairement. POPULATE, v. n. peupler, multiplier. POPULATION, s. population, f. Populous, adj. peuple PORCELAIN, s. porcelaine. f. Porch, s. porche, m. portique, m. vestibule, PORCUPINE, s. porc-épic, m. PORE, s. pore, m. Pore, v. n. regarder de près, avoir les yeux PURK, s. pore, m. pore frais. fattaches. PORKER, PORKET, PORKLING, s. un jeune cochon, un cochon de lait. [rosité, f. POLYGONAL, adj. polygone, qui a plusieurs Porosity, Porousness, Poriness, s. po.

Porous, adj. poreux. Porphyre. Porphyry, s. porphyre, m. PORPHYRE, PORPHYRY, s. porphyre PORPOISE, PORPUS, s. un marsouin. PORRET, s. une échalote. PORRIDGE, s. soupe, f. potage, m. Porringer, s. une écuelle. Port, s. un port, un havre, une porte, sa-bord, m. embrasure, f. canonnière, f. basbord, m. port, m. air, m. mine, f. la porte, la cour du Grand Seigneur, vin rouge d'Oporto, m. PORT, v. a. porter, viser. PORTABLE, adj. portatif. PORTAGE, s. port, m. voiture, f. PORTAL, s. portail, m. Portcuilis, s. une herse; v. a. fermer. PORTEND, v. a. présager, pronostiquer. PORTENT, s. présage de malheur, m. Portentous, adj. de mauvais augure. PORTER, s. un portier, un porteur, un porte-PORTER, s. bière forte. PORTERAGE, s. portage, m. port, m. PORTHOLE, s. embrasure, f. sahord, m. Portico, s. portique, un porche. PORTION, s. portion, f. part, f. partie, f. heritage, m. bien, m. dot, f PORTION, v. a. partager, diviser, doter [deur. PORTIONER, s. copartageant, m. PORTLINESS, s. port majestueux, air de gran-PORTLY, adj. majestueux, grand, noble. PORTMANTEAU, s. porte-manteau, m. PORTRAIT, PORTRAITURE, s. portrait, f. PORTRAIT, PORTRAY, v. a. peindre, por-[traire. PORTRESS, s. portière, f. PORTSALE, s. encan, m. vente publique, f. PORT-VEIN, s. la veine porte. Pory, adj. poreux. Pose, v. a. embarrasser, mettre à quia. POSER, s. examinateur, m. questionneur, m. Position, s. position, f. situation, f. Positive, adj. positif, réel, absolu, certain, assuré, dogmaique, opiniaire. Positively, adv. positivement, absolument. Positiveness, s. opiniâtreté, f. POSTURE, s. position, f. disposition, f. Posse, s. milice, f. bourgeois armes Possess, v. a. posseder, jouir, rendre maître. Possession, s. possession, f. proprieté, f. jouissance, f. bien, m. domaines, m. pl. terres, f. pl. Possessive, adj. possessif. Possesson, s. possesseur, m. Possessory, adj. qui possède, propriétaire. Posset, s. petit lait, possète, f. Possibility, s. possibilité, f. [être. Possible, adj. possible. Possibly, adv. par quelques moyens, peut-Post, s. poste, f. postillon, m. courier, m. poste, m. place. f. emploi, m. un poteau. Ta ride past, aller en poste, courir la poste Post-stage, s. poste, f. relais de poste, m. The penny-post, la petite poste. Post, v. n. courir la poste, aller en poste; v. a. poster, placer, afficher, enrégistrer. POSTAGE, s. port de lettre, m. Post-Boy, s. un courier, postillon, m. POST-DATE, s. fausse date, date postérieure. Post-Date, v. a. dater postérieurement. Post-Diluvian, adj. & s. qui vivoit après la

déluge.

POSTER, un courier.

Posten, part. adj. posté, placé.

Posteriour, adj. postérieur.

Posteriority, s. postériorité, f. POSTERITY, s. posterité, f. descendans, m. pl. Postern, s. posterne, f. fausse-porte. Post-haste, s. la poste. Post-haste, adv. à la hâte, à toute bride. Post-Horse, s. cheval de poste, m. Post-house, s. poste, f. messagerie, f. Posthumous, adj. posthume, f. Postick, adj. en arrière, postiche. Postil, s. apostille; v. n. apostiller. Postiller, s. commentateur, m. PostiLion, s. postillon, m. Post-MASTER, s. maître de la poste. Postmeridian, adj. de l'après midi. Post-office, s. bureau de la poste. POSTPONE, v. a. estimer moins. Postscript, s. postscriptum, m. apostille, f. POSTULATE, s. supposition, f.; v. a. deman-Postulation, s. demande, f. Postulatory, adj. supposé, admis. Postulatum, s. principe supposé. POSTURE, s. posture, f. situation, f. état. m. POSTURE, v. a. mettre dans une certaine pos-Posy, s. devise, f. paroles, f. pl. Poт, s. un pot; r. a. mettre en pot. POTABLE, adj. potable, bon à boire. POTASH, s. potasse, f POTATION, s. boisson, f. débauche de boisson. Potato, s. potate, f. pomme de terre, f. Potentied, adj. ventru, pansu. Potency, s. pouvoir, m. puissance, f. Potent, adj. puissam, efficace. POTENTATE, s. monarque, m. prince, m. potentat, m. POTENTIAL, adj. potentiel, virtuel. POTENTIALLY, adv. potentiellement, virtuellement. POTENTLY, adv. puissamment, efficacement. POTENTNESS, s. pouvoir, m. puissance, f. Potrull, s. une potée, un pot plein. Pothanger, s. une crémaillère. POTHER, s. bruit, m. tumulte, m.; v. a. se trémousser. Pотнекв, s. herbe potagère, f. Pотноок, s. l'ause d'un pot, f. crémaillère, f. Potion, s. une potion, un breuvage. POTLID, s. le couvercle d'un pot POTTAGE, s. potage, m. soupe, f. POTTER, s. un potier. POTTER' 's-CLAY, s. terre a potier, f. argille. POTTER'S WARE, s. deurées de la poterie. POTTERY, une poterie. POTTLE, s. mesure de quatre pintes d'Angleterre, f. Pouch, s. peche, f. pechette, f. Pouch, r. a. mettre en poche, empocher. POVERTY, s. panvrete, f. indigence, f. disette, f. misère, f. Poulterer, s. ponlailler, m. coquetier, m. Poultice, s. cataplasme, m.; v. a. mettre un cataplasme. POULTRY, s. volaille, f. Pounce, s. serre, f. griffe, f. Pounce, r. a. tenir dans ses serres, poncer. Pounn, s. enclos pour le bétail, un parc, un livre, (poids ou semme.) Pound, r. a. piler, broyer, parquer. POUNDAGE, s. pondage, m. POUNDER, s. pilon, m. broyeur, m. canon d'un certain calibre, m. Pour, r. a. verser, envoyer, transvaser; v. n.

couler, se précipiter, pleuvoir à verse.

Pouner, s. celui qui verse.

POUT, s. lamproie, f. (poisson;) francolin, m. 1 (oiseau.)

Pour, v. n. se refrogner, faire la mine. fdrer. POUTING, s. air rechigné. POWDER, s. poudre, f.; v. a. pulvériser, pou-POWDER-BOX, s. une boite à poudre.

POWDER-CASE, POWDER-HORN, s. pulverin, m.

POWDER-MILL, s. moulin à poudre, m. POWDER-ROOM, s. la sainte-barbe.

POWDERY, adj. poudreux, friable. POWER, s. pouvoir, m. puissance, f. Powerful, adj. puissant, efficace. Iment. POWERFULLY, adv. puissamment, efficace-Powerfulness, s. force, f. énergie, f. Powerless, adj. foible, impuissant.

Pox, s. la vérole. Small-pox, la petite vérole. Chicken-pox, petite verole volante.

PRACTICABLE, adj. faisable, praticable. PRACTICABLENESS, s. possibilité d'être pratiqué.

PRACTICABLY, adv. d'une manière praticable.

PRACTICAL, PRACTICK, adj. pratique. PRACTICALLY, adv. par pratique, en pra-

PRACTICE, s. pratique, f. usage, m. exercise, m. execution, J

PRACTISE, v. a. & n. pratiquer, faire. PRACTISER, PRACTITIONER, s. un praticien. PRAGMATICAL, PRAGMATICK, adj. brouil-

lon cutêté, magistral. PRAGMATICALLY, adv. magistralement, en

flon, f. brouillon. PRAGMATICALNESS, s. humeur de brouil-PRAISE, s. louange, f. mérite, m. PRAISE, v. a. louer, prôner, vanter.

PRAISER, s. loueur, m. estimateur, m. PRAISING, s. l'action de louer, louange, f. PRAISE-WORTHY, adj. louable. PRAME, s. un bateau à fond plat, prame, f.

PRANCE, v. n. se cabrer, se lever devant. PRANCER, s. un cheval de parade. PRANK, v. a. orner, parer, ajuster. PRANK, s. folie, f. extravagance, f. mau-

vais tour.

PRANKING, s. parure, f. [bil, m. PRATE, v. n. causer, babiller, jaser; s. ba-PRATER, s. un babillard, un causeur. PRATINGLY, adv. en babillard.

PRATTLE, s. babil. m. caquet, m.; r. a. cau-PRATTLER. See Prater. [ser, jaser. PRAVITY, s corruption, f. malice, f.

PRAWN, s. langoustin, m. (poisson.) PRAY, v. a. & n. prier, implorer, supplier. PRAYER, s. prière, f. demande, f. instance, f.

PRAYER-BOOK, s. un livre de prières. PREACH, v. n. precher, publier, annoucer. PREACH, s. predication, f. sermon, m. PREACHER, s. un prédicateur, un prêcheur. PREACHMENT, s. sermon, m. léçon, f.

PREAMBLE, s. préamble, m. introduction, f.

PREAPPREHENSION, s. préjugé, m. PREBEND, s. une prébende. [prébendé. PREBEND, PREBENDARY, s. un prébendier, Precarious, adj. précaire, incertain, mendié.

PRECARIOUSLY, adv. précairement. PRECARIOUSNESS, s. ince: titude, f. [nir. PRECAUTION, s. précaution, f. ; v. a. prève-

PRECEDE, v. a. précéder, devancer. PRECEDENCE, PRECEDENCY, s. la préséance.

PRECEDENT, adj. précédent. PRECEDENT, s. préjuge, m. exemple, m. PRECEIENT-BO K, s. protocole, m.

PRECEDENTLY, adv. précédemment. PRECEDTOR, s. grand chantre. PRECEDT, s. précepte, m. règle, f. instruction,

PRECEPTIVE, adj. instructif. PRECEPTOR, s. précepteur, m.

PRECIOUS, adj. précieux, de prix. PRECIOUSLY, adv. precieusement.

PRECIOUSNESS, s. prix, m. valeur, f. PRECIPICE, s. precipice, m. danger, m. PRECIPITANCE, PRECIPITANCY, s. precipitation, f.

PRECIPITANT, adj. empresse, precipité. PRECIPITANTLY, adv. précipitamment. PRECIPITATE, adj. précipité, hâté, violent. PRECIPITATE, s. precipité, m.

PRECIPITATE, v. a. & n. précipiter, se précipiter, se hâter.

PRECIPITATELY, adv. précipitamment. PRECIPITATION, s. précipitation, f. hâte, f. PRECIPITOUS, adj. violent, emporté.

PRECISE, adj. precis, juste, exact, strict, scrupuleux, précieux, affecté.

PRECISELY, adv. précisément, exactement. Preciseness, s. précision, f. exactitude, f. affectation, f. formalité, f. air précieux. Precision, s. précision, f. exactitude, f.

PRECISIVE, adj. strict, precis.

PRECLUDE, v. a. prévenir, empêcher, exclure. PRECOCIOUS, adj. précoce.

PRECOCITY, s. maturité, précocité, f. PRECOGITATE, v. n. préméditer. PRECOGNITION, s. prescience, f.

PRECONCEIT, s. un prejugé. PRECONCEIVE, v. a. concevoir, imaginer.

PRECONCEPTION, s. un préjugé. PRECONTRACT, s. contrat; v. a. contracter

d'avance. PRECURSOR, s. précurseur, m.

PREDACEOUS, adj. qui vit de proie. PREDATORY, adj. de voleur, de pirate, de pil-

PREDECESSOR, s. prédécesseur, m. PREDESTINARIAN, s. prédestinarien, m. PREDESTINATE, v. a. & n. prédestiner. PREDESTINATION, s. prédestination, f.

PREDESTINE, v. a. & n. prédestiner.

PREDETERMINATION, s. predetermination, f. PREDICABLE, adj. prédicable.

PREDICAMENT, s. prédicament, m. état, m. PREDICANT, s. & adj. prédicateur.

PREDICATE, s. prédicat, m.; v. a. & n. affir-

PREDICATION, s. affirmation, f. PREDICT, v. a. prédire, prophétiser.

PREDICTION, s. prédiction, f. prophétie, f. PREDILECTION, s. prédilection, f. [vance. PREDISPOSE, v. a. préparer, disposer d'a-PREDOMINANCE, s. ascendant, m. [vaut.

PREDOMINANT, adj. prédominant, qui PREDOMINATE, v. n. prédominer, prévaloir.

PRE-ELECT, v. a. élire d'avance. PRE-ELECTION, s. élection faite d'avance, f.

PRE-EMINENCE, s. pré-éminence, f. PRE-EMINENT, adj. pré-éminent. [autre. PRE-EMPTION, s. le droit d'achever avant un

PRE-ENGAGE, v. a. engager d'avance.

PRE-ENGAGEMENT, s. engagement antérieur. PRE-ESTABLISH, v. a. établir par avance.

PRE-EXIST, v. n. pre-exister.

PRE-EXISTENCE, s. pré-existence, f. PRE-EXISTENT, adj. pre-existent.

PREFACE, s. préface, f. préambule, m. PREFACE, v. a. & n. faire un préface, intro PREFATORY, adj. préliminaire.

PREFECT, s. préfet, m. gouverneur, m. [m. || PREFECTURE, s. préfecture, f. gouvernement, PREFER, v. a. préférer, avancer, proposer. PREFER, v. a. préférer, avancer, proposer. PREFERABLE, adj. préférable. PREFERENCE, s. préférablement. PREFERENCE, s. préférence, f. PREFERMENT, s. avancement, m. emploi, m. PREFIGURE, v. a. figurer d'avance. PREFIGURATION, s. représentation antéri-PREFINE, v. a. limiter, borner d'avance. PREFIX, v. a. arrêter, mettre devant. PREFIX, s. particule antérieure. PREGNANCY, s. grossesse, f. PREGNANT, adj. grosse, enceinte, fertile, fécond, conséquent, subtil, pénétrant. PREGNANTLY, adv. disertement. Prejugde, v. a. préjuger, deviner. PREJUDICATE, v. a. condamner par préven-PREJUDICATE, adj. concu d'avance, preme-PREJUDICATION, s. préjugé. [dité. PREJUDICE, s. préjugé, m. prévention, f. préjudice, m. tort, m. dommage, m.
PREJUDICE, v. a. prévenir, préoccuper, pré-PREJUDICIAL, adj. préjudiciable. PRELACY, s. prélature, f. PRELATICAL, adj. qui regarde les prélats.
PRELATICAL, adj. qui regarde les prélats.
PRELATION, s. prélation, f. préférence, f.
PRELECTION, s. lecture, f. discours, m. PRELIBATION, s. avant-gout, m. PRELIMINARY, adj. & s. préliminaire, m. PRELUDE, s. prélude, m.; v. n. préluder. PRELUDIOUS, PRELUSIVE, adj. préliminaire. PREMATURE, adj. prématuré, précoce. PREMATURELY, adv. prématurément. PREMATURENESS, PREMATURITY, s. prématurité, f. PREMEDITATE, v. a. & n. préméditer. PREMEDITATION, s. préméditation, f. PREMERIT, v. a. mériter par avance. PREMICES, s. les prémices. PREMISE, v. a. dire, exposer d'avance. PREMISES, s. prémisses, f. terrein, m. Premiss, s. prémisse, f.
Premium, s. prime, f. prix, m.
Premonish, v. a. prévenir, avertir d'avance. PREMONISHMENT, PREMONITION, s.avis, m. PREMONITORY, adj. qui avertit par avance. PREMONSTRATE, v. a. montrer d'avance. PREMUNIRE, s. emprisonnement, m. confiscation de biens, f. embarras, m. PREMUNITION, s. prémunition, f. PRENOMINATE, v. a. nommer d'avance. PRENOMINATION, s. première nomination. PRENTICE, s. apprenti, m. PREDCCUPANCY, s. apprentissage, m. PREOCCUPANCY, s. possession antérieure. PREOCCUPATE, v. a. anticiper, préoccuper. PREOCCUPATION, s. anticipation, f. PREOCCUPY, v. a. préoccuper, prévenir. PREOPINION, s. préjugé, m. préoccupation. f. PREORDAIN, v. a. ordonner d'avance. PREORDINATION, s. decret antérieur. PREPARATION, s. préparation, f. apprêt, m. PREPARATIVE, adj. preparatoire. [m. PREPARATIVE, s. préparation, f. préparatif, PREPARATIVELY, adv. préalablement. PREPARATORY, adj. preparatoire. PREPARE, v. a. & n. préparer, se préparer. PREPAREDLY, adv. par precaution. PREPAREDNESS, s. préparation, f. PREPENSE, PREPENSED, adj. premedité

PREPONDERANCE, PREPONDERANCY, S. Supériorité, préponderance, f. [poids. Preponderare, v. a. & n. avoir plus de Preponderance. See Preponderance. PREPOSITION, s. préposition, f. [vant. PREPOSITIVE, adj. qu'on met or qui va de-PREPOSITOR, s. prépositeur, m. Prepossess, v. a. prévenir, préoccuper. PREPOSSESSION, s. prévention, f. préjugé. m. PREPOSTEROUS, adj. déplacé, mal-à-propos. PREPOSTEROUSLY, adv. à contre temps. Prefosterousness, s. absurdité, f. PREPUCE, s. le prépuce. PREREQUIRE, v. a. demander par avance. PREREQUISITE, adj. qui est necessaire d'a-PREROGATIVE, s. prérogative, f. [vance. PRESAGE, s. présage, m. pronostic, m. PRESAGE, v. a. présager, indiquer, prédire. PRESAGEMENT, s. pressentiment, m. PRESEVTERIAN, adj. & s. presbytéral, presbytérien. PRESBYTERY, s. presbyterianisme, m. consis-PRESCIENCE, s. préscience, f. [toire, m. PRESCIENT, PRESCIOUS, adj. qui sait d'avance, prophétique. PRESCIND, v. a. trancher, couper, extraire. PRESCRIBE, v. a. & n. prescrire. PRESCRIPT, adj. préscrit, réglé; s. ordre, m. PRESCRIPTION, s. ordonnance, f. PRESEANCE, s. préséance, f. PRESENCE, s. présence, f. port, m. air, m. PRESENCE-CHAMBER, s. salon de compaguie. Present, adj. présent, actuel. PRESENT, s. présent, m. don, m. la présente. PRESENT, v. a. présenter, offrir, dénoncer, PRESENTABLE, adj. présentable. [défe PRESENTANEOUS, adj. présent, efficace. déferer. Presentation, s. présentation, f. [néfice. Presenter, s. celui qui est présenté à un bé-Presenter, s. celui qui présente. PRESENTIMENT, s. pressentiment, m. PRESENTLY, adr. à présent, maintenant. PRESENTMENT, s. presentation, f. PRESENTNESS, s. présence d'esprit, f. PRESERVATION, s. conservation, f. Preservative, s. préservatif, m. antidote, m. PRESERVE, s. conserve, f. confiture, f. PRESERVE, r. a. preserver, conserver, con-Preserver, s. conservateur, m. confiseur, m. Preside, v. n. présider, commander, être PRESIDENCY, s. présidence, f. Chef. PRESIDENT, s. président, m. chef, m. PRESIDENTSHIP, s. présidence, f. PRESS, s. presse, f. pressoir, m. commode, f. Press, v.a. & n. presser, pressurer, serrer, hâter, accabler, forcer, contraindre. Press-bed, s. lit en forme d'armoire, m. PRESSER, s. pressier, m. presseur, m PRESS-GANG, s. gens autorisés à enlever les PRESSINGLY, adv. avec force. [matelots, m. PRESSION, s. pression, f. Pressman, s. pressier, m. imprimeur, m. PRESS-STICK, s. templet, m. Pression, s. pression, f. oppression, f. mal-Press-work, s. tirage, m. heur, m. PRESTO, adv. preste, vite. PRESUMABLY, adv. sans examen. Presume, r. n. supposer, présumer, oser. PRESUMER, s. nn présumptueux, un arrogant. PRESUMPTION. s. presomption, f. Presumptive, adj. présomptif. Presumptuous, adj. présomptueux. Presumptuously, adv. présomptueusement

PRESUMPTUOUSNESS, s. presomption, f. PRESUPPOSE, v. a. présupposer PRESUPPOSITION, s. présupposition, f. PRETENCE, s. prétention, f. prétexte, m. PRETEND, v. a. & n. prétendre, prétexter, croire, soutenir, faire semblant, affecter. PRETENDER, s. prétendant, m. PRETENDINGLY, adv. présomptueusement. PRETENSION, s. prétention, f. prétexte, m. PRETERIMPERFECT, s. le prétérit imparfait. PRETERMISSION, s. omission, f. négligence, PRETERNATURAL, adj. surnaturel. PRETERNATURALLY, adv. surnaturellement. PRETERPERFECT, adj. & s. absolument passé, le parfait, plus que parfait. PRETEXT, s. prétexte, m. PRETOR, s. préteur, m. maire, m. PRETORIAN, adj. prétorien, de préteur. PRETORSHIP, s. préture, f. PRETTILY, adv. joliment.

Pretty, adj. joli, gentil, mignon, elegant.
Pretty, adv. un peu, assez, passablement.
Pretty well, assez bien. Pretty near, à peu PREVAIL, v. n. prévaloir, l'emporter, dominer, gagner, obtenir, engager.

PRETTINESS, s. beauté. f. élégance, f. joli-

[ment, m.

PREVAILING, adj. dominant, puissant. PREVALENCE, PREVALENCY, s. force, f. PREVALENT, adj. dominant, efficace. PREVALENTLY, adv. puissamment, efficace-PREVARICATE, v. n. prévariquer. PREVARICATION, s. prévarication, f. PREVARIEATOR, s. prévaricateur, m. PREVENIENT, adj. précédent, prévenant.

PREVENT, v. a. prevenir, précéder, anticiper, empêcher, détourner, préoccuper. PREVENTION, s. prévention, f. PREVENTIVE, adj. qui prévient. PREVENTIVE, s. preservatif, m. antidote, m.

Previous, adj. préliminaire, préalable. PREVIOUSLY,adr.prealablement, par avance. PREVIOUSNESS, s. antériorité, f. PREY, s. proie, f. rapine, f. butin, m. PREY, v. n. dévorer, butiner, piller, miner.

PREYER, s. voleur, m. spoliateur, m. PRIAPISM, s. priapisme, m. [pense, f. PRICE, s. prix, m. valeur, f. taux, m. recom-PRICK, s. une pointe, syndérèse, f. but, m. PRICK, v. a. piquer, percer, marquer en piquant, noter, poindre, aiguillonner, exciter; to prick up, dresser.

PRICKER, s. une alène, un piqueur.

PRICKET, s. daguet, m. PRICKING, s. piqure, f. picotement, m. PRICKLE, s. piquant, m. pointe, f. épine, f. PRICKLINESS, s. état de ce qui est piquant. PRICKLY, adj. piquant, plein de piquans. PRICKWOOD, s. fusain, m.

PRIDE, s. orgueil, m. vanité, f. fierté, f.

PRIER, s. un espion. PRIEST, s. une prêtre. [cerdotale. PRIESTCRAFT, s. fraude picuse, adresse sa-

PRIESTESS, s. une prêtresse. PRIESTHOOD, s. prêtrise, f. sacrificature, f. PRIESTLY, adv. sacerdotal, de prêtre. [tres.

PRIEST-RIDDEN, adj. gouverné par les prè-PRIG, s. un impertinent, un friquet, un fou. PRIL or PRILL, s. turbot, m. [epingles. PRIM, adj. affecté, précieux, tiré à quatre PRIM, v.a. & n. parer avec affectation. PRIMACY, s. primatie. f.

PRIMAGE, s. le frêt d'un vaisseau. l'RIMARILY, adv. primitivement, sur le at. PRIMARINESS, s. primauté, f. PRIMARY, adj. premier, primitif, principal.

PRIMATE, s. primat, m. metropolitan, m.
PRIMATE, s. primat, m. metropolitan, m.
PRIME, adj. fleuri, premier, principal.
PRIME, s. le matin, le printemps, le commencement, la printeur, la fleur, l'élite, f.
l'amorce (d'une arme à feu), f.
PRIME, r. a. amorcer, preparer, imprimer.
PRIMELY, ade. premièrement.

PRIMENESS, s. primauté, f. excellence, f.

PRIMER, s. alphabet, m. prime, f. primer, s. petit romain (type.)

PRIMEVAL, adj. premier, primitif. Priming, s. impression, f. l'action d'amorcer PRIMING-HORN, s. corne d'amorce.

PRIMING-INON, s. dégorgeoir, m. touche, f PRIMITIAL, adj. des prémices. PRIMITIVE, adj. primitif, premier. PRIMITIVELY, adr. primitivement.

PRIMITIVENESS, s. ancienneté, f. antiquité, f. PRIMOGENIAL, adj. primordial, primitit.

PRIMOGENITURE, s. ainesse, f. primogéni-PRIMORDIAL, s. origine, f. [ture, f. PRIMORDIAL, PRIMORDIATE, adj. primor-Primrose, s. prime-vère, f. fdial.

PRINCE, s. prince, m. souverain, m.

PRINCELIKE, adr. en prince.
PRINCELY, adj. de prince; adv. en prince. PRINCES-FEATHER, s. amarante, f. passeve-PRINCESS, s. princesse, f. [lours, m. PRINCESS, s. princesse, f.

PRINCIPAL, adj. principal, capital, premier. PRINCIPAL, s. principal, m. chef, m.

PRINCIPALITY, s. principanté, f. souverainet \acute{e}, f .

PRINCIPALLY, adv. principalcment. PRINCIPLE, s. principe, m. élément, m. cause, f. origine, f. règle, f. maxime, f.

PRINCIPLE, v. a. instruire, former.

PRINT, v. a. imprimer. PRINT, s. marque, f. empreinte, f. trace, f.

estampe, f. gravure, f. lettre, f. caractère d'impression, m. impression, f. PRINTER, s. imprimeur, m.

PRINTING, s. impression, f. imprimerie, f. PRINTING-OFFICE, s. imprimerie, f.

PRIOR, adj. antérieur, précédent; s. prieur,

PRIORESS, s. prieure, f.
PRIORITY, s. priorite, f. primauté, f.
PRIORSHIP, s. dignité de prieur, f. prieuré, PRIORY, s. un prieuré.

PRISM, s. prisme, m. [tique. PRISMATICAL, PRISMATICAL, adj. prisma-Prison, s. une prison; v. a. emprisomer.

Prisoner, s. un prisonnier. PRISTINE, adj. ancien, premier. Prithee,

je te prie, de grâce. PRIVACY, s. secret, m. retraite, f. privaute, f. PRIVADO, s. un ami intime, un confident.

PRIVATE, adj. privé, secret, retiré, caché RIVATE, s. message secret, un simple soldat.

PRIVATEER, s. un armateur, un câpre. PRIVATEER, v. a. armer or aller en capre.

PRIVATELY, adv. secrètement, en particulier. PRIVATENESS, s. état de particulier.

PRIVATION, s. privation, f. manque PRIVATIVE, adj. privatif. PRIVATIVELY, adv. privativement. [soin, m.

PRIVET or PRIME-PRINT, s. troëne, m. (ar-

brisseau.) PRIVET or BARREN-PRIVEN, s.(a plant) ala

PRIVILEGE, s. privilège, m. PRIVILEGE, v. a. privilégier.

PRIVILY, adv. en secret, à la dérobée. PRIVITY, s. confidence, f. connoissance, f. PRIVITY, s. confidence, f. connoissance, f. PRIVITIES, s. pl. les parties naturelles. PRIVY, adj. privé, particulier, caché, dérobé, secret, instruit, confident, qui sait, complice, qui a participé PRIVY, s. le privé, les lieux, m. PRIZE, s. prise, f. capture, f. butin, m. PRIZE, v. a. priser, estimer, apprécier, éva-PRIZE-FIGHTER, s. gladiateur. [luer. PRIZER, s. appréciateur, m. [préciation, f. PRIZING, s. estimation, f. évaluation, f. ap-PRO AND CON, pour et contre. PROBABILITY, s. probabilité, f. PROBABLE, adj. probable, vraisemblable. PROBABLE, adv. probablement.
PROBATO or PROBATE, s. vérification, f.
PROBATION, s. preuve, f. épreuve, f. essai, m.
PROBATIONARY, adj. à l'essai, par essai. PROBATIONER, s. celui qui passe à'l'examen. PROBATIONERSHIP, s. noviciat, m. PROBATORY, adj. probatoire. PROBLTY, s. probité, f. honnêteté, f. vertu, f. PROBLEM, s. problème, m. PROBLEMATICAL, adj. problématique. PROBLEMATICALLY, adv. problématique-PROBOSCIS, s. la trompe d'un éléphant, pro-PROCACIOUS, adj. effronte. [boscité, f. PROCACITY, s. effronterie, f. impudence, f. PROCATARCTICK, adj. procatarctique, an-PROCEEURE, s. procéde, m. procédure, f. PROCEED, v. n. procéder, provenir, ver avancer, poursuivre, continuer, agir. PROCEED, s. revenu, m. produit, m. PROCEEDER, s. celui qui avance, qui fait des PROCEEDING, s. procédé, m. [progrès. PROCERTY, s. grandeur, f. hauteur, f. PROCESS, s. progrès, m. cours, m. suite, f. enchaînement, m. procès, m. procèdé, m. ce qui se passe, ce qui se fait. PROCESSION, s. procession, f., r. n. aller en procession. [procession. PROCESSIONAL, PROCESSIONARY, adj. de PROCHRONISM, s. prochronisme, m. PROCIDENCE, s. chute, f. [publier. PROCLAIM, v. a. proclamer, promulguer, PROCLAIMER, s. celui qui proclame. PROCLAMATION, s. proclamation, f. PROCLIVITY, s. penchant, m. pente, f. PROCLIVOUS, adj. enclin, porté. PROCONSUL, s. proconsul, m. PROCONSULAR, adj. proconsulaire. PROCONSULSHIP. s. proconsulat. m. [tre. PROCRASTINATE, v. a. & n. differer, remet-PROCRASTINATION, s. délai, m. remise, f. PROCRASTINATOR, s. celui qui diffère or re-PROCREANT, adj. qui produit. PROCREATE, v. a. engendrer, produire. PROCREATING, PROCREATION, s. procreation, f. génération, f. production, f. PROCREATIVE, adj. qui engendre, qui pro-PROCREATIVENESS, s. la faculté d'engendrer. PROCREATOR, s. père, m. celui qui engendre. PROCREATRIX, s. mère, f. celle qui produit. PROCTOR, s. un homme d'affaires. PROCTOR, v. a. conduire, prendre soin de. PROCTORSHIP, s. charge d'homme d'affaires or de procureur. PROCUMBENT, adj. penchant. PROCURABLE, adj. qu'on peut se procurer.

PROCURACY, s. négociation, f. procuration, f. PROCURATOR, s. procureur, m. PROCURE, v. a. procurer, produire, obtenir. Procurement, s. entremise, f. PROCURER, s. entremetteur, m. maquereau, PROCURESS, s. une maquerelle. PRODIGAL, adj. & s. prodigue PRODIGALITY, s. prodigalité, f. profusion, f. PRODIGALLY, adv. prodigalement. PRODIGIOUS, adj. prodigieux, étonnant. PRODIGIOUSLY, adv. prodigieusement. Prodiciousness, s. énormité. PRODICY, s. un prodige, un monstre. PRODITION, s. trahison, f. PRODITOR, s. traître, m. traîtresse, f. PRODITORIOUS, adj. traître, perfide. PRODUCE, v. a. produire, exposer, mettre au jour, faire voir, causer, être cause de. PRODUCER, s. celui qui produit. PRODUCIBLE, adj. qui peut être produit. PRODUCIBLENESS, s. possibilité d'un effet. PRODUCT, s. produit, m. production, f. PRODUCTION, s. production, f. fruit, m. PRODUCTIVE, adj. qui produit, fecond. PROEM, PROEMIUM, s. préface, PROFANATION, s. profanation, f. impiété, f. PROFANE, adj. profane, impié. PROFANELY, adv. en profane, irreligieuse PROFANENESS, s. profanation, f. PROFANER, s. profanateur, m. Confesser. PROFESS, v. a. professer, exercer, déclarer, PROFESSEDLY, adv. ouvertement. PROFESSION, s. profession, f. métier, m. état, m. emploi, m. aveu public, f. PROFESSIONAL, adj. qui a rapport à une profession particulière. PROFESSOR, s. un professeur. [professeur, f. PROFESSORSHIP, s. chaire, f. or charge de PROFFER, r. a. offrir, proposer, tenter. PROFFER, s. offre, f. proposition, f. essai, m. PROFICIENCE, PROFICIENCY, s. progrès. PROFICIENT, s. avance, m. PROFILE, s. profil, m. PROFIT, s. profit, m. gain, m. avantage, m. utilité, f. produit, m. revenu, m. PROFIT, v. a. avantager, avancer, faire du bien; v. z. profiter, tirer du profit, avancer, faire des progrès, être profitable or PROFITARLE. adj. profitable. PROFITABLENESS, s. profit, f. utilite, PROFITABLY, adv. à profit, utilement. PROFITING, s. profit. m. progrès m. avance-PROFITLESS, adj. inutile. ment, m. PROFLIGATE, adj. scélérat, abandonné. Profligate, s. un scélérat, un belitre. PROFLIGATELY, adv. sans honte, sans pudeur. PROFLIGATENESS, s. scélératesse, f. PROFLUENCE, s. progrès, m. cours, m. PROFLUENT, adj. qui coule en avant. Profound, adj. profond; s. profondeur, m. abime, m.; v. n. se plonger. PROFOUNDLY, adv. profondement. Profoundness, s. profondeur, m. PROFUNDITY, s. profondeur. f. PROFUSE, adj. prodigue, libéral à l'excès. PROFUSELY, adv. prodigalement, avec pro-PROFUSENESS, s. dissipation, f. PROFUSION, s. profusion, f. prodigalité, f. Prog, v. n. voler, dérober. PROGENITOR, s. grand-père, m. aïeul, m. PROGENY, s. postérité, f. race, f. lignée, f. PROGNOSTICATE, v. a. pronostiquer, présa-PROGNOSTICATION, s. présage, m.

PRO PROGNOSTICATOR, s. devin, m. prophète, m. | PROGNOSTICK, s. pronostie, m. presage, m. Prognostick, adj. qui pronostique. PROGRESS, s. cours, m. traite, f. tour, m. voyage, m. progression, f. progrès, m. PROGRESSION, s. progression, f. [gressif. PROGRESSIONAL, PROGRESSIVE, adj. pro-PROGRESSIVELY, adv. par progression. PROHIBIT, v. a. prohiber, defendre, empecher. PROHIBITION, s. prohibition, f. défense, f. PROHIBITORY, adj. qui désend, de désense. PROJECT, s. projet, m. dessein, m. Phoject, v. a. & n. projeter, préméditer, jetter, lancer, saillir, forjetter. [jection. PROJECTILE, s. projectile, m.; adj. de pro-PROJECTING, adj. inventif. PROJECTION, s. projection, f. projet, m. des-PROJECTOR, s. feseur de projets, m. [sein, m. PROJECTURE, s. saillie, f. avance, f. PROLATE, v. a. prononeer; adj. plat. PROLATION, s. prononeiation, f. delai, m. PROLEGOMENA, s. prolégomene, m. PROLEPSIS, s. prolepse, f. PROLEPTICAL, adj. preliminaire, precedent. PROLIFICK, PROLIFICAL, adj. prolifique, fe-PROLIFICALLY, adv. abondamment. [cond. PROLIFICATION, s. génération, f. action d'en-PROLIXLY, adv. diffusement.

PROLIX, adj. prolixe, diffus, trop long. PROLIXITY, PROLIXNESS, s. prolixité, f. lon-[gueur. PROLOGUTOR, s. orateur, m. président, m.
PROLOGUTORSHIP, s. la charge d'orateur or
PROLOGUE, s. prologue, m. [de président. PROLONG, b. a. prolonger, étendre, retarder. PROLUGATION, s. prolongation, f. délai, m. PROLUSION, s. prolusion, f. prélude, m. PROMINENCE, PROMINENCY, s. avance, f. PROMINENT, adj. qui avance, qui fait saillie. Promiscuous, adj. confus, mis pêle-mêle. Phomiscuously, adv. confusement. l'ROMISCUOUSNESS, s. un mélange confus. PROMISE, s. promesse. f.; v. a. & n. promet-PROMISER, s. prometteur, m. PROMISING, adj. qui promet beaucoup. PROMISSORY, adj. qui contient une promesse. PROMISSORILY, adv. en forme de promesse. PROMONTORY, s. promontoire, m. cap, m. PROMOTE, v. a. avancer, ctendre, faire fleu-PROMOTER, s. promoteur, m. PROMOTION, s. avancement, m. promotion, f. PROMPT, adv. prompt, vif, alerte. Ркомрт, v. a. suggerer, insinuer, inspirer, exciter, porter, rappeler le souvenir, souf-PROMPTER, s. souffleur, m.

PROMPTING, s. suggestion, f. instigation, f. PROMPTITUDE, PROMPTNESS, s. prompti-PROMPTLY, adv. promptement, vite. [tude, f. PROMULGATE, v. a. promulguer, publier. PROMULGATION, s. promulgation, f. PROMULGATOR, s. celui qui promulgue. PROMULGE, v. a. promulguer, publier. PROMULGER, s. celui qui promulgue. PRONE, adj. enclin, penché, incliné. PRONENESS, s. peute, f. penchant, m. PRONG, s. fourche, f. fourchon, m. PRONOMINAL, adj. pronominal, de pronom. PRONOUN, s. un pronom. PRONOUNCE, v. a. prononcer, proférer, arti-culer, dire, réciter, décider, déclarer. PRONOUNCER, s. celui qui prononce, qui

parle. PRONUNCIATION, s. prononciation, f.

PROOFLESS, adj. sans preuves. PROP, s. appui, m. soutien, m. étaic, f. A rine-prop, un échalas. ROP, v. a. appuyer, soutenir, étayer. PROPAGABLE, adj. qui peut être multiplié. PROPAGATE, v. a. & n. étendre, répandre. PROPAGATION, s. propagation, f. généra-PROPAGATOR, s. propagateur, m. [tion, f. PROPAGATOR, s. propagateur, m. PROPEL, v. a. pousser en avant. PROPEND, v. n. pencher, être porté.

PROPENDENCY, s. penchant, m. inclination, f. PROPENSE, adj. cuclin, incline, porté. PROPENSION, PROPENSITY, s. pente, f. PROPER, adj. propre, particulier, naturel, à propos, convenable, commode, exact. PROPERLY, ade. proprement, justement. PROPERNESS, s. belle taille, propriété, f.

PROPERTY, s. naturel, m. propriété, f. PROPHECY, s. prophétie, f. prédiction, f. PROPHESY, n. a. d. n. prophétiser, prédire. PROPHET, s. un prophétis. PROPHETESS, s. unc prophétesse. [tique. PROPHETICAL, PROPHETICK, adj. prophéftique. PROPHETICALI.Y, adv. prophétiquement. PROPHETIZE, v. n. prophétiser, prédire. PROPHYLACTICK, adj. prophylactique. PROPINQUITY, s. proximité, f. voisinage, m. PROPITIABLE, adj. qu'on peut rendre propice. PROPITIATE, v. a. rendre propice. PROPITIATION, s. propitiation, f. sacrifice, m. PROPITIATOR, s. médiateur, m. PROPITIATORY, adj. propitiatoire.
PROPITIOUS, adj. propice, favorable. PROPITIOUSLY, adv. favorablement. PROPITIOUSNESS, s. bonté, f. faveur, f. PROPLASM, s. modèle, m. moule, m. PROPONENT, s. proposant, m.

PROPORTION, s. proportion, f. rapport, m. convenance, f. portion, f. part, f. regle, f. PROPORTION OF PROPORTION ATE, v. a. proportionner. [proportionné. PROPORTIONABLE OF PROPURTIONATE, adj PROPORTIONABLY, adv. proportionnelle-

ment. PROPORTIONALLY, adv. proportionnément. PROPORTIONAL, adj. proportionnel. [m. PROPOSAL, s. proposition, f. offre, f. dessein, PROPOSE, v. a. proposer, offrir.

Proposer, s. celni qui propose, proposant,m. PROPOSITION, s. proposition, f. offre, f. PROPOUND, v. a. proposer, avancer. [nion. PROPOUNDER, s. celui qui avance une opi-PROPRIETARY, adj. qui appartient à quelqu'un. [laire, m. PROPRIETARY, PROPRIETOR, s. proprié-

PROPRIETRESS, s. propriétaire, f. PROPRIETY, s. propriété, f. sens propre, m. PROPUGN, v. a. défendre. [idiome, m. PROPUGNATION, s. défense, f.
PROPUGNER, s. défenseur, m.
PROPULSION, s. Paction de pousser en avant

PRORE, s. la proue (d'un vaisseau.)

PRORUGATION, s. prorogation, f PROROGUE, r. a. proroger, prolonger. [ver. PRORUPTION, s. l'action de créver, de se cré-PROSAICK, adj. prosaique. PROSCRIBE, v. a. proserire, banner, con-PROSERIPT, s. un proserit, un banni.

PROSERIPTION. s. proscription, f. PROSE, s. prose, f. de la prose. PROSECUTE, v. a. poursuivre, continuer. PROSECUTION, s. poursuite, f. continuation, f PROSECUTOR, s. poursurvant, m.

PROVISIONALLY, adv. par provision. PROSELYTE, s. un proselyte; v. a. convertir. PROVISO, s. condition provisionnelle, clause PROSODIAN, s. versificateur, m. Prosony, s. la prosodie. PROSOPOPŒIA, s. prosopopée, f. PROSPECT, s. perspective, f. vue, f. PROSPECTIVE, adv. de longue vue, d'ap-PROSPER, v. a. & n. faire prospérer, réussir. PROSPERITY, s. prosperité, f. succès, m. PROSPEROUS, adj. heureux, prospère. PROSPEROUSLY, adv. heureusement, avec [succès. l'EUPISCIENCE, s. prévoyance, f. l'RUSTERNATION, s. abattement, m. PROSTITUTE, adj. infame, prostitue, impudique. PROSTITUTE, s. un mercenaire, une prostil'ROSTITUTE, v. a. prostituer [tuée. PROSTITUTION, s. prostitution, f. PROSTRATE, adj. abattu, prosterné. PROSTRATE, v. a. abattre, se prosterner. PROSTRATION, s. prosternement, m. PROTASIS, s. protase, f. axiome, m. PROTECT, v. a. protéger, défendre, garantir. PROTECTION, s. protection, f. défense, f. PROTECTOR, s. protecteur, m. defenseur, f. PROTECTORSHIP, s. protectorat, m. PROTECTHESS, s. protectrice, f. PROTEND, v. a. étendre. PROTEST, s. protestation, f. protet, m. PROTEST, v. a. protester, attester. PROTESTANT, s. & adj. protestant, m. pruneau. PROTESTANTISM, s. le protestantisme. PROTESTATION, s. protestation, f. PROTESTER, s. celui qui proteste. [serit. PROTOCOL, s. protocole, m. premier manuf. désir, m. PROTOMARTYR, s. le premier martyr. PROTOPLAST, s. original, m. modèle, m. PROTOTYPE, s. prototype, m. modèle, m. PROTRACT, v. a. prolonger, différer. PROTRACTER, s. celui qui prolonge, rapporteur, m. PROTRACTION, s. prolongation, f. délai, m. [avant. PROTRACTIVE, adj. qui prolonge. PROTRUDE, v. a. & n. pousser, se pousser en PROTRUSION, s. l'action de ponsser en avant. PROTUBERANCE, s. tumeur, f. entlure, f. PROTUBERANT, adj. enflé, saillant. PROTUBERATE, v. n. s'enfler, être enfle. PTISAN, s. tisane, PROUD, adj. avantageux, orgueilleux, fier, superbe, pompeux, en rut, en chaleur. PROUDLY, adv. fièrement, orgueilleusement. PROVE, e. a. prouver, démontrer, éprouver, essayer; v. n. devenir, arriver, se trouver. PROVABLE, adj. qui se peut prouver, probable. PROVENDER, s. fourage, m. provende, f. PROVERB, s. un proverbe, un maxime vul-PROVERBIAL, adj. proverbial. [gaire. PROVERBIALLY, adv. proverbialement. PROVIDE, v. a. & n. pourvoir, préparer, munir, fournir, prendre som PROVIDENCE, s. providence, f. PROVIDENT, adj. prevoyant, prudent. PROVIDENTIAL, adj. de la providence. PROVIDENTIALLY, adv. par un effet de la providence. PROVIDENTLY, adv. prudemment. Provider, s. pourvoyeur, m. PROVINCE, s. prov nee, f. charge, f. affaire, f. ressort, m. PROVINCIAL, adj. provincial, de province, grossier, impoli. PROVISION, s. provision, f. précaution, f. vi-

PROVOCATION, s. provocation, f. PROVOCATIVE, s. ce qui provoque; adj. qui PROVOKE, v. a. provoquer, exciter, irriter. PROVOKER, s. celui qui provoque. PROVOKINGLY; adr. d'une manière insolente. Provost, s. prevôt, m. PROVOSTSHIP, s. prévôté, f. Prow, s. la proue or l'avant d'un navire. PROWESS, s. valeur, f. prouesse, f. PROWL, v. a. roder, piller, friponner, voler. PROWLER, s. un voleur, un escamoteur. PROXIMATE, PROXIME, adj. prochain, sui-PROXIMATELY, adv. immédiatement. Proximity, s. proximité, f. voisinage, m. PROXY, s. procuration, f. procureur, m. dé-PRUDE, s. une prude. PRUDENCE, s. prudence, f. PRUDENT, adj. prudent, circonspect, avise. PRUDENTIAL, adj. sage, prudent. PRUDENTIALLY, adv. prudemment. PRUDENTIALS, s. pl. maximes de la prudence. PRUDENTLY, adv. prudemment. PRUDERY, s. pruderie, f. PRUDISH, adj. de prude. PRUNE, v. a. tailler, émonder, élaguer. PRUNE, s. une prune. A dried prune, un PRUNELLO, s. prune de brignolle, f. [bres. PRUNER, s. celui qui taille or élague les ar-PRUNINGKNIFE, s. serpe. f. serpette, f. PRURIENCE, PRURIENCY, s. démangeaison, PRURIENT, odj. qui démange. PRURIGINOUS, adj. sujet à la gale. PRY, (into) v. a. & n. epier, chercher. PSALM, s. un pseaume. PSALMIST, s. psalmiste, m. PSALMODY, s. psalmodie, f. PSALTER, s. un pseautier. PSALTERY, s. psalterion, m. PSEUDO, adj. laux, supposé, falsifié. PSEUDOLOGY, s. fausselé, f. mensonge, m. PSHAW, interj. nargue! fi! fi done. PTYALISM, s. ptyalisme, m. salivation, f. Puberty, Pubercener, s. puberté, f. PUBESCENT, adj. puberté. baretier. PUBLICAN, s. un publicain, un peager, un ca-PUBLICATION, s. publication, f. Publick, adj. public, general, commun, ma-Publick, s. le public. Inifeste, connu. PUBLICKLY, adv. publiquement, en public. PUBLICKNESS, s. publiche, f. Publish, v. a. publier, rendre public, mettre au jour, faire imprimer. Publisher, s. celui qui publie, débiteur, m. Publisher, s. publication, f. PUCKBALL, s. vesse de loup, PUCKER, r. a. rider, plier, replier, plisser. Puckfist, s. vesse de loup, f. PUDDER, s. bruit, m. fracas, m. tintamarre, PUDDER, r. n. faire du bruit, du fracas ; v.a. troubler, interrompre, tourmenter. PUDDERING, s. agitation violente. PUDDING, s. boudin; m. saueisse; f. bourlet, PUDDING-PIE, s. boudin à la viande, m. PUDDING-TIME, s. l'heure du diner, f. PUDDLE, s. bourbier, m. margouillis, m. Puddle, v. a. crotter, salir avec de la boue. Provisional, adj. provisionnel. [vres, m. | Puddly, adj. bourbeux, boueux, fangeux.

PUDENCY, PUDICITY, s. pudeur, f. modestie, | PUERILE, adj. puérile, enfantin. PUERILITY, s. puérilité, f. enfantage, m.
PUET, s. huppe, f. (oiseau.)
PUFF, s. bouffée, f. houppe à pouprer, f.
charlatanerie, f. vesse de loup, champi-

PUFF, v. a.

bouffer, agiter en souffler, haleter, ensler, PUFFER, s. celui qui souffle, un souffleur, un

hableur. Puffin, s. plongeon, m. Puffy, adj. enflé, bouffi. [badin. Pug, s. un singe, un petit. singe, un enfant Pugh, interj. fi! [nier. Puisne, s. puîne, m. le plus jeune, le der-Puissance, s. puissance, f. force, f.

Puissant, adj. puissant.

Puissantly, adv. puissamment. PUKE, s. vomitif, m. émétique, m.; v. n. vo-PULCHRITUDE, s. beauté, f. [mir. Pule, v. n. crier, pioler, gémir, se chémer. Pulicose, adj. qui est rempli de puces.

Pull, s. l'action de tirer, effort, m.

PULL, v. a. tirer avec force, arracher, cueillir, plumer, briser, rompre, déchirer; to pull asunder or away, tirer, arracher, oter avec force; to pull back, tirer en arrière, reculer, faire reculer; to pull down, abattre, démolir, rabattre, diminuer; to pull in, tirer dedans, serrer; to pull off, tirer, ôter, défaire, arracher, lever; to pull out, tirer, arracher, ôter, enlever; to pull up, tirer en

haut, lever, élever, extirper, déraciner. PULLET, s. une poulette, une jeune poule. PULLEY, s. une poulie. PULLULATE, v. n. pulluler. PULMONARY, s. pulmonaire, f. (herbe.)
PULMONARY, PULMONICK, adj. pulmonique. Pulp, s. poulpe, f. chair, f. or partic charnue.

PULPIT, s. chaire, f. Pulpous, Pulpy, adj. mou, plein de jus.

PULPOUSNESS, s. mollesse, f. PULSATION, s. battement, m. pulsation, f. Pulse, s. pouls, m. le battement d'une ar-Pulse, s. legume, m. [tère.

Pulsion, s. impulsion, f. Pulverable, adj. capable d'être pulvérisé.

PULVERIZATION, s. pulverisation, f. PULVERIZE, v. a. pulveriser, réduire en pou-Pulvil, s. parfum, m.; v. a. parfumer. [dre. Pumice, s. pierre ponce, f

Pump, s. pompe, f.; v.a. & n. pomper.

Pumper, s. pompier, m.
Pumpion, Pumpkin, s. citrouille, f.
Pumps, s. cscarpins, f. pl.
Pun, s. pointe d'esprit, f. jeu de mots, m.

equivoque, f. Pun, v. n. parler par pointe or par équivoque. Punch, v. a. percer.

Punch, s. poincon, m. ponche, m. polichinel, Puncheon, s. un poincon.

PUNCHINELLO, s. polichinel, m.
PUNCTILLO, s. vétille, f. bagatelle, f.
PUNCTILLIOUS, adj. délicat, exact, ponctuel.
PUNCTO, s. cérémonie, f. pointe d'honneur, m.

PUNCTUAL, adj. ponctuel, exact.
PUNCTUALITY, PUNCTUALNESS, s. ponctu-

PUNCTUALLY, adv. ponctuellement. [alité, f. PUNCTUATION, s. la ponctuation. PUNCTURE, s. piqure, f.

PUNGENCY, s. piqure, f. pointe, f. piquant, m. PUNGENT, adj. piquant, acre. PUNICK, adj. punique, trompeur, faux.

Puniceous, adj. couleur de pourpre. PUNINESS, s. petitesse, Punisii, v. a. punir, châtier. PUNISHABLE, adj. punissable. PUNISHER, s. celui qui punit, qui châtie PUNISHMENT, s. punition, f. châtiment, m. PUNITIVE, PUNITORY, adj. pénal, qui punit. PUNSTER, s. un feseur de pointes. Puny, adj. puinė, cadet, petit, chétif, peu

considérable. Pup, v. a. & n. chienner, mettre bas. Pupil, s. la prunelle de l'œil.

Puril, s. un or une pupille, un écolier PUPILLAGE, s. minorité, f. tutelle, f.

PUPILLARY, adj. pupillaire. PUPPET, s. marionnette, f. PUPPET-PLAYER, s. un bateleur Puppetshow, s. jeu de marionnettes, m.

PUPPY, s. un petit chien, un sot, un fat. Purblind, adj. qui a la vue basse or courte PURBLINDNESS, s. vue courte.

Punchasable, adj. qu'on peut avoir or ache-Purchase, v. a. acheter, acquerir, obtenir. PURCHASE, s. achat, m. acquet, m.

PURCHASER, s. acheteur, m. acquercur, m. Pure, adj. pur, simple, vrai, franc, clair, bon, sans tache, chaste correct, grand.

PURE, adv. fort, très, tout. PURELY, adv. sans melange, purement, fort

bien, chastement, seulement Pureness, s. pureté, f. simplicité, f. Purgation, s. purgation, f. Purgative, adj. purgatif, cathartique.

Purgatory, s. le purgatoire. Purge, r. a. & n. purger, purifier, clarifier, [se purifier. PURGE, s. une purgation. PURGER, s. celui qui purge, purgation, f.

Purification, s. purification, f. Purificative, Purificatory, adj. qui

PURITY, v. a. & n. purifier, nettoyer. Purim, s. purim, m. (fete des Juifs.) Purist, s. puriste, m.

PURITAN, s. Puritain, m. un hypocrite. PURITANICAL, adj. de Puritain. PURITANISM, s. la doctrine des Puritains.

PURITY, s. purité, f. chasteté, f. PURL, s. engrèlure. f. picot, m. PURL, v. n. gazouiller, nurmurer, engrèler. PURLIEU, s. frontières, f. ressort, m.

PURLOIN, v. a. dérober, voler, piller. PURLOINER, s. voleur, f. fripon, m. PURPLE, s. la pourpre, le pourpre.

PURPLE, adj. pourpre, pourpre, violet. PURPLE, v. a. teindre en pourpre. PURPLES, s. le pourpre. PURPLISH, adj. qui tire sur la couleur de PURPORT, s. sens, m. signification, f. objet, m.

dessein, m. teneur, f. contenn, m.
PURPORT, v. n. tendre à, montrer.
PURPOSE, s. dessein, m. intention, f vue, f.
projet, m. propos, m. résolution, f. effet, m.
conséquence, f. utilité, f. On purpose, à
dessein, de propos, délibèré. To the pur-On purpose, à e. To the pur-nt. To my purpose, a-propos, pertinemment. To my pur-pose, suivant mes vues. To no purpose, inutilement, en vain.

PURPOSED, v. a. & n. proposer, se proposer. PURPOSED, part. adj. résolu. [béro Purposely, adv. à dessein, de propos, déli-Purr, s. alouette de mer, f Purr, v. a. filer or faire le rouet.

PURRING, s. le bruit d'un chat qui file. PURSE, s. bourse, f. argent, m. bien, m. PURSE, v. a. embourser, mettre en bourse. PURSE-MAKER, s. un boursier. PURSENET, s. bourse, f. poche, f. filet, m. PURSER, s. commis de vivres, m. PURSINESS, PURSIVENESS, s. pousse, f. Purslain, s. pourpier, m. (herbe.) PURSUABLE, adj. qu'on peut poursnivre. PURSUANCE, s. suite, f. consequence, f. PURSUANT, adj. fait en conséquence de. PURSUE, v. a. & n. poursuivre, suivre. PURSUER, s. poursuivant, m. PURSUIT, s. poursuite, f. sollicitation, f. PURSUIVANT, s. un poursuivant d'armes. PURSY, adj. poussif, qui a la pousse. PURTENANCE, s. fressure, f. appartenance, f. PURVEY, v. a. & n. pourvoir, procurer, four-PURVEYANCE, s. provision, f. [nir. PURVEYOR, s. pourveyeur, m. [ment.)
PURVIEW, s. le dispositif (d'un acte du parle-[ment.) PURULENCE, PURULENCY, s. formation du

PURULENT, adj. purulent, plein de pus. Pus, s. pus, m. matière putréfiée.

Push, s. coup, m. impulsion, f. branle, m. assaut, m. attaque, f. effort, m. tentative, f. moment critique, m. décision, f. incident, m. pustule, f.

Push, v. a. pousser, donner un coup, frapper, faire avancer, lancer, precipiter; to push back, repousser, faire reculer; to push on, pousser, faire avancer; v. n. prétendre, affecter.

Pushen, s. celui qui pousse. Pushing, adj. entreprenant, vigoureux. Pusillanimity,s. pusillanimité, f. lacheté, f. Pusillanimous, adj. pusillanime, timide. Puss, s. chat or chatte, lièvre, m. minon, m. Pustule, s. pustule, f. [minette, f. Pustuleous, adj. plein de pustules. Put, s. extrémité, f. nécessité, f. Put, v. a. & n. mettre, poser, placer, suprise de la configuration de librer.

poser, proposer, faire, réduire, obliger, presser; to put about, faire courir, faire passer de main en main, mettre en train; to put again, remettre; to put away, ôter, renvoyer, bannir; to put back, reculer; to just by, détourner, éviter, éluder, chasser, renvoyer, refuser, négliger, mépriser, dé-daigner; to put down, réprimer, humilier, supprimer, réfuter, mettre sur; to put forth, proposer, dire, avancer, produire, publier, déployer; to put forward, pousser, avan-cer, produire, hâter, presser, germer; to put in, mettre entre, dirc, mettre en, entrer, relacher, briguer, postuler; to put off, de-pouiller, quitter, ôter, se defaire, demarrer, quitter le port, remettre, différer, tar-der, tirer en longueur, trainer, excuser adroitement, mettre en vogue, accréditer; to put on or upon, imputer, attribuer, accuser, prendre, mettre, revêtir, embrasser, procurer, avancer, pousser, porter, exciter, imposer, infliger, toucher, piquer, partir, se hâter; to put over, renvoyer, référer; to put out, chasser, reavoyer, démettre, déposer, effacer, pousser, étoindre, publier, mettre au jour, placer; to put to it, embarrasser, troubler, inciter, porter, mettre en peine; to put to, laisser, abandonner, rapporter, remettre; to put together, accumuler, amasser, enta: ser; to put up, laisser impuni, souffrir, faire partir, serrer, cacher, proposer, exposer, se mettro sur les rangs, avancer, s'avancer; to put up with, souffrir, pa-

tienter, avoir patience, pardonner; to me upon, exciter, inciter, porter, engager, imposer, donner, exposer, faire subir. PUTATIVE, adj. putatif, prétendu, supposé. PUTID, adj. bas, vil, indigne, puant. PUTIDNESS, s. bassesse, PUTREFACTION, s. putrefaction, f. PUTREFACTIVE, adj. putride, qui corrompt. PUTREFY, v. a. & n. putréfier, corrompre. PUTRESCENCE, s. putrefaction, f. PUTRESCENT, adj. putride, qui se putrefie. PUTRID, adj. putride, pourri, corroinpu. PUTRIDNESS, s. pourriture, f. corruption, f. PUTTER, s. celui qui met, instigateur, m. PUTTOCK, s. busard, m. buse, Putty, s. potée, f. chaux d'étain. Puzzle, v. a. embarrasser, mettre en peine. Puzzle, Puzzling, s. embarras, m. PUZZLER, s. qui embarrasse, brouillon, m. Puzzline, adj. embarrassant, intriguant. PYGMEAN, adj. de pygmee. Pygmy, s. un pygmee, un naiñ. Pylorus, s. le pylore. Pyramid, s. une pyramide. Pyramidal, Pyramidal, pyramidal, de pyramide. PYRAMIDICALLY, adr. en pyramide. PYRE, s. bûcher, m. PYRITES, s. (fire stone) pyrite, f. Pyromancy, s. pyromancie, f. PYROTECHNY, s. pyrotechnie, f. PYRRHONIAN, adj. & s. pyrrhonien, m. Pyrrhonism, s. pyrrhonisme.

Pyx, s. cibeire, m.

QUACK, v. n. crier comme un canard. QUACK, s. charlatan, m.; v. n. charlataner. QUACKERY, s. charlatanerie, f QUADRAGESIMA, s. quadragesime, f. QUADRAGESIMAL, odj. quadragesimal. QUADRANGLE, s. un quarre. QUADRANGULAR, adj. quadrangulaire. QUADRANT, s. le quart, un quart de cercle. QUADRATE, adj. carré or quarré, propre à, convenable, applicable. QUADRATE, s. un quarre, un quadrat. QUADRATE, v. n. cadrer, s'accorder. QUADRATURE, s. quadrature, f. quadrat, m. QUADRENNIAL, adj. quadrennial. Quadrilateral, adj. quadrilatère. QUADRILLE, s. quadrille, m. (jeu.) [ties. QUADRIPARTITE, adj. divisé en quatre par-QUADRUPED, adj. & s. quadrupède, m. QUADRUPLE, adj. quadruple. QUADRUPLICATE, v. a. quadrupler. QUADRUPLICATION, s. quadruplication, f. QUADRUPLY, odv. an quadruple.

QUERE, s. voyez, cherchez, on demande si. QUAFF, v. a. & n. hoire, boire beaucoup. QUAFFER, s. un buveur, un ivrogue. QUAGGY, s. marecageux, fangeux.

QUAGMIRE, s. une fondrière. QUAIL, s. une caille.

QUAIL, v. n. & a. languir, se décourager. A young quail, un cailleteau. A water-quail, une gelinote d'eau.

QUAINT, adj. poli, beau, fin, délicat, joli, juste, limé, précieux, affecté. QUAINTLY, adv. délicatement, avec grace.

QUAINTNESS, s. élégance, f. bonne grace. QUAKE, v. a. trembler; s. tremblement, m. QUAKER, s. trembleur, m. Quaker, m.

QUEST, v. n. chercher, quêter. QUESTION, s. question, f. demande, f. inter-

QUAKERISM, s. le Quakérisme. [blant.] QUAKING, s. tremblement, m.; adj. trem-QUALIFICATION, s. qualité, f. condition, f. talent, m. don, m. avantage, m. QUALIFY, v. a. rendre propre, mettre en état, temperer, modifier, adoucir, qualifier.

QUALITY, s. qualité, f. condition, f. nature, f. propriété, f. inclination, f. naturel, m. titre, m. rang, m. noblesse d'extraction, f. QUALM, s. mal de cœur, m. défaillance, f. QUALMISH, adj. qui a mal au cœur. QUANTITY, s. quantité, f. nombre, m. QUANTUM, s. le montant, la quantité. QUARANTAIN, QUARANTINE, s. quarantaine QUARREL, s. querelle, f. dispute, f. QUARREL, v. n. quereller, se quereller. QUARRELER, s. querelleur, m. querelleuse, f. QuarreLous, QuarreLsome, adj. querel-QUARRELSOMELY, adv. en querelleur. QUARRELSOMENESS, s. humeur querelleuse. QUARRY, s. carrière, f. quarré, m QUARRY, v. n. faire curée de, dévorer. QUARRY-MAN, s. un carrier. QUART, s. quarte, f. une quatrième. QUARTAN, s. & adj. la fièvre quarte. QUARTER, s. quart, m. quarteron, m. quar-tier, m. miséricorde, f. traitement, m. parti, m. coin, m. côté, m. région, f. logis, m. loge-[loger. ment de guerre, m. QUARTER, v. a. écarteler, mettre en quartier, QUARTERAGE, s. quartier, m. QUARTER-DAY, s. jour de quartier, m. QUARTER-DECK, s. le tillac d'un vaisseau. QUARTERLY, adj. de quartier, par quartier. QUARTER-MASTER, s. quartier-maître, m. QUARTERN, s. roquille, f. poisson, m. QUARTER-STAFF, s. bâton à deux bouts, m. QUARTILE, s. quadrat, m. (90 degrés.) QUARTO, s. un in-quarto. QUASH, v. a. & n. briser, gâter, anguler, appaiser, être agité avec bruit: QUATERNARY, QUATERNION, QUATERNI-TY, s. nombre de quatre, m. quatre, m QUATRAIN, s. un quatrain. bler. QUAVER, s. croche; v. n. fredonner, trem-QUAVERER, s. chanteur, m. qui fredonne. QUAVERING, s. fredons, m. pl. roulade, f. QUAY. s. quai, m. port, m. QUEASINESS, s. envie de vomir, f. QUEASY, adj. débile, fade, dégoûtant. QUEEN, s. reine, f. dame (au jeu) f. QUEEN-APPLE, QUEENING, s. reinette, f. QUEER, adj. ctrange, ridicule, original. QUEERLY, adv. d'une manière étrange. QUEERNESS, s. manière étrange, f. QUELL, v. a. dompter, réprimer, appaiser. QUELLER, s. qui réprime, m. oppresseur. QUENCH, v. a. éteindre, étancher, détruire. QUENCHABLE, adj. qu'on peut éteindre. QUENCHER, s. celui or ce qui éteint. QUENCHLESS, adj. inextinguible. QUERENT, s. un complaignant, un plaintif. QUERIMONIOUS, adj. qui se plaint. QUERIST, s. questionneur, m. QUERN, s. un moulin à bras, un moulinet. QUERPO, s. une veste. QUERRY, s. écurie, f. un sous écuyer. QUERULOUS, adj. plaintif, dolent. QUERULOUSNESS, s. habitude de se plaindre. QUERY, s. question, f. demande, J QUERY, v. a. questionner, demander. QUEST, s. recherche, perquisition, f. en-

quête, f.

rogation, f. doute, m. compte, m. QUESTION, v. a. & n. questionner, interroger, douter, révoquer en doute. QUESTIONABLE, adj. douteux, suspect. QUESTIONARY, adj. qui s'informe de. QUESTIONER, s. celui qui fait des questions. QUESTIONLESS, adv. sans doute, certainement. QUESTOR, s. questeur, m. QUESTORSHIP, s. la questure. QUIBBLE, s. un jeu de mots, une pointe. Quibble, v. n. jouer sur les mots, chicaner. QUIBBLER, s. celui qui fait des jeux de mots, dit des mots à double entente. Quick, adj. vivant, vif, pénétrant, subtil. Quick, adj. vîte, tôt, vivement. Quick, s. vif, m. chair vive. QUICKBEAM OF QUICKTREE, s. sorbier, m. cormier, m. QUICKEN, v. a. & n. viviner, animer, hater, accelerer, égayer, rendre vis. Quickener, s. qui vivisie, principe vivisiant. Quickening, adj. vivisiant, qui vivisie. QUICKLIME, s. chaux vive, f. QUICKLY, adv. vivement, promptement, vite. QUICKNESS, s. vîtesse, f. promptitude, f. vivacité, f. activité, f. sagacité, f. QUICKSAND, s. banc de sable, m. écueil, m. QUICKSET, adj. & s. vif, plante vive. QUICKSIGHTED, adj. qui a la vue bonne. QUICKSIGHTEDNESS, s. vue claire et percante, subtilité, f. sagacité, f. QUICKSILVER, s. vif argent, m. mercure, m. QUIDDITY, s. essence, f. chicane, f. QUIESCENCE, s. repos, m. tranquillité, f. QUIESCENT, adj. en repos, tranquille. QUIET, adj. tranquille, paisible, calme. QUIET, s. repos, m. tranquillité, f QUIET, v.a. appaiser, assoupir, calmer. QUIETER, s. pacificateur, m. un calmant. Quietism, s. le quiétisme. Quietists, s. les quiétistes, m. QUIETLY, adv. tranquillement, paisiblement. . QUIETNESS, s. repos, me tranquillité, QUIETUDE, s. quiétude, f. calme de l'ame, m. QUILL, s. plume, f. tuyau, m. robinet, m. lo piquant (d'un porc-épic.) une navette. QUILLET, s. fausse subtilité, chicane, f. QUILT, s. une courtepointe, un matelas. Quilt, v. a. piquer, matelasser. QUINCE, s. un coin or coing. A quince-tree, un coignassier. Quincunx, s. quinconce, m. QUINQUAGESIMA, s. la quinquagésime. QUINQUANGULAR, adj. a cinq angles. QUINQUENNIAL, adj. de cinq ans. Quinsy, s, esquinancie, f QUINT, s. une quinte, (au jeu de piquet.) QUINTAL, s. quintal, m. QUINTESSENCE, s. quintessence, f. QUINTESSENTIAL, adj. qui contient la quin-QUINTIN, s. quintaine, f. QUIP, s. raillerie, f. lardon, m. Quip, v. a. railler, piquer jusqu'au vif. QUIRE, s. chœur, m. chorus, m. QUIRE, v. a. chanter en concert, faire cho-QUIRISTER, s. un choriste. QUIRK, s. subtilité, f. chicane, f. détour, m. accès, m. ton léger, m. pointe, f. Quit, r. a. quitter, laisser, abandonner, le-ver, lâcher, se défaire, se démettre, tenir quitte, dispenser. décharger, payer

Quit, part. adj. quitte. QUITCHGRASS, s. chiendent, m. or gramen, m. QUITE, adv. tout-à-fait, entièrement. QUITRENT, s. cens, m. QUITTANCE, s. quittance, f. retour, m. QUITTER, s. liberateur, m. crasse, f. scorie, f. ordure de l'étain, pus d'un ulcère, m. QUIVER, s. un carquois. QUIVER, v. n. remuer, trembler. QUIVERED, adj. arme d'un carquois. QUODLIBET, s. pointillerie, f. subtilité, f. QUOIF, s. coiffe, f.; v. a. coiffer. QUOIFFURE, s. coiffure, f. Quoit, s. palet, m. disque, m.; v. a. & n. jouer au palet, jeter. QUORUM, s. un nombre compétent de juges. QUOTA, s. quote-part, f. contingent, m. QUOTATION, s. citation, f. passage allegue. QUOTE, v. a. citer, alleguer. QUOTER, s. celui qui cite, allegateur, m. QUOTH, v. imp. quoth he, dit il. QUOTIDIAN, adj. quotidien, de chaque jour. QUOTIENT, s. quotient, m.

RABBET, v. a. unir avec le rabot, joindre. RABBI, RABBIN, s. Rabbin, m. docteur Juif. RABBINICAL, adj. rabbinique.

RABBET, RABBETTING, s. rablure, f.

RABATE, v. a. rabattre.

RABBINIST, s. rabbiniste, m. [lapereau. RABBIT, s. un lapin. A young rabbit, un RABBIE, s. la canaille, la populace. RABBLEMENT, s. la foule, la multitude. RABID, adj. féroce, furieux, enragé. RACE, s. race, f. lignée, f. extraction, f. famille, f. génération, f. espèce, f. genre, m. racine, f. branche, f. rejeton, m. une RACEMATION, s. une grappe de raisins, &c.
RACEMATION, s. une grappe de raisins, &c.
RACEMORSE, RACER, s. un cheval de course.
RACINESS, s. force, f. fumet, m.
RACK, s. question, f. torture, f. ratelier, m.
gêne, f. contrebatier, m. grille de feu, f.
monture d'arbalète, f. les ridelles d'un
chariot, f. quenouille, f. collet de mouton,
m. arack, m.
RACK, m. appliques à la terture desper-RACK, v. a. appliquer à la torture, donner la question, rouer, inquièter, fouler, opprimer, raffiner, clarifier, étendre, porter. ponsser. RACKET, s. bruit, m. fracas, m. une raquette. RACKET-MAKER, s. raquetier, m. RACKOON, s. sorte de lapin, bléreau, m. RACKING, s. torture, f. soutirage, m. RACY, adj. fort spiritueux. Ideur, m. RADIANCE, RADIANCY, s. eclat, m. splen-RADIANT, adj. éclatant, rayonnant, radieux. RADIATE, v. a. rayonner, briller. RADIATION, s. irradiation, f. rayonnement, m. RADICAL, adj. radical, primitif. RADICALITY, s. origine. f. source, f. RADICALLY, adv. radicalement. RADICALNESS, s. état de ce qui est radical. RADICATE, v. a. enraciner. RADICATION, s. radication, f. RADICLE, s. radicule, f RADISH, s. rave, f. Horse-radish, raifort, m. RADIUS, s. radius, m. rayon, m. RAFF, v. a. brouiller, meler ensemble. RAFFLE, v. a. raffler; r. n. jouer à la raffle. RAFFLE or RAFFLING, s raffle, f. (jeu des RAFT, s. radeau, m. train de bois, m. [dés.)

RAFTER. s. solive, f. chevron, m. RAG, s. guenille, f. haillon, m. chiffon, m. RAGAMUFFIN, s. un gueux, un misérable. RAGE, s. rage, f. fureur, f. dépit, m. RAGE, v. n. enrager, être furieux. RAGGEUL, adj. enragé, furieux, emporté. RAGGED, part. adj. déchiré, en pièces, mal vêtu, inégal, raboteux RAGGEDNESS, s. guenilles, f. pl. misère, f. RAGING, s. rage, f. fureur, f.; adj. enrage. RAGINGLY, adv. avec rage, avec fureur. RAGMAN, s. un fripier, un chiffonnier. RAGOUT, s. un ragoût. RAGSTONE, s. moellon, m. RAG-WORT, s. satyrion, m. (herbe.) RAIL, s, barrière, f. balustrade, f. garde-foux (d'un pont,) m. les ridelles (d'un cha-riot,) un râle (oiseau.) RAIL, v. a. fermer d'une barrière. RAIL AT, v. n. injurier, médire. RAILER, s. un medisant. RAILING, s. médisance, f. RAILLERY, s. raillerie, f. plaisanterie, f. RAIMENT, s. vêtement, m. habillement, m. RAIN, s. pluie, f.; v. n. pleuvoir; RAINBOW, s. l'arc-en-ciel, m. RAINDEER, s. renne, f. RAININESS, s. abondance de pluie, f. RAINY, adj. pluvieux, de pluie.

RAISE, v. a. lever, élever, soulever, hausser, rehausser, dresser, ériger, bâtir, recueillir. accroître, augmenter, abandonner, exciter, susciter, causer. RAISER, s. celui qui lève or élève. RAISINS, s. raisins sees, m. pl. RAKE, s. un rateau, un fourgon, le sillage, houage or houache d'un vaisseau, m. un scélérat, un débauché. RAKE, v. a. rateler, amasser, ramasser, ratisser; v. n. chercher, fouiller, examiner. RAKEHELL, RAKEHELLY, adj. un débauché RAKER, s. un boucur, un fourgon, une ratis-RAKISH, adj. débordé, dissolu. [soire. RAKISHNESS, s. débanche, f.extravagance, f. RALLY, v. a. & n. rallier, se rallier, railler. RAM, s. un bélier; v. a. enfoncer, bourrer. RAM'S-HEAD, s. une louve. RAMBLE, v. n. roder, courir, aller çà et là Ramble, s. course, f. RAMBLER, s. un courcur, un rodeur. RAMBLING, s. course, f.; adj. coureur. RAMIFICATION, s. ramification, f. RAMIFY, v. a. & n. ramifier, se ramifier. RAMMER, s. mouton, m. hie, RAMMISH, ddj. qui a l'odeur forte. RAMMISHNESS, s. bouquin, m. senteur de Ramous, adj. rameux, branchu. RAMP, v. n. sauter, gambader; s. saut, m. RAMPANT, adj. surabondant, laseif, folâtre. RAMPART, RAMPIRE, s. rempart. m. RAMPIONS, s. (a plant) raiponce. f. RANCH, v. a. fouler, forcer. RANCID, adj. rance. [odeur de rance, f. RANCIDITY or RANCIDNESS, s. rancidite, f. RANCOROUS, adj. malin, plein de rancune. RANCOROUSLY, adv. avec haine or rancune. RANCOUR, s. rancune, f. ressentiment, m. animosité, f. RANDOM, s. aventure, f. hasard, m. At rundom, au hasard, inconsidérément. RANGE, s. rang, m. classe, f. ordre, m. tour, m. course, f. ccart, m. carrière, f. essor, m. un grille (de cuisine.) tamis, m. sas, m. blu-

teau, m. timon, m. flèche de carosse, f.

RANGE, v. a. & n. ranger, arranger, se ran- || ger, s'arranger, écumer les mers, roder, courir, aller ça et là.

RANGER, s. garde-chasse, m. maître de la venaison, rodeur, m. volcur, m. un chien courant.

RANK, s. rang, m. file, f. ordre, m. rangée, f. ligne, f. classe, f. place, f. dignité, f.

RANK, adj. qui pousse avec abondance, fé-cond, fertile, abondant, fort, violent, in-

signe, outre, grossier. RANK, v. a. & n. ranger, mettre au nombre, se mettre au nombre, figurer.

RANKISH, adj. qui commence à sentir mau-RANKLE, v. n. s'envenimer. [vais.

RANKLY, adv. grossièrement.

RANKNESS, s. rancissure, f. surabondance, f. RANSACK, v. a. saccager, piller, violer, for-RANSACKING, s. pillage, m. saccagement, m.

RANSOM, s. rançon, f.; v. a. racheter. RANT, s. paroles ampoulées, phébus, m. RANT, v. n. dire de grands mots, tempêter. RANTER, s. un homme turbulent, un extra-RANTING, adj. enrage, étourdi. [vagant.

RANT POLE, adj. étourdi, turbulent.

RANULA, s. ranule, f. RANULAR, adj. ranulaire.

RANUNCULUS, s. renoncule, f. RAP, s. coup, m. tapc, f. [emporter. RAP, v. a. & n. frapper vivement, enlever,

RAPACIOUS, adj. rapace, avide, ravisseur. RAPACIOUSLY, adv. avidement, par rapine. RAPACIOUSNESS, RAPACITY, s. rapacité, f. RAPE, s. rapt, m. enlèvement, m. ravisse-

ment, m. viol, m. proie, f. butin, m. na-RAPE-WINE, s. rapé, m. [vett RAPID, adj. rapide, vîte, prompt, léger. RAPIDITY, s. rapidité, f. célérité, f. [vette, f. RAPIDLY, adv. rapidement, avec rapidité. RAPIDNESS, s. rapidité, f. célérité, f.

RAPIER, s. brette, f. estocade, f. rapière, f. RAPINE, s. rapine, f. volerie, f. RAPPORT, s. rapport, m. conformité, f. RAPT, part. adj. enlévé, emporté, ravi, saisi.

RAPTURE, s. ravissement, m. extase, f. RAPTURED, adj. ravi, saisi, transporte. RAPTUROUS, adj. ravissant, extatique.

RARE, adj. rare, clair semé, demi cuit. RARE-SHOW, s. une curiosité. RAREFACTION, s. rarefaction, f.

RAREFIABLE, adj. qu'on peut rarésser. RAREFY, r. a. & n. rarésser, se rarésser. RARELY, adr. rarement, peu souvent.

RARENESS, RARITY, s. rareté, f. RASCAL, s. un gueux, un coquin. RASCAL-DEER, s. un cerf or un daim maigre.

RASCALLION, s. homme de la lie du peuple, RASCALITY, s. la canaille, la vile populace.

RASCALLY, adj. bas, vil, infame, ignoble. RASCALLY, adv. bassement, en coquin. RASE, v. a. raser, effleurer, démolir. RASH, adj. précipité, téméraire, emporté. RASH, s. ébullition de sang, f. éruption, f. RASHER, s. une tranche de lard, grillade, f.

RASHLY, adv. precipitamment. RASHNESS, s. précipitation, f. témérité, f.

RASP, s. une rape; r. a. raper. RASPBERRY, s. framboise, f. RASPBERRY-BUSH, s. framboisier, m.

RASPING, s. rapure, f. RASURE, s. ratur, f. effaçure, f.

RAT, s. un rat. A rat-trop, une ratière.

RATABLE, adj. taxable.

RATABLY, adr. au prorata, à proportion.

RATAFIA, s. ratafia, 1.3.

RATAN, s. canne, f.

RATE, s. prix, m. valeur, f. taux, m. taxe, f. degré, m. point, m. rang, m.

RATE, v. a. évaluer, taxer, cotiser, censurer. RATHER, adj. plus volontiers, plutôt, mieux.

RATIFICATION, s. ratification, f.

RATIFY, v. a. ratifier, confirmer, approuver. RATING, s. estimation. f. l'action d'estimer.

RATIO, s. raison, f. proportion, f. RATIOCINATE, v. n. raisonner.

RATIOCINATION, s. raisonnement, m. RATIOCINATIVE, adj. de raisonnement.

RATIONAL, adj. raisonnable, raisonné, ra-RATIONALIST, s. esprit fort.

RATIONALITY, s. raison, f. probabilité, f. RATIONALLY, adv. raisonnablement.

RATSBANE, s. mort-aux-rats, f. arsenic, m. RATTEEN, s. ratine, f. [muer, crier. RATTLE, v. n. & a. faire du bruit, râler, re-

RATTLE, s. bruit répété, grelot, m.

RATTLEHEADED, adj. etoordi, érervelé.

RATTLESNAKE, s. serpent à sonnette, f RAUCITY, s. raucité, f. rudesse de la voix, f.

RAVAGE, v. a. ravager, saccager, dévaster. RAVAGE, s. ravage, m. désordre, m. dégât, m. RAVAGER, s. destructeur, m

RAVAGING, s. ravage, m. dégât, m.

RAVE. v. n. être en délire, extravaguer, déraisonner, être fon, se désoler.

RAVEL, v. a. embarrasser, embrouiller, compliquer; v. n. être embarrassé. To ravel out, effiler, débrouiller.

RAVELIN, s. un ravelin. RAVEN, s. un corbeau. Sea-raven, un cormo-RAVEN, v. a. dévorer; v. n. piller, butiner. RAVENOUS, adj. vorace, goulu, rapace. RAVENOUSLY, adv. avec voracité.

RAVENOUSNESS, s. rapacité, f. voracité, f. RAVIN, s. proie, f. butin, m. rapine, f.

RAVING, adj. fou, extravagant.

RAVING, s. rèverie, f. délire, m. frénésie, f. RAVINGLY, adv. comme un homme en délire.

RAVISH, v. a. ravir, enlever, violer. RAVISHER, s. ravisseur, no.

RAVISHING, adj. ravissant, qui ravit, RAVISHINGLY, adv. délicieusement,

RAVISHMENT, s. enlèvement, m. ravissement, m. viol, m. rapt, m.

RAW, adj. cru, indigesto, froid et humide, ignorant, neuf.

RAWBONED, adj. maigre. RAW-HEAD, s. loup-garou, m.

RAWNESS, s. crudité, f. ignorance, f. RAY, s. rayon, f. raie, f. (poisson.)

RAZE, v., a, raser, démolir.

RAZOR, s. un rasoir.

RAZURE, s. rature, f. cffaqure, f. [leo. Reaccess, s. acces repete, visite renouvo-REACH, v. a. & n. toucher à, atteindre, attraper, joindre, avancer, donner, obtenir, gagner, parvenir à, s'étendre à, s'étendre,

tâcher de parvenir à, faire des efforts pour.

REACH. s. portée, f. pouvoir, m. capacité, f. vue, f. dessein, m. étendue, f. REACT, v. n. réagir. agir réciproquement.

REACTION, s. réaction, f.
READ, v. a. lire. enseigner, professer; to
read about, lire tour-à-tour; to read ogain, read on, continuer de lire; to relire; ta read over, lire. parcourir; to read out, lire à voix haute, lire tout.

READEPTION, s. recouvrement, m. READER, s. lecteur, m. professeur, m. READILY, adv. promptement, 'aisement, volontiers, de bon cœur. [habilité, f. READINESS, s. diligence, f. promptitude, f. READINESS, s. l'action de lire, f. lecture, f. leçon publique, f. variantes, f. pl. manière de lire, f. READING-DESK, s. un lutrin, une chaire. READING-ROOM, s. une salle à lire, biblio-READJOURN, v. a. réajourner. [thèque. READJOURNING, s. réajournement, m. READMISSION, s. seconde admission. READMIT, v. a. admettre de nouveau. READORN, v. a. orner, décorer de nouveau. READY, adj. prompt, habile, vif, présent, prêt, préparé, tout prêt, enclin, disposé, facile, aise. READY, adv. promptement, dejà, tout. Ready money, argent comptant. REAL, adj. réel, effectif. REAL, s. réal, m. réaux, m. pl. REALITY, s. réalgar, m. arsénic rouge. REALITY, s. réalité, f. vérité, f. REALIZE, v. a. réaliser, effectuer, placer. REALLY, adv. réellement, en effet, en vérité. REALM, s. royaume, m. REAM, s. une rame de papier. REANIMATE, v. a. ranimer, rendre la vie. REANNEX, v. a. annexer de nouveau. REAP, v. a. & n. moisonner, recueillir. REAPER, s. moissonneur, m. moissonneuse, f. REAPING-TIME, s. moisson, f. recolte, f. REAPING-HOOK, s. une faucille. REAR, s. l'arrière, f. le dernier rang. REAR, adj. qui est à moitié cuit, saignant. REAR, v. a. éléver, ériger, dresser, lever, relever, nourrir, avancer, faire partir. REAR, v. n. se cabrer. REAR-ADMIRAL, s. contre-amiral, m. REARMOUSE, s. chauve-souris, f. [fin. REAR-WARD, s. l'arrière garde, la queue, la REASCEND, v. a. & n. remonter. REASON, s. raison, f. jugement, m. bon sens, cause, f. fondement, m. principe, m. motif, m. sujet, m, lieu, m. preuve, f. m. droit, m. equité, f, devoir, m. compte, REASON, v. n. raisonner, discourir, débattre, REASONABLE, adj. raisonnable, modéré. REASONABLENESS, s. justice, f. justesse, f. REASONABLY, adv. raisonnablement. REASONER, s. raisonneur, m. logicien, m. REASONING, s. raisonnement, m. [sembler, REASSEMBLE, v. a. reassembler; v. n. se ras-REASSERT, v. a. confirmer de nouveau. REASSUME, v. a. résumer, réprendre. REASSURE, v. a. reassurer. REBAPTIZATION, s. réitération du baptême, REBAPTIZE, v. a. rebaptiser. REBATE, s. cannelure, f. fadoucir. REBATE, v. a. émousser, rabattre, abaisser, REBATEMENT, s. diminution, decompte, m. REBECK, s. violon à trois cordes, m. REPEL, seun rebelle; p. a. se révolter. REBELLER, s. un rebelle, un revolté. REBELLION, s. rebellion, f. révolte f, REBELLIOUS, adj. rebelle, révolté, REBELLIOUSLY, adv. avec rebellion, en re-REBELLIOUSNESS, s. rebellion, f. révolte, f. REBELLOW, v. a. répéter le mugissement. REBOUND, v. a. & n. bondir, rebondir. REBOUND, s. bond, m. renvoi, m REBUFF. s. résistance, f. rebuffade, Rebuff, v. a. repousser, rebuter, refuser.

REBUILD, v. a. rebâtir. REBUKE, s. censure, f. réprimande, f. REBUKE, v. a. censurer, reprendre. REBUKEFUL, adj. aigre, rude, rebutant. REBUKER, s. un grondeur, un censeur. REBUS, s. un rebus RECALL, v. a. rappeler, faire revenir. RECALL, s. rappel, m. l'action de rappeler. RECANT, v. a. rétracter; v. n. se rétracter. RECANTATION, s. rétractation, f. RECANTER, s. qui rétracte, qui se dédit. RECAPITULATE, r. a. récapituler, résumer. RECAPITULATION, s. récapitulation, RECARRY, v. a. rapporter, reporter RECEDE, v. n. reculer, se retirer, s'en aller. RECEIPT, st recette, f. reception, f. reçu, m. RECEIVABLE, adj. recevable. RECEIVE, v. a. recevoir, approuver, admettre, éprouver, supporter, accueillir. RECEIVER, s. receveur, m. recipient, m. RECENCY, s. nouveauté, f. fraicheur, f. RECENT, adj. recent, nouveau, frais. RECENTLY, adj. recemment, depuis peu. RECENTNESS, s. nouveauté, f. fraicheur, RECEPTACLE, s. réceptacle, m. rétraite, f. RECEPTION, s. reception, f. accueil, m. RECEPTIVE, adj. propre à recevoir. RECEPTORY, adj. généralement admis. RECESS, s. retraite, f. départ, m. séparation, f. levée, f. solitude, f. lieu secret.

RECESSES, s. pl. replis secrets, m. pl.

RECESSION, s. retraite, f. désistement, m.

RECHANGE, r. a. rechanger. [concession, f. RECHARGE, v. a. accuser par représailles, RECIDIVATE, v. n. récidiver. [recharger. RECIDIVATION, s. récidive, f. rechute, f. RECIDIVOUS, adj. sujet à récidiver. [cin, f. RECIPE, s. recipe, m. ordonnance de méde-RECIPIENT, s. récipient, m. RECIPROCAL, adj. réciproque, mutuel. RECIPROCALLY, adv. réciproquement. RECIPROCALNESS, s. réciprocité, f RECIPROCATE, v. a. & n. resléchir, rendre la pareille. RECIPROCATION, s. réciprocité, f. retour, m. Recision, s. l'action de couper, f. Recital, s. récit, m. relation, f. narré, m. Recitation, s. l'action de réciter. Recitative, Recitativo, s. récitatif, m. RECITE, v. a. réciter, répéter, raconter. RECKON, v. a. & n. compter, calculer, reputer, supputer, estimer, régarder, RECKONER, s. calculateur, m RECKONING, 8. compte, m. calcul, m. supputation, f. terme, m. mémoire de dépense, m. RECLAIM, v. a. corriger, reformer. RECLAMATION, s. reclamation, f. RECLAIMABLE, adj. corrigible RECLAIMLESS, adj. incorrigible, perdu. RECLINE, v. a. & n. pencher, incliner. RECLINED, part. adj. penché, incliné. RECLOSE, v. a. refermer. [ré, reclus. RECLUDE, r. a. ouvrir. RECLUSE, adj. enfermé, caché, secret, reti-RECOGNISANCE, s. reconnoissance, soumission, f. revue, f. examen, m. RECOGNISE, v. a. reconnoître. RECOGNISER, s. créancier, m. RECOGNISER, s. débiteur, m. RECOGNITION. s. reconnoissance, f. revue, RECOGNITORS, s. pl. les douze jurés de la

cour des assises RECOIL, v. n. reculer.

RECOIL, s. recul, m.

RECOIN, v. a. renouveler la monnoie. RECOINAGE, s. renouvellement de la monnoie, m.

RECOLLECT, v. a. rappeler, se ressouvenir, recucillir, rassembler, remettre. RECOLLECTION, s. rappel, m. reminiscence, f.

RECOMMENCE, r. a. recommencer. RECOMMEND, v. a. recommander. RECOMMENDARLE, adj. recommandable. RECOMMENDATION, s. recommandation, f.

RECOMMENDATORY, adj. de recommanda-RECOMMENDER, s. celui qui recommande.

RECOMMIT, v. a. commettre de nouveau. RECOMPENSE, s. récompense, f.

RECOMPENSE, v.a. récompenser, reconnoître. RECOMPILEMENT, s. nouvelle compilation. RECOMPOSE, v. a. tranquilliser, recomposer.

RECONCILE, v. a. reconcilier, raccommoder, accorder, concilier, accommoder. RECONCILEABLE, adj. reconciliable RECONCILEABLENESS, s. compatibilité, f

RECONCILEMENT, s. raccommodement, RECONCILER, s. conciliateur, m. concilia-

trice, f.

RECONCILIATION, s. reconciliation, f. RECONDITE, adj. secret, cache, profond, ab-RECONDUCT, v. a. reconduire. strus. RECONJOIN, v. a. rejoindre, réunir. RECONQUER, v. a. reconquerir. RECONSECRATE, v. a. resacrer. [sembler.

RECONVENE, v.a. assembler de nouveau, ras-RECONVEY, v. n. reporter, reconduire.

RECORD, v. a. enrégistrer, mentionner. RECORD, s. régistre, m. acte public, titre, m. archive, f. journal, m. mémoires, f. A court of record, s. greffe, m.

RECORDER, s. greffier, m. assesseur, m. RECOVER, v. a. recouvrer, ravoir, reprendre, retirer, regagner, réparer, rétablir, gué-rir, refaire, délivrer, découvrir : v. n. relever d'une maladie, regagner la santé, se rétablir.

RECOVERABLE, adj. recouvrable, réparable. RECOVERY, s. recouvrement, m. retablissement, m. guerison, f. convalescence, f. RECOUNT, v. a. conter, raconter. RECOUNTMENT, s. recit, m. relation, f.

RECOURSE, s. recours, m. refuge, m. retour, m. abord, m. accès, m.

RECREANT, adj. poltron, lâche, infidèle. RECREATE, r. a. récréer, divertir, réjouir. RECREATION, s. récréation, f. relache, f. RECREATIVE, adj. récréatif, amusant. RECREDENTIALS, s. léttres de récréance.

RECREMENTAL, adj. plein de scories. RECRIMINATE, v. a. récriminer.

RECRIMINATION, s. recrimination, f. RECRIMINATOR, s. celui qui accuse son ac-RECRUIT, s. supplément, m. recrue, m.

RECRUITS, pl. une recrue. RECRUIT, v.a. recruter. remplacer, suppléer. RECTANGLE, s. un rectangle, un quarré. RECTANGULAR, adj. rectangle, à angle droit. RECTIFIABLE, adj. qui peut être rectifié.

RECTIFICATION, s. rectification, f. RECTIFY, v. a. rectifier, redresser, réformer. RECTILINEAR, RECTILINEOUS, adj. recti-

ligne. RECTITUDE. e. rectitude, f. droiture, f. RECTOR, s. achitre, m. recteur, m. cure, m. RECTORSHIP, s. rectorat, m.

RECTORY, s. paroisse. f.

RECUBATION, RECUMBENCY, s. l'action de

RECUMBENT, adj. couché, qui s'appuie. RECUPERATE, v. a. récupérer, recouvrer. RECUPERATION, s. recouvrement, m.

RECUPERATORY, adj. qui sert à recouvrer. RECUR, v. n. revenir à la mémoire, recourir, avoir recours, revenir.

RECURE, s. recouvrement, m. guerison, f. RECURE, v. a. guérir, rétablir. RECURRENCE, RECURRENCY, s. retour, m.

RECURRENT, adj. périodique, qui revient de temps en temps.

RECURSION, s. retour, m. RECUSANCY, s. non-conformite, f.

RECUSANT, s. un recusant, un sectaire. RECUSE, v. a. recuser.

RED, adj. & s. rouge, m. vermeille, cramoisi. A red pimple, rougeur, f. rubis, m. bouton, m. A red face, une rouge trogne. haired, qui a les cheveux roux, rousseau, m. roux, m. Red deer, une bête fauve or des bêtes fauves. Red herrings, des ha-

rengs saurets, m. REDBREAST, s. rouge gorge, m. (oiseau.)

RED-COAT, s. un soldat

REDDEN, v. a. & n. rougir. REDDISH, adj. rougeâtre, tirant sur le rouge. REDDISHNESS, s. couleur rougeâtre, f. REDDITION, s. reddition, f. restitution.

REDDITIVE, adj. juste, pertinent, catégo-REDDLE, s. craie rouge, f. [rique. R.DEEM, v. a. racheter, degager, retirer,

délivrer. REDEEMABLE, adj. rachetable.

REDELIVER, v. a. restituer. [tion, [tion, f. REDELIVERY, s. seconde délivrance, restitu-REDEMAND, v. a. redemander, répéter.

REDEMPTION, s. rédemption, f. rachat, m. REDEMPTORY, adj. payé pour la rançon. RED-HOT, adj. tout rouge, rougi au feu. REDEVABLE, adj. redevable, obligé.

REDINTEGRATE, adj. rétabli, renouvelé REDINTEGRATE, v.a. recommencer, rétablir. REDINTEGRATION, s. rétablissement, m.

RED-LEAD, s. mine, f. minium, m. REDNESS, s. rougeur, f. rouge, f. [ble. REDOLENCE, REDOLENCY, s. odeur agréa-

REDOLENT, adj. odoriférant, qui sent bon. REDOUBLE, v. a. & n. redoubler, augmenter. REDOUBLING, s. redoublement, m. REDOUBT, s. une redoute.

REDOUBTABLE, adj. redoutable, formidable. REDOUND, v. n. rejaillir, retomber, revenir

contribuer, concourir, redonder. REDRESS, v. a. redresser, rectifier, corriger reformer, faire justice, consoler, assister.

REDRESS, s. reformation, f. correction, f. REDRESSER, s. réformateur, m. réformatric REDRESSIVE, adj. secourable.

REDRESSLESS, adj. incorrigible. REDSTREAK, s. pomme, f. cidre, m. rouge-queue, m

REDTAIL, s. (a bird) REDUCE, v. a. réduire, subjuguer, soumettre REDUCEMENT, s. reduction.

REDUCER, s. celui qui réduit.

REDUCIBLE, adj. réductible, qu'on peut re REDUCTION, s. reduction, duire

REDUCTIVE, adj. reductif. REDUCTIVELY, adv. par réduction. REDUNDANCE, REDUNDANCY, s. redondance

REDUNDANT, adj. redondant, superflu. REDUNDANTLY, adv. avec superfluité.

REDUPLICATE, v. a. redoubler, réitérer. REDUPLICATION, s. réduplication, f. REDUPLICATIVE, adj. réduplicatit. RE-ECHO, v. n. retentir, répéter. REED, s. un roseau, une canne, une flèche. RE-EDIFY, v. a. rebâtir. REEDY, adj. abondant en roseaux. Reek, s. fumée, f. exhalaison, f. REEK, v. n. fumer, jeter de la fumée. REERY, adj. enfumé, fumé, noir. REEL, s. un dévidoir ; v. a. dévider ; v. n. chanceler, vaciller, trebucher. RE-ELECTION, s. re-election, f. RE-ENFORCE or RE-INFORCE, v.a. renforcer. RE-ENFORCEMENT, s. renfort, m. RE-ENACT, v. a. faire or passer de nouveau. RE-ENGAGE, v. a. rengager, engager de nou-RE-ENGAGEMENT, s. rengagement, m. RE-ENTER, v. a. rentrer, entrer une seconde RE-ENTRANCE, s. rentrée, f. [fois. RE-ESTABLISH, v. a. rétablir. RE-ESTABLISHER, s. restaurateur, m. RE-ESTABLISHMENT, s. rétablissement, m. REEVE, s. un bailli, un juge. RE-EXAMINATION, s. revue, f. un second ex-RE-EXAMINE, v. a. examiner de nouveau. REFECT, v. n. se refraichir, se refaire. REFECTION, s. réféction, f. repas, m. REFECTORY, s. réfectoire, m. Refel, v. a. refuter, reprimer, combattre. REFER, v. a. renvoyer, remettre, rapporter. REFER, v. n. avoir rapport à, regarder. REFEREE, s. un arbitre. REFERENCE, s. renvoi, m. rapport, m. REFERMENT, v. a. faire fermenter de nouveau. REFERRIBLE, adj. qui peut se l'apporter. REFINE, v. a. & n. affiner, raffiner, épurer, se raffiner, s'épurer. REFINEDLY, adv. avec raffinement, avec affectation. REFINEMENT, s. raffinement, m. affinage, m. REFINER, s. raffineur, m. REFIT, v. a. réparer, radouber. [jaillir. REFITTING, s. radoub, m. Reflect, v.a. & n. réfléchir, renvoyer, ré-REFLECTENT, adj. renvoyé, repoussé.
REFLECTION, s. réflexion, f. réfléchissement,
m. réverbération, f. méditation, f. REFLECTIVE, adj. qui réfléchit, qui examine. REFLECTOR, s. celui qui réfléchit. REFLEX, adj. réfléchi; s. réflexion, f. REFLEXIBILITY, s. réflexibilité, f. REFLEXIBLE, adj. qui peut être réfléchi. Reflexive, adj. qui réfléchit. REFLEXIVELY, adv. par reflexion. REFLOAT, s. reflux, m REFLOURISH, v.n. refleurir. REFLOW, v. n. refluer, remonter. REFLUENT, adj. qui reflue. REFLUX, s. reflux, m. ebe or jusant, f. m. REFORM, v. a. & n. reformer. REFORM, REFORMATION, s. reforme, f. REFORMER, s. réformateur, m. frayons. REFRACT, v. a. réfléchir, rompre, briser les REFRACTION, s. réfraction d'un rayon, f. REFRACTIVE, adj. qui produit la réfraction. REFRACTORILY, adv. avec opiniâtreté. REFRACTORINESS, s. opiniâtreté, REFRACTORY, zdj. opiniatre, reveche. REFRAGABLE, adj. capable de réfutation et de conviction. REFRAIN, v. a. réprimer.

Refrain. v. n. s'empêcher, s'abstenir.

REFRANGIBILITY, s. réfrangibilité. f. REFRANGIBLE, adj. réfrangible. REFRENATION, s. l'action de réprimer. REFRESH, v. n. rafraichir, soulager, renouve-REFRESHER, s. ce qui rafraîchit. Refreshing, s. rafrafehissement, m. REFRESHING, adj. qui rafraîchit, qui rétablit. REFRESHMENT, s. rafraîchissement, m. REFRIGERANT, adj. rafraîchissant. REFRIGERATE, v. a. rafraîchir, rendre frais. REFLIGERATION, s. réfrigération, f. REFRIGERATIVE, REFRIGERATORY, adj. rafraîchissant. REFRIGERATORY, s. un réfrigérant. REFT, part. adj. privé, dépouillé, ôté. REFUGE, s. refuge, m. asile, m. ressource, f. protection, f. appui, m. protecteur, m. Refuge, v. a. refugier, donner asile, prote-REFUGEE, s. refuge, m. ger. REFULGENCE, s. brillant, m. éclat, m. REFULGENT, adj. brillant, reluisant. REFUND, v. a. rendre, restituer, refondre. REPUSAL, s. refus, m. choix, m. option, f. REFUSE, adj. indigne d'être reçu, refusé. Refuse, s. rebut, m.; v.a. & n. refuser. Refuser, s. celui qui refuse, qui rejete. REFUTAL, ILEFUTATION, s. refutation, f. Refute, v. a. réfuter. REGAIN, r. a. regagner, rattraper. Regal, udj. royal; s. régale, f. régal, m. Regale, s. la régale, la prérogative royale. REGALE, REGALEMENT, s. un régal, un festin. REGALE, v. a. régaler, traiter magnifiquement. REGALIA, s. les marques or les droits de la REGALITY, s. royante, f. [royauté. REGALLY, adv. royalement, en roi. [derer. REGARD, v. a. regarder, avoir egard, consi-REGARD, s. égard, m. attention, f. considération, f. rapport, m. estime, f. REGARDABLE, adj. remarquable. REGARDFUL, adj. attentif, plein d'égards. REGARDFULLY, adv. avec attention. REGARDLESS, adj. qui n'a aucun égard, sans attention, qui ne fait aucun eas. REGARDLESSLY, adv. sans précaution. REGARDLESSNESS, s. négligence, f. REGENCY, s. régence, f. autorité, j autorité, f. REGENERATE, v. a. regenerer, reproduire. REGESERATE, adj. régénéré, reproduit. REGENERATION, s. régénération, f. REGENT, s. & adj. régent, m. régente, f. REGENTSHIP, s. régenee, f. REGIBLE, adj. qui peut être gouverné. REGICIDE, s. régicide, m. REGIMEN, s. regime, m. REGIMENT, s. régiment, m. règle, f. [ment. REGIMENTAL, adj. appartenant à un régi-REGIMENTALS, s. l'habit uniforme, m. REGION, s. région, f. pays. m. contrée, f. REGISTER, s. régistre, m. greffier, m. REGISTER, v. a. enrégistrer. REGISTERING, s. enrégistrement, m. REGISTRER, s. enrégistrement, m. greffe, m. REGORGE, v. a. vonir, rendre gorge. REGRAFT, v. a. grener or enter de nouveau. REGRANT, v. a. accorder de nouveau. REGRATE, v. a. choquer, offenser, regratter. REGRATER, s. regrattier, m. fripier, m. REGRESSION, s. retour, m. sortie, f. REGRESS, s. retour, m. sortic, f. REGRESS, r. n. retourner, revenir. REGRET, s. regret, m. chagrin, m.

Relief, s. soulagement, m. adoucissement

RELICK, s. reste, m. relique, f. RELICT, s. une venve.

REGRET, v. a. regretter, se repentir. REGULAR, adj. regulier, reglé. REGULAR, s. un regulier. REGULARITY, s. régularité, f. bon ordre. REGULARLY, adv. régulièrement, réglément. REGULATE, v. a. régler, ordonner, conduire. REGULATION, s. reglement, m. ordre, m. REGULATOR, s. régulateur, m. REGULUS, s. régule, m. fêtre rejeté. REGURGITATE, v. a. & n. rejeter, repousser, REHABILITATION, s. rehabilitation, f. REHEAR, v. a. écouter de nouveau. REHEARING, s. seconde audience REHEARSAL, s. répétition, f. récit, m. REHEARSE, v. a. répéter, redire, réciter. REIGN, s. souveraineté, f. règne, m. REIGN, v. n. régner, dominer, être en vogue. REIGNING, adj. régnant, dominant. REIMBURSE, v. a. rembourser. REIMBURSEMENT, s. remboursement, m. REIMPRESSION, s. reimpression d'un livre, f. REIN, s. rène, f. bride, f. [tenir. REIN, v. a. tenir en bride, gouverner, con-REINS, s. les reins, m. les rognons, m. REINSERT, v. n. insérer une seconde fois. REINSPIRE, v. a. inspirer de nouveau. REINSTALL, v. n. installer de nouveau. REINSTATE, v. n. rétablir, remettre. REINSTATING, s. rétablissement, m. REINTEGRATE, v. a. réintégrer, rétablir. REINVEST, r. a. rétablir. REJECT, v. a. rejeter, rebuter, renvoyer. REJECTABLE, adj. rejetable REJECTION, s. l'action de rejeter. REJOICE, v. a. & n. réjouir, se réjouir. REJOICING, s. réjouissance, f. joie, f. REJOICING, adj. réjouissant, joyeux. REJOICER, s. celui qui réjouit. REJOIN, v. a. rejoindre; v. n. repliquer. REJOINDER, s. duplique, f. reponse à une réplique, f. REITERATION, s. réiteration, f. répétition, f. Rejudge, v. a. juger, examiner de nouveau. REITERATE, v. a. réitérer, répéter. REKINDLE, v. a. rallumer. Reland, v. a. remettre à terre, débarquer. RELAPSE, v. n. retomber, retomber malade. RELAPSE, s. rechûte, f. retour de malade, m. RELATE, v. a. reciter, rapporter, conter; v. n. se rapporter, avoir du rapport.
RELATED, part. adj. rapporté, conté, raconté, dit, qui appartient à, apparenté. RELATER, s. auteur d'une relation, m. RELATION, s. rapport, m. égard, m. relation, f. liaison, f. convenance, f. affinité, f. parenté, f. parent, m. récit, m. RELATIVE, adj. relatif, parent, m. RELATIVELY, adv. relativement, par rapport. Relax, v. a. relacher, lacher, ceder, delasser; v. n. se ralentir, se radoucir. RELAXATION, s. relachement, m. radoucissement, m. relâchement, m. récréation, f. divertissement, m. RELAY, s. relais. m. Release, v. a. lächer, relächer, élargir, dé-livrer, dégager, décharger, exempter. Release, s. élargissement, m. décharge, f. RELEGATE, v. a. reléguer, exiler, bannir. RELEGATION, s. banissement, m. exil, m. RELENT, v. n. se radoucir, s'attendrir, ce-der, s'abattre, s'affoiblir, diminuer. [m. RELENTING, s. ralentissement, m. repentir, RELENTLESS, adj. impitovable, cruel RELIANCE, & confiance, f

m. aide, f. assistance, f. secours, m. Relievable, adj. à quoi l'on peut remédier. Relieve, v. a. soulager, adoucir, secourir; to relieve a sentry, relever une sentinelle. Reliever, s. celui qui soulage or adoucit. RELIEVO, s. relief, m. bosse, f. RELIGION, s. religion, f RELIGIONIST, s. un fanatique, un enthousiaste. Religious, adj. religioux, picux. RELIGIOUSLY, adv. religieusement, fidèle-RELIGIOUSNESS, s. religion, f. piete, f. RELINQUISH, v. a. abandonner, quitter. RELINQUISHMENT, s. abandon, m. délaisse-Relish, s. goût, m. saveur, f. [ment, m. Relish, v. a. donner du goût, goûter, approuver; r. n. avoir bon goût. RELISHABLE, adj. qui a bon goût. RELISHED, part. adj. qui a du goût, goûté. RELISHING, s. approbation, f. RELUCENT, adj. eclatant, brillant. Reluct, v. n. résister, s'opposer, combattre. RELUCTANCY, RELUCTANCE, s. repugnance, f. RELUCTANT, adj. qui agit avec repugnance. RELY, v. n. se fier, se reposer, compter. REMAIN, v. n. rester, être de reste. REMAINDER, s. reste, m.; udj. restant. REMAINS, s. pl. restes, m. pl. reliques, f. pl. REMAND, v. a. renvoyer, rappeler. REMARK, s. remarque, f. observation, f. REMARK, r. a. remarquer, noter, observer. REMARKABLE, adj. remarquable. REMARKABLENESS, s. singularité, f. REMARKABLY, adv. remarquablement. REMARKER, s. observateur, m. REMEDIABLE, adj. à quoi l'on peut remédier. REMEDILESS, adj. irremédiable. REMEDY, s. remede, m. ressource, f. recours. m. Past remedy, sans remède, incurable. REMEDY, v. a. remédier, guérir, réparer. REMEMBER, v. a. se souvenir, retenir, se rappeler, faire ressouvenir. REMEMBERER, s. celui qui se souvient. REMEMBRANCE, s. souvenir, m. mémoire. f. REMEMBRANCER, s. moniteur, m. secrétaire. REMIGRATE, v. n. retourner. Remigration,s. retour d'une émigration, m. REMIND, v. a. faire sonvenir. REMINISCENCE, s. réminiscence, f. Remiss, adj. lache, nonchalant, paresseux. REMISSIBLE. adj. rémissible, pardonnable. REMISSION, s. remission, f. pardon, f. REMISSIV, adv. lachement, nonchalamment. REMISSNESS, s. lâcheté, f. nonchalance, f. REMIT, v. a. relâcher, diminuer, affoiblir, adoucir, remettre, pardonner, quitter, céder, relâcher, envoyer, faire remettre, con-fier, laisser, abandonner: v. n. diminuer, s'affoiblir, s'adoucir. REMITMENT, REMITTANCE, s. remise, f. REMITTER, s. celui qui remet de l'argent. REMNANT, s. reste, m. restant, m.; adj. res-REMOLTEN, adj. refondu. [tant. REMONSTRANCE, s. remonstrance, f. REMONSTRATE, r. a. faire des remonstrances. REMORA, s. rémore, f. obstacle, m. REMORATE, v. a. empêcher, arrêter. REMORSE, s. remords, m. synderèse. f. REMORSEFUL, adj. plein de remords, tendre REMORSELESS, adj. sans pitie, dur, cruel. REMOTE, adj. éloigné, reculé, étrangé.

REMOTELY, aav. loin: REMOTENESS, s. éloignement, m. distance, f. REMOVABLE, adj. amovible. REMOVAL, s. déplacement, m. délogement, m. départ, m. REMOVE, v. a. & n. déplacer, ôter, éloigner, renvoyer, démettre, transporter, transférer, déloger, déménager, changer de demeure. Remove, s. changement de place, m. éloignement, m. départ, m. REMOVER, s. celui qui ôte, qui déplace. REMOUNT, v. n. remonter. REMUNERABLE, adj. digne de récompense. REMUNERATE, v. a. rémunérer, récompenser. REMUNERATION, s. rémunération, f. REMURMUR, v. n. répéter le murmure, ré-RENARD, s. renard, m. Sonner. RENASCENT, adj. qui renaît. Inouveau. RENASCIBLE, adj. qui peut être produit de RENCOUNTER, s. choc, m. rencontre, f. RENCOUNTER, v. n. se choquer, se rencontrer. REND, v. n. déchirer, mettre en pièces. RENDER, v. a. rendre, donner, traduire. [m. RENDEZVOUS, s. assignation, f. rendez-vous, RENDEZVOUS, v. n. aller au rendez-vous. RENEGADE, RENEGADO, s. un renégat. RENEW, v. n. renouveler, recommencer. RENEWABLE, adj. qui peut être renouvelé. RENEWAL, s. renouvellement. RENITENCY, s. résistance, f. opposition, f. RENITENT, adj. qui fait ressort, qui résiste. RENNET, s. présure, f. reinette, RENOVATE, v. a. renouveler. RENOVATION, s. renouvellement, m. Renounce, v. a. renoncer à, abandonner. RENOUNCEMENT, s. renouciation, f RENOWN, s. renom, m. renommée, f. RENOWN, v. a. rendre fameux. Chirer. RENT, s. déchirure, f. rupture, f.; v. a. dé-RENT, s. rente, f. revenu, m. louage, m. RENT, v.a. louer, prendre or donner à louage. RENTABLE, adj. qui peut être loué. RENTAL, état ou revenu annuel d'un bien, m. RENTER, s. celui qui doit les rentes seigneuriales. RENUNCIATION, s. renonciation. f. RE-OBTAIN, v. a. obtenir de nouveau, rega-RE-ORDAIN, v. a. réordonner. RE-ORDINATION, s. reordination, f. [veau. REPACIFY, v. a. pacifier, appaiser de nou-REPAIR, v. a. réparer, rétablir, radoubler; v. n. aller, se retirer, en aller, se rendre à. REPAIR, s. reparation, f. radoub, m. REPAIRER, s. réparateur, m. REPARABLE, adj. reparable. [ment, m. REPARATION, s. réparation, f. dédommage-REPARTEE, s. répartie, f. riposte, f. REPARTEE, v. a. répliquer, riposter. REPARTITION, s. répartition, f. subdivision, f. REPASS, v. a. & n. repasser, revenir. REPAST, s. repas, m.; v. n. repaître. REPAY, v. a. rembourser, rendre, reconnoî-REPAYABLE, adj. remboursable. REPAYABLE, s. double payement, m. REPEAL, r. a. révoquer, annuller, casser. REPEAL, s. révocation, f. abrogation, f. REPEAT, v. a. répéter, redire, réitérer. REPEATEDLY, adv. souvent, de suite. REPEATER, s. répétiteur, m. montre à répé-REPEATING, s. repétition, f. [tition. REPEL, v. a. repousser, refuter, repercuter. REPELLENT, s. remède répercussif.

REPENT, v. n. se repentir. REPENTANCE, s. repentir, m. repentance, REPENTANT, adj. repentant, penitent. [veau. REPEOPLE, v. a. repeupler, peupler de nou-REPERCUSSION, s. repercussion, f. réverbération, f. REPERCUSSIVE, adj. repercussif. REPERTORY, s. un recueil, un repertoire. REPETITION, s. repetition, f. redite, f. REPINE, v. n. étre faché, se repentir. REPINER, s. murmurateur, m REPINING, s. chagrin, m. deplaisir, m. REPIQUE, s. repic, m.; v. a. faire repic. REPLACE, r. a. remplacer, replacer. REPLACE, s. remplacement, m. REPLANT, v. a. replanter. REPLENISH, v. a. remplir. [plein. REPLETE, adj. rempli, entièrement plein, tout REPLETION, s. repletion, f. plenitude, f. REPLEVIABLE, adj. recouvrable. REPLEVIN, REPLEVY, s. mainlevée, f. REPLEVIN, REPLEVY, v. a. obtenir or donner la mainlevée. REPLICATION, s. réplique, f. REPLY, s. replique, f. repartie, f. REPLY, v. a. & n. repliquer, repondre. REPLYER, s. répondant, m. celui qui réplique. REPORT, v. a. rapporter, dire. REPORT, s. bruit, m. rapport, m. recit, m. re-nom, m. coup, m. le bruit d'une arme à feu. REPORTER, s. rapporteur, m. REPOSE, s. repos, m. REPOSE, v. a. & n. reposer, mettre, commettre, confier, se reposer, se fier, se confier. REPOSITE, v. a. mettre. Reposition, s. rétablissement, m. Repository, s. dépense, f. remise, f. REPOSSESS, v. a. recouvrer, rentrer en pos-REPREHEND, v. u. reprendre. session. REPREHENDER, s. censeur, m. REPREHENDING, s. censure, f. correction.f. REPREHENSIBLE, adj. reprehensible. REPREHENSIBLY, adv. d'une manière repréhensible. REPREHENSION, s. réprimande, f. REPREHENSIVE, adj. porte à reprimander. REPRESENT, v. a. représenter, faire voir. REPRESENTATION, s. représentation, f. REPRESENTATIVE, adj. representatif. REPRESENTATIVE, s. un représentant. REPRESENTER, s. représentant, m. REPRESENTMENT, s. représentation; REPRESS, v. a. réprimer, dompter, subjuguer. REPRESSER, s. celui qui réprime. REPRESSING, REPRESSION, s. suppression, f. REPRESSIVE, adj. qui sert à réprimer. REPRIEVE, s. répit, m. délai, m. surseance, REPRIEVE, v. a. donner du répit, surseoir REPRIEVING, s. repit, m. l'execution. REPRIMAND, s. réprimande, f. repréhension REPRIMAND, v. a. réprimander. REPRINT, v. a. ré-imprimer. REPRINTING, s. seconde impression. REPRISAL, REPRISALS, s. représailles, f. pl. REPRISE, s. reprise, f. charges, f. frais, m. REPROACH, v. a. reprocher, accuser, taxer. REPROACH, s. reproche, m. censure, f. in-REPROACHABLE, adj. reprochable. [jure, f. REPROACHFUL, adj. injurieux, outrageant. REPROACHFULLY, adv. injurieusement. REPROBATE, adj. scélérat, réprouvé. REPROBATE, s. un scelerat, un réprouvé. REPROBATE, v. a. réprouver, condamner. REPELLER, s. celui qui repousse, répercussif. REPROBATENESS, s. sceleratesse, f.

REPROBATION, s. reprobation, f. [ouveau. | REPRODUCE, v. a. reproduire, produire de REPRODUCTION, s. reproduction, f. REPROOF, s. censure, f. reprimande, f. REPROVABLE, adj. repréhensible. REPROVE, v. a. reprendre, censurer, répri-REPROVER, s. un censeur. [mander. REPTILE, s. un reptile; adj. reptile REPUBLICAN, s. un républicain; adj. répub-REPUBLICK, s. république, f. [licain. REPUDIABLE, adj. qu'on peut or doit répu-REPUDIATE, v. a. repudier, renvoyer. [dier. REPUDIATION, s. répudiation, f. divorce, m. REPUGN, r. n. répugner, être contraire. REPUGNANCE, REPUGNANCY, s. guance, f. REPUGNANT, adj. opposé, contraire. REPUGNANTLY, adv. d'une manière contra-dictoire, avec répugnance, à contre cœur. REPULSE, s. refus, m. rebuffade, f. REPULSE, r. a. repousser, refuser, rebuter. REPULSION, s. repulsion, f. REPULSIVE, adj. qui repousse, repulsif. REPURCHASE, v a. racheter. REPUTABLE, adj. honorable. Ineur. REPUTABLY, adv. honorablement, avec hon-REPUTATION, s. reputation, f. renom, m. REPUTE, v. a. réputer, compter, tenir pour. REPUTE, s. réputation, f. renom, m. REQUEST, s. requête, f. réquisition, f. REQUEST, v. a. requérir, solliciter, prier. REQUESTER, s. un suppliant. REQUICKEN, v. a. ranimer, faire revivre. REQUIEM, s. un réquiem. REQUIRABLE, adj. que l'on peut requérir. REQUIRE, v. a. demander, requérir, exiger. REQUISITE, adj. requis, nécessaire. REQUISITE, s. chose requise or nécessaire. REQUISITELY, adv. nécessairement. REQUISITENESS, s. nécessité, f. exigence, f. REQUITAL, s. retour, m. reconnoissance, REQUITE, v. a. rendre, reconnoître. RESAIL, v. n. se rembarquer, remettre à la RESALE, s. vente de la seconde main, f. RESALUTE, r. a. resaluer, rendre le salut. RESCIND, v. a. rescinder, abolir, casser. RESCISSION, s. rescision, f. abolition, f. cas-RESCISSORY, adj. rescisoire. [sation, f. RESCRIBE, v. a. récrire. RESCRIPT, s. un rescrit. gagner. RESCUE, r. a. sauver, préserver, secourir, re-RESCUE, s. recousse, f. reprise, f. déli-RESCUER, s. libérateur, m. [vrance, f. RESEARCH, s. recherche, f. discussion, f. RESEARCH, v. a. rechercher, discuter. RESEAT, v. a. faire rasseoir, replacer. RESEMBLANCE, c. ressemblance, f. image, f. RESEMBLE, v. a. ressembler, être semblable. RESEMBLING, s. ressemblance, f.; adj. sem-RESENT, v. a. ressentir. [blable. RESENT, v. a. ressentir. RESENTFUL, adj. plein de ressentiment. RESENTINGLY, adv. sensiblement. RESENTMENT, s. ressentiment, m. sensibilité, RESERVATION, s. réserve, f. réservation, f. RESERVATORY, s. réservoir, m. RESERVE, s. réserve, f. restriction, f. RESERVE, v. a. réserver, retenir, ménager. RESERVED, adj. réservé, discret, modeste. RESERVEDLY, adv. avec réserve. RESERVEDNESS, s. réserve, f. retenue, f. RESERVER, s. celui qui reserve. RESERVOIR, s. réservoir, m. RESETTLE, v. a. rétablir, rassurer. RESETTLEMENT s. rétablissemess, m.

RESIDE, v. n. résider, demeurer, tomber, RESIDENCE, s. résidence, f. demeure, f. RESIDENT, adj. résident; s. un résident. RESIDENTIARY, adj. qui fait résidence. RESIDUAL, RESIDUARY, adj. qui concerne le RESIDUE, s. le résidu, le restant. RESIGN, v. a. résigner, céder, abandonner. RESIGNATION, s. resignation, f. cession, f. RESIGNEE, s. résignataire, m. RESIGNER, s. resignant, m. RESIGNMENT, s. demission, f. soumission, f. RESILIENCE, s. rejaillissement, m. RESILIENT, adj. rejaillissant, qui rejaillit. RESILIATION, s. rejaillissement, m. RESIN, s. resine, f. [tance, f. RESINOUS, adj. resineux. RESIPISCENCE, s. résipiscence, f. repen-RESIST, v. a. & n. résister, s'opposer. RESISTANCE, RESISTENCE, s. resistance, f. RESISTIBILITY, s. puissance de résister, f. RESISTIBLE, adj. qui peut résister. RESISTLESS, adj. irrésistible. RESOLVABLE, adj. résoluble. RESOLUBLE, adj. résoluble, dissoluble. Resouve, r. a. résoudre, éclaireir, décider, déterminer, expliquer, dissoudre, fondre, réduire; r. a. se résoudre, se déterminer, se décider, se réduire. RESOLVE, s. résolution, f. dessein, m. déci-RESOLVEDLY, adv. résolument. RESOLVEDNESS, s. résolution, f. fermeté, f. RESOLVENT, s. un dissolvant. RESOLVENT, s. celui qui resout, dissolvant m. RESOLVING, s. solution, f. [constant. RESOLUTE, adj. resolu, determine, ferme, RESOLUTELY. See Resolvedly. RESOLUTION, s. solution, f. décision, f. dissolution. f. analyse, f. reduction, f. determination, f. dessein, m. délibération, f. fermeté, f. constance. f. RESCLUTIVE, adj. résolutif, qui dissout. RESONANCE, s. son, m. résonnement, m. RESONANT, adj. resonant, retentissant. RESORT, v. n. avoir recours, aller, se rendre, aborder, affluer, échoir. RESORT, s. recourse, m. ressource, f. refuge, m. concours, m. affluence, f. [péter. RESORTED-TO, adj. frequente. RESOUND, v. n. & a. résonner, retentir, ré-RESOUNDING, s. résonnement, m. RESOUNDING, adj. resonnant. Itissante. RESOUNDINGLY, adv. d'une manière reten-Resource, s. respect, m. ogard, m. autution, f. estime, f. honneur, f. déférence, f. rapport, m. raison, f. motif, m. In some respect, à quelque égard. In respect of, prep. en comparaison de. RESPECT, v. a. respecter, honorer, révérer. RESPECTER, s. celui qui fait acception des personnes. RESPECTFUL, adj. respectueux. RESPECTFULLY. adv. respectueusement. RESPECTIVE. adj. respectif, particulier. RESPECTIVELY, adv. respectivement, relativement, par rapport, en comparaison au RESPIRATION, s. respiration, f. RESPIRE, v. n. respirer, se reposer. RESPITE, s. répit, m. surséance d'exécution, f. délai, m. relâche, f. repos, m. RESPITE, r. a. donner du répit, soulager. RESPLENDENCE, RESPLENDENCY, s. splen deur, f. éclat, m.

RESPLENDENT, adj. brillant, eclatant.

RESPLENDENTLY, adv. avec éclat. RESPONDENT, s. répondant, caution, f. RESPONSE, s. réponse, f. réplique, RESPONSIBLE, adj. responsable, solvable. RESPONSION, s. surété, f. cautionnement, m. RESPONSIVE, RESPONSORY, adj. qui répond. REST, s. sommeil, m. répos, m. relache, m. paix, f. tranquillité, f. reste, m. restant, m. résidu, m. pause, f. ; rest for a musket, une fourchette; rest of a lance, arrêt de lance, m. REST, v. n. reposer, dormir, avoir l'esprit tranquille, prendre du repos, cesser de travailler, porter, poser sur, s'appuyer, se reposer sur, consister en, faire reposer. RESTAURATION, s. restauration, RESTRUL, adj. qui repose, tranquille. REST-HARROW, s. arrête-boeuf, m. RESTIFF, adj. rétif, opiniâtre, entêté. RESTIFNESS, s. qualité d'un cheval rétif, opiniâtreté, f. obstination, f. naturel rétif. Resting, s. repos, m. relâche, m. RESTING-PLACE, s. lieu de repos, m. RESTITUTION, s. restitution, f. retablissement, RESTLESS, adj. qui ne dort point, inquiet. RESTLESSLY, adv. sans reposer, sans dormir. RESTLESSNESS, s. insomnie, f. inquiétude, f. RESTORABLE, adj. qu'on peut rétablir. RESTORATION, s. restauration, f. RESTORATIVE, adj. restauratif. RESTORATIVE, s. un restaurant. [rétablir, RESTORE, v. a. rendre. restituer, restaurer, RESTORER, s. restaurateur, m. RESTORING, s. restitution, f. restauration, f. RESTRAIN, v.a. retenir, reprimer, empecher, détourner, restreindre, limiter. RESTRAINABLE, adj. qui peut être restreint. RESTRAINEDLY, adv. avec contrainte. RESTRAINER, s. celui qui réprime or retient. RESTRAINT, s. contrainte, f. opposition, f. empêchement, m. restriction, f. gêne, f. RESTRICTION, s. restriction, f. limitation, f. RESTRICTIVE, adj. qui restreint, astringent. RESTRICTIVELY, adv. avec restriction. RESTRINGE, v. a. restreindre, resserrer. RESTRINGENT, adj. & s. restringent. RESTY, adj. rétif, opiniâtre. RESULT, v. n. résulter, s'ensuivre. rejaillir. RESULT, s. resultat, m. suite, f. effet, m. RESUMABLE, adj. qui se peut reprendre. RESUME, v. a. reprendre, résumer, renouer. RESUMMONS, s. réajournement, m. RESUMPTION, s. réprise, f. réunion, f. RESURRECTION, s. resurrection, f. [veiller. RESUSCITATE, v.a. resusciter, renouveler, re-RESUSCITATION, s. resurrection, f. RETAIL, v. a. morceler, détailler, vendre en RETAIL, s. détail, m. [détail. RETAILER, s. détailleur, m. RETAIN, v. a. & n. retenir, garder, gager, engager, prendre, se ressouvenir. RETAINER, s. adherent, m. partisan, m. RETAKE, v. a. reprendre, rattraper. RETALIATE, v. a. rendre la pareille, se re-RETALIATION, s. révanche, f. [vaneher. RETARD, v. a. & n. retarder, arrêter. RETARDATION, s. retard, m. empechement, m. RETARDER, s. ce qui retarde, obstacle, m. RETARDING, s. retardement, m. RETCH, v. n. faire effort pour vomir, vomir. RETENTION, s. rétention, f. mémoire, f. RETENTIVE, adj. qui retient, fidèle. RETENTIVENESS, s. qualité de retenir. RETICENCE, s. réticence, f. RETICLE, s. un petit filet.

RETICULAR, adj. réticulaire. freseau. RETICULATED, adj. fait en forme de rets or de RETINUE, s. cortège, m. train, m. suite, f. RETIRE, v. n. & a. se retirer, s'en aller RETIRE, s. retraite, f. [traite. RETIREDLY, adv. solitairement. dans la re-RETIREDNESS, s. retraite, f. vie solitaire, f. RETIREMENT, s. retraite, f. solitude, f. RETIRINGLY, adr. en reculant, en se retirant. RETORT, v. a. rétorquer, récriminer. RETORT. s. retorte, f. replique, f. RETORTER, s. celui qui retorque. RETORTION, s. rétorsion, f. RETOSS, r. a. rejeter, repousser. RETOUCH, v. a. retoucher. REVERENTIALLY, REVERENTLY, adv. respectueusement. REVERSAL, s. cassation, f REVERSE, r. a. & n. détruire, renverser. abolir, annuler, casser, révoquer. REVERSE, s. revers, m. le contraire, l'opposé, m. changement, m. vicissitude, f. in-REVERSIBLE, adj. revocable. [verse, m. REVERSION, s. reversion, f. survivance, f. REVERSIONARY, and. dont on a la survi-REVERT, v. a. & n. changer, tonrner en ar-REVERT, s. retour, m. [rière, réfléchir. REVERTIBLE, adj. reversible. REVERY, s. réverie, f. songe, m. REVEST, v. a. revétir, restaurer, rétablir. REVESTIARY, REVESTRY, s. revestiaire, m. REVICTION, s. retour à la vie, m. resuscita-REVICTUAL, v. a. ravitailler. REVICTUALLING, s. ravitaillement, m. REVIEW, s. revue, f. recherche, f. vue, f. REVIEW, v. a. revoir, faire la revue. REVILE, s. reproche, m. injure, f REVILE, r. a. injurier, outrager de paroles. REVILER, s. celui qui injure. REVILING, s. injures, f. pl. outrage, m.
REVILINGLY, adv. injuriensement, avec reREVISAL, s. revue. f. révision, f. [proche.
REVISE, s. revue. f. seconde épreuve. REVISE, v. a. revoir, examiner de nouveau. REVISER, s. celui qui revoit, reviseur, m. REVISION, s. revision, f. revue, f. REVISIT, v. a. revisiter de nouveau. REVIVAL, s. rétablissement, renouvellement. REVIVE, r. a. faire revivre, resusciter, renouveler; v. n. revivre. REVIVER, s. ce qui ranime, restaurateur, m. REVIVIFICATE, v. a. revivifier. REVIVIFICATION, s. revivification, f. REVIVISCENCY, s. renaissance, f. REUNION, s. réunion, f. REUNITE, v. a. rejoindre, réunir; v. n. se ré-REUNITING, s. reunion, f REVOCABLE, adj. révocable. REVOCATE, v. o. révoquer, rappeler. REVOCATION, s. rappel, m. revocation, f. REVOKE, v. a. & n. revoquer, annuller. REVOLT, s. révolte, f. soulèvement, m. REVOLT, v. n. se révolter, se rebeller. REVOLTER, s. rebelle, m. & f. rénégat, m. REVOLVE, v. a. & n. rouler, tourner. REVOLUTION, s. révolution, f. tour, m. REVULSION, s. révolution d'humeurs, f. REWARD, s. récompense, f.; r. a. récom-REWARDABLE, adj. digne de récompense. REWARDER, s. remunérateur, m. [compilateur. REWORD, v. a. répéter. RHAPSODIST, s. un feseur de rapsodies, un

RHAPSODY, s. rapsodie, f. compilation, f. RHENISH, s. du vin du Rhin, m. RHETOR, s. un rhéteur. RHETORICAL, adj. de rhétorique. RHETORICK, s. la rhétorique. RHETORICALLY, adv. en orateur, avec élo-

RHETORICATE, v. n. faire l'orateur.

RHEUM, s. un rhetoricien, un rhéteur. RHEUM, s. un rhume, enchifrenement, m. RHEUMATICK, adj. de rhume, enrhumé. RHEUMATISM, s. rhumatisme, m.

Rheumy, adj. rempli d'une humeur aqueuse. RHINOCEROS, s. un rhinoceros.

Rномв, s. rhombe, m. losange, m. RHOMBICK, adj. fait en forme de rhombe.

RHOMBOID, s. rhomboide, m. RHOMBOIDAL, adj. qui approche de la figure.

RHUBARB, s. rhubarbe, f. RHYME, s. rime, f. vers, m. poësie, f.; v. n. RHYMER, RHYMSTER, s. rimeur, m. poëte, m.

RHYTHMICAL, adj. harmonique.

RIB, s. côte du corps, f RIBALD, s. un débauché, un ribaud.

RIBALDRY, s. paroles déshonuêtes, f. obscénités, f saletés, f. RIBAND, s. un ruban.

RIBBED, part. adj. garni de côtes, à côtes. RIBELE-RABBLE, s. rebut, m. drogue, f. fre-RIBBLE-ROW, s. cufilade. [tin, m.

RIBBON, s. ruban, m.
RICE, s. riz, m.
RICH, adj. & s. riche, opulent, fertile, a-RICHES, s. richesse, f. opulence, f.

RICHLY, adv. richement, abondamment. RICHNESS, s. richesse, f. opulence, f. RICK, s. un tas, un monceau.

RICKETS, s. nœud, m. rachitis, m.

RICKETY, adj. noue. RID, v. a. délivrer, débarrasser, dégager.

RID, part. adj. délivré, débarrassé. RIDDANCE, s. délivrance, f. défaite, f. RIDDEN, part. adj. outré, surmené. RIDDLE, s. une énigme, un crible.

RIDDLE, v. a. expliquer, cribler. RIDE, s. promenade à cheval or en carosse, RIDE, v. n. aller à cheval or en voiture, monter à cheval, être porté sur or soutenu, arrêté par, être à l'ancre or sur le mer ; v. a.

outer, surmener, gouverner, maîtriser RIDER, s. un cavalier, un écuyer, feuille

ajoutée, postscriptum, m. RIDGE, s. l'épine du dos, f. sommet, m. ridge tile, une faitière. A ridge band, la dossière d'un harnois.

RIDGE, v. a. hausser, élever.

RIDGED, part. adj. haussé, élevé, cannelé. Ringy, adj. élevé, fait en dos d'ane.

RIDICULE, s. ridicule, m.; v. a. ridiculiser. RIDICULOUS, adj. ridicule, impertinent.

RIDICULOUSLY, adv. ridiculement. RIDICULOUSNESS, s. le ridicule.

RIDING, s. district, m. canton, m. pays, m. RIDING, s. l'action d'aller à cheval, &c. RIDING-CAP, s. un tapabor, un bonnet de

RIDING-COAT, s. une redingote. [voyage. RIDING-HABIT, s. habit de cheval, m. RIDING-HOOD, s. une cape de femme.

RIDING-ROD, s. houssine, f. RIE, s. seigle, m.

RIFE, adj. qui regne, qui domine, abondant. RIFENESS, s. abondance, f. quantité, f. RIFF-RAFF, s. rebut, m. chose de néant, RIFLE, v. a. enlever, piller, rayer, carabiner.

RIFLER, s. un voleur, un pillard.

Rift, s. fente, f. cresse, f. Rift, v. α. & n. fendre, crevasser, crever, se fendre.

RIG, s. sommet, m. cheval à demi-chatré, m. plaisanterie, f. une garçonnière.

Rig, v. a. équiper, accoutrer, funer, agréer. RIGADOON, s. un rigodon.

RIGGED, part. adj. équipé, agréé, funé. RIGGER, s. l'agréeur d'un vaisseau, m.

RIGGING, s. les agrés, pl. m. les manœuvres, pl. f. funin or cordage d'un vaisseau, m.

RIGGLE, v. n. s'agiter, se remuer. RIGHT, adj. droit, direct, honnête, juste, equitable, vrai, parfait, convenable, bon,

RIGHT, interj. bon! fort bien! à merveille! RIGHT, adv. bien, très, fort, parsaitement, droit, directement, à raison.

RIGHT, s. droit, m. justice, f. équité, f. raison,

f. privilège, m. pouvoir, m. Rібнт, v. a. faire droit, faire justice. RIGHTEOUS, adj. droit, juste, homête.

RIGHTEOUSLY, adv. justement, avec justice. RIGHTEOUSNESS, s. droiture, f. justice, f. é-[quité, f.

RIGHTFUL, adj. légitime. [quité, RIGHTFULLY, adv. légitimement, de droit. RIGHTFULNESS, s. rectitude, f. équité, f. . RIGHTLY, adv. bien, comme il convient.

RIGHTNESS, s. rectitude, f. droiture, f. RIGHD, adj. inflexible, rigide, severe.

RIGIDITY, s. roideur, f. inflexibilité, f. RIGIDLY, adv. rigidement, severement. [f. RIGIDNESS, s. rigidité, f. rigueur, f. sévérité, RIGOL, s. cercle, m. diadème, m. régole, f.

RIGOUR, s. rigueur, f. sévérité, f

RIGOROUS, adj. rigoureux, rigide, dur. RIGOROUSLY, adv. rigoureusement. RILL, RILLET, s. un petit ruisscau. RILL, v. n. ruisseler, couler.

RIM, s. bord, m. extrémité, f. enveloppe, f. RIME, s. verglas, m. frimas, m. bruine, f. brouillard, m. un trou, une fente.

RIME, v. a. geler légèrement. RIMPLE, v. a. chiffonner, froisser, plier. RIMY, adj. humide, plein de brouillards. RIND, s. écorce, f.; v. n. oter l'écorce.

RINDED, adj. qui a de l'écorce. Ring, s. bague, f. anneau, m. cercle, m. son-neric, f. son, m. bruit, m.; ring of an an-chor, l'arganeau d'une ancre, m.; ring of a coin, cordon or filet de mennoie, m.; ring

of a handle, virole de manche, f.; ring of a manege, la bélière.

RING, v. a. & n. sonner, resonner, retentir, mettre un anneau, boucler. RING-DOVE, s. un pigeon ramier.

RINGER, s. un sonneur de cloches. RING-LEADER, s. le chef d'une faction. RINGLET, s. un petit anneau, un cercle.

RING-WORM, s. un dartre. RINSE, v. a. laver, rincer.

Riot, s. débauché, f. excès, m. émute, f. Riot, v. n. faire des excès de débauche, être

séditieux, cabaler. RIOTER, s. un débauché, un séditieux. Riotous, adj. débauché, séditieux.

RIOTOUSLY, adv. en débauché, en séditieux. RIP, v. a. dechirer, fendre, arracher, rouvrir, découvrir, dévoiler.

RIPE, adj. mûr. RIPE, RIPEN, v. a. & n. mûrir, devenir mar. RIPELY, adv. murement, à propos. RIPENESS, s. maturité, f. perfection, f.

184 ROE RIPPER, s. ectal qui déchire, qui découvre. RIPPLE, v. a. & n. couler doucement. RISE, v. a. & n. se lever, se tenir debout, sortir du lit, se relever, lever, s'élever, sortir, jaillir, avoir sa source, venir, provenir, procéder, s'enfler, grossir, monter, croître, augmenter, hausser, parvenir, se soulever.
RISE, s. lever, m. cause, f. principe, m.
naissance, f. origine, f. augmentation, f.
avancement, m. clevation, f. accroissement, m. RISIBILITY, s. disposition à rire, f. RISIBLE, adj. risible, ridicule. RISING, s. l'action de se lever, &c. f. un soulèvement, une révolte or rebellion ; rising of a hill, le penchant d'une colline; rising of the skin, une tumeur, une enflure. RISING, adj. levant, naissant ; rising ground, hauteur, f. éminence, f.; rising man, un homme qui s'élève, qui s'avance. RISK, s. risque, m. hasard, m. péril, m. RISK, v. a. risquer, hasarder, aventurer. RITE, s. rit or rite, m. cérémonie religieuse. Funeral rites, funérailles, obsèques. RITUAL, adj. rituel, solemnel; s. rituel. RITUALIST, s. ritualiste, m. rubricaire, m. RIVAL, s. & adj. un rival, rival. RIVAL, v. a. être rival de quelqu'un. RIVALITY, RIVALRY, s. rivalité, f. RIVALSHIP, s. rivalité, f. concurrence, f. RIVAL, v. a. fendre, entr'ouvrir. RIVEL, v. a. froncer, flétrir RIVER, s. une rivière, une fleuve. RIVET, s. un clou rivé, un rivet. RIVET, v. a. river, imprimer, graver dans RIVULET, s. un petit ruisseau. [l'esprit. RIX-DOLLAR, s. risdale, f.
ROACH, s. (a fish) rouget, m. gardon, m.
ROAD, s. route, f. grand chemin, m.,
ROAM, v. a. & n. rôder, courir of aller ça et ROAMER, s. un rodeur. ROAN, adj. rouan. Πa. [der. ROAR, v.n. rugir, mugir, meugler, crier, gron-ROAR, s. rugissement, m. bruit, m. ROARY, adj. couvert de rosée. ROAST, v. a. rôtir, cuire devant le feu. ROAST, adj. rôti. Roast meat, de la viande Rob, r.a. & n. voler, dérober. [rôtie. ROBBER, s. un voleur, un brigand. ROBBERY, s. vol, m. friponnerie, f. ROBEING, s. vol, m. action de voler, f. ROBE, s. robe, f. v. a. mettre son habit de cérémonie. ROBIN-RED-BREAST, s. rouge-gorge, m. & f. ROBINS or ROBBINS, s. pl. cordelettes, f. pl. ROEOREOUS, adj. fait de chêne. ROBUST, adj. robuste, vigourcux. ROBUSTNESS, s. force, f. vigneur, f. ROCAMBOLE, s. rocambole, f. ROCHE-ALUM, s. alun de roche, m. ROCHET, s. un rochet, un surplis. Rock, s. un roc, un rocher, une roche. Rock, v. a. agiter, secouler, remuer, calmer, bercer; v. n. se remuer, chanceler, branler. ROCKER, s. nne bereeuse ROCKY, adj. plein de rochers. Ron, s. verge, f. baguette. f. perche, f. Curangling rod, une ligne de pecheur. nade, f. tain rod, une tringle. RUDOMONTADE, s. rodomontade, f. fanfaron-RODOMONTADE, v. n. faire le rodomont.

Rox, s. chevrette, f. œufs de poisson, m. pl.

A Roe-buck, un chevreuil. Hard roe,

œuf de poissons, m. Soft roe, laite de poissons, f. ROGATION, s. rogation, f. priere, f. ROGUE, s. un coquin, un fripon, un volenr. ROGUE, v. n. friponner, faire le vagabond. ROGUERY, s. la vie d'un vagabond, fripon-nerie, f. tour de coquin, m. Roguish, adj. vagabond, mechant, fripon. ROGUISHLY, adv. en fripon, en folâtrant. ROGUISHNESS, s. friponnerie, f. malice, f. badinage, m. tour malin, plaisanterie, f. ROIST, ROISTER, v. n. faire le rodomont. ROISTER, ROISTERER, s. un rodomont, un ROISTING, s. fanfaronnade, f. flanfaron. ROLL, v. a. & n. rouler, tourner, aplanir avec un rouleau. ROLL, s. un rouleau, un bourlet, roulette (de. relieur), f. un trumeau, une racloire, rôle, m. liste, f. archives, f. pl. régistre.
ROLLER, s. un rouleau, en bourlet, maillot (d'enfant), m. ensouple de tisserand, f. Rolling. s. roulement, m.; adj. roulant. ROLLING-PIN, s. roulean de patissier, m. ROLLING-PRESS, s. presse d'imprimeur d'estampe or de toiles, f. ROMAGE, s. ramage, m. bruit, m. ROMAN, adj. & s. Romain, de Rome, Ro-maine, m. The Roman letter, le Romain, la lettre ronde. Roman-like, à la Romaine. ROMANCE, s. un roman, un conte. ROMANCE; v. n. faire un roman, habler. ROMANCER, s. un feseur de romans. ROMANCIST, s. un romancier. ROMANIST, s. un Catholique Romain. ROMANIZE, v. a. Latiniser, travestir en Ro-ROMANTICK, adf. romanesque. Romescot, le denier de St. Pierre. Romish, adj. Romain, Papiste, Catholique. ROMP, s. badinage grossier, fille mal élevée. ROMP, v. n. badiner grossièrement. RONDEAU, s. rondeau, m. RONION, s. une femme grosse et massive. Roop, s. un quart d'acre, perche, f. Roor, s. toit, m. comble, m. voûte, f. l'impériale (d'un carrosse), f. le palais, (de la bouche.) Roor, v. a. couvrir d'un toit or d'une voûte. Roofy, adj. qui a un toit. ROOK, s. grolle, f. freux, m. un filou, un fin matois, tour, m. (au jeu des échecs.) Rook, v. a. dérober, filouter. ROOKERY, s. repaire de grolles, m. ROOKY, adj. plem de grolles. ROOM, s. espace, m. heu, m. place, f. chambre, f. salle, f. occasion, f. ROOMAGE, ROOMINESS, s. espace, f. lieu, m. ROOMY, s. spacienx, vaste, ample, grand. Roost, s. juchoir, m.; r. n. percher Roor, s. racine, f. source, f. principe, m. pied, m. bas, m. ROOT, v. a. enraciner; to root up and out, deraciner, extirper. ROOT, v. n. s'enraciner, prendre racine. ROOTEDLY. adr. fortement, beaucoup. ROOTING (out or up,) s. extirpation, f. ROOTY, adj. plein de racines. ROPE, s. une corde, un rang; v. n. filer. ROPE-DANCER, s. danseur de corde, m. ROPEMAKER, ROPER, s. un cordier. ROPERV, ROPETRICK, f. friponnerie, f. ROPE-YARN, s. fil de carret, m.

ROPINESS, s. viscosité, f.

ROPY, adj. gluant, visqueux, qui file

ROQUELAURE, s. surtout, m. redingote, f. RORID, RORIFEROUS, adj. plein de rosce. Rosary, s. rosaire, m Rosa-solis, s. rossolis, m. Roscid, adj. plein de rosée, humide. Rose, s. rose, f. Rose-bush, un rosier, m. Roseate, adj. rosat, de rose, plein de roses. Rosed, adj. couleur de rose, rouge, vermeil. Rosemary, s. romarin, m. Roset, s. rosette, f. ROSEWATER, s. eau de rose, f. Rosier, s. rosier, m. Rosin, s. résine, f. poix résine, f.; v. a. frotter de résine. Rosiny, adj. résineux ROSTRUM, s. bec (d'oiseau,) m. proue (de vaisseau,) f. la tribune aux harangues. Rosy, adj. vermeil, de rose. Rot, v. a. & n. pourrir, faire pourrir. Rot, s. tac, m. claveau, m. mortalité, f. pourriture, f. putréfaction, f. une file. Rota, s. la rote, (tribunal à Rome.) ROTARY, adj. qui tourne comme une rouc. ROTATED, adj. tourné comme une roue. ROTATION, s. rotation, f. tournoiement, By rotation, alternativement. ROTE, s. routiné, f.; v. a. apprendre par rou-ROTTEN, part. adj. pourri, vermoulu, vicié. ROTTENNESS, s. pourriture, f. corruption, f. ROTUND, adj. rond, sphérique, circulaire. ROTUNDITY, s. rotundité, f. rondeur, f. ROVE, v. n. roder, courir, rêver, battre la campagne. ROVER, s. rodeur, m. corsaire, m. vers, au hasard, inconsidérément. Rouge, s. du rouge. Rough, adj. rude, raboteux, brut, inégal, apre, dur, sévère, chagrin, bourru, grossiér, insolent, choquant, offensant; n. a. ébaucher, crépir. Cher. ROUGH-DRAUGHT, s. ébauche, f. ; v. a. ébau-ROUGHEN, v. a. & n. rendre or devenir dur ROUGHEN, v. a. ébaucher. [or raboteux. ROUGHLY, adv. durement, rudement. ROUGHNESS, s. inégalité, f. rudesse, f. âpre-té, f. dureté, f. grossièreté, f. ROUGH-WORK, v.a. travailler grossièrement. ROUNCE, s. manivelle de presse d'imprimeur, ROUND, adj. roud, circulaire. ROUND, s. un rond, un cercle, une sphère, revolution, f. cours, m. course, f. tour, m. ronde, f. échélun, m.
ROUND, adj. en rond, de tous côtés, tout à ROUND, prep. autour de. fl'entour. ROUND, v. a. entourer, environner, arrondir, faire le tour de ; v. n. s'arrondir. ROUNDABOUT, adj. étendu, libre. ROUNDEL, ROUNDELAY, s. rondelet, m. ROUNDER, s. circonférence, f. enceinte, f. ROUNDHEAD, s. pl. un Puritain. Round-House, s. la prison du guet. Roundist, adj. presque rond. ROUNDING, s. arrondissement, m. l'action d'arrondir, f ROUNDLY, adv. d'une forme ronde, rondement, ouvertement, sans façon. ROUNDNESS, s. rondeur, f. rotondité, f. ROUSE, v. a. & n. éveiller, s'éveiller, réveiller, se réveiller, exciter, s'exciter. Rouser, s. celui qui éveille or réveille. Rousing, adj. frappant, enorme. ROUSPELET, s. rousselet, m.

désordre, m. vacarme, m. tumulte, m. route, f. chemin, m. ROUT, v. a. mettre en déroute, dérouter ; v.n. s'assembler, s'attrouper, faire cohue. Route, s. route, f. chemin, m. Row, s. rang, m. file, f. range, f. Row, v. n. ramer, aller or tirer à la rame. Rowel, s. molette d'éperon, f. seton, m. Rowel, v. a. faire un cautère. Rower, s. rameur, m. [drap, m. Rowing, s. l'action de ramer, roulement de ROYAL, adj. royal, du roi, noble, illustre. ROYALIST, s. royaliste, m. ROYALIZE, v. a. rendre royal. ROYALLY, adv. royalement, en roi, noblement. ROYALTY, s. royauté, f. dígnité royale. ROYNISH, adj. sot, chétif, pitoyable, grossier. RUB, n. a. & n. frotter, frayer, gratter; to rub a horse, bouchonner un cheval; to rub off,ôter,enlever en frottaut, décroter, se tirer d'affaires, avancer; to ruh up, aiguillonner, réveiller, polir, retoucher. Rub, s. frottement, m. obstacle, m. RUBBER, s. un frotteur, un frottoir, coups de poings, m. partie double. RUBBISH, s. ruines, f. pl. décombres, m. pl. débris, m. ordures, f. pl. rebut, m.
RUBICUND, adj. rubicond, rouge, vermeil. Rubied, adj. rouge, couleur de rubis, f. Rubifick, adj. qui rend rouge, qui rougit. RUBIFY, RUBRICATE, v. a. rendre rouge, rougir. RUBRICK, s. rubrique, f.; adj. rouge. RUBRICK, v. a. marquer en lettres rouges. RUBY, s. rubis, m. une rougeur, un bouton; RUCTATION, s. rot, m. [adj. rouge. RUDDER, s. le gouvernail d'un navire. RUDDINESS, s. rougeur, f. rouge, m. RUDDLE, s. rubrique, f. sorte de terre rouge. RUDDY, adj. un peu rouge, rubicond. RUDE, adj. dur, grossier, impoli, brutal, insolent, sévère, impitoyable, ignorant, violent, impétueux, informe. RUDELY, adv. grossièrement, brutalement. RUDENESS, s. incivilité, f. grossièreté, f. bru-talité, f. ignorance, f. violence, f. RUDIMENT, s. rudiment, m. principe, m. RUDIMENTAL, adj. élémentaire. Rue, v. a. se repentir; s. rue, f. (herbe.) Rueful, adj. déplorable, triste, chagrin. RUEFULLY, adv. tristement, avec chagrin. RUEFULNESS, s. tristesse, f. chagrin, m. RUFF, s. tour de gorge, m. le point aux caries. RUFFIAN, s. & adj. scélérat, un bandit. RUFFLE, s. manchettes, f. pl. trouble, m. RUFFLE, v. a. troubler, déranger, friser, chif fonner, froisser. (grossière. Rug, s. de la bure, une converture de laine Rugged, adj. rude, raboteux, inégal, âpre, dur, bourru, brutal, brusque. RUGGEDLY, adv. rudement, durement. RUGGEDNESS, s. rudesse, f. åpreté, f. RUGOSE, adj. ridé, plein de rides. RUIN, s. ruine, f. decombres, f. pl. RUIN, v. a. & n. détruire, ruiner. RUINOUS, adj. ruiné, ruineux. fatal.
RUINOUSLY, adv. d'une manière ruineuse.
RULF, s. règle, f. modèle, m. exemple, m.
précepte, m. loi, f. ordre, m. statut, m. règlement, m. coutume, f. usage, m. pou voir, m. autorité, f. administration, f RULE, v. 1. & n. régler, diriger, conduire. Roux, s. cohue, f. foule bruyant, un attroupement, déroute d'une armée,) f. bruit, m. conformer, régir, gouverner, dompter, sul-

juguer, reprimer.

RULER, s. gouverneur, m. conducteur, m. Rum, s. rum, m. eau de vie de sucre, f. un curé de campagne.

RUS

RUMB, s. rumb de vent, m. pointe de com-

pas, f. RUMBLE, v. n. faire un bruit sourd. RUMBLER, s. celui or ce qui murmure. RUMBLING, s. bruit sourd, murmure, m.

RUMINANT, adj. ruminant. RUMINATE, v. a. ruminer, remâcher à vide. RUMINATION, s. l'action de ruminer. RUMMAGE, v. a. & n. chercher, fouiller. RUMMER, s. un grand verre, une rasade. RUMOUR, s. bruñ qui court, m. nouvelle, f. RUMOUR, v. a. faire courir le bruit.

RUMOURER, s. celui qui fait courir un bruit.

RUMP, s. le croupion, la croupe. RUMPLE, s. pli, m.; v. a. chiffonner.

Run, v. n. & a. courir, aller vite, couler, rouler, suinter, dégoutter, suppurer, être, devenir, se trouver, passer, percer, com-prendre, s'exposer à, pousser, heurter, entrainer; to run against, heurter, choquer; to run aground, echouer: to run away, s'enfuir, se passer, s'écouler; to run away with, emporter, enlever; to run back, retourner sur ses pas ; to run down, dégoutter, pousser, forcer, confondre, dégrader; to run in or into, entrer, se jeter, se précipiter; to run in with, être d'accord, s'accorder, convenir; to run on, continuer, poursuivre; to run over, se déborder, parcourir, repasser, revoir, retoucher; to run over to, passer, s'en aller; to run out, finir, expirer, tirer or être à la fin, se dissiper, s'éteindre, aller, se porter, terminer; to run up, monter, remonter, s'élever, éléver; to run through, enfiler, passer au travers.

Run, s. course, f. cours, m. élan, m. cadence, f.; run of a ship, le sillage d'un vaisseau.

At the long run, à la longue.

RUNAGATE, s. un déserteur, un renégat. RUNAWAY, s. & adj. déserteur, fuyard. RUNDLE, s. echelon, m. rond, m. RUNDLET, s. un petit barril, caque, f. RUNNER, s. coureur, m. coureuse, f. cou-

rier, m. messager, m. surmeule de moulin. RUNNET, s. présure, f.; runnet bag, une mulette.

RUNNING, s. course, f.; running of the reins, la gonorrhee; running at the nose, la rou-

pie; running out, coulure, f

RUNNING, adj. courant, coulant; running place, lieu propre à courir ; running water, eau courante or vive; running knot, un nœud coulant; running sore, plaie qui suppure; running banquet, collation qu'on fait sans s'asseoir: running title of a book, le titre qu'on met à chaque page d'un livre.

RUNNINGLY, adv. en courant. RUNT, s. petit bœuf, petit animal. RUPEE, s. (coin) roupie, f. 2s. 3d. RUPTION, s. rupture, f. brêche, f. RUPTORY, s. ruptoire, m. cautère potentiel. RUPTURE, s. rupture, f. brêche, f. brouill-rie, f. descente de boyau, f. hernie, f. RUPTURE, v. n. fracturer, rompre, crever. RUPTUREWORT, s. (a plant) herniaire, f. RURAL, adj. rural, champêtre, rustique, de la campagne.

Ruse, s. ruse, f. artifice, m. stratagème, m. Ruse, s. jonc, m. fetu, m. course precipitee. RUSH, r. n. se jeter, se precipiter, se lancer; to rush out, sortir brusquement; to rush in,

entrer de force ; to rush forward, s'élancer ; to rush in upon, surprendre. RUSH-LIGHT, s. chandelle de veille, f. fana.

Rushy, adj. plein de joncs. Rusk, s. espèce de biscuit, pain chapellé. Russer, adj. roussâtre, grossier.

RUSSET, RUSSETTING, s. rousselle, f.

Rust, s. rouille, f. Rust, v. n. se rouiller; v. a. rouiller.

RUSTICAL, adj. rustique, rustre, grossier. RUSTICALLY, adv. rustiquement.

RUSTICALNESS, s. rusticité, f. grossièreté, f. Rusticate, r.n. vivre à la campagne; v.a. réléguer à la campagne.

RUSTICITY, s. rusticité, f. grossièreté, f. rudesse, f.

Rustick, adj. & s. rustique, paysan. RUSTINESS, s. rouille, f. rancissure, f. RUSTIE, r. a. faire du bruit, bruire. RUSTLING, s. cliquetis, m. bruit, m. RUSTY, adj. rouille, rance, crasseux.

Rut, s. rut, m. ornière, f.; v. n. être en rut. RUTH, s. pitie, f. compassion, f. tendresse, f. RUTHFUL, adv. tendre, pitoyable.

RUTHFULLY, adv. piloyablement, misérablement.

RUTHFULNESS, s. compassion, f. RUTHLESS, a. sans pitie, cruel.

RUTHLESSNESS, s. inhumanité, f. cruauté. f. RUTTING-SEASON, s. rut, m. le temps du rut. RUTTISH, adj. lascif.

RYE, s. seigle, m.

RYE-BREAD, s. pain de seigle, m.

SABBATH, s. sabbat, m. [m. SABBATH-BREAKER, s. violateur du sabbat, SABBATICAL, adj. sabbatique. SABBATISM, s. observation du sabbat, f. re-SABINA, s. (a plant) sabine, f.
SABLE, s. martre zibeline, f.; adj. sable, noir.

SABRE, s. sabre, m.

Sabulous, adj. sablonneux. SACCADE, s. saccade, f. [sucre SACCHARINE, adj. qui tient de la nature du SACERDOTAL, adj. sacerdotal.

SACHEL, s. un sachet, un petit sac. SACK, s. sac, m. robe, f. vin des Canaries. A sack full, un sac plein, une sachée. SACK, v. a. mettre en sac, saccager.

SACKCLOTH, s. sac, m. haire, j SACKER, s. celui qui met une ville à sac.

SACKING, s. sac, m. saccagement, m. SACKING-CLOTH, s. toile à faire des sacs, f. SACRAMENT, s. sacrement, m. la communion. SACRAMENTAL, adj. sacramental or sacraincutel.

SACRAMENTALLY, adv. sacramentalement. SACRED, adj. saint, sacré, consacré. SACREDLY, adv. religieusement, inviolable-

SACREDNESS, s. sainteté, f. ment. SACRIFICATOR, s. sacrificateur, m.

SACRIFICE, s. sacrifice, m., r. a. sacrifier. SACRIFICER, s. sacrificateur, m. SACRIFICIAL, adj. de sacrifice.

SACRILEGE, s. sacrilège, m. [sacrilège. SACRILEGIOUS, adj. sacrilège, coupable d'un SACRILEGIOUSLY, adv. d'une manière sacri-

SACRING, s. sacre, m.; adj. qui consacre. SACRIST, SACRISTAN, s. sacristain, m.

SACRISTY, s. sacristie, f. SAD, adj. triste, melancholique sombre,

gubre, facheux, funeste, sensible, cruel, mé- II chant, mauvais, pitoyable, misérable, vilain, sérieux, grave, brun.

BADDEN, v. a. & n. attrister, paroître triste.
SADDLE, s. selle, f.; v. a. seller, bâter. Saddle-bow, arçon de selle, m. The saddle tree, bois de selle, m. A pack-saddle, un bat.

SADDLE-BACKED, adj. qui a le dos fort large.

SADDLE-CLOTH, s. housse, f. SADDLE-MAKER, SADDLER, s. sellier, m. SADLY, adv. tristement, misérablement, cruellement, mal.

Sadness, s. tristesse, f. mélancholie, f. sé-Safe, adj. sauf, sûr, sûreté. [rieux, m. SAFE, s. garde-manger, m. paneterie, f.

SAFE-CONDUCT, s. un sauf-conduit. SAFEGUARD, s. sauve-guard, f. protection, f. SAFEGUARD, v. a. garder, proteger. SAFELY, adv. sûrement, en sûrete, sans dan-

SAFENESS, s. sûreté, f.

SAFETY, s. sûreté, f. assurance, f. SAFFRON, s. safran, m.; saffron flower, ero-cus, m.; saffron colour, couleur de safran.

SAG, v. a. & n. charger, accabler, être chargé. Sigacious, adj. vif, subtil, penetrant. SAGACIOUSLY, adv. avec pénétration.

SAGACIOUSNESS, s. clair voyance, f. SAGACITY, s. sagacité, f. pénétration, f. SAGE, s. sauge, f. (plante.) [losc [losophe. SAGE, adj. sage, prudent; s. un sage, un phi-

SAGELY, adv. sagement, prudemment.

SAGENESS, s. sagesse, f. SAGITTAL, s. & adj. sagittale, f. de flèche. SAGITTARY, s. le sagittaire.

SAGO, s. sagou, m. (sorte de légume.)

SAIK, s. saïque, f. SAIL, s. voile, f. voilure, f. voiles, f. vais-seaux, m. navire, m. bâtiment, m. les toiles

d'un moulin à vent, f. pl. Sail, v. n. mettre à la voile, faire voile, naviguer; to sail along the coast, rauger la côte, côtoyer le rivage; to sail back, relâ-cher; to sail northward, porter au nord. SAILOR, s. marinier, m. matelot, m. marin,

m. navigateur, m.

SAILING, s. navigation, f. SAIL-YARD, s. vergue, f. antenne, f. SAINFOIN, s. sainfoin, m. (herbe.) SAINT, s. saint, sainte; v. a. canoniser.

SAINTLIKE, SAINTLY, adj. saint, de saint, en saint.

SAINTSHIP, s. sainteté, f. [égard, m. SAKE, s. fin. f. but, m. vue, f. amour, m. SAKER, s. sacre, m. (oiseau de proie.) SAKER or SAKER-GUN, s. sorte de canon de

muraille. SALACIOUS, adj. chaud, lubrique.

SALACIOUSLY, adv. lubriquement. SALACITY, s. lubricité, f. lasciveté, f. cha-

leur, f. amour, m. SALAD, s. salade, f.

SALAMANDER, s. salamandre, m. SALARY, s. salaire, m. gages, m. pl.

Sale, s. vente, f. Saleable, adj. de débit, qui se vend bien, bien conditionné.

SALEBROUS, adj. rude, inégal. qualité de se pouvoir vendre. SALESMAN, s. fripier, regrattier, m.

SALEWORK, s. ouvrage qu'on fait pour ven-SALIC, adj. salique.

SA IENT, adj. qui saute, bondissant. SALINE, SALINOUS, adj. salin, de sel.

SALIVA, s. salive, f.

SALIVAL, SALIVARY, adj. salivaire. SALIVATE, r. a. & n. faire saliver, saliver SALIVATE, r. d. & r. laire sailver, sailver SALIVATE, r. d. & r. laire sailver, saliver SALIVOUS, saljvation, f.flux de bouche, m. SALIOW, adj. påle, livide, malade, jaune SALLOWNESS, s. påleur, f. maladie, m. SALLY, s. sortie, f. saillie, f. fougue, f. cm portement, m. boutade, f. SALIY, v. n. faire une sortie.

SALMAGUNDI, s. salmagondis, m.

Salmon, s. saumon, m.
Salmon Trout, s. truite saumonte.
Saloon, s. salou de compagnie, m.
Salsify, s. salsifis, m.

Salsuginous, adj. un peu sale.

SALT, s. sel, m.; adj. salé, en chaleur. SALT, v. a. saler, assaisonner avec du sel. SALTATION, s. danse, f. battement, m. SALT-BOX or SALT-CELLAR, s. salière.

Salt-cat, s. un gros morceau de sel. Salter, s. saunier, m. véndeur de sel, m.

SALTERN, SALT-HOUSE, s. saline or saunerie, f. Salting-tue, s. un saloir.

Saltish, adj. un peu salé.

SALTLESS, adj. fade, insipide. SALTLY, adv. avec un gout de sel, d'une ma-

nière salée. SALT-MAKER, s. un saunier.

Salt-marsh, s. un marais salant. SALT-PETRE, s. saluete, f. goût de sel, m. SALT-PETRE, s. saluetre, m. nitre, m.

SALT-PIT, SALT-PAN, s. une saline. SALVABILITY, s. possibilité d'être sauvé. SALVABLE, adj. qui peut être sauvé.

SALVAGE, adj. sauvage; s. salvage, m. SALVATION, s. salut, m. félicité éternelle.

SALVATORY, s. réservoir, m. boite d'onguent SALUBRIOUS, adj. sain, salubre. SALUBRITY, s. salubrité, f.

SALVE, s. ongueut, m. remède, m. emplatre, SALVE, v. a. guerir, remédier, sauver. SALVER, s. soucoupe, f. eelui qui sanve. SALVO, s. exception, f. échappatoire, f. sub-

terfuge, m. SALUTARINESS, s. salubrité, f.

SALUTARY, udj. sain, salubre, salutaire. SALUTATION, s. salutation, f. saluade, j SALUTE, r. a. saluer, baiser, donner un baiser. SALUTE, s. salut, m. salutation, f. baiser, m.

SALUTER, s. celui qui salue. SALUTIFEROUS, adf. sain, salutaire. SAME, adf. & s. mėme, le mėme. SAMENESS, s. identitė, f. la mėme chose.

Samlet, s. un saumonneau. SAMPHIKE, s. crète marine, fenouil marin.

Sample, s. échantillon, une montre. SAMPLE, r. n. montrer un échantillon.

Sampler, s. exemple, m. modèle, m. Sanable, adj. susceptible de guérison. SANATION, s. cure, f. guerison, f.

SANATIVE, adj. qui guérit, guérissable. SANATIVENESS, s. pouvoir de guérir, m.

SANCTIFICATION, s. sanctification, f. SANCTIFIER, s. celui qui sanctifie.

SANCTIFY, v. a. sanctifier, rendre saint. SANCTIFYING, s. sanctification, f.

SANCTIMONIOUS, adj. saint.

SANCTIMONY, s. saintele, f. SANCTION; s. sanction, f. confirmation, f. SANCTITUDE, SANCTITY, s. sainteté, f. SANCTUARIZE, r. a. protéger, servir d'asile

SANCTUARY, s. sanctuaire, m. église; f.

SAND, s. sable, m. sablon, m.

SAT 188 SAND-BOX, s. poudrier, m. sablier, m. SAND-PIT, s. sablonnière, f. SANDAL, s. sandale, f. [vernis, m. SANDARACK, s. sandaraque, f. orpiment, m. SAND-BLIND, adj. qui a la vue basse. SANDBOX-TREE, s. bois nain. SANDED, adj. sablonneux. Isable. Sandish, adj. qui approche de la nature du SANDY, adj. sablonneux, roux. SANDYX, s. terre rouge, f. SANE, adj. sain, qui est en bonue santé. SANGUIFEROUS, adj. qui porte le sang. SANGUIFICATION, s. sanguification, f. SANGUIFIER, s. qui produit le sang. SANGUIFY, v. n. produire or faire le sang. SANGUINARY, adj. sanguinaire, cruel. SANGUINE, adj. & s. sauguin, couleur de sang, ardent, violent, hardi, présomptueux. SANGUINENESS, SANGUINITY, s. audace, f. SANCUINFOUS, adj. sanguin, de sang. SANGUINOLENT, adj. sanguinolent, sanglant. SANHEDRIM, s. sanhédrin, m Sanicle, s. sanicle, f. sorte d'herbe. SANIES, s. sanie, f. pus, m. matière, f. Sanious, adj. saineux, purulent. SANITY, s. santé, f. jugement sain. SAP, s. sève, f. aubier or aubour, m. SAP, v. a. sapper; v. n. avancer en minant. SAPHICK, adj. saphique. SAPID, adj. savoureux, sage, prudent. SAPIDNESS, SAPIDITY, s. jugement, m.
SAPIENCE, s. sagesse, f. prudence, f. sapiSAPIENT, adj. sage, prudent. [ence, f.
SAPIESS, adj. qui n'a point de sève, sec. SAPLING, s. un jeune arbre, plantard, m. SAPOR, s. saveur, f. goût, m. SAPORIFICK, adj. saporifique. SAPPHIRE, s. saphir, m. [gueur. SAPPY, adj. plein de sève, jeune, plein de vi-SARABAND, s. (a dance) sarabande, f. SARCASM, s. sarcasme, m. satire SARCASTICAL, SARCASTICK, adj. satirique, mordant. SARCASTICALLY, adv. d'une manière sati-SARCENET, s. taffetas, m. SARCLE, v. a. sarcler. Chair, SARCOMA, s. sarcome, f. excroissance de SARCOPHAGUS, adj. & s. sarcophage. SARCOPHAGY, s. l'usage de se nourrir de chair. SARCOTICK, adj. & s. sarcotique, m. SARCULATION, s. l'action de sarcler. SARDEL or SARDIN, s. une sardine. SARDONYX, s. sardoine, f. SARSAPARILLA, s. salsepareille, f. Sash, s. ceinture, f. chassis d'une fenêtre, m. SASSAFRAS, s. sassafras, m. SATAN, s. satan, m. le diable, le démon. SATANICAL, SATANICK, adj. de satan, diabolique. SATCHEL, s. un sachet, un petit sac. SATE, v. a. souler, rassasier. SATELLITE, s. satellite, m. SATELLITIOUS, adj. composé de satellites. SATIATE, v. a. rassasier, souler, assouvir, Contenter. SATIETY, s. satiété, f. [contenter. SATIN, s. satin, m. Satin-riband, ruban sa-SATIRE, s. satire, f. SATIRICAL, SATIRICK, adj. satirique. SATIRICALLY, adv. d'une manière satirique. SATIRIST, s. auteur satirique, m. satirique, m.

sir, m. contentement, m. reparation, f.

SATISFACTIVE, adj. satisfaisant. [faisante. SATISFACTORILY, adv. d'une manière satis-Satisfactoriness, s. pouvoir de satisfaire, m. SATISFACTORY, adj. satisfaisant, qui satisfait, satisfactoire, suffisant. SATISFY, v. a. satisfaire, contenter, rassasier. payer, récompenser, convaincre. Satisfying, adj. satisfaisant, satisfactoire. SATRAP, s. satrape, m. [rer. SATURABLE, adj. qu'on peut remplir or satu-SATURATE, v. a. rassasier, souler, saturer, SATURDAY, s. le Samedi. [imprégner. SATURITY, s. satiété, f. SATURN, s. Saturne, m. plomb, m. SATURNALS, s. pl. saturnales, f. pl. SATURNIAN, SATURNINE, adj. sombre, triste, SATVR, s. un satyre. SAUCE, s. sauce, f.; v. a. assaisonner. SAUCE-BOX, s. un effronté, un arrogant. SAUCE-PAN, s. poëlon, m. casserole, f SAUCER, s. une saucière, une soucoupe. SAUCILY, adv. insolemment, effrontement. SAUCINESS, s. insolence, f. effronterie, f. impudence, f. impertinence, f.
SAUCY, adj. insolent, effronte, impudent. SAUNTER, r.n. courir les rues, battre le pavé. SAUSAGE, s. saucissse, f. saucisson, m. SAVAGE, adj. & s. sauvage, faronche, cruel. SAVAGELY, adv. cruellement, en sauvage. SAVAGENESS, s. naturel sauvage, férocité, f. SAVANNA, s. prairie découverte et sans bois, f. SAVE, r. a. sauver, garder, garantir, délivrer épargner, réserver. SAVE, prep. & adv. hormis, excepté, sinon. SAVE-ALL, s. un binet. SAVER, s. sauveur, m. libérateur, m. un éco SAVIN, s. savinier, m. SAVING, adj. menager, économe, salutaire. SAVING, s. épargne, f. une exception. SAVINGLY, adv. frugalement, avec épargne. SAVING, prep. à la réserve de, excepté. SAVINGNESS, s. épargne, f. économie, f. SAVIOUR, s. sauveur, m. libérateur, m. SAVORY, s. sarriette, f. savorce, f. (plante.) SAVOUR, s. saveur, f. goût, m. senteur, f. SAVOUR, v. a. & n. savourer, goûter. SAVOURILY, adv. savoureusement, avec gout. .. SAVOURINESS, s. bon gout, saveur, f. SAVOURY, adj. savoureux. Savov, s. chou de Savoie, m. SAW, s. scie, f. ; v. a. scier. SAW-FISH, s. poisson de mer armé d'une es-SAW-DUST, s. sciure, f. [pèce de sc SAW-PIT, s. fosse de scieurs de long, f. [pèce de scie, m. SAWYER, s. scieur, m. SAXIFRAGE, s. saxifrage, f. Red-saxifrage. s. filipendule, f. SAXIFRAGOUS, adj. saxifrage. SAY, v. a. & n. dire, reciter, raconter. SAY, s. discours, m. montre, f. epreuve, f. SAYING, s. sentence, f. proverbe, m. SCAB, s. gale, f. roge, f. le croûte (d'un ulcère), un gueux, un galcux. SCABBARD, s. fourreau d'épée. SCABBED, SCABBY, adj. galeux. SCABBEDNESS, SCABBINESS, s. la gale. Scabious. adj. galeux; s. scabieuse, f. Scabrous, adj. scabreux, rude. Scaffold, s. un échafaud; r.a. échafauder. SCAFFOLDING, s. échafaudage, m. SATIRIZE, v. a. satiriser, railler, censurer SCALADE, s. escalade, f. BATISFACTION, s. satisfaction, f. joie, f. plai-Seald, s. teigne, f. espèce de lèpre. SCALD, v.a. echauder A scalding-house, un

echaudoir, une tuerie. Scalding hot, tout | SCATEBROUS, adj. abondant en sources. bouillant.

SCALD-HEAD, s. gale à la tête, f. la teigne. SCALE, s. balance, f. le bassin, le plat d'une balance, échelle, f. gamme (de musique), f. écaille (de poisson), f. A pair of scales, des balances

SCALE, r. a. & n. escalader, écailler, s'écail-Scaled, adj. écailleux, qui a des écailles.

SCALENE, s. scalène, m

SCALING, s. escalade, f. l'action d'écailler. SCALL, s. la teigne, la lèpre.

SCALLED, SCALL-PATED, adj. teigneux.

SCALLION, s. échalote, f. ciboule, f SCALLOP, s. pétoncle, f.; v. a. festonner, SCALP, s. le péricrâne, le crâne. [denteler.

Scalp, v. a. enlever le perierane. SCALPEL, s. scalpel, m. un bistouri.

SCALY, adj. écailleux, couvert d'écailles. SCAMBLE, v. a. & n. prodiguer, dissiper.

SCAMBLE, s. dissipation, f. dispute, f. SCAMBLING, adj. dissipe, dispersé, écarté. SCAMMONY, s. scamonée, f. [camper. SCAMPER, v. n. fuir, s'enfuir, s'en aller, dé-SCAN, v. a. scander (un vers), examiner (une SCANDAL, s. scandale. m. [affaire.)

SCANDAL, v. a. diffamer, décrier, calomnier. Scandalize, v. a. scandaliser, diffamer. SCANDALOUS, adj. scandaleux, diffamatoire.

SCANDALOUSLY, adv. scandaleusement. SCANDALUM MAGNATUM, s. crime d'une

personne qui a diffamé quelque pair du ro-

SCANT, adj. rare, qui manque, économe, SCANT, adv. à peine. [chiche, serré. SCANT, v. a. borner, limiter, resserrer. SCANTILY, adv. avec épargne, étroitement. SCANTINESS, s. rareté, f. disette, f.

SCANTLET, s. petite quantité. sure, f. SCANTLING, s. petite pièce, proportion, f. me-

SCANTLY, adv. a l'étroit, avec épargne. SCAUTNESS, s. modicité, f. petitesse, f. SCANTY, adj. modique, rare, pauvre, chiche,

trop court, trop étroit. Scape, v. a. & n. fuir, échapper.

SCAPE, s. fuite, f. echappec, f. SCAPULA, s. l'os de l'épaule, m. l'omoplate, f. SCAPULAR, SCAPULARY, adj. des épaules,

or de l'épaule. Scapulary, s. un scapulaire. SCAR, s. cicatrice, f. or escare, f.

Scar, v. a. & n. cicatriser, se cicatriser. Scarab, s. scarabée, f. escarbot, m. Scaramouch, s. scaramouche, m. bouffon, m.

SCARCE, adj. qui manque.

SCARCE, SCARCELY, adv. à peine. SCARCENESS, SCARCITY, s. disette, f. rarcte, Scare, v. a. effrayer, épouvanter, effarou-Scarecrow, s. un épouvantail.

SCARF, s. écharpe, f. SCARFSKIN, s. l'épiderme, m.

SCARIFICATION, s. scarification, f. [scarifie. Scarificator, s. scarificateur, m. celui qui SCARIFIER, s. (an instrument) scarificateur,

SCARIFY, v. a. scarifier. [m. SCARLET, s. & udj. écarlate, f. d'écarlate. A scarlet-riband, un ruban ponceau.

SCARLET-BEAN, s. fève d'Espagne, f. SCARLET-OAK, s. yeuse, f. chêne vert, m. SCARP, s. escarpe, m. (val.) Scatch, s. escache, f. (embouchure de che-SCATCHES, s. échasses, f. pl. SCATE, s. patin, m. sorte de raie (poisson.)

SCATE, v. n. patiner, aller à patins.

SCATER, s. patineur, m.

SCATH, s. mal, m. dommage. m.; v. a. gater. SCATH, s. dominage, m. mal, m.; v. a. endommager.

Scatter, r. a. & n. répandre, disperser. SCATTERINGLY, adv. cà et là, en confusion. SCATTERLING, s. un vagabond.

Scavenger, s. un boueur. Scenery, s. l'arrangement des scènes, m. Scene, s. scène, f. théâtre, m. décoration, f.

SCENICK, adj. scénique, théâtral. SCENOGRAPHICAL, adj. scénographique. Scenographically, adv. en perspective.

Scenography, s. scénographie, f. Scent, s. senteur, f. odeur, f. SCENT, v. n. & a. parfumer, embaumer, sen-

Scentless, adj. sans odeur, qui n'a point SCEPTICAL, adj. sceptique. [d'odeur. Scepticism, s. scepticisme, m.

SCEPTICK, adj. & s. sceptique, un pyrrhonien.

SCEPTRE, s. sceptre, m.

Sceptred, adj. qui porte le sceptre. Schedule, s. feuille, f. or rouleau de pa-

pier, m. cédule, f. liste, SCHEME, s. un plan, modèle, m.

SCHEMER, s. un faiseur de projets. Schesis, s. habitude, f. coutume, f. Schism, s. schisme, m. separation, f

SCHISMATICAL, adj. schismatique, dissident. SCHISMATICALLY, adv. en schismatique.

SCHISMATICK, s. un schismatique. SCHISMATIZE, v. n. faire schisme.

Scholar, s. écolier, m. écolière, f. savant. SCHOLARSHIP, s. la qualité d'écolier, savoir,

m. littérature, f. érudition, f. Scholastical, Scholastick, adj. scholastique.

SCHOLASTICALLY, adv. en scholastique. SCHOLIAST, s. scholiaste, m. commentateur, Scholion, Scholium, s. scholie, f. School, s. école, f.; v. a. instruire, reprendre.

School-Boy, s. un écolier. Schoolfellow, s. camarade d'école, m.

SCHOOLMAN, s. un scholiastique SCHOOLMASTER, s. un maître d'école.

Schoolmistress, s. une maîtresse d'école. SCIAGRAPHY, SCIOGRAPHY, s. sciographie, SCIATICA, SCIATICK, s. sciatique, f.

SCIATICAL, SCIATICK, adj. seialique. SCIENCE, s. science, f. savoir, m. art, m. SCIENTIAL, adj. qui fait connoître. [tific [tifique. Scientifical, Scientifick, adj. scien-

SCIENTIFICALLY, adv. scientifiquement. SCIMITAR, s. cimeterre, m

SCINTILLATE, v. n. etinceler. [tion, f. SCINTILLATION, s. étineellement, m. scintilla-Sciolist, s. un demi-savant. [perficielle. Sciolous, adj. qui a nne connoissance su-

Scion, s. scion, m. jet, m. rejetton, m. SCIRRHOSITY, s.endurcissement des glandes,

Scirrious, adj. squirreux.

Scirryous, s. un squirre. Scissors, s. pl ciseaux, m. pl.

Scissible, Scissile, adj. scissible qui peut être fendu.

Scission, s. scission, f. division, f. Scissure, s. fente, f. crevasse, f. Scoff, s. raillerie, f. sarcasme, m.

Scorf, v. n. railler, se moquer de. Scoffer, s. railleur, moqueur, railleuse. Scoffing, s. raillerie; adj. railleur.

Scoffingly, adv. en raillant, en se moquant. Scold, v. a. & n. quereller, criailler.

Scold, s. une querelleuse, une grondeuse. raclant, décrotter; to scrape out, effacer Scolding, s. criailleries, f. pl.
Scoldingly, adv. en grondant, en criaillant. avec un grattoir. SCRAPE, s. embarras, m. nasse, f. Scollor, s. pétoncle, f. découpure, f.; v. a. SCRAPER, s. un grattoir, un racioir, une ratis-SCRAPING, s. ratissure, f. SCOLOPENDRA, s. scolopendre, f. SCRATCH, v.a. gratter, égratigner, arracher, Sconce, s. un fort, lustre, m. lécope, raturer. Scooper, s. une écope; v. a. vider, avec une Scooper, s. celui qui vide avec une écope. SCRATCH, s. égratignure, f. coupure, f. SCRATCHES, s. arrêtes or grappes, f Scope, s. but, m. visée, f. dessein, m. objet, m. vue, f. espace, m. place, f. carrière, f. liberté, f. [tique, SCRATCHINGLY, adv. en grattant. SCRAW, s. surface, f. superficie, f. SCRAWL, r. a. griffonner, ramper. ftique. Scorbutical, Scorbutick, adj. sco Scorch, v. a. & n. brûler, rôtir, griller. scorbu-SCRAWL, s. griffonnage, m. mauvaise écri-SCRAWLER, s. un griffonneur. Scorching, adj. brûlant, qui grille. Scorrium, s. germandrée aquatique, f. Scorr, s. taille, f. marque, f. compte, m. dette, f. égard, m. considération, f. titre, m. SCRAY, s. sorte d'inrondelle de mer. SCREAK, v. n. craquer, faire du bruit. SCREAKING, s. bruit, in. SCREAM, v. n. crier, pousser un cri aigu. vingt, une vingtaine. Scream, s. un cri aigu or perçant. Score, v. a. marquer sur la taille, mettre or SCREECH, v. n. crier comme une fresaie. SCREECH, s. le cri d'une fresaie. porter en compte, imputer, attribuer; score line, bâtonner, rayer. SCREECHOWL, s. fresaie (sorte de chouette,) SCORIA, s. scorie, f. [scories. SCORIA, s. scorie, f. SCORIOUS, adj. plein de scories, réduit en SCORN, v. a. & n. mépriser, dédaigner. SCORN, s. mépris, m. dédain, m. rebut, m. Screen, s. abri, m. ceran, m. Screen, v. a. mettre à couvert, mettre à l'abri, abrier, couvrir, cribler. SCREW, s. une vis, un sur-os chevillé. Cork-Scorner, s. moqueur, m. celui qui méprise. screw, s. tire-bouchon, m. Scornful, adj. meprisant, dedaigneux Screw-Tap, s. un tareau or taraud, m. Screw, v. a. fermer à vis, visser, rayer, ou-Scornfully, adv. avec mépris, avec dédain. Scorpion, s. scorpion, m. Scorpion-GRASS or WORT, s. herbe aux trer, élever, avancer, opprimer, vexer; to screw in. faire entrer en tournant, insinuer, méler, introduire; to screw out, tirer, faire sortir, défaire en tournant; to screw up, scorpions, f. Scot, spart, f. portion, f. quote-part, écot, m. droits de la paroisse.

Scot-free, adj. franc, qui ne paie rien, im-Scottch, s. dentelure, f. [puni. Scottch-collofs, s. fricandeaux, m. pl. Scottch-man, s. un Ecossois. faire, causer, faire venir. SCRIBBLE, v. n. & a. écrire mal, griffener. SCRIBBLE, s. mauvais ouvrage SCRIBBLER, s. un mauvais écrivain, un écri-Scribe, s. un scribe, un écrivain. SCOTLAND, s. Ecosse, f. SCRIP, s. une cédule, une mallette. SCOTOMY, s. étourdissement, m. vertige, m. SCRIPTORY, adj. écrit, par écrit. SCRIPTURAL, adj. de l'écriture sainte. Scoundrel, s. un gueux, un belître, un fa-SCRIPTURE, s. écrit, m. ceriture, f. la bible. SCRIVENER, s. un notaire, méchant écrivain. quin. Scour, v. a. & n. écurer, nettoyer, dégraisser, battre, avoir le devoiement, laver, se SCROFULA, s. ecrouelles, f. pl. SCROFULOUS, adj. scrofuleux. purger; to scour the seas, ecumer les mers; to scour about, roder, courir çà et là ; to scour away, s'ensuir, s'en aller. Scroll, s. rouleau de papier, écriteau, m. cartouche, f.
SCROTUM, s. le scrotum, les bourses des tesfliques. Scourer, s. nettoyeur, dégraisseur d'habits, [ticules. m. un rodeur, un coureur. SCROYLE, s. un gueux. Scourge, s. fouet, m. fléau, m. châtiment, m. Scourge, v. a. fouetter, donner le fouet. SCRUB, v. a. frotter fort et ferme. Scrub, s. un balai tout usé, un belitre. Scourger, s. celui qui fouette, qui punit. SCRUBBY, udj. mauvais, méchant, chétif. Scouring, s. cours de ventre, m. SCRUPLE, s. scrupule, m. doute, m. SCRUPLE, v. n. faire scruple, douter, hésiter. Scout, s. un coureur d'armée, vedette, f. Scout, v. n. aller à la découverte. Scoul, s. écouvillou, m. Scrupulous, adj. scrupuleux. SCRUPULOUSLY, adr. scrupuleusement. SCRUPULOUSNESS, SCRUPULOSITY, s. scru-Scowl, v. n. se refrogner, faire la mine. Scowl, s. air refrogue, mine rechignée. pule, m. Scowling, s. mine, f. mine rechignée. SCRUTABLE, adj. qu'on peut découvrir. Scowlingly, adv. d'une air refrogné. SCRUTATION, s. recherche, f. examen, m. SCRABBLE, v. a. égratigner, déchirer avec SCRUTATOR, s. scrutateur, m. les ongles. SCRUTINIZE, v.a. rechercher, examiner, son-SCRUTINOUS, adj. qui aime à s'enquèrir. Scrag, s. un corps décharné. SCRAGGED, adj. rude, inegal, raboteux, mai-SCRUTINY, s. recherche exacte, examen. SCRAGGINESS, s. maigreur, f. [gre SCRAGGY, adj. fort maigre, décharné, rude. SCUD, v. n. s'enfuir, se sauver. Scuffie, s. bruit, m. désordre, m. SCRAMBLE, v. a. tâcher d'attraper, grimper. SCRAMBLE, s. l'action de vouloir atteindre Scuffle, r. n. se quéreller, se battre quelque chose, gribouillette, f. Sculk, v. n. se cacher, se tenir caché. SCRAMBLER, s. celui qui tâche d'attraper. Sculker, s. quelqu'un qui se cache Scull or Skull, s. le crane, une petite rame. SCRANCH, v.a. croquer, casser avec les dents. Scullcap, s. une coiffe, un bonnet de nuit SCRAP, s. un morceau, un fragment. SCRAPE, n. a. gratter, racler, ratisser; to Sculler, s. petit bateau à rameur.

scrape up, amasser; to scrupe off, oter en | Sculleny, s. lavoir, m.

Scullion, s. un marmiton or valet de cui-SCULP, s. taille douce, figure en taille douce, Sculptile, adj. sculpté, eiselé. SCULPTOR, s. sculpteur, m. Sculpture, s. sculpture, f.; v. a. sculpter. Scum, s. écume, f. crasse, f. ordure, f. la lie, le rebut. Scum, v. a. écumer. SCUMMER, s. écumoire, f.
SCUMPER, s. écumoire, f.
SCUMPER HOLES, s. pl. dalon or dalot, m.
SCURP, s. teigne. f. gale à la tète, f. croûte
(d'une plaie,) f. surface, f.
SCURPLY, adj. teigneux, qui a la teigne.
SCURRILITY, s. scurrilité, f. plaisanterie basse. Scurrillous, adj. grossier, bouffon, bas. Scurrilously, adv. d'une manière bouffonne. Scurvily, adv. bassement, grossièrement. Scurvy, s. scorbut, m. [méchant. Scurvy, adj. galeux. teigneux, scorbutique, Scurvygrass, s. cochléaria, f. cueillerée, f. Scutt, s. queue, f. (d'un lièvre,) &c.
Scuttleon, s. ecusson, m. or ecu, m.
Scuttle, s. panier, m. anche, f. écoutille, f. hune, f. petit grille, un pas précipité. Scuttle, v. a. courir précipitamment. SCYTHIANS, s. les Scythes, m. pl. SEA, s. la mer. SEA-BEAT, adj. battu par les flots de la mer. SEA-BOAT, s. un navire. SEA-BORN, adj. né de la mer. SEA-BOY, s. un mousse. [ses digues, f. SEA-BREACH, s. irruption de la mer que romp SEA-BREEZE, s. vent de mer, m. SEA-CALF, s. veau marin. SEA-CAP, s. chapeau de matelot, m. SEA-CAPTAIN, s. capitaine de vaisseau, m. SEA-CHART, SEA-MAP, s. carte marine. SEA-COAL, s. charbon de terre, m. SEA-COAST, s. côte de la mer, f. SEA-COMPASS, s. boussole, f. SEA-cow, s. manati, m. animal marin. SEA-DOG, s. un chien de mer. SEA-DUCK, s. macreuse, f. Seararing, adj. qui voyage par mer. SEAFARING-MEN, s. gens de mer. SEA-FIGHT, s. combat naval SEA-FOWL, s. oiseau de mer, m. SEA-GIRT, adj. environné de la mer. SEA-GREEN, adj. couleur de mer. SEA-GULL, s. mauvis, m. mouette, f. SEA-HOG, s. marsouin, m. pourceau marin. SEA-HORSE, s. cheval marin. SEA-MAID, s. une sirène. SEA-MAN, s. un marinier, un matelot. SEA-MARK, s. balise, f. SEA-MEW, s. mouette, f. Ignon marin. SEA-ONION OF SEA-LEEK, s. squille, f. oi-SEA-ROOM, s. la haute mer, le large. SEA-PORT, s. un port de mer, un havre. SEA-ROVER, s. un corsaire. un écumeur de SEA-SICK, adj. qui a le mal de mer. [mer. SEA-SIDE, s. le bord de la mer, le rivage, SEAWARD, adj. haute mer, vers la mer SEA-WATER, s. eau de mer, f eau salée. SEA-WEED, SEA-WARE, s. ague, f. planie SEAL, s. cachet, m. sceau, m. [marine. SEAL, s. cachet, m. sceau, m. SEAL. See Sea-calf, veau marin. SEAL, v. a. sceller, cacheter. SEALER, s. officier du sceau, m

SEALING-WAX, s. circ d'Espagne, f.

vingt livres pesant de verre, saindoux, m. avalures, f. pl. SEAM, v. a. faire une couture, joindre. SEAMLESS, adj. sans couture. SEA-MONSTER, s. monstre marin. SEAM-RENT, s. décousure, f. SEAMSTRESS, s. couturière, f. lingère, f. SEA-OOSE, s. vâse de la mer, f. SEA-PIECE, s. un tableau marin, m. SEA-POOL, s. un lac. [ler, cautériser. SEAR, adj. sec, aride, fanc, seché; r. a. bru-SEARCE, s. un sas, un tamis; r. a. sasser. SEARCH, v. a. visiter, chercher, examiner. SEARCH, s. recherche, f. visite, f. SEARCHER, s. visiteur, m. examinateur, m. SEARCHING, s. & adj. pénétrant. SEARCLOTH, s. emplatre, m. SEA-SHELL, s. coquillage de mer, m. SEA-SHORE, s. côte de mer, f. Season, s. saison, f. temps, m. Season, v. a. assaisonner, accoutumer. SEASONABLE, adj. de saison, à propos. SEASONABLENESS, s. temps propre, m. pro-SEASONABLY, adv. à propos. SEASONER, s. assaisonneur. [priete. /. SEASONING, s. assaisonnement, m. SEAT, s. siège, m. chaise, f. bane, m. chateau, m. maison de campagne. SEAT, r. a. situer, poser, placer, asseoir, éta-SECANT, s. secante. f SECEDE, v. n. cesser de se mêler de. Secener, s. eclui qui se retire. SECERN, v. a. séparer les parties subtiles. SECESSION, s. separation, f. retraite, f. SECLUDE, v. a. exclure. SECLUDING, SECLUSION, s. exclusion, f. SECOND, adj. second, deuxième, autre. SECOND-HAND, adj. & s. de seconde main, rechausse, qui n'est pas neuf, seconde main. SECOND, s. un second, une seconde. SECONDARILY, adv. en second lien. [fendre. SECONDARY, adj. secondaire, du second or-SECONDARY, adj. & s. second. [dre. SECONDLY, ade. secondement, en second SECOND-RATE, adj. & s. second rang. SECRECY, s. secret, m. retraite, f. SECRET, adj. cache, secret, inconnn; s. un SECRETARISHIP. s. secrétariat, m. [secret. SECRETARY, s. sécretaire, m. SECRETE, v. a. eacher, celer, tenir secret. SECRETION, s. secretion, f Secretly, adv. secrètement, en secret. SECRETNESS, s. état de ce qui est eaché, m. SECRETORY, adj. secrétoire. SECT, s. secte, f. opinion particulière. SECTARY, s. sectaire, m. SECTATOR, s. sectateur, m. SECTION, s. section, f. SECTOR, s. seetenr, m. compas de proportion SECULAR, adj. séculier, temporel, séculaire. SECULARITY, s. état séculier. SECULARIZATION, SECULARIZING, s. secularisation, f. SECULARIZE, v. a. seculariser. SECULARLY, adr. en séculier. SECUNDINE, s. les enveloppes du fœtus. f. pl. SECURE, adj. sur, assuré, en sureté. SECURE, v. a. sauver, mettre en surcté, pro-SEAL-RING, s. une bague gravée en cachet. téger, assurer, garantir. confirmer, se saisir de, mettre en prison.

SECURELY, adv. surement, tranquillement, | sans inquiétude, sans danger, en sureté. SECUREMENT, s. sureté. f. assurance, f. SECURITY, s. sécurité, f. tranquillité, f. eonfiance, f. eaution, f. garantie, f. SEDAN, s. chaise à porteur, f. SEDATE, adj. tranquille, calme, paisible. SEDATELY, adv. tranquillement. SEDATENESS, s. tranquillité, f. calme, m. SEDENTARINESS, s. repos, m. inaction, f. SEDENTARY, adj. sédentaire, engourdi, fixé. SEDGE, s. sorte de jonc de marais, m. SEDGY, adj. plein de joncs pointus. SEDIMENT, s. sédiment, m. lie, f. SEDITION, s. sédition, f. émeute, f. SEDITIOUS, adj. séditieux, factieux. SEDITIOUSLY, adv. séditieusement. SEDITIOUSNESS, s. homeur séditieuse. Seduce, v. a. séduire, abuser, corrompre. Seducement, s. séduction, f.
Seducement, s. séduction, f.
Seducible, s. séduction, m. corrupteur, m.
Seduction, s. séduction, f. SEDULITY, s. soin, m. assiduité, f. application, SEDULOUS, adj. soigneux, diligent, assidu. SEDULOUSLY, adv. assidument, soigneuse-SEDULOUSNESS, s. assiduite, f. Iment. SEE, s. siège (d'un évèque, du pape.) m. SEE, r. a. & n. voir, regarder, observer, remarquer, examiner, considérer, demander, s'informer, prendré-garde, penser, avoir See, interj. voyez regardez! [soin. SEED, s. semence, f. graine, f. origine, f. SEED, v. n. grener, monter en graine. SEEDLING, s. jeune plante qui ne fait que de sortir de la graine. SEEDMAN, s. grenetier, m. SEED-PEARL, s. semences de perles, f. pl. pe-SEED-PLOT, s. pépinière, f. [tites perle SEED-TIME, s. la semaille or les semailles. [tites perles. SEEDSMAN, s. un semeur. SEEDY, adj. pleine de graine, grenu. SEEING, s. vue, f. vision, f. SEEING THAT, conj. vu, vu que, puisque. SEEK, v. a. & n. chercher, poursuivre, faire des recherches, briguer, sollieiter, s'adresser à, tâcher d'avoir, faite des efforts. Selker, s. chercheur, chercheuse. SEEKING. s. recherche, J SEEM, v. n. paroître, sembler. [apparent. SEEMING, s. apparence, f. opinion, f.; adj. SEEMINGLY, adv. en apparence. [renee, f. SEEMINGKESS, s. vraisemblance, f. appa-SEEMILNESS, s. bienséance, décent, SEEMLY, adj. bienséant, décent, honnète. SEEMLY, adv. décemment, avec décence. Seer, s. celui qui voit, voyant, prophète, m. SEERWOOD, s. bois sec. SEE-SAW, s. balancement, m. balançoire, f. SEE-SAW, v. n. se balancer. [bascule, f. SEETH, v. a. & n. bouillir. SEETHER, s. une houilloire, une marmite. SEETHING, adj. bouillant. A seething-pot, un pot à cuire, une marmite. SEGMENT, s. segment, m. morecau, m. SEGREGATE, v.a. separer, mettre à part. SEGREGATION, s. séparation, f. SEIGNIOR, s. seigneur, m. SEIGNIORY, s. seigneurie, f. SEIGNIORAGE, s. seigneuriage, m. Seignorize, v. a. dominer, commander. SEIZABLE, adj. qu'on peut saisir, confiscable. Seize, v. a. saisir, prendre, s'emparer. Seizin, s. saisine, f. prise de possession, f.

SEIZURE, s. l'action de saisir, saisie, f. SELDOM, adr. rarement. SELDOMNESS, s. rareté, f. SELECT, adj. choisi, d'elite. SELECT, v. a. choisir, recueillir avec choix. SELECTION, s. choix, m. preference, f. SELECTOR, s. celui qui choisit. SELENOGRAPHY, s. selenographie, f. SELF, prou. même, mêmes, personne, f. individu, m. scul, m. Myself, moi-même.

One's-self, soi-même, se. Self, (used in composition), as Self-conceit, Self-conceit-edness, présomption, f. Self-denial, renoncement à soi-même. Self-dependent, ndependent. Self-erident, clair, évident par soi-même. Self-love, amour propre, m. amour de soi-mome. Self-murder, sui cide, m. Self-same, même. Self-seeking intéressé. Self-will, obstination, f. opiniatreté, f. Self-wise, qui abonde en son sens. Il y a encore beaucoup d'antres composés de self; ceux qu'on vient de lire suffisent pour faire comprendre les autres. SELFISH, adj. propre, intéressé. SELFISHLY, adv. d'une manière intéressée. SELFISHNESS, s. interêt personnel. SELL, r. a. & n. vendre, debiter, trafiquer. SELLANDER, s. solandres, f. SELLER, s. vendeur, vendeuse, marchand, m. SELLING, s. vente, f. l'action de vendre, f. SELVAGE, s. le bord de la toile, lisière, f. Selvage, v. a. border, couvrir le bord. SELVES, the pl. of Self, which see. SEMBLABLE, adj. semblable. , [ment. SEMBLABLY, adr. semblablement, pareille-SEMBLANCE, s. ressemblance, f. apparence, SEMIANNULAR, adj. à moitié rond. SEMIBRIEF, s. une semi-brève. Semicircle, s. un demicercle, un rapporteur. SEMICIRCULAR, adj. en demi-cercle SEMICOLON, s. un point et une virgule (;). Semidiameter, s. demi-diamètre, m. SEMIDOUBLE, s. semi-double, m.
SEMILUNAR, SEMILUNARY, adj. en demiSEMI-METAL, s. demi-métal, m. [lune.
SEMINAL, adj. seminal. SEMINARY, s. pépinière, f. séminaire, m. SEMINATION, s. action de semer. SEMINIFICAL, SEMINIFICK, adj. qui produit. SEMI-PROOF, s. semi-preuve, f. demi-preuve, SEMIQUAVER, s. une double-croche, f. SEMITONE, s. demi-ton, m. SEMIVOWEL, s. un demivoyelle. SEMPITERNAL, adj. éternel, sans fin. SEMPITERNITY, s. éternité, f. SEMPSTRESS, s. couturière, f. SENARY, adj. qui appartient au nombre six. SENATE, s. senat, m. SENATE-HOUSE, s. sénat, m. SENATOR, s. un sénateur. [de sénateur. SENATORIAL, SENATORIAN, adj. sénatorial, SEND, v. a. envoyer, dépêcher, faire partir, donner, accorder; to send in, introduire, faire entrer, faire venir; to send for, faire appeler, envoyer quérir. SENDER, s. celui qui envoie. SENESCENCE, s. vieillesse, f. déclin, m. SENESCHAL, s. senêchal, m SENGREEN, s. (a plant) joubarbe, f. Senile, adj. qui appartient à la vieillesse, Senior, s. aine, m. ancien, m. [suranné. -SENIORITY, s. ancienneté, f. SENNA, s. sené, m. haguenaudier, m. SENNIGHT, s. sept jours, m. une semaine.

SENSATION, s. sensation, f. Sense, s. sens, m. sensation, f. raison, f. jugement, m. entendement, m. esprit, m. sentiment, m. avis, m. opinion, f. significa-

SENSELESS, adj. qui a perdu l'usage de ses sens, privé de sentiment, déraisonnable, impertinent, absurde, ridicule.

SENSELESSLY, adv. contre le bon sens. Senselessness, s. manque de bon sens, m. absurdité, f.

SENSIBILITY, s. sensibilité, f.

SENSIBLE, adj. sensible, persnade, convaincu, sage, judicieux, raisonnable.

SENSIBLENESS, s. sensibilité, f. sens, m. sentiment, m. bon sens, jugement, m. SENSIBLY, adv. sensiblement.

SENSITIVE, adj. sensitif.

SENSITIVELY, adv. avec sentiment. SENSORIUM, SENSORY, s. sensorium, m.

SENSUAL, adj. sensuel, voluptueux. SENSUALIST, s. un homme sensuel or volup-SENSUALITY, s. sensualité, f. SENSUALIZE, v. a. rendre sensuel, amollir.

SENSUALLY, adr. sensuellement.

SENTENCE, s. sentence, f. jugement, m. arrêt, m. maxime, f. apophthègme, m. une

phrase, f. une période. SENTENCE, v. a. condamner, sentencier. SENTENTIOUS, adj. sentencieux. SENTENTIOUSLY, adv. senteneiensement. SENTIENT, adj. sentant, sensitif.

SENTIMENT, s. sentiment, m. sens, m. SENTIMENTAL, adj. de sentiment, platonique. SENTINEL, SENTRY, s. sentinelle, f.

SEPARABILITY, s. divisibilité, f. SEPARABLE, adj. séparable, divisible. SEPARABLENESS, s. divisibilité, f. SEPARATE, adj. séparé, distinct, particulier.

SEPARATE, v. u. & n. séparer, se séparer. SEPARATELY, adv. séparément, à part. SEPARATION, s. separation, f. division, f.

SEPARATIST, s. un scetaire, un schismatique. SEPARATOR, s. celui qui sépare. SEPARATORY, adj. qui aide à séparer.

Seposition, s. segregation, f. separation, f. SEPT, s. race, f. famille. f. secte, f. SEPTANGULAR, adj. qui a sept angles.

SEPTEMBER, s. Septembre, m. SEPTENARY, s. & adj. septénaire, m. de sept.

SEPTENNIAL, adj. qui dure sept ans. SEPTENTRION, s. le septentrion, le nord. SEPTENTRIONAL, adj. septentrional, du nord.

SEPTENTRIONALLY, adv. vers le nord. Septical, adj. septique, putréfiant.

SEPTILATERAL, adj. qui a sept côtés, de SEPTIMARIAN, s. un semainier. [sept côtes. SEPTUAGENARY, adj. septuagenaire.

SEPTUAGESIMA, s. la septuagésime.

SEPTUAGESIMAL, adj. septuagenaire, de 70 SEPTUAGINT, s. la version des Septante. Septuagints, les Septante, m.

SEPTUPLE, adj. septuple.

SEPULCHRAL, adj. sepulchral, funcbre. SEPULCHRE, s. sepulcre, m. tombeau, m.

SEPULCHRE, v. a. enterrer, mettre dans le SEPULTURE, s. sépulture, f. [tombeau. SEQUACIOUS, adj. suivant, duetile. SEQUACITY, s. ductilité, f. [sion, f.

SEQUEL, s. suite, f. consequence, f. conclu-SEQUENCE, s. sequence. f. suite, SEQUENT, adj. qui suit, qui succède. SEQUESTER, r. a. sé mestrer, séparer.

SEQUESTRADIE, aa_l. qui peut être séparé. 25

SEQUESTRATE, v. a. & n. séquestrer, se sequestrer.

SET

SEQUESTRATION, s. séparation, f. SERAGLIO, s. sérail, m. palais, m.

SERAPHICAL, SERAPHICK, udj. scraphique. SERAPHIM, s. un séraphin.

SERASKIER OF SERASQUIER, s. sérasquier,

SERE, adj. see, desséche; s. serre, f. [m. SERENADE, s. sérenade, f.; v. a. donner des sérénades.

SERENE, adj. serein, calme. Most serene, sérénissime.

SERENE, v. a. & n. rendre serein, appaiser. SERENELY, adr. avec sérénité. SERENENESS, SERENITY, sérénité, f. caline,

SERGE, s. serge, f.; serge maker, sergier, m.; serge making, sergerie, f.
Sergeant at law,

docteur en droit, m. avocat, m.

SERGEANTRY, SERGEANTSHIP, s. sergente Series, s. suite, f. cours, m. tissu, m. [rie, f. SERIOUS, adj. sérieux, grave, important.

SERIOUSLY, adv. sérieusement, tout de bon. SERIOUSNESS, s. sérieux, m. gravité, j

SERMON, s. sermon, m. predication, f

SERMONIZE, v. a. prêcher, sermonner. SERUSITY, s. serosité, f.

Serous, adj. séreux, aqueux.

SERPENT, s. serpent, m. serpenteau, m.

SERPENTINE, adj. de serpent, serpentant, qui serpente.

SERPIGO, s. sorte de dartre. [de scip. SERRATE, SERRATED, adj. dentele en forme SERVANT, s. domestique, m. & f. serviteur, m. valet, m. servante, f. amant, m.

SERVANT-LIKE, adv. en serviteur.

SERVE, v. a. & n. servir. être au service, être employe à, rendre service, traiter, en agir, en user, être en service, être domestique, être utile, être favorable, tenir lieu, tenir la place, faire l'office de ; to serre a assigner, executer; to serve one's turn, suffire, être assez; to serve out one's time, achever son tems de service.

SERVICE, s. service, m. condition, m. usage, m. use or user, m. bonne office, assistance, f. respect, m. complimens, m. pl. eivilité, f. prières, f. pl. office divin, cormier, m. or sorbier, m. (arbre), corme, f. or sorbe, f. (fruit.)

SERVICEABLE, adj. utile, commode, servia-Serviceableness, s. utilité, f. usage, m. humeur serviable, f.

SERVICEABLE, adv. officieusement. SERVILE, adj. servile, bas, rampant. Servicely, adr. servilement, bassement.

SERVILENESS, SERVILITY, s. bassesse, f. SERVITOR, s. un pauvre écolier, un serviteur.

SERVITUDE, s. servitude, f. esclavage, m. SERUM. s. sérosité, f. petit lait

SESAME, s. sésame, m. blé de Turquie. SESQUIALTERAL, adj. sesquialtière.

SESS, s. taxe, f. impôt, m.

SESSION, s. seance, f. session, f. assemblee, f. SESTERCE, s. sesterce, m.

SET, v. a. & n. poser, placer, mettre, régler, fixer, monter, enchasser, établir, marquer, nommer, determiner, donner, assigner; v. n. se coucher, se mettre en voyage, partir; to set a hone, remettre un os; to set a page, composer une page; to set a tree, planter un arbre; to set a razor, passer

turière, un ecuyer tranchant, égoàt.

or affiler un rasoir; to set one his task, donner une tâche à quelqu'un; to set good ex-amples, donner de bons exemples; to set nets, tendre des filets; to set about, appliquer, mettre à ; to set abroad, divulguer, publier; to set against, indisposer, animer, inciter contre, opposer; to set agoing, faire aller, mettre en mouvement; to set apart, mettre à part, mettre pour un temps; to set aside, mettre à part, omettre pour le présent, rejeter, annuller, abroger; to set at defiance, défier; to set away, ôter; to set by, estimer, faire cas, mettre de côté; to set down, mentionner, mettre en écrit, ci-ter, eurégistrer, fixer, déterminer, régler, établir; to set forth, rehausser, louer, van-ter, montrer, déployer, exposer, annou-cer, manifester, ordonner, établir, régler; to set forward, avancer, mettre en avant, pousser, animer, faire valoir; to set an, mettre en train; to set off, relever, rehausser, embellir, parer; to set on or upon, animer, exciter, porter, attaquer, assaillir, tomber sur, mettre or employer à ; to set out, publier, déclarer, orner, embellir, equiper, assigner, marquer, tracer, entrer dans le monde, s'établir; to set up, dresser, ériger, élever, établir, arborer, planter, tendre, dételer, avancer, mettre en avant, s'établir, commencer un commerce ; to set up for, se donner pour, s'ériger en, faire le. SET, s. garniture, f. assortiment, m. service, m. jeu, m. rang, m. bande, f. troupe, f. une plante, une pied d'arbré, le coucher du soleil, &c. Set-off, agrément, m. parure, f. ornement, f.
Setaceous, adj. herisse.
Seton, s. seton, m. cautere, m. Settke, s. un canapé, un sofa. SETTER, s. un chien couchant, un espion. SETTING-Dod, s. un chien couchant. SETTING-STICK, s. un compoteur, un SETTLE, s. un siège, un banc. toir. SETTLE, v. a. établir, rendre stable, fixer, regler, arrêter, determiner, assigner, constituer, instituer, remettre, calmer, tranquilliser, rasseoir; v. n. sc rasseoir, se reposer, se calmer, s'arrêter, se fixer, s'établir, former un établissement. Settledness, s. stabilité, f. état fixe, m. Settlement, s. reglement, m. établissement, m. constitution, f. accord, m. colonie, f. habitation, f. sédiment, m. lie, f. résidu. SEVEN, adj. sept SEVENFOLD, adj. sept fois autant, sept fois. SEVENNIGHT, s. une semaine, sept jours. SEVENTEEN, adj. dix-sept. SEVENTEENTH, adj. dix-septième. SEVENTH, adj. septième. SEVENTIETH, adj. soixante et dixième. SEVENTY, adj. soixante et dix, septante. SEVER, v. a. & n. séparer, diviser. SEVERAL, adj. different, divers, distinct, particulier, plusieurs, quantité. SEVERAL, s. état de séparation, m. endroit clos, particulier, m. particularité, f SEVERALLY, adv. séparément, à part. SEVERALTY, s. particulier, m. [division. f. SEVERALTY, s. particulier, m. Sevent Nor, s. séparation, f. partage, m. Sevent, adj. sévère, rigoureux, dur, rude. SEVERELY, adr. severement, rigoureusement. SEVERITY, s. severité, f. rigueur, f. SEW, v. a. & n. coudre

cloaque, m. conduit, m. SEWING-PRESS, s. cousoir, m. SEX, s. sexe, m. SEXAGENARY, adj. sexagénaire. SEXAGESIMA, s. la sexagésime. SEXAGESIMAL, adj. soixantième. SEXENNIAL, adj. de six ans. SEXTAIN, s. sizain, m. SEXTANT, s. sextant, m. la sixième partie d'un cercle. SEXTARY, SEXTRY, s. sacristie, f. SEXTILE, adj. sextil, de soixante degrés. SEXTON, s. sons-sacristain, m. fossoyeur, m. SEXTUPLE, adj. six fois autant, sextuple. SHABBILY, adv. bassement, comme un gueux. SHABBINESS, s. bassesse, f. SHABBY, adj. de gueux, mauvais, chétif. SHACKLE, v. a. enchaîner, mettre dans les . fers. SHACKLES, s. pl. chaines, f. fers de prisonnier, w. entraves, f. pl. SHAD, s. alose, f. Shade, s. ombre, f. obscurité, f. ombrage, m. abri, m. muance, f. esprit, m. Nightshude, s. morelle, f. Shade, r.a. ombrager, couvrir de son ombre SHADINESS, s. ombrage, m. ombre, SHADOW, s. ombre, f. apparence. Shadow, v. a. ombrager, donner de l'ombre, couvrir de son ombre, ombrer. SHADOWING, s. nuance (de coulcurs.) f. SHADOWY, SHADV, adj. sombre, obscur. SHAFT, s. une flèche, un dard, une creux profond, un puits, la pyramide (d'une église;) le fut ar la tige (d'une colonne;) la souche (d'une cheminée;) le timon d'une voiture, brancard, m. SHAG, s. peluche, f. poil dur et coatonné. SHAGGED, SHAGGY, adj. velu, poilu, herisse.

A shagged dog, un barbet. SHAGREEN, s. chagrin, m. SHAKE, r. a. seconor, branler, ebranler, remuer, agiter, mouvoir; to shake hands, prendre congé de, dire adieu, donner la main par amitie; to shake off, seconer, se debarrasser de, se tirer de; to shake to pieces, faire tomber en pièces; v. n. branler, trembler, avoir peur, faire des tremblemens (en musique. SHAKE, s. secousse, f. tremblement, m. SHAKER, s. celui qui or ce qui ébranle. SHAKING, s. secousse, f. tremblement, m. SHALL, signe du future en Anglais. SHALLOON, s. ras de Chalons, m. serge, f. SHALLOP, s. chaloupe, f. SHALLOW, adj. qui n'est pas profond, bas, superficiel, frivole. SHALLOW, s. bas-fond, m. basses, f. pl. SHALLOWBRAINED, adj. qui a peu de cer-SHALLOWLY, adv. superficiellement. [velle. SHALLOWNESS, s. manque de profondeur, m. or peu de protondeur, peu de sens. SHALM, s. chalumeau, m. hautbois, m. SHALT. See Shall. [faire accroire. SHAM, r. a. duper, tromper, jouer, feindre, SHAM, s. tromperic, f. illusion, f. feinte, f. SHAM, adj. faux, prétendu, supposé, postiche. SHAMBLES, s. la boucherie. SHAMBLING, adj. promenant lourdement. SHAME, s. houte, f. modestie, f. pudeur, f. infamic, f. ignominie, f. For shame! fi! fi done! SEWER, s. celui or celle qui coût une cou- SHAME, v. a. & n. faire honte, deshonorer.

SHAME FACED, adj. honteux, modeste SHAMEFACEDLY, adv. avec pudeur. SHAMEFACEDNESS, s. pudeur, f. honte, f. SHAMEFUL, adj. honteux, infame. SHAMEFULLY, adv. honteusement. SHAMELESS, s. infamie, f. ignominie, f. SHAMELESS, adj. impudent, effronté.
SHAMELESSLY, adv. sans honte, impudem-SHAMELESSNESS, s. effronteric, f.
SHANK, s. la jambe, l'os de la jambe; shank
of a plunt, candlestick, key, tige, f.; shank
of a pipe, of a chimney, tuyau, m; shank of an anchor, verge, f. SHANKER, s. chancre vénérien. SHAPE, s. forme, f. figure, f. taille, f. SHAPE, v. a. former, donner une forme. SHAPELESS, adj. mal-proportionne, informe. SHAPELINESS, s. beauté, f. belle forme. SHAPELY, adj. bien fait, bien proportionne. SHARD, s. tei, m. morceau de pot cassé, m. SHARE, s. part, f. portion, f. partage, m. le soc or coutre d'une charrue, m. SHARE-BONE, s. l'os pubis, m. SHARE, v. a. & n. partager, diviser. SHARER, s. celui qui partage or qui participe. SHARING, s. partage, m. l'action de partager. SHARK, s. le goulu de mer, requin, m. un es-SHARK, v. a. & n. escroquer. [croc. SHARP, adj. aigu, affilé, pointu, vif, perçant, subtil, ingénieux, fin, pénétrant, rusé, âcre, mordant, salin, dur, rude, piquant, violent, satirique, affamé, avide. SHARP, s. dièse, m. aiguille, f. stilet, m. SHARP, v. a. & n. aiguiser, affiler. SHARPP, n. a. aiguiser, affiler, rendre pointu. SHARPER, s. un filou, un escroc, un fripon. SHARPLY, adv. aigrement, subtilement. SHARPNER, s. émouleur, m. SHARPNESS, s. tranchant, m. fil, m. pointe, f. subtilité, f. pénétration, f. aigreur, f. âcrete, f. rigueur, f. SHATTER, s. éclat, m.; v. a. & n. briser. SHATTERBRAINED, adj. étourdi, écervelé. SHATTERY, adj. friable, cassant. SHAVE, v. a. raser, faire la barbe. SHAVELING, s. un tondu, un moine. SHAVER, s. barbier, m. un fripon, un filou. SHAVINGS, s. pl. des raclures, f. des copeaux, SHAWM, s. un hauthois, m. [m,Sue, elle, f. She, specifié le genre feminin. SHEAF, s. paquet, m. gerbe, f. SHEAF, v. a. mettre en paquets, en gerbes. SHEAR, v. a. tondre, couper. SHEAR, SHEARS, s. forces. f. pl. gros ciseaux. SHEARER, s. tondeur de brebis, m. SHEARINGS, s. pl. tontures f. pl. SHEARMAN, s. tondeur de drap, m. SHEATH, s. gaîne, f. fourreau, m. etui, m. SHEATHE, v. a. rengainer, remettre dans le fourreau, doubler un vaisseau. SHEAVES, pl. of Sheaf, which see. SHED, v. a. répandre, verser, muer. SHED, s. un appentis, un hangar. Shedding of blood, effusion de répandre, &c.

Shedding of blood, effusion de sang, f. SHEEP, s. brebis, f. mouton, m. SHEEPBITE, v. n. faire de petits vols. SHEEPBITER, s. un filou, un fripon. SHEEPCOT, SHEEPCOTE, s. parc de brebis. SHEEPFOLD, s. bergerie, f. l'étable des mou-

SHEEP-HOOK, s. une houlette.

SHEEPISH ad; timide, simple, pusillanime

SHEEPISHNESS, s. timidité, f. simplicité, f. SHEEP-SHEARING, s. tonte des brebis, f. SHEEP-SKIN, s. peau de mouton, f. SHEEP'S PLUCK, s. fressure de mouton, f. SHEER, adj. pur, transparent, sans melange. SHEER, adv. tout d'abord, tout d'un coup. Sheer through, tout au travers. SHEER, v. n. rouler; to sheer off, s'enfuir. Sheer-hook, s. grapin, m. harpeau, m. Sheering, s. le roulis d'un vaisseau. SHEET, s. linceul, m. drap, m. Sheet or sheet-ropes, ccoutes, f. pl. Sheet-anchor, la grosse ancre. Sheet-cable, le maitre cable. SHEET, v. a. garnir de draps. SHEETING, s. toile pour les draps de lit, f. SHEETING, 8. tolle pour les draps de fit, f.
SHEKEE, SHEKLE, 8. sicle, m. (2e. 6d.)
SHELF, 8. tablette, f. écueil, m. (chés.
SHELL, 8. écaille, f. coquille, f. coque, f. écale, f. cosse, f. écale, f. cosse, f. écorce, f. carcasse, f. l'extérieur, m. bombe, f. coquillage, m. Shell-fish, poisson à coquille,
SHELL 2 a écailler the poisson è decesser SHELL, v. a. écailler (du poisson,) écosser (des pois;) écaler (des noix;) to shell off, v. n. s'écailler, tomber en écailles. Shelly, adj. écailleux, couvert d'écailles. SHELTER, s. abri, m. couvert, m. protecteur, m. asile, m. refuge, m. protection, f. retraite, f. logement, m. SHELTER, v. a. mettre à l'abri or à couvert, protéger, défendre, donner un asile. SHELTERER, s. protecteur, m. défenseur, m. SHELTERLESS, adj. sans asile, sans refuge. SHELVES, pl. of Shelf. SHELVING, adj. incliné, qui a la pente. SHELVING, s. pente, f. penchant, m. talus, m. SHELVY, adj. plein d'écueils. Shepherd, s. berger, m. pasteur, m. Shepherdess, s. une bergère. SHERBET, s. sorbet, m. SHERD, s. têt, m. morceau de pot casse, m. SHERIFF, s. scherif, lieutenant criminel, m. SHERIFFALTY, SHERIFF, SHERIFFWICK, s. charge or jurisdiction de scherif. f. SHERRY, s. vin d'Andalousie. SHEW, See Show. SHIELD, s. bouclier, m. déienseur, m. dé-SHIELD, v. a. couvrir d'un bouclier. SHIFT, v. a. & n. changer, transporter, transférer, transvaser, éluder, éviter, échapper, changer de place, changer d'habit, songer à sa sureté, se tirer d'affaire, ruser, se servir de ruses. SHIFT, s. ressource, f. expédient, m. tour d'adresse, m. ruse. f. stratagème, m. détour, m. défaite, f. échappatoire, f. subterfuge, m. faux suyant, m. excuse frivole. SHIFTER, s. un fourbe, un homme rusé. SHIFTING, s. l'action de changer. SHIFTLESS, adj. sans ressource. SHILLING, s. schelin, m. 24 sous de France. SHILY, adj. avec reserve, avec retenue. Shin, s. le devant de la jambe. SHINE, s. clarte, f. éclat, m. splendeur, m. SHINE, v. n. luire, reluire, éclater, briller. Shingle, s. réserve, f. retenue, f. Shingle, s. bardeau, m. ais, m. Shingles, feu volage, m. maladie de la peau. Shingler, s. un faiscur de bardeux or de Shining, s. lucur, f. éclat, m. [lattes. SHINING, adj. luisant, resplendissant. SHINY, adj. brillant, luisant, éclatant. Ship, s. navire, m. vaisseau, m. bâtiment de Ship r. a. embarquer.

Shiphoard, s. planche de vaisseau, f. bor- | dage, m. bord, m. vaisseau, m. SHIP-BOY, s. mousse, m. garçon de navire. SHIP-MAN, s. un matelot, un marin. Ship-master, s. patron de navire, m. Ship-money, s. impôt pour la construction

des navires, m. SHIP-STEWARD, s. le munitionnaire, le dé-

pensier d'un vaisseau.

SHIPPING, s. flotte, f. embarquement, m. SHIPWRECK, s. naufrage, m.; v. n. échouer. Shipwright, s. charpentier de navire, m. SHIRE, s. comté, m. province, f. SHIRE, s. chemise d'homme, f. SHIRTLESS, adj. sans chemise.

SHIVE, s. tranche, f. copeau, m. SHIVER, v. n. & a. trembler, frissonner. SHIVER, s. pièce, f. morceau, m. éclat, m. SHIVERING-FIT, s. un frisson.

SHOAL, s. foule, f. multitude, f. troupe, f.

bane de sable, m. Shoals, s. pl. basfonds, m. SHOAL, v. n. s'attrouper. [bancs de sable. SHOAL, SHOALY, adj. plein d'écueils or de SHOCK, s. choc, m. rencontre, f. combat, m. SHOCK, v. a. & n. choquer, hearter. Shop, part. adj. chaussé, ferré. SHOE, s. un soulier, fer de cheval, m. SHOE, v. a. chausser, fetrer un cheval. SHOEBLACK, s. un décroteur. SHOEING-HORN, s, un chausse-pied.

Shoe-maker, s. uu cordonnier. Shoestring, Shoetye, s. cordon or at-

tache de soulier, m. f. SHOG, s. secousse, f. mouvement, m.; v. a.

sécouer, remuer.

SHOOT, v. a. & n. tirer, lancer, jeter, decocher, blesser, percer, raboter, passer par dessus, franchir, pousser, croître, bourgeonner, monter, passer rapidement, tomber, filer, élancer, causer des élancemens; to shoot corn, couls, décharger du blé, du charbon; to shoot out, pousser; to shoot forth, avancer, s'élancer.

SHOOT, s. coup qu'on tire avec une arme, m. jet, m. rejeton, m. scion, m. bourgeon, m. SHOOTER, s. un tireur. fun geret. SHOOTING, s. chasse au fusil, la ponsse des Shop, s. boutique, f. Shopboard, s. un établi. [plantes.

SHOP-BOOK, s. livre de compte, m.

Shop-keeper, s. boutiquier, m. Shoplifter, Shoplift, s. escamoteur, m.

SHOPMAN, s. petit marchand, détailliste. SHORAGE, s. droit de rivage, m.

SHORAGE, s. bord, m. rivage, m. côte de mer, f. étaie, f. étançon, appui, m. Shore, r. a. étayer, étauconner, appuyer. Shorelless, adj. sans bord, sans rivage. SHORELING, s. la peau d'une brebis tondue.

SHORN, part. adj. tondu, rasé, ras, privé. SHORT, adj. court, concis, serré, succinct.

In a short time, dans peu de temps. To full short of, être frustré de manquer, être éloigné de, ne pas approcher. SHORT, adv. court, tout court, bref.

SHORT, s. abrégé, m. summaire, m. SHORTEN, r. a. raccourcir, accourcir.

SHORTHAND, s. tachéographie, tachygraphie, f. SHORTLIVED, adj. de peu de durée; passager.

SHORTLY, adv. bientôt, en abrege. Shortness, s. petitesse, f. brièveté, f. Short-ness of breath, courte haleine, f.

SHORTSIGHTED, adj. qui a la vue courte or SHORTSIGHTEDNESS, s. vue courte. [basse. SHORTWINDED, adj. qui a courte halcine. SHORTWINGED, adj. qui a les ailes courtes. SHORY, adj. qui est près des côtes de la mer.
SHORY, adj. qui est près des côtes de la mer.
SHOR, part. adj. tiré, lancé, jeté, poussé.
SHOR, s. coup, m. fièche, f. trait, m. portée,
f. écot, m. compte, m. Smull shot, dragée,
f. cendre de plomb, m. Great shot, balles

de ploinb, f. pl. Cannon-shot, boulet de canon, m.

SHOTFREE. adj. franc, qui ne paie rien, sain et sauf, à l'epreuve de, insensible à.

SHOTTEN, adj. déchargé de son frai, tourné. SHOULD, v. n. devoir (le mot est le signé du

tens conditioned, f. [Fos de repeated of Shoulder, s. épaule, f. [Fos de repeated of Shoulder-Blade, fonuler.] SHOULDER, r. a. mettre sur l'épaule, épauler.

Broud-shouldered, qui a les épaules larges. SHOULDER-BELT, s. un baudrier. SHOULDER-KNOT, s. nœud d'épaule, m.

Shoulder-Piece, s. épaulière, f. épaulette, f.

SHOULDER-SLIP, s. dislocation de l'épaule, f. SHOUT, v. n. erier, faire des acclamations. SHOUT, s. eri, m. acclamation. f.

Shouter, s. celui qui fait des acelamations. SHOUTING, s. acclamations, f. pl.

SHOVE, v. a. & n. pousser, aller en avant. SHOVE, s. un coup. Shore net, seine, f. SHOVEL, s. une pelle. Shorel-full, la pelle

plein, une pellée.

Shovel, v. a. jeter avec une pelle, amasser.

SHOVEL-BOARD, s. galet, m. SHOVELLER, s. pélican, m.

Show, v. a. & n. montrer, faire voir, demontrer, prouver, découvrir, témoigner, paroitre, sembler, avoir l'air, faire semblant. Show, s. apparence, f. semblant, m. mine, f. prétexte, m. couleur, f. ombre, f. moitre, f. parade, f. ostentation, f. figure, f.

spectack, m. pompe. f. Shower, s. ondee. f. pluie soudaine. Shower, r. a. & m. yerser, pleuvoir à verse.

SHOWERY, adj. pluvieux Showish, Showy, adj. voyant, brillant, eclatant, fastueux, pompeux.

SHRED, v. a. hacher, couper menu. SHRED, s. coupon, m. coupure, f. SHREW, s. une femme acariâtre.

SHREWD, adj. mechant, vilain, acariatre, fin, adroit, subtil, criffcieux. [ment, fort. SHREWDLY, adv. mechanment, maligne-SHREWDLS, s. adresse, f. subtilité, m. SHREWISH, adj. grondeur, péulant, emporté. SHREWISHLY, adr. avec malice, en criail-Shrewishness, s. mauvaise homeur. [lant.

Shrewmouse, s. musaraigne, f. Shriek, v. n. crier, jeter des cris inarticules. SHRIEK. s. cri inarticulé. Shrieking, s. cri. m. l'action de jeter des

Shrill, adj. perçant, aign, aigre, grêle. Shrill, v. n. faire un bruit aigre et perçant.

SHRILLY, adr. d'un ton aigu et perçant. SHRILLNESS, s. son aigu, m.

SHRINE, s. chevrette, f. un nain, un ragot. SHRINE, s. chasse, f. reliquaire, m. SHRINE, v. a. & n. raccourcir, resserrer,

rétrécir, faire retirer, se raccourcir, se res-serrer, se rétrécir, se retirer, fuir, éviter, avoir de l'horreur, décheoir, diminuer, suc-

SHRINK, s. contraction, f. retrecissement, m.

qui a la vue perçante, clairvoyant.

SHRINKING, s. contraction, f. retreeissement. | SIGHTLESS, adj. aveugle. SHRIVEL, v. a. & n. rider et se rider. SIGHTLY, adj. agreable à l'wil, beau, char-Shroud, s. un abri, un convert, defense, f. SIGN, s. signe, m. marque, f. indice, m. apparence, f. image, f. représentation, f. en-seigne, f. seing, f. signature, f. trace or vestige, f. m. un miraele, un signe, un pré-Shroud, v. a. mettre à l'abri; v. n. se mettre à couvert or à l'abri, couvrir, cacher. SHROUDS, s. baubans, m. pl. SHROVE-TIDE, s. le carnaval. SHROVE-TUESDAY, s. le Mardi gras. Sign, v. a. marquer, signer, faire signe. SIGNAL, s. signal, m.; adj. signalė. [ble SIGNALIZE, v. a. signaler, rendre remarqua SHRUB, s. un arbrisseau, un petit homme, SIGNALLY, adv. d'une manière signalée.
SIGNALURE, s. signature, f. seing, m. marque, f. signe, m. empreinte, f. preuve, Shrubby, adj. plein d'arbrisseaux. Shrug, v. a. & n. hausser les épaules. SHRUG, s. haussement d'épaules SHUDDER, v. n. frissonner, trembler. f. signature, f SIGNET, s. le cachet du roi. SHUFFLE, v. a. mettre en désordre, confon-Significance, Significancy, s. sens, m. signification, f. énergie, f. force, f. Significant, adj. expressif, energique. Significantly, adv. énergiquement. dre, mêler ensemble, éloigner, éluder, dépouiller, réjeter, mêler les cartes, gauchir, ruser, tromper. Shuffle, s. mélange, m. confusion, f. desordre, m. fourberie, f. artifice, m. SHUFFLER, s. un fourbe. SIGNIFICATION, s. signification, f. sens, m. SIGNIFICATIVE, adj. significatif, expressif. Signify, v.a. signifier, désigner, notifier. Signiory, s. seigneurie, f. le fonds. Silence, s. silence, m. paix, f. tacitarnité, f. Shuffling, s. l'action de mêter les cartes, ruses, f. pl. détours, m. pl. [par artifice. Shufflingly, adv. en biaisant, en fourbe, SILENCE, interj. silence! paix! SILENCE, v. a. imposer silence, faire taire. Shun, v. a. décliner, éviter, fuir. Shunless, adj. inévitable.
Shun, v. a. férmer, joindre, corroyer; to shut
up, conclare, férmer, finir, terminer; to shut
out, exclure, refuser l'entrée à; v. n. fer-SILENT, adj. silentienx, taciturne, paisible. SILENTLY, adv. en silence, sans bruit.
SILESTNESS, s. tranquillité, f. repos, m, si-SILIQUA, s. silique, f. gousse, f. [let SILK, s. soie, f. étoffe de soie, f. SILK-MERCER, s. marchand de soies. [lence, no mer, se fermer. SHUT, s. clôture, f. petite porte, volet, m. SHUTTER, s. porte, f. volet de fenêtre, m. SHUTTLE, s. une navette de tisserand, m. SILK-WEAVER, & un ouvrier en soie. . SHUTTLECOCK, s. volant, m. [discret. SHV, adj. reservé, rétenu, froid, circonspect, SILKWORM, s. un ver à soie. SILKEN, SILKY, adj. de soie. SILL, s. le seuil d'une porte. SIBILATION, s. sifflement, m. [pices. SIBYL, s. sibylle, f. SIBYLLINE, adj. sibylline. SILLABUB, s. mélange de vin, de sucre et d'é-SILLILY, adv. sottement, sans esprit. SILLINESS, 8, sottise, f. simplicité, bêtise, f. SILLY, adj. simple, mais, sot, sans esprit. SILVAN, adj. qui abonde en bois, en forets. SICAMORE, s. sycomore, (arbre) m. SICCATE, v. a. secher, dessecher. SICCATION, s. action de sécher. SILVER, s. argent, m.; adj. d'argent, argentin. Silver plate, une assiette d'argent. Silver coin, monnoie d'argent, f. argent. SICCITY, s. siccité, f. sécheresse, f. aridité, f. SICE, s. le six (au jeu des dés.) SICK, adj. & s. malade, mal, las, dégoûté. SICKEN, 2. a. & n. rendre malade Silver wire, argent trait. Sickish, adj. un peu malade, indisposé. SILVER, v. a. argenter. SICKLE, s. un faucille. SILVERSMITH, s. un orfevre. sine, f. SICKLEMAN, SICKLER, s. un moissonneur. SILVERTHISTLE, s. acanthe or branche-ur-Sickliness, s. mauvaisesanté, peu desanté. Sickly, adj. maladif, mal-sain, foible. Sickness, s. indisposition, f. maladie. f. Side, s. côté, m. flanc, m. endroit, m. part, SILVERWEED, s. argentine, (plante) f. SILVERY, adj. tachété d'argent. SIMAR, s. une simarre. Tble. SIMILAR, adj. similaire, homogène, semblam. bord, m. page, f. penchant, m. Side, adj. de côte, latéral, oblique. SIMILARITY, s. homogénéité, J SIMILE, s. comparaison, f. similitude, f. [f. SIMILITUDE, s. ressemblance, f. similitude, Side, v. n. prendre le parti de, être de tel SIDEBOARD, s. un buffet. SIMMER, v. n. bouillir doucement, frémir. SIDELONG, adj. de côté, latéral, oblique. SIMONIACAL, ady, simoniaque. SIDELONG, adv. de côté, à côté, obliquement. SIDERAL, SIDERAN, adj. astral, solaire. SIMONIACK, s, un simoniaque. [rire niais, m, SIMONY, s. simonie, f. SIDESADDLE, s. une selle de femme. SIMPER, r. u. sourire; s. souris, m. or sou-SIDEWAYS, SIDEWISE, adv. de côté, de bi-SIMPLE, adj. simple, seul, unique, pur, ingéais, obliquement... nu, innocent, sot, niais, ridicule SIEGE, s. siège, m. selle, f. SIMPLE, s. simple, m. herbe médicinale. SIEVE, s. un tamis, un sas, un crible. SIMPLE, v. n. cueillir des simples, herboriser SIMPLENESS, s. simplicité, f. bêtise, f. SIFT, v. a. tamiser, sasser, cribler, separer, SIMPLER, SIMPLIST, s. un botaniste. éplucher, examiner. SIFTER, s. celui qui tamise, cribleur, m. SIMPLETON, s. un homme simple, un sot. [des soupirs. SIFTING, s. criblures, f. pl. SIMPLICITY, s. simplicité. f. SIGH, v. n. soupier, gemir, pousser or laire SIGH, s. soupir, m. gemissement, m. SIGHT, s. vue, f. vision, f. spectacle, m. Sight-hole, le guidon d'une arbaicle. Short-sighted, qui a la vue courte. Quick-sighted, SIMPLY, adv. purement, simple.

SIMULAR, s. un hypocrite.

SIMULATION, s. hypocrisie, f. faux semblant, SIMULTANEOUS, adj. simultanée. Sin, s. péché, crime, m. faute, f.

Sin, r. n. pécher, commettre une faute, faillir.

SINCE, prep. adv. & conj. depuisque, depuis, | SITE, s. situation, f. site, m. assiette, f. puisque. Some years since, depuis quelques années. Long since, depuis long temps. Not long since, depuis peu.
SINCERE, adj. sincère, honnèle, vrai, franc,

SINCERELY, adv. sincèrement, de bonne foi. SINCERITY, s. sincérité, f. franchise, f. bonne SINDON, s. une enveloppe.

SINE, s. sinus, m. SINECURE, s. bénéfice simple, bénéfice sans

SINEW, s. nerf, m. SINEWED, SINEWY, adj. nerveux, plein de

nerfs, fort, robuste SINFUI, adj. coupable de péché, criminel. Sinfully, adv. en pécheur, dans le péché. SINFULNESS, s. conduite criminelle.

Sing, v. a. & n. chanter, célébrer. Singe, v. a. flamber, brûler un peu. SINGER, s. chauteur, m. chantre, m. Singing, s. chant, m. concert, m. harmonie, SINGINGMASTER, s. maître à chanter, m.

Single, adj. simple, seul, particulier, indi-viduel, chaque, non marie, celibataire. SINGLE, v. a. distinguer, séparer, discerner.

SINGLENESS, s. sincérité, f. célibat, m. Singly, adv. en particulier, séparément. SINGULAR, adj. simple, singulier, rare.

SINGULAR, s. le singulier.

SINGULARITY, s. singularité, f. rareté, f. SINGULARIZE, v. a. distinguer, singulariser.

SINGULARLY, adv. singulièrement. SINISTER, adj. gauche, malheureux, mauvais. SINISTROUS, adj. mechant, inique, pervers, fatal, funeste, sinistre, malheureux.

SINISTROUSLY, adv. mechamment, sinistrement.

SINK, v. a. & n. couler à fond, couler bas, creuser, enfoncer, abattre, diminuer, amortir, abîmer, perdre, s'enfoncer, décheoir, décliner, s'abattre, s'affaisser, s'abîmer,

périr, entrer, pénétrer, s'enfoncer. Sink, s. évier, m. lavoir, m. cloaque, m. Sinless, adj. sans péché, impeccable.

SINLESSLESS, s. impeccabilité, f. SINNER, s. un pécheur, une pécheresse.

SINOPER, SINOPLE, s. sinople, m.

SINUATE, v. a. rendre sinueux Sinuous, adj. sinueux, plein de détours.

SINUS, s. golfe, m. anse, f. baie, f.

SIP, s. un petit coup. SIP, v. a. & n. boire à petits coups, buvotter.

Siphon, s. un siphon. SIPPER, a un petit buveur.

SIPPET, s. soupe, f. tranche de pain trempée.

SIR, s. monsieur, m. sire, m.

SIRE, s. père, m. sire, m. SIREN, s. sirène, f.

SIRRAH, s. coquin, m. fripon, m. belitre, m. SIROP, SIRUP, s. sirop, m.

SIRUPY, adj. comme du sirop, qui ressemble

à du sirop. Siskin, s. (a green-finch) un verdier.

SISTER, s. sœur, f. [été de sœurs. SISTERHOOD, s. la qualité de sœur, une soci-

SISTERLY, adj. de sœur, en sœur.
SIT, v. n. être assis, s'asseoir, se mettre, se
placer, se teilir, être, rester, couver, se
percher, avoir sêance, faire convenir to

set down, être assis, s'asseoir, asseoir, s'ar-rêter, s'établir, demeurer ; to set out, être désœuvré, être de loisir ; to set up, se lever, cesser d'être assis r couché, veiller, passer la nuit.

SITHE, s. une faux.

SITTER, s. celui qui est assis, oiseau qui couve. SITTING, s. l'action de s'asseoir, la posture

d'un homme assis, séance, f. tenue, f. ses-sions, f. assises, f. pl. audiences, f. pl. SITUATE, adj. situé, placé, sis.

SITUATION, s. situation, f. assictte, f. SIX, s. six, m. At sixes and sevens, en dé-sordre, à l'abandon.

SIXFOLD, adj. & adv. sextuple, six fois autant SIXPENCE, s. un demi-schelin.

SIXTEEN, adj. seize. Sixteenth, adj. seizième.

SIXTH, adj. sixième.

Sixthly, adv. sixièmement, en sixième lieu.

SIXTIETH, adj. soixantième. SIXTY, adj. soixante.

Size, s. grandeur, f. grosseur, f. taille, f format, m. volume, m. longueur, f. calibre, m. qualité, f. condition, f. compas (de cordonnier), m. colle, f.

Size, v. a. ajuster, mesurer, enduire de colle, coller, bougier (les coutures), laver, ou blanchir (un mur), marquer, prendre sur l'écot.

SIZEABLE, adj. bien proportionné. SIZINESS, s. viscosité, f

SIZY, adj. gluant, visqueux.

Skein, s. un écheveau. Skeg, s. une prune, f. or prunier sauvage, m. SKEGGER, s. petit saumon, un saumoneau.

SKELETON, s. un squelette. SKEPTICK, &c. See Sceptick, &c. SKETCH, s. esquisse, f. ébauche, f.

Sketch, v. a. tracer, esquisser, erayonner. Skewer, s. une brochette; v.a. attachet

avec des brochettes, trousser. SKIFF, s. un esquif, une chaloupe.

SKILFUL, adj. expert, habile, versė.

SKILFULLY, adv. habilement.

SKILFULNESS, s. art, m. habileté, f. SKILL, s. savoir, m. science, f. habileté, f. adresse, f. capacité, f. expérience, f. SKILL, e. n. être habile à.

SKILLED, adj. expert, liabile, versé.

SKILLET, s. un poelon. SKIM, v. a. écumer, ôter l'écume, effleurer.

SKIMMER, s. écumoire, f. SKIM-MILK, s. lait écrêmé.

SKIN, s. peau, f. cuir, m. [triser. SKIN, r. a. écorcher, ôter la peau; v. n. cica-

SKINNER, s. un pelletier. SKINNER'S-TRADE, s. commerce de pelle-

triser.

tier, m. pelleterie, f.

SKINNINESS, s. maigreur, f. SKINNY, adj. de peau, décharné, maigre. SKIP, v. a. & n. sauter, sautiller, passer,

SKIP, s. un saut. un bond. Comettre. SKIPPER, s. maître de navire.

Skirmish, s. escarmouche, f.; v. n. escar-

moucher. SKIRMISHER, s. escarmoucheur, m...

SKIRRET, s. chervis, m. (plante.)

SKIRT, s. pan, m. bord, m. confins, m.

[quinteux. SKIRT, v. a. border. SKITTISH, adj. ombrageux, rctif, capricieux,

SKITTISHLY, adv. par boutades.

SKITTISHNESS, s. caprice, f. fantasie, f. bou-SKITTLES, s. quilles, f. pl. [tade,].

SKUE, adj. de travers, oblique. SKUE, v. n. marcher de travers, lorgner. SKULK. See Sculk.

SKULL, s. le crâne.

SKY, s. la région de l'air, le ciel, le firma- | SLEKK, v. a. lisser, polir, unir.

SKY-COLOUR, s. azur, m. bleu céleste, m. SKYISH, adj. bleuâtre.

SKYLARK, s. alouette, f.

SKYLIGHT, s. abat-jour or abajour, m.

SKYROCKET, s. fusée volante, f.
SLAB, s. gâchis, m. margouillis, m. dosse, f.
pièce de marbre plate et polie, f.

SLAB, adj. visqueux, gluant.

SLABBER, v. a. & n. salir, faire un gâchis. SLABBERER, s. un baveur. [visqueux. SLABBINESS, s. état de ce qui est gâcheux or

Slabby, adj. gåcheux, humide, sale. Slack, s. braise, f. petit charbon. Slack, adj. låche, qui n'est pas tendu, nc-

gligent, nonchalant, lent, mou.

SLACK, SLACKEN, v. n. se relâcher, se ralen-tir; v. a. relâcher, détendre, làcher, éteiudre (de la chaux), ralentir, retarder, adoucir, calmer.

SLACKLY, adv. lâchement, mollement, négligemment, nonchalamment.

SLACKNESS, s. relâchement, m. lenteur, f. negligence, f. nonchalance, f. foiblesse, J.

SLAIE, s. peigne de tisserand, m. SLAKE, v. a. éteindre, étancher, modérer, ap-

paiser.

SLAM, s. (at eards) vole, f.; v. a. tuer.

SLANDER, v. a. calomnier, médire. SLANDER, s. caloinnie, f. médisance, f.

SLANDERER, s. calomniateur, calomniatrice. SLANDERING, s. medisance, f.; adj. medi-SLANDEROUS, adj. calomnieux.

SLANDEROUSLY, adv. calemnieusement.

SLANK, s. algue marine, f. mousse de mer. f. SLANT, SLANTING, adj. oblique, de côté. SLANTLY, SLANTINGLY, adv. obliquement.

SLANTWISE, adv. obliquement, de côté. SLAP, s. un coup, soufflet, m. lavage, m.

SLAP, adv. avec un coup violent.

SLAP, v. a. frapper, donner un coup, donner un soufflet, faire un gâchis.

SLAPDASH, adr. vîte, d'abord, tout d'un coup. SLASH, v. a. & n. taillader, balafrer.

SLASH, s. taillade, f. balafre, f. coupure, f.

estafilade, f. un coup de fouet. SLATE, s. ardoise, f.; v. a. couvrir d'ardoise. SLATER, s. couvreur en ardoise, ardoisier, SLATTERN, s. une femme négligente.

SLATY, adj. qui est de la nature de l'ardoise. SLAUGHTER, s. carnage, m. massacre, m.

SLAUGHTER, v. a. tuer, massacrer. SLAUGHTERHOUSE, s. une tuerie.

SLAUGHTERMAN, s. un boucher.

SLAUGHTEROUS, adj. meurtrier, destructif. SLAVE, s. un or une esclave.

SLAVE, v. n. travailler comme un esclave,

prendre beaucoup de peine, se peiner, SLAVER, s. bave, f.; v. n. baver.

SLA. ERER, s. baveur, m.

SLAVERY, s. esclavage, m. servitude, f. assujettissement, m.

SLAVISH, adj. servile, d'esclave, bas.

SLAVISHLY, adv. en esclave.

SLAVISHNESS, s. bassesse, f. dépendance, f. SLAY, v. a. tuer.

SLAYER, s. un meurtrier.

SLEAZINESS, s. foiblesse, f.

SLEAZY, adj. foible, qui n'a pas de corps, SLED, SLEDGE, s. un traineau. [clair.

SLEDGE, s. un marteau pesant. SLEEK, adj. lissé, poli, uni. A sleek stone, lissoire, f.

SLEEKLY, adv. d'une manière lissée et polic. SLEEP, v. n. dormir, reposer; to sleep away, v. a. faire passer, dissiper en dormant; to sleep upon, ne faire point d'attention à.

SLEEP, s. sommeil, m. somme, m. repos, m.

SLEEPER, s. un dormeur, une dormeuse.

SLEEPILY, adr. en dormant, nonchalamment. SLEEPINESS, s. sommeil, m. assoupissement, m.

SLEEPING, s. sommeil, m. repos, m. SLEEPLESS, adj. saus sommeil, qui ne dort SLEEPY, adj. endormi, assoupi, qui a som-meil. The sleepy disease, léthargie, f. SLEER, v. a. & n. guigner, regarder de côté.

SLEERING, s. regards secrets, clins d'œil. SLEERING, adj. fin, ruse, qui a les yeux fins. SLEET, s. petit neige fondue, neige et pluie. SLEET, v. n. neiger et pleuvoir tout ensemble.

SLEETY, adj. de neige et de pluie.
SLEETY, adj. de neige et de pluie.
SLEEYE, s. manche, f. easseron, m.
SLEEYEL, adj. à manches, qui a des manches.
SLEEVELESS, adj. sans manches, absurde. SLEIGHT, s. tour d'adresse, m. ruse, m. si-nesse, f. stratagème, m. A sleight of

hand, un tour de passepasse.

SLENDER, adj. mince, délié, grêle, medioere. SLENDERLY, adv. légèrement, médiocrement. SLENDERNESS, s. qualité mince, petitesse, f.

SLEY, s. peigne de tisserand. SLICE, s. une tranche, une pièce, une lèche, m. spatule, f. palette (d'imprifriquet,

meur,) f. SLICE, v. a. couper par tranches, trancher,

partager, divisera SLIDE, r. n. & a. glisser, couler. A sliding

place, glissoire, f. SLIDE, s. passage aish et coulant, glissoire, f. SLIDER, s. glisseur, m.

SLIGHT, adj. clair, mince, chétif, léger. SLIGHT, s. mépris, m. dédain, m. SLIGHT, v. a. mépriser, faire peu de cas. SLIGHTER, s. celui qui méprise er dédaigne.

SLIGHTING, s. mepris, m. SLIGHTINGLY, adr. avec mepris, sansegard.

SLIGHTLY, adv. négligemment, superficielle-ment, légèrement, en passant. SLIGHTNESS, s. foiblesse. f. légèreté, manque

de force, négligence, SLILY, adr. finement, adroitement.

SLIM, adj. mince, délié, grêle. [ante. SLIME, s. glaire. f. matière visqueuse or glu-

SLIMINESS, s. viscosité, f. matière gluante. SLIMY, adj. glaireux, visqueux. SLINESS, s. finesse, f. adresse, f. ruse, f.

SLING, s. une fronde, écharpe, f. SLING, v. a. lancer or jeter avec un fronde.

SLINGER, s. un froudeur.

SLINK, s. un veau abortif.

SLINK. v. n. & a. s'échapper, s'enfuir. SLIP. v. n. & a. glisser, couler, s'échapper,

mettre adroitement, perdre, laisser échapper, mettre adroitement, perdre, laisser échapper; to slip wway, s'en aller, s'enfuir, s'ecouler, passer viue; to slip down, glisser, couler, tomber, se laisser tomber; to slip in or into, se glisser, se couler, entrer sub-tilement; to slip out, se glisser dehors, sortir adroitement, s'échapper; to slip off one's shoes, tirer ses souliers; to slip off a flower, cueillir une fleur; to slip on one's clothes, s'habiller à la hâte; to slip out a word, lâcher une parole.

SLIP, s. glissade, f. faux pas, l'action de glisser, bevue, f. meprise, f. erreur, f. plante, m. bouture, f. un cordon, une corde, une [lesse, un morceau long et étroit, bande (de papier,) supplément (de gazette,) fuite, f.

désertion, f.

SLIPPOT, s. un nœud coulant. SLIPPER, SLIPSHOE, s. pantousle, f. mule de chambre, f.

SLIPPERINESS, s. qualité glissante.

SLIPPERY, adj. glissant, libre, licentieux. SLIPSHOD, s. qui a ses souliers en pantoufles. SLIT, v. a. fendre; v. n. se fendre.

SLIT, s. fente, f. ouverture longue et étroite, f. SLIVE, SLIVER, v. a. couper en tranches.

SLIVER, s. une tranche, une branche arra-

SLOBBER, v. a. & n. baver, se baver. SLOE, s. prune sauvage, f. prunelle, f. SLOEWORM, s. anvoie, f.

SLOOP, s. un chaloupe.

SLOP, v. a. avaler, boire goulument, salir. SLOP, s. lavage, m. mauvaise boisson.

SLOPS, s. chausses, f. pl. culottes de matelot SLOPE, adv. obliquement; adj. incliné.

SLOPE, s. pente, f. penchant, m. talus, m.
SLOPE, v. a. & n. échanerer, incliner, pencher, être incliné, être en pente.

SLOPENESS, s. obliquité, f. biais, m. pente, f. SLOPPY, adj. humide, bourbeux.

SLOT, s. voie, f. piste, f. trace, f. SLOTH, s. nonchalance, f. paresse, oisiveté, f. SLOTHFUL, adj. paresseux, faineant, indolent. SLOTHFULLY, adv. nonchalamment, en fainé-

SLOTHFULNESS, s. See Sloth.

SLOUCH, s. un rustre, un rustaud. SLOUCH, v. n. avoir l'air empesé. A slouching hat, un chapeau rabattu.

SLOUGH, s. un bourbier, une sondrière, l'humidité d'une mine de charbon, la souille or la bauge d'un sanglier, la dépouille d'un serpent, l'escarre d'une plaie, f.

SLOUGHY, adj. bourbenx, boueux.

SLOVEN, s. un homme mal-propre. [rie, f. SLOVENLINESS, s. mal-propreté, f. SLOVENLY, adj. mal-propre, sale, vilain.

SLOVENLY, adv. mal-proprement, salement. SLOW, adj. lent, tardif, pesant. 4. [teur. SLOW, SLOWLY, adv. lentement, avec len-

SLOWNESS, s. lenteur, f. indolence, f. SLUBBER, v. a. faire négligemment.

SLUDGE, s. bourbe, f. boue, f. gâchis, m. SLUG, s. un paresseux, un fainéant, un li-

maçon, un vaisseau pesant de voiles, un mauvais voilier, un garde boutique. SLUG, v. n. faire le paresseux.

SLUGGARD, s. & adj. paresseux, m. dormeur, SLUGGISH, adj. lent, paresseux, endormi. SLUGGISHLY, adv. en paressenx, lentement.

SLUICE, s. une écluse; v. a. débonder.

SLUICY, adj. qui coule comme une écluse. SLUMBER, s. sommeil léger, repos, m. SLUMBER, v. a. & n. endormir, s'endormir,

sommeiller. SLUMBERING, s. sommeil, m. SLUMBEROUS, SLUMBERY, adj. assoupissant.

SLUR, s. tour, m. pièce, f. coulé, m. SLUR, v. a. jouer un tour, jouer, duper, couler (une note de musique,) salir, ternir.

SLUT, s. une salope, un souillon. SLUTTERY, s. saloperie, f. mal-propreté, f.

SLUTTISH, adj. sale, mal-propre, bas. SLUTTISHLY, adv. salement, mal-proprement.

SLUTTISHNESS, s. mal-propreté, f. saloperie. SLY, adj. fin, ruse, adroit, artificioux. SLYLY, adv. avec finesse, artificieusement. SMACK, v. n. & a. avoir un goût, sentir, faire

du bruit en mangeant, baiser, donner un baiser.

SMACK, s. goût, m. saveur, f. teinture, f. connoissance, f. un baiser savoureux, escuif, m. petit vaisseau, m.

SMALL, adj. petit, menu, mince, foible. SMALL, s. le petit bout, le bas, le foible.

SMALL COAL, s. braise, f. SMALL-POX, s. la petite vérole.

SMALLNESS, s. petitesse, f. petite quantité. SMALT, s. émail, m. couleur d'azur, f.

SMARAGDINE, adj. d'émeraude.

SMART, adj. cuisant, vif, violent, aigu, subtil, mordant, piquant, choquant, offensant, dur, égrillard, élégant, bien-habillé.

SMART, s. cuisson, f. douleur aigue, chagrin, peine d'esprit, f.

SMART, v. n. cuire, faire mal.

SMARTING, s. cuisson, f. douleur cuisante.

SMARTING of the state of the st

SMATCH, s. gout, m. saveur, f. teinture, f. sentiment, m. son, m. légère connoissance SMATTER, v. n. avoir quelque goût, une lé-

gère connoissance, par ler superficiellement. SMATTERER, s. un demi savant. SMATTERING, s. connoissance légère.

SMEAR, v. a. barbouiller, salir, graisser. SMEARY, adj. sale, gluant, graisseux. SMELL, v. a. & n. sentir, flairer, s'apperce-

voir, découvrir. SMELL, s. odorat, m. odeur, f. senteur, f.

SMELLER, s. celui qui sent.

SMELL-FEAST, s. un parasite, un écornifleur. SMELLING, s. l'odorat, m.; smelling bottle, m. flacon.

SMELT, s. un éperlau de mer.

SMERK, v. n. rire, sourire, avoir un air riant. SMERKING, s. visage or air riant, m.

SMERL, SMIRL, v. n. jeter des regards amon-SMICKET, s. chemisette or corset de femme.

SMILE, v. n. rire, sourire. SMILE, s. souris, m. or sourire, m. regard

gracieux et riant. SMILING, adj. riant. .. | [riant.

SMILINGLY, adv. avec un souris, d'un air SMITE, v. a. frapper, affecter, tuer, charmer, gagner le cœur, ruiner, affliger, chatier, brouir, brûler; v.n. se choquer, se heurter.

SMITER, s. celui qui frappe, frappeur. SMITH, s. un forgeron. A gold-smith, un A lock-smith, un serrurier. orfevre. gun-smith, un armurier.

SMITH-CRAFT, s. la ferronnerie.

SMITHERY, s. forge, f. ferronnerie, f. SMITHING, s. l'art de forger.

SMITHY, s. une forge. [passionné. SMITTEN, part. adj. frappé, épris, amoureux, SMOCK, s. chemise de femme, f

SMOCK-FACED, adj. qui a l'air efféminé,

SMOKE, s. fumée, f. a. & n. fumer, pressentir, enfu-SMOKE, r.

mer, railler, berner. SMOKE-DRY, v. a. secher à la fumée, fumer.

SMOKELESS, adj. sans fumee. SMOKER, s. un fumeur. Smoky, adj. qui fume, plein de fumée. SMOOTH, adj. poli, uni, égal, lissé, doux au | toucher, flatteur, aise, tendre.

SMOOTH, v. a. unir, polir, aplanir, lisser, adoucir, calmer, caresser, flatter. A smoothing-iron, s. un fer à lisser.

SMOOTHFACED, adj. qui a l'air doux. SMOOTHLY, adv. uniment, doucement. SMOOTHNESS, s. poli, m. égalité, f. douceur, SMOTHER, s. fumée, f. nuée de poussière, f. SMOTHER, v. a. étouffer, suffoquer, éteindre.

SMOTHERING, s. l'action d'étouffer.

SMOULDERING, SMOULDRY, adj. étouffant. Save, adj. propre, élégant, bien mis.

SMUGGIE, v. a. frauder la douaine, faire la contrebande.

SMUGGLER, s. contrebandier, m.

Smugly, adv. proprement, élégamment.

SMUGNESS, s. propreté, f. élégauce, f. SMUT, s. saleté, f. vilenie, f. tache, f. SMUT, v. a. salir, barbouiller, niéler.

SMUTCH, v. a. noircir de fumée. Inité. SMUTTILY, adv. impudiquement, avec obscé-

SMUTTINESS, s. saleté, f. vilenie, f. SMUTTY, adj. sale, mal-propre, taché, obscène, déshonnête, nielé.

SNACK, s. part, f. portion, f. [bride. SNAFFLE, s. filet, m.; v. a. brider, tenir en

SNAG, s. bosse, f. nœud, m. surdent, f.
SNAGED, SNAGGY, adf. noueux, bossu.
SNAIL, s. limas, m. limace, f. escargot, m.
SNAIL-TREFOIL, s. luzerne, f. [limaçon, m.

SNAKE, s. un serpent.

SNAKE-WEED, s. bistorte, f. SNAKY, adj. de serpent, serpentin.

SNAP, v. a. briser, rompre, frapper, faire craquer, happer, saisir, mordre, maltraiter de paroles; v. n. se rompre, se briser, éclater, tâcher de happer or de saisir.

SNAP, s. éclat, m. bruit, m. un petit chien, une morsure, un morceau, prise, f.

SNAP-DRAGON, s. dragon de noël, m. SNAP-SACK, s. havresac, m.

SNAPPERS, s. castagnettes, f. [brutal. SNAPPISH, adj. hargneux, bourrn, rustre, SNAPPISHLY, adv. rudement, avec aigreur.

SNAPPISHNESS, s. aigreur, f

SNARE, s. piège, m. embuche, f. SNARE, v. a. enlacer, attraper.

SNARL, v. a. & n. brouiller, meler, embarrasser, gronder, murmurer.

SNARLER, s. un brutal, un homme bourru.

SNARLING, adj. hargneux. SNARY, adj. insidieux, plein de pièges.

SNATCH, v. a. saisir avidement, arracher, emporter, tâcher de prendre, de saisir.

SNATCH, s. arrachement, m. prise, f, un petit morceau, accès, m. échappée, f.

SNATCHER, s. celui qui arrache, enlève or emporte.

SNATCHINGLY, adv. à la dérobée. SNEAK, v. n. ramper, aller tete baissee.

SNEAKER, s. un bassin, une jatte. [tif. SNEAKING, adj. vilain, avare, mesquin, ché-

SNEAKINGLY, adr. bassement, servilement. SNEAKINGNESS, s. bassesse, f.

SNEER, r. n. ricaner, rire d'un ris moquer et SNEER, s. ris moqueur. [meprisant.

SNEERER, s. un ricaneur. Sneering, s. action de ricaner.

SNEEZE, v. n. éternuer.

SNEEZE, s. éternuement. [tatoire, f. SNEEZE-WORT, s. herbe à éternuer, sternu-

Sneezing, s. éternuement, m. [teaux. SNICK AND SNEE, s. combat a coups de cou- | SOCINIANISM, s. le Socinianisme

| SMICKET, s. ricaneur, m.

SNIFF, v. n. renifler.

SNIP, SNIPPETS, s. parcelle, f. un petit morceau, un peu.

SNIP, v. a. couper tout d'un coup, couper SNIPE, s. mie bécassine. lestement.

Snipsnap, s. dialogue piquant.

SNIVEL, s. roupie, f., v.n. avoir la roupie au nez, crier comme les enfans.

SNIVELLER, s. un pleureur, renifleur, m.

Snivelling, adj. roupicux.

SNORE, s. roullement, m.; v. n. rouller.

SNORER, s. ronfleur, ronfleuse.

SNORING, s. ronflement, m. l'action de ronfler SNORT, r. n. routler, souffler au nez.

SNOT, s. morve, f.

SNOTTY, adj. morveux, plein de morve. SNOUT, s. le groin (d'un cochon,) la trompe (d'un éléphant,) le nez or museau (d'un ani-

mal.) le tuyau d'un soufflet.

Snouted, adj. qui a un museau or groin.

Snow, s. neige. f.; v. n. neiger. Snowy, adj. neigeux, de neige.

[gloter. SNUB, s. un nœud dans le bois. SNUB, r. a. & n. réprimander, gronder, san-

SNUDGE, v.a. rester oisif, marcher lentement. SNUFF, s. lumignon, m. mèche allumée, un bout de chandelle, mouchure de chandelle, f. tabac en poudre, m. ressentiment, m.

SNUFF, v. a. moucher la chandelle, aspirer, respirer,; v. n. roufler, prendre du tabac, prendre par le nez, flairer, renifler, se fâcher, se piquer.

Snuff-Box, s. tabatière, f.

SNUFFERS, s. mouchettes, f. pl.

SNUFFLE, v. n. parler du nez, nasiller. SNUG, SNUGGLE, v. n. se joindre, s'appro-

Snug, adj. serré, bien joint, à son aise.

So, adv. ninsi, de cette manière, de même, comme cela, cela, si, aussi, tant, si fort, pourvu que. So that, si bien que, de sorte que, tellement que. So much, tant. So so, là là, passablement, médiocrement, tant mieux. And so forth, et ainsi du reste. So fur, si loin, tant, autant. So much, so many, tant, si, aussi, autant. So then, c'est pourquoi.

SOAK, r. a. & n. tremper, mouiller, mitonner, pénétrer, percer, s'imbiber.

Suap, s. savon, m.; r. a. savonner.

SOAP-BOILER, s. un feseur de savon. SOAP-HOUSE, s. savonnerie, f.

SOAPY, adv. savonneux. SOAR, s. essor, m.; r. a. prendre l'essor, s'é-

SoB, s. sanglot, m.; v. n. sangloter, crier. SOBBING, s. sanglots, m. pl.

Sober, adj. sobre, modéré, tempéré, sage, retenu, composé, reglé, grave, qui n'est pas ivre, qui est dans son bon sens, raison-

nable, sain. Sober, r.a. désenivrer. Idérément.

SOBERLY, adv. sobrement, avec sobriété, mo-SOBERNESS, SOBRIETY, s. sobrieté, f. tem-SOCCAGE, s. roture, f. [perance, f.

SOCCAGER, s. roturier, m. Sociable, adj. sociable, communicatif.

SOCIABLENESS, s. humeur sociable, Sociable, ade. d'une manière sociable.

Social, *adj.* social. Sociality, Socialness, s. qualité sociale. Society, s. société, f. compagnie, f. corps, SOCINIAN, s. Socinien, m.

202 SOL Sock, s. socque, m. brodequin, m. chauson, m. | Socket of a tooth, l'alveole d'une dent, f. socket of a lamp, le bec d'une lampe; socket of a pike, la douile du talon de la pique; socket of the eye, le creux de l'œil. Socle, s. socle, m. soubassement, m. Socman, s. tenancier, m. fermier, m. Son, s. un gazon, une motte de terre. Sodality, s. confrérie, f. congrégation, f. Soder or Solder, s. sondure, f.; v. a. sou-Sodering, s. soudure, f. l'action de souder SODOMITE, s. un sodomite, un pédéraste. Sodomittical, adj. de sodomic. Sodomy, s. sodomie, f. pédérastie, f. Soever, adj. qui que ce soit. SOFA, s, sofa, m. estrade, f. Soft, adj. mou, mollet, tendre, doux, poli, uni, foible, facile, débonnaire, efféminé. Soft, interj. doucement! tout beau! SOFTEN, v. a. & n. amollir, adoucir, attendrir, appaiser, fléchir, rendre doux. Softish, adj. mollet, doux, qui n'est dur. SOFTLY, adv. mollement, douccment. SOFTNER, s. celui qui adoucit, qui pallie. SOFTNESS, s. douceur, f. mollesse, f. Soho! interj. hola! ho! hem! Soil, v. u. souiller, salir, fumer. Soil, s. fumier, m. sol, m. terroir, m. terrein, m. contree, f. Solourn, s. séjour, m. Sol, s. le soleil, sol, m. (G en musique.) SOLACE, v. a. consoler, egayer, amuser, SOLACE, s. consolation, f. joie, f. plaisir, m. SOLANDERS, s. pl. solandres, f. pl. SOLAR, SOLARY, adj. solaire, du soleik. Soldan, s. soudan, m. l'empereur de Tur-SOLDER, s. See Soder. Iquie. SOLDIER, s. un soldat, un homme de guerre. SOLDIERLIKE, SOLDIERLY, adv. en soldat, martial. Soldiership, s. service or état militaire, m. Soldiery, s. troupes, f. pl. gens de guerre, m. pl. les soldats, m. les militaires, m. Sole, adj. seul, unique, célibataire.
Sole, s. la plante (du pied;) semelle (de soulier.) f.; sole (de cheval,) f.; sole, f. (poisson.) Sole, v. n. mettre des semelles. Solecisme, s. solecisme, m. une faute. SOLELY, adv. seulement, uniquement. Solemn, adv. solemnel, authentique. Solemnity, s. solemnité, f. pompe, f. Solemnization, s. solemnisation, f. Solemnize, v. a. solemniser, célébrer. SOLEMNLY, adv. solemnellement. Solicity, v. a. solliciter, exciter, engager.
Solicitation, s. sollicitation, f. instance, f. Solicitor, s. solliciteur, m. [instigation, f. Solicitous, adj. inquiet, qui est en peine. Solicitously, adv. avec inquietude. Solicitude, s. sollicitude, f. inquietude, f. Solid, adj. solide, dur, ferme, massif, compacte, cube, reel, durable, effectif. SOLIDITY, SOLIDNESS, s. solidité,) Solidly, adv. solidement, avec solidité. Solidour, s. soliloque, m. SOLIPEDE, s. un solipède. SOLITAIRE, s. un solitaire, un hermite.

SOLITARILY, adv. solitairement.

SOLITARINESS, s. solitude, f. retraite, f.

Solitude, f. refraite, f. Soto, s. un solo. Solstice, s. solstice, m. SOLUBILITY, s. solution, f. Sot. UBLE, adj. soluble, libre, qui lache. Solution, s. solution, f. dissolution, f. dé-SOLUTIVE, adj. laxatif. noucment, m. SOLVABLE, adj. solvable, soluble. Solve, r. a. soudre, résoudre, éclaireir. SOLVENCY, s. solvabilité, f. SOLVENT, adj. solvable, dissolvant. Some, pron. adj. & s. quelque, un peu, du, de la, les uns, les autres, certains, quelquesuns, environ, une partie, un peu de, les uns, les autres, en. SomeBody, s. quelqu'un, m. Somebody else, quelqu'autre. Somehow, adj. de façon or d'autre. Somersault, Somerset; s. saut périlleux. Something, s. quelque chose, f.; adr. un SOMETIME, adv. une fois, autrefois. peu. SOMETIMES, edv. quelquefois, tantôt. SOMEWHAT, s. quelque chose, f. une partie. Somewhat, adv. un peu, tant soit peu. SOMEWHERE, adv. quelque part. Somewhite, adv. il y a quelque tems, dans quelque temps. SOMNIFEROUS, SOMNIFICK, adj. soporifique. Somnolency, s. assoupissement, m Son, s. fils, m. . A son in law, un beau fils, un gendre. A grandson, un petit-fils. A godson, un filleul. SONATA, s. sonate, f. Song, s. chanson, f. chant, m. poëme, m. SONGSTER, s. un chanteur. Songstress, s. une chanteuse. [poëte. SONNET, s. nn sonnet. Sonnetteer, s. un poëtereau, un méchant Sonorous, adj. sonore, resonnant. Sonorousty, adv. d'une manière sonore. Sonorousness, s. qualité sonore, son écla-Sonshir, s. qualité de fils. [tant. Soon, adv. tôt, bien-tôt, vîte, de bonne heure, As soon as you, aussi tôt que vous. How soon? Quand? Sooner, adv. plutôt. Soonest, adv. le plutôt. Soot, s. suie, f.; v. a. ccuvrir de suie. Sooth, adj. agréable, charmant, qui plaît. SOOTH, v. a. flatter, caresser, adoucir. SOOTHER, s. un flatteur, un cajoleur. SOOTHING, s. flatterie, f SOOTHSAY, v. n. prédire, diviner, prophétiser SOOTHSAYER, s. prophète, m. devin, m. Sooty, adj. plein de suie, noir, sombre. Sop, s. morceau trempe, soupe, f. Sop, v. a. tremper, saucer. Sorn, s. sophiste, m. écolier de deux ans. Sophi, s. sophi, m. empereur de Perse. SOPHISM, s. un sophisme. SOPHIST, s. sophiste, m. philosophe, m. SOPHISTER, s. un sophiste, un fin matois.
SOPHISTICAL, adj. sophistique, captieux,
SOPHISTICALLY, adv. en sophiste. [faux. SOPHISTICATE, v. a sophistiquer, falsisier, frelater. SOPHISTICATION, s. falsification. SOPHISTRY, s. sophisme, m. subtilité, f. Soporate, r. a. endormir, assoupir. Soporiferous, Soporifick, adj. soporifigue.

SOU SOPPER, s. celui qui trempe, qui sauce. SORR, s. sorbier, m. cormier, m. sorbe, f. SORBILE, adj. potable.
Sorbition, s. l'action de hoire petit à petit. SORBONIST, s. docteur en théologie. Sorcerer, s. un sorcier, un magicien. Sorceress, s. une sorcière, une magicienne. SORD, s. gazon, m. herbe, f. SORDET, SORDINE, s. sourdine, f. SORDID, adj. sordide, bas, avarc, vilain. SORDIDLY, adv. sordidement. SORDIDNESS, s. bassesse, f. vilenic, f. Sore, s. un mal, un ulcère. Sore, adj. douloureux, qui fait mal, malade. Sore cars, mal d'oreille, m. Sore eyes, mal aux yeux. Sore throat, mal de gorge. Sore finger, mal au doigt. SORE, adv. fort, bien, grievement. SOREL, s. daim de trois ans. SORELY, adv. fort, grièvement. SORENESS, s. mal, m. mauvais état, amertume, f. SORREL, s. oscille, f. SORREL, adj. saure, alczan. Iment. Sorrily, adv. mal, pitoyablement, chétive-SORRINESS, s. bassesse, f. médiocreté, f. SORROW, s. chagrin, m. douleur, f. affliction, f. deplaisir, m. regret, m. Sorrow, v. n. être affligé, s'affliger. SORROWFUL, adj. chagrin, triste, affligé, malheureux, misérable. SORROWFULLY, adv. tristement, miserable-Sorry, adj. faché, chagrin, triste, méchant, mauvais, pauvre, chétif. Sort, s. sorte, f. espèce, f. manière, f. Sort, v. a. séparer par classes, distribuer, assortir; v. n. convenir, s'accorder, être joint; to sort out, choisir; to sort with, sc joindre à, convenir à ; to sort to, se termi-

ner à, être dans un même rang. SORTABLE, adj. sortable, convenable. SORTILEGE, s. l'action de tirer au sort SORTMENT, s. assortiment, m. distribution, f. Soss, v. n. se dorloter sur une chaise. Sor, s. un sot, une bête, un ivrogne. Sor, v. a. & n. abrutir, ivrogner. Sorrish, adj. sot, stupide, fat, ridicule. Sottishly, adv. sottement, betement.

Soudan, s. le soudan, le sultan. Soul, s. âme, f. vie, f. Soulless, adj. sans âme, bas, vil. All-Souls-Day, s. la fête des morts.

Sour. saving, adj. salutaire.

Sottishness, s. sottise, f. bêtise, f.

Sound, adj. sain, qui se porte bien, entier, bien conditionné, en bon état, bon, orthodoxe, grand, serré, profond, solide, judicieux, vrai, parfait. A sound sleep, un profond sommeil.

Sound, s. détroit, m. une sonde, une sèche, (sorte de poisson;) son, m. bruit, m. The sound hole, l'ouverture du violon, f.

Sound, v. n. sonder.

Sound, v. n. & a. sonner, resonner. Soundboard, s. sommier d'orgue, m. Sounding, adj. sonnant, résonnant, sonore. Soundly, adv. fort et ferme, bien, comme il faut, fort, sainement.

SOUNDNESS, s. sainté, f. état parfait, pureté, f. orthodoxie, f. force de jugement, f. Sour, s. soupe, f. potage, m. Sour, s. digre, vert, chagrin, sévère. Sour s l'aigre, substance acide.

Sour, r. a. aigrir, empoisonner; v. n. s'aigrir, devenir aigre. Source, s. source, f. Sourish, adj. aigrelet, un peu aigre. Sourly, adv. aigrement, d'un air chagrin.

Sourness, s. aigreur, J

Sous, s. un sou (argent de France.)

Souse, s. saumure, f. marinade, f. Souse, v. a. mariner, plonger, fondre sur, South, s. midi, m. sud, m. [frapper. SOUTH, adj. de midi, de or du sud, méridion-SOUTH, adv. See Southward. [al.

SOUTH-EAST, s. Sud-cst, m. Southerly, Southern. See South, acr. SOUTHERN WOOD, s. aurone (plante), f. Southing, adj. qui va vers le midi or le sud. Southward, adv. au midi, vers le midi.

SOUTHWEST, s. Sudouest, m. Sovereign, adj. souverain, absolu, excellent. Sovereign, s. un souverain, un monarque,

absolu.

Sovereignly, adv. souverainement. Sovereignty, s. souveraineté, f.

Sow, s. une truie, une laie, cloporte, m. Sow of melted iron, une gueuse de fer. lead, un saumon de plomb.

Sow, v. a. & n. semer, ensemencer. Soweread, s. truffe, f. pain de pourceau, m. Sower, s. semeur, m.

Sow-GELDER, s. châtreur de cochons, m. Sow-THISTLE, s. laiteron or laceron, m.

SPACE, s. espace, m. étendue, SPACIOUS, adj. spacieux, grand, vastc. SPACIOUSLY, adv. avec beaucoup d'étenduc.

SPACIOUSNESS, s. grande étendue, grand es-SPADDLE, s. une petite bèche. [pace. SPADE, s. une beche, le pique, (aux cartes) daim, m.

SPALT or Spelt, s. zine, m. zain, m. SPAIN, s. l'Espagne, f.

SPAN, s. une palme, un empan. SPAN, v. a. mesurer par empans or palmes. SPANGLE, s. paillette, f. ; v. n. orner de pail-

SPANIARD, s. un Espagnol. SPANIEL, s. un épagnenl, un flatteur.

SPANIEL, v. n. caresser, faire le chien couchant.

SPANISH, adj. Espagnol, d'Espagne. SPANK, v. a. frapper à pleines mains. SPANNER, s. chien de fusil, m.

SPAR, s. verre de Moscovie, m. barre de bois, f. rayon, m. spar, m. espèce de gypse. Spar, v.a. & n. barrer, se quereller, se battre.

SPARE, v. a. épargner, ménager, économiser, avoir de reste; v. n. vivre sobrement, se faire scrupule de, s'empêcher.

SPARE, adj. avare, économe, superflu, mai-gre, de reste, de réserve, miace, décharné. Spare money, argent de reste. Spare time, temps de loisir, heures perdues,

SPARER, s. économe, m. & f. ménager, m. SPARING, adj. petit, en petite quantité, économe, éparguant, ménager, avare.

SPARINGLY, adv. avec épargne, frugalement,

SPARINGLY, aar, avec epargine, rugaientain, sobrement, avec précaution.

SPARINGNESS, s. épargne, f. économie, f.

SPARK, s. bluctte, f. étincelle, f. un damoisseau, un petit maître, un galaut.

SPARKPUL, SPARKISH, adj. vif, gai, élégant.

SPARKLE, s. étincelle, f. bluette, f.

SPARKLE, v. a. étincelle, petiller.

SPARKLING, adj. étincelant, petillant, bril

SPARKLINGLY, odr. avec relat. SPARKLINGNESS, s. lustre éclatant, éclat, m.

Spell, s. charme, m. enchantement, m.

Spell, v. a. charmer, enchanter, épeler. SPELLER, s. celui qui épele, qui orthographie. SPIRIT, v. a. animer, encourager; to spirit

away, enlever, engager par surprise. Spirited, part. adj. animė, vif, plein de feu.

SPARROW, s. passereau, m. moineau, m. SPELT, épautre, f.; pret. of Spell, v. a. SPARROWHAWK, s. epervier, m. SPELTER, s. zinc, m. SPASM, s. spasme, m. convulsion, f. SPEND, v. a. dépenser, consumer, employer. SPASMODICK, adj. spasmodique. SPAT, s. pret. of Spit. passer, épuiser, dissiper, perdre, se dissiper, se perdre. SPATIATE, v. n. courir, roder. [noircir. SPATTER, v. a. éclabousser, crotter, salir, [noircir. SPENDER, s. un dépensier. SPENDTHRIFT, s. un prodigue, un dissipa-SPERM, s. sperme, m. semence de l'animal, f. SPATTER-DASHES, s. guerres, f. pl. SPATULA, s. une spatule. SPERMACETI, s. sperme or blanc de baleine. SPAVIN, s. eparvin, m. SPERMATICAL, SPERMATICK, adj. sperma-SPAWL, v. a. cracher, crachotter. tique. SPERMATIZE, v. n. répandre le semence. SPAWL, s. crachat, m. SPAWN, s. frai (de poisson), m. semence, f. SPAWN, v. a. & n. frayer, engendrer. SPAWNER, s. poisson femelle, m. frai, m. SPAY, v. a. couper, châtrer, chaponner. SPERMATOCELE, s. spermatocèle, f. SPERMATOLOGY, s. spermatologie, f. SPET, v. a. répandre avec abondance. SPEW, v. a. & n. vomir, dégobiller. SPHACELATE, v. n. se mortifier, se gangrener. Speak, v. a. & n. parler, discourir, faire mention, dire, exprimer, déclarer. SPHACELUS, s. sphacèle, gangrêne. SPEAKABLE, adj. que l'on peut dire, dont on SPHERE, s. sphère, f. globe, m. SPHERE, r. a. placer dans une sphère. peut parler, qui a la faculté de parler. SPHERICAL, SPHERICK, adj. spherique, rond. SPEAKER, s. orateur, m. president, m. SPEAKING-TRUMPET, s. un porte-voix. SPHERICALLY, adv. sphériquement. SPEAR, s. une lance, un javelot. SPHERICALNESS, SPHERICITY, s. forme SPEAR, v. a. percer or tuer à coups de lance. SPEARMAN, s. lance or lancier, m. SPEARMINT, s. mente aigue, f. sphérique, f. SPHEROID, s. sphéroïde, m. SPHEROIDICAL, adj. qui a la forme d'un SPHERULE, s. globule, m. [sphéroïde. Special, singulier, particulier, SPHINX, s. sphinx, m. exprès, distingué, signalé, extraordinaire. Specially, adv. principalement, sur-tout. SPICE, s. épice, f. aromate, f. une légère teinture, atteinte.f. ressentiment, m. SPICE, v. a. épicer, assaisonner avec des épi-SPECIALITY, SPECIALTY, s. particularité, f. SPECIES, s. espèce, f. sorte, f. classe, f. SPECIFICAL, adj. spécifique. SPICERY, s. épicier.

SPICERY, s. épiceries, f. pl. or l'epicerie, f.
SPICK AND SPAN, adj. tout battant neuf. [ces. Specifically, adv. d'une manière spécifique. SPECIFICATE, v. a. specifier, particulariser. SPECIFICATION, s. specification, f. Spicy, adj. qui abonde enépices, aromatique. SPIDER, s. araignée, f.
SPIDER-WORT, s. l'herbe bonne contre la SPECIFY, v. a. spécifier, particulariser. SPECIMEN, s. un modèle, un échantillon. morsurc des araignées venimeuses. Specious, adj. spécieux, plausible. SPIGOT, s. robinet, m. siphon, m. SPIKE, s. longue pointe, pointe, f. long clou.

Spike of corn, un cpi de blc.

SPIKE, v. a. rendre pointu, enclouer. SPECIOUSLY, adv. d'une manière spécieuse. SPECK, s. tache, f. marque, f. SPECK, SPECKLE, v. a. tacheter, marqueter. SPECKLE, s. une petite tache. SPIKENARD, s. (a plant) aspic, m. nard, m. SPILL, r. a. verser, répandre, détruire. SPECT, s. un pivert, un grimpereau. SPIN, v. a. filer, prolonger, ruisseler. SPINAGE, s. epinards, m. SPECTACLE, s. spectacle, m.
SPECTACLES, s. luncttes, f. pl.
SPECTACLED, adj. qui a or porte des luncttes. SPINAL, adj. de l'épine du dos.
SPINALE, s. fuseau, m. noyau or vis d'écalier tournant, m. f. dard, m. SPECTATOR, s. spectateur, m. regardant, m. SPECTATRESS, s. spectatrice, f. SPECULAR, adj. speculaire.

SPECULAR, adj. speculaire.

SPECULATE v. a. & n. contempler, considérer. SPINDLE, v. a. pousser son dard, dardiller. SPINDLE-TREE, s. fusain, m. (arbrisseau.) SPINE, s. l'épine du dos, f. SPECULATION, s. vue, f. speculation, f. SPINEL, s. spinelle, f. (sorte de rubis.) SPECULATIVE, adj. spéculatif.
SPECULATIVELY, adv. dans la speculation or [gnée. SPINET, s. une épinette. SPINNER, s. un fileur, une fileuse, petite arai-SPINNING-WHEEL, s. rouet à filer, m. SPECULATOR, s. spéculateur, m. [la théorie. SPECULATORY, adj. speculatif. SPINOSITY, s. difficulté. f. épines, f. pl. Speculum, s. miroir, m.
Sprech, s. parole, f. langue, f. langage, m. Spinous, adj. épineux, plein d'épines. SPINSTER, s. une fileuse or filandière, une [fille non mariée. idiome, m. discours, m. oraison, f. SPINSTRY, s. filage, m. [1 SPINY, adj. épineux, difficile. SPEECHLESS, adj. muet, interdit Speed, v. n. se hâter, se dépêcher, réussir, SPIRACLE, s. une soupirail, des soupiraux. SPIRAL, adj. spiral. prospérer : v. a. dépêcher, expédier, hâter, prosperer . a dependent expecter, have, faire executer, faire prosperer, faire reussir, aider, assister, expédier.

SPEED, s. hâte, f. célérité, f. promptitude, f. vitesse, f. diligence, f.

SPEEDINES, s. hâte, f. vitesse, f. diligence.

SPEEDINESS, s. hâte, f. vitesse, f. diligence. SPIRALLY, adv. spiralement, en spirale. SPIRE, s. spirale, f. aiguille, f. pyramide, f. SPIRE, v. n. épier, monter en épi. SPIRIT, s. souffle, m. vent, m. esprit, m. ame, f. génie, m. caractère, m. humeur, f. feu, m. cœur, m. ardeur, f. vivacité, f. fierté, f. SPEEDWELL, s. (a plant) véronique, f.
SPZEDY, adj. prompt, vif, agile, expéditif. SPIRITS, s. esprits, m. pl. liqueurs spiritueuses.

SPIRITEDNESS, s. genie, m. esprit, m. SPIRITFULNESS, s. vivacité, f. feu, m. SPIRITLESS, adj. sans âme, abattu, sans vi-SPIRITOUS, adj. raffiné, spiritueux. SPIRITOUSNESS, s. qualité spiritueuse. SPIRITUAL, sdi. spirituel, immatériel, incorporel, ecclésiastique, dévot, pieux.

SPIRITUALITY, s. spiritualité, f. spirituel, m. SPIRITUALIZATION, s. spiritualisation, f. SPIRITUALIZE, v. a. spiritualiser. SPIRITUALLY, adr. spirituellement.

SPIRITUALTY, s. le clergé, le corps des ecclé-SPIRITUOUS, adj. spiritueux. [siastiques. SPIRITUOUSNESS, s. qualité spiritueuse.
SPIRIT, s. seringue, f. brocoli, m. jeune chou.
SPIRIT, v. a. seringuer, jaillir, pousser, jeter.

SPIRTLE, v. a. dissiper, jaillir.

SPIRY, adj. pyramidal, spiral.
SPISSITUDE, s. densité, f. épaisseur, f.
SPIT, s. une broche. A turn-spit, un tourne-SPIT, adj. craclie. [broche. SPIT-FULL, s. brochée, f.

Spir, v. a. embrocher, mettre à la broche.

SPIT, v. a. & n. cracher, saliver. A spitting-box, un crachoir.

SPITCHCOCK, s. une anguille rôtie. SPITE, s. malice, f. envie, f. haine, f. ressentiment, m. In spite of, adv. en depit de,

malgré. SPITE, v. a. donner du dépit, facher. SPITERUL, adj. mechant, malin, malicieux. SPITEFULLY, adv. malicietsement.

SPITEFULNESS, s. malice, f. méchanceté, f. SPITTER, s. cracheur, m.

SPITTLE, s. crachat, m. salive, f. SPLASH, v. a. éclabousser. SPLASHY, adj. gachenx.

SPLAY-FOOT, adj. cagneux. SPLAY, v. a. épauler un cheval. SPLAY-MOUTH, s. grimace, (en élargissant

la houche,) f.

SPLEEN, s. la rate, fiel, m. animosité, f. colère, f. haine, f. bile, f. aigreur, f. ressenti-

ment, m. rancune, f.
SPLEENFUL, adj. melancolique, chagrin, co-

lère.

SPLEENWORT, s. scolopendre (herbe), f. SPLENDENT, adj. brillant, eclatant. SPI.ENDID, adj. splendide, magnifique. SPLENDIDLY, adv. splendidement.

SPLENDOUR, s. splendeur, f. éclat, m. mag-nificence, f. pompe, f. gloire, f. SPLENETICK, adj., inclancolique, chagrin, SPLENT, s. esquille, f. suros, m.

SPLICE, v. a. episser.. SPLINT, s. eclisse, f. esquille, f. suros, m.

SPLINT, v. a. éclisser, clisser SPLINTER, s. éclat, m. esquille, f. [éclats.

SPLINTER, v. a. & n. briser, se briser en SPLIT, v. a. & n. se fendre, se brise. SPLITTER, s. fendeur, m

Spott, v. a. & n. voler, piller, dépouiller, dé-

soler, devaster, ravager, ruiner, gater, perdre, corrompre, rendre inutile.

Sroil. s. vol., m. larcin, m. pillage, m. dépouilles, f. pl. butin, m. proie, f. perte, f. ruine, f. la dépouille d'un serpent.

SPOILER, s. voleur, m. brigand, m. SPOKE, s. rais de roue, m. [la parole. SPOKESMAN, s. orateur, m. celui qui porte SPOLIATE, v. a. dépouiller, spolier. SPOLIATION, s. spoliation, f. depouillement,

SPONDEE, s. spondée, m. SPONDELE, s. vertèbre, f.
Spondyle, s. vertèbre, f.
Sponge, f. See To Spunge Sponge, s. éponge, f. See To Spun Sponginess, s. qualité spongieuse. Spongious, Spongy, adj. spongieux.

SPONSAL, adj. conjugal. Spunsion, s. cautionnement, m.

SPONSOR, s. caution, f. repondant, m. par-

SPONSOR, s. caution, f. repondant, m. par-SPONTANEUTY, s. spontaneue, f. [rain, f. SPONTANEOUS, adj. spontanee, volontaire. SPONTANEOUSNESS. See Spontaneuty. SPOOL, s. époule, f. bobine, f. A spooling-wheel, roue à dévider, f. SPOON, v. n. écumer, s'avancer rapidement. SPOON, s. n. écumer, s'avancer appidement.

Spoon, s. une cuiller. Sea-spoon, s. cuiller de

Sroon, v. n. mettre à sec, naviguer avec les voiles ferlées.

Spoonful, s. palette, f. (sorte d'oiseau.)
Spoonful, s. une cuillerée, plein une cuiller. SPOONMEAT, s. ce qui se mange avec la cuiller.

Spoonwort, s. cuillerec, f. cochlearia, m. Sport, s. jeu, m. amusement, n. divertissement, m. passe-temps, m. récréation, f. badinage, m. le plaisir de la chasse, m. jouet, m. sujet de risée, mesures, f. pl. manège, m. procédé, m. manière d'agir, f.

SPORT, v. n. & a. jouer, badiner, folatrer, se jouer, se mogner de. Make sport, divertir, faire rire, rire, jouer, se récréer, pas-

SPORTED WITH, adj. dont on s'est joué or SPORTER, s. joueur, m. qui badine. SPORTEUL, adj. badin, enjoué, amusant. SPORTFULLY, adv. par amusement.

SPORTFULNESS, s. jeu, m. badinage, m. di-vertissement, m. ainusement, m.

SPORTING, s. badinage, m. jeu, m. SPORTIVE, adj. badin, folâtre. SPORTIVENESS. See Sportfulness.

SPORTSMAN, s. un chasseur.

SPORTULE, s. aumône, f.
SPOT, s. tache, f. souillure, f. marque, f.
moucheture, f. morceau de terre, m. endroit, m. place, f. lieu, m. Upon the spot, sur le champ, incontinent.

Spor, v. a. tacher, salir, souiller, tacheter, moucheter, marqueter, horder. SPOTLESS, adj. sans tache, sans reproche, SPOTTER, s. celui qui tache, une brodeuse de SPOTTY, adj. plein de taches. [gaze. SPOUSAL, adj. nuptial, conjugal.

SPOUSAL, s. mariage, m. SPOUSE, s. époux et épouse, mar. et femme. SPOUSED, adj. épouse, marie. SPOUSELESS, adj. non-marié, célibataire.

Spout, n. a. & n. verser, jeter, faire jaillir or saillir, jaillir, sourdre; to spout down, tomber à verse; to spout up, rejaillir.
Spout, s. jet, m. robinet, m. gargouille, f.

auget, m. torrent de pluie, m. SPRAIN, r. a. fouler, se donner une enterse. SPRAIN, s. entorse, f. foulure des nerfs, f.

SPRAINTS, s. la fiente d'une loutre.

SPRAT, s. melette, f. sardine, f. SPRAWL, v. n. se débattre, se vautrer. SPRAY, s. menu bois, écume de mer, f.

SPREAD, v. a. & n. étendre, s'étendre. repandre, se répandre, ouvrir, s'épannuir, s'ou vrir, déployer, se déployer.

SPREAD, s. etendue. f. expansion, f. SPREADER, s. celui qui répand, semeur, m.

Sprig, s. jet, m rejeton, m. brin, m. pointe, Spriggy, adj. p ein de rejetons. Spright, s. esprit, m. âme, f. spectre, m. Sprightly, adf. vif, plein de feu, animé. Sprightpulness, s. vivacité, f. feu, m. Sprightfully, adv. avec ardeur. SPRING, v. n. pousser, bourgeonner, naître, proceder, provenir, venir, jaillir, sortir, sauter, repousser; faire, faire partir, faire iouer. SPRING, s. le printemps, fontaine, origine, f. source, f. principe, m. commencement, cause, f. ressort, m. voie d'eau, f. élan, m. SPRING-WATER, s. eau de fontaine, eau vive. SPRINGE, s. piège, m. lacet, m. filet, m SPRINGER, s. celui qui fait lever le gibier.

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Springiness, s. élasticité, f. Spring-tide, s. haute-marée, maline, f. Springy, adj. élastique, à ressort. SPRINKLE, s. aspersoir, m. goupillon, m. SPRINKLE, v. a. & n. asperger, arroser. SPRINKLING, s. aspersion, f. arrosement, m. SPRIT, v. n. pousser, jeter. Sprit, s. jeune chou, brocoli, m.

SPRITE, s. esprit, m. fantôme, m. spectre, m. Spritsail, s. civadière, f. voile de beaupré, f. SPROUT, r. n. pousser, bourgeonner, rejeter.

SPROUT, s. jet, m. rejeton, m. jeune chou. SPRUCE, adj. propre, bien mis, élégant. SPRUCE, v. a. & n. parer, se parer; s. sapin.

Spruce-beer, bière à sapin. Spruce-lea-ther, cuir de Prusse, m.

SPRUCELY, adv. proprement.

Spruceness, s. propreté affectée, élégance. SPRUNG, pret. of Spring, v. a. & n. Spume, s. écume, f. ; r. n. écumer. Spumid, Spumous, Spumy, adj. écumeux.

SPUNGE, s. une éponge.

Spunge, v. a. & n. laver avec une éponge, écornifler.

Spunger, s. un écornifleur, un parasite. Spunging, s. écorniflerie, f. Spunging-house, s. une maison de sergent. Spungious, Spungy, adj. spongieux, hu-[mide. SPUNK, s. bois à demi pourri, m. Spun, s. éperon, m. aiguillon, m.

SPUR-LEATHER, s. monture d'éperon, f. SPUR, v.'a. donner de l'éperon, piquer, ani-

mer, pousser, aiguillonner, encourager; v. n. voyager en hâte, cour à bride abbatue.

Spur-Galled, adj. blessé avec l'éperon. Spurge, s. espurge, f. ésule, f. tithymale, m. Spurge-Laurel, s. thymelée, f. laurcole, f. Spurious, adj. falsifié, faux, supposé. SPURIOUSNESS, s. contrefaction, f.

SPURLING, s. éperlan, m.

SPURN, v. a. pousser or frapper avec le pied, dédaigner, mépriser, rejeter, traiter avec SPURRED, adj. pique, éperonné. [mepris. SPURRER, s. eperonnier, m.

Spurry, s. spergule, f. sorte d'hépatique. Spurr or Spirr, s. boutade, f. caprice, m. SPURT, v. a. jaillir; to spurt up, rejaillir. SPURTING UP, s. rejaillissement, m.

Sputation, s. sputation, f. crachement, m. Sputter, v. n. crachotter, écarter la dragée. SPUTTERER, s. celui qui crachotte. SPY, s. un espion.

Sry, v. a. épier, veiller, observer, découvrir, trouver.

SPYBOAT, s. une corvette

SQUAB, adj. sans plumes, dodu, potelé épais, grossier. SQUAB, s. sopha, m. lit de repos, m. conssin.

m. tabouret rembourré, m. SQUAB, adr. avec violence, rudement.

SQUABBISH, adj. gros, épais, trapu. SQUABBLE, n. n. quereller, disputer, déran-SQUABBLE, s. querelle, f. dispute, f.

SQUABBLER, s. querelleur, querelleuse. SQUABBLING, s. querelles, f. disputes, f. pl. SQUADRON,'s. escadron de cavalerie, m. es-

cadre de vaisseaux de guerre, f. SQUALID, adj. sale, crasseux, mal-propre. SQUALL, r. a. crier, pousser des cris. Squalls

of wind, coups de vent, m. pl. SQUALLER, s. crieur, criard, criailleur. SQUALLY, adj. sujet aux rafales.

Squamous, adj. écaillé, écailleux. SQUANDER, v.a. dissiper, prodiguer, disper-SQUANDERER, s. prodigue, m. dissipateur, m. SQUARE, adj. quarre or carre, fort, bien tail-

le, bonnête, juste, franc.

SQUARE, s. quarré, m. place, f. quarreau, m. panneau, m. abaque, m. or tailloir, m. equerre, f. niveau, m. egalité, f.

Square, v. a. & n. équartir, regler. Squareness, s. quadrature, f. figure quarré. Squaring, s. l'action d'équarrir.

SQUASH, s. toute chose qui s'écrase aisément. Squasit, r. a. écacher, écraser, applatir. SQUAT, udj. accroupi, trapu, ramasse.

SQUAT, v. n. s'accronpir, être accroupi. SQUEAK, v. n. crier, s'écrier. [yeur.) SQUEAK, s. un cri (de douleur or de fra-

SQUEAKING, s. cri, m. l'action de s'écrier. SQUEAL, r. n. crier, pousser des cris. Squeamism, adj. delicat, dégoûté.

SQUEAMISHNESS, s. délicatesse, f. dégoût, m. SQUEEZE, s. compression, f. pression, j

SQUEEZE, v. a. presser, serrer, exprimer, faire sortir, accabler; v. n. passer, sortir. Squir, s. fusée (d'artifice,) f.

Squil.t., s. (a plant) squille, f. Squint, v. n. loucher, regarder de travers. Squint, adj. louche, qui regarde de travers. SQUINT-EYED, adj. lonche, mechant.

SQUINTINGLY, adv. en louchant.

Squire, s. écuyer, m.; r. a. accompagner Squirel, s. nn écureuil. SQUIRT, s. seringue, f. foire, f. cours or flux

de ventre, m.

SQUIRT, r. a. seringuer; v. n. bavarder. STAB, v. a. poignarder, tuer à coups de poi-STAB, s. un coup de poignard. [gnard.

STABBER, s. un meurtrier, un assassin. STABILIMENT, s. support, m. appui, m. STABILITY, s. stabilité, f. constance, f.

STABLE, adj. stable, constant, ferme, fixe. STABLE, s. étable, f. écurie, f. [une étable. STABLE, v. a. & n. établer, loger comme dans

STABLEBOY, STABLEMAN, s. valet d'écurie, STABLENESS, s. stabilité, f. fermeté, f. [m. STACK, s. tas, m. monceau, m. pile, f. amas,

STACH, v. a. mettre en tas, entasser. [STACHE, s. le stacté, la myrrhe. (gomme.) STADTHOLDER, s. le Stadbonder

STAFF, s. bâton, m. flèche, f. bagnette, f. crosse, f. soutien, m. appui, m. pouvoir, m. auctorité, f. droir, m. stance, f. couplet, m. STAFF-TREE, s. troëne, m. [verset, m.

STAG, s. cerf, m. STAG-BEETLE. s. cerf-volant, m. friat, m.

STAGE, s. théâtre, m. scène, f. degré, m. STAGE-PLAYER, s. un acteur une actrice.

STAGE-HORSE, s. un cheval de relais, un

STAGECOACH, s. coche, m. carrosse, m. voi-STAGER, s. un acteur, une actrice. STAGGARD, s. un cerf de quatre ans. fture, f.

STAGGER, v. n. chanceler, vaciller, hesiter, être, irrésolu; v. a. émouvoir, ébranler. STAGGERING, adj. chancellant, vacillant.

STAGGERINGLY, adv. en chancellant. STAGGERS, s. vertigo de cheval, m.

STAGNANCY, s. étal croupissant. [mant. STAGNANT, adj. croupissant, stagnant, dor-STAGNATE, v. n. croupir, être sans mouve-STAGNATION, s. stagnation, f.

STAID, adj. arrêté, posé, grave, rassis. STAIDNESS, s. sobriété, f. gravité, f.

STAIN, s. tache, f. soillure, f. STAIN, v. a. tacher, ternir, noircir, fletrir.

STAINER, s. celui qui tache, qui barbouille.

Paper-stainer, s. dominotier, m.

STAINLESS, adj. sans tache. [étage, m. fétage, m.

STAIR, s. degre, m. escalier; m. montee, f. STAIR-CASE, s. escalier, m.

STAKE, s. pieu, m. poteau, m. jalou, m.

STAKE, v. a. mettre au jeu, risquer, hasarder, garnir de pieux, supporter, appuyer. STALACTITES, s. stalactite, J

vienx, surannė. Stale-beer, STALE, adj. vieux, surannė. Stale-beer, wine, bread, de la bière vieille, du vin vieux,

du rassis or dur

STALE, s. urine, f. pissat, m. un échelon, de la bière vieille, une prostituée, moyen, m. attrait, m. appas, m. amorce, f.

STALE, v. a. user, f. faire passer, faire vieil-lir, rendre vieux; v. a. pisser, uriner.

STALELY, adv. depuis long temps, il y a long STALEMESS, s. vieillesse, f. [temps. STALK, s. tige, f. côté (d'une plante); rafle, f. queue, f. (de raisins.)

STALK, v. n. marcher fierement.

STALKING-HORSE, s. cheval pour chasser à STALKY, adj. dur, coriace. fla tonnelle, m. STALL, s. un étable, étau, m. échope, f. Head-stall of a bridle, têtière de bride, f.

STALL, v. a. & n. établer, habiter. STALLAGE, s. étalage, m. établage, m. STALLED, part. adj. établé, gardé dans une

étable, rassasié. STALLION, s. étalon, m.

STAMEN, s. fil, m. trame, f. STAMINA, s. pl. étamines (des fleurs), f. pl. STAMINEOUS, adj. fibreux

STAMMER, v. n. bégayer, bredouiller.

STAMMERER, s. begue, un bredouilleur. STAMMERING, s. begayement, m. [tant.

STAMMERINGLY, adv. en begayant, en hesi-STAMP, v. a. frapper avec le pied, broyer, piler, empreindre, imprimer, marquer,

monnoyer, forger, étalonner, timbrer; v. n. frapper du pied, marcher pesamment

STAMP, s. coin, m. trempe, f. empreinte, f. impression, f. marque, f. estampe, f.
STAMPER, s. pilon, m. un lourdeau. [fieffé.
STAMCH, adj. bon, bien conditionné, franc, STANCH, v. a. & n. étancher, s'étancher.

STANCHING, s. étanchement, m

STANCHLESS, s. qu'on ne saurait étancher.

STANCHNESS, s. bonté, f. solidité, f. STAND, v. n. être debout, se tenir debout, se soutenir, s'arrêter, demeurer, rester, être, tenir, subsister, être situé; to stand about, environner; to stand against, résister, s'opposer; to stand by, soutenir, defendre, appuyer, se reposer, compter sur, être pre-

sent; to stand for, briguer, postuler, pour suivre, rechercher, tenir pour, défendre, être pour or du parti, du sentiment de, signifier, être au lieu de; to stand forth, avan-cer, s'avaneer, se presenter; to stand in, coûter, revenir; to stand off, se tenir à l'écart, être à quelque distance or à la hauteur de, reculer; to stand out, tenir ferme, tenir bon, resister, faire tête, avancer; to stand out of the way, ôtez-vous du chemin; to stand to, persister, continuer, s'en tenir; to stand to the North, faire voile vers le Nord; to stand under, en rependre, soutenir; to stand up, se lever, se tour debout; to stand upon, concerner, regarder, interesser, estimer, faire cas, se piquer, se glorifier, se faire honneur, insister, prétendre; to stand with, s'accorder, compatir, convenir, contester, disputer.

STAND, v. a. endurer, soutenir, souffrir.

STAND, s. station, f. pause, f. halte, f. état stationnaire, poste, m. rang, m. opposition, f. résistance, f. embarras, m. perplexité, f. doute, m. suspens, m. chantier (de cave); m. un guéridon. To keep at a stand, de-To make a meurer dans le même état. stand, resister, s'opposer.

STANDARD, s. étendard, m. enseigne, m. dra-peau. m. êtalon (pour les mesures), m. titre de la monnoie, m. règle, f. modèle, m. mouton d'un carrosse, m. arbre en plein

vent, m.

STANDARD-BEARER, s. porte-étendard, m. STANDER, s. celui qui demeure, un baliveau. STANDER-BY, s. un spectateur, un regardant.

STANDING, part. adj. établi, fixe, constant, reglé, sur pied, debout, crouppissant, dor-

STANDING, s. place, f. lieu, m. poste, m. condition, f. rang, m.

STANDISH, s. écritoire, f. STANG, s toise, f. perche, f.

STANNARY, adj. qui concerne les mines d'é-tain or marché public, m.

STANZA, s. stance, f.
STAPLE, s. étape, f. entrepôt, m. magasin, m.
Staple of a lock, la gâche d'une serrure. STAPLE, adj. réglé, établi, d'étape, conforme

aux lois du commerce STAR, s. astre, m. étoile, f. un astérisque.

STARBOARD, s. stribord, m.

STARCH, s. empois, m.; v. a. empeser. STAR-CHAMBER, s. la chambre étoilée.

STAR-GAZER, s. un astronome, un astrologue.

STAR-HAWK, s. lanier, m. oiseau. STAR-LIGHT, adj. étoilé, brillant d'étoiles. STAR-LIGHT, s. lumière or éclat des étoiles,

STARCHED, part. adj. empesé. [f. m. pl.

STARCHER, s. une empeseuse. STARCHING, s. empesage, f.

STARCHLY, adv. avec affectation.

STARCHNESS, s. affectation, f. manières affeetées, f. pl.

STARE, s. un étourneau.

STARE, s. surprise, f. un regard fixe.

STARE, v. n. regarder fixement.

STARER, s. un homme qui regarde fixement. A staring look, des yeux égarés.

STARINGLY, adv. fixement, entre deux yeux. STARK, adj. fort, vrai, franc, fieffé.

STARKLY, adv. tout-à-fait, tout, entièrement. STARLIKE, adj. étoilé, brillant.

STARLING, s. étourneau, m. avant bec d'un

STERILE, adj. stérile, qui ne produit rien.

STERILITY, s. stérilité, f.

STARRY, adj. étoilé, semé d'étoiles. résolu, déterminé. Steady hand, main START, v. n. tressaillir, sauter, faire un écart, trembler, partir, commencer à courir, s'é-carter, s'eloigner, reculer; to start up, se dresser, s'élever, commencer à paroltre, resusciter; v. a. lancer, faire partir, faire STEAK, s. tranche, f. côtelette, f. grillade, f STEAL, v. a. voler, dérober, soustraire, sur-prendre; to steal away, s'insinuer, se sauver, s'évader, se dérober ; to steal away lever, faire naître, proposer, découvrir. from, détourner. START, s. écart, m. tressaillement, m. bou-STEALER, s. un voleur, un filou. STEALTH, s. vol, m. menées sourdes. By tade, f. saillie, f. caprice, m. STARTER, s. celui qui recule, un lapereau. stealth, à la dérobée, en cachette. STARTING, adj. peureux, ombrageux. Starting-place, la barrière. Starting-hole, une STEALTHY, adj. clandestin, secret, caché. STEAM, s. vapeur, f. fumée, f. STEAM, v. n. exhaler quelque vapeur, fumer; defalte, un subterfuge. STARTINGLY, adv. par boutades.
STARTISH, adj. un peu ombrageux.
STARTLE, v. a. & n. effrayer, alarmer, surto steam away, s'évaporer. STEED, s. un cheval, un coursier. STEEL, s. acier, m. armes, f. pl. fusil, m. STEEL, v. a. acerer, garnir d'acier. prendre, tressaillir, trembler de peur. STARTLE, s. alarme, f. terreur soudaine.

STARVE, v. n. mourir de faim or de froid,
'être affamé ; v. a. faire mourir de faim. STEELY, adj. d'acier, acéré, dur, de fer. STEEL-YARD, s. romaine, f peson, m. STEEP, s. roide, escarpe, f. un précipice. STEEP, v. a. tremper, infuser, imbiber. STARVELING, s. animal qui meurt de faim. STATE, s. état, m. condition, f. disposition, f. rang, m. qualité, f. empire, m. souveraineté, f. dais, m. meuble de parade, f. grandeur. f. pompe, f. maguificence, f. dignité, f. parade, f. fierté, f. STEEPLE, s. un clocher. STEEPNESS, s. penté escarpée, roideur, f. STEERY, adj. sourcilleux, escarpé STEER, s. un bouvillon, un jeune bœuf. STEER, v. a. gouverner, diriger, guider, con-STATE, v. a. régler, arrêter, établir. duire; v. n. naviguer, faire route. STEERAGE, s. timon, m. l'endroit du navire STATELINESS, s. grandeur, f. pompe, f. STATELY, adj. superbe, grand, noble, altier. oû se tient le timonier, m. conduite, f. poupe, STATELY, adv. superhement, avec grandeur. f. gouvernement, m. direction, f STATESMAN, s. un politique, un ministre d'é-STATICAL, STATICK, adj. de statique. [tat. STEERING, s. gouvernement, m. conduite, f. STEERSMAN, s. pilote, m. timonier, f. STATICKS, s. la statique. STATION, s. station, f. poste, m. emploi, m. état, m. rang, m. condition, f. situation, f. STEGANOGRAPHY, s. steganographie, f. STEGNOTICK, adj. stegnotique, astringent. STATION, v. a. poster, fixer, établir. STELE, s. anse, f. manche, m. tige, f. tuyau Ide ble, m. STELLAR, adj. astral. STATIONARY, adj. stationaire. STELLATE, adj. radie. STATUARY, s. un stetuaire, un papetier. STATUARY, s. un stetuaire, la seulpture. STELLATION, s. scintillation. f. STELLIFEROUS, adj. qui a des étoiles. STATUE, s. une statue. STEM, s. tige, f. rejeton, m. la prone, l'éperon, m. le cap or l'avant d'un vaisseau, la STATURE, s. stature, f. taille, f. STATUTABLE, odj. conforme aux statuts, repoulaine. STATUTABLY, adv. conformement aux statuts. STATUTE, s. statut, m. reglement, m. loi, f. STAVE, s. donve, f. ais, m. planche, f. STEM, v. a. s'opposer, aller contre. STENCH, s. puanteur, f. mauvaise odeur.
STENCH, v. a. rendre puant, empêcher de STAVE, v. a. briser, deforcer, foncer; to stave off, empêcher, détournor, écartor.
STAVES, pl. of Staff.
STAY, v. n. rester, s'arrêter, demeurer, tarder; to stay array, s'absenter; to stay for, STENOGRAPHY, s. stenographie, f. couler [couler STENTOREAN, adj. de stentor, fort. STENTOROPHONICK, adj. de stentor, fort, attendre; to stay on or npon, se reposer, STEP, r. n. faire un pas, aller, marcher, faire compter sur; r. a. arrêter, réprimer, éta-yer, appuyer, soutenir; to stay from, emun tour ; to step after, suivre : to step aside, s'écarter, se ranger de côté ; to step back, retourner, rebrousser chemin; to step down, pêcher. STAY, s. sejour, m. demeure, f. retard, m. de-lai, m. étaie, f. appui, m. soutien, m. fond, m. bride (de beguin d'extant), f. peigne descendre; to step in, entrer; to step over, aller au delà, passer, traverser ; to step out, passer outre, traverser. STEP, s. un pas, une enjambée, chemin, m. trace, f. vestige, m. le seuil (de la porte), marche or degré d'un escalier, f. m. éché-(de tisserand), m. STAYEDLY, adr. posement, gravement. STAYEDNESS, s. gravite, f. retenue, f. STAYER, s. celui qui arrête, retient. lon (d'une échelle). m. démarche, f Step-mo-STAY-LACE, s. lacet, m. STEP-FATHER, s. beau-père, m. ther, belle-mère, f. maraire, f. Step-son, beau-fils, m. Step-daughter, belle-fille, f. Step-brother, beau-frère, m. Step-sister, STAYS, s. un corps de jupe. STEAD, s. place, f. lieu, m. utilité, f. usage, m. service, m. aide, f. In stead of, au belle-sœur, f. STEPPING, s. l'action d'aller, &c. lieu de. STEAD, v. a. servir, rendre service. STERCORATION, s.l'action de fumer les terres. STEADFAST, adj. stable; ferme, solide. STEADFASTLY, adr. fermement, constam-STEREOGRAPHY, s. stereographic, f STEREOMETRY, s. stéréométrie, f. STEREOTYPE, adj. stéréotype ; v. a. stéréoty-STEADFASTNESS, s. fermeté, f. solidité, f.

STEADILY, adv. avec fermete, constamment.

STEADY, adj. sur, ferme, assure, constant, STERILIZE, v. a. rendre stérile.

STEADINESS, s. fermeté. f. assurance. f.

STERLING, adj. & s. sterling, m. furel. [[STERLING, adj. vrai, authentique, propre, na-STERN, adj. sevère, rébarbatif, rigide. STERN, s. poupe, f. arrière de navire, m. STERNPOST, s. étambord, m. la queue, le der-STERNLY, adv. d'un air sévère. STERNNESS, s. regard sévère, dureté, f. ri-STERNON, s. lc sternum. gueur, f. STERNUTATIONS. éternument, m. STERNUTATIVE, adj. sternutatif. STERNUTATORY, s. sternutatoire, m. STEW, s. réservoir, m. vivier, m.; étuve, f. A stew-pan, une terrine à étuver STEW, v. a. étuver, faire cuire à l'étuvée. STEWARD, s. homme d'affaires, m. intendant de maison, m. maître d'hôtel, m.; steward of a ship, munitionaire, m. STEWARDSHIP, s. la charge de maître d'hôtel, d'intendant, &c. administration, f. STITIAL, adj. d'antimoine, stibié. STICK, v. a. attacher, mettre, plonger, enfoncer, ficher, piquer, larder, tuer, percer; v. n. s'attacher, tenir, adhérer, faire diffi-culté, hésiter, douter, être embarrassé; to stick out, être désœuvré, se retirer, ne vouloir pas se mêler de, avancer, sortir, faire ventre, rester, s'imprimer, insister sur ; to stick a pig, tuer un cochon; to stick into, plonger; to stick by, soutenir, appuyer. STICK, s. baton, m. brin, m. branche, f. jet, m. Small sticks, des broussailles. A printer's composing-stick, un composteur. Press-stick, templet, m. STICKINESS, s. viscosité, f. tenacité, f. STICKLE, v. n. être ardent, disputer vive-STICKLER, s. un zélateur, un partisan zélé. STICKY, adj. visqueux, gluant STIFF, adj. roide, engourdi, inflexible, obstiné, opiniâtre, entêté, dur, gêné, empesé, affecté, maniéré. STIFFEN, v. a. & n. roidir, se roidir. STIFF-HEARTED, adj. obstine, opiniâtre, en-STIFFLY, adv. obstinément, opiniatrément. STIFF-NECKED, adj. obstine, opiniatre. STIFFNESS, s. roideur, f. tension, f. dureté, f. engourdissement, m. obstination, f. roideur, f. gêne, f. affectation, f. STIFLE, v. a. & n. suffoquer, étouffer. STIFLING, s. étouffement, m. suffocation, f. STIFLING, adj. étouffant, suffocant. STIGMA, s. marque, f. stigmate, m. [famie. STIGMATICAL, STIGMATICK, adj. noté d'in-STIGMATIZE, r. a. stigmatiser, diffamer. STILE, s. barrière. f. tourniquet, m. stile, m. aiguille d'un cadran solaire, f. STILETTO, s. un stylet. STILL, adj. calme, tranquille; s. calme, m. STILL, s. un alambic, un laboratoire. STILL, adv. jusqu'à présent, encore, cependant, toujours, continuellement. STILL, v. a. distiller, imposer silence, faire taire, calmer, appaiser, tranquilliser. STILLATOR, STILLATORY, s. un alambic. STILL-BORN, adj. mort né. [cave. STILLING, s. distillation, f. un chantier de STILLNESS, s. calme, m. tranquillité, f. STILLY, adv. en silence, doucement, sans STILTS, s. echasses, f. pl [bruit. STIMULATE, v. a. aiguillonner, piquer. STIMULATING, s. picotement, m STIMULATING, adj. qui picote, picotant. STIMULATION s. aiguillonnement, m. STING, v.a. piquer, percer, mordre

STING, a. aiguillon, m. pointe, f. STINGTLY, adv. en avare. STINGINESS, s. mesquineric, f. STINGING, s. piqure, f. morsure, f. STINGLESS, adj. sans aiguillon. STINGY, adj. mesquin, ladre, avare. STINK, v.n. puer, être puant, sentir mauvais STINK, s. puanteur, f. mauvais odeur. STINKARD, s. un puant. STINKING, adj. puant STINKINGLY, adv. puamment, bassement. STINT, s. Smite, f. borne, f. mesure, f. STINT, v. a. borner, limiter, astreindre, restreindre, régler, gener, réprimer. STIPEND, s. gages, m. salaire, m. STIPENDIARY, s. & adj. stipendiaire, f. m. STIPTICAL, STIPTICE, adj. stiptique, astringent. STIPULATE, v. n. stipuler, contracter, arrê-STIPULATION, s. stipulation, f. contrat, m. STIPULATOR, s. celui qui stipule. STIR, v. a. mouvoir, emouvoir, remuer, agiter, exciter, animer, irriter; to stir up, met-tre en mouvement, emouveir, exciter, susciter, faire naître, animer, aiguillonner, provoquer; v. n. remuer, bouger, se movoir, se remuer, rouler, circuler. STIR, s. bruit, m. tumulle, m. tapage, m. va-carme, m. émeute, f. révolte, f. STIRRER, s. celui qui excite, querelleur. STIRRING, s. l'action d'exciter un soulèvement, une révolte. STIRRUP, s. un étrier. The stirrup leather, l'étrivière, f. STITCH, v. a. coudre, piquer, brocher. STITCH, s. point, m. point d'aiguille, douleur STITCHERY, s. ravaudage, m. Taigue, / STITCHWORT, s. camomille, f. STITHY, s. une enclume. STIVE, v. a. étuver, étouffer de chaud. STIVER, s. un sou de Hollande. STOAT, s. un furet STOCKADO, s. estocade, f. coup d'épée, m.
STOCKADO, s. estocade, f. coup d'épée, m.
STOCK, s. le tronc or le corps d'un arbre,
tige, f. famille, f. souche, f. race, f. monture (de fusil,) f. plant à greffer, m. girofiée, f. giroflier, m. fonds, m. capital, m
principal, m. actions. f. pl. quantité, f. pravision, f. le talon (au jeu de cartes,) chantier m. un col, un tour de coutier, m. un col, un tour de cou.

STOCK, v. a. fournir, donner, pourvoir, assortir, amasser, faire provision, peupler.

STOCK-DOVE, s. biset, m. pigeou ramier. STOCK-FISH, s. morue seche, stock-fiche, STOCKGILLIFLOWER, s. giroffee, f. giroffier, STOCKING, s. un bas. A stocking mender, une ravaudeuse de bas. STOCKISH, adj. dur, insensible. STOCKJOB, v. a. & n. agioter, trafiquer en STOCKJOBBER, s. agioteur, m. STOCK-JOBBING, s. agrotage, m.
STOCK-LOCK, s. serrupe à pène dormant, f.
STOCKS, s. pl. des ceps, m. entraves, f. pl.
STOCKSTILL, adj. immobile. [actions, f. pl. STOCKSTILL, adj. immobile. STOICAL, adj. stoïque, stoïcien STOICALLY, adv. stolquement, en stolcien. STOICISM, s. la doctrine or la secte stol-STOICK, s. un storcien. cienne. STOLE, s. une étole, garderobe, f. STOLIDITY, s. stupidité, f. bêtise, f. STOMACH, s. l'estomac, m. appétit, m. gout, m. faim, f. inclination, f. STONACH, r. a. & n. ressentir, se facher.

STOMACHER, s. une pièce d'estomac. STOMACHFUL, adj. fier, revuche, opiniatre. STOMACHICAL, STOMACHICK, adj. stomachique.

STOMACHLESS, adj. qui n'a point d'appétit. STONE, s. une pierre, pierre or noyau de cer-Tone, s. tine piere, piere b hoyard accer-tains fruits, pepins (de raisins), m. testicule, m. la pierre, la gravelle, poids de 8 livres à Londres; stone of wool, quatorze livres de laine. A free stone, une pierre taille. A stone-cutter, un tailleur de pierre. Bloodstone, sanguine, f. Load-stone, aimant or pierre d'aimant. Flint-stone, pierre à fusil. pierre d'aimant. Flint-stone, pierre à fusil. Chalk-stone, craic, f. Pebble-stone, caillou, m. A stone bottle, une bouteille de grès.

STONE, adj. de pierre.

STONE, v. a. lapider, assommer de pierres.

STONE-ALUM, s. alon de roche, m.

STONE-BREAK, s. (a plant) saxifrage, f. STONE-BOW, s. arbalete à jalet, f.

STONE-CROP, s. herbe aux perles, f. gremil,

STONE-PIT, s. une carrière. STONE-PITCH, s. poix seche or endurcie, f.

STONE-THROW, s. jet de pierre, m. STONE-WORK, s. ouvrage de maçonnerie, m.

STONING, s. lapidation, f.

STONY, adj. de pierre, pierreux, graveleux. Stool, s. selle, f. tabouret, m. siège sans dosier, m. chaise percée, f. selle, f. A joint-stool, un escabeau. A foot-stool, un marchepied.

Stoop, v. n. se baisser, se courber, pencher, s'abaisser, plier, se soumettre, s'humilier, se poser, se percher, s'arrêter, fonder (sur

sa proie.) Stoop, s. l'action de se baisser, inclination, f. abaissement, m. l'action d'un oiseau qui fond sur sa proie, un tonneau.

STOOPINGLY, adv. en se baissant.

Stop, v. a. arrêter, suspendre, retarder, empêcher, boucher, fermer; v. n. s'arrêter.

Stop, s. pause, f. station, f. retardement, m. délai, m. retard, m. empêchement, m. ob-

stacle, m. fin, f. point, m. (dans l'écriture;) touche (d'instrument de musique,) f.

STOPPAGE, s. obstruction, f. STOPPER, STOPPLE, s. bouchon, m. fouloir,

m. biseau de l'orgue. STORAX, s. storax, m.

STORE, s. grand nombre, quantité, f. force, f. abondance, f. provision, f. amas, m. beau coup, munitions or provisions de guerre, f. pl. l'équipement or avitaillement d'un navire, m.

STORE, v. a. munir, fournir, garnir, pourvoir, accumuler, réserver, remplir, amasser,

mettre en magasin.

STOREHOUSE, s. magasin, m.

STORER, s. celui qui amasse, garde maga-

STORED, part. adj. muni.

STORK, s. une cicogne. STORKSBILL, s. géranion, m. (plante.)

STORM, s. tempête, f. orage, m. bourrasque, f. gros temps, assaut, m. vacarme, m.

émeute, f. calamité, f. Storm, v. a. donner l'assaut; v. n. tempêter. STORMING, s. emportement, m. assaut, m. STORMY, adj. orageux, violent, emporté.

STORY, s. histoire, f. conte, m. fable, f. fic-tion, f. un étage de maison.

STORY, v. a. raconter, rapporter, dire. STORYTELLER, s. feseur de contes, f. conteur de sornettes, f.

STOUT, adj. fort, vigoureux, robuste, gros, courageux, brave, vigoureux, hardi, fier. STOUTLY, adv. vigoureusement, fort et ferme. STOUTNESS, s. force, f. vigueur, f. fierte, f. STOVE, s. un poële, un fourneau, potager, m.

un couvet, une chaufferette, ctuve, f STOVE, v. a. tenir chaudement dans une

étuve. Stow, v. a. serrer, renfermer, arranger.

STOWAGE, s. magasin, m. cellier, m. STRADDLE, v. n. écarter les jambes. STRAGGLE, v. n. roder, courir, aller ça et là.

STRAGGLER, s. un rodeur, un vagabond, un STRAIGHT; adj. droit. [traincur. STRAIGHT for STRAIT, which see, s. detroit.

STRAIGHT, adv. en droite ligne, sur le champ. STRAIGHTEN, v. a. dresser, redresser.

STRAIGHTNESS, s. droiture, f. dure etreinte, f. STRAIGHTWAYS, adv. aussitôt, sur le champ. STRAIN, v. a. passer, presser, serrer, expri-mer, filtrer, embrasser fortement, bander, tendre, pousser, étendre, forcer, outrer, hausser, éléver; v. n. s'efforcer, tacher, filtrer, couler.

STRAIN, s. violence, f. tour, m. entorse, f. race, f. génération, f. caractère, m. genie, m. style, m. ton, m. élocution, f. accord, m. air, m. chant, m. son, m. la piste or la voic

(d'une bête fauve.) STRAINER, s. un couloir, une passoire. STRAIT, adj. étroit, serré, intime, strict.

STRAIT, s. un détroit, un défile, gorge, f. détresse, f. difficulté, f.

STRAIT, v. a. embarrasser, mettre dans l'embarras. STRAITEN, v. a. étrécir, retrécir, resserrer,

gener, incommoder, embarrasser. Strait-handed, adj. dur à la desserre.

STRAITLACED, adj. rigide, gênê, contraint.
STRAITLY, adv. útroitement, à l'étroit, intimement, strictement, expressément.
STRAITNESS, s. qualité de ce qui est étroit,
petitesse, f. rigidite, f. rigueur, f. dêtresse,
STRAND, s. rivage, m. bord, m. cordon, m. [f. STRAND, v. n. echouer sur la côte.

STRANGE, adj. étrange; surprenant, extraor-dinaire, bizarre, singulier, étranger, da dehors, lointain, inconnu, indifférent.

STRANGELY, adv. étrangement, extraordi-STRANGENESS, s. rareté, f. [nairement. STRANGER, s. un ctranger, une étrangère. STRANGER, v. a. aliener, rendre étranger.

STRANGLE, r. a. ctrangler.

STRANGLER, s. celui qui ctrangle. STRANGLES, s. gourme, f. maladie de che-STRANGULATION, s. strangulation, f. étran-STRANGURY, s. strangurie, f. [glement, m. STRAP, s. courroie, bande de cuir, f. oreille

de soulier, f. tirant de botte, m. STRAP, v. a. donner les étrivières.

STRAPPADO, s. l'estrapade, f. STRAPPER, s. une grande femme or fille.

STRAPPING, adj. grand, gros, large. STRATA, s. couches, f. pl. lits, m. pl. STRATAGEM, s. stratagème, m. ruse, f.

STRATIFY, v. a. ranger par couches, strati-STRATUM, s. couche, f. lit, m. STRAW, s. paille, f. leu, m. zeste, m. un rien. A straw-hat, un chapeau de paille. A straw-

bed, une paillasse. STRAWBERRY, s. fraisier, m. fraise, f.

STRAWBERRY-TREE, s. un arboisier. STRAWBUILT, adj. de paille, fait de paille. STRAWCOLOURED, adj. couleur de paille.

STRAWWORM, s. ver de paille, m. STRAWY, adj. plein de paille. STRAY, v. n. roder, se fourvoyer, s'egarer. STRAY, s. l'action de roder, de s'égarer.

STRAY, s. bête épave, égarée or perduc. STRAYING, s. égarement, m. l'action de s'é-STREAK, s. raie, f. bande, f. [garer. STREAK, v. a. rayer, faire des rayes.

STREAKY, adj. rayé, à raics, panaché. STREAM, s. courant, m. eau qui coule, f. le fil or le cours de l'eau, ruisseau, m./torrent, m.; stream of vinegar, un filet de vinaigre; stream of fire; rayous de lumière; stream of words, flux de paroles. STREAM, v. n. couler, ruisseler, sortir, jaillir;

v. a. rayonner, s'écouler, broder. STREAMER, s. flamme, f. banderole, f. STREAMY, adj. coupé de ruisseaux.

STREET, s. une rue.

STREETWALKER, s. une coureuse. [f. STREIGHT, s. détroit, m. gorge de montagnes,

STRENGTH, s. force, f. vigueur, f.
STRENGTHEN, v. a. fortifier, affermir, confirmer, renforcer; v. n. se fortifier, pren-

dre de nouvelles forces. STRENGTHENER, s. nn corroboratif. STRENGTHLESS, adj. sans force, foible. STRENUOUS, adj. brave, hardi, vigoureux.

STRENUOUSLY, adv. vigoureusement. STRENUOUSNESS, s. ardeur, f. empresse-

ment, m.

STREPEROUS, adj. qui fait du bruit, fort. STRESS, s. fort, m. poids, m. importance, f. point essentiel or principal.

STRETCH, v. a. étendre, élargir, ouvrir, dé-ployer, tendre, roidir, bander; v. n. s'étendre, s'clargir, s'ouvrir, s'efforcer, exagérer, faire un effort, tacher.

STRETCH, s. étendue, f. portée, f. effort, m. torture, f.

STRETCHER, s. un paisson, un rensermoir. STRETCHERS, pl. barres traversières. STREW, v. a. repandre, parsemer, joucher.

STRICKLE, s. racloire, f. STRICT, adj. strict, exact, précis, ponctuel, régulier, positif, exprès, rigide, sévère, ri-

goureux, étroit, serré.

STRICTLY, adv. strictement, exactement, à la rigueur, expressément, étroitement. STRICTNESS, s. exactitude, f. rigueur, f. STRICTURE, s. trait, m. empreinte, f. essai,

m. étincelle, f observation légère. STRIDE, s. enjambée, f. pas alongé.

STRIDE, r. a. & n. enjamber, faire une en-STRIDINGLY, adv. en enjambant. [jambée. STRIDULOUS, adj. qui fait un petit bruit. STRIFE, s. dispute, f. different, m. querelle, f.

STRIFEFUL, adj. querelleur. STRIKE, s. boisseau, m. mesure, f.

STRIKE, v. a. frapper, battre, amener, baisabaisser, abattre, mettre bas, punir, affliger, étonner, affecter, faire impression; to strike the sands, toucher, ecoucher; to strike sail, amener, caler les voiles; to strike the flag, baisser le pavillon; to strike the topmast, amener les mâts du perroquet; to strike corn, couper or racler le ble; to strike a league, faire une ligue; to strike up a bargain, arrêter, conclure un marché; to strike asunder, fendre, faire tomber en pièces; to strike down, abattre; to strike in or into, enfoncer; to strike off or out, effacer, rayer, couper, trancher, separer, retrancher; to strike out, produire en frappant, faire sortir, produire, mettre au jour, effa cer, rayer; to strike up a drum, battre la caisse or le tambour; to strike up, commencer à jouer, jouer.

STRIKE, r. n. frapper, donner un coup, donner contre, heurter, toucher, echouer, cho-quer, sonner; to strike again, se revancher, prendre sa revanche; to strike at, s'attaquer, heurter, porter coup; to strike in with, se joindre avec or à, se conformer, imiter; to strike into, s'élever à, donner dans; to strike out, s'étendre, s'égarer; to strike through, traverser, percer, eclater, se manifester; to strike upon, porter coup

à, censurer, attaquer

STRIKER, s. celui qui frappe, batteur, m. STRIKING, adj. surprenant, étounant.

STRING, adf. surprenam, etomam.
STRING, s. cordon, m. petite corde, f.
STRING, s. fibre, f. filet, m. tenons, m.
STRING, v. a. garnir de cordes, enfler.
STRINGED, adf. à cordes, qui a des cordes.
STRINGENT, adf. fort, qui a de la force.
STRINGY, adj. cordé, fibreux.

STRING, s. une petite bande (de drap ou de STRIP, v. a. deponiller, mettre nu, lever, vo-

ler, piller, ravager, peler. Stripe, v. a. rayer, bigarer, varier.

STRIPE, s. raie, f. barre, f. bande, f un coup. STRIPLING, s. un jeune garçon.

STRIVE, v. n. se debattre, être aux prises,

faire des efforts, s'efforcer, tâcher. STRIVER, s. celui qui débat, qui s'efforce, STRIVINGLY, adv. à l'envi. Iqui tache. STROKE, s. un coup, trait, m. coup de plume

or de pinceau, m. touche, f. STROKE, v. a. caresser, flatter.

STROLL, r. n. troler, rouler, roder. [bulant STROLLER, s. un coureur, un comédien am-

STROLLING, adj. qui rode, ambulant. STRONG, adj. fort, vigoureux, robuste, puis-sant, fortifié, gros, épais, violent, véhément,

plein de suc. STRONGLY, adr. fortement, puissamment. STRONG-WATERS, s. pl. des liqueurs fortes. STROPHE, s. une strophe, une stance.

STROW, v. a. repandre, disperser.

STRUCTURE, s. structure, f. construction, f.

édifice, m. ordre, m. disposition. f. STRUGGLE, v. n. sc débattre, sc démener, tâ-cher, s'agiter, s'efforcer, lutter. STRUGGLE, s. effort, m. dispute,

STRUGGLER, s. celui qui se débat, &c.

STRUMA, s. les ecrouelles, f, pl. STRUMPET, s. une putain, une prostituée

STRUT, v. n. se carrer, se pavaner, s'ensler, STRUT, s. démarche sière et orguilleuse. STUB, s. ua trone, un reste.

STUB, r. a. arracher, extirper, déraciner.

STUBBED, part. odj. arraché, trapu, membru.

STUBBLE, s. éteule, f. chaume. m. STUBBORN, adj. entêté têtu, obstiné.

STUBBORNLY, adv. obstinement, opiniatre-STUBBORNNESS, s. opiniatrete, f.

STUBBY, adj. trapu, membru, gros et petit.

STUCCO, s. stuc, m. platre, m.
STUD, s. borne. f. pieu, m. poteau, m. clou
d'ornement, de garniture, m. un haras.

STUD, v. a. garnir de clous.

STUDENT, s. un étudiant, un écolier. STUDIED, part. adj. étudié, médité, savant. STUDIER, s. un homme qui étudie.

Studieux, adj. studieux, soigneux. STUDIOUSLY, adv. avec étude, avec empresse-STUDIOUSNESS, s. attachement à l'étude, m. STUDY, s. étude, f. cabinet, m. soin, m. STUDY, v. n. & a. étudier, méditer, s'etudier, tacher, faire ses efforts. STUFF, s. un quelque chose en général, ma-

tière, f. drogue, f. matériaux, m. Kitchen-stuff, de la graisse de cuisine. Household-stuff, des meubles, un ameublement.

STUFF, interj. bagatelle!

STUMBLE, s. faux pas, une méprise, un seru-STUMBLER, s. celui qui bronche.

STUMBLING-HORSE, s. cheval qui mollit. STUMBLING-BLOCK, s. pierre d'achoppe-

STUMP, s. tronc (d'arbre), m. moignon (de jambe coupée), m. chicot (de dent.)

STUNNING, s. étourdissement, m.

STUPEFACTION, s. stupidité, f. insensibilité, f. étourdissement, m. engourdissement, m.

STUPIFY, v. a. rendre stupide, engourdir.

Sturon, s. engourdissement, m. stupeur, f. STUPRATE, v. a. violer, ravir.

STYE, s. orgeolet, m. tache dans l'œil, f.

STYLE, v. a. nommer, donner le titre. STYPTICK, adj. astringent, stiptique. SUASIBLE, adj. facile à persuader.

SUAVITY, s. suavite, f. douceur, f. [degree. SUB, (in composition,) signifies a subordinate SUBACID, adj. un peu acide, acidule, aigrelet.

SUBACT, v. a. subjuguer, réduire. Subaction, s. l'action de conquérir.

SUBALMONER, s. un sous aumonier. SUBALTERN, adj. & s. subalterne.

SUB-BRIGADIEB, s. un sous-brigadier.

SUB-DEACON, s. un sous-diacre. SUB-DEAN, s. un sous-doyen.

SUBDELEGATE, adj. & s. subdélégué, substitut, m.

SUBDELEGATE, v. a. subdéléguer. SUBDELEGATION. s. subdélégation, f. Subdititious, adj. substitué, supposé. Subdiversify, v. a. diversifier de nouveau. SUBDIVIDE, v. a. subdiviser.

SUPPLYISION, s. subdivision, f.

STUFF, v. a. farcir, remplir, rembourrer.

STUFFING, s. farce, f. farcissure, f. STUM, s. surmout, m.; v. n. frelater, falsifier. STUMBLE, v. n. & a. broncher, trébucher.

STUMBLING, s. bronchade, f. faux pas

STUN, v. a. étourdir, étonner. STUNT, v. a. rabougrir, empêcher de croître. STUPE, s. étoupe, f. un bain d'herbes médi-STUPE, v. a. fomenter. [cinales.

STUPEFACTIVE, adj. qui stupéfie. STUPENDOUS, adj. prodigieux, étonnant. STUPID, adj. stupidc, hébété, grossier. STUPIDITY, s. stupidité, f. bêtise, f.

STUPIDLY, adv. stupidement, bêtement.

STUPRATION, s. rapt, m. viol, m. STURDILY, adv. brusquement, durement.

STURDINESS, s. brusquerie, f. insolence, f. STURDY, adj. brusque, brutal, opiniâtre, robuste, fort, vigoureux.

STURGEON, s. esturgeon, m.
STURK, s. un jeune boeuf, une génisse.
STUT, STUTTER, v. n. bégayer, bredouiller.
STUTTERER, s. bégue, m. & f. bredouilleur, STUTTERING, s. begayement, m. [m. STY, s. etable à cochons, f. lieu de débauche.

STYGIAN, adj. infernal.
STYLE, s. style, m. titre, m. manière, f.

SUASION, s. persuasion, f. instigation, f. SUASIVE, SUASORY, adj. persuasif.

SUBALTERNATE, adj. alterno, alternatif.

SUBDOLOUS, adj. trompeur, fourbe.

SUBDUCE, SUBDUCT, v. a. distraire, détour-SUBDUCTION, s. vol, m. soustraction, f. Iner. SUBDUE, v. a. subjuguer, réduire, dompter. SUBDUER, s. conquerant, m. ce qui dompte. SUBDUPLE, SUBDUPLICATE, adj. sous-double. SUBHASTATION, s. subhastation, f. encan, m.

SUBITANEOUS, adj. subit, soudain, prompt. SUBJACENT, adj. situé sous or au pied. Subject, v. a. soumettre, assujettir, obliger. Subject, adj. sujet, astreint, oblige, exposé.

SUBJECT, s. sujet, m. substance, SUBJECTION, s. sujetion, f. dépendance, f. SUBJECTIVE, adj. qui a rapport au sujet,

Subjoin, v. a. ajouter, joindre à. SUBJUGATE, v. a. subjuguer, conquerir.
SUBJUGATE, v. a. subjuguer, conquerir.
SUBJUNCTION, s. subjonction, f. [quete, f.
SUBJUNCTIVE, adj. subjonctif.
SUBJUNCTIVE, adj. fait appres la chute d'Adam.

SUBLATION, s. l'action d'enlever.

Sublevation, s. l'action d'élever SUBLIMABLE, adj. capable de sublimation. SUBLIMABLENESS, s. qualité d'être capable

de sublimation. SUBLIMATE, s. sublime, m.

Sublimate, v. a. sublimer, exalter, elever. Sublimation, s. sublimation, f. élévation, f.

Sublimatory, s. sublimatoire, m. Sublime, adj. haut, élevé, sublime. Sublime, s. le sublime, le stile sublime.

SUBLIME, v. a. sublimer, élever, raffiner, spiritualiser. SUBLIMELY, adv. sublimement.

SUBLIMITY, s. sublimité, f. élévation, f.
SUBLUMAR, SUBLUMARY, adj. sublunaire.
SUEMARINE, adj. qui est or qui agit sous la
SUBMERGE, v. a. submerger, noyer. [mer.

SUBMERSION, s. submersion, f. SUBMINISTER, v. a. & n. administrer, fournir. SUBMISS, adj. soumis, humble, respectueux.
SUBMISSION, s. soumission, f. déférence, f.
respect, m. obeissance, f.
SUBMISSIVE, adj. soumis, obeissant.

SUBMISSIVELY, adr. avec soumission. SUBMISSIVENESS, s. humilité, f. soumission, SUBMISSLY, adv. avec soumission. SUBMIT, v. a. soumettre, assujettir, referer.

s'en rapporter à ; v. n. se soumettre, fléchir, plier, se conformer à, passer par. SUBORDINACY, SUBORDINANCY, s. subordi-

nation, f. dépendance, f. SUBORDINATE, adj. subordonné, inférieur en SUBORDINATE, v. a. subordonner.

SUBORDINATELY, adv. subordonnément. SUBORDINATION, s. subordination, f SUBORN, v. a. suborner, séduire, attirer. SUBORNER, s. suborneur, m. subornateur, m.

SUPPENA, s. eitation, f. ajournement, m. Subpena, v. a. citer, ajourner, assigner.

SUB-READER, s. sous-lecteur, m. SUB-RECTOR, s. sous-ministre, m. SUBREPTION, s. subreption, f. SUBREPTITIOUS, adj. subreptice.

SUBREPTITIOUSLY, adr. subrepticement.

SUBROGATE, v. a. subroger. Subscribe, r. a. souscrire, signer, consentir.

SUBSCRIBER, s. souscripteur, m. Subscription, s. souscription, f. seing, m.

SUBSEQUENT, adj. subsequent, suivant SUBSEQUENTLY, adv. ensuite, après. [aider. Subserve, v. a. servir, seconder, favoriser,

SUBSERVIENCE, SUBSERVIENCY, s. service, m. utilité, f. secours, m. concours, m. SUBSERVIENT, adj. subalterne, subordonné.

SUC SUBSIDE, v. n. baisser, aller au fond, depor-t r, s'abaisser; to subside from, s'éloigner. SUBSIDENCE, SUBSIDENCY, s. sediment, m. Subsidiare, adj. subsidiaire, auxiliaire. Subside, m. impôt, m. SUBSIGN, v. a. soussigner, souscrire. SUBSIST, v. n. subsister, exister, vivre. SUBSISTENCE, s. existence, f. subsistance, f. entretien, m. nourriture, f. Subsistent, adj. existant, qui est or existe. SUBSTANCE, s. substance, f. être, m. matière, f. corps, m. réalité, f.
SUBSTANTIAL. adj. réel, existant, substantiel, essentiel, fort, solide, riche. substantiellement, SUBSTANTIALLY, adv. réellement. SUBSTANTIALNESS, SUBSTANTIALITY, s. qualité substantielle, solidité, f. fermeté, f. SUBSTANTIALS, s. pl. l'essentiel, m. la substantiel SUBSTANTIATE, v. a. faire exister. [stance. SUBSTANTIVE, adj. & s. substantif. SUBSTANTIVELY, adv. substantivement. SUBSTITUTE, s. un substitut. SUBSTITUTE, v. a. substituer, subroger. SUBSULTIVE, SUBSULTORY, adj. qui bondit. SUBSULTORILY, adv. en bondissant. SUBTANGENT, s. sous-tangente, f. SUBTENCE, s. sous-tendante, f SUBTERFLUENT, SUBTERFLUOUS, adj. qui coule par dessous. Subterfuge, s. subterfuge, m. défaite, f. SUBTERRANEAN, SUBTERRANEOUS, adj. souterrain. Subtile, adj. subtil, delie, fin, menu, perçant, penetrant, aigu, ruse, adroit. SUBTILELY, adv. subtilement, finement. SUBTILLELI, tate. Statement of adresse, f. subti-SUBTILIATE, v. a. subtiliser. [lité, f. SUBTILIATION, s. raffinement, m. SUBTILIZE, v. a. & n. subtiliser, rarefier, raf-SUBTILIZING, s. subtilisation, f. SUBTILTY, s. subtilité, f. raffinement, m. chi-cane, f. finesse, f. ruse, f. artifice, m. SUBTLE. See Subtile, rusé, fin. SUBTLY, adv. See Subtilely. Subtract, v. a. soustraire, ôter. SUBTRACTION, s. soustraction, SUBURB, s. fauxbourg, m. confin, m. bord, m. SUBURBAN, adj. habitant d'un fauxbourg. Subversion, s. subversion, f. renversement, Subversive, adj. qui tend à la ruine. [m. Subvert, v. a. renverser, detruire, ruiner. Subverter, s celui qui renverse, destruc-SUB-VICAR, s. sous-vicaire, m. [teur, m. SUB-VICARSHIP, s. sous-vicariat, m. Succedaneous, adj. qui succède. Succedaneum, s. substitut. m. Succeed, v. a. & n. succeder, suivre, rèus-SUCCEEDER, s. successeur, m. SIF. Succeeding, adj. suivant, futur. Success, s. succes, m. reussite; f. évènement, m. Successful, adj. heureux, qui a bien réussi. Successfully, adv. heureusement, avec suc-SUCCESSFULNESS, s. réussite, f. Cès. Succession, s. succession, f. suite, f. Successive. adj. successif, consécutif. SuccessiveLY, adv. successivement. Successiveness, s. état de ce qui se suit.

Successon, s. successeur, m.

Succinctly, adv. succinctement, en peu de Succinctness, s. brièveté, f. Succory, s. (a plant) chicorée, f. SUCCOUR, v. a. secourir, aider, assister, SUCCOUR, s. secours, m. aide, f. assistance, f. SUCCOURER, s. aide, m. qui aide. [secours. SUCCOURLESS, adj. destitué de secours, sans Succubus, s. succube, m. Succulency, s. sue, m. substance, f. abondance de suc, f.
Succulent, adj. succulent, substantiel.
Succumb, v. n. succomber, plier, céder. Succussion, s. secousse, f Such, pron. adj. tel, de même, même, le pareil, semblable, si grand or si petit. as, ceux qui, celles qui, ceux que. Suck, v. a. & n. sucer, tirer, aspirer, téter; sucer, epuiser; to suck out and up, sucer, pomper, vider. Suck, s. suction, f. sucement, m. lait, m.
Sucker, s. celui qui suce or qui tête, un tuyau; sucker of a pump, piston, m. soupape
d'une pompe, f.; sucker of a tree, rejeton d'arbre, m.; sucker of a root, caieu, m. SUCKET, s. confitures, f. pl.
SUCKING, s. sucement, m. suction, f. Sucking pig, un cochon de lait. SUCKING-BOTTLE, s. biberon or buberon, m. Suckle, v. a. allaiter, nourrir de son lait. SUCKLING, s. un nourrisson. SUCTION, s. suction, f. sucement, m. SUDATION, s. sueur, J SUDATORY, s. étuve, f. bain chaud. [vu. SUDDEN, adj. soudain, subit, prompt, impré-SUDDEN, s. surprise, f. On a sudden, soudainement, tout-à-coup. SUDDENLY, adv. subitement, soudainement. SUDDENNESS, s. promptitude, f. SUDORIFICK, adj. & s. sudorifique, m. Suporous, adj. suant, tout en eau. Suds, s. ean de savon, f. embarras, m. SUE, v. a. poursuivre en justice, prier, SUET, s. suif, m. graisse, f.
SUETY, adj. de suif, plein de graisse. plier. SUFFER, v. a. & n. souffrir, supporter, tole-rer, permettre, subir, faire, patir. SUFFERABLE, adj. supportable. SUFFERABLY, adv. supportablement. SUFFERANCE, s. souffrance, f. peine, f. pa tience, f. tolérance, f. permission, f. SUFFERER, s. celui qui souffre, qui est léze qui perd, celui qui permet, qui tolere. SUFFERING, s. souffrance, f. peine, f. SUFFICE, v. a. suffire, être suffisant, fournir. Sufficiency, s. suffisance, f. compétence, f. autant qu'il faut, assez. Sufficient, adj. suffisant, capable. Sufficiently, adv. suffisamment, assez. Suffisance, s. abondance, f. exces. m. SUFFOCATE, v. a. suffoquer, etouffer. Suffocation, s. suffocation, f. SUFFOCATIVE, adj. suffocant. SUFFRAGAN, s. suffragant. SUFFRAGATE, v. n. s'accorder, convenir, donner sa voix. SUFFRAGE, s. suffrage, m. voix, f. approba-SUFFUMIGATION, s. suffumigation, f. SUFFUSE, v. n. répandre. [d'humeurs, m. SUFFUSION, s. suffusion, f. épanchement SUGAR, s. sucre, m.; v. a. suerer, adoucir. Sugary, adj. de sucre, sucre. Successiess, adj. malheureux, sans succès. [proposer. Suggest, v. a. suggerer, insinuer, inspirer, SUGGESTER, s. celui qui suggère. Succinct, adj. succinct, court, précis, con-Suggestion, f. instigation, f.

au soleil, brillant.

214 SUICIDE, s. suicide, m. Suing, s. poursuite, f. brigue, f. SUIT, s. assortiment, m. requete, f. instance, f. demande, f. sollicitation, f.; suit at law or in law, instance en justice, f.; suit of clothes, un habillement complet; suit of hangings, une tenture de tapisserie; suit of cards, une couleur de cartes. Suit, v. a. & n. assortir, approprier, convenir, adapter, être convenable or séant, s'accorder, être propre.
SUITABLE, adj. convenable, conforme, sortable, propre, proportionné, d'accord. SUITABLENESS, s. convenance. f. [ment. SUITABLY, adv. convenablement, conformé-SUITER, SUITOR, s. postulant, m. suppliant, m. plaideur, m. un amant, un galant. SUITRESS, s. une suppliante. SULCATED, adj. sillonné. SULLEN, adj. de mauvaise humeur, revêche, obstiné, sombre, triste, chagrin. Sullenly, adv. d'un air chagrin, triste-Sullenness, s humeur chagrine, tristesse, f. Sully, v. a. salir, tacher, souiller, termir, Sully, s. tache, f. souillure, f. [noircir. SULPHUR, s. soufre, m. SULPHUREOUS, SULPHUROUS, adj. de soufre, sulfureux. SULPHURY, adj. soufré, impregné de soufre. SULTAN, s. Sultan, le Grand Seigneur. SULTANA, SULTANESS, s. la Sultane, la Reine Sultane. SULTANIN, s. (coin) un sultanin. SULTRINESS, s. chaleur étouffante. SULTRY, adj. étouffant, brûlant. SUM, s. somme d'argent, f. le tout, le total, abrégé, m. SUM, v. a. compter, nombrer, calculer, supputer; to sum up, récapituler, résumer. Sunach, s. (a shrub) sumach, m. SUMMARILY, adv. sommairement. SUMMARY, adj. sommaire, succinct, court. SUMMARY, s. sommaire, m. abrégé, m. SUMMER, s. l'été, m. sommier, m. SUMMER, v. n. & a. passer l'été. SUMMERHOUSE, s. un pavillon d'été. SUMMERSET, s. soubresaut, m. saut périlleux. SUMMIT, s. sommet, m. haut, m. pointe, f. Summon, v. a. sommer, citer. SUMMONER, s. sergent, m. [monce, f. SUMMONS, s. sommation, f. assignation, f. se-SUMPTER, s. sommier, m. mallier, m. SUMPTION, s. l'action de prendre. SUMPTUARY, adj. somptuaire. SUMPTUOUS, adj. superbe, splendide, grand. SUMPTUOUSLY, adv. somptueusement. SUMPTUOUSNESS, s. somptuosité, f. pompe, Sun, s. le soleil. Sun, v. a. mettre, chauffer or secher au soleil. Sun-BEAM, s. rayon du soleil, m. [soleil. Sun-Beat, adj. echauffe par les rayons du SUNBRIGHT, adj. éclatant, brillant comme un Sunburning, s. le hâle. [soleil. SUNBURNT, adj. Irâlé. SUNDAY, s. le Dimanche. SUNDER, s. deux, m. deux morceaux. SUNDER, v. a. partager, diviser, séparer. SUNDIAL, s. cadran solaire, m.

SUNDRY, adj. divers, plusieurs.

Sunlike, adj. semblable au soleil.

SUNRISE, SUNRISING, s. le lever du soleil, le SUNSET, s. le coucher du soleil, le soleil cou-SUNSITINE, s. la clarté du soleil. Schant. Sunshiny, adj. éclairé par le soleil. SUP, s. une gorgée. Sup, v. n. souper; v. a. donner à souper. Superable, adj. qu'on peut surmonter. Superabound, v. n. & a. surabonder. SUPERABUNDANCE, s. surabondance, f. [flu. SUPERABUNDANT, adj. surabondant, super-SUPERABUNDANTLY, adv. surabondamment. Superadd, v. a. ajouter, augmenter. Superaddition, s. surcroit, m. SUPERANNUATED, part. adj. suranné, vieux. Superannuation, s. état de celui qui est cassé de vieillesse. Superb, adj. superbe, auguste, magnifique. Supercargo, s. écrivain, m. (d'un vaisseau.) SUPERCILIOUS, adj. fier, arrogant, impé-SUPERCILIOUSIN, adv. fièrement. [rieux. Superciliousness, s. hauteur, f. fierte, f SUPEREMINENCE, SUPEREMINENCY, s. prééminence, f. SUPEREMINENT, adj. sur-éminent. SUPEREMINENTLY, adv. éminemment. SUPEREROGATE, v. a. faire plus qu'on n'est obligé. Supererogation, s. surérogation, f. SUPEREROGATORY, adj. surerogatoire. SUPEREXCELLENT, adj. très excellent Superfetation, s. superfétation. Superficial, adj. superficiel, extérieur. SUPERFICIALITY, s. qualité superficielle. SUPERFICIALLY, adv. superficiellement. SUPERFICIALNESS. See Superficiality. Superficies, s. superficie, f. surface, f. Superfine, adj. superfin, très fin. SUPERFLUITY, s. superfluité, f. superflu, m. Superfluous, adj. superflu, excessif, inutile. Superfluously, adv. excessivement. Superfluousness. See Superfluity. Superflux, s. le superflu. SUPERHUMAN, adj. plus qu'humain. SUPERINCUMBENT, adj. qui est sur la surface de quelque chose. [croît. Superinduce, v. a. ajouter, mettre de sur-Superinduction, s. addition. f. surcroît, m. Superinstitution, s. institution double, f. Superintend, r. a. avoir la surintendance. Superintendence, Superint s. surintendance, f. inspection, f. SUPERINTENDENCY, Superintendent, s. & adj. surintendant, m. Superiority, s. supériorité, f. prééminence, Superiour, adj. & s. supérieur. [f. Superlative, adj. & s. superlatif, m. Superlatively, adv. an supreme degre. SUPERLATIVENESS, s. le plus haut degré d'excellence. Superluckation, s. profit, m. SUPERNAL, adj. d'enhaut, céleste. SUPERNALLY, adv. d'enhaut, par enhaut. Supernatant, adj. qui surnage. Supernatation, s. l'action de surnager. SUPERNATURAL, adj. surnaturel.
SUPERNATURALLY, adv. surnaturellement. SUPERNUMERARY, adj. surnuméraire. Superproportion, surplus de proportion, Superpurgation, s. purgation outree. [m. SUPERSCRIBE, v. a. écrire au haut. SUN-FLOWER, s. tourne-sol, m. heliotrope, m. Superscription, s. suscription. SUNLESS, adj. sans soleil, où le soleil ne luit Supersede, v. a. surscoir, invalider. [pas. | Supersedeas, arrêt de surséance, m.

Superseding, Supersession, s. sursé- || Surdity, s. surdité, f. ance, f. SUPERSTITION, s. superstition, f. Superstitious, adj. superstitieux. SUPERSTITIOUSLY, adv. superstiticusement. SUPERSTRUCT, v. a. bâtir or fonder dessus. SUPERSTRUCTURE, s. édifice, m. SUPERVENE, v. n. survenir, surprendre. SUPERVENIENT, adj. ajouté.

SUPERVENTION, s. arrivée, imprévue.

SUPERVISE, v. a. surveiller, revoir, examiner. Supervisor, s. directeur, m. inspecteur, m. SUPERVIVE, v. n. survivre.

Supination, s. posture de celui qui est couché sur le dos, f. Supine, adj. couché le visage en dessus or

vers le ciel ; négligent, paresseux.

Supine, s. un supin.

SUPINELY, adr. le face vers le ciel ; lachement, negligemment.

SUPINENESS, SUPINITY, s. indolence, f. SUPPER, s. souper or soupé, m. Supper-time, le temps du soupé.

SUPPERLESS, adj. sans souper. SUPPLANT, r. a. supplanter, débusquer. SUPPLANTER, s. supplantateur, m Supple, adj. souple, flexible, maniable. Supplie, v. a. rendre souple, assouplir. Supplement, s. supplement, m. Supplementary, adj.

suppléant.

SUPPLENESS, s. souplesse, f. flexibilité, f. SUPPLIANT, s. & adj. suppliant, soumis. SUPPLICANT, s. un suppliant, une suppliante. Supplicate, v. a. prier, supplier, implorer. Supplication, s. supplique, f. supplication, Supplication, m. renfort, m. [f. SUPPLY, v. a. suppléer, fournir, remplir. SUPPORT, s. support, m. appui, m.

Supporter, v. a. supporter, porter, appuyer, soutenir, maintenir, favoriser, souffrir. SUPPORTABLE, adj. supportable, tolerable. Supporter, s. appui, m. soutien, m.: Sup-

porters, atlantes, m. pl. supports, m. Supposable, adj. qui est a supposer. Supposal, s. supposition. f. [penser. Suppose, v. a. supposer, imaginer, croire, Suprosen, s. celui qui suppose. Supposition, s. position, f. hypothèse, f. Suprosititious, adj. suppose, faux, falsifié. Suppositively, adv. en supposant. Suppository, s. un suppositoire. Suppress, v. a. supprimer, reprimer, étouf-

fer, appaiser, faire, retenir, casser. SUPPRESSION, s. suppression, f. extinction, f. Suppression, s. celui qui supprime, qui tait. Suprurate, v. a. & n. faire suppurer.

SUPPURATION, s. suppuration, f SUPPURATIVE, adj. suppuratif.

Supputation, s. supputation, f. compte, m.

Surrute, v. a. supputer, compter, calculer. Supporting, s. supputation, f. calcul, m. Suppermacy, s. suprematic, f. superiorité, f. Supperme.

SUPREMELY, adv. au suprême dégré. [picd. SURBATE, v. a. solbattre, fouler, blesser au SURCEASE, s. cessation, f. [charger. SURCHARGE, s. surcharge, f.; r. a. sur-SURCINGLE, s. ceinture, f. surfaix, m. SURCLE, s. rejeton, m.

SURD, adi. sour', qui n'entend pas ; qui ne

résonne pas

[solide. SURE, adj. sûr, certain, assuré, vrai, SURE, adv. assurément, certainement. SURELY, adv. assurément, certainement, sans

doute, sûrement.

SURENESS, s. assurance, f. certitude, f. sure-SURETISHIP, s. cautionnement, m. [té, f. SURETY, s. sûreté, f. assurance, f. certitude, f. caution, f. répondant, m.

SURFACE, s. surface, f. superficie, f. SURFEIT, v. a. & n. souler, rassasier. SURFEIT, s. crapule, f. indigestion, f. SURFEITER, s. on crapuleux, un gourmand.

Suffeiting, s. crapule, f. SURFEITING, adj. qui cause la satiété or le SURGE, s. la mer en courroux, f. lame, f. SURGE, v. n. s'enfler, faire de grosses vagues.

SURGEON, s. un chirurgien. SURGERY, s. la chirurgie. SURGY, adj. entlé, grossi.

[hauteur. SURLILY, adv. sièrement, arrogamment, avec SURLINESS, s. humeur bourrue, fierte, f.

Surloin, s. surlouge, f.
Surly, adj. sombre, chagrin, bourru, ficr. SURMISE, v. a. soupçonner, s'imaginer. SÜRMISE, s. notion imparfaite, soupçon, m.

Summising, s. pensée, f. soupçon, m. SURMOUNT, v. a. s'elever au dessus.

SURMOUNTABLE, adj. qui peut être surmonté. SURNAME, s. surnom, m.; v. a. surnommer. Surpass, r. a. surpasser, exceller, excéder. SURPASSING, part. adj. excellent, eminent.

SURPASSINGLY, adv. supérieurement. SURPLICE, s. un surplis.

SURPLUS, SURPLUSAGE, s. surplus, m. SURPRISE, s. surprise, f. étonnement, m. SURPRISE, r. a. surprendre, ctonner.

SURPRISING, part. adj. surprenant, étonnant. SURPRISINGLY, adv. d'une manière surprenante.

SURRENDER, v. a. & n. rendre, se rendre. SURRENDER, s. reddition, f. resignation, f. SURRENDERING, s. reddition, f. SURREPTION, s. subreption, f. surprise, f. SURREPTITIOUS, adj. subreptice, obreptice. SURREPTITIOUSLY, adv. subrepticement. SURROGATE, v. a. subroger, substituer. SURROGATE, s. un substitut, un député. SURROGATING, SURROGATION, s. subroga-

tion, f. SURROUND, r. a. environner, entourer. SURTOUT, s. un surtout.

Survene, r. n. survenir, accroitre. Survey, v.a. avoir la vue sur, regarder, ar-

peuter, mesurer, avoir l'intendance. SURVEY, s. vue, f. perspective, f. arpentage, mesurage d'une terre, m.

SURVEYING, s. arpentage, m.

Surveyor, s. intendant, m. inspecteur, m. voyer, m. architecte, m. arpenteur, m

Surveyorship, s. l'office or la qualité d'in tendant, de voyer, &c. SURVIAL, SURVIVANCE, s. survie, f. survi-SURVIVE, v. a. & n. survivre.

SURVIVER, SURVIVOR, s. survivant, m.

SURVIVORSHIP, s. survivance, Susceptibility, s. susceptibilité, f.

Susceptible, adj. susceptible. [acces, m. Suscitate, r. a. susciter, exciter, clever.

SUSCITATION, s. suscitation, f. Suspect, r. a. & n. soupconner, croire, se Suspect, Suspected, adj. soupconné, sus-

pect

Suspectful, adj. soupçonneux, défiant. SWEARER, s. un jureur, une jureuse. Suspend, r. a. susprendre, surseoir, differer. SWEARING, s. jurement, f. [vail, m. Suspending, s. suspension, f. SWEAT, s. sueur, f. satigue, f. peine, f. tra-SWEAT, v. n. & a. suer, fatiguer, transpirer; Suspense, s. suspens, m. doute, m. incerti-tude, f. suspension, f. interdiction, f. to sweat out, guérir en suant. Suspense, adj. suspendu, irrésolu. SWEATER, s. un homme sujet à suer. Suspension, s. suspension, f. interdiction, f. SWEATING, s. sucur, f.; adj. suant. [eau. SWEATY, adj. suant, tout en sucur, tout en Suspensory, s. suspensoire, m. bandage, m. SWEDE, s. un Suédois. Suspicable, adj. suspect, qui cause du SWEDEN, s. la Suède. [enlever, détruire. soupçon. SWEEP, v. a. balayer; to sweep away, ôter, SWEEP, s. l'action de balayer, un coup de Suspicion, s. soupçon, m. défiance, f. Suspicious, adj. soupconneux, suspect. Suspiciously, adv. avec soupçon balai, mouvement violent, secousse, f. Sweeper, s. balayeur, m. balayeuse, f. Suspiciousness, s. défiance, f. méfiance, f. Suspirations l'action de soupirer, un soupir. SWEEPINGS, s. les balayeures. Suspire, v. n. soupirer, pousser un soupir. SWEEP-NET, s. un épervier, filet de pécheur. SWEEPSTAKE, s. eclui qui gagne tout. SWEEPY, adj. qui traverse avec vitesse. SWEET, adj. doux, m. douce, f. odoriferant, Sustain, v. a. soutenir, appuyer, entretenir, nourrir, aider, secourir, soutfrir, supporter. Sustainable, adj. soutenable. Sustainer, s, celui qui soutient, appui, m. odorant, mélodieux, aisé et coulant, joli, complaisant, agréable, propre. soutien, m. celui qui souffre. Sustenance, s. subsistance, f. entretien, m. SWEET, s. douceur, f. plaisir, m. bien, m. parfirm, m. bonne odeur, mon cher. Sustentation, s. support, m. appui, m. SWEET-SCENTED, adj. parfume. SWEET-SMELLING, adj. odoriferant, qui sent SUSURRATION, s. chuchoterie, f. SUTE, s. sorte, f. espèce, f. See Suit. SUTLER, s. un vivandier. SWEET-BREAD, s. riz de veau, m. SUTTLE-WEIGHT, s. poids net. SWEET-BRIAR, s. églantier odoriférant. SWEET-BROOM, s. bruyère, f. SUTURE, s. suture, f SWAB, s. torchon, m. faubert, m. SWEETEN, v. a. rendre doux, adoucir, allé-SWAB, v. a. essuyer avec un torchon, laver. ger, calmer, appaiser; v. n. s'adoucir. SWEETHEART, s. un amant, une amante. SWABBER, s. mousse de navire, m. SWADDLE, v. a. emmaillotter, battre. SWEETING, s. pomme S. Jean, f. SWEETISH, adj. douceatre, un peu doux. SWADDLINGCLOTH, SWADDLINGCLOUT, s. SWEETLY, adv. doucement, agréablement. maillot, m. Swag, v. a. & n. s'effondrer, s'enfoncer, s'af-SWEETMEAT, s. confitures, f. pl. SWEETNESS, s. douceur, f.
SWEET-WILLOW, s. œillets de poëte, m. pl. faisser, s'abaisser, plier, baisser. SWAG-BELLY, s. grosse pause, un gros ventre. SWAGGER, v. n. faire le fier, se porter haut. SWELL, s. les vagues de la mer, f. pl. SWAGGERER, s. un faux brave. un fanfaron. SWELL, r. n. & a. enfler, s'enfler, grossir, croître; to swell out, pousser dehors SWAGGERING, s. ostentation, f. SWAGGING, SWAGGY, adj. p pendant, SWELLING, s. enflure, f. tumeur, f. bosse, f. SWAIN, s. un paysan, un berger. SWALE, v. a. & n. gâter, se fondre SWELTER, v. n. étouffer de chaleur, brûler. [pend. SWELTRY, adj. etouffant, suffocant SWALLOW, v. a. avaler, gober, englouter, ab-SWERVE, r. n. rôder, s'éloigner, s'écarter. SWIFT, adj. vif, leger, prompt, vite, rapide. SWIFT, s. un martinet, (oiseau) le courant. SWALLOW, s. hirondelle, f. gouffre, m. SWALLOWTAIL, s. queue d'aronde, f. SWIFTLY, adr. vite, promptement. SWAMP, s. marais, m. marecage, m. SWIFTNESS, s. vitesse, f. promptitude, f. SWAMPY, adj. marecageux. Swig, v. n. boire à longs traits. SWAN, s. un cygne. A wild swan, un peli-SWILL, v. a. boire avec avidité, enivrer, laver. SWANSKIN, s. molleton, m. SWILL, s. une lampée, lavure, f. SWAP, adv. vite, à la hâte ; v. a. troquer. SWILLER, s. un ivrogne. SWARD, s. couenne de lard, f. surface, f. pe-Swilling, adj. ivrogne; s. crapule, f. louse, f. SWIM, r. n. nager, flotter, surnager, tourner, SWARM, s. essaim, m. fourmillière, f. avoir des vertiges, passer à la nage. Swim or Swim-RLADDER, s. vessie de pois-SWARM, r. n. fourmiller, abonder. SWART, SWARTH, adj. bazané. SWIMMER, s. un nageur. SWART, v. a. brûler le teint. Swimming, s. nagée, nage, f. vertige, m. By swimming, à la nage or à nage, m. SWARTHILY, adv. avec un teint basané. SWARTHINESS, s. teint basané, halé. SWINE, s. un cochon, un porc, un pourceau. SWARTHISH, adj. un peu basané. [soleil. SWARTHY, adj. basané, halé, noirci par le SWINE-HERD, s. un porcher. SWINELIKE, adr. comme un cochon. SWASH, s. fondrière, f. SWING, v. a. brandir, secouer, agiter; v. n. SWASH, v. a. faire rejaillir; v. n. ferrailler. se brandiller, flotter dans l'air, tourner. SWASHER, s. un ferrailleur, un fanfaron. Swing, s. branle, m. secousse, f. essor, m. saillie, f. liberte, f. cours, m. penchant, m. SWATHE, s. maillot, m. langes d'un enfant, m. escarpolette, f. brandilloire, f. Swinge, v. a. fouetter, étriller, punir. Swinge-buckler, s. fanfaron, m. SWATHE, v. a. emmaillotter. SWATHING-CLOTHES, s. maillot, m. langes, SWATHING-BAND, s. bande de maillot. J SWAY, v. a. avoir en main. porter, dominer, SWING-GATE, s. bascule, f. gouverner, régler, conduire. SWING-WHEEL, s. la roue qui fait aller le SWAY, s. pouvoir, m. empire, m. secousse, f. SWEAL, v. n. se fondre. [firmer, attester. SWEAR, v. n. & a. jurcr, faire serment, afpendule. SWINGER, s. celui qui secoue, qui agite.

SWINGING, s. brandillement, m.

nairement.

Swingle, v. n. se brandiller.

[lin. SWINGLE-STAFF, s. un baton pour battre le SWINISH, adj. de cochon, mal-propre, gros-SWIPE, s, une bascule. Switch, s. une houssine, une gaule.

Switch, v. a. houssiner, battre à coups de

houssine.

SWITZER, s. un Suisse.

SWITZERLAND, s. la Suisse.

SWIVEL, s. un anneau, un porte-mousqueton. Swoon, v. n. s'évanouir, tomber en foiblesse.

Swoon, s. évanouissement, m. syncope, f. Swooning, s. évanouissement, m.

Swoop, v. a. fondre sur, butiner, enlever. Swoop, s. l'action d'un oiseau qui fond sur sa

Sword, s. un épée, un fer. [proie. Sword-Bearer, s. porte épée, m. celui qui

porte l'épée devant un roi.

SWORD-CUTLER, s. un fourbisseur. SWORD-FISH, s. l'empereur, m. SWORD-GRASS, s. glareul, m

Sword-knot, s. nœud d'épée, m.

SWORD-LAW, s. la loi du plus fort. SWORD-MAN, s. un homme d'épée, un guer-

SWORD-PLAYER, s. un gladiateur. SWORN, part. adj. juré, qui a prêté serment.

SYCAMORE, s. sycomore, m. (arbre.) Sycophant, s. un flatteur, un parasite.

SYCOPHANTISE, v. n. faire le métier de parasite.

SYLLABICAL, SYLLABIEK, adj. syllabique, SYLLABLE, s. syllabe. f. de syllabe.

SYLLABUB, s. caillé de lait et de vin, m.

SYLLABUS, s. extrait, m. analyse, f.

SYLLOGISM, s. syllogisme, m. SYLLOGISTICAL, adj. syllogistique.

Syllocistically, adv. en forme de syllo-

gisme. SYLLOGIZE, r. n. argumenter, raisonner en Sylvan, adj. champêtre, des bois. forme. Sylvan, s. sylvain, m. demi-dieu champêtre,

SYMBOL, s. symbole, m. SYMBOLICAL, adj. symbolique, typique. SYMBOLICALLY, adv. d'une manière symbo-

lique, symboliquement.

Symbolization, s. représentation.

Symbolize, v. a. représenter; v. n. ressembler, symboliser.

SYMBOLIZING, s. représentation par sym-

SYMBOLIZING, adj. symbolique.
SYMMETRICAL, adj. symbolique.
SYMMETRIST, s. celui qui observe la sym-

métrie. SYMMETRY, s. symmetrie, f. proportion, f. SYMPATHETICK, adj. sympathique.

SYMPATHETICALLY, adv. avec sympathic.

SYMPATHIZE, v. n. sympathiser, compatir. SYMPATHY, s. sympathie, f.

Symphonious, adj. harmonieux, musical. SYMPHONIST, s. un symphoniste.

Symphony, s. symphonie, f. harmonie, f. concert, m.

SYMPHYSIS, s. symphyse, Symposiack, adj. de table.

SYMPTOM, s. symptôme, m.

SYMPTOMATICAL, SYMPTOMATICK. adj. tôme. symptomatique. SYMPTOMATICALLY, adv. comme un symp-SYNAGOGICAL, adj. qui appartient à une sy-

nagogue. Synagogue, s. synagogue, f. Synalepha, s. synalephe, m. 28

Swingingly, adv. grandement, extraordi- | Synchronical, Synchronous, adj. synchrone.

SYNCHRONISM, s. synchronisme, m.

Syncopate, v. a. faire une syncope; v. n. s'évapouir.

Syncopation, s. (in musick) syncope, f. SYNCOPE, s. syncope, f. élision, f.

Syncopist, s. un feseur de syncopes.

Syndick, s. député, m. chef, m. syndie, m. Syndicate, Syndickship, s. syndicat, m.

SYNDEOME, s. consentement, m.

Synechoche, s. synechoque, f. Synon, s. synode, m. conjonction des astres. SYNODAL, SYNODICK, SYNODICAL, adj. sy-

nodal, synodique, de synode. Synonyma, s. synonymes, m. termes syno

Synonymous, a. synonyme.

SYNONYMY, s. synonymie, f.

SYNOPSIS, s. abregé, m. sommaire, m. SYNTAX, SYNTAXIS, s. syntaxe, f. sistème, m. SYNTHESIS, s. la synthèse.

SYNTHETICK, adj. synthetique. Syphon, s. un syphon, un tube.

Syringe, s. une seringue; r.a. seringuer. Syrtis, s. sirtes, m. pl. fondrière, f. sable mouvant.

System, s. système, m.

Systematical, Systematick, adj. systématique.

Systematically, adv. systématiquement, méthodiquement. Systole, s. systole, f.

TABBY, s. tabis, m.; adj. tacheté.

TABEFACTION, s. dessechement, m.

TABEFY, r. a. devenir maigre, se consumer. TABERNACLE, s. tabernaele, m. tente, f.

TABID, adj. maigre, defait, languissant. TABIDNESS, s. consomption, f. deperissement, m.

TABLATURE, s. tablature, f.

TABLE, s. table, f. tablette, f. tableau, m. TABLE, r. a. neurrir à sa table, faire une table, un catalogue de ; r. n. être en peu-

sion, vivre avec. TABLE-BASKET, s. manne or panier à des-

servir, f. m.TABLE-BEER, s. bière de table, f. petite Тавье-слоти, в. за парре.

TABLE-MAN, s. une dame, un pion. TABLER, s. un pensionnaire.

TABLET, s. une petite table, tablette.

TABLETALK, s. propos de table, m. entretien de table, m.

TABOUR, s. un tambour de basque.

TABOUR, r. n. jouer du tambourin, tambou-TABOURER, s. un tambourineur. [riner TABOURER, TAEOURINE, s. un tambourin.

TABULAR, adj. en forme de table, fait en TABULATE, r. a. reduire en tables. [carrés.

TABULATED, adj. taillé en table.

TACHE, s. crochet, agraffe, f. TACHYGRAPHY, s. tachygraphie, tachéogra-

TACIT, adj. tacite, implicit.

TACITLY, adr. tacitement. [turne, f. TACITURNITY, s. taciturnité, f. humeur taci-

TACK, v. a. attacher, clouer, accoupler. TACK-ABOUT, r. n. virer de bord, tourner.

TACK, s. broquette, f. petit clou. TACK, l'action de virer de bord, revirement

m. A tack-wind, un vent de bouline.

TACKLE and TACKLING, s. armes, f. pl. affaires, f. pl. meubles, f. pl. cordages de navire, m.

TACKLE-ROPES, brayers, m. pl.
TACTICAL, TACTICK, adj. de tactique, de la TACTICKS, s. la tactique. ftactique. TACTILE, adj. tactile, qui peut être touché.

TACTION, s. le tact, le toucher, taction, f. TADPOLE, s. petit crapaud, petite grenouille.

TAFFETY, s. taffetas, m.

TAG, s. fer, m. ferret, m. petit clou.

TAIL, s. queue, f. manche (de divers exten-

TAIL, v. a. tirer par la queue. TAIL-PIECE, s. cul de lampe, m. [siles.)

TAILED, adj. qui a une queue, lié queue à TAILOR, s. un tailleur.

TAINT, v. a. impregner, gâter, corrompre.
TAINT, s. teint, f. souillure, f. tache, f. infection, f. fletrissure, f. conviction, f.

TAINTLESS, adj. incorruptible, pur, entier. TAINTURE, s. souillure, f. tache, j

TAKE, v. a. prendre, recevoir, saisir, emporter; to take a leap, faire un saut; to take a journey, faire un voyage; to take a heave, faire un effort; to take a turn or walk, faire un tour de promenade; to take the field, se mettre en campagne; to take the law of one, faire un proces à quelqu'un; to take a de-nial, un refus; to take an affront, souffir un affront; to take horse, monter a cheval; to take a coach, monter en carosse; to take ship or shipping, s'embarquer; to take flesh, s'incarner ; to take again, reprendre ; to take along with, prendre avec soi, profiter de; to take usunder, séparer, défaire; to take away, prendre, ôter, enlever, emporter; to take care, prendre garde, avoir soin; to take down, descendre, abaisser, dompter, subjuguer; to take from, depouiller, enlever; to take in, prendre, comprendre, comenir, admettre, gagner, seduire, duper, tromper; to take in hand, entreprendre; to take in pieces, défaire, mettre en pièces, démonter; to take in writing, mettre par écrit; to take off, affoiblir, détruire, décréditer, supprimer, ôter, enlever, détourner, retirer, détacher, acheter, copier, tirer une copie; to take on, prendre, revêtir; to take out, faire sortir, tirer; to take to pieces, mettre en pièces, defaire, démonter, prendre en détail, un à un ; to take up, tirer, lever, faire lever, relever, ramasser,comprendre,contenir,prendre, recevoir, déterrer, entreprendre, occuper, ajuster, arrêter, attraper; to take up a stitch, repreudre une maille; to take one up sharply, reprendre quelqu'un durement; to take up a tribute, lever un tribut, une taxe; to take upon trust, prendre à crédit, savoir par our-dire; to take a thing upon one's self, prendre une chose sur soi, s'en charger, y prétendre, se l'attribuer; to take upon one, trancher du grand, s'en faire accroire, prendre sur foi, se faire fort, s'ingérer, se mêler de; to take after one, ressembler,

TAKE, v. n. aller, tendre, prendre, prendre vogue, réussir, avoir du succès, concevoir, devenir enceinte; to take after, imiter, ressembler, prendre pour modèle; to toke away, desservir, ôter, emporter; to take in, se retrancher, vivre d'épargne : to-take on, s'affecter vivement, s'affiger, se chagriner : te take to, s'appriquet, prendre plaisir à, s'adresser, avoir recours à ; to take up, s'arrêter, se corriger, se reformer; to take un with, se contenter.

TAKER, s. un preneur, celui qui prend. TAKING, s. prise, f. action de prendre. sai-sissement, m. embarras, m. crainte, f.

TALBOT, s. un levrier.

TALE, s. conte, m. fable, f. rapport, m.

TALEBEARER, s. un rapporteur.

TALENT, s. talent, m. capacité, f. don natu-TALISMAN, s. talisman, m.

TALISMANICK, adj. talismanique, magique TALISMANIST, s. talismaniste, m.

TALK, v. a. & n. parler, canser, converser, TALK, s. entretien, m. babil, m. discours, m

TALK, s. (a mineral) tale, m.

TALKATIVE, adj. parleur, causeur, babillard. TALKATIVENESS, s. babil, f. caquet, m.

TALKER, s. un parleur, un causeur, an ba-TALKING, s. babil, m. caquet, m. [billard. TALKY, adj. de tele, qui ressemble au tale. TALL, adj. haut, grand.

TALLAGE, s. taxe, f. impet, m. la taille. TALLOW, s. suif, m.; v. a. suiver.

TALLOWCHANDLER, s. un chandelier.

TALLY, s. taille, f.

TALLY, r. a. & n. rapporter, adapter, se rapporter, quadrer.
TALMUD, THALMUD, s. le Talmud.

TALEUDICAL, adj. qui regarde le Talmud. FALEUDIST, s. un Talmudiste. [taille TALEUS, s. hauteur, f. grandeur, f. grande

TALON, s. serre, f. griffe, f.

TAMARIND, s. tamarin, m.

TAMARISK, s. tamaris or tamarise, m. TAMBARINE, s. tambourin, m.

Tambour, s. tambour, m. Tame, adj. apprivoisé, donx, domestique, dompté, abattu, hamilié, soumis.

TAME, v. a. apprivoiser, dompter, adoucir. TAMEABLE, adj. domptable. [soumissio soumission. TAMELY, alr. d'une manière douce, avec

TAMENESS, s. humeur douce, soumission, A. TAMER, s. apprivoiseur, m. vainqueur, m. TAMINY, s. ctamine, f. TAMKIN, s. tampon, m. beurre, f.

TAMPER, v. u. prendre des remèdes, être dans les remèdes, se mêler, pratiquer.

TAN, s. tan, m; v. a. tanner, haler. TANG, s. gout fort, event, m. mauvais gout,

[déboire, m. TANGENT, s. une tangente. TANGIBILITY, s. qualité taetile,

frasser. TARGIBLE, adj. tactile.

TANGLE, v. a. & n. embarrasser, s'embar-TANGLE, s. acoud, m. tresse, f.

TAN-HOUSE, s. tannerie, f. T'AN-PIT, s, fosse à tan, f.

TANK, s. fontaine, f. cuvette, f.

TANKARD, s. un grand pot à converele,

TANNER, s. un tanneur.

TANSY, s. tanaise or tanesie, f. I faire. TANTALISM, s. envie que l'on ne peut satis-TANTALIZE, v. a. faire naître une envie or

un desir que l'on ne veut pas satisfaire. Tantamount, s. l'équivalent, m.

TAP, v. a. toucher or frapper legerement. Tar, s. un coup leger, un tape, un robinct,

une canule. TAPE, s. ruban de fil.

TAPER, s. cierge, m. bougie, f. torche, f. TAPER, TAPERING, wilj. conique, pyramidal

TAPER, v. n. se terminer en pointe. TAPESTRY, s. tapisserie. f. tapis, m. TAPPING, s. ronction, f. paracentèse, f.

TAPSTER, s. celui qui tire la biere dans un [cabaret. TAR. s. goudron, m. ; v. a. goudronner. TARANTULA, s. tarentule, f. l férer. TARDATION, s. l'action d'interrompre, de dif-TARDIGRADOUS, adj. mouvant lentement. TARDILY, adv. lentement, avec lenteur. TARDINESS, s. lenteur, f TARDY, adj. indolent, pesant, inattentif. TARDY, v. a. retarder, empêcher, arrêter. TARE, s. ivroie, f. tare, f. rabais pour la TARGET, TARGE, s. targe, f. [tare, m] TARIFF, s. tarif, m. TARN, s. un marais, un marecage, bourbier m. fondrière, f. ... TARNISH, v. a. & n. ternir, se ternir. TARPAWLING, s. tente goudronnée. TARRAGON, s. serpentine, f. (herbe.) TARRIER, s. sorte de petit chien de chasse. TARRY, v. n. demeurer, rester, s'arrêter, TARSEL, s. espèce de fauçon. [tarder. TARSUS, s. le tarse (du pied.) TART, adj. aigre, vert, piquant; s. une tarte. TARTAN, s. une tartane. TARTAR, s. tartre, m. tartare, m. TARTAREAN, adj. infernal. [de tartre. TARTAREOUS, TARTAROUS, adj. tartareux, TARTLY, adv. aigrement, avec aigreur. TARTNESS, s. aigreur, f. vert, m. acidité, f. TASK, s. tâche, f.; v. a. donner une tâche. TASK-MASTER, s. celui qui donne une tache. Tass, s. tassette, f.
Tasset, s. glaud de soie, m. tassette (d'une cuirasse,) f. glaude (de cravate;) tassel of a coach, mains de carrosse, f.; tasset of a book, un signet or tournefeuille, f.

TASSES, s. pl. cuissards, m. TASTABLE, adj. savoureux. TASTE, v. a. goûter, tâter, essayer; v. n. goûter, avoir quelque goût. Taste, s. goût, m. saveur, f. discernement.
Well tasted, qui a bon goût, doux. TASTEFUL, adj. savoureux, de hâut goût. TASTELLES, adj. sans goût, insipide. TASTELESSNESS, s. insipidité, f. fadeur, f. TASTER, s. celui qui goûte, essai, m. TATTER, s. lambeau, m. baillon, m. guenille, TATTER, v. a. déchirer, mettre en pièces. TATTERED, adj. tout dechiré, en guenilles. TATTERDEMALION, s. un gredin, un gueux. TATTLE, v. n. babiller, causer, jaser. TATTLE, s. babil, m. caquet, m. TATTLER, s. un babillard, un jaseur, cau-TATTOO, s. retraite, f. TAUNT, v. a. & n. reprocher, railler. TAUNT, s. insulte, f. raillerie, f. TAUNTER, s. un railleur, un moqueur. TAUNTING, s. raillerie, f.; adj. raillant. TAUNTINGLY, adv. en raillant, par raillerie. TAURUS, s. le taurus. TAUTOLOGICAL, adj. tautologique.
TAUTOLOGIST, s. un homme qui se répète. TAUTOLOGY, s. tautologie, f. redite, f. TAVERN, s. taverne, f. cabaret à vin. TAVERNER, TAVERNMAN, s. un tavernier. TAW, s. boule de marbre, chique, f. TAW, v. a. tanner, passer au tan. TAWDRINESS, s. parure affectée. TAWDRY, adj. d'un éclat ridicule. TAWER, s. tanneur, m. mégissier, m. TAWNY, adj. tanné, basané, halé. TAX, s. taxe, f. impôt, m. imposition, f. Land tax, impôt territorial.

TAX-GATHERER, s. un collecteur. Tax, r. a. taxer, imposer, aecuser. TAXABLE, adj. sujet à la taxe, imposable. TAXATION, s. taxation, f. taxe, f. TAXER, s. celui qui impose un taxe TEA, s. thé, m. A tea-pot, une théière. TEA-BOARD, s. cabaret, m. TEA-TABLE, s. table à thé TEACH, r. a. enseigner, instruire, montrer. TEACHABLE, adj. docile, susceptible d'instruction. TEACHABLENESS, s docilité, f. TEACHER, s. maître, m. précepteur, m. TEAD, s. torche, f. flambeau, m. TEAL, s. sarcelle, f. (oiseau.) TEAM, s. un attelage; v. a. atteler. TEAR, s. larme, f. pleurs, m. pl. TEAR, v. a. déchirer, arracher. flarmes. TEAR-FALLING, adj. tendre, qui verse des TEARFUL, adj. qui pleure, en larmes. TEARING, s. déchirement, m. déchirure, f. TEASE, v. a. tourmenter, importuner, vexer. Teasel, s. chardon, m. (plante.) TEASER, s. importun, m. tourment, m. TEAT, s. tette, f. teton, m. mamelle, f. TECHINESS, s. mauvaise humeur. TECHNICAL, adj. technique, d'art or science. TECHY, adj. revêche, bourru. TE-DEUM, s. Te-Deum, m. [fatiguant. Tentous, adj. enmyeux, enmyant, long, TEDIOUSLY, adr. d'une manière ennuyeuse. TEDIOUSNESS, s. longueur ennuyeuse, f TEEM, r. a. & n. cufanter, être enceinte.
TEEMFUL, TEEMING, adj. fecond, fertile, abondant, prolifique, plein jusqu'au bord. TEEMLESS, adj. sterile. TEENS, s. puberté, f. les années depuis treize jusqu'à vingt. TEETH, pl. of Tooth. TEETH, v. n. faire des dents. TEGUMENT, s. tégument, m. TEIL-TREE, s. tilleul (arbre,) m. TEINT, s. teinte, f. coup de pinceau, m. Telescore, s. télescope, m. Tell, v. a. dire, declarer, conter, raconter, communiquer, dieter, compter. TELLER, s. un diseur, un conteur. TELLTALE, s. un feseur de rapports. TEMERARIOUS. adj. téméraire Temerity, s. témérité, j TEMPER, v. a. mêler, mélanger, détremper, délayer, tempérer, calmer. TEMPER, s. mélange, m. accord, m. tempérament, m. complexion. f. humeur, f. caractère, m. naturel, m. esprit, m. sangfroid, m. moderation, f. trempe (du fer or de l'acier,) f. TEMPERAMENT, s. tempérament, m. TEMPERANCE, s. temperance, f. TEMPERATE, adj. tempéré, modéré, sobre. TEMPERATELY, adv. moderement. TEMPERATENESS, s. modération, f.
TEMPERATURE, s. température, f.
TEMPEST, s. tempéte, f. orage, m. [pête.
TEMPEST, v. a. troubler, exciter une temTEMPEST-BEATEN, adj. battu par la temfeon pête. TEMPESTIVITY, s. état de ce qui est de sai-TEMPEST-TOST, adj. balloté par la tempête. TEMPESTUOUS, adj. orageux, de tempete. TEMPLAR, s. un étudiant en droit. TEMPLARS, s. pl. templiers, m. pl.
TEMPLE, s. temple, m. église, f. la tempe. TEMPLET, s. poutre, f: solive, f.

TEMPORAL, adj. tempore, seculier, temporal. TEMPORALITY, TEMPORALS, s. temporel. TEMPORALLY, adv. temporellement. TEMPORALTY, s. larques, m. pl. temporel, m. TEMPORARY, adj. temporel, passager. TEMPORIZE, v. n. temporiser, differer. TEMPORIZER, s. temporiseur, m. TEMPORIZING, s. temporisement, m. TEMPT, v. a. tenter, solliciter, donner envie. TEMPTABLE, adj. sujet à la tentation. TEMPTATION, s. tentation, f. TEMPTER, s. tentateur, m. seducteur, m. TEMPTING, adj. tentant, qui tente. TEMULENT, adj. ivre, enivre. Itenable. TEN, adj. dix. TENABLE, adj. tenable, qui peut tenir, sou-TENACIOUS, adj. tenace, visqueux, adherent, attaché, intéressé, avare. TENACIOUSLY, adv. avec ténacité.
TENACIOUSNESS, TENACITY, s. ténacité. f.
TENANCY, s. jouissance d'un bien, f. TENANT, s. tenancier, m. vassal, m. fermier, locataire, m. usufruitier, m. TENANT, v. a tenir à bail, à certaines con-TENANTABLE, adj. logeable. [ditions. TENCH, s. tanche (poisson,) f. TEND, v.a. & n. garder, accompagner, offrir, tendre, aboutir, viscr. contribuer. ENDANCE. See Attendance. [position TENDANCE. See Attendance. [position, f. TENDENCE, TENDENCY, s. tendence, f. dis-TENDER, adj. tendre, delicat, scrupuleux, sensible, foible, susceptible, jaloux. TENDER, s. offre, f. égard, m. allége, f. TENDER, v. a. offrir, présenter, faire cas. TENDER-HEARTED. adj. compatissant. çoir, m. TENDERLING, s. le bois naissant d'un jeune daim, un enfant gâté, favori, m. TENDERLY, adr. tendrement. TENDERNESS, s. tendreté, f. délicatesse, f. tendresse, f. sensibilité, f. TENDINOUS, adj. tendineux. TENDON, s. un tendon. TENDRIL, s. tendron, m. tendre rejeton, m. TENEBROSE, TENEBROUS, adj. tenebreux. TENEBROSITY, s. ténèbres, f. obscurité, f. TENEMENT, s. tenement, m. TENERITY, s. qualité tendre. TENESMUS, s. tenesme, m. TENET, s. dogme, m. assertion, f. opinion, f. TEN-FOLD, adj. dix fois autant. TENNIS, s. paume (sorte de jeu,) f. TENON, s. tenon, m. TENOR, s. état, m. ordre, m. économie, f. la teneur, le contenu, le sens. TENSE, s. (in grammar) temps. TENSE, adj. tendu, roide. [f. roideur. f. TENSENESS, TENSION, TENSURE, s. tension. TENSIBLE, adj. capable de tension. TENT, s. tente, f. pavillon, m. TENT-CLOTH, s. coutil, m. TENT, v. a. mettre une tente à une plaie; v. n. loger sous la tente, camper, loger. TENTATION, s. tentative, f. essai. m.
TENTATIVE, s. essai, m.: adj. qui essaie. TENTED, adj. couvert de tentes. TENTER, s. erochet, m. eroc, m. TENTER, r. 1. & n. accrocher, s'étendre. TENTH. adj. dixième; s. le dixième, la TENTHS, s. lécimes. f. pl. [dixme. TENTHLY, adv. dixièmement, en dixième TENTIGINOUS, adj. Mendu, roide. [lieu. TENUITY, s. ténuité, f. finesse, f. subtilité, f. TENUOUS, adj. fin, subtil, menu, petit.

TENURE, s. tenure, f. redevance, f.

TEPEFACTION, s. action de rendre tiède. TEPID, adj. tiède. TEPIDITY, s. tiédeur, f. TEPOR, s. chaleur benigne. TIERCE, s. le tiers d'un muid, un tiers. TEREBINTH, s. térébenthine, f. TEREBINTHINE, adj. de térébenthine. TEREBRATE, r. a. percer avec un tarière. TEREBRATION, s. térébration, f TERGEMINOUS, adj. triple, trois fois autant-TERGIVERSATION, s. tergiversation, f. TERM, s. terme, m. limite, f. borne, f. expression, f. mot. f. condition, f. TERM, r. a. appeler, nommer. TERMAGANCY, s. vacarme, m. tumulte, m. TERMAGANT, adj. turbulent, bruyant. TERMAGANT, s. une femme bruyante. TERMINATE, v. a. & n. terminer, borner. TERMINATION, s. terminaison, f. fin, m.

TERMINER, s. décret pour our et terminer. TERMLESS, adj. sans bornes. TERMLY, adv. par terme, à chaque terme. TERNARY, adj. par trois, de trois, ternaire. TERNARY, TERNION, s. trois, m. nombre ter-TERRACE, s. terrasse, f. TERRACE, v. a. terrasser, faire des terrasses. TERRAQUEOUS, adj. terrestre. TERRENE, adj. terrestre.
TERREOUS, adj. terreux, de terre. TERRESTRIAL, adj. terrestre. TERRIBLE, adj. terrible, épouvantable. TERRIBLENESS, s. horreur, f. TERRIBLY, adv. terriblement. TERRIER, s. basset, m. arpenteur, m. per-TERRIFICK, adj. terrible, épouvantable. TERRIFY, r. a. epouvanter, effrayer. TERRITORIAL, adj. territorial. TERRITORY, s. territoire, m. TERROUR, s. terreur, f. frayeur, f. effroi, m. TERSE, adj. poli. clair, net, élégant. TERTIAN, s. la fièvre tierce. TERTIATE, r. n. tiercer. TESSELATED, odj. marqueté, diversifié. Test, s. coupelle, f. épreuve, f. touche, f. pierre de touche, f. le test, le serment du Testaceous, adj. testacée. [test. TESTAMENT, s. testament, m.
TESTAMENTARY, adj. testamentaire, TESTATE, adj. qui a testé. TESTATOR, s. testateur, m. TESTATRIX, s. testatrice, f. TESTAR, s. six sous, ciel de lit, fond de lit, m. TESTICLE, s. testicule, m. TESTIFICATION. s. temoignage, m.
TESTIFICATOR, TESTIFIER, s. temoin, m. TESTIFY, r. a. & n. témoigner, attester, cer-TESTILY, adr. avec caprice. TESTIMONIAL, s. certificat, m. attestation, f. preuve, f. TESTIMONIAL, adj. testimonial. TESTIMONY, s. temoignage, m. rapport, m. TESTINESS, s. mauvaise humeur, caprice, f. TESTON. s. teston, m. six sols. [pricieux. TESTY, TETCHY, s. bourru, fantasque, ca-TETE-A-TETE, s. un iète-à-tête. TETHER, s. entraves, f. pl. joug, m. sujetion. TETHER, r. a. entraver, lier. TETRAGONAL, adj. tétragone, carré. TETRARCH, s. tetrarque, m. [grin. TETRICAL, TETRICIOUS, adj. bourru, cha-TETTER, s. une dartre. [manique. TEUTONICK, adj. teutonique, Tudesque, Ger-

TEV., s. chaine de fer, f. matière, f.

TEW, v. c. travailler, battre, raboter. TEXT, s. texte, m. original, m. TEXTILE, adj. textile. TEXT-LETTER, s. lettre grise, f. TEXTUARIST, TEXTUARY, s. textuaire, m. TEXTURE, s. tissure, f. tissu, m. texture, f. THAN, conj. que. THANE, s. un gouverneur, un baron. THANK, v. α. remercier, rendre graces. THANKFUL, adj. reconnoissant. THANKFULLY, adv. avec reconnoissance. THANKFULNESS, s. reconnoissance, f. grati-[tude, f. THANKLESS, adj. ingrat. THANKLESSNESS, s. ingratitude, f. THANKS, s. pl. graces, f. pl. remerciement, THANKSGIVING, s. action de graces, f. THANK-OFFERING, s. sacrifice d'action de grâces, m. THANKWORTHY, adj. digne de remerciement. THAT, pron. adj. & s. ce or cet, cette, celuilà, celle-là, cela, ce qui, ce que or celle qui, celui or celle que, tel or telle qui, que, quoi, lequel, laquelle. That way, par-là, par ce moyen. That is, c'est, c'est-à-dire. In that, par ce que, d'autant Тнат, conj. que, afinque. [chaume. THATCH, s. chaume, m.; r. a. couvrir de THATCHED, part. adj. couvert de chaume. THATCHER, s. un couvreur en chaume. THAW, s. dégel, m.; v. a. & n. dégeler. THAWING, adj. au dégel, de dégel. THE, art. le, la, les. THEATRAL, adj. théâtral. THEATRE, s. théâtre, m. THEATRICAL, adj. scénique, de théâtre. THEATRICALLY, adv. d'une mamere théà-THEE, pron. toi, m. & f. [trale. THEFT, s. larcin, m. vol, m. THEIR, pron. leur, m. & f. leurs, pl. THEIRS, pron. le leur, la leur, les leurs. THEM, pron. les, eux, elles, leur, m. pl. THEME, s. sujet, m. matière, f. thème, m. THEMSELVES, pron. les mêmes, eux mêmes. 'i HEN, adv. dans ce temps-là, après, puis, ensnite, en ce cas, en conséquence. THEN, conj. donc. THENCE, adr. de là, depuis ce temps-là. THENCEFORTH, adr. dès lors, dès ce-temps-THENCEFORWARD, adv. dorenavant. THEOCRACY, s. théocratie, f THEOGRATICAL, adj. théocratique. THEODOLITE, s. theodolite, m. graphomètre, THEOGONY, s. théogonie, f. THEOLOGIAN, s. un théologien. Igie, m. THEOLOGICAL, adj. théologique, de théolo-THEOLOGICALLY, adv. theologiquement. THEOLOGIST, s. un théologien. THEOLOGY, s. théologie, f. THEOREM, s. un théorème.
THEOREMATICAL, THEOREMATICK, adj. THEOREMATICAL, cui consiste en théorèmes. HEORETICAL, THEORETICK, adj. théoré-THEORETICAL, tique, spéculatif. THEORETICALLY, adv. par théorie. THEORIST, s. spéculateur, m.
THEORY, s. théorie, f. spéculation. THERE, adv. là, y, en cela. There is or There are, il y a. THEREABOUT, THEREABOUTS, adr. par-là,

aux environs, environ, en, à ce sujet.

THEREAT, adv. en, à ce sujet.

THEREBY, adv. par-là, pour cela

THEREAFTER, adr. selon, snivant, en consé-

[quence.

THEREFORE, adv. & conj. pour cela, donc, en consequence, c'est pourquoi, aussi. THEREFROM, adv. de cela, en. THEREIN, adv. en cela, y, là-dedans. THEREINTO, adv. en cela, y, là-dedans. THEREOF, adr. dc cela, en. THEREON, adv. là-dessus, y, sur cela. THEREOUT, adv. de-là, en. [y, en. THERETO, THEREUNTO, adv. à cela, à quoi, THEREUPON, adv. là-dessus, sur cela. THEREUNDER, adv. sous cela, là-dessous. THEREWITH, adv. avec cela. THEREWITHAL, adv. de plus, outre cela. THERIACAL, adj. thériacal, médicinal THERMOMETER, s. thermomètre, m. THESE, pron. ces, ceux-ci, celles-ci. THESIS, s. thèse, f. proposition, f. THEURGY, s. théurgie, f. THEY, pron. ils, elles. [ble, Thick, adj. gros, grossier, dense, épais, trou-Тніск, s. épaisseur, f. THICK, adv. pres, en foule, fréquemment. THICKEN, v.a. & n. épaissir, s'épaissir. THICKENING, s. épaississement, m. THICKET, s. touffe, f. hallier, m.
THICK-LIPPED, adj. qui a de grosses lèvres.
THICKLY, adv. épais, dru, en foule, foule. THICKNESS, s. épaisseur, f. densité, f. THICKSCULLED, adj. lourd, qui a la THICKSET, adj. épais planté, dru. [dure. THICKSKIN, s. un homme épais et grossier. THIEF, s. un voleur, un larron, un fripon. THIEF-CATCHER, THIEF-TAKER, s. un ar-THIEVE, v. n. voler, dérober. THIEVERY, s. l'action de voler, larcin, m. vol, THIEVING, s. larcin, m. action de voler. THIEVISH, adj. adonné au vol, voleur. THIEVISHLY, adv. en voleur, en larron. THIEVISHNESS, s. penchant à voler, m. THIGH, s. la cuisse. THILL, s. limon or timon, m. THILL-HORSE, s. limonier, m. timonier. THIMBLE, s. un de à coudre. THIN, adj. clair, rare, délié, subtil, mince, petit, léger, chétif, clairsemé. THIN, s. la partie la plus mince. subtil, menu, [attenuer. THIN, adv. clair, peu. THIN, v. a. éclaireir, rendre clair, raréfier, THINE, pron. tien, tienne, à toi. THING, s. chose, f. affaire, f. THINK, r. n. & a. penser, raisonner, imaginer, réfléchir, se ressouvenir, se rappeler, avoir en vue, méditer, considérer, observer; juger, être d'avis, croire, estimer, regarder, trouver; to think away, passer en méditaut; to think much, trouver mauvais, faire difficulté, regretter, plaindre, se plaindre. THINKER, s. penseur, m. qui pense. thinker, un esprit fort, un frondeur.
Thinking, s. pensée, f. opinion, f.
Thinking, adj. judicieux, raisonnable. THINLY, adv. clair, peu. THINNESS, s. tenuite, f. petit nombre. THIRD, adj. troisième, tiers. THIRD, s. le tiers, tierce, J. THIRDLY, adv. troisièmement, en troisième THIRL, v. a. percer, forcr. THIRST, s. soif, f. alteration, f. THIRST, v. n. avoir soif, être alteré. THIRSTILY, adv. avidement. THIRSTINESS, s. alteration, f. soif, f. THIRSTY, adj. altere, qui a soif, qui désire THIRTEEN, adj. treize. [ardemment

THIRTEENTH, adj. treizième. THIRTIETH, adj. trentième.
THIRTY, adj. trente. Thirty-all, [at tennis] trentain, m. THIS, pron. ce, cet, cette, celui-ci, celle-ci, THISTLE, s. chardon, m. THISTLE-DOWN, s. coton de chardon, m. Golden-thistle, chardon à corder, m. THISTLY, adj. plein de chardons or d'épines. THITHER, adv. là, y, en. THITHERTO, adv. jusques-là, si loin. THITHERWARD, adv. vers ce lieu-là, de ce côté-là. THOLE, v. a. attendre, s'arrêter quelque Thong, s. courroie, f. sangle, f. Thoracick, adj. thorachique. Thorax, s. le thorax. tenips. THORN, s. èpine, f.
THORN, s. èpine, f.
THORNY, adj. èpineux, fâcheux, difficile.
THORNY, adj. èpineux, facheux, difficile. vers, à travers, par le moyen de. THOROUGH, adj. entier, complet, parfait, ac-THOROUGHFARE, s. un passage. [compli. THOROUGHLY, adv. enticrement. [plet. THOROUGHPACED, adj. parfait, achevé, com-THOROUGHSPED, adj. parfait, complet. THOSE, pron. ces, ceux-là, celles-là. THOU, pron. tu, toi, te. Tнои, v. a. tutoyer, traiter familièrement. Though, conj. quoique, bicn que. Thought, s. pensée, f. idée, f. opinion, f. THOUGHTFUL, adj. pensif, rêveur. THOUGHTFULLY, adr. d'un air pensif et rê-THOUGHTFULNESS, s. méditation profonde, humeur pensive or rêveuse, soin, m. THOUGHTLESS, adj. léger, étourdi, stupide. THOUGHTLESSLY, adv. etourdiment.
THOUGHTLESSNESS, s. etourderie, f.
THOUSAND, adj. & s. mille, mil, uu mille. THOUSANDTH, adj. millième. [assujettir. THRALDOM, THRALL, s. eselavage, m.; v. a. THRASH, v. a. battre, rosser, travailler. THRASHER, s. batteur en grange. THEASHING, s. battage, m. THRASHING-FLOOR, s. aire. f. [faron. THRASONICAL, adj. plein d'ostentation, fan-THRAYE, s. deux douzaines, vingt-quatre.
THREAD, s. fil, m.; v. x! enfiler, passer par.
THREAD=BARE, adj. tout usé, usé, rehattu,
THREADEN, adj. de fil. [trivial. THREADY, adj. plein de fils. THREAT, s. menace, f.; v.a. menacer. THREATENER, s. celui qui menace. THREATENING, s. menaces, f. pl.; adj. menaçant. THREATENINGLY, adv. d'un air menaçant, THREATFUL, adj. menaçant. [en menaçant. THREE, adj. trois. THREE-CORNERED, adj. triangulaire. THREEFOLD, adj. triple, trois fois autant. THREEFOOTED, adj. qui a trois pieds. THREELEAVED, adj. à trois feuilles. THREESCORE, adj. soixante. THRENODY, s. chanson funèbre, f. THRESHOLD, s. le seuil de la porte. THRICE, adv. trois fois. THRIFT, s. profit, m. gain, m. frugalité, f. THRIFTILY, adv. frugalement. THRIFTINESS, s. épargne, f. frugalité, f. THRIFTLESS, adj. prodigue. THRIFTY, adj. frugal, économe, ménager.

THRILL, s. une fraise or frase.

THRILL, v. a. fraiser, forcer, percer, pené-THRIVE, v. n. profiter, prospérer, réussir. THRIVER, s. un homme qui réussit. THRIVING, adj. florissant, prospère. THRIVINGLY, adv. avec succes, henreuse THROAT, s. gorge, f. gosier, m. [ment THROATWORT, s. (un herbe) gantelée, f. THROB, r. n. palpiter, battre. THEOB, s. battement, m. palpitation, f. THROE, s. douleurs de l'enfantement, f. pl. THROE, r. a. faire souffrir de grandes doulenrs. THRONE, s. trône, m.; r. a. élever sur le THRONG, s. foule, f. presse, f. THRONG, v. n. aller en foule, accourir. THROSTLE, s. une grive. THROTTLE, s. la trachée artère; v. a. étrangler, suffoquer. THROUGH, prep. à travers, au travers, par, dans, par le moyen de. Through, adv. de part en part, des deux côtes. partout. THROUGHOUT, prep. & adv. tout au travers, Throw, v. a. jeter; to throw silk, tordre de la soie; to throw away, perdre, dépenser en vain, prodiguer, jeter, rejeter; to throw by, rejeter, mettre de côte; to throw down, terrasser, jeter à terre, renverser; to throw off, chasser, faire sortir, rejeter, se défaire, quitter, renoncer à; to throw out, chasser, pousser, rejeter, exclure, laisser derrière, devaneer; to throw up, jeter en haut, quitter brusquement, vomir, rendre. Throw, s. coup. m. jet, m. [filée.
Thrum, s. bordure de toile, f. grosse laine
Thrum, r. a. raeler, jouer mal, battre. THRUSH, s. un grive. THRUST, v. a. pousser, traîner, presser, ser-rer, imposer, s'ingerer, se mèler; to thrust away, ecarter, éloigner; to thrust back or off, repousser. THRUST, s. coup, m. botte, f. un coup d'épée. THRUSTER, s. celui qui pousse. THRYFALLOW, r. a. donner à la terre un troisième façon. THUMB, s. le pouce. THUMB, r. a. manier gauchement, feuilleter. THUMP, s. un coup de poing.
THUMP, v. a. donner des coups, battre. THUMPER, s. celui qui donne des coups. THUMPING, s. coup de poing ou de baton. THUMPING. adj. gros, battant. THUNDER, s. le tonnerre. THUNDER, v. n. tonner; v. a. fondroyer. THENDERBOLT, s. la foudre. THUNDERCLAP, s. un coup de tonnerre. THUNDERER, s. maître du tonnerre, m. THUNDERING, adj. fondroyant, terrible. THUNDEROUS, adj. qui produit le tonnerre. THUNDER-SHOWER, s. une pluie accompa-

gnée de tonnerre.

sorte, tant, si.

THUNDER-STONE, s. carreau, m.
THUNDERSTRIKE, v. a. frapper de la foudre.

THURIFEROUS, adj. qui produit de l'encens. THURIFICATION, s. encensement, m. THURSDAY, s. le Jeudi.
THUS, adv. aiusi, de cette manière, de la

THWACK, s. un coup; v. a. battre, frapper.

THWART, adj. on travers, de travers.

THWART, r. a. traverser, empêcher.

THWARTING, adj. contrariant, contraire.

THWARTINGLY, adv d'une manière opposée

In time coming, à l'avenir. At any

THY, pron. ton, ta, tes.
THYME, s. thym, m. Wild thyme, serpotet, m. TIARA, s. tiare, f. TICE, r. a. amorcer, attirer, séduire. Tick, s. credit, m. tique, f. tic, m. taie, f. Tick, v. n. prendre à credit. Ticken, Ticking, s. coutil, m. TICKET, s. étiquette, f. un billet. TICKLE, v. a. chatouiller. stant. TICKLE, adj. vacillant, chancelant, incon-TICKLER, s. chatouilleur, m. TICKLING, s. chatouillement, m. flant. Tickling, adj. perçant, pénétrant, chatonil-Ticklish, adj. chatouilleux, sensible. TICKLISHNESS, s. qualité chatouilleuse. TICKTACK, s. tietac, m.
TID, adj. tendre, delicat, friand. Tide, s. tems, m. saison, f. marce, f. tide, s. le reflux, l'èbe, f. le jusant. Ebbtide, vent et marée. TIDE, v. a. conduire à la faveur de la marée; v. n. être entrainé par la marée. TIDEGATE, s. écluse, f. TIDEWAITER, s. douanier, m. Tidley, adv. proprement, facilement. [f. Tidless, s. adresse, f. proprete, f. habileté, Tidles, s. nouvelles, f. pl. TIDY, udj. à propos, de saison, leste, adroit. TIE, v. a. lier, attacher, nouer, arrêter. TIE, s. lien, m. noend, m. attachement, m. TIER, s. une rangée. TIERCE, s. tierce, TIFFANY, s. gaze de soie, f. TIGER, s. tigre, m. Тібнт, adj. serrė, tendu, roide, propre. TIGHTEN, v.a. serrer, lier, attacher. TIGHTER, s. cordon, m. lacet, m. TIGHTLY, adv. ferme, pres, proprement. TIGHTNESS, s. tension, f. roideur, f. TIGRESS, s. une tigresse, f. TIKE, s. un chien, tique, f TILE, s. tuile. f.; v, a. couvrir de tuiles, TILER, s. tuilier, m. TILING, s. le toit. TILL, s. un tiroir, une boite. TILL, prep. jusqu'à, jusques à, TILL, conj. jusqu'à ce que, avant que. TILL, v. a. cultiver, labourer,
TILLABLE, adj, labourable. [ture.f.,
TILLAGE, s. labourage, m. labour, m. cul-TILLER, s. laboureur, m. cultivateur, m. un petit tiroir, un balivéau. Tilling, s. labourage, m. labour, m. culture, TILMAN, s. un laboureur. TILT, s. une banne, joute, f. tournoi, m. un coup d'épée, de lance, & c. TILT-YARD, s. barrière, f. champ-clos, m, TILT, v. a. couvrir d'une banne, baisser, hausser un tonneau, pointer, pousser une lance; r. n. jouter, ferrailler. TILTER, s. jouteur, m. un ferrailleur. TILTH, s. culture, f. labour, m. labourage, m. TILTH, adj. labourable, labouré, cultivé. TIMBER, s. bois de charpente, m. merrain, m. TIMBERSOW, s, un grillon. TIMBER-WORK, s. comble, f. charpente du TIMBER, v. n. nicher, balser. TIMBREL, s. tambour de basque. TIME, s le tems, heure, f. jours, m. pl. occasion f. age, m. loisir, m. saison, f. circonstance, f, terme, m, mesure, f, feis, f.

In time, avec le tems. At the same time, en même tems. At that time, en ce tems-là, alors. At this time, à present, mainte-

time, quelquefois, à volonté. In a day's time, dans l'espace d'un jour. In an hour's time, dans une heure. In the day time, de jour. Mean time, In the mean time, cependant. At no time, jamais. Every time, chaque fois, toutes les fois. TIME, v. a. faire à propos, prendre bien son tems, observer la mesure. TIMEFUL, adj. qui est de saison, à propos. TIMELESS, adj. hors de saison. TIMELY, adj. de saison, à tems, à propos. Timin, adj. timide, craintif, pusillanime. TIMOROUS, adj. timide, craintif, scrupuleux. Timorously, adr. avec crainte. TIMOROUSNESS, 3. timidité, f. TIN, s. étain, m. Tin-iron, fer-blanc. TIN, v. a. étamer, blanchir avec de l'étain. TINCT, r.a. teindre, colorer, donner un goût. Tinct, s. teinte, f. nuance, f.
Tincture, s. teinture, f. couleur, f. connoissance superficielle, habitude, f. TINCTURE, v. a. teindre, impregner, colorer. Tind, r. α. allumer. TINDER, s. meche, f. amorce, f. amadou, m. TINDER-BOX, s. boite où l'on met l'amadou. TINE, s. fourchon, m. la dent d'une herse. TINGE, v. a. teindre, colorer. TINGENT, adj. qui teint, qui colore. TINGLASS, s. bismuth, m. étain de glace, m. TINGLE, v. n. tinter, se faire sentir. TINGLING, s. tintement, m. TINKER, s. un drouineur or chaudronnier. TINKLE, v. a. tinter.
TINMAN, s. taillandier en fer blane, m. TINNER, s. mineur dans les mines d'étain, m. TINSEL, s. brocatelle, f. clinquant, m, TINSEL, v. a. orner de clinquant.
TINT, s. teinture, f, couleur, f. teinte, f.
TIP, s. bout, m. pointe, f. extrémité, f. Tip, v. a. couvrir, garnir le bout, ferrer frapper, jeter, abattre; to tip off, tomber passor le pas, mourir TIPPLE, s. cravate, f. fraise, f. écharpe, f. TIPPLE, s. boisson, f.; v.n. boire avec exes, TIPPLER, s. un buveur, un ivrogne. TIPPLING, s. ivroguerie, f. Tippling house, un cabaret. [d'huissier, TIPSY, adj. ivre, pris de vin. s. sergent, huissier, baguette TIPTOE, s. le bout or la pointe du pied, TIRE, s. range, m. file, f. rangee, f. orne. ment, m. parure, m. atours, m. attivail, m. Tire, v. a. coiffer, orner, parer. Tire, v. a. & n. lasser, fatiguer, importuner, TIRED, part. adj. las, fatigue, ennuye, TIREDNESS, s. lassitude, f. fatigue, f. TIRESOME, adj. fatigant, ennuyeux. TIRESOMENESS, & lassitude, f. fatigue, f.en. TIRE-WOMAN, s. une coiffcuse. TIRING-ROOM, s. le foyer d'an spectaele. Tinwir, s. (a bird) on vanneau, "Tis, contracted for IT is, e'est.
Tissue, s, drap d'or or d'argent, m. Tissue, r, a. tisser, entrelasser, entremêler, Tir, s. haridelle, f, bidet, m. feminelette, f. TIT-BIT, s. morceau friand, friandises, f. pl. TITHE, s. la dime. TITHE, r. a. dimer; r. n. payer la dime, TITHEABLE, adj. sujet à la dime. TITHEE, s. dimeur, m. décimateur, m. TITHING, s. dime, f. dizaine, f. TITHING-MAN, s, dizenier, m,

TITILLATE, v. a. chatouiller. TITILIATION, s. chatouillement, m. TITI.E. s. titre, m. nom de dignité, m. TITLE, v. a. intituler, appeler, nommer. TITLE-PAGE, s. le titre d'un livre. TITTER, v. a. rire modérement, ricaner. TITLE, s. un Iota, un rien, point, m. titre, m. TITTLE-TATTLE. s. caquet, m. babil, m. TITLE-TATTLE, v. n. caqueter, causer, ba-TITUBATION, s. vacillation, f. [biller, jaser. TITULAR, adj. titulaire, honoraire. TITULARY, udj. & s. titulaire, m.
TIVY, s. hate, f. diligence, f.
To, prep. à, à la, au, à des, aux, pour, deo, prep. a, a ia, ia, van, vant, avec, vers, envers, dans, sur, en, iusques, jusqu'à. To-day, aujourd'hui. To-night, night, ce soir. To-morrow, demain. night, night, ce soir. To-morrow, dema To and fro, çà et là, de part et d'autre. Toad, s. un crapaud. TOAD-STONE, s. crapaudine, f. TOAD STOOL, s. potiron, m. Toast, v. a. rôtir, griller, boire à la santé de. Toast, s. rôtie, f. santé. f. une belle. Toaster, s. celui qui rôtit, grille, m. Tobacco, s. tabac, m. A tobacco-bax, une tabatière. TABACCONIST, s. un marchand de tabac. Top, s. poids de 28 livres, m. un buisson. TOFT, s. masure, J Togen, adj. en robe, vêtu d'une robe. TOGETHER, adv. ensemble, à la fois. Toil, s. peine, f. fatigue, f. toile, f. Toil, v. a. & n. travailler, se fatiguer. TOILET, s. toilette, f. table de toile, f.
TOILING, s. peine, f. fatigue, f.
TOILSOME, adj. penible, laborieux, fatigant. l'oilsomeness, s. peine, f. fatigue, f. TOKEN, s. signe, m. marque, f. temoignage, m. indice, m. trace, m. vestige, m. TOLERABLE, adj. supportable, passable. TOLERABLENESS, s, médiocrité, f. [ment. TOLERABLY, adv. passablement, médiocre-TOLERANCE, s. patience, f. tolérance, f. TOLERATE, r, a, tolerer, souffrir, supporter. TOLERATION, s. tolérance, f. permission, f. Toll, s. péage, m, passage, m, droit, m. Toll, v, a. (a bell) sonner une cloche. Toll, v. n. & a. payer or recevoir le péage. Toll-Booth, s. bureau du péage, prison, f. TOLL-GATHERER, s. collecteur de péage, m. Toll-money, s, peage, m. l'argent du péage. TIMB, s. tombeau, m. tombe, f TOMB, v.a. enterrer, mettre dans le tombeau. Tombless, adj. sans sépulture. Tom-Boy, s. un drole, un gueux. Tomtit, s. un mésange, Ton, s, tonneau, m. poids de 2000. Tone, s. ton, m. accent, m. timbre, m. Tong, s, l'ardillon d'une boucle, m. Tongs, s. pl. pincettes, f. pl.

Tongue, s. langue, f. languge, m. ardillon,

Tongue, v. a, & n. babiller, jaser. [m. TONGUELESS, adj. muet, interdit, TONGUE-PAD, s. un grand parleur. TONICAL, TONICK, adj. tonique. TONNAGE, s. tonnage, m. Tonsils, s. pl. amygdales, f. pl. TONSURE, s. tonsure, f. TONY, s, un niais, un benêt, un sot, un stupide. Too, adv. trop, aussi, même. Tool, s. outil, m, instrument, m. TOOTH, s. dent, f. ner, TOOTH, v. a. mettre des dents : r. a. engre-TOOTH-ACH, s, mal de dents,

TOOTH-DRAWER, s. arracheur de dents, m. Toothless, udj. édenté. TOOTH-PICK, s. une curedent, TOOTHSONE, adj. delicat, agréable au goût. Tor, s. le haut, la cime, le sommet, le dessus, la pointe, la croupe, le faite, le comble, le ciel, la surface, sabot, m. Top, used adjectively, premier, principal. Top, v. a. couvrir, s'elever au dessus, devancer, surpasser, étêter (un arbre); moucher (une chandelle); gravir une montagne; r. n. primer, exceller. TOPAL, s. topase, f.
TOPE, v. n. boire beaucoup, pinter. TOPER, s. un buveur, un ivrogne. Toprul, adj. tout plein. TOPGALLANT, s. le perroquet. TOPHET, s. l'enfer, m Topical, adj. topique, local. TOPICK, s. lieu commun, sujet, m. topique, m. Topless, adj. qui n'a point de sommet. Topless, s. le perroquet. Topmast, adj. le plus haut. TOP-SAIL, s. la voile du perroquet. TOPOGRAPHER, s. topographe, m. TOPOGRAPHICAL, adj. topographique. TOPOGRAPHY, s. topographie, f. TOPPLE, r. n. tomber en devant. TOPSY-TURVY, adj. sens dessus-dessous. Tor, une tour, un oic, une éminence. Torcu, s. une torche, un flambeau. TORCH-BEARER, s. porte flambeau. TORMENT, s. tourment, m. supplice, m. TORMENT, v. a. tourmenter, faire souffrir. TORMENTING, adj. qui tourmente, cruel. TORMENTER, s. celui qui tourmente, TORNADO, s. ouragan, m. tourbillon, m. TORPEDO, s. (a fish) torpille, f. TORPID, adj. engourdi. TORPIDNESS, TORPITUDE, s. engourdisse-TORREFACTION, s. torrefaction, f. TORREFY, r. a. torréfier, brûler. TORRENT, s. torrent, m. TORRID, adj. brûlant, torride. TORSEL, s. torse, m. Torsion, s. l'action de tordre. TORTILE, adj. tors, tortillé. TORTOISE, s. trine, f. TORTUOSITY, s. pli, m. sinuosité, f. TORTUOUS, adj. tortueux. TORTURE, s. torture, f. géne, f. question, f. TORTURE, r. a. mettre à la torture. TORTURER, s. bourreau, m. celui qui tonr-TORTURING, s. torture, f. TORVITY, s. sévérilé, f. air sévère, m. TORVOUS, adj. sévère, farouche. TORY, s. un tory ar royaliste. Tosk, v. n. carder de la laine. Toss, r. a. balloter, secouer, agiter, jeter. Toss, s. sécousse, f. agitation, f. berne, f. Tossing, s. sécousse. f. agitation, f. Tosspor, s. un buveur, un ivrogne. Tor, r. a, cotiser, taxer. TOTALITY, s, la totalité, le total, le tout. TOTALLY, adv. totalement, entièrement. TOTTER, r. n. chanceler, vaciller, branler. Tottering, adj. branlant. Torreringly, adv. d'une manière chance-Touch, r. a. & n. toucher, joindre, affec-

ter, mouvoir, concerner, exprimer, gagner, éprouver; to touch at, toucher, (en terme

do mer;) to touch on or upon, toucher,

joindre, parler d'une chose ; to touch on or | upon, mouiller (en terme de mer.)

Toucif, s. attouchement, m. toucher, m. tact, m. touche, f. trait, m. coup de pinceau, m. satire, f, sarcasme, m, teinte, f, teinture, f, connoissance or impression légère, f, attaque or atteinte de maladie, un ressentiment, épreuve, f. essai, m.

TOUCHABLE, adj. qu'on peut toucher or ma-

Touch-Hole, s. la lumière (d'une arme à TOUCHINESS, s. susceptibilité, f. [feu.) Touching, s. attouchement, m. Touching, prep. touchant. concernant. Touching, adj. touchant, pathétique. TOUCH-STONE, s. pierre de touche, f. TOUCH-WOOD, s. bois pourri qui sert d'ama-

Touchy, adj. chatouilleux, sensible. Tough, udj. roide, dur, coriace, rude. Toughen, v. n. devenir dur or coriace.

Toughness, s. dureté, f. roideur, f. ténacite, f.

Tour, s. tour, m. voyage. m. circuit, m. TOURNAMENT, s. tournoi, m. joite, f.
Tourney, v. n. joiter, faire des joites.
Touse or Towse, v. a. tirailler. secouer.
Tow, s. étoupe, f. hansière, f. chaloupe, f. Tow, v. a. touer, remorquer.

TOWAGE, s. touage, m.

TOWARD, adj. docile, facile, enclin, porté. TOWARD, TOWARDS, prep. vers, du côté de,

devers, près, environ, sur, envers.
Toward, Towards, adv. près, à la main.
Towardliness, s. docilité, f. facilité, f.
Towardly, adj. prèt, euclin, docile, facile.
Towardless, s. docilité, f.

Towel, s. serviette, f. essui-main, m. Tower, s. un tour, une citadelle. Tower, v. n. s'élever, prendre l'essor. Towered, Towery, adj. garni de tours. Towing, s. remorque, f. touage, m. toue, f.

Town, s. une ville, une place. Townhouse, s. l'hôtel de ville.

TOWNSHIP, s. le corps de ville, jurisdiction Townsman, s. un bourgeois. [d'une ville. TONNTALK, s. bruit de ville, m. TOXICAL, adj. venimeux, empoisonne.

Toy, s. un bijou, une breloque, un colifichet,

une bagatelle, une babiole. Toy, v. n. badiner, jouer, folatrer. Toyisi, adj. badin, folatre.

Toyishness, s. badinage, m. jeu folâtre, m. TOYMAN, s. un bijoutier, un tabletier.

TOYSHOP, s. une boutique de bijoutier. TOZY, adj. doux, souple. TRACE, s. trace, f. piste, f. voie, f.

THACES, s. traces, f. pl. harnois, m.

TRACE, v. a. suivre à la piste, découvrir, trouver, remonter à la source, tracer.

TRACER, s. celui qui fuit, qui découvre.

TRACER, s. trace, f. piste, f. vestige, m. pl. marque, f. sentier, m.; track of a ship, le sillage d'un vaisseau; track of a coach-

wheel, ornière, f. TRACKLESS, adj. sans traces.

TRACT, s. élendue, f. espace, m. laps, m. contrée, un traité, un discours. TRACTABLE, adj. traitable, doux, docile.

TRACTABLENESS, s. humeur traitable, f. TRACTABLY, adv. d'une manière douce, do-TRACTIBLE, adj. ductile. [cilement. TRADE, s. trafic, m. commerce, m. négoce,

m. métier, m. profession, f. TRADE, v. a. & n. trafiquer, négocier.

TRADER, s. un négociant, un commerçant. TRADESFOLK, s. les artisans, m. pl.

TRADESMAN, s. un boutiquier, un homme de métier, un marchand.

TRADE-WIND, s. vent alizé, vent de saison

TRADING, s. négoce, m. trafic, m. TRADING, adj. conniercant, de négoce.

TRADITION, s. tradition, f. [tionel TRADITIONAL, TRADITIONARY, adj. tradi-TRADITIONALLY, adv. par tradition.

TRADITIVE, adj. transmis d'âge en âge. TRADUCE, r. a. médire de, diffamer, calom.

nier, décrier, propager, produire. TRADUCEMENT. s. medisance, f. calomnie, f.

TRADUCER, s. calomniateur, m.

TRADUCIBLE, adj. que l'on peut tircr.
TRADUCTION, s. dérivation, f. propagation, TRAFFICK, s. commerce, m.

TRAFFICK, v. n. trafiquer, négocier.
TRAFFICKER, s. un marchand, un trafiquant.

TRAGEDIAN, s. un poëte tragique. TRAGEDY, s. tragédie, f. TRAGICAL, TRAGICK, adj. tragique, terrible.

TRAGICALLY, adv. tragiquement. TRAGICALNESS, s. calamité, f. horreur, f.

TRAGICOMEDY, s. tragi-comedie, f.

TRAGICOMICAL, adj. tragicomique. TRAGICOMICALLY, adv. d'une manière tra-

gicomique. TRAJECT, v. a. jeter au travers.

TRAJECT, s. passage d'eau, m. trajet, m. TRAJECTION, s. emission, f. jet, m.

TRAJECTORY, s. trajectoire, trajet d'une co-TRAIL, v. a. & n. trainer. [mète, m.

TRAIL, s. trace, f. piste, f. queue, J. TRAILING, adj. trainant.

TRAIN, v. a. trainer, tirer, après soi, engager, entrainer, attirer; to train up, elever, former, dresser.

TRAIN, s. queue, f. train, m. suite, f. compagnie, f. série, f. enchaînement, m. trainée de poudre, f. amorce, f. TRAINEANDS, s. la milice.

TRAINBEARER, s. caudataire, m.

TRAINER, s. un officier qui exerce les troupes.

TRAIN-01L, s. huile de haleine, f. TRAIPSE, v. n. marcher nonchalamment.

TRAIT, s. trait, m. couche, f. esquisse, f. TRAITOR, s. un traître.

TRAITOROUS, adj. traitre, de traître, perfide. TRAITOROUSLY, adv. en traître, avec perfidie.

TRALATITIOUS, adj. métaphorique, figuré. TRAMMEL, s. tramail, m.; v. a. attraper. TRAMPLE, v. a. & n. fouler aux pieds.

TRANATION, s. l'action de passer à la nage.

TRANCE, s. extase, f. ravissement, m. TRANQUIL, adj. tranquille. paisible.

TRANQUILLITY, s. tranquillité, f. repos. m. TRANSACT, v. a. arranger, expédier, nego-cier, faire, exécuter, terminer; v. n. transiger, traiter, s'accommoder.

TRANSACTION, s. negociation, f. affaire, f. transaction, f. convention, f.

TRANSACTOR, s. celui qui negocie, agent, m. TRANSALPINE, adj. Transalpine, de delà les Alpes.

TRANSANIMATION, s. la métempsycose.
TRANSCEND, v. a. & n. passer, surpasser,
TRANSCENDENCE, TRANSCENDENCY, s. excellence.

TRANSCENDENT, adj. transcendant. TRANSCENDENTLY, adr. parfaitement, par excellence.

226 TRANSCOLATE, v. a. passer, couler. TRANSCRIBE, v. a. transcrire, copier, imiter. TRANSCRIBER, s. un copiste, un scribe. TRANSCRIPT, s. une copie, un double d'un TRANSCRIPTION, s. transcription, f. [écrit. TRANSCUR, v. n. courir çà et là. TRANSCURSION, s. excursion, f. course, f. TRANSFER, s. transport, m. cession, f TRANSFER, v. a. transférer, transporter. TRANSFIGURATION, s. transfiguration, f. TRANSFIGURE, v. a. transfigurer, transfor-TRANSFIX, v. a. transpercer. [mer. TRANSFORM, v. a. & n. transformer, se TRANSFORMATION, s. transformation, f. TRANSFORMER, s. celui qui transforme. TRANSFORMING, s. transformation, f. TRANSFUSE, v. a. & n. transvaser. TRANSFUSION, s. transfusion, f. Spécher. TRANSGRESS, v. a. & n. transgresser, violer, Transgression, s. transgression, f. préva-rication, f. violation, f. péché, m. Transgressive, adj. fautif, coupable. TRANSGRESSOR, s. transgresseur, m. TRANSIENT, adj. transitoire, passager. TRANSIENTLY, adv. en passant, légèrement. TRANSIENTNESS, s. courte durée. TRANSIT, s. passavant, m. passage, m. Transition, s. départ, m. passage, m. TRANSITIVE, adj. qui peut passer, transitif. TRANSITORILY, adv. en passant. TRANSITORY, adj. passager, transitoire. TRANSLATE, v. a. transférer, transporter, tra-TRANSLATING, s. traduction, f. [duire. TRANSLATION, s. translation, f. traduction, f. [duire. TRANSLATOR, s. traducteur, m. TRANSLUCENCY, s. transparence, f.
TRANSLUCENT, TRANSLUCID, adj. transparent.
TRANSMARINE, adj. d'outre-mer. TRANSMARINE, adj. d'outre-mer. [autre. TRANSMIGRANT, adj. qui passe d'un état à un TRANSMIGRATE, v. n. passer d'un lieu or d'un pays dans un autre. TRANSMIGRATION, s. transmigration, f. TRANSMISSION, s. transmission, s. transport, TRANSMISSIVE, adj. transmis. TRANSMIT, v. a. transmettre, faire passer. TRANSMITTAL, s. transport, m. transmis-TRANSMUTABLE, adj. transmutable. TRANSMUTATION, s. transmutation, f. TRANSMUTE, v. a. changer, transmuer. TRANSOM, s. traverse, f. traversin, m. TRANSPARENCY, s. transparence, f. TRANSPIRENT, adj. transparent, diaphane. TRANSPICUOUS, adj. transparent. TRANSPIERCE, v. a. transpercer, pénétrer. TRANSPIRATION, s. transpiration. f. TRANSPIRE, v. a. & n. exhaler, transpirer. TRANSPLACE, v. a. changer un chose de place. TRANSPLANT, v. a. transplanter. TRANSPLANTATION, s. transplantation, f. TRANSPORT, r. a. transporter. TRANSPORT, s. transport, m. un vaisseau de transport, ravissement, m. extase, f. TRANSPORTABLE, adj. que l'on peut trans-Transportation, s. transport, m. [porter. Transporting, s. transport, m.; adj. ra-Transposal, s. transposition, f. [vissant. Transposer, v. a. transposer, déplacer. Transposing, s. transposition, f. TRANSPOSITION, s. transposition, f. deplace-

TRAI SUBSTANTIATE, v. a. transubstantier.

TRANSUBSTANTIATION, s. transubstantia-TRANSUDATION, s. transudation, f. TRANSUDE, v. n. transuder, transpirer, s'ex-TRANSVERSAL, adj. transversal. Thaler. TRANSVERSALLY, adv. transversalement. TRANSVERSE, adj. mis en travers, qui tra-TRANSVERSELY, adr. en travers. TRANTER, s. chasse-marée, m. TRAP, s. trappe, f. piège, m. panneau, m. TRAP, v. a. attraper, surprendre, tromper, parer, orner, décorer, enharnacher. TRAP-DOOR, s. trappe, f. A rat-trap, une ratière. A mouse-trop, une souricière. TRAPE, v. n. courir les rues, battre le pavé. TRAPES, s. une courcuse. TRAPEZIUM, s. trapèze, m. TRAPPINGS, s. harnois, m. ornemens, m. pl. parure, f. TRASH, s. rebut, m. friperic, f. TRASH, v. a. couper, claguer, abattre, hu Trashy, adj. méchant, de pen de valeur. TRAVADO, s. travade, f. TRAVAIL, s. travail, m. peine, f. labour, m. TRAVAIL, r. n. & a. travailler, se fatiguer, être en travail d'enfant, tourmenter. TRAVE, TRAVEL, TRAVISE, s. un travail. TRAVEL, r. a. & n. voyager. TRAVEL, s. voyage, m. TRAVELLER, s. un voyageur. TRAVELLER'S-JOY, s. (a plant) viorne, f. TRAVELLING. s. l'action de voyager. TRAVELLING. adj. passager, de passage. TRAVERSE, adv. & prep. de travers, à travers, au travers de. TRAVERSE, adj. qui est en travers, qui croise. TRAVERSE, s. traverse, f. revers, m. obstacles, m. pl.; traverse of a ship, bordee, f. TRAVERSE, v.a. traverser, croiser, s'opposer. TRAVESTY, adj. travesti TRAUMATICK, adj. vulnéraire. TRAY, s. baquet, m. auge, f. plateau de bois, TREACHEROUS, adj. traître, perfide, de traître. TREACHEROUSLY, adr. en traître. TREACHERY, s. perfidie, f. trahison, f.
TREAGLE, s. thériaque, f. mélasse, f.
TREAD, v. n. marcher, metre or poser le
pied, marcher dessus, fouler aux pieds. TREAD, s. pas, m. allure, f. vestige, m. sentier, m. trace, f. route, f. le germe de l'œuf. TREADER, s. celui qui fonle. TREADLE, s. marche (d'un métier,) f. pédale, f. le sperme du coq. TREADLES, s. pl. les crottes des moutons or des brebis. TREASON, s. crime d'état, m. trahison, f. TREASONABLE, adj. traitre, perfide, de traître. TREASONABLY, adv. en traitre, en trabison. TREASURE, s. trésor, m. [richesses. TREASURE UP, r. a. thesauriser, amasser des TREASUREHOUSE, s. la trésorerie. TREASUREIL, s. trésorier, m. TREASURESHIP, s. la charge de trésorier. TREASURY, s. le trésor, la trésorcrie. TREAT, v. a. traiter, négocier, arranger, discuter, regaler, discourir. TREATABLE, adj. traitable, modéré, raison-TREATABLY, adr. distinctement. TREATISE, s. un traité, un discours. TREATMENT, s. traitement, m. TREATY, s. negociation, f. traité, m. accord, TREELE, adj. triple.

[ment, m.

TREBLE, s. (in musick) le dessus. A faint || treble, fausset, m. TREBLE, v. a. & n. tripler. TREBLENESS, s. triplicité, f. TREBLY, adv. triplement.

TREE, s. un arbre; tree of a cross-bow, la monture d'une arbalète; tree of a saddle, le bois d'une selle.

TREE-IVY, s. le lierre rampant. TREFULL, s. trèfle, (herbe) m. TREILLAGE, s. treillage, m.

TRELLIS, s. treillis, m. jalousie, f. barreaux

de bois, m. pl. TREMBLE, v. n. trembler, frissonner, craindre. TREMBLING, s. tremblement, m. tremousse-

TREMBLING, adj. tremblant. TREMENDOUS, adj. terrible, épouvantable.

TREMOUR, s. tremblement, m. TREMULOUS, adj. tremblant.

TREN, s. harpon, m. dard, m. TRENCH, s. tranchée, f. fosse, m. rigole, f. TRENCHER, s. tranchoir, m. assiette de bois.

TRENCHERFLY, s. un parasite.

TRENCHERMAN, s. un grand mangeur. TRENCHERMATE, s. compagnon de table, m. TREND, v. n. tendre, aboutir, butter, viser.

TRENDLE, s. un pivot. TRENELS, s. grandes chevilles de chêne, f. TREPAN, s. trépan, m. piège, m.

TREPAN, v. a. trépaner, attraper, surprendre. TREPANNER, s. une personne qui attrape adroitement, fin matois, m.

TREPHINE, s. petit trépan.

TREPIDATION, s. tremblement, m. [ser. TRESPASS, v. n. transgresser, violer, outrepas-TRESPASS, s. offense, f. transgression, J TRESPASSER, s. prévaricateur, m. pécheur, TRESSES, s. tresse de cheveux, f.

TRESTLE, s. tréteau, m. trépié, m. TREVET, s. un trépied.

TREY, s. un trois (aux des.)

TRIABLE, adj. qui peut être éprouvé. TRIAD, s. triade, f. trinité, f.

TRIAL, s. épreuve, f. essai, m. examen, m. preuve, f. jugement, m. procès, m. decision, f. sentence judiciaire, affliction, f. tentation, f.

TRIANGLE, s. triangle, m.

TRIANGULAR, adj. triangulaire.
TRIARIANS, TRIARII, s. pl. triaires, m. pl.
TRIBE, s. tribe, f. race, f. classe, f. TRIBLET, TRIBOULET, s. triboulet, m.

TRIBULATION, s. tribulation, f. affliction, f. TRIBUNAL, s. tribunal. [adversité, f. TRIBUNE, s. tribun, m.

TRIBUNITIAL, TRIBUNITIOUS, adj. tribunitien, de tribun.

TRIBUTARY, adj. & s. tributaire, un sujet. TRIBUTE, s. tribut, m. impôt, m. TRICE, s. un moment, un instant.

TRICK, s. supercherie, f. ruse, f. malice, f. niche, f. tour malicioux, manege, m. tour de main, m. une levée, une main de cartes. TRICK, r. a. jouer un tour, attraper, trom-

per, duper, parer, orner, ébaucher. TRICKER, s. détente (d'un fusil,) f. TRICKING, s. fourberie, f. duperie, f. TRICKISH, adj. trompeur, artificieux. TRICKLE, v. n. dégoutter, distiller, couler. TRICKLING, adj. qui dégoutte, qui coule. TRICKSTER, s. un fourbe, un trompeur. TRICKSY, adj. joli, mignon, cher.

TRIFENT s. trident, m.

TRIDUAN, adj. de trois jours. TRIENNIAL, adj. triennal. TRIER, s. celui qui essaye.

TRIFALLOW, v. a. donner la troisième façon.
TRIFALE, s. bagatelle, f. niaiserie, f. sottise,
f. babiole, f. colifichet, m. amusette, f.
TRIFLE, v. n. badiner, s'amuser à des riens.

TRIFLER, s. un badin, un oisif, un sot. TRIFLING, adj. de néant, frivole, vain.

TRIFLINGLY, adv. en badinant.

TRIG, v. a. enrayer une roue, pieter. TRIGAMY, s. trigamie, f. troisième nôces.
TRIGGER, s. enrayure, f. harpon, m. croc, m.
crochet, m. détente (d'un fusil,) f.

TRIGON, s. un triangle.

TRIGONAL, adj. triangulaire. TRIGONOMETRY, s. trigonométrie, f.

TRIGONOMETRICAL, adj. trigonometrique. TRILATERAL, adj. qui a trois côtés.

TRILL, s. fredon, m. cadence, f. roulade, f TRILL, v. a. & n. fredonner, cadencer, degoutter, couler.

TRILLION, s. un trillion.

TRIM, adj. propre, bien mis, beau, joli.

TRIM. s. parure, f. ornement, m. equipage, m. l'assiette, f. l'estive.

TRIM, v. a. parer, orner, ajuster, garnir, arranger, raccommoder, raser, tailler, balancer (un bateau;) border (une voile,) ménager, temporiser.

TRIMLY, adv. proprement.
TRIMMER, s. temporiseur, m. dissimulé, m.
TRIMMERS, s. pl. enchevétrure, f.

TRIMMING, s. garniture, f. assortiment, m.
TRIMMESS, s. propreté, f. justesse, f. agré-

TRINAL, adj. triple, trine.

TRINE, s. trine aspect, m.
TRINE, s. trine aspect, m.
TRINITARIAN, s. Trinitaire.
TRINITARIAN, s. Trinitaire.
[pēcher.
TRINKET, s. colifichet, m. bagatelle, f. babi

ole. f. breloque, f. la voile de perroquet. TRIOBOLAR, adj. bas, vil, méprisable. TRIP, v. a. & n. faire tomber quelqu'un, sup-

planter, faire un faux pas, glisser, chance-ler, se tromper, trutter, sauter. TRIP, s. croc en jambe, m. glissade, f. faux

pas, meprise, f. faute, f. un petit voyage, un tour, un troupeau de chèvres. TRIPARTITE, adj. divisé en trois parties.

TRIPE, s. les tripes, f. pl.
TRIPEDAL, adj. qui a trois piés, à trois piés.

TRIPERY, s. triperie, f.
TRIPETALOUS, adj. dont la seur a trois feuilles.

TRIPHTHONG, s. triplithongue, f. TRIPLE, adj. triple; v. a. tripler.

TRIPLET, s. trois, m. tiercet, m. TRIPLICATION, s. l'action de tripler.

TRIPLICITY, s. triplicité, f.
TRIPMADAM, s. (an herb) tripe-madame, f.

TRIPOLY, s. tripoli, m. turbit, m.
TRIPOS or TRIPOD, s. trépied, m.
TRIPPER, s. celui qui fait tomber, qui glisse.

TRIPPING, adj. vif, agile, prompt.

TRIPPINGLY, adr. vivement, avec agilité.

TRIPUDIARY, adj. qui se fait en dansant. TRIPUDIATION, s. l'action de danser.

TRIREME, s. trirème,

TRI-SECTION, s. trisection, f. TRI-SYLLABICAL, adj. de trois syllabes.

TRI-SYLLABLE, s. trissyllabe, f. TRITE, adj. use, commun, vulgaire.

TRITENESS, s vieillesse. f.

TRITON, s. triton, m. coq de clocher, une gi-TRITURABLE, adj. triturable. [rouette. TRITURATE, v. a. triturer. TRITURATION, s. trituration, f. TRIUMPH, s. triomphe, m. TRIUMPH, v. n. triompher, s'applaudir. TRIUMPHAL, adj. triomphal, de triomphe. TRIUMPHANT, adj. triomphal, triomphant. TRIUMPHANTLY, adv. en triomphe. TRIUMPHER, s. triomphateur, m. TRIUMPHING, s. triomphe, m. rejonissance, TRIUMVIR, s. triumvir, m. TRIUMVIRATE, TRIUMVIRI, s. triumvirat, TRIUNE, adj. un en trois or trois en un. TRIVIAL, adj. trivial, commun, vulgaire, bas. TRIVIALLY, adv. trivialement, vulgairement. TRIVIALNESS, s. trivialité, f. TROAT, v. n. bramer, crier. gien. TROCAR, s. trocar, m. instrument de chirur-TROCHAICAL, adj. composé de trochées. TROCHANTER, s. un trochanter. TROCHEE, s. trochée, m. TROCHINGS, s. trochure, f. bois d'un cerf, m. TROCHISK, TROCHISCH, s. trochisque, m. TRODDEN ROAD, s. chemin battu. TROGLODYTE, s. troglodyte, m. TROLL, v. a. tourner, rouler, roder. TROLL-MADAM, s. trou-madame, m. TROLLOP, s. une salope, un torchon. TROOP, s. troupe, f. compagnie, f. bande, f. TROOP, v. n. s'attrouper, marcher en corps. TROOPER, s. un cavalier. TROPE, s. trope, m. métaphore, f. TROPHIED, adj. orné de trophées. TROPHY, s. trophée, m. [du Idu tropique. TROPICAL, adj. figurė, metaphorique, près TROPICK, s. tropique, m. TROPOLOGICAL, adj tropologique, figuré. TROPOLOGY, s. manière de parler figurée. TROT, s. trot (d'un cheval,) m. Trott, v. n. trotter, aller le trot, courir cà et Trotth, s. foi, f. vérité, f. [là. Trotthless, adj. perfide, de mauvaise foi. TROTHPLIGHT, adj. fiance. TROTTER, s. trotteur, m. pied de mouton, m. TROUBLE, v. a. troubler, inquiéter, affliger, incommoder, importuner, embarrasser, persécuter, facher, rendre trouble. TROUBLE, s. trouble, m. confusion, f. dé-sordre, m. inquiétude, f. peine, f. embar-ras, m. iuconvénient, m. affliction, f. chagrin, m. desastre, m. malheur, m. mal, m. misère, f. soin, m. souci, m. persécution, f. TROUBLER, s. perturbateur, m.
TROUBLESOME, adj. incommode, à charge, importun, génaut, fatigant, fâcheux. TROUBLESOMELY, adv. d'une manière incommode, avec importunité. TROUBLOUS, adj. tumultueux, agité. TROUGH, s. un auge, un baquet, une huche. TROUL, r. a. & n. agiter, parler vite. TROUNCE, v. a. intenter procès, faire des affaires, punir, mal-traiter, attraper. Trousers, s. chausses, f. pl. braies, f. pl. TROUT, s. truite, f. TROWEL, s. une truelle. TROY, TROY-WEIGHT, s. sorte de poids à douze onces la livre. TRUANT, s. un vagabond, un fainéant. TRUANT, adj. paresseux, faineant. TRUCE, s. trève, f. suspension d'armes, f. TRUCHMAN, s. un trucheman, un interprète.

TRUCIDATION, s. tucrie, f. caruage, m.

TRUCK, s. troc, m. echange, m.
TRUCK, v. a. & n. troquer, changer.
TRUCKLE, s. roulette, f. petite roue.
truckle-bed, un lit à roulettes. TRUCKLE, v. n. se soumettre, céder, ramper. TRUCKLING, s. soumission. f.; adj. soumis.
TRUCULENCE, s. férocité, f. brutalité, f.
TRUCULENT, adj. féroce, farouche, barbare. TRUDGE, v. n. se fatiguer, battre le pavé. TRUDGING, s. corvée, f. peine inutile. TRUE, adj. vrai, véritable, certain, sûr, as-suré, naturel. franc, propre, convenable, exact, bon, fidèle. TRUE-BORN, adj. vrai, par droit de naissance. TRUE-BRED, adj. de la véritable race. TRUE-HEARTED, adj. vrai, sincère, honnête. TRUE-HEARTEDNESS, s. bonne foi, sinceri-TRUE-LOVE-KNOT, s. lacs d'amour, m. TRUENESS, s. sincérité, m. franchise, f. TRUFFLE, s. truffe, f. TRUG, s. auge or oiseau de maçon, f. m. TRULL, s. une putain, une prostituée. TRULY, adv. vraiment, sincerement.
TRUMP, s. trompette, f. trompe, f. triomphe,
f. atout, m. (au jeu de cartes.) TRUMP, v. a. couper avec une triomphe; to trump up, inventer, forger, controuver. TRUMPERY, s. friperie, f. rebut, m. TRUMPET, s. une trompette, une trompe. A speaking-trumpet, un porte-voix. TRUMPET, v. a. publier, proclamer. TRUMPETER, s. un trompette, proneur, m. TRUNCATE, v. a. couper, tronquer. TRUNCATION, s. l'action de couper, de tronconner. TRUNCHEON, s. un gros bâton, un tricot. TRUNCHEON, v. a. battre avec un gros bâton. TRUNCHEONEER, s. celui qui est armé d'un TRUNDLE, r. n. rouler. [gros bâton. TRUNDLE, s. lanterne (de moulin.) TRUNDLE-TAIL, s. une queue ronde or arrondie, une courense. TRUNK, s. tronc, m. coffre, m. bahut, m. trompe (d'éléphant,) f. A trunk-maker, un TRUNK-BREECHES, TRUNK-HOSE, s. chausses, f. pl. canons, m. pl. trousses, f. pl. TRUNK, r. a. tronçonner, tronquer, rompre. TRUNNION, s. tourillon, m. TRUSION, s. l'action de pousser. [paille, f. Truss, s. trousse, f. faisceau, m. botte de TRUSION, s. l'action de pousser. Truss, v. a. trousser, empaqueter, nouer. TRUST, r. a. avoir confiance, se fier, se confier à, confier, croire, ajouter foi, faire crédit, compter, espérer, s'attendre. TRUST. s. confiance, f. assurance, f. dépôt, m. fideicommis, m. crédit, m. TRUSTEE, s. confident, m. dépositaire, m. fidéicommissaire, m. consignataire, m. curateur, m. TRUSTEESHIP, s. curatelle, f. [té, f. TRUSTILY, adv. fidellement TRUSTINESS, s. fidélité, f. intégrité, f. probi-TRUSTY, adj. fidelle, sûr, intégre, feal. TRUTH, s. vérité, f. vrai, m. exactitude, f. fidélité, f. justesse, f. In truth, en vérité, sérieusement. TRY, v. a. & n. essayer, faire l'essai, éprouver, mettre à l'épreuve, expérimenter, faire voir, montrer, examiner, tâter, souder, terminer, décider, juger, faire le procès, citer en justice, épurer, purifier, tenter, tâcher.

TUB, s. une cuve, un cuvier, une tinette, une

tine. A bathing-tub, une baignoire. A salting-tub, un saloir. A tale of a tub, un conte bleu, un conte borgne. A tub full, cuvce, f. TUBE, s. tube, m. tuyau, m. siphon, m. TUBERCLE, s. tubercule, m. pustule, f. TUBEROSE, s. une tubéreuse. TUBEROSITY, s. tubérosité, f. bosse, f.tumeur, TUBEROUS, adj. plein de tubercules. TUBULAR, TUBULATED, TUBULOUS, adj. TUBULAR, en forme de tube, creux. Tuck, s. estoc, m. longue épéc, f. un pli, un rempli, une filet. Tuck, r. a. trousser, retrousser, replier. TUCKER, s. un tour de gorge. Tucksels, s. pl. les dents machelières (d'un cheval,) f. pl.

Tuel, s. anus, m. tuyau de fondement, m. TUESDAY, s. Mardi, m. Shrove-Tuesday, le Mardi-Gras.

TUFT, s. une touffe, un toupet. Tuff, adj. velouté, peluché. Tuff, v. a. orner d'une touffe. TUFTAFFETY, s. tripe de velours, f TUFTED, adj. touffu, veloute, huppé. TUFTY, adj. veloute, peluche, huppe. Tug, v. a. & n. tirer, tirailler, travailler. Tug, s. effort, m. peine. f. fatigue, f. Tugger, s. celui qui fait de grands efforts. TUITION, s. soin, m. conduite, f. defense, f. protection,

Tulip, s. tulipe, f.
Tumble, v. n. & a. tomber, s'ébouler, s'écrouler, se rouler, se vautrer, se renverser, sauter, faire des sauts, tourner, retourner, feuilleter, chiffonner, jeter, faire tomber. TUMBLE, s. chute. TUMBLER, s. un sauteur, gobelet sans pied,

TUMBLER-DOG, s. un basset. TUMBREL, s. tombereau, m.

TUMEFACTION, s. enflure, f. Stumeur. TUMEFY, v. a. tuméfier, enfler, causer une TUMID, adj. enflé, ampoulé, boursouflé. Tumour, s. tumeur, f. enflure, f. Tumorous, adj. enflé, boursouflé, ampoulé. TUMULATE, r. n. enfler, s'enfler.

Tumulose, adj. plein de collines. TUMULT, s. tumulte, m. trouble, m. TUMULTUARILY, adv. avec tumulte. TUMULTUARY, adj. tumultueux, confus.

TUMULTUATE, v. n. causer du tumulte. TUMULTUATION, s. mouvement confus. TUMULTUOUS, adj. tumultueux, turbulent.

Tunultuousix, adn. tumultueusement.
Tun, s. tonneau, m. 252 gallons, poids de
2000 livres, 40 pieds cubiques de bois de charpente. Tun, v. a. entonner, mettre dans un tonneau.

Tuna, s. tuna, m. (arbre à cochenille.) TUNABLE, adj. accordant, harmonieux. TUNABLENESS, s. accord, m. harmonie, f. TUNABLY, adv. harmonieusement.

Tune, s. accord, m. ton, m. consonance. f. harmonie, f. mélodie, f. air, m. chanson, f. note. f. pièce de musique.

Tune, v. a. accorder, mettre d'accord; v. n. former des accords.

Tuneful, adj. harmonieux, musical, mélo-TUNELESS, adj. discordant. TUNER, s. celui qui accorde. [dieux.

TUNICK, s. tunique, f. membrane, f. [noir, m. TUNNAGE: s. tonnage, m. [noir, m. Tunnel, s. tuyau (de cheminée,) m. enton-TUNNEL, v. a. rendre à la tonnelle, faire en

forme d'ento noir.

TUNNELLER, s. tonneleur, m. thon, m. Tur, s. bélier; v.a. doguer, couvrir, luter. Turban, Turband, s. turban, m.* Turbid, adj. troublé, épais.

TURBIDNESS, s. bourbe, f. vase, f. TURBITH, s. turbit, m.

TURBOT, s. un turbot.

TURBULENCE, s. tumulte, m. désordre, m. confusion, f.

TURBULENT, adj. remuant, turbulent, seditieux, brouillon.

TURBULENTLY, adr. turbulemment. TURGISM, s. le Mahométisme.

TURD, s. merde, f. matière fécale. ordure, f. TURDY, adj. méchant, mauvais, incivil.

Turf, s. gazon, m. tourbe, f.
Turf, n. a. gazonner, couvrir de gazon.
Turfy, n.dj. plein de gazon or de tourbes.
Turgerr, adj. enfle.
Turgescence, Turgescency, s. enflure, f.

Turgin, adj. enflé, boursouflé, ampoulé.

TURK, s. Ture, m.

Turkey-hen, unc poule d'Inde. Turkey-

pout, un dindon, un dindonneau. Turkish, adj. Turc, Turque, de Turquie, des Turcs.

Turkots, s. une turquoise. TURK's-SHOE, s. babouche, f. TURKSCAP, s. martagon, m.

Inisse. TURM, s. troupe, m. TURMERICK, s. racine bonne contre la jau-TURMOIL, s. trouble, m. tumulte, m.

TURMOIL, v. a. harceler, fatiguer, inquiéter. TURN, s. tour, m. procéde, m. office, m. service, m. trait, m. manière, f. fait. m. af-

faire, f. coup, m. changement, m. occasion, f. fois, f. petite promenade. TURN, v. a. tourner, relourner, changer, f2-

conner; to turn away, renvoyer, chasser; to turn back, renvoyer; to turn off, renvoyer, chasser, résigner, abandonner, détourner; to turn home, renvoyer chez soi; to turn in, remplir, rendoubler; to turn into, changer, transformer; to turn over, renverser, rapporter, remettre, rejeter; to turn out, renvoyer, chasser, démettre, tourner, traduire; to turn up, tourner, retourner, lever, relever, remuer, trousser, retrousser; to turn upside down, tourner sens dessusdessous.

TURN, v. n. tourner, se tourner, s'altérer, être changé, devenir, se faire, rouler sur, dépendre de; to turn about, tourner, se tourner; to turn again, se retourner, se defendre; to turn away, quitter le parti, abandonner; to turn back, s'en retourner, se retirer: to turn down, plier; to turn off, changer de chemin, se detourner; to turn to, retourner, remonter vers; to turn to or into, se tourner, se changer, avoir recours, recourir à, prendre le parti.

TURNAMENT, s. tournois, m. TURNBACK, s. un lâche, un poltron. TURNBENCH, s. tour de tourneur, m. TURNCOAT, s. un apostat, un rénégat.

TURNER, s. un tourneur.

TURNING. s. tour, m. detour, m. sinuosite, f. TURNINGNESS, s. detour, m. tergiversation f. subterfuge, m.

TURNIP, s. un navet. TURN-KEY, s. guichetier, m. TURNPIKE, s. un tourniquet, une barrière. TURNSICK, adj. sujet aux vertiges. TURNSOL, s. tournesol, m. héliotrope, m. TURNSPIT, s. tournebroche, m.
TURNSPIT, s. tournebroche, m.
TURNSTILE. See Turnpike.
TURPENTINE, s. térébenthine, f.
TURPENTINE-TREE, s. le térébinthe. TURPITUDE, s. turpitude, f. bassesse, f. infamie, f. TURREL, s. tirefond de tonnelier, m. TURRET, s. une tourelle, une petite tour. TURTLE, s. tortue de mer, f.
TURTLE, TURTLE-DOVE, s. une tourterelle,
TUSCAN, adj. Toscan. [une tourter.
TUSH, interj. fi! fi done!
TUSK, s. defense, f. TUSKED, TUSKY, adj. qui a des défenses. TUTELAGE, s. minorité, f. tutelle, f. [dien. TUTELAR, TUTELARY, adj. tutélaire, gar-TUTOR, s. précepteur, m. gouverneur, m. TUTOR, v. a. enseigner, instruire, corriger. TUTORAGE, s. emploi de précepteur, m. TUTORESS, s. gouvernante, f. tutrice, f. TUTORSHIP, s. préceptorat, m. TUTTY, s. tutie, fleur de zinc, f. TWAIN, adj. deux, couple. TWANG, v. a. faire rendre un son aigu; faire siffler; v. n. rendre un son aigu. TWANG, s. son aigu, mauvais accent TWATUE, v. n. causer, babiller, caqueter.
TWEAG, TWEAK, v. a. pincer, serrer, tirer.
TWEAK, s. perplexité, f. peine, f.
TWEEDLE, v. a. manier lègèrement. TWEELER, s. pincettes, f. pl.
TWEELER, s. pincettes, f. pl.
TWELFTH, adj. & s. douzieme, m.
TWELFTHDAY, TWELFTHTIDE, s. le jour
des rois, l'Epiphanie. TWELVE, adj. douze. Twelvemonth, s. un an, une année. Twentieth, adj. vingtième; s. vingtième, Turiy, adj. vingt. TWIBIL, s. une hallebarde, pince, f. Twice, adv. deux fois, au double.

'Twice, s. jet, m. rejeton, m. verge, f.

Twicgen, Twicgey, adj. plein de rejetons. TWILIGHT, s. le crépuscule; adj. obscur, sombre. Twin, s. un jumeau, une jumelle. [jumeau. Twin, v. a. & n. faire des jumeaux, être Twingorn, adj. jumeau, jumelle. TWINE, v. a. entortiller, entrelacer, embrasser; v.n. s'entrelacer, serpenter. TWINE, s. du fil retors entrelacs, m. entrelacement, m. entortillement, m. TWINGE, s. point, tourment, m. TWINGE, r. n. causer une douleur vive. TWINKLE, v. n. briller, ctinceler, clignoter, cligner les yeux. TWINKLING, s. un clin d'œil. TWINKLING, adj. brillant, étincelant. TWINNER, s. celui qui met bas deux petits TWIRL, v. a. tourner. [d'une portée. TWIRL, s. tournoiement, m. tour, m. Twist, v. a. entortiller, entrelacer, tisser, tresser, cordonner, tordre, retordre; r. n. s'entortiller, s'entrelacer. Twist, s. cordon, m. corde, f. contorsion, f. TWISTER, s. nn tordeur, un cordier. Twit, v. a. reprocher, faire des reproches. TWITCH, s. tiraillement. m. TWITCH, v. a. tirer, tirailler. fricaner. TWITTER, v. n. faire un bruit interrompu, TWITTLE-TWATTLE, s. babil. m. caquet, m. TWIFTLE-TWATTLE. v. n. eaqueter, eauser. TWIXT See Betwixt.

Two, adj. deux. TWO-EDGED, adj. deux tranchans. Twofold, adj. double, de deux sortes. Twofold, adv. doublement, au double. TWOHANDED, adj. grand, gros, très fort. TYING, s. l'action de lier, d'attacher, &c. TYMBAL, s. timbale, f. TYMPAN, s. tympan, m. [bour, m TYMPANUM, s. le tympan de l'oreille, tam-TYMPANY, s. tympanite, m. TYPE, s. type, m. emblème, m. figure, f. représentation, f. modèle, m. original, m. TYPICAL, TYPICK, adj. typique, embléma-TYPICALLY, adr. dans un sens typique. TYPIFY, r. a. figurer, représenter. TYPOGRAPHER, s. un imprimeur. TYPOGRAPHICAL, adj. typographique, d'imprimeur. TYPOGRAPHY, s. typographie, f. imprimerie, f. représentation emblématique. TYRANNICAL, TYRANNICK, adj. tyrannique. TYRANNICALLY, adv. en tyran, tyrannique-TYRANNICIDE, s. tyrannicide, m. fment. TYRANNISE, v. n. tyranniser, agir en tyran. TYRANNOUS. See Tyrannical. TYRANNY, s. tyrannie, f. oppression, f. ri-TYRANT, s. tyran, m. [gueur, f.

Tyro, s. un novice, un apprenti. UBERTY, s. abondant, fertile. UBERTY, s. abondance, f. fertilité, f. UBICATION, UBIETY, s. rapport local. UBIQUITARY, adj. & s. ubiquisté, ubiqui-UBIQUITY, s. présence universelle. Under, s. tétine, f. Ugelly, adv. vilainement, laidement. UGLINESS, s. laideur, f. difformité, f. UGLY, adj. laid, vilain, difforme, indécent. ULCER, s. ulcère, m. ULCERATE, v. n. ulcérer, canser un ulcère. ULCERATING, ULCERATION, s. ulceration, f. ULCEROUS, adj. ulcere. ULIGINOUS, adj. visqueux, gluant. ULTRAMARINE, adj. dernier. [nier ressort. ULTRAMARINE, adj. d'outremer. ULTRAMARINE, adj. d'outremer. ULTRAMONTANE, adj. ultramontain. ULTRAMUNDANE, adj. d'une autro sphère. ULTRONEOUS, adj. spontané, volontaire. UMBEL, s. le godet des fleurs. UMBER, s. terre d'ombre, f. espèce de cha-UMBERED, adj. couvert, obscur, sombre. UMBILICAL, adj. du nombril, umbilical. UMBLES, s. pl. nombles d'un cerf, f. pl. Umbo, s. le nombril d'un bouclier. UMBRAGE, s. ombrage, m. ombre, f. UMBRAGEOUS, adj. qui donne de l'ombre. UMBREL, UMBRELLA, s. un parasol. UMBROSITY, s. ombre, f. ombrage, m. UMPIRAGE, s. arbitrage, m. compromis, m. UMPIRE, s. arbitre, m.

Un, un est une préposition négative insépa-rable, qui répond à l' in des Latins et des François; si l'on ne trouve pas dans le dénombrement de cet article des mots composés de cette particule, il faut en chercher la signification dans leur simple. UNABASHED, adj. qui n'a pas de honte, sans UNABILITY, s. incapacité, f.

UNABLE, adj. incapable.

UNABLENESS, s. incapacité, f.
UNACCEPTABLE, adj. désagréable, déplai-UNACCEPTED, adj. qui n'est pas reçu, refusé.
UNACCESSIBLE, adj. inaccessible. [sant. | UNACCOMMODATED, adj. indigent, malaisé. UNACCOUNTABLE, adj. inexplicable, dont on ne saurait rendre raison, étrange UNACCOUNTABLENESS, s. singularité, f. UNACCOUNTABLY, adv. étrangement. UNACCURATE, adj. inexact. UNACCURATENESS, s. inexactitude, f. UNACCUSTOMED, adj. que n'est pas accoutu-UNACQUAINTANCE, s. ignorance, f. UNACQUAINTED, adj. ignoré, ignorant. UNACQUAINTEDNESS, s. ignorance, f. UNACTIVE, adj. lent, paresseux, inoccupé. UNADMIRED, adj. dont on fait peu de cas. UNADVISED, adj. imprudent, indiscret. UNADVISEDLY, adv. imprudemment. UNAFFECTED, adj. naif, simple, naturel, aisé, coulant, qui n'est-point ému. UNAFFECTEDLY, adv. sans affectation. UNAFFECTEDNESS, s. simplicité, f. candeur, Unaffecting, adj. qui n'affecte pas, fade. Unalienable, adj. inaliénable. Unallied, adj. sans alliance, sans rapport. UNALLOWABLE, adj. intolérable. UNALLOWED, adj. illicite, défendu. UNALTERABLE, adj. inaltérable, immuable. UNALTERABLENESS, s. immutabilité, f.
UNALTERABLY, adv. immutablement, con-UNAMAZED, adj. intrépide. [stamment. UNAMAZED, aaj. murepide. UNAMAZEDNESS, s. intrépidité, f. bravoure, International de la faction de l UNAMENDABLE, adj. incorrigible. UNAMISSIBLE, adj. inamissible. UNANIMATED, adj. inanimė. UNANIMITY, s. unanimité, f. accord, m. UNANIMOUS, adj. unanime, uni. [cert. UNANIMOUSLY, adv. unanimement, de con-UNANSWERABLE, adj. sans réplique. UNANSWERED, adj. resté sans réplique. UNAPPEASABLE, adj. implacable.
UNAPPEIOABLE, adj. inapplicable.
UNAPPROACHABLE, adj. inaccessible.
UNAPPROVED, adj. désapprouvé. UNAPT, adj. incapable, inhabile. UNAPTLY, adv. maladroitement, sans habile-UNAPTNESS, s. incapacité, f. [té UNARMED, part. adj. désarmé, sans armes. UNARTFUL, adj. sans art, sans artifice. Unassisten, adj. sans secours, sans aide. Unassuren, adj. incertain. Unatonen, adj. qui n'a point été expié. Unattainable, adj. hors de notre porté. UNATTEMPTED, adj. qu'on n'a point tenté. UNATTENDED, adj. sans suite, negligė.
UNATTENTIVE, adj. inattentif, distrait.
UNAVAILABLE, UNAVAILING, adj. vain, inUNAVOIDABLE, adj. inevitable. [utile. UNAVOIDABLY, adv. inévitablement. UNAUTHORIZED, adj. sans autorité. UNAWAKED. adj. tout endormi. UNAWARE, UNAWARES, adv. sans y penser, par mégarde, par inadvertence. UNAWED, adj. sans être intimide. UNBAR, v. a. débarrer, ouvrir. UNABASHED, adj. impudent. [decent. UNBECOMING, adj. malscant, messcant, in-UNBECOMINGNESS, s. indécence, f. Unbegot, Unbegotten, adj. non-engen-Unbelief, s. incrédulité, f. [dré, éternel. Unbeliever, s. un incrédule, un infidèle. UNBELIEVING, adj. infidèle, incrédule. UNDEND, v. n. débander, détendre

UNBENEVOLENT, adj. impitoyable, dur. Unbeseeming, adj. malséant, messéant. Unbeseemingly, adv. indécemment. UNBESEEMINGLY, aar. indecemment.
UNBEWITCH, r. a. desensorceler.
UNBIASSED, adj. sans préjugé, impartial.
UNBIAND, v. a. delier, detacher.
UNBLANABLE, adj. innocent, irréprochable
UNBLEMISHED, adj. sans tache. Unblinded, adj. pur, qui est sans mélange. Unblind, v. a. rendre la vue. Unblown, adj. qui n'est pas encore éclos. Unbodied, adj. incorporel. sans corps. UNBOLT, v. a. ouvrir. UNBOOTED, adj. sans bottes, débotté. Unborder, v. a. déborder. Unborn, adj. qui n'est pas encore ne. UNBOSOM, v. a. ouvrir, confier. Unbought, adj. qu'on n'a point acheté. Unbound, part, adj. délié, détaché. Unbounded, adj. sans bornes, infini. UNBOWEL, v. a. eventrer. UNBRACE, v. a. délier, relâcher, déboucher. UNBREATHING, adj. inanimé. UNBRED, adj. sans éducation, impoli. UNBRIDLE, v. a. débrider UNBRIDLED, part. adj. débridé, effréné. UNBROKEN, adj. entier, indompté. UNBROTHERLY, adj. indigne d'un frère. UNBUCKI.E, v. a. deboucler. Unbung, v. a. débondonner, ôter le bondon. Unburthen, v. a. décharger, soulager. UNBURIED, adj. sans sépulture. UNBURY, v. a. désenterrer. Unbutton, v. a. déboutonner. Uncalcined, adj. qui n'est pas calciné. Uncandid, adj. peu candide, faux. UNCAPABLE, adj. incapable, inhabile. UNCAPABLENESS, s. incapacité, f. UNCASE, v. a. tirer de l'étui, dépouiller. UNCAUTIOUS, adj. inconsidéré, imprudent. UNCERTAIN, adj. incertain, douteux. UNCERTAINLY, adv. d'une manière douteuse. UNCERTAINTY, s. incertitude, f. irrésolution, f. doute, f. Unchain, v. a. déchaîner. UNCHANGEABLE, adj. immuable. UNCHANGEABLENESS, s. immutabilité, f. UNCHANGEABLY, adv. constamment.
UNCHANGING, adj. qui ne change point.
UNCHARITABLE, adj., qui n'est pas charitable, contraire à la charité. Uncharitableness, s. manque de cnarité, Uncharitably, adv. sans charité. [m. Uncharte, adj. incontinent, lascif. Unchartely, adv. impudiquement. salement. Unchastity, s. incontinence, f. impudicité, Uncheerfulness, s. mélancolie, f. [f.

Uncheerfulness, s. mélancolie, f. Uncheweb, adj. sans être mâché. Uncherstian, adj. peu chrétien. Unchristian, adj. peu chrétien. Uncircumcision, adj. incirconcis. Uncircumcision, s. incirconcision, f. Uncircumspect, adj. imprudent, lascif. Uncircumspect, adj. imprudent, lascif. Uncircumspect, adj. imprudent, lascif. Uncivil, adj. incivil, impoli. Uncivilize, adj. qui n'est pas civilisé, bar-Uncivilly, adr. impoliment. [bare. Unclassick, adj. qui n'est pas classique. Uncles, s. oncle, m. Unclean, adj. sale, mal-propre, impur, impudique, obscène.

UNCLEANLINESS, s. saleté, mal-propieté, f.

UNCLEARLY, adv. salement, mal-proprement. | Uncleanness, s. saleté, f. impureté, f. in-Unclose, v. a. ouvrir. [pudicité, f. UNCLOTHE, v. a. dépouiller, ôter les habits. Uncoir, v. a. décoiffer. Uncoloured, adj. qui n'est pas coloré. Uncombed, adj. mal peigné. Uncomeliness, s. laideur, f. difformité, f. Uncomery, adj. de mauvaise grâce. Uncomery, adv. indécemment. UNCOMFORTABLE, adj. facheux, triste, malheureux, désagréable, génant. Uncomfortableness, s. tristesse, f. accablement, m. désagrément, m. misère, f. Uncomfortably, adv. avcc désagrément, misérablement, sans aucun plaisir. Uncommon, adj. peu commun, rare, extraordinaire. Uncommonly, adv. rarement. UNCOMPELLED, adj. volontaire. UNCOMPLETE, adj. incomplet. UNCOMPOUNDED, adj. simple, non-composé. Unconcervable, adj. inconcerable. Unconceiyableness, s. incompréhensibi-Unconcern, s. indifférence, f. négligence, f. Unconcerned, adj. qui n'a aucun intérêt, qui n'est point ému, indifférent. Unconcernedly, adv. indifferemment. Unconcernedness, s. indifférence, f. tranquillité d'âme, f. sang froid, m. NCONCLUDING, UNCONCLUSIVE, adj. qui Unconcluding, ne conclut rien. Unconditional, adj. absolu, sans condition. UNCONFINED, adj. libre, illimité. Unconfirmed, adj. irrésolu, qui n'est pas con-Unconformable, adj. incompatible. Unconfutable, adj. irréfragable. UNCONNECTED, adj. sans liaison. Stable. Unconquerable, adj. invincible, insurmon-Unconscionable, adj. déraisonnable. Unconsidered, adj. qui n'a pas eté considéré. Unconstrained, adj. libre, volontaire. Unconsumable, adj. qui ne peut être consumé. Uncontestable, adj. incontestable.
Uncontestable, adv. incontestablement. Uncontested, adj. non contesté. Uncontrollable, adj. irrésistible. Uncord, v. a. délier, détacher. Uncorrect, adj. incorrect. Uncorrupt, Uncorrupted, adj. pur, sain. UNCOVER, v. a. découvrir. UNCOUPLE, r. a. découpler. UNCOURTEOUS, adj. incivil, impoli. Uncourtliness, s. grossièreté, f. impolitesse, f. UNCOURTLY, adj. impoli, incivil. Uncoutit, adj. etrange, bizarre, singulier. Uncouthly, adv. etrangement. Uncouthliness, s. grossièreté, f. Uncreated, adj. incréé. Uncrown, v. a. ôter la couronne, détrôner. UNCTION, s. onction, f. UNCTUOSITY, s. oncluosité, f. Unctuous, adj. onclueux. UNCULPABILE, adj. innocent. UNCULTIVATED, adj. inculte. UNCUMBERED, adj. débarrassé, déchargé. UNCURBED, adj. effréné. UNCURL, v. a. & n. défriser, se défriser. UNC TOMARY, adj. rare, hors d'usage.

UNGUT, adj. entier, qu'on n'a pas coupé.

UNDAUNTED, adj. intrepide, qui ne craint UNDAUNTEDLY, adv. hardiment. UNDAUNTEDNESS, s. intrepidité. UNDAZZLED, adj. qui n'est point ébloui. UNDECAYING, adj. durable. UNDECAYED, adj. inaltérable, entier. UNDECEIVE, v. a. détromper UNDECIDED, adj. indécis, indéterminé. UNDECISIYE, adj. qui n'est pas décisif. UNDECKED, adj. sans ornement, mal ajuste. UNDECLINABIE, adj. indéclinable. UNDEFENDED, adj. sans defense. UNDEFILED, adj. pur, sans tache Underinable, adj. indéfinissable. Ifini. Undefined, adj. qui n'est pas défini, indé-Undeformed, adj. qui n'est pas défiguré. UNDEFRAYED, adj. qui n'est point défraye. UNDENIABLE, adj. incontestable, évident. UNDENIABLY, ad incontestablement. UNDEPRAVED, aaj. qui n'est pas corrompu. UNDER, prep. sous, dessous, au dessous, par dessous, soumis à, dans, par, au milieu de, moins, à moins, moins de, avec, sauf, de, à. UNDER-ACTION, s. action subordonnée. UNDER-AGE, s. minorité, f UNDER-BEAR, v. a. supporter. UNDER-BID, v. a. mésoffrir, offrir moins. UNDERBIND, v. a. lier par dessous. UNDER-BRAGADIER, s. sous-brigadier, m. UNDER-BUTLER, s. aide de sommelier, m. Under-chamberlain, s. vice chambellan, UNDER-CLERK, s. sous-secrétaire, m. UNDER-COOK, s. aide de cuisine, m. & f. UNDERDO, v. n. agir d'une manière indigne de soi, faire moins qu'il ne faut UNDER-FELLOW, s. un homme de néant. UNDERGIRD, v. a. lier par-dessous. UNDERGIRDLE, s. ceinture de dessous, f. UNDERGO, v. a. souffrir, subir, essuyer UNDERGROUND, adj. souterrain. UNDERHAND, adv. sous-main, clandestine-UNDERHAND, adj. secret, clandestin. UNDERLAY, v. a. redresser. UNDERLAYER, s. une étaye, un étançon. UNDER-LEATHER, s. le cuir de dessous. UNDER-LIEUTENANT, s. sous-lieutenant, m. UNDER-LINE, v. a. souligner. Underling, s. un agent inférieur. UNDER-LIP, s. la lèvre de dessous. Undermink, v. a. miner, sapper, supplanter. Underminer, s. mineur, ememi caché. Undermost, adj. le plus bas. [sous. Undermeath, adv. & prep. dessous, au des-Under-officer, s. officier subalterne, m. Under-Petticoat, s. jupon de dessous, m. Underpin, v. a. étayer, reprendre sous-UNDERPLOT, s. un épisode, complot. Underprize, v. a. priser au dessous de la valeur. UNDERFROP, v. a. étayer, étançonner. Underrate, r. a. dépriser, ravaler UNDER-SECRETARY, s. sous-secrétaire, m. UNDERSELL, v. a. mévendre, vendre à meil-leur marché. NDER-SERVANT, s. un domestique inférieur. UNDERSET, v. a. supporter, mettre dessous. UNDERSETTER, s. soutien, m. appui, m. support, m. UNDER-SHERIFF, s. sous-sheriff, m. Understand, E a. & n. comprendre, con

cevoir.

UNDERSTANDING, s. entendement, m. intel-

ligence, f. esprit, m. intellect, m. savoir, m. habilité, f. capacité, f. connoissance, f. correspondance, f.

UNDERSTANDING, adj. intelligent, éclairé. UNDERSTRAPPER, s. appui, m. soutien, m. UNDERTAKE, v. a. & n. entreprendre, sè charger, s'engager, prendre, embrasser.

UNDERTAKER, s. entrepreneur, m. UNDERTAKING, s. entreprise, f. dessein, m. UNDER-TENANT, s. sous fermier, m. UNDERVALUE, v. a. dépriser, mésestimer.

UNDER-VASSAL, s. arrière vassal, m. UNDERWOOD, s. taillis, m. bois taillis, m. UNDERWORK, v. a. détruire, supplanter, ne pas travailler assez, laisser impatfait.

UNDER-WORKMAN, s. ouvrier subalterne. UNDERWRITE, v. a. soussigner. UNDERWRITER, s. assureur, m.

UNDESERVED, adj. non merite. UNDESERVING, adj. sans mérite, indigne. UNDESIGNED, adj. involontaire, sans dessein. UNDESIGNING, adj. qui agit sans dessein, bon, qui n'a point de mauvais dessein.

UNDESIRABLE, adj. qui n'est pas désirable. UNDETERMINABLE, adj. interminable. UNDETERMINATE, adj. indéterminé, indécis. UNDIGESTED, adj. qui n'est pas digéré. UNDIMINISHED, adj. entier. [tion.

UNDIRECTED, adj. sans adresse, sans instrue-Undiscernible, adj. imperceptible. UNDISCERNING, adj. peu judicieux, inatten-UNDISCIPLINED, adj. indiscipline. [tif.

Undiscoverable, adj. impossible à deeouvrir.

Undiscovered, adj. qu'on n'a pas décou-

UNDISCREET, adj. indiseret, imprudent. UNDISGUISED, adj. sincère, sans déguisement. UNDISPUTED, adj. incontestable, évident. Undissembled, adj. ouvert, sineère.

Undistinguishable, adj. qu'on ne saurait Undisturbed, adj. calme. Undividable, adj. indivisible. [distinguer. [ruiner. Undo, v. a. défaire, délier, annuler, perdre,

Undoing, s. ruine, f. perte, f. Undone, part. adj. defait, perdu, ruine, im-

UNDOUBTED, adj. indubitable. [blement. UNDOUBTEDLY, adr. sans doute, indubita-UNDRAW, v. a. ouvrir.

Undress, v. a. déshabiller.

Undress, s. déshabillé, m. negligé, m. UNDUE, adj. indu, mauvais, mechant.

Undury, adr. d'une manière indue. UNDULATE, UNDULATED, adj. onde, fait à

UNDULATION, s. ondulation, f.
UNDUTEOUS, UNDUTIFUL, adj. desobéissant. UNDUTIFULLY, adv. contre le devoir. UNDUTIFULNESS, s. manque de respect, m.

UNEARNED, adj. qu'on n'a point gagné. UNEASILY, adv. avec peine, mal à son aise.

JNEASINESS, s. peine, f. incommodité, f. perplexité, f. chagrin, m. inquiétude, f.
UNEASY, adj. pénible, génant, fâcheux, incommode, à charge, géné.
'JNEDIFYING, adj. qui n'édife point.
UNEFFABLE, adj. ineffable, inexprimable.
UNELIGIBLE, adj. inéligible.
UNEMPLOYED, adj. \$235 emploi sans occu-

UNEMPLOYED, adj. sans emploi, sans occupation, oisif, qu'on n'a pas employé.

UNEMPTIABLE, adj. qu'on ne sauroit vider. UNENDOWED, adj qui n'est pas doué. UNENGAGED, adj qui n'est point engag e. 30

UNENJOYED, adj. dont on n a pas joui. UNENLIGHTENED, adj. qui n'est point éclairé. UNENSLAVED, adj. libre. [sant UNENERTAINING, adj. qui n'est pas amu-UNEQUAL, adj. inégal, disproportionné.

UNEQUALITY, s. inégalité, f UNEQUALLY, adv. inégalement. UNEQUALNESS, s. inégalité, f.

UNEQUITABLE, adj. injuste. UNEQUIVOCAL, udj. qui n'est point equivoque.

UNERRABLENESS, s. infaillibilité, UNERRING, adj. infaillible, sûr.

UNERRINGLY, adv. infailliblement. UNESPIED, adj. qui n'est pas apperçu.

UNESSENTIAL, adj. qui n'est pas essentiel. UNESTABLISHED, adj. qui n'est pas établi. UNEVEN, adj. inegal

UNEVENLY, adv. inegalement. UNEVENNESS, s. inegalité, f.

UNEXAMPLED, adj. sans exemple. UNEXCEPTIONABLE, adj. sans replique, sans

reproche. UNEXCISED, adj. qui ne paie point d'impôt. UNEXERCISED, adj. sans expérience.

UNEXHAUSTED, adj. qui n'est pas épuisé. UNEXPECTED, adj. inopiné, inattendu. UNEXPECTEDLY, adv. inopinément, subite-

UNEXPECTEDNESS, s. surprise, f.

UNEXPERIENCED, adj. sans expérience. UNEXPERT, adj. qui n'est pas expert. UNEXPLORED, adj. dont on n'a pas fait l'é-

preuve.

UNEXPRESSIBLE, adj. inexprimable. UNEXTENDED, adj. inctendu.

UNEXTINGUISHABLE, adj. inextinguible. UNEXTINGUISHED, adj. qui n'est pas éteint. UNFADED, adj. qui n'est pas flétri or fané.

UNFAILING, adj. qui n'est pas sujet à se flétrir. UNFAILING, adj. sûr, assuré. UNFAIR, adj. injuste, déshonnête. [foi. UNFAIRLY, adv. injustement, avec mauvaise

UNFAIRNESS, s. mauvaise foi, fraude, UNFAITHFUL, adj. infidèle, traître, déloyal.

UNFAITHFULLY, adv. perfidement. UNFAITHFULNESS, s. infidelité, f. perfidie, f.

UNFALSIFIED, adj. vrai, pur, naturel.

UNFAMILIAR, adj. auquel on n'est pas accoutumé.

UNFASHIONABLE, adj. qui n'est pas à la mode. UNFASHIONABLY, adv. contre le mode. UNFASHIONED, adj. qui n'est point poli. UNFASTEN, r. a. délier, détacher, défaire

UNFATHOMABLE, adj. sans fond. UNFATHOMED, adj. sans fond, qu'on ne peut UNFAVOURABLY, adv. défavorablement.

UNFEATHELED, adj. sans plumes.

UNFED, adj. qui n'a point mangé. Usfeeling, adj. insensible, dur, apathique. Unfeigned, adj sincère, véritable. [foi. Unfeignedly, adv sincèrement, de bonne

UNFEIGNEDNESS, s. sincérité, f. bonne foi.

UNFELT, adj. ne pas senti, insensible. UNFENCED, adj. sans defense,

UNFETTER, v. a. ôter les fers, mettre en li-UNFILIAL, adj. qui ne convient pas à un fils. UNFILLED, adj. qui n'est pas rempli, vide.

Unfinished, adj. qui n'est pas fini.
Unfir, adj. qui n'est pas propre or convenable, bon or commode, incapable.

UNFIT, v. a. rendre incapable. UNFITLY, adv. mal à propos, mal.

Unfitness, s. ineapaeité, f. Unfitting, adj. qui n'est pas convenable. Unfixed, adj. errant, qui n'est pas fixé.

231 UNG Unfledged, adj. qui n'a point encore de Ungrateful adj. méconnoissant, ingrat, plumes. UNFOLLED, adj. qui n'est pas vaincu. UNFOLD, v. a. deplier, étendre, ouvrir, développer, expliquer; to unfold sheep, tirer les brebis du parc. UNFOREID, UNFORBIDDEN, adj. permis. UNFORCED, adj. libre, volontaire, aisc. UNFORCIBLE, adj. sans force, foible. UNFORESEEN, adj. imprévu, inopiné. Unforfeiten, adj. qu'on n'a pas perdu. Unforgiving, adj. implacable. Unforgotten, adj. mémorable, digne de mémoire. UNFORMED, adj. informe. Idéfense. UNFORTIFIED, adj. sans fortification, sans UNFORTUNATE, adj. infortune, malheureux. UNFORTUNATELY, adv. malheureusement. UNFRAMED, adj. qui n'est pas façonné. UNFREQUENT, adj. rare, extraordinaire. UNFREQUENTED, adj. qui n'est pas fréquenté. Unfriended, ady. rarement. Unfriended, adj. qui manque d'amis. UNFRIENDLINESS, s. manque d'amitié. UNFRIENDLY, adj. peu obligeant, indigne d'un ami. UNFRIENDLY, adv. d'une manière désoblige-UNFROZEN, adj. qui n'est pas gelé. [ante. UNFRUITFUL, adj. infructueux, stérile. UNFRUITFULLY, adv. infructueusement. UNFURL, v. a. déferler, déplier. [ler. UNFURNISH, v. a. dégarnir, priver, dépouil-Ungain, Ungainly, adj. maladroit; adv. maladroitement. Ungalled, adj. qui n'est point blessé. Ungarnished, adj. dégarni. Ungartered, adj. sans jarretières. UNGATHERED, adj. qui n'est pas encore cueilli. UNGENERATED, adj. qui n'est pas engendré. Ungenerous, adj. vil, lâche, ignominieux. UNGENIAL, adj. mal-sain, dur, rigoureux. Ungenteel, adj. grossier, impoli. Ungenteelly, adv. d'une manière malhon-Ungentle, adj. dur, rude, rigoureux. Ungentlemanly, adj. malhonnête, incivil. Ungentleness, s. dureté, f. sévérité, f. UNGENTLY, adv. d'une manière dure. UNGILD, v. a. dédorer, ôter la dorure. Ungird, v. a. ôter la ceinture, dessangler. UNGIRT, part. adj. sans ceinture. UNGLUE, v. a. décoller, dégluer. Ungodlily, adv. d'une manière impie. Ungodliness, s. impieté, f. irréligion, j'. Ungodly, adj. impie, irréligieux. UNGOT, adj. qui n'est pas ne, qui est à naître. UNGOVERNABLE, adj. indomptable, indisciplinable, licencieux, extravagant. Ungovernableness, s. humeur indompta-Ungoverned, adj. licencieux, effréné. UNGRACEFUL, s. sans grâce, sans élégance, désagréable, disgracieux, dégoûtant. Ungracefully, adv. de mauvaise grâce. Ungracefulness, s. mauvaise grace. Ungracious, adj. désagréable, choquant. UNGRACIOUSLY, adv. mal, d'une manière peu honnête or peu obligeante.
UNGRACIOUSNESS, s. méchanceté, f. malice,

f. conduite or manière désobligeante.

de la grammaire

GRAMMATICAL, adj. contraire aux règles

UNGRATEFULLY, adv. avec ingratitude, désagréablement. UNGRATEFULNESS, s. ingratitude, f. UNGROUNDED, adj. sans fondement. UNGUARDED, adj. sans défense, indiscret. UNGUENT, s. onguent, m. UNHANDSOME, adj. laid, mal-honnête. UNHANDSOMELY, adv. de mauvaise grâce. UNHANDSOMENESS, s. indécence, f. UNHANDY, adj. mal-adroit. UNHAPPILY, adr. malheureusement. UNHAPPINESS, s. malheur, m. infortune, f. UNHAPPY, adj. malheureux, misérable. UNHARBOUR, v. a. lancer, debucher. UNHARMED, adj. sain et sauf. [innocent. UNHARMEUI., adj. qui ne fait point de mal, UNHARMONIOUS, adj. discordant. UNHARMESS, v. n. déharnacher, désarmer. UNHASP, v. a. dégraffer. UNHATCHED, adj. qui n'est point éclos UNHEALTHFUL, adj. mal-sain, maladif. UNHEALTHY, adj. maladif, valétudinaire. UNHEARD, adj. qu'on n'entend point. UNHEEDED, adj. peu remarquable, neglige. UNHEEDING, adj. negligent, inattentif. UNHEEDY, adj. precipite, subit, soudain. UNHINGE, v. a. mettre hors des gonds. UNHOLY, adj. profane, impie. UNHOOK, v. a. decrocher. UNHOPED, UNHOPED FOR, adj. inespéré. UNHOPEFUL, adj. qui ne donne pas d'espé-UNHORSE, v. a. démonter. [rance. Unhurt, adj. sain et sauf. Unicorn, s. licorne, f. Uniform, adj. uniforme, régulier, égal. UNIFORMITY, s. uniformité, f. conformité, f. Uniformly, adv. uniformement. Unimaginable, adj. inconcevable. [pas. UNINFLAMMABLE, adj. qui ne s'enflamme UNFORMED, adj. qui n'est pas formé or instruit, sans culture, ignorant. UNINHABITABLE, adj. inhabitable. Uninhabited, adj. inhabité, désert. UNINSTRUCTED, adj. sans instruction. UNINTELLIGIBLE, adj. inintelligible. UNINTERESTED, adj. désintéressé. UNINTERRUPTED, adj. sans interruption. UNINVITED, adj. qui n'est point invité. Union, s. union, f. jonetion, f. concorde, f. Unison, s. unisson, m. Unit, s. unité, f. Unitarian, a. & s. Unitaire, m. Unite, v. a. unir, joindre; v. n. s'unir. UNITEDLY, adv. avec union, de concert. UNITING, UNITION, s. union, f. jonction, f. UNITY, s. unité, f. union, f. accord, m. UNIVERSAL, adj. universel, général, total. UNIVERSALITY, s. universalité, f. généralité, UNIVERSALLY, adv. universellement. UNIVERSE, s. l'P. avers, le monde entier, la [terre. University, s. une université. Unjust, adj. injuste, inique. [ble. UNJUSTIFIABLE, adj. sans excuse, inexcusa-UNJUSTIFIABLY, adv. d'une manière inexcu-UNJUSTLY, adv. injustement. [sable. UNKENNEL, v. a. déterrer, faire sortir de son UNKINDLY, adj. désobligéant. UNKINDLY, adj. dénaturé, méchant. [trou UNKINDLY, adv. mal, durement. [lonté. Un KINDNESS, s. méchanceté, f. mauvaise vo-Un. King, v. a. détrôner, déposer un roi. UNE NIT, v. a. dénouer, défaire.

IINM UNKNOWABLE, adj. qu'on ne peut savoir. Unknowing, adj. ignorant. [ramment. Unknowingly, adv. sans le savoir, igno-Unknown, adj. inconnu, à l'insçu. UNLACE, v. a. délier, délacer. UNLAMENTED, adj. qu'on ne regrette pas. UNLATCH, v. a. ouvrir, lever le loquet. UNLAWFUL, adj. illicite, illégitime. fment. UNLAWFULLY, adv. illicitement, illégitime-Unlearn, v. a. désapprendre, oublier. Unlearned, adj. sans lettres, ignorant. Unleavened, adj. sans levain. Unless, conj. à moins que, si ce n'est que. UNLETERED, adj. sans lettres, non-lettré.
UNLEVELLED, adj. inégal, raboteux.
UNLICENSED, adj. du n'a pas la permission.
UNLICENSED, adj. du n'est pas allumé.
UNLICENSED, adj. du n'est pas allumé.
UNLICE, adj. différent, improbable. Unlikelihood, Unlikeliness, s. manque de vraisemblance, m. Unlikely, adj. improbable, sans apparence; adv. sans apparence. UNLIKENESS, s. différence, f. diversité, f. Unlimitable, adj. immense. [terminé. Unlimited, adj. illimité, sans bornes, indé-Unload, v. a. décharger, suulager, alléger. UNLOCK, v. a. ouvrir. UNLOOKED FOR, adj. inopiné. UNLOOSE, v. a. délier, dénouer, défaire. Unloveliness, s. désagrément. Unlovely, adj. désagréable. Theur. UNLUCKILY, adv. malheureusement, par mal-UNLUCKINESS, s. malheur, m. infortune, f. UNLUCKY, adj. malheureux, infortune, sinistre, malin, nuisible, mauvais. UNLUTE, r. a. deluter, der de lut. UNMADE, adj. qui n'est pas encore fait. UNMAKE, v. a. défaire, anéantir. UNMAN, v. a. dégrader, ravaler, châtrer, efféminer; to unman a ship, désarmer un vaisseau. UNMANAGEABLE, adj. difficile à conduire. UNMANLIKE, UNMANLY, adj. indigne d'un homme, effémine. UNMANNERLINESS, s. incivilité, f. malhon-UNMANNERLY, adj. incivil. [nêteté, f. UNMANNERLY, adv. impoliment. culte. UNMANURED, adj. qui n'est pas cultivé, in-UNMARRED, adj. qui n'est pas marqué. UNMARRIED, adj. non-marié. UNMASK, r. a. & n. démasquer, se démas-UNMAST, v. a. demâter. [quer. UNMASTERABLE, adj. indomptable. UNMASTERED, adj. indompté. UNMATCHED, adj. sans égal. Unmeaning, adj. qui n' a aucun sens. UNMEASURABLE, adj. immense. UNMEASURABLENESS, s. immensité, f. UNMEASURABLY, adr. demésurement. UNMEASURED, adj. qui n'est pas mésuré. UNMEET, adj. impropre, mal-à-propos. UNMELTED, adj. qui n'est pas fondu. UNMERCIFUL, adj. dont on n'a pas fait UNMERCIFUL, adj. impitoyable. [mention. UNMERCIFULLY, ade. sans pitie. Unmercifulness, s. eruaute, f. inhumanité, UNMERITED, adj. qu'on n'a pas mérité. UNMINDED, adj. négligé, dont on fait peu UNMINDEUL, adj. négligent. [de cas. Unmindrui.ness, s. negligence, f. Unminglen, adj. pur, sans alliage. UNMIXED, UNMIXT, adj. simple, pur. Unmolksten, adj. qui n'est pas molesté or Unmoor, v. a. demarrer. linquiété.

UNMOVEABLENESS, s. fermete, f. stabilité, f. UNMOVEABLY, adv. d'une manière ferme. Unmoven, adj. immobile, ému or affecté. Unmurrle, v. a. découvrir le visage, désaf-Unmusical, adj. discordant. [fubler Unnatural, adj. contre nature, dénaturé. Ifubler. UNNATURALLY, adv. contre nature. UNNATURALNESS, s. humeur dénaturée. UNNAVIGABLE, adj. qui n'est pas navigable UNNECESSARILY, adv. sans nécessité, inu tilement. UNNECESSARY, UNNEEDFUL, adj. inutile UNNEIGHBOURLY, adj. desobligeant. Unnoticed, adj. pas observé. Unnumerred, adj. innombrable. Unobservable, adj. imperceptible Unobservant, Unobserving, adj. négli-UNOBSERVED, adj. qu'on n'apperçoit pas, sans être apperçu or régardé. UNOBSTRUCTED, adj. qui n'est pas empéché. UNOCCUPIED, adj. sans possesseur, sans mai-Unoffending, adj. innocent. UNOPPOSED, adj. sans opposition. UNORDERLY, adj. désordonné, confus. UNOUGANIZED, adj. qui n'est pas organisé. UNPACK, v. a. dépaqueter, ouvrir un paquet. UNPAID, adj. qui n'est pas payé. UNPALATABLE, adj. degoutant. [égaL UNPARALLELED, adj. incomparable, sans UNPARDONABLE, adj. impardonnable. UNPARDONED, adj. qui n'est point pardonné. UNPARLIAMENTARY, adj. contraire règles et aux formes parlementaires UNPARTABLE, adj. inséparable, indivisible. UNPARTED, adj. qui n'est pas divisé. UNPASSABLE, adj. impraticable. UNPASSIONATE, adj. sans passion, tranquille. UNPEACEABLY, adv. dans le désordre. UNPEG, v. a. ôter la cheville. UNPEOPLE, v. a. dépéupler. UNPERCEIVABLE, adj. imperceptible.
UNPERCEIVABLY, adn. imperceptiblement.
UNPERCEIVED, adj. pas apperçu.
UNPERFORMED, adj. qu'on n'a pas fait.
UNPERISHABLE, adj. non-périssable. [son.
UNPHILOSOPHICAL, adj. contraire à la rat-Unpin, v. a. défaire, dégraffer, détrousser. Unpinioned, adj. dont les bras sont déliés. UNPITIED, adj. pour qui on n'a point de com-UNPITITULLY, adv. sans pitié. [passion. UNPLAIT, r. a. déplisser. [probable, UNPLAUSIELE, adj. peu vraisemblable, im-UNPLEASANT, adj. déplaisant, désagréable. UNPLEASANTLY, adv. désagréablement. UNPLEASANTNESS. s. désagrément, m. UNPLIANT, adj. difficile à plier, inflexible. UNPLIANTNESS, s. inflexibilité, f. UNPOLISHED, adj. raboteux, grossier, impoli. UNPOLITE, adj. grossier, incivil, impoli. Unpoliteness, s. impolitesse, f. grossièreté, Unpolluted, adj. qui n'est pas souillé. [f. UNPOPULAR, adj. qui n'est pas populaire UNPRACTISED, udj. qui n'est pas verse or expérimenté, qui n'est pas en usage. UNPRECEDENTED, adj. sans exemple. UNPREJUDICED, adj. sans prejuges. UNPREMEDITATED, adj. qui n'est pas prémédité. UNPREPARED, adj. sans preparation. UNPRESSED, adj. qui n'a pas été pressé. UNPRETENDED TO, adj. à quoi l'on ne pretend point.

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Unprevailing, adj. qui est sans force. Unprofitable, adj. inutile, vain. UNPROFITABLENESS, s. inutilité, f. UNPROFITABLY, adv. inutilement, sans profit.

UNPROLIFICK, adj. stérile. Unpromising, adj. qui ne promet rien de

bon, qui ne donne pas grande espérance. UNPROFITIOUS, adj. sinistre, peu favorable. UNPROPORTIONABLE, UNPROPORTIONED, adj. qui n'est pas proportionné, sans proportion.

UNPROPORTIONABLY, adv. sans proportion. Unprosperous, adj. malheureux. UNPROSPEROUSLY, adv. malheureusement. UNPROTECTED, adj. sans protection.

UNPROVED, adj. pas prouve. UNPROVIDED, part. adj. depourvu, denue. UNPROVIDENT, adj. imprudent.

UNPROVIDENTLY, adv. imprudemment UNPROVOKED, adj. sans être défié.

UNPUBLISHED, adj. qui n'est pas publié, secret, caché. UNPUNISHED, adj. impuni. [propre.

UNQUALIFIED, adj. incapable, qui n'est pas UNQUENCHABLE, adj. inextinguible.

UNQUENCHED, adj. qui n'est point éteint. UNQUESTIONABLE, adj. indubitable. UNQUESTIONABLY, adv. indubitablement. UNQUESTIONED, adj. incontestable, reconnu. UNQUICKENED, adj. qui n'est point animé. UNQUIET, adj. agité, inquiet, troublé.

UNQUIETLY, adv. avec inquiétude. UNEVIETNESS, s. inquictude, f. UNRACKED, adj. qui n'est pas soutiré. UNRANSOMED, adj. qui n'est point racheté.

UNRATED, adj. non-tarifé, pas spécifié.
UNRAVEL, v. a. effiler, défaire le tissu, défricher, débrouiller, démêler, dénouer; v.n.

s'éffiler, se défaire. UNREAD, adj. pas lu, non-lettre. UNREASONABLE, adj. déraisonnable, exorbi-Unreasonableness, s. injustice, f. Unreasonably, adv. déraisonnablement. UNREBUKABLE, adj. irrépréhensible. UNREBUKED, adj. qu'on n'a point repris. Unrecallable, adj. irrévocable.

UNRECLAIMED, adj. incorrigible. UNRECOMPENSED, adj. sans récompense. UNRECONCILEABLE, adj. implacable. UNRECONCILED, adj. qui n'est pas reconcilié.

UNRECOVERABLE, adj. irreparable. UNRECOVERED, adj. qu'on n'a pas recouvré. UNREDEEMED, adj. non racheté. UNREDUCED, adj. qu'on n'a pas réduit or

subjugué.

UNREFORMABLE, adj. incorrigible, obstine. UNREFORMED, adj. qui n'est pas réformé. UNREFRESHED, adj. pas soulagé. UNREGARDED, adj. négligé, méprisé.

Unregardful, adj. negligent. Unrelenting, adj. impitoyable, inexorable,

inflexible. UNRELIEVABLE, adj. sans ressource. Unrelieved, adj. qui n'est pas secouru. Unremitted, adj. qui n'a pas été pardon-

né or remis, continuel, sans relâche. UNREMOVABLE, adj. inamovible. UNREMOVED, adj. qu'on n'a point déplacé. UNREPAID, adj. sans récompense. UNREPAIRED, adj. qui n'est point réparé. UNREPARABLE, adj. irréparable.

UNREPEALABLE, adj. irrévocable. UNREPEALED, adj. qui n'a point été révoqué

or abrogé.

UNREPENTING, adj. nonrepentant, qui ne se repent point, impénitent.

UNREPINING, adj. qui ne se plaint point. UNREPROVABLE, adj. irrepréhensible. UNREPROVED, adj. sans réproche.

UNREQUITED, adj. sans récompense. UNRESERVED, adj. sans réserve, ouvert. Unreservedly, adr. sans réserve. Unresolved, adj. indétérminé, irrésolu.

UNRESPECTFUL, adj. incivil, irrévérent. UNREST, s. inquiétude.

UNRESTORED, adj. qu'on n'a point rendu. UNRESTRAINED, adj. sans contrainte. UNREVEALED, adj. qui n'a point été révélé. UNREVENGED, adj. dont on ne s'est point

vengé. UNREWARDED, adj. sans récompense

UNRIDDLE, v. a. expliquer, résoudre. UNRIG, v. a. défin.er, dépouiller. UNRIGHTEOUS, adj injuste, inique.

Unrighteously, a.c. injustement. [f. Unrighteousness, s. injustice, f. iniquité, Unrighteul, adj. injuste, inique.

Unring, v. a. déboucler. [dre] UNRIP, v. a. ouvrir, découdre ; v. n. se décou-

UNRIPE, UNRIPENED, adj.qui n'est pas mûr. UNRIVALLED, adj. sans rival. UNROL, v. a. dérouler, déplier

UNROOST, v. a. déjucher, dénicher. UNRUFFLED, adj. calme, tranquille. UNRULILY, adv. en mutin, en revêche.

UNRULINESS, s. emportement, m. revêche, mutin, indomptable,

Unruly, adj. revêche, mutin, indompte déréglé, effréné, fougueux. Unsandle, v. a. desseller, ôter la selle. Unsafely, adv. dangereux, qui n'est pas sûr. Unsafely, adv. dangereusement.

Unsaleable, adj. qu'on ne sauroit vendre. Unsalted, adj. qui n'a pas été salé.

UNSANCTIFIED, adj. qui n'est pas sanctifié. UNSATISFACTORY, adj. qui ne satisfait pas. UNSATISFIABLE, adj. qu'on ne sauroit satis-Unsatisfied, adj. mecontent.

Unsavouriness, s. insipidité, f, goût fade, f. Unsavoury, adj. fade, insipide.

Unscreened, adj. sans défense. sainte. Unscriptural, adj. contraire à l'écriture Unscrew, v. a. défaire la vis.

UNSEAL, v. a. décacheter.

[préhensible. Unseam, v. a. découdre. UNSEARCHABLE, adj. impénétrable, incom-Unsearchableness, s. incompréhensibili-

Unseasonable, adj. hors de saison. UNSEASONABLY, adv. à contre-tems.

Unseasoned, adj. qui n'est pas assaisonné. UNSECONDED, adj. qui n'est pas secondé.

Unseemliness, s. indécence, f. Unseemly, adj. indécent, messéant.

Unseemly, adv. indécemment. Unseen, adj. invisible, sans être vu.

UNSERVICEABLE, adj. inutile. UNSERVICEABLY, adr. inuti ement. Unsettle, v. a. rendre incertain, déplacer

UNSETTLED, adj. irrésolu, incertain, inconstant, volage, qui n'est pas rassis or reposé.

UNSETTLEDNESS, s. irresolution. Unshackle, v. a. déchaîner. [ombragé. Unshaded, adj. découvert, qui n'est point Unshaken, adj. ferme, inébranlable.

UNSHAPEN, adj. difforme. UNSHAVED, UNSHAVEN, adj. qui n'est pas

Unsheltered, adj. exposé, sans défense.

Unship, v. a. debarquer.

Unshop, adj. sans souliers, déchaussé, dé-[ferré. Unshoe, v. a. déferrer (un cheval.) Unshorn, adj. qui n'est pas tondu. Unshur, adj. qui n'est pas fermé, ouvert. Unsightly, adj. désagréable à la vue, laid. UNSKILFUL, UNSKILLED, adj. inhabile. Unskilfully, adv. mal-adroitement. UNSKILFULNESS, s. mal-adresse, f. UNSLAKED, adj. qui n'est pas éteint. UNSOCIABLE, adj. insociable. Unsociableness, s. humeur insociable, f. Unsodden, adj. qui n'est pas bouilli. Unsoiled, adj. net, propre, qui n'est pas sali. Unsold, adj. qui n'est pas vendu, invendu. Unsolder, v. a. dessouder, ôter la soudure. Unsole, v. a. dessoler, ôter la semelle. UNSOLID, adj. qui n'est pas solide, fluide. UNSOLICITED, adj. sans être sollicité.
UNSOLICITED, adj. tranquille, indifférent.
UNSOLIVED, adj. resté sans solution.
UNSOURD, adj. qui n'est pas sain, maladif, corrompu, gâté, vicié, vicieux, méchant.
UNSOUND, SSSS CORTUNION, F. vice m. Unsoundness, s. corruption, f. vice, m. Unsown, adj. qu'on n'a pas semé. UNSPEAKABLE, adj. inexprimable. UNSPEAKABLE, adj. inexprimable. [mable. UNSPEAKABLY, adv. d'une manière inexpri-UNSPECIFIED, adj. qui n'a pas été spécifié. UNSPOTTED, adj. sans tache.
UNSTABLE, adj. qui n'est pas stable. [teint.
UNSTAINED, adj. sans tache, qui n'est pas UNSTEADILY, adv. légèrement. Unsteadiness, s. inconstance, f. légèreté, f. Unsteady, adj. inconstant, léger. Unstirred, adj. qui n'est point remué. UNSTOP, v. a. deboucher, ouvrir. Unstring, v. a. délier, relâcher, détendre. UNSTUFFED, UNSTUFT, adj. qui n'est pas UNSUBDUED, adj. indompté. [farci, Unsuccessful, adj. qui n'a pas réussi, sans Unsuccessfully, adv. sans succès. Unsuccessfulness, s. mauvais succès. Unsufficient, adj. insuffisant, incapa-Unsuitable, adj. qui n'est pas convenable. Unsuitableness, s. disconvenance, f. Unsullied, adj. qui n'est pas sali. Unsupplied, adj qui n'est pas fourni. UNSURMOUNTABLE, adj. insurmontable. Unsuspected, adj. pas suspect. Unswathe, v. a. demaillotter, Unsworn, adj. qui n'a pas prêté serment. UNTAINTED, adj. sans tache, sans corruption, qui n'est pas corrompu. UNTAMEABLE, adj. indomptable, UNTAMED, adj. indompté. Untangle, v. a. débarrasser. Untasted, adj. qu'on n'a pas goûté or touché. Untaught, adj. qui n'a pas été enseigné. Unteachable, adj. indocile, qui ne veut point apprendre. UNTEAM, v. a. dételer. Idéfense. UNTENABLE, adj. qui n'est pas tenable, sans UNTENANTED, adj. sans tenancier. UNTHANKFUL, adj. ingrat, qui n'est pas reconnoissant. UNTHANKFULLY, adv. sans reconnoissance. UNTHANKFULNESS, s. ingratitude, f. Unthawed, adj. qui n'est pas dégelé. Unthinking, adj. indiscret, sans prévo-yance, qui ne réfléchit point.

Unthought 'r, adj. à quoi on ne pense pas,

UNTITREAD, .. a. défiler.

UNTHRIFT, s. & adj. prodigue, m. UNTIIRITTINESS, s. prodigalité, f. profusion, UNTHRIFTY, adj. prodigue.
UNTIE, v. a. délier, détacher, dénouer,
UNTIE, prep. jusqu'à ce que.
UNTILE, v. a. découvrir (une maison.) [faire. UNTILLEU, adj. inculte, en friche. UNTIMELY, adj. fait à contre tems, déplacé, lâtif, précoce, précipité, prématuré. UNTIMELY, udv. avant le tems. Untired, adj. qui n'est pas las or fatigué. Unto, prep. a, au, aux. [pas compté. Untold, adj. qui n'a pas été dit, qu'on n'a UNTOUCHED, adj. intact, qui n'est point touché or ému. UNTOWARD, adj. méchant, opiniâtre, fa-cheux, indocile, mal-adroit, sinistre. UNTOWARDLY, adv. méchamment. UNTRACTABLE, adj. intraitable, revêche. UNTRACTABLENESS, s. indocilité, f. [vé. UNTRIED, adj. qu'on n'a point encore éprou-UNTRIMMED, adj. qui n'est point orné. UNTROUBLED, adj. qui n'est point troublé. UNTRUE, adj. faux, infidèle, perfide. UNTRULY, adv. faussement. Untruss, v. a. détacher. [reur, f. Untruth, s. fausseté, f. mensonge, m. er. UNTUCK, v. a. détrousser. UNTUNABLE, adj. discordant. Untune, v. a. désaccorder, déranger. Unturned, adj. qui n'est pas tourné. Unturored, adj. mal éduqué, mal-élevé. UNTWINE, UNTWIST, v. a. détordre, défiler. UNUNIFORM, adj. irrégulier. Unusual, adj. rare, extraordinaire. UNUSUALLY, adv. rarement. Unusualness, s. rareté, f. UNUTTERABLE, adj. inexprimable, ineffable Unvail, v. a. dévoiler, ôter le voile. UNVALUABLE, adj. inestimable, sans prix. UNVANQUISHED, adj. indompte. UNVARIABLE, adj. invariable UNVARIABLENESS, s. immutabilité, f. UNVARIABLY, adv. invariablement. UNVARIED, adj. uniforme. UNVEIL, v. a. dévoiler, découvrir. UNAWAKENED, adj. qui n'est pas éveillé. UNWARILY, adv. imprudemment, sans précaution, inconsidérément, par mégarde. UNWARINESS, s. imprudence, f. UNWARNED, adj. qu'on n'a point averti. UNWARRANTABLE, adj. inexcusable. UNWARRANTED, adj. incertain, qu'on ne peut pas assurer. Unwary, adj. imprudent. [lavé. Unwashed, Unwashen, adj. qui n'est point UNWASTED, adj. qui n'est pas consumé UNWATERED, adj. qui n'est point arrosé, qui n'est pas ondé. fatigable. UNWEARIED, adj. qui n'est point fatigué, in-UNWEAVE, v. a. effiler, défaire le tissu. UNWEIGHED, adj. qui n'a point été pesé. UNWELCOME, adj. qui n'est pas bien-venn, désagréable, incommode. UNWHOLESOME, adj. mal-sain, contraire à la UNWHOLESOMENESS, s. qualité mal-sainc. UNWIELDILY, adv. pesamment, lourdement. Unwieldliness, s. pesanteur, f. UNWIELDY, adj. lourd, pesant. Unwilling, adj. qui ne veut point. Unwillingly, adv. à regret, à contre-cœur. Unwillingness, s. répugnance, f. Unwind, v. a. débrouiller, démèler. [inopine. | UNWISE. adj. imprudent, mal avisé. fou.

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UNWISELY, adv. imprudemment, follement. UNWISHED, adj. qu'on ne souhaite pas. Unwittingly, adv. sans savoir, sans y pen-UNWITTY, adj. sans esprit, sot. fser. Unwonted, adj. inaccoutume, rare. UNWORTHILY, adv. indignement Unworthiness, s. indignite, f. bassesse, f. Unworthy, adj. indigne, qui ne mérite pas, qui n'est pas digne, sans mérite. Unwound, part. adj. débrouillé, démêlé. UNWOUNDED, adj. sans blessure. Unwoven, part. adj. effilé, défait, qui n'est Unwrap, v. a. développer. [pas tissu. Unwreath, Unwring, v. a. détordre. Unwrinkle, v. a. dérider, ôter les rides. UNWRITTEN, adj. qui n'est pas écrit.
UNWROUGHT, adj. qui n'est pas travaillé
UNYIELDING, adj. qui ne céde point, inflexiUNYOKE, v. a. délivrer du joug. [ble. Up and UP, adv. en haut, debout, sur pied. down, cà et là, de tous côtés, par tout. Up to, jusqu'à, à. UP, prep. au haut, au, sur. UPBEAR, v. a. soutenir. UPBRAID, v. a. insulter, reprocher. UPBRAIDINGLY, adv. avec reproche. UPHELD, part. adj. soutenu, supporté, pro-UPHILL, adj. difficile, pénible. [tégé. UPHOLD, v. a. lever en haut, soutenir. UPHOLDER, s. appui, m. soutien, m. partisan, m. entrepreneur, m. tapissier, m. UPHOLSTERER, s. un tapissier. UPON, prep. sur, dessus, joignaut, environ, tout proche, vers, à par, en, de. UPPER, adj. haut, supérieur, de dessus. UPPER-HAND, s. le dessus, l'avantage, m. UPPERMOST, adj. le plus haut, le plus élevé. UPREAR, v. a. elever. UPRIGHT, adj. droit, tout droit, honnête, de UPRIGHT, s. élevation, f. UPRIGHTLY, adv. de bonne foi, perpendiculairement. UPRIGHTNESS, s. élevation perpendiculaire, f. rectitude, f. équité, f. sincérité, f. bonne UPRISE and UPRISING, s. lever, m. [foi. UPROAR, s. tumulte, m. vacarme, m. UPSHOT, s. conclusion, f. fin, f. dernier ré-UPSITTING, s. relevailles, f. pl. [sultat, m. UPSTARTING, adj. hérissé, dressé. UPSIDE-DOWN, adv. sens dessus-dessous. UPWARD, UPWARDS, adv. en haut, par haut, vers, plus, davantage, au dela. URBANITY, s. urbanité, f. civilité, f. URCHIN, s. un hérisson, un méchant enfant. URETHRA, s. urctre, m. [ser, provoquer. URGE, v. a. presser, solliciter, exciter, pous-URGENCY, s. nécessité urgente. URGENT, adj. urgent, pressaut. URGENTLY, adv. instamment, avec instance. URGER, s. un importun. URINE, s. urine, f.; v. n uriner, pisser. URN, s. urne, f. vase, m. Us, pron. nous. Usage, s. usage, m. contume, f. habitude, f. USANCE, s. usage, m. interêt, m. usauce, f. Use, s. usage, m. emploi, m. avantage, m. utilité, f. profit, m. pratique, f. exercise, f. habitude, f. intérêt, m. UsE, v. a. user, se servir, employer, faire, consommer, traiter, en user, en agir, freaccoutumer, former, quenter, habituer, accoutumer, former, dresser; v. n. être accoutumé, avoir cou-

tume.

USED, part. adj. usé, usité, employé, consomme, traité, habitué, accoutumé, endurci, fait, dressé, formé. Usefully, adj. utile, avantageux, profitable. Usefully, adv. utilement, avantageuse-USEFULNESS, s. utilité, f. profit, m. usage, m. Useless, adj. inutile. avantage, m. Uselessly, adv. inutilement. Uselessness, s. inutilité, f. User, s. celui qui fait usage, qui use. USHER, s. écuyer, m. un sous-maître. USHER, v. a. introduire, annoncer. Using, s. usage, m. l'action d'user. Usquebaugh, s. usquebac, m. eau de vie, f. Usual, adj. usuel, ordinaire, accoutumé. USUALLY, adv. ordinairement, communé. ment. Usualness, s. habitude, f. fréquence, f. Usurer, s. un usurier, une usurière. Usurious, adj. usuraire, intéressé. Usurper, v. a. usurper. USURPATION, s. usurpation, f. USURPER, s. un usurpateur, une usurpatrice Usury, s. usure, f UTENSIL, s. ustensile, m. UTERUS, s. la matrice. UTILITY, s. utilité, f. avantage, m. profit, m. UTMOST, adj. dernier, le plus reculé. UTMOST, s. l'extrème, le plus haut dégré, tout le possible. UTTER, adj. extérieur, de dehors, entier. UTTER, v. a. énoncer. proférer, exprimer. UTTERANCE, s. prononciation, f. elocution, f outrance, f. debit, m. vente, f. UTTERLY, adv. entièrement. UTTERMOST. See Utmost. Uxorious, adj. esclave de sa femme. VACANCY, s. vide, m. vacance, f. VACANT, adj. vide, vacant. VACATE, v. a. vider, quitter, casser, annuler. VACATION, s. vacations or vacances, f. pl. VACUITY, VACUUM, s. vide, m. vacuité, f.

Vacuous, adj. vide. VAGABOND, s. un vagabond: adj. errant. VAGARY, s. fantaisie, f. boutade, f. VAGRANCY, s. vie errante, faineantise, f. ' VAGRANT, adj. & s. vagabond. VAGUE, adj. vague, errant, indéterminé. VAIL or VEIL, s. voile, m. VAIL, v. a. laisser tomber, voiler, couvrir. VAIN, adj. vain, inutile, frivole, orgueilleux. VAINLY, adv. en vain, vainement. VAINNESS, s. vanité, f. VALANCE, s. pente, f. VALE, s. vallee, f. VALEDICTORY, adj. de congé. VALENTINE, s. valentin, m. un amant, VALERIAN, s. valeriane, f. VALET, s. un valet. VALETUDINARIAN, VALETUDINARY, adj. valétudinaire, maladif.

VALIANT, adj. vaillant, brave, courageux.

VALIANTLY, adv. vaillamment, avec courage. VALIANTNESS, s. valeur, f. courage, m. VALID, adi. bon, valide, valable.

VALIDATE, v. o. valider, rendre valide. VALIDATING, VALIDATION, s. validation, f. VALIDITY, s. validité, f.

VALLEY, s. vallee, f

VALOROUS, adj. courageux.

VALOUR, s. valeur, f. bravoure, f. courage, | VALUABLE, adj. précieux, estimable. VALUATION, s. évaluation, f. estimation, j VALUATOR, s. estimateur, m. appréciateur, m. VALUE, s. prix, m. valeur, f. estime, f. VALUE, v. a. évaluer, estimer, apprécier, VALUER, s. appréciateur, m. [priser. VALUING, s. evaluation, f. estimation, f. VALVE, s. valvule, f. VAMP, s. empeigne, f.; r. a. raccommoder. VAMPLATE, s. gantelet, m. VAN, s. avant-garde, f. un van, un éventail. VANE, s. une girouette, un temple. VANILLA, s. vanille, f VANISH, v. n. disparoître, s'évanouir. VANITY, s. vanité, f. futilité, f. ostentation, f. VANQUISH, v. a. vaincre, dompter. VANQUISHER, s. vanqueur, m. conquerant, m. VAPID, adj. éventé. VAPIDNESS, s. fadeur, f. état de ce qui est VAPOUR, s. vapeur, f. exhalation, f. VAPOUR, v. a. & n. s'évaporer, faire le fier. VARIABLE, adj. variable, changeant. VARIABLENESS, s. variation, f. inconstance, VARIABLY, adv. d'une manière changeante. VARIANCE, s. dispute, f. querelle, f. VARIATION, s. variation, f. changement, m. VARIEGATE, v. α. bigarrer. VARIETY, s. variété, f. diversité, f. VARIOUS, adj. divers, différent, variable. VARIOUSLY, adv. diversement, differemment. VARLET, s. un drôle, un faquin, un gueux. VARLETRY, s. vile populace, la canaille. VARNISH, s. vernis, m. VARNISH, v. α. vernir, vernisser, colorer. VARNISHER, s. vernisseur, m. VARNISHING, s. vernis, m. couleur, fMfard, VARY, v. a. & n. varier, changer. VASE, s. vasc, m. VASSAL, s. vassal, m. VASSALAGE, s. vasselage, m. VAST, adj. vaste, grand, immense. VASTATION, s. dévastation, f. désolation, f. VASTLY, adv. fort, excessivement. VASTNESS, s. grande étendue, immensité, f. VAT, s. une cuve, une éclisse. Vault, s. une voûte, une cave, une caverne, un tombeau, les lieux, le privé. VAULT, v. a. voûter; v. n. voltiger. VAULTER, s. sauteur, m. voltigeur, m. VAULTING, s. volte, f. l'action de voûter. VAUNT, v. n. se vanter, se glorifier. VAUNT, s. ostentation, f. parade, f. vanité, f. VAUNTER, s. vanteur, m. glorieux VAUNTING, s. ostentation, f. parade, f. VAUNTINGLY, adv. avec ostentation. VEAL, s. veau, m. chair de veau, f. VEER, v. a. & n. tourner, changer. VEGETABLE, adj. végétable. VEGETABLE, s. végétable, m. plante, f. VEGETATE, v. n. végéter. VEGETATION, s. végétation, f. VEGETATIVE, adj. végétatif. VEHEMENCE, VEHEMENCY, s. impétuosité, véhémence. VEHEMENT, adj. véhément, impétueux. VEHEMENTLY, adv. avec véhémence. VEHICLE, s. voiture, f. véhicule, f. VEIL, s. voile, m. prétexte, m. couleur, f. VEIL, v. a. voiler, déguiser, envelopper. VEIN, s. veinc, f. VEIN, v. a. jasper, marbrer. VEINY, adj. veincux.

VI'.LUM, s. velin. m.

VELOCITY, s. vélocité, f. vîtesse, f. rapidité, f. VELVET, s. velours, m.; adj. de velours. VELVET-LIKE, adj. veloute. VELVET-MAKER, s. veloutier, m. VENAL, adj. venal, mercenaire, contenu. VENALITY, s. venalite, VEND, v. a. vendre, débiter. VENDEE, s. l'acheteur, m. VENDER, s. le vendeur. [bien. VENDIBLE, adj. qui est à vendre, qui se vend VENDING, s. vente, f. debit, m. [quer. VENEER, v. a. revêtir, garnir en bois, pla-VENEMOUS, adj. vénimeux, vénémeux. VENERABLE, adj. vénérable. VENERALLY, adv. d'une manière vénérable. VENERATE, v. a. vénérer, révérer, respecter. VENERATION, s. vénération, f. respect, m. VENERATOR, s. celui qui révère. VENEREAL, adj. vénérien, de l'amour. VENERY, s. la chasse, vénérie, f. le plaisir VENGE, v. a. venger, punir. Ide l'amour. VENGE, v. a. venger, punir. VENGEABLE, adj. vindicatif. VENGEANCE, s. vengeance, f. VENGEFUL, adj. vindicatif. VENIABLE, VENIAL, adj., pardonnable, ve-VENIALNESS, s. qualité vénielle. VENISON, s. gibier, m. venaison, f. VENOM, s. venin, m. poison, m. VENOMOUS, adj. vénimeux, vénéneux. VENOMOUSLY, adr. d'une manière vénineuse. VENOMOUSNESS, s. venin, m.
VENT, s. vent, m. issue, f. passage, m. soupirail, m. lumière, f. un puits. VENT, v. a. donner issue, exhaler, faire écladéclarer, éventer, découvrir, publier, divulguer, vendre; v.n. flairer, sentir. VENTER, s. ventre, m. VENTILATE, v. a. éventer, vanner, ventiler. VENTILATION, s. ventilation, f. VENTILATOR, s. ventilateur, m. VENTRICLE, s. le ventricule, l'estomac, m. VENTURE, s. aventure, f. hasard, m. VENTURE, v. α. aventurer, risquer, hasarder; v. n. s'aventurer, se hasarder, oser; to renture at, on or upon, s'engager dans. VENTURER, s. celui qui aventure. [deux VENTUROUS, VENTURESOME, adj. hasar VENTUROUSLY, adv. à l'aventure. VENTUROUSNESS, s. hardiesse, f. VENUS, s. Venus, f. VERACITY, s. véracité, f. vérité morale. [rive d'un verbe. VERB, s. verbe, m. VEREAL, adj. verbal, de bouche, littéral, de-VERBALITY, s. de vains sons, du verbiage, m. VERBALLY, adv. verbalement, de bouche. VERBATIM, adv. mot pour mot, mot-à-mot. VERBOSE, udj. verbenx, diffus, long. VERBOSITY, s. babil, m. beaucoup de paroles. VERDANT, adj. verdoyant, qui verdit. VERDICT, s. rapport, m. réponse des jurés, f. jugement, m. sentiment, m. VERDIGRISE, s. verd de gris, m. verdet, m. VERDURE, s. verdure. VERDUROUS, adj. verd, couvert de verdure. VERGE, s. verge, f. baguette, f. ressort, m. VERGE, v. a. tendre, incliner, pencher. VERGER, s. sergent à verge, m. huissier, m. VERIFICATION, s. vérification, f. prenve, f. VERIFY, v. a. verifier, prouver. VERIFYING, s. vérification, f. preuve, f. VERILY, adv. en vérité, vraiment. VERISIMILAR, adj. vraisemblable. VERISIMILITUDE, s. vraisemblance, f. VERITY, s. vérité, f.

240 VERJUICE, s. verjus, m. VERMICELLI, s. vermicelle or vermichèle, m. VERMICULAR, adj. vermiculaire. VERMICULATED, adj. vermiculé, marqueté. VERMICULE, s. petit vers ; adj. plein de pe-Itits vers. VERMIFUGE, s. vermifuge, m. VERMILION, s. vermillon, m. VERMILION, v. a. rougir, teindre en rouge. VERMIN, s. vermine, VERMINATION, s. production de la vermine, VERNACULAR, adj. du pays, de son pays. VERNAL, VERNANT, adj. printanier. VERSATILE, adj. changeant, leger, flexible. VERSE, s. vers, m. verset, m. VERSED, adj. versé. VERSE-MAN, s. un versificateur, un poête. VERSICLE, s. petit verset, un petit vers VERSIFICATION, s. versification, f. [teur. VERSIFICATOR, VERSIFIER, s. un versifica-VERSIFY, v. n. faire des vers, versifier. Version, s. version, f. traduction, f. Vert, s. les arbres d'une forêt, m. retraite des bêtes fauves. VERTEBRAL, adj. vertébral. VERTEBRE, s. vertèbre, f. VERTEX, s. vertex, m. sommet, m. VERTICAL, adj. vertical. VERTICALLY, adv. verticalement, au zenith. VERTICITY, s. rotation, f. VERTIGINOUS, adj. vertigineux, de rotation. VERTIGO, s. vertige, m.
VERVAIN, VERVINE, s. verveine, f.
VERY, adj. vrai, franc, parfait, fieffe.
VERY, adv. fort, tres, tout-à-fait. VESICATORY, s. un vésicatoire. VESICLE, s. petite vessie, vésicule. VESPERIES, vesperies, f. pl. VESPERS, s. vepres, f. VESSEL, s. vase, m. vaisseau, m. navire, m. VEST, s. une veste. VEST, v. a. habiller, vêtir, revêtir, investir. VESTAL, adj. & s. vestale, f. VESTIBULE, s. vestibule, m. VESTIGE, s. vestige, m. trace, f. VESTMENT, s. vetement, m. habillement, m. VESTRY, s. sacristie, f. assemblée, des principaux paroissiens, f. VESTURE, s. vêtcinent, m. habillement, m. VETCH, s. vesce or vesse, f. Bitter-reich, ers. m. VETERAN, s. & adj. un vétéran. VEX, v. α. facher, tourmenter, chagriner. VEXATION, s. vexation, f. chagrin, m. VEXATIOUS, adj. fâcheux, chagrinant. VEXATIOUSLY, adv. d'un manière fâcheuse. VEXER, s. un fâcheux, un importun, un per-VIAL, s. une fiole. [secuteur. VIAND, s. viande, f. viandis, m. VIATICUM, s. provisions de voyage, f. VIBRATE, v. a. & n. branler, vibrer. VIBRATION, s. vibration, f VICAR, s. vicaire, m. curé, m. VICARAGE, s. vicariat, m. cure, f. VICARIOUS, adj. vicarial, de vicaire, député. VICARSHIP, s. vicariat, m. VICE, s. vice, m. vis, f. étau, m. VICE, (a particle used in composition for one who performs the office of a superiour) vice. VICEADMIRAL, s. vice-amiral, m. VICEADMIRALTY, s. la charge de vice-ami-VICEAGENT, VICECERENT, s. vicegérent, m. VICE-CHANCELLOR, s. vice-chancelier, m. VICECONSUL, s. vice-consul, m.

VICEGERENCY, s. charge du vicegérent, f. VICELEGATE, s. vice-légat, m. VICEPRESIDENT, s. vice-président, m. VICEROY, s. vice-roi, m. VICEROYALTY, s. vice-royauté, f. Vicinity, s. proximité, f. voisinage, m. Vicious, adj. vicieux. Viciously, adv. vicieusement. VICISSITUDE, s. vicissitude, f. changement, VICTIM, s. victime, f. [quérant, m. VICTOR, s. vainqueur, m. triomphant, m. eon-VICTORIOUS, adj. victorieux, triomphant. VICTORIOUSLY, adv. victorieusement. VICTORY, s. victoire, f. VICTUALS, s. vivres, m. pl. VICTUAL, r. a. avitailler. VICTUALLER, s. pourvoyeur, m. avitailleur. VICTUALLING, s. avitaillement, m. VIDAME, s. vidame, m. VIDELICET, adr. à savoir, savoir. VIDUITY, s. viduité. f. veuvage, m. VIE, s. renvi, (aux cartes,) m. [disputer. VIE, v. a. faire un renvi, envier, contester, VIEW, s. vue, f. inspection, f. aspect, m. VIEW, r. a. voir, regarder, examiner. VIEWER, s. inspecteur, m. expert, m. VIGIL, s. vigile, f. veille, f VIGILANCE, s. vigilance, f. VIGILANT, adj. vigilant, attentif, applique. VIGILANTLY, adr. vigilamment, diligemment. Vigon, s. vigogne, m. Vigorous, adj. vigoureux. vif. VIGOROUS, 14, vigoureusement, VIGOROUSLY, adv. vigoureusement, VIGOUR, s. vigueur, f. force, f. énergie, f. VILE, adj. vil, abject, méprisable, bas. VILENES, s. bassesse, f. lâcheté, f. VILLIFY, v. a. avilir, mépriser, abaisser. VILLA, s. maison de campagne, f. VILLAGE, s. village. m. VILLAGER, s. un villageois, une villageoise. VILLAIN, s. un vilain, un roturier. VILLANAGE, s. roture, f. bassesse, f. VILLANOUS, adj. bas, vil, infame. VILLANOUSLY, adv. bassement, lachement. VILLANY, s. bassesse, f. lâcheté, f. scéléra-VINCIBLE, adj. surmontable. [tesse, f. VINCIBLE, adj. surmontable. VINCTURE, s. ligature, f. bandage, m. VINDEMIAL, adj, qui concerne la vendange. VINDEMIATE, v. a. vendanger, faire vendange. VINDICATE, v. a. justifier, excuser, défendre, venger, revendiquer. VINDICATION, s. défense, f. apologie, f. VINDICATIVE, adj. vindicatif. VINDICATOR, désenseur, m. protecteur, m. VINDICATORY, adj. vengeur, vengeresse.
VINDICTIVE, adj. vindicatif, f.
VINE, s. vigne, f. eep, eep de vigne, m.
Vine-dresser, vigneron, m.
Vine-knife,
serpe, f.
Vine-fretter or Vine-grub, un liset, un vercoquin.
Vine-leaf, pampre.
Vine-venger un vendengeur. Vine-reaper, un vendangeur. VINEGAR, s. vinaigre, m. Vinegar-cruet, vinaigrier, m. Vinegar-and-pepper, vinai grette, f. VINEYARD, s. vigne, f. VINOUS, adj. vineux. VINTAGE, s. vendange, f. VINTAGER, s. un vendangeur. [vernier. VINTNER, s. un cabaretier à vin, m. un ta VINTRY, s. un lieu fameux par la vente des VIOL, s. viole, f. [vines. VIOLA, s. une petite viole.

VITUPERATE, v. a. blâmer, condamner.

VIOLATE, v. a. violer, enfreindre, forcer. VIOLATION, s. infraction, f. violemment, m. VIOLATOR, s. violateur, m. ravisseur, m. VIOLENCE, s. violence, f. impétuosité, f. cffort, m. force, f. contrainte, f. VIOLENT, adj. violent, vehement. VIOLENTLY, adv. violemment, avec force. VIOLET, s. violette, f. VIOLET, adj. violet (couleur.) VIOLIN, s. un violon. Violist, s. un joueur de viole. VIOLONCELLO, s. un violoncelle, m. VIPER, s. une vipère. VIPERINE, VIPEROUS, adj. de vipère. VIRAGO, s. une virago, une femme vaillante, une héroine. IRGIN, s. une fille, une vierge, une pucelle. Vingin, adf. vierge, pur, saus alliage. Vinginity, s. viginite, f. pucelage, m. Virgo, s. la vierge. VIRGOLEUSE, s. virgouleuse, f. VIRILE, adj. viril, mâle, digne d'un homme. VIRILITY, s. virilité, f. le sexe viril, courage, VIRTUAL, adj. virtuel. VIRTUALLY, adv. virtuellement. VIRTUE, s. vertu, f. qualité, f. propriété, f. VIRTUOSO, s. un virtuose, un connoisseur. VIRTUOUS, adj. vertueux, chaste. VIRTUOUSLY, adv. vertueusement. VIRULENCE, VIRULENCY, s. venin, m. malignité, f. causticité, f. virus. m. VIRULENT, adj. virulent, vénimeux. VIRULENTLY, adv. d'une manière mordante. Virus, s. virus, m. venin, m. VISAGE, s. visage, m. VISCERAL, adj. des viscères, des entrailles. VISCERATE, v. a. vider les entrailles. Viscip, adj. visquenx, gluant. Viscipity, Viscosity, s. viscosité, f. VISCOUNT, s. vicomte, m. VISCOUNTESS, s. vicomtesse, f. VISCOUNTY, s. vicomté, m. & f. Viscous, adj. visqueux, gluant. VISCOUSNESS, s. viscosite, f. Visibility, s. visibilité, f. Visible, adj. visible, clair, manifeste. VISIBLY, adv. visiblement, clairement, évi-VISIER, s. visir, m. [deminent. Vision, s. vision, f. vuc, f. apparition, f. Visionary, adj. imaginaire, chimerique. Visionary, Visionist, s. un visionnaire. Visir, s. visite, f. Visit, r. a. visiter, aller voir, rendre visite. VISITATION, s. visitation, f. visite, VISITER, s. visiteur, m. feseur de visites, m. Visor, s. un masque. VISORED, adj. masque. VISTA, s. vue, f. perspective, f. VISUAL, adj. visuel. VITAL, adj. vital, f. vitale, f. vitaux, m. pl. VITALs, s. les parties vitales, les parties no-VITALITY, s. pouvoir de vivre, m. [bles. VITIATE, v. a. corrompre, vicier, séduire. VITIOUS, adj. vicieux, corrompu. VITIOUSLY, adv. vicieusement. VITIOUSNESS, s. vice, m. corruption, f. VITREOUS, adj. vitre, vitreux. VITRIFICABLE, adj. vitrifiable.
VITRIFICATION, s. vitrification, f. VITRIFY, v. a. & n. vitrifier et se vitrifier. VITRIOL, s. vitriol, m. VITRIOLATE, VITRIOLATED, adj. vitriolé. VITRIOLICK, VITRIOLOUS, adj. vitriolique. VITUVERABLE, ad. blâmable epréhensible.

VITUPERATION, s. blâme, n. censure, f. VIVACIOUS, adi. vif, plein de feu, vivace. VIVACITY, s. vivacité, f. activité, f. VIVARY, s. une garenne, un parc, un vivier VIVE, adj. vif, fort, pressant. VIVER, s. vive (poisson,) f. Vivin, adj. vif, actif. VIVES, s. les avives, VIVIDLY, adv. vivement. Vividness, s. vie, f. vivacité, f. vigueur, f. Vivifical., adj. vivifiant. Vivification, s. vivification. Vivifick, adj. vivifique, vivifiant. Vivify, v. a. vivifier [deuse. VIVIPAROUS, adj. vivipare. [deuse. VIXEN, s. la femelle du renard, une gron-V1z, c'est-à-dire, savoir. VIZARD, s. un masque. VIZIEE, s. visir, m. premier ministre. VOCABULARY, s. vocabulaire, m. diction-VOCAL, adj. vocal, de voix. [uaire, m. VOCALLY, adv. vocalement, verbalement. Vocation, s. vocation, f. profession, f. Vocative, s. le vocatif. Vociferation, s. cri, m. grand cri, clameur, Vociferous, adj. qui crie beaucoup. Vogue, s. vogue, f. mode, f. estime, f. Voice, s. voix, f. sou, m. suffrage, m. Voicen, adj. qui a une voix, qui parle. oid, adj. vide, vacant, vain, nul, sans effet, inutile, dépourvu Void, s. un vide, le vide. [casser, révoquer. Void, v. a. vider, quitter, évacuer, annuler, VOIDABLE, adj. qu'on peut annuler. VOIDER smanne, f. corbeille, f. VOIDERs, s. vide, m. nullité, f. inutilité, f. VOLANT, adj. volant, qui vole. Volatile, adj. volatile, léger, volant. VOLATILE, s. volatile, f. animal ailé. VOLATILENESS, VOLATILITY, s. volatilité VOLATILIZATION, s. volatilisation, f. [f. VOLATIZE, r. a. volatiliser. Volcano, s. un volcan. Vole, s. (at cards) la vole. Volery, s. une volée d'oiseaux. VOLITATE, v. n. voleter VOLITATION, s. volée, f. vol, m. [m. VOLITATION, s. volée, f. acte de la volonté, VOLLEY, s. volée, f. décharge, f. salve, f. VOLLIED, adj. tiré, décharge, VOLT OF VOLTA, s. volle, f. VOLT OF VOLTA, s. volle, f. Volubility, s. volubilité, f. légèreté, f. VOLUME, s. volume, m. tome, m. vague, m. Voluminous, adj. gros. volumineux. Volumtarily, adv. volontairement. Voluntary, adj. libre, volontaire, spontanée. Volunteer, s. un volontaire. Voluptuary, s. un voluptueux. Voluptuous, adj. voluptueux, sensuel. Voluptuousily, adr. voluptueusement. Voluptuousness, s. volupté, f. plaisir sen-VOLUTE, s. volute, f. VOMICA, s. vomique, f. VOMIC-NUT, s. noix vomique, f. VOMIT, s. vomissement, m. un vomitif. Vomit, v. a. & n. vomir. VOMITION, s. vomissement, m. VOMITIVE, VOMITORY, adj. vomitif. Voracious, adj. vorace, carnassier, devorant. VORACIOUSLY, adr. avec voracité. VORACIOUSKESS, VORACITY, s. voracité. J. VORTEX, s. tourbillon, m. tournant, m. VORTICAL, adj. en rond, tournoyant.

VOTARIST, VOTARY, s. dévot, dévote. reconduire, être à la suite de, aller voir VOTE, s. voix, f. suffrage, m. avis, m.
VOTE, v. a. choisir, élire, arrêter, conclure;
v. n. donner sa voix, opiner. Voted against,
contre qui l'on a opiné. Voted for, pour qui l'on a donné son suffrage. VOTER, s. votant, m. opinant, m. VOTIVE, adj. voué, dévoué. Vouch, v. a. attester, affirmer, garantir. Vouch, s. garantie, f. attestation, f. Voucher, s. garant, m. témoin, m. pièce justificative, preuve, f. titre, m. Vouchsafe, v.a. & n. accorder, permettre. Vouchsafement, s. condescendance, f. Vow, s. vœu, m. promesse solemnelle. Vow, v. a. & n. vouer, dévouer, consacrer, faire vœu, jurer, protester. VOWEL, s. une voyelle. VOYAGE, s. voyage par mer, m. VOYAGE, v. n. voyager par mer. VOYAGER, s. un voyageur par mer. Vulgar, adj. vulgaire, populaire, bas, vil. Vulgar, s. le vulgaire, le peuple, la ca-Vulgarity, s. bassesse, f. [naille. VULGARLY, adv. vulgairement. VULNERABLE, adj. qui peut être blessé. VULNERARY, adj. vulnéraire, m. Vulture, s. un vautour. Vulturine, adj. de vautour.

W.

WABELE, v. n. aller en zig-zag. WAD, s. botte, f. paquet, m. bourre, f. WADDING, s. ouate, f. matelas, m. WADDLE, v. n. tortiller, frétiller. WADDLE, s. testicules d'un coq, glandes, f. WADE, v. n. passer à gué, pénétrer. • WAFER, s. gaufre, f. oublie, f. WAFT, v. a. convoyer, conduire, escorter, faire signe, flotter, voguer. WAFT, s. signal, m. sigue, m. WAFTER, s. convoi, m. frégate, f. WAG, s. un badin, un plaisant. WAG, v. a. & n. remuer, agiter, se remuer. WAGE, v. a. essayer, tenier, courir, faire, gager, engager, offrir.
WAGER A. gageure, f. pari, m. offre, f. WAGER, s. gageure, f. pari, m. offre, f. WAGES, s. gages, m. pl. WAGGERY, s. malice, f. espièglerie, f. WAGGISH, adj. badin, plaisant, malin, WAGGISHNESS, s. espièglerie, f. [piè WAGGLE, v. n. se remuer, frétiller. [piègle. WAGON, s. un chariot, un caisson. WAGONER, s. charretier, m. voiturier, m. WAGON-MAKER, s. un charron. WAGTAIL, s. bergeronnette, f. hochequene. WAIF, s. chose eparse, épave, f. WAIL, v. a. & n. déplorer, pleurer. WAIL, WAILING, s. lamentation, f. WAIN, s. une charette, un chariot. A wain load, un charrettée. Che chariot or la grande ourse. Charles's wain, le WAINAGE, s. charroi, m. WAINROPE, s. corde de chariot, f. WAINSCOT, s. boiserie, f. lambris, m. WAINSCOT, v. a. boiser. WAINSCOTING, s. lambrissage, m. boiscrie, f. WAIST, s. la ceinture, le milieu du corps. WAIST-BELT, s. ceinturon, m. WAIST-COAT, s. veste, f. chemisette, f. WAIT, s. guet-à-pens, m. embûches, f. pl. WAIT, v. a. & n. attendre, svivre, demen en;

rendre visite. WAITER, s. garçon de cabaret, de café. WAITING-MAID, s. fille de chambre, f. WAIVE, v. a. quitter, abandonner, laisser. WAKE, v. a. & n. éveiller, réveiller, veiller, s'eveiller, ne pas dormir. WAKE, s. veille, f. vigile, f. fête, f. WAKEFUL, adj. qui veille, vigilant. WAKEFULNESS, s. insomnie, f. WAKEN. See To wake. WALE, s. échelle, élevure, f. WALE-KNOT, s. nœud rond. WALK, s. promenade, f. allée, f. avenue, f. WALK, s. n. se promener, aller, marcher, traverser, revenir; to walk after, suivre; to walk in, entrer; to walk out, sortir. WALKER, s. promeneur, marcheur. A night walker, une coureuse. WALKING-PLACE, s. une promenade. WALKING-STAFF, s. une canne, un bâton. WALL, s. un mur, une muraille. WALL, v. a. murer, entourer de murailles. WALL-CREEPER, s. un grimpereau, un pic. WALLET, s. une besace, un bissac. WALL-EYES, s. glaucome, m. WALL-EYED, adj. qui a l'œil vairon. WALLFLOWER, s. violette jaune. WALL-FRUIT, s. fruit d'espalier, m. WALL-GUN, s. arquebuse de croc, f. WALL-HOOK, s. gâche, f. WALLOP, v. n. bonillir, bouillonner. WALLOWISH, adj. fade, insipide. WALL-TREE, s. espalier, m. WALL-WORT, s. (a plant) la pariétaire. WALNUT, s. une noix. A walnut-tree, un WAMBLE, v. n. se soulever. [noyer. WAN, adj. pâle, blème, défait. WAND, s. baguette, f. verge, f. caducée, m. WANDER, v. n. errer, roder, conrir, aller ça. et là, rouler, s'écarter, s'élaigner. WANDERER, s. nn rodeur, un vagabond. WANDERING, s. voyages incertaines, erreur, f. égarement, m. écart, m. ANE, s. déclin, m. décours, m. décadence, WANE, v.n. décroître, décliner, décheoir. WANNED, adj. pâle, blème, évanoui. WANNESS, s. pâleur, f. évanouissement, m. WANT, v. a. manquer, avoir besoin, ne pas avoir, désirer, vouloir, avoir envie; v. n. manquer, n'être pas, avoir bésoin. WANT, s. manque, m. faute, f. affaize, f défaut, m. besoin, m. nécessité, f. pazvreté, For want of, faute de. Wanton, adj. lascif, libre, recherché, irre-guiler, foldire, badin. ANTON, s. un libertin, un badin, un mi-WANTONLY, adv. en folatrant, en badinant. WANTONNESS, s. badinage, m. libertinage, m. WANTY, s. sangle, f. surfaix, m.
WAPENTAKE, s canton, m. district, m. WAR, s. guerre, f. WAR, v. n. faire la guerre. [fredonner. WARBLE, r. a. gazouiller, chanter, ramager, WARBLER, s. un chanteur. WARBLING, s. gazouillement, m. ramage, m. WARD, v. a. garder, defendre, proteger, veiller, faire le gnet, faire la garde. WARD, s. garde. f. guet, m. garnison, f. défense, f. parade, f. fort, m. forteresse, f. quartier, m. prison, f. to wait or. or upon, servit, accompas :: WARDEN, s. gardien, m. garde, m.; warden

of a prison, le géolier; warden of a college, | le recteur; warden of the Cinque Ports, le

gouverneur. WARDER, s. garde, m.

WARDMOTE, s. assemblée du quartier, f

WARDROBE, S. garde, f.
WARDSHIP, s. garde, f. denrée, f. Aware
WARE, s. marchaudise, f. denrée, f. Aware,
Dutch-ware,
Dutch-ware, house, un magasin. Earthen-ware, poterie, f. China-ware, porcelaine, f. Dutch-ware, farence. Small-wares, mercerie, f. A

warehouseman, un garde magasin. WARE, adj. qui s'attend à, en garde. WAREFUL, adj. circonspect, prv .ent.

WARELESS, adj. imprudent, sans précaution. WARFARE, s. le service or la vie militaire.

WARILY, adj. prudemment, sagement. WARINESS, s. prudence, f. precaution, f. WARLIKE, adj. martial, militaire.

WARM, adj. chauffe, échauffe, chaud, passionné, tiède, ardent, zélé.

WARM, v. a. chausser, échausser. warm, avoir chaud. To be

WARMINGPAN, s. une bassinoire. WARMINGPLACE, s. le chauffoir.

WARMLY, adv. chaudement, avec chalcur. WARMNESS, WARMTH, s. chalcur douce, ar-

deur, f. chaleur, f. passion, f. WARN, v. n. prévenir, avertir, informer, don-

ner avis, faire savoir, assigner.

WARNING, s. avertissement, m. avis, m. WARP, s. chaîne, f. hansière, f. WARP, v. a. ourdir, plier, détourner, écar-

ter, touer, se déjeter, se tourmenter. WARRANT, v. a. garantir, soutenir, assurer, attester, protester, autoriser, justifier.

WARRANT, s. pouvoir, m. autorité, f. ordre, m. procuration, f. brevet, m. prise de corps, f. décret de prise de corps, m. justification,

f. apologie, f. WARRANTABLE, adj. soutenable. WARRANTABLENESS, s. qualité de ce qui [nable. peut se justifier. WARRANTABLY, adv. d'une manière soute-WARRANTED, part. adj. garanti, soutenu, at-WARRANTER, s. garant, m. [test]
WARRANTISE, WARRANTY, s. garant, m. [testé.

WARREN, s. garenne, f. [renne, m. WARRENER, s. garennier, m. garde de la ga-

WARRIOUR, s. un guerrier, un militaire. WART, s. une verrue, un poireau, le bouton d'uné fleur.

WART-WORT, s. verrucaire, f.

WARTY, adj. plein de verrues or de poireaux. WARY, adj. circonspect, retenu, prudent, prévoyant, sage, avisé, menager.

WASH, v. a. laver, purger, blanchir, baigner, mouiller; to wash away, off, or out, net-toyer, emporter, effacer; to wash down, detacher; to wash over, laver, colorer; v. n. laver, se laver, se nettoyer.

Wash, s. lavage, m. l'action de laver, lotion, f. lavement, m. lavis, (terme de peintre.) m. lavure, f. marais, m. marécage, m. A wash-house, un lavoir. A wash-tub, une

cove.

WASHBALL, s. une savonette.

WASHER-WOMAN. s. une blanchisseuse, une lavandière.

WASHING, s. lavage, m. blanchissage, m. WASHY, adj. humide, mouillé, flasque, foible.

WASP, s. une guèpe. WASPISH, adj. bourru, acariâtre, chagrin. WASPISHIY, adv le mauvaise humeur

WASPISHNESS, s. mauvaise humeur. WASSAIL, s. sorte de boisson Angloise. WASSAILER, s. un buveur, un ivrogne.

WASTE, v. a. diminuer, gâter, prodiguer, ra-vager, désoler, ruiner, consumer, user, décheoir, baisser, dépérir, s'user, se consu-

WASTE, adj. ravagé, ruiné, désolé, inutile, superflu, de rebut.

WASTE, s. ravage, m. dégât, m. dissipation, f. profusion, f. excès, m. dépérissement, m. consomption, f. perte, f. pays désolé, terres

WASTE-PAPER, s. maculatures, f. pl. WASTEFUL, adj. destructeur, prodigue, in-WASTEFULLY, adv. prodigalement. WASTEFULNESS, s. prodigalité, f. WASTENESS, s. désolation, f. désert, m.

WASTER, s. un dissipateur. [montre. WATCH, s. veille, f. garde, f. guet, m. une WATCH, v. a. & n. veiller, garder, épier. WATCHER, s. veiller, m. surveillant, m. WATCHET, adj. bleu, d'un bleu pale.

WATCHFUL, adj. vigilant, attentif, soigneux.

WATCHFULLY, adv. avec attention or soin. WATCHFULNESS, s. vigilance, f. soin, m. WATCH-HOUSE, s. corps de garde, f. WATCHING, s. insomnie, f. vigilance, m.

WATCH-MAKER, s. horloger, m. [nelle, f. WATCHMAN, s. un homme du guet, senti

WATCH-TOWER, s. une guérite. WATCH-WORD, s. le mot or le mot du guet.

WATER, s. eau, f. mer, f. marée, f. étang, m. lac, m. rivière, f. urine, f. pluie, f.

WATER-COLOURS, s. miniature, f. WATER-CRESSES, s. cresson d'eau, m. WATER-CRUET, s. une burette.

WATER-EROFF, s. un barbet, un canard.
WATER-DOG, s. un barbet, un canard.
WATER-ENGINE. s. machine hydraulique.
WATER-GAGE, s. digue, f. sonde, f.
WATER-GANG, s. canal or fossé plein d'eau.

WATER-GOLD, s. or moulu.

WATER-LILY, s. lis blanc d'eau, m. WATER-PAIL, s. un seau.

WATER-PARSLEY, s. berle, f.

WATER-POT, s. pot à l'eau, m. aiguière, f WATER-SPOUT, s. jet d'eau, m.

WATER-TUB, s. une cuve. [m. pl.WATER-WORKS, s. eaux, f. pl. jets d'eau,

WATER, v. a. arroser, mouiller, tremper, baigner, abreuver; v. n. s'humecter.

WATERER, s. celui qui arrose or abreuve. WATERFALL, s. cascade, f. chûte d'eau, f. WATER-FOWL, s. oiseau aquatique, m.

WATERGRUEL, s. coulis de gruau, m.

WATERINESS, s. humidité, f. sérosité, f. WATERING-PLACE, s. un abreuvoir.

WATERING-POT, s. un arrosoir. WATERISH, adj. aqueux.

WATERMAN, s. un batelier.

WATER-MILL, s. moulin à eau, m.

WATER-RAT, s. un rat d'eau. WATERY, adj. liquide, aqueux, humide, in-

sipide, plein d'eau, fade.

WATTLE, s. claie, f.; v. a. fermer de claies. WAVE, s. vague, f. onde, f. flot, m. WAYE, v. a. façonner à ondes, ondoyer, dé-

tourner, éviter, décliner, renoncer, passer, laisser, omettre; v. n. flotter.

WAVER, v. n. flotter, balancer, vaciller. WAVERER, s. un homme irresolu.

WAVERING, s. irrésolution, f. doute, m. WAVERINGLY, adv. en balançant, avec doine.

WAVY, adj. ondé, à ondes, ondoyant.

WAWL, v. n. crier. WAX, s. cire, f. [croitre. WAX, v. a. cirer; v. n. devenir, se faire, WAXEN, adj. de cire, devenu. WAX.s. day, de cire, develor.

WAY.s. chemin, m. route, f. voie, f. sens, m. trace, f. côté, m. expédient, m. manière, f. moyen, m. sorte, f. façon, f. méthode, f. licu, m. issue, f. passage, m. porte, f. effet, m. By the way, chemin fesant, en passant, Go your way, passez votre chemin. give way, faire place, ceder. Out of the way, ecarte, à part, à l'écart. To be out of the way, être égaré. To keep out of the Out of the way, se cacher, s'absenter. To get out of the way s'en aller, se sauver.
way, être sous la main. E
tous côtés, de tous sens. To be in the way, être sous la main. Every way, de tous côtes, de tous sons. Any way, de quelque manière que ce soit. No way or no ways, en aucune manière. A cross way, un carrefour. A way out, une sortie, une issue. A way in, une entrée. A way through, un passage. WAYFARER, s. voyageur, m. passant, m. WAYFARING-TREE, s. viorne, f. WAYLAID, part. adj. à qui l'on a dressé des embûches. WAYLAY, v. a. tendre or dresser des embûches. WAYLAYER, s. celui qui dresse des embûches. WAYWARD, adj. méchant, chagrin. WAYWARDLY, adv. d'un air bourru, méchamment, WAYWARDNESS, s. humeur bourrue, fantai-WE, pron. nous WEAK, adj. foible, infirme, debile, caduc, simple, imbecile, complaisant, tendre, docile, indulgent, pauvre, peu considérable. Weaken, r. a. affoiblir, abattre. Weakelne, s. un foible enfant. Weakely, adj. infirme, caduc. [vigueur [vigueur. WEARLY, adv. foiblement, sans force, sans WEAKNESS, s. foiblesse, f. infirmité, f. WEAK-SIDE, s. le côté foible, le foible. WEAL, s. bien, m. bonheur, m. république, f. état, m. cicatrice, f. Wealth, s. biens, m. pl. richesses, f. pl. Wealthly, adv. richement, opulemment. WEALTHINESS, s. richesse, f. opulence, f. WEALTHY, adj. riche, opulent. WEAN, v. a. sevrer, priver. WEANEL, WEANLING, s. un enfant sevré. WEAPON, s. arme offensive, f. WEAPONED, adj. armé. WEAPONLESS, adj. sans armes, désarmé. WEAPON-SALVE, s. onguent sympathique, m. WEAR, v. a. consumer, porter sur soi; to wear away, consumer, miner; to wear out, user, lasser, épuiser, mettre à bout; v. n. s'user, vieillir, se consumer, se passer; to wear well, ètre d'un bon usé. WEAR, s. l'action de porter or d'user, usé, m. ce qu'on porte, un réservoir. WEARABLE, adj. en état d'être porté. WEARER, s. celui qui porte quelque chose sur soi. WEARIED, pr. et. adj. lassé, fatigué. WEARINESS, s. lassitude, f. fatigué, f. WEARING, s. habits, m. pl. hardes, f. pl. WEARISOME, adj. incommode, ennuyeux. WEARISOMELY, adj. d'une manière ennu-WEARISOMENESS, s. ennui, m. [yeuse. WEARY, adj. las, fatigué, ennuyé.

WEARY, v. a. lasser, fatiguer, incommoder.

WEASAND, s. la wachée-artère, le sinet.

WEL WEASEL, s. une bélette. WEATHER, s. tems, m. WEATHER, r. a. mettre à l'air, franchir, surmonter; to weather out, souffrir, essuyer. WEATHER-BEATEN, adj. tatigue par la tempête. Weathercock, s. coq de clocher, m. WEATHER-DRIVEN, adj. entraîne par la tempête. WEATHER-GAGE, s. l'avantage du vent, m. WEATHER-GLASS, s. un baromètre. WEATHER-SPY, WEATHER-WISE, s. astro-WEAVE, r. a. tisser, tresser, travailler au métier, faire un tissu, entrelacer, entremê-WEAVER, s. un tisserand. WEAVING, s. tissure, f.
WEB, s. tissu, tôile qui est sur le métier, f.
une taie or tache sur l'œit. Cob-web, tôile
d'araignée. Web of lead, une feuille de plomb. WEBBED, adj. joint par un peau. WEB-FOOTED, adj. qui a les pattes garnies d'une membrane. WED, r. a. & n. épouser. WEDDED, part. adj. épousé, marié. WEDDING, s. noces or noce, f. mariage, m. WEDGE, s. un coin, (à fendre du bois ;) wedge of a moson, louveteau de macon, m.; wedge of gold, lingot d'or; wedge of lead, navette de plomb, f. WEDGE, r. a. enclaver. WEDLOCK, s. mariage, m. WEDNESDAY, s. Mercredi, m. WEED, s. mauvais herbe, habit. m. WEED, r. a. sarcler, extirper, déraciner. WEEDER, s. sarcleur, m. exterminateur, m. WEED-HOOK, s. un sareloir. WEEDY, adj. plein de mauvaises herbes. WEEK, s. semaine. f. WEEK-DAY, s. un jour de la semaine. WEEKLY, adj. de chaque semaine. WEEKLY, adv. une fois la semaine. WEEP, v. a. & n. pleurer, déplorer. WEEPER, s. pleureur, pleureuse. WEEPING, s. pleurs, m. pl. larmes, f. pl. WEEPINGLY, adv. en pleurant. Weigh, v. a. & n. peser, examiner, considerer, payer, lever (l'ancre;) to weigh down, peser plus, l'emporter, surcharger, abattre, accabler. WEIGH, s. 256 livres. WEIGHT, s. poids, m. faix, m. pesant, m. pesanteur, f. importance, f. WEIGHTS, s. une balance, un trébuchet, un WEIGHTILY, adr. avec poids. [peson. WEIGHTINESS, s. pesanteur, m. poids, m. WEIGHTLESS, adj. leger, sans poids. WELCH, adv. pesant, lourd, de poids. WELCH, adj. Gallois, du pays de Galles. WELCH-RABBIT, s. un ramequin. Welcome, adj. bien-venu, reçu avec plaisir. WELCOME, interj. soyez le bien venu. Welcome, s. bien-venue, f. accueil, m. WELCOME, r. a. accueillir. Wellemang, s. accueil, m. réception, f. Welfare, s. bien-être, m. bonheur, m. Welk, Wilk, s. pétoncle, f. Welkin, s. le ciel visible, le firmament. Well, s. source, f. fontaine, f. puits, m. eau minérale. WELL, adj. bien, en bonne santé, en bon

état, heureux, propre, convenable.

WELL, ads. bien, favorahlement, heureuse-

ment, oeaucoup, fort à propos. As well as, aussi bien que. Well and good, à la bonne aussi bien que. Well-becoming, bienscant. Wellaffected, bien intentionné. Wetl-disposed, charitable, affectionné.

Well-A-DAY, interj. ouais! hélas! Well, v. a. & n. jaillir, verser.

WELL-BEING, s. bien-être, m. bonheur, m.

Wellborn, adj. bien né, qui a de la nais-Wellbrep, adj. bien élevé, poli. [sance. Wellboone, interj. fort bien! à merveille! part. & adj. bien cuit.

ELL-MEANING, s. bonne intention. Well-meaning, adj. bien intentionne. Well-met, interj. heureuse rencontre! WELLNATURED, adj. de bon naturel, doux

WELLNIGH, adv. à peu près, presque.

WELLSPENT, adj. bien employe. WELLTASTED, adj. qui a bon goût.

WELL-WISHER, s. ami, m. partisan, m. WELT, s. bord, m. bordure, f. bande, f. tre-[point, m.

Welt, v. a. border. [p Welter, v. n. se rouler, se vautrer. Wen, s. la panse, une cicatrice.

WEN, s. loupe, f. un goître. WENCH, s. une fille, une fille de joic.

WENCH, v. n. fréquenter les putains.

WENCHER, s. un fornicateur, un putassier. WENCHING, s. putanisme, m.

WENNEL, s. animal nouvellement sevre. WERE-WOLF, s. un loup garou.

WEST, s. l'ouest, m. l'occident, m. WEST, adj. occidental, d'occident, d'ouest. WEST, adv. à l'ouest.

WESTERING, adj. qui va à l'ouest. WESTERLY, WESTERN, adj. d'occident,

d'ouest.

WESTWARD, WESTWARDLY, adv. à l'ouest. WET, adj. humide, mouillé, moite.

WET, s. humidité, f. moiteur, f. eau, f. WET, v. a. mouiller, humecter, arroser.

WET-NURSE, s. nourrice, f. WETHER, s. mouton, m.

WETNESS, s. humidite, f. moiteur, f.

WHALE, s. la baleine.

WHARF, s. un quai, port de rivière, m. WHARFAGE, s. quayage, m.

WHARFINGER, s. le garde du quay.

WHAT, pron. quoi, qui, que, ce qui, quel, quelle.

WHAT? combien? quoi? What though, eh bien, qu'importe, quand mênie. WHAT, adv. en partie, tant.

WHATEVER, pron. quelque, quel que, quoi que, tout ce que, tout ce qui, quelconque. WHATSOEVER, adj. See Whatever.

WHEAL, s. bouton, m. pustule, f. elevure, f. WHEAT, s. froment, m. ble, m.

WHEATEN, adj. de froment.

WHEEDLE, s. finesse, f. ruse, f. cajolerie, f. flatteric, f.
WHEEDLE, v. a. séduire par de belles pa-

roles, enjoler. WHEEDLER, s. un enjoleur.

WHEEL, s. une roue, roulette, f. char, m. Crane-wheel, roue de grue. A turner's wheel, un tour. Spinning-wheel, rouet, m.

WHEEL, v. n. & a. tourner, rouler, se tourner, s'écouler. Wheel about, faire volteface, se tourner.

WHEELBARROW, s. une brouctte.

WHEEL-WORK, s. rouage, ... WHEEL-WRIGHT, s. un feseur de roues, char-

Veneny, mj. circulaire, en forme de roue.

Wheeze, v. n. respirer avec une sorte de WHELM, v. a. accabler, abimer. WHELP, s. le petit d'un animal, joune chien. WHELP, v. n. mettre bas, faire ses petits.

WHEN, adv. quand, dans quel tems. WHENCE, adv. d'où, de qui.

WHENCESOEVER, adv. de quelque endroit

que ce soit. WHENSOEVER, adv. dans quelque tems que, quand, toutes les fois

WHERE, adv. où. Every where, par-tout, en tous lieux.

WHEREABOUT, adv. aux environs, dont. WHEREAS. adr. comme, d'autant que, vu

que, au lieu que, WHEREAT, adr. à quoi, de quoi, dont.

WHEREBY, adv. par quoi, par uù, par lequel, laquelle, lesquels, lesquelles.

WHEREVER, adv. en quelque lieu que. WHEREFORE, adv. pourquoi, pour que.

WHEREIN, adv. en quoi, où, dans lequele WHEREINTO, adn. où, dans quoi. WHEREOF, adn. dont, de quoi, duquel.

WHEREON, adv. sur quoi, sur lequel. WHERESOEVER, adv. partout ou

WHERETO, WHEREUNTO, adv. à quoi. WHEREUPON, adv. sur quoi, sur ces entre-

faites. WHEREWITH, WHEREWITHAL, adv. avec quoi, de quoi, dont, avec lequel, par le.

moyen duquel. WHERRET, s. soufflet, m.

WHERRY, s. un bateau, un bac. WHET, v. a. aiguiser, nigrir, irriter.

WHET, s. aiguisement, assaisonnement, aiguillon.

WHETHER, pron. lequel des deux. WHETHER, conj. si, soit, soit que.

WHETSTONE, s. pierre à aiguiser. WHETTER, s. aiguiseur, m. WHEY, s. petit lait. WHEYEY, WHEYISH, adj. séreux.

Wилси, pron. qui, que, lequel, laquelle,

quel, quelle, celui qui. WHICHSOEVER, pron. l'un ou l'autre, quelconque, quel que ce soit.

WHIFF, s. halenée, f. souffle, f. bouffee, f

WHIFFLE, v. n. attraper, souffler. WHIFFLER, s. un fifre, un baguenaudier.

Whig, s. whig, un républicain. [blicain. Wniggish, adj. de whig, des whigs, répu

WHIGGISM, s. la faction des whigs.

WHILE, s. tems, m. fois, f.
WHILE, WHILST, conf. pendant que, durant que, tant que, tandis que.

WHILE, v. n. tarder, lambiner, différer.

WHIM, s. fantaisie, f. caprice, m.
WHIM, s. fantaisie, f. caprice, m.
WHIM-WHAM, s. babiole, f. bagatelle, f.
WHIMPERING, s. plaintes, f. pl. doléances,
WHIMPERING, s. plaintes, f. pl. doléances,
WHIMSICAL, adj. capricieux, fantasque.

WHINE, s. houx, m. espece de genet.
WHINE, s. houx, m. espece de genet.
WHINE, s. plaintes, f. pl. lamentations, f. pl. WHINING, s. plaintes, f.; adj. plaintif.

WHINNY, v. a. hennir. WHINNARD, s. flamberge, f. sorte d'épée.

WHIP, s. un fouct.

WHIP, v. a. & n. fouetter, envelopper, aller vite, surjeter, s'emparer, se saisir; to whip off a thing, expedier promptement une af-faire; to whip out, tirer promptement, s'es-

monter promptement. WHIP-BREECH, s. le fouet.

WHIPCORD, s. petite corde menue, et fort WHIPHAND, s. avantage. m. [serrée. WHIPLASH, s. le beut de fouet.

WHIPPER, s. fouetteur, m. celui qui fouette. WHIPPING, s. le fouet.

WHIPSAW, s. un rabot, une varlope.

WHIRL, s. tourbillon, m.

WHIRL, v. a. & n. tourner vîte, pirouetter. WHIRLBONE, s. la rotule du genou, un tôton. WHIRLIGIG, s. pirouette, f. toupie, f. WHIRLPIT, WHIRLPOOL, s. un tournant.

WHIRLWIND, s. un tourbillon.

Whisk, s. vergette, f. pèle, f. vent, m. Whisk, v. α. vergeter, balayer, expédier.

WHISPER, v. a. & n. dire tout bas, dire à

l'oreille, souffler, parler tout bas. WHISPER, s. chuchotement, m. petit bruit

sourd.

WHISPERER, s. un chuchoteur.

Whist, interj. st! silence! chut!
Whist, s. whist, m. sorte de jeu de cartes.
Whistle, v. a. & n. sifiler.
Whistle, s. sifilement, m. sifflet, m.

WHISTLER, s. siffleur, siffleuse. WHISTLING, s. sifflement, m.; adj. sifflant.

WHIT, s. point, peu, tant soit peu. WHITE, adj. blanc. WHITE, s. blanc, m. blancheur, f.

WHITES, s. les fleurs blanches. WHITE, v. a. blanchir, rendre blanc.

WHITELEAD, s. blanc de plomb, m. WHITELIME, s. blanc de chaux, m. WHITELY, adj. blanchaure, blème, pâle.

WHITEMEAT, s. blanc manger, m. laitage, m. WHITEN, v. a. & n. blanchir, rendre et deve-

nir blanc.

WHITENESS, s. blancheur, f. WHITENING, s. blanchîment, m. WHITER, s. blanchisseur, m. WHITETETTER, s. dartrefarineuse. WHITETHORN, s. (a tree) épine blanche. WHITE-WORT, s. (an herb) matricaire.

WHITHER, adv. où.

WHITHERSOEVER, adv. en quelque lieu que, par-tout où.

WHITING, s. un merlan, lait de chaux, m. du Wнітіsн, adj. blanchâtre. [blanc, m. WHITISHNESS, s. couleur blanchâtre.

WHITLOW, s. panaris, m. WHITSUN, adj. de la Pentecôte.

WHITSUNTIDE, s. le tems de la Pentecôte. WHITTAIL, s. (a bird) cul-blanc, m.

WHITTEN-TREE, s. obier or aubier, m.

WHITTLE, s. un petit couteau; v. a. couper. WHIZ, v. n. bourdonner, bruire.

WHIZ, WHIZZING, s. bourdonnement, m.

Wнo, pron. qui. WHOEVER, pron. quiconque, qui que ce soit, toute personne qui.

WHOLE, adj. tout, total, entier, tout entier, sain, guéri, qui n'est pas altéré.

WHOLE, s. le tout, le total.

WHOLESALE, s. vente en gros, f.

WHOLESOME, adj. sain, qui se porte bien, salubre, bon pour la sante, bon.

WHOLESOMELY, adv. d'une manière sainc. WHOLESOMENESS, s. salubrité, f. WHOLLY, adr. en'ièrement, tout-à-fait.

Wиом, pron. qui que, lequel, lesquels

quiver; to whip up, se saisir brusquement, || WHOMSOEVER, pron. quiconque, qui que ce soit.

Whoor, s. une huppe, huée, f

Whoor, v. a. huer, crier. Whore, s. une fille débauchée, une prosti-

tuée, une putain.

WHORE, v. n. fréquenter les putains.

WHOREDOM, s. fornication, f. paillardise, f. WHOREMASTER, WHOREMONGER, s. un WHORING, s. putanisme, m. Idébauché.

WHORISH, adj. libertin, incontinent. WHORTLE-BERRY, s. mûre de ronce, f. WHOSE, dont, de qui, du quel, &c.

WHOSOEVER, pron. quiconque, qui que ce

WHY, adv. pourquoi, pour quelle raison que,

Sur-tout, comment, mais.
Wic or Wick, s. un bourg, mèche, f.
Wicked, adj. méchant, scèlérat. The wicked,

les méchans.

WICKEDLY, adv. méchamment, mal. Wickedness, s. méchanceté, f. scélératesse.

f. malice, f. crime, m. WICKER, adj. d'osier, fait d'osier.

WICKET, s. un guichet. féloigné. WIDE, adj. large, ample, grand, vaste, loin, WIDE, adr. loin, tout à fait. Far and wide,

partout, de tous côtés. WIDELY, adv. au loin, loin. Widen, v. a. & n. élargir, étendre, s'élar

WIDENESS, s. largeur, f. WIDGEON, s. cercelle, f. espèce de poule

d'eau, un niais. Widow, s. une veuve.

WIDOWER, s. un veuf.

WIDOWHOOD, s. veuvage, m. viduité, f. WIELD, v. a. inanier, porter. WIELDY, adj. maniable, docile. [c

Wiery, adj. de fil de métal, tiré en fil d'ar-

WIFE, s. femme mariée, épouse, f.

Wig, s. une perruque, un échaudé. Wild, adj. sauvage, farouche, féroce, désert, inhabité, fou, extravagant, étourdi. WILD FIRE, s. feu grégeois, m. feu volage, m.

Wild curds, du recuit. WILD, s. désert, m. pais sauvage, m.

WILDER, v. a. embarrasser.

WILDERNESS, s. un désert. WILDING, s. arbouse, f. fruit sauvage.

WILDLY, adv. sans culture, extravagamment. WILDNESS, s. férocité, f. manque de culture.

WILE, s. ruse, f. fourberie, f.
WILFUL, adj. obstiné, têtu, opiniâtre, prémédité, fait a dessein.

WILFULLY, adv. obstinément, de propos dé-

WILFULNESS, s. obstination, f. [libe WILILY, adv. par ruse, frauduleusement.

WILINESS, S. ruse, f. fourberie, f.
WILL, s. volouté, f. choix, m. plaisir, m. gré,
m. testament, m. dernière volonté. Good m. testament, m. dermere volonte. Good will, bonne volonté, bonté, f. amitié, f. bienveillauee, f.; good will of a house, cha-landise, f. les pratiques, f. pl. pot de vin. Ill-will, mauvais volonté, malice, f. WILL, r. a. vouloir, prier, commander. WILLED, part. adj. prié, commandé, ordón-né. Ill-willed, mal-intentionné. Self-will-ed obstitué opisities têtu.

ed, obstiné, opiniâtre, têtu. WILLING, adj. prête or porté à faire, com-plaisant, de choix, que l'on fait par choix.

WILLINGLY, adv. volontairement, volontiers de bon gré, de bon cœur, sans contrainte.

WILLINGNESS, s. bonne volonté. WILLOW s. un saule.

WILLOW-PLOT, s. saussaie, f. WILLOWISH, adj. de couleur de saule. WILY, adj. rusé, fin, insidieux. WIMBLE, s. vilebrequin, m. WIMBLE, v. a. percer avec un vilebrequin. WIMPLE, s. guimpe, f. flamme, f.

Win, v. a. gagner, obtenir, engager, préva-Wince, Wincii, v. n. ruer, pietiner d'impa-WINCH, s. vindas, m. WIND, s. vent, m. souffle, m. haleine, f.

WIND. v. a. tourner, virer, flairer, sentir, souffler, changer, varier, voguer, serpenter, envelopper, entourer, embarrasser, entrainer, insinuer, donner or sonner du cors, enfler un chalumeau, jouer de la flute; to wind off a bottom, devider un peloton; to wind out, démèler, dégager, tirer; to wind up silk or thread, dévider de la soie or du fil; to wind up a watch, monter une montre; to wind up, monter, accorder, (un instrument,) arranger, préparer, conclure, finir, être à l'ancre, être sur le fer.

WIND-BOUND, adj. arrêté or retenu par le vent. Short-winded, qui a l'haleine courte. WINDER, s. un dévidoir, un dévideur.

WIND-FALL, s. fruit abattu par le vent. WIND-FLOWER, s. ancimone, f.

WIND-GALL, s. molette, f.

WIND-GUN, s. canne à vent, f.
WINDINESS, s. flatuosité, f. ventosité, f.
WINDINES, s. tour, m. détour, m. tournoiement, m. sinnosité, f.; winding of the voice,

inflexion de la voix, f.
WINDING-SHEET, s. drap mortuaire, m.
WINDLASS, s. vindas, m. singe, m. cric, m. WINDLE, s. dévidoir, m.

WINDMILL, s. moulin à vent, m.

WINDOW, s. fenêtre, f. Glass-windows, des vîtres.

Window, v. a. pratiquer des fenétres. WIND-PIPE, s. la trachée-artère.

WINDWARD, adv. vers or contre le vent. WINDY, adj. orageux, venteux, plein de vent. WINE, s. vin, m. Wine-bibber, un biberon,

WINE, s. vin, m. Wine-bibber, un. w. cave un ivrogne. Wine-cellar, cellier, m. cave à vin, f. A wine-cooper, un tonnelier. wine-conner, un gourmet. A wine-press, un pressoir à vin. A wine-merchant, un marchand de vin. A wine-porter, un enea-

WING, s. aile, f. un van. [s'envoler. WING, v. a. donner les ailes, élever; v. n. WINGED, WINGY, adj. ailé, volant. WINK, r. a. cligner les yeux, elignoter. Wink, s. clignotement, m. clin d'œil, m.

coup d'œil, n. œillade, f. Winked At, adj. à quoi l'on connive. Winker, s. celui qui cligne des yeux. Winking.v, adv. d'un œil à demi fermé, en

connivant.

WINNER, s. gagnant, m. WINNING, s. gain, m.; adj. attrayant. Winnow, v. a. vanner, peser, examiner.

WINNOWER, s. vanneur, m.

WINTER, s. hiver, m. sommier de presse, m. WINTER, v. a. & n. hiverner, passer l'hiver.

WINTERLY, adj. d'hiver. WINTRY, adj. d'hiver, hivernal.

Winy, adj. vineux, de vin. WIPE, v. a. essuyer, torcher, nettoyer; to wipe off, oter, laver, excuser, justifier; to

wipe out, effacer. WIPE, s. balayage, m. : aille, f. lardon, m. WIPER s. colui qui essuie.

WIRE, s. fil de métal, m, fil d'archal, WIREDRAW, v. n. tirer en filet, tirer en lon-

guenr. Wiredrawer, s. tireur en filet, m.

Wishom, s. sagesse, f. prudence, f. Wish, adj. sage, prudent, savant, habile, intelligent, grave, sérieux.

Wise, s. manière, f. sorte, f. façon, m. Wisely, odv. sagement, judiciousement.

Wish, s. desir, m. souhait, m. vœu, m. Wisii, v. a. souhaiter, désirer.

Wisher, s. celui qui désire. qui souhaite bon, bon ami. Well-wisher.

Wishful, adj. qui désire, passionné. WISHFULLY, adr. ardemment, passionné-

WISKET, s. panier, m. [ment WISP, s. torchon de paille, m. bouchon, m. WISTFUL, adj. pensif, attentif, fixe. WISTFULLY, WISTLY, adv. attentivement.

WIT, s. esprit, m. entendement, m. jugement, m. adresse, f. finesse, f. politique, f. aptitude, f. disposition, f. choses ingénieuses, un homme de génie, un bel esprit, un esprit fort. Wits, sens, m. jugement, m. raison, f. esprit, m. esprits, m. pl. industrie,

WIT, v. n. savoir. WITCH, s. une sorcière, une magicienne. WITCH, v. a. ensorceler. [sortilège, m. WITCHERAFT, WITCHERY, s. sorcellerie, f. WITH, prep. avec, de, par, a, en, contre. WITHAL, prep. avec; adr. aussi, aussi-bien,

en même temps, d'ailleurs, de plus.

WITHDRAW, v. a. & n. retirer, faire retirer, ôter, se retirer, sortir, s'en aller

WITHDRAWING-ROOM, s. boudoir, m. WITHE, s. osier, m. pleyon, m.

WITHER, v. a. & n. se fletrir, se faner, depérir, faner, flétrir, sécher.

WITHEREDNESS, s. secheresse, f WITHERS, s. le garot d'un cheval. WITHHOLD, r.a. retenir, arrêter, empêcher.

WITHHOLDER, s. celui qui reteint. WITHIN, prep. dans, en dedans, par dedans, en, à, au.

WITHINSIDE, adv. en dedans, intérieurement. WITHOUT, prep. sans, sans que.

WITHOUT, adv. dehors, en dehors, par dehors, de dehors, extérieurement. Without, conj. à moins que, si ce n'est que.

WITHSTAND, v. α. résister, s'opposer. WITHSTANDER, s. celui qui résiste.

WITHSTANDING, s. resistance, f. opposition, WITHY, s. osier, m. WITLESS, adj. sans esprit.

WITLING, s. un bel esprit, un petit esprit.

WITNESS, s. temoignage, m. temoin, m. An eye-witness, un témoin oculaire.

WITNESS, v. a. & n. attester, rendre té moignage.

WITNESSING, s. témoignage, m. WITTED, adj. qui a de l'esprit.

WITTILISM, s. pointe, f. prétendu bon mot, WITTILY, adr. ingénieusement, avec esprit

WITTINESS, s. esprit. m.

WITTINGLY, adr. à dessein, exprès.

WITTOL, s. un cocu complaisant. WITTY, adj. ingenieux, spirituel, piquant.

WITWALL, s. (a bird) un pic.

WIVE, v. a. & n. épouser, se marier. WIVES, the plural of Wife, which see.

WIZARD, s. un soreier, un devin.

Wo or WoE, s. chagrin, m. malheur, m. ca WoE, interj. malheur. WOAD s. gaude, f. guede, f. pastel, m.

Woolly, adj. laineux.

WOOLPACK, s. un ballot de laine.

WORD, s. mot, m. parole, f. terme, m. ex- | Would, the pret. of To will.

f. déclaration, f. ordre, m. sig-WOAD, v. a. gréder, teindre avec la guède. WOFUL, adj. triste, chagrin, malheureux. nal, m. offre, proposition, f. promesse, WOFULLY, adv. tristement, misérablement. le verbe. Wolf, s. pays découvert, une plaine.
Wolf, s. un loup. A she-wolf, une louve.
A young-wolf, un louveteau. WORD, v. a. & n. exprimer, enoucer, dispu-WORDY, adj. verbant, diffus, long. WORK, a.d. verball, m. ouvrage, m. occupa-tion, f. labeur, m. affaire, f. action, f. ceuvre, m. peine, f. exercise, m. WORK, v. a. & n. travailler, faire un ou-vrage, agir, opérer, faire impression, fer-WOLFSBANE, s. aconit, m. ger, m. Wolfshall, s. denim, m. chien de ber-Wolf's Milk, s. (an herb) tithymale, m. Wolves, the plural of Wolf, which see. Wolvish, Wolfish, adj. de loup, vorace, menter, cuver, façonner, mettre es œuvre WOMAN, s. femine, f. manufacturer, produire, causer; to work off, travailler, manufacturer; to work out, ffemme. WOMAN, v. a. rendre souple comme une WOMAN-HATER, s. un homme qui hait les WOMANISH, adj. de femme. [femmes. effectuer, operer, achever, effacer. WCRKER, s. travailleur, m. Workfellow, s. compagnon de travail, m. Workhouse, Workinghouse, s. atelier, WOMANIZE, v. a. effeminer, amollir. WOMANIE, v. a. elleminer, allowine WOMANINO, s. le sexe féminiu, les femmes. WOMANIY, adv. en femme, effeminé. WOMANIY, adv. en femme, comme une WOMB, s. matrice, f. le sein. [femme, WOMEN, the plural of Woman. m. maison des pauvres, f. hôpital, m. WORKING, s. travail, m. ouvrage, m. opération, f. agitation, f. manceuvre, m. WORKINGDAY, s. jour ouvrable. WORKMAN, s. un ouvrier, un artisan. WORKMANLY, adj. habile, bien travaillé. / WORKMANLY, adv. habilement, artistement. WONDER, v. n. s'étonner, être étonné. WONDER, s. étonnement, m. surprise, f. mer-WONDERED AT, part. adj. dont on s'étonne, WORKMANSHIP, s. manufacture, f. habileté, étonnant, qu'on admire. f. art, m. adresse, f. travail, m. WORKMASTER, s. un habile artiste, bon ou-WONDERER, s. admirateur, m. fetonnant. WORKWOMAN, s. une ouvrière. WONDERFUL, adv. merveilleux, surprenant, Wonderful, adj. à merveille. [merveille. Wonderfully, adv. admirablement, à WORLD, s. monde, m. infinité, f. quantité, f. Worldliness, s. attachement à l'argent. WONDER-WORKING, adj. surprenant. Worldling, s. mondain. Wondrous, adj. merveilleux, surprenant. WORLDLY, adj. mondain, seculicr. ment. Wondrously, adv. merveilleusement. Wont and Be wont, v. a. avoir coutume, WORLDLY, adv. selon le monde, mondaine-WORM, s. un ver, un vermisseau, un tire bourre; worm of a screw, Pecrou d'une être accoutume, se tenir d'ordinaire. WONTED, part. adj. accoutume, ordinaire. vis, m. Woo, v. a. faire l'amour, rechercher, pricr WORM, v. a. miner, travailler sourdement, enlever; to worm one out of his place, sup-Wood, s. bois, m. [avec instance. planter quelqu'un; to worm a dog, éverrer WOODBINE, s. chevrefeuille, m. WOODCLEAVER, s. un bucheron. un chien. WOODCOCK, s, une bécasse. WOODED, adj. planté d'arbres, boisé. WOODEN, adj. de bois. Wooden shoes, des WORMEATEN, adj. rougé de vers, vermoulu. WORM-HOLES, s. pl. vermoulure, f. WORMSEED, s. poudre aux vers, f. barbo-WORMWOOD, s. absinthe, f. WOODFRETTER, s. (an insect) artison, m. WORMY, adj. plein de vers. WORRY, v. a. déchirer, mettre en pièces. WORSE, adj. plus méchant, plus mauvais, pire, pis, moins, plus mal. WOODHOLE, WOODHOUSE, s. un bucher. WOODLAND, s. pays de bois or de forêts, m. WOODLOUSE, s. cloporte, m. WORSE, adv. plus mal, pis. WORSE, s. le dessous, le désavantage. WOODMAN, s. un chasseur, garde de forêt. WOODMONGER, s. un marchand de bors. WOODMOTE, s. cour forestière. WORSHIP, s. culte religieux, service, m. WOODNOTE, s. musique champêtre or sau-WORSHIP, r. a. adorer, respecter, révérer. WOODNYMPH, s. une dryade. Worshipful, adj. honorable, vénérable. Worshipfully, adv. honorablement, avec WOODPECKER, s. (a bird) un grimpereau. WOOD-PIGEON, s. pigeon ramier. WOODPILE, s. une pile de bois, un bûcher. WORSHIPPER, s. adorateur, m. Worshipping, s. adoration, f. Worst, adj. le plus méchant, le plus mau-Worstr, s. le pire, le pis. Worstr, adv. le plus mal. WOODSORREL, s. oseille sauvage, f. WOODSTOOK, s. un tas de bois. WOODWARD, s. forestier, m. garde de forêt, m. WOODY, adj. plein de bois or de forêts, de bois, boisé, ligneux, boiseux. WOODYARD, s. un chantier. Worst, v. a. vaincre, défaire, triompher de. Worsted, part. adj. vaincu, de laine, fait de WORT, s. herbe, f. [laine, WORTH, adj. digne, qui vaut, valant, qui mérite. To be worth, valoir, mériter. WOOER, s. un amant, un galant. Woor, s. trame (de tisserand,) f. Woolngly, adv. agréablement, avec in-Wool, s. laine, f. de la laine. [stance. Woolblade, s. (a plant) bouillon blanc. WORTHIES, s. pl. les vaillans, les preux, les WORTHILY, adv. dignement. Théros. WOOLLEN, adj. de laine. WORTHINESS, s. mérite, m. excellence, J WOOLLEN-CLOTH, s. du drap. WORTHLESS, adj. indigne, vil, de nulle va-WOOLLEN, s. toute sorte d'étoffe de laine. WORTHILESS, s. indignité, f. [leur. WORTHY. adj. digne, qui mérite, de mérite, WOOLLEN-DRAPER, s. marchand drapier.

d'honneur, vertueux, noble. Woven, part. adj. tissu, fait au métier. Wound, s. blessure, f. plaie, f. Wound, v. a. blesser, faire une blessure. Wound, pret. & adj. tourné, enveloppe. WOUNDLESS, adj. sans blessures, sain et sauf.

WOUNDWORT, s. vulnéraire, f. WRACK Or WRECK, s. naufrage, m. ruine, f. perte, f. varech, m. bris, m. WRACK, WRECK, v. a. & n. causer un nau-

WRACE, WRECE, v. a. w. n. vause un integrage, faire naufrage, périr.
WRANGLANDS, s. pl. arbres rabougris.
WRANGLE, v. n. disputer, contester.
WRANGLE, s. dispute, f. querelle, f.
WRANGLER, s. querelleur, m. chicaneur, m.
WRANGLING, s. dispute, f. contestation, f.

WRAP, v. a. envelopper, entortiller. WRAPPER, s. qui enveloppe, enveloppe, f. WRATH, s. colère, f. indignation, f. WRATHFUL, adj. courroncé, en colère.

WRATHFULLY, adv. avec colere. WRATHLESS, adj. doux, paisible.

WREAK, v. a. venger, assouvir, décharger. WREAK, s. vengeance, f. foreur, f. WREAKFUL, adj. vindicatif, colere, furieux. WREATH, s. tortillon, m. couronne, f. WREATH, v. a. tordre, tortiller, entortiller.

WREATHY, adj. tourné, entortillé, tors, en WRECK. See Wrack. [spirale. WREN, s. un roitelet. spirale.

WRENCH, v. n. pousser avec violence, forcer, tordre, détordre, donner une entorse.

WRENCI, s. détorse, f. entorse, f.
WRESTER, s. celui qui tord, qui arrache.
WRESTER, s. celui qui tord, qui arrache. WRESTLE, r. n. lutter, se battre à la lutte.

WRESTLER, s. un luttéur, m. WRESTLING, s. lutte, f. l'action de lutter. WRESTLING-PLACE, s. palestre, f. WRETCH, s. un malheureux, un misérable. WRETCHED, adj. malheureux, infortuné, mi-

sérable, méchant, mauvais, vil. WRETCHEDLY, adv. malheureusement. WRETCHEDNESS, s. misère, f. bassesse, f. WRIGGLE, v. n. & a. se plier, se replier, ser-

penter, s'agiter, se remuer, secouer. WRIGGLING, 2. plis et replis d'un serpent. WRIGHT, s. u., buvrier. A cart-wright, un charron. A ship-wright, un charpentier de navire. A wheel-wright, un feseur de roues. WRING, v. a. tordre, arracher, etreindre, presser, serrer, blesser, tourmenter.

WRINGER, s. celui qui tord, qui serre, qui presse. Wringings, s. remords, m. pl.tour-

ment,m.(of the guts,)tranchée, passion ili-

WRINKLE, s. ride; v.a. & n rider. WRIST, s. le poignet.

WRIST-BAND, s. poignet d'une chemise, m. WRIT. s. écrit, m. écriture, f. ordonnance, f.

ordre, m. lettres, f. pl. WRITE, v. a. & n. ecrire, omposer, faire; to write after, copier; to write back, repoudre; to write down, coucher par écrit,
écrire; to write out, transcrire, copier,
écrire en entier; ourite orer again, récrire. WRITER, s. ecrivain, m. scribe, m.

WRITHE, r. a. tordre, tortiller, défigurer, arracher, ôter de force.
WRITING, s. écrit, m. écriture, f. livre, m.

ouvrage d'un auteur, m. WRITING-MASTER, s. un maifre à écrire. WRONG, adj. faux. impropre, mal à-propos. WRONG, s. tort. m. injustice, f. dommage, m. asion. f. dottiment, m. erreur, f.

WRONG, adv. mal à-propos, de travers. WRONG, v. a. faire tort, faire injustice. WRONGDOER, s. un homme injuste. WRONGER, s. celui qui fait tort. WRONGFUL, adj. injuste. fraison.

WRONGFULLY, adv. injustement, à tort, sans WRONGHEADED, adj. écervelé. WRONGLY, adv. injustement, à tort, mal-à-

propos. WRONGLESSLY, adv. sans faire tort à per-

WROUGHT, part. adj. travaillé, ouvragé, ma-

nufacturé, mis en œuvre, affecté. WRUNG, part. adj. tors, tortillé, rompu. WRV, adj. tors, de travers, tortu, difforme. WRY, v. a. & n. tordre, être de travers. WRYI.Y, adv. obliquement, de travers.

YACHT, s. un yacht. YAP, s. un petit chien. YARD, s. verge, f. cour, f. basse-cour, f. YARDWAND, s. un verge. YAKN, s. laine filce.

YARR, v. n. grouder, montrer les dents. YARROW, s. mille-feuille, f.

YAWL, s. esquif, m. chaloupe, f. YAWN, v. n. bailler, s'ouvrir beaucoup. YAWN, YAWNING, s. baillement, m. YAWNER, s. bailler, m.

[dormir. YAWNING, adj. qui baille, assoupi, prêt à YE, pron. vous. YEA, adv. oui, vraiment et même.

YEAN, v. n. agneler. YEANING, s. agneau, m.

Year, s. an, m. année, f. Yearling, s. d'un an, qui a un an.

YEARLY, adj. annuel. EARLY, adv. annuellement.

YEARN, v. n. étre chagrin, souffrir, glapir. YEARNING, s. compassion, f. pitié, f. YELK, s. le jaune d'un œuf.

YELL, v. n. crier, hurler.

Yell, s. hurlement, m. cri pitoyable, m. Yellow, adj. & s. jaune, m. Yellowish, adj. jaunâtre, qui tire sur le YellowishNess, s. couleur jaunâtre.

YELLOWNESS, s. couleur jaune, f. Yellows, s. la jaunisse. YELP, v. n. aboyer, glapir.

YELPING, s. glapissement, m. YEOMAN, s. un riche paysan, métayer, m. sorte d'officier or de garde chez le roi.

YEOMANRY, s. les corps des métayers, m. los gardes de la porte chez le roi. YERK, s. élancement; v. a. lancer, sangler.

YES, adv. oui. YEST, s. levure, f. écume de bier, f. YESTER, adj. d'hier.

YESTERDAY, adv. hier.

YESTERNIGHT, s. hier au soir. YESTY, adj. écumeux, qui écuir YET, conj. néanmoins, cependant, coutefois.

YET, adv. encore. YEW, s. (a tree) if, m. YEWEN, adj. d'if.

YIELD, v. a. & n. rapporter, produire, ren-dre, donner, accorder, permettre, céder, abandonner, plier, succomber, se soumet-

tre, se rendre, avouer, convenir.
YIELDER, s. celui qui cède, cessionnaire, no.
YIELDING, adj. facile, accommodant. YIELVINGLY, adv. librement, franchement.

Z.

YIELDINGNESS, s. facilité, f. complaisance, f. Yoke, s. joug, m. servitude, f. Yoke, v. a. mettre au joug, accoupler. Yoke-ellm, s. (a tree) charme, m. Yon, Yond and Yonder, adj. à quelque distance de la vue, qui est là, que l'on voit là; adv. là.
Yore, adv. jadis, autrefois, anciennement. You, pron. vous. Young, adj. jeune. Young, s. petits, m. pl. Younger, adj. plus jeune, cadet, cadette. Youngest, adj. le plus jeune, le cadet. Youngest, adj. un peu jeune.

Youngling, s. un petit. Youngly, adv. en bas âge, dès la jeunesse, en jeune homme.

Youngster, s. un jeune homme, un jeune Your, pron. poss. votre. {personne. Yours, pron. poss. le vôtre, à vous.

Yourself, pron. vous-même. Youth, s. la jeunesse, le bas âge, les jeunes

gens, un jeune homme.
Youthful, adj. jeune, frais, vigoureux, de jeunesse, badin, folâtre.

jeunesse, badin, folâtre.
Youthfully, adv. en jeune homme.
Youthfully, sas, jeunesse, f. tour de jeuYucca-Root, s. manioc, m. [nesse, m.
Yux, s. le hoquet.

ZAGAYE, s. zagaie, f. javelot, m.
ZANY, s. un zani, un bouffon.
ZEAL, s. zèle, m. ardeur, f.
ZEALOT, s. zèlateur, m. partisan, m.
ZEALOUS, adj. zèlé, plein de zèle, ardent,
ZEALOUSLY, adv. avec zèle, avec ardeur.
ZEBRA, s. âne sauvage des Indes.
ZECHIN, s. un sequin.
ZEDOARY, s. zédoaire, f. gingembre, m.
ZENITH, s. zènith, m. or point vertical.
ZEPHYR, ZEPHYRUS, s. zéphyr, m. or zé-ZERO, s. zéro, m.
ZEST, s. zeste, m. méridienne, f. sieste, f.
ZIGZAG, s. zigzag.
ZINC, s. zinc, m. antimoine femelle.
ZOCLE, s. socle, m.
ZODIACK, s. le zodiaque.
ZONE, s. une ceinture, zone, f. circonférence,

ZOOGRAPHY, s. zoographie, f.
ZOOGRAPHY, s. ventre blea, ventre saint gris.
ZOOTLOGY, s. zoologie, f.
ZOOTOMYTE, s. zoophyte, m.
ZOOTOMYST, s. disséqueur des animaux.
ZOOTOMY, s. dissection des animaux.

ZOOGRAPHER, s. un zoographe.

f. circuit, m.











